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ST. LOUIS BANK NOTE COMPANY

Very truly,
D. W. Wilson

THE

ANNALS OF KANSAS.

BY

D. W. WILDER.

NEW EDITION.

1541—1885.

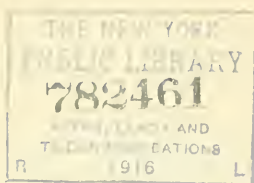
The course of development of the United States was forced into two opposite directions by slavery. The whole intellectual and social life of the people, therefore, bore a two-fold character, in which opposite qualities not only were to be found side by side, but which, despite their two-foldness, had grown into one whole. More than one generation will have to sink into the grave before the American people, regenerated in the baptism of blood of the civil war, will have cast out of them all that was introduced into the national character by the "peculiar institution." If the intergrowth of two such different epochs and kinds of civilization remained an enigma even to those who, under the irresistible pressure of actual circumstances, were obliged to work out, from opposite sides, the solution which fate determined for it, why should not the understanding of it be infinitely more difficult for those to whom slavery, like the rack, was simply an historical fact?—[HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES, BY H. VON HOLST.

Herman Grimm, in his *Life of Goethe*, says that "confusion always arises when memory unaided is called to judge past events." In another chapter, Grimm finds that Goethe's memory is at fault, and says: "So little could even a man like Goethe, who faithfully recorded all his experiences, give an exact account of the past."

TOPEKA, KANSAS:

T. DWIGHT THACHER, KANSAS PUBLISHING HOUSE,
1886.

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TO

T. DWIGHT TILACHER.

A KANSAS PIONEER,

AND ONE OF THE FOUNDERS OF THE

FREE STATE IN THE HEART OF THE CONTINENT,

WHO, EARLY AND LATE,

HAS FOUGHT THE GOOD FIGHT AND BEEN

A CHRISTIAN GENTLEMAN.

AMERICA.

God said, I am tired of kings, I suffer them no more;
Up to my ear the morning brings the outrage of the poor.
Think ye I made this ball a field of havoc and war,
Where tyrants great and tyrants small might harry the weak and poor?
My angel,—his name is Freedom,—choose him to be your king;
He shall cut pathways east and west, and fend you with his wing.
Lo! I uncover the land which I hid of old time in the West,
As the sculptor uncovers the statue when he has wrought his best.
I will divide my goods; call in the wretch and slave:
None shall rule but the humble, and none but Toil shall have.
I will have never a noble, no lineage counted great;
Fishers and choppers and ploughmen shall constitute a State.
I cause from every creature his proper good to flow:
As much as he is and doeth, so much he shall bestow.
.
For He that worketh high and wise, nor pauses in His plan,
Will take the sun out of the skies ere freedom out of man.
.
Kings shook with fear, old empires crave the secret force to find
Which fired the little State to save the rights of all mankind.
Let the blood of her hundred thousands throb in each manly vein:
And the wit of all her wisest make sunshine in her brain.
And each shall care for other, and each to each shall bend,
To the poor a noble brother, to the good an equal friend.

—*Ralph Waldo Emerson.*

THE ANNALS OF KANSAS.

EARLY DISCOVERIES.

1541.

Francisco Vasquez de Coronado, a Spaniard, commanded an expedition which marched from Mexico to the northern boundary of Kansas. Albert Gallatin says, in the Transactions of the American Ethnological Society, vol. II, p. 64: "Coronado appears to have proceeded as far north as the 40° of latitude." Gen. J. H. Simpson, U. S. A., in the Smithsonian Report for 1869, p. 337, says: "Coronado continued his explorations northwardly to the 40° of latitude, where he reached a province which the Indians called Quivira." He was in search of gold and silver. Coronado said: "The province of Quivira is 950 leagues (3,230 miles) from Mexico. The place I have reached is in the 40° of latitude. The earth is the best possible for all kinds of productions of Spain; for while it is very strong and black, it is very well watered by brooks, springs, and rivers. I found prunes (wild plums) like those of Spain, some of which were black; also, some excellent grapes and mulberries." He traversed "mighty plains and sandy heaths, smooth and wearisome, and bare of wood." "All that way the plains are as full of crooked-back oxen as the mountain Serena in Spain is of sheep." This is the first authentic account of the buffalo. The route of Coronado was through the part of Kansas now embraced in the counties of Barber, Kingman, Reno, Harvey, McPherson, Marion, Dickinson, Davis, Riley, Pottawatomie, and Nemaha.

The following statement is copied from Brantz Mayer's History of Mexico, vol. I, p. 145: "Between the years 1540 and 1542, an expedition was undertaken for the subjugation of an important nation which, it was alleged, existed far to the north of Mexico. A Franciscan missionary, Marcos de Naza, reported that he had discovered, north of Sonora, a rich and powerful people inhabiting a realm known as Quivira, or the Seven Cities, whose capital, Cibola, was quite as civilized as an European city. After the report had reached and been considered in Spain, it was determined to send an armed force to this region in order to explore, and if possible to reduce the Quivirans to the Spanish yoke.

Mendoza had designed to intrust this expedition to Pedro de Alvarado, after having refused Cortez permission to lead the adventurers—a task which he had demanded as his right. But when all the troops were enlisted, Alvarado had not yet reached Mexico from Guatemala, and, accordingly, the Viceroy dispatched Vasquez de Coronado at the head of the enterprise. At the same time he fitted out another expedition, with two ships, under the orders of Francisco Alarcon, who was to make a reconnoissance of the coast as far as the thirty-sixth degree, and, after having frequently visited the shores, he was, in that latitude, to meet the forces sent by land. Coronado set forth from Culiacan, with three hundred and fifty Spaniards and eight hundred Indians, and, after reaching the source of the Gila, passed the mountains to the Rio del Norte. He wintered twice in the region now called New Mexico, explored it thoroughly from north to south, and then, striking off to the northeast, crossed the mountains, and wandering eastwardly as far north as the fortieth degree of latitude, he unfortunately found neither Quivira nor gold. A few wretched ruins of Indian villages were all the discoveries made by these hardy pioneers, and thus the enchanted kingdom eluded the grasp of Spain forever. The troop of strangers and Indians soon became disorganized, and disbanded; nor was Alarcon more successful by sea than Coronado by land. His vessels explored the shores of the Pacific carefully, but they found no wealthy cities to plunder, nor could the sailors hear of any from the Indians with whom they held intercourse."

Hildreth says (vol. I, p. 48): "While De Soto was engaged in this exploration, a not less adventurous expedition was undertaken to regions still more interior and remote. By the orders of Mendoza, Viceroy of India, Vasquez Coronado, with a force of three hundred and fifty Spaniards and eight hundred Indians, set out from Culiacan, on the south-eastern shore of the Gulf of California, then the northwestern limit of Spanish-Mexican conquest, whence he penetrated north along the shores of the Gulf to the river Gila, now the southwestern boundary of the United States. That river he followed to its head, and, crossing the mountains, reached the upper waters of the Rio del Norte, which he followed also to their sources, and then struck off northeasterly into the great interior desert as far as the 40th degree of north latitude."

Gen. Simpson gives a map showing Coronado's line of march. He places the Province of Quivira, (Quivira and Coronado are slightly changed in spelling by different writers,) between the Platte and Kansas rivers, and between the 95th and 98th degrees of longitude.

De Soto discovered the Mississippi in 1541, and was buried in it in 1542.

Some writers say De Soto entered Missonri, and also went into the Indian Territory, to the place where Fort Gibson now stands. Bancroft says (vol. I, p. 51): "The highlands of White river, more than two hundred miles from the Mississippi, were probably the limit of his ramble in this direction. The mountains offered neither gems nor gold; and the disappointed adventurers marched to the south." The American

Cyclopedia places "the highlands of the White river" in the "eastern portion of what is now the Indian Territory." It was in the month of August, 1541, that De Soto reached the most northern point of his journey.

In volume XIII of the "Pacific States," published in 1884, Hubert H. Bancroft says, page 7: "Governor Coronado, with a force of three hundred Spaniards and eight hundred natives from Mexico, departed from Culiacan in April, 1540. He left a garrison in Sonora; followed Niza's route, cursing the friar's suggestions, and reached Zuni in July. Tobar was sent to Tusayan, or the Moqui towns; Cardenas to the great cañon of the Colorado; and Alvarado far eastward to Cienye or Pécós. Then the army marched east to spend the winter in the valley of the Rio Grande, the province of Tiguez—later New Mexico. In May, 1541, after a winter of constant warfare caused by oppression, Coronado started out into the great plains northeastward in search of great towns and precious metals never found. He returned in September, having penetrated, as he believed, to latitude 40°, and found only wigwam towns in the province of Quivira, possibly in the Kansas of to-day. Expeditions were also sent far up and down the Rio del Norte; and in the spring of 1542, when nearly ready for a new campaign, the Governor was seriously injured in a tournament, and resolved to abandon the enterprise. Some friars were left behind, who were soon killed; and in April the return march began."

At the farthest northeastward point that was reached, the General erected a great cross with this inscription: "Francisco Vasquez de Coronado, commander of an expedition, arrived at this place."

Bradford Prince (Historical Sketches of New Mexico, 1883) thinks that Quivira "consisted of a succession of towns and villages, on small streams which ran into this main river," and that Coronado "traversed parts of the Indian Territory and Kansas, and finally stopped on the borders of Missouri," north of Kansas City.

Some writers assert that de Vaca was in Kansas earlier than Coronado. Hubert Bancroft believes (Pacific States, vol. X, p. 64) that Alvar Nunez Cabeza de Vaca started from Espiritu Santo Bay, or San Antonio, Texas, in the summer of 1535, and traversed the present States of Texas and Chihuahua, to northeastern Sonora: "that he did not, probably, at any time reach so high a latitude as the Canadian and Arkansas rivers." He and his companions went to Culiacan and San Miguel, on the Gulf of California, thence to Compostella, and arrived in Mexico July 25, 1536.

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John B. Dunbar, a Kansas explorer in this field, says:

"The contents of Spanish writings indicate that for many years after the permanent occupation of New Mexico, the authorities there entertained the purpose of extending their conquests east and northeast, over the country of the Plains, concerning which Coronado's expedition had given indefinite but alluring information. Don Juan de Onate, the conqueror of New Mexico, made an expedition of discovery to Quivira—the Kansas region—as early as 1599. Record exists of an embassy from the Quivira

Indians to Santa Fé in 1602, asking aid from the Spaniards against their adjacent enemies, the Aijaos, and in 1662 Penalosa, then Governor of New Mexico, made a further expedition to Quivira. The subsequent career of Penalosa seems to indicate that he was specially impressed with the character and value of the country. From this date there were desultory efforts on the part of the Spaniards from the southwest, and of the French from the Mississippi valley, to gain control of the Indian tribes of the region. In 1719 an expedition from Santa Fé suffered defeat by the Pawnees, or Missouris, apparently in eastern Kansas; and in 1724 Sieur De Bourgmont made a counter expedition from Fort D'Orleans, on the Missouri, for the purpose of conciliating the good-will of the tribes of the plains. If the now missing archives of Santa Fé ever come to light, there will quite likely be found in them valuable matter bearing upon this period of Kansas history. The efforts of the Spaniards in this direction seem to have been continued till after the acquisition of the territory by the United States, in 1803, as Pike makes mention of a Spanish embassy negotiating with the Pawnees just before his arrival at their village in 1806."

1609.

MAY 23.—The second charter of Virginia (7th James I) granted "all those lands, countries, and territories, situate, lying and being in that part of America called Virginia," from Cape or Point Comfort, to the northward two hundred miles, and to the southward two hundred miles, and "up into the land throughout from sea to sea." This grant made Kansas English. Point Comfort being on the 37th degree of latitude.

1662.

MARCH 6. — Don Diego de Penalosa begins his march from Santa Fé. The expedition came eastward about 500 miles, and reached Quivira. Prince ("New Mexico") places Quivira in the vicinity of St. Joseph, Mo.

1670.

In writing to the Superior of Missions, in 1670, Father Marquette spoke of the Missouri river, from the report he had of it from the Indians. "Six or seven days below the Ilois" (Illinois river), he says, "is another great river, on which are prodigious nations, who use wooden canoes: we cannot write more till next year, if God does us the grace to lead us there." Among these "prodigious nations" was the Kanzas. (Hale's Kanzas and Nebraska, p. 9.)

1673.

JUNE 10. — Marquette, accompanied by Joliet, a trader of Quebec, and five other Frenchmen, descending the Wisconsin in canoes, entered the Mississippi. They floated down as far as the Arkansas. In returning, they ascended the Illinois river. Father Dablon published his narrative of this expedition in 1678, with a map on which appears the name of the Kansa tribe of Indians. Marquette's manuscript map is still preserved at St. Mary's College, Montreal.

1677.

La Salle obtains from the King of France a commission for perfecting the discovery of the Mississippi, and, at the same time, a monopoly of the trade in buffalo skins.

1682.

JANUARY 13.—La Salle, who has been detained by ice and winter at the mouth of the Illinois, begins his descent of the Mississippi.

APRIL 9.—La Salle reaches the Gulf of Mexico.

Hildreth says: "Formal possession of the mouth of the river was ceremoniously taken for the King of France. The country on the banks of the Mississippi received the name of Louisiana, in honor of Louis XIV, then at the height of his power and reputation; but the attempt to fix upon the river itself the name of Colbert did not succeed." Colbert was the French Minister of Finance.

Father Membre wrote a narrative of this expedition, which is published in Shea's History of the Mississippi. He says: "We found the Ozage [Missouri] river coming from the west. It is full as large as the river Colbert, into which it empties, troubling it so that from the mouth of the Ozage the water is hardly drinkable."

In 1684, La Salle left France with four ships, to plant a colony at the mouth of the Mississippi. The vessels missed the entrance of the Mississippi, passed to the westward, and landed their company on the coast of Texas, in February, 1685. In January, 1687, La Salle determined to reach Canada by land; but, after three months' wanderings, he was murdered by two mutinous companions.

1683.

Hennepin published in France an account of his exploration of the Mississippi, from the mouth of the Illinois to the Falls of St. Anthony. Hildreth says the French missionaries and fur traders had explored the Mississippi, the Fox, the Wisconsin and the Illinois from their sources to their mouths, while the upper sources of the Connecticut, the Delaware, the Susquehanna, the Potomac and the James remained as yet unknown to the English colonists.

1699.

FEBRUARY 27.—Iberville, born at Quebec, with two brothers, Sauvolle and Bienville, and two hundred colonists, most of them Canadian soldiers, entered the Mississippi, never before entered from the sea.

MAY.—Iberville plants a colony on the Bay of Biloxi, within the limits of the present State of Mississippi. Sauvolle was the first Governor of the infant colony, but soon fell a victim to the climate. Bienville succeeded him as Governor.

Iberville died of yellow fever, in 1707, at St. Domingo.

1712.

SEPTEMBER 14.—The whole province of Louisiana, with a monopoly of trade, granted to Anthony Crozat, a wealthy French merchant. Crozat agreed to send every year two ships from France with goods and emigrants. He was to be entitled, also, to import an annual cargo of

slaves from Africa, notwithstanding the monopoly of that trade in the hands of a special company. The French Government agreed to pay annually 50,000 livres (\$10,000) toward supporting the civil and military establishments.

In the grant, the river "heretofore called Mississippi" is called St. Louis, the "Missourys" is called St. Philip, and the "Oubache" is called St. Jerome. Louisiana is made "dependent upon the General Government of New France" (Canada).

After five years, Crozat resigned his patent.

1717.

The exclusive commerce of Louisiana for twenty-five years, with extensive powers of government, and a monopoly of the Canadian fur trade, was bestowed on the Company of the West, otherwise called the Mississippi Company.

1718.

The city of New Orleans founded by Bienville.

1719.

The following is copied from Hale's History: "M. Dutisne, a French officer, was sent from New Orleans, in 1719, by Bienville, the Governor, into the territory west of the Mississippi. He visited the village of the Osage Indians, five miles from the Osage river, at eighty leagues above its mouth. Thence he crossed to the northwest, one hundred and twenty miles, over prairies abounding in buffalo, to the villages of the Panionkees or Pawnees. Here were two villages, of about one hundred and thirty cabins and two hundred and fifty warriors each, who owned nearly three hundred horses. They were not civilized, he says, but readily accessible on receiving a few presents. Fifteen days more westward marching brought him to the Padoucahs, a very brave and warlike nation. Here he erected a cross, with the arms of the King, September 27th, 1719. In his report of his expedition, he gives the details which we have quoted, and notices the salines and masses of rock salt found to this day in the region he traveled over. He found the Osages at the spot which they still occupy. If his measurements were exact, his first Pawnee or Panionkee village was near the mouth of Republican Fork. Fifteen days' westward travel must have been up the valley of one of the forks of the Kansas river; but the name of the Padoucah Indians is now lost. From the time he reached the Osage villages, Dutisne was exploring the territory of Kansas."

Dutisne, or Du Tissenet, was the first Frenchman who trod this soil. His line of travel in Kansas, coming in along the Osage, was probably through the counties of Linn, Miami, Franklin, Osage, Lyon, Morris, Davis, and then west some two hundred miles. On this supposition he crossed Coronado's route near Fort Riley, thus making that point the junction of the great trails made by the Spanish and French explorers.

Prince's "New Mexico," page 225, says: "In 1719, an expedition under Villaza started from Santa Fé, guided by a Frenchman, and succeeded in reaching the banks of the Missouri, opposite the towns of the Pawnees (called Pananas); but the Indians crossed in the night, surprised the Spaniards, killed the commander and guide, and also Father Juan Dominguez, the chaplain."

1721.

MAY 2.—De Boisbriant, Governor of the Illinois District, writes to Bienville that three hundred Spaniards, who left Santa Fé for the purpose of driving the French out of Louisiana, were attacked and driven back by the Osage and Panis Indians. DuPratz gives a different version of this affair.

1723.

The seat of government removed to New Orleans.

1724.

De Bourgmont makes a journey through northern Kansas, starting probably from the bend in the river where Atchison now stands. Le-Page DuPratz, in his History of Louisiana, published in Paris in 1757, publishes a report of the journey. This report is published in full in Andreas's History of Kansas. DuPratz's History contains a map of Louisiana. The Kansas Historical Library has the London edition of DuPratz, in two volumes, published in 1763.

The Pawnee Indians inhabit the country on the river Platte, and their hunting-ground extends as far south as the Arkansas.

1732.

The Mississippi Company, for 1,450,000 livres, surrender their charter to the Government. Thus the "Mississippi bubble" burst. The Company had held possession of Louisiana for fourteen years, and left it with a population of 5,000 whites and 2,500 blacks.

1755.

Ste. Genevieve, Mo., settled by the French.

1760.

The English defeat the French in Canada, and complete the conquest of that country. Louisiana alone remains to France.

1762.

NOVEMBER 3.—France cedes Louisiana to Spain. On the same day, all the region east of the Mississippi, except the island of New Orleans, was yielded, by the treaty of Fontainbleau, to England by France. The navigation of the Mississippi river was to be free to both parties. The

sovereignty of the eastern half of North America, from Hudson's Bay to the Gulf of Mexico, is vested in the British crown.—Louisiana contains about 10,000 inhabitants.—M. D'Abbadie, Director-General of Louisiana, grants to a company of merchants, of whom Pierre Laclède Liguest was the leader, the exclusive right of trade with the Indians on the Missouri.

1763.

FEBRUARY 10.—Definitive treaty of peace and friendship, similar to the preliminary articles of November 3, 1762.

France cedes Canada and Nova Scotia, or Acadia, to Great Britain. The boundary between the British and French territories "shall be fixed irrevocably by a line drawn along the middle of the river Mississippi from its source to the river Iberville, and from thence by a line drawn along the middle of this river, and the lakes Maurepas and Pontchartrain, to the sea." The nineteenth article provides for the restoration of Cuba to Spain. In consequence of this stipulated restitution, Florida and all Spanish possessions east of the Mississippi are ceded to England.

OCTOBER 7.—Proclamation of the King of Great Britain, erecting the countries and islands ceded to him by the treaty of February 10 into four governments, called Quebec, East Florida, West Florida, and Grenada.

1764.

FEBRUARY 15.—Laclède's company establish themselves on the present site of St. Louis. He founds the city, and gives it its name.

Pierre Laclède Liguest and August and Pierre Chouteau, Frenchmen, obtain a charter from the French Government, giving them the exclusive right to trade with the Indians of Louisiana. In 1799, a trading post was established where St. Joseph, Missouri, now stands; in 1800, one at Randolph Bluffs, three miles below the present Kansas City.

APRIL 21.—A letter from Louis XV, King of France, to M. D'Abbadie, in Louisiana, ordering him to deliver up the country and colony of Louisiana to the Governor or officer appointed for that purpose by the King of Spain.

—Colonel Bouquet estimates that the Shawnees have 500 fighting men. This tribe of Indians belongs to the Algonquin group, living on the Wabash and other neighboring affluents of the Ohio.

1766.

Don Antonio d'Ulloa, the Spanish Governor, arrives in New Orleans. He was coldly received, and departed in 1767, without having produced his credentials.

1768.

AUGUST 11.—A company of Spanish troops under Captain Rios take possession of St. Louis, in the name of the King of Spain, under whose

sway it remained until its transfer to the United States, in 1804. Rios retired early in the summer of 1769.

1769.

JULY 28.—Don Alexander O'Reilly, Captain-General, lands at New Orleans, and the dominion of Spain begins in Louisiana.—Pontiac, the Ottawa chief, visits St. Louis. He was killed soon afterwards at Cohokia, and his remains buried in St. Louis.

1770.

Lieutenant Governor Piernas arrives in St. Louis, and extends the Spanish authority over upper Louisiana.

1780.

Early in this year, Benjamin Franklin, in Paris, writes to John Jay, at Madrid, respecting the value to the United States of the Mississippi river. He says: "Poor as we are, yet, as I know we shall be rich, I would rather agree with the Spaniards to buy at a great price the whole of their right on the Mississippi than sell a drop of its waters. A neighbor might as well ask me to sell my street door."

1781.

Publication, in London, of "A General History of Connecticut," by Samuel A. Peters. On page 103 the author says: "The American Cansees, near Lake Superior, enjoy liberty complete, without jealousy. Among them, the conscious independence of each individual warms his thoughts and guides his actions. He enters the sachemie dome with the same simple freedom as he enters the wigwam of his brother, neither dazzled at the splendor nor awed by the power of the possessor. Here is liberty in perfection." This passage gave to Ware the suggestion for the line:

"First in freedom, first in wheat."

1782.

NOVEMBER 30.—Provisional articles of peace negotiated at Paris between Great Britain and the United States. Boundaries of the United States defined. The navigation of the Mississippi shall forever remain free and open to the subjects of Great Britain and the citizens of the United States.

The western and southern boundary line is declared to be the middle of the Mississippi river from as far north as the Lake of the Woods and south to the thirty-first degree of north latitude.

1783.

SEPTEMBER 3.—Definitive treaty of peace negotiated at Paris between the United States of America and His Britannic Majesty. The independence of the United States acknowledged. Boundaries established.

"September 3, 1783, by treaty with Great Britain, the territory of the United States was declared to extend from the Atlantic ocean westward to the Mississippi river, and from a line along the great lakes on the north, southward to the thirty-first parallel and the southern border of Georgia."—*U. S. Census Report, 1870, vol. 1, p. 573.*

1787.

SEPTEMBER 17. — The Convention of Delegates, in the State House at Philadelphia, adopt the Constitution of the United States.

1790.

The following is copied from James Parton's life of Jefferson:

"As Secretary of State, in 1790, when there appeared some danger of Great Britain seizing New Orleans, Jefferson gave it as his official opinion to President Washington, that, rather than see Louisiana and Florida added to the British empire, the United States should brave the risks of joining actively in the general war then supposed to be impending. But, not less averse to the French possessing it, he warned them also, in the same year, to let it alone."

1798.

Population of St. Louis. 925 persons.

1800.

MAY 7. The Ordinance of 1787, amended in 1789, provided that the legislative power should be vested in the Governor and Judges, who were directed to adopt and publish such laws as they considered necessary. The act of May 7, 1800, creating the Territory of Indiana, conferred the same powers upon its officers as had been exercised by the officers of the Northwestern Territory under the Ordinance of '87.

MAY 9. — John Brown born, at Torrington, Litchfield county, Conn. He was of the sixth generation in regular descent from Peter Brown, one of the Pilgrim Fathers who landed from the Mayflower, at Plymouth, in 1620. His grandfather, John Brown, was a captain in the Revolutionary army, and died in the service.

OCTOBER 1. — Treaty concluded at St. Ildefonso, the 9th Vendemiaire, an 9. (1st October, 1800,) between Napoleon, the First Consul of the French Republic, and the King of Spain. By the third article of the treaty, the King of Spain agrees to retrocede to the French Republic "the colony or province of Louisiana, with the same extent that it now has in the hands of Spain, and that it had when France possessed it." The treaty was confirmed and enforced by the treaty of Madrid, March 24, 1801. Spain had held Louisiana thirty-seven years — from 1763 to 1800.

1801.

MARCH 29. — A dispatch of this date, from Rufus King, American Minister in London, contains an intimation that Spain has ceded Louisiana and Florida to France.

DECEMBER. — Rufus King sends what he believes to be a true copy of one of the treaties making the cession.

1802.

APRIL 18.—Jefferson writes to Livingston that the intimated cession of Louisiana to France

“Completely reverses all the political relations of the United States, and will form a new epoch in our political course. We have ever looked to France as our natural friend—one with whom we could never have an occasion of difference; but there is on the globe one single spot, the possessor of which is our natural and habitual enemy. It is New Orleans, through which the produce of three-eighths of our territory must pass to market; and from its fertility it will ere long yield more than half of our whole produce, and contain more than half of our inhabitants. France, placing herself in that door, assumes to us the attitude of defiance. Spain might have retained it quietly for years. Her pacific dispositions, her feeble state, would induce her to increase our facilities there, so that her possession of the place would be hardly felt by us, and it would not, perhaps, be very long before some circumstance might arise which might make the cession of it to us the price of something of more worth to her. Not so can it ever be in the hands of France. . . . The day that France takes possession of New Orleans fixes the sentence which is to restrain her forever within her low-water mark. It seals the union of two nations, who, in conjunction, can maintain exclusive possession of the ocean. From that moment we must marry ourselves to the British fleet and nation. We must turn all our attentions to a maritime force, for which our resources place us on very high ground; and having formed and connected together a power which may render reinforcement of her settlements here impossible to France, make the first cannon which shall be fired in Europe the signal for tearing up any settlement she may have made, and for holding the two continents of America in sequestration for the common purposes of the united British and American nations.”

The whole letter was an argument that it was for the interest of both countries for France to cede Louisiana to the United States.

OCTOBER 16.—The Spanish Intendant of Louisiana issues a proclamation interdicting the privilege, secured by the treaty of 1795, of depositing American merchandise in New Orleans. Hildreth says:

“This interruption to their commerce produced a great commotion in the Western country, and led to emphatic remonstrances from the Governor and Legislature of Kentucky, threatening to drive the Administration to a speedy use of force.”

It was the disaffection in the Southwest that led Burr to engage in his conspiracy.

Greeley says, in the *American Conflict*:

“In 1802 Napoleon Bonaparte, then First Consul, induced the feeble and decaying Bourbons of Spain, then in close alliance with revolutionary France, to retrocede to her Louisiana, almost without consideration; and the French flag once more waved over delighted New Orleans.”

1803.

APRIL 10.—Parton says:

“On Easter Sunday, April 10, in the afternoon, after having taken conspicuous part in the revived ceremonies of the occasion (Mr. Monroe being still many leagues from Paris, but expected hourly), the First Consul opened a conversation with two of his Ministers upon Louisiana. One of these Ministers, who reports the scene, was that old friend of Jefferson's, Barbe-Marbois,* for whom, twenty-six years before, he had compiled his Notes on Virginia—a gentleman ten years resident at Philadelphia, where he married the daughter of a Governor of Pennsylvania. The other Minister had served in America under Rochambeau during the Revolutionary war.

*MARBOIS had been Secretary to the French embassy in America, and was now at the head of the French treasury.

"I know," said the First Consul, speaking with 'passion and vehemence,'—'I know the full value of Louisiana, and I have been desirous of repairing the fault of the French negotiator who abandoned it in 1763. A few lines of a treaty have restored it to me, and I have scarcely recovered it when I must expect to lose it. But if it escapes from me, it shall one day cost dearer to those who oblige me to strip myself of it than to those to whom I wish to deliver it. The English have successively taken from France Canada, Cape Breton, Newfoundland, Nova Scotia, and the richest portions of Asia. They shall not have the Mississippi, which they covet. I have not a moment to lose in putting it out of their reach: I think of ceding it to the United States. I can scarcely say that I cede it to them, for it is not yet in our possession. If, however, I leave the least time to our enemies, I shall only transmit an empty title to those republicans whose friendship I seek. They only ask of me one town in Louisiana: but I already consider the colony as entirely lost; and it appears to me that in the hands of this growing power it will be more useful to the policy and even to the commerce of France, than if I should attempt to keep it.'"

The next morning Bonaparte resumed the conversation:

"'Irresolution and deliberation,' he said, 'are no longer in reason. I renounce Louisiana. It is not only New Orleans that I will cede; it is the whole colony, without any reservation. I renounce it with the greatest regret. To attempt obstinately to retain it would be folly. I direct you to negotiate this affair with the envoys of the United States. Do not even await the arrival of Mr. Monroe; have an interview this very day with Mr. Livingston. But I require a great deal of money for this war, and I would not like to commence it with new contributions. If I should regulate my terms according to the value of those vast regions to the United States, the indemnity would have no limits. I will be moderate, in consideration of the necessity in which I am of making a sale. But keep this to yourself. I want fifty millions of francs, and for less than that sum I will not treat; I would rather make a desperate attempt to keep those fine countries. To-morrow you shall have your full powers.'"

APRIL 30.—Treaty concluded at Paris between the United States and the French republic. France cedes Louisiana to the United States. Treaty negotiated by Robert R. Livingston, James Monroe, and Barbe-Marbois.

The following is copied from the treaty:

"ARTICLE 1. Whereas, by the article the third of the treaty concluded at St. Ildefonso, the first of October, 1800, between the First Consul of the French Republic and his Catholic Majesty, it was agreed as follows: 'His Catholic Majesty agrees and engages on his part, to retrocede to the French Republic, six months after the full and entire execution of the conditions and stipulations herein relative to his Royal Highness the Duke of Parma, the colony or province of Louisiana, with the same extent that it now has in the hands of Spain, and that it had when France possessed it, and such as it should be after the treaties subsequently entered into between Spain and other states.' And whereas, in pursuance of the treaty, and particularly of the third article, the French Republic has an incontestable title to the domain and to the possession of the said territory: The First Consul of the French Republic, desiring to give to the United States a strong proof of his friendship, doth hereby cede to the said United States, in the name of the French Republic, forever and in full sovereignty, the said territory, with all its rights and appurtenances, as fully and in the same manner as they have been acquired by the French Republic in virtue of the above-mentioned treaty, concluded with his Catholic Majesty.

"ART. 4. There shall be sent by the Government of France a commissary to Louisiana, to the end that he do every act necessary, as well to receive from the officers of his Catholic Majesty [the King of Spain] the said country and its dependencies, in the name of the French Republic, if it has not been already done, as to transmit it, in the name of the French Republic, to the commissary or agent of the United States."

Two conventions, regulating the payment of the consideration, bear the date of the treaty of cession. The first stipulates that the payment

of the sixty million livres shall be made in six-per-cent. stock of the United States, to the amount of \$11,250,000. Under the second convention, the claims of citizens of the United States on France are to be paid at the American treasury, to the amount of \$3,750,000.

The following is copied from the "Land Laws," compiled by virtue of a resolution of Congress, of April 27, 1810:

"By the grant of Louis XIV to Crozat, dated 14th September, 1712, all the country drained by the waters emptying directly or indirectly into the Mississippi, is included within the boundaries of Louisiana."

"East of the Mississippi, the United States claim, by virtue of the treaty of 1803, all the territory south of the thirty-first degree of north latitude, and extending eastwardly to the small river Perdido, which lies between Mobile and Pensacola, and was, when Louisiana formerly belonged to France, the boundary between that colony and the Spanish province of Florida. That territory, together with the residue of Louisiana east of the Mississippi, was, by the treaty of 1763, ceded by France to Great Britain, who, by the same treaty, acquired also Spanish Florida. The preliminary articles of that treaty were signed on the third day of November, 1762; and, on the same day, France, by a separate act, ceded to Spain all the residue of Louisiana west of the Mississippi, and including the city and island (so called) of New Orleans. By the treaties of 1783, Great Britain ceded to the United States all that part of the former colony of Louisiana east of the Mississippi which lay north of the thirty-first degree of north latitude; and to Spain, under the name of West and East Florida, both that part of Louisiana east of the Mississippi which lay south of that parallel of latitude, and the old Spanish province of Florida. The thirty-first degree of latitude was, by the subsequent treaty of 1795, between the United States and Spain, confirmed as the boundary between the possessions of the two nations. The title of the United States to the territory in question, under the treaties of St. Ildefonso and of 1803, is fully established by those facts."

The Province of Louisiana thus purchased comprised 1,160,577 square miles. The whole domain of the original thirteen Colonies was only 820,680 square miles. The cost of Louisiana was, principal sum, \$15,000,000; interest to redemption, \$8,529,353; claims of citizens of the United States, due from France, assumed by the United States, and paid, (up to June 30, 1880,) \$3,738,268; total, \$27,267,621.

Parton says:

"Bonaparte was so well pleased with the bargain that he gave M. Marbois 192,000 francs of the proceeds. Sixty millions, he said, was a pretty good price for a province of which he had not taken possession, and might not be able to retain twenty-four hours. He also said: 'This accession of territory strengthens forever the power of the United States, and I have just given to England a maritime rival that will sooner or later humble her pride.' Strange to relate, the British Government expressed approval of the cession. . . ."

"One consideration embarrassed the President amid the relief and triumph of this peaceful solution of a problem so alarming. He, a strict constructionist, had done an act unauthorized by the constitution. He owned and justified it thus: 'The constitution has made no provision for our holding foreign territory, still less for incorporating foreign nations into our Union. The Executive, in seizing the fugitive occurrence which so much advances the good of their country, have done an act beyond the constitution. The legislature, in casting behind them metaphysical subtleties, and risking themselves like faithful servants, must ratify and pay for it, and throw themselves on their country for doing for them unauthorized what we know they would have done for themselves, had they been in a situation to do it. It is the case of a guardian, investing the money of his ward in purchasing an important adjacent territory, and saying to him when of age: I did this for your good; I pretend to no right to bind you; you may disavow me, and I must get out of the scrape as I can: I thought it my duty

to risk myself for you. But we shall not be disavowed by the nation, and their act of indemnity will confirm and not weaken the constitution, by more strongly marking out its lines.' He proposed that the case should be met by an additional article to the constitution."

Parton fails to quote the following, which Jefferson wrote to his Attorney General:

"The less that is said about any constitutional difficulty, the better. Congress should do what is necessary in silence. I find but one opinion about the necessity of shutting up the constitution for some time."

OCTOBER 20.—A session of Congress, called by the President, met October 17. On the 20th. the Senate ratified the treaty and conventions. Ratifications were exchanged, and the bargain became complete.

OCTOBER 31.—Act of Congress authorizing the President "to take possession of the territories ceded by France to the United States," and "for the temporary government thereof." By this act the government is "vested in such person and persons," and "exercised in such manner as the President of the United States shall direct."

NOVEMBER 10.—Two acts providing for the payment of the fifteen million dollars to France were approved.

NOVEMBER 30.—Laussat takes possession of Louisiana. Casa Calvo and Salcedo, the Spanish commissioners, present to him the keys of the city, over which the tri-color flag floated but for the short space of twenty days.

DECEMBER 20.—Formal delivery of the island and city of Orleans made by citizen Laussat, as commissioner of France, to General Wilkinson and C. C. Claiborne, commissioners on the part of the United States. Claiborne had been commissioned by Congress "to the supreme and sole government of the new province." The star-spangled banner supplants the tri-color of France.

In 1829, an American in Paris translated a work by Barbé Marbois, entitled "The History of Louisiana, particularly of the Cession of that Colony to the United States of America; with an Introductory Essay on the Constitution and Government of the United States." It was published by Carey & Lea, Philadelphia, in 1830; pp. 455. The author was then eighty-four years old, a peer of France, and a life-long leading official. This book will always be the leading authority on this theme. The author is an emancipationist, and fears that slavery may cause a dissolution of the American Union.

1804.

MARCH 10.—The United States authority in Missouri dates from the 10th day of March, 1804. On that day Major Amos Stoddard assumed the duties of Governor of Upper Louisiana.

MARCH 26.—Act of Congress erecting Louisiana into the Territory of Orleans and the District of Louisiana. The division line was the southern boundary of Mississippi Territory and the thirty-third degree of latitude.

"The executive power now vested in the Governor of the Indiana Territory shall extend to and be exercised in the said District of Louisiana. The Governor and Judges of the Indiana Territory shall have power to establish in the said District of Louisiana inferior courts, and prescribe their jurisdiction and duties, and to make all laws which they may deem conducive to the good government of the inhabitants thereof."

The following is copied from vol. I. p. 575. U. S. Census Report, 1870:

"By act of March 26, 1804, to take effect October 1, 1804, (the act dividing the 'Province of Louisiana,' ceded by France, into the Territory of Orleans and the District of Louisiana,) the District of Louisiana, being all of the French cession west of the Mississippi river, except the present State of Louisiana, was committed to the government of the officers of the Territory of Indiana."

MAY 14.—The expedition of Lewis and Clark* leaves St. Louis.

Parton says of Jefferson:

"How eagerly he availed himself of his opportunities for increasing the sum of knowledge, his letters exhibit, and the fact is part of the history of that age. It was his thought that sent Meriwether Lewis and William Clark up the Missouri to its sources in the Rocky Mountains, across the mountains to the Columbia river, and down the Columbia until huge waves, rolling in from the ocean and tossing high their light canoes, notified them that they had reached the Pacific. Counting from the time when Captain John Smith sailed up the Chickahominy in search of the South Sea, the world had waited two hundred years for this exploration. Never was a piece of work of that kind better done or better chronicled, for it was Jefferson who selected the two heroes that conducted it. Captain Lewis was the son of one of his most valued Albenmarle neighbors. Lieutenant Clark was the brother of that General George Rogers Clarke who held back the Indians from joining in the war of the Revolution; and both of them were such masters of all frontier arts that the perilous expedition of two years, four months and ten days was one joyous holiday excursion to them. Returning to St. Louis laden with spoils and trophies, Captain Lewis, besides his journals and other official results, sends off exultingly to the President 'sixty-seven specimens of earths, salts and minerals, and sixty specimens of plants.' It was Jefferson, too, who set on foot the two exploring expeditions of Lieutenant Zebulon Montgomery Pike, whose name lives in that of the peak which he discovered, and in those of ten counties of the United States. Pike was the first American who explored the upper Mississippi beyond the Falls of St. Anthony, noting the sites of the cities now rising on its banks, and shaking hands on the way with 'Monsieur Dubuque,' who was working the lead mines and lording it over a wide domain. Lieut. Pike was the first American to explore the valley of the Arkansas. He said truly, in one of his letters, that the regions which he had traversed were little more known to the world than the wilds in the interior of Africa. In seventy years we behold them populous, and more familiar to our knowledge than the next county."

—Governor Wm. H. Harrison, of Indiana, arrived in St. Louis. Having learned the wants of the people, he returned, and, with the Judges of the Territory of Indiana, passed such acts as were deemed necessary for the new District.

OCTOBER 1.—The Governor and Judges of Indiana Territory enact the following laws for the District of Louisiana: Providing for punishing crimes; establishing justices' courts; a law respecting slaves [the Ordinance of 1787 was not allowed to come over from Indiana]; a law regulating county taxes; one regulating the militia; one establishing

*THE spelling of William Clark's name cannot be decided by the best printed report of the expedition. But his own manuscripts and signature are in the possession of the Kansas Historical Society. It is Clark. His brother's name, Gen. George R., always appears, in books, as Clarke.

recorders' offices; one relating to attorneys; one on constables; one on boatmen; one on defalcation; one regulating court practice; one establishing a court of probate; one establishing courts of judicature; one regulating the oath of office; and one establishing the office of sheriff. They also, April 24, 1805, enacted a law regulating marriages.

Saint Vincennes, on the Wabash, the seat of government of Indiana Territory.

By a treaty made at St. Louis, the Foxes and Sacs were united into one tribe. They ceded all their land east of the Mississippi to the United States. The Fox Indians, or Ottigamies, are a tribe of the Algonquin nations, belonging to the Western group, with the Sacs, Miamis and others. They formerly lived at the south end of Green bay, Wisconsin. In 1825, they lived in Illinois and Missouri. In 1846, their agency was at the Osage river.

JULY 4.—Lewis and Clark's Expedition, vol. I, p. 21: "After fifteen miles' sail we came to, on the north, a little above, a creek on the southern side, about thirty yards wide, which we called Independence creek, in honor of the day, which we could celebrate only by an evening gun, and an additional gill of whisky to the men."

The Journal of Patrick Gass, "one of the persons employed" in the Lewis and Clark expedition, says, page 20: "Wednesday, 4th.—We fired a swivel at sunrise, in honor of the day. . . . After dinner we renewed our voyage; passed a creek on the north side which we called Independence; encamped on the north side, at an old Indian village, situated in a handsome prairie, and saluted the departing day with another gun."

Independence creek empties into the Missouri river three miles above Atchison. This is the first time that the Fourth of July is celebrated in Kansas.

—Baptiste La Lande goes from Kaskaskia to Santa Fé, carrying goods and selling them at high prices. He remained there. He was the first white man who carried goods overland to Santa Fé.

1805.

The Territory of Orleans given by Congress the same government with that of Mississippi—the government of a Territory of the first class, having a Legislature chosen by the inhabitants.

MARCH 3.—Act of Congress changing the District of Louisiana to the Territory of Louisiana. It provides for a Governor, Secretary, and three Judges. The legislative power is vested in the Governor and Judges.

Hildreth says: "The District of Louisiana, hitherto annexed to Indiana, was now erected into a separate Territory of the second class, the power of legislation being vested in the Governor and Judges. A section of this act, by continuing in force until altered or repealed by the Legislature, all existing laws and regulations, gave a tacit confirma-

tion to the system of these two rivers, and the discovery of gold in the Arkansas and Missouri."

JULY.—Aaron Burr visits St. Louis, and excites in General Wilkinson's mind "definite suspicions" as to his designs.

—Governor James Wilkinson ordered by President Jefferson to leave St. Louis and watch the movements of ex-Vice President Aaron Burr.

—James Pursley, a Kentuckian, arrives in Santa Fé three years after leaving St. Louis. Pike found him there in 1807, and to Pike Pursley made known the fact that he had discovered gold in the present Colorado.

1806.

Lewis and Clark return. The account of their expedition is published in New York this year.

FEBRUARY 19.—Pres. Jefferson's Message communicating discoveries made by Lewis and Clark, Dr. Sibley, and Mr. Dunbar, with a statistical account of the country adjacent to the Missouri river, and its Indian tribes.

JULY 15.—Lieut. Zebulon M. Pike leaves Belle Fontaine, four miles above the mouth of the Missouri, with twenty-two white men and fifty-one Indians. They went up the Missouri and Osage rivers, and thence to the mouth of the Saline. On the 15th of November he first saw the mountain now called Pike's Peak. The account of his expedition was published in 1810.

1808.

Treaty made, on the Missouri, between the United States and the Osage nation at Fort Clark, near the present town of Sibley. The principal village of the Osages was south from the Fort, on the Osage river.

—The Missouri Fur Company organized by Manuel de Lisa, Pierre and August Chouteau, and nine other members. In 1811, the western limit of white settlement was Fort Osage, thirty-four miles below the mouth of the Kansas. In 1813, the American Fur Company succeeded the Missouri. In 1821, the post known as Four Houses was built, on the north side of the Kaw, twenty miles from its mouth. In 1825, a house was built on the present site of Muncie; and in 1830, a trading post was established on Mission creek, in the present county of Shawnee.

JULY.—The Weekly Missouri Republican founded, by Joseph Charles, at St. Louis.

1811.

DECEMBER 16.—The whole valley of the Mississippi shaken by an earthquake, and the town of New Madrid, Mo., destroyed.

—The first steamboat on the Western rivers built by Mr. Roosevelt, of New York, at Pittsburgh, and named New Orleans.

1812.

APRIL 8.—The Territory of Orleans becomes the State of Louisiana.

JUNE 4.—Act of Congress making the Territory of Louisiana the Ter-

ritory of Missouri. It provides for a Governor and a Secretary. The legislative power is vested in the Governor, Council, and House of Representatives. The House is elected by the people. The House sends to the President of the United States the names of eighteen persons, and from these the President, with the advice and consent of the Senate, selects nine persons, who form the Council. The judicial power is vested in a Superior Court, in inferior courts, and in justices of the peace. The Judges are appointed by the President.

—In the report of the Kansas Historical Society, in 1883, Judge Adams announces the purchase of twenty-nine manuscript books, the records of the Missouri Fur Company from January 24, 1812, to January 17, 1814, with many autograph signatures of leading men; and the records of the Superintendent of Indian Affairs at St. Louis, from 1813 to 1855. These books contain maps and field notes of surveys of the lands of the principal tribes of Indians in Kansas.

1814.

“Views of Louisiana; together with a Journal of a Voyage up the Missouri, in 1811.” By Henry M. Brackenridge. Pittsburgh, 1814; pp. 304. This is the earliest and most complete account of the country adjacent to the Missouri river.

1815.

Ninian Edwards and August Chouteau, United States Commissioners, conclude a treaty with the Kansas Indians.

1816.

JANUARY 19.—The Legislature of Missouri Territory passes a law making the common law of England the law of the Territory.

Governor Reeder, in his message of July 2, 1855, said:

“It appears that the laws of the United States, not inapplicable to our locality; the laws of the Territory of Indiana, made between the 26th of March, 1804, and the 3d of March, 1805, enacted for the District of Louisiana; the laws for the Territory of Louisiana; the laws of the Territory of Missouri; the common law; and the law of the Province of Louisiana at the time of the cession, except so far as the latter have superseded the former, still remain in force in the Territory of Kansas. As the common law, to a considerable extent, was adopted for the Territory by Congress as late as 1812, and by the Missouri Legislature as late as 1816, . . . it has, without doubt, suspended and supplied a great amount of the law previously existing.”

—Stephen H. Long begins his explorations. He spends eight years in the West, traversing more than 26,000 miles of wilderness. One of the highest summits of the Rocky Mountains is named from him Long’s Peak. An account of an expedition from Pittsburgh to the Rocky Mountains, in 1819-20, from the notes of Major Long and others, by Edwin Adams, was published in 1823. The book contains a map.

APRIL 29.—By an act of Congress, the Council of Missouri Territory is elected by the people.

—In 1817 and 1819, two treaties were made by the Cherokees, which re-

sulted, twenty years later, in their enforced emigration to the Indian country. The Cherokees are a tribe of the Appalachian group of American Indians, and were formerly the occupants of the most salubrious region east of the Mississippi.

1818.

The Osages cede certain territory to the United States.

1819.

FEBRUARY 22.—Treaty with Spain. The following is copied from vol. I, pp. 573-4, of the Ninth Census of the United States, 1870:

"April 30, 1803, by treaty with France, the 'Province of Louisiana' was ceded. Its western boundary, as finally adjusted, February 22, 1819, by treaty with Spain, ran up the Sabine river to and along the seventeenth meridian (94th Greenwich), to and along the Red river, to and along the twenty-third meridian (100th Greenwich), to and along the Arkansas river, to and along the Rocky Mountains, to and along the twenty-ninth meridian (106th Greenwich), to and along the forty-second parallel, to the Pacific ocean. Its northern boundary has conformed to the boundary established between the British possessions and the United States. On the east it was bounded by the Mississippi river as far south as the thirty-first parallel, where different boundaries were claimed. The United States construed the cession of France to include all the territory between the thirty-first parallel and the Gulf of Mexico, and between the rivers Mississippi and Perdido, the latter of which is now the western boundary of the State of Florida. Under this construction of the cession, the 'Province of Louisiana' is now covered by those portions of the States of Alabama and Mississippi which lie south of the thirty-first parallel; by the States of Louisiana, Arkansas, Missouri, Iowa, Nebraska, Oregon, Minnesota west of the Mississippi river, and Kansas [except the small portion thereof south of the Arkansas river and west of the twenty-third meridian (100th Greenwich)]; by the Territories of Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, and that known as the Indian country; and by the portion of the Territory of Colorado lying east of the Rocky Mountains and north of the Arkansas river, and all of the Territory of Wyoming north of the forty-second parallel, and that portion of the Territory of Wyoming which is south of that parallel and east of the Rocky Mountains. In 1800, however, the 'Province of Louisiana' had been ceded by Spain to France, Spain claiming that she ceded to France no territory east of the Mississippi river except the 'Island of New Orleans,' and also contending that her province of West Florida included all of the territory south of the thirty-first parallel and between the Perdido and Mississippi rivers, except the 'Island of New Orleans.' Under this construction, the 'Province of Louisiana' included on the east of the Mississippi river only the territory bounded on the north and east by the 'Rivers Iberville and Amite and by the Lakes Maurepas and Pontchartrain.'"

MARCH 2.—Arkansas Territory created; cut off from Missouri. Bill to admit Missouri as a State introduced in Congress, and lost.

—The Western Engineer, with a corps of topographical engineers under Major S. H. Long, was the first steamboat to ascend the Missouri. It was a stern-wheel boat.

JUNE 22.—Maj. Long arrives at Chariton, about two hundred miles below the mouth of the Kansas. He says: "The Western Engineer being the first steamboat that had ever ascended the Missouri above Chariton, great numbers of the settlers were attracted to the banks of the river, on both sides, to witness our progress."

1820.

MARCH 6.—The following is section eight of an act approved March 6, 1820, "to authorize the people of Missouri Territory to form a constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union on an equal footing with the original States, and to prohibit slavery in certain Territories: "

"SEC. 8. That in all that territory ceded by France to the United States, under the name of Louisiana, which lies north of thirty-six degrees and thirty minutes north latitude, not included within the limits of the State contemplated by this act, slavery and involuntary servitude, otherwise than in the punishment of crimes whereof the parties shall have been duly convicted, shall be, and is hereby, forever prohibited: *Provided always*, That any person escaping into the same, from whom labor or service is lawfully claimed, in any State or Territory of the United States, such fugitive may be lawfully reclaimed and conveyed to the person claiming his or her labor or service as aforesaid."

The Territorial Governors of Missouri were: 1805, James Wilkinson; 1807, Meriwether Lewis; 1810, Benjamin Howard; 1813, William Clark; 1820, Alexander McNair.

JULY 19.—The people of Missouri, in State convention, assent to the act of March 6.

—Grasshopper visitation in Kansas and Missouri.

—Two Presbyterian missions established among the Osages.

1821.

MARCH 2.—Missouri admitted, with conditions, by joint resolution.

AUGUST 10.—Conditions accepted. Proclamation admitting Missouri as a State.

1822.

DECEMBER 9.—The Legislature passes an act incorporating St. Louis as a city. It has 4,800 inhabitants.

In the spring of this year, General William H. Ashley, the head of the Rocky Mountain Fur Company, of St. Louis, equipped two boats to ascend the Missouri to the mouth of the Yellowstone.

—Rev. Charles de La Croix reaches the present Osage Mission, in Neosho county, and baptizes two Indians; the first baptisms in Kansas.

—The overland trade with New Mexico, by the Santa Fé trail, is fairly established. The pioneers were Baptiste La Lande, in 1804; James Pursley, in 1805; McKnight, Beard and Chambers, in 1812; and Capt. Becknell, in 1821. He started from Franklin, now Boonville, Mo. The history of this trade is given by Dr. Josiah Gregg.

1824.

Thos. H. Benton, of Missouri, introduced a bill, which Congress passed, providing for marking a road from Independence, Mo., through Kansas and New Mexico. Reeves, Sibley and Mather were the com-

missioners appointed to mark the line, and they had a meeting at Council Grove in 1825. The length of the trail, from Independence to Santa Fé, was 780 miles.

1825.

The name of the Kansas Indians is variously spelled, as Kansez, Canzas, Okanis, Konza, Kanzan, etc. Kaw is a French pronunciation of the word.

APRIL 29.—Public reception of La Fayette in St. Louis.

JULY 25.—Treaty of peace with the Cheyennes and Arapahoes.

OCTOBER 22.—Niles's Register: "We understand the United States Commissioners met the Osage Indians at Council Grove, on the Nee-o-zho river, 160 miles southwest of Fort Osage, in latitude $38^{\circ} 40'$, longitude $96^{\circ} 12' 22''$ from Washington City, in the early part of August, and there made a treaty with them for the passage of the road."

—March 3. Congress passed an act "to authorize the President of the United States to cause a road to be marked out from the western frontier of Missouri to the confines of New Mexico," and authorized the President to appoint three Commissioners to carry out said act; and that said Commissioners "first obtain the consent of the intervening tribes of Indians, by treaty, to the marking of said road." The President appointed Benjamin H. Reeves, George C. Sibley and Thomas Mather as said Commissioners. These Commissioners left St. Louis in June, with seven wagons and about thirty men. In their report to the President, the Commissioners say, "that they have on this day—August 10, 1825—met the chiefs and head-men of the Great and Little Osage Nations at the place called the Council Grove, on the river Nee-o-zho, 160 miles from Fort Osage, and have, after due deliberation and consultation, agreed to the following treaty," etc.

NOVEMBER 7.—Treaty with the Shawnees. The United States give them a tract of land equal to fifty miles square, situated west of the State of Missouri, and within the purchase made from the Osages on the 2d of June, 1825.

DECEMBER 30.—By treaty with the Osage Indians, the tribe is located upon a tract lying between latitude 37° and 38° north, and longitude 94° and 98° west, and watered by the Arkansas, Verdigris and Neosho rivers. The tract contains 7,564,000 acres. The tribe numbered 5,500 persons. The Osages belong to the Sioux or Dacotah family. The name by which they were known to the Algonquins (Ouasash) means bone-men; and the word Osage, of French origin, is a corruption of that name. From early times they have been prominent in this section of the country.

The following statement in regard to treaties with the Osages and Kaws is copied from F. G. Adams's Homestead Guide:

"Treaties made with the Osages and the Kaws both, in 1825, affect portions of this territory—that of the latter tribe nearly the whole of it; showing that the Kaws then claimed to have, in a great measure, supplanted the Pawnees in their right to the occupancy of the country now embraced within the homestead region. The treaty with

the Kansas Indians or Kaws, of June 3, 1825, ceded the following-described territory: 'Beginning at the entrance of the Kansas river into the Missouri river; from thence north to the northwest corner of the State of Missouri; from thence westerly to the Nodaway river, thirty miles from its entrance into the Missouri river; from thence to the entrance of the Nemaha into the Missouri river, and with that river (the Nemaha) to its source; from thence to the source of the Kansas river, leaving the old village of the Pania (Pawnee) Republic to the west; from thence on the ridge dividing the waters of the Kansas river from those of the Arkansas, to the western boundary line of the State of Missouri; and with that line thirty miles to the place of beginning.'

"To understand this boundary, it must be remembered that at that time the western line of Missouri extended due north from the mouth of the Kansas river to the Iowa line, leaving what was afterwards called the Platte Purchase, now a part of Missouri, still, till the date of this treaty of 1825, a part of the territory claimed by the Kaws.

"In the above description, the southwestern terminus of that portion of the boundary line extending 'from the head-waters of the Nemaha to the sources of the Kansas river,' was evidently intended to strike the sources of the Smoky Hill. Thus that line crossed the Republican river far below its source, 'leaving the Pawnee Republic to the west,' thereby conceding that the Pawnees of the Republican had a right to the occupancy of the upper portion of the valley of that stream. But, by the treaty of 1833, the Pawnees relinquished to the United States all their right to territory south of the Platte.

"In the above-mentioned treaty with the Kaws, that tribe reserved for their own occupancy the tract on the Kansas river, thirty miles square, which was afterwards ceded to the Pottawatomies; also some twenty individual half-breed reservations, of a square mile each, extending from the principal reservation, near where Topeka is now situated, along the north bank of the Kansas river, to about the mouth of Grasshopper creek.

"The Osage treaty of June 2, 1825, ceded to the United States the territory west of the States of Missouri and Arkansas north of the Red river, south of the Kansas river, and east of the line from the head sources of the Kansas river to Rock Saline. By Rock Saline is meant the salt plains about the line of Kansas and the Indian Territory."

By the treaty of December 30, 1825, the Osages reserved the tract first above described.

1826.

NOVEMBER 20.—The seat of government of Missouri removed from St. Charles to the City of Jefferson.

—The Kansas Historical Report of 1885 acknowledges a gift from Prof. James H. Canfield, of the State University, of the diary and meteorological record kept by Gen. Wm. Clark, Superintendent of Indian Affairs at St. Louis, Mo., from May 21, 1826, to February 28, 1831, 200 pages; record book containing copies of letters from Indian agents and others, to the Superintendent of Indian Affairs at St. Louis, from September 10, 1830, to April 1, 1832, 450 pages.

1827.

A part of the Third Regiment U. S. troops stationed at the place where Fort Leavenworth now stands. It was called a cantonment until February 8, 1832, when it became a fort. The name of the fort comes from the Colonel of the regiment, Henry H. Leavenworth. Its latitude is 39° 21' 14"; longitude, 94° 44'.

Colonel Leavenworth, who had selected the site, began erecting barracks in July.

SEPTEMBER 19.—General Gaines officially approves of the action of Colonel Leavenworth in the selection of the site.

—Daniel M. Boone, son of Daniel Boone of Kentucky, (who died at St. Charles, Mo.,) is appointed Farmer for the Kansas Indians, and locates on the Kaw, on the south line of the present Jefferson county. His son Napoleon, born August 22, 1828, appears to have been the first white child born in Kansas.

1828.

MAY 6.—Treaty with the Cherokees.

SEPTEMBER 24.—The Delawares, called in their own language the Lenapes, are one of the Algonquin tribes of American Indians. At the beginning of the sixteenth century they occupied the valley of the Delaware river. In 1751, they are found on the Susquehanna. In 1781, a part settled on the Muskingum, and were ordered to remove to Sandusky. After 1812, they stopped for a time on the Whitewater river, in Indiana. Thence they crossed the Mississippi. On the 24th of September, 1829, a treaty was made, giving the Delawares "the country in the fork of the Kansas and Missouri rivers, extending up the Kansas river to the Kansas [Indians] line, and up the Missouri river to Camp Leavenworth, and thence by a line drawn westwardly, leaving a space ten miles wide, north of the Kansas [Indians] boundary line, for an outlet." The Delawares relinquish all claim to the country now occupied by them, on James's fork of White river, in Missouri.

1829.

A Methodist mission school established among the Shawnees, in the present township of Shawnee, Johnson county, by Rev. Thomas Johnson.

1830.

Rev. Isaac McCoy described the Osage and Neosho valleys in letters to the War Department, from 1830 to 1838. Lewis Cass speaks of Mr. McCoy in the North American Review, vol. XXX. Mr. McCoy came here in 1828, and soon after published a pamphlet describing southern Kansas and the northern part of the present Indian Territory.

—Frederick Chouteau starts a trading post on American Chief creek, afterwards Mission creek, Shawnee county. Rev. William Johnson, a brother of Rev. Thomas Johnson, begins his missionary labors there. The mission buildings were put up in 1835.

1831.

AUGUST 8.—By treaty, the Shawnees of Ohio are given lands in Kansas contiguous to the land of the Shawnees of Missouri, if that cession is not sufficiently large.

AUGUST 30.—The Ottawa Indians residing in Ohio cede their lands to

the United States, and receive "a tract of land to contain thirty-four thousand acres, to be located adjoining the south or west line of the reservation, equal to fifty miles square, granted to the Shawnees of Missouri and Ohio, on the Kansas river and its branches."

The Baptist Shawnee Mission, four miles west of the Missouri line, established by the Baptist General Convention of the United States. Rev. Isaac McCoy was appointed an agent for the Government, for colonizing the Indians, and established this and other missions. In 1839, Rev. Francis Barker took charge of this mission. In 1848, the mission erected a church, one of the first frame buildings in Kansas. Mr. Barker still had charge of the mission in March, 1855.

Delaware Methodist Mission founded by Rev. E. T. Peery and wife.

Moses Grinter becomes the first white settler in the present Wyandotte county.

1832.

Independence, Missouri, becomes the outfitting point for western trains.

APRIL 6.—The Wyandot Indians sell their lands in Ohio to the Government, and remove to the junction of the Kansas and Missouri rivers, in Kansas. They number 687 persons. The Wyandots are of the Iroquois family; are called Hurons by the French, but call themselves Wendats or Yendats. When the French settled Canada, they were on the Island of Montreal, and numbered 40,000. A part of them went to Quebec, and a part south of the great lakes. *In 1829 a small band lived on the river Huron, in Michigan, but the principal portion was collected on the head-waters of the Sandusky river.

In 1855, January 31, by treaty, they acquired the right to become citizens, and the Kansas lands of the tribe were divided among them, giving to each person about forty acres.

OCTOBER 24.—The Kickapoos cede their country, on the Osage river, in Missouri, and receive a tract of land with the following boundaries: "Beginning on the Delaware line, six miles westwardly of Fort Leavenworth; thence with the Delaware line, westwardly sixty miles; thence north twenty miles; thence in a direct line to the west bank of the Missouri, at a point twenty-six miles north of Fort Leavenworth; thence down the west bank of the Missouri river to a point six miles nearly northwest of Fort Leavenworth, and thence to the beginning."

OCTOBER 27.—"The United States cede to the combined tribes of Kaskaskias and Peorias, and the bands united with them, one hundred and fifty sections of land, forever, or as long as they live upon it as a tribe, to include the present Peoria village, west of the State of Missouri, on the waters of the Osage river, to be bounded as follows, to wit: North, by the lands assigned to the Shawanoes; west, by the western line of the reservation made for the Piankeshaws, Weas, and Peorias; and east, by lands assigned the Piankeshaws and Weas." The Peorias relinquish their lands in Missouri and Illinois.

OCTOBER 29.—The United States cede to the Piankeshaw and Wea tribes two hundred and fifty sections of land within the limits of the survey of the lands set apart for the Piankeshaws, Weas, and Peorias, bounded east by the western boundary line of the State of Missouri for fifteen miles, north by the southern boundary of the lands assigned to the Shawanoes, west by lands assigned to the Peorias and Kaskaskias, and south by the southern line of the original tract surveyed for the Piankeshaws, Weas and Peorias; said tract being intended to include the present villages of the said Piankeshaws and Weas.

NOVEMBER 26.—By a supplemental article to the Kickapoo treaty it is agreed that the boundary lines of the lands assigned to the Kickapoos "shall begin on the Delaware line, where said line crosses the left branch of Salt creek, thence down said creek to the Missouri river, thence up the Missouri river thirty miles, when measured on a straight line, thence westwardly to a point twenty miles from the Delaware line, so as to include in the lands assigned to the Kickapoos at least twelve hundred square miles."

—Delaware Baptist Mission founded, by Dr. Johnston Lykins.

—"Adventures on the Columbia River, etc., by Ross Cox." New York, 1832. Mr. Cox belonged to Astor's Astoria Company. The book gives a brief sketch of Huít's journey up the Missouri.

1833.

FEBRUARY 14.—Seven millions of acres of land ceded to the Cherokees.

MAY 13.—The United States agree to convey to the Quapaw Indians one hundred and fifty sections of land west of the State line of Missouri, and between the lands of the Senecas and Shawnees.

OCTOBER 9.—Treaty made with the Pawnees at Grand Pawnee Village, on the Platte river.

The following is copied from F. G. Adams's Homestead Guide:

"The Pawnees were a powerful and warlike tribe, and for a century they maintained sway over the country embraced by the branches of the Kansas river, and over the whole region watered by the Platte, from near the Rocky Mountains to its mouth. They were divided into several villages or bands, one of which, the 'Pawnee Republic,' gave its name to the Republican river. The Otoes, Omahas and other tribes acknowledged the superiority of the Pawnees, and lived under their protection. In 1832, however, all these tribes were ravaged by the small-pox, and it is said that the Pawnees then lost half their population. The following year, by treaty, they disposed of, to the United States, all their claims to the land lying south of the Platte river, and agreed to locate themselves north of that river and west of the Missouri. This they did. But large bodies of Sioux came down on their new settlements, and drove them back with great slaughter. Some returned to their old villages; others joined their allies, the Otoes and Omahas. They continued to be unfortunate, and by the ravages of wars and disease rapidly dwindled in numbers."

—A Methodist Mission among the Kickapoos established, by Rev. J. C. Berryman.

—Rev. Robert Simerwell and wife, Baptists, come to the Shawnee Mission as missionaries to the Pottawatomies.

—Jotham Meeker, a printer, with his wife, came to the Shawnee Mission, bringing a printing press. He begins to print Indian pamphlets. Issued an Indian newspaper March 1, 1835, the *Shauwaunoe Kesauthwau*, or *Shawnee Sun*. In June, 1837, Mr. and Mrs. Meeker located with the Ottawas, taking the press with them, and printing there several small books. Mr. John T. Jones, a half-breed Ottawa, commonly called "Tawey" Jones, labored with Mr. Meeker. Mr. Jones was educated at Hamilton, N. Y.; his wife, a white woman, from Maine, was also a missionary.

1834.

Trading Post established in the present Linn county, by Girard and Chouteau, agents of the Northwestern Fur Company.

MAY 5.—Rev. Samuel Parker and Rev. John Dunbar leave Ithaca, New York, on an exploring tour. Mr. Dunbar becomes a missionary among the Pawnees this year. He is the father of Prof. John B. Dunbar, recently of Washburn College, and now of Bloomfield, New Jersey. The annual reports of the American Board of Commissioners of Foreign Missions are rich in Kansas material.

—The first stock of goods landed near the present site of Kansas City, Missouri.

JUNE 30.—Congress enacts that all that part of the United States west of the Mississippi, and not within the States of Missouri and Louisiana or the Territory of Arkansas, shall be taken for the purpose of the act to be Indian country, and certain regulations are prescribed for its government. So much of the laws of the United States as provide for the punishment of crime committed in any place within the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States are declared to be in force in it, with the proviso that the same shall not extend to crime committed by one Indian against the person or property of another Indian. For the purpose of carrying this act into effect, all that part of the Indian country west of the Mississippi river that is bounded north by the north line of lands assigned to the Osage tribe of Indians, produced east to the State of Missouri, west by the Mexican possessions, south by Red river, and east by the west line of the Territory of Arkansas, is annexed to the Territory of Arkansas; and the residue of the Indian country west of the Mississippi is annexed to the judicial district of Missouri.

1835.

JANUARY 24.—Birth of Elizabeth Simerwell, afterwards Mrs. John S. Carter, at the Shawnee Baptist mission; probably the first white girl born in Kansas.

APRIL 20.—First railroad convention in St. Louis.

MAY 29.—Expedition of Colonel Henry Dodge, U. S. A., to the Rocky Mountains. Colonel Dodge left Fort Leavenworth May 29. He followed the west bank of the Missouri nearly to the mouth of the Platte, traced the Platte to its source, went south to the head-waters of the

Arkansas, and returned through that valley. In other words, he marked the line of the railroads from Leavenworth and Atchison to near Omaha, took the Union Pacific west, followed the Colorado railroads to Pueblo, and came home by the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé line. Fort Dodge is on the return trail.

DECEMBER 29. —The United States agree to convey to the Cherokee Indians "the following additional tract of land, situated between the west line of the State of Missouri and the Osage reservation: Beginning at the southeast corner of the same, and runs north along the east line of the Osage lands fifty miles to the northeast corner thereof, and thence east to the west line of the State of Missouri, thence with said line south fifty miles, thence west to the place of beginning — estimated to contain eight hundred thousand acres of land; but it is expressly understood that, if any of the lands assigned to the Quapaws shall fall within the aforesaid bounds, the same shall be reserved and excepted out of the lands above granted, and a *pro rata* reduction shall be made in the price to be allowed to the United States for the same by the Cherokees." This treaty was confirmed by Congress in 1838, and General Scott marched into their country, in Georgia, with 2,000 troops, and forced their removal.

—"A Tour on the Prairies." By Washington Irving. It describes a journey to the Indian Territory, south of Kansas.

"The Adventures of Captain Bonneville, U. S. A., in the Rocky Mountains and the Far West." By Washington Irving. He set out from Fort Osage in 1832, and journeyed across Kansas.

"The Rambler in North America in 1832 and 1833." By Charles Joseph Latrobe. The author made the journey with Mr. Irving.

1836.

JUNE 7. —The western boundary of Missouri was a line drawn north and south from the mouth of the Kansas river. In 1836, June 7, Congress passed an act by which the "Platte Purchase" was added to Missouri. The eastern boundary of this triangle was formed by a line drawn north from the mouth of the Kaw; the western boundary was the Missouri river. This tract of land became slave territory, in violation of the Missouri compromise.

JULY 21.—The office of the St. Louis Observer, an Anti-Slavery paper, edited by Elijah P. Lovejoy, broken into in the night. The presses were overthrown, and the type scattered into the street. Mr. Lovejoy removed to Alton, Illinois, where he was killed, November 8, 1837. The press moved from St. Louis had been destroyed at Alton, and Lovejoy was murdered while defending another press, lately brought to Alton. Owen Lovejoy, of Illinois, was his brother.

MAY.—A Catholic mission founded among the Kickapoos.

SEPTEMBER 17. —By treaty, the United States assign to the Iowas and the Missouri Saes and Foxes a strip of land, now in Nebraska and Kansas.

—“Astoria, or Anecdotes of an Adventure beyond the Rocky Mountains.” By Washington Irving, Philadelphia. This book records the journey up the Missouri river and across the Plains by Wilson P. Hunt, in 1811. Mr. Hunt was employed by John Jacob Astor.

1837.

FEBRUARY 11.—The United States agree to convey “to the Pottawatomies of Indiana a tract of country, on the Osage river, southwest of the Missouri river, sufficient in extent, and adapted to their habits and wants.”

MARCH 28.—The act of June 7, 1836, takes effect by the proclamation of March 28, 1837, and the western boundary of Missouri is extended to the Missouri river.

MARCH 29.—Launching of the first steamboat built in St. Louis.

APRIL.—Rev. John G. Pratt, of Hingham, Mass., locates sixteen miles west of the present city of Wyandotte; he establishes a Baptist mission among the Delawares, and publishes several hymn books in their language.

MAY.—Rev. Samuel M. Irvin, Pennsylvania, Presbyterian, establishes a mission among the Sacs and Foxes, near the present town of Highland, in Doniphan county. Rev. William Hamilton joined him six months later.

OCTOBER 31.—Plan of defenses of the western frontier proposed by Charles Gratiot, and published in the report of J. R. Poinsett, Secretary of War. This is another railroad map. The lines of the Missouri Pacific and North Missouri railroads, the route from Kansas City to Omaha, and directly south to Fort Smith—these and other lines in Missouri and Arkansas anticipate with marvelous accuracy the present railroad system. Posts were recommended at Fort Scott and Kansas City.

NOVEMBER 17.—Burning of the State House at Jefferson City, and destruction of official papers and records.

DECEMBER 20.—The United States agree to reserve a location on the head-waters of the Osage river for the Saginaw tribe of Chippewas.

1838.

JANUARY 15.—The United States agree to set apart to the New York Indians “the following tract of country, situated directly west of the State of Missouri: Beginning on the west line of the State of Missouri, at the northeast corner of the Cherokee tract, and running thence north along the west line of the State of Missouri twenty-seven miles to the southerly line of the Miami lands; thence west so far as shall be necessary, by running a line at right angles, and parallel to the west line aforesaid, to the Osage lands, and thence easterly along the Osage and Cherokee lands to the place of beginning; to include one million eight hundred and twenty-four thousand acres of land, being three hundred

and twenty acres for each soul of said Indians, as their numbers are at present computed." This land is also intended as a future home for the Senecas, Onondagas, Cayugas, Tuscaroras, Oneidas, St. Regis, Stockbridges, Munsees, and Brothertowns, residing in the State of New York.

—"Journal of an Exploring Tour beyond the Rocky Mountains," by Rev. Samuel Parker. Mr. Parker was sent out by the American Board of Foreign Missions to select sites for missionary posts. He describes the Fort Leavenworth of 1835.

1840.

Joseph and Ahean Papan come from Missouri to their land, north of the present Topeka. They establish a ferry across the Kaw in 1842.

—"Sporting Excursions in the Rocky Mountains," by J. K. Townsend, London; 2 vols. He went through Kansas in 1834. Rev. Jason Lee, a Methodist, and the founder of Oregon, went with him. The work has much scientific value.

NOVEMBER 28.—A treaty with the Miamis, taking land on the Wabash and ceding land now in Miami county.

Dr. David Lykins establishes a Baptist mission among the Weas, a band of the Miamis.

1841.

Publication, in New York, of George Catlin's book of travels among the Indians, with portraits and pictures of scenery; in two volumes. Mr. Catlin left St. Louis in the steambot Yellowstone, in 1832, and went to the mouth of the Yellowstone. He stopped at Cantonment Leavenworth, and writes a letter there; describes the Kickapoo chief, Kee-an-ne-kuk, and paints his portrait.

1842.

APRIL 9.—Capt. Benj. Moore and Dr. Mott, U. S. A., select Camp Scott as a military post. The name changed to Fort Scott in 1843. Hiero T. Wilson went there in September, 1843, and was the first white settler. The Fort was occupied by United States troops until 1855.

—Mr. Irvin and Mr. Hamilton, at the Highland Mission, print several text-books for use in teaching the Indians. The title of one of them, published in 1848, is as follows: "An Iowa Grammar, illustrating the principles of the language used by the Iowa, Otoe, and Missouri. Prepared and printed by Rev. Wm. Hamilton and Rev. S. M. Irvin, under the direction of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions. Iowa and Sac Mission Press, 1848."

—A treaty with the Wyandots, a remnant of the Hurons; they sell their lands in Ohio and take land at the mouth of the Kaw.

—Peter H. Burnett, from Platte county, Mo., made the first overland journey, beginning in Doniphan and Brown counties. He was elected Governor of California in 1849. He wrote a valuable autobiography. The next overland journey over that route was made by Neil Gilham, in 1844.

MAY.—Lieutenant John C. Fremont arrived at St. Louis May 22, 1842. Thence he proceeded to Cyprian Chouteau's trading house, on the Kansas river, about six miles west of the Missouri line; latitude $39^{\circ} 5' 57''$; longitude $94^{\circ} 39' 16''$; elevation above the sea about 700 feet. He started thence June 10, with Kit Carson as his guide. On the 12th he seems to have camped near the site of Lawrence:

"We encamped in a remarkably beautiful situation on the Kansas bluffs, which commanded a fine view of the river valley, here from three to four miles wide. The central portion was occupied by a broad belt of heavy timber, and nearer the hills the prairies were of the richest verdure."

On the 14th, he crossed to the north side of the river, probably at the point where Topeka now stands. On the 16th, he says:

"We were now fairly in the Indian country, and it began to be time to prepare for the chances of the wilderness."

His journey thence was northwest to the Blue and the Platte. The expedition went as far west as the Wind River mountains; left there August 18; returned by the Platte, and reached the Missouri at the mouth of the Platte, October 1.

1843.

MAY.—The difficulty between Texas and New Mexico renders an armed escort necessary for a Santa Fé train. Capt. P. St. George Cooke commanded the U. S. dragoons. Capt. Cooke disarms a Texas force near Fort Dodge. Various difficulties cause the closing of all Mexican frontier posts of entry in August of this year. They were not reopened until 1850.

—Silas Armstrong and George Clark, with their families, and Miss Jane Tilles, come here to select a reservation for the Wyandots. A purchase of land was made for the Wyandots from the Delawares December 14. This tract includes the site of Wyandotte city.

—Fremont passes up the Kansas river on a second expedition.

DECEMBER 14.—The Wyandots purchase of the Delawares 23,040 acres of land at the junction of the Missouri and Kansas rivers. This contract was ratified by the United States July 25, 1848; on the 1st of April, 1850, they agree to pay the Wyandots \$185,000 for the lands promised them.

1844.

The Harpers issue the "Narrative of the Texan Santa Fé Expedition," in 1841, by Geo. Wilkins Kendall, in two volumes—one of our most widely-read books of travel.

Dr. Josiah Gregg, of Pittsburgh, writes a work, in two volumes, entitled, "Commerce of the Prairies, or the Journal of a Santa Fé Trader, During Eight Expeditions Across the Great Western Prairies, and a Residence of Nearly Nine Years in Northern Mexico." J. & H. G. Langley, New York, publishers. The work is well written, and has a permanent value, increasing with the years. Mr. Gregg's journey began at Independence, Mo., and followed the Santa Fé trail through our State.

—David Lykins settles in the present Miami county, as a missionary to the Indians.

JUNE 26.—Col. Stephen W. Kearny marches from Fort Leavenworth for New Mexico.

JULY 1.—J. M. Armstrong opens the first free school in the Territory, in the present Wyandotte.

—Col. Dodge, of the Third U. S. Dragoons, makes an expedition from Fort Leavenworth to Pike's Peak.

—The Mormons cross the Plains, starting near the site of the present city of Atchison.

1845.

Reports of Exploring Expeditions to the Rocky Mountains, in 1842 and in 1843. By Brevet Captain John C. Fremont. These are the best known of all reports of journeys through Kausas.

1846.

—"History of the Discovery and Settlement of the Mississippi Valley," etc. By John W. Monette. 2 vols. Harpers, New York, 1846. This appears to be a full history of Louisiana and the southwestern region.

JANUARY 14.—The Kansas Indians cede to the United States "two millions of acres of land on the east part of their country, embracing the entire width, thirty miles, and running west for quantity."

JUNE 5 and 17.—The United States grant to the Pottawatomies a tract of land containing 576,000 acres, being thirty miles square, and being the eastern part of the lands ceded to the United States by the Kansas tribe of Indians, January 14, 1846, adjoining the Shawnees on the south, and the Delawares and Shawnees on the east, on both sides of the Kansas river.

AUGUST 8.—President Polk sends a special message to Congress, asking an appropriation of money to pay for territory to be acquired by treaty from Mexico. A bill was reported appropriating \$30,000 expenses of negotiations, and \$2,000,000 to be used in making a treaty. The House was Democratic by 120 to 72. A few Northern Democrats—among them Hannibal Hamlin, of Maine, Preston King, of New York, and David Wilmot, of Pennsylvania, held a caucus and decided that, inasmuch as Mexico had abolished slavery some twenty years before, all territory acquired from that country should come in free. In accordance with this understanding, Mr. Wilmot offered the following proviso to the first section of the bill:

"*Provided*, That, as an express and fundamental condition to the acquisition of any territory from the Republic of Mexico by the United States, by virtue of any treaty that may be negotiated between them, and to the use by the Executive of the moneys herein appropriated, neither slavery nor involuntary servitude shall ever exist in any part of said territory, except for crime, whereof the party shall first be duly convicted."

The bill passed the House with this proviso, by 85 to 80. It then

went to the Senate, in the last hours of the session, and remained there without action upon it when the session ended, August 10.

1847.

APRIL 29.—Rev. John Schoenmakers arrives at the Osage Mission, now in Neosho county, accompanied by Rev. John J. Bax and Rev. Paul Ponziglione. The school for boys was established May 10th. Several Sisters of Lorette arrived October 5th, and established a school for girls. Both schools are still in a flourishing condition.

St. Mary's Catholic Mission among the Pottawatomies, originally established on Sugar creek, by Rev. Christian Hoeken, is removed to the south side of the Kaw, in the southwest part of Shawnee county. In the spring of 1848, Fathers Verreydt and Gailland, with four Sisters of the Sacred Heart, established the present mission, on the north side of the river.

In the fall, Seth M. Hays establishes a trading post at Council Grove, on the Kaw reserve.

DECEMBER 24.—Lewis Cass first promulgates the Squatter Sovereignty dogma, in a letter to A. O. P. Nicholson, of Nashville, Tennessee. He says:

"The Wilmot Proviso has been before the country for some time. It has been repeatedly discussed in Congress, and by the public press. I am strongly impressed with the opinion that a great change has been going on in the public mind upon this subject—in my own as well as others'; and that doubts are resolving themselves into convictions, that the principle it involves should be kept out of the national legislature, and left to the people of the Confederacy in their respective local governments.

"Briefly, then, I am opposed to the exercise of any jurisdiction by Congress over this matter; and I am in favor of leaving the people of any territory which may be hereafter acquired the right to regulate it themselves, under the general principles of the constitution."

The letter is published in Niles's Register. This firebrand did not make Cass President in 1848, nor Douglas in 1860. On the 1st of March, 1847, Mr. Cass said, in the Senate, of the Wilmot Proviso: "Last year I should have voted for the proposition, had it come up."

1848.

February 2, 1848, Mexico ceded the territory now covered by the States of California and Nevada; also her claims to the territory covered by the present State of Texas, by the Territories of Utah, Arizona, and New Mexico, by portions of the Territories of Wyoming and Colorado, and by the unorganized territory west of the Indian country, except that part of the Territory of Arizona and that part of the Territory of New Mexico lying south of the river Gila and west of the old boundary of New Mexico, which lands were ceded by Mexico December 30, 1853, and are known as the Gadsden Purchase.—*U. S. Census Report, 1870, vol. I, p. 574.*

The United States paid to Mexico \$15,000,000.

—Major W. H. Emory makes a military reconnoissance from Fort Leavenworth to San Diego.

—The Jesuit Fathers, Morris Gailland, J. B. Hoeken, and Father Wright, establish St. Marys Mission.

—"The Western Journal" begun in St. Louis by M. Tarver and T. F. Fisk. It is a magazine largely devoted to Western history. Ten volumes are in the Kansas Historical Library.

—The Baptists erect a log mission building in Shawnee county, and Rev. Robert Simerwell opens a school here.—Abram B. Burnett, a Pottawatomie chief, settles near Topeka, and gives the name to "Burnett's Mound."

—Uniontown established as an Indian trading post in the present Dover township, Shawnee county, then on the Pottawatomie Reserve.

1849.

Fort Laramie, established by a fur company, is transferred to the United States.

—Frank J. Marshall establishes a ferry on the Big Blue. In the spring of 1851 he moved it to the present Marysville—named for his wife, as the county is for himself.

—"The California and Oregon Trail," by Francis Parkman, is published in New York. His "LaSalle, and the Discovery of the Great West," was published in 1869. Mr. Parkman's volumes on French-American history nearly all bear on our own history, and he is unsurpassed as an American historian.

1850.

The Methodists establish a mission at Council Grove; T. S. Huffaker teaches the school until 1854.

The Catholics establish a branch of the Osage mission among the Miamis.

DECEMBER 13.—By the proclamation of the President, the territory ceded by Texas, November 25 (under act of Congress of September 9), comes under the control of the United States. The part of this cession, south of the Arkansas river and west of the one-hundredth meridian, which became a part of the State of Kansas, embraces 7,766 square miles.

—Luther R. Palmer, appointed Physician to the Pottawatomies, comes to the Agency, near St. Marys.

In 1850 the boundaries of the Indian country were as follows: On the east, the present western boundaries of the States of Missouri and Arkansas; on the south, the Red river; on the west, the twenty-third meridian (100th Greenwich) as far north as the Arkansas river, and along that river to the intersection of the Rocky Mountains and the twenty-ninth meridian (106th Greenwich), and along that meridian northward to the proposed southern boundary of the original Territory of Nebraska, which became the northern limit of this country. Within these limits, however, is included that part of the territory ceded by Texas to the United States which was not included in the Territory of New Mexico, being a parcel of land between the Arkansas river on the north and the present northernmost boundary of the State of Texas, and between the twenty-third and twenty-sixth meridians (100th and 103d Greenwich). Including this latter territory, the area of the Indian country at 1850 was 195,274 square miles. By act of May 30, 1854, the Territory of Kansas was erected, and its southern boundary from the State of Missouri to the twenty-third meridian (100th Greenwich), became the

northern limit of the Indian country. The limits of the Indian country remain as they were left by that act; area, 68,991 square miles. A part of the territory above mentioned as ceded by the State of Texas was included in the Territory of Kansas.—*U. S. Census Report, 1870, vol. I, p. 577.*

—Military road established by the Government from Fort Leavenworth to Fort Kearny.

1851.

SEPTEMBER 17.—Treaty with the Cheyennes and Arapahoës. The boundaries of their country are thus defined: “Commencing at the Red Butte, or the place where the road leaves the North fork of the Platte river, thence up the North fork of the Platte river to its source, thence along the main ridge of the Rocky Mountains to the head-waters of the Arkansas river, thence down the Arkansas river to the crossing of the Santa Fé Road, thence in a northwesterly direction to the forks of the Platte river, thence up the Platte river to the place of beginning.”

1852.

MARCH 20.—Publication of “Uncle Tom’s Cabin,” written by Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe. It is an anti-slavery novel, and has a larger circulation than any other American book.

JULY 31.—T. T. Fauntleroy, Colonel of First Dragoons, while in Washington, writes a letter to Major General T. S. Jessup, Quartermaster General, U. S. A. He says: “Some time since,” as commanding officer of the post “at Fort Leavenworth, I. T.,” he refused to recommend an expenditure for repairs, etc., there, because he “did not consider that post as best suited for the military operations in that quarter.” He urges the establishment of a military post “at or near a point on the Kansas river where the Republican fork unites with it”—now Fort Riley. He urges “the discontinuance of the Leavenworth, Scott, Atkinson, Kearny and Laramie posts,” and the concentration of troops at the post proposed. A military camp, called Camp Center, was made at this place in the fall.

DECEMBER 13.—Willard P. Hall, of Missouri, offers in the House a bill organizing the Territory of Platte (embracing Kansas and Nebraska).

—Redfield, New York, publishes “Discovery and Exploration of the Mississippi Valley; with the Original Narratives of Marquette, Allouez, Membre, Hennepin, and Anastasius Douay; with a Fac-simile of the Newly-discovered Map of Marquette.” By John Gilmary Shea.

The most complete lists of Spanish and French books relating to Kansas have been made by Prof. John B. Dunbar, and are on file in the Kansas Historical Library.

1853.

FEBRUARY 2.—William A. Richardson, of Illinois, from the Committee on Territories, reports a bill organizing the Territory of Nebraska.

FEBRUARY 10.—Richardson’s bill passes the House by 98 to 43. Neither

Hall's nor Richardson's bill proposed to make the new Territory Slave territory.

FEBRUARY 17.—Stephen A. Douglas, in the Senate, reports Richardson's bill without amendment.

MARCH 3.—The Senate puts the Richardson-Douglas bill on the table by 23 to 17.

MARCH 4.—Franklin Pierce inaugurated.

—Fort Riley established. It is in latitude $39^{\circ} 03' 38''$; longitude $96^{\circ} 24' 36''$; elevation above the Gulf of Mexico 926 feet. Major Ogden superintends the building of the fort.

JULY 28.—In 1855, a correspondent of the Chicago Press made the statement that a convention was held at Wyandotte July 28, 1853, a Territorial government organized, and a Delegate to Congress nominated. Abelard Guthrie was put forward by the friends of Thomas H. Benton, and Rev. Thomas Johnson by the friends of D. R. Atchison. Guthrie received the nomination. Late in the fall, Thomas Johnson was brought out as a candidate, and was elected by Indian votes. He went to Washington, but the Territory was not organized, and he was not received as a Delegate. The Washington Union spoke of him as "the Rev. Thomas Johnson, a noble specimen of a Western man." In the New York Tribune of August 9, 1856, Mr. Guthrie gives his account of this "provisional government."

DECEMBER 4.—Augustus C. Dodge, of Iowa, offers in the Senate a bill to organize the Territory of Nebraska.

TERRITORIAL ORGANIZATION.

1854.

JANUARY 4.—Stephen A. Douglas reports Senator Dodge's bill with material amendments.

JANUARY 23.—Senator Douglas reports a substitute for his former bill, providing for the organization of two Territories, Nebraska and Kansas. The important provision of the bill is the following, copied from section 32:

“That the constitution, and all laws of the United States which are not locally inapplicable, shall have the same force and effect within the said Territory of Kansas as elsewhere within the United States, except the eighth section of the act preparatory to the admission of Missouri into the Union, approved March sixth, eighteen hundred and twenty, which, being inconsistent with the principle of non-intervention by Congress with slavery in the States and Territories, as recognized by the legislation of eighteen hundred and fifty, commonly called the Compromise Measures, is hereby declared inoperative and void; it being the true intent and meaning of this act not to legislate slavery into any Territory or State, nor to exclude it therefrom, but to leave the people thereof perfectly free to form and regulate their domestic institutions in their own way, subject only to the Constitution of the United States: *Provided*, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to revive or put in force any law or regulation which may have existed prior to the act of the sixth of March, eighteen hundred and twenty, either protecting, establishing, prohibiting, or abolishing slavery.”

Mr. Douglas advocates his revolutionary measure as embodying “the great principle of Squatter Sovereignty, or non-intervention.”

JANUARY 31.—Wm. A. Richardson introduces in the House a bill “to organize the Territories of Nebraska and Kansas;” passed the House May 22, the Senate May 25, signed May 30.

JANUARY.—W. W. Moore is the first settler in Nemaha county. “Moorestown” becomes a voting-place in the eighteenth election district; later the place is known as Urbana.

FEBRUARY 20.—John Pettit, of Indiana, in a speech in the Senate in behalf of Douglas's bill, says that the declaration of Jefferson that all men are born free, is “nothing more to me than a self-evident lie.” Pettit, in the House, in 1848-9, was an ultra Wilmot Proviso man.

—Third edition of “Travels in North America,” by Chas. A. Murray. Mr. Murray was at Fort Leavenworth in 1835. He went from there with a party of Pawnees, joined the main tribe on the Republican, and went on a hunt with them.

MARCH 2.—Salmon P. Chase thinks the sovereign squatters ought to be free to have freedom. He offers this addition to the 32d section

(following the words, "subject only to the Constitution of the United States"):

"Under which the people of the Territory, through their appropriate representatives, may, if they see fit, prohibit the existence of slavery therein."

Only ten Senators vote for this provision; thirty-six Senators vote against it.

An amendment offered by Mr. Chase, enabling the people of these Territories to choose their own Governor, is also voted down.

The following is copied from Greeley's *American Conflict*, vol. I, p. 235:

"Within the three months immediately preceding the passage of the Kansas bill, treaties were quietly made at Washington with the Delawares, Otoes, Kickapooos, Kaskaskias, Shawnees, Sac, Foxes, and other tribes, whereby the greater part of the soil of Kansas lying within one or two hundred miles of the Missouri border was suddenly opened to White appropriation and settlement. These simultaneous purchases of Indian lands by the Government, though little was known of them elsewhere, were thoroughly understood and appreciated by the Missourians of the Western border, who had for some time been organizing 'Blue Lodges,' 'Social Bands,' 'Sons of the South,' and other societies, with intent to take possession of Kansas in behalf of Slavery. They were well assured, and they fully believed, that the object contemplated and desired, in lifting, by the terms of the Kansas-Nebraska bill, the interdiction of slavery from Kansas, was to authorize and facilitate the legal extension of slavery into that region. Within a few days after the passage of the Kansas-Nebraska act, hundreds of leading Missourians crossed into the adjacent Territory, selected each his quarter-section or larger area of land, put some sort of mark on it, and then united with his fellow-adventurers in a meeting or meetings intended to establish a sort of Missouri preëmption upon all this region. Among the resolves passed at one of these meetings were the following:

"That we will afford protection to no Abolitionist as a settler of this Territory."

"That we recognize the institution of Slavery as already existing in this Territory, and advise slaveholders to introduce their property as early as possible."

MARCH 4.—At five o'clock in the morning, after a night session, the Kansas-Nebraska bill passes the Senate by 37 to 14. Its title is, "An act to organize the Territories of Nebraska and Kansas." Not further acted upon.

MARCH 15.—The Otoe and Missouri Indians cede to the United States all their country west of the Missouri river, excepting a strip of land on the waters of the Big Blue river, ten miles in width.

MARCH 25.—William Walker, the half-breed Wyandot chief, writes: "Slavery exists here, among the Indians and whites, in defiance of the compromise of 1820."

APRIL 13.—J. W. Lunkins, of South Carolina, settles in Douglas county. J. A. Wakefield settled in the county June 8; Samuel N. Wood, June 24; James F. Legate, July 5; Joel K. Goodin, in May; T. W. and R. F. Barber, in 1855.

APRIL 15.—The Independence (Missouri) Messenger says: "The Rev. Thomas Johnson, Delegate to Congress from Nebraska Territory, passed down the river the other day, on the steamer Polar Star, on his way to Washington City." He has Indians with him, and is negotiating treaties. Mr. Gatewood has gone to Washington, through St. Joseph.

with Ottoe and other Indians, on the same errand.—The name of Omaha City first appears in the New York Tribune this month.

APRIL 26.—The following is copied from the Report, made in 1856, by the Congressional Investigating Committee:

“In April [the 26th], 1854, the General Assembly of Massachusetts passed an act entitled ‘An act to incorporate the Massachusetts Emigrant Aid Society.’ The object of the Society, as declared in the first section of this act, was ‘for the purpose of assisting emigrants to settle in the West.’ The nominal capital of the corporation was not to exceed five millions of dollars, but no more than four per cent. could be assessed during the year 1854, and no more than ten per cent. in any one year thereafter. No organization was perfected or proceedings had under this law.

“On the 24th day of July, 1854, certain persons in Boston, Massachusetts, concluded articles of agreement and association for an Emigrant Aid Society. The purpose of this association was declared to be, ‘assisting emigrants to settle in the West.’ Under these articles of association each stockholder was individually liable. To avoid this difficulty, an application was made to the General Assembly of Massachusetts for an act of incorporation, which was granted. On the 21st day of February, 1855, an act was passed to incorporate the New England Emigrant Aid Company. The purpose of this act was declared to be, ‘directing emigration westward, and aiding and providing accommodation after arriving at their place of destination.’ The capital stock of the corporation was not to exceed one million of dollars. Under this charter a company was organized.”

APRIL 26.—The incorporators under the act of this date creating the Massachusetts Emigrant Aid Company are Benjamin C. Clark, Isaac Livermore, Charles Allen, Isaac Davis, William G. Bates, Stephen C. Phillips, Charles C. Hazewell, Alex. H. Bullock, Henry Wilson, James S. Whitney, Samuel E. Sewall, Samuel G. Howe, James Holland, Moses Kimball, James D. Green, Francis W. Bird, Otis Clapp, Anson Burlingame, Eli Thayer, and Otis Rich. One of the most active men in securing the organization was Eli Thayer.

MAY.—Putnam’s Monthly has an article on Nebraska. The discussion of the extension of slavery is generally called “The Nebraska Question.” One newspaper writer calls the extensionists Neb Rascals, and Von Holtz, in his later History, calls these Slavery advocates “Nebrascals,” evidently for brevity and not through malice. On the border the word, in the mouths of the people, is “Newbrasky”—as if there had been an old Braska. So Wisconsin was long called Westconsin—a new region in the West. The article says that Gen. Thos. Jefferson Sutherland was “the first public advocate for and overt actor in the movement to organize and settle Nebraska,” in the spring of 1851, on the Missouri border. He afterwards went to the Iowa Mission, at Highland, and died there. Sutherland was a native of New York, and was one of the “patriots” who was tried for trying to annex a portion of Canada to the United States.

MAY 6.—The Delaware Indians cede to the United States their lands in Kansas, excepting the country sold to the Wyandots, and excepting the part “lying east and south of a line beginning at a point on the line between the land of the Delawares and the half-breed Kansas, forty miles in a direct line west to the boundary between the Delawares and Wyan-

dots, thence north ten miles, thence in an easterly course to a point on the south bank of Big Island creek," on the Missouri river.

MAY 10.—The Shawnees cede to the United States the tract of land set apart for them November 7, 1825, and conveyed to the tribe by deed May 11, 1844, containing 1,600,000 acres, excepting 200,000 acres for homes for the Shawnee people.

MAY 10.—Horace Greeley, in the *New York Tribune*: "We are in the midst of a Revolution, is our response to the proceedings at Washington on the Nebraska bill. The attempted passage of this measure is the first great effort of Slavery to take American Freedom directly by the throat. . . . Better that confusion should ensue—better that discord should reign in the National Councils—better that Congress should break up in wild disorder—nay, better that the Capitol itself should blaze by the torch of the incendiary, or fall and bury all its inmates beneath its crumbling ruins—than that this perfidy and wrong should be finally accomplished."

MAY 12.—Organization, in Boston, of the Emigrant Aid Company. Eli Thayer, of Worcester, President; Dr. Thomas H. Webb, of Boston, Secretary.

MAY 14.—Richard Mendenhall writes from the "Friends' Shawnee Mission, Kansas Territory," that "there is in this Territory an extensive missionary establishment, under the direction and control of the Methodist Church South, at which slaves have long been kept. . . . Thomas Johnson, the superintendent of this slaveholding mission, by adroit management was elected last fall a Delegate to Congress from this Territory, or, rather, was sent to Washington to attend to matters pertaining to the various tribes of Indians here, preparatory to selling their lands, and organizing a Territorial government. He has been at Washington during the present session of Congress, where he has been using all his influence to secure the passage of Douglas's Nebraska bill. . . . And he would plant Slavery here; yes, has introduced it here, in violation of the laws of the land."

MAY 17.—The Ioway tribe of Indians cede to the United States the small strip of land lying between the Kickapoo land and the Grand Nemahaw river, containing 400 sections, but reserving a portion for a permanent home.

MAY 18.—The Kickapoos cede their land in Kansas to the United States, except the western part, containing 150,000 acres.

MAY 22.—Vote on the passage of the bill to organize the Territories of Nebraska and Kansas, at 11 o'clock p. m.

The House voted May 22. The *ayes* are as follows, from the Free States: *Maine*, McDonald; *New Hampshire*, Hibbard; *Connecticut*, Ingersoll; *New York*, Cumming, Cutting, Rowe, Taylor, Tweed (William M.), Walbridge, Walker, Walsh, Westbrook; *Pennsylvania*, Bridges, Dawson, Florence, Jones, Kurtz, McNair, Packer, Robbins, Straub, Witte, Wright; *New Jersey*, Lilly, Vail; *Ohio*, Disney, Green, Olds, Shannon (Wilson);

Indiana, Davis, Dunham, Eddy, English, Hendricks (Thos. A.), Lane (James H.), Miller; *Illinois*, Allen (James C.), Allen (Willis), Richardson; *Michigan*, Clark, Stuart; *Iowa*, Henn; *California*, Latham, McDougall—from the Free States, 44.

From the Slave States: *Delaware*, Riddle; *Maryland*, Hamilton, May, Shower, Vansant; *Virginia*, Bayly, Boccock, Caskie, Edmundson, Faulkner, Goode, Kidwell, Letcher, Powell, Smith (William), Snodgrass; *North Carolina*, Ashe, Craige, Clingman, Kerr, Ruffin, Shaw; *South Carolina*, Boyce, Brooks (Preston S.), Orr; *Georgia*, Bailey, Chastain, Colquitt, Hillyer, Reese, Stephens (Alex. H.); *Alabama*, Abercrombie, Cobb, Dowdell, Harris, Houston, Phillips, Smith; *Mississippi*, Barry, Barksdale, Singleton, Wright; *Louisiana*, Dunbar, Jones, Perkins; *Kentucky*, Breckinridge (John C.), Chrisman, Cox, Hill, Elliott, Gray, Preston, Stanton; *Tennessee*, Churchwell, Jones, Ready, Smith, Stanton (Frederick P.), Zollicoffer; *Missouri*, Lamb, Lindley, Miller, Oliver (Mordecai), Phelps (John S.); *Arkansas*, Greenwood, Warren; *Florida*, Maxwell; *Texas*, Bell, Smyth—from the Slave States, 69. Total *ayes* from Free and Slave States, 113.

The *noes* are as follows, from the Free States: *Maine*, Benson, Farley, Fuller, Mayall, Washburn; *New Hampshire*, Kittredge, Morrison; *Massachusetts*, Banks (N. P.), Crocker, De Witt, Dickinson, Edmands, Eliot, Goodrich, Upham, Walley, Wentworth; *Rhode Island*, Davis, Thurston; *Connecticut*, Belcher, Pratt, Seymour; *Vermont*, Meacham, Sabin, Tracy; *New York*, Bennett, Carpenter, Dean, Lyon, Fenton (Reuben E.), Flagler, Hastings, Haven, Hughes, Jones, Matteson, Morgan (Edwin B.), Murray, Oliver, Peck, Peckham, Perkins, Pringle, Sage, Simmons, Smith (Gerrit), Wheeler; *New Jersey*, Pennington, Skelton, Stratton; *Pennsylvania*, Chandler, Curtis, Dick, Drum, Everhart, Gamble, Grow (Galusha A.), Hiester, Howe, McCulloch, Middleswarth, Ritchie, Russell, Trout; *Ohio*, Ball, Campbell (Lewis D.), Edgerton, Ellison, Giddings (Joshua R.), Harlan, Harrison, Johnson, Lindsley, Nichols, Ritchey, Sapp, Stuart, Taylor, Wade (Edward); *Indiana*, Harlan, Mace, Parker; *Illinois*, Knox, Norton, Washburne (E. B.), Wentworth (John), Yates (Richard); *Michigan*, Noble, Stevens; *Wisconsin*, Eastman, Wells—from the Free States, 91.

From the Slave States: *Virginia*, Milson; *North Carolina*, Puryear, Rogers; *Tennessee*, Bugg, Cullom, Etheridge (Emerson), Taylor; *Louisiana*, Hunt; *Missouri*, Benton (Thos. H.)—from the Slave States, 9. Total *noes* from Free and Slave States, 100. Absent or not voting, 21.

MAY 25.—The Senate passed the bill at 1:15 A. M., May 26, but at the session of Thursday, May 25. Immediately a salute of 100 guns was fired from Capitol Hill. Intoxication and anger made memorable the night scenes in the Senate and House.

The Senate finally passes the bill without a division, the call of the *ayes* and *noes* being refused. The vote of the Senate on the third reading of the bill was as follows:

Ayes—Atchison (*Mo.*), Badger (*N. C.*), Benjamin (*La.*), Broadhead (*Pa.*), Brown (*Miss.*), Butler (*S. C.*), Cass (*Mich.*), Clay (*Ala.*), Dawson

(*Georgia*), Douglas (*Ill.*), Fitzpatrick (*Ala.*), Gwin (*Cal.*), Hunter (*Va.*), Johnson (*Ark.*), Jones (*Iowa*), Jones (*Tenn.*), Mallory (*Fla.*), Mason (*Va.*), Morton (*Fla.*), Norris (*N. H.*), Pearce (*Md.*), John Pettit (*Ind.*), Pratt (*Md.*), Rusk (*Tex.*), Sebastian (*Ark.*), Shields (*Ill.*), Slidell (*La.*), Stuart (*Mich.*), Thompson (*Ky.*), Thomson (*N. J.*), Toombs (*Ga.*), Toucey (*Conn.*), Weller (*Cal.*), Williams (*N. H.*), Wright (*N. J.*)—35.

Nocs—Allen (*R. I.*), Bell (*Tenn.*), Chase (*Ohio*), Clayton (*Del.*), Fish (*N. Y.*), Foot (*Vt.*), Gillette (*Conn.*), Hamlin (*Me.*), James (*R. I.*), Seward (*N. Y.*), Sumner (*Mass.*), Wade (*Ohio*), Walker (*Wis.*)—13.

MAY 30.—The Kaskaskias, Peorias, Piankeshaws and Weas cede to the United States the land given in October, 1832, excepting 160 acres for each soul in said tribes.

MAY 30.—President Pierce signs the Kansas-Nebraska bill. The following is copied from the act:

"SECTION 19.—*And be it further enacted*, That all that part of the territory of the United States included within the following limits, except such portions thereof as are hereinafter expressly exempted from the operations of this act, to wit, beginning at a point on the western boundary of the State of Missouri, where the thirty-seventh parallel of north latitude crosses the same; thence west on said parallel to the eastern boundary of New Mexico; thence north on said boundary to latitude thirty-eight; thence following said boundary westward to the east boundary of the Territory of Utah, on the summit of the Rocky Mountains; thence northward on said summit to the fortieth parallel of latitude; thence east on said parallel to the western boundary of the State of Missouri; thence south with the western boundary of said State, to the place of beginning, be, and the same is hereby, created into a temporary government by the name of the Territory of Kansas; and when admitted as a State or States, the said Territory, or any portion of the same, shall be received into the Union with or without slavery, as their constitution may prescribe at the time of their admission: *Provided*, That nothing in this act contained shall be construed to inhibit the Government of the United States from dividing said Territory into two or more Territories, in such manner and at such times as Congress shall deem convenient and proper, or from attaching any portion of said Territory to any other State or Territory of the United States: *Provided further*, That nothing in this act contained shall be construed to impair the rights of person or property now pertaining to the Indians in said Territory, so long as such rights shall remain unextinguished by treaty between the United States and such Indians, or to include any territory which by treaty with any Indian tribe, is not, without the consent of said tribe, to be included within the territorial limits or jurisdiction of any State or Territory; but all such territory shall be excepted out of the boundaries, and constitute no part of the Territory of Kansas, until said tribe shall signify their assent to the President of the United States to be included within the said Territory of Kansas, or to affect the authority of the Government of the United States to make any regulation respecting such Indians, their lands, property, or other rights, by treaty, law, or otherwise, which it would have been competent to the Government to make if this act had never passed."

Hale says:

"The Territory of Kansas is bounded on the north by Nebraska, on the east by Missouri, on the south in part by the line of 37°, which divides it from the Cherokee country, and in part by New Mexico, and on the west by the highest ridge of the Rocky Mountains."

KANSAS.—By act of May 30, 1854, formed as a Territory, extending from the western boundary of Missouri westward to the Rocky Mountains, then the eastern boundary of the Territory of Utah; and from the thirty-seventh parallel northward to the fortieth parallel, excepting that part of the Territory of New Mexico north of the thirty-seventh parallel; area, 126,283 square miles. By act of January 29, 1861, that portion of the Territory

east of the twenty-fifth meridian, 81,318 square miles, was admitted as a State. By act of February 28, 1861, the remainder of the Territory, 44,965 square miles, was included in the Territory of Colorado.—*U. S. Census Report, 1870, vol. I, p. 578.*

The distance from the eastern to the western boundary of the Territory is as great as the distance from Boston, Mass., to Sandusky, Ohio.

The part of the Territory of Kansas not included in the Louisiana Purchase was derived from Mexico. The Spanish title dates back to Columbus, Coronado, Ponce de Leon, or Cortez. The following is copied from Edward Abbott's "Paragraph History:"

"Hernando Cortez, a native of Spain, but for several years a resident of Hispaniola, landed in Mexico in March, 1519, in command of an expedition for the conquest of that country. After a prolonged campaign, marked by many battles and varying fortunes, he finally captured the city of Mexico, and completed the subjugation of the people. His character and policy were such, however, as to surround him with enemies, and, though he was made Governor of Mexico, his administration was brief, and far from prosperous or peaceful. In 1536, he explored parts of California, and of the gulf since called by the same name, and, returning to Spain, died in 1547, in comparative obscurity."

JUNE.—Charles H. Withington is the first settler in the present Lyon county.

JUNE 5.—The Miami Indians cede to the United States the land given them in 1840 and 1841, excepting 70,000 acres for homes, and 640 acres for school purposes.

JUNE 7.—Judge A. D. Smith, of the Supreme Court of Wisconsin, declares the fugitive-slave law of 1850 unconstitutional, and releases Sherman M. Booth from imprisonment. Mr. Booth is the editor of the Milwaukee Free Democrat, and had aided a slave, Joshua Glover, in his escape from a deputy United States Marshal.

JUNE 10.—A meeting of "squatters," three miles west of Fort Leavenworth, (Lewis Burnes, of Weston, Mo., chairman, and J. H. R. Cundiff, of St. Joseph, Mo., secretary,) declares that "we will afford protection to no Abolitionist as a settler of Kansas Territory," and "that we recognize the institution of Slavery as already existing in this Territory."

JUNE 13.—The Trustees of the Massachusetts Emigrant Aid Company are: Eli Thayer, of Worcester; Amos A. Lawrence, of Boston; and Moses H. Grinnell, of New York. Very soon it is incorporated as the New England Emigrant Aid Company, and J. M. F. Williams, of Cambridge, becomes a trustee. Kansas Leagues are organized in different parts of the North.

JUNE 13.—The Leavenworth Town Company organized, at Weston, Mo. Mr. Gist, President; Major Macklin, U. S. A., Amos Rees, and L. D. Bird, Trustees; Joseph Evans, Treasurer; H. Miles Moore, Secretary. Mr. Moore chose the name. The site was selected June 12.

JUNE 15.—The Weston (Mo.) Reporter says a steamboat is now running weekly trips on the Kansas river.

JUNE 15.—The Platte County, Mo., Self-Defensive Association formed. It became a powerful and far-extending Pro-Slavery organization.

JUNE 17.—"Thomas H. Benton writes to the Lafayette (Ind.) Ameri-

can: "Sir, your Senator is a great liar and a dirty dog, falsifying public history for a criminal purpose." John Pettit had said that Benton was the first man to break the Missouri Compromise, by securing the annexation to Missouri of the "Platto country." And Pettit told the truth.

JUNE 24.—A Squatters' Association formed at J. R. Whitehead's, Doniphan county.

JUNE 27.—A letter of this date, from Independence, Mo., written by Samuel N. Wood, appears in the Cincinnati Columbian. He tells Free-State men to come to Kansas, and come now. The National Era publishes a similar stirring appeal from Mr. Wood, dated Westport, Mo., June 28.

—Only one political question occupies the public mind—Slavery. Subordinate topics are liquor prohibition, the "Rappers," or Spiritualists, and the right of a man to wear a beard. It is not respectable in the United States to wear a moustache and beard. The "Kossuth" or felt hat is beginning to be reputable.

JUNE 30.—The Senate confirms Andrew H. Reeder, of Easton, Pa., as Governor; Daniel Woodson, of Lynchburg, Va., Secretary; Andrew Jackson Isacks, of Louisiana, as U. S. District Attorney; Madison Brown, of Maryland, as Chief Justice; Saunders W. Johnston, of Ohio, and Rush Elmore, of Alabama, as Associate Justices; and Israel B. Donalson, of Illinois, as U. S. Marshal of Kansas. Mr. Brown did not accept, and Samuel D. Lecompte, of Maryland, was appointed.

JULY 1.—A letter of this date from Whitehead, Doniphan county, says there is a story abroad that at all the ferries over the Missouri river they have a cow tied, and a committee to watch all immigrants. They ask what animal that is. If the immigrant says "A cow," he goes over. But if he answers "A keow," they turn him back. A month or two later, after the arrival of the Yankees, they added to the story a bear, tied on the western bank, and turned the joke on the Southern "bars." In fact, the Southerners often sent Free-State men away; the Northern settler, tolerant and intelligent, has welcomed immigration.

JULY 7.—Governor Reeder takes the oath of office, before Peter V. Daniel, one of the Justices of the United States Supreme Court, in Washington.

JULY.—The Massachusetts Emigrant Aid Society obtain a charter from the Connecticut Legislature, and operate under it until the next winter, when they procure a new charter from the Massachusetts Legislature.

JULY 17.—The first party of Free-State settlers leaves Boston and Worcester.

JULY 18.—The New York Legislature charters the Emigrant Aid Society of New York and Connecticut.

JULY 20.—A meeting in Weston, Mo., resolves to remove "any and all emigrants who go to Kansas under the auspices of the Northern

Emigration Aid Societies." Geo. Galloway, president, and B. F. Stringfellow secretary of the meeting.

JULY 22.—The London letter in the New York Tribune contains a poem by Gerald Massey, called "Nebraska, or the Slavery-Abolitionist to his Bride."—The Platte (Mo.) Argus offers \$200 reward for the arrest and delivery to Pro-Slavery men of Eli Thayer.

—An act of Congress creates the office of Surveyor General of Kansas and Nebraska.

JULY 24.—Eli Thayer, Amos A. Lawrence, and J. M. F. Williams, of Massachusetts, Trustees of the Emigrant Aid Stock Company; Dr. Thomas H. Webb, Secretary.

JULY 27.—The Atchison Town Company formed, in Missouri. Peter T. Abell, President; J. H. Stringfellow, Secretary; James N. Burnes, Treasurer.

—Senator Douglas amends the civil appropriation bill, and secures \$25,000 for public buildings and \$5,000 for a library, and repealing the clause in the organic act that makes Fort Leavenworth the seat of Government.

JULY 28.—The pioneer Emigrant Aid Settlers arrive at the mouth of the Kaw. They held a meeting, August 1, at their camping-ground, seven miles west of the Wakarusa. They voted to "stop here." F. Fuller is president and E. Davenport secretary of their squatter organization. The party number thirty; they were conducted on the journey by Chas. H. Branscomb. Two weeks later they were followed by a second and larger company, with whom came Dr. Charles Robinson and Samuel C. Pomeroy. Dr. Robinson was born in Hardwick, Mass., July 21, 1818. He married Sara T. L. Lawrence in 1851. On his way to California, in 1849, he camped near the present site of Lawrence.

JULY 30.—James Findlay appointed Clerk of the Supreme Court.

JULY 31.—William Walker, of the Wyandot Indians, signs a letter, which is published in the papers, as "Provisional Governor, K. T."

AUGUST 2.—Treaty with the Shawnee Indians.

AUGUST.—Geo. T. Challis opens the first business house in Atchison. —James Montgomery settles in Linn county, buying the claim on which he passed the rest of his life.

AUGUST 3.—E. R. Cornelison and Wallace Cornelison make the first settlement in Brown county.

AUGUST 12.—Meeting at Mr. Miller's house of the Actual Settlers' Association, John A. Wakefield, president. The Wakarusa Association combined with it, and the new name is the Mutual Settlers' Association.

AUGUST 21.—A book published with the following title: "Kansas and Nebraska: The History, Geographical and Physical Characteristics, and Political Position of those Territories; an account of the Emigrant Aid Companies, and Directions to Emigrants. By Edward E. Hale. With an Original Map from the Latest Authorities. Boston: Phillips.

Sampson and Company." The book contains 256 pages. Mr. Hale's is the ablest of the books on Kansas.

Mr. Hale's purpose was to send Northern men here to make Kansas Free. He was one of the Committee, with Richard Hildreth, the historian, who reported the "plan of organization and system of operations" of the Massachusetts Emigrant Aid Company, on the 4th of May, 1854.

AUGUST.—A pamphlet of twenty-four pages printed in Boston, by Alfred Mudge & Son, entitled: "Organization, Objects, and Plan of Operations of the Emigrant Aid Company: Also, a Description of Kansas, for the Information of Emigrants."

AUGUST 21.—Caleb Cushing, Attorney General, gives an opinion on preëmption rights in Kansas.

AUGUST 26.—Leavenworth and Kansas City first mentioned in the New York Tribune. "A new city, three miles from the Fort, to be called Leavenworth, has been started by the Missourians of Platte county, and the work of clearing the ground is rapidly going forward."

AUGUST 23.—Congress appropriates \$25,000 for public buildings in Kansas.

AUGUST 26.—John Calhoun, of Illinois, appointed Surveyor General.

AUGUST 29.—Thos. J. B. Cramer appointed Territorial Treasurer.

AUGUST 29.—The New York Tribune copies a letter written from Wakarusa, August 5, by D. R. Anthony, and first published in Rochester.

AUGUST 30.—John Donaldson appointed Auditor of Public Accounts. —Father John Schoenmakers, of the Osage Mission, now Neosho county, reports a grasshopper raid. They "came down like a fall of snow." They hatched in the spring of 1855, and destroyed all the crops and "all the grass on the prairies," in that vicinity.

SEPTEMBER 6.—The second New England party arrives at the Wakarusa, under Samuel C. Pomeroy and Charles Robinson. It numbers nearly 200.

SEPTEMBER 15.—Appearance of the first newspaper in Kansas, the Leavenworth Herald. It was printed under an elm tree, on the Levee, near the corner of Cherokee street. It was a Pro-Slavery paper. H. Rives Pollard, of Virginia, was at one time its editor.

SEPTEMBER 18.—The Lawrence Association formed, for the government of the city. Charles Robinson, President.

SEPTEMBER 18.—A Fort Leavenworth letter, of this date, says of Leavenworth: "The first house has just been finished, and is the printing establishment of the Kansas Herald." The St. Louis Intelligencer says the Emigrant Aid Company has bought "the principal hotel in the town of Kansas, Jackson county, Mo.," and that "the Missouri town of Kansas is deriving great benefit from the trade and the labor of the industrious New England immigrants."

SEPTEMBER 20.—Chas. Aug. Williams appointed Executive Clerk.

SEPTEMBER 21.—First sale of city lots in Atchison. Senator Atchison is present, and makes a speech.

SEPTEMBER 28.—Daniel Woodson takes the oath of office as Secretary, in Washington.

SEPTEMBER 29.—John and Joseph L. Speer arrive in Lawrence.

OCTOBER 1.—First sermon preached in Lawrence, by Rev. S. Y. Lum.

OCTOBER 3.—Commission issued to Samuel D. Lecompte, of Maryland, as Chief Justice.

OCTOBER 4.—E. D. Ladd writes to the Milwaukee Sentinel that "within a few days the 'Misery-ans' have taken down and removed the tents of our squatters, and burned the cabins, while the owners were absent at work." His letter is dated Lawrence, the new name for the "Wakarusa" or "New Boston" settlement. It is named in honor of Amos A. Lawrence, of Boston.

OCTOBER 7.—Governor Reeder arrives in the Territory, and establishes the Executive Office temporarily at Fort Leavenworth.

OCTOBER 9.—First sale of town lots in Leavenworth; amount realized, \$12,600.

OCTOBER 9.—Death of William Darby, author of a history of Louisiana, and well known for his knowledge of the history of Ohio and the West.

OCTOBER.—The pioneer train of the New York Kansas League leaves that city. Four bands of settlers from New England have already gone through Albany.

OCTOBER 12.—Mr. Greeley now uses the word Republican to designate an "Anti-Nebraska" or free-territory man. They are carrying nearly all the Free-State elections.

OCTOBER 15.—This is the date of the Kansas Tribune, of Lawrence, the first number of which is printed in Ohio, by John and Joseph L. Speer. It is a Free-State paper.

—Rush Elmore takes the oath of office as Associate Justice, before Gov. Reeder, at Fort Leavenworth.

OCTOBER 17.—City lots drawn in Lawrence. The first frame house is built by Rev. S. Y. Lum.

OCTOBER 17.—Another Kansas party leaves Massachusetts—171 persons—in charge of J. M. S. Williams, of Cambridge.

OCTOBER 18.—Gov. Reeder, Judges Johnston and Elmore, and Marshal Donalson, go into the Territory, "to examine the same."

OCTOBER 19.—Robert L. Ream appointed Chief Clerk of Surveyor General. Miss Vinnie Ream is his daughter.

OCTOBER 21.—This is the date of the first number of the Kansas Herald of Freedom, published at Wakarusa by G. W. Brown & Co. It was printed at Conneautville, Crawford Co., Pa., where Mr. Brown had been publishing the Courier. No. 2 was printed in Kansas, and is dated Jan.

6, 1855, Lawrence City. No. 1 is a handsomely-printed and well-edited eight-column paper. During a part of 1855 and 1856 the paper was reduced to seven columns. A wood engraving in the center of the head of the paper has been closely followed in our State seal. This number records the arrival in Kansas, on the 6th of September, of "the second Kansas party." It left Boston August 29th, was conducted by Chas. H. Branscomb, and contained between one and two hundred persons. They were publicly received at Albany and Rochester, New York. At Rochester, a Bible was presented to the emigrants, inscribed, "To establish civil and religious liberty in Kansas," and an address delivered by Hon. Wm. C. Bloss.

Bryant's poem, "The Prairies," is copied in the Herald, and the following poem written by Whittier:

THE KANSAS EMIGRANT'S SONG.

AIR—*Auld Lang Syne.*

We cross the prairies as of old
The pilgrims crossed the sea,
To make the West, as they the East,
The homestead of the free.

Cho.—The homestead of the free, my boys,
The homestead of the free;
To make the West, as they the East,
The homestead of the free.

We go to rear a wall of men
On Freedom's Southern line,
And plant beside the cotton tree,
The rugged Northern pine!

We're flowing from our native hills,
As our free rivers flow;
The blessing of our mother-land
Is on us as we go.

We go to plant her common schools
On distant prairie swells,
And give the Sabbaths of the wild
The music of her bells.

Upbearing, like the ark of old,
The Bible in our van,
We go to test the truth of God
Against the fraud of man.

No pause, nor rest, save where the
That feed the Kansas run, [streams
Save where our pilgrim gonfalon
Shall flout the setting sun.

We'll sweep the prairies as of old
Our fathers swept the sea,
And make the West, as they the East,
The homestead of the free.

OCTOBER 26.—Birth of Lawrence Carter, the first child born in Lawrence.

OCTOBER 31.—Sterling G. Cato takes the oath of office as Associate Justice.

—Pawnee was a town formed in November by the officers at Fort Riley, viz., Col. Montgomery, Capt. Nathaniel Lyon, Dr. Hammond, Dr. Simmons, Lieut. Long, Robert Wilson, the sutler, and others, most of them Free-State men, in the fall of 1854. By order of Jeff. Davis, Secretary of War, the boundaries of Fort Riley were so enlarged as to absorb the Free-State town of Pawnee. This was done in the summer of 1855. The order of Davis was not executed until fall, when Col. Cooke arrived from Texas. The settlers were then driven from Pawnee, and the buildings nearly destroyed.

NOVEMBER.—"History of Louisiana—The Spanish Domination." By Chas. Gayarré. New York: Redfield, pp. 649. This work, with the author's former volume, "The French Domination in Louisiana," makes a valuable history of that Territory and State.

NOVEMBER 6.—David R. Atchison made a speech in Platte county, Mo., of which the *Platte Argus*, of Nov. 6, gives the following report:

“Gen. Atchison said his mission here to-day was, if possible, to awaken the people of this county to the danger ahead, and to suggest the means to avoid it.

“The people of Kansas, in their first elections, would decide the question whether or not the slaveholder was to be excluded, and it depended upon a majority of the votes cast at the polls. Now if a set of fanatics and demagogues a thousand miles off could afford to advance their money and exert every nerve to abolitionize the Territory and exclude the slaveholder, when they have not the least personal interest, what is your duty? When you reside in one day's journey of the Territory, and when your peace, your quiet, and your property depend upon your action, you can, without an exertion, send five hundred of your young men who will vote in favor of your institutions. Should each county in the State of Missouri only do its duty, the question will be decided quietly and peaceably at the ballot-box. If we are defeated, then Missouri and the other Southern States will have shown themselves recreant to their interests, and will deserve their fate.”

NOVEMBER 7.—The Governor returns from his journey into the Territory.

NOVEMBER 8.—The Territory is divided into sixteen election districts, by Gov. Reeder.

NOVEMBER 10.—Proclamation from the Governor for the election of a Delegate to Congress, on the 29th inst.

—The office of Surveyor General opened for business at Fort Leavenworth.

—Marshal Donalson takes the oath of office before Judge Elmore.

—John A. Halderman, Private Secretary of Governor Reeder from November, 1854, to July 1, 1855.

NOVEMBER 11.—The *Richfield (Mo.) Enterprise* says it heard the speech of Atchison, at Liberty. He urged the citizens of Clay county to go to Kansas and vote, “in order to make Kansas a Slave State.”

NOVEMBER 16.—The *St. Louis Democrat* says: “Senator Atchison is at present engaged in the upper country, banding a secret society of 5,000 persons. These, according to rumor, are pledged to move into Kansas on the day of the first election, to vote Slavery into that Territory.” These were “Social Bands,” “Sons of the South,” “Blue Lodges,” etc.

NOVEMBER 17.—The *Leavenworth Herald* of this date notes the appearance of the *Kansas Pioneer*, published at Kickapoo.

NOVEMBER 24.—Executive office removed to the house of Thos. Johnson, at the Shawnee Mission.

NOVEMBER 25.—Proclamation for the formation of the seventeenth election district.

NOVEMBER 29.—Attorney Isacks takes the oath of office before Governor Reeder.

NOVEMBER 29.—First election of Delegate to Congress. Whitfield is the Pro-Slavery candidate; Wakefield and Flenneken are Free-State men.

ELECTION AND CENSUS OF NOVEMBER 29, 1854.

Districts.....	Place of voting.	J. W. Whitfield.	J. A. Wakefield.	R. P. Fiencken.	Scattering.....	Total	No. of voters by census.....
1	Lawrence.....	46	188	51	15	300	369
2	Douglas.....	235	20	6	.....	261	199
3	Stinson's.....	40	.....	7	.....	47	101
4	Dr. Chapman's.....	140	21	.....	.....	161	47
5	H. Sherman's.....	63	4	15	.....	82	442
6	Fort Scott.....	105	.....	.....	.....	105	253
7	"110".....	597	.....	7	.....	604	53
8	Council Grove.....	16	.....	.....	.....	16	39
9	Reynolds's.....	9	.....	31	.....	40	36
10	Big Blue Crossing.....	2	6	29	.....	37	63
11	Marysville.....	237	.....	3	5	245	24
12	Warton's Store.....	31	9	.....	1	41	78
13	Osawkee.....	69	1	.....	.....	71	96
14	Harding.....	130	.....	23	.....	153	334
15	Penscneau's.....	267	.....	39	.....	306	308
16	Leavenworth.....	222	.....	80	.....	312	385
17	Shawnee Agency.....	49	.....	13	.....	62	50
18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28
	Total.....	2,258	248	305	21	2,833	2,905

DECEMBER 1.—A daily mail is established between Weston and Leavenworth, and the Herald hopes that Leavenworth may yet have a post office.

DECEMBER 1.—The Tribune announces the publication of "A History of Kansas," by George Walter, a pamphlet of sixty pages, with a map, and a synopsis of laws affecting Kansas, by A. Nash. V. P. of the New York Kansas League.

DECEMBER 3.—J. M. Burrell takes the oath of office as Associate Justice.

DECEMBER 4.—Judges of election make returns of election held November 29.

DECEMBER 4.—D. R. Atchison resigns the Presidency of the Senate. Jesse D. Bright succeeded him, December 5.

DECEMBER 5.—Topeka founded, by C. K. Holliday, M. C. Dickey, F. W. Giles, Enoch Chase, Loren C. Cleveland, Thomas G. Thornton, Daniel H. Horne, George Davis, Charles Robinson, J. B. Chase, and Jonas E. Greenwood.

—J. W. Whitfield declared by the Governor duly elected Delegate to Congress, and certificate of election issued. Whitfield took his seat, December 20. The Thirty-third Congress ended March 3, 1855. The brevity of the session prevented Republicans from making a contest.

—Samuel D. Lecompte takes the oath of office as Chief Justice, before Governor Reeder.

DECEMBER 6.—The first birth in Leavenworth—Cora Leavenworth Kyle, daughter of A. T. Kyle, and grand-daughter of George Keller.

DECEMBER 23.—The first Free-State meeting, reported in the Herald

of Freedom, was held at Lawrence. Rev. S. S. Snyder was chairman, and Charles Robinson secretary. Resolutions were reported by John Speer and Samuel N. Wood. John A. Wakefield, C. K. Holliday, S. Y. Lum and James S. Emery took part in the meeting.

DECEMBER 25.—At a meeting held in Lafayette county, Missouri, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That we, the shippers, merchants, planters, and citizens generally, of Lafayette county, deem it an act of injustice that steamboats on the Missouri river should give their aid or countenance to the base attempt to abolitionize the Territory of Kansas by aiding or forwarding any persons who may be sent by Abolition societies thereto, or in giving aid or assistance to any such object; and that in our trading, shipping and traveling we will give preference to such boats as will refuse their aid and comfort to such emigration as may be forwarded by any Abolition society for such purposes."

—A book published, with the following title: "A Journey Through Kansas; with Sketches of Nebraska: Describing the Country, Climate, Soil, Mineral, Manufacturing and Other Resources. The Results of a Tour made in the Autumn of 1854. By Rev. Charles B. Boynton and T. B. Mason, Committee from the 'Kansas League,' of Cincinnati. With a new and authentic Map, from official Sources. Cincinnati: Moore, Wilstach, Keys & Co., 1855." pp. 216. The map is about eight inches by six in size, and shows the region between the Missouri river and the Rocky Mountains. It is "Redrawn from official sources, with emendations, by H. V. Boynton." It is not a book of events or politics, but a pleasant description of a delightful journey. The writers ardently desired that Kansas might be free. Leavenworth, visited in September, 1854, is thus described:

"A squatter city has little resemblance to any other city; it belongs to a distinct genus of cities. This is a large and important one, the capital, as many hope, of Kansas, and is therefore worthy of description. There was one steam-engine, 'naked as when it was born,' but at work, sawing out its clothes. There were four tents, all on one street, a barrel of water or whiskey under a tree, and a pot on a pole over a fire. Under a tree, a type-sticker had his case before him, and was at work on the first number of the new paper; and within a frame, without a board on side or roof, was the editor's desk and sanctum. When we returned from the Territory to Weston, we saw the 'Notice,' stating that the editor had removed his office from under the elm tree to the corner of 'Broadway and the Levee.' This Broadway was, at that time, much broader than the streets of old Babylon; for, with the exception of the Fort, there was, probably, not a house on either side for thirty miles."

Fort Riley and Council Grove are visited, and Stinson's, "where the town of Tecumseh has been laid out." Lawrence is spoken of as follows:

"Just before sunset we reached the 'Yankee settlement.' A few tents were pitched on the high ground overlooking the Kansas and Waukerusa valleys, others were scattered over the level bottoms below, but not a dwelling beside was to be seen. It was a city of tents alone. We were cordially received by the intelligent and active agent, Dr. Robinson, from whom we learned, with much satisfaction, the plans and expectations of the Company. . . . We had a comfortable night's rest in Dr. Robinson's tent, and in the morning were introduced to the only 'boarding house on the hill.' Two very intelligent ladies, from Massachusetts, had united their forces and interests, and had taken 'boarders.' In the open air, on some logs of wood, two rough boards were laid across for a table, and on wash tubs, and kegs, and blocks, they and their boarders were

seated round it. This was the first boarding house in the new city of Lawrence. All were cheerful, hopeful, and full of energy, and the scene reminded me of Plymouth Rock."

—During the years 1854 and 1855, by treaties with the Chippewa tribe, nearly all of the lands owned by them were ceded to the United States. A number of reservations, limited in extent, were set apart for the different bands. One of these was in Kansas.

—The Chippewas, or Ojibways, are a tribe of American Indians, the type of the Algonquin stock, and were occupants from our earliest historical period, of the basin of Lake Superior.

1855.

JANUARY.—The Easton (Pa.) Argus says:

"We have just seen the seal of the Territory of Kansas, engraved by Robert Lovett, of Philadelphia, according to the design of Gov. Reeder. It consists of a shield with two supporters, surmounted by a scroll motto, and is emblematic of the life of the pioneer and the agriculturist. The lower compartment of the shield contains the buffalo and the hunter; the upper contains the implements of agriculture. The left-hand supporter is a pioneer with his smock frock, leggins, rifle, and tomahawk; whilst on the right is the goddess Ceres with her sheaf; at their feet, and between them, lie a fallen tree and an axe. The motto is a beautiful allusion to the principle on which the Territory was organized, and consists of '*Populi voce,*' thus translated—*Born of the popular will.*"

JANUARY.—Major Dorn, U. S. Indian Agent, concludes treaties with the Seneca, Shawnee and Quapaw Indians.

JANUARY 3.—The Kansas Free State issued at Lawrence, by Josiah Miller and R. G. Elliott.

JANUARY 10.—Preston S. Brooks, of South Carolina, and three other members of Congress request the Washington Sentinel to publish a long letter addressed to them by Ben. F. Stringfellow. It is printed. He admits that Missourians elected Whitfield. He says Kansas "is not suited for little farms; it cannot be settled by those who have not the command of labor." "In no instance has prairie been first settled by poor men." Slavery exists in Kansas, and is legal. It will never be abolished. The great staple articles of Kansas must be hemp and tobacco. "It will be found that Missouri is nearer to Kansas than Boston."

JANUARY 16.—The first school in Lawrence opened, by Edward P. Fitch; the second teacher was Miss Kate Kellogg; and the third, in the spring of '56, Miss Lucy M. Wilder. They are all from Massachusetts.

JANUARY 19.—A tri-weekly mail between Leavenworth and the Fort is paid for by private subscription. Lewis N. Rees, "without fee or reward," acts as postmaster.

JANUARY 22.—Gov. A. H. Reeder issues a precept to certain persons to take a census.

JANUARY 31.—The Wyandots cede to the United States the country purchased by them of the Delawares, December 14, 1843, with a few special exceptions.

—Teesdale, Elkins & Co., Akron, Ohio, print a "History of Kansas, and Emigrant's Guide," by "J. Butler Chapman, Esq., a Resident since its Settlement." Mr. Eugene M. Cole, of Indianola, Shawnee county, a very intelligent printer, owns a well-worn copy of this peculiar book. Has any other new State called out so many books and newspapers? This book contains 116 pages. The writer was known in Kansas, where he spent a few months, as John B. Chapman. He was a candidate for Delegate to Congress, and the projector of "Whitfield City." Of Lawrence, Mr. Chapman says:

"A printing press was established at this town in October (1854), by the enterprise of John and Joseph L. Speer, of Medina, Ohio; and another has followed since, from Pennsylvania; but we know the Speers are the pioneer editors of Lawrence City."

FEBRUARY 1.—The Kansas Free-State Society formed, at Lawrence: R. G. Elliott, President; E. D. Ladd and John Speer, Secretaries.

—C. W. Babcock appointed Postmaster at Lawrence.

FEBRUARY 3.—Robert S. Kelley and John H. Stringfellow start the Squatter Sovereign, at Atchison. In 1857 it became a Free-State paper, and was edited by Robert McBratney and Frank G. Adams. John A. Martin bought the office, and changed the name of the paper to the Champion, February 28, 1858. The Daily Champion came out March 22, 1865. This is the oldest newspaper office in the State.

FEBRUARY 6.—Ralph Waldo Emerson in New York: "I know that Slavery will go at last, and go with tattooing and cannibalism. You cannot educate men, or raise them to any mental power, without their discovery of wrong. There is longevity in our cause. The thoughts of the mind are the emancipators of the slave."

FEBRUARY 8.—C. W. Babcock, the first postmaster of Lawrence, commissioned.

FEBRUARY 9.—There are three Free-Soil newspapers in Lawrence: The Herald of Freedom, Kansas Tribune, and the Kansas Free State.

FEBRUARY 23.—The Leavenworth Herald says: "Five months ago there was not a building in the place. The town had just been laid off and the brush cut down. Leavenworth now has a hotel, a saw-mill, a tailor's shop, a shoemaker, a barber, two blacksmiths, three carpenter shops, several law and two doctors' offices."

—A correspondent of the Liberty (Mo.) Tribune says: "Lawrence is the resort of about 400 Abolitionists."

FEBRUARY 24.—A party of thirty men leaves Easton, Pa., for Kansas.

FEBRUARY 26.—Gov. Reeder issues a proclamation defining the judicial districts of the Territory, and assigning the Judges to them. The First District embraces the thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth and eighteenth election districts, and is assigned to Chief Justice S. D. Lecompte; the courts to be held at Leavenworth.

The Second Judicial District includes the first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventeenth election districts, and is assigned to Rush Elmore; courts to be held at Tecumseh.

The rest of the Territory, including the seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh and twelfth election districts, is made the Third District, and is assigned to Saunders W. Johnston; courts to be held at Pawnee.

The terms of the courts are prescribed by the same proclamation.

FEBRUARY 28.—Census completed; 8,501; voters, 2,905; persons of foreign birth, 408; free negroes, 151; slaves, 192. Governor Reeder divides the Territory into eighteen districts, appoints judges of election, and orders an election for a Territorial Legislature to be held March 30th.

FEBRUARY.—John Brown, jr., Jason, Owen, Frederick, and Salmon Brown, sons of John Brown, come to Kansas "early in 1855," and settle near the Pottawatomie river, eight miles from Osawatomie.

FEBRUARY.—Dr. Thos. H. Webb, Secretary of the Emigrant Aid Company, offered a prize of fifty dollars for a Kansas song. Eighty-nine were presented; the following poem obtained the prize:

CALL TO KANSAS.

BY LUCY LARCOM.

AIR—*Nelly Bly.*

Yeomen strong, hither throng! Nature's honest men; We will make the wilderness Bud and bloom again. Bring the sickle, speed the plough, Turn the ready soil! Freedom is the noblest pay For the true man's toil. Ho, brothers! come, brothers! Hasten all with me; We'll sing upon the Kansas plains A song of Liberty!	Soil a mother's tears have wet Golden crops shall bear. Come, mother! fond mother, List, we call to thee; We'll sing, etc.
Father, haste! o'er the waste Lies a pleasant land. There your fireside's altar-stones, Fixed in truth, shall stand. There your sons, brave and good, Shall to freemen grow, Clad in triple mail of right, Wrong to overthrow. Ho, brothers! come, brothers! Hasten all with me; We'll sing, etc.	Brother brave, stem the wave! Firm the prairies tread! Up the dark Missouri flood Be your canvas spread. Sister true, join us too, Where the Kansas flows; Let the Northern lily bloom With the Southern rose. Brave brother! true sister! List, we call to thee; We'll sing, etc.
Mother, come! here's a home In the waiting West; Bring the seeds of love and peace, You who sow them best. Faithful hearts, holy prayers, Keep from taint the air;	One and all, hear our call Echo through the land! Aid us with a willing heart, And the strong right hand! Feed the spark the Pilgrims struck On old Plymouth rock! To the watch-fires of the free Millions glad shall flock. Ho, brothers! come, brothers! Hasten all with me; We'll sing, etc.

MARCH 4.—Congress has passed bills for public buildings in Kansas, and for the construction of military roads.

MARCH 8.—Governor Reeder issues a proclamation for an election, March 30, of thirteen members of the Council and twenty-six members of the House.

MARCH 12.—Dr. Charles Robinson leaves Boston for Kansas with about two hundred persons. This is the third party from Boston.

MARCH 13.—No. 5 of the Atchison Squatter Sovereign tells its "timid friends in Missouri," "to bring their guns and ammunition with them." "We would also advise that they bring plenty of well-twisted Hemp rope."

MARCH 14.—Lawrence is described as "a few straggling huts, located without regard to streets." "The Republican House, superior to the St. Nicholas, its rival, is a turf hovel, whose sides, running upward from the ground till they meet, form the roof also."

MARCH 23.—The Cincinnati Gazette says many persons have left there for Kansas, and 600 are now ready to go. One party takes "a frame school house, ten of Hinkle's cottages," etc. [There were so many of these little houses taken to Leavenworth, that the western part of the town was called "Cincinnati."] A large company is forming in Wayne county, Indiana, and 500 families expect to go from that State. Thousands are going through St. Louis to Kansas, says the News. One or two steamers, heavily loaded, start daily.

MARCH 24.—The towns of Topeka and Wyandotte first named in Greeley's paper.

MARCH 24.—Isaac T. Goodnow, C. H. Lovejoy and others arrive at the site of Manhattan, and locate a town, April 4, taking the name in June, after the arrival of John Pipher and 74 others from Cincinnati.

MARCH 29.—The Weston (Mo.) Reporter says: "Our minds are already made up as to the result of the election in Kansas to-morrow. The Pro-Slavery party will be triumphant, we presume, in nearly every precinct. Should the Pro-Slavery party fail in this contest, it will not be because Missouri has failed to do her duty."

MARCH.—A few days before the 30th, John Ellis, owner of the Weston and Kickapoo Ferry, had the following bill printed and tacked upon his boat:

SOME illy-disposed persons have tried to injure my Ferry by stating that I refused to cross persons, last fall, to go to the election. This is false; it will be difficult to find one more sound on the "goose" than I am.

Signed,

JOHN ELLIS.

MARCH 30.—About one thousand Missourians, under Samuel Young and Claiborne F. Jackson, arrive in Lawrence to vote, and do vote. Mrs. Robinson says: "They were armed with guns, pistols, rifles, and bowie-knives. They brought two cannon loaded with musket balls."

Jackson was afterwards Governor of Missouri, and a Rebel.

RETURNS OF ELECTION OF MARCH 30, 1855, BY DISTRICTS.

District	Place of Voting.	Pro-Slavery vote.	Free-State vote.....	Scattering	COUNCIL.		HOUSE.	
					No. of District...	No. of Members.	No. of District...	No. of Members..
1	Lawrence	781	253	.....	1	2	2	3
2	Bloomington.....	318	12	11	2	1	3	2
3	Stinson's, or Tecumseh.....	366	4	2	3	1	4	1
4	Dr. Chapman's.....	78	2	.....	1	.....	1	1
5	{ Bull Creek.....	377	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	{ Pottawatomie.....	199	65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	{ Big Sugar Creek.....	74	17	7	4	2	7	4
6	{ Little Sugar Creek.....	34	70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	{ Fort Scott.....	315	35	.....	5	1	6	2
7	Isaac B. Titus's.....	211	23	.....	3	.....	5	1
8	Council Grove.....	17	17	.....	3	.....	5	.....
9	Pawnee.....	23	52	.....	6	1	8	1
10	{ Big Blue.....	27	42	.....	10	.....	8	.....
	{ Rock Creek.....	2	21	.....	8	.....	8	.....
11	Marysville.....	328	.....	.....	9	.....	9	1
12	{ St. Marys.....	4	7	.....	10	.....	9	.....
12	{ Silver Lake.....	12	19	2	1	.....	9	.....
13	Hickory Point.....	233	6	.....	10	.....	10	1
14	{ Doniphan.....	313	30	3	7	.....	11	.....
	{ Wolf Creek.....	57	15	6	7	1	11	2
14	{ Burr Oak.....	256	2	48	8	.....	12	2
15	Hayes's.....	412	.....	5	9	1	13	2
16	Leavenworth.....	899	60	5	10	2	14	3
17	Gum Springs.....	43	16	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
18	Moorestown.....	48	14	.....	7	1	.....	.....
Total.....		5,427	791	89	.....	13	.....	26

ELECTION OF MARCH 30, 1855, BY COUNCIL DISTRICTS.

No. of Council district.....	Precincts.	No. of Councilmen.....	Pro-Slavery Candidates.	No. of votes for them in election district...	Total votes in Council dist. for them.....	Free-State Candidates.	No. of votes for them in election district...	Total votes in Council dist. for them.....	Total votes cast in election district.....	Total votes cast in Council district.....
1	Lawrence.....	2	{ Thomas Johnson..... { Ed. Chapman.....	780 783	.....	Joel K. Goodin.....	254	.....	1,034	.....
4	Chapman's.....	.....	{ Thomas Johnson..... { Ed. Chapman.....	78 78	.....	Samuel N. Wood.....	255	.....	80	.....
17	.....	.....	{ Thomas Johnson..... { Ed. Chapman.....	42 43	900	Joel K. Goodin.....	2	.....	59	.....
2	.....	1	{ A. McDonald.....	318	318	Samuel N. Wood.....	16	273	1,183	.....
3	.....	1	{ H. J. Strickler.....	370	.....	J. A. Wakfield.....	12	12	330	.....
7	Titus's.....	.....	{ H. J. Strickler.....	211	.....	A. McDonald.....	4	.....	374	.....
8	.....	.....	{ H. J. Strickler.....	17	598	William F. Johnson.....	23	44	234	642
5	Bull Creek.....	2	{ A. M. Coffey..... { David Lykins.....	377 376	.....	Rice.....	17	.....	37	.....
.....	Pottawatomie.....	.....	{ A. M. Coffey..... { David Lykins.....	199 199	.....	M. G. Morris.....	9	.....	393	.....
.....	Big Sugar Creek.....	.....	{ A. M. Coffey..... { David Lykins.....	74 74	.....	James P. Fox.....	9	.....	266	.....
5	Little Sugar Creek.....	.....	{ A. M. Coffey..... { David Lykins.....	34 34	680	M. G. Morris.....	17	.....	91	.....
6	.....	1	{ William Barbee.....	343	343	James P. Fox.....	62	.....	855	855
9	Big Blue.....	1	{ John Donaldson.....	23	.....	M. F. Conway.....	70	198	343	343
10	Rock Creek.....	.....	{ John Donaldson.....	27	.....	M. F. Conway.....	50	.....	75	.....
11	Marysville.....	.....	{ John Donaldson.....	2	.....	M. F. Conway.....	42	.....	69	.....
12	Silver Lake.....	.....	{ John Donaldson.....	398	.....	M. F. Conway.....	21	.....	22	.....
14	St. Marys.....	.....	{ John Donaldson.....	12	.....	M. F. Conway.....	3	.....	331	.....
7	Wolf River.....	1	{ John Donaldson.....	4	396	M. F. Conway.....	19	.....	31	.....
8	Doniphan.....	.....	{ John W. Forman.....	74	.....	M. F. Conway.....	7	140	11	538
14	Barr Oak.....	1	{ John W. Forman.....	343	.....	John W. Whitehead.....	68	.....	302	478
9	.....	1	{ W. P. Richardson.....	234	234	B. H. Twombly.....	6	.....	412	412
10	.....	2	{ D. A. M. Grover.....	411	411	A. J. Whitney.....	6	.....	242	.....
13	.....	.....	{ R. K. Rees..... { L. J. Eastin.....	233 233	.....	B. H. Twombly.....	59	.....	964	1,216
16	.....	.....	{ R. K. Rees..... { L. J. Eastin.....	896 896	1,129	A. J. Whitney.....	66	.....	.....	.....

ELECTION OF MARCH 30, 1855, BY REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICTS.

No. of Representative dist.	No. of election district...	Precincts and place of Voting.	No. of Representatives...	Pro-Slavery Candidates.	Their vote in elec'n. dist.	Their vote in Rep. dist.	Free-State Candidates.	Their vote in elec'n. dist.	Their vote in Rep. dist.
1	4	Dr. Chapman's.....	1	A. S. Johnson.....	77	120	A. F. Powell.....	3	19
	17	Shawnee Mission.....	1	A. S. Johnson.....	43		A. F. Powell.....	16	
2	1	Lawrence.....	3	James Whitlock.....	780	781	John Hutchinson...	252	253
				J. M. Banks.....	781		E. D. Ladd.....	253	
				A. B. Wade.....	781		P. P. Fowler.....	254	
3	2	Bloomington.....	2	G. W. Ward.....	318	318	Isaac Davis.....	12	12
				O. H. Browne.....	318		E. G. Macy.....	12	
4	3	Tecumseh.....	1	D. L. Croysdale.....	366	366	C. K. Holliday.....	4	4
5	7	I. B. Titus's.....	1	M. W. McGee.....	210	222	H. Rice.....	23	49
	8	Council Grove.....	1	M. W. McGee.....	12		A. I. Baker.....	35	
6	6	Fort Scott.....	2	Joseph C. Anderson..	315	315	Jno. Hamilton.....	35	35
				S. A. Williams.....	313		William Margraves	16	
7	5	Bull Creek.....	4	W. A. Heiskell.....	377	377	John Serpell.....	9	9
				Allen Wilkinson.....	375		Adam Pore.....	9	
				Henry Younger.....	375		S. H. Houser.....	9	
				Samuel Scott.....	377		Wm. Jennings.....	9	
Pottawatomie Creek...	Wm. A. Heiskell.....	198	198	John Serpell.....	61	198	Adam Pore.....	54	64
				Allen Wilkinson.....	198		S. H. Houser.....	64	
				Henry Younger.....	198		Wm. Jennings.....	62	
				Samuel Scott.....	198				
Big Sugar Creek.....	Wm. A. Heiskell.....	74	74	John Serpell.....	17	74	Adam Pore.....	16	17
				Allen Wilkinson.....	74		S. H. Houser.....	17	
				Henry Younger.....	74		Wm. Jennings.....	17	
				Samuel Scott.....	74				
Little Sugar Creek.....	Wm. A. Heiskell.....	33	33	John Serpell.....	62	33	Adam Pore.....	62	64
				Allen Wilkinson.....	32		S. H. Houser.....	64	
				Henry Younger.....	35		Wm. Jennings.....	66	
				Samuel Scott.....	35				
8	9	Pawnee.....	1	Russell Garrett.....	18	41	S. D. Houston.....	56	120
	10	Big Blue.....	1	Russell Garrett.....	21		S. D. Houston.....	43	
9	11	Rock Creek.....	1	Russell Garrett.....	2	4	S. D. Houston.....	21	26
	12	Silver Lake.....	1	Fr. J. Marshall.....	328				
10	11	St. Marys.....	1	Fr. J. Marshall.....	12	344	H. McCartney.....	19	7
	12	St. Marys.....	1	Fr. J. Marshall.....	4		H. McCartney.....	7	
10	13	Hickory Point.....	1	Wm. H. Tebbs.....	237	237	C. Hard.....	3	
11	14	Wolf River.....	1	John H. Stringfellow	57	313	G. A. Cutler.....	15	8
				R. L. Kirk.....	52		John Landis.....	8	
				J. H. Stringfellow.....	313		J. Ryan.....	8	
				R. L. Kirk.....	292		G. A. Cutler.....	30	
18	Nemaha.....	1	J. H. Stringfellow.....	48	420	John Landis.....	25	18	
			R. L. Kirk.....	50		Joel Ryan.....	25		
12	14	Burr Oak.....	2	Joel P. Blair.....	256	258	John Landis.....	13	54
				Thos. W. Waterson...	258		John Fee.....	2	
13	15	2	H. B. C. Harris.....	412	412			
				J. Weddell.....	412				
14	16	Leavenworth.....	3	Wm. G. Mathias.....	899	897	Felix G. Braden.....	59	59
				H. D. McMeekin.....	899		Samuel France.....	59	
				Archy Payne.....	895		F. Browning.....	59	

APRIL 1.—A dispatch in the St. Louis Republican (Democratic), dated Independence, Mo., March 31, 9 P. M., says: "Several hundred *returning emigrants* from Kansas have just entered our city. They were preceded by the Westport and Independence brass band. . . . Following these were one hundred and fifty wagons, carriages, etc. . . . They report that not an Anti-Slavery man will be in the Legislature of Kansas."

—"An Expedition to the Valley of the Great Salt Lake of Utah." By Capt. Howard Stansbury. Lippincott, Grambo & Co., Phila. Capt. Stansbury started from Fort Leavenworth, May 10, 1849, and laid out the military road to Fort Kearny.

APRIL 4.—Adoption of the constitution and ritual of the Grand Encampment and Regiments of the Kansas Legion of Kansas Territory. It is published in the New York Tribune of December 12. Members of the Legion must be "favorable to the freedom of Kansas."

APRIL.—James H. Lane comes to Kansas. He has been a Lieutenant Governor, Member of Congress, and Colonel of an Indiana regiment in the Mexican war. He is now, probably, 41 years old; business, politics.

APRIL 5.—Election returns opened by Gov. Reeder, Secretary Woodson, and Clerk Halderman.

APRIL 6.—The Leavenworth Herald announces the result of the first Legislative election in these words:

"All hail! Pro-Slavery Party Victorious. We have met the enemy and they are ours. *Veni, Vidi, Vici*. Free White State Party Used Up."

"The triumph of the Pro-Slavery party is complete and overwhelming. Come on, Southern men; bring your slaves and fill up the Territory. Kansas is saved. Abolitionism is rebuked, her fortress stormed, her flag is dragging in the dust! The tri-colored Platform has fallen with a crash; the rotten timbers of its structure were not sufficient to sustain the small fragments of the party."

"Kansas has proved herself to be S. G. Q."

These letters mean: Sound on the Goose Question, or Pro-Slavery.

APRIL 11.—The Hutchinson Family, Abolitionists, sing in New York. One of their songs is called "The Nebraskality:" "Yes, liberty and human right shall be a bright reality, and we'll resist with all our might, this monstrous Nebraskality."

APRIL 14.—The Parkville (Mo.) Luminary, charged with Free-Soil proclivities, is destroyed by a Platte county mob. The publishers were George S. Park and Wm. J. Patterson.

APRIL 16.—Gov. Reeder calls an election, May 22, to fill vacancies in the House and Council, in the 1st, 2d, 3d, 7th, 8th and 16th districts, on account of irregularities in the previous election. The Legislature is ordered to meet at the town of Pawnee, in the 9th election district, on the first Monday in July, "in the building which will be provided for that purpose."

APRIL 17.—The Governor leaves for Pennsylvania.

APRIL 26.—A colony from Hampden county, Mass., settle in Hampden, Coffey county.

APRIL 30.—The Lawrence Free State publishes a memorial, which gives a faithful account of the outrages at the late election.

APRIL 30.—Gov. Reeder is given a public reception at Easton, Pa., and makes a speech. He said, "Kansas had been invaded by a regular organized army, armed to the teeth, who took possession of the ballot-boxes, and made a Legislature to suit the purpose of the Pro-Slavery party."

APRIL 30.—Cole McCrea kills Malcolm Clark, at Leavenworth. The Congressional Committee (1856) reported:

"Your committee in their examinations have found that in no case of crime or homicide mentioned in this report, or in the testimony, has any indictment been found against the guilty party, except in the homicide of Clark by McCrea; McCrea being a Free-State man."

McCrea was arrested and imprisoned at Fort Leavenworth, and in jail. The Grand Jury in September failed to find a bill against McCrea. Mrs. Robinson says:

"At the adjourned term of the court, in November, Judge Lecompte had added seven new members to the Grand Jury, and a bill of indictment for murder in the first degree was found against him. Four of the counsel within the bar, and officers acting at this tribunal, including the clerk of the court, were connected with the lynching of Phillips, on the 17th of May."

McCrea escaped from jail, and made his appearance in Lawrence Dec. 1st.

APRIL 30.—Pro-Slavery Vigilance Committee appointed at Leavenworth. Nine resolutions were adopted, the following among them:

"Resolved, That we recognize the right of every man to entertain his own sentiments in all questions, and to act them out so long as they interfere with neither public or private rights; but that when the acts of men strike at the peace of our social relations, and tend to subvert the known and recognized rights of others, such acts are in violation of morals, of natural law, and systems of jurisprudence to which we are accustomed to submit.

"Resolved, That a Vigilance Committee, consisting of thirty members, shall now be appointed, who shall observe and report all such persons as shall openly act in violation of law and order, and by the expression of Abolition sentiments produce disturbance to the quiet of the citizens, or danger to their domestic relations; and all such persons so offending shall be notified and made to leave the Territory."

The report of the meeting in the Leavenworth Herald says: "The meeting was ably and eloquently addressed by Judge Lecompte, Col. J. N. Burnes, of Weston, and D. J. Johnson."

The Committee consists of thirty persons. They declare that Wm. Phillips was accessory to the killing of Clark, and order him to leave the Territory.

—The District Court for the Second District organized at Tecumseh; Rush Elmore, Judge; John A. Halderman appointed U. S. Attorney *pro tem.*, and Ben. I. Newsom, Clerk.

MAY.—The St. Louis Republican says Mr. Thos. Stinson, of Tecumseh, has been rewarded for his Pro-Slavery services by the present of a silver pitcher, with an engraving thereon "representing negroes cultivating sugar cane."

—The Herald of Freedom says a drouth prevailed from June, '54, to May, '55, "with scarcely any rain or snow to cool the atmosphere or moisten the earth."

MAY 11.—The Leavenworth Herald publishes, with editorial approval, a communication which says: "Suffer not an avowed Abolitionist to remain within your borders. You [the Pro-Slavery party] have got the start; keep it."

MAY 14.—The Topeka Association have prohibited the sale of ardent spirits on lots donated by them, and this evening the citizens hold a meeting and resolve to enforce prohibition.

MAY 17.—Lynching of William Phillips. The following account is copied from Gladstone's History:

"A Vigilance Committee was appointed in the spring of 1855, having for its object 'to observe and report all such persons as shall, . . . by the expression of Abolition sentiments, produce disturbance to the quiet of the citizens or danger to their domestic relations; and all such persons so offending shall be notified and made to leave the Territory.' On this committee were several members of the Legislature. The first person 'observed and reported' by the committee as acting so as to endanger 'their domestic relations' (by which delicate expression is meant the institution of slavery) was Mr. William Phillips, a lawyer residing in Leavenworth, whose offense was that he had sworn to a protest against the validity of the election in his district, in consequence of which protest Governor Reeder had ordered a new election. Mr. Phillips was 'notified' to leave the Territory. He refused to do so, whereupon he was seized by a party of Missouri men to the number of fourteen, taken across the river, and carried several miles into Missouri. [To Weston.] They then proceeded to shave one side of his head, next stripped off his clothes, and put him through the horrible ordeal of tarring and feathering. This being completed, they rode him on a rail for a mile and a half, and finally put him up at auction, a negro acting as auctioneer, and went through the mockery of selling him, not at the price of a slave, but for the sum of one dollar. Eight days after this outrage a public meeting was held, at which the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

"That we heartily indorse the action of the committee of citizens that shaved, tarred and feathered, rode on a rail, and had sold by a negro, Wm. Phillips, the moral perjurer."

"The meeting was presided over by Mr. Rees, a member of Council in the Kansas Legislature, and the resolution was offered by Mr. Payne, a Judge, and also member of the House of Representatives. The outrage committed against Mr. Phillips was not, therefore, the hasty act of a few murderous ruffians, but one advisedly carried out and afterwards deliberately indorsed by a number of citizens and by members of both houses of the Legislature. Mr. Phillips returned to Leavenworth, but has since, according to accounts received in the autumn of 1856, been shot."

MAY 20.—The Leavenworth Herald devotes a column to the description of the tarring, feathering and riding on a rail of Wm. Phillips. The crime of Phillips was, that he protested against a fraudulent election. The Herald says:

"Our action in the whole affair is emphatically indorsed by the Pro-Slavery party in this district. The joy, exultation and glorification produced by it in our community are unparalleled."

—A public meeting was held to approve of this dastardly outrage. The Herald says:

"On motion of Jarret Todd, R. R. Rees was called to the chair, and C. C. Harrison chosen secretary. On motion of Judge Payne, five resolutions were unanimously adopted, one of which reads as follows:

"Resolved, That we heartily indorse the action of the citizens that shaved, tarred and feathered, rode on a rail, and had sold by a negro, Wm. Phillips, the moral perjurer."

—About this time M. W. Delahay begins the publication of the Territorial Register. His paper does not meet the approbation of the violently Pro-Slavery Herald; hence Delahay is denounced as a "traitor."

MAY.—The steamers Emma Harmon (May 20), Financier No. 2 (May 21), and the Hartford (May 21), arrived at Lawrence. A Government boat, the Excel, was probably the only one to ascend the river before the Harmon. The Harmon was six days in reaching Topeka, from Lawrence. On the return trip, she went from Lawrence to Kansas City in six hours.

MAY 20.—A letter of this date in the Boston Telegraph describes Osawatomie, on the "Mary de Zene," and the Missouri Blue Lodges.

MAY.—During this month and August, and afterwards, the Emigrant Aid Company buy arms and send them to Kansas. (See Sanborn's *John Brown*, p. 212.)

RETURNS OF THE ELECTION OF MAY 22, 1855, TO FILL VACANCIES
—CALLED BY GOV. REEDER.

No. of Dist.....	Place of Voting.	Pro-Slavery votes.....	Free-State votes.....	Scattering.....	Total.....
1	Lawrence.....		288	18	306
2	Douglas.....		127		127
3	Stinson's.....		148	1	149
7	"110".....		66	13	79
8	Council Grove.....		33		33
16	Leavenworth.....	560	140	15	715
	Total number of votes cast.....				1,409

JUNE 8.—Free-State Convention at Lawrence. *Committee on Organization*: Wm. Partridge, S. F. Shore, Wm. Jessee. *Committee on Resolutions*: S. N. Wood, John Brown, jr., Jas. P. Fox, Aug. Wattles, A. F. Powell. *Officers*: John A. Wakefield, President; John Brown, jr., J. E. Curtis and Joseph L. Speer, Vice Presidents; R. G. Elliott and Chas. A. Foster, Secretaries.

Resolutions were adopted in favor of making Kansas a Free State, and against the illegal voting by citizens of Missouri. Also, the following:

"Resolved, That in reply to the threats of war so frequently made in our neighboring State, our answer is, We Are Ready."

Speeches were made by Wood, Robinson, Elliott, Foster, Speer, Stockton, and others.

JUNE 11.—W. L. Marcy, Secretary of State, writes to Gov. Reeder, saying, in effect, that he will be removed unless he can justify his purchases of Kansas half-breed lands. On the 14th, Caleb Cushing, Attorney General, writes in like manner to the Attorney and the Associate Justices of Kansas.

JUNE 16.—The words "Border Ruffianism" the caption of a letter in Greeley's paper.

JUNE 25.—Gov. Reeder, having returned to Kansas, denies Mr. Marcy's charges.

JUNE 25.—The Governor declares duly elected, John Hutchinson, Erastus D. Ladd and Philip P. Fowler, Representatives from the Second District; John A. Wakefield to be duly elected from the Second District, and Augustus Wattles and Wm. Jessee also Representatives from the same district; Jesse D. Wood, a member of the Council from the Third District; Wm. G. Mathias, A. Payne and H. D. McMeekin members of the House from the Fourteenth District; and C. K. Holliday a member of the House from the Fourth District.

JUNE 26.—There is a Pro-Slavery plan to annex the Platte Purchase to Kansas.

JUNE 27.—The St. Louis Republican says that B. F. Stringfellow knocked Gov. Reeder down, at the Shawnee Mission, for having said that Stringfellow was a "frontier ruffian," or "border ruffian." The expression soon becomes national.

JUNE 27.—Executive office removed from Shawnee Manual Labor School.

—Convention of the "National Democracy" at Lawrence; James H. Lane, Chairman; J. N. O. P. Wood, Secretary. They resolved that "the best interests of Kansas require an early organization of the Democratic party upon truly national ground;" fully indorse the Democratic platform of 1852; kindly request citizens of adjoining States to let them alone, and that they cannot permit "the purity of the ballot-box to be polluted by outsiders, or illegal voting from any quarter." E. Chapman, C. W. Babcock, James Garvin, James S. Emery and Hugh Cameron were the committee on resolutions.

JULY 2.—The Legislature meets at Pawnee, near Fort Riley, as ordered by the Governor. The executive office established at Pawnee.

—Congress appropriates \$25,000 for public buildings in Kansas.

—The Third Judicial District organized at Pawnee, Saunders W. Johnston presiding. A. J. Isacks, U. S. Attorney, present. R. H. Higgins appointed Clerk.

JULY 3.—M. F. Conway resigns his seat in the Council.—Gov. Reeder's Message is read.—John A. Wakefield and Jesse D. Wood, elected from the Second and Third Council Districts on the 22d of May, to fill vacancies, enter their solemn protest against being denied seats.

JULY 3.—Squatter Sovereign: "Nine-tenths of the citizens of Kansas would rather see him [Gov. Reeder] hanging to a tree, than filling the gubernatorial chair."

JULY 4.—The call in New York is for a *Republican* State convention. D. R. Anthony is the signer from Monroe county.

JULY 4.—Donaldson, McDonald and Strickler admitted to seats in the Council.

S. D. Houston, in the House, protests against the action of the House in refusing seats to John Hutchinson, Erastus D. Ladd, Philip P. Fow-

ler, Augustus Wattles and William Jessee, who have received certificates of election from the Governor. The seats are given to the Pro-Slavery candidates voted for on the 30th of March. The ousted members also protest.

—The *Kansas Freeman* appears, published by Edward C. K. Garvey & Co., at Topeka. The first paper in Topeka.

—A daily paper published in Lawrence one week, by John Speer. The first daily attempted in the Territory.

JULY 6.—John T. Brady elected Public Printer.—An act to remove the seat of government to the Shawnee Manual Labor School passes both branches, over the Governor's veto. Adjourned to meet at Shawnee July 16th.

JULY 10.—Surveyor General's office removed to Leavenworth City.

JULY 11.—A Free-State meeting in Lawrence calls a mass convention to meet August 14.

JULY 16.—Legislature reassembles at Shawnee.

The following are copies of tables printed at the time:

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE COUNCIL.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>	<i>How long in Territory</i>	<i>Quotations from their Speeches.</i>
T. Johnson, Prest., Supt. of Shawnee Mission	53	Farmer	Va....	18 years..	Justice to all.
R. R. Rees, Prest. <i>pro tem.</i>	43	Lawyer	Ohio	10 mos....	Just laws and rigid execution.
John W. Forman....	36	Merchant	Ky...	12 years..	The organic act—our charter of liberty.
A. M. Coffey.....	51	Farmer	Ky...	4 years...	The Union; it must be preserved.
D. Lykins.....	34	Physician.....	Ia....	12 years..	Cuba must be annexed.
W. P. Richardson, Maj. Gen. Com'g K. M.	53	Farmer	Ky...	9 years...	Hemp for negro-stealers.
H. J. Strickler, Brig. Gen. K. M..	24	Surv. and } Civ. Eng. }	Va....	6 mos.....	The South and her Institutions.
L. J. Eastin, do., Ed. Leavenworth City Herald.....	40	Printer	Ky...	9 mos.....	Negro Slavery for Kansas. "Good."
D. A. N. Grover.....	26	Lawyer	Ky...	10 years..	Homestead for the squatters.
Wm. Barbee.....	29	Lawyer	Ky...	1 year.....	Majority shall rule.
John Donaldson....	25	Merchant.....	Ky...	6 mos.....	The cause I advocate must succeed; it is right, it is just.
A. McDonald.....	37	Lawyer	Va....	10 mos....	United we stand.
E. Chapman.....	27	Lawyer	La....	10 mos....	As an American, I reverence the Constitution, now and forever.
Ino. A. Halderman, Chief Clerk.....	24	Lawyer	Mo...	14 mos....	
Charles H. Grover, Assistant Clerk....	24	Lawyer	Ky...	11 years..	A new treaty with the Delawares.
T. C. Hughes, Eng. Clerk	37	Farmer	Md...	5 mos.....	Down with the National Democracy in Kansas.
S. J. Wafol, Eng. Clerk	23	Farmer	N.Y..	14 mos....	Kansas—May her virgin soil be unpolluted by the foul stain of freesoilism.
C. B. Whitehead, Serg't-at-Arms....	41	Farmer	Va....	2 years...	

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Age</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>	<i>How long in Terr'y.</i>	<i>Quotations from their speeches.</i>
J. M. Banks.....	36	Farmer	Penn	1 year.....	Justice and truth.
J. P. Blair.....	47	Farmer	Tenn	6 mos.....	
O. H. Browne.....	34	Farmer	Md....	1 year.....	Be just, and fear not.
D. L. Croysdale.....	26	Physician.....	Mo....	1 year.....	
H. B. C. Harris.....	30	Physician.....	Va....	9 mos.....	Act justly, but fearlessly.
W. A. Heiskell.....	47	Merchant.....	Va....	6 years...	The South—her rights and interests.
S. D. Houston.....	36	Farmer	Ohio.	.....
Alex. S. Johnson.....	23	Farmer	K. T.	23 years..	Peaceably if we can—forcibly if we must.
R. L. Kirk.....	37	Farmer	Ky....	9 mos.....	My country, my whole country.
F. J. Marshall.....	38	Merchant.....	Va....	4 years...	Be sure you're right, then go ahead.
W. G. Mathias.....	29	Lawyer.....	Md....	10 mos...	No disorganization, no fanaticism.
M. W. McGee.....	36	Merchant.....	Ky....	1 year....	Kansas, with Southern institutions.
H. D. McMeekin.....	33	Merchant.....	Ky....	5 years...	We fight to conquer.
A. Payne.....	36	Farmer	Ky....	1 year....	Union first—South all the time.
Samuel Scott.....	52	Farmer	Ky....	7 mos.....	Onward march to victory.
W. H. Tebbs.....	32	Physician.....	Va....	1 year....	Non-intercourse, and Southern rights.
A. B. Wade.....	26	Farmer	Mo....	1 year....	
G. W. Ward.....	55	Farmer	Ky....	1 year....	Justice and the South.
T. W. Waterson.....	44	Farmer	Penn	18 mos...	Kansas for the South, now and forever.
Jonah Weddle.....	28	Teacher.....	Va....	1 year....	Kansas, the South, and the Union.
Jas. Whitlock.....	37	Farmer	Mo....	10 mos...	My country's flag.
Samuel A. Williams,	35	Farmer	Ky....	6 mos.....	Kansas and the Union.
Allen Wilkinson.....	35	Farmer	Tenn	8 mos.....	
H. W. Younger.....	43	Farmer	Mo....	8 mos.....	Order and liberty.
J. H. Stringfellow, Speaker, Editor Squatter Sovereign.....	35	Physician.....	Va....	1 year....	Squatter rights.
J. C. Anderson, Speaker pro tem... Jas. M. Lyle, Chief Clerk.....	25	Lawyer	Ky....	10 mos...	Vox populi, vox Dei.
John Martin, Assistant Clerk... J. C. Thompson, Engrossing Clerk, B. F. Simmons, Enrolling Clerk... T. J. B. Cramer, Sergeant-at-Arms, B. F. Campbell, Doorkeeper..... John T. Peery, Chaplain..... John T. Brady, Public Printer..... S. A. Lowe, Eng. Clerk.....	21 25 29 38 28	Lawyer	S. C. Tenn Ohio. N. C. Va.... N. Y. Va.... Md... Md...	6 mos..... 6 mos..... 1 year.... 6 mos..... 1 year.... 10 mos... 12 years.. 16 mos... 2 years..	Strict construction of the Constitution. To the victors belong the spoils. Union only when it protects our interests. Kansas to be the brightest star of all. Religion the corner-stone of civilization. The Constitution. Money makes the mare go.

JULY 16.—Gov. Reeder receives notice from Mr. Marcy of the intention to remove him.

JULY 21.—Message from Gov. Reeder, in which he says:

"It seems, then, to be plain that the Legislature are now in session, so far as the place is concerned, in contravention of the act of Congress, and where they have no right to sit, and can make no valid legislation. Entertaining these views, I can give no sanction to any bill that may be passed; and if my views are not satisfactory to the Legislative Assembly, it follows that we must act independently of each other."

A resolution was passed by the Council asking the President to remove Gov. Reeder. On the 23d the House concurred in the resolution.

JULY 23.—S. D. Houston resigns his seat in the House. This left both branches unanimously Pro-Slavery.

JULY 24.—The Chairman of the Judiciary Committee in the Council makes a written report sanctioning the penalty of death as the punishment of persons who decoy slaves from their masters.

JULY 28.—There are four Free-State papers in the Territory—the Herald of Freedom, Free State, and Tribune, at Lawrence, and the Freeman, at Topeka. The Leavenworth Herald, the Kickapoo Pioneer and the Atchison Squatter Sovereign are the Pro-Slavery papers.

JULY 28.—Wm. Hunter, Acting Secretary of State, writes Gov. Reeder's dismissal.

JULY 29.—John L. Dawson, of Pennsylvania, who voted, in the House, for the Kansas-Nebraska bill, is appointed Governor. He soon declines the appointment.

JULY 30.—First session of the Supreme Court, at the Shawnee Manual Labor School, Johnson county. Lecompte, Johnston and Elmore present, and A. J. Isacks, U. S. District Attorney. Marcus J. Parrott is appointed Reporter of the decisions of the court.

JULY 31.—Mr. Donaldson, in the Council, offered the following resolution:

“Whereas, Reliable information has been received of the removal of 'Squire A. H. Reeder; and,

“Whereas, This body wish to make suitable arrangements to celebrate the day: therefore,

“Resolved, This body do adjourn.”

AUGUST.—Cholera is raging at Fort Riley. Maj. Ogden dies.

AUGUST.—S. D. Lecompte and Rush Elmore, Judges, and A. J. Isacks, Attorney, give the Legislature a written opinion declaring that the removal of the seat of government to Shawnee is valid, and the legislation at Shawnee legal.

AUGUST 8.—The Legislature, in joint session, votes to establish the permanent seat of government at Lecompton.

AUGUST 10.—Wilson Shannon, of Ohio, who voted for the Kansas bill, is appointed Governor.

AUGUST 14-15.—First Convention in Lawrence of Free-State men, made up from the various political parties. Philip C. Schuyler presided; Chas. Robinson reported the resolutions; and Colonel James H. Lane took an active part. The Convention adopted the following resolution:

“Whereas, The people of Kansas have been, since its settlement, and now are, without any law-making power: therefore, be it

“Resolved, That we, the people of Kansas Territory, in mass meeting assembled, irrespective of party distinctions, influenced by common necessity, and greatly desirous

of promoting the common good, do hereby call upon and request all *bona fide* citizens of Kansas Territory, of whatever political views and predilections, to consult together in their respective election districts, and, in mass conventions or otherwise, elect three delegates for each Representative to which said election district is entitled in the House of Representatives of the Legislative Assembly, by proclamation of Governor Reeder, of date 19th of March, 1855; said delegates to assemble in convention, at the town of Topeka, on the 19th day of September, 1855, then and there to consider and determine upon all subjects of public interest, and particularly upon that having reference to the speedy formation of a State Constitution, with an intention of an immediate application to be admitted as a State into the Union of the United States of America."

A Free-State Convention was also called to meet at Big Springs, Douglas county, September 5.

The following Free-State Executive Committee was appointed: Charles Robinson, Chairman; J. K. Goodin, Secretary; George W. Smith, J. A. Wakefield, L. Macy, F. W. Giles, William Phillips (afterwards murdered), Charles A. Foster, J. P. Fox, J. D. Stockton, W. K. Vail, John Brown, jr., W. A. Ely, G. F. Warren, John Hamilton, Hamilton Smith, Lotan Smith, M. F. Conway, S. D. Houston, L. R. Adams, L. R. Palmer, J. E. Gould, Abelard Guthrie.

—The Emigrant Aid Company have four steam saw mills at Kansas City—one for Manhattan, one for Osawatomie, and one for Hampden, on the Neosho.

AUGUST 16.—Gov. Reeder informs the Legislature that he has received official notice of his removal.

—Acting Governor Woodson continues G. P. Lowry in the office of Executive Clerk.

AUGUST 16.—Rev. Pardee Butler sent from Atchison by the Pro-Slavery men. The Squatter Sovereign gives this account of the affair:

"On Thursday last, one Pardee Butler arrived in town, with a view of starting for the East, probably for the purpose of getting a fresh supply of Free-Soilers from the penitentiaries and pest-holes of the Northern States. Finding it inconvenient to depart before morning, he took lodgings at the hotel, and proceeded to visit numerous portions of our town, everywhere avowing himself a Free-Soiler, and preaching the foulest of Abolition heresies. He declared the recent action of our citizens in regard to J. W. B. Kelley, the infamous and unlawful proceedings of a mob; at the same time stating that many persons in Atchison, who were Free-Soilers at heart, had been intimidated thereby, and feared to avow their true sentiments; but that he (Butler) would express his views in defiance of the whole community. On the ensuing morning our townsmen assembled *en masse*, and, deeming the presence of such persons highly detrimental to the safety of our slave property, appointed a committee of two to wait on Mr. Butler and request his signature to the resolutions passed at the late Pro-Slavery meeting in Atchison. After perusing the said resolutions, Mr. B. positively declined signing them, and was instantly arrested by the committee. After the various plans for his disposal had been considered, it was finally decided to place him on a raft composed of two logs firmly lashed together; that his baggage and a loaf of bread be given him; and, having attached a flag to his primitive bark, emblazoned with mottoes indicative of our contempt for such characters, Mr. Butler was set adrift on the great Missouri, with the letter R legibly painted on his forehead.

"He was escorted some distance down the river by several of our citizens, who, seeing him pass several rock-heaps in quite a skillful manner, bade him adieu, and returned to Atchison. Such treatment may be expected by all scoundrels visiting our town for the purpose of interfering with our time-honored institutions, and the same punishment we will be happy to award all Free-Soilers, Abolitionists, and their emissaries."

The mottoes on the flag were these: "Eastern Emigrant Aid Express. The Rev. Mr. Butler, Agent for the Underground Railroad;" "The way they are served in Kansas;" "For Boston;" "Cargo insured — unavoidable danger of the Missourians and the Missouri River excepted." "Let future emissaries from the North beware. Our hemp crop is sufficient to reward all such scoundrels."

AUGUST 23.—John Brown leaves Chicago for Kansas; his horse draws a heavily-loaded wagon; he walks, and shoots game for food; comes through Rock Island, Iowa, and Missouri; and reaches Osawatomie, October 6.

AUGUST 25.—The Legislature, in joint session, elects probate judges, commissioners and sheriffs for all the counties, and district attorneys for the three judicial districts. The appointment of justices of the peace and constables is given to commissioners chosen by the Legislature.

AUGUST 28.—Squatter Sovereign: "We will continue to tar and feather, drown, lynch and hang every white-livered Abolitionist who dares to pollute our soil."

AUGUST 30.—The association of the town of Atchison incorporated.

AUGUST 30.—The following appears in the proceedings of the Legislature:

"Mr. Speaker J. H. Stringfellow, Mr. Anderson in the chair, offered the following concurrent resolution:

"Whereas, The signs of the times indicate that a measure is now on foot fraught with more danger to the interests of the Pro-Slavery party, and to the Union, than any which has yet been agitated, to wit, the proposition to organize a National Democratic Party; and

"Whereas, Some of our friends have already been misled by it; and

"Whereas, The result will be to divide Pro-Slavery Whigs from Democrats, thus weakening our party one-half; and

"Whereas, We believe that on the success of our party depends the perpetuity of the Union; therefore,

"Be it resolved by the House of Representatives, the Council concurring therein, That it is the duty of the Pro-Slavery party, the Union-loving men of Kansas Territory, to know but one issue, Slavery; and that any party making or attempting to make any other, is, and should be held, as an ally of Abolitionism and Disunionism."

The resolution was adopted.

AUGUST 30.—The Council confirms Acting Gov. Woodson's appointments of Major Generals, Brigadier Generals and Colonels; and the appointment of Thos. J. B. Cramer as Auditor of Public Accounts, and John Donaldson as Treasurer. Legislature adjourns.

The following counties were named by this Legislature: Allen, for Wm. Allen, of Ohio; Anderson, for Joseph C. Anderson, a member of the House; Atchison, for David R. Atchison, of Missouri; Bourbon, from Bourbon county, Kentucky; Brown, for Senator Albert G. Browne, of Mississippi; Butler, for Senator Andrew P. Butler, of South Carolina; Wise, (afterwards Chase,) for Henry A. Wise, of Virginia; Godfrey, (afterwards Howard and Chautauqua,) for Wm. Godfrey, a trader among the Osage Indians; McGee, (afterwards Cherokee,) for M. W. McGee, a member of the Legislature who lived in Missouri; Coffey, for A. M.

Coffey, a member of the Council; Davis, for Jefferson Davis; Doniphan, for Col. A. W. Doniphan, of Missouri; Douglas, for Stephen A. Douglas; Franklin, for Benjamin Franklin; Greenwood, for Alfred B. Greenwood, Commissioner of Indian Affairs; Calhoun, (afterwards Jackson,) for John C. Calhoun; Jefferson, for Thos. Jefferson; Johnson, for Rev. Thos. Johnson, of Shawnee Mission, a member of the Council; Leavenworth, from the Fort; Linn, for Senator Lewis F. Linn, of Missouri; Breckinridge, (afterwards Lyon,) for John C. Breckinridge, of Kentucky; Marshall, for Frank J. Marshall, a member of the House; Lykins, (afterwards Miami,) for David Lykins, of the Council; Nemaha, for the river; Dorn, (afterwards Neosho and Labette,) for Col. Earl Van Dorn, of the army; Weller, (afterwards Osage,) after John B. Weller, of California; Potawatomie, for the Indian tribe; Riley, from the Fort; Shawnee, from the Indians; Richardson, (afterwards Wabaunsee,) for Col. Richardson, a member of Congress from Illinois; Wilson, for Hiero T. Wilson, of Fort Scott; Woodson, from Secretary Daniel Woodson; Madison, for the President; and Hunter, for the South Carolina Senator.

The private laws fill 212 pages of the statute book. The cities incorporated are Leavenworth, Lawrence, Kickapoo, Pawnee, and Lecompton. Among the town companies incorporated are Marysville, Iola, Atchison, Fort Scott, and Paola.

AUGUST 31.—Commissions issued by Gov. Woodson to A. M. Coffey, Major General; Wm. A. Heiskell, Brigadier General; Wm. Barbee, Brigadier General, Wm. C. Yager, Colonel; Geo. W. Johnson, Colonel; S. A. Williams, Colonel; Skilman Fleming, Colonel; Wm. P. Richardson, Major General; F. J. Marshall, Brigadier General; Lucien J. Eastin, Brigadier General, Robt. Clark, Colonel; Jas. E. Thompson, Colonel; David M. Johnson, Colonel; Archibald Payne, Colonel; Hiram J. Strickler, Adjutant General; and Thomas J. B. Cramer, Inspector General. Commissions were also issued to the county officers appointed by the Legislature, for the following counties: Doniphan, Atchison, Jefferson, Calhoun, Leavenworth, Douglas, Johnson, Lykins, Bourbon, Allen, Anderson, Franklin, Shawnee, Nemaha, Marshall, Riley, and Madison. Commissions were issued to Chas. H. Grover, H. A. Hutchinson, and John T. Brady, as District Attorneys for the First, Second and Third Judicial Districts.

SEPTEMBER 1.—Nearly all the acts of the first Legislature, commonly called the "Bogus Laws," took effect as soon as they were passed. The volume of laws, 1058 pages, was published in October. B. F. Stringfellow, in a letter to the Montgomery (Alabama) Advertiser, uses this language as to the character of the laws of the Territory in reference to slavery:

"They have now laws more efficient to protect slave property than any State in the Union. These laws have just taken effect, and have already silenced Abolitionists; for, in spite of their heretofore boasting, they know they will be enforced to the very letter, and with the utmost rigor. Not only is it profitable for slaveholders to go to Kansas, but politically it is all-important."

The following is a copy of the "Act to punish offenses against slave property:"

"Be it enacted by the Governor and Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Kansas, as follows:

"SECTION 1. That every person, bond or free, who shall be convicted of actually raising a rebellion or insurrection of slaves, free negroes, or mulattoes, in this Territory, shall suffer death.

"SEC. 2. Every free person who shall aid or assist in any rebellion or insurrection of slaves, free negroes, or mulattoes, or shall furnish arms, or do any overt act in furtherance of such rebellion or insurrection, shall suffer death.

"SEC. 3. If any free person shall, by speaking, writing, or printing, advise, persuade or induce any slaves to rebel, conspire against or murder any citizen of this Territory, or shall bring into, print, write, publish, or circulate, or cause to be brought into, printed, written, published, or circulated, or shall knowingly aid or assist in the bringing into, printing, writing, publishing or circulating, in this Territory, any book, paper, magazine, pamphlet, or circular, for the purpose of exciting insurrection, rebellion, revolt, or conspiracy on the part of the slaves, free negroes, or mulattoes, against the citizens of the Territory, or any part of them, such person shall be guilty of felony, and suffer death.

"SEC. 4. If any person shall entice, decoy, or carry away out of this Territory any slave belonging to another, with intent to deprive the owner thereof of the services of such slave, or with intent to effect or procure the freedom of such slave, he shall be adjudged guilty of grand larceny, and on conviction thereof shall suffer death, or be imprisoned at hard labor for not less than ten years.

"SEC. 5. If any person shall aid or assist in enticing, decoying, or persuading, or carrying away, or sending out of this Territory, any slave belonging to another, with intent to procure or effect the freedom of such slave, or with intent to deprive the owner thereof of the services of such slave, he shall be adjudged guilty of grand larceny, and, on conviction thereof, shall suffer death, or be imprisoned at hard labor for not less than ten years.

"SEC. 6. If any person shall entice, decoy, or carry away out of any State or other Territory of the United States, any slave belonging to another, with intent to procure or effect the freedom of such slave, or to deprive the owners thereof of the services of such slave, and shall bring such slave into this Territory, he shall be adjudged guilty of grand larceny, in the same manner as if such slave had been enticed, decoyed, or carried away out of this Territory; and in such case the larceny may be charged to have been committed in any county of this Territory into or through which such slave shall have been brought by such person; and on conviction thereof the person offending shall suffer death, or be imprisoned at hard labor for not less than ten years.

"SEC. 7. If any person shall entice, persuade or induce any slave to escape from the service of his master or owner in this Territory, or shall aid or assist any slave in escaping from the service of his master or owner, or shall aid, assist, harbor or conceal any slave who may have escaped from the service of his master or owner, shall be deemed guilty of felony, and punished by imprisonment at hard labor for a term of not less than five years.

"SEC. 8. If any person in this Territory shall aid or assist, harbor or conceal any slave who has escaped from the service of his master or owner in another State or Territory, such person shall be punished in like manner as if such slave had escaped from the service of his master or owner in this Territory.

"SEC. 9. If any person shall resist any officer while attempting to arrest any slave that may have escaped from the service of his master or owner, or shall rescue such slave when in custody of any officer or other person, or shall entice, persuade, aid or assist such slave to escape from the custody of any officer or other person who may have such slave in custody, whether such slave has escaped from the service of his master or owner in this Territory or in any other State or Territory, the person so offending shall be guilty of felony, and punished by imprisonment at hard labor for a term of not less than two years.

"SEC. 10. If any marshal, sheriff, or constable, or the deputy of any such officer, shall, when required by any person, refuse to aid or assist in the arrest and capture of any

slave that may have escaped from the service of his master or owner, whether such slave shall have escaped from his master or owner in this Territory or any State or other Territory, such officer shall be fined in a sum of not less than one hundred nor more than five hundred dollars.

"Sec. 11. If any person print, write, introduce into, publish or circulate, or cause to be brought into, printed, written, published or circulated, or shall knowingly aid or assist in bringing into, printing, publishing or circulating within this Territory, any book, paper, pamphlet, magazine, handbill or circular, containing any statements, arguments, opinions, sentiment, doctrine, advice, or innuendo, calculated to produce a disorderly, dangerous or rebellious disaffection among the slaves in this Territory, or to induce such slaves to escape from the service of their masters, or resist their authority, he shall be guilty of felony, and be punished by imprisonment and hard labor for a term not less than five years.

"Sec. 12. If any free person, by speaking or by writing, assert or maintain that persons have not the right to hold slaves in this Territory, or shall introduce into this Territory, print, publish, write, circulate, or cause to be introduced into this Territory, written, printed, published or circulated in this Territory, any book, paper, magazine, pamphlet or circular containing any denial of the right of persons to hold slaves in this Territory, such person shall be deemed guilty of felony, and punished by imprisonment at hard labor for a term of not less than two years.

"Sec. 13. No person who is conscientiously opposed to holding slaves, or who does not admit the right to hold slaves in this Territory, shall sit as a juror on the trial of any prosecution for any violation of any of the sections of this act.

"This act to take effect and be in force from and after the fifteenth day of September, A. D. 1855."

By these laws only a Pro-Slavery man could hold office. Every officer, whether elected or appointed, was compelled to take an oath to support the Organic Act and the Fugitive Slave Law. (Page 516.)

The following is section 13, chapter 92, page 445:

"No person who is conscientiously opposed to the holding of slaves, or who does not admit the right to hold slaves in this Territory, shall be a juror in any cause in which the right to hold any person in slavery is involved, nor in any cause in which any injury done to or committed by any slave is in issue, nor in any criminal proceeding for the violation of any law enacted for the protection of slave property, and for the punishment of crimes committed against the right to such property."

Chapter 22, page 165, defines the terms "hard labor" and "convicts." A person found with a copy of the New York Tribune in his pocket, or who uttered a word against slavery, would probably remember his punishment. Section 2 of this law provides that the keeper "having charge of such convict, shall cause such convict, while engaged at such labor, to be securely confined by a chain six feet in length, of not less than four-sixteenths nor more than three-eighths of an inch links, with a round ball of iron, of not less than four nor more than six inches in diameter, attached, which chain shall be securely fastened to the ankle of such convict with a strong lock and key; and such keeper or other person having charge of such convict may, if necessary, confine such convict, while so engaged at hard labor, by other chains or other means, in his discretion, so as to keep such convict secure and prevent his escape; and when there shall be two or more convicts under the charge of such keeper, or other person, such convicts shall be fastened together by strong chains, with strong locks and keys, during the time such convicts shall be engaged in hard labor without the walls of any jail or prison." The next section of this law provides that the convict may be

"employed upon private hiring at labor." for fifty cents a day. This would place the Anti-Slavery man, with his ball and chain, at work in the field by the side of the slave.

The following is copied from the Report of the Special Committee appointed in 1856. to Investigate the Troubles in Kansas:

"The material differences in the Missouri and Kansas statutes are upon the following subjects:

"The qualifications of voters and of members of the Legislative Assembly; the official oath of all officers, attorneys, and voters; the mode of selecting officers, and their qualifications; the slave code, and the qualifications of jurors.

"Upon these subjects the provisions of the Missouri code are such as are usual in many of the States. But, by the 'Kansas Statutes' every officer in the Territory, executive and judicial, was to be appointed by the Legislature, or by some officer appointed by it. These appointments were not merely to meet a temporary exigency, but were to hold over two regular elections, and until after the general election in October, 1857. Thus, by the terms of these 'laws' the people have no control whatever over either the legislative, the executive, or the judicial departments of the Territorial Government, until a time, before which, by the natural progress of population, the Territorial Government will be superseded by a State government.

"No session of the Legislature is to be held during 1856, but the members of the House are to be elected in October of that year. A candidate, to be eligible at this election, must swear to support the Fugitive Slave Law, and each judge of election, and each voter, if challenged, must take the same oath. The same oath is required of every officer elected or appointed in the Territory, and of every attorney admitted to practice in the courts."

SEPTEMBER 1.—Andrew B. Moore, of Alabama, declines the appointment of Associate Justice, *vice* Elmore, removed.

SEPTEMBER 1.—Governor Shannon arrives at Westport, Missouri.

SEPTEMBER 5-6.—Big Springs Convention. Organization of the Free-State party. President, George W. Smith; Vice Presidents, John Fee, J. A. Wakefield, James Salsbury, and Amory Hunting; Secretaries, R. G. Elliott, D. Dodge, and A. G. Adams.

The following resolutions, reported by James H. Lane, were afterwards known as the "Big Springs Platform." It is the first platform of the Free-State party of the Territory:

"Whereas, The Free-State party of the Territory of Kansas is about to originate an organization for concert of political action in electing our own officers and moulding our institutions; and,

"Whereas, It is expedient and necessary that a platform of principles be adopted and proclaimed to make known the character of our organization, and to test the qualifications of candidates and the fidelity of our members; and,

"Whereas, We find ourselves in an unparalleled and critical condition—deprived by superior force of the rights guaranteed by the Declaration of Independence, the Constitution of the United States, and the Kansas Bill; and,

"Whereas, The great and overshadowing question, whether Kansas shall become a Free or Slave State, must inevitably absorb all other issues, except those inseparably connected with it; and,

"Whereas, The crisis demands the concert and harmonious action of all those who from principle or interest prefer free to slave labor, as well as of those who value the preservation of the Union, and the guarantees of Republican institutions by the Constitution: therefore,

"Resolved, That, setting aside all the minor issues of partisan politics, it is incumbent

upon us to proffer an organization calculated to recover our dearest rights, and into which Democrats and Whigs, native and naturalized citizens, may freely enter without any sacrifice of their respective political creeds, but without forcing them as a test upon others. And that when we shall have achieved our political freedom, vindicated our right of self-government, and become an independent State of the Union, when these issues may become vital as they are now dormant, it will be time enough to divide our organization by these tests, the importance of which we fully recognize in their appropriate sphere.

Resolved, That we will oppose and resist all non-resident voters at our polls, whether from Missouri or elsewhere, as a gross violation of our rights, and a virtual disfranchisement of our citizens.

Resolved, That our true interests, socially, morally and pecuniarily, require that Kansas should be a free State; that free labor will best promote the happiness, the rapid population, the prosperity and the wealth of our people; that slave labor is a curse to the master and the community, if not to the slave; that our country is unsuited to it, and that we will devote our energies as a party to exclude the institution, and to secure for Kansas the constitution of a free State.

Resolved, That the best interests of Kansas require a population of free white men, and that in the organization we are in favor of stringent laws excluding all negroes, bond or free, from the Territory; that nevertheless such measures shall not be regarded as a test of party orthodoxy.

Resolved, That the stale and ridiculous charge of Abolitionism, so industriously imputed to the Free-State party, and so persistently adhered to in spite of all the evidence to the contrary, is without a shadow of a truth to support it, and that it is not more appropriate to ourselves than it is to our opponents, who use it as a term of reproach, to bring odium upon us, pretending to believe in its truth, and hoping to frighten from our ranks the weak and the timid, who are more willing to desert their principles than they are to stand up under persecution and abuse, with a consciousness of right.

Resolved, That we will discountenance and denounce any attempt to encroach upon the constitutional rights of the people of any State, or to interfere with their slaves; conceding to their citizens the right to regulate their own institutions, and to hold and recover their slaves, without any molestation or obstruction from the people of Kansas."

The following resolutions, offered by James S. Emery, and written by ex-Gov. Reeder, were also adopted:

Resolved, That the body of men who, for the past two months, have been making laws for the people of our Territory, moved, counseled and dictated to by the demagogues of Missouri, are to us a foreign body, representing only the lawless invaders who elected them, and not the people of the Territory; that we repudiate their action as the monstrous consummation of an act of violence, usurpation and fraud, unparalleled in the history of the Union, and worthy only of men unfitted for the duties and regardless of the responsibilities of republicans.

Resolved, That having, by reason of numerical inferiority and want of preparation, been compelled to succumb to the outrageous oppression of armed and organized bands of the citizens of a neighboring State—having been robbed by force of the right of suffrage and self-government, and subjected to a foreign despotism, the more odious and infamous that it involves a violation of compacts with sister States, more sacred and solemn than treaties—we disown and disavow, with scorn and indignation, the contemptible and hypocritical mockery of a republican government into which this infamous despotism has been converted.

Resolved, That this miscalled Legislature, by their reckless disregard of the Organic Territorial Act, and other Congressional legislation, in expelling members whose title to seats was beyond their power to annul, in admitting members who were not elected, and in legislating at an unauthorized place—by their refusal to allow the people to select any of their own officers, by leaving us no elections save those prescribed by Congress, and therefore beyond their power to abrogate, and even at these selling the right of suffrage at our ballot-boxes to any non-resident who chooses to buy and pay

for it — by compelling us to take an oath to support a law of the United States, invidiously pointed out — by stifling the freedom of speech and of the press, thus usurping the power forbidden to Congress, has libeled the Declaration of Independence — violated the Constitutional Bill of Rights, and brought contempt and disgrace upon our republican institutions at home and abroad.

Resolved, That we owe no allegiance or obedience to the tyrannical enactments of this spurious Legislature — that their laws have no validity or binding force upon the people of Kansas, and that every free man among us is at full liberty, consistent with all his obligations as a citizen and a man, to resist them if he chooses so to do.

Resolved, That we will resist them primarily by every peaceable and legal means in our power, until we can elect our own representatives and sweep them from the statute book; and that as the majority of our Supreme Court have so far forgotten their official duty — have so far cast off the honor of a lawyer and the dignity of a judge as to enter, clothed with the judicial ermine, into a partisan contest, and by extra-judicial decisions giving opinions in violation of all propriety, having prejudged our case before we could be heard, and have pledged themselves to the outlaws in advance, to decide in their favor, we will therefore take measures to carry the question of the validity of these laws to a higher tribunal, where judges are unpledged and dispassionate — where the law will be administered in its purity, and where we can at least have a hearing before the decision.

Resolved, That we will endure and submit to these laws no longer than the best interests of the Territory require, as the least of two evils, and will resist them to a bloody issue as soon as we ascertain that peaceable remedies shall fail, and forcible resistance shall furnish any reasonable prospect of success; and that in the meantime we recommend to our friends throughout the Territory the organization and discipline of volunteer companies, and the procurement and preparation of arms.

Resolved, That we cannot and will not quietly submit to surrender our great American birthright — the elective franchise — which, first by violence, and then by chicanery, artifice, weak and wicked legislation, they have so effectually attempted to deprive us of, and that we with scorn repudiate the election law, so called, and will not meet with them on the day they have appointed for the election, but will ourselves fix upon a day for the purpose of electing a Delegate to Congress."

The Convention adopted a resolution offered by John Hutchinson, fully indorsing "the People's Convention of the 14th ult., for a delegate convention of the people of Kansas Territory, to be held at Topeka on the 19th inst., to consider the propriety of forming a State Constitution."

On motion of M. F. Conway, A. H. Reeder was nominated for Congress, by acclamation. It was decided to vote for a Delegate to the Thirty-fourth Congress on the second Tuesday in October.

SEPTEMBER 6.—John Donaldson commissioned as Auditor of Public Accounts.

SEPTEMBER 7.—Surveyor General's office removed to Wyandotte.

Governor Shannon, the second Governor appointed for the term of four years, takes the oath of office before Secretary Woodson. Commissions issued to the officers of Arapahoe county.

SEPTEMBER 12.—Bourbon county organized; Sam'l A. Williams, Probate Judge.

SEPTEMBER 13.—Sterling G. Cato, of Alabama, appointed Judge in place of Elmore, and J. M. Burrill, of Pennsylvania, in place of Johnston.

SEPTEMBER 17.—First meeting of the Commissioners of Riley county, at Ogden.

SEPTEMBER 19-20.—Convention at Topeka to take measures to form a Free-State Constitution. Called to order by George W. Smith, of Lawrence. *Officers:* President, W. Y. Roberts; Vice Presidents, J. A. Wakefield, P. C. Schuyler, L. P. Lincoln, J. K. Goodin, S. N. Latta, R. H. Phelan; Secretaries, E. D. Ladd, J. H. Nesbitt, M. W. Delahay. Among the delegates were Geo. W. Deitzler, Geo. W. Brown, John Speer, Jas. H. Lane, C. K. Holliday, and M. J. Parrott. *Committee on an Address to the People:* J. H. Lane, W. Y. Roberts, Hamilton Smith, P. C. Schuyler, H. Miles Moore, Jas. S. Emery, A. M. Jordan, M. W. Delahay, E. D. Ladd, G. W. Deitzler, J. A. Wakefield, Samuel C. Smith, Thos. J. Addis, J. H. Nesbitt, L. P. Lincoln, John Speer, G. W. Brown, S. N. Latta, James Pierce. An election was called for delegates to a Constitutional Convention at Topeka. *Territorial Executive Committee:* J. H. Lane, Chairman; C. K. Holliday, M. J. Parrott, P. C. Schuyler, G. W. Smith, G. W. Brown, and J. K. Goodin, Secretary.

SEPTEMBER 21.—A book issued with this title: "History of the Shawnee Indians, from the Year 1681 to 1854, inclusive. By Henry Harvey, a Member of the Religious Society of Friends. Cincinnati: Ephraim Morgan & Sons. 1855." pp. 316.

Mr. Harvey quotes from a report made to a Yearly Meeting of Friends, in London, the statement that the basin of the Cumberland was the early home of the Shawnees. He says the Shawnees were a party to the treaty made by William Penn, in 1682. The address to Congress, made at the Huron village, near the mouth of the Detroit river, December 18, 1786, was signed: The Five Nations, Hurons, Ottawas, Twitchtwees, Shawnees, Chippewas, Cherokees, Delawares, and Pottawatomies. The first treaty with the Shawnees was made at the mouth of the Great Miami, January 31, 1786.

In 1830, Mr. Harvey took charge of the Friends' School among the Shawnees in Ohio. In 1833, the Ohio Shawnees came to Kansas. Schools were established by the Friends, the Baptists, and the Methodists. Mr. Harvey took charge of the Friends' School in 1840. He left them in 1842. "In the year 1844," he says, "they were visited by a great flood, which swept off their houses, and a large amount of grain; many of their farms were laid waste." This flood extended through the whole Kansas river valley. In the year 1854, the Shawnees numbered 900 souls, and owned 1,600,000 acres of land.

Mr. Harvey's History contains much valuable information.

ELECTION OF DELEGATE TO CONGRESS, OCTOBER 1, 1855.

Counties.	Townships.	No. of votes cast for J. W. Whitefield.....	Scattering
Atchison.....	Grasshopper.....	7	.....
	Shannon.....	131	4
Bourbon.....		242	
Brown.....		4	
Calhoun.....		29	
Davis.....		8	4
Doniphan.....	Burr Oak.....	42	
	Iowa.....	31	
	Wayne.....	66	
	Washington.....	59	
	Wolf River.....	53	
Douglas.....	Franklin.....	86	
	Lawrence.....	42	
	Lecompton.....	101	
	Willow Springs.....	103	
Franklin.....		15	
Jefferson.....		42	3
Johnson.....		190	
Leavenworth.....	Alexandria.....	42	
	Delaware.....	239	
	Kickapoo.....	150	1
	Leavenworth.....	212	
	Wyandotte.....	246	5
Lykins.....		220	
Linn.....		67	
Madison.....	(See Wise county.)		
Marshall.....		171	
Nemaha.....		6	
Riley.....		28	
Shawnee.....	One Hundred and Ten.....	23	
	Tecumseh.....	52	
Wise.....	Council Grove.....	14	
Total.....		2,721	17

The Free-State men took no part in this election.

SEPTEMBER 24.—First meeting of the Commissioners of Calhoun county.

SEPTEMBER 25.—Mr. Greeley publishes the long address issued by the committee of the Western Missouri convention, held at Lexington, viz.: William B. Napton, Sterling Price, M. Oliver, and S. H. Woodson. He properly heads it, "Slavery better than Freedom. The wrong of Free Emigration."

SEPTEMBER 27.—New York holds its first Republican State convention. Other States have adopted the name—born of the Kansas struggle.

—Sharp's rifles are now mentioned as a part of the baggage of an emigrant to Kansas.

OCTOBER 3.—Meeting of Pro-Slavery men at Leavenworth. A. J. Isacks, J. A. Halderman, D. J. Johnson, W. G. Mathias, R. R. Rees, L. F. Hollingsworth and D. A. N. Grover issued an address, asking the "lovers of law and order" to obey the bogus laws, and declaring it treason to oppose them. It also called for a convention at Leavenworth, Nov. 14.

OCTOBER 6.—The Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser publishes a long let-

ter, written at Weston, Mo., Oct. 6, by B. F. Stringfellow. He says: "Abolition cannot be forced upon Kansas without more and better fighting men than can easily be found in all Abolitiondom."

OCTOBER 8.—Vote to fix the county seat of Leavenworth; 751 votes polled at Leavenworth, 838 at Kickapoo, and 899 at Delaware. The Herald, Pro-Slavery, says and proves that a large part of the votes at Kickapoo were cast by Missourians.

OCTOBER 9.—Election of Delegates to the Topeka Constitutional Convention.

ELECTION OF DELEGATES TO THE TOPEKA CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION, OCTOBER 9, 1855.

FIRST DISTRICT.

<i>Candidates.</i>	<i>Benton...</i>	<i>Palmyra...</i>	<i>Lawrence</i>
Chas. Robinson.....	67	16	[Poll-books mistaken, Total vote, 558.]
Jas. H. Lane.....	70	.....
G. W. Smith.....	70	16	
J. K. Goodin.....	61	16	
Edward Jones.....	30	16	
Morris Hunt.....	72	16	
Abraham Still.....	40	Total
Total.....	74	16	558

SECOND DISTRICT.

<i>Candidates.</i>	<i>Beneta.....</i>	<i>Bloomington...</i>
A. Curtiss.....	27	116
H. Burson.....	27	116
J. A. Wakefield.....	24	116
J. M. Turner.....	27	116
Total.....	27	116

THIRD DISTRICT.

<i>Candidates.</i>	<i>Tecumseh.....</i>	<i>Camp Creek...</i>	<i>Topeka,.....</i>	<i>Washington...</i>	<i>Brownsville...</i>
W. Y. Roberts.....	31	7	94	33	19
C. K. Holliday.....	31	7	104	33	19
J. Cowles.....	.....	.....	14	.....	.....
H. H. Wentworth.....	.....	.....	12	.....	.....
Edward Segraves.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....
Scattering.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....
P. C. Schuyler.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5
Total.....	31	7	119	33	24

FOURTH DISTRICT.

<i>Candidates.</i>	<i>Willow Springs.</i>
S. Mewhinney.....	55
William Graham.....	55
Total.....	55

FIFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Candidates.</i>	<i>Big Sugar.....</i>	<i>Pullmanville.....</i>	<i>Nosho.....</i>	<i>Little Osage.....</i>	<i>Oscarville.....</i>	<i>Little Sugar.....</i>	<i>Stanton.....</i>	<i>Alderman's.....</i>	<i>Hampden.....</i>
William Turner.....	24	49	8	16	67	32	35	8	33
James M. Arthur.....	24	49	8	16	67	32	35	9	33
M. T. Morris.....	23	49	8	16	66	32	35	9	33
Orville C. Brown.....	24	49	.....	16	66	32	35	.....	33
Richard Knight.....	24	49	.....	16	67	32	35	.....	33
Hamilton Smith.....	23	48	.....	16	66	32	35	.....	.....
Hiram Hoover.....	17	.....	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	13	.....
David C. Forbes.....	.....	.....	.....	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
N. S. Nichols.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
William S. Nichols.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	64	.....	7	.....	.....
Isaac Woolard.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	29	.....	.....
Frederick Brown.....	24	47	.....	16	64	32	35	.....	35
Total.....	24	49	13	16	67	32	35	13	33

SIXTH DISTRICT.

<i>Candidates.</i>	<i>House of R. J. Puryear.....</i>	<i>Scott Town.....</i>	<i>Chambria.....</i>
W. R. Griffith.....	12	.....	.....
John Hamilton.....	12	27	.....
A. W. J. Brown.....	12	.....	.....
Wm. Saunders.....	12	.....	.....
W. J. Griffith.....	.....	27	.....
T. H. Burgess.....	.....	24	.....
A. H. Brown.....	.....	26	.....
James H. Phenix.....	.....	.....	20
Total.....	12	27	20

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

NINTH DISTRICT.

<i>Candidate.</i>	<i>I. B. Trues's, Council City.</i>	<i>Candidates.</i>	<i>Wichitance.....</i>	<i>Candidates.</i>	<i>Panama.....</i>
Ph. C. Schuyler.....	60	J. H. Pillsbury.....	27	Robert Klotz.....	53
Total.....	62	P. C. Schuyler.....	27	A. Hunting.....	54
		Total.....	27	Total.....	76

TENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Candidates.</i>	<i>Rock Creek.</i>	<i>Big Blue.....</i>
Dr. A. Hunting.....	30	64
Robert Klotz.....	30	73
Total.....	30	80

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

No returns except Black Vermilion precinct; total, 14.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Candidates.</i>	<i>St. Marys....</i>	<i>Silver Lake..</i>
M. F. Conway.....	19	12
Joseph F. Coles.....		18
J. S. Thompson.....		21
Total.....	19	21

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Candidates.</i>	<i>Falls.....</i>	<i>Petersant Hill.....</i>
George S. Hillyer.....	43	.....
William Grigsbee.....	41	.....
William Hicks.....	.....	43
J. Whitney.....	.....	43
Total.....	43	43

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Candidates.</i>	<i>Palermo.....</i>	<i>Burr Oak...</i>	<i>Doniphan...</i>	<i>Wolf River..</i>
G. A. Cutler.....	40	33	18	18
John Landis.....	40	33	18	18
D. M. Field.....	40	33	18	18
C. M. Stewart.....	39	33	18	18
Total.....	40	33	18	18

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Candidates.</i>	<i>Crosby's Store.....</i>	<i>Preinct..</i>
Caleb May.....	29	.....
R. H. Crosby.....	29	.....
Stanford McDaniel.....		30
James S. Sayle.....		30
H. B. Gale.....		28
Charles S. Foster.....		2
Total.....	29	30

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Candidates.</i>	<i>Leavenworth..</i>	<i>Wyandotte.....</i>	<i>Ridge.....</i>	<i>Easton.....</i>	<i>Delaware.....</i>
M. J. Parrott.....	492	38	47	61	22
M. W. Delahay.....	405	38	47	61	22
Matt. France.....	493	38	47	61	22
S. N. Latta.....	493	38	47	61	22
Robert Riddle.....	493	38	47	61	22
D. Dodge.....	493	38	47	61	22
Total.....	514	38	47	63	22

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Candidates.</i>	<i>Mission...</i>	<i>Wakarusa</i>
William Graham.....	13	5
Samuel Mewhinney.....	13	5
Total.....	13	5

RECAPITULATION OF VOTES CAST.

<i>District.</i>	<i>Vote.</i>	<i>District.</i>	<i>Vote.</i>
First district.....	648	Eleventh district.....	14
Second district.....	143	Twelfth district.....	40
Third district.....	214	Thirteenth district.....	86
Fourth district.....	55	Fourteenth district.....	133
Fifth district.....	282	Fifteenth district.....	59
Sixth district.....	59	Sixteenth district.....	684
Seventh district.....	62	Seventeenth district.....	18
Eighth district.....	27	Total.....	2,710
Ninth district.....	76		
Tenth district.....	110		

OCTOBER 9.—ELECTION OF A. H. REEDER, DELEGATE TO CONGRESS.

No. Dist.	Place of Voting.	No. Votes.	No. Dist.	Place of Voting.	No. Votes.
1	Lawrence.....	557	10	Rock Creek.....	30
	Blanton.....	77	11	Black Vermilion.....	14
2	Palmyra.....	16	12	St. Mary's.....	19
	Bloomington.....	116		Silver Lake.....	28
	Benicia.....	27		Pleasant Hill.....	43
3	Brownsville.....	24	13	Falls Precinct.....	45
	Topeka.....	131		Hickory Point.....	11
	Tecumseh.....	31		Burr Oak.....	33
4	Big Springs.....	35	14	Doniphan.....	43
	Camp Creek.....	7		Palermo.....	32
	Willow Springs.....	54		Wolf River.....	17
5	Hampden.....	33	15	Oceana.....	32
	Neosho.....	16		Crosby's Store.....	39
	Stanton.....	44		Jackson Crane's.....	30
6	Osawatomie.....	74	16	Leavenworth.....	503
	Pottawatomie.....	56		Wyandotte.....	38
	Big Sugar Creek.....	28		Delaware.....	22
7	Little Sugar Creek.....	41	17	Easton.....	63
	Scott Town.....	27		Ridge Point.....	48
	Columbia.....	20		Wakarusa.....	7
8	Fuqua's.....	12	18	Mission.....	13
	Council City.....	62		Iowa Point.....	40
9	Wabannsee.....	26	18	Moorestown.....	16
	A. I. Baker's.....	16		Total.....	2,849
10	Pawnee.....	76			
	Big Blue.....	77			

OCTOBER 16.—Proclamation by the Free-State Committee, giving the names of the delegates to the Topeka Constitutional Convention.

OCTOBER 20.—Thomas J. B. Cramer commissioned as Territorial Treasurer.

OCTOBER 23.—Constitutional Convention meets at Topeka.

The following is an incomplete list of the members of the Topeka Constitutional Convention:

Name.	Age.	Occupation.	Native State.	Residence.	Politics.	From what State.
Arthur, James M.....	38	Farmer.....	Indiana.....	Sugar Creek..	Dem.....	Indiana.
Brown, Orville C.....	44	Farmer.....	New York.....	Osawatomie..	Freesoil..	New York.
Burson, H.....	36	Farmer.....	Virginia.....	Bloomington	Whig.....	Illinois.
Crosby, R. H.....	21	Merchant..	Maine.....	Oceana.....	Rep.....	Minn.Terr.
Curtiss, A.....	32	Lawyer.....	New York.....	Bloomington	None.....	Kentucky.
Cutler, G. A.....	23	Physician.	Tennessee..	Doniphan.....	Freesoil..	Missouri.
Delahay, M. W.....	27	Lawyer.....	Maryland..	Leavenw'th..	Dem.....	Alabama.
Dodge, D.....	25	Lawyer.....	New York..	Doniphan.....	Dem.....	New York.
Emery, J. S.....	26	Lawyer.....	Maine.....	Lawrence.....	Dem.....	New York.
Goodin, J. K.....	31	Lawyer.....	Ohio.....	Clear Lake...	Dem.....	Ohio.
Holliday, C. K.....	28	Lawyer.....	Pennsylv'a	Topeka.....	Dem.....	Pennsylv.
Hillyer, G. S.....	35	Farmer.....	Ohio.....	Grassh. Falls	Whig.....	Ohio.
Hunt, Morris.....	27	Lawyer.....	Ohio.....	Lawrence.....	Whig.....	Ohio.
Hunting, Amory.....	61	Physician.	Mass.....	Manhattan...	Rep.....	Rhode Isl.
Hicks, W. H.....	53	Farmer.....	Pennsylv'a	Dayton.....	Dem.....	Indiana.
Klotz, Robert.....	35	Merchant..	Pennsylv'a	Pawnee.....	Dem.....	Pennsylv.
Knight, Richard..	43	Clergyman	England...	Lawrence.....	Free St'te	Mass.
Lane, James H.....	33	Lawyer.....	Kentucky..	Lawrence.....	Dem.....	Indiana.
Latta, S. N.....	30	Lawyer.....	Ohio.....	Leavenw'th..	Whig.....	Iowa.
Landis, John.....	28	Farmer.....	Kentucky..	Doniphan.....	Dem.....	Missouri.
McDaniel, Sanford,	30	Farmer.....	Indiana.....	Round Pr'rie	Dem.....	Missouri.
Mewhinney, Sam'l,	45	Farmer.....	Ohio.....	Prairie City..	Dem.....	Illinois.
Parrott, M. J.....	26	Lawyer.....	S. Carolina.	Leavenw'th..	Dem.....	Ohio.
Roberts, W. Y.....	41	Farmer.....	Pennsylv'a	Washington..	Dem.....	Pennsylv.
Robinson, C.....	37	Physician.	Mass.....	Lawrence.....	Indep.....	Mass.
Sayle, James L.....	37	Farmer.....	Illinois.....	Kickapoo.....	Rep.....	Iowa.
Schuyler, P. C.....	50	Farmer.....	New York..	Council City,	Rep.....	New York.
Smith, G. W.....	50	Lawyer.....	Pennsylv'a	Franklin.....	Whig.....	Pennsylv.
Thompson, J. G.....	55	Saddler.....	Pennsylv'a	Topeka.....	Dem.....	Pennsylv.
Tuton, J. M.....	33	Clergyman	Tennessee..	Bloomington	Dem.....	Missouri.
Wakefield, J. A.....	59	Lawyer.....	S. Carolina	Bloomington	Whig.....	Iowa.

OFFICERS.

Name.	Age.	Office.	Occupation	Native State.	Residence.	Politics.	From what State.
Sam'l C. Smith.	27	Secretary.	Farmer ...	Mass.	Lawrence ..	Republican	Mass.
Chas. A. Foster	28	Ass't Sec.	Lawyer ...	Mass.	Osawato'ie.	Republican	Mass.
Sam. F. Tappan	24	Clerk	Mechanic	Mass.	Lawrence ..	Abol'unist..	Mass.
John Dailey....	24	Clerk	Farmer ...	Ind. ...	Topeka	Democrat ...	Indiana.
James Redpath	22	Reporter..	Journalist	Engl.	St. Louis ...	D. & Emanc	Louisiana.

ABSENT MEMBERS.

Messrs. Brown, Burgess, Field, France, Graham, Morris, Nichols, Phenis, Riddle, Hamden, Smith, Stewart, Turner, Vandever.

The Convention was called to order by J. A. Wakefield: prayer by Rev. Richard Knight: calling of the roll by Joel K. Goodin; twenty-one members, less than a quorum, present.

OCTOBER 23.—The Kansas Daily Freeman issued at Topeka. E. C. K. Garvey, publisher; J. F. Cummings, printer. The Weekly Freeman was started in July. The daily edition was printed during the sessions of the Constitutional Convention. The Historical Society has copies of ten numbers of this paper. The size of the paper is eight by twelve inches, with three columns to a page. It is an evening paper.

—Sale of lots at Leocompton.

OCTOBER 24.—James H. Lane elected President of the Convention, receiving fifteen votes, to five for W. Y. Roberts, and four for J. A. Wakefield. Samuel C. Smith was elected Secretary, and Rev. H. B. Burgess, Chaplain. Samuel F. Tappan appeared as reporter for the Herald of Freedom, and John Speer for the Kansas Tribune. Lane's speech, on taking the chair, marked out very briefly the policy the Convention ought to pursue. Why he made the following assertion, it would be difficult now to tell:

"When the Kansas-Nebraska bill was before Congress, no one of its supporters claimed that Kansas could ever become a Slave State; all, from the highest to the lowest, discarded the idea that slavery could ever be extended within her borders. Our Southern friends were among the most prominent in pressing this position before the country."

James Redpath was given a seat as a reporter for the Missouri Democrat, Wm. A. Phillips for the New York Tribune, and Joseph L. Speer for the Chicago Tribune. Mr. Redpath was elected Reporter for the Convention.

OCTOBER 25.—Samuel Collins killed by Patrick Laughlin, near Doniphan. Laughlin claimed originally to be a Free-State man, and became a member of the "Kansas Legion." He afterwards exposed this Free-State organization, and became a violent Pro-Slavery man. Gladstone thus describes the murder:

"Mr. Collins, who owned a saw-mill at Doniphan, was shot on political grounds by a violent Pro-Slavery man, named Patrick Laughlin. Laughlin came, it is said, originally from Ireland, and had rendered himself famous by an exposure, as it was termed, of the Kansas Legion. Laughlin was aided in this attack by three or four armed associates, and Mr. Collins's sons were present, and sought to defend their father. There was

considerable interchange of bowie-knife cuts and pistol-firing on this occasion, and the murderer himself was wounded. But the victim being a Free-State man, the law took no cognizance of the murder, and Laughlin found protection, and was rewarded by a situation in a shop in Atchison."

This is the first political murder in Kansas, and the victim is a Free-State man.

OCTOBER 26.—The printing for the Convention was divided, E. C. K. Garvey, John Speer and M. W. Delahay each receiving a portion.

—The vote on striking the word "white" out of the Constitution stood as follows: *Yeas*—Brown, Crosby, Hillyer, Hunting, Knight, Robinson, Schuyler—7. *Nays*—Arthur, Burson, Curtiss, Cutler, Delahay, Dodge, Hunt, Klotz, Lane, Latta, Landis, McDaniels, Mewhinney, Parrott, Roberts, Sayle, Smith, Thompson, Tuton, Wakefield, Hicks, Emery, Goodin, Holliday, Graham—25.

OCTOBER 27.—Meeting of the Kansas Emigrant Aid Society, of Muscogee, held in Columbus, Ga., and addressed by Senators Toombs and Iverson. Nine hundred dollars raised for slavery in Kansas. Toombs says: "Kansas is the key to the great West, the high road to the Pacific. The struggle in the Territory is for empire; it is worthy of our best, our noblest efforts."

OCTOBER 30.—John W. Whitfield receives his certificate as duly elected Delegate to the Thirty-fourth Congress.

OCTOBER 31.—The Squatter Sovereign says of the murder of Collins: "Thus it is that the fight so long talked about has begun, and it is to be hoped that it will not be discontinued until Kansas Territory is rid of this 'higher-law' and blood-thirsty set of negro-thieves and outlaws."

NOVEMBER 1.—Longfellow's poem issued, "The Song of Hiawatha."—William A. Phillips is the Kansas correspondent of the New York Tribune, and James Redpath of the St. Louis Democrat. The Tribune reports are very full.

NOVEMBER.—Governor Shannon advertises for proposals to erect capitol buildings at Leocompton.

NOVEMBER.—John Speer moves the Kansas Tribune from Lawrence to Topeka, and William W. Ross becomes his partner in its publication.

NOVEMBER 5.—Josiah H. Pillsbury having resigned, J. H. Nesbitt was elected and admitted to the convention as a delegate from the Eighth District.

NOVEMBER 6.—W. R. Griffith admitted as a delegate from the Sixth District, to the convention. M. F. Conway, elected a delegate, thus far prevented by sickness from taking a seat in the convention.

NOVEMBER 11.—The convention completes its labor, and submits a constitution to the people. The fourth of March is appointed as the time for organizing the State Government.

NOVEMBER 14.—A convention at Leavenworth organizes the "Law-and-Order" party. Governor Shannon presides. John Calhoun, Surveyor General, makes a bitter Pro-Slavery speech. J. H. Stringfellow, Daniel

Woodson and Judge Lecompte are present. Marcus J. Parrott is hissed down.

NOVEMBER.—The scrip issued by the Free-State Executive Committee amounted to \$15,265.90. The first Topeka Legislature, as required by the constitution, made provision for its redemption, but the laws of that body were only on paper, and the scrip was not paid.

NOVEMBER 21.—Charles W. Dow killed by Franklin N. Coleman, Pro-Slavery, near Hickory Point, Douglas county. The Free-State men held a meeting on the 22d, at the scene of the murder. That night Sheriff Jones arrested Jacob Branson, with whom Dow had lived, for taking part in the Free-State meeting. Jones, with his prisoner and a posse of fourteen men, proceeded towards Lecompton, via Blanton. Near J. B. Abbott's house, at Blanton, Jones's party was confronted by fifteen Free-State men, among them Samuel N. Wood, J. B. Abbott, and Samuel F. Tappan. They requested Branson to leave the Sheriff's party; he did so. Jones sent to Shawnee Mission for aid. A meeting was held in Lawrence, and was addressed by Branson. A mob from Missouri was feared, and the citizens were placed under arms. On the 2d of December, Free-State companies from Bloomington, Wakarusa and Palmyra had arrived in Lawrence. Jones, with a body-guard, rode through Lawrence. Gen. Richardson and staff dined with J. H. Lane. A company of 100 armed Free-State men arrived from Topeka at nine in the evening. On Monday, the 3d, a proclamation was received from Gov. Shannon calling upon all good citizens to aid the sheriff in the recapture of Branson. It was dated November 29. A public meeting, through Chas. Robinson, chairman, reported that there was no association of lawless men in Lawrence. The roar of the cannon at Franklin, where the invaders are massed, is occasionally heard in the Free-State town. On Tuesday, the 4th, it is reported that Judge Cato's court has found bills of indictment against the leading Free-State men. Loaded wagons destined for Lawrence are stopped and robbed of provisions and ammunition. Messengers are sent to Gov. Shannon, asking him to remove the mob which is menacing Lawrence. Dr. C. Robinson is elected Commander-in-Chief, and the citizen soldiery is fully organized. On Friday, the 7th, news is received of the murder of Thomas W. Barber, the previous afternoon, while returning to his home, near Bloomington, from Lawrence. He was accompanied by his brother, Robert Barber, and his brother-in-law, Thos. Pierson. Four miles southwest of Lawrence they met twelve horsemen, who were going to Franklin. The Free-State men, refusing to surrender, were fired upon. One ball passed through the body of Thomas W. Barber; he rode a short distance, fell, and expired. His body was brought to Lawrence, which he had so lately been engaged in defending. Gov. Shannon arrives, and consults with Robinson and Lane. Shannon, at night, goes to Franklin. John Brown and four sons, all armed, are in Lawrence. On Saturday, the 8th, Gov. Shannon again appears, with Col. Boone, of Westport, Mo., and one or two others. News is received that

S. C. Pomeroy, who had left Lawrence to go to the Eastern States, is a prisoner at Franklin. The body of Barber is temporarily buried. Robinson and Lane go back to the Pro-Slavery camp with Shannon. Sunday morning, December 9th, was extremely cold. Negotiations with Gov. Shannon were finally completed, and were made known by Lane and Robinson. A supper for Gov. Shannon was arranged for Monday night; he was not present. It was a joyful occasion for the citizens. On Tuesday, the 11th, the volunteer companies from other towns took their departure. Of Gov. Shannon, the Herald of Freedom says: "He came, learned the facts, and, like an honorable man, has done what he could to retrace his steps."

On Saturday, the 15th, a public funeral was given to the remains of Thos. W. Barber. The sermon was preached at the Free-State Hotel, by Rev. L. B. Dennis; addresses were delivered by Lane and Robinson. Lane said Dow and Barber were the first martyrs of freedom in Kansas, and monuments should be erected to their memory.

—There was a Hickory Point ten miles south of Lawrence, on the Santa Fé road, and another Hickory Point in Jefferson county. It was at the former place that Dow was killed. The Free-State resistance to an officer, Samuel J. Jones, who was the Sheriff of Douglas county, and Postmaster of Westport, Mo., led to the "Wakarusa War," as it was called, the Pro-Slavery militia being called into the field as a Sheriff's posse, to aid him in making arrests and executing the law.

NOVEMBER 25.—"Lane's Thanksgiving" proclamation, as it was called, issued. It was brief and political, and made Christmas the Thanksgiving day. It was "given at the office of the Executive Committee of Kansas Territory, in the City of Topeka;" signed by J. H. Lane, Chairman, and attested by J. K. Goodin, Secretary.

NOVEMBER 27.—Secretary Daniel Woodson writes to Gen. Eastin to proceed to Leocompton with his division. "As the Governor has no power," he says, "you may call out the Platte Rifle Company; they are always ready to help us. Whatever you do, do not implicate the Governor." The Platte Rifles were in Missouri.

NOVEMBER 27.—Sheriff Jones writes to Gov. Shannon that "open rebellion" exists, and calls for "three thousand men to carry out the laws."

NOVEMBER 27.—Gov. Shannon orders Maj. Gen. Wm. P. Richardson, of the Territorial Militia, "to collect as large a force as you can in your division, and repair without delay to Leocompton, and report yourself to S. J. Jones, Sheriff of Douglas county." A similar order is sent to Hiram J. Strickler, Adjutant General.

NOVEMBER 28.—Gov. Shannon informs President Pierce of a fearful state of affairs. He says: "It is vain to conceal the fact; we are standing on a volcano."

NOVEMBER 28.—Lucien J. Eastin, Brigadier General, orders his brigade to arms, there being "a state of open rebellion" in Douglas county.

NOVEMBER 29.—Proclamation by the Governor, calling upon the citizens to support the laws.

NOVEMBER 29.—At a meeting in Lawrence it is resolved to form a military organization. A Committee of Safety is appointed. Dr. Chas. Robinson is made Commander-in-Chief of the military forces, and Col. James H. Lane is placed second in command.

The Pro-Slavery forces begin to collect at Franklin, near the mouth of the Wakarusa, four miles east of Lawrence. The militia of Richardson and Strickler is at Lecompton, and David R. Atchison, with the Platte County (Missouri) Riflemen, is on the Kaw, north of Lawrence.

The Free-State men at Lawrence send dispatches to the President, to Congress, and to Col. Sumner, at Fort Leavenworth. About 800 men are enrolled, among them John Brown and his sons.

Col. Sumner writes to Gov. Shannon that he cannot act until he receives orders from the Government. C. W. Babcock and G. P. Lowry visit Gov. Shannon at Shawnee Mission, on behalf of the people of Lawrence. Gov. Shannon visits the Wakarusa camp, and endeavors to avert bloodshed.

DECEMBER 2.—Dispatch from Governor Shannon to Sheriff Jones. It closes thus:

"Let me know the number of warrants you have, and the names of defendants. I will probably accompany Colonel Sumner's command."

DECEMBER 3.—Lawrence beleaguered.

—The Supreme Court meets at Lecompton.

DECEMBER 4.—Jeremiah Burrill and Sterling G. Cato take their seats as Associate Justices. Judge Burrill was in Kansas only a short time. He returned to Greensburg, Pennsylvania, and died in October, 1856. Thomas Cunningham, of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, was appointed his successor. He visited Kansas, and resigned without entering upon the duties of his office.

DECEMBER.—Reeder and Whitfield both claim a seat in Congress; both receive mileage. Neither was allowed a seat.

DECEMBER 6.—Thomas W. Barber, Free-State, shot and killed by Geo. W. Clarke, Pottawatomie Indian Agent, about four miles southwest of Lawrence.

—About 1,500 Missourians are encamped on the Wakarusa. Lawrence nearly surrounded.

DECEMBER 6.—"The Kansas Region," by Max. Greene, reviewed in the New York Tribune.

DECEMBER 6.—The Montgomery (Alabama) Mail announces a proposed sale of "forty likely negroes," by "a friend of ours," "for the purpose of raising funds to carry to Kansas two or three hundred emigrants able and willing to vote, and bear arms too, against the Abolitionists."

DECEMBER 6.—Governor Shannon writes to Colonel Sumner to go to Lawrence, saying: "It is peace, not war, that we want, and you have the power to secure peace." Colonel Sumner replies that he cannot act without orders.

DECEMBER 7.—Governor Shannon in Lawrence.

DECEMBER 8.—Governor Shannon makes a treaty with the Free-State Generals. The paper is signed by Shannon, Robinson and Lane. Robinson and Lane go to Franklin and return without a guard.

DECEMBER 9.—Governor Shannon orders Generals Richardson and Strickler and Sheriff Jones to disband their forces.

—John Brown opposed the treaty of peace. He was for fighting and dying, now, if need be.

DECEMBER 15.—At the election on the adoption or rejection of the Topeka Constitution, at Leavenworth, the Pro-Slavery men carried off the ballot-box. They also destroyed the office of the Territorial Register, a Free-State paper, at Leavenworth, edited by Mark W. Delahay.

VOTE ON THE ADOPTION OF THE TOPEKA CONSTITUTION,
DECEMBER 15, 1855.

Districts.....	Precincts.	Constitution.....	No Constitution..		General Banking Law.		Exclusion of Negroes and Mulattoes.		Number of votes cast.....
			Yes...	No...	Yes...	No...	Yes...	No...	
1	Lawrence.....	348	1	225	83	133	223	356	
	Blanton.....	72	2	59	14	48	20	76	
	Palmyra.....	11	.....	9	3	12	.....	12
2	Franklin.....	48	.....	31	15	48	2	53
	Bloomington.....	137	.....	122	11	113	15	137
	East Douglas.....	18	.....	13	4	14	4	18
3	Topeka.....	135	.....	125	9	69	64	136
	Washington.....	42	.....	41	1	42	.....	42
	Brownsville.....	24	.....	22	2	22	2	24
4	Tecumseh.....	35	.....	23	11	35	.....	35
	Prairie City.....	72	.....	39	33	69	3	72
	Little Osage.....	21	7	16	12	23	7	31	
5	Big Sugar.....	18	2	5	16	20	.....	21
	Neosho.....	12	.....	6	6	12	.....	12
	Pottawatomie.....	39	3	21	19	25	18	43	
7	Little Sugar.....	42	18	33	13	42	2	60	
	Stanton.....	32	.....	4	33	33	5	37
	Osawatimie.....	56	1	33	20	38	17	59	
8	Titus.....	39	5	32	7	25	15	44	
	Juniata.....	30	.....	23	6	10	19	31
	Ohio City.....	21	.....	16	5	20	1	21
9	Mill Creek.....	20	.....	.....	20	20	.....	20
	St. Marys.....	14	.....	.....	14	14	.....	14
	Wabaunsee.....	19	.....	17	1	7	11	19
10	Pawnee.....	45	.....	15	29	40	5	45
	Grasshopper Falls.....	54	.....	19	34	50	3	54
	Doniphan.....	22	2	5	14	21	.....	22
11	Burr Oak.....	23	.....	7	16	22	1	23
	Jesse Padon's.....	12	.....	1	11	12	.....	12
	Occana.....	28	.....	8	20	28	.....	28
12	Kickapoo.....	20	.....	7	13	16	4	20
	Pleasant Hill.....	47	.....	37	6	45	1	47
	Indianola.....	19	.....	.....	18	19	.....	19
13	Whitfield.....	7	.....	3	4	6	.....	7
	Wolf River.....	24	.....	11	12	18	6	.....
	St. Joseph Bottom.....	15	.....	4	9	14	1	15
14	Mount Pleasant.....	32	.....	32	1	30	2	33
	Easton.....	71	7	53	19	71	.....	73
	Mission.....	7	.....	3	.....	1	2	7
Total.....		1,731	46	1,120	564	1,287	453	1,778	

NOTE.—The poll-book at Leavenworth was destroyed. The vote cast there October 9, 1855, was 514.

DECEMBER 16.—Funeral of Barber.

DECEMBER 22.—A convention at Lawrence nominates State officers under the Topeka Constitution. The conservative Free-State men bolt, and nominate a "Free-State Anti-Abolition" ticket.

—The members of the secret society of Free-State men, formed this year at Lawrence, are variously called "Defenders," "Regulators," and "Danites."

DECEMBER 26.—The Kickapoo Pioneer of this date says:

"But the Abolitionists, or Free-State men, if you please, have become dissatisfied, and are willing to violate the Constitution of their country, which explicitly recognizes Slavery, and disfranchise themselves as loyal citizens, for the purpose of stealing negroes, and committing other unconstitutional and unlawful depredations. Should such men receive any compassion from an orderly, Union-loving people? No! It is this class of men that have congregated at Lawrence, and it is this class of men that Kansas must get rid of. And we know of no better method than for every man who loves his country, and the laws by which he is governed, to meet in Kansas and kill off this God-forsaken class of humanity as soon as they place their feet upon our soil."

THE TOPEKA CONSTITUTION.

PREAMBLE.

We, the people of the Territory of Kansas, by our delegates in Convention assembled at Topeka, on the 23d day of October, A. D. 1855, and of the Independence of the United States the eightieth year, having the right of admission into the Union as one of the United States of America, consistent with the Federal Constitution, and by virtue of the treaty of cession by France to the United States of the Province of Louisiana, in order to secure to ourselves and our posterity the enjoyment of all the rights of life, liberty and property, and the free pursuit of happiness, do mutually agree with each other to form ourselves into a free and independent State, by the name and style of the STATE OF KANSAS, bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point on the western boundary of the State of Missouri where the thirty-seventh parallel of north latitude crosses the same; thence west on said parallel to the eastern boundary of New Mexico; thence north on said boundary to latitude thirty-eight; thence following said boundary westward to the eastern boundary of the Territory of Utah, on the summit of the Rocky Mountains; thence northward on said summit to the fortieth parallel of said latitude; thence east on said parallel to the western boundary of the State of Missouri; thence south with the western boundary of said State to the place of beginning; and do ordain and establish the following Constitution and Bill of Rights for the government thereof.

ARTICLE I.—BILL OF RIGHTS.

SECTION 1. All men are by nature free and independent, and have certain inalienable rights, among which are those of enjoying and defending life and liberty, acquiring, possessing, and protecting property, and seeking and obtaining happiness and safety.

SEC. 2. All political power is inherent in the people. Government is instituted for their equal protection and benefit; and they have the right to alter, reform or abolish the same whenever they may deem it necessary; and no special privileges or immunities shall ever be granted that may not be altered, revoked, or repealed by the General Assembly.

SEC. 3. The people have the right to assemble together, in a peaceable manner, to consult, for their common good, to instruct their representatives, and to petition the General Assembly for the redress of grievances.

SEC. 4. The people have the right to bear arms for their defense and security, but standing armies in time of peace are dangerous to liberty, and shall not be kept up; and the military shall be kept in strict subordination to the civil power.

SEC. 5. The right of trial by jury shall be inviolate.

SEC. 6. There shall be no slavery in this State, nor involuntary servitude, unless for the punishment of crime.

SEC. 7. All men have a natural and indefeasible right to worship Almighty God according to the dictates of their own conscience. No person shall be compelled to attend, erect or support any place of worship, or maintain any form of worship, against his consent; and no preference shall be given by law to any religious society; nor shall any interference with the rights of conscience be permitted. No religious test shall be required as a qualification for office, nor shall any person be incompetent to be a witness on account of his religious belief; but nothing herein shall be construed to dispense with oaths and affirmations. Religion, morality, and knowledge, however, being essential to good government, it shall be the duty of the General Assembly to pass suitable laws to protect every religious denomination in the peaceable enjoyment of its own mode of public worship, and to encourage schools and the means of instruction.

SEC. 8. The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless in case of rebellion or invasion the public safety requires it.

SEC. 9. All persons shall be bailable by sufficient sureties, unless for capital offenses where the proof is evident, or the presumption great. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishment inflicted.

SEC. 10. Except in cases of impeachment, and cases arising in the army and navy, or in the militia, when in actual service, in time of war or public danger, and in cases of petit larceny and other inferior offenses, no person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime unless on presentment or indictment of a grand jury. In any trial, in any court, the party accused shall be allowed to appear and defend in person, and with counsel; to demand the nature and cause of the accusation against him, and to have a copy thereof; to meet the witnesses face to face, and to have compulsory process to procure the attendance of witnesses in his behalf, and a speedy public trial by an impartial jury of the county or district in which the offense is alleged to have been committed; nor shall any person be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, or be twice put in jeopardy for the same offense.

SEC. 11. Every citizen may freely speak, write and publish his sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of the right; and no law shall be passed to restrain or abridge the liberty of speech or of the press. In all criminal prosecutions or indictments for libel, the truth may be given in evidence to the jury; and if it shall appear to the jury that the matter charged as libelous is true, and was published with good motives, and for justifiable ends, the party shall be acquitted.

SEC. 12. No person shall be transported out of the State for any offense committed within the same, and no conviction shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture of estate.

SEC. 13. No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner; nor in time of war, except in a manner prescribed by law.

SEC. 14. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and possessions, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrant shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons and things to be seized.

SEC. 15. No person shall be imprisoned for debt in any civil action, on mesne or final process, unless in case of fraud.

SEC. 16. All courts shall be open; and every person for an injury done him in his land, goods, person, or reputation, shall have remedy by due course of law, and justice administered without denial or delay.

SEC. 17. No hereditary emoluments, honors, or privileges, shall ever be granted or conferred by this State.

SEC. 18. No power of suspending laws shall ever be exercised, except by the General Assembly.

SEC. 19. The payment of a tax shall not be a qualification for exercising the right of suffrage.

SEC. 20. Private property shall ever be held inviolate, but subservient to the public welfare. When taken in time of war, or other public exigency imperatively requiring its immediate seizure, or for the purpose of making or repairing roads which shall be open to the public use without toll or other charge therefor, a compensation shall be made to the owner in money; and in all other cases where private property shall be taken for public use, a compensation therefor shall first be made in money, or first

secured by a deposit of money; and such compensation shall be assessed by a jury, without deduction for benefits to any property of the owner.

SEC. 21. No indenture of any negro or mulatto, made and executed out of the bounds of the State, shall be valid within the State.

SEC. 22. This enumeration of rights shall not be construed to impair or deny others retained by the people; and all powers not herein delegated shall remain with the people.

ARTICLE II.—ELECTIVE FRANCHISE.

SECTION 1. In all elections by the people, the vote shall be by ballot; and in all elections in the General Assembly, the vote shall be *viva voce*.

SEC. 2. Every white male person, and every civilized male Indian who has adopted the habits of the white man, of the age of twenty-one years and upward, who shall be at the time of offering to vote a citizen of the United States; who shall have resided, and had his habitation, domicile, home, and place of permanent abode in the State of Kansas for six months next preceding the election at which he offers his vote; who, at such time, and for thirty days immediately preceding such time, shall have had his actual habitation, domicile, home, and place of abode in the county in which he offers to vote; and who shall have resided in the precinct or election district for at least ten days immediately preceding the election, shall be deemed a qualified elector at all elections under this Constitution, except at elections by general ticket in the State or district prescribed by law, in which case the elector must have the aforesaid qualifications, but a residence in said district for ten days will entitle him to vote: *Provided*, That no soldier, seaman, or marine of the regular army of the United States shall be considered a resident of the State in consequence of being stationed within the same.

SEC. 3. The General Assembly shall, at its first session, provide for the registration of all qualified electors in each county, and thereafter, from time to time, of all who may become qualified electors.

SEC. 4. The Legislature shall have power to exclude from every office of honor, trust or profit, within the State, and from the right of suffrage, all persons convicted of any infamous crime.

SEC. 5. No person shall be deemed capable of holding or being elected to any post of honor, profit, trust or emolument, civil or military, or exercise the right of suffrage under the government of this State, who shall hereafter fight a duel, send or accept a challenge to fight a duel, or who shall be a second to either party, or who shall in any manner aid or assist in such a duel, or who shall be knowingly the bearer of such challenge or acceptance, whether the same occur or be committed in or out of the State.

SEC. 6. No person who may hereafter be collector or holder of public moneys shall be eligible to any office of trust or profit in the State until he shall have accounted for and paid into the proper public treasury all sums for which he may be accountable.

SEC. 7. No State officer or member of the General Assembly of this State shall receive a fee, be engaged as counsel, agent or attorney, in any case or claim against the State.

SEC. 8. No Senator or Representative shall, during the term of office for which he shall have been elected, be appointed to any civil office of profit in this State which shall have been created, or the emoluments of which shall have been increased, during such term, except such offices as may be filled by election by the people.

SEC. 9. All officers, civil and military, in this State, before they enter upon the duties of their respective offices, shall take the following oath or affirmation: "I, _____, do swear [or affirm] that I will support the Constitution of the United States, and of the State of Kansas; that I am duly qualified, according to the Constitution, to exercise the office to which I have been elected [or appointed], and will, to the best of my abilities, discharge the duties thereof faithfully and impartially, according to law."

SEC. 10. Every person shall be disqualified from holding any office of honor or profit in this State, who shall have been convicted of having given or offered any bribe to procure his election, or who shall have made use of any undue influence from power, tumult, or other improper practices.

SEC. 11. All civil officers of the State shall reside within the State, and all district and county officers within their respective districts and counties, and shall have their offices at such places as may be required by law.

SEC. 12. Returns of elections for members of Congress, the General Assembly, and

all other officers not otherwise provided for, shall be made to the Secretary of State, in such manner as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 13. Electors shall in all cases be privileged from arrest during their attendance on elections, and in going to and returning therefrom, except in case of felony, treason, and breach of the peace.

ARTICLE III.—DISTRIBUTION OF POWERS.

SECTION 1. The powers of the Government shall be divided into three separate departments—the Legislative, the Executive, (including the Administrative,) and the Judicial; and no person charged with official duties under one of these departments shall exercise any of the functions of another, except as in this Constitution expressly provided.

ARTICLE IV.—LEGISLATIVE.

SECTION 1. The legislative power of this State shall be vested in the General Assembly, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

SEC. 2. The Senators and Representatives shall be chosen annually by the qualified electors of the respective counties or districts for which they are chosen, on the first Monday of August, for one year, and their term of office shall commence on the first day of January next thereafter.

SEC. 3. There shall be elected at the first election, twenty Senators and sixty Representatives, and the number afterward shall be regulated by law.

SEC. 4. No person shall be eligible to the office of Senator or Representative, who shall not possess the qualifications of an elector.

SEC. 5. No person holding office under the authority of the United States, or any lucrative office under the authority of this State, shall be eligible to or hold a seat in the General Assembly; but this provision shall not extend to township officers, justices of the peace, notaries public, postmasters, or officers of the militia.

SEC. 6. Each house, except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, shall choose its own officers, determine its own rule of proceeding, punish its members for disorderly conduct, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member, but not the second time for the same cause; and shall judge of the qualification, election and return of its own members, and shall have all other powers necessary for its safety, and the undisturbed transaction of business.

SEC. 7. Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and publish the same. The yeas and nays on any question shall, at the request of two members, be entered on the journal.

SEC. 8. Any member of either house shall have the right to protest against any act or resolution thereof; and such protest and reason therefor shall, without alteration, commitment or delay, be entered on the journal.

SEC. 9. All vacancies which may occur in either house shall, for the unexpired term, be filled by election as shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 10. Senators and Representatives shall, in all cases except treason, felony or breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during the session of the General Assembly, and in going to and returning from the same; and for words spoken in debate they shall not be questioned in any other place.

SEC. 11. A majority of all the members elected to each house shall be necessary to pass every bill or joint resolution, and all bills and joint resolutions so passed shall be signed by the presiding officers of the respective houses, and presented to the Governor for his approval.

SEC. 12. The doors of each house, and of committees of the whole, shall be kept open. Neither house shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than two days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses may be sitting, except for personal safety.

SEC. 13. Every bill shall be read by sections on three several days in each house, unless in case of emergency. Two-thirds of the house where such bill is pending may, if deemed expedient, suspend the rules on a call of the yeas and nays; but the reading of a bill by sections on its final passage shall in no case be dispensed with; and the vote on the passage of every bill or joint resolution shall be taken by yeas and nays.

SEC. 14. Every act shall contain but one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in

its title. Bills may originate in either house, but may be altered, amended or rejected by the other.

SEC. 15. In all cases where a general law can be made applicable, special laws shall not be enacted.

SEC. 16. No act shall ever be revived or amended by mere reference to its title; but the act revived or the section amended shall be set forth and published at full length.

SEC. 17. No act shall take effect until the same shall have been published and circulated in the counties of the State by authority, except in case of emergency, which emergency shall be declared in the preamble, or the body of the law.

SEC. 18. The election and appointment of all officers, and the filling of all vacancies not otherwise provided for by this Constitution or the Constitution of the United States, shall be made in such manner as shall be prescribed by law; but no appointing power shall be exercised by the General Assembly, except as provided in this Constitution and in the election of the United States Senator, and in these cases the vote shall be taken *viva voce*.

SEC. 19. The General Assembly shall not have power to enact laws annulling the contract of marriage in any case where, by law, the courts of this State may have power to decree a divorce.

SEC. 20. The General Assembly shall not have power to pass retroactive laws, or laws impairing the obligation of contracts, but may, by general laws, authorize courts to carry into effect, upon such terms as shall be just and equitable, the manifest intention of parties and officers, by curing omissions, defects, and errors in instruments, and proceedings arising out of a want of conformity with the laws of this State.

SEC. 21. The style of the laws of this State shall be: "*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Kansas.*"

SEC. 22. The House of Representatives shall have the sole power of impeachment. All impeachments shall be tried by the Senate, and, when sitting for the purpose, the Senators shall be upon oath or affirmation to do justice according to law and evidence. No person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of all the Senators present.

SEC. 23. The Governor and all other civil officers under the laws of this State shall be liable to impeachment for any misdemeanor in office, but judgment in such cases shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold any office of honor, profit or trust under this State. The party, whether convicted or acquitted, shall nevertheless be liable to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to law.

SEC. 24. Within one year after the ratification of this Constitution, and within every subsequent two years thereafter, for the term of ten years, an enumeration of all the white inhabitants of this State shall be made, in such manner as shall be directed by law.

SEC. 25. All regular sessions of the General Assembly shall be held at the capital of the State, and shall commence on the first Tuesday of January, annually.

SEC. 26. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives, subject, however, to amendment or rejection, as in other cases.

SEC. 27. The members of the General Assembly shall receive for their services the sum of four dollars per day for each and every day they are actually in attendance at any regular or special session, and four dollars for every twenty miles they shall travel in going to and returning from the place of meeting, by the most usually traveled route; and no session of the General Assembly, except the first, under this Constitution, shall extend beyond the term of sixty days, nor any special session more than forty days.

ARTICLE V.—EXECUTIVE.

SECTION 1. The Executive Department shall consist of a Governor, a Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Auditor, and Attorney General, who shall be chosen by the electors of the State at the same time and place of voting for the members of the General Assembly.

SEC. 2. The Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Auditor, Attorney General, and State Printer, shall hold their office for two years. Their terms of office shall commence on the first Tuesday of January next after their election, and

continue until their successors are elected and qualified—neither of which officers shall be eligible for reelection more than two out of three consecutive terms; nor shall any person be eligible for the office of Governor who shall not have attained the age of thirty years.

SEC. 3. The returns of every election for the officers named in the foregoing section shall be sealed up and transmitted to the seat of Government by the returning officers, directed to the Secretary of State, who shall lay the same before the General Assembly at their first meeting thereafter, when they shall open, publish and declare the result thereof, in the presence of a majority of the members of both houses. The person having the highest number of votes shall be declared duly elected, and a certificate thereof given to such person, signed by the presiding officers of both bodies; but if any two or more shall be highest and equal in votes for the same office, one of them shall be chosen by the joint vote of both houses.

SEC. 4. The supreme executive power shall be vested in a Governor.

SEC. 5. He may require information in writing from the officers in the Executive Department upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and shall see that the laws are faithfully executed.

SEC. 6. He shall communicate at every session by message, to the General Assembly, the condition of the affairs of the State, and recommend such measures as he shall deem expedient, for their action.

SEC. 7. He may, on extraordinary occasions, convene the General Assembly by proclamation, and shall state to both houses when assembled the purposes for which they were convened.

SEC. 8. In case of disagreement between the two houses, in respect to the time of adjournment, he shall have power to adjourn the General Assembly to such time as he may think proper, but not beyond the regular meeting thereof.

SEC. 9. He shall be Commander-in-Chief of the military in the State, except when they shall be called into the service of the United States.

SEC. 10. The pardoning power shall be vested in the Governor, under such regulations and restrictions as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 11. There shall be a seal of the State, the device of which shall be fixed upon by the Governor and other State officers, be kept by the Governor and used by him officially, and shall be called "The Great Seal of the State of Kansas."

SEC. 12. All grants and commissions shall be used in the name and by the authority of the State of Kansas, sealed with the great seal, signed by the Governor, and countersigned by the Secretary of State.

SEC. 13. No member of either house of Congress, or other persons holding office under the authority of this State, or of the United States, shall execute the office of Governor except as herein provided.

SEC. 14. In the case of death, impeachment, resignation, removal or other disability of the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor shall exercise the duties of the office of Governor until another Governor shall be duly qualified; but in such case another Governor shall be chosen at the next annual election for members of the General Assembly, unless such death, resignation, impeachment, removal, or other disability shall occur within three calendar months immediately preceding such next annual election, in which case a Governor shall be chosen at the second succeeding annual election for members of the General Assembly; and in case of the death, impeachment, resignation, removal, or other disability of the Lieutenant Governor, the President of the Senate, *pro tem.*, shall exercise the office of Governor until a Governor shall be duly qualified as aforesaid.

SEC. 15. The Lieutenant Governor shall be President of the Senate, but shall vote only when the Senate is equally divided, and shall be entitled to the same pay as the Speaker of the House of Representatives; and in case of his death, impeachment, resignation, removal from office, or when he shall exercise the office of Governor, the Senate shall choose a President *pro tem.*

SEC. 16. Should the office of Secretary of State, Treasurer, Auditor, or Attorney General become vacant, for any of the causes specified in the fourteenth and fifteenth sections, the Governor shall fill the vacancy or vacancies until the disability is removed, or a successor is elected and qualified. Every such vacancy shall be filled by election,

at the first general election that occurs more than thirty days after such vacancy shall have occurred, and the person chosen shall hold the office for the full term fixed in the second section of this article.

SEC. 17. The officers mentioned in this article shall, at stated times, receive for their services, compensation to be fixed by law, which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which they shall have been elected.

SEC. 18. The officers of the Executive Department and of the public State institutions shall, at least ten days preceding each regular session of the General Assembly, severally report to the Governor, who shall transmit the same to the General Assembly.

SEC. 19. Every bill which shall have passed both houses shall be presented to the Governor. If he approve, he shall sign the same; but if he shall not approve, he shall return it, with his objections, to the house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large upon the journal, and proceed to reconsider the same. If after such reconsideration, two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, with the objections, to the other house, by which, likewise, it shall be reconsidered; and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall be a law. But in such case the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for or against the bill shall be entered upon the journals of the houses respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the Governor within five days (Sunday excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, it shall be a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the General Assembly, by their adjournment, prevented its return, in which case it shall also be a law, unless sent back within two days after the next meeting.

SEC. 20. Contested elections for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Judges of the Supreme Court, and all other State officers, shall be determined by the General Assembly, in such manner as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 21. The General Assembly shall have power to provide by law for the election of a Surveyor General, State Geologist, and Superintendent of Common Schools, whose duties shall be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE VI.—JUDICIAL.

SECTION 1. The judicial power of the State shall be vested in a Supreme Court, Courts of Common Pleas, Justices of the Peace, and in such other courts inferior to the Supreme Court as the General Assembly may establish.

SEC. 2. The Supreme Court shall consist of three judges, a majority of whom shall form a quorum. It shall have such original and appellate jurisdiction as may be provided by law. It shall hold at least one term each year at the seat of government, and such other terms as may be provided by law. The Judges of the Supreme Court shall be elected by the electors of the State at large.

SEC. 3. The State shall be divided by the first General Assembly under this Constitution into three Common Pleas districts of compact territory, bounded by county lines, and as nearly equal in population as practicable; and a Judge for each district shall be chosen by the electors thereof, and their term of office shall be for three years.

SEC. 4. The Courts of Common Pleas shall consist of one Judge each, who shall reside within the district for which he is chosen during his continuance in office.

SEC. 5. The jurisdiction of the Court of Common Pleas, and of the Judges thereof, shall be fixed by law.

SEC. 6. A competent number of justices of the peace shall be elected by the electors in each township of the several counties. The term of office shall be for three years, and their powers and duties shall be fixed by law.

SEC. 7. All Judges, other than those provided for in the Constitution, shall be elected by the electors of the judicial district for which they may be created, but not for a longer term of office than three years.

SEC. 8. The Judges of the Supreme Court shall, immediately after the first election under this Constitution, be classified by lot, so that one shall hold for the term of one year, one for the term of three years; and all subsequent elections the term of each of said Judges shall be for three years.

SEC. 9. In case the office of any judge shall become vacant before the expiration of the term for which he was elected, the vacancy shall be filled by appointment by the Governor until a successor shall be elected and qualified; and such successor shall be

elected for the residue of the unexpired term at the first annual election that occurs more than thirty days after such vacancy shall have happened.

SEC. 10. The Judges of the Supreme Court and of the Courts of Common Pleas shall, at stated times, receive such compensation as may be provided by law, which shall not be increased nor diminished during their term of office; but they shall receive no fees or perquisites, nor hold any other office of profit and trust under the State, other than a judicial office.

SEC. 11. The General Assembly may increase or diminish the number of the Judges of the Supreme Court, the number of districts of the Courts of Common Pleas, the number of Judges in any district, or establish other courts, whenever two-thirds of the members elected to each house shall concur therein; but no such change, addition or diminution shall vacate the office of any Judge.

SEC. 12. There shall be elected in each county, by the electors thereof, one Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, who shall hold his office for the term of three years, and until his successor shall be elected and qualified.

SEC. 13. The General Assembly shall provide by law for the speedy publication of the decisions of the Supreme Court made under this Constitution.

SEC. 14. The Supreme Court shall, upon the decision of every case, give an opinion in writing of each question arising in the record in such case, and the decision of the court thereon.

SEC. 15. There shall be elected, by the voters of the State, a Clerk and a Reporter for the Supreme Court, who shall hold their offices for three years, and whose duties shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 16. Judges may be removed from office by concurrent resolution of both houses of the General Assembly, if two-thirds of the members elected to each house concur therein; but no such removal shall be made except upon complaint, the substance of which shall be entered upon the journal, nor until the party thereof charged shall have had notice thereof, and an opportunity to be heard.

SEC. 17. The several Judges of the Supreme Court, of the Court of Common Pleas, and of such other courts as may be created by law, shall respectively have and exercise such power and jurisdiction, at chambers or otherwise, as may be provided by law.

SEC. 18. The style of all process shall be, "The State of Kansas." All prosecutions shall be carried on in the name and by the authority of the State of Kansas, and all indictments shall conclude, "against the peace and dignity of the State of Kansas."

ARTICLE VII.—EDUCATION.

SECTION 1. The principal of all funds arising from the sale or other disposition of lands or other property granted or intrusted to this State, for educational and religious purposes, shall forever be preserved inviolate and undiminished, and the income arising therefrom shall be faithfully applied to the specific objects of the original grants or appropriations.

SEC. 2. The General Assembly shall make such provision, by taxation or otherwise, as, with the income arising from the school-trust fund, will secure a thorough and efficient system of common schools throughout the State; but no religious or other sect or sects shall ever have any exclusive right to, or control of, any part of the school funds of this State.

SEC. 3. The General Assembly may take measures for the establishment of a university, with such branches as the public convenience may hereafter demand, for the promotion of literature, the arts, sciences, medical and agricultural instruction.

SEC. 4. Provision may be made by law for the support of normal schools, with suitable libraries, and scientific apparatus.

ARTICLE VIII.—PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

SECTION 1. It shall be the duty of the General Assembly, at as early a date as possible, to provide State asylums for the benefit, treatment, and instruction of the blind, deaf and dumb, and insane.

SEC. 2. The General Assembly shall make provision for the establishment of an asylum for idiots, to be regulated by law.

SEC. 3. The respective counties of the State shall provide in some suitable manner for

those inhabitants who by reason of age, infirmity, or other misfortune, may have claims upon the sympathy and aid of society; under provisions to be made by the laws of the General Assembly.

SEC. 4. The General Assembly shall make provision for the establishment of houses of refuge for the correction, reform and instruction of juvenile offenders.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the General Assembly to make provision as soon as possible for a State General Hospital.

ARTICLE IX.—PUBLIC DEBT AND PUBLIC WORKS.

SECTION 1. No money shall be paid out of the treasury except in pursuance of an appropriation by law.

SEC. 2. The credit of the State shall never be given or loaned in aid of any individual association or corporation.

SEC. 3. For the purpose of defraying extraordinary expenditures, the State may contract public debts, but such debts shall never in the aggregate exceed one hundred thousand dollars, unless authorized by a direct vote of the people at a general election. Every such debt shall be authorized by law, and every such law shall provide for the payment of the annual interest of such debt, and the principal within ten years from the passage of such law; and such appropriation shall not be repealed until the principal and interest shall have been wholly paid.

SEC. 4. The Legislature may also borrow money to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, or defend the State in time of war; but the money thus raised shall be applied exclusively to the object for which the loan was authorized, or repayment of the debts thereby created.

SEC. 5. No scrip, certificate, or other evidence of State debt whatever, shall be issued, except for such debts as are authorized by the third and fourth sections of this article.

ARTICLE X.—MILITIA.

SECTION 1. The militia shall consist of all able-bodied white male persons between the ages of eighteen and forty years, except such as may be exempt by the laws of the United States, or of this State, and shall be organized, officered, armed, equipped, and trained, in such manner as may be provided by law.

SEC. 2. The Governor shall appoint the Adjutant, Quartermaster and Commissary Generals.

SEC. 3. All militia officers shall be commissioned by the Governor, and shall hold their offices not longer than three years.

SEC. 4. The General Assembly shall determine the method of dividing the militia into divisions, brigades, regiments, battalions, and companies, and fix the rank of all officers.

SEC. 5. The militia may be divided into classes, in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 6. No person conscientiously opposed to bearing arms shall be compelled to do military duty; but such person shall pay an equivalent for such exemption, the amount to be prescribed by law.

SEC. 7. The first General Assembly shall offer inducements for the formation, uniforming, and drilling of independent volunteer companies in the different cities and counties in this State.

ARTICLE XI.—FINANCE AND TAXATION.

SECTION 1. The General Assembly shall provide by law for a uniform and equal rate of assessment and taxation; and taxes shall be levied upon all such property, real and personal, as the General Assembly may from time to time prescribe; but all property appropriated and used exclusively for municipal, literary, educational, scientific, or charitable purposes, and personal property to an amount not exceeding one hundred dollars for each head of a family, and all property appropriated and used exclusively for religious purposes, to an amount not exceeding \$200,000, may by general laws be exempted from taxation.

SEC. 2. The General Assembly shall provide by law for an annual tax sufficient to defray the estimated ordinary expenses of the State for each year.

SEC. 3. Every law imposing a tax shall state distinctly the object of the same, to which it shall be applied.

SEC. 4. On the passage, in either house of the General Assembly, of any law which imposes, continues, or renews a tax, or makes, continues, or renews an appropriation of public or trust money, or releases, discharges, or commutes a claim or demand of the State, the question shall be taken by yeas and nays, which shall be duly entered on the journal; and three-fifths of all the members elected to such house shall, in all such cases, be required to constitute a quorum.

ARTICLE XII.—COUNTY AND TOWNSHIP OFFICERS.

SECTION 1. The General Assembly shall provide by law for the election of county, city, town and township officers.

SEC. 2. All officers whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, shall be elected by the people, or appointed, as the General Assembly may by law direct.

SEC. 3. Provision shall be made by law for the removal, for misconduct or malversation in office, of all officers whose powers and duties are not local or legislative, and who shall be elected at general elections, and also for supplying vacancies created by such removal.

SEC. 4. The Legislature may declare the cases in which any office shall be deemed vacant, where no provision is made for that purpose in this Constitution.

ARTICLE XIII.—CORPORATIONS.

SECTION 1. The General Assembly shall not create corporations by special act, except for municipal purposes.

SEC. 2. Corporations may be formed under general laws, but such laws may at any time be altered or repealed.

ARTICLE XIV.—JURISPRUDENCE.

SECTION 1. The General Assembly, at its first session, shall constitute three commissioners, whose duty it shall be to revise, reform, simplify and abridge the rules of practice, pleadings, forms and proceedings of the courts of record of this State, and to provide, so far as practicable and expedient, that justice shall be administered by intelligent and uniform proceedings, without any distinction between law and equity.

SEC. 2. The proceedings of the commissioners shall be reported to the General Assembly, and be subject to the action of that body.

ARTICLE XV.—MISCELLANEOUS.

SECTION 1. The first General Assembly shall locate the permanent seat of government.

SEC. 2. Lotteries and the sale of lottery tickets for any purpose whatever shall forever be prohibited in the State.

SEC. 3. No person shall be elected or appointed to any office in this State unless they possess the qualifications of an elector.

SEC. 4. There may be established in the Secretary of State's office a Bureau of Statistics and Agriculture, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law, and provision shall be made by the General Assembly for the organization and encouragement of State and county agricultural associations.

SEC. 5. The first General Assembly shall provide by law for securing to the wife the separate property acquired by her before or after coverture, and the equal right with the husband to the custody of their children during their minority; and in case of death, insanity, intemperance, or gross impropriety of the husband, their exclusive custody.

ARTICLE XVI.—AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.

SECTION 1. All propositions for amendments to the Constitution shall be made by the General Assembly.

SEC. 2. A concurrence of two-thirds of the members elected to each house shall be necessary, after which such proposed amendments shall be entered upon the journals, with the yeas and nays; and the Secretary of State shall cause the same to be published in at least one newspaper in each county in the State where a newspaper is published,

for at least six months preceding the next election for Senators and Representatives, when such proposed amendments shall be again referred to the Legislature elected next succeeding said publication. If passed by the second Legislature, by a majority of two-thirds of the members elected to each house, such amendments shall be republished as aforesaid for at least six months prior to the next general election, at which election such proposed amendments shall be submitted to the people for their approval or rejection; and if the majority of the electors voting at such election shall adopt such amendments, the same shall become a part of the Constitution.

SEC. 3. When more than one amendment is submitted at the same time, they shall be so submitted as to enable the electors to vote upon each amendment separately.

SEC. 4. No convention for the formation of a new Constitution shall be called, and no amendment to the Constitution shall be by the General Assembly made, before the year 1865, nor more than once in five years thereafter.

ARTICLE XVII.—BANKS AND CURRENCY.

SECTION 1. No banks shall be established otherwise than under a general banking law.

SEC. 2. If the General Assembly shall enact a general banking law, such law shall provide for the registry and countersigning by the Auditor of State of all paper credit designed to be circulated as money, with ample collateral security, readily convertible into specie, for the redemption of the same in gold or silver, shall be required; which collateral security shall be under the control of the proper officer or officers of State. Such law shall restrict the aggregate amount of all paper credit to be circulated as money, and the aggregate amount to be put in circulation in any one year; and no note issued under the provision of this section shall be of a less denomination than ten dollars.

SEC. 3. The stockholders in every bank or banking company shall be individually liable to an amount over and above their stock equal to their respective shares of stock, for all debts and liabilities of said bank or banking company.

SEC. 4. All bills or notes issued as money shall be at all times redeemable in gold or silver; and no law shall be passed sanctioning, directly or indirectly, the suspension, by any bank or banking company, of specie payments.

SEC. 5. Holders of bank notes shall be entitled, in case of insolvency, to preference of specie payment over all other creditors.

SEC. 6. No bank shall receive, directly or indirectly, a greater rate of interest than shall be allowed by law to individuals loaning money.

SEC. 7. Every bank or banking company shall be required to cease all banking operations within twenty years from the time of its organization, and promptly thereafter to close its business.

SEC. 8. The State shall not be a stockholder in any bank or banking institution.

SEC. 9. All banks shall be required to keep officers and proper offices for the issue and redemption of their paper at some accessible and convenient point within the State.

SEC. 10. The said banking law shall contain a provision reserving the power to alter, amend or repeal said law.

SEC. 11. At the time of submitting this Constitution to the electors for their approval or disapproval, the articles numbered, in relation to a general banking law, shall be submitted as a distinct proposition in the following form: General Banking Law—yes, or no; and if a majority of the votes cast shall be in favor of said article, then the same shall form a part of this Constitution; otherwise it shall be void, and form no part thereof.

SCHEDULE.

In order that no inconvenience may arise from the organization and establishment of a State Government, and that the wishes of the people may be fully accomplished, it is declared—

FIRST: That no existing rights, suits, prosecutions, claims and contracts shall be affected by a change in the form of government.

SECOND: That this Constitution shall be submitted to the people of Kansas for ratification on the fifteenth day of December next.

THIRD: That each qualified elector shall express his assent or dissent to the Constitution by voting a written or printed ticket, labeled "Constitution," or, "No Constitu-

tion," which election shall be held by the same judges, and conducted under the same regulations and restrictions, as are hereinafter provided for the election of members of the General Assembly; and the judges therein named shall, within ten days after said election, seal up and transmit to the Chairman of the Executive Committee of Kansas Territory the result of said election, who shall forthwith make proclamation of the same. And in case the Constitution be ratified by the people, the Chairman of the Executive Committee shall cause publication to be made by proclamation that an election will be held on the third Tuesday of January, A. D. 1856, for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Auditor, Judges of Supreme Court, State Printer, Attorney General, Reporter of the Supreme Court, Clerk of the Supreme Court, and members of the General Assembly, which said election shall be held by the same judges, under the same restrictions and conducted in the same manner, as is hereinafter provided for the election of members of the General Assembly; and the judges herein named are hereby required, within ten days after said election, to seal up and transmit duplicate copies of the returns of said election to the Chairman of the Executive Committee, one of which shall be laid before the General Assembly at its first meeting.

FOURTH: At the same time and place, the qualified voters shall, under the same regulations and restrictions, elect a member of Congress, to represent the State of Kansas in the Thirty-fourth Congress of the United States; the returns of said election to be made to the Chairman of the Executive Committee, who shall deposit the same in the office of the Secretary of State as soon as he shall enter upon the discharge of the duties of his office.

FIFTH: The General Assembly shall meet on the fourth day of March, A. D. 1856, at the city of Topeka, at 12 M., at which time and place the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Judge of the Supreme Court, Treasurer, Auditor, State Printer, Reporter and Clerk of the Supreme Court, and Attorney General, shall appear, take the oath of office, and enter upon the discharge of the duties of their respective offices under this Constitution, and shall continue in office in the same manner and during the same period that they would have done had they been elected on the first Monday of August, A. D. 1856.

SIXTH: Until otherwise provided by law, the State shall be divided into election districts, and the Senators and Representatives shall be apportioned among the several districts, as follows:

First District.—Commencing in the Kansas river, at the mouth of Cedar creek; thence up said river to the first tributary above the town of Lawrence; thence up said tributary to its source; thence by a direct line to the west side of Johnson's house; thence by a due south line to the Santa Fé road, and along the middle of said road to a point due south of the source of Cedar creek; thence due north to the source of said Cedar creek, and down the same to the place of beginning.

Second District.—Commencing at the mouth of Big Spring branch, on the south bank of the Kansas river; thence up said branch to its furthest source; thence by a southerly line crossing the Wakarusa river, on the east side of the house of Charles Matney, to the middle of the Santa Fé road; thence along the middle of said road to the line of the First District; thence by the same along the west side of the house of — Johnson, to the head of the first tributary of the Kansas above the town of Lawrence; and thence by the same tributary to the Kansas river, and up the south bank of said river to the mouth of Big Spring branch, the place of beginning.

Third District.—Commencing at the mouth of Big Spring branch, on the south side of the Kansas river; thence up the same to its furthest source; thence by a southerly line to the north bank of the Wakarusa river, on the east side of the house of Charles Matney; thence up said river and its main branch to the line of the Pottawatomie Reservation; and thence by the southern and western line of said Reservation to the Kansas river, and down the said river to the place of beginning.

Fourth District.—Commencing at the Missouri State line, in the middle of the Santa Fé road; thence along the middle of said road to Rock creek, near the 65th mile of said road; thence south to the line of the Shawnee Reservation ceded by the treaty of 1854; thence due east along the south line of said Reservation and the north lines of the existing Reservations of the Sacs and Foxes, the existing Reservations of the Chippewas

and Ottawas, and the Reservations of the Piankeshaws, Weas, Peorias and Kaskaskias, to the Missouri State line; thence up the Missouri State line to the place of beginning.

Fifth District.—Commencing at the Missouri State line, at the southern boundary of the Fourth District; thence west along the same to the northwest corner of the Sac and Fox Reservation; thence due south along the western line thereof, and due south to the south branch of the Neosho river, about seventy miles above the Catholic Osage Mission; thence down said river to the north line of the Reserve for the New York Indians; and east along said line to the head-waters of Little Osage river, or the nearest point thereto; and thence down said river to the Missouri State line, and up said line to the place of beginning.

Sixth District.—Commencing on the Missouri State line, in Little Osage river; thence up the same to the line of the Reserve for the New York Indians, or the nearest point thereto; thence to and by the north line of said Reserve to the Neosho river, and up said river and the south branch thereof to the head; and thence by a due south line to the southern line of the Territory; thence by the southern and eastern lines of said Territory to the place of beginning.

Seventh District.—Commencing at the east side of the house of Charles Matney, on the Wakarusa river; thence due south to the middle of the Santa Fé road; thence westwardly along the middle of said road to Rock creek, near the 65th mile of said road; thence due south to the north line of the Sac and Fox Reservation; thence along the north and west line thereof, and due south to the Neosho river; thence up said river to a point due south of the mouth of Elm creek; thence due north to the mouth of Elm creek and up said creek to the Santa Fé road, and thence by a direct line in a northerly direction to the southwest corner of the Pottawatomie Reservation; thence along the southern line of said Reservation to the head-waters of the Wakarusa river, or the point nearest thereto; thence to and down the said river to the place of beginning.

Eighth District.—Commencing at the mouth of Elm creek, one of the branches of Osage river; thence up the same to the Santa Fé road; thence by a direct northerly line to the southwest corner of the Pottawatomie Reservation; thence up the western line thereof to Kansas river; thence up said river and the Smoky Hill Fork, beyond the most westerly settlements; thence due south to the line of the Territory; thence by the same to the line of the Sixth District; thence due north to the head of the south branch of the Neosho river; thence down said river to the line of the Seventh District; thence due north to the place of beginning.

Ninth District.—Commencing at Smoky Hill Fork, beyond the most westerly settlements; thence down the same and the Kansas river, to the mouth of Wild Cat creek; thence up said creek to the head-waters thereof; thence due north to the Independence emigrant road; thence up said road to the north line of the Territory; thence west along the same, beyond the most westerly settlements; and thence due north to the place of beginning.

Tenth District.—Commencing at the mouth of Vermilion river; thence up the same beyond the house of Josiah D. Adams; thence due north to the Independence emigrant road; thence up the middle of said road to the line of the Ninth District; thence by the same to the head of Wild Cat creek, and down said creek to the Kansas river; thence down said river to the place of beginning.

Eleventh District.—Commencing in the Vermilion river, opposite the north side of the house of Josiah D. Adams; thence up said river to the head of the main branch; thence due north to the military road from Fort Leavenworth to Fort Kearny; thence along the middle of said road to the crossing of the Vermilion branch of the Blue; thence due north to the northern line of the Territory; thence west along said line to the Independence emigrant road; thence down said road to a point due west of the north end of the house of Josiah D. Adams, and due east to the place of beginning.

Twelfth District.—Commencing at the mouth of Soldier creek, in the Kansas river; thence up said creek to the head of the main branch; thence due north to the military road from Fort Leavenworth to Fort Kearny; thence along the middle of said road to the line of the Eleventh District; thence due south to the head of Vermilion river, down Vermilion river to the mouth, and down Kansas river to the place of beginning.

Thirteenth District.—Commencing in the Kansas river, at a point three miles above the mouth of Stranger creek; thence in a northwardly direction by a line corresponding to, and three miles west of, the several courses of said creek to the line of the late Kickapoo Reservation; thence by the southern and western line of said Reservation to the military road from Fort Leavenworth to Fort Kearny; thence along the middle of said road to the line of the Twelfth District; thence due south to the head of Soldier creek; down Soldier creek to the mouth, and down Kansas river to the place of beginning.

Fourteenth District.—Commencing at the mouth of Independence creek; thence up said creek to the head of the main branch, and thence due west to the line of the late Kickapoo Reservation; thence north along said line, and the line of the late Sac and Fox Reservation, to the north line of the Territory; thence along said line eastwardly to the Missouri river, and down said river to the place of beginning.

Fifteenth District.—Commencing at the mouth of Salt creek, on the Missouri river; thence up said creek to the military road, and along the middle of said road to the lower crossing of Stranger creek; thence up said creek to the line of the late Kickapoo Reservation, and thence along the southern and western line thereof to the line of the Fourteenth District; thence by the same, and down Independence creek, to the mouth thereof, and thence down the Missouri river to the place of beginning.

Sixteenth District.—Commencing at the mouth of Salt creek; thence up said creek to the military road; thence along the middle of said road to the lower crossing of Stranger creek; thence up said creek to the line of the late Kickapoo Reservation, and thence along the same to the line of the Thirteenth District, and thence by the same, along a line corresponding to the course of Stranger creek, and keeping three miles west thereof, to the Kansas river; thence down the Kansas river to the Missouri, and up the Missouri river to the place of beginning.

Seventeenth District.—Commencing at the mouth of the Kansas river; thence up the south bank thereof to the mouth of Cedar creek; thence up Cedar creek to its source; and thence due south to the Santa Fé road; along the middle of said road to the Missouri State line, and along said line to the place of beginning.

Eighteenth District.—Commencing in the military road at the crossing of the Vermilion branch of Blue river; thence due north to the line of the Territory; thence east along said line to the Fourteenth District; thence due south along said line to the aforesaid military road, and along the middle of said road to the place of beginning.

SENATORIAL AND REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICTS.

First.—The First Election District shall be entitled to three Senators and eight Representatives.

Second.—The Second Election District shall be entitled to one Senator and three Representatives.

Third.—The Third Election District shall be entitled to one Senator and three Representatives.

Fourth.—The Fourth and Seventeenth Election Districts shall constitute the Fourth Senatorial and Representative District, and be entitled to one Senator and two Representatives.

Fifth.—The Fifth Election District shall be entitled to three Senators and nine Representatives.

Sixth.—The Sixth, Seventh and Eighth Election Districts shall constitute the Sixth Senatorial and Representative District, and be entitled to two Senators and five Representatives.

Seventh.—The Ninth and Tenth Election Districts shall constitute the Seventh Senatorial and Representative District, and be entitled to one Senator and four Representatives.

Eighth.—The Eleventh and Twelfth Election Districts shall constitute the Eighth Senatorial and Representative District, and be entitled to one Senator and three Representatives.

Ninth.—The Thirteenth Election District shall constitute the Ninth Senatorial and Representative District, and be entitled to one Senator and two Representatives.

Tenth.—The Fourteenth and Eighteenth Election Districts shall constitute the Tenth Senatorial and Representative District, and be entitled to two Senators and seven Representatives.

Eleventh.—The Fifteenth Election District shall constitute the Eleventh Senatorial and Representative District, and be entitled to one Senator and five Representatives.

Twelfth.—The Sixteenth Election District shall constitute the Twelfth Senatorial and Representative District, and be entitled to three Senators and nine Representatives.

SEC. 3. Until otherwise provided by law, the election in the several districts shall be held at the following places, and the following-named persons are hereby appointed as judges of the elections.

[Next follow the places for holding the elections, and the names of the judges.]

INSTRUCTIONS TO JUDGES.

SEC. 7. The three judges will provide for each poll, ballot-boxes for depositing the ballots cast by electors; shall appoint two clerks, all of whom shall be sworn or affirmed to discharge the duties of their respective offices impartially and with fidelity; and the judges and clerks shall have power to administer the oath or affirmation to each other; and the said judges shall open said election at 9 o'clock A. M., at the place designated in each precinct, and close the same at 6 o'clock P. M. In case any of the officers appointed fail to attend, the officer or officers in attendance shall supply their places; and in the event of all of them failing to attend, the qualified voters shall supply their places; and the said judges shall make out duplicate returns of said election, seal up and transmit the same within ten days to the Chairman of the Executive Committee, one copy of which is to be laid before the General Assembly. If at the time of holding said election it shall be inconvenient, from any cause whatever that would disturb or prevent the voters of any election precinct in the Territory from the free and peaceable exercise of the elective franchise, the officers are hereby authorized to adjourn said election into any other precinct in the Territory, and to any other day they may see proper, of the necessity of which they shall be the exclusive judges, at which time and place the qualified voters may cast their votes.

SEC. 8. Until otherwise provided by law, the Chairman of the Executive Committee of Kansas Territory shall announce by proclamation the result of the elections, and the names of persons elected to office.

SEC. 9. No person shall be entitled to a seat in the first General Assembly at its organization, except the members whose names are contained in the proclamation of the Chairman of the Executive Committee; but after the General Assembly is organized, seats may be contested in the usual way.

SEC. 10. Certificates of indebtedness may be issued by the Territorial Executive Committee for all necessary expenses accruing in the formation of the State Government, not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars; provided no certificate shall be issued except for legitimate expenses. All claims shall be made in writing, and shall be numbered, and kept on file in the Secretary's office; and all certificates of indebtedness shall be signed by the President and Secretary, and countersigned by the Treasurer, and numbered to correspond with the numbers of the claim or bill for which it was issued. The certificates shall bear ten per cent. interest per annum.

SEC. 11. The first General Assembly shall provide by law for the redemption of the certificates of indebtedness issued under the provisions of the foregoing section.

SEC. 12. Until the great seal of the State of Kansas is agreed upon and procured, as provided for in the 11th section of the 5th article of this Constitution, the Governor shall use his own private seal as the seal of the State.

SEC. 13. At the election for the ratification of this Constitution, and the first election for State officers, a representation in the Congress of the United States and members of the General Assembly of this State, an actual residence in the Territory of thirty days immediately preceding said election shall be sufficient as a qualification for an elector, and an actual residence of ninety days for the candidates; provided said elector and candidates possess all the other qualifications required by the provisions of this Constitution.

SEC. 14. The first Legislature shall provide by law for the enforcement of the pro-

visions of the 6th section of the Bill of Rights, on or before the 4th day of July, 1857, as to all persons in the Territory before the adoption of this Constitution; and as to all others, the provisions of said section shall operate from and after the ratification of this Constitution by the people.

ROBERT KLOTZ.	CALEB MAY.	W. Y. ROBERTS.
M. J. PARROTT.	S. MEWHINNEY.	G. W. SMITH.
M. W. DELAHAY.	A. CURTISS.	J. G. THOMPSON.
W. R. GRIFFITH.	A. HUNTING.	G. A. CUTLER.
G. S. HILLYER.	R. KNIGHT.	J. K. GOODIN.
WM. HICKS.	O. C. BROWN.	J. M. TUTON.
S. N. LATTI.	W. GRAHAM.	THOMAS BELL.
JOHN LANDIS,	MORRIS HUNT.	R. H. CROSBY.
H. BURSON.	J. H. NESBITT.	P. C. SCHUYLER.
C. W. STEWART.	C. K. HOLLIDAY.	C. ROBINSON.
J. M. ARTHUR.	DAVID DODGE.	M. F. CONWAY.
J. L. SAYLE.	J. A. WAKEFIELD.	J. S. EMERY.

SAM. C. SMITH, *Secretary.*

J. H. LANE, *President.*

CHAS. A. FOSTER, *Asst. Secretary.*

1856.

JANUARY 4.—The Free-State Executive Committee appoints “a deputation, consisting of Messrs. Lane, Emery, Hunt, Goodin, Dickey, Holliday and Sampson, to visit the United States, to plead before the people the cause of Kansas,” etc. The cities to be visited are named in the Executive Order.

JANUARY 7.—First meeting of the Commissioners of Anderson county.

JANUARY 12.—A large Free-State meeting in Lawrence. The Committee on Resolutions, James H. Lane, Chairman, reported a single resolution, in favor of “a Free-State Government in Kansas, without delay, emanating from the people and responsible to them.” The meeting was addressed by Chas. Robinson, Jas. H. Lane, Martin F. Conway, James Redpath, G. P. Lowry, John Speer, Mr. Mallory, and Jas. F. Legate.

JANUARY 12.—Lawrence has a weekly mail to Leavenworth.

—During the winter, the Legislatures of some of the Southern States appropriated money to send men to Kansas. Armed bodies of men came from several Southern States.

JANUARY 15.—Election of State officers under the Topeka Constitution.

JANUARY.—Alabama appropriates \$25,000 "to equip and transport emigrants to Kansas."

JANUARY 17.—Printers' Festival at Lawrence. Speeches by James Redpath, M. F. Conway, Frank B. Swift, Chas. V. Eskridge, Chas. E. Lenhart, Mrs. Sam'l N. Wood, and others.

—The election under the Topeka Constitution for State officers was held at the house of T. A. Minard, in Easton, Leavenworth county, on the 17th. On Friday morning, January 18th, Stephen Sparks, a Free-State man, while on his way home from the election, with his son and nephew, was surrounded by Ruffians. Capt. Reese P. Brown went to their assistance, and rescued them. While Brown and seven others were on their way to Leavenworth they were arrested and taken to Easton, where a Pro-Slavery mob had assembled. Through that day they were guarded. At night all the Free-State men were released, except Brown. He was taken out and assaulted with hatchets and knives, then dragged to a wagon and carried to Dunn's liquor shop, in Salt Creek valley. Finding that Brown must die, he was taken to his home, where he soon expired. Capt. Brown had been in Lawrence during the recent Wakarusa war, aiding the Free-State men. He was a member elect of the Free-State Legislature.

JANUARY 20.—Burial of the remains of Reese P. Brown, by a few friendly hands, on Pilot Knob, Leavenworth. A writer in the *Herald of Freedom* says: "Brown was brought to his home about midnight, with three gashes cut in the side of his face—no doubt with a hatchet—exhausted, bleeding, and benumbed with cold. He lingered an hour or two, perfectly sensible, though very weak."

JANUARY 21.—Murphy, Pro-Slavery, elected Mayor of Leavenworth by 222 votes; whole vote, 361.

JANUARY 24.—President Pierce, in a Special Message to Congress, indorses the Bogus Legislature, and calls the formation of the Topeka Government revolutionary, and an act of rebellion. He asks for the passage of a bill authorizing the people of Kansas to frame a Constitution.

JANUARY 29.—The Montgomery (Alabama) Advertiser and Gazette says Maj. Jeff. Buford, of Eufala, Alabama, will leave there February 15, with two or three hundred Southern men, bound for Kansas Territory.

—Horace Greeley is twice brutally assaulted, with fist and cane, in Washington, by Albert Rust, M. C., of Arkansas.

FEBRUARY 1.—Commissions issued by the Governor to the "Kickapoo Rangers."

FEBRUARY 1.—Samuel J. Jones, Sheriff of Douglas county, Kansas, by appointment of the Bogus Legislature, is still postmaster of Westport, Mo.

—The Leavenworth Herald justifies the brutal murder of R. P. Brown. In an article on the subject, it says: "These higher-law men will not be

permitted longer to carry out their illegal and high-handed proceedings. The good sense of the people is frowning it down. And if it cannot be put down in one way, it will in another."

FEBRUARY 2.—Nathaniel P. Banks, Republican, elected Speaker of the House of Representatives, on the 134th ballot. He receives 103 votes, to 100 for Wm. Aiken, of South Carolina.

FEBRUARY 5.—Salmon P. Chase, Governor of Ohio, sends a special message to the Legislature of that State, in which he recites the recent history of Pro-Slavery violence in Kansas, and asks the Legislature to take active measures in behalf of freedom and fair play in that Territory.

FEBRUARY.—The New York Evening Post reports Henry Ward Beecher as saying: "He believed that the Sharp rifle was truly moral agency, and there was more moral power in one of those instruments, so far as the slaveholders of Kansas were concerned, than in a hundred Bibles. You might just as well," said he, "read the Bible to buffaloes as to those fellows who follow Atchison and Stringfellow." The rifles take the name of "Beecher's Bibles," and many are sent to Kansas.

FEBRUARY 6.—Lane, Chairman of the Committee, announces the election of the following State officers: Governor, Charles Robinson; Lieut. Governor, Wm. Y. Roberts; Secretary of State, Philip C. Schuyler; Auditor, George A. Cutler; Treasurer, John A. Wakefield; Attorney General, H. Miles Moore; Judges of the Supreme Court, S. N. Latta, Morris Hunt, and M. F. Conway; Reporter of the Supreme Court, E. M. Thurston; Clerk Supreme Court, B. Floyd; Printer, John Speer.

FEBRUARY 8.—The Committee announce the election of Mark W. Delahay for Representative to the Thirty-fourth Congress.

FEBRUARY 11.—President Pierce issues a proclamation commanding "all persons engaged in unlawful combinations against the constituted authority of the Territory of Kansas, or of the United States, to disperse, and retire peaceably to their respective abodes."

FEBRUARY 15.—Jefferson Davis, Secretary of War, sends to Gov. Shannon a copy of an order this day issued by him, and addressed to Col. E. V. Sumner, at Fort Leavenworth, and to Brevet-Col. St. G. Cooke, at Fort Riley. Gov. Shannon is in Washington. Davis transmits with the order, a copy of President Pierce's proclamation, of Feb. 11. The order says that the President has "warned all persons combined for insurrection or invasive aggression against the organized government of the Territory of Kansas, or associated to resist the due execution of the laws therein, to abstain from such revolutionary and lawless proceedings, and has commanded them *to disperse and retire peaceably to their respective abodes, on pain of being resisted by his whole constitutional power.* If, therefore, the Governor of the Territory, finding the ordinary course of judicial proceedings, and the powers vested in United States Marshals, inadequate for *the suppression of insurrectionary combinations*, or armed resistance to the execution of the law, should make requisition upon you to furnish a military force

to aid him in the performance of that official duty, you are hereby directed to employ for that purpose such part of your command as may in your judgment consistently be detached from their military duty."

This order, with Marcy's letter of Feb. 16. and the proclamation of Feb. 11, were the sufficient authority for the action of Woodson and Col. Sumner, on the Fourth of July, 1856. During the Presidential campaign, Davis and Pierce denied having authorized the Governor or Col. Sumner to disperse the Topeka Legislature. "A politician," says Hamlet, "is one who would circumvent God."

The words "invasive aggression," used above, apply only to Free-State immigration; the northern border was scoured by United States soldiers and militia, to drive back or arrest such invaders. But the armies of Atchison came from Missouri, with no opposition from the President, Jeff. Davis, or any Territorial Governor.

FEBRUARY 16.—Gov. Shannon leaves Washington for Kansas; he will remove his office from Shawnee Mission to Leocompton.

FEBRUARY 16.—Secretary Marcy sends to Governor Shannon the President's proclamation, of Feb. 11, and a copy of the orders issued by Secretary of War Davis to Col. Sumner and Col. Cooke. He says: "If it becomes necessary, in order to execute the laws and to preserve the peace, you are hereby authorized by the President to make requisition upon the officers commanding the United States military forces at Fort Leavenworth and Fort Riley, for such assistance as may be needed for the above specified purpose."

FEBRUARY 16.—Secretary Marcy writes to Governor Shannon to call upon the officers at Fort Leavenworth and Fort Riley to aid him in "the suppression of insurrectionary combinations, or armed resistance to the execution of the laws."

FEBRUARY 18.—Senator Wilson offers a resolution, calling on the President for full information as to Kansas affairs, and certain papers are sent to the Senate.

FEBRUARY 18.—President Pierce sends to the Senate, in reply to its call, the following documents: Gov. Shannon, Nov. 28, to the President; the same, Nov. 27, to Maj. Gen. Wm. P. Richardson, and one to Gen. H. J. Strickler; the same to the President, Dec. 11; Col. E. V. Sumner to Gov. Shannon, Dec. 5—two messages; Gov. Shannon to Col. Sumner, Dec. 6; reply, Dec. 7; Gen. Strickler to Gov. Shannon, Dec. 4; Gov. Shannon to Sheriff Jones, Dec. 2; same to Gen. Richardson, Dec. 2; same, Dec. 8—two messages; the same to Gen. Richardson, Dec. 8; same to Gen. Strickler, Dec. 8; same, of same date, to Sheriff Sam'l J. Jones; Geo. W. Clarke to Gov. Shannon, Dec. 3; Gen. Richardson to Gov. Shannon, probably of the same date; affidavit of Sheriff Jones, Dec. 7, relative to the Branson rescue; same date and purpose, of S. N. Hargis; same, of H. H. Buckley, Dec. 6; letter of Jeff. Davis, Secretary of War, to Cols. Sumner and Cooke, Feb. 15, 1856, commanding them to obey the calls of the Governor for military forces; same, sent to

Gov. Shannon; John Calhoun, Feb. 16. to Secretary Marcy, saying that he thinks there are 6,000 voters and 30,000 people in Kansas.

FEBRUARY 18.—Drawing of town lots at Grasshopper Falls.

—There are fifty-eight post offices in Kansas.

FEBRUARY 19.—The Senate confirms Wilson Shannon as Governor, after a hard struggle.

FEBRUARY 20.—The Squatter Sovereign says: "In our opinion the only effectual way to correct the evils that now exist, is to hang up to the nearest tree the very last traitor who was instrumental in getting up, or participated in, the celebrated Topeka Convention."

FEBRUARY 22.—The National Republican Party organized, at Pittsburgh. S. N. Wood appears as a delegate from Kansas, and on his motion, Charles Robinson is placed on the National Committee. Francis P. Blair, sen., presides. John C. Vaughan, of the Chicago Tribune, and afterwards of the Leavenworth Times, is one of the secretaries. Address to the people written by Henry J. Raymond, of the New York Times.

FEBRUARY 29.—J. H. Stringfellow commissioned as the captain of a military company in Atchison county. Many military commissions issued in the winter and spring, by the Governor.

MARCH 1.—J. W. Whitfield writes from Washington to Geo. W. Clarke: "If the Abs. attempt to fight Uncle Sam's boys, the ball is open, and civil war is inevitable. If so, you will see me in Kansas." Later, Whitfield went to Texas, was a Rebel, and fought Uncle Sam's boys.

MARCH.—The National Era publishes the following poem, written by John G. Whittier:

THE BURIAL OF BARBER.

Bear him, comrades, to his grave;
Never over one more brave
Shall the prairie grasses weep,
In all ages yet to come,
When the millions in our room,
What we sow in tears, shall reap.

Bear him up the icy hill,
With the Kansas frozen still
As his noble heart, below,
And the land he came to till
With a freeman's thews and will,
And his poor hut roofed with snow!

One more look of that dead face,
Of his murder's ghastly trace!
One more kiss, oh, widowed one!
Lay your left hands on his brow,
Lift your right hands up, and vow
That his work shall yet be done!

Patience, friends! The eye of God
Every path by Murder trod
Watches, lidless, day and night;
And the dead man in his shroud,
And his widow weeping loud,
And our hearts, are in His sight.

Every deadly threat that swells
With the roar of gambling hells,
Every brutal jest and jeer,
Every wicked thought and plan
Of the cruel heart of man,
Tho' but whispered, He can hear.

You in suffering, they in crime,
Wait the just award of time,
Wait the vengeance that is due;
Not in vain a heart shall break,
Not a tear for freedom's sake
Fall unheeded: God is true.

While the flag, with stars bedeck'd,
Threatens where it should protect
And the Law shakes hands with Crime
What is left ye hut to wait,
Match your patience to your fate,
And abide the better time?

Patience, friends! The human heart
Everywhere shall take your part,
Everywhere for you shall pray;
On your side are nature's laws,
And God's life is in the cause
That you suffer for to-day.

Well to suffer is divine;
Pass the watchword down the line,
Pass the countersign: "ENDURE."
Not to him who rashly dares,
But to him who nobly bears,
Is the victor's garland sure.

Frozen earth to frozen breast,
Lay your slain one down to rest;
Lay him down in hope and faith;
And above the broken sod,
Once again, to Freedom's God,
Pledge yourselves for life or death—

That the State whose walls ye lay,
In your blood and tears to-day,
Shall be free from bonds of shame,
And your goodly land untrod
By the feet of Slavery, shod
With cursing as with flame!

Plant the Buckeye on his grave,
For the hunter of the slave
In its shadow cannot rest;
And let martyr mound and tree
Be your pledge and guarantee
Of the freedom of the West!

MARCH.—Derby & Jackson, New York, publish a book of 400 pages, entitled: "The War in Kansas. A Rough Trip to the Border, among New Homes and a Strange People. By G. Douglas Brewerton." The writer was a correspondent of the New York Herald, and the book is made up from his letters. He was in Kansas in December, 1855, and in January, 1856. He was not a partisan, and his book is now valuable because he wrote down the Northern and Southern versions of our affairs in the very words of the leading actors. Mr. Brewerton was an interviewer, but trusted his pen instead of his imagination. When he meets Gov. Shannon, he obtains a full history from that officer of the Wakarusa War. This sketch fills fifty pages of the book, and perhaps no other narrative of those events is more clear, cool, and straightforward. The book also contains the narrative of Franklin M. Coleman, who killed Dow; James Christian's history of the disturbances; Gov. Robinson's history of the war; the statement of Josiah Miller, editor of the Free State, and the facts relating to the shooting of Thomas W. Barber, from the lips of his brother, Robert F. Barber, and his brother-in-law, Thomas M. Pierson. The following sketch is copied from Brewerton's book:

"Charles Robinson was born in Worcester county, Massachusetts, on the 21st of July, 1818; was educated at Amherst College, but did not, we believe, graduate at that institution; studied medicine at the Medical College in Pittsfield, Massachusetts, where he received his diploma as an M. D., in 1843; practiced his profession at Belchertown and Fitchburg, in the same State, until his removal to California, in 1849, by-way of the Rocky Mountains. Upon arriving in the El Dorado of the West, Dr. Robinson settled at Sacramento, where he played a prominent part in the 'squatter riots' of 1850, in which, as the reader may perhaps remember, the Mayor of Sacramento, and some eight or ten others, lost their lives. Upon this occasion, Dr. Robinson fought upon the side of 'squatter sovereignty,' and was seriously wounded—it was asserted, mortally, at the time. For his alleged conduct upon this occasion, and while still suffering from a desperate hurt, Dr. Robinson was indicted for murder, assault with intent to kill, and for conspiracy: tried before the District Court of Sacramento, and acquitted. While still in confinement, on board the prison-ship, he was nominated and elected to the Legisla-

ture of California, from Sacramento district. This was in 1851. In July of the same year, he sailed from California in the steamship *Union*, which was wrecked on her passage to the Isthmus. In the difficulties which followed this disaster, Robinson is said to have borne an active and conservative part. After many delays, he finally managed to reach New York city, in September of 1851; was at Havana at the time of the Lopez execution, and a witness to that cold-blooded murder. Upon his return to the East, Dr. Robinson recommenced the practice of medicine, in Fitchburg, where he remained until June of 1854, when he emigrated with his family to Kansas. Here, he settled himself, at Lawrence, where he still resides upon his 'claim,' some half a mile distant from the main body of the town. Unlike his compatriot, General Lane, Dr. Robinson—or, as we should now begin to call him, General Robinson—does not call himself a man of property; he says he is simply 'a poor man, whose business prospects have been sadly damaged by the war.'

"In Kansas politics, Gen. Robinson was a member of the State Constitutional Convention, is Chairman of the Free-State Executive Committee, and, in addition to this, holds the military rank of Major General and Commander-in-Chief of the Kansas Volunteers—as the Free-State army of Kansas style themselves. He may be regarded as the real head—the thinking one, we mean—and mainspring of the Free-State party; or, to speak more correctly, of all that party who are worth anything. We believe him to be a keen, shrewd, far-seeing man, who would permit nothing to stand in the way of the end which he desired to gain. He is, moreover, cool and determined, and appears to be endowed with immense firmness; we should call him a conservative man, *now*; but conservative rather from policy than from principle. He seems to have strong common sense, and a good ordinary brain, but no brilliancy of talent. In fact, to sum Gen. Robinson up in a single sentence, we consider him the most dangerous enemy which the Pro-Slavery party have to encounter in Kansas.

"In person he is tall, well made, and more than ordinarily handsome; gentlemanly, but by no means winning in his manners, with one of those cold, keen blue eyes that seem to look you through."

Mr. Brewerton gives a sketch of the life of Gen. Lane, with the remark, "these facts may be relied upon, as we have obtained them from Gen. Lane himself." The following is Brewerton's opening paragraph:

"James H. Lane was born in Boone county, Kentucky, on the twenty-second of June, 1822. He is a son of Amos Lane, a Western lawyer of considerable celebrity, who figured in the politics of his day as Speaker of the first Legislature of Indiana, and Member of Congress during the Presidency of General Jackson, where he proved himself one of the warmest supporters of 'Old Hickory's' administration."

John Speer's biography says Lane was born in Lawrenceburg, Ind., June 22, 1814. Holloway's History gives the same date, but the place as Boone county, Ky. Lane's affidavit, in the Proceedings in Impeachment Cases, page 143, makes him in his forty-third year at that time, 1862, or as born in 1819. In his talk, Lane was born in Kentucky or Indiana, and in the year selected at the moment. At this date he is probably 42; Robinson is 38; John Brown, 56; Montgomery, 42; Henry J. Adams, 40; Parrott, 28; Conway, 29; Phillips, about 33; and Redpath, about 29.

MARCH 4.—Meeting of the Topeka Legislature. *Senate*.—Officers: President, W. Y. Roberts; Chief Clerk, Asaph Allen; Assistant, W. L. Brigdon; Sergeant-at-Arms, J. M. Fuller; Assistant, Harris Stratton; Transcribing Clerks, J. F. Cummings, J. C. Dunn; Chaplain, Paul Shepherd. President *pro tem.*, J. Curtis. *House*.—Called to order by J. H. Lane, Chairman of Executive Committee. Speaker, T. Minard; Clerk, J. K. Goodin; Assistant Clerk, Sam'l F. Tappan; Transcribing Clerks,

J. Snodgrass, G. T. Gordon; Sergeant-at-Arms, J. Mitchell; Assistant, J. Swain; Chaplain, C. H. Lovejoy. The State officers are sworn in. Message by Governor Robinson, giving a history of the Free-State movement.

Speer and Ross publish the Daily Tribune, at Topeka.

The Message of Governor Robinson is an able paper, and very valuable now, historically. It is published in full in Mrs. Robinson's "Kansas."

The following is a list of the members of the Legislature:

Senators.—Adams, J. M. Cole, J. Curtis, J. Dailey, — Dunn, L. Fish, P. Fuller, J. C. Green, Benj. Harding, Geo. S. Hillyer, H. M. Hook, J. M. Irvin, D. E. Jones, S. B. McKenzie, B. W. Miller, J. H. Pillsbury, J. R. Rhaum, T. G. Thornton, W. W. Updegraff—19.

Representatives.—S. N. Hartwell, J. B. Abbott, John Hutchinson, H. F. Saunders, James Blood, C. Hornsby, E. B. Purdam, J. McGhee, M. C. Dickey, W. R. Frost, W. A. Sumnerwell, S. Mewhinney, S. T. Shore, S. R. Baldwin, David Rees, D. W. Cannon, Isaac Landers, J. M. Arthur, H. H. Williams, H. W. Labor, A. B. Marshall, J. D. Adams, T. W. Platt, Rees Furby, B. H. Brock, John Landis, E. R. Zimmerman, W. T. Burnett, L. P. Patty, F. A. Minard, Isaac Cody, Thos. Bowman, John Brown, jr., Henry Todd, J. Hornby, Abraham Barre, Richard Murphy, Wm. Hicks, B. R. Martin, Wm. Bayless, J. W. Stevens, J. K. Edsaul, S. J. Campbell, S. Goslin, H. B. Standiford, Isaac B. Higgins, T. J. Addis, D. Toothman, Wm. McClure, J. B. Wetson, Wm. B. Wade, Alex. Jamieson, A. D. Jones, Wm. Crosby, Stephen Sparks, R. P. Brown (deceased), Adam Fisher—57.

Three commissioners are appointed to prepare a code of laws. James H. Lane and Andrew H. Reeder are elected United States Senators, each receiving 38 votes, with none opposing.

A memorial to Congress is prepared, asking admission into the Union.

MARCH 5.—Report of the House Committee on Elections in the Whitfield and Reeder case. Israel Washburn, jr., of Maine, is chairman of the committee, and John Hickman, Schuyler Colfax and John A. Bingham are members. They review Kansas affairs at length, and ask power to send for persons and papers. The minority report is signed by M. Oliver, of Missouri, A. H. Stephens, of Georgia, and two others. It includes a long statement made by Whitfield. Kansas is the almost daily theme of the House, the Senate, and the press.

MARCH 8.—The Topeka Legislature adjourns to July 4.

MARCH 11.—The New York Tribune prints a letter written by Mrs. Martha A. Brown, the widow of the murdered Reese P. Brown, and addressed to her father, at Brownsville, Cass county, Michigan.

MARCH 12.—Senator Douglas submits a report extenuating the outrages committed in Kansas, and severely denouncing the action of the New England Emigrant Aid Society. Senator Collamer presents a minority report.

MARCH 17.—Senator Douglas, from the Committee on Territories, introduces a bill to authorize the people of Kansas to form a constitution; recommitted, June 25.

MARCH 19.—The House of Representatives, at Washington, votes (101 to 93) to send a Special Committee to Kansas to inquire into the validity of the pretended Legislature, (the "Bogus," of 1855,) and of the election of Whitfield. The Committee consists of Wm. A. Howard, of Michigan, John Sherman, of Ohio, and Mordecai Oliver, of Missouri.

MARCH 20.—Senator Seward submits a substitute for the Douglas Kansas admission bill.

MARCH 24.—The Tribune copies a letter from the American Missionary, written by a missionary at Leavenworth. He says he reached the house of Reese P. Brown while "he was still lying in his bloody garments." Rev. Mr. Martin, he says, Old-School Presbyterian, was lately driven away from Kickapoo. "His house was torn down while he was still in it," by Pro-Slavery men.

MARCH 24.—Topeka Constitution presented in the United States Senate, by Lewis Cass.

MARCH 28.—H. W. Beecher writes to Chas. B. Lines, President of the New Haven, Conn., Colony, just starting for Kansas. He sends twenty-five Bibles, and twenty-five Sharp's rifles. Dr. Jos. P. Root is a member of this Colony.

MARCH 29.—Two companies from Charleston, S. C., pass through Atlanta, Ga., "all armed and equipped," going to Kansas.

MARCH 29.—Nearly every boat coming up the Missouri river is overhauled and searched to see whether there are articles on board which have been pronounced contraband by the Pro-Slavery pirates. All such goods, owned by Northern men, are stolen.

MARCH 29.—A call issued for the first National Republican Convention, to all who are "in favor of the admission of Kansas as a free State," etc. James Redpath is the signer for Missouri.

APRIL.—Chas. B. Lines's New Haven Colony makes the first collective settlement in Wabaunsee county. The name was changed, from Richardson, in 1859.

APRIL 4.—Gen. James H. Lane speaks in the House of Representatives, at Harrisburg, Penn. He is thus described: "He is about five feet ten inches in height, and slenderly but actively built. His form indicates that he is wiry, elastic, and full of vigor. He has a keen black eye, deeply sunken in his head, but restless and energetic in expression."

APRIL 5.—In the office of the Milwaukee Sentinel, E. G. Ross, foreman in the job office, receives the present of a rifle from his fellow-printers. It is inscribed to him as an earnest of their good wishes for him, and for freedom in Kansas.

—Topeka Constitution presented in the House, by Daniel Mace, of Indiana.

APRIL 7.—Senator Cass presents the memorial of the Topeka movement, asking the admission of Kansas; referred.

APRIL.—Major Buford arrives with a large body of men from Georgia, Alabama, and South Carolina.

APRIL 10.¹—John C. Fremont writes a letter to Gov. Chas. Robinson. They had been associates in making California a free State. Col. Fremont says: "As you stood by me firmly and generously when we were defeated by the Nullifiers in California, I have every disposition to stand by you in the same way in your battle with them in Kansas."

APRIL 12.—The Free-State Hotel, Lawrence, begun in April, 1855, is finished. It is to be kept by Col. Shaler W. Eldridge.

—The Squatter Sovereign says: "We understand that the grand jurors of Doniphan and Atchison counties have found true bills of indictment against all the persons acting in the late disorganizing election in their respective counties. We hope the other counties will follow suit, and teach the Abolition traitors that the laws are now in force, and that all attempts to ruin this country will be strictly dealt with by law."

APRIL 14.—The speech of Mr. Harlan, in the Senate, gives sketches of the lives of Jas. H. Lane and of his father, Amos Lane. Amos Lane was twice Speaker of the Indiana House, and was a Member of Congress.

APRIL 16.—E. B. Whitman and A. D. Searl, of Lawrence, issue a map of Kansas.

APRIL 18.—The Congressional Investigating Committee reach Lawrence.

APRIL 18.—J. H. Lane writes to S. A. Douglas, asking him to explain words personal to Lane used by Douglas in a speech. Mr. Douglas makes a very long reply, there is no duel, and both letters are published.

APRIL 19.—Sheriff Jones attempts to arrest S. N. Wood, in Lawrence, charging him with aiding in the rescue of Branson, in November. Mr. Wood refused to give himself up; he did not recognize the authority. An attempt to take Wood by force failed. On the 20th, Sheriff Jones returned, and called upon a number of the citizens to aid him in making the arrest. They did not answer the summons. On the 23d, Jones returned, bringing with him United States troops. The Lieutenant in command read a letter from Col. Sumner to the Mayor of Lawrence, saying the troops are sent to aid the Sheriff in executing writs. Jones then arrested John Hutchinson, E. D. Lyman, G. F. Warren, J. G. Fuller, F. Hunt, A. F. Smith, and others whom he had summoned on the 20th to assist him. No resistance was made to the Sheriff. About ten o'clock that night Jones was shot and wounded. A public meeting was held on the 24th, and the shooting of Jones severely denounced.

APRIL.—A book published, called "Six Months in Kansas. By a Lady." Boston: John P. Jewett & Co. 1856. The writer was Mrs. Hannah Anderson Ropes, who came to Kansas from Massachusetts in Septem-

ber, 1855. The book contains 231 pages. "Fourth thousand" is on the title-page of a copy owned by Leslie J. Perry. It is made up of letters from Mrs. Ropes to her mother, and is admirably written. No little of Mrs. Ropes's time is spent with the sick; and the sufferings of pioneers who live in cabins, deprived of nearly all the comforts of life, even in the "city" of Lawrence, where she lived, are only too truly told. The following account of the funeral of Barber is copied from the book:

"I believe I have forgotten to tell you that the funeral of Mr. Barber was deferred, on account of the important business this week to be attended to. Another week has closed, and the Sabbath calls all people out to pay the last tribute of respect to poor Barber's memory. A December day, but clear, cloudless, dreadfully bright and windy. . . . The whole neighborhood seems astir with people, picking their way to one center, the Hotel, where not as last Monday evening, for rejoicing, they come together, but to mourn with the sufferers of a great sorrow: a widow, made so by violence wholly unprovoked; brothers, bereaved in a manner never to be forgotten—never to be thought of in years to come, but with the smartest twinges of pain. The room we enter is a long dining-hall. The walls are of limestone, rough and unplastered. Seats of plank stretch in rows, closely packed, through the whole length, with the exception of a narrow space for the clergyman. The seats are all filled. The atmosphere of the assembly is of the truest sympathy. Each soul seems personally aggrieved and afflicted. Silence is the only, and most emphatic, expression given to this grief. The first break upon that silence is the tread of many feet and a smothered, broken sob, that will not be wholly choked down. Working his way through the crowd, appears a tall man, with white hair, large blue eyes, and a very benevolent countenance. You see at once that he is a Methodist. He has elinging to his arm a small, veiled figure,—everybody knows it is the widow; 'a widow indeed.'

"There comes another smothered sob, as she is borne along to the far end of the hall. The man of white hair stoops over her, and tenderly whispers words of peace to her. I do not hear them; she does not. Now she sinks into a seat. A hymn is read, and the crowd sing the tune of 'Martin Luther,' so familiar to everybody, and stretching back over the whole length of the oldest life present. What a relief it is! how it gathers up and rolls away the pent-up emotions of the multitude! Now the white head sinks down over bended knees, to the floor, and his voice utters its prayers and supplications, while the tears course down the cheeks of the speaker and his audience. The sobs of that broken heart grow fainter. Does she find a relief through the channel of other hearts? I believe so. Then follow short speeches from Colonel Lane and General Robinson, and a sad sermon from the white head. All the exercises are remarkably good of the kind. Even Colonel Lane did well.

"The services are over, and the people form a procession. Men with arms reversed take the lead; then the body and its friends; then the whole crowd, mounted in carts drawn by oxen, wagons led by mules, and carriages of every pattern, form into a solemn line, stretching far along the open country. Up over Mount Pleasant curves the road to the ground appropriated for a burial-place, two miles away. What a sight it is! One like it could hardly be got up anywhere else, or under any other circumstances. This grand old country, with its lofty trees, its smoothly-terraced hills, its serene repose! The tread of the white man is fresh and new; but to-day the grand old prairie witnesses the burial of its second martyr! Now the soldiers make a wall on either side, with lifted hats, for the mourners to pass through. Gently the coffin is lowered to its last rest, while the words, 'Dust to dust,' 'I am the Resurrection and the Life,' are broken by the wailing wind, and lost to the ears of the audience by the fast-coming sobs of that forlorn, childless, earth-stricken widow! The soldiers now approach; the audience and friends fall back, giving place to them; while, standing about the grave, at the signal of their commander, one division after another bury the contents of their rifles in the last resting-place of their much-loved and honored comrade."

APRIL 25.—Governor Shannon asks Col. Sumner for "a military posse, or guard of thirty men," to be stationed at Lecompton. At later dates troops are asked to be stationed at various places.

APRIL 26.—The Leavenworth Herald gives a long report of a meeting held to welcome Southerners.

APRIL 29.—Maj. Buford's Southern command arrives at Westport, Mo.

APRIL 30.—Rev. Pardee Butler returns to Atchison. He is stripped, tarred, and covered with cotton.

MAY 3.—The Union started, in Leocompton, by A. W. Jones and Charles A. Faris.

—P. O. Conver edits the Kansas State Journal, at Topeka.

MAY 5.—The Grand Jury of Douglas county recommend that the Herald of Freedom and Kansas Free State newspapers, and the Free-State Hotel, be abated as nuisances. Robinson, Reeder and others, who had participated in organizing the Free-State Government, are indicted for high treason.

MAY 7.—While Governor Reeder was with the Investigating Committee, at Tecumseh, he was summoned to appear before the Grand Jury, at Leocompton. He did not obey. The next day, at Lawrence, with the Committee, a writ of attachment was served on Governor Reeder for contempt of court. He said he was privileged from arrest. If any man laid hands on him to arrest him he did so at his peril. He was not arrested.

MAY 7.—Theodore Parker makes a speech in New York in which he says: "Kansas and Nebraska are the 'Children in the Wood.'" He adapts the old song to the new time, and gives a running commentary between the rhymes. He says:

"In A. D. 1900, there will be 2,000,000 people in Kansas, with cities like Providence and Worcester—perhaps like Chicago and Cincinnati. She will have more miles of railroad than Maryland, Virginia and both the Carolinas can now boast. Her land will be worth \$20 an acre, and her total wealth will be 500,000,000 of money. Six hundred thousand children will learn in her schools. What schools, newspapers, libraries, meeting-houses! Yes, what families of educated, happy and religious men and women! There will be a song of Freedom all around the Slave States, and in them Slavery itself will die."

MAY 9.—After the attempt of Deputy United States Marshal W. P. Fain to arrest Reeder failed, Governor Reeder hastened to Kansas City. Col. S. W. Eldridge, of the American Hotel, secreted Reeder till night. The Governor was then shaved and his clothes changed to those of a laborer. Thomas B. and Edward Eldridge then rowed him in a skiff to Liberty, Missouri. Governor Reeder took a deck passage, with the laborers, on the first boat that came down, in due time landed safely at St. Charles, and then made his way across the country to Illinois.

MAY 10.—Governor Robinson, on his way East, with his wife, is arrested at Lexington, Mo. He is taken to Westport, to the Pro-Slavery camp near Lawrence, back to Kansas City, to Leavenworth, on a boat, and then to Leocompton. He is arrested for treason, is held a prisoner four months, and then released on bail.

—The Herald of Freedom says:

"Kansas is again invaded by armed ruffians. They are gathering in by tens, and fifties, and hundreds. Shannon has regularly enrolled them as Territorial Militia,

commissioned their officers, etc. At any moment they may commence the work of devastation."

MAY 11.—Israel B. Donalson, United States Marshal, issues a proclamation. It says the citizens of Lawrence resist arrest, under judicial writs, and law-abiding citizens are commanded to immediately appear at Lecompton, "in sufficient numbers for the execution of the law." Citizens of Lawrence ask the Governor for protection.

MAY 12.—Governor Shannon writes to the Lawrence committee:

"There is no force around or approaching Lawrence, except the legally constituted posse of the United States Marshal, and Sheriff of Douglas county, each of whom, I am informed, has a number of writs for execution against persons now in Lawrence."

MAY 13.—A meeting in Lawrence declares the statements in Donalson's proclamation to be false; that they are law-abiding citizens, but will resist an invading mob. A new Committee of Safety is appointed.

Free-State men are arrested on steamboats, and on the prairie, and anarchy prevails through the Territory. The force of invaders around Lawrence constantly increases. It is the Free-State headquarters, and its citizens are constantly accused of warlike and treasonable intentions. Near Lecompton the forces are under Gen. David R. Atchison, Capt. Dunn, Wilkes of South Carolina, and Titus of Florida. At Franklin are Col. Boone and Major Buford, with 400 men.

MAY 14.—The citizens of Lawrence make another protest to the Governor and Marshal.

—During the second week in May, the First District Court held its sessions at Lecompton, Judge Lecompte presiding. Mrs. Robinson makes the following quotations from Judge Lecompte's "extraordinary charge to the Grand Jury:"

"This Territory was organized by an act of Congress, and so far its authority is from the United States. It has a Legislature elected in pursuance of that organic act. This Legislature, being an instrument of Congress, by which it governs the Territory, has passed laws. These laws, therefore, are of United States authority and making; and all that resist these laws resist the power and authority of the United States, and are, therefore, guilty of high treason. Now, gentlemen, if you find that any person has resisted these laws, then you must, under your oaths, find bills against them for high treason. If you find that no such resistance has been made, but that combinations have been formed for the purpose of resisting them, and individuals of influence and notoriety have been aiding and abetting in such combinations, then must you find bills for constructive treason."

Mrs. Robinson says: "To make the matter so plain that even the dullest of his hearers may not fail to comprehend his meaning, he states that some who are 'dubbed Governor, Lieutenant Governor, etc., are such individuals of influence and notoriety.'"

MAY 14.—Gaius Jenkins and George W. Brown arrested. On the 22d, they were taken before Judge Lecompte, at Lecompton, to answer to the charge of treason. Bail was denied, and the cases were continued till September. Gov. Robinson, Judge G. W. Smith and G. W. Deitzler were similarly held. John Brown, jr., and H. H. Williams were arrested soon after, being taken in the field, for bearing arms against the "Government." All were confined in the same camp, at Lecompton.

MAY 15.—Josiah Miller, of the Lawrence Free State newspaper, arrested for treason by South Carolina soldiers, is tried in a military tent near Lecompton, defended by James Christian, and acquitted. The following is a copy of the pass given him, on leaving Lecompton, to prevent his arrest by Ruflians:

LECOMPTON, May 16, 1856.

The bearer of this, Mr. Josiah Miller, is desirous to pass out of this Territory, and in doing so, desires to stop in the town of Lawrence, to transact some private business, for a short time. He designs going to Kansas City, and thence by boat or horse and buggy at that place. He is now in this Territory, not to participate in the rebellion, but to settle up some private business.

Now, therefore, all persons are requested to let the bearer, Mr. Miller, pass, without molestation or delay.

WILSON SHANNON,
Governor of Kansas Territory.

I. B. DONALSON, *U. S. Marshal, Territory of Kansas.*

—Constant arrests of Free-State men. Armed Missourians pouring into the Territory.

MAY 15.—The Lecompton Union says: "Large companies from all sections of the Territory are gathering to Douglas county, in obedience to the proclamation of the United States Marshal. . . . We understand that Monday (May 19) is the day appointed for assembling at Lawrence. . . . Rebels should be treated as rebels. The people of Lawrence have a great deal to answer for before they can receive quarter."

MAY 17.—C. W. Babcock, Lyman Allen, and J. A. Perry, a committee appointed by the people of Lawrence, ask the Marshal to put a stop to the depredations committed by a large force of armed men in the vicinity of Lawrence.

MAY 19.—

"Take down your map, sir, and you will find that the Territory of Kansas, more than any other region, occupies the middle spot of North America, equally distant from the Atlantic on the east, and the Pacific on the west; from the frozen waters of Hudson's Bay on the north, and the tepid gulf stream on the south, constituting the precise territorial center of the whole vast continent. To such advantage of situation, on the very highway between two oceans, are added a soil of unsurpassed richness, and a fascinating, undulating beauty of surface, with a health-giving climate, calculated to nurture a powerful and generous people, worthy to be a central pivot of American institutions.

"A few short months only have passed since this spacious mediterranean country was open only to the savage, who ran wild in its woods and prairies; and now it has already drawn to its bosom a population of freemen larger than Athens crowded within her historic gates, when her sons, under Miltiades, won liberty for mankind on the field of Marathon; more than Sparta contained when she ruined Greece, and sent forth her devoted children, quickened by a mother's benediction, to return with their shields or on them; more than Rome gathered on her seven hills, when, under her kings, she commenced that sovereign sway which afterward embraced the whole earth; more than London field, when, on the fields of Crecy and Agincourt, the English banner was carried victoriously over the chivalrous hosts of France."—*The Crime Against Kansas.*—*Speech of Charles Sumner in the U. S. Senate.*

MAY 20.—Wm. R. King, of Alabama, was elected Vice President in 1852. He took the oath of office in Cuba, went thence to Alabama, and died there, April 18, 1853. David R. Atchison was born in Frogtown,

Ky., August 11, 1807. In 1841, he was appointed Judge of the Platte county (Mo.) Circuit Court; in 1843, he was appointed United States Senator, to which position he was twice elected, serving until 1855. Lanman says: "For several sessions he was President *pro tempore* of the Senate." He so served after the death of Mr. King, and was thus Vice President of the United States. He was so acting when Congress passed the Kansas-Nebraska bill, and his signature appears on the bill, with that of President Pierce.

On this 20th of May, Atchison made this speech to his Ruffians, near Lawrence: "Boys, this day I am a Kickapoo Ranger, by God! This day we have entered Lawrence with 'Southern Rights' inscribed upon our banner, and not one damned Abolitionist dared to fire a gun. Now, boys, this is the happiest day of my life. We have entered that damned town, and taught the damned Abolitionists a Southern lesson that they will remember until the day they die. And now, boys, we will go in again, with our highly honorable Jones, and test the strength of that damned Free-State Hotel, and teach the Emigrant Aid Company that Kansas shall be ours. Boys, ladies should, and I hope will, be respected by every gentleman. But when a woman takes upon herself the garb of a soldier by carrying a Sharp's rifle, then she is no longer worthy of respect. Trample her under your feet as you would a snake! Come on, boys! Now do your duty to yourselves and your Southern friends. Your duty I know you will do. If one man or woman dare stand before you, blow them to hell with a chunk of cold lead."

MAY 21.—John Brown with six sons and a son-in-law in Lawrence.

MAY 21.—In the morning, Deputy Marshal Fain entered Lawrence and arrested George W. Smith and George W. Deitzler, without resistance. He then dismissed his monster posse, telling them he had no further use for them. In the afternoon, Sheriff Jones appeared in Lawrence with a body of armed men. Colonel Eldridge's Free-State Hotel, and the offices of the Herald of Freedom and the Kansas Free State, were destroyed. Stores were broken open and pillaged, and the dwelling-house of Charles Robinson was burned. The wanton destruction of property in Lawrence led to retaliation by bands of Free-State men in different parts of the Territory. The most conspicuous leader of these forces was Captain John Brown.

The following is copied from Mrs. Robinson's book, pages 243-4:

"Sheriff Jones told Colonel Eldridge the hotel must be destroyed; he was acting under orders; he had writs issued by the First District Court of the United States to destroy the Free-State Hotel, and the offices of the Herald of Freedom, and Free-State. The Grand Jury at Leecompton had indicted them as nuisances, and the Court had ordered them to be destroyed. The following is a copy of such indictment:

"The Grand Jury sitting for the adjourned term of the First District Court, in and for the county of Douglas, in the Territory of Kansas, beg leave to report to the Honorable Court that, from evidence laid before them showing that the newspaper known as the Herald of Freedom, published at the town of Lawrence, has from time to time issued publications of the most inflammatory and seditious character—denying the legality of the Territorial authorities; addressing and commanding forcible resistance to the same; demoralizing the popular mind, and rendering life and property unsafe, even to the extent of advising assassination as a last resort.

"Also, that the paper known as the Kansas Free State has been similarly engaged,

and has recently reported the resolutions of a public meeting in Johnson county, in this Territory, in which resistance to the Territorial laws even unto blood has been agreed upon. And that we respectfully recommend their abatement as a nuisance.

"Also, that we are satisfied that the building known as the Free-State Hotel, in Lawrence, has been constructed with the view to military occupation and defense, regularly parapeted and port-holed for the use of cannon and small-arms, and could only have been designed as a stronghold of resistance to law, thereby endangering the public safety and encouraging rebellion and sedition in this country; and respectfully recommend that steps be taken whereby this nuisance may be removed.

"OWEN C. STEWART, *Foreman.*"

MAY 21.—The following history of the 20th and 21st is copied from the *Lecompton Union*:

"LAWRENCE TAKEN—GLORIOUS TRIUMPH OF THE LAW-AND-ORDER PARTY OVER FANATICISM IN KANSAS!—FULL PARTICULARS.—On Tuesday, the 20th, a large force of Law-and-Order men having gathered in and around Lecompton, the Marshal ordered the different camps to concentrate about two miles this side of Lawrence, so as to be ready for the execution of his immediate demands upon the people of Lawrence. At this order we left our sanctum and proceeded to the encampment, equipped for the occasion."

The writer says the cavalry is—

"commanded by Col. H. T. Titus, of this county, originally of Florida. . . . The prison tent has eight occupants. . . . At half-past four o'clock the cannon were planted without any resistance upon the heights beyond Robinson's house, and within four hundred yards of the big stone hotel. . . . At eleven, Major Buford's company from Franklin arrived; and by twelve our forces amounted to eight hundred strong, cavalry and infantry, and four six-pound pieces of brass cannon. . . . At one o'clock the United States Deputy Marshal selected a small posse and entered town to make arrests. . . . Only three arrests were made, viz.: Smith, Jenkins, and Deitzler." [Sheriff Jones then summons a posse.] "Jones had a great many writs in his hands, but could find no one against whom he held them. He also had an order from the Court to demand a surrender of their arms, field and side, and a demolition of the two presses and the Free-State Hotel as nuisances. . . . When they agreed to surrender, our men were marched down in front of the town, and one cannon planted upon their own battlements. . . . About this time a banner was seen fluttering in the breeze over the office of the *Herald of Freedom*. Its color was a blood-red, with a lone star in the centre, and South Carolina above. . . . Thus floated victoriously the first banner of Southern rights over the Abolition town of Lawrence, unfurled by the noble sons of Carolina. . . . Mr. Jones ordered two companies into each printing office to destroy the press. Both presses were broken up and thrown into the streets, the type thrown into the river, and all the material belonging to each office destroyed. After this was accomplished, and the private property removed from the hotel by the different companies, the cannon were brought in front of the house, and directed their destructive blows upon the walls. The building caught on fire, and soon its walls came with a crash to the ground. Thus fell the Abolition fortress; and we hope this will teach the Aid Society a good lesson for the future. . . . We think the conservative men of the North and East have had furnished them, long since, sufficient data to form correct opinions of the motives governing these men. If every man of them had been killed, every house burned, and total and entire extermination had been the motto of the 'Law-and-Order Party,' who would be to blame? Impartial decision answers, 'These men have brought the calamity upon their own heads.'"

MAY 22.—Preston S. Brooks, a Member of the House from South Carolina, commits a violent assault upon Charles Sumner, in the U. S. Senate Chamber. The House afterwards voted by 121 to 95 to expel Brooks—less than two-thirds. Brooks resigned, was reelected, and died January 27, 1857.

MAY 23.—Of the assault on Sumner, Mr. Greeley says: "No meaner

exhibition of Southern cowardice — generally miscalled Southern chivalry — was ever witnessed.”

MAY 24-25.—James P. Doyle and his two sons, and William Sherman and Allen Wilkinson (a member of the Bogus Legislature), all Pro-Slavery, taken from their houses at night and murdered. They lived on the Pottawatomie, in Franklin county. Capt. John Brown led the party that did the deed. No other act spread such consternation among the Ruffians, or contributed so powerfully to make Kansas free. Hitherto, murder had been an exclusive Southern privilege. The Yankee could “argue” and make speeches; he did not dare to kill anybody. Blood sprinkles all the pages of history.

MAY 27.—The New York Tribune prints “A Song for the Times.” It thus concludes:

“For Freedom? Ha! The cheering sight,
From Kansas see her driven;
She fights, she faints, she falls! At will
See Slavery smite her! Stark and still
She lies. And now on Bunker Hill
Toombs calls his slave-roll, loud and shrill.
God rules — who doubts? — in Heaven!”

—Horace Greeley says of the destruction of Lawrence: “It was a Marshal of the United States who led the Ruffian regiment into Lawrence; it was by virtue of process issued by the Federal Judge at Lecompton that the Free-State resistance has been paralyzed, and the demoniac work completed. So ends the first act in the great tragedy of enslaving Kansas; where will the curtain rise on the next?”

MAY 29.—G. A. Grow, in the House, presents a bill authorizing the people of Kansas to form a Constitution, etc. It passes the House July 3; in the Senate, referred, July 7; amended and reported, July 8, and passed. Not touched again in the House.

MAY 31.—A Kansas meeting held in Chicago is addressed by Gen. Lane; intense enthusiasm is aroused, and \$15,000 raised for Kansas.

MAY 31.—Capt. H. Clay Pate, a Deputy U. S. Marshal, with an armed company as a posse, marches from Franklin to the southeast part of Douglas county, to take Capt. John Brown. Not finding him, although he is in the neighborhood, Pate captures two of his sons, John Brown, jr., and Jason Brown. They are charged with murder, although guiltless, put in irons, and turned over to Capt. Wood, U. S. A., who is present with a company of dragoons. The two companies separate. The prisoners are kept by the dragoons, marched to Lecompton, and so brutally treated that John Brown jr. becomes violently insane.

—Capt. John Brown, with his company, is in camp on Middle Ottawa creek, near Prairie City, and about two miles from the present Baldwin City.

MAY 31.—A Pro-Slavery meeting in Leavenworth appoints a Committee of Safety. All authority is invested in this Vigilance Committee.

JUNE 1.—Gov. Robinson arrives at Lecompton. He had been under

arrest since May 10. There were two indictments against him—one for usurping office, and one for high treason.

JUNE 2.—Democratic National Convention at Cincinnati. It resolved that, repudiating all sectionalism, the Democratic party adopts the principles of the Kansas-Nebraska bill—that is, the non-interference of the General Government with Slavery, which was the basis of the Compromise measures; that it recognizes the right of new States to regulate their domestic institutions, with or without Slavery, as they see fit. The administration of Pierce was indorsed, and James Buchanan and John C. Breckinridge nominated for President and Vice President.

In the Free States, at the election in November, Fremont received 115,868 more votes than Buchanan. In the Slave States, Fremont received only 1,194 votes, while Buchanan received 609,587.

JUNE 2.—Battle of Black Jack, in the present Palmyra township, in the southeast corner of Douglas county. Captain Brown calls this “the first regular battle fought between Free-State and Pro-Slavery men in Kansas.” [See Sanborn’s *Life*, p. 241.] Captain Brown had come up from the Pottawatomie the day before, Sunday, with eleven mounted men, among them his sons, Frederick, Owen, and Watson, and his son-in-law, Henry Thompson. Some of Pate’s men had raided Palmyra that day, and taken several prisoners. They then went to Prairie City; the Free-State people were in church; the services were closed, and the Ruffians driven off.

Captain Brown’s and Captain Samuel T. Shore’s Free-State companies unite that night, and start for Pate’s camp; they number twenty-seven men. They find Pate, at daylight, in a grove of black-jack oaks, and open the fight. The Free-State men fire and advance, shooting while lying down in the grass. Pate sends in a flag of truce, proposing to surrender if allowed to retain arms; Brown rejects the proposal. The fight is renewed. Pate sends in another flag of truce, and surrenders without conditions; twenty-eight men are captured, the rest having escaped during the fight.

JUNE 4-5.—Free-State attack on Franklin. A party from Lawrence attack the guard-house at 2 o’clock in the morning of June 5; the Ruffians have a cannon, and discharge it once; six Ruffians are wounded; Lawrence men return. At the same time, Captain James B. Abbott’s men assail Franklin on the other side, and capture a load of arms and ammunition. Franklin ceased to be a base of supplies for the invaders.

John W. Whitfield left Westport, Missouri, June 2, with about 250 Missourians; encamped, June 3, on Bull creek, twelve miles east of Palmyra; his numbers increased to about 300; Reed, McGee and Coleman are with him.

JUNE 4.—Governor Shannon issues a proclamation “commanding all persons belonging to military companies unauthorized by law to disperse; otherwise they will be dispersed by United States troops.” He writes to Colonel Sumner “to defend Franklin and Lehay’s house.”

JUNE 5.—Colonel Sumner proceeds to the camp of Brown, on Middle Ottawa creek, to enforce Shannon's orders. Captain Brown and Captain Shore consent to disband, and Whitfield, (now half a mile south of Palmyra,) promises to return with his men to Missouri. The other Free-State leaders, encamped at Hickory Point, near Palmyra, were Walker, Cracklin, Abbott, Lenhart, Cook, and Hopkins.

JUNE 5.—The Leavenworth Vigilance Committee order Henry J. Adams and J. B. McAfee to leave the Territory.

—Whitfield's men take a Free-State Missourian, Jacob Cantrel, try him for "treason to Missouri," by a mock court martial, and, on the 6th, kill him.

JUNE 6.—Col. Sumner returns to Fort Leavenworth. Whitfield leaves for Missouri. Reed, Pate, Bell, and Jenigen, reach Osawatomic, and sack the town. The dwelling-houses are pillaged.

JUNE 7.—Civil war rages throughout the settled portions of the Territory. The Missouri river closed to Free-State immigrants. Steamboats are stopped, and "Yankees" robbed and sent back.

—There is a reign of terror for the Free-State men of Atchison and Leavenworth counties, lasting through the year. The Topeka Tribune is the only Free-State paper not suppressed.

—For the relief of the Free-State settlers in Kansas, Milwaukee raised \$3,000. Chicago, \$20,000. The Grand Kansas Aid Society, organized in Buffalo, J. D. Webster, Chairman, raised \$120,000. The Boston Committee, George L. Stearns, Chairman, raised \$20,000. The Kansas Aid Committee of Massachusetts raised \$78,000. Horace White, of the Chicago Tribune, was the Secretary of that Society.

JUNE 9.—Capt. H. Clay Pate writes from Westport to the St. Louis Republican a detailed report of the "Battle of Black-Jack Point." He says his party were held by Brown three days after the surrender, until released by Col. Sumner, "but were not treated unkindly." "As I say to my friends, I went to take Old Brown, and Old Brown took me."

JUNE 14.—The Leavenworth Herald publishes a circular, issued by the Pro-Slavery party, calling for money and arms.

JUNE 16.—Senator John M. Clayton introduces a supplementary bill to organize Nebraska and Kansas; referred, June 24.

JUNE 17.—The National Republican Convention held at Philadelphia. The platform is mainly "Free Kansas." It declares that it is "both the right and the duty of Congress to prohibit in the Territories those twin relics of barbarism—polygamy and slavery."

It was also—

"Resolved, That Kansas should be immediately admitted as a State of the Union, with her present free Constitution, as at once the most effectual way of securing to her citizens the enjoyment of the rights and privileges to which they are entitled, and of ending the civil strife now raging in that Territory."

It was a ringing and grand platform, and was said to have been written by E. Rockwood Hoar. Fremont and Dayton were nominated. Abram Lincoln received 110 votes for Vice President.

JUNE 19.—Jas. F. Legate arrested in Lawrence, for treason, and taken to Lecompton. The prisoners are confined in tents, about two miles from the town, and guarded by soldiers.

JUNE 21.—An address from the Law-and-Order party, signed by Atchison, Stringfellow, Buford, and others, is sent through the South. It asks aid in money and men.

JUNE 23.—Capt. John Brown, jr., and H. H. Williams, both of Osawatimie, are added to the prison camp.

JUNE 23.—Two letters from the Governor to Col. Sumner. In the second he says: "I do hope it will be in your power to attend in person this Topeka Legislature." The Governor leaves Lecompton for St. Louis. He wrote to Buford, June 10, that he had resigned.

JUNE 24.—Senator Henry S. Geyer introduces a bill to organize Nebraska and Kansas; referred.

JUNE 25.—G. A. Grow, of Pennsylvania, presents a bill in the House of Representatives for the admission of Kansas.

JUNE 27.—Gov. Shannon writes from St. Louis to President Pierce, on the military and political situation.

JUNE 29.—Secretary Woodson writes to Col. P. St. George Cooke, commanding at Fort Riley, "to take the field," and "scour the country between Fort Riley and the crossing opposite Topeka, for the purpose of repelling said armed invasion of the Territory."

JUNE 30.—The House votes on the admission of Kansas, under the Topeka Constitution, and defeats it by one majority. Ayes, 106; noes, 107.

JUNE 30.—Douglas's bill reported to the Senate; passed July 2. The House does not act upon it.

JULY.—A book is published with this title: "The Kansas Region, by Max. Greene. New York: Fowler & Wells. 1856." pp. 192. Two maps. The writer had been a traveler on the Santa Fé trail. The book is pleasantly written, but romantic rather than valuable. It contains very little trustworthy information. There is a town-site flavor about it, the favorite town of Mr. Greene being "Council City, on Switzler's creek, eighty-eight miles west from Missouri, on the Santa Fé trail." This was the town of the "American Settlement Company." The directors of the company were Theodore Dwight, J. E. Snodgrass, A. H. Jocelyn, George Walter, James M. Winchell, G. Manning Tracy, I. R. Barbour, Lotan Smith, and D. C. VanNorman. "Council City" is now known as Burlingame.

JULY 1.—The prisoners are placed in a log cabin, near Lecompton. The camp was soon moved again.

JULY 1.—Report No. 200, House of Representatives, Thirty-fourth Congress, first session, submitted. It is a book of 1206 pages, and has this title: "Report of the Special Committee appointed to Investigate the Troubles in Kansas; with the Views of the Minority of said Com-

mittee. Washington: Cornelius Wendell, Printer. 1856." Twenty thousand copies were printed, but the book has already become rare. Shermau and Howard make the majority, and Oliver the minority report. It is an amazingly full collection of political facts in the history of Kansas, containing the name of nearly every voter in the Territory, and the affidavits of prominent men of both political parties in regard to leading events.

JULY 3.—The House passes Grow's bill for the admission of Kansas, under the Topeka Constitution, by a vote of 99 to 97.

—In the Senate, Mr. Douglas reports a bill to take a census and provide for a Constitutional Convention, to be held in December; adopted, and sent to the House. No action taken in the House.

—Col. E. V. Sumner, of the First Cavalry, in camp at Topeka, asks the members of the Legislature not to assemble.

JULY 4.—Acting Governor Woodson issues a proclamation forbidding the meeting of the Topeka Legislature. Col. Sumner says he will sustain the Governor's proclamation.—The blockade of the Missouri river by Pro-Slavery outlaws and thieves is now complete.

—The Free-State Legislature reassembles at Topeka. Col. Edwin V. Sumner, U. S. A., appears in the House, and then in the Senate, and orders each body to disperse. He was ordered to do so by Acting Governor Woodson and Secretary of War Jeff. Davis. The Legislature obeys the order. [See report in full, by Wm. A. Phillips, in Mrs. Robinson's "Kansas," and in the Atlantic Monthly for July, 1879.]

JULY 4.—The following is the dispatch in the Tribune:

"TOPEKA, K. T., Friday, July 4.—You are aware that the State Legislature was to meet here to-day. After it was assembled, Col. Sumner, in company with Marshal Donalson, rode into Topeka at the head of five companies of dragoons, all equipped for war, and planted two pieces of artillery at the head of Kansas avenue, the gunners having lighted matches. The dragoons were arranged in the streets in military order. Col. Sumner dismounted, and went into the legislative hall and dispersed the members. He told them that he was called upon, by the President's proclamation, to perform the most disagreeable duty of his life."

JULY 4.—Gov. Shannon writes, June 23, to Col. Sumner: "Should, therefore, this pretended legislative body meet as proposed, you will disperse them, peacefully if you can, forcibly if necessary. Should they reassemble at some other place, or at the same place, you will take care that they are again dispersed. The civil authorities will be instructed to cooperate with you, if it is found necessary, in order to break up this illegal body, and to institute proceedings against the several members under the above statute." [Sec. 23, page 280, Bogus Laws of 1855.]

—Acting Gov. Woodson's Proclamation of July 4 quotes the President's Proclamation of February 11, that any "such plan for the determination of the future institutions of the Territory, if carried into action, will constitute the fact of such insurrection." President Pierce also said that such insurrection would "require the forcible interposition of the whole power of the General Government, as well to maintain the laws of the Territory as those of the Union."

—Col. Sumner wrote, August 11, to Adj. Gen. Cooper, that the Free-State Legislature was considered “insurrectionary,” and “under the President’s Proclamation of February last, we felt bound to suppress it.” “The Marshal was sent into Topeka to read this Proclamation, [Woodson’s,] and also the President’s.” In a letter of July 7 to Col. Cooper, Col. Sumner said: “I then went into the House of Representatives, which had not organized, and said to them that under the Proclamations of the President and the Governor, the Topeka Legislature could not assemble, and must disperse. They had the good sense to yield at once, and to say that they should not array themselves against the authorities of the United States. I then went into the Upper House, or Council, and made a few remarks to them, and they at once coincided with the Lower House; and thus the Topeka Government was brought to an end.” Col. Sumner says that his force, drawn up in front of the legislative hall, consisted of five companies of cavalry of his regiment, the First, and two pieces of artillery.

JULY 7.—Secretary Woodson asks Major Sedgwick, U. S. A., for a posse to enable Deputy Marshal William P. Fain to execute writs. Military commissions continue to be issued by the Acting Governor.

JULY 8.—Senator Douglas reports a substitute for the bill of the House admitting Kansas. It authorizes the people to form a new Constitution. The Senate passes the substitute, the same day, by 30 to 13.

JULY 9–10.—Convention of Kansas Aid Committees, at Buffalo, N. Y. The purpose is to raise money for Kansas. The route through Iowa is recommended. Gov. Reeder presides. The following National Kansas Committee is appointed: Geo. R. Russell, Boston; W. H. Russell, New Haven; Thaddeus Hyatt, New York; N. B. Craige, Pittsburgh; John W. Wright, Logansport; Abram Lincoln, Springfield; E. B. Ward, Detroit; J. H. Tweedy, Milwaukee; W. H. Hoppin, Providence; W. H. Stanley, Cleveland; F. A. Hunt, St. Louis; S. W. Eldridge, Lawrence; G. W. Dole, J. D. Webster, H. B. Hurd, J. Y. Scammon, and I. N. Arnold, Chicago.

JULY 22.—“Lane’s army,” 300 Free-State settlers who have traveled through Iowa with James H. Lane, cross the Missouri at Nebraska City.

JULY 28.—In the House, Mr. Dunn moves to take up the Senate’s Kansas admission bill, with the intention of offering his substitute, restoring the Missouri Compromise, and dismissing the indictments for treason; lost.

Mr. Sherman moves to amend the army appropriation bill, by prohibiting the army from enforcing the Bogus laws in Kansas; carried by 88 to 40.

JULY 29.—The House, by 91 to 86, holds fast to John Sherman’s amendment, which suspends the authority of the Bogus Legislature and laws until Congress acts definitively thereon; and then passes the army bill.

Dunn’s bill, reorganizing the Territory of Kansas, sweeping away the

Bogus machinery, and releasing the Union prisoners, passes by 88 to 74. It is tabled in the Senate, August 11.

—A book issued with this title: "The Kansas War; or the Conquests of Chivalry in the Crusades of the Nineteenth Century. A Heroic Poem. New York. Mason Brothers, 108 and 110 Duane Street. 1856." It is copyrighted by Mason Brothers, in 1855, and printed by John A. Gray; pp. 164. Author unknown. P. B. Plumb has the only copy known to be in existence. The poem is in four "books," with an "argument" and a "close," and is a well-written plea for making Kansas free. These lines show its manner:

"There stood Palmetto—a rich heir,
From Santee, Pedee, or somewhere;
Oh! such a patriot, that he
Hated the very name—'Yankee.'
And yet his shirt and coat had come
Each from a genuine Northern loom;
The very gloves upon his fists
Were made by Abolitionists;
And buttons which, his jacket o'er,
Since nullifying times, he wore,
With their motto and Palmetto-tree,
Were Yankee-made, 'twas plain to see,
With stamp and all the very cut
Of makers in Connecticut."

Several songs are introduced, favoring Temperance as well as Freedom for Kansas, and prophetically marking the future of the Central State. These songs our papers will reprint, and the whole book may be reproduced by some poetic or historic publisher.

JULY 30.—The Tribune prints two poems by John Pierpont, "The Call of Kansas," and "The Ruffian Rally." The following stanzas are found in the "Rally:"

"Brother ruffians! ye who dwell
In your shanties built of logs,
All along the brink of hell,
Chain your 'boys!' unleash your dogs!
Don't remain at home for trifles!
Mount your horses! load your rifles!
.
Alabama! Carolina!
Our dear sister Arkansas!
Send your ruffians; help us twine a
Rope to throttle Freedom's jaw!
For, if we don't stop her clamor,
She'll dissolve the Union, damn her!"

JULY 31.—The Senate confirms John W. Geary, of Pennsylvania, as Governor of Kansas, *vice* Shannon, removed.

JULY.—Colonel Sumner removed, and General Persifer F. Smith placed in command at Fort Leavenworth.

"THE CONQUEST OF KANSAS, BY MISSOURI AND HER ALLIES. A History of the Troubles in Kansas, from the Passage of the Organic Act until the close of July, 1856. By William Phillips, Special Correspondent of the New York Tribune, for Kansas. 'Come on, then, gentlemen of the Slave States; since there is no escaping your challenge, I accept it in behalf of Freedom. We will engage in competition for the virgin soil of Kansas, and God give the victory to the side that is stronger in numbers, as it is in right!'—*Speech of William H. Seward, in the United States Senate, 1854.* Boston: Phillips, Sampson & Co. 1856." pp. 414.

The above is a copy of the title-page of Colonel Phillips's book, the author's name appearing as William, not William A., Phillips. The book is the most minute and elaborate history we have of the years 1854, '5 and '6, and has always been taken as the standard Free-State record of that period. Colonel Phillips was energetic, tireless, and thoroughly in earnest. His book is a flaming and fiery manifesto in behalf of Freedom in Kansas. Kansas was said to be "conquered" to fire the Northern heart, and to prevent the possibility of such an event. The book, and the author's letters in the Tribune, did an immense work in saving Kansas and the whole country from Slavery.

AUGUST 1.—The House, 110 to 92, declares Whitfield not entitled to the seat. The resolution declaring Reeder entitled to the seat was defeated; 88 to 113. Reeder is not granted per diem and mileage. The House Committee on Elections had reported in favor of admitting Reeder, but not that he was "entitled to a seat."

AUGUST 4.—Horace Greeley: "The House, in unseating Whitfield, solemnly adjudged and pronounced the code of alleged 'laws of Kansas,' enacted by the Missouri conventicle, at Shawnee Mission, a fraud and a nullity."

AUGUST 4.—Rules of the First District Court, Samuel D. Lecompte, Justice, adopted. They were printed by Miller & Posegate, St. Joseph, Mo., in a pamphlet of 17 pages.

AUGUST 5.—Free-State men take the fort near Osawatomie, driving out the Georgia camp.

AUGUST 5.—Senator Seward presents the petition of Chas. Robinson, John Brown jr. and others, now confined in Kansas under a charge of treason, praying for relief. Henry Wilson, in the Senate, and Samuel A. Purviance, of Pennsylvania, in the House, have moved in the same direction. The House, in Committee of the Whole, to-day votes against paying the Bogus legislators and judges in Kansas.

AUGUST 5.—The President tells the Senate that Col. Sumner was not ordered to disperse the Topeka Legislature. But Jeff. Davis ordered Sumner to obey the Kansas Governor, and Acting Governor Woodson issued a proclamation forcing the duty upon the reluctant Colonel.

AUGUST 7.—James H. Lane, with a party of nearly 600 immigrants, arrives in Kansas by the overland route, through Iowa and Nebraska. Several colonies came to Kansas through Iowa. This party establishes the cordon of forts, Plymouth and Lexington, Brown county, and Holton, in Jackson county.

AUGUST 8.—Changes are made in the National Kansas Committee: Dr. S. G. Howe takes the place of I. N. Arnold; Dr. Samuel Cabot, jr., of Geo. R. Russell; Alex. Gordon, of Mr. Craige of Pennsylvania; S. S. Barnard, of E. B. Ward of Detroit; and W. F. M. Army, in place of Abram Lincoln of Illinois. J. D. Webster is Chairman; H. B. Hurd, Secretary; and Geo. W. Dole, Treasurer. It has appointed agents in Kansas and Iowa.

AUGUST 11.—Senator Douglas reports in favor of his Kansas bill, now in the House, and Senator Collamer reports in favor of the Dunn bill; the latter tabled by 35 to 12.

AUGUST 11.—Col. Treadwell has a Pro-Slavery camp on Washington creek, called Fort Saunders, about twelve miles southwest of Lawrence.

AUGUST 12.—Free-State men attack Franklin. A wagon-load of burning hay is pushed up to the block-house in which the Pro-Slavery men are gathered, and causes them to surrender. This was the second fight at Franklin.

AUGUST 12.—David S. Hoyt, a Free-State man, from Massachusetts, is murdered near Fort Saunders.

AUGUST 13.—The Tribune publishes the report, on "The Condition of Kansas," of the Buffalo Convention Committee, Sam'l G. Howe and Thaddeus Hyatt. They give the names of the various companies that have recently crossed the river at Nebraska City, going to Kansas.

AUGUST 13.—The Senate passes the appropriation bill, after striking out the House provision withholding money for the Bogus Legislature of Kansas.

AUGUST 13.—The House re-adds the Kansas provision to the appropriation bill which the Senate had taken off.

AUGUST 14.—The first marriage in Allen county: James Johnson and Marinda Barber.

AUGUST 15.—The Georgia camp, at Washington creek, taken by Free-State men.

AUGUST 15.—The House passes a bill for a survey of the southern boundary of Kansas.

AUGUST 16.—Capt. Samuel Walker attacks the fortified house of Col. Titus, near Leecompton, captures twenty prisoners, and burns the house. The Free-State men wished to execute Titus, but Walker saved his life. Henry J. Shombre, Free-State, is mortally wounded, and dies August 18.

—In Fort Titus were captured a lot of documents—among them several letters from his father—showing that Titus was a scoundrel before he came to Kansas.

AUGUST 17.—The House recedes from nearly all its Kansas amendments, but refuses an appropriation for another Kansas Legislature.

AUGUST 17.—Gov. Shannon, with Maj. Sedgwick, of the army, visits Lawrence, makes a second treaty of peace, and some Free-State prisoners are exchanged.

AUGUST 18.—Wm. P. Richardson, Major General First Division, K. M., calls out the first and second brigades of northern Kansas.

AUGUST 18.—Congress adjourns at noon, the House still standing firm on its Kansas proviso to the Army bill. President Pierce calls an extra session, to begin August 21.

AUGUST 19.—Murder of Hoppe by Fugit. Fugit was arrested in May, 1857, tried, and acquitted. A letter in the *St. Louis Democrat*, dated May 27, 1857, says:

"Fugit is the same person who made a bet in this city [Leavenworth], last August, that before night he would have a Yankee scalp. He got a horse, and rode out into the country a few miles, and met a German, a brother-in-law of Rev. E. Nute, named Hoppe. He asked if he was from Lawrence. Hoppe replied that he was. Fugit immediately leveled his revolver and fired, the shot taking effect in the temples, and Hoppe fell a corpse. The assassin dismounted from his horse, cut the scalp from the back of his head, tied it to a pole, and returned to town, exhibiting it to the people, and boasting of his exploit. The body of the victim was found shortly after, and buried on Pilot Knob, about two miles distant from this city. This same Fugit is one of the party who, when the widow came from Lawrence to look for her husband's corpse, forced her on board of a steamer and sent her down the river."

—Mr. Nute and his wife, and John H. Wilder, of Lawrence, were arrested by Fred. Emory's gang, August 27, and held as prisoners of war until released by Gov. Geary.

AUGUST 20.—The *Tribune* publishes the statement of Henry H. Williams, of Osawatomie, a prisoner at Lecompton, of the facts relating to the arrest of himself, of John Brown jr. and others. It is an important chapter in our history.

AUGUST 21.—Acting Governor Woodson's order to Gen. Richardson says: "Gen. Marshall of the First Brigade should be ordered to intercept the invaders coming in through Nebraska. He should have a force of not less than 300 mounted men, or more if you deem it advisable, and one piece of artillery if you can spare it." [This work has continued ever since the river was blockaded and Free-State men began to come in through Iowa and Nebraska. It is popular sovereignty.] The order says: "No one's house should be destroyed unless undoubted evidence exists that it is used as a fort or arsenal for the subversion of the existing Territorial Government, or other lawless purposes, in which event it properly becomes subject to confiscation." And so the houses of Free-State men are on fire in every county. A similar order is sent to Gen. Coffey.

AUGUST 21.—Gov. Shannon receives notice of his removal, and of the appointment of Geary. The calling out of the Missouri militia causes many Free-State men to leave Kansas. This is the darkest hour in her history.

AUGUST 22.—A Columbus (Ohio) correspondent of the *Tribune* says: "I heard Col. Benton say the other day: 'You blame Pierce, sir; don't blame him; he has nothing to do with Kansas. Jeff. Davis holds him as a nurse holds a sucking baby.'"

AUGUST 25.—David Atchison chosen commander of the Pro-Slavery

"Army of Law and Order in Kansas Territory." Gov. Woodson issues a proclamation, declaring the Territory in a state of open insurrection and rebellion.

Atchison and Stringfellow concentrate an army at Little Santa Fé, on the Missouri border.

AUGUST 25.—Battle of Middle creek, Linn county. Capts. Anderson, Cline and Shore rout the Ruffians under Capt. Jesse Davis.

AUGUST 26.—Senator John B. Weller introduces a bill to amend the organic act; tabled, August 27.

AUGUST 27.—A Kansas meeting is held in New Orleans; the Mayor presides; strong speeches and resolutions in favor of making Kansas a Slave State.

AUGUST 28.—Senator John J. Crittenden introduces a bill to alter and amend the Kansas organic act; tabled, August 30.

AUGUST 29.—The Ruffians burn the house of John T. ("Tawey") Jones.

—D. R. Atchison, A. W. Doniphan, Oliver Anderson, James Chiles, Jno. W. Reed and S. A. McLean publish an appeal to the citizens of Missouri, in which they say: "We do not intend to abandon our friends in Kansas until Lane's bandits are made to respect the laws and submit to them. The Law-and-Order men, now under arms in the Territory, determined that the laws shall be obeyed, amount to 1,000 men."

AUGUST 30.—The House recedes by three majority from its Kansas proviso, and the special session adjourns.

—The Missourians under John W. Reed and Rev. Martin White attack Osawatomie, and take it. Their number was about four hundred, and John Brown's forty-one. Capt. Brown's son Frederick was killed. Robbery and fire left nothing of Osawatomie.

—Woodson orders Col. Cooke to attack Topeka.

One autumn morning, in this year, Pat. Devlin, a Free-State Irishman, rode into Osawatomie on a horse heavily laden with many kinds of goods. "Have you been foraging, Pat?" "Yes, I've been out jayhawking. We have a bird in Ireland, we call the jayhawk; it worries its prey before devouring it; and jayhawking is a good name for the business I've been in."—This is the only known origin of this word. Col. Jennison, early in the war, called himself and his soldiers Jayhawkers, and the name soon came to be applied to all Kansans.

—In the fall, the Missourians make their first raid into Linn county. They burn houses at Sugar Mound, and commit many depredations. Capt. Jas. Montgomery soon makes a retaliatory visit.

SEPTEMBER 1.—City election at Leavenworth. William Phillips, a Free-State lawyer, who had been tarred and feathered the year before, was now killed in his house. The Free-State candidates did not receive a single vote. Fred. Emory led the Ruffians. Free-State men ordered

to leave the city. William E. Murphy, Pro-Slavery, elected Mayor; vote, 292.

—Jim Lane and John Brown are the only names that frighten the Ruffians. Lane is constantly on the move.

SEPTEMBER 3.—Jefferson Davis makes a requisition on the Governors of Kentucky and Illinois for two regiments of foot militia, to be furnished to General P. F. Smith, when the exigency shall compel him “to suppress insurrectionary combinations against the constituted Government of the Territory of Kansas.” Secretary of War Davis recites this fact in his instructions to Governor Geary.

SEPTEMBER 3.—Jefferson Davis writes to Major General Persifer F. Smith, commanding Department of the West, to call upon the Governor (Geary) “for such militia force as you may require to enable you promptly and successfully to execute your orders, and suppress insurrection against the Government of the Territory of Kansas. . . . The position of the insurgents . . . is that of open rebellion against the laws and constitutional authorities. . . . Patriotism and humanity alike require that rebellion should be promptly crushed,” etc., etc.

SEPTEMBER 5.—Walter Savage Landor publishes in the London Examiner an ode for free Kansas, beginning:

“Henceforth, Americans, let none
Pronounce the name of Washington!”

SEPTEMBER 5.—The following is the title of a book published this month: “Three Years on the Kansas Border. By a Clergyman of the Episcopal Church. New York and Auburn: 1856.” pp. 240.

The writer, a New York man, was a missionary in the Platte Purchase, in 1851-2. In 1853 he went to Chicago. In October, 1854, he returned, as a missionary of the church for Kansas Territory, and was on duty one year. He lived some months at Weston, Missouri, preaching at Kickapoo, and occasionally at Leavenworth. In the summer of 1855 he lived on a claim near Mount Pleasant, in Atchison county. The book treats more of home life than of politics. The writer was a Free-State man, but took no part in public affairs. His story of the death of two children, of the severe illness of his wife and himself, and of the sufferings and destitution they passed through in the vain attempt to make a home on the prairie, is a very sad one.

SEPTEMBER 6.—Derby & Jackson, New York, publish “Western Border Life; or, What Fanny Hunter Saw and Heard in Kansas and Missouri.” 12 mo., pp. 408. The writer is a niece of Rev. Dr. Gardner Spring. The Tribune says of the book: “The execution of this work betrays an unpracticed or careless writer, but it derives no small interest from its evidently natural delineations of society and character in the Far West.” The book is not historical.

SEPTEMBER 7.—At Glasgow, Mo., Gov. Geary has an interview with

ex-Gov. Shannon. Geary is coming up on the steamboat Keystone, and Shannon going down on another boat.

SEPTEMBER.—Organization of the Kansas and Nebraska Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, at Lawrence. Nebraska remained a part of the Conference until 1860.

At the first meeting of the Conference, a plan was projected for meeting the educational wants of the rapidly-developing State. The "Kansas Educational Association" was formed, with the object of securing a favorable location for a university. They received a large and valuable tract of land from the "Palmyra Association" of Douglas county, secured a liberal and comprehensive charter, and in 1857 founded "Baker University."—*Annual Register*, p. 84.

SEPTEMBER.—The following statement in regard to the Protestant Episcopal Church in Kansas is copied from a paper by N. O. Preston, in the *Annual Register*, in 1864:

"The Rev. Hiram Stone came as a missionary of the Episcopal Church to Leavenworth, in the autumn of 1856. The Rev. C. M. Calloway, by a Missionary Society in Philadelphia, was sent to Kansas in the winter of 1856-57, on what may be called a church exploring expedition. After visiting various points in the Territory, and surmounting many difficulties, he returned, and made a full report of his discoveries and impressions. His report was of such a nature—representing the field as "already white for the harvest"—as to induce the Missionary Committee to employ several missionaries to labor in Kansas. The Rev. Mr. Calloway soon returned, located with his family in Topeka, and labored in that city till the autumn of 1860. He succeeded, with funds gathered from churchmen in the East and South, in erecting, of brick, a large and substantial building, one part of which is a rectory, and the other part a female seminary. He organized Grace Church, Topeka.

"The Rev. Charles Reynolds came with his family to Lawrence in 1857, organized Trinity church in that city, and with funds obtained mainly from the East, built a church edifice of stone, and a substantial parsonage. He also organized Christ Church, Prairie City. He is now a chaplain in one of the Kansas regiments, and is engaged, in connection with other duties, in building a church edifice at Fort Scott.

"The Rev. R. S. Nash came as a missionary to Kansas in the year 1857. He located in Wyandotte, and labored faithfully there till near the close of 1862. He succeeded, with funds gathered mainly from the East, in erecting a beautiful church edifice and a commodious parsonage.

"The Rev. N. O. Preston came to Kansas in May, 1858, located in Manhattan, found three communicants of the Episcopal Church. He labored there two years and eight months, and succeeded with funds mainly collected in New Orleans and Philadelphia, in building a Gothic church. He organized St. Paul's Church, Manhattan, and in his last report to the convention appear sixteen communicants. By the urgent solicitation of friends in the diocese, and of others, he removed with his family to Topeka, January 1, 1861, where he is still laboring in the position of Rector of Grace Church, and Principal of the Episcopal Female Seminary.

"The Rev. J. Ryan came to Kansas as a missionary in the spring of 1858, and located at Elwood. He also preached at several other places, and is now dividing his time between Troy and Atchison."

SEPTEMBER 9.—John W. Geary, the third Governor, arrives at Fort Leavenworth, and is received by Gen. P. F. Smith:

—Dispatch of Governor Geary to the President:

"I find that I have not simply to contend against bands of armed ruffians and brigands, whose sole aim and end is assassination and robbery; infatuated adherents and advocates of conflicting political sentiments and local institutions, and evil-disposed persons actuated by a desire to obtain elevated positions, but, worst of all, against the

influence of men who have been placed in authority, and have employed all the destructive agents around them to promote their own personal interests at the sacrifice of every just, honorable, and lawful consideration.

"I have barely time to give you a brief statement of facts as I find them. The town of Leavenworth is now in the hands of armed bodies of men, who, having been enrolled as militia, perpetrate outrages of the most atrocious character under the shadow of authority from the Territorial Government.

"Within a few days these men have robbed and driven from their homes unoffending citizens, have fired upon and killed others in their own dwellings, and stolen horses and property, under the pretense of employing them in the public service. They have seized persons who had committed no offense, and, after stripping them of all their valuables, placed them on steamers and sent them out of the Territory.

"In isolated or country places no man's life is safe. The roads are filled with armed robbers, and murders for mere plunder are of daily occurrence. Almost every farmhouse is deserted, and no traveler has the temerity to venture upon the highways without an escort."

—See Executive Documents, 3d sess. Thirty-fourth Congress, vol. I, part 1, pages 88 and 89.

—In describing the condition of the Territory at the time of his arrival, in his farewell to the people of Kansas, (Senate Doc., 1st sess. Thirty-fifth Congress, No. 17, p. 200,) Gov. Geary says:

"Desolation and ruin reigned on every hand; homes and firesides were deserted; the smoke of burning dwellings darkened the atmosphere; women and children, driven from their habitations, wandered over the prairies and among the woodlands, or sought refuge and protection even among the Indian tribes."

—At the trial of the treason prisoners before the Supreme Court at Leecompton, the Government asks a postponement till April. C. H. Branscomb and M. J. Parrott appeared for the prisoners, and demanded an immediate trial. The cases were continued, and the prisoners released on bail.

SEPTEMBER 10.—Gov. Robinson released on bail of \$5,000—just four months from the day he was taken prisoner. John Brown jr. and H. H. Williams are also released.

—Gov. Geary arrives at Leecompton.

—Lieut. R. C. Drum, of the Artillery service, who has been in Kansas with the army two years, rides with Gov. Geary in his journey from the Missouri to the Kaw. They had been boys together in Westmoreland, Pennsylvania. Lieut. Drum, now Adjutant General of the U. S. Army, was a Free-State man, as were most of the soldiers here, and it is probable that his account of the outrages of the Ruffians made such a strong impression on Gov. Geary's mind as to give tone to his whole career in Kansas.

SEPTEMBER 11.—The Tribune publishes the statements made by leading Free-State men who were driven from Leavenworth, September 1 and 2, by Fred. Emory, viz.: Dr. S. Norton, Nelson McCracken, J. A. Davis, Frank Quintal, Milton E. Clark, and J. Godard Smith.

—Gov. Geary issues his inaugural address. It promises justice and

fair play. He issues a proclamation disbanding the Territorial militia, and ordering all other armed men to quit the Territory; and also a proclamation ordering all persons qualified to bear arms to enroll themselves and be in readiness for service.

An address is issued, signed by Atchison, Stringfellow, Tebbs, Anderson, Reid, Doniphan, and others, calling upon the people of the Slave States to come to Kansas and drive out the "army of the North."

SEPTEMBER 11.—Col. Harvey surprises and captures a Pro-Slavery camp on Slough Creek, near the present Oskaloosa.

SEPTEMBER 12.—Gov. Geary orders H. J. Strickler to disarm and disband the militia. He orders Thos. J. B. Cramer, Inspector General, to take charge of the arms. The orders were disregarded. Gov. Geary informs Hon. W. L. Marcy, Secretary of State, of his official acts and purposes. Wm. A. Heiskell, General of the First Brigade, Southern Division, with L. A. Maclean, Adjutant, has 1,000 men at Mission Creek.

By order of Gov. Geary, Capt. Samuel Walker's Free-State infantry company, at Lawrence, and the Pro-Slavery cavalry company of Capt. John Wallis, and the infantry of Capt. John Donaldson, Lecompton, were mustered into the United States service. The two Pro-Slavery companies were mustered out at Fort Leavenworth, and Walker's at Lawrence, December 1st.

SEPTEMBER 13.—Capt. Harvey, with a Lawrence force, has a fight at Hickory Point, about five miles east of Osawkee, in Jefferson county. The Pro-Slavery men, under Lowe and Robertson, surrender, after a six-hours fight. The Lawrence men have a gun, lately taken at Franklin. It was a six-pounder, and was originally captured at Sacramento by Col. Doniphan. Lane had been at Hickory Point the day before, and had declined to fight without artillery. Lane was on his way East, by way of Nebraska. He had called the Lawrence men there, and also a Topeka company, under "Capt. Whipple." Whipple, whose real name was Aaron D. Stephens, was afterwards executed at Harper's Ferry, being one of John Brown's men.

Harvey's men, 101 in number, were captured by Col. Cooke, and kept in confinement in the camp of the United States troops, on the outskirts of Lecompton.

After a hearing before Judge Cato, he committed the whole party for trial on the charge of murder in the first degree. They were taken to a dilapidated house in Lecompton, and guarded by Col. Titus's militia.

In October, about twenty of Harvey's soldiers were convicted, and sentenced to the Penitentiary for a term of five years. Among them were Frank B. Swift, a native of Maine (afterwards the Captain of the Lawrence Stubbs, and a Captain in the First Kansas), Alfred Paine of Ohio, Sam'l Stewart of Michigan, A. C. Soley of Massachusetts, Mr. Crawford, Jer'h Jordan of Pennsylvania, and John Lawrie of Indiana.

SEPTEMBER 13.—Chas. S. Weyman receives the prize for a Republican campaign song. The tune is "Suoni la Tromba." This is its spirit:

"Far in the West rolls the thunder,
The tumult of battle is raging,
Where bleeding Kansas is waging
Warfare with Slavery!
Struggling with the foes who surround her,
Lo! she implores you to stay her!
Will you to Slavery betray her?
Hurrah!
Swear that you'll never betray her;
Kansas shall yet be free!"

SEPTEMBER 14.—John Brown is present with the Free-State men at Lawrence. After a night skirmish, the Missourians retreat.

—Gov. Geary orders Woodson and Strickler to proceed to the Pro-Slavery army on the Wakarusa, and disband it. Gov. Geary, with United States troops, arrives in Lawrence. The people are in arms.

SEPTEMBER 15.—The United States troops left in Lawrence by Gov. Geary, who goes to Franklin. The Pro-Slavery camp is at the junction of the Wakarusa and Kaw rivers. The commander is Gen. John W. Reid, a member of the Missouri Legislature, assisted by David Atchison, B. F. Stringfellow, L. A. Maclean, (Chief Clerk of Surveyor General John Calhoun,) J. W. Whitfield, Geo. W. Clarke, Wm. A. Heiskell, Wm. P. Richardson, Frank J. Marshall, H. T. Titus, Fred. Emory, Sheriff Jones, and others, with 2,700 men. Judge Cato was in this camp. Gov. Geary assembled the officers and addressed them at length, and ordered the army to be disbanded and dispersed. He told Atchison that he had last seen him as the presiding officer of the United States Senate, and Acting Vice President of the United States.

SEPTEMBER 16.—Murder of David C. Buffum, a Free-State man, near Lecompton, by Chas. Hays. Gov. Geary visited the wounded man, and had Judge Cato take down his dying declarations. The Governor tried in vain to have the assassin arrested. Arrests of Free-State men were constantly made.

—Carmi W. Babcock, Postmaster at Lawrence, and a Free-State man, is arrested at Topeka, and discharged by the Governor.

SEPTEMBER 17.—The St. Louis Republican publishes a letter of this date from Westport. It describes Gov. Geary's visit to the army at Franklin on the 14th. Gov. Geary asks Gen. Reid to comply with his proclamation. The council is held in the store-house of Dr. Skillick. Gov. Geary says that the council, "though held in a board house," is the most important since the days of the Revolution, and involves the existence of the Union. Replies are made by Gen. Atchison, Gen. Reid, Col. Titus, Mr. Hughes, Col. Sam. Young, Gen. Clarke, Capt. Jo. Shelby, and others. The Pro-Slavery army retreats.

SEPTEMBER 18.—A large "Southern meeting for aid to Kansas" held

at Westport, Mo. The resolutions and names of collecting agents in all the Southern States are published in the Tribune of November 15.

SEPTEMBER 18.—Governor Geary, Colonel Cooke and United States soldiers arrest twelve persons and capture property at Topeka, on a warrant from Lecompte.

SEPTEMBER 22.—From Fremont county, Iowa, Gen. Lane addresses a letter to A. W. Doniphan and A. G. Boone. He denies that disorderly acts have been committed by his soldiers. He refers to his recent prisoners, Gen. Richardson and Capt. Scott, as witnesses of good treatment at the hands of Free-State men. He says "the effort to inflict the curse of Slavery on Kansas by force and arms is entirely futile." He proposes that the question be settled by one hundred slaveholders, including Atchison, and one hundred Free-State men, including himself, to fight in the presence of twelve United States Senators and twelve members of the House; and that "the blood of the parties thus selected shall settle this vexed question, and save Kansas from further outrage."

SEPTEMBER 23.—The Governor addresses a letter to each of the Judges, asking them what they have done. The replies show that very little had been done. In the midst of war, laws are silent. Chief Justice Lecompte replied that he had a "party bias" for the Democratic party, and was proud of it. He said: "To the charge of a Pro-Slavery bias, I am proud, too, of this. I am the steady friend of Southern rights under the Constitution of the United States. I have been reared where Slavery was recognized by the Constitution of my State. I love the institution as entwining itself around all my early and late associations."

SEPTEMBER 23.—The editor of the Atchison Squatter Sovereign comes home after a campaign of four weeks as a soldier. Of Free-State men he says: "Treat them as you would the midnight assassin; . . . let the crack of your rifle be the only salutation they receive from you."

SEPTEMBER 26.—James Redpath and Thomas W. Higginson arrive in Topeka with 135 Free-State immigrants.

—The foundation of Sabetha was a well dug by one of these overland parties.

OCTOBER 1.—The people of Lawrence declare that they will not take part in the approaching election, held under the Bogus code.

OCTOBER 1.—Governor Geary informs Mayor Murphy, of Leavenworth, that the "Regulators" of Fred. Emory and A. B. Miller "must disband;" "this thing cannot be tolerated for a single moment." Soon after, peace reigned in that city.

OCTOBER 4.—Thomas W. Higginson, from Lawrence: "A single day in Kansas makes the American Revolution more intelligible than all Sparks or Hildreth can do. . . . In Kansas, nobody talks of courage, for everyone is expected to exhibit it. . . . Give us Freedom, and a few years will make Kansas the garden of America."

OCTOBER 6.—Pro-Slavery election for Delegate to Congress, members

of the Legislature, and on the question of calling a Convention to form a State Constitution. The Free-State men do not vote. Of the 4,276 votes cast for Whitfield, as Delegate, 1,480 were cast in Leavenworth county. Reeder received 40 votes, in all, from Madison county. The vote for a Convention was 2,592; against, 454. F. J. Marshall received 325 votes for the Council.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES.

Name of County.	Name of Candidate.	Vote.	Name of County.	Name of Candidate.	Vote.
Atchison.....	Joseph P. Carr.....	428	Calhoun.....	Jas. Kuykendall..	30
	Wm. Young.....	506		Geo. Young.....	22
	Richard L. Kirk..	451		A. Laws.....	15
	Caleb May.....	100		J. A. Merritt.....	13
	W. P. Lamb.....	91		H. Howard.....	14
Arapahoe.....	A. Elliott.....	107	Jefferson.....	Wm. H. Tebbs.....	193
	Luther Knox.....	84	Johnson.....	J. T. Barton.....	117
	Benj. F. Simmons	10	Leavenworth....	John W. Martin..	1,301
B. Brantly.....	176	Wm. G. Mathias..		980	
Bourbon.....	W. W. Spratt.....	127		M. Walker.....	898
Brown.....	R. G. Roberts.....	60		D. J. Johnson.....	669
	X. K. Stout.....	17		L. F. Hollingsw'th.	516
	B. O'Driscoll.....	17	A. R. Kellum.....	510	
Doniphan.....	T. W. Waterson...	17	Linn.....	J. Davis.....	143
	X. K. Stout.....	316	Lykins.....	J. P. Fox.....	123
	B. O'Driscoll.....	296		Martin White.....	127
T. W. Waterson...	268	J. P. Fox.....		105	
Douglas.....	Jos. C. Anderson..	456	Madison.....	Geo. H. Reese.....	45
	J. C. Thompson...	418		Sol. G. Brown.....	40
	Jas. Garvin.....	457		R. F. Stiggers.....	12
	O. H. Browne.....	404		A. I. Baker.....	12
	H. Butcher.....	447		Marshall.....	W. H. Jenkins.....	186
Davis.....	R. Garrett.....	59	Nemaha.....	A. G. Burrett.....	1
Riley.....	O. J. Chapman.....	84		C. Dolman.....	12
	R. Garrett.....	66			

OCTOBER 7.—The Vermont Legislature appropriates \$20,000 for the relief of Kansas. Gov. Geary writes to the Governor of that State that the money is not needed.

OCTOBER 10.—“A woman of New York” writes an address to President Pierce:

“Fair Kansas, bleeding at thy feet,
A trophy lies;
And murdered men and widowed wives,
And gory locks and scalping-knives,
In heaps arise.”

OCTOBER 10.—Colonel Cooke aided William S. Preston, Deputy Marshal, in arresting a large party of Free-State immigrants. “near the Nebraska river,” on the northern line of the Territory. Shaler W. Eldridge was the conductor of the party, and among the number were S. C. Pomeroy, Robert Morrow, Salmon S. Prouty, and Richard Realf. Major H. H. Sibley conducted them to North Topeka.

OCTOBER 14.—Governor Geary met the immigrants, and released them from arrest.

OCTOBER 14.—The Tribune prints the names of the 105 Free-State prisoners now confined at Leecompton. They were arrested between September 10 and September 30. The same paper has an account of

the murder of Wm. Phillips, in Leavenworth, September 2, written by Albert Phillips.

OCTOBER 15.—Gov. Geary sends to Washington an official letter, detailing the arrest of the Eldridge-Pomeroy party.

OCTOBER 17.—Gov. Geary leaves Lecompton on a tour of observation. After this, immigration becomes free.

OCTOBER 18.—A. T. Noel Byron, the widow of Lord Byron, sends to Mrs. H. B. Stowe £65 sterling, "toward the relief of the sufferers in Kansas."

OCTOBER 20.—Surveyor General's office removed to Lecompton.

OCTOBER.—One of the "Anti-Slavery Tracts" is called "A Ride Through Kansas. By Thomas Wentworth Higginson." It contains twenty-four pages, and is made up of letters written by Col. Higginson from Nebraska and Kansas, in September and October, 1856. The letters were originally published with the signature of "Worcester," in the New York Tribune. The pictures of Topeka, Lecompton, Lawrence and Leavenworth are entertaining and valuable.

OCTOBER 22.—Gov. Robinson makes a Republican speech in New York.

OCTOBER 23.—The Tribune publishes a letter dated "Pony Creek," in Brown county, written by Richard Realf, and describing the stopping of their train at Plymouth, by Col. Cooke, with 600 U. S. soldiers, acting under Deputy U. S. Marshal Preston, of Virginia.

OCTOBER 23.—The Tribune publishes the first chapter of "The Kansas Emigrants," by L. Maria Child, "from a volume about to be published by C. S. Francis & Co." The fifth and concluding chapter is published November 3. It is a history of Kansas, in pictures of home life.

OCTOBER 24.—The Tribune publishes the names of many of the 250 immigrants on Pony Creek.

OCTOBER 24.—Publication of Mrs. Robinson's book—"Kansas; Its Interior and Exterior Life. Including a Full View of its Settlement, Political History, Social Life, Climate, Soil, Productions, Scenery, etc. By Sara T. L. Robinson. Boston: Crosby, Nichols and Company. 1856." pp. 366.

Allibone's Dictionary of Authors says this book went through six editions. It was favorably noticed by the London Athenæum, as well as by the Republican press of this country. Mrs. Robinson is an accomplished lady, the wife of Governor Robinson. She possessed the knowledge of events, and the literary skill necessary to produce an interesting and trustworthy book, and one which will continue to have a permanent value. The women of Kansas suffered more than the men, and were not less heroic. Their names are not known; they were not elected to office; they had none of the exciting delights of an active, out-door life on these attractive prairies; they endured in silence; they took care of the home, of the sick; if "home they brought her warrior

dead, she nor swooned, nor uttered sigh." It is fortunate that a few of these truest heroes have left a printed record of pioneer life in Kansas.

OCTOBER 27.—The Tribune copies from the London Times the first of the Kansas letters of Thos. H. Gladstone, nephew of W. E. Gladstone. It is dated "Stockwell Lodge, Surrey, Oct. 9."

OCTOBER 28.—L. Maria Child, of Wayland, Mass., sends a box of clothing "to the women of Kansas." She says: "Never have I been so proud of woman as I have been while reading of your patient endurance and your undaunted heroism."

OCTOBER 29.—The Tribune publishes seven columns from Rev. Frederick Starr, jr., formerly of Rochester, giving the history of western Missouri and Kansas since he began to preach at Weston, Mo., in February, 1850. It is in answer to a request from many eminent Presbyterian divines.

OCTOBER 31.—The Tribune publishes W. F. M. Army's "Report of a Trip to Kansas." He gives the names of the Kansas Central Committee: Samuel E. Martin, President; Wm. Hutchinson, Secretary; James Blood, Treasurer, etc. Donations for Kansas, raised by the National Committee, are to be distributed by this Committee.

NOVEMBER 1.—Reissue of the Herald of Freedom, at Lawrence. Brown raises the stars and stripes over the building. The office is crowded with people waiting for the paper. It is a great day in Lawrence—no paper since May 21. Edward P. Harris is a printer in the office. A few days later P. B. Plumb is made foreman in the office.—The Free-State paper, the Tribune, at Topeka, is revived.

NOVEMBER 3.—The N. Y. Tribune publishes a long statement, signed by a large number of the political prisoners at Leecompton.

✓ NOVEMBER 6.—The Governor arrives at Leecompton. At the Baptist Mission he issues a proclamation, setting apart November 20th as a day of Thanksgiving. He had visited many towns, going east as far as Osawatimie, and west to Fort Riley.

NOVEMBER 7.—Owen C. Stewart is discharged as Superintendent of the Capitol. The \$50,000 appropriated by Congress had been expended, but the walls of the building had been advanced only a few feet above the foundation.—The United Brethren have built a College on this site.

NOVEMBER 7.—J. W. Whitfield is in New Orleans, raising money to make Kansas a Slave State. He announces the receipt of \$1,151. D. R. Atchison is Chairman of the Executive Committee, and Wm. H. Russell, of Leavenworth, the Treasurer. Mr. Atchison says we must have more settlers, "especially those who have slaves."

NOVEMBER.—The Kansas State Central Committee resolves that the safety of the Free-State cause demands the largest attainable immigration of Northern freemen and investment of Northern capital during the coming spring and summer; that confidence is necessary to these results, and that confidence will best be established by a determined as-

sertion by the Northern States of their right to enforce protection to their own citizens on the soil of Kansas, and liberal appropriations of money to secure their protection. Wm. Hutchinson and J. M. Winchell were appointed Commissioners under these resolutions, and the latter visited New York.

NOVEMBER 8.—Thaddeus Hyatt publishes an appeal for aid for the Free-State settlers in Kansas. The Tribune's Kansas fund has now reached \$15,523; it went up to over \$20,000, from small gifts.

NOVEMBER 10.—From Mr. Gladstone's letter in to-day's London Times: "The name Border Ruffian is one they glory in. 'I am a Border Ruffian, I am; none of your city-raised Down-Easters. I can draw my bead at forty rod, and bound to shoot center anyhow. If the crowd wish, I don't care if we have a hand fight before this here bar. I'm dreadful easy to whip—dreadful easy. So jest jump me up, stranger.' . . . I have seen instances in which the name of 'Border Ruffian' has been given to a steamboat, or to a favorite horse or dog, or as a sign for a grocery. A peculiar style of hat enjoys the same very popular appellation." . . . "Contrasting the towns built by the Free-State population with Leavenworth or other places, where the majority are from the South, one remarks in the former a greater number of mechanics, shop-keepers, useful artisans, and laborers, and in the latter an excess of lawyers, doctors, rumsellers, and bar-keepers."

NOVEMBER 10.—Charles Hays, arrested for the murder of Buffum, and indicted by a Pro-Slavery grand jury at Lecompton for murder in the first degree, was discharged on bail by Lecompte. Gov. Geary regarded this act as a judicial outrage, treated it as a nullity, and ordered Marshal Donalson to rearrest Hays. He declined to obey the order, and resigned. Col. H. T. Titus then arrested Hays and brought him to Lecompton.

NOVEMBER 11.—Wm. A. Phillips, in his letter from Lawrence, says: "The most of last week was consumed in the court of Judge Lecompte, at Lecompton, in trying the other fifteen Free-State men for 'shooting with intent to kill,' etc., and at its close they were found guilty. They have been sentenced to five years' imprisonment in the penitentiary." The letter of the 13th says the number now convicted is nineteen; they are to be sent to Tecumseh.

NOVEMBER 13.—The Governor asks the Postmaster General for better mail facilities: "It requires eleven days for a letter to reach this place from Washington City, when a person traveling with expedition can accomplish the same distance in six days."

NOVEMBER 15.—The Free-State prisoners, forty in number, are removed to Tecumseh.

NOVEMBER 17.—While Gov. Geary was attending the Delaware Land sales, at Leavenworth, Lecompte released Hays on a writ of habeas corpus. These facts are made known to President Pierce.

NOVEMBER 17.—Charles Sumner to Martin F. Conway: "Surely liberty in Kansas, involving our own liberty also, is worthy of every effort."

NOVEMBER 17.—The 200,000 acres of Delaware lands to be sold in Leavenworth, are all within thirty-five miles of the city. They are appraised at from \$1.25 to \$10 an acre, averaging \$1.75. The St. Louis Democrat says: "One settler was accommodated to-day by the loan of a sufficient amount to enable him to pay for his land, he agreeing to pay thirty per cent. interest." This is lower than the usual rate.

NOVEMBER 19.—Jas. Redpath meets Wendell Phillips and Wm. Lloyd Garrison walking arm-in-arm on School street, Boston. *Phillips*: "Do you think our men will submit?" *Redpath*: "No." *P.*: "They will fight?" *R.*: "Yes, sir." *P.*: "I am very glad to hear it." *Garrison*: "I don't doubt the bravery of the Free-State men, but they will be overpowered. They have the Slave power, the Federal troops, and Northern indifference to contend with." Mr. Redpath says the Massachusetts Emigrant Aid Society has already sent to Kansas, from Boston, 244 barrels and boxes of clothing. "The goods are purchased and manufactured by the citizens of Massachusetts."

NOVEMBER 19.—Captain Samuel Walker, of the militia called out by Governor Geary, writes him that their service seems to be no longer required. On the 27th, Governor Geary complied with the request, and returned his sincere thanks.

NOVEMBER 20.—Vermont has appropriated \$20,000 for Kansas.

NOVEMBER 22.—Thirty-nine Free-State prisoners at Leecompton escape.

NOVEMBER 24.—The militia called out by Governor Geary on his arrival here, are disbanded. Seventy have enlisted with Colonel Titus for Nicaragua, to serve under the filibuster William Walker.

NOVEMBER 27.—For a week past, Marshal Preston, attended by a detachment of Colonel Titus's militia, has been arresting Free-State men in the vicinity of Osawatimie, Middle Creek, and Sugar Mound. The men arrested here by Governor Geary, in his southern tour, are still prisoners.

NOVEMBER 28.—Sixteen Free-State prisoners, tried before Judge Cato, at Tecumseh, and defended by Marcus J. Parrott, are acquitted.

DECEMBER.—The Governor of Vermont appoints C. W. Babcock, John Hutchinson and William Hutchinson commissioners to inquire into the wants and necessities of the settlers from Vermont in Kansas, and report the same for relief.

DECEMBER 1.—The House, on its first day, refuses a seat to Whitfield, by 104 to 97.

DECEMBER 1.—Gov. Robinson and others start the town of Quindaro, north of Wyandotte.

DECEMBER 2.—William Spencer, of Ohio, late a clerk of Surveyor General Calhoun, is appointed U. S. Marshal, to succeed Donalson.

DECEMBER 2.—William H. Seward: "I honor, thank and reverence the

State of Vermont for her late beneficent gift to the oppressed, exhausted and abused people of Kansas."

DECEMBER 2.—The Lecompton Union contains an advertisement, signed George W. Clarke, offering \$50 reward "for my negro woman, Judy." . . . "She is, no doubt, lurking in or about Lawrence, if she has not already secured a passage on the underground railway to Chicago."

DECEMBER 3.—James Redpath: "Gov. Geary is being driven over to our side. Kansas will be a Free State; the tide has turned in our favor."

DECEMBER 4.—Indian Agent G. W. Clarke, the alleged murderer of Barber, is removed, and Isaac Winston, of Virginia, appointed. Clarke was appointed to the Fort Scott Land Office.

DECEMBER 9.—The Whitfield vote is reconsidered in the House, and a seat given him by 112 to 108.

DECEMBER 10.—A U. S. surveying party, on the Little Blue, was caught in a blizzard, and two of its members frozen to death.

This month of December was an exceedingly cold one, the Missouri river and the Kansas river both being frozen over solid.

DECEMBER 10-11.—The Tribune publishes five columns of documents relating to Kansas, chiefly from Gov. Geary; they are among those accompanying the President's Message.

DECEMBER.—Sheriff Jones resigns, because Gov. Geary refuses to order from Fort Leavenworth one hundred balls and chains to put on the Free-State prisoners in Lecompton.

DECEMBER.—William Partridge, a prominent and respectable Free-State citizen of Osawatomie, whose brother was killed at the battle of Osawatomie, is convicted by Judge Cato's Pro-Slavery court, in Tecumseh, of burglary, and sentenced to ten years in the Penitentiary, or to the ball-and-chain gang.

DECEMBER.—The Iowa House of Representatives passes a joint resolution in favor of the admission of Kansas as a Free State, and against its admission as a Slave State.

DECEMBER 15.—Gov. Geary writes from Leavenworth to President Pierce that \$440,000 have been realized from the land sales. The city of Leavenworth, not yet sold, contains 320 acres, and had been appraised by lots, at thirty dollars an acre. Its population was placed at 2,000.

DECEMBER 16.—A letter from Westport, in the Missouri Republican, says that Major Buford, who had led a lot of Ruffians into the Territory from Alabama, was in Westport on his way home, to return in the spring. He publishes the receipts and disbursements of his enterprise in the Star of Empire, as follows:

Cost of enterprise.....	\$24,625 06
Contributions.....	13,967 90
Loss.....	\$10,657 16

—Senator Henry Wilson introduces a bill to amend the organic act; it passes, January 21, 1857; no action in the House.

DECEMBER 16.—Whitfield introduces a bill for reimbursing the settlers for losses incurred during the disturbances in the Territory. The losses are still, after the lapse of nearly thirty years, unpaid.

DECEMBER 16.—Close of the Leavenworth land sales, during the absence of the Commissioner in Washington. All the lands are sold, except the lots in Leavenworth—208,000 acres for \$450,000.

DECEMBER 16.—The President sends to both houses a letter from and the journal of Governor Geary.

DECEMBER 17.—The President appoints James O. Harrison, of Kentucky, to succeed Lecompte, removed.

DECEMBER 18.—The Leavenworth Journal, Pro-Slavery, vaunts the advantages of Kansas, and calls upon slaveholders to move in and make it a Slave State.

DECEMBER 22.—Thaddeus Hyatt writes encouraging letters from southern Kansas to the New York Tribune, extolling Kansas and urging immigration.

DECEMBER 25.—Governor Robinson, in a letter to Lieutenant Governor Roberts, resigns the office of Governor under the Topeka Constitution. The letter of resignation is published in the New York Daily Tribune, January 14, 1857.

DECEMBER 25.—A meeting was held in Lawrence "to institute a university." The following board of trustees was elected: Gov. Geary, Gov. Robinson, M. J. Parrott, S. Y. Lum, E. Nute, I. T. Goodnow, W. Y. Roberts, F. G. Thornton of Topeka, J. A. Wakefield, S. C. Pomeroy, Amos Lawrence of Massachusetts, W. F. M. Army of Illinois, and Mr. Bacon of Connecticut.

—A party is given, in Lawrence, to the Free-State prisoners at Leecompton, their keeper (a strong Geary man) accompanying them to Lawrence.

DECEMBER.—Publication of "Scenes and Adventures in the Army," by Col. Philip St. George Cooke, U. S. A. Col. Cooke came to St. Louis in 1827, and had many years' experience in Kansas and on the Plains. The book describes many Kansas localities, and gives incidents in the lives of officers well known here. Lindsay & Blakiston, Philadelphia, publishers.

DECEMBER.—Mr. James W. Fox, Topeka, has a bound file of the Kansas Tribune. The first copy in the volume is dated, Lawrence, September 15, 1855, and is No. 29 of vol. I. John Speer and Samuel N. Wood are the publishers and editors. It is a six-column paper, the columns of a measure wider than usual. This number contains a full report of the proceedings of the Big Springs Convention. Number 31 is dated December 10th, at Topeka. W. W. Ross had taken the place of S. N. Wood.

The next copy is No. 33, dated January 7, 1856. On the 5th of March, 1856, the Tribune began to issue a Daily Edition. The State Legislature was in session at Topeka. The proceedings are published in the Weekly of March 10th. A sale of lots took place at Topeka, April 23d. The highest price paid was \$810 for a lot 75 by 150 feet, on the corner of Kansas avenue and Sixth street. The Tribune of July 9th contains the report of the dispersing of the Legislature by Col. Sumner. In his brief statement to the members of the House, Col. Sumner twice said: "This is the most painful duty of my whole life."

The next paper on this file is No. 1, of vol. II, dated Topeka, September 5, 1856. A statement is copied from the St. Louis News, that Major Buford has passed through that city on his return to Alabama. Several quotations are made from Southern papers. The True Carolinian, of South Carolina, says W. D. Wilkes believes he will carry with him to Kansas \$50,000. The Charleston News says: "South Carolina is still unflinching in her efforts in behalf of Kansas, and her people continue to forward emigrants and means. The Executive Committee of the Charleston Association will dispatch another and the fourth corps tomorrow. They will go under the charge of Capt. Palmer, who conducted the second corps." A Georgia paper says Alpheus Baker jr., of Alabama, Dr. Jones, and L. F. Johnson, have "recently been engaged in canvassing central Alabama for the purpose of raising men and money for Kansas. Success has crowned their efforts."

The next number of the Tribune was not issued till October 22d. It records the arrival of P. B. Plumb, of the Xenia (Ohio) News, with a company of twenty-eight young men. Number 3 contains a letter from the prison at Leecompton, dated October 24th, written by J. H. Kagi. The prison contains ninety-nine Free-State men. Eighty-eight of Capt. Harvey's men have been indicted for murder in the first degree, and also for manslaughter—the crimes being committed at Hickory Point, Jefferson county, September 13th. Another letter, dated November 17th, gives an account of the trial and sentence—for five years in the Penitentiary—of some thirty of these prisoners. Number 4 announces a visit to Lawrence by Thaddeus Hyatt. On the 29th of December, John Speer retires, and is succeeded by E. G. Ross. J. H. Kagi writes on the 23d, that there are now sixteen Free-State prisoners at Leecompton, and seven at Tecumseh. John Ritchie and some others have escaped.

The file of the Tribune is nearly complete for 1857, and for the first half of 1858.

1857.

JANUARY 1.—One of the new Judges, Cunningham, of Pennsylvania, arrives in Lawrence, on his way to the Third District.

JANUARY 1.—J. S. Pike writes from Washington concerning the newly-elected President, Buchanan: "One of the things he cannot do is to control the Kansas Bogns legislators and the Missouri Slavery propagandists."

—Harper's Weekly appears. The first number has a long apology for the election of James Buchanan.

JANUARY 1.—Horace Greeley, in the New York Tribune, says that "no administration ever departed so widely from the principles of the American Constitution as that of Franklin Pierce. He has been the great Republican Bomba."

JANUARY 3.—Gov. Chase, in his message, says if the outrages upon citizens of Ohio who have gone to Kansas be repeated, and the General Government refuses them protection, it will be the right and duty of the State to interfere.

Gov. Hamlin, of Maine, takes similar ground, and the Republican Governors generally.

JANUARY 5.—Horace Greeley, commenting upon a proposition that the Republicans in Congress should unite with the Democrats in fixing an early day for a constitutional election in Kansas, by which the question of Freedom or Slavery therein should be definitely settled, says: "We cannot agree to any arrangement which puts Freedom for Kansas at risk. We hold Kansas a part of the rightful domain of Free Labor, and we deny the right of any five thousand men to vote away the patrimony of five millions."

JANUARY 6.—The Free-State Legislature, under the Topeka Constitution, met at Topeka. Governor Robinson and Lieutenant Governor Roberts are absent, and there is no quorum. A popular meeting is held, at which much fault is found with the Governor and Lieutenant Governor for not being present, and resolutions are passed to adhere to the State Government. Nobody seemed to know whether Robinson had resigned or not.

JANUARY 7.—Gov. Pollock, of Pennsylvania, in his message, earnestly protests against the attempt to force Slavery into Kansas.

JANUARY 7.—State Legislature reassembles; quorum present. Organizes, and appoints a committee to memorialize Congress to admit Kansas under the Topeka Constitution. After adjournment, a Deputy United States Marshal arrests about a dozen of the members, under a writ granted by Judge Cato, and takes them to Tecumseh.

—Gov. Robinson is in Boston, on business for Quindaro. As an example of "great expectations," it was announced that \$500,000 had already been subscribed for investment in the town; that a hotel, a saw-mill, a grist-mill and a machine shop would be erected before spring, and that a paper-mill worth \$10,000 would be put up in May or June. "J. R." (James Redpath) announced it in the New York Tribune.

JANUARY 7.—The Free-State boys of Kansas have sent a "sectional cane" to their Massachusetts champion, Charles Sumner. The head of it represents a hand choking a snake. The snake's body is coiled half-way down the cane. Between its folds are fifteen knots—each repre-

senting a Slave State. On the lower part of the cane are sixteen knots — one for every Free State. Major Bickerton carved it.

—Samuel J. Jones resigns, and his friend Wm. T. Sherrard is appointed, by the County Board, Sheriff of Douglas county. Gov. Geary delays issuing a commission to Sherrard.

JANUARY 8.—When the State Legislature met, both bodies were without presiding officers and without a quorum. The President of the Senate and Speaker of the House are prisoners at Tecumseh. A recess was taken till the second Tuesday in June.

—The prisoners are taken before Judge Cato, at Tecumseh (the county seat of Shawnee county), and bound over to appear at the June term.

JANUARY 9.—“Mr. Hoagland from Kansas” is in Washington, urging an appropriation of \$50,000 for the Capitol at Lecompton.

JANUARY 10.—The Herald of Freedom no longer represents Free-State sentiment; pap controls it.

JANUARY 10.—Chas. Sumner writes a letter to James Redpath strongly favoring liberal appropriations by the Northern State Legislatures to sustain the Free-State people in Kansas, should the struggle be prolonged. Henry Wilson had previously written a similar letter.

JANUARY 12.—Second session of the Territorial Legislature, and the first held at Lecompton. Gov. Geary’s message has the merit of reading well to-day. Although a Democrat, appointed by President Pierce, it is a fair message. He promises “‘equal and exact justice to all men,’ of whatever political or religious persuasion.” He prays for peace, promises free speech, and asks for the repeal of many of the Bogus Laws. “Let the people, then, rule in everything. I have every confidence in the virtue, intelligence and sober thought of the toiling millions.” His review of his brief administration has a historic value now. He advocated the building of a railroad to the Gulf of Mexico. “The entire length of such a road would not exceed 600 miles, much less than half the distance to the Atlantic, and at an ordinary speed of railroad travel, could be traversed in less than twenty-four hours.”

The Free-State men had taken no part in the election of members of this House, and the whole Legislature remained Pro-Slavery.

Gov. Geary said there was not a single officer in the Territory amenable to him or to the people, the whole having been either appointed by the Legislature, or holding office for terms extending a long way into the future.

All bills vetoed by Gov. Geary were passed over his head by a two-thirds vote, in accordance with a secret agreement at the beginning of the session.

Blake Little, in the Council, succeeds William Barbee, deceased; Frank J. Marshall succeeds J. Donaldson, resigned.

Officers of the Council: Thomas Johnson, President; Richard R. Rees, President *pro tem.*; Thomas C. Hughes, Chief Clerk; C. H. Grover,

Assistant Clerk; S. J. Cramer, Sergeant-at-Arms; William Alley, Doorkeeper; D. Scott Boyle, Engrossing Clerk.

Officers of the House: William G. Mathias, Speaker; W. H. Tebbs, Speaker *pro tem.*; Robert C. Bishop, Chief Clerk; D. G. Flemming, Assistant Clerk; John Robertson, Sergeant-at-Arms; J. H. Jackson, Doorkeeper.

JANUARY 12.—Convention of the "National Democratic Party of Kansas Territory," at Lecompton. The following-named persons were appointed a committee to prepare an address to the people of the United States: John Calhoun, George W. Clarke, John W. Forman, J. Kuykendall, John H. Stringfellow, A. B. Hazzard, John R. Boyd, E. Ransom, L. A. Maclean, H. B. Harris, A. Coffey, John Donaldson, B. I. Newsom, J. T. Hereford, J. C. Anderson, David R. Atchison, Jeff. Buford, W. H. Tebbs, Samuel J. Jones, Hugh M. Moore, G. W. Purkins, A. J. Isacks. The address was published in pamphlet form.

JANUARY 13.—J. H. Kagi, reporting the doings of the Territorial Legislature for the National Era, is arrested by a United States Deputy Marshal, on the charge of being at the Fort Titus fight. Gives bail in \$3,000.

JANUARY 13.—Simon Cameron is elected United States Senator from Pennsylvania; it makes a great sensation in Washington, as Cameron had supported Fremont, instead of Buchanan, in the Presidential election.

JANUARY 14.—Chas. Sumner reelected to the U. S. Senate—333 to 12 in the House, and unanimously in the Senate. The answer of Massachusetts to "Bully Brooks" and the Slave Power.

JANUARY 14.—R. H. Bennett is elected Public Printer.

JANUARY 16.—At President Pierce's first public reception of the season, "among the most notable guests was Governor Robinson, of Kansas."

JANUARY 16.—W. F. M. Arny, who, with Thaddeus Hyatt, has been in Kansas, issues a statement in the New York Tribune explaining the work and resources of the National Kansas Committee, the necessity for liberal contributions of food, clothing, grain, seeds, etc., during the coming season, and gives information for the benefit of emigrants. He says the Defense Committee in Kansas during the troubles issued scrip to the amount of \$23,858.55, of which \$10,158.75 had been redeemed.

JANUARY 19.—The Senate declines to confirm Judge Harrison and U. S. Marshal Spencer.

JANUARY 19.—The House asks Gov. Geary, by resolution, why he does not commission Sherrard. Sherrard threatens the Governor's life. Gov. Geary asks Gen. Smith for military protection; refused, with an insulting reply.

JANUARY 21.—Governor Geary sends to the House his reasons for not giving a commission to the drunken brawler, Bill Sherrard.

JANUARY 21.—James Guthrie, Secretary of the Treasury, reports to G. A. Grow, of the House, that the appropriations for public buildings in Kansas have been drawn from the treasury. Governor Shannon drew \$20,000, January 31, 1856, and \$20,000, July 7, 1856. Governor Geary drew \$10,000, December 21, 1856. These facts are reported to the House, by Mr. Grow, February 7, 1857.

JANUARY 22.—An act creating the office of Superintendent of Public Printing.

JANUARY 22.—The National Kansas Committee meets in New York. Since June last, the Committee has received and expended \$81,000, and has \$9,000 on hand. It has forwarded 2,000 immigrants, and expended between \$20,000 and \$30,000 for groceries and provisions. Mr. Army resigns as General Agent, as he is going to move to Kansas. The Committee has also received 763 boxes of clothing, valued at \$110,000. Its operations have been conducted from Chicago by J. D. Webster, Vice President; H. B. Hurd, Secretary; Horace White, Assistant Secretary; George W. Dole, Treasurer; and W. F. M. Army, General Agent.

JANUARY 23.—C. B. Lines, in the New York Tribune, gives an interesting account of the settlement of Wabaunsee by a New Haven colony, and asks aid to build a school house and a church; he urges contributions of capital to be expended in the building of churches and schools all over the Territory. The appeal is strongly written, and indorsed by President Woolsey, Rev. Dr. Leonard Bacon, and other prominent persons.

JANUARY 23.—The special commissioners sent to investigate Surveyor General Calhoun complete their work.

JANUARY 25.—Meeting of the National Kansas Committee in New York. Horace White makes a financial report. The North has contributed in various ways for Kansas not less than \$250,000. Gerrit Smith has paid \$10,000. [See Sanborn's *Life of John Brown*, pp. 352-3.] Of gifts of clothing, Mr. White says: "Let us not forget that it is to women almost solely that the people of Kansas are indebted for this invaluable aid." This was the skirmish-line of the subsequent Sanitary Commission.

JANUARY 29.—The Committee on Territories of the House of Representatives (Washington) submits a report, and a bill for the repeal of the Bogus laws, and ordering a new election for members of the Legislative Assembly.

JANUARY 29.—James Christian succeeds E. Chapman as a member of the Council.

JANUARY 30.—Judge Lecompte's letter of defense is read in the executive session of the United States Senate; Harrison's nomination will be recalled.

JANUARY 31.—The joint committee of the Kansas Legislature report a bill for a Constitutional Convention at Leecompton.

JANUARY 31.—The bill passed by the Senate for organizing a State Government in Kansas, (called the Toombs bill,) is reported on by the House Committee at length, and unfavorably. They recommend the admission of Kansas under the Topeka Constitution.

JANUARY 31.—The Tribune publishes the resolutions of "The Pro-Slavery, Law-and-Order, National Democratic" Convention, held at Leecompton. The Committee on Credentials were thus instructed:

"Resolved, That none but sound Pro-Slavery men shall be admitted as delegates to this convention or take part in its deliberations."

JANUARY 31.—Judge Cato releases on bail George W. Clarke, charged with the murder of Barber. Clarke and one or both of his companions shot at and murdered Barber; no trial of either of the three.

FEBRUARY 2.—Mr. Redpath writes from Boston to the Tribune: "Chas. Robinson has been bitterly assailed, both in Kansas and by the Eastern press, since he tendered his resignation as Governor of the Free-State organization." The letter is a defense of the Governor, who is now in Boston.

FEBRUARY 3.—A. B. Hazzard elected Superintendent of Printing.

FEBRUARY 5.—The report of John Donaldson, Territorial Auditor, shows that the whole tax collected amounts to \$2,240.

FEBRUARY.—Emporia founded by Preston B. Plumb, Geo. W. Deitzler, Geo. W. Brown, Lyman Allen, and Columbus Hornsby. Chas. V. Eskridge was appointed general agent of the company. The Kansas News was started June 6.

FEBRUARY 7.—The Committee on Territories of the House of Representatives, Washington, report a bill for the payment of property destroyed at Lawrence, May 21, 1856, as asked in the memorial of R. G. Elliott and others.

FEBRUARY 9.—Gov. Geary asks Gen. P. F. Smith for troops; he says a plot has been formed to assassinate him. Gen. Smith, February 11, refuses the request, and says: "Insults or probable breaches of the peace do not authorize the employment of troops." The troops heretofore at Leecompton have nearly all been ordered away; Capt. Newby's company of twenty-three men are on the north side of the Kaw, near Leecompton, but of no use to Geary to protect him from the Ruffian murderers. Gen. Smith gleefully informs Secretary of War Davis, of his insulting letter to Geary. During all the Kansas troubles, Jeff. Davis is our Pro-Slavery Emperor—ruling President, Congress, and Kansas.

FEBRUARY 11.—A bill passed dividing the Territory into three judicial districts.

FEBRUARY 11.—The House Committee on Elections (Washington) report that John W. Whitfield is not entitled to a seat as Delegate from Kansas.

The first election for Delegate was held in October, 1854; the second in October, 1855; under this second election John W. Whitfield took his seat in the House; his right to a seat was contested by A. H. Reeder; Whitfield was ousted from his seat by order of the House: the Governor called an election to fill the vacancy, on the first Monday in October, 1856; Whitfield received 4,300 votes, and the Governor gave him a certificate of election to the Thirty-fourth Congress; Reeder also claimed a seat, under the election held in 1855, but the House Committee did not grant his request.

FEBRUARY 14.—Death of William P. Richardson, member of the Council, announced.

—The cities of Topeka, Atchison and Manhattan incorporated.

FEBRUARY 17.—Hiawatha Town Company incorporated.

—The House of Representatives, at Washington, pass a bill, 98 to 79, declaring void all acts of the Territorial Legislature, on the ground that they are "cruel and oppressive," and that "the said Legislature was not elected by the legal voters of Kansas, but was forced upon them by non-residents, in violation of the Organic Act of the Territory," and enabling the people to establish a government for themselves. In the Senate, it is laid on the table, by 30 to 20. Bell, Brodhead, Houston, James, Pugh and Stuart vote in the negative, with the Republicans.

In the Senate, the partisans of Lecompte are strong enough to prevent the confirmation of Chief Justice Harrison, nominated by President Pierce to succeed Lecompte, and the latter still holds his office.

—Gov. Geary soon becomes very obnoxious to the Legislature. That body sides with Judge Lecompte in his difficulty with the Governor. Thus Geary finds himself abandoned at Washington, and without power in the Territory.

FEBRUARY 18.—Frank B. Sanborn, Secretary of the Kansas Aid Committee, makes a speech before the Massachusetts Legislative Committee, asking an appropriation for Kansas, and introduces Capt. John Brown. Capt. Brown reads the following statement "in a clear, ringing tone":

"I saw, while in Missouri, in the fall of 1855, large numbers of men going to Kansas to vote, and also returning after they had so done; as they said.

"Later in the year, I, with four of my sons, was called out, and traveled, mostly on foot and during the night, to help defend Lawrence, a distance of thirty-five miles; where we were detained, with some five hundred others, or thereabouts, from five to ten days—say an average of ten days—at a cost of not less than a dollar and a half per day, as wages; to say nothing of the actual loss and suffering occasioned to many of them, by leaving their families sick, their crops not secured, their houses unprepared for winter, and many without houses at all. This was the case with myself and sons, who could not get houses built after returning. Wages alone would amount to seven thousand five hundred dollars; loss and suffering cannot be estimated.

"I saw, at that time, the body of the murdered Barber, and was present to witness his wife and other friends brought in to see him with his clothes on, just as he was when killed.

"I, with six sons and a son-in-law, was called out, and traveled, most of the way on foot, to try and save Lawrence, May 20 and 21, and much of the way in the night. From that date, neither I nor my sons, nor my son-in-law, could do any work about our homes, but lost our whole time until we left, in October; except one of my sons, who

had a few weeks to devote to the care of his own and his brother's family, who were then without a home.

"From about the 20th of May, hundreds of men, like ourselves, lost their whole time, and entirely failed of securing any kind of crop whatever. I believe it safe to say, that five hundred Free-State men lost each one hundred and twenty days, which, at one dollar and a half per day, would be—to say nothing of attendant losses—ninety thousand dollars.

"On or about the 30th of May, two of my sons, with several others, were imprisoned without other crime than opposition to bogus legislation, and most barbarously treated for a time, one being held about one month, and the other about four months. Both had their families on the ground. After this, both of them had their houses burned, and all their goods consumed by the Missourians. In this burning all the eight suffered. One had his oxen stolen, in addition."

Redpath says:

"The Captain, laying aside his paper, here said that he had now at his hotel, and would exhibit to the Committee, if they so desired, the chains which one of his sons had worn, when he was driven, beneath a burning sun, by Federal troops, to a distant prison, on a charge of treason. The cruelties he there endured, added to the anxieties and sufferings incident to his position, had rendered him, the old man said, as his eye flashed and his voice grew sterner, 'a maniac—yes, a MANIAC.'

"He paused a few seconds, wiped a tear from his eye, and continued his narration:

"At Black Jack, the invading Missourians wounded three Free-State men, one of them my son-in-law; and a few days afterward one of my sons was so wounded that he will be a cripple for life.

"In June, I was present and saw the mangled and disfigured body of the murdered Hoyt, of Deerfield, Mass., brought into our camp. I knew him well.

"I saw the ruins of many Free-State men's houses, in different parts of the Territory, together with grain in the stack, burning, and wasted in other ways, to the amount, at least, of fifty thousand dollars.

"I saw several other Free-State men, besides those I have named, during the summer, who were badly wounded by the invaders of the Territory.

"I know that for much of the time during the summer, the travel over portions of the Territory was entirely cut off, and that none but bodies of armed men dared to move at all.

"I know that for a considerable time the mails on different routes were entirely stopped; and notwithstanding there were abundant troops in the Territory to escort the mails, I know that such escorts were not furnished, as they ought to have been.

"I saw while it was standing, and afterwards saw the ruins of, a most valuable house, the property of a highly civilized, intelligent, and exemplary Christian Indian, which was burned to the ground by the Rufians, because its owner was suspected of favoring the Free-State men. He is known as Ottawa Jones, or John T. Jones.

"In September last, I visited a beautiful little Free-State town called Stanton, on the north side of the Osage (or Marais des Cygnes, as it is sometimes called), from which every inhabitant had fled for fear of their lives, even after having built a strong log house, or wooden fort, at a heavy expense, for their protection. Many of them had left their effects, liable to be destroyed or carried off, not being able to remove them. This was to me a most gloomy scene, and like a visit to a sepulchre.

"Deserted houses and cornfields were to be found in almost every direction south of the Kansas river.

"I have not yet told all I saw in Kansas.

"I once saw three mangled bodies, two of which were dead, and one alive, but with twenty bullet and buckshot holes in him, after the two murdered men had lain on the ground, to be worked at by flies, for some eighteen hours. One of these young men was *my own son*.'

"The stern old man faltered. He struggled long to suppress all exhibition of his feelings, and soon, but with a subdued, and in a faltering, tone continued:

"I saw Mr. Parker, whom I well know, all bruised about the head, and with his throat partly cut, after he had been dragged, sick, from the house of Ottawa Jones, and thrown over the bank of the Ottawa creek for dead.

“About the first of September, I, and five sick and wounded sons, and a son-in-law, were obliged to lie on the ground, without shelter, for a considerable time, and at times almost in a state of starvation, and dependent on the charity of the Christian Indian I have before named, and his wife.

“I saw Dr. Graham, of Prairie City, who was a prisoner with the Ruffians on the 2d of June, and was present when they wounded him, in an attempt to kill him, as he was trying to save himself from being murdered by them during the fight at Black Jack.

“I know that numerous other persons, whose names I cannot now remember, suffered like hardships and exposures to those I have mentioned.

“I know well that on or about the 14th of September, 1856, a large force of Missourians and other Ruffians, said by Governor Geary to be twenty-seven hundred in number, invaded the Territory, burned Franklin, and, while the smoke of that place was going up behind them, they, on the same day, made their appearance in full view of, and within about a mile, of Lawrence; and I know of no reason why they did not attack that place, except that about one hundred Free-State men volunteered to go out and did go out, on the open plain before the town, and give them the offer of a fight: which, after getting scattering shots from our men, they declined, and retreated back towards Franklin. I saw that whole thing. The Government troops, at this time, were at Lecompton, a distance of twelve miles only from Lawrence, with Governor Geary; and yet, notwithstanding runners had been dispatched to advise him, in good time, of the approach and setting out of the enemy, (who had to march some forty miles to reach Lawrence,) he did not, on that memorable occasion, get a single soldier on the ground until after the enemy had retreated to Franklin, and been gone for more than five hours. This is the way he saved Lawrence. And it is just the kind of protection the Free-State men have received from the Administration from the first.”

FEBRUARY 19.—First step in the Lecompton Constitution movement. The Legislature passes an act to provide for electing a convention to frame a State Constitution. It provides for a census of voters, to be taken by sheriffs, April 1st, the return to be made in each county, to the probate judge, before the 10th of April. The judge can correct and add to the list from April 10th to May 1st, when it is to be sent to the Governor. Upon the basis of this census, the Governor is to apportion among the precincts the sixty delegates to the convention. The election is to be held the third Monday in June. The delegates are to meet at Lecompton, the first Monday in September. The registry of voters is placed entirely in the hands of Pro-Slavery officers.

Governor Geary vetoes the bill. He says the Legislature “has failed to make any provision to submit the constitution, when framed, to the consideration of the people for their ratification or rejection.” The Council passed the bill over the veto by 11 votes for to none against. The House likewise passes it by a two-thirds vote.

—A bill is passed providing for the election of a new Legislature in October.

—Joint session of the Legislature to elect county officers, to fill vacancies.

FEBRUARY 19.—The friends of Governor Geary hold an indignation meeting. Bill Sherrard having spit in the Governor’s face, and threatened to kill him. Sherrard and others attempt to break up the meeting; he shoots Mr. Shepherd in the head and leg, and wounds John W. Jones. Governor Geary’s Clerk, and brother-in-law. Jones then shoots and kills Sherrard. Young Jones is arrested by ex-Sheriff Jones. A com-

pany is formed to protect the prisoner and Governor Geary. J. W. Jones is afterwards bailed, and absconds.

FEBRUARY 20.—The Legislature charters the St. Joseph & Topeka Railroad Company. This afterwards becomes the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Road.

FEBRUARY 20.—A public Pro-Slavery meeting passes resolutions expressive of its grief on account of the “untimely death” of the “noble patriot,” Bill Sherrard.

FEBRUARY 20.—L. A. Maclean, J. W. Martin, O. C. Stewart, W. H. Tebbs and T. W. Waterson elected Bank Commissioners, on joint ballot. Hiram J. Strickler confirmed as Comptroller of the Treasury.

—Passage of a bill making a new apportionment for the Legislature.

—The Emporia and the Olathe Town Companies incorporated.

FEBRUARY 21.—The Legislature adjourns, at midnight. It passed an act for auditing claims for losses, to be paid by the Government. Wilson Shannon was appointed Commissioner; he declined, and H. J. Strickler was appointed. He awarded claims amounting to \$253,254.28.

FEBRUARY 21.—On the question, “Shall liquor be sold in Lawrence?” that town votes, 11 ayes, 110 noes, in a public meeting.—The Pro-Slavery men have formed a scheme to take the Shawnee Reserve, through the “Shawnee Association,” and they begin the erection of claim shanties.

FEBRUARY 22.—The House resolution, declaring Whitfield not entitled to a seat, laid on the table by 96 to 85.

—Publication of “Incidents of Travel in the Far West with Colonel Fremont’s Last Expedition. By S. N. Carvalho, Artist to the Expedition.” The journey was made in 1853, and along the Kaw and Smoky Hill.

FEBRUARY 23.—Governor Geary organizes Pottawatomie county.

FEBRUARY 24.—William A. Phillips: “It is reported that Governor Robinson regrets his resignation, and means to resume, if it has not taken effect.”

FEBRUARY 24.—The House passes an appropriation, with \$20,000 for the Kansas Legislature stricken out.—Lecompte’s letter of defense, of January 9, to Caleb Cushing, Attorney General, made public; it is Pro-Slavery and bold.

MARCH 3.—The House recedes on the Kansas appropriation.

MARCH 4.—Gov. Geary sends his resignation to President Buchanan, to take effect March 20. This act is not publicly known in Kansas.

Gov. Geary became a Union General, and Governor of Pennsylvania. He died February 8, 1873.

MARCH 4.—James Buchanan becomes President. The following is copied from his Inaugural Address:

“Congress is neither to legislate Slavery into any Territory or State, nor to exclude it therefrom, but to leave the people thereof perfectly free to form and regulate their domestic institutions in their own way, subject only to the Constitution of the United

States. As a natural consequence, Congress has also prescribed that when the Territory of Kansas shall be admitted as a State, it shall be received into the Union with or without Slavery, as their Constitution may prescribe at the time of their admission. A difference of opinion has arisen in regard to the time when the people of a Territory shall decide this question for themselves. This is happily a matter of but little practical importance, and besides, it is a judicial question, which legitimately belongs to the Supreme Court of the United States, before whom it is now pending, and will, it is understood, be speedily and finally settled. To their decision, in common with all good citizens, I shall cheerfully submit, whatever this may be, though it has been my individual opinion that under the Kansas-Nebraska act, the appropriate period will be when the number of actual residents in the Territory shall justify the formation of a Constitution, with a view to its admission as a State into the Union."

This allusion to a judicial decision is only understood by the members of the Supreme Court and the leaders of the Democratic party.

MARCH 6.—The Supreme Court renders the Dred Scott decision.

MARCH 7.—The New York Times says:

"The most important decision ever made by the Supreme Court of the United States was pronounced yesterday, and a summary of its leading points will be found among our telegraphic dispatches. That supreme tribunal of the land decides that the Ordinance of 1787, so far as it prohibited Slavery from the Northwest Territory, was unconstitutional; that the Missouri Compromise, so far as it excluded Slavery from the Louisiana Territory north of 36° 30', was unconstitutional; that Congress had no power to prohibit Slavery from *any* portion of the Federal territory, nor to authorize the inhabitants thereof to do so; that negroes are not citizens of the United States; and that the residence of a slave in a Free State does not affect his legal condition upon his return to a State where Slavery is allowed by law."

MARCH 9.—W. F. M. Army leaves Cincinnati for Lawrence, on the steamer "Lightfoot of Quindaro."

MARCH 10.—The Free-State Convention, at Topeka, appoints the following committee to prepare an address to the American people: James Davis, Lyman Allen, Rev. C. E. Blood, A. Polley, W. W. Ross, Rev. H. Jones, H. Miles Moore, M. J. Parrott, C. F. Currier, S. N. Latta, O. B. Holman, C. Robinson, E. Fish, L. J. Worden, M. Fennimore, Jas. Blood, Rev. James Gilpatrick, Rev. J. B. McAfee, I. T. Goodnow, J. A. Wakefield, A. Larzelere, William Mitchell, J. H. Kagi, J. P. Mitchell, Rev. W. R. Griffith, J. W. Morris, B. F. Harding, Prof. Walter Oakley, Albert A. Griffin, J. E. Stewart, S. B. Prentiss. The address is a spirited review of the political events in Kansas.

The Convention adopted the following platform:

"*Whereas*, A body of men, recently assembled at Lecompton, and claiming to be the Legislative Assembly of Kansas, have adopted a regulation purporting to be a law, for taking the census, and electing delegates to a Constitutional Convention, proposed to be held in that place in September next; and

"*Whereas*, The said Assembly was the creature of fraud, and its members the representatives of a people foreign to the Territory; and

"*Whereas*, The Organic Act does not authorize the Territorial Legislature power, even when legitimately convened, to pass any enabling act to change the government of the same; and

"*Whereas*, The act of this Assembly is partisan in its character, clearly contemplates fraud, for the recurrence of which it offers inadequate security, while it deprives the Executive of the Territory of the power to prevent or remedy such fraud, leaves the control of the census and election in the hands of pretended officers, not chosen by the

people of Kansas, who are of violent characters, and hostile to the best interests of the Territory; and

"Whereas, Said act purports to disfranchise certain *bona fide* settlers of Kansas, who have filed their declaration of intention to become citizens, and are recognized as voters by the Organic Act; and

"Whereas, There is no provision in the said regulation for submitting the Constitution so framed to the vote of the people of the Territory: therefore,

"Resolved, That the people of Kansas Territory cannot participate in any election under such regulation without compromising their rights as American citizens, sacrificing the best interests of Kansas, and jeopardizing the public peace.

"Resolved, That having suffered under this misrule of persons pretending to be the local officials of this Territory, we have lost all confidence in the integrity of the administration of the laws, however just these laws may appear to some on their face.

"Resolved, That with the people of any Territory alone rests the right to change the form of their government, subject to the approval of Congress, given before or after steps for the formation of a State government have been taken; and further, that a Territorial Government is extra-constitutional, and, at best, under ordinances of Congress, purely temporary.

"Resolved, That the Constitution framed at Topeka, by the representatives of the people of Kansas, and ratified by popular vote, is still the choice of a majority of our citizens, as the form of a State Government, and that we maintain and urge on Congress our immediate admission as a State under it.

"Resolved, That the policy of the Free-State party has always been averse to any movement of an aggressive character, and that violence has never been resorted to, save in self-defense.

"Resolved, That we make no tests for membership in the Free-State party, save that of the exclusion of domestic slavery from Kansas by subsequent legislation.

"Resolved, That we regard the presence of peaceful relations between our citizens as conducive to their best personal welfare, as well as indispensable to the perfect development and expansion of the various economical interests of the Territory. To the end, therefore, that such relations may be obtained and permanently established amongst us, we earnestly appeal to all men of whatever party, to submit all differences of opinion growing out of the question of our future internal domestic institutions, to the test of sound reason and enlightened though friendly discussion, and to the final arbitrament of the ballot-box: *Provided*, That any attempt to abridge or impair the freedom of speech, oral or written, or of the ballot-box, or other constitutional rights, will be held as just cause of departure from this policy.

"Resolved, That Congress having presented the principles of Squatter Sovereignty enunciated in the Kansas bill as the basis of the political action of the people of Kansas, we are inflexibly determined to abide by its faithful execution, as we ever have resolutely opposed its violation, and ever will while it remains on the statute book."

The Convention also adopted ten miscellaneous resolutions.

MARCH 12.—Elias S. Dennis is confirmed as U. S. Marshal.

MARCH 12.—Gov. Robinson withdraws his resignation as Governor, and declares his adhesion to the Topeka movement.

MARCH 12.—Gov. Geary writes to Secretary Woodson: "For several weeks my health has been gradually sinking, and I have had several hemorrhages of the lungs. I am convinced my life will not be long, if not promptly cared for. I will be absent a few days from Lecompton."

Gov. Geary feared assassination, and left the Territory secretly, as Gov. Reeder had done. His best friends of late, at Lecompton, had been the Free-State prisoners. He had told them of his fears, and they were ready to protect him. He left in haste, and forgot to pardon and release these men, as he had agreed to do. His farewell address

bears this date. He reached Washington March 21st. Gladstone copies (page 312) a portion of an address signed by ninety-eight of these prisoners.

MARCH 13.—Wm. Weer is confirmed as U. S. Attorney, vice A. J. Isacks, resigned.—The number of immigrants arriving in Kansas is very large.

MARCH 16.—First meeting of the County Commissioners of Davis county.

MARCH 23.—Gen. Lane returns to the Territory. Gov. Robinson returned a few weeks ago. The Free-State prisoners at Tecumseh have been released by a small band of masked men.

MARCH 24.—The steamer Lacon arrives at Lawrence. She went to Kansas City, and returned.

—Publication of "Incidents of Western Travel. By George F. Pierce, D. D., Bishop of the M. E. Church, South. Nashville, Tenn., for the M. E. Church, South;" pp. 249. Bishop Pierce came here on the steamboat with Gov. Geary. The writer is Pro-Slavery, and the book has a barbaric religious interest.

MARCH 25.—Secretary Woodson calls on General P. F. Smith for troops: "The counties of Franklin and Anderson are infested by a predatory band or bands of assassins and robbers."

MARCH 26.—Woodson protests to General Smith against the withdrawal of troops from Leecompton: "A number of writs for the arrest of notorious outlaws are now in the hands of the United States Deputy Marshals." etc.

MARCH 26.—Robert J. Walker, of Mississippi, is appointed Governor, and Fred. P. Stanton, of Tennessee, Secretary of the Territory, by President Buchanan.

Walker was born in Northumberland, Penn., July 19, 1801, a son of Judge Walker of the United States Supreme Court; he was United States Senator from Mississippi, 1837-45; Secretary of the Treasury, 1845-49; was a Union man during the war; died in Washington, November 11, 1869.

MARCH 27.—Colonel Sumner writes to Woodson: "I would respectfully suggest whether it would not be safer to pause a little in military matters, until we know the policy of the new Administration."

MARCH 30.—Gov. Walker writes to the President his letter of acceptance. He says that he understands that the President and Cabinet agree that there shall be a fair and regular vote by the actual residents of Kansas, and that he contemplates no appeal to the military power.

MARCH 31.—Early in May, Lieut. Col. Johnson, of the First cavalry, will start from western Missouri, on the 37th parallel, to run the southern boundary of Kansas to the eastern boundary of New Mexico.

MARCH 31.—Secretary Woodson writes to Lewis Cass, Secretary of State, in regard to "the depredations of an organized banditti."

APRIL.—A book issued with this title: "The Kansas and Nebraska Hand-Book, for 1857-8. With a New and Accurate Map. By Nathan H. Parker. Boston: John P. Jewett & Co." pp. 189. It is a well-printed guide-book, but has little historical value. It copies in full an "Address to the People of the United States and Kansas Territory," issued by the Committee appointed by the Topeka Free-State Convention of March 10th. This address is issued in reply to an address put forth by the Pro-Slavery Convention which met at Lecompton, January 12th. Both addresses were published in pamphlet form.

—In the spring, the Cone Brothers issued the Sumner (Atchison county) Gazette as a Daily, for a short time.

APRIL 1.—Kansas appointments: John W. Whitfield, Register, and Dan'l Woodson, Receiver, of the Delaware Land District, at Doniphan; Fred. Emory, Register, and Jas. P. Downer, Receiver, of the Western Land District, at Ogden; Wm. H. Doak, Register, and Epaphroditus Ransom, of Michigan, Receiver, of the Osage Land District, at Fort Scott.

APRIL 2.—Mr. Stanton takes the oath of office in Washington, before James M. Wayne, of the United States Supreme Court.

APRIL 6.—N. S. Goss and Isaac W. Dow settle in Neosho Falls. Mr. Goss is made the first postmaster.

APRIL.—Murder of Martin Kline, Free-State, by Merrill Smith, Deputy Marshal of Leavenworth.

APRIL 13.—Secretary Stanton arrives in Leavenworth, and makes a Pro-Slavery speech.

APRIL 13.—Henry J. Adams, Free-State, elected Mayor of Leavenworth, over Shannon and Taylor, by 184 majority. Leavenworth has thus far been in the hands of the Ruffian mob, and this victory is very important.

APRIL 15.—Secretary Stanton reaches Lecompton.

APRIL 17.—Secretary Stanton issues an Address to the People. He trusts that the Constitutional Convention will submit the Slavery question "to a fair vote of all the actual *bona fide* residents of the Territory, with every possible security against fraud and violence." He also urges "a general amnesty in reference to all those acts, on both sides, which grew out of the political contest, and which were not corruptly and feloniously committed for personal gain, and to gratify individual malignity." He writes to Secretary Lewis Cass, suggesting that the President issue a proclamation of amnesty.

APRIL 18.—The Lightfoot has made two trips to Lawrence; the Lacon is on a sand-bar.

APRIL 23.—Letter in New York Tribune: "Among the Border Ruffians, Jim Lane is a perfect terror. Breathe his name and they turn deadly pale. Sound his approach and they beat a retreat."

APRIL.—Louis Weil wrote an article for the Annual Register, from which the following is copied:

“To Leavenworth City, the future Giant City of the West, after the Territory of Kansas was organized, flocked a large German immigration. The dark and troublesome Border-Ruffian days of 1855 and '56 drove them from their homes, but they returned with increased numbers during the year of 1856, and endured all the difficulties throughout that year. In the spring of 1857, a few young Germans met and organized ‘The Leavenworth Turnverein.’ As yet it was dangerous in those days to express even Free-State sentiments. But the nucleus was formed, around which the freedom-loving Germans of Leavenworth could gather. The Americans were not long in feeling the work of this association. They are a unit, and always ready to defend the right and their cause. We cannot here enumerate the acts of the Leavenworth Turnverein: suffice it to say that no action, political or otherwise, was had in Leavenworth county without their power being felt. The time had passed when Free-State men could be driven from the polls; there was always one company ready to protect the ballot-box. Kansas now ranks the most loyal of all the States, and with pride can the Turners of Leavenworth point to their acts in that struggle which made Kansas what it is to-day. The memorable ‘Kickapoo,’ the cannon which was used to destroy the Eldridge House, in Lawrence, is a trophy of the Leavenworth Turners, and is yet in their possession.”

APRIL 24.—Fred. P. Stanton, Acting Governor, visits Lawrence, and makes a long and important speech, announcing the policy of Governor Walker and himself. The New York Tribune of May 5 publishes a Lawrence letter, signed “Mohawk” (T. D. Thacher), giving, as Mr. Greeley says, “a graphic account of Mr. Secretary Stanton’s appearance before the People of that renowned citadel of Human Freedom.” Stanton said: “If any man here is prepared to say that he will resist those laws [the Bogus], with that man I declare war!—war to the knife, and the knife to the hilt.” The speech created great excitement, and was received with outspoken defiance.

APRIL 25.—The Free-State men of Lawrence write to Secretary Stanton that they will take part in the election of delegates to the Leecompton Convention, if the registry list in each district is corrected by one Pro-Slavery and one Free-State man, and if the four judges of election be equally divided between the parties. Secretary Stanton replies, April 30, that he must follow the law, and cannot grant the request.

APRIL.—Carmi W. Babcock has been removed as Postmaster at Lawrence, and Dr. James Garvin, Pro-Slavery, appointed.—The Massachusetts House has voted \$100,000 for the needs of Free-State settlers in Kansas.

APRIL 28.—The Tribune says: “We have been favored with a copy of a long poem, in various measure, ‘affectionately inscribed to Robert J. Walker, Governor of Kansas, by his sister, Mrs. Martha Walker Cook, of New Jersey.’” A dozen lines are copied; trash.

APRIL 28.—Henry H. Opdyke, G. J. Caven and William M. Caven, the first settlers in Wilson county.

APRIL 29.—Robert S. Stevens, of Attica, New York, is appointed to superintend the sale of the Kaskaskia, Peoria, etc., Indians, June 24th.

APRIL.—Secretary Stanton issues a proclamation giving the census:

No.....	Counties.	Legal voters.	Inhabitants.	No.....	Counties.	Legal voters.	Inhabitants.
1	Doniphan.....	1,086	4,120	9	Riley.....	353	No return.
2	Brown.....	205	No return.	10	Pottawatomie.....	205	No return.
3	Nemaha.....	140	612	11	Johnson.....	469	849
4	Atchison.....	804	2,807	12	Douglas.....	1,318	3,727
5	Jefferson.....	555	No return.	13	Shawnee.....	283	No return.
6	Leavenworth.....	1,837	5,529	14	Lykins.....	413	1,352
7	Calhoun.....	291	885	15	Linn.....	413	1,821
8	Marshall.....	206	415	16	Bourbon.....	645	2,622

The following diagram, numbering the counties as above, will give a view of the portion of the Territory now taking part in political affairs:

8	3	2	1
		7	4
9	10	5	6
	13	12	11
			14
			15
			16

By the Kansas-Nebraska Act, the few people living here determine whether Slavery shall be extended from the Missouri river to the Rocky mountains.

APRIL.—The American edition issued, of a book with the following title: "The Englishman in Kansas; or Squatter Life and Border Warfare. By Thomas H. Gladstone. Esq., Author of the Letters from Kansas in the 'London Times.' With an Introduction by Fred. Law Olmsted, Author of 'A Journey through the Seaboard Slave States,' 'A Journey through Texas,' etc. New York: Miller & Company. 1857."

Mr. Olmsted says: "Mr. Gladstone is a kinsman of the distinguished ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer of England." He spent the summer

of 1856 in Kansas. The book contains 328 pages; is critical and descriptive as well as historical, and is one of the clearest statements ever published of the Free-State side of the question. It contains certain elements that the American narratives lack, and is free from passion. The writer acknowledges his indebtedness to the books of Mr. Phillips and Mrs. Robinson.

Mr. Gladstone had visited New York, Washington, and most of the Southern States, before coming to Kansas, and came here from Mississippi. He says:

"When in South Carolina and other Southern States, I witnessed extraordinary meetings, presided over by men of influence, at which addresses of almost incredible violence were delivered on the necessity of 'forcing slavery into Kansas,' of 'spreading the beneficent influence of Southern institutions over the new Territories,' and of 'driving back at the point of the bayonet the nigger-stealing scum poured down by Northern fanaticism.'"

He was in Washington when the Investigating Committee was appointed, and says: "No member from any one of the Southern States voted in favor of the investigation, but happily a majority was given by the Northern States, and the Committee on Inquiry was appointed." He reached St. Louis in May, and found that the St. Louis papers "contained advertisements, by the half-column, of rifles, revolvers, gunpowder, and lead." The following is copied from the Daily Missouri Republican:

KANSAS.



JUST RECEIVED, by Adams & Co.'s Express, a large and fine assortment of DOUBLE AND SINGLE SHOT-GUNS, which will be sold cheap for cash.

We have also on hand an assortment of our own manufacture of RIFLES, so well known for the past thirty years throughout the Western country. Emigrants to Kansas should not fail to call at ———, and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Mr. Gladstone arrived on the border May 22, 1856 — the day after the destruction of Lawrence. He says:

"It was on that night that I first came in contact with the Missourian patriots. I had just arrived in Kansas City, and shall never forget the appearance of the lawless mob that poured into the place, inflamed with drink, glutted with the indulgence of the vilest passions, displaying with loud boasts the 'plunder' they had taken from the inhabitants, and thirsting for the opportunity of repeating the sack of Lawrence in some other offending place. Men, for the most part of large frame, with red flannel shirts, and immense boots worn outside their trousers, their faces unwashed and unshaven, still reeking with the dust and smoke of Lawrence, wearing the most savage looks, and giving utterance to the most horrible imprecations and blasphemies; armed, moreover, to the teeth with rifles and revolvers, cutlasses and bowie-knives — such were the men I saw around me. Some displayed a grotesque intermixture in their dress, having crossed their native red rough shirt with the satin vest or narrow dress-coat pillaged from the wardrobe of some Lawrence Yankee, or having girded themselves with the cords and tassels which the day before had ornamented the curtains of the Free-State Hotel. Looking around at these groups of drunken, bellowing, blood-thirsty demons, who crowded around the bar of the hotel, shouting for drink, or vented their furious noise on the levee without, I felt that all my former experiences of border men and Missourians bore faint comparison with the spectacle presented by this wretched crew, who appeared only the more terrifying from the darkness of the surrounding night. The hotel in Kansas City, where we were, was the next, they said,

that should fall; the attack was being planned that night, and such, they declared, should be the end of every place which was built by Free-State men, or that harbored 'those rascally Abolitionists.' Happily, this threat was not fulfilled."

The next day Mr. Gladstone went to Leavenworth. Governor Robinson, under arrest for "treason," was a passenger on the same boat. Colonel Sumner was in command at Fort Leavenworth. The descriptions of the City and Fort are the best we have of those places at that period. The author says:

"Among all the scenes of violence I witnessed, it is remarkable that the offending parties were invariably on the Pro-Slavery side. The Free-State men appeared to me to be intimidated and overawed, in consequence, not merely of the determination and defiant boldness of their opponents, but still more through the sanction given to these acts by the Government."

Retaliation began at a later day, as the writer states.

The fact is stated that the early elections in Kansas were controlled by Missourians, and the writer compares it to an invasion of England by an "army of Frenchmen, larger in number than the aggregate of all our voters, who should at the point of the sword, choose for us our representatives, and elect without exception as our rulers men from among themselves or pledged to their own political sentiments." Citizens of Kansas who resisted the laws made by the invaders were indicted as traitors, and suffered, many of them, a long and painful imprisonment.

The Pro-Slavery badge is described as a "bunch of hemp, symbolic of a rope, stuck into the button-hole."

The following relates to the election of March 30, 1855:

"A Presbyterian clergyman, the Rev. Frederick Starr, who was an eye-witness of the fraud and intimidation practiced at Leavenworth City, and has published a statement of this and preceding events, describes a scene by no means rare on the occasion of this election. 'Some four days later,' he writes, 'I was on my horse, returning from Platte City to Weston, when four wagons came along, and on the bottom sat six men. A pole, about five feet high, stuck upright at the front of the wagon; on its top stuck an inverted empty whisky bottle; across the stick at right angles was tied a bowie-knife; a black cambric flag, with a death's-head-and-bones daubed on in white paint, and a long streamer of beautiful, glossy Missouri hemp floated from the pole; there was a revolver lashed across the pole, and a powder-horn hanging loosely by it. They bore the piratical symbols of Missouri Ruffians returning from Kansas.'"

The party had been to Fort Riley, to vote.

MAY 3.—Trial before Judge Cato, at Leecompton, for treason, of the Free-State men G. W. Deitzler, Geo. W. Smith, John Brown jr., Gaius Jenkins, H. H. Williams, and Geo. W. Brown; and of Samuel C. Smith and Samuel F. Tappan for rescuing Jacob Brauson from Sheriff Jones, November 26, 1855.

MAY 3.—Council City is dropped, and Burlingame becomes the name of Philip C. Schuyler's town.

MAY 4.—Wm. A. Phillips returns from a journey on foot to the present Salina; there are no settlers west of that point; the journey is described in the Tribune of May 15.

MAY 4.—The Address of the Topeka Convention Committee published

in the Tribune; four columns. It is a vigorous summary of the history of the Territory.

MAY.—The Squatter Sovereign is bought by Free-State men, and Robt. McBratney and F. G. Adams become its editors.

MAY.—The Free-State papers in the Territory are: The Herald of Freedom, Lawrence; Kansas Tribune, Topeka; Times, Leavenworth; Register, Wyandotte, (re-issued by M. W. Delahay); Squatter Sovereign, Atchison; Kansas News, Emporia; Republican, Lawrence; Chindowan, Quindaro; Era, Geary City; Prairie Gem, Lawrence; Freeman's Champion, Prairie City.

MAY.—The call urging the members of the Free-State Legislature to be present at Topeka on the 9th of June, is signed by over sixty persons. Among them are Charles Robinson, William Phillips, George W. Smith, Samuel F. Tappan, R. G. Elliott, J. H. Kagi, P. B. Plumb, John E. Cook, E. G. Ross, M. F. Conway, George W. Deitzler, Charles H. Branscomb, A. D. Searle, Richard J. Hinton, Richard Realf, B. W. Woodward, John H. Wilder, T. Dwight Thacher, W. W. Ross, H. W. Farnsworth, G. G. Gage, F. L. Crane, and J. W. Farnsworth—a notable list.

MAY 9.—Robert J. Walker, Governor, takes the oath of office in Washington, before Roger B. Taney, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States.

MAY 11.—The indictments for treason against G. W. Deitzler and others are disposed of, the prosecuting officer entering a *nolle prosequi*.

MAY 13.—J. M. Walden and Edmund Babb start the Quindaro Chindowan, a Free-State paper. Mr. Walden left the paper June 12, 1858. Mrs. C. I. H. Nichols was associate editor.

MAY 14.—Ely Moore, Register, and William Brindle, Receiver, give notice to the lot-owners of Lawrence that Robert Robitaille, a Wyandot Indian, claims the ownership of the Lawrence town-site, under the treaties of 1842 and 1855.

MAY 15.—Gen. Harney is in command at Fort Leavenworth. Gen. Smith was Pro-Slavery, but he had spoken against the Dave Atchison Ruffians. Generals as well as Governors get converted, by events, to the Free-State side.

MAY 20.—Secretary Stanton issues the following proclamation:

"Whereas, The following returns of the census taken under the act of the Legislative Assembly, entitled 'An Act to provide for the taking of a Census, and election of Delegates to Convention,' passed the 19th February, 1857, have been made to me, to wit:

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>No. of legal voters.</i>	<i>Whole population.</i>
1	Doniphan.....	1,086	4,120
2	{ Brown.....	206	No return.
	{ Nemaha.....	140	512
3	Atchison.....	804	2,807
4	Leavenworth.....	1,837	5,529
5	Jefferson.....	555	No return.
6	Calhoun.....	291	885
7	Marshall.....	206	415
8	{ Riley.....	353	No return.
	{ Pottawatomie.....	205	641
9	Johnson.....	496	890
10	Douglas.....	1,318	3,727
11	{ Shawnee.....	283	.....
	{ Richardson.....	.....	.....
	{ Davis.....	.....	.....
12	Lykins.....	413	1,852
13	.....	No return.	.....
14	.....	No return.	.....
15	.....	No return.	.....
16	Linn.....	413	1,821
17	.....	No return.	.....
18	Bourbon, McGee, Dorn, and Allen.....	645	2,622
19	.....	No return.	.....
	Total.....	9,251	.....

"Now, therefore, I, Frederick P. Stanton, Secretary and Acting Governor, do hereby proclaim, that according to the provisions of said Act, and the census returns made in pursuance thereof, and upon a proper apportionment among the legal voters of the several districts aforesaid, they are respectively entitled to elect to the Convention provided for in said law, the number of delegates severally herein assigned to them, that is to say, to the—

1st district.....	Doniphan county.....	7 delegates
2d district.....	Brown and Nemaha.....	2 delegates
3d district.....	Atchison.....	5 delegates
4th district.....	Leavenworth.....	12 delegates
5th district.....	Jefferson.....	4 delegates
6th district.....	Calhoun.....	2 delegates
7th district.....	Marshall.....	1 delegate
8th district.....	Riley and Pottawatomie.....	4 delegates
9th district.....	Johnson.....	3 delegates
10th district.....	Douglas.....	8 delegates
11th district.....	Shawnee, Richardson, and Davis.....	2 delegates
12th district.....	Lykins.....	3 delegates
16th district.....	Linn.....	3 delegates
18th district.....	Bourbon, McGee, Dorn, and Allen.....	4 delegates

"The proper officers will hold the election for delegates to said Convention on the third Monday of June next, as directed by the law aforesaid, and in accordance with the apportionment herein made and declared."

MAY 21.—Thos. Cunningham, of Pennsylvania, resigns as Associate Judge.

MAY 24.—Gov. Walker, from the steamboat *New Lucy*, makes his first speech to Kansans, at Quindaro. Hon. Henry Wilson, of Massachusetts, arrives at Quindaro on the same boat.

MAY 25.—Prominent Free-State men ask Secretary Stanton to take a new census, make a new apportionment, and give Free-State men half of the judges of election. He refuses.

MAY 25.—Henry Wilson visits Lawrence, Topeka, and other towns. He urges the Free-State men to vote at the October election, and, after going home, he raised \$2,500 to be used in the canvass in Kansas.

Thomas J. Marsh, of Massachusetts, came here and disbursed the money.

—The following facts in regard to the Congregationalists in Kansas are copied from an article by Richard Cordley, in the *Kansas Annual Register*:

"Among the first colonists there was a large proportion of members of Congregational Churches, and still more who had been educated in that faith. As soon as the emigrants began to move from the East, the American Home Missionary Society—never behind the demands of the hour—commissioned Rev. S. Y. Lum, formerly of Middletown, N. Y., as 'a Missionary to Kansas.' He came out in September, 1854, and on the first of October preached in Lawrence the first sermon, probably, ever preached to white settlers in the Territory. On the 15th of the same month, a Congregational Church was organized in Lawrence—the first church organized in Kansas, except among the Indians. Seven names were signed to the original Articles of Faith and Covenant. In December, Mr. Lum began to preach at Topeka, where another settlement was commenced. A short time before this, a settlement was formed at the junction of the Kansas and Big Blue rivers, and Rev. C. E. Blood, from Illinois, began preaching to the colony. This colony laid out the town of Manhattan. The next summer, what was called the 'Connecticut Colony' came out, and settled at Wabauusee, twelve miles below Manhattan. It is doubtful whether any Western colony ever contained so large a proportion of thoroughly educated Christian men as this colony at Wabauusee. Rev. Harvey Jones became pastor of the colony.

Several other Congregational colonies were formed in different parts of the Territory, which we have not time to mention. No other churches were organized, however, till 1856. Seven were organized during this year: Manhattan, in January; Topeka, Osawatomie, and Zeandale, in July; Burlingame, in September; and Bloomington and Kanwaka, in October.

"April 25th, 1857, a meeting of ministers and delegates was held at Topeka, to form a State organization. They organized the 'General Association of Congregational Ministers and Churches in Kansas.' It is composed of the ministers and delegates from the churches. Each church can send one delegate; or if the church have more than twenty-five members, one delegate for every twenty-five members. Eleven ministers became members of the body. They reported eight churches in the Territory, with a membership of eighty-five. The church at Lawrence had erected a house of worship. In their address to other Congregational bodies, the brethren say: 'It shall be our aim to transplant the principles and institutions of the Puritans to these fertile plains.' The Association adjourned to meet in October."

MAY 25.—Gov. Robert J. Walker reaches Leavenworth, and is received by a large concourse of citizens.

MAY 26.—Annual meeting of the New England Emigrant Aid Company, in Boston: receipts for the year, \$42,000.

MAY 27.—Senator Wilson, Dr. Samuel G. Howe and Rev. John Pierpont speak in the Unitarian Church, at Lawrence. Governor Walker and E. O. Perrin, his private secretary, are present, and speak briefly. It was in this speech that the poet Pierpont applied to Kansas the saying of Dr. Boteler of strawberries: "Doubtless God could have made a better berry, but doubtless God never did."

Governor Walker made the strongest promises to the Free-State people of a fair election and a vote on the Lecompton Constitution. Wilson said: "You have heard Governor Walker's promises. Hold him to them."—See Wilson's "Rise and Fall of the Slave Power," vol. 2, p. 537.

MAY 27.—Governor Walker reaches Lecompton, via Lawrence, and issues his inaugural address. It was a long and adroit speech, and had been read to President Buchanan. In the course of it he said:

"There is a law more powerful than the legislation of man, more potent than passion or prejudice, that must ultimately determine the location of Slavery in this country: it is the isothermal line; it is the law of the thermometer, of latitude or altitude, regulating climate, labor, and productions, and, as a consequence, profit and loss. . . . If, from the operation of these causes, Slavery should not exist here, I trust it by no means follows that Kansas should become a State controlled by the treason and fanaticism of Abolition. She has, in any event, certain constitutional duties to perform to her sister States, and especially to her immediate neighbor—the slaveholding State of Missouri. . . . That Kansas should become hostile to Missouri, an asylum for her fugitive slaves, or a propagandist of Abolition treason, would be alike inexpedient and unjust, and fatal to the continuance of the American Union."

The census for the Leocompton Constitution, prescribing who should vote, was taken only in fifteen counties. Nineteen interior counties, strongly Free-State, had no vote, and could have no delegates in the Convention. They were called the "disfranchised" counties.

MAY 29.—H. J. Gardner, the Know-Nothing Governor, vetoes the act of the Massachusetts Legislature giving \$100,000 to the Free-State settlers of Kansas. The House fails to pass the bill over the veto; the vote is 144 yeas to 138 noes—not two-thirds.

JUNE 1.—Albert D. Richardson, correspondent of Cincinnati and Boston papers, arrives in Kansas, and stops at Quindaro.

JUNE.—About the first of the month, the Lawrence Republican is started, with Norman Allen as publisher, and T. Dwight Thacher and Mr. Allen as editors.

—Joseph Williams appointed Associate Justice, in place of Cunningham. He makes a local reputation at Fort Scott as "Fiddler Joe."

—In June, 1857, Fort Scott was visited by Norman Eddy of South Bend, Ind., George A. Crawford of Lock Haven, Pa., D. H. Weir of Laporte, Ind., and D. W. Holbrook of Michigan, who negotiated for the purchase of the "claims" on which the town was located. These were bought of H. T. Wilson, G. W. Jones, N. E. Herson, A. Hornbeck, and S. A. Williams.

JUNE 4.—The Kansas Chief issued, at White Cloud, by Solomon Miller. He had come to the Territory March 28, and had waited for the arrival of his press. The Chief was removed to Troy, July 4, 1872.

JUNE 9.—Meeting of the Free-State Legislature at Topeka. On the 11th, there being no quorum in the House, a quorum was made by declaring vacant the seats of thirteen absent members. This reduced the number in the House to twenty-five. The Message of Governor Robinson was read. The following is quoted from the Message:

"A large and necessary portion of the labors of your codifying committee was destroyed, with much other property, at Lawrence, in May, 1856, when that place was pillaged and partially burned, by a mob brought there by the United States Marshal. When your bodies met, pursuant to adjournment, in July last, your assembly was interfered with and broken up by a large force of United States troops, in battle array, who drove you hence, in gross violation of those constitutional rights which it was your duty to have protected. When you again convened, in January last, at your regular session, your proceedings were again interfered with, by a Deputy Marshal, and many of your members arrested. . . . There is not much of 'popular sovereignty' and 'self-government' here. This usurpation [by the Territorial Legislature] is repudiated by the people, but it is recognized by Congress and the President."

Considerable space is given in the Message to a pointed review of Governor Walker's inaugural.

Both houses adjourned *sine die*, June 13th.

The following laws were enacted: For taking the census and apportioning the State; for a State election, in August, to fill vacancies; locating the capital at Topeka; establishing a State University at Lawrence; and a joint resolution asking Congress to admit Kansas under the Topeka Constitution. Governor Walker was in Topeka during the session, but did not interfere with the Legislature.

JUNE 12.—Free-State Convention at Topeka. J. H. Lane, President; W. F. M. Army and T. D. Thacher, Secretaries. It indorsed the Topeka movement, and urged Free-State men not to participate in the Lecompton movement, and declared the Territorial laws of no force. The resolutions were reported by George W. Smith, G. W. Deitzler, J. P. Root, A. A. Jamieson, Walter Oakley, C. K. Holliday, C. Robinson, Morris Hunt, and Mark W. Delahay. During the discussion Governor Walker drove upon the grounds and listened to one of the speakers.—Gen. Lane was authorized to organize the Free-State men into military companies.

JUNE 12.—The Columbia (S. C.) Times publishes a letter of this date from David R. Atchison. He says the Mayor of Columbia has sent him \$291 to be given for the Pro-Slavery cause in Kansas; this draft he sends to their Treasurer, Wm. H. Russell, of Leavenworth. Atchison says: "Our friends are beginning to despair." "I fear that the North has and will raise and expend in Kansas, to effect their unholy purposes, ten dollars where we can raise one."

JUNE 15.—Election of delegates to the Lecompton Constitutional Convention. Only 2,071 votes were polled. This proved that the Free-State men could have controlled the election, had they voted.—A cold day throughout the Territory; snow fell in the northern counties.

JUNE 15.—Vote on the election of Delegates to the Lecompton Constitutional Convention:

Dist.	Counties.	Voters by the census.	Highest No. votes cast.
1	Doniphan.....	1,086	234
2	Brown.....	206	44
3	Atchison.....	804	190
4	Leavenworth.....	1,837	461
5	Jefferson.....	555	121
6	Calhoun.....	291	23
7	Marshall.....	206	57
8	{ Riley.....	353	59
	{ Pottawatomie.....	205	
9	Johnson.....	496	113
10	Douglas.....	1,318	225
11	{ Shawnee.....	283	58
	{ Richardson.....		
	{ Davis.....		
12	Lykins.....	413	58
16	Linn.....	413	124
18	{ Bourbon.....	645	204
	{ Allen.....		
	{ McGee.....		
	{ Dorn.....		
....	Other counties.....	140	100
	Total.....	9,251	2,071

JUNE 18.—Gov. Walker issues a grant of land to the Atchison Town Company.

—Gov. Walker writes to William G. Mathias, Speaker of the House, and Thomas Johnson, President of the Council, to make a new apportionment of Representatives and Councilmen.

JUNE 22.—The Tribune contains a Kansas page: The Legislature at Topeka; Gov. Robinson's message in full; a picture of Lane, and a graphic report of his speech at Big Springs, with personal allusions to two of his auditors, Walker and Stanton; a summary of Dwight Thacher's speech at Topeka, which Walker heard; and the resolutions, written by Conway, adopted in the Convention of June 9, at Topeka.

JUNE 23.—Fugit, the murderer of Hoppe, tried before Lecompte, at Leavenworth, has been acquitted.

JUNE 24.—Land sales at Paola. Walker and Stanton present.

JUNE 27.—“The Hon. Ab. Lincoln,” as the Chicago Tribune calls him, makes a speech in Springfield, Ill., largely devoted to Kansas. “Nothing but bold, wicked despotism,” he says, “has ruled or reigned there since it was organized into a Territory.” “Look, Douglas, and see yonder people fleeing—see the full columns of brave men stopped—see the press and the type flying into the river—and tell me what does this! It is your Squatter Sovereignty!” Let Slavery spread over the Territories, “and God will sweep us with a brush of fire from this solid globe.”

JUNE 29.—The Pro-Slavery City Councilmen of Leavenworth, elected by violence last fall, are induced to resign. An election on the 29th is carried by Free-State men, filling vacancies in the Council. In an affray at the polls, William Haller, Free-State, kills James T. Lyle, the Pro-Slavery City Recorder. Haller was confined in Fort Leavenworth, but escaped, in August.

JULY 2-3.—National Democratic Convention at Lecompton. Ten counties represented. Epaphroditus Ransom, ex-Governor of Michigan, is nominated for Delegate to Congress.

JULY.—The people of Lawrence refuse to organize the city under the charter granted by the Bogus Legislature, and set up an independent municipal organization.

JULY 4.—The Chicago Tribune explains the Kansas “Free-State Scrip” (about \$50,000), issued to pay the expenses of the Topeka movement, and the “Protection Fund Scrip” (\$23,858), to be used to liquidate losses during the invasion of December, 1855. Gov. Robinson secured donations in Massachusetts to redeem \$10,158 of the “Protection” scrip.

JULY 10.—Joseph Williams takes the oath of office before Secretary Stanton, as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court. His residence is in Fort Scott.

JULY 12.—President Buchanan writes to Robert J. Walker: “Gen. Harney has been selected to command the expedition to Utah, but we must contrive to leave him with you, at least until you are out of the woods. Kansas is vastly more important at the present moment than

Utah." It was more important to defeat free institutions in Kansas than Mormonism in Utah. Buchanan's letter is given in full in the Report of the Covode Investigating Committee.

JULY 13.—Lawrence holds its independent city election.

JULY 15.—Gov. Walker issues a proclamation, declaring the action of Lawrence rebellious. If they persist, he says, they will be guilty of treason, and "involve the Territory in all the horrors of civil war." He sends a body of United States troops there. They encamp near Lawrence, and remain until they are driven away by ridicule—and Walker's "Lawrence War" ends. The Free-State men have become strong and cool enough to laugh when fighting is not necessary.

—Opening of the Delaware Trust Land sales at Osawkee.

—Gov. Walker writes to the Secretary of State that—

"The movement in Lawrence was the beginning of a plan, originating in that city, to organize an insurrection throughout the Territory, and especially in all the towns, cities and counties where the Republican party have a majority. Lawrence is the hot-bed of all Abolition movements in this Territory. It is the idea established by the Abolition societies at the East, and whilst there are a respectable number of people there, it is filled by a considerable number of mercenaries, who are paid by the Abolition societies to perpetuate and diffuse agitation throughout Kansas, and prevent the peaceful settlement of this question. Having failed in inducing their own so-called Topeka State Legislature to organize this insurrection, Lawrence has commenced it herself, and if not arrested, rebellion will extend throughout the Territory.

"In order to send this communication immediately by mail, I must close; assuring you that the spirit of rebellion pervades the great mass of the Republican party in this Territory, instigated—as I entertain no doubt they are—by Eastern societies having in view results most disastrous to the Government and the Union, and that the continued presence of Gen. Harney is indispensable, and was originally stipulated by me, with a large body of dragoons and several batteries."

This letter, like Buchanan's to Walker, was not made public until these Pro-Slavery chieftains had fallen out. Buchanan quotes it in his Special Message of February 2, 1858.

JULY 15-16.—Free-State Convention at Topeka, to nominate officers under the Topeka Constitution, and a Delegate. President, J. H. Lane; Vice Presidents, J. A. Wakefield, H. Miles Moore, T. J. Addis, A. A. Griffin, Harris Stratton; Secretaries, Richard J. Hinton, A. D. Richardson. There were 187 delegates present. J. H. Lane declined the nomination for Congress. The resolutions, reported by J. M. Walden, declare in favor of sustaining the Topeka movement, as the first and only choice of the Free-State party of Kansas; deny the validity of the Territorial Legislature, and declare that the Pro-Slavery faction is a minority, and that the admission of Kansas under its proposed Constitution would be an act of injustice and despotism, justifying the extremest measures in opposition; asking a re-submission of the Topeka Constitution in August; calling a convention at Grasshopper Falls, in August. Gen. Lane is appointed to organize the people to protect the ballot-boxes. P. C. Schuyler was nominated for Secretary of State, over Walter Oakley, J. P. Root, and A. Wattles; Dr. G. A. Cutler, for Auditor; M. F. Conway, and S. N. Latta, for Judges of the Supreme Court; E. M. Thurston, for Reporter, and A. G. Patrick, for Clerk, of the Supreme Court. M. J. Parrott was nominated for Rep-

representative in Congress, receiving 83 votes, to 80 for Henry J. Adams State Central Committee: J. Blood, A. Curtiss, S. E. Martin, R. Mayfield, W. F. M. Army, W. R. Griffith, Henry Harvey, J. P. Root, G. S. Hillyer, A. A. Griffin, F. G. Adams, H. Miles Moore, A. Larzelere, E. S. Nash.

JULY 16.—A mass-meeting is held in Topeka, and a Committee appointed to draft a Constitution for a State Agricultural Society: C. C. Hutchinson, W. F. M. Army, Dr. A. Hunting, Charles Robinson, and W. Y. Roberts, are among the members named. The books it collected were given to the State Library by L. D. Bailey.

—During the present summer, Chester A. Arthur, afterward President, visits Kansas. See Atchison Champion, April 23, 1882.

JULY 18.—Governor Walker receives the following apportionment of the Legislature, made by the President of the Council and the Speaker of the House:

APPORTIONMENT FOR THE SECOND TERRITORIAL LEGISLATURE FOR THE TERRITORY OF KANSAS.

FOR THE COUNCIL.

No. dist...	Counties.	No. of members.
1	Leavenworth.....	3
2	Atchison.....	1
3	Doniphan.....	2
4	{ Brown, Nemaha, Marshall, Pottawatomie, Riley, and all that part of the Territory of Kansas west of Marshall, Riley and Davis counties.....	
5	Jefferson and Calhoun.....	1
6	Douglas and Johnson.....	3
7	Shawnee, Richardson, Davis, Wise, and Breckinridge.....	2
8	Bourbon, Godfrey, Wilson, Dorn, and McGee.....	
9	Butler, Hunter, Greenwood, Madison, Weller, Coffey, Woodson, and Allen.....	1
10	{ Anderson, Lykins, Linn, and Franklin, and all that part of the Territory of Kansas west of Wise, Butler and Hunter counties.....	
	Total.....	13

FOR THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

No. dist...	Counties.	No. of members.
1	Leavenworth.....	6
2	Atchison.....	3
3	Doniphan.....	3
4	Brown.....	1
5	Nemaha.....	
6	Marshall.....	1
7	Jefferson.....	2
8	Calhoun.....	2
9	Pottawatomie and Riley.....	1
10	{ Douglas and Johnson, and all that part of the Territory of Kansas west of the counties of Wise, Butler, and Hunter.....	8
11	Shawnee.....	1
12	Richardson, Davis, Wise, and Breckinridge.....	3
13	Weller, Madison, Butler, Hunter, and Greenwood.....	
14	Bourbon, Godfrey, Wilson, Dorn, and McGee.....	2
15	Woodson, Coffey, and Allen.....	
16	Anderson and Franklin.....	2
17	Linn.....	
18	Lykins.....	2
	Total.....	39

THOS. JOHNSON,
President of the Council.

WM. G. MATHIAS,
Speaker House of Representatives, at Session of 1857.

JULY 22.—Senator Mason, of Virginia, writes a letter denying that in the debate on the Kansas-Nebraska bill, he expressed the opinion that Kansas would become a Free State. On the contrary, he says that the proximity of the slaveholding States of Missouri and Arkansas, as well as conditions of soil and climate, made it probable that Kansas would become a Slave State.

JULY 28.—The Leavenworth City Council (Republican) refuse to pay for \$210 worth of brandy and champagne ordered of the Planters' House, by Gov. Walker, on the 25th of May, and "distributed among the crowd."

JULY 28.—George W. Sweeney, of Atchison county, elected to the Constitutional Convention, resigns. An election to fill the vacancy was called, to be held August 25th.

JULY 31.—James Stevens was murdered at Leavenworth by John C. Quarles and W. M. Bays. The murderers were hanged by the people the next day, on an elm tree, near Young's saw-mill. William Knighten and Bill Woods, arrested as accomplices in the murder of Stevens, were taken to the Delaware City jail, on the Morning Star.

JULY.—A book issued with this title: "Governor Geary's Administration in Kansas: With a Complete History of the Territory until July, 1857. By John H. Gihon, M. D., Private Secretary of Governor Geary. Philadelphia: Charles C. Rhodes. 1857." pp. 348. This book is a good summary of preceding histories, and a warm defense of all the acts of Governor Geary. Dr. Gihon came to Kansas Pro-Slavery, and, like thousands of others, hated Slavery as soon as he had seen it. The book has the new-convert ardor, but contains a large amount of valuable matter. The following is copied from page 102:

"On the first of September, 1856, Capt. Frederick Emory, a United States mail contractor, rendered himself conspicuous in Leavenworth, at the head of a band of Ruffians, mostly from western Missouri. They entered houses, stores, and dwellings of Free-State people, and, in the name of 'law and order,' abused and robbed the occupants, and drove them out into the roads, irrespective of age, sex, or condition. Under pretense of searching for arms, they approached the house of William Phillips, the lawyer who had previously been tarred and feathered and carried to Missouri. Phillips, supposing he was to be subjected to a similar outrage, resolved not to submit to the indignity, and stood upon his defense. In repelling the assaults of the mob, he killed two of them, when the others burst into the house, and poured a volley of balls into his body, killing him instantly in the presence of his wife and another lady. His brother, who was also present, had an arm badly broken with bullets, and was compelled to submit to an amputation. Fifty of the Free-State prisoners were then driven on board the Polar Star, bound for St. Louis. On the next day a hundred more were embarked by Emory and his men, on the steamboat Emma. During these proceedings an election was held for Mayor, and Wm. E. Murphy, since appointed Indian Agent by the President, was elected, 'without opposition.'"

Dr. Gihon's book contains Gov. Geary's message to the Legislature, his farewell address, and Gov. Walker's inaugural address.

AUGUST 1.—The trains of the Utah expedition are leaving Leavenworth daily; Russell & Waddell are the supply contractors.—The Leavenworth lynching and the Osawkee land sales are described in the Tribune, early in this month.

AUGUST 3.—All but forty of Walker's troops leave Lawrence. This

is the fourth siege of Lawrence, "that renowned citadel of Free Labor," as Mr. Greeley calls it.

AUGUST 4.—Judge S. G. Cato writes to O. H. Browne and others that "the payment of a Territorial tax is an indispensable prerequisite to the right to vote at our next general election."

AUGUST 9.—The following is the official vote for the officers under the Topeka Constitution:

FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT:		CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT:	
Samuel N. Latta.....	7,200	A. G. Patriek.....	7,200
Martin F. Conway.....	7,178		
SECRETARY OF STATE:		REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS:	
Philip C. Schuyler.....	7,167	Marcus J. Parrott.....	7,267
AUDITOR:		VOTE ON CONSTITUTION:	
George A. Cutler.....	7,177	For Constitution.....	7,257
REPORTER OF THE SUPREME COURT:		Against Constitution.....	34
E. M. Thurston.....	7,187		

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

Dist.....	Name of Candidate.	Vote.	Dist.....	Name of Candidate.	Vote
1	Henry J. Adams.....	1,266	10	William A. Phillips.....	935
1	J. P. Root.....	1,265	10	James B. Abbott.....	733
2	Calch May.....	403	11	John A. Beam.....	220
2	David Dodge.....	403	12	Walter Oakley.....	692
3	Benj. Harding.....	220	13	C. F. W. Leonhardt.....	100
3	Alfred Larzelere.....	219	15	J. M. Hendry.....	313
4	J. B. Smith.....	165	16	Hamilton Smith.....	271
4	George S. Hillyer.....	460	17	W. F. M. Army.....	189
8	S. D. Houston.....	149	18	James Montgomery.....	235
9	Samuel L. Adair.....	269			

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Dist.....	Name of Candidate.	Vote.	Dist.....	Name of Candidate.	Vote.
1	J. C. Green.....	1,265	8	Dr. Adams.....	185
1	J. P. Hatterscheidt.....	1,260	9	Charles Mayo.....	271
1	George H. Keller.....	1,268	9	Edwin S. Nash.....	271
1	John C. Douglass.....	1,268	9	Leander Martin.....	252
1	Stephen Sparks.....	1,266	10	Robert Morrow.....	1,000
1	William Pennoek.....	1,266	10	George W. Deitzler.....	1,003
1	Patrick Orr.....	1,265	10	William Hutchinson.....	927
1	R. G. Elliott.....	1,265	10	George H. Crocker.....	994
1	J. M. Funk.....	1,265	10	E. P. Vaughn.....	725
1	J. M. Walden.....	1,268	10	Thaddeus Prentice.....	647
2	A. Elliott.....	381	10	George F. Warren.....	944
2	S. J. H. Snyder.....	383	11	P. H. Townsend.....	231
2	H. Martin.....	383	11	Philip T. Ilupp.....	226
2	W. A. Woodworth.....	383	12	Henry Harvey.....	701
2	J. H. Gilbert.....	382	12	Jeremiah Sabin.....	648
3	Harris Stratton.....	217	12	John D. Deleman.....	703
3	J. B. Wheeler.....	218	13	D. E. Adams.....	104
3	Alex. A. Jamieson.....	219	14	Chris. Columbia.....	191
3	Benj. H. Brock.....	219	15	J. W. Stewart.....	427
3	Thomas Stevenson.....	219	15	E. W. Robinson.....	417
3	Mathew Hes.....	219	15	David B. Jackman.....	379
4	Ira H. Smith.....	150	16	R. Austin.....	273
4	W. W. Guthrie.....	149	16	George Kellogg.....	235
5	C. Beary.....	52	17	Samuel Stewart.....	221
6	Stephen C. Cooper.....	520	17	S. F. Stone.....	170
6	Edward Lynde.....	518	18	B. B. Newton.....	233
7	George W. Brassbridge.....	98	18	James M. Arthur.....	233
7	Albert Fuller.....	98	18	E. L. Taylor.....	231

AUGUST 9.—The gold snuff-box bequeathed by Andrew Jackson, “to the most gallant son of New York,” is awarded to Gen. Ward B. Burnett, afterwards Surveyor General of Kansas and Nebraska. The box was often seen by our old settlers.

AUGUST 11.—Walker is with the troops, “over the ravine,” at Lawrence.

AUGUST 12.—Closing of the land sales at Osawkee.

AUGUST 12.—A company of United States dragoons goes through Lawrence with a wagon full of Free-State prisoners, taken at Franklin.

AUGUST 15.—Prof. B. Silliman and forty-two citizens of Connecticut have memorialized President Buchanan that Gov. Walker is employing an army in Kansas to force the people to obey laws that they did not make. The President replies that “Slavery existed at that period.” [when Kansas was organized.] “and still exists in Kansas, under the Constitution of the United States. This point has at last been finally decided by the highest tribunal known to our laws. How it could ever have been seriously doubted is a mystery.”

AUGUST 18.—Charles Robinson tried for the usurpation of office, as Governor under the Topeka movement, for which crime he was held as a prisoner last summer. U. S. Attorney William Weer appeared for the prosecution, and Marcus J. Parrott and George W. Smith for the defense. Robinson was acquitted, August 20, by the jury. Cato was the unfriendly judge. The murderers of Barber, Hoyt and other Free-State men are not arrested or tried. A jurymen reports that, since there is no State of Kansas, there can be no Governor of the State, and no usurpation of the office. Capt. Samuel Walker is also acquitted.

AUGUST 21.—The sale of the Delaware Trust lands, at Osawkee, yielded over \$587,000.

AUGUST 22.—The Pro-Slavery men of Atchison prevent the holding of a Free-State convention. Frank G. Adams and I. G. Losee are prominent leaders on the Free-State side.

AUGUST 24.—A “Conservative Free-State Convention,” called under the auspices of G. W. Brown, meets at Gen. Spicer’s, between Leecompton and Lawrence. It is turned into ridicule and a burlesque by the presence of about equal numbers of determined Pro-Slavery men from Leecompton, and radical Free-State men from Lawrence, who elect one another President, Secretary, etc., each, in turn, declining. Among those present on the Free-State side were Governor Robinson, G. W. Deitzler, Richard Realf, Wm. B. Parsons, John and Joseph Speer, and others. On the Pro-Slavery side were Gen. Calhoun, Sheriff Jones, McLean, Brockett, and others. Calhoun being called out, makes a speech, saying: “There can be but two *parties* in Kansas. This is why the convention just adjourned proved a fizzle. A man must be Pro-Slavery or Free-State; there is no half-way ground.” He considered the “isothermal” line a “damned humbug.” He was too lazy to work—wanted negroes to do it for him.

AUGUST 26.—United States Attorney Weer gives the opinion that the

Sheriff must attend the polls and collect the taxes before any citizen can vote; and no person can vote who has violated the fugitive slave law.

AUGUST 26.—The Tribune describes the shooting and scalping of Jacob Cantrell, a Free-State man, last year, after the battle of Black Jack, under the caption, "The Martyrs of Kansas."

AUGUST 26.—Free-State Conventions at Grasshopper Falls. George W. Smith was Chairman of the Mass Convention, and R. G. Elliott, Dr. C. F. Kob, Mr. Miller and E. G. Ross, Secretaries. W. Y. Roberts was Chairman of the Delegate Convention, and A. D. Richardson and E. G. Ross Secretaries. The main question was, whether Free-State men should take part in the Territorial election of October 5th. Robinson, Lane, Holliday and Smith favored it, while Conway, Phillips and Redpath opposed it. The following platform was adopted:

"Whereas, It is of the most vital importance to the people of Kansas that the Territorial Government should be controlled by the *bona fide* citizens thereof; and

"Whereas, Governor Walker has repeatedly pledged himself that the people of Kansas should have a full and fair vote, before impartial judges, at the election to be held the first Monday in October, for Delegate to Congress, members of the Legislature, and other officers: therefore,

"Resolved, That we, the people of Kansas, in mass convention assembled, agree to participate in said election.

"Resolved, That in thus voting we rely upon the faithful fulfillment of the pledge of Governor Walker; and that we, as heretofore, protest against the enactments forced upon us by the voters of Missouri.

"Resolved, That this mass meeting recommend the appointment of a committee, to wait upon the Territorial authorities, and urgently insist upon a review and correction of the wicked apportionment endeavored to be forced upon the people of Kansas, for the selection of members of the Territorial Legislature.

"Resolved, That General J. H. Lane be authorized and empowered to tender to Governor Walker the force organized by him under the resolution passed by the Convention held at Topeka, on the 15th of July last, to be used for the protection of the ballot-box."

The Delegate Convention unanimously nominated M. J. Parrott for Delegate to Congress, and appointed the following Executive Committee: J. H. Lane, C. K. Holliday, Dr. James Davis, O. E. Learnard, And. Johnson, Geo. W. Hutchinson, W. F. M. Army, H. Miles Moore, J. P. Root, A. E. Jamieson, Geo. W. Brown, Robt. Riddle, W. R. Frost, Geo. W. Smith, J. K. Goodin, Dr. J. H. Gilpatrick, P. C. Schuyler, Dr. Robertson, Edward Lynde, and C. W. Babcock.

AUGUST 27.—Richard Realf and James Redpath publish each a poem in the Lawrence Republican.

Poetry seems to be congenial to these times. The Democratic papers in Kansas are publishing the poem addressed to Governor Walker by his sister, one stanza of which is frequently republished in the Free-State papers, as follows:

"Far Kansas is a dreadful land,
Where factions wild conspire
To whelm our country in disgrace,
And set the world on fire!"

AUGUST 28.—H. J. Strickler publishes, in the Lecompton National Democrat, a "Notice to Claimants." He gives the dates and places

where he will appear and take testimony as to losses during the troubles.

SEPTEMBER 5.—The Committee of Twenty appointed at Grasshopper Falls issue an address to the people. It is prepared by James H. Lane and M. F. Conway.

—"Memoirs and Relations Concerning the French Colonies in North America;" the first of these volumes appears, edited by John Gilmary Shea, of New York. Mr. Shea has edited or written some thirty volumes, giving the Catholic side of our colonial history, and is the highest historical authority in his church on this theme and period.

SEPTEMBER 7.—Henry J. Adams reelected Mayor of Leavenworth by 298 majority.

SEPTEMBER 7.—Meeting of the Lecompton Constitutional Convention, at Lecompton. B. Little was elected President *pro tem.*, and Thomas C. Hughes Secretary *pro tem.*

On the 8th, the following officers were elected: President, John Calhoun; Secretary, Thomas C. Hughes; Assistant Secretary, James H. Nounnan; Reporter, P. H. Carey; Sergeant-at-Arms, Samuel Cramer; Chaplain, Mr. Magee.

On the 10th, John D. Henderson was elected Public Printer.

On the 11th, adjourned to October 19. Met on the 19th of October, and finally adjourned on the 3d of November. The proceedings of the Convention are given in Vol. III, of Reports of Committees of the House of Representatives, first session Thirty-fifth Congress, 1858. The Constitution adopted is as follows:

THE LECOMPTON CONSTITUTION.

PREAMBLE.

We, the people of the Territory of Kansas, by our representatives in convention assembled, at Lecompton, in said Territory, on Monday, the fourth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and of the independence of the United States of America the eighty-second year, having the right of admission into the Union as one of the United States of America, consistent with the Federal Constitution, and by virtue of the treaty of cession by France to the United States of the Province of Louisiana, made and entered into on the thirtieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and three, and by virtue of, and in accordance with, the act of Congress passed May the thirtieth, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, entitled "An act to organize the Territories of Nebraska and Kansas," in order to secure to ourselves and our posterity the enjoyment of all the rights of life, liberty and property, and the free pursuit of happiness, do mutually agree with each other to form ourselves into a free, independent and sovereign State, by the name and style of the STATE OF KANSAS, and do ordain and establish the following Constitution for the government thereof:

ARTICLE I.—BOUNDARIES.

We do declare and establish, ratify and confirm the following as the permanent boundaries of the said State of Kansas, that is to say: Beginning at a point on the western boundary of the State of Missouri where the thirty-seventh parallel of north latitude crosses the same; thence west on said parallel to the eastern boundary of New Mexico; thence north on said boundary to latitude thirty-eight; thence following said boundary westward to the east boundary of the Territory of Utah, on the summit of the Rocky Mountains; thence northward on said summit to the fortieth parallel of lat-

itude; thence east on said parallel to the western boundary of the State of Missouri; thence south with the western boundary of said State to the place of beginning.

ARTICLE II.—COUNTY BOUNDARIES.

No county now established which borders upon the Missouri river, or upon either bank of the Kansas river, shall ever be reduced by the formation of new counties to less than twenty miles square; nor shall any other county now organized, or hereafter to be organized, be reduced to less than five hundred square miles.

ARTICLE III.—DISTRIBUTION OF POWERS.

The power of the Government of the State of Kansas shall be divided into three separate departments—the Executive, the Legislative, and the Judicial; and no person charged with the exercise of powers properly belonging to one of these departments, shall exercise any functions appertaining to either of the others, except in the cases hereinafter expressly directed or permitted.

ARTICLE IV.—EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

SECTION 1. The chief executive power of this State shall be vested in a Governor, who shall hold his office for two years from the time of his installation.

SEC. 2. The Governor shall be elected by the qualified electors of the State. The returns of every election for Governor shall be sealed up and transmitted to the seat of Government, directed to the Secretary of State, who shall deliver them to the Speaker of the House of Representatives at the next ensuing session of the Legislature, during the first week of which session the Speaker shall open and publish them in the presence of both houses of the Legislature. The person having the highest number of votes shall be Governor; but if two or more shall be equal, and having received the highest number of votes, then one of them shall be chosen Governor by the joint ballot of both houses of the Legislature; contested elections for Governor shall be determined by both houses of the Legislature, in such manner as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 3. The Governor shall be at least thirty years of age, shall have been a citizen of the United States for twenty years, shall have resided in this State at least five years next preceding the day of his election, or from the time of the formation of this Constitution, and shall not be capable of holding the office more than four years in any term of six years.

SEC. 4. He shall, at stated terms, receive for his services a compensation which shall be fixed by law, and shall not be increased or diminished during the term for which he shall be elected.

SEC. 5. He shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of this State, and of the militia, except when they shall be called into the service of the United States.

SEC. 6. He may require information in writing from officers in the Executive Department, on any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices.

SEC. 7. He may, in cases of emergency, convene the Legislature at the seat of Government, or at a different place, if that shall have become, since their last adjournment, dangerous from an enemy or disease; and in case of disagreement between the two houses with respect to the time of adjournment, adjourn them to such time as he may think proper, not beyond the next stated meeting of the Legislature.

SEC. 8. He shall, from time to time, give the Legislature information of the state of the Government, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he may deem necessary and expedient.

SEC. 9. He shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

SEC. 10. In all criminal and penal cases, except in those of treason and impeachment, he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons, and remit fines; and in cases of forfeitures, to stay the collection until the end of the next session of the Legislature, and to remit forfeitures by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. In cases of treason he shall have power to grant reprieves, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, but may respite the sentence until the end of the next session of the Legislature.

SEC. 11. All commissions shall be in the name and by the authority of the State of Kansas, be sealed with the great seal, and signed by the Governor, and attested by the Secretary of State.

SEC. 12. There shall be a seal of this State, which shall be kept by the Governor and used by him officially, and the present seal of this Territory shall be the seal of the State until otherwise directed by the Legislature.

SEC. 13. All vacancies not provided for in this constitution shall be filled in such manner as the Legislature may prescribe.

SEC. 14. The Secretary of State shall be elected by the qualified electors of the State, and shall continue in office during the term of two years, and until his successor is qualified. He shall keep a fair register of all the official acts and proceedings of the Governor, and shall, when required, lay the same, and all papers, minutes and vouchers relative thereto, before the Legislature, and shall perform such other duties as may be required by law.

SEC. 15. Every bill which shall have passed both houses of the Legislature shall be presented to the Governor. If he approve, he shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to the house in which it shall have originated, which shall enter the objections at length upon their journals, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered; if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law; but in such case, the votes of each house shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the members voting for and against the bill shall be entered upon the journals of each house, respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the Governor within six days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall become a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the Legislature, by their adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not become a law.

SEC. 16. Every order, resolution, or vote, to which the concurrence of both houses may be necessary, except resolutions for the purpose of obtaining the joint action of both houses, and on questions of adjournment, shall be presented to the Governor, and, before it shall take effect, be approved by him; or, being disapproved, shall be repassed by both houses, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in case of a bill.

SEC. 17. A Lieutenant Governor shall be elected at the same time and for the same term as the Governor, and his qualifications and the manner of his election shall be the same in all respects.

SEC. 18. In case of the removal of the Governor from office, or of his death, failure to qualify, resignation, removal from the State, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the office, the said office, with its compensation, shall devolve upon the Lieutenant Governor; and the Legislature shall provide by law for the discharge of the Executive functions in other necessary cases.

SEC. 19. The Lieutenant Governor shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote except in the case of a tie, when he may give the casting vote; and while acting as such, shall receive a compensation equal to that allowed to the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 20. A Sheriff, and one or more Coroners, a Treasurer, and Surveyor, shall be elected in each county by the qualified electors thereof, who shall hold their offices for two years, unless sooner removed, except that the Coroner shall hold his office until his successor be duly qualified.

SEC. 21. A State Treasurer and Auditor of Public Accounts shall be elected by the qualified electors of the State, who shall hold their offices for the term of two years, unless sooner removed.

ARTICLE V.—LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

SECTION 1. The legislative authority of this State shall be vested in a Legislature, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

SEC. 2. No person holding office under the authority of the United States, except Postmasters, or any lucrative office under the authority of this State, shall be eligible to or have a seat in the Legislature; but this provision shall not extend to township officers, Justices of the Peace, Notaries Public, or military officers.

SEC. 3. No person who has been, or may hereafter be, convicted of a penitentiary offense, or of an embezzlement of the public funds, shall hold any office in this State; nor shall any person holding public money, for disbursement or otherwise, have a seat

in the Legislature until he shall have accounted for and paid such money into the treasury.

SEC. 4. The members of the House of Representatives shall be elected by the qualified electors, and shall serve for the term of two years from the close of the general election, and no longer.

SEC. 5. The Senators shall be chosen for the term of four years, at the same time, in the same manner, and at the same places as are herein provided for members of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 6. At the first session of the Legislature, the Senate shall, by lot, divide their Senators into two classes; and the seats of the Senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year, and of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, so that one half, as near as may be, may be chosen thereafter every two years for the term of four years.

SEC. 7. The number of Senators shall not be less than thirteen nor more than thirty-three; and at any time when the number of Senators is increased, they shall be annexed by lot to one of the two classes, so as to keep them as nearly equal in number as possible.

SEC. 8. The number of members of the House of Representatives shall not be less than thirty-nine nor more than one hundred.

SEC. 9. The style of the laws of this State shall be, "*Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas.*"

SEC. 10. Each house may determine the rules of its own proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and with the consent of two-thirds may expel a member; but not a second time for the same offense. The names of the members voting on the question shall be spread upon the journal.

SEC. 11. Each house during the session may, in its discretion, punish by fine or imprisonment, or both, any person not a member, for disrespectful or disorderly behavior in its presence, or for obstructing any of its proceedings: *Provided*, Such fine shall not exceed two hundred dollars, or such imprisonment shall not extend beyond the end of the session.

SEC. 12. Each house of the Legislature shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and cause the same to be published as soon after the adjournment as may be provided by law.

SEC. 13. Neither house during the session of the Legislature shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days (Sundays excepted), nor to any other place than that in which they may be sitting.

SEC. 14. The Senate when assembled shall choose its officers, and the House of Representatives shall choose a Speaker and its other officers; and each branch of the Legislature shall be the judge of the qualifications, elections and returns of its members.

SEC. 15. A majority of each house of the Legislature shall constitute a quorum to do business, but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members in such manner as each house may prescribe.

SEC. 16. Each member of the Legislature shall receive from the public treasury such compensation for his services as may be fixed by law; but no increase of compensation shall take effect during the term for which the members are elected when such law passed.

SEC. 17. Bills may originate in either house, but may be altered, amended, or rejected by the other, and all bills shall be read by sections on three several days, except on an extraordinary occasion; two-thirds of the members may dispense with such reading, but in no case shall a bill be passed without having once been read; and every bill having passed both houses shall be signed by the Speaker and President in the presence of their respective houses.

SEC. 18. The Legislature shall provide by law for filling all vacancies that may occur in either house by the death, resignation, or otherwise, of any of its members.

SEC. 19. The doors of each house shall be open, except on such occasions as, in the opinion of the house, the public safety may require secrecy.

SEC. 20. Every law enacted by the Legislature shall embrace but one subject, and that shall be expressed in its title, and any extraneous matter introduced in a bill

which shall pass shall be void; and no law shall be amended by its title, but in such case the act or section amended shall be enacted and published at length.

SEC. 21. Every act and joint resolution shall be plainly worded, avoiding, as far as practicable, the use of technical terms.

SEC. 22. The Legislature shall meet every two years, at the seat of Government.

SEC. 23. The Legislature shall provide for an enumeration of inhabitants by law. An apportionment of Representatives in the Legislature shall be provided by law according to population, as nearly equal as may be.

SEC. 24. The Legislature shall have no power to grant divorcees, to change the names of individuals, or direct the sales of estates belonging to infants or other persons laboring under legal disabilities, by special legislation, but by general laws shall confer such powers on the courts of justice.

SEC. 25. It shall be the duty of all civil officers of this State to use due diligence in the securing and rendition of persons held to service or labor in this State, either of the States or Territories of the United States; and the Legislature shall enact such laws as may be necessary for the honest and faithful carrying out of this provision of the Constitution.

ELECTION DISTRICTS.

At the first election holden under this Constitution for members of the State Legislature, the Representative and Senatorial Districts shall be as follows: The First Representative District shall consist of Doniphan county, and be entitled to four Representatives; the Second, Atchison, four Representatives; the Third, Leavenworth, eight Representatives; the Fourth, Brown and Nemaha, one Representative; the Fifth, Calhoun and Pottawatomie, one Representative; the Sixth, Jefferson, two Representatives; the Seventh, Marshall and Washington, one Representative; the Eighth, Riley, one Representative; the Ninth, Johnson, four Representatives; the Tenth, Lykins, one Representative; the Eleventh, Linn, two Representatives; the Twelfth, Bourbon, two Representatives; the Thirteenth, McGee, Dorn and Allen, one Representative; the Fourteenth, Douglas, five Representatives; the Fifteenth, Anderson and Franklin, one Representative; the Sixteenth, Shawnee, two Representatives; the Seventeenth, Weller and Coffey, one Representative; the Eighteenth, Woodson, Wilson, Godfrey, Greenwood and Madison, one Representative; the Nineteenth, Breckinridge and Richardson, one Representative; the Twentieth, Davis, Wise, Butler, Hunter, and that portion of country west, one Representative—in all, forty-four Representatives. The First Senatorial District shall be Doniphan county, and be entitled to one Senator; the Second, Atchison, one Senator; the Third, Doniphan and Atchison, one Senator; the Fourth, Leavenworth, three Senators; the Fifth, Brown, Nemaha and Pottawatomie, one Senator; the Sixth, Riley, Marshall, Dickinson and Washington, one Senator; the Seventh, Jefferson and Calhoun, one Senator; the Eighth, Johnson, two Senators; the Ninth, Lykins, Anderson and Franklin, one Senator; the Tenth, Linn, one Senator; the Eleventh, Bourbon and McGee, one Senator; the Twelfth, Douglas, two Senators; the Thirteenth, Shawnee, one Senator; the Fourteenth, Dorn, Allen, Wilson, Woodson, Godfrey, Greenwood, Madison and Coffey, one Senator; the Fifteenth, Richardson, Davis, Wise, Breckinridge, Butler, Hunter, and all west of Davis, Wise, Butler and Hunter, one Senator. The entire number of Senators, nineteen.

ARTICLE VI.—JUDICIARY.

SECTION 1. The judicial powers of this State shall be vested in one Supreme Court, Circuit Courts, Chancery Courts, Courts of Probate, and Justices of the Peace, and such other inferior courts as the Legislature may from time to time ordain and establish.

SEC. 2. The Supreme Court, except in cases otherwise directed in this Constitution, shall have appellate jurisdiction only, which shall be coëxtensive with the State, under such restrictions and regulations, not repugnant to this Constitution, as may from time to time be prescribed by law: *Provided*, That the Supreme Court shall have power to issue writs of injunction, mandamus, quo warranto, habeas corpus, and such other remedial and original writs as may be necessary to give a general superintendence and control of inferior jurisdictions.

SEC. 3. There shall be held annually, at the seat of Government, two sessions of the Supreme Court, at such times as the Legislature may direct.

SEC. 4. The Supreme Court shall consist of one Chief Justice and two Associate Justices.

SEC. 5. The Supreme Court may elect a Clerk and Reporter, who shall, respectively, receive such compensation as the Legislature may prescribe.

SEC. 6. The State shall be divided into convenient circuits, and for each circuit there shall be elected a Judge, who shall, at the time of his election, and as long as he continues in office, reside in the circuit for which he has been elected.

SEC. 7. The Circuit Courts shall have original jurisdiction of all matters, civil and criminal, within this State, not otherwise excepted in this Constitution; but in civil cases only where the matter in controversy shall exceed the sum of one hundred dollars.

SEC. 8. A Circuit Court shall be held in each county in this State twice in every year, at such times and places as may be prescribed by law; and the Judges of the several Circuit Courts may hold courts for each other when they may deem it advisable, and shall do so when directed by law.

SEC. 9. The Legislature may establish a Court or Courts of Chancery, with original and appellate equity jurisdiction; and until the establishment of such court or courts, the said jurisdiction shall be vested in the Judges of the Circuit Courts, respectively; but the Judges of the several Circuit Courts shall have power to issue writs of injunction, returnable to the Court of Chancery.

SEC. 10. The Legislature shall establish within each county in the State a Court of Probate, for the granting of letters testamentary, of administration, and orphans' business, and the general superintendence of the estates of deceased persons, and such other duties as may be prescribed by law; but in no case shall they have jurisdiction in matters of civil or criminal law.

SEC. 11. A competent number of justices of the peace in and for each county shall be elected in such mode and for such term of office as the Legislature may direct. Their jurisdiction in civil matters shall be limited to cases in which the amount does not exceed one hundred dollars; and in all cases tried by justices of the peace the right of appeal shall be secured under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 12. The Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, and Judges of the Circuit Court, and Courts of Chancery, shall, at stated times, receive for their services a compensation which shall be fixed by law, and shall not be diminished during their continuance in office; but they shall receive no fees, no perquisites of office, nor hold any other office of profit or trust under this State, the United States, or either of the other States, or any other power, during their continuance in office.

SEC. 13. The Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court shall be elected by the qualified voters of the whole State, the Judges of the Circuit Courts by the qualified voters of their respective circuits, and the Judges of the Chancery Courts shall be elected by the qualified voters of their respective chancery divisions, at such times and places as may be prescribed by law; but said election shall not be on the same day that the election of members of the Legislature is held.

SEC. 14. All vacancies in the office of Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, and Judges of the Circuit Court, Court of Chancery, and Probate Court, shall be filled by appointment made by the Governor for the time being; but the Governor shall, immediately upon the receipt of information of a vacancy aforesaid, order an election to fill such vacancy, first giving sixty days' notice of such election.

SEC. 15. The Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court shall hold their offices for and during the period of six years from the date of their election, and until their successors shall be qualified, and provision shall be made by law for classifying those elected, so that the Chief Justice or one of the said Associate Justices of the Supreme Court shall be elected every two years. The Judges of the Circuit, Chancery and Probate Courts shall hold their offices for and during the term of four years from the date of their election, and until their successors shall be qualified.

SEC. 16. Clerks of the Circuit Courts and Courts of Probate shall be elected by the qualified electors in each county, and all vacancies in such office shall be filled in such manner as the law may direct.

SEC. 17. The Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, by virtue of their offices, shall be conservators of the peace throughout the State, the Judges of the Circuit Court, throughout their respective circuits, and the Judges of the inferior courts throughout their respective counties.

SEC. 18. The style of all process shall be, "The State of Kansas;" and all prosecutions shall be carried on in the name and by the authority of the State of Kansas, and shall conclude, "against the peace and dignity of the same."

SEC. 19. There shall be an Attorney General of the State, who shall be elected by the qualified voters thereof, and as many District Attorneys as the Legislature may deem necessary, to be elected by the qualified voters of their respective circuits, who shall hold their offices for the term of four years from the date of their election, and shall receive for their services such compensation as may be established by law, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SEC. 20. Vacancies occurring in the office of Attorney General, District Attorneys, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Clerk of the Court of Probate, justices of the peace, and constables, shall be filled in such manner as shall be provided by law.

SEC. 21. The House of Representatives shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SEC. 22. All impeachments shall be tried by the Senate; when sitting for that purpose the Senators shall be on oath or affirmation; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

SEC. 23. The Governor and all civil officers shall be liable to impeachment for any misdemeanor in office; but judgment in such cases shall not extend further than to removal from office, and of disqualification from office of honor, trust, or profit under the State; but the party convicted shall, nevertheless, be liable and subject to indictment, trial, and punishment according to law.

ARTICLE VII.—SLAVERY.

SECTION 1. The right of property is before and higher than any constitutional sanction, and the right of the owner of a slave to such slave and its increase is the same and as inviolable as the right of the owner of any property whatever.

SEC. 2. The Legislature shall have no power to pass laws for the emancipation of slaves without the consent of the owners, or without paying the owners previous to their emancipation a full equivalent in money for the slaves so emancipated. They shall have no power to prevent immigrants to the State from bringing with them such persons as are deemed slaves by the laws of any one of the United States or Territories, so long as any person of the same age or description shall be continued in slavery by the laws of this State: *Provided*, That such person or slave be the *bona fide* property of such immigrants: *And provided, also*, That laws may be passed to prohibit the introduction into this State of slaves who have committed high crimes in other States or Territories. They shall have power to pass laws to permit the owners of slaves to emancipate them, saving the rights of creditors, and preventing them from becoming a public charge. They shall have power to oblige the owners of slaves to treat them with humanity, to provide for them necessary food and clothing, to abstain from all injuries to them extending to life or limb, and, in case of their neglect or refusal to comply with the direction of such laws, to have such slave or slaves sold for the benefit of the owner or owners.

SEC. 3. In the prosecution of slaves for crimes of higher grade than petit larceny, the Legislature shall have no power to deprive them of an impartial trial by a petit jury.

SEC. 4. Any person who shall maliciously dismember, or deprive a slave of life, shall suffer such punishment as would be inflicted in case the like offense had been committed on a free white person, and on the like proof, except in case of insurrection of such slave.

ARTICLE VIII.—ELECTIONS, AND RIGHTS OF SUFFRAGE.

SECTION 1. Every male citizen of the United States, above the age of twenty-one years, having resided in this State one year, and in the county, city, or town in which he may offer to vote, three months next preceding any election, shall have the qualifications of an elector, and be entitled to vote at all elections. And every male citizen of the United States, above the age aforesaid, who may be a resident of the State at the time that this Constitution shall be adopted, shall have the right of voting as aforesaid; but no such citizen or inhabitant shall be entitled to vote except in the county in which he shall actually reside at the time of the election.

SEC. 2. All voting by the people shall be by ballot.

SEC. 3. Electors, during their attendance at elections, going to and returning therefrom, shall be privileged from arrest in all cases except treason, felony, and breach of the peace.

SEC. 4. No elector shall be obliged to do militia duty on the days of election, except in time of war or public danger.

SEC. 5. No elector shall be deemed to have lost his residence in this State by reason of his absence on business of his own, or of the United States, or of this State.

SEC. 6. No person employed in the military, naval or marine service of the United States, stationed in this State, shall, by reason of his services therein, be deemed a resident of this State.

SEC. 7. No person shall be elected or appointed to any office in this State, civil or military, who shall not be possessed of the qualifications hereinbefore prescribed for an elector.

SEC. 8. The Legislature shall have power to exclude from the privilege of voting, or being eligible to office, any person convicted of bribery, perjury, or other infamous crimes.

SEC. 9. The first general election in this State shall be held on the day and year provided by this Constitution, and all general elections thereafter on the day and year provided by subsequent legislative enactment.

ARTICLE IX.—FINANCE.

SECTION 1. The rule of taxation shall be uniform, and taxes shall be levied upon such property as the Legislature shall from time to time prescribe.

SEC. 2. The Legislature shall provide for an annual tax sufficient to defray the estimated expenses of the Government for each year; and whenever the expenses of any one year shall exceed the income, the Legislature shall provide for levying a tax for the ensuing year sufficient, with other sources of income, to pay the deficiency, as well as the estimated expenses for such ensuing year.

SEC. 3. For the purpose of defraying extraordinary expenditures, the State may contract public debts; but such debts, in the aggregate, shall never exceed five hundred thousand dollars. Every such debt shall be authorized by law for some purpose or purposes, to be distinctly specified therein, and a vote of a majority of all the members elected to both houses shall be necessary to the passage of such law, and such law shall provide for an annual tax to be levied, sufficient to pay the interest of such debt created; and such appropriation shall not be repealed, nor the taxes postponed, until the principal and interest of such debt shall have been wholly paid.

SEC. 4. The Legislature may also borrow money for the purpose of repelling invasion, suppressing insurrection, and defending the State in time of war; but the money thus raised shall be applied exclusively to the purposes for which it was raised.

SEC. 5. No scrip, certificate, or other evidence of State debt shall be issued, except for such debts as are authorized by the third or fourth sections of this article.

SEC. 6. The property of the State and counties, both real and personal, and such other property as the Legislature may deem necessary for school, religious, or charitable purposes, may be exempted from taxation.

SEC. 7. No money shall at any time be paid out of the treasury, except in pursuance of an appropriation by law.

SEC. 8. An accurate statement of the receipts and expenditures of the public money shall be published with the laws of each regular session of the Legislature.

ARTICLE X.—REVENUE.

SECTION 1. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives.

SEC. 2. Taxation shall be equal and uniform, and all property on which taxes shall be levied shall be taxed in proportion to its value, to be ascertained as directed by legislative enactment, and no one species of property shall be taxed higher than another species of property of equal value, on which taxes shall be levied.

SEC. 3. The Legislature shall have power to levy an income tax, and to tax all persons pursuing any occupation, trade, or profession.

SEC. 4. The Legislature shall provide for the classification of the lands of this State into three distinct classes, to be styled, respectively, Class One, Two, Three; and each

of these classes shall have a fixed value in so much money, upon which there shall be assessed an *ad valorem* tax.

SEC. 5. The Legislature shall provide for a capitation or poll tax, to be paid by every able-bodied male citizen over twenty-one years and under sixty years of age, but nothing herein contained shall prevent the exemption of taxable polls in cases of bodily infirmity.

SEC. 6. The Legislature shall levy a tax on all railroad incomes proceeding from gifts of public lands, at the rate of ten cents on the one hundred dollars.

SEC. 7. No lotteries shall be authorized by law as a source of revenue.

SEC. 8. Whatever donations of lands or money that may be received from the General Government by this State, shall be regarded as a source of revenue, subject to a compact made with the United States by special ordinance.

ARTICLE XI.—PUBLIC DOMAIN AND INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT.

SECTION 1. It shall be the duty of the Legislature to provide for the prevention of waste and damage of the public land now possessed or that may hereafter be ceded to the Territory or State of Kansas, and it may pass laws for the sale of any part or portion thereof, and, in such case, provide for the safety, security, and appropriation of the proceeds.

SEC. 2. A liberal system of internal improvements, being essential to the development of the resources of the country, shall be encouraged by the Government of this State; and it shall be the duty of the Legislature, as soon as practicable, to ascertain by law proper objects of improvement, in relation to roads, canals, and navigable streams, and to provide for a suitable application of such funds as may be appropriated for such improvements.

ARTICLE XII.—CORPORATIONS.

SECTION 1. Corporations may be formed under a general law, but the Legislature may by special act create bodies politic for municipal purposes, where the objects of the corporations cannot be attained under it. All general laws or special acts enacted under the provisions of this section, may be altered, amended, or repealed by the Legislature at any time.

SEC. 2. No corporation shall take private property for public use without first having the consent of the owner, or where the necessity thereof being first established by a verdict of a jury, and the value thereof assessed and paid.

SEC. 3. It shall be the duty of the Legislature to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages, and to restrict their power of taxation, borrowing money, contracting debts, and loaning their credit, so as to prevent abuses.

SEC. 4. The Legislature may incorporate banks of deposit and exchange, but such banks shall not issue any bills, notes, checks, or other paper, as money.

SEC. 5. The Legislature may incorporate one bank of discount and issue, with not more than two branches, provided that the act incorporating said bank and branches thereof shall not take effect until it shall be submitted to the people, at the general election next succeeding the passage of the same, and shall have been approved by a majority of the electors voting at said election.

SEC. 6. The said bank and branches shall be mutually liable for each other's debts or liabilities for all paper credits or bills issued, representing money; and the stockholders in said bank or branches shall be individually responsible, to an amount equal to the stock held by them, for all debts or liabilities of said bank or branches; and no law shall be passed sanctioning directly or indirectly the suspension by said bank or its branches of specie payment.

SEC. 7. The State shall not be a stockholder in any bank, nor shall the credit of the State be given or loaned in aid of any person, association, or incorporation, nor shall the State become a stockholder in any corporation or association.

ARTICLE XIII.—MILITIA.

SECTION 1. The militia of this State shall consist of all the able-bodied male citizens of the State between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years, except such citizens as are now, or hereafter may be, exempted by the laws of the United States or of this State.

SEC. 2. Any citizen whose religious tenets conflict with bearing arms shall not be compelled to do militia duty in time of peace, but shall pay such an equivalent for personal services as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 3. All militia officers shall be elected by the persons subject to military duty within the bounds of their several companies, battalions, regiments, brigades and divisions, under such rules and regulations as the Legislature may from time to time direct and establish.

ARTICLE XIV.—EDUCATION.

SECTION 1. A general diffusion of knowledge being essential to the preservation of the rights and liberties of the people, schools and the means of education shall be forever encouraged in this State.

SEC. 2. The Legislature shall take measures to preserve from waste and damage such lands as have been, or hereafter may be, granted by the United States, or lands or funds which may be received from other sources, for the use of schools within this State, and shall apply the funds which may arise from such lands, or from any other source, in strict conformity with the object of the grant.

SEC. 3. The Legislature shall, as soon as practicable, establish one common school (or more) in each township in the State, where the children of the township shall be taught gratis.

SEC. 4. The Legislature shall have power to make appropriations from the State treasury for the support and maintenance of common schools, whenever the funds accruing from the lands donated by the United States, or the funds received from other sources, are insufficient for that purpose.

SEC. 5. The Legislature shall have power to pass laws for the government of all common schools within this State.

ARTICLE XV.—MISCELLANEOUS.

SECTION 1. Lecompton shall be the seat of government until otherwise directed by law, two-thirds of each house of the Legislature concurring in the passage of such law.

SEC. 2. Every person chosen or appointed to any office under this State, before entering upon the discharge of its duties, shall take an oath or affirmation to support the Constitution of the United States, the Constitution of this State, and all laws made in pursuance thereof, and faithfully to demean himself in the discharge of the duties of his office.

SEC. 3. The laws, public records, and the written, judicial, and legislative proceedings of the State, shall be conducted, promulgated, and preserved in the English language.

SEC. 4. Aliens who are, or may hereafter become, *bona fide* residents of this State shall enjoy the same rights, in respect to the possession, inheritance, and enjoyment of property, as native-born citizens.

SEC. 5. No county seat shall be removed until the point to which it is proposed to be removed shall be fixed by law, and a majority of the voters of the county voting on the question shall have voted in favor of its removal to such point.

SEC. 6. All property, both real and personal, of the wife, owned or claimed by marriage, and that acquired afterwards by gift, devise, or descent, shall be her separate property; and laws shall be passed more clearly defining the rights of the wife, in relation as well to her separate property as to that held in common with her husband. Laws shall also be passed providing for the registration of the wife's separate property.

SEC. 7. The privilege of free suffrage shall be supported by laws regulating elections, and prohibiting, under adequate penalties, all undue influence thereon from power, bribery, tumult, or other improper practice.

SEC. 8. Treason against the State shall consist only in levying war against it, or adhering to its enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or his own confession in open court.

BILL OF RIGHTS.

That the great and essential principles of liberty and free government may be recognized and established, we declare:

1. That all freemen, when they form a social compact, are equal in rights, and that no man or set of men are entitled to exclusive separate public emoluments or privileges, but in consideration of public services.

2. All political power is inherent in the people, and all free governments are founded on their authority, and instituted for their benefit; and therefore they have at all times an inalienable and indefeasible right to alter, reform, or abolish their form of government in such manner as they may think proper.

3. That all persons have a natural and indefeasible right to worship Almighty God according to the dictates of their own conscience, and no person can of right be compelled to attend, erect, or support any place of worship, or maintain any ministry, against his consent. That no human authority can in any case whatever interfere with the rights of conscience, and that no preference shall ever be given to any religious establishment or mode of worship.

4. That the civil rights, privileges, or capacities of a citizen shall in no wise be diminished or enlarged on account of his religion.

5. That all elections shall be free and equal.

6. That the right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate.

7. Every citizen may freely speak, write and publish his sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that right.

8. The people shall be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and possessions, from unreasonable seizures and searches; and no warrant to search any place, or to seize any person or thing, shall issue without probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation. In all criminal prosecutions the accused has a right to be heard by himself or counsel; to demand the nature and cause of the accusation, and have a copy thereof; to be confronted by the witness or witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and in all prosecutions by indictments or informations, a speedy public trial by an impartial jury of the county or district in which the offense shall have been committed. He shall not be compelled to give evidence against himself, nor shall he be deprived of his life, liberty, or property, but by due course of law.

9. No freeman shall be taken or imprisoned, or diseized of his freehold, liberties or privileges, or outlawed or exiled, or in any manner destroyed or deprived of his life, liberty, or property, but by the judgment of his peers, or the law of the land.

10. No person, for the same offense, shall twice be put in jeopardy of life, limb, or liberty; nor shall any person's property be taken or applied to the public use, unless compensation be made therefor.

11. That all penalties shall be reasonable, and proportionate to the nature of the offense.

12. No person shall be held to answer a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless on the presentment or indictment of a grand jury, or by impeachment, except in cases of rebellion, insurrection, or invasion.

13. That no conviction shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture of estate.

14. That all prisoners shall be bailable by sufficient securities, unless in capital offenses, where the proof is evident or the presumption great; and the privileges of *habeas corpus* shall not be suspended unless, when in the cases of rebellion [insurrection], or invasion, the public safety may require it.

15. That excessive bail shall in no case be required, nor excessive fines imposed.

16. That no "ex post facto" law, nor any law impairing the obligations of contracts, shall ever be made.

17. That forfeitures and monopolies are contrary to the genius of a republic, and shall not be allowed; nor shall any hereditary emolument, privileges or honors ever be granted or conferred in this State.

18. That the citizens have a right, in a peaceable manner, to assemble together for their common good; to instruct their representatives, and to apply to those intrusted with the power of government, for redress of grievances, or other purposes, by address or remonstrance.

19. That the citizens of this State shall have a right to keep and bear arms for their common defense.

20. That no soldier shall in time of peace be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war but in a manner prescribed by law.

21. The military shall be kept in strict subordination to the civil power.

22. Emigration to or from this State shall not be prohibited.

23. Free negroes shall not be permitted to live in this State under any circumstances.

24. This enumeration of rights shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people; and to guard against any encroachments on the rights herein retained, or any transgression of any of the higher power herein delegated, we declare that everything in this article is excepted out of the general powers of government, and shall forever remain inviolate, and that all laws contrary thereto, or to the other provisions herein contained, shall be void.

SCHEDULE.

SECTION 1. That no inconvenience may arise by reason of a change from a Territorial to a permanent State Government, it is declared that all rights, actions, prosecutions, judgments, claims and contracts, as well of individuals as of bodies corporate, except the bill incorporating banks by the last Territorial Legislature, shall continue as if no such change had taken place; and all processes which may have been issued under the authority of the Territory of Kansas, shall be as valid as if issued in the name of the State of Kansas.

SEC. 2. All laws now in force in the Territory of Kansas, which are not repugnant to this Constitution, shall continue and be of force until altered, amended, or repealed, by a Legislature assembled under the provisions of this Constitution.

SEC. 3. All fines, penalties, and forfeitures to the Territory of Kansas shall inure to the use of the State of Kansas.

SEC. 4. All recognizances heretofore taken shall pass to and be prosecuted in the name of the State of Kansas, and all bonds executed to the Governor of the Territory, or to any other officer of the court, in his or their official capacity, shall pass to the Governor and corresponding officers of the State authority and their successors in office, and for the use therein expressed, and may be sued for and recovered accordingly; and all the estates or property, real, personal, or mixed, and all judgments, bonds, specialties, choses in action, and claims or debts of whatever description, of the Territory of Kansas, shall inure to and rest in the State of Kansas, and be sued for and recovered in the same manner and to the same extent as the same could have been by the Territory of Kansas.

SEC. 5. All criminal prosecutions and penal actions, which may have arisen before the change from a Territorial to a State Government, and which shall then be pending, shall be prosecuted to judgment in the name of the State of Kansas. All actions at law and suits in equity, which may be pending in the courts of the Territory of Kansas, at the time of a change from a Territorial to a State Government, may be continued and transferred to any court of the State, which shall have jurisdiction of the subject-matter thereof.

SEC. 6. All officers, civil and military, holding their offices under authority of the Territory of Kansas, shall continue to hold and exercise their respective offices until they shall be superseded by the authority of the State.

SEC. 7. This Constitution shall be submitted to the Congress of the United States at its next ensuing session, and as soon as official information has been received that it is approved by the same, by the admission of the State of Kansas as one of the sovereign States of the United States, the President of this Convention shall issue his proclamation to convene the State Legislature at the seat of Government, within thirty-one days after publication. Should any vacancy occur, by death, resignation, or otherwise, in the Legislature, or other office, he shall order an election to fill such vacancy: *Provided, however,* In case of removal, absence, or disability of the President of this Convention to discharge the duties herein imposed on him, the President *pro tempore* of this Convention shall perform said duties; and in case of absence, refusal, or disability of the President *pro tempore*, a committee consisting of seven, or a majority of them, shall discharge the duties required of the President of this Convention.

Before this Constitution shall be sent to Congress, asking for admission into the Union as a State, it shall be submitted to all the white male inhabitants of this Territory, for approval or disapproval, as follows: The President of this Convention shall, by proclamation, declare that on the twenty-first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, at the different election precincts now established by law, or which may be established as herein provided, in the Territory of Kansas, an election shall be held, over which shall preside three judges, or a majority of them, to be ap-

pointed as follows: The President of this Convention shall appoint three commissioners in each county in the Territory, whose duty it shall be to appoint three judges of election in the several precincts of their respective counties, and to establish precincts for voting, and to cause polls to be opened, at such places as they may deem proper, in their respective counties, at which election the Constitution framed by this Convention shall be submitted to all the white male inhabitants of the Territory of Kansas in the said Territory upon that day, and over the age of twenty-one years, for ratification or rejection, in the following manner and form: The voting shall be by ballot. The judges of said election shall cause to be kept two poll-books by two clerks, by them appointed. The ballots cast at said election shall be indorsed, "Constitution with Slavery," and "Constitution with no Slavery." One of said poll-books shall be returned within eight days to the President of this Convention, and the other shall be retained by the judges of election and be kept open for inspection. The President, with two or more members of this Convention, shall examine said poll-books, and if it shall appear upon said examination that a majority of the legal votes cast at said election be in favor of the "Constitution with Slavery," he shall immediately have the same transmitted to Congress of the United States, as hereinbefore provided; but if, upon such examination of said poll-books, it shall appear that a majority of the legal votes cast at said election be in favor of the "Constitution with no Slavery," then the article providing for Slavery shall be stricken from this Constitution by the President of this Convention, and Slavery shall no longer exist in the State of Kansas, except that the right of property in slaves now in this Territory shall in no manner be interfered with, and shall have transmitted the Constitution, so ratified, [to Congress the Constitution, so ratified,] to the Congress of the United States, as hereinbefore provided. In case of the failure of the President of this Convention to perform the duties imposed upon him in the foregoing section, by reason of death, resignation or otherwise, the same duties shall devolve upon the President *pro tem*.

SEC. 8. There shall be a general election upon the first Monday in January, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, to be conducted as the election provided for in the seventh section of this article, at which election there shall be chosen a Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, State Treasurer, and members of the Legislature, and also a member of Congress.

SEC. 9. Any person offering to vote at the aforesaid election upon said Constitution shall be challenged to take an oath to support the Constitution of the United States, and to support this Constitution, under the penalties of perjury under the Territorial laws.

SEC. 10. All officers appointed to carry into execution the provisions of the foregoing sections shall, before entering upon their duties, be sworn to faithfully perform the duties of their offices, and in failure thereof be subject to the same charges and penalties as are provided in like cases under the Territorial laws.

SEC. 11. The officers provided for in the preceding sections shall receive for their services the same compensation as given to officers performing similar duties under the Territorial laws.

SEC. 12. The Governor and all other officers shall enter upon the discharge of their respective duties as soon after the admission of the State of Kansas, as one of the independent and sovereign States of the Union, as may be convenient.

SEC. 13. Oaths of office may be administered by any judge, justice of the peace, or clerk of any court of record of the Territory or the State of Kansas, until the Legislature may otherwise direct.

SEC. 14. After the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, whenever the Legislature shall think it necessary to amend, alter, or change this Constitution, they shall recommend to the electors at the next general election, two-thirds of the members of each house concurring, to vote for or against calling a convention; and if it shall appear that a majority of all citizens of the State have voted for a convention, the Legislature shall at its next regular session call a convention, to consist of as many members as there may be in the House of Representatives at the time, to be chosen in the same manner, at the same places, and by the same electors that chose the Representatives. Said delegates so elected shall meet within three months after said election, for the purpose of revising, amending, or changing the Constitution; but no alteration shall be made to affect the rights of property in the ownership of slaves.

SEC. 15. Until the Legislature elected in accordance with the provisions of this Constitution shall otherwise direct, the salary of the Governor shall be three thousand dollars, and the salary of Lieutenant Governor shall be double the pay of a State Senator, and the pay of members of the Legislature shall be five dollars per diem, until otherwise provided by the first Legislature, which shall fix the salaries of all officers other than those elected by the people at first election.

SEC. 16. This Constitution shall take effect and be in force from and after its ratification by the people as hereinbefore provided.

Done in convention at Leocompton, in the Territory of Kansas, on the seventh day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and of the independence of the United States of America the eighty-second. In testimony whereof, we have hereunto subscribed our names.

JESSE CONNELL, JOHN DALE HENDERSON, HUGH M. MOORE, JARRETT TODD, WILBURN CHRISTISON, SAMUEL J. KOOKAGEE, LUCIEN J. EASTIN, WM. WALKER, JOHN W. MARTIN, GREENE B. REDMAN, <i>Leavenworth County.</i>	JUN. T. HEREFORD, ISAAC S. HASCAL, JAMES ADKINS, <i>Atchison County.</i>
CYRUS DOLMAN, HENRY SMITH, <i>Brown and Nemaha Cos.</i>	JACOB T. BRADFORD, WM. A. HEISKELL, <i>Lykins County.</i>
W. S. WELLS, ALFRED W. JONES, OWEN C. STEWART, L. S. BOLING, W. T. SPICELY, H. BUTCHER, <i>Douglas County.</i>	THOS. D. CHILDS, ALEXANDER BAYNE, W. H. SWIFT, <i>Jefferson County.</i>
THOS. J. KEY, SAMUEL P. BLAIR, JAMES J. REYNOLDS, WILLIAM MATHIEWS, D. VANDERSLICE, HARVEY W. FORMAN, <i>Doniphan County.</i>	G. W. MCKOWN, BATT. JONES, J. H. DANFORTH, <i>Johnson County.</i>
MILTON E. BRYANT, <i>Linn County.</i>	WM. H. JENKINS, <i>Marshall County.</i>
	JOHN S. RANDOLPH, C. K. MOBLEY, <i>Riley County.</i>
	HENRY D. ODEN, <i>Calhoun County.</i>
	SAMUEL G. REED, RUSH ELMORE, <i>Shawnee County.</i>
	H. T. WILSON, B. LITTLE, <i>Bourbon County.</i>

J. CALHOUN,
President of the Convention, and Delegate from the County of Douglas.

CHARLES J. MCILVAINE, *Secretary of the Convention.*

ORDINANCE.

WHEREAS, The Government of the United States is the proprietor, or will become so, of all or most of the lands lying within the limits of Kansas, as determined under the Constitution; and whereas, the State of Kansas will possess the undoubted right to tax such lands for the support of her State Government, or for other proper and legitimate purposes connected with her existence as a State: Now, therefore, be it ordained by this Convention, on behalf of and by the authority of the people of Kansas, that the right aforesaid to tax such lands shall be and is hereby forever relinquished, if the conditions following shall be accepted and agreed to by the Congress of the United States:

SECTION 1. That sections numbered 8, 16, 24, and 36, in every township in the State, or in case either of said numbered sections are or shall be otherwise disposed of, that other lands, equal thereto in value, and as contiguous as may be, shall be granted to the State, to be applied exclusively to the support of common schools.

SEC. 2. That all salt springs, and gold, silver, copper, lead, or other valuable mines, together with the lands necessary for their full occupation and use, shall be granted to said State, for the use and benefit of said State; and the same shall be used or disposed of under such terms and conditions and regulations as the Legislature of said State shall direct.

SEC. 3. That five per centum of the proceeds of the sales of all public lands sold or held in trust, or otherwise lying within the said State, whether sold before or after the admission of the State into the Union, after deducting all expenses incidental to the same, shall be paid to the said State of Kansas, for the purposes following, to wit: two-fifths to be disbursed under the direction of the Legislature of the State for the purpose of aiding the construction of railroads within said State, and the residue for the support of common schools.

SEC. 4. That seventy-two sections, or two entire townships, shall be designated by the President of the United States, which shall be reserved for the use of a seminary of learning, and appropriated by the Legislature of said State solely to the use of said seminary.

SEC. 5. That each alternate section of land now owned, or which may hereafter be acquired by the United States, for twelve miles on each side of a line of railroad to be established or located from some point on the northern boundary of the State, leading southerly through said State in the direction of the Gulf of Mexico, and on each side of a line of railroad to be located and established from some point on the Missouri river westwardly through said State in the direction of the Pacific ocean, shall be reserved and conveyed to said State of Kansas for the purpose of aiding in the construction of said railroad; and it shall be the duty of the Congress of the United States, in conjunction with the proper authorities of this State, to adopt immediate measures for carrying the several provisions herein contained into full effect.

SEPTEMBER 11.—A part of Walker's soldiers withdrawn from Lawrence.

SEPTEMBER 15.—The committee appointed at Grasshopper Falls issue an address to the people. The following is quoted from it:

"The system of districting and apportionment for members of the Legislature shows an unquestionable determination to introduce voters from abroad. Sixteen counties, strongly Free State, containing nearly one-half of the entire population of the Territory, are not allowed a single representative in either branch. Of the thirteen members of the Council, all but three, and of the thirty-nine members of the House of Representatives, all but ten, are to be elected in districts bordering on the Missouri line. Topeka is connected with Fort Scott, and Lawrence is attached to the Shawnee Mission, adjoining Westport."

SEPTEMBER 16.—Gov. Walker issues an address to the people of Kansas. He assures the people that the October election shall be fair and free. The two parties of Kansas will then, for the first time, measure their strength. "at the same times and places," at the ballot-box.

SEPTEMBER 23.—The Connecticut Memorialists reply to Buchanan—three columns of Kansas history and Free-State logic from Theo. D. Woolsey, Leonard Bacon, the Sillimans, and other eminent men.

SEPTEMBER 28.—Beginning of a great national financial panic.

SEPTEMBER 28.—Marcus J. Parrott and Epaphroditus Ransom, Free-State and Democratic candidates for Delegate to Congress, hold a joint debate in Lecompton.

OCTOBER 1.—Two companies of United States troops, Sherman's battery and an infantry company, encamp in Lawrence. Nobody knows what they are sent there for, and the Lawrence Republican suggests to Governor Walker that he may appropriately use them in repelling the Missouri invaders, who are flocking into the border counties to control the Territorial election.—Coal discovered in several places in Doniphan county.

OCTOBER 5.—Governor Rencher, the newly-appointed Executive of

New Mexico, leaves Westport for Santa Fé. The Star of Empire (Westport) says, "He carries with him several slaves." The party was escorted by United States troops.

OCTOBER 6.—Rev. Daniel Foster and Col. C. F. W. Leonhardt leave for the East to spend the winter in lecturing on Kansas affairs.

OCTOBER 5-6.—Election of the Territorial Legislature.

Counties.	Free-State.	Democratic.	House.	Council.
Leavenworth.....	1,083	1,370	8 (d.)	3 (d.)
Atchison.....	315	366	3 (d.)	1 (d.)
Doniphan.....	574	497	5 (f.)	
Brown.....	138	72	1 (f.)	
Nemaha.....	145	30	1 (f.)	
Marshall.....	1	160	1 (d.)	2 (f.)
Pottawatomie.....	151	16	2 (f.)	
Riley.....	251	106	2 (f.)	
Jefferson.....	344	189	2 (f.)	
Calhoun.....	200	39	1 (f.)	1 (f.)
Douglas.....	1,683	187	8 (f.)	3 (f.)
Johnson.....	33	1,604	1 (f.)	
Shawnee.....	749	61	1 (f.)	
Richardson.....	127			
Davis.....	126	30		
Wise and Breckinridge.....	266	7		
Madison and Butler.....	69	7		
Bourbon.....	96	175		
Dorn.....		18		2 (f.)
Coffey.....	265	48		
McGee.....	24	1,202	3 (d.)	
Woodson.....				
Weller.....				
Godfrey.....				
Wilson.....				
Greenwood.....	14	13		
Allen.....	65	20		
Anderson.....	261	2		
Franklin.....	345	10		
Lykins.....	348	59	2 (f.)	1 (f.)
Linn.....	214	178	2 (f.)	

(f.) Free State. (d.) Democratic.

The one Free-State vote in Marshall county was cast by James White.

The illegal votes in Johnson and McGee counties were thrown out.

These returns result as follows:

	Free-State.	Democratic.	Whole No.
Council.....	9	4	13
House.....	24	15	39

The candidates for the Legislature are given below:

COUNCIL.

Counties.	Free-State.	Democratic.
Leavenworth.....	{ Robert Crozier.....	John A. Halderman.
	{ Joseph P. Root.....	J. W. Martin.
Atchison.....	{ J. Wright.....	Alson C. Davis.
Doniphan, Brown, Nemaha, Marshall,	{ Caleb May.....	Joseph P. Carr.
Riley, and Pottawatomie.....	{ Benj. Harding.....	Frank J. Marshall.
Jefferson and Calhoun.....	{ Andrew J. Mead.....	Henry S. Creal.
	{ A. G. Patrick.....	C. Buck.
Douglas and Johnson.....	{ Carni W. Babcock.....	H. M. Bledsoe.
	{ Lyman Allen.....	William H. Hull.
	{ Edwin S. Nash.....	S. J. Jones.
Anderson, Franklin, Lykins, and Linn,	{ H. B. Standiford.....	L. B. Williams.
The seventeen remaining counties.....	{ Osear E. Learnard.....	George A. Crawford.
	{ Cyrus K. Holliday.....	Benj. I. Newsom.

HOUSE.

<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Free-State.</i>	<i>Democratic.</i>
Leavenworth.....	H. Miles Moore.....	Hugh M. Moore.
	George H. Keller.....	H. B. Denman.
	W. M. McClure.....	A. B. Hazzard.
	J. P. Hatterscheidt.....	B. Johnson.
	Owen A. Bassett.....	T. B. Whitesides.
	William Pennoek.....	A. B. Bartlett.
Atchison.....	R. G. Elliott.....	S. Armstrong.
	P. R. Orr.....	W. H. Sharp.
	John P. Wheeler.....	J. H. Miller.
	Caleb Woodworth.....	John Bennett.
	S. J. H. Snyder.....	James Adkins.
	Benj. H. Brock.....	Anderson Miller.
Doniphan.....	Alex. A. Jamieson.....	Sidney Tennent.
	Harris Stratton.....	John Starwall.
	C. Graham.....	John R. Boyd.
Brown and Nemaha.....	John B. Wheeler.....	William Word.
	E. N. Morrill.....	E. M. Hubbard.
Marshall.....	W. S. Blackburn.....	J. P. Miller.
Riley and Pottawatomie.....	Abram Barry.....	George Montague.
	Charles Jenkins.....	S. G. Menzies.
Jefferson.....	S. S. Cooper.....	C. L. Freeman.
Calhoun.....	Henry Owen.....	W. W. Gregg.
	A. Reynard.....	A. Davidson.
Douglas and Johnson.....	John Speer.....	J. H. Danforth.
	G. W. Deitzler.....	T. B. Sykes.
	Oliver Barber.....	J. P. Thompson.
	H. Appleman.....	U. B. Windsor.
	A. T. Still.....	A. P. Walker.
	G. W. Zinn.....	W. S. Wells.
Shawnee.....	G. Seymour.....	John Ector.
	John Lockhart.....	L. S. Boling.
	James A. Delong.....	William S. Romigh.
	A. J. Shannon.....	J. J. Parks.
Lykins.....	John Hanna.....	J. H. King.
	A. Danford.....	J. H. Barlow.
Linn.....	R. B. Mitchell.....	J. E. Mooney.
	Samuel Stewart.....	J. Head.
The eighteen remaining counties.....	C. Columbia.....	N. S. Goss.
	John Curtis.....	L. E. Rhodes.

OCTOBER 5.—Election of Delegate in Congress.

LEAVENWORTH COUNTY.		BROWN COUNTY.	
<i>Precincts.</i>	<i>E. Ransom...</i>	<i>Precincts.</i>	<i>E. Ransom...</i>
Delaware.....	92	Walnut Creek.....	3
Leavenworth.....	275	Loeknane.....	11
Kickapoo.....	728	Irving.....	23
Wyandotte.....	134	Claytonville.....	35
Stranger.....	68		72
	1,297		136
ATCHISON COUNTY.		MARSHALL COUNTY.	
Grasshopper.....	31	Marysville.....	160
Walnut.....	88		1
Mount Pleasant.....	42	NEMAHIA COUNTY.	
Shannon.....	205	Red Vermilion.....	1
	366	Richmond.....	8
DONIPHAN COUNTY.		Capioma.....	5
Centre Township.....	69	Grenada.....	13
Iowa.....	110	Wheatland.....	2
Wolf River.....	51		30
Palermo.....	23	RILEY COUNTY.	
Washington.....	54	Manhattan.....	5
Wayne.....	163	Montague.....	15
Burr Oak.....	27	Ogden.....	80
	497	Randolph.....	6
	574		106
			251

POTTAWATOMIE COUNTY.		E. Ransom...	M. J. Parrott.	BOURBON COUNTY.		
<i>Precincts.</i>				<i>Precincts.</i>		
Louisville.....	10	30	Drywood.....	9	3	
St. George.....	1	22	Russell.....	12	2	
Pottawatomie.....	1	34	Fort Scott.....	99	24	
Vienna.....	—	11	Sprattsville.....	33	47	
Blue.....	4	51	Osage.....	22	20	
	16	148		175	96	
JEFFERSON COUNTY.			DORN COUNTY.			
Slough Creek.....	46	56	Dorn.....	18	—	
Hickory Point.....	35	43				
Osawkee.....	44	63	ALLEN COUNTY.			
Kaw City.....	6	—	Deer Creek.....	1	33	
Kentucky.....	42	12	Cofachique.....	16	20	
Grasshopper Falls.....	16	170	Cole Creek.....	3	12	
	189	344		20	65	
CALHOUN COUNTY.			GREENWOOD COUNTY.			
Half-Day.....	4	55	Greenville.....	8	6	
Atchison.....	12	29	Pleasant Grove.....	5	8	
Franklin.....	10	94		13	14	
Douglas.....	13	27				
	39	205	COFFEY COUNTY.			
JOHNSON COUNTY.			Neosho City.....	2	51	
Oxford*.....	—	—	Burlington.....	—	133	
McCamish.....	10	32	LeRoy.....	26	31	
Lexington.....	39	19	Ottumwa.....	20	50	
Monticello.....	48	6		48	265	
Shawnee.....	68	13	MADISON COUNTY.			
Spring Hill.....	6	7	Columbia.....	7	69	
Olathe.....	41	19				
	212	96	LYKINS COUNTY.			
* For Justice of the Peace, 124 votes were polled; all Democratic.				Miami.....	4	23
DOUGLAS COUNTY.			Stanton.....	4	60	
Lecompton.....	138	294	Paola.....	51	26	
Washington.....	34	268	Osawatimie.....	—	239	
Calhoun.....	4	215		59	348	
Wakarusa.....	11	905	FRANKLIN COUNTY.			
	187	1,682	St. Bernard.....	2	153	
SHAWNEE COUNTY.			Mosquito Branch.....	—	90	
Tecumseh.....	52	126	Peoria.....	1	66	
Topeka.....	4	334	Ohio City.....	7	36	
Burlingame.....	—	112		10	345	
Wakarusa.....	5	91	ANDERSON COUNTY.			
Brownsville.....	—	86	Cresco.....	1	35	
	61	749	Addington.....	—	32	
RICHARDSON COUNTY.			Shannon.....	1	66	
Wabaunsee.....	—	74	Greeley.....	—	68	
Alma.....	—	37	Hyatt.....	—	60	
Mission.....	—	16		2	261	
	—	127	LINN COUNTY.			
DAVIS COUNTY.			Paris Township.....	65	79	
Ashland.....	11	33	Tate.....	39	25	
Chelolah.....	2	8	Centreville.....	14	23	
Clark Creek.....	—	19	Scott.....	33	—	
Zeandale.....	—	46	Mound City.....	2	63	
Riley City.....	17	20	Potosi.....	10	4	
	30	126	Jackson.....	4	12	
BRECKINRIDGE COUNTY.			Breckinridge.....	11	8	
Emporia.....	—	137		178	214	
Americus.....	—	36				
George Newberry's.....	2	25				
J. Nathan Cory's.....	—	41				
Agnes City.....	5	27				
	7	266				

Total vote for E. Ransom, 3,799; total vote for M. J. Parrott, 7,888; Free-State majority, 4,089.

Oxford, in Johnson county, near Missouri, polled 1,628 Pro-Slavery votes, nearly all illegal. Col. Titus and Sheriff Jones were present at the election. McGee county polled 1,200 Pro-Slavery votes, nearly all illegal. Kickapoo did the same. Governor Walker set the election returns aside for informality, not for fraud.

OCTOBER.—The trial of the notorious Hays for the murder of Buffum, came on at Lecompton, but Hays, having given straw bail, failed to appear.

OCTOBER.—Baker University established, at Palmyra, twelve miles south of Lawrence, now Baldwin City.

—Gerrit Smith, who had been giving \$1,000 a month for the relief of Kansas, discontinues the princely donation.

OCTOBER 8.—Charles Stearns, a Lawrence merchant, estimates that 5,000 gallons of sorghum syrup have been made in Kansas this year. It retails at \$1.25 per gallon.

OCTOBER.—The South Platte gold region, "near Pike's Peak, Kansas," hitherto occasionally spoken of, begins to assume reality.

OCTOBER 15.—The Land Office opens at Doniphan.

OCTOBER 15.—The Secretary of the Interior instructs the Superintendent of Indian Affairs to remove all intruders from the Reservation of the Delaware Indians.

OCTOBER 15.—The Free-State papers denounce Governor Walker for allowing and inciting United States troops to vote at the recent election. They voted the Pro-Slavery ticket at Kickapoo in the presence of the Governor, who distributed tickets to them.—The Ottumwa Journal removes to Burlington, and takes the name of the Burlington Free Press.—The Lawrence Republican commends the appointment of three Free-State postmasters—W. F. M. Army, at Hyatt, John E. Stewart, at Wakarusa, and Dr. S. O. Himoe, at Mapleton.—Richard Realf is announced for a lecture in Lawrence, on Lyceums, and their Influence upon Society.

OCTOBER 19.—Governor Walker and Secretary Stanton issue a proclamation rejecting the whole return from Oxford precinct, Johnson county, which represented that 1,628 votes had been cast there on the 5th and 6th instant. This return was a manuscript roll fifty feet long, containing the names of 1,628 persons as having voted at Oxford precinct—a place containing eleven houses. If admitted, by transferring from the Free-State to the Pro-Slavery side three Councilmen and eight Representatives for the district of which this precinct formed a part, it would have changed the party character of the Legislature.

OCTOBER 19.—The Lecompton Constitutional Convention reassembled, after adjourning from the 11th. A largely-attended Free-State meeting was held in the town the same day—Philip C. Schuyler, President, and Richard Realf and O. E. Learnard, Secretaries—at which the Convention was unsparingly denounced. Gen. Lane was the chief speaker, and his speech was pronounced the noblest of his life. Resolutions were also passed, exposing the fraudulent vote cast at Oxford, Kickapoo, and

in McGee county. The Constitutional Convention was much alarmed, and for two days was without a quorum. After the United States troops were brought up from Lawrence, the members came in, and business was resumed. Companies A, H, K, and F, of the Fourth artillery, U. S. A., under Major W. H. Morris, numbering 300 men, arrive by river, having been transferred from Florida to Kansas.

OCTOBER 20.—Maj. Sherman's United States troops have moved from the camp, one mile from Lawrence, to Lecompton.

OCTOBER 20.—A Democratic meeting held in Lecompton passes seventeen resolutions condemning Walker and Stanton. Dr. B. Little, of Bourbon county, is Chairman, and Major G. D. Hand, of Johnson county, Secretary.

OCTOBER 20.—A United States Deputy Marshal, Butcher by name, with a force of United States troops, make a descent upon the Garvey House, Topeka, to capture a runaway slave. They do not find him.

OCTOBER 20.—Judge Cato, of the Second District, issues a peremptory mandamus to Governor Walker and Secretary Stanton to compel them to issue certificates of election to the Pro-Slavery candidates for the Legislature in Douglas and Johnson counties, who claimed an election through the fraudulent vote cast at Oxford. A written refusal was sent to Judge Cato.

OCTOBER 21.—A meeting of the corporators of the Jefferson City & Neosho Valley Railroad was held at Lawrence. A. Wattles, Chairman, and P. B. Plumb, Secretary.

OCTOBER 21.—"Mohawk" writes from Lawrence to the Tribune that "General Lane had ordered a general muster of the Free-State Militia at Lecompton. The Free-State men felt that they had suffered long enough, and the time had now come for action. The people, disappointed and exasperated, were ready for any move, however bold." Walker and Stanton were thus intimidated, and forced to act fairly. Their action "fell like a bomb-shell among the Ruffians." Sheriff Jones drew a knife on Stanton when he failed to get his certificate of election. Captain Sam'l Walker, now Sheriff, protects Governor Walker from the Ruffians. "Walker is following closely in the footsteps of his predecessor, Geary."

OCTOBER 22.—The Lawrence Republican says: "The United States troops have been removed from this place to Lecompton, to guard the Bogus Convention while it frames a Constitution for the people of Kansas. A pretty sight, truly, for a *free government!*"

OCTOBER 22.—Governor Walker and Secretary Stanton issue a proclamation rejecting the returns from McGee county, where three precincts had cast more than 1,200 votes. This county covered the Cherokee Indian land, in the southeastern part of the State.

OCTOBER 23.—The pioneers of Osawatomie celebrate the third anniversary of the settlement of the town, at the residence of O. C. Browne.

—The Doniphan Constitutionalist, Pro-Slavery, complains that the

"sneaking Abolitionists" cut the ferry boats loose at Doniphan and other points, so that they could not be used on election day, and lays it to Jim Lane's orders. Whereupon the Lawrence Republican retorts: "Bad man, that Jim Lane, to order the ferry boats cut loose; great inconvenience to *Missourians* and the Democratic party!"

OCTOBER 26.—A quorum of the Convention at Lecompton present. On reassembling, after the adjournment, only twenty members were present. They feared that the Free-State men would not tolerate their existence. There are several hundred U. S. soldiers here, and a battery of brass field-pieces.

OCTOBER 27.—Certificate of election issued to Marcus J. Parrott, elected Delegate to the Thirty-fifth Congress.

OCTOBER 29.—The personal safety of Governor Walker and Secretary Stanton having been threatened by parties in Lecompton, on account of their action with reference to the late frauds on the ballot-box, several prominent citizens of Lawrence sent the Governor and Secretary a letter, offering them the hospitalities and protection of that city.

OCTOBER 31.—Senator Henry Wilson explains in the Tribune why and through whom he raised some \$4,000, and sent it to the Free-State men in Kansas to pay the expense of the recent election.

OCTOBER 31.—A public meeting held in Lecompton, Col. Ely Moore, President, indorses the action of Governor Walker and Secretary Stanton in rejecting the fraudulent returns.

OCTOBER 31.—The first court ever held in Lawrence now in session; Samuel N. Wood, Justice of the Peace.

NOVEMBER 1.—Robert Crozier sells his interest in the Leavenworth Times to Champion Vaughan. Col. John C. Vaughan becomes its chief editor.

NOVEMBER 3.—The citizens of Greeley meet, and denounce the Lecompton Constitution.—The Lecompton Constitutional Convention adjourns, and the U. S. dragoons go back to Fort Leavenworth.

NOVEMBER 4.—Free-State jubilee in Stanton, addressed by G. A. Colton. Resolutions denouncing the Lecompton Constitution passed.

NOVEMBER 6.—Railroad meeting in Lawrence, addressed by Geo. S. Parks and Dr. McGuire, of Parkville, Missouri, Dr. Root, of Wyandotte, and Governor Robinson.

NOVEMBER 12.—The Central Democratic Committee calls a convention of the "Democratic party of Kansas," to be held at Lecompton, December 7th, to nominate State officers under the Lecompton Constitution. The call is signed Jno. D. Henderson, Chairman, Owen P. Stewart, J. H. Stringfellow, Rush Elmore, L. A. Boling, Hugh M. Moore, W. H. Tebbs, L. J. Eastin, Jos. McDonald, T. J. B. Cramer. The Lecompton National Democrat repudiates the call, and says Judge Elmore denies having authorized the use of his signature.

NOVEMBER 14.—A delegate Convention of the Free-State party is

called, to meet at Lawrence, December 2. "The object of the Convention is to take into consideration the present political position of the Territory." The call is signed by both the Territorial Executive Committee and the State Executive Committee. The Republican, in view of the size of the Convention, and the probability of its being several days in session, urges the citizens of Lawrence to extend their hospitalities to the members.

NOVEMBER 16.—The Tribune publishes the answer of Walker and Stanton to Cato's mandamus. Judge Cato had asked them to show cause why a writ of mandamus should not be issued upon the petition of the Pro-Slavery candidates for the Legislature from Johnson and Douglas counties. They say that "monstrous frauds have been perpetrated" in Johnson county.

NOVEMBER 16.—Gov. Walker leaves the Territory, to be "absent on business three or four weeks."

NOVEMBER 19.—Shawnee Indian lands thrown open for purchase and preëmption.

NOVEMBER 19.—The Tribune publishes the names, age, place of birth, profession, and politics, of the members of the Lecompton Convention; nearly all are from the South. John Calhoun is a native of Boston: age, 48.

NOVEMBER 19.—A large and enthusiastic meeting in Lawrence, participated in by Lane, Robinson, Phillips, Lyman Allen, and others, passes stirring resolutions against the Lecompton Constitution movement, and denounces the election for State officers under it "as a farce and a swindle."

NOVEMBER.—The United States Land Office has been removed from Doniphan to Kickapoo, as a reward—so the Free-State papers suggest—for the recent fraudulent vote in Kickapoo.

NOVEMBER 21.—John Calhoun, President of the Constitutional Convention, issues two proclamations: the first, calling an election, December 21, to vote for the "Constitution with Slavery," or for the "Constitution with no Slavery," and appointing three Commissioners in each county, who shall locate voting precincts and appoint the election judges; the second, calling for an election of State officers, member of Congress, and members of the Legislature, on the first Monday in January, 1858, and specifying the apportionment for the Legislature. He assumes the power of a dictator.

—Meetings are held all over the Territory, to elect delegates to the Lawrence Free-State Convention of December 2. At these meetings the most determined resolutions are passed, denouncing the Lecompton Constitution, and all elections to be held under it. Several of them request Governor Robinson to assemble the State Legislature under the Topeka Constitution, and put the State Government in operation.

NOVEMBER 23.—A convention at Topeka declares in favor of setting the Free-State Government in motion. C. K. Holliday is President, and S. N. Frazier and Guilford Dudley, Secretaries.

NOVEMBER 24.—Convention at Leavenworth to organize a Free-State Democratic party. It does not meet with success.

NOVEMBER 27.—Governor Walker, in Washington, openly declares himself opposed to the action of the Lecompton Convention.

NOVEMBER 28.—G. W. Deitzler, John Speer, Lyman Allen, and a majority of the members elected to the Legislature, ask Acting Gov. Stanton to call an extra session of the Legislature, and pledge themselves not to engage in general legislation. The request is concurred in by G. W. Brown, G. W. Smith, C. Robinson, and J. H. Lane.

NOVEMBER 28.—Stephen A. Douglas opposes the Lecompton Constitution.

NOVEMBER 30.—The Quincy High School at Lawrence begins its winter session, under the charge of Prof. C. L. Edwards and four assistants, with 150 pupils. The citizens subscribed over \$1,000 to carry on the school during the winter.—The Lawrence Institute organizes, appropriates two hundred dollars to begin a library, and announces a course of lectures, to be opened by John M. Coe.

DECEMBER.—Pottawatomies go to Washington to arrange a sale of their lands south of the Kansas river.—Land offices at Kickapoo and Ogden are open.

DECEMBER 1.—Secretary Stanton calls an Extra Session of the Legislature, to meet December 7th.

DECEMBER 2.—Horace Greeley: "What is it that has made Kansas, as it has been aptly termed, 'a graveyard of Governors'?" Reeder, Shannon, Geary, and now Walker, all disowned by their superiors, and set aside within a few months after their appointment."

DECEMBER 2.—Free-State Convention at Lawrence. Charles Robinson presided; Secretaries: William A. Phillips, A. Wattles, and E. G. Macy. Committee on Resolutions: James H. Lane, Champion Vaughan, Wm. V. Barr, J. Rymal, Charles F. Kob, H. Evans, S. Westover, Charles A. Foster, T. Dwight Thacher, G. W. Gilmore, C. K. Holliday, J. K. Goodin, P. B. Plumb, L. F. Carver, G. A. Cutler. The resolutions repudiate the Lecompton Constitution; denounce the proposed elections of December 21 and January 4; ask the Extra Session of the Legislature to submit the Topeka and the Lecompton Constitutions to a vote of the people, and to provide that "the Constitution which shall receive a majority of all the legal votes shall become the fundamental law of the State of Kansas." Secretary Stanton is thanked for calling an Extra Session of the Legislature. The members of this convention, on motion of Judge Schuyler, took a solemn oath, with uplifted hand, that they would never submit to the Lecompton Constitution. The convention adjourned, subject to the call of the President.

DECEMBER 3.—The Lawrence Republican says: "There are but three papers, so far as we have seen, in the Territory that support the Lecompton Constitution, viz.: The Leavenworth Herald, the Leavenworth Journal, and the Wyandotte Citizen. The editors of the first two were

members of the convention. . . . We presume the Doniphan Constitutionalist, whose editor was a member of the convention, should be added to the list."

The Leavenworth Journal changes hands—Henderson selling out, and Geo. W. Purkins assuming editorial control. The paper, after the change, repudiates the Lecompton Constitution.

DECEMBER 3.—The Tribune reports a speech of Lane in Leavenworth; it is a good picture of this impassioned orator.

DECEMBER 7.—Over 1,200 Free-State men, headed by Gen. Lane and the Lawrence brass band, march to Lecompton and halt in front of the Legislative Hall. Cheers are given for the Topeka Constitution, and groans for the Lecompton swindle. Gov. Robinson presides at a meeting addressed by Lane, Conway, Phillips, and others.

DECEMBER 7.—Meeting of the Legislature at Lecompton. Message from Secretary Stanton, asking for the submission of the whole Constitution to a vote. It is a fair and able statement of the laws and the elections relating to the Lecompton Constitution. A joint resolution is passed, asking Congress to admit Kansas under the Topeka Constitution.

—At the opening of the Thirty-fifth Congress, M. J. Parrott takes his seat as a Delegate.

—President Buchanan, in his Message, indorses the Lecompton Constitutional Convention, and urges Congress to admit Kansas under that Constitution. He says:

"The Kansas-Nebraska act did not require the submission of any portion of the Constitution to an election, except that which relates to the domestic institution of Slavery."

DECEMBER 8.—*Officers of the Council:* President, C. W. Babcock; Secretary, Joel K. Goodin; Assistant Secretary, G. A. Colton; Sergeant-at-Arms, A. Cutler; Engrossing Clerk, D. H. Weir; Enrolling Clerk, B. T. Hutchins; Chaplain, S. Y. Lum; President *pro tem.*, C. K. Holliday.

Officers of the House: G. W. Deitzler, Speaker; C. F. Currier, Chief Clerk; W. B. Parsons, Assistant Clerk; G. F. Warren, Sergeant-at-Arms; T. A. Blake, Doorkeeper; Henry C. Sargent, Enrolling Clerk; Guilford Dudley, Engrossing Clerk; Robert Speer, Messenger; Rev. Charles H. Lovejoy, Chaplain.

DECEMBER 9.—Pro-Slavery Convention at Lecompton; nomination of the following candidates for State officers under the Lecompton Constitution:

Governor, Frank J. Marshall, of Marshall county; Lieutenant Governor, William G. Mathias, of Leavenworth; Secretary of State, W. T. Spicely, of Douglas county; Auditor, Blake Little, of Bourbon county; Treasurer, T. J. B. Cramer, of Douglas county; for Congress, Joseph P. Carr, of Atchison.

The resolutions declare it to be the duty of every true Democrat to support the Lecompton Constitution; they accuse Secretary Stanton of a "corrupt contract with the Black Republicans, in calling an extra

session of the Legislature," and declare the fullest confidence in the administration of James Buchanan.

Resolved, That though a Reeder, a Geary and a Walker have sought to reduce and prostitute the Democracy to the unholy ends of the Abolitionists, yet we rejoice that their carcasses have closed in Kansas in contempt and infamy to themselves and without injury to the Democratic party.

Resolved, That in the approaching election we shall hail all who stand by us as National men and sound Democrats, and can only regard all who join in opposition to our Constitution as Black Republicans and enemies to the Union."

DECEMBER 10.—The House admits to seats from Leavenworth county H. Miles Moore, George H. Keller, William M. McClure, J. P. Hatterscheidt, O. A. Bassett, William Pennoek, R. G. Elliott, and Patrick R. Orr.

DECEMBER 10.—J. W. Denver, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, is confirmed by the Senate as Secretary of Kansas, after a debate lasting several hours.

DECEMBER 11.—The Legislature, in joint session, elects W. W. Ross Public Printer and R. G. Elliott Superintendent of Printing. A joint resolution is adopted reaffirming the People's Constitution, framed at Topeka, October 23, 1855. R. Crozier, J. Wright and J. P. Root are admitted to the Council in place of J. A. Halderman, A. C. Davis and J. W. Martin.

DECEMBER 11.—Lewis Cass, Secretary of State, writes to James W. Denver that Stanton has been removed because he called a special session of the Legislature, and that Denver is appointed in Stanton's place.

DECEMBER 16.—The Legislature, in joint session, elects the following Militia officers: Major General, James H. Lane; Brigadier Generals, L. G. Losee, S. V. Jamieson, Asa Hall, George S. Hillyer, Samuel Walker, L. G. Cleveland, C. W. McDaniel, John H. Whistler; Adjutant, Charles Chadwick; Commissary, Hiram Houser; Inspector, J. Finn Hill; Quartermaster, S. W. Eldridge; Surgeon, S. B. Prentiss.

DECEMBER 16.—Secretary Stanton requests General Harney to send troops to Fort Scott to act as a "posse comitatus to aid in the execution of legal process."

DECEMBER 17.—Passage of an act submitting the Lecompton Constitution to a vote of the people on the 4th of January.

DECEMBER 17.—The Legislature adjourns. Before the adjournment, Stanton receives notice of his removal. The Legislature sat nine days; passed six acts and two sets of resolutions. The most important of these was an act submitting the Lecompton Constitution to a vote of the people, upon the 4th day of January, 1858, the same day assigned for the election for State officers by the Lecompton Constitution. The Governor of the Territory was empowered to appoint three Commissioners in each county to establish voting precincts and appoint judges of election.

DECEMBER 17.—Governor Walker's letter resigning his office. It is a long statement, addressed to Secretary Cass.

DECEMBER 17.—The Delegate Convention, which met at Lawrence, December 2d, is called by the Territorial Executive Committee to reassemble at Lawrence, on the 23d inst. The excuse for recalling the Convention is stated to be the refusal of the Territorial Legislature, at its extra session, to pass a law submitting the Topeka Constitution to a vote of the people at the same time with the Lecompton Constitution, as requested by said Convention. A considerable number of Free-State men, especially of those not identified with the Topeka Constitution movement, are in favor of participating at the election of State officers under the Lecompton Constitution, to be held January 4th.

DECEMBER 17.—Troubles at Fort Scott, and on the Little Osage. Secretary Stanton sends troops to Fort Scott. The troubles originated in 1856, when the Free-State men were driven from their claims. In the spring of '57, these men came back, and attempted to take possession of their claims. Warrants were issued in Fort Scott for their arrest. The Free-State men then organized a Squatter Court, and tried and fined those who had taken their property. Deputy Marshal Little attempted to arrest the "Court," with a posse of forty men. The Free-State men were in a fortified log house. Considerable firing was done on both sides; no one was killed, and no arrests were made. Little retired.

DECEMBER 18.—Secretary Cass briefly replies to Governor Walker.

¹ DECEMBER 18.—William S. Harney, Colonel of Second Dragoons, writes to Secretary Stanton that he will send troops wherever wanted "to insure a full and free vote to the people" at the approaching election. Troops were sent to Doniphan, Atchison, Palermo, and Fort Scott, and requested by Stanton for Shawnee and Oxford.

DECEMBER 18.—N. P. Banks, in the House, introduces a bill authorizing the people of Kansas to form a State; referred; no further action.

DECEMBER 18.—Senator Douglas introduces a bill for a constitution, etc., in Kansas; referred; no further action.

DECEMBER 19.—Governor Stanton issues his proclamation, appointing commissioners for the election for or against the Lecompton Constitution, to be held January 4th.

DECEMBER 19.—John Calhoun asks Secretary Denver to be present when the returns are opened of the election on the Lecompton Constitution, to be held on the 21st.

DECEMBER 21.—J. W. Denver takes the oath of office, before Judge Sterling G. Cato.

—Secretary Denver issues an address. He quotes from Secretary Cass's letter, and says the election shall be fairly conducted.

—Secretary Denver asks Howell Cobb, Secretary of the Treasury, to send him eleven thousand dollars, for Legislative expenses. "There is not a dollar now on hand here."

—Election on the Lecompton Constitution. The Free-State men abstain from voting. Calhoun announces the vote as for the "Constitu-

tion with Slavery." 6,226; "Constitution with no Slavery," 569. The Commissioners appointed by the following Legislature to investigate this election reported the illegal vote at Kickapoo, 700; at Delaware City, 145; at Oxford, 1,200; at Shawnee, 675; total, 2,720.

DECEMBER 22.—The Lawrence Republican of the 24th says: "A number of Free-State boys of Lawrence, under command of a gallant General, left this city on Tuesday, the 22d inst., went to the Pro-Slavery stronghold of Lecompton and relieved Governor Denver and the authorities thereof of the custody of 250 muskets and 75 sabres—stolen from Col. Eldridge's emigrant party while entering the Territory last year."

DECEMBER 23-24.—The Free-State Convention of December 2 reassembled at Lawrence. It was in session for two days, discussing the question of participating in the election of officers under the Lecompton Constitution, to be held January 4, 1858. It was the most exciting convention ever held by the Free-State party. The policy of voting was supported by Gov. Robinson, Phillips, Conway, Redpath, J. M. Winchell, W. Y. Roberts, S. C. Pomeroy, B. F. Simpson, J. W. Roberts, and others, and was opposed by T. D. Thacher, C. K. Holliday, J. P. Root, C. B. Lines, James Blood, James F. Legate, R. J. Hinton, S. S. Prouty, J. M. Walden, W. W. Ross, B. W. Woodward, and others. Upon a formal vote, the Convention, by 74 to 62, resolved *not* to take part in the election. A committee of fifteen, consisting of James Redpath, C. Robinson, Walter Oakley, T. D. Thacher, Wm. A. Phillips, S. C. Pomeroy, J. P. Root, James H. Lane, M. F. Conway, J. M. Walden, S. F. Tappan, Josiah Miller, A. A. Jamieson, and E. B. Whitman, was appointed to prepare and transmit a solemn protest and memorial to Congress against the admission of Kansas into the Union under the Lecompton Constitution; and a vote was passed that a copy of the resolutions passed by the Convention be sent to Marcus J. Parrott, to be presented by him to Congress.

A mass Convention, called to assemble at the same time as the above delegate Convention, assembled and organized by electing Geo. W. Smith as President. It sat alternately with the delegate Convention, and on the evening of the second day a resolution to instruct the delegate Convention to nominate a ticket for State officers under the Lecompton Constitution was laid upon the table by a full vote, and the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

On the evening of the 24th, a meeting was held in a small room in the basement of the Herald of Freedom office, and a ticket for State officers nominated, to be supported on the 4th of January. The Lawrence Republican of the 31st gives the following, "furnished by a delegate present," as a list of those who took part in the nominations: Dr. J. N. O. P. Wood, G. W. Brown, S. N. Wood, Robert Morrow, Joel K. Goodin, Perry Fuller, Wm. Pennock, G. W. Smith, S. W. Driggs (editor National Democrat), D. H. Weir, E. S. Lowman, Dr. Davis, Thos. Ew-

ing, *Dr. Hall, E. Heath, S. C. Pomeroy, W. W. Backus.* Nine of these, those in italics, were members of the delegate Convention.

The candidates nominated were: Governor, Geo. W. Smith; Lieutenant Governor, W. Y. Roberts; Secretary of State, P. C. Schuyler; Treasurer, A. J. Mead; Auditor, Joel K. Goodin; for Congress, M. J. Parrott.

DECEMBER 24.—A Democratic Convention at Leavenworth utterly repudiates the Lecompton movement, and indorses Walker and Stanton. Among those who take part in the Convention are Saunders W. Johnston, James Christian, John A. Halderman, John P. Slough, H. B. Denman, A. G. Ege, Robert L. Ream, S. W. Driggs, and J. C. Hemingray.

The Convention unanimously adopt a memorial asking Congress to give the Lecompton Constitution "no countenance nor encouragement whatever, but to reject it, in consideration of the regard you have for the people of the Territory." Congress is asked to pass an act similar to the one given to the people of Minnesota Territory, by which the people of Kansas may frame a Constitution, submit it to the people, and be admitted under it, after a ratification by the people.

DECEMBER 26.—Secretary Denver issues a proclamation declaring that United States troops shall be so distributed over the Territory "as to preserve order and insure to every one entitled a fair opportunity of voting."

—Dickinson county organized this year; it is named for Daniel S. Dickinson, of New York.

1858.

The Territory contains, according to the American Cyclopædia, the following Indian reservations: New York Indians, 1,658,000 acres; Potawatomies, 756,000; Kansas, 256,000; Delawares, 256,000; Otoes and Missouris, 160,000; Kickapoos, 128,000; Sacs and Foxes, 32,000; Wyandots, 24,960.

JANUARY 2.—Secretary Denver writes to Marshal Dennis that the judges of election, and not his deputies, must decide on the "legality or illegality of the votes offered at the polls."

JANUARY 4.—Senator Geo. E. Pugh introduces a bill for the admission of Kansas; referred; it dies.

JANUARY 4.—Third Session of the Territorial Legislature, at Lecompton.

The following are the members of the Council:

Allen, Babcock, Crozier, Harding, Learnard, Mead, Nash, Patrick, Root, Wright, Carr, Holliday, and Standiford.

Officers of the Council: Carmi W. Babcock, President; Cyrus K. Holliday, President *pro tem.*; Joel K. Goodin, Secretary; Gustavus A. Colton, Assistant Secretary; Abram Cutler, Sergeant-at-Arms; Jacob Branson, Doorkeeper; D. H. Weir, Engrossing Clerk; Benj. T. Hutchins, Enrolling Clerk; S. Y. Lum, Chaplain.

Members of the House:

First Representative District, composed of Leavenworth county:

George H. Keller, H. Miles Moore, R. G. Elliott, O. A. Bassett, William M. McClure, William Pennock, Patrick R. Orr, J. P. Hatterscheidt.

Second Representative District, composed of Atchison county: Archibald Elliott, John Bennett.

Third Representative District, composed of Doniphan county: B. H. Broek, C. Graham, H. Stratton, J. B. Wheeler, A. A. Jamieson.

Fourth and Fifth Representative Districts, composed of Brown and Nemaha counties: Edmund N. Morrill.

Sixth Representative District, composed of Marshall county: J. P. Miller.

Seventh Representative District, composed of Jefferson county: Henry Owens, J. P. Cooper.

Eighth Representative District, composed of Calhoun county: Asa Reynard.

Ninth Representative District, composed of Riley and Pottawatomie counties: Charles Jenkins, Abram Barry.

Tenth Representative District, composed of Douglas and Johnson counties: John Speer, George W. Deitzler, Oliver Barber, Hiram Appleman, Andrew T. Still, George W. Zinn, Gideon Seymour, John Lockhart.

Eleventh Representative District, composed of Shawnee county: James A. Delong.

Twelfth Representative District, composed of Davis, Wise, Richardson, and Breckinridge; Thirteenth, composed of Weller, Madison, Butler, Hunter, and Greenwood; Fourteenth, composed of Bourbon, Godfrey, Wilson, Dorn, and McGee; Fifteenth, composed of Allen, Coffey, and Woodson; Sixteenth, composed of Anderson and Franklin: John Curtis, Christopher Columbia, Samuel Stewart.

Seventeenth Representative District, composed of Linn county: A. Danford, R. B. Mitchell.

Eighteenth Representative District, composed of Lykins county: John Hanna, A. J. Shannon — there being a vacancy in the Second District of one member.

Officers of the House: George W. Deitzler, Speaker; Cyrus F. Carrier, Chief Clerk; William B. Parsons, Assistant Clerk; George F. Warren, Sergeant-at-Arms; T. A. Blake, Doorkeeper; Robert Speer, Messenger; C. H. Lovejoy, Chaplain.

ELECTION OF STATE OFFICERS UNDER THE LECOMPTON CONSTITUTION,
JANUARY 4, 1858.

Counties.	Governor		Lieut. Governor		Secretary of State.		Auditor.		Treasurer.		Congress.		Constitution.		
	F. J. Marshall.....	George W. Smith.....	Wm. G. Mathias.....	W. Y. Roberts.....	W. T. Spicely.....	P. C. Schuyler.....	Blake Little.....	Joel K. Goodin.....	Thomas J. B. Cramer.....	A. J. Mead.....	Joseph P. Carr.....	M. J. Parrott.....	With Slavery.....	Without Slavery.....	To Tell with the Lecompton Const..
Doniphan.....	674	193	673	193	671	193	673	193	674	193	673	318	537	72	.....
Atchison.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	368	35	.....
Leavenworth.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1735	142	9
Brown and Nemaha.....	80	223	80	223	80	223	80	223	80	223	80	223	60	24	.....
Calhoun.....	35	205	36	205	36	205	36	205	36	205	35	204	12	51	.....
Jefferson.....	177	283	177	285	176	269	126	230	176	285	176	287	69	22	.....
Marshall.....	72	47	62	57	62	57	62	57	62	57	62	57	232	41	.....
Riley.....	10	181	12	181	11	181	11	182	9	184	11	182	6	14	.....
Johnson.....	1755	186	1755	181	1756	180	1756	181	1755	182	1756	227	2075	25	.....
Lykins.....	149	368	149	350	149	365	150	353	149	356	148	365	81	12	.....
Linn.....	380	360	381	360	383	358	381	360	381	360	382	360	183	46	.....
Bourbon.....	523	281	522	281	523	281	521	281	474	281	522	276	366	78	.....
McGee.....	276	.....	274	.....	276	.....	278	.....	274	.....	278	.....	31	1	.....
Dorn.....	120	.....	120	.....	120	.....	120	.....	120	.....	120	.....	.....	.....	.....
Allen.....	21	172	20	167	21	172	21	172	21	172	21	172	20	1	.....
Douglas.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	137	35	.....
Anderson and Franklin.....	3	577	3	577	4	576	2	567	3	577	3	576	1	1	.....
Shawnee.....	57	333	56	330	49	331	53	333	58	333	57	582	51	7	.....
Weller and Coffey.....	6	348	3	349	3	351	3	349	.....	351	6	351	.....	.....	.....
Woodson.....	.....	48	.....	48	.....	48	.....	48	.....	48	.....	48	.....	.....	.....
Breckinridge and Richardson.....	.....	84	.....	84	.....	84	.....	84	.....	84	.....	84	.....	.....	.....
Davis.....	37	77	37	77	35	77	37	77	37	77	38	76	5	1	.....

This is a complete record of all the returns in the office of the Secretary of State. There are no returns from Pottawatomie, Washington, Dickinson, Wilson, Greenwood, Godfrey, Madison, Wise, Hunter, and Butler counties.

JANUARY 4.—On the State ticket the Commission of Canvassers report:

FREE-STATE.					
Smith, Gov'r.	Roberts, Lt. Gov.	Schuyler, Sec'y.	Mead, Treas.	Goodin, Aud'r.	Parrott, Cong.
6,875	6,947	6,867	6,885	6,813	7,260
PRO-SLAVERY.					
Marshall.	Mathias.	Spicely.	Cramer.	Little.	Carr.
6,545	6,446	6,566	6,514	6,509	6,574
FREE-STATE MAJORITIES.					
330	501	301	371	304	696

They report the fraudulent votes on this ticket, at Oxford, Shawnee, Kickapoo, and in other places not named, as amounting to 3,000. But these are included in the foregoing returns. For the Legislature, under the Lecompton Constitution, they report that the Free-State men have elected 29 members of the House, and 13 of the Senate; the Pro-Slavery, 15 in the House, and 6 in the Senate.

The State Legislature under the Lecompton Constitution was also elected January 4, 1858. The result was not officially made known until March 19, 1858, when John Calhoun, then in Washington, D. C., pub-

lished a letter in the Washington Star, in which he said he should issue certificates of election to the following persons:

SENATE.

1st district.....	Doniphan county.....	Sidney Tennent.
2d district.....	Achison county.....	J. T. Hereford.
3d district.....	Doniphan and Achison counties.....	R. S. Kelley.
4th district.....	Leavenworth county.....	C. Vaughan, G. Sparks, C. Chalwick.
5th district.....	Brown, Nemaha and Pottawatomie counties.....	A. Johnson.
6th district.....	Riley, Marshall, Dickinson and Washington counties.....	Amory Hunting.
7th district.....	Jefferson and Calhoun.....	A. G. Patrick.
8th district.....	Johnson.....	A. Paine, E. S. Wilkinson.
9th district.....	Lykins, Anderson, and Franklin.....	H. H. Williams.
10th district.....	Linn.....	C. A. Hamilton.
11th district.....	Bourbon and McGee.....	Blake Little.
12th district.....	Douglas.....	Robert Morrow, W. S. Bonnifield.
13th district.....	Shawnee.....	Wm. Oakley.
14th district.....	Dorn, Allen, etc.....	J. P. Cox.
15th district.....	Richardson, Davis, Wise, etc.....	H. P. Leonard.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

1st district.....	Doniphan.....	C. B. Whitehead, J. R. Boyd, Albert Head, G. R. Wilson.
2d district.....	Achison.....	B. Bay, A. Elliott, J. P. Wheeler, J. B. Church.
3d district.....	Leavenworth.....	Wm. Kempf, J. W. Morris, G. J. Park, J. H. Noteware, Barz. Gray, George W. Gardiner, W. Pennock, P. R. Orr.
4th district.....	Brown and Nemaha.....	E. N. Morrill.
5th district.....	Calhoun and Pottawatomie.....	J. N. Parrott.
6th district.....	Jefferson.....	H. Owens, S. S. Cooper.
7th district.....	Marshall and Washington.....	J. E. Clardy.
8th district.....	Riley.....	N. Berry.
9th district.....	Johnson.....	W. J. Sherraff, A. A. Cox, H. W. Jones, J. B. Wiley.
10th district.....	Lykins.....	Chas. A. Foster.
11th district.....	Linn.....	J. E. Mooney, T. H. Barlow.
12th district.....	Bourbon.....	W. D. Campbell, J. C. Simms.
13th district.....	McGee, Dorn, and Allen.....	E. D. Hart.
14th district.....	Douglas.....	E. S. Lowman, J. E. Stewart, S. T. Shore, J. Gardiner, J. A. Wakefield.
15th district.....	Anderson and Franklin.....	Perry Fuller.
16th district.....	Shawnee.....	J. L. Dolman, R. M. Fish.
17th district.....	Weller and Coffey.....	A. Crocker.
18th district.....	Woodson, Wilson, etc.....	H. Crittenden.
19th district.....	Breckinridge and Richardson.....	John R. Swallow.
20th district.....	Davis, Wise, Butler, and Hunter.....	E. R. McCurdy.

JANUARY 5.—The Free-State Legislature, under the Topeka Constitution, meets at Topeka; Harris Stratton elected Speaker of the House, and J. P. Root President of the Senate. Gov. Robinson, in his Message, urges the keeping up of the State organization. It is published in the Quindaro Chindowan.

JANUARY 5.—Message received from J. W. Denver, Secretary and Acting Governor. The following, on the Lecompton Constitution, is copied from the Message to show what "sovereigns" and how "perfectly free" the squatters were in "regulating their affairs in their own way":

"Before engaging in the business of legislation, however, I will direct your attention to a Constitution, recently framed by a Convention sitting in this place. The second section of the schedule reads as follows:

"SEC. 2. All laws now in force in the Territory of Kansas, which are not repugnant to this Constitution, shall continue and be of force until altered, amended or repealed by a Legislature assembled under the provisions of this Constitution."

"This was signed on the 7th day of November, 1857, and, under its provisions, submitted to the people on the 21st day of December last. It was again submitted to a vote of the people by an act of the Legislature, approved December 17, 1857, only one of the political parties voting at a time on these propositions, and the others absenting themselves from the polls. In this condition it will probably be sent to Congress, and it may be as well for you to delay any important legislation until you can ascertain what action

Congress will take in the premises; for, should Kansas be admitted as one of the States of the Union, under this Constitution, it would have the effect to nullify all your acts, and revive such as you may have repealed."

The Territorial Legislature adjourns to Lawrence.

JANUARY 7.—The Free-State Legislature adjourns from Topeka to Lawrence, and asks the Territorial Legislature to substitute the State for the Territorial organization. Benj. Harding and C. K. Holliday, of the Territorial Council, report adversely. A similar report is made in the House by S. S. Cooper, John Speer, W. P. Badger, E. N. Morrill and H. Miles Moore. Soon after, the Topeka State Legislature adjourned.

JANUARY 7.—J. H. Stringfellow writes to the Washington Union against the admission of Kansas under the Lecompton Constitution. To do so, he says, will break down the Democratic party at the North, and seriously endanger the peace and interests of Missouri and Kansas, if not of the whole Union. The Slavery question in Kansas, he says, is settled against the South by immigration.

JANUARY 8.—Legislature meets at Lawrence.

JANUARY 9.—Death announced of Hiram B. Standiford, member of the Council from the Tenth District, Franklin county. He died January 3d. A journal is printed each day. The books containing the journals of the two houses were not printed till 1861.

JANUARY 14.—A proclamation is issued by J. W. Denver, Acting Governor, C. W. Babcock, President of the Council, and George W. Deitzler, Speaker of the House, announcing the following as the result of the election held January 4th, on the Lecompton Constitution, under the act passed by the Territorial Legislature, at its special session:

<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Against Con- stitution.....</i>	<i>For Consti- tution with Slavery.</i>	<i>For Con- stitution without Slavery...</i>
Leavenworth.....	1,997	10	3
Atchison.....	536	4	.....
Doniphan.....	561	1	2
Brown.....	187	2	.....
Nemaha.....	238	1	.....
Marshall.....	66	.....	.....
Riley.....	287	7	.....
Pottawatomie.....	207	2	.....
Calhoun.....	249	.....	.....
Jefferson.....	377	1	.....
Johnson.....	292	2	.....
Lykins.....	358	1	1
Linn.....	510	1	3
Bourbon.....	268	55	.....
Douglas.....	1,647	21	2
Franklin.....	304	.....	.....
Anderson.....	177	.....	.....
Allen.....	191	1	4
Shawnee.....	832	28	3
Coffey.....	463	.....	4
Woodson.....	50	.....	.....
Richardson.....	177	.....	1
Breckinridge.....	191	.....	.....
Madison.....	40	.....	.....
Davis.....	21	.....	.....
Total.....	10,226	138	23

—C. W. Babcock and G. W. Deitzler, invited by John Calhoun, were present when the returns of the election of December 21st were opened, and reported to the Legislature that the vote for the Constitution, with Slavery, was 6,143; with no Slavery, 569. They report the fraudulent vote at Oxford, Johnson county, as 1,266; at Shawnee, Johnson county, as 729; at Kickapoo, Leavenworth county, 1,017.

JANUARY 15.—Champion Vaughan elected Public Printer. He resigns, and William W. Ross is elected.

—Gen. Lane makes a report to the Legislature on the troubles in Bourbon county. (See House Journal, pp. 84-5.)

JANUARY.—The Daily Ledger issued in Leavenworth, by George W. McLane.

JANUARY 20.—Smith, Roberts, Schuyler, Mead, and Goodin, the State officers elected under the Lecompton Constitution, memorialize Congress to defeat that instrument, and not to admit Kansas under it.

JANUARY 21.—The Legislature appoints Henry J. Adams, E. L. Taylor, Thomas Ewing, J. B. Abbott, Ely Moore, and Dillon Pickering, to investigate the frauds of the last two elections.

JANUARY 21.—John D. Henderson having been arrested in Lawrence, Judge Lecompte grants a *habeas corpus* for his release. A Deputy Marshal applies to Gen. Harney for troops to execute Lecompte's writ. Gen. Harney refers the matter to Secretary Denver, and Denver replies that he cannot sanction the application of the Marshal.

JANUARY 23.—Joseph P. Carr, of Atchison, resigns his seat in the Council. He had not claimed it.

JANUARY 23.—A newspaper gives the "lifetime of Kansas Governors:"

No. 1: A. H. Reeder, reached here October 6, 1854; removed July 31, 1855. Term of service, ten months.

No. 2: W. Shannon, reached here September 1, 1855; removed August 21, 1856. Term of service, twelve months.

No. 3: J. W. Geary, reached here September 9, 1856; resigned March, 1857. Term of service, six months.

No. 4: R. J. Walker, reached here May 24, 1857; resigned December 7, 1857. Term of service, seven months.

JANUARY.—H. J. Strickler submits to the Legislature his report of claims for losses during the "Kansas troubles;" no action taken. In March he sends it to M. J. Parrott, in Washington.

JANUARY.—The county seat of Douglas county changed from Lecompton to Lawrence.

JANUARY 26.—David Sibbitt elected to the Council in the place of H. B. Standiford, deceased, from the Tenth Council District.

JANUARY 27.—Mr. Holliday presents a resolution asking for the annexation of that part of the Territory of Nebraska lying south of the Platte river.

JANUARY 29.—Fred. P. Stanton publishes a letter in the National Intelligencer, defending his official career in Kansas.

—A census of Oxford, taken by act of the Legislature, shows that it contains only forty-two voters. In October, Oxford polled, according to the returns, 1,628 votes; December 21, 1,266 votes; January 4, 738 votes.

FEBRUARY 1.—Marcus J. Parrott introduces the resolution of the Kansas Legislature in relation to the Lecompton Constitution, and reaffirming the Topeka Constitution; tabled.

FEBRUARY 2.—President Buchanan sends the Lecompton Constitution to the Senate, with a message, asking its acceptance. Green, of Missouri, presents the majority report in favor of admission under the Constitution; Douglas, of Illinois, presents a minority report; another minority report was made by Collamer and Wade.

In the House, the subject of the Lecompton Constitution was referred to a select committee, by a vote of 114 to 111.

In the House, Alex. H. Stephens presents the majority report, signed by eight members of the committee. Harris, of Illinois, presents the minority report, against admission under the Lecompton Constitution, signed by the other seven members of the special committee.

—The Committee investigating the election frauds find the Delaware Crossing returns in a candle-box which had been buried under a wood-pile, at Lecompton. Thomas Ewing jr. obtained a search-warrant from Judge Josiah Miller, of Lawrence, and Samuel Walker, Sheriff, executed it, and found the candle-box. The returns were buried by Gen. L. A. Maclean, Chief Clerk of Surveyor General John Calhoun. On the night of January 28th, Maclean fled from the Territory, as Calhoun had already done. He became Adjutant General for Sterling Price during the war, and was killed in a saloon by one of his men.

FEBRUARY 2.—President Buchanan, in his Message to Congress transmitting the Lecompton Constitution, asserts the present position of the Slavery question in Kansas to be this: "It has been solemnly adjudged by the highest judicial tribunal, that Slavery exists in Kansas by virtue of the Constitution of the United States. Kansas is therefore, at this moment, as much a Slave State as South Carolina or Georgia."

FEBRUARY 6.—The following Message is received from Secretary Denver:

To the Council of the Legislative Assembly—GENTLEMEN: A bill entitled "An act repealing 'An act to punish offenses against slave property,'" has been presented to me for my approval.

The act referred to is a very stringent one, perhaps much more so than necessary, but, so long as the Territorial existence continues here, the owners of slaves have a right to claim protection for their property at the hands of the law-making power.

The peculiar character of this property requires the enactment of laws, for its management and control, different, in many respects, from that which is required for any other. I cannot, therefore, give my consent to the repeal of all laws on this subject, until there shall be some other enactment to take their place, so long as Slavery is recognized and allowed to exist in this Territory.

With these objections, the bill is herewith returned to the house in which it originated.

J. W. DENVER, *Acting Governor.*

FEBRUARY 6, 1858.

All acts of Territorial Legislatures abolishing Slavery were vetoed by the Governors.

FEBRUARY 8.—Secretary Denver vetoes the bill removing the Capital to Minneola. The House passes the bill by 28 to 9.

FEBRUARY 8.—Horace Greeley appears before a Commissioner of Deeds in New York, and makes affidavit that he did *not* vote at Kickapoo, and was never there in his life. His name, with that of Seward, Buchanan, Thomas H. Benton, and other distinguished men, had been returned by the Pro-Slavery Commissioners as voting there on the 21st of December and 4th of January last.

FEBRUARY 10.—The Legislature makes Minneola, Franklin county, the Capital of the Territory; the name is suggested by E. N. Morrill.

FEBRUARY 10.—Luther C. Challis succeeds Mr. Carr as a member of the Council.

—Passage of a bill for a Constitutional Convention.

FEBRUARY 11.—The Legislature, in joint session, elect Caleb S. Pratt, Ward L. Lewis, and Ashael Hunt, Penitentiary Commissioners.

FEBRUARY 12.—The Leavenworth, Lawrence & Fort Gibson Railroad Company chartered.

FEBRUARY 12.—Acts passed establishing codes of civil and criminal procedure.

—The Council confirms J. H. Noteware as Superintendent of Common Schools. The militia officers elected at the extra session are re-elected.

FEBRUARY 12.—Henry J. Adams, Thomas Ewing jr., E. L. Taylor, Dillon Pickering, J. B. Abbott, and H. T. Green, Commissioners to investigate election frauds, report to Governor Denver. They expose in detail the fraudulent vote cast at Kickapoo, Delaware City, Delaware Agency, Shawnee, and Oxford. They decide that the following illegal votes were cast at the election on the acceptance of the Lecompton Constitution, December 21st, 1857: At Kickapoo, 700; Delaware City, 145; Oxford, 1,200; Shawnee, 675; total, 2,720. And the following illegal votes at the election of January 4th, 1858, for officers under the Lecompton Constitution: At Kickapoo, 600; Delaware City, 5; Delaware Agency, 336; Oxford, 696; Shawnee, 821; total, 2,458. Of the returns from Delaware Agency (commonly called "Delaware Crossing"), of the election held January 4th, the committee say they "were honestly made out by the officers of the election, and subsequently 336 names were forged upon them, by or with the knowledge of John D. Henderson, and that John Calhoun was *particeps criminis* after the fact."

FEBRUARY 13.—Legislature adjourns.

The volume of general laws of this session contains 469 pages; the special laws fill 398 pages. A bill making Minneola the seat of government, passed over a veto, was declared illegal by Jeremiah S. Black, United States Attorney General. The city incorporation acts relate to

Atchison, Elwood, Geary, Lawrence, Lecompton, Leavenworth, Olathe, Palermo, Quindaro, Tecumseh, Topeka, and White Cloud. Of town companies, there are 175 incorporated, among them Burlington, Burlingame, Cottonwood Falls, Holton, Humboldt, Marmaton, Mapleton, Minneola, Mound City, Sabetha, Seneca, Spring Hill, and Wyandotte. Much time was given to the passage of private bills for banks, railroads, etc. The most obnoxious of the Pro-Slavery laws were repealed. The bill for a convention to frame a new Constitution was passed so late in the session that Governor Denver insisted that it had failed to become a law.

FEBRUARY 13.—Governor Robinson gives a supper at the Morrow House, Lawrence, to the members of the Legislature, and other prominent members of the Free-State party. Nearly all the prominent men in the Territory were present, toasts being responded to by Robinson, Lane, Phillips, Conway, Pomeroy, T. D. Thacher, H. J. Adams, Deitzler, and others. No spirituous liquors.

FEBRUARY 13.—A mass meeting is held in Representative Hall, Lawrence; Henry J. Adams, of Leavenworth, President, and A. D. Richardson and Sam. F. Tappan, Secretaries, at which Gen. Lane, by invitation, replies to the recent message of President Buchanan on Kansas affairs. The speech is published in full in the Lawrence Republican, and is one of the very few of his Kansas speeches that were ever fully reported and published.

FEBRUARY 13.—J. E. Johnston, Lieutenant Colonel First Cavalry, having explored the southern boundary of Kansas, with the view of ascertaining the practicability of constructing a railroad by this route to the Rio Grande, reports to Secretary Floyd.

FEBRUARY 15.—Two mounted companies ordered to Fort Scott, to report to Judge Williams or to John H. Little, Deputy Marshal.

—The Leavenworth Daily Times issued, by Champion Vaughan and J. Kemp Bartlett.

—Freeman's Champion, published by S. S. Prouty, at Prairie City, is revived, after a temporary suspension.

FEBRUARY 18.—Senator James S. Green introduces a bill for the admission of Kansas; it passes the Senate, March 23; amended and passed in the House, April 1; Senate disagrees, April 2; Conference Committee; report of the Committee agreed to in both houses, April 30; the bill became a law, May 4. It submitted to the people of Kansas, for acceptance or rejection, certain changes in the ordinance of the Lecompton Constitution.

FEBRUARY 18.—Geo. A. Reynolds, under the power of a Territorial law, opens, in Lawrence, the office of Recorder for the Pawnee Land District, in which all instruments affecting the title to real estate may be recorded, and be equally a lien as though filed in the county where the property is situated. Similar offices were opened in other counties.

FEBRUARY 18.—Governor Denver issues a proclamation, authorizing

the Atchison Branch of the Kansas Valley Bank to begin business, under the laws of the Territory.

FEBRUARY 18.—Governor Denver refuses to allow the Superintendent of Public Printing, appointed by the Legislature, access to the laws recently enacted, for the purpose of copying and printing them.

—Dr. G. W. Brown, of Marshall county, one of the Commissioners to take the census of that county, reports the whole number of voters in the county to be 153; Marysville precinct has 44 voters, yet it has regularly returned about 270 votes for the Pro-Slavery candidates.

FEBRUARY 18.—The various General Committees of the Free-State party in the Territory consolidate, and form a new committee, and an address is issued, urging the people to unite on electing delegates to the new Constitutional Convention provided for by the Legislature at its recent session.

—John Calhoun is finally stung into making a statement regarding the Delaware Crossing frauds. He professes ignorance of their true character.

FEBRUARY 22.—John Brown discloses his plan for a campaign in Virginia to Frank B. Sanborn, Gerrit Smith, and Edwin Morton, in a room in Mr. Smith's house, in Peterboro, New York. Mr. Sanborn thenceforth takes the lead in securing the money to enable Capt. Brown to strike the death-blow of Slavery on slave soil. The secret committee to aid Brown consisted of F. B. Sanborn, Gerrit Smith, Theodore Parker, Samuel G. Howe, Geo. L. Stearns, and Thos. W. Higginson.

FEBRUARY 24.—The General Assembly under the Topeka Constitution issues an address to the people.

FEBRUARY 26.—Gov. Denver issues a proclamation denying that "J. H. Lane" has authority to organize the militia of the Territory. Lane is acting under appointment of the Legislature and by authority of law, and goes ahead.

FEBRUARY.—James McNulty becomes the first settler in Washington county. G. H. Hollenberg goes there in May. David E. Ballard settles there in the spring. In the fall the first election is held.

FEBRUARY 28.—John A. Martin issues the first number of Freedom's Champion, the continuation of the Squatter Sovereign newspaper, of which he is proprietor and editor.

MARCH 4.—Last meeting of Topeka Legislature; no quorum present.

—In January, James Redpath started the Crusader of Freedom, at Doniphan. It was short-lived, but of rare excellence.

MARCH 4.—There are at present in Kansas, 2,516 U. S. troops.

MARCH 6.—The Herald of Freedom publishes an editorial article urging, in case of the admission of Kansas as a State under the Lecompton Constitution, that it be accepted, and through it provide for a new Constitution. The article is eagerly copied by the Washington Union and other Pro-Slavery organs.

—A. D. Richardson, correspondent of the Cincinnati Gazette and of the Boston Journal, locates in Sumner.

—The New York Tribune issues an eight-page Kansas extra, containing Secretary Stanton's New York speech on Kansas, Hon. Geo. Bancroft's letter repudiating the Lecompton swindle, the three reports of the Senate Committee on Territories, &c.

MARCH 9.—Election of the following delegates to the Constitutional Convention. About 9,000 votes were cast:

Jefferson County.—Edward Lynde, James Monroe, J. C. Todd, A. W. McCauslin.

Shawnee.—A. L. Winans, Lucian Fish, R. M. Fish, H. W. Curtis, Wm. W. Ross, John Ritchie.

Atchison.—Frank G. Adams, Caleb May, G. M. Fuller, C. A. Woodworth, H. S. Baker.

Breckinridge.—P. B. Blumb, Wm. McCullough, John R. Swallow.

Butler and Hunter.—Samuel Stewart.

Madison.—G. D. Humphrey.

Linn.—A. Danford, Thomas H. Butler, Robt. B. Mitchell, Robt. Ewing.

Brown.—A. B. Anderson, Orville Root, A. W. Williams.

Richardson.—James Fletcher, Henry Harvey.

Anderson.—W. F. M. Arny, Wm. Spriggs, W. L. Webster.

Coffey.—R. A. Kinzie, D. A. Hawkins, J. M. Elliott.

Calhoun.—W. E. Bowker, Adam Fuller.

Lykins.—G. A. Colton, Thomas Roberts, Chas. A. Foster, A. Knapp.

Franklin.—Joel K. Goodin, J. G. Rees.

Wells.—A. H. Shurtleff.

Allen and Bourbon.—W. R. Griffith, M. H. Hudson, G. A. Nuller, A. G. Carpenter, G. W. Campbell.

Douglas and Johnson.—M. F. Conway, E. S. Scudder, Charles H. Branscomb, A. Soule, W. R. Monteith, J. M. Shepherd, John L. Brown, D. Pickering, Chas. Mayo, James D. Allen, T. Dwight Thacher, James S. Emery, Samuel N. Wood.

Doniphan, etc.—James H. Lane, Wm. V. Barr, A. Larzelere, W. Fleming, Hugh Robertson, Charles E. Perham, W. D. Beeler, J. F. Hampson.

Riley.—Isaac T. Goodnow, F. N. Blake, Geo. W. Higinbotham.

Pottawatomie.—U. Cook, J. D. Adams.

Davis.—J. H. Pillsbury.

Nemaha.—S. S. Wright, R. U. Torrey.

Woodson.—R. Austin.

Greenwood.—M. L. Ashmore.

Wise.—H. J. Espy.

Leavenworth.—Henry J. Adams, Thomas Ewing jr., John P. Hatterscheidt, John C. Douglass, James Davis, W. Y. Roberts, J. M. Walden, Wm. H. Coffin, Thomas Trower, H. P. Johnson.

Richardson.—James M. Winchell.

Not assigned.—B. B. Newton, James Telfer, G. W. K. Twombly.

MARCH 12.—The steamer Minnie Belle arrives at Lawrence. On the 24th of April she had made three trips to Lawrence.

MARCH 13.—The editor of the Herald of Freedom returns after two weeks' absence, and expresses his thanks "to his worthy foreman, T. A. Osborn, Esq., for the very satisfactory manner in which he has conducted its columns."

MARCH 15.—Secretary Denver appointed Governor; he continues as Secretary and Acting Governor until May 12.

MARCH 16.—Lane issues a "card" in reply to Denver's proclamation. The foundation is laid for a duel, but it never came off.

MARCH 23.—The Constitutional Convention meets, at Minneola. Called to order by W. Y. Roberts. The vote for temporary Chairman stood: M. F. Conway, 37; A. Danford, 19. Informal ballot for President: J. H. Lane, 43; H. J. Adams, 9; T. D. Thacher, 7; Thomas Ewing jr., 5; W. Y. Roberts, 4; D. Pickering, 1. James H. Lane was then elected President by acclamation. Samuel F. Tappan was elected Clerk, B. T. Hutchins Assistant Clerk, George F. Warren, Sergeant-at-Arms, John Kimball Assistant, and Richard J. Hinton Reporter. There were seventy-two delegates present. The Convention once decided to adjourn to Topeka, but, on the 24th, it adjourned to Leavenworth, to reassemble on the evening of the 25th.

—The bill of Senator James S. Green, of Missouri, introduced February 19, passed the Senate March 23, by 33 to 25. It proposed to admit Kansas under the Pro-Slavery Constitution framed at Lecompton. The boundaries named in the bill, for the State, were the same as those of the Territory under the Organic act. For this bill, the House adopted, by 120 to 112, the Crittenden-Montgomery substitute. It proposed to resubmit the Lecompton Constitution to the people of Kansas. If they adopted it, the State was to be admitted; if they rejected it, provision was made for holding a new Constitutional Convention.

MARCH 25.—The National Kansas Committee, headquarters at Chicago, in view of the threatened triumph of the Lecompton villainy, issues a call to all State, County and Town Kansas Committees and Societies, to meet at once upon the passage of the Lecompton Constitution by Congress, and put themselves in communication with the National Committee. It proposes to call a National Convention, to meet at Buffalo or some other suitable point.

MARCH 25.—The Constitutional Convention met at Melodeon Hall, Leavenworth.

MARCH 26.—After appointing the Committees, General Lane resigned the position of President of the Convention. Martin F. Conway was elected President; the opposing candidate was Thomas Ewing jr.

MARCH 27.—Two Free-State men, Denton and Hedrick, killed by Ruffians at night, near Fort Scott. Hardwick and Brockett were reported as members of the murdering gang.

MARCH 30.—The Leavenworth Constitutional Convention adopts

unanimously a Memorial to Congress, remonstrating against the Le-compton Constitution. The Memorial is signed by J. M. Winchell, T. Dwight Thacher, J. S. Emery, J. M. Walden, and C. A. Foster.

MARCH.—“Just before April 1, while pursued by United States troops, Capt. James Montgomery turned and put them to flight, firing upon them and killing two dragoons—the first and last time that the National soldiers were fired upon by the Free-State men in Kansas.”—*Saunborn's Brown*, p. 480.

United States Marshal Little, of Fort Scott, with a posse of United States dragoons, under Capt. Anderson, attempts to ride down a company of Free-State men, under command of Capt. James Montgomery. The Free-State men made a stand near the Marmaton river, fired upon the charging dragoons, killing one and wounding several others, whereupon the posse retreated, obtained reinforcements, and finally fell back to Fort Scott. The second in command under Montgomery was A. D. Stevens, afterwards killed at Harper's Ferry in the John Brown raid.

MARCH 31.—Joseph Medill, of the Chicago Tribune, speaks in an Anti-Lecompton meeting at Leavenworth.

APRIL 1.—The House refuses to reject the Senate bill, 95 voting to reject, and 137 against it. The amendment offered by Crittenden in the Senate, and lost, was adopted by the House by 120 to 112.

The Senate, on motion of Green, rejected the bill thus amended, by 34 to 22.

APRIL 3.—The Leavenworth Constitutional Convention adjourns. The Constitution it adopted contains nowhere the word “white.”

T. D. Thacher, who was a member, says in the Lawrence Republican: “The Constitution, after being enrolled, was read through in the presence of the Convention, adopted by acclamation, and then signed by every member. An impressive prayer, imploring the blessing of Almighty God upon the doings of the Convention, and upon the people of Kansas, was offered by Rev. Mr. Henderson; and thus, with dignity, solemnity, and an humble trust in Divine Providence, the Convention closed its labors.”

THE LEAVENWORTH CONSTITUTION.

Framed by the Constitutional Convention in session at Leavenworth, signed by the Members thereof, April 3d, 1855, and adopted by the People, May 13th, 1858.

ORDINANCE.

By the authority of the people of Kansas, be it ordained by this Convention, irrevocably, that the State of Kansas will never, without the consent of Congress, interfere with the title of the United States to the public domain, or unsold lands within the limits of said State, or the primary right of the United States to dispose of the same, or with any regulation which Congress may prescribe for securing the title thereof to purchasers in good faith; and also, that no tax or other assessment shall be imposed upon the lands belonging to the United States: *Provided*, That the conditions following shall be accepted and agreed to by the Congress of the United States:

First. The sections numbered sixteen and thirty-six in every township, including Indian Reserve or Trust Lands, in said State, (and where either of such sections, or any part thereof, has been sold or otherwise aliened or appropriated, other lands equivalent

thereto, as nearly contiguous as possible,) shall be granted to the said State exclusively for the use of the common schools.

Second. That seventy-two sections of land shall be set apart and reserved for the use and support of a State university, and sixty sections for the use and support of four district colleges, to be located in the four equal divisions of the State—said lands to be selected by the Governor of the State, subject to the approval of the Commissioner of the General Land Office.

Third. That thirty-six sections of land, to be selected by the Governor of said State, shall be granted to said State for the purpose of the erection of public buildings at the seat of Government, and the erection of buildings for the various public benevolent institutions created by the State Constitution.

Fourth. That the salt springs, and gold, silver, copper, lead, or other valuable mines, not exceeding twelve in number, with six sections of land adjacent, shall be granted to the said State, to be selected, used, or alienated, as may hereafter be prescribed by law.

Fifth. That five per centum of the net proceeds of the sales of public lands within said State, sold by Congress after the admission of said State into the Union, shall be paid to the said State for the purpose of creating a common-school fund, the principal to be held sacred, and the interest to be applied to the education of the children of Kansas.

Sixth. That each alternate section of land now owned, or which may hereafter be acquired, by the United States, lying for six miles in width on each side of the following lines of railroads, shall be granted by Congress to the State of Kansas: First—Commencing on the Missouri State line, at some point south of the fourth standard parallel line, and traversing southern Kansas westwardly. Second—Commencing at some point on the Missouri river, or Missouri State line, and traversing central Kansas westwardly. Third—Commencing at some point on the Missouri river, and traversing northern Kansas westwardly. Fourth—Commencing at some point on the Missouri river, and running southerly in the direction of the Gulf of Mexico: *Provided*, That, should the alternate sections along the lines of said railroads be disposed of, an equal number of sections shall be selected from any other public lands contiguous to said railroads; said lands to be reserved and conveyed to the State for the purpose of aiding in the construction of said railroads, under such rules and restrictions as may hereafter be prescribed by law.

The Congress of the United States, in conjunction with the proper authorities of this State, may adopt the necessary measures for carrying the general provisions herein contained into effect.

PREAMBLE.

We, the People of the Territory of Kansas, grateful to Almighty God for our Freedom, by our delegates in Convention assembled, having the right of admission into the Union as one of the United States of America, consistent with the Federal Constitution, and by virtue of the treaty of cession by France to the United States, of the Province of Louisiana, believing that the time has arrived when our present political condition should cease, and the right of self-government be asserted, in order to secure to ourselves and our posterity all the rights of life, liberty, and property, and the free pursuit of happiness, ordain the following Constitution as the Organic Law of a free and independent State, by the name and style of the STATE OF KANSAS, bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point on the western boundary of the State of Missouri, where the thirty-seventh parallel of north latitude crosses the same; thence west on said parallel to the eastern boundary of New Mexico; thence north on said boundary to latitude thirty-eight; thence following said boundary westward to the eastern boundary of the Territory of Utah, on the summit of the Rocky Mountains; thence northward on said summit to the fortieth parallel of latitude; thence east on said parallel to the western boundary of the State of Missouri; thence south with the western boundary of said State to the place of beginning.

ARTICLE I.—BILL OF RIGHTS.

SECTION 1. All men are by nature equally free and independent, and have certain inalienable rights, among which are those of enjoying and defending life and liberty, acquiring, possessing and protecting property, and seeking and obtaining happiness

and safety; and the right of all men to the control of their persons exists prior to law, and is inalienable.

SEC. 2. All political power is inherent in the people, and all free governments are founded on their authority, and are instituted for their equal protection and benefit; and they alone have the right, at all times, to alter, reform or abolish their form of government in such manner as they may think proper. No special privileges or immunities shall ever be granted by the General Assembly which may not be altered, revoked or repealed by the same authority.

SEC. 3. The people have a right to assemble, in a peaceable manner, to consult for their common good, to instruct their representatives, and to petition the General Assembly for the redress of grievances.

SEC. 4. The people have the right to bear arms for their defense and security, but standing armies in time of peace are dangerous to liberty, and shall not be kept up, and the military shall be in strict subordination to the civil power.

SEC. 5. The right of trial by jury shall be inviolate, and extend to persons of every condition.

SEC. 6. There shall be no slavery in this State, and no involuntary servitude, unless for the punishment of crime, whereof the parties shall have been duly convicted.

SEC. 7. All men have a natural and indefeasible right to worship Almighty God according to the dictates of their own conscience. No person shall be compelled to attend, erect, or support any place of worship, or maintain any form of worship against his consent; and no preference shall be given by law to any religious society; nor shall any interference with the right of conscience be permitted. No religious test shall be required as a qualification for office, nor shall any person be incompetent to be a witness on account of religious belief; but nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to dispense with oaths or affirmations. Religion, morality, and knowledge, however, being essential to good government, it shall be the duty of the Legislature to make suitable provisions for the protection of all religious denominations in the peaceable enjoyment of their modes of worship, and for the encouragement of schools and the means of instruction.

SEC. 8. The privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall not be suspended unless in case of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

SEC. 9. All persons shall be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offenses where the proof is evident or the presumption great. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel or unusual punishment inflicted.

SEC. 10. Except in cases of impeachment, and cases arising in the army or navy, or in the militia, when in actual service, in time of war or public danger, and cases of petit larceny and other inferior offenses, no person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless upon presentment or indictment of a grand jury. In any trial, in any court, the accused shall be allowed to appear and defend in person, or by counsel; to demand the nature and cause of the accusation against him; to meet the witnesses face to face, and to have compulsory process to procure the attendance of witnesses in his behalf, and a speedy public trial by an impartial jury of the county or district in which the offense is alleged to have been committed; nor shall any person be compelled in a criminal case to be a witness against himself, or be twice put in jeopardy for the same offense.

SEC. 11. Every citizen may freely speak, write and publish his sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of such right; and no law shall be passed to restrain or abridge the liberty of speech or of the press. In all prosecutions for libel, the truth of the charge may be given in evidence to the jury, and if it shall appear to the jury that the matter charged as libelous is true, and was published with good motives, and for justifiable ends, the accused shall be acquitted.

SEC. 12. No person shall be transported out of the State for any offense committed within the same, and no conviction in this State shall work a corruption of blood or forfeiture of estate.

SEC. 13. No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner; nor in time of war, except in a manner prescribed by law.

SEC. 14. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and possessions, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall be inviolate; and no

warrant shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons and things to be seized.

SEC. 15. No person shall be imprisoned for debt in any civil action, or mesne or final process, except in cases of fraud.

SEC. 16. All courts shall be open; and every person for an injury done him or his land, goods, person or reputation, shall have remedy by due course of law, and justice administered without denial or delay.

SEC. 17. No hereditary emoluments, honors or privileges shall ever be granted or conferred by this State.

SEC. 18. No power of suspending laws shall be exercised, except by the General Assembly.

SEC. 19. Private property shall ever be held inviolate, but subservient to the public welfare. When taken in time of war, or other public exigencies imperatively requiring its immediate seizure, or for the purpose of making or repairing roads, which shall be open to the public without charge, a just compensation shall be made to the owners in money; and in all other cases where private property shall be taken for public uses, a compensation therefor shall first be made in money, or first secured by depositing money, and such compensation shall be estimated by a jury, without deduction for benefits to any property of the owner.

SEC. 20. The payment of a tax shall not be a qualification for exercising the right of suffrage.

SEC. 21. This enumeration of rights shall not be construed to impair or deny others retained by the people; and all powers not herein delegated, remain with the people.

SEC. 22. No indenture of any persons made and executed out of the bounds of the State, shall be valid within the State.

ARTICLE II.—ELECTIVE FRANCHISE.

SECTION 1. In all elections not otherwise provided for by this Constitution, every male citizen of the United States, of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, who shall have resided in the State six months next preceding such election, and ten days in the precinct in which he may offer to vote, and every male person of foreign birth, of the age of twenty-one years or upward, who shall have resided in the United States one year, in this State six months, and in the precinct in which he may offer to vote, ten days next preceding such election, and who shall have declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States, conformably to the laws of the United States, ten days preceding such election, shall be deemed a qualified elector.

SEC. 2. No soldier, seaman, or marine, in the army or navy of the United States, or of their allies, shall be deemed to have acquired a residence in this State in consequence of being stationed within the same; nor shall any such soldier, seaman, or marine, have the right to vote.

SEC. 3. No person shall be deemed to have lost his residence in this State by reason of his absence, either on business of this State or of the United States.

SEC. 4. Every person shall be disqualified from holding office during the term for which he may have been elected, who shall have given or offered a bribe or reward to procure his election.

SEC. 5. Every person who shall give or accept a challenge to fight a duel, or who shall knowingly carry to another person such challenge, or who shall agree to go out of this State to fight a duel, shall be ineligible to any office of trust or profit in this State.

SEC. 6. The General Assembly shall have power to deprive of the right of suffrage, and to render ineligible to office, any person convicted of an infamous crime.

SEC. 7. No person holding a lucrative office or appointment under the Constitution or laws of the United States, or of this State, shall be eligible to a seat in the General Assembly, nor shall any person hold more than one lucrative office at the same time, except as in this Constitution expressly permitted: *Provided*, That offices in the militia to which there is attached no annual salary, where the compensation does not exceed ninety dollars per annum, shall not be deemed lucrative.

SEC. 8. No person who may hereafter be collector or holder of public moneys shall be eligible to any office of trust or profit in the State, until he shall have accounted for and paid into the proper treasury all sums for which he may be accountable.

SEC. 9. Any person who shall commit a fraud tending to affect the result of any election in this State, shall, on conviction thereof, be forever ineligible as an elector.

ARTICLE III.—DISTRIBUTION OF POWERS.

SECTION 1. The powers of the Government shall be divided into three separate departments—the Legislative, the Executive (including the Administrative), and the Judicial; and no person charged with official duties under one of these departments shall exercise any of the functions of another, except as in this Constitution expressly provided.

ARTICLE IV.—LEGISLATIVE.

SECTION 1. The legislative power of the State shall be vested in a General Assembly, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

SEC. 2. The Senators and Representatives shall be chosen annually by the qualified electors of the respective counties or districts for which they are chosen, on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November. Their terms of office shall be one year, and shall commence on the first day of January next after their election.

SEC. 3. There shall be elected at the first election twenty-five Senators and seventy-five Representatives, and the number afterward shall be regulated by law; and the General Assembly shall, in all apportionments for members of the Legislature, establish single Representative and single Senatorial Districts.

SEC. 4. No person shall be eligible to the office of Senator or Representative who shall not at the time of his election possess the qualifications of an elector.

SEC. 5. Each house, except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, shall choose its own officers, determine its own rules of proceeding, punish its members for disorderly conduct, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds of all the members elected to the house, expel a member, but not a second time for the same cause; and shall judge of the qualification, election and return of its own members, and have all other powers necessary to secure its safety, and the undisturbed transaction of its business.

SEC. 6. Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, which shall be published. The yeas and nays on any question shall, at the request of two members, be taken, and entered on the journal.

SEC. 7. Any member of either house shall have the right to protest against any act or resolution thereof; and such protest and reason therefor, shall, without alteration, commitment, or delay, be entered on the journal.

SEC. 8. All vacancies which may occur in either house shall, for the unexpired term, be filled by election as shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 9. Senators and Representatives shall, in all cases except treason, felony, or breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during the session of the General Assembly, and in going to and returning from the same; and for words spoken in debate they shall not be questioned in any other place.

SEC. 10. A majority of all the members elected to each house, voting in the affirmative, shall be necessary to pass a bill or joint resolution, and all bills and joint resolutions so passed shall be signed by the presiding officers of the respective houses, and presented to the Governor for his approval.

SEC. 11. The doors of each house, and of committees of the whole, shall be kept open. Neither house shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than two days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting, except for personal safety.

SEC. 12. Every bill shall be read by sections in each house on three several days, except in case of emergency. Two-thirds of the house where such bill is pending may, if deemed expedient, suspend the rules on a call of the yeas and nays; but the reading of a bill by sections on its final passage shall in no case be dispensed with; and the vote on the final passage of every bill and joint resolution shall be taken by yeas and nays and entered on the journal.

SEC. 13. Every act shall contain but one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in its title. Bills may originate in either house, but may be altered, amended or rejected by the other.

SEC. 14. In all cases where a general law can be made applicable, special laws shall not be enacted.

SEC. 15. No act shall ever be revived or amended by mere reference to its title, but

the act revived or the section amended shall be set forth as amended or revived at full length.

SEC. 16. No general act shall take effect until the same shall have been published and circulated in the counties of the State by authority, except in case of emergency, which emergency shall be declared in the preamble or the body of the law.

SEC. 17. The election and appointment of all officers, and the filling of all vacancies not otherwise provided for by this Constitution, or the Constitution of the United States, shall be made in such manner as shall be prescribed by law; but no appointing power shall be exercised by the General Assembly, except as provided in this Constitution and in the election of the United States Senators, and in these cases the vote shall be taken *viva voce*.

SEC. 18. The General Assembly shall not have power to enact special laws annulling the contract of marriage.

SEC. 19. The General Assembly shall not have power to pass retroactive laws, or laws impairing the obligation of contracts, but may by general laws authorize the courts to carry into effect, upon such terms as shall be just and equitable, the manifest intention of parties and officers, by curing omissions, defects and errors in instruments and proceedings arising out of a want of conformity with the laws of this State.

SEC. 20. The style of the laws of this State shall be, "*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Kansas.*"

SEC. 21. The House of Representatives shall have the sole power of impeachment. All impeachments shall be tried by the Senate, and, when sitting for this purpose, the Senators shall be upon oath or affirmation to do justice according to law and evidence. No person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of all the Senators present.

SEC. 22. The Governor, and all other civil officers under the laws of this State, shall be liable to impeachment for any misdemeanor in office; but judgment in such cases shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold any office of honor, trust, or profit under the laws and Constitution of this State. The party, whether convicted or acquitted, shall nevertheless be liable to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment according to law.

SEC. 23. Within one year after the ratification of this Constitution, and within every two years subsequently, for the term of ten years, an enumeration of all the inhabitants of this State shall be made in such manner as shall be directed by law.

SEC. 24. All regular sessions of the General Assembly shall be held at the Capital of the State, and shall commence on the first Monday of January, annually.

SEC. 25. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives.

SEC. 26. The members of the General Assembly shall receive for their services the sum of four dollars per day for each and every day they are actually in attendance at any regular or special session, and four dollars for every twenty miles they shall travel in going to and returning from the place of meeting, by the usually traveled route; and no regular session of the General Assembly, except the first under this Constitution, shall extend beyond the term of sixty days, nor any special session more than forty days.

SEC. 27. Every bill or resolution shall, before its final passage, be printed for the use of the General Assembly.

ARTICLE V.—EXECUTIVE.

SECTION 1. The Executive Department shall consist of a Governor, a Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer of State, Auditor of State, and Attorney General who shall be chosen by the electors of the State at the same time and place of voting as for members of the General Assembly.

SEC. 2. The term of office of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Treasurer, Auditor, Secretary of State, and Attorney General, shall commence on the first day of January next after their election, and shall continue for two years and until their successors are elected and qualified. No person shall be eligible for the above offices more than two out of three consecutive terms.

SEC. 3. The returns of every election for the officers named in the preceding section shall be sealed up and transmitted to the seat of government by the returning officers, directed to the Secretary of State, who shall lay the same before the General Assembly

at their first meeting thereafter, when they shall open and canvass them, and publish and declare the result thereof in the presence of a majority of the members of both houses. The persons having the highest number of votes shall be declared duly elected, and the certificate thereof given to such persons, signed by the presiding officers of both houses; but if any two or more shall have the highest and equal number of votes for the same office, one of them shall be chosen by a vote of the two houses of the General Assembly in joint session.

SEC. 4. The executive power shall be vested in a Governor.

SEC. 5. He may require information in writing from the officers in the Executive Department upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and shall see that the laws are faithfully executed.

SEC. 6. He shall communicate at every session by message to the General Assembly the condition of the affairs of the State, and recommend such measures as he shall deem expedient for their action.

SEC. 7. He may on extraordinary occasions convene the General Assembly by proclamation, and shall state in such proclamation the purpose for which they are convened; and the General Assembly shall enter upon no legislative business except that for which they were especially called together.

SEC. 8. In case of disagreement between the two houses in respect to the time of adjournment, he shall have power to adjourn the General Assembly to such time as he may think proper, but not beyond the regular meetings thereof.

SEC. 9. He shall be Commander-in-Chief of the Military in the State, except when they shall be called into the service of the United States.

SEC. 10. The pardoning power shall be vested in the Governor, under such regulations and restrictions as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 11. There shall be a seal of the State, the device for which shall be agreed upon by the General Assembly, and which shall be kept by the Governor, and used by him officially, and shall be called "The Seal of the State of Kansas."

SEC. 12. All grants and commissions shall be issued in the name and by the authority of the State of Kansas, sealed with the seal thereof, signed by the Governor, and countersigned by the Secretary of State.

SEC. 13. No member of either house of Congress, or other persons holding office under the authority of this State, or of the United States, shall execute the duties of Governor, except as herein provided.

SEC. 14. In the case of death, impeachment, resignation, removal, or other disability of the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor shall exercise the duties of the office of Governor, until another Governor shall be duly qualified, or the disability be removed; but in such case another Governor shall be chosen at the next annual election for members of the General Assembly, unless such death, resignation, impeachment, removal or other disability shall occur within three calendar months immediately preceding such next annual election, in which case a Governor shall be chosen at the second succeeding annual election for members of the General Assembly; and in case of the death, impeachment, resignation, removal or other disability of the Lieutenant Governor, the President of the Senate *pro tempore* shall exercise the office of Governor until another Governor shall be duly qualified as aforesaid.

SEC. 15. The Lieutenant Governor shall be President of the Senate, but shall vote only when the Senate is equally divided, and shall be entitled to the same pay as the Speaker of the House of Representatives; and in case of his death, resignation, impeachment, removal from office, or when he shall exercise the office of Governor, the Senate shall choose a President *pro tempore*.

SEC. 16. Should the office of Secretary of State, Auditor of State, Treasurer of State, or Attorney General, become vacant, for any of the causes specified in the fourteenth and fifteenth sections, the Governor shall fill the vacancy or vacancies until the disability is removed or a successor is elected and qualified. Every such vacancy shall be filled by election, at the first general election that occurs more than thirty days after such vacancy shall have occurred, and the person chosen shall hold the office for the full term fixed in the second section of this article.

SEC. 17. The officers mentioned in this article shall, at stated times, receive for their

services compensation to be fixed by law, which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which they shall have been elected.

SEC. 18. The officers of the Executive Department and of the public State institutions shall, at least ten days preceding each regular session of the General Assembly, severally report to the Governor, who shall transmit the same to the General Assembly.

SEC. 19. Every bill which shall have passed both houses shall be presented to the Governor. If he approve, he shall sign the same; but if he shall not approve, he shall return it with his objections to the house in which it shall have originated, which shall enter the objections at large upon the journal, and proceed to reconsider the bill. If after such reconsideration a majority of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, with the objections, to the other house, by which, likewise, it shall be reconsidered, and if approved by a majority of that house, it shall be a law; but in such case the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for or against the bill shall be entered upon the journals of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the Governor within three days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, it shall be a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the General Assembly by adjournment prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

ARTICLE VI.—JUDICIAL.

SECTION 1. The judicial power of the State shall be vested in a Supreme Court, Circuit Courts, County Courts, Justices of the Peace, and in such other courts inferior to the Supreme Court as may be established in the manner hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. The Supreme Court shall consist of three Judges, a majority of whom shall form a quorum. It shall hold at least one term each year, at the seat of Government, and such other terms, there or elsewhere, as may be required by law.

SEC. 3. The Judges of the Supreme Court shall be elected by the electors of the State at large, at the first election under this Constitution. The term of one of said Judges shall be two years, of another four years, of another six years, and at all subsequent elections the term of each of said Judges shall be six years.

SEC. 4. The Judge having the shortest term to serve, not holding by appointment, shall be Chief Justice.

SEC. 5. The General Assembly shall provide by law for the speedy publication of the decisions of the Supreme Court.

SEC. 6. There shall be elected by the voters of the State, a Clerk, and a Reporter, for the Supreme Court, who shall hold their offices for three years.

SEC. 7. The Circuit Courts shall consist of one Judge. The State shall be divided into judicial circuits, and a Judge for each circuit shall be elected by the voters thereof. He shall, while in office, reside in the circuit for which he is chosen, and his term of office shall be three years.

SEC. 8. Until otherwise provided by law, there shall be five judicial circuits, as follows: The First, comprising the counties of Leavenworth, Jefferson, Atchison, Doniphan, and Brown; the Second, the counties of Calhoun, Nemaha, Pottawatomie, Marshall, Riley, Washington, and Clay; the Third, the counties of Shawnee, Douglas, Johnson, Lykins, Franklin, and Weller; the Fourth, the counties of Linn, Bourbon, Coffey, Anderson, Allen, Woodson, Wilson, Dorn, and McGee; the Fifth, the counties of Richardson, Breckinridge, Madison, Greenwood, Godfrey, Hunter, Butler, Wise, Davis, and Dickinson.

SEC. 9. The General Assembly may provide by law that the Judge of one circuit may hold the courts of another circuit in case of necessity or convenience.

SEC. 10. The County Courts shall each consist of one Judge, who shall be elected by the voters of each county. He shall reside in the county; and his term of office shall be two years.

SEC. 11. A sufficient number of Justices of the Peace shall be elected by the voters in each township of the several counties. Their term of office shall be two years.

SEC. 12. All Judges, other than those hereinbefore provided for, shall be elected by the electors of the judicial district over which their jurisdiction may extend, but not for a term of office longer than six years.

SEC. 13. The jurisdiction of the Supreme Court, the Circuit Courts, the County Courts, the Justices of the Peace, and such other courts as may be created, shall be fixed by

law; and the Judges of the courts shall respectively have and exercise such power and jurisdiction at chambers as may be provided by law.

SEC. 14. Judges may be removed from office by concurrent resolution of both houses of the General Assembly, if two-thirds of the members elected to each house concur therein; but no such removal shall be made except upon complaint, the substance of which shall be entered upon the journal, nor until the party charged shall have notice thereof, and an opportunity to be heard.

SEC. 15. In case the office of any Judge shall become vacant before the expiration of the term for which he was elected, the vacancy shall be filled by appointment by the Governor, until a successor shall be elected and qualified; and such successor shall be elected for the residue of the unexpired term, at the first annual election that occurs more than thirty days after such vacancy shall have happened.

SEC. 16. The compensation of the Judges of the Supreme Court and of the Circuit Courts shall not be increased or diminished during their term of office, and they shall receive no fees or perquisites, nor hold any office of profit and trust under the State, other than a judicial office.

SEC. 17. The General Assembly may at any time increase the number of the Judges of the Supreme Court, may increase or diminish the number of judicial circuits, or change the circuits, or may establish other courts by a law passed by two-thirds of the members elected to each house; but no such change, addition or diminution shall vacate the office of any Judge.

SEC. 18. There shall be elected in each county, by the electors thereof, one Clerk of the Courts, who shall hold his office for the term of two years, and until his successor shall be elected and qualified. He shall be Clerk of the County Court and Circuit Court in the county in which he is chosen.

SEC. 19. There shall be elected in each county, by the voters thereof, one County Attorney, who shall hold his office for the term of two years, and until his successor shall be elected and qualified.

SEC. 20. The duties, compensation, fees and perquisites of the officers provided for in this article shall be fixed by law.

SEC. 21. The style of all process shall be, "The State of Kansas." All prosecutions shall be carried on in the name and by the authority of the State of Kansas; and all indictments shall conclude, "against the peace and dignity of the State of Kansas."

ARTICLE VII.—EDUCATION.

SECTION 1. The stability and perpetuity of free republican institutions depend upon the intelligence and virtue of the people; therefore it is declared to be the duty of the State to establish by law, at the earliest possible period, a uniform system of free schools, in which every child in the State shall be entitled to receive a good common-school education at the public expense.

SEC. 2. The principal of all school funds, from whatever source, shall be the common property of the State, and may be increased, but shall forever be preserved inviolate and undiminished.

SEC. 3. The income of the school fund shall be devoted exclusively to the support of schools, and, together with any funds raised in any other manner for school purposes, shall be distributed, through the county or township treasurers, to the several school districts, in some equitable proportion to the number of children and youth resident therein, between the ages of five and twenty-one years.

SEC. 4. The school lands shall never be sold until such sale is authorized by a free and fair vote of the people of Kansas, but, subject to a valuation every three years, may be leased at a per centum established by law.

SEC. 5. No religious sect or sects shall ever have any right to, or control of, any part of the school funds of this State.

SEC. 6. The General Assembly shall make such provision, by taxation or otherwise, as, with the income arising from the school fund, will secure, throughout the State, the maintenance of a thorough and uniform system of common schools, which shall be kept up and supported in each district at least four months in each year, and shall be open and free to every child in the State between the ages of five and twenty-one years.

SEC. 7. As the means of the State will admit, educational institutions of a higher

grade shall be established by law so as to form a complete system of public instruction, embracing the primary, normal, preparatory, collegiate and university departments.

SEC. 8. At the first election of State officers, and biennially thereafter, the people shall elect a Superintendent of Public Instruction, whose duties and compensation shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 9. At the first election of State officers, and biennially thereafter, there shall be elected by the people a Commissioner of School Funds, who shall have the charge of the school lands and the principal of the school fund, whose duties and compensation shall be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE VIII.—PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

SECTION 1. It shall be the duty of the General Assembly, at as early a date as possible, to provide State Asylums for the benefit, treatment and instruction of the blind, deaf and dumb, and insane.

SEC. 2. The General Assembly shall make provision for the establishment of an asylum for idiots, to be regulated by law.

SEC. 3. The General Assembly shall make provision for the establishment of houses of refuge for the correction, reform and instruction of juvenile offenders.

SEC. 4. It shall be the duty of the General Assembly to make provision as soon as possible for a State Hospital and State Penitentiary: *Provided*, That not more than one of the aforesaid institutions shall be located in any county of this State, the location to be determined by a vote of the electors at large at any general election, and that the directors and superintendents of the same shall be elected by the people.

SEC. 5. The respective counties of the State shall provide in some suitable manner for those inhabitants who, by reason of age, infirmity, or other misfortune, may have claims upon the sympathy and aid of society, under provisions to be made by the laws of the General Assembly.

ARTICLE IX.—MILITIA.

SECTION 1. The Governor shall be Commander-in-Chief of the military forces of the State, excepting when these forces shall be actually in the service of the United States, and shall have power to call out any part, or the whole, of said military forces to aid in the execution of the laws, to suppress insurrection, and to repel invasion.

SEC. 2. All male citizens of this State, between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years, excepting those who are conscientiously opposed to bearing arms, and such others as may be by law exempted, shall be enrolled in the militia, and held to perform such military duty as by law may be required.

SEC. 3. The General Assembly shall provide by law for organizing and disciplining the militia in such manner as it shall deem expedient.

ARTICLE X.—PUBLIC DEBT.

SECTION 1. No money shall be paid out of the Treasury, except in pursuance of an appropriation by law.

SEC. 2. The credit of the State shall never be given or loaned in aid of any individual, association, or corporation.

SEC. 3. For the purpose of defraying extraordinary expenditures, the State may contract public debts, but such debt shall never in the aggregate exceed one hundred thousand dollars, unless authorized by a direct vote of the people at a general election. Every such debt shall be authorized by law, and every such law shall provide for the payment of the annual interest of such debt, and the principal within ten years from the passage of such law; and such appropriation shall not be repealed until the principal and interest shall have been wholly paid.

SEC. 4. The Legislature may also borrow money to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, or defend the State in time of war; but the money thus raised shall be applied exclusively to the object for which the loan was authorized, or repayment of the debts thereby created.

SEC. 5. No scrip, certificate, or other evidence of State debt whatever, shall be issued, except for such debts as are authorized by the third and fourth sections of this article.

ARTICLE XI.—FINANCE AND TAXATION.

SECTION 1. The levying of taxes by the poll is grievous and oppressive; therefore, the General Assembly shall never levy a poll tax for county or State purposes.

SEC. 2. Laws shall be passed taxing, by a uniform rule, all real and personal property, according to its true value in money; but burying-grounds, school houses, and other property used exclusively for educational purposes, houses used exclusively for public worship, not exceeding fifty thousand dollars in value, institutions of public charity, public and municipal property used exclusively for public and municipal purposes, and personal property to an amount not exceeding in value two hundred dollars for each head of a family, may by general laws be exempted from taxation, but all such laws shall be subject to alteration or repeal; and the value of all such property, so exempted, shall from time to time be ascertained and published, as may be directed by law.

SEC. 3. The General Assembly shall provide for raising revenue sufficient to defray the expenses of the State for each year; and also a sufficient sum to pay the interest and such part of the principal of a State debt, if any such debt shall accrue, as may be directed by law.

SEC. 4. No tax shall be levied except in pursuance of law; and every law imposing a tax shall state distinctly the object of the same, to which only it shall be applied.

SEC. 5. The State shall never contract any debt for purposes of internal improvements.

SEC. 6. In the passage in either house of the General Assembly of any law which imposes, continues, or renews a tax, or makes, continues, or renews an appropriation of public or trust moneys, or to release, discharge, or commute a claim or demand of the State, the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays, which shall be duly entered on the journal; and three-fifths of all the members elected to such house shall, in all such cases, be requisite to constitute a quorum.

ARTICLE XII.—COUNTIES, AND COUNTY AND TOWNSHIP OFFICERS.

SECTION 1. The General Assembly shall provide by law for submitting to the people of each county, at an annual election, the question of the location of the county seats; and the General Assembly may change the lines of counties, but shall by law submit such proposed alterations to the electors of the county or counties affected thereby, at a general election; said alterations to be made to township lines, as far as practicable.

SEC. 2. The General Assembly shall provide by law for the creation and election of county, city, town and township officers.

SEC. 3. All officers whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, shall be elected by the people or appointed, as the General Assembly may by law direct.

SEC. 4. Provision shall be made by law for the removal, for misconduct or malversation in office, of all officers whose powers and duties are not local or legislative, and who shall be elected at general elections, and also for supplying vacancies created by such removal.

SEC. 5. The Legislature may declare the cases in which any office shall be deemed vacant, where no provision is made for that purpose in this Constitution.

ARTICLE XIII.—ELECTIONS.

SECTION 1. All elections shall be free and equal.

SEC. 2. Electors shall, in all cases except treason, felony, and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance on elections, and in going to and returning from them.

SEC. 3. All elections by the people shall be by ballot, and all elections by the General Assembly, or by either branch thereof, shall be *viva voce*.

SEC. 4. All general elections shall be held on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday in November of each year.

SEC. 5. Returns of elections for Members of Congress, the General Assembly, and all other officers not otherwise provided for, shall be made to the Secretary of State, in such manner as may be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE XIV.—CORPORATIONS.

SECTION 1. Corporations may be created under general law, but shall not be created by special acts, except for municipal purposes. All general laws and special acts authorizing or creating corporations may be altered from time to time, or repealed.

SEC. 2. Dues from corporations shall be secured by such individual liability of the

stockholders and other means as shall be prescribed by law, and each stockholder of a corporation or joint-stock association, except corporations for charitable purposes and railroad corporations, shall be individually liable over and above the stock by him or her owned, and any amount unpaid thereon to a further sum at least equal in amount to such stock.

SEC. 3. The property of corporations, except for charitable and religious purposes, now existing, and to be hereafter created, shall be subject to taxation the same as the property of individuals.

SEC. 4. All real estate or other property of religious corporations shall vest in trustees, whose election shall be by the members of such corporation.

SEC. 5. The General Assembly shall provide for the organization of cities and villages by general laws, and restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts, and loaning their credit, so as to prevent the abuse of such power.

SEC. 6. The term corporations as used in this article shall be construed to include all associations and joint-stock companies having any of the powers or privileges of corporations not possessed by individuals or partnerships; and all such corporations shall have the right to sue, and shall be subject to be sued, in all courts, the same as natural persons.

ARTICLE XV.—JURISPRUDENCE.

SECTION 1. The General Assembly, at its first session under this Constitution, shall constitute a commission, to consist of three persons, not members of the Senate or House of Representatives, whose duty it shall be to revise, reform, simplify, and abridge the rules of practice, pleading, and proceeding in the courts of record of this State, abolishing the forms of action known to the common law, and distinctions as to form between proceedings at law and in equity.

SEC. 2. The proceedings of the Commissioners shall be reported to and be subject to the action of the General Assembly.

SEC. 3. All the proceedings of the courts of this State shall be instituted and conducted in the English language, avoiding, as far as practicable, the use of technical terms.

ARTICLE XVI.—MISCELLANEOUS.

SECTION 1. No person shall be taken, imprisoned, or disseized of his freehold, outlawed, exiled, or in any manner deprived of his life, liberty or property, but by the judgment of his peers and the law of the land.

SEC. 2. The printing of the laws and journals, bills, legislative documents and papers for each branch of the General Assembly, and all printing for the Executive and other departments of State, shall be let to the lowest responsible bidder, by such officers and in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 3. The General Assembly shall provide by law for the protection of the rights of women, married and single, in the acquiring and possessing of property, real, personal, and mixed, separate and apart from the husband or other person, and shall also provide for the equal rights of women in the protection, with the husband, of their children, during their minority; also shall provide for the securing of a homestead, which, without the consent of the wife, she cannot be divested of.

SEC. 4. No person shall be elected or appointed to any office in this State unless he possesses the qualifications of an elector at the time of his election or appointment.

SEC. 5. There shall be established in the Secretary of State's office a Bureau of Statistics and Agriculture, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law; and provision shall be made by the General Assembly for the organization and encouragement of State and County Agricultural Associations.

SEC. 6. Lotteries, gift enterprises, and the sale of lottery and gift-enterprise tickets, for any purpose whatever, shall be forever prohibited in the State.

SEC. 7. A homestead of one hundred and sixty acres of land, or, in lieu thereof, a house and lot, or other property not exceeding in value two thousand dollars, belonging to any one family, shall by law be exempted from forced sale under any process of law, and shall not be alienated without the joint consent of husband and wife, in cases where that relation exists; but no property shall be exempt from sale for taxes or for the payment of obligations contracted for its purchase.

SEC. 8. This State shall have jurisdiction concurrent with the State of Missouri, on

the Missouri river, so far as the said river may be the common boundary of the two States.

SEC. 9. For the purpose of preserving the public health, the General Assembly shall have power to pass general sanitary laws.

SEC. 10. No lease or grant of agricultural land for a longer period than twelve years, hereafter to be made, in which shall be reserved any rent or service of any kind, shall be valid; and all fines, quarter-sales, or other like restraints upon transfer, reserved in any lease of land, hereafter to be made, shall be void; provided that this article shall in no wise interfere with the disposition of the school lands of the State.

SEC. 11. In all cases where it shall be necessary to sell any of the lands granted by Congress, said sales shall not be made without one year's notice through publication in the county or counties where the lands lie, and an advertisement in two or more central newspapers of the State; and there shall be a valuation of said lands by disinterested persons, and no lands shall be sold at a less price than the valuation.

ARTICLE XVII.—BANKS AND CURRENCY.

SECTION 1. No bank shall be established otherwise than under a general banking law.

SEC. 2. If the General Assembly shall enact a general banking law, such law shall provide for the registry and countersigning by the Auditor of State of all bank notes or paper credit designed to be circulated as money.

SEC. 3. It shall be further provided that such bank notes or paper credits shall be amply secured, by the deposit with the proper officer of State, of bonds of interest-paying States or the United States.

SEC. 4. All bills or notes issued as money shall be at all times redeemable in gold or silver.

SEC. 5. Holders of bank notes shall be entitled, in case of insolvency, to preference of specie payment, over all other creditors.

SEC. 6. The State shall not be a stockholder in any bank or banking institution.

SEC. 7. All banks shall be required to keep officers and proper offices for the issue and redemption of their paper, at some convenient point within the State.

SEC. 8. Any general banking law passed by the General Assembly of this State may at any time be altered, amended, or repealed.

SEC. 9. No general banking law shall have any force or effect until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the electors of the State, at some general election, and having been approved by a majority of all the votes given on that subject at such election.

ARTICLE XVIII.—AMENDMENTS.

SECTION 1. Propositions for the amendment of this Constitution may be made by either branch of the General Assembly; and if three-fifths of all the members elected to each house concur therein, such proposed amendments shall be entered on the journals, with the yeas and nays; and the Secretary of State shall cause the same to be published in at least one newspaper in each county of the State where a newspaper is published, for three months preceding the next election for Senators and Representatives, at which time the same shall be submitted to the electors for their approval or rejection; and if a majority of the electors voting on said amendments, at said election, shall adopt such amendments, the same shall become a part of the Constitution. When more than one amendment shall be submitted at the same time, they shall be so submitted as to enable the electors to vote on each amendment separately.

SEC. 2. Whenever three-fifths of the members elected to each branch of the General Assembly shall think it necessary to call a Convention to revise, amend or change this Constitution, they shall recommend to the electors to vote at the next election of members of the General Assembly for or against a Convention; and if a majority of all the electors voting at said election shall have voted for a Convention, the General Assembly shall, at its next regular session, provide by law for calling the same. The Convention shall consist of as many members as the House of Representatives, and shall be chosen in the same manner, and shall meet within three months after their election, at the Capital of the State, for the purpose aforesaid.

SEC. 3. At the general election to be held in the year one thousand eight hundred

and sixty-three, and in each tenth year thereafter, the question, "Shall there be a Convention to revise, alter or amend the Constitution?" shall be submitted to the electors of the State; and in case a majority of the electors voting at such election shall decide in favor of a Convention, the General Assembly, at its next regular session, shall provide by law for the election of delegates, and the assembling of such Convention, as provided in the preceding section; but no amendment or revision of this Constitution agreed upon by any Convention in pursuance of this article, shall take effect until the same shall have been submitted to the electors of the State, and adopted by a majority of those voting thereon.

SCHEDULE.

SECTION 1. In order that no inconvenience may arise from the change from a Territorial to a State Government, it is declared that no existing rights, suits, prosecutions (except for political offenses), claims, or contracts, shall be affected by a change in the form of government, except as otherwise declared in this Constitution. But no debt of the Territory shall be assumed by the State, except by a law passed by a vote of two-thirds of each branch of the General Assembly.

SEC. 2. This Constitution shall be submitted to a vote of the people for approval or rejection, on the third Tuesday of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight. The vote shall be by ballot, and those in favor of the Constitution shall write or print upon their ballots the words, "For the Constitution;" and those opposed to the Constitution shall write or print upon their ballots the words, "Against the Constitution." Said election shall be conducted according to the provisions of section thirteen of an Act of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Kansas, passed February —, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, entitled "An act to provide for the election of Delegates to a Convention to frame a State Constitution."

SEC. 3. At the same time and place, and under the provisions of the section aforesaid, of the Act aforesaid, an election shall be held for members of the General Assembly, for State officers, for Judges, and for Member of Congress to represent the State of Kansas in the Thirty-fifth Congress of the United States.

SEC. 4. If this Constitution, upon being submitted to the people, shall be approved by a majority of the legal votes cast thereon, a copy of the same, certified by the President and Secretary of the Convention, together with a Memorial framed by the Convention, asking admission into the Union, and a certified statement of the vote on the ratification thereof, shall be transmitted, as soon as practicable, by the Governor, President of the Council, and Speaker of the House of Representatives, of the Territory of Kansas, or any two of them, to the President and Congress of the United States.

SEC. 5. Provided this Constitution shall be ratified by the people, then, upon the admission of Kansas into the Union as a State, this Constitution shall be in full force; the State officers shall immediately enter upon the performance of their duties, and the Governor shall immediately, by proclamation, convene the General Assembly.

SEC. 6. The members of the first General Assembly shall hold their offices until and including December thirty-first, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine.

SEC. 7. The State officers and Supreme and District Judges elected under this Constitution shall hold their respective offices for the same length of time as though their term of office commenced on January first, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine.

SEC. 8. The Governor is authorized to adopt a seal, to be the seal of the State of Kansas, until otherwise provided for by law.

SEC. 9. Until otherwise provided by law, the State shall be divided into Senatorial districts, and Senators apportioned to them as follows: The First District shall consist of Leavenworth county, and shall be entitled to three Senators; the Second District shall consist of Atchison county, and shall be entitled to one Senator; the Third District shall consist of Doniphan county, and shall be entitled to two Senators; the Fourth District shall consist of Jefferson county, and be entitled to one Senator; the Fifth District shall consist of the counties of Brown and Calhoun, and shall be entitled to one Senator; the Sixth District shall consist of the counties of Nemaha, Marshall, and Washington, and shall be entitled to one Senator; the Seventh District shall consist of the counties of Pottawatomie and Richardson, and shall be entitled to one Senator; the Eighth District shall consist of the counties of Riley, Clay, Dickinson, Arapahoe, and all the western part of Kansas, not otherwise attached, and shall be entitled to one Senator; the Ninth

District shall consist of the counties of Breckinridge, Wise, and Davis, and shall be entitled to one Senator; the Tenth District shall consist of the counties of Shawnee and Weller, and shall be entitled to two Senators; the Eleventh District shall consist of the counties of Butler, Hunter, Woodson, Greenwood, Madison, Godfrey, and Wilson, and shall be entitled to one Senator; the Twelfth District shall consist of the county of Coffey, and shall be entitled to one Senator; the Thirteenth District shall consist of the county of Douglas, and shall be entitled to two Senators; the Fourteenth District shall consist of the county of Johnson, and be entitled to one Senator; the Fifteenth District shall consist of the county of Lykins, and be entitled to one Senator; the Sixteenth District shall consist of the county of Franklin, and be entitled to one Senator; the Seventeenth District shall consist of the county of Anderson, and be entitled to one Senator; the Eighteenth District shall consist of the county of Linn, and shall be entitled to one Senator; the Nineteenth District shall consist of the county of Bourbon, and shall be entitled to one Senator; the Twentieth District shall consist of the counties of Allen, Dorn, and McGee, and shall be entitled to one Senator.

SEC. 10. The State shall be divided into Representative districts, and members apportioned thereto as follows: First District, Leavenworth county, ten members; Second, Atchison, three; Third, Doniphan, five; Fourth, Jefferson, three; Fifth, Brown, two; Sixth, Nemaha, two; Seventh, Pottawatomie, two; Eighth, Calhoun, one; Ninth, Marshall and Washington, one; Tenth, Riley, three; Eleventh, Clay and Dickinson, one; Twelfth, Davis, one; Thirteenth, Wise, one; Fourteenth, Butler and Hunter, one; Fifteenth, Richardson, one; Sixteenth, Breckinridge, two; Seventeenth, Madison, one; Eighteenth, Greenwood, one; Nineteenth, Woodson, one; Twentieth, Coffey, two; Twenty-first, Weller, one; Twenty-second, Shawnee, four; Twenty-third, Douglas, seven; Twenty-fourth, Johnson, three; Twenty-fifth, Lykins, three; Twenty-sixth, Linn, three; Twenty-seventh, Franklin, two; Twenty-eighth, Anderson, two; Twenty-ninth, Allen, one; Thirtieth, Bourbon, three; Thirty-first, McGee, Dorn, Wilson, and Godfrey, one; District Number Thirty-two to consist of all the western part of Kansas, not otherwise attached, including the county of Arapahoe, one member.

SEC. 11. The General Assembly, at its first session, shall provide for receiving proposals for the location of the seat of Government, and shall publish such proposals, and also a plan for the purchase of a site by the State, and then submit them to a full and fair vote of the people, at the first general election after such session; and if no proposal or plan submitted shall receive a majority of all the votes cast, then they shall be submitted at each subsequent and general election until such choice shall be made; and when a proposal or plan shall be adopted, the Legislature shall provide for the location at the place or in the manner designated, and for the application of the profits which may accrue to the State therefrom, to the benevolent institutions of the State; and when the seat of Government shall have been thus located, it shall not be changed but by a law ratified by a direct vote of the people; and until the selection provided for in this section shall be made, Topeka shall be the seat of Government.

SEC. 12. The first General Assembly shall provide by law for the submission of the question of universal suffrage to a vote of the people at the first general election of members of the General Assembly, provided that the qualifications of voters at that election shall be the same as at the vote on the submission of the Constitution.

M. F. CONWAY, *President.*

F. G. ADAMS.	AMASA SOULE.	LUCIAN FISH.
H. S. BAKER.	J. M. SHEPHERD.	W. W. ROSS.
G. M. FULLER.	T. DWIGHT THACHER.	JOHN RITCHIE.
CALEB MAY.	SAM'L N. WOOD.	ALFRED L. WINANS.
CALEB A. WOODWORTH.	WM. V. BARR.	G. D. HUMPHREY.
W. F. M. ARNY.	W. D. BEELER.	A. H. SHURTLIFF.
WILLIAM SPRIGGS.	JOS. F. HAMPSON.	R. AUSTIN.
WM. L. WEBSTER.	THOS. H. BUTLER.	H. J. ESPY.
WM. R. GRIFFITH.	A. DANFORD.	HENRY J. ADAMS.
B. B. NEWTON.	ROBERT EWING.	WM. H. COFFIN.
WM. McCULLOUGH.	ROBT. B. MITCHELL.	JOHN C. DOUGLASS.
P. B. PLUMB.	CHAS. A. FOSTER.	JAMES DAVIS.
J. R. SWALLOW.	GUSTAVUS A. COLTON.	THOS. EWING, JR.
A. B. ANDERSON.	ALBERTUS KNAPP.	J. P. HATTERSCHEIDT.
ORVILLE ROOT.	J. K. GOODIN.	H. P. JOHNSON.
A. W. WILLIAMS.	J. G. REES.	J. H. LANE.
SAMUEL STEWART.	URIAH COOK.	ALFRED LARZELERE.

WM. E. BOWKER.
R. A. KINZIE.
J. M. ELLIOTT.
JAMES D. ALLEN.
C. H. BRANSCOMB.
JOHN L. BROWN.
JAMES S. EMERY.
CHARLES MAYO.
WM. R. MONTEITH.
D. PICKERING.
E. S. SCUDDER.

EDWARD LYNDE.
JAMES MONROE.
A. W. McCAUSLIN.
JONATHAN C. TODD.
R. U. TORRY.
JAMES FLETCHER.
HENRY HARVEY.
F. N. BLAKE.
ISAAC T. GOODNOW.
G. W. HIGBOTHAM.
R. M. FISH.

CHAS. S. PERHAM.
HUGH ROBERTSON.
JOSIAH H. PILLSBURY.
M. L. ASHMORE.
W. Y. ROBERTS.
THOMAS TROWER.
JAMES TELFER.
G. W. K. TWOMBLY.
JAMES M. WINCHELL.
J. M. WALDEN.

SAMUEL F. TAPPAN, *Secretary.*

I hereby certify that the above is a correct copy of the Constitution adopted by the Convention at Leavenworth, April 3d, 1858, from the original draft now in my possession.

M. F. CONWAY, *President of the Convention.*

LEAVENWORTH, April 5, 1858.

—A history of this Convention, by T. Dwight Thacher, January 16, 1883, is given in the Historical Society's publications, and in Andreas's History.

APRIL 3.—Surveyor General's office removed from Leocompton to Nebraska City.

APRIL 7.—On motion of Wm. Montgomery, of Pennsylvania, the House adhered to its amendment, by 119 to 111.

APRIL 13.—The Senate voted, 30 to 24, for a committee of conference.

APRIL 14.—The House voted, 109 to 108, on motion of Wm. H. English, of Indiana, to agree to a conference committee. The committee consisted of James S. Green of Missouri, R. M. T. Hunter of Virginia, and Wm. H. Seward of New York, of the Senate; and William H. English of Indiana, Alex. H. Stephens of Georgia, and William A. Howard of Michigan, on the part of the House.

APRIL.—Wm. A. Phillips founds the town of Salina.

—Morris appointed Receiver, and Moorah Register, at Ogden; Alson C. Davis, United States District Attorney; B. I. Newsom, Agent for Shawnees, and W. P. Badger, for Kickapoos. Isaac Winston appointed United States Marshal. Dennis was removed for opposition to the Leocompton Constitution.

APRIL 23.—English reports the following compromise bill. Seward and Howard dissent:

"Whereas, The People of Kansas did, by a Convention of delegates assembled at Leocompton, on the 7th day of November, 1857, for that purpose, form for themselves a Constitution and State Government, which Constitution is republican; and

"Whereas, At the same time and place, said Convention did adopt an ordinance which asserts that Kansas, when admitted as a State, will have an undoubted right to tax the lands within her limits belonging to the United States, and proposed to relinquish said asserted right, if certain conditions set forth in said ordinance be accepted and agreed to by the Congress of the United States; and

"Whereas, Said Constitution and ordinance have been presented to Congress by order of said Convention, and the admission of said Territory into the Union thereon as a State requested; and

"Whereas, Said ordinance is not acceptable to Congress, and it is desirable to ascertain whether the people of Kansas concur in the changes in said ordinance hereafter stated, and desire admission into the Union as a State as herein proposed: therefore,

"Be it enacted, etc., That the State of Kansas be and is hereby admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States in all respects whatever, but upon this fundamental condition precedent, namely: That the question of admission with the

following proposition, in lieu of the ordinance framed at Lecompton, shall be submitted to the vote of the people of Kansas, and assented to by them, or the majority of the voters voting at an election to be held for that purpose, namely: That the following propositions be and the same are hereby offered to said people of Kansas for their free acceptance, etc.

"*And be it further enacted*, That the following propositions be and the same are hereby offered to the said people of Kansas for their free acceptance or rejection, which, if accepted, shall be obligatory upon the United States and upon the said State of Kansas, to wit:

"*First*: That sections numbered sixteen and thirty-six in every township of public lands in said State, and where either of said sections or any part thereof has been sold or otherwise disposed of, other lands equivalent thereto, and as contiguous as may be, shall be granted to the said State for the use of schools.

"*Second*: That seventy-two sections of land shall be set apart and reserved for the use and support of a State University, to be selected by the Governor of said State, subject to the approval of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and to be appropriated and applied in such manner as the Legislature of the said State may prescribe for the purpose aforesaid, but for no other purpose.

"*Third*: That ten entire sections of lands, to be selected by the Governor of said State, in legal subdivisions, shall be granted to said State for the purpose of completing the public buildings, or for the erection of others, at the seat of Government, under the direction of the Legislature thereof.

"*Fourth*: That all the salt springs within the said State, not exceeding twelve in number, with six sections of land adjoining, or as contiguous as may be to each, shall be granted to said State for its use, the same to be selected by the Governor thereof, within one year after the admission of said State, and when so selected, to be used or disposed of on such terms, conditions and regulations as the Legislature shall direct: *Provided*, That no salt spring, or land, the right whereof is now vested in any individual or individuals, or which may be hereafter confirmed or adjudged to any individual or individuals, shall by this article be granted to said State.

"*Fifth*: That five per centum of the proceeds of the sales of all public lands lying within the said State, which shall be sold by Congress after the admission of said State into the Union, after deducting all the expenses incident to the same, shall be paid to said State, for the purpose of making public roads and internal improvements, as the Legislature shall direct: *Provided*, That the foregoing propositions herein offered to the State of Kansas shall never interfere with the primary disposal of the land of the United States, or with any regulations Congress may find necessary for securing title in said soil to *bona fide* purchasers thereof, and that no tax shall be imposed on land belonging to the United States, and that in no case shall non-resident proprietors be taxed higher than resident.

"*Sixth*: And that said State shall never tax the lands or property of the United States.

"SECTION 1. That the State of Kansas be and is hereby admitted into the Union, on an equal footing with the original States, with the Constitution framed at Lecompton; and this admission of her into the Union as a State is here declared to be upon this fundamental condition precedent, namely: That the said constitutional instrument shall be first submitted to a vote of the people of Kansas, and assented to by them, or a majority of the voters, at an election to be held for the purpose. At the said election, the voting shall be by ballot, and by indorsing on his ballot, as each voter may please, 'For proposition of Congress and admission,' or, 'Against proposition of Congress and admission.' The President of the United States, as soon as the fact is duly made known to him, shall announce the same by proclamation; and thereafter, and without any further proceedings on the part of Congress, the admission of the State of Kansas into the Union on an equal footing with the original States, in all respects whatever, shall be complete and absolute; and said State shall be entitled to one Member in the House of Representatives in the Congress of the United States until the next census be taken by the Federal Government. But, should the majority of the votes be cast for 'Proposition rejected,' it shall be deemed and held that the people of Kansas do not desire admission into the Union with said Constitution, under the conditions set forth

in said proposition; and in that event the people of said Territory are hereby authorized and empowered to form for themselves a Constitution and State Government, by the name of the State of Kansas, according to the Federal Constitution, and may elect Delegates for that purpose whenever, and not before, it is ascertained, by a census duly and legally taken, that the population of said Territory equals the ratio of representation required for a Member of the House of Representatives of the United States; and whenever thereafter such Delegates shall assemble in convention, they shall first determine by a vote whether it is the wish of the people of the proposed State to be admitted into the Union at that time, and, if so, shall proceed to form a Constitution, and take all necessary steps for the establishment of a State Government, in conformity with the Federal Constitution, subject to such limitations and restrictions as to the mode and manner of its approval or ratification by the people of the proposed State as they may have prescribed by law, and shall be entitled to admission into the Union as a State under such Constitution, thus fairly and legally made, with or without Slavery, as said Constitution may prescribe.

"SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That for the purpose of insuring, as far as possible, that the elections authorized by this act may be fair and free, the Governor, United States District Attorney and Secretary of the Territory of Kansas, and the presiding officers of the two branches of its Legislature, namely, the President of the Council and Speaker of the House of Representatives, are hereby constituted a Board of Commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to use all the means necessary and proper to that end. Any three of them shall constitute a Board; and the Board shall have power and authority to designate and establish precincts for voting, or to adopt those already established; to cause polls to be opened at such places as it may deem proper in the respective counties and election precincts of said Territory; to appoint as judges of election at each of the several places of voting, three discreet and respectable persons, any two of whom shall be competent to act; to require the sheriffs of the several counties, by themselves or deputies, to attend the judges at each of the places of voting, for the purpose of preserving peace and good order; or the said Board may, instead of said sheriffs and their deputies, appoint, at their discretion and in such instances as they may choose, other fit persons for the same purpose. The election hereby authorized shall continue one day only, and shall not be continued later than sundown on that day. The Board shall appoint the day for holding said election, and said Governor shall announce the same by proclamation, and the day shall be as early a one as is consistent with due notice thereof to the people of said Territory, subject to the provisions of this act. The said Board shall have full power to prescribe the time, manner and place of said election, and to direct the time and manner of the returns thereof, which returns shall be made to said Board, whose duty it shall be to announce the result by proclamation; and said Governor shall certify the same to the President of the United States without delay.

"SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That in the election hereby authorized, all white male inhabitants of said Territory, over the age of twenty-one years, who possess the qualifications which were required by the laws of said Territory for a legal voter at the last general election for a member of the Territorial Legislature, and none others, shall be allowed to vote; and this shall be the only qualification required to entitle the citizens to the right of suffrage in said elections; and if any person not so qualified shall vote, or offer to vote, or if any person shall vote more than once at said election, or shall make, or cause to be made, any false, fictitious, or fraudulent returns, or shall alter or change any returns of said election, such person shall, upon conviction thereof before any court of competent jurisdiction, be kept at hard labor not less than six months and not more than three years.

"SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the members of the aforesaid Board of Commissioners, and all persons appointed by them to carry into effect the provisions of this act, shall, before entering upon their duties, take an oath to perform faithfully the duties of their respective offices; and on failure thereof, they shall be liable and subject to the same charges and penalties as are provided in like cases under the Territorial laws.

"SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the officers mentioned in the preceding section shall receive for their services the same compensation as is given for like services under the Territorial laws."

APRIL 28-29.—Free-State Convention at Topeka, to nominate officers under the Leavenworth Constitution. President, C. B. Lines, Wabaunsee; Vice Presidents, Thos. Ewing, John W. Robinson, R. B. Mitchell. A. Polley; Secretaries, S. F. Tappan, T. D. Thacher, P. B. Plumb, Edw'd Russell. That part of the call asking for the nomination of U. S. Senators, was postponed. The following ticket was nominated:

Governor, Henry J. Adams, Leavenworth; Lieutenant Governor, Cyrus K. Holliday, Topeka; Secretary of State, E. P. Bancroft, Emporia; Treasurer, J. B. Wheeler, Doniphan; Auditor, George S. Hillyer, Grasshopper Falls; Attorney General, Charles A. Foster, Osawatomie; Superintendent of Public Instruction, J. M. Walden, Quindaro; Commissioner of School Land, J. W. Robinson, Manhattan; Representative in Congress, M. F. Conway, Lawrence; Supreme Judges: William A. Phillips, Lawrence, 2 years; Lorenzo Dow, Topeka, 4 years; William McKay, Wyandotte, 6 years; Reporter of Supreme Court, Albert D. Richardson, Sumner; Clerk of Supreme Court, W. F. M. Army, Hyatt.

The following platform was adopted:

Resolved, That we, the representatives of the Free-State party, do heartily accept the Leavenworth Constitution, and do pledge ourselves to favor its adoption and ratification by the people.

Resolved, That should Congress accept the application accompanying the Lecompton Constitution, and admit Kansas as a sovereign State into the Union, without the condition precedent that said Constitution, at a fair election, shall receive the ratification of the people of Kansas, then we will put the Leavenworth Constitution, ratified by the people, and the government under it, into immediate and active operation as the organic law and living Government of the State of Kansas; and that we will support and defend the same against any opposition, come from whatever quarter it may.

Resolved, That, at the election upon the Constitution, the voters of Kansas be requested to vote for or against negro suffrage, and for or against separate schools for white and negro children; and if a majority of the votes cast be against negro suffrage, it shall operate as instructions to the first Legislature to submit to the people at once an amendment of the Constitution prohibiting negro suffrage; and if a majority of the votes cast be in favor of separate schools, it shall operate in like manner as instructions to the first Legislature to submit an amendment providing for separate schools for white and negro children, except in districts where the people by general consent shall allow the school to be in common."

The following Central Committee was appointed: J. M. Winchell, John McKee, G. E. Budington, A. D. Richardson, Joseph Thompson, A. Larzelere, W. Crosby, James Richardson, B. B. Newton, J. D. Adams, E. P. Bancroft, W. W. Ross, O. E. Learnard, S. D. Humphrey, W. A. Ela, James Blood, P. H. Townsend, Charles Mayo, Cyrus Tator, P. P. Elder, W. F. M. Army, Jesse Brown, W. R. Griffith, B. Jordan.

APRIL 30.—The compromise bill, otherwise known as the "English Swindle" and "Lecompton, junior," passes the House by 112 to 103, and the Senate by 30 to 22. Broderick, Crittenden, Douglas and Stuart vote with the Republicans. The President signed the bill May 4th.

MAY 1.—A bridge across the Kansas river, at Topeka, completed.

MAY 7.—The land sales which were to take place on the 5th and 19th of July, are postponed by order of the President.

MAY 12.—James W. Denver takes the oath of office as Governor, and Hugh S. Walsh as Secretary.

Governor Denver orders Samuel Walker, Sheriff of Douglas county, to arrest the band of lawless armed men acting under James Montgomery.

MAY 18.—Vote on the Leavenworth Constitution, State officers and Legislature.

—Rev. Richard Cordley starts the Congressional Record, at Lawrence.

MAY 19.—The Marais des Cygnes massacre. Tomlinson says Hamilton's party consisted of twenty-five persons. He gives the following names: Charles A. Hamilton, Dr. John Hamilton, Alvin Hamilton, Luke Yealock, William Yealock, Thomas Jackson, Brockett, Harlin, Beach, and Mattock. They lived near or in West Point, Missouri. They reached the Trading Post, in Linn county, early in the afternoon, and arrested John F. Campbell and G. W. Andrews, who were in the store. William Stillwell was next arrested. They then made other arrests of Free-State men in the vicinity, placed the prisoners in Stillwell's wagon, and started towards Missouri. Soon after, Rev. Charles Reed was arrested, and Andrews was released. The prisoners numbered nine. About three miles from the Trading Post they halted. Brockett then came up, with Snyder, the blacksmith, as a prisoner. The prisoners were ordered to form in line a few yards from the Ruffians. The order to fire was given, and every Free-State man fell. Five were killed instantly, and all the others, except one, badly wounded. The one slightly wounded was, soon after, shot through the head and killed. The others feigned death. The Ruffians robbed the bodies and rode off. The murdered men were William Stillwell, Patrick Ross, Mr. Colpetzer, Michael Robinson, John F. Campbell; the wounded were William Hairgrove, Asa Hairgrove, Charles Reed, Amos Hall, and Charles Snyder.

Robert B. Mitchell with a party of men, among them Montgomery, proceeded to West Point in pursuit of the murderers, but came back without having done anything.

The following poem was written by John G. Whittier, and was published in the Atlantic Monthly, in September, 1858:

LE MARAIS DU CYGNE.*

A blush as of roses
Where rose never grew!
Great drops on the bunch-grass,
But not of the dew!
A taint in the sweet air
For wild bees to shun!
A stain that shall never
Bleach out in the sun!

Back, steed of the prairies!
Sweet song-bird, fly back!
Wheel hither, bald vulture!
Gray wolf, call thy pack!
The foul human vultures
Have feasted and fled;
The wolves of the Border
Have crept from the dead.

In the homes of their rearing,
Yet warm with their lives,
Ye wait the dead only,
Poor children and wives!
Put out the red forge-fire,
The smith shall not come;
Unyoke the brown oxen,
The ploughman lies dumb.

Wind slow from the Swan's Marsh.
O dreary death-train,
With pressed lips as bloodless
As lips of the slain!
Kiss down the young eyelids,
Smooth down the gray hairs;
Let tears quench the curses
That burn through your prayers.

*The massacre of unarmed and unoffending men in southern Kansas took place near the Marais du Cygne of the French voyageurs.

From the hearths of their cabins,
 The fields of their corn,
 Unwarned and unweaponed,
 The victims were torn,—
 By the whirlwind of murder
 Swooped up and swept on
 To the low, reedy fen-lands,
 The Marsh of the Swan.

With a vain plea for mercy
 No stout knee was crooked,
 In the mouths of the rifles
 Right manly they looked.
 How paled the May sunshine,
 Green Marais du Cygne,
 When the death-smoke blew over
 Thy lonely ravine!

Strong man of the prairies,
 Mourn bitter and wild!
 Wail, desolate woman!
 Weep, fatherless child!

But the grain of God springs up
 From ashes beneath,
 And the crown of His harvest
 Is life out of death.

Not in vain on the dial
 The shade moves along
 To point the great contrasts
 Of right and of wrong;
 Free homes and free altars
 And fields of ripe food;
 The reeds of the Swan's Marsh,
 Whose bloom is of blood.

On the lintels of Kansas
 That blood shall not dry;
 Henceforth the Bad Angel
 Shall harmless go by;
 Henceforth to the sunset,
 Unchecked on her way,
 Shall Liberty follow
 The march of the day.

MAY 21.—Twenty men leave Lawrence for "the gold region in the vicinity of the Rocky Mountains in Kansas." This was the first, or one of the earliest, expeditions to Pike's Peak, or Colorado, from Kansas.

The journey is pleasantly described by William B. Parsons in the *Kansas Magazine* of June, 1872, vol. I, p. 552.

MAY 27.—James H. Lane and James Christian form a copartnership for the practice of the law, at Lawrence.

MAY 29.—Samuel Walker marches to Fort Scott; Montgomery and a large party of mounted men go with him from Raysville, leaving there on the 29th. Arriving at Fort Scott, Walker divided the men into three divisions. Tomlinson says: "One company surrounded Sheriff Hill's house, another the Pro-Slavery Hotel (McKay's), and the third the house of the notorious Clarke"—the murderer of Barber. Clarke defied arrest, but Walker arrested him. After leaving town, Walker arrested Montgomery, for whom also he had a writ. Walker was the Sheriff of Douglas county and a Deputy U. S. Marshal. On the 30th, at Raysville, news was brought to him that Clarke and the other Pro-Slavery men he had arrested in Fort Scott had been released, without trial, and were again at large. Walker then released Montgomery from arrest.

JUNE.—D. H. Huyett visits Kansas to take sketches for a book.

JUNE 3.—Gaius Jenkins killed by James H. Lane, at Lawrence. The cause of the difficulty was a contested land claim.

JUNE 3.—Gov. Denver announces August 2d as the day of the election under the English bill, or act of Congress of May 4th.

JUNE 5.—Alson C. Davis takes the oath of office as United States Attorney.

JUNE 6.—Capt. James Montgomery enters Fort Scott, at midnight.

JUNE 7.—A mass meeting, in Lawrence, on the English bill. Speeches

were made by ex-Governor Stanton, Governor Robinson, Thomas Ewing jr., and Judge G. W. Smith. All were positive against voting for it, except Smith, who favored its acceptance, and was frequently interrupted by the dissatisfied crowd. Smith was the Governor elect under the Lecompton Constitution, although Calhoun refused to give him a certificate of election. He was the only Free-State man of any prominence in the Territory who favored the English swindle.

JUNE 8.—Conference meeting at West Point, Bates county, Missouri. Six delegates went from border counties in Kansas. Bates, Vernon and Jasper counties, Missouri, were represented by about two hundred men. An agreement was signed by the delegates from the two States. It was a pledge against invasion, from either side of the line, and a promise by the Missourians to assist in bringing to justice Capt. Hamilton and all the men engaged in the Marais des Cygnes massacre.

JUNE 15.—Governor Denver, at Fort Scott, makes an agreement with the citizens of Fort Scott and Bourbon county; he agrees to withdraw the troops, and they to keep the peace.

JUNE 17.—Abram Lincoln addresses a Republican Convention in Springfield, Ill., and says:

"A house divided against itself cannot stand. I believe this Government cannot endure permanently half slave and half free. I do not expect the Union to dissolve; but I do expect it will cease to be divided. It will become all one thing or all the other. Either the opponents of Slavery will arrest the further spread of it, and place it where the public mind will rest in the belief that it is in the course of ultimate extinction, or its advocates will push it forward until it shall become alike lawful in all the States, old as well as new, North as well as South. . . . We are now far into the fifth year since a policy was inaugurated with the avowed object and confident promise of putting an end to Slavery agitation. Under the operation of this policy, that agitation has not only not ceased, but has constantly augmented."

The debate between Lincoln and Douglas, candidates for the United States Senate, takes place this summer, and attracts national attention. It proves to be a canvass for the Presidency.

JUNE 17.—Governor Denver addresses a meeting at Chouteau's Trading Post, Linn county, and agrees to station Maj. Weaver on the border with a force of sixty men, to protect the eastern line of the county. Governor Robinson and Capt. James Montgomery are present, and concur with Governor Denver in his peace policy.

JUNE 18.—United States Marshal Winston removed, and W. P. Fain appointed.

JUNE 22.—J. Calhoun, "President of the Constitutional Convention," issues certificates of election to the members of the Legislature under the Lecompton Constitution, elected January 4, 1858. In a letter from Nebraska City, dated July 2, 1858, General Calhoun writes to Governor Denver:

"For State officers I shall issue no certificates, as I do not deem it my right to do so. If the Constitution go into operation it will be my duty to convene the Legislature, and at its meeting I will lay before that body a statement of the returns, or the returns themselves, and let it determine who are elected State officers."

JUNE 23.—The L. L. & Ft. G. R. R. divided into four divisions.

JUNE 25.—Captain Nathaniel Lyon, commanding United States troops at Fort Scott, writes to Governor Denver that “the agreement made by the people here on the occasion of your late visit has been entered upon in good faith, and to this time fully observed.”

JUNE 26.—Commissions issued to A. J. Weaver, Captain, and the other officers of the Linn county company of volunteers, under an act of the Legislature, “to suppress the disturbances in Bourbon county.”

JUNE 30.—Hiram J. Strickler commissioned as Librarian of the Territory.

JULY.—Joseph Williams and Rush Elmore Associate Justices until the admission of the State. Elmore was reappointed in place of Cato, who leaves the Territory.

JULY 3.—Governor Denver leaves Leavenworth for Washington.

—Organization of a Board of Education for the city of Leavenworth. George Wetherell taught the first public school, beginning July 5. J. B. McAfee taught the first school in Leavenworth.

—Ward B. Burnett, of New York, appointed Surveyor General, *vice* John Calhoun.

JULY 8.—The Fort Scott Democrat says that Sheriff Roberts has recovered nearly all the horses stolen by the Rev. John E. Stewart. This Stewart sometimes took the name of Captain “Plum,” and sometimes of Captain Montgomery, and looked upon all horses as Pro-Slavery.

JULY 13.—A. J. Isacks sends to Secretary Walsh the certificates of the members of the Legislature elected under the Lecompton Constitution, received by him from John Calhoun, at Nebraska City, with Calhoun’s letter.

JULY 15.—Destructive fire in Leavenworth. The Market Hall, Christian Church and many other buildings burned.

JULY 15.—Major T. W. Sherman writes that the troops will be kept in Fort Scott, as Governor Denver had last requested.

AUGUST 2.—Vote on the Lecompton Constitution, as submitted by the English bill.

DOUGLAS COUNTY.		SHAWNEE COUNTY.			
	<i>Proqs. rejected.</i>		<i>Proqs. accepted.</i>		
Lawrence.....	718	4	Tecumseh.....	187	29
Lecompton.....	122	27	Brownville.....	127	1
Franklin.....	75	3	Topeka.....	246	10
Bloomington.....	186	2	Burlingame.....	115	—
Eudora.....	103	—	Versailles.....	14	—
Prairie City.....	123	—	Wakarusa.....	59	1
Palmyra.....	109	—			
Willow Springs.....	157	3	LEAVENWORTH COUNTY.	748	41
Big Springs.....	66	—	Leavenworth.....	1,610	138
Coal Creek.....	57	—	Delaware.....	79	75
Twin Mound.....	18	1	Wyandotte.....	203	84
Blanton.....	64	—	Quindaro.....	130	16
	1,785	40	Easton.....	60	41
			Alexandria.....	68	14
			Kickapoo.....	53	90
				2,203	456

	Prop. rejected.	Prop. accepted.
ATCHISON COUNTY.		
Atchison	151	140
Summer	221	13
Monrovia	63	8
Pardee	55	8
Allen's	47	14
Independence	17	2
Mt. Pleasant	65	35
Fort William	42	14
	616	260
DONIPHAN COUNTY.		
White Cloud	61	9
Iowa Point	106	100
Highland	36	1
Troy	85	98
Elwood	129	38
Palermo	69	7
Wathena	40	37
Doniphan	160	44
Columbus	113	27
Wolf Creek	53	59
Geary City	75	1
	927	421
BROWN COUNTY.		
Hamlin	41	3
Hiawatha	83	1
Plymouth	22	—
Mt. Roy	21	6
Claytonville	68	25
Locknane	28	3
	243	35
NEMAHA COUNTY.		
Seneca	33	5
Central City	89	—
Wheatland	40	—
Granada	35	2
Capioma	30	5
	227	12
LYKINS COUNTY.		
Paola	26	27
Miamiville	70	20
Stanton	31	—
Middle Creek	19	—
Wea	7	6
Richland	11	18
Marysville	20	23
Osawatomie	226	3
	440	99
M'GEE COUNTY.		
Shoal Creek	14	6
BOURBON COUNTY.		
Raysville	53	—
Mapleton	84	1
Marmaton	41	—
Barnesville	46	4
Osage	30	—
Mill Creek	26	—
Dry wood	50	13
Fort Scott	81	19
Sprattsville	18	—
	429	37

	Prop. rejected.	Prop. accepted.
ALLEN COUNTY.		
Cottage Grove	23	—
Deer Creek	23	—
Cofaehique	78	18
Humboldt	85	6
Martin's Creek	65	—
Osage	17	—
Wray's	65	—
	268	23
DORN COUNTY.		
Osage Mission	—	9
ANDERSON COUNTY.		
Hyatt	55	—
Shannon	109	3
Cresco	40	1
Addington	32	—
Walker	70	—
	313	4
LINN COUNTY.		
Potosi	44	4
Centreville	79	—
Mound City	150	2
Scott	58	8
Liberty	13	—
Tate	57	2
Breckinridge	21	27
	422	43
FRANKLIN COUNTY.		
Centropolis	155	—
Ohio City	52	3
Ottawa	45	1
Peoria	59	2
Pottawatomie	65	—
	376	6
JOHNSON COUNTY.		
Lexington	29	39
Monticello	14	9
Shawnee	80	41
Oxford	13	16
McCamish	77	5
Spring Hill	37	5
Gardner	100	3
Aubrey	5	6
Olathe	69	31
	424	154
BRECKINRIDGE COUNTY.		
Emporia	104	—
Kansas Centre	33	2
Americus	20	—
Agnes City	20	2
Cottonwood	17	—
	194	4
MADISON COUNTY.		
Columbia	75	—
Eagle City	62	—
Hesperia	21	—
	158	—

WISE COUNTY.		Prop. rejected.	Prop. accepted.	RICHARDSON COUNTY.		Prop. rejected.	Prop. accepted.
Cottonwood Falls.....	30	—	—	Mission Creek.....	19	—	—
Council Grove.....	26	6	6	Wabaunsee.....	71	—	—
Diamond Springs.....	9	—	—	Wilmington.....	38	—	—
	65	6	6	Alma.....	16	—	—
					144	—	—
HUNTER COUNTY.				WOODSON COUNTY.			
El Dorado.....	23	—	—	Reeder.....	}	121	2
RILEY COUNTY.				Belmont.....			
Randolph.....	30	—	—	Neosho Falls.....			
Ogden.....	42	17	17	DAVIS COUNTY.			
Manhattan.....	132	1	1	Ashland.....	27	5	5
Kent.....	23	2	2	Riley.....	42	16	16
Republican.....	31	2	2	Zeandale.....	54	6	6
	258	22	22		123	27	27
JEFFERSON COUNTY.				COFFEY COUNTY.			
Grasshopper Falls.....	166	6	6	Burlington.....	120	—	—
Oskaloosa.....	93	15	15	Neosho City.....	64	1	1
Osawkee.....	75	25	25	Le Roy.....	180	15	15
Hardtville.....	77	63	63	Ottumwa.....	—	2	2
Rising Sun.....	30	42	42		364	18	18
	441	151	151	POTTAWATOMIE COUNTY.			
CALHOUN COUNTY.				Juniata.....	39	4	4
Jefferson Township.....	61	8	8	St. George.....	58	3	3
Holton.....	99	13	13	Louisville.....	37	1	1
Douglas.....	90	11	11	Shannon.....	16	—	—
	250	32	32	Vienna.....	46	—	—
				Pottawatomie.....	40	—	—
					236	8	8

The official result was declared to be 1,788 for the proposition, and 11,300 against it; majority against it, 9,512. The proclamation was signed by J. W. Denver, Hugh S. Wash, A. C. Davis, and G. W. Deitzler—C. W. Babcock being absent. Some returns were not counted that are given in the foregoing table.

AUGUST.—Jacob Stotler unites with P. B. Plumb in publishing the Emporia News. The News, White Cloud Chief, Lawrence Republican and Leavenworth Times were established in 1857.

—E. R. Smith appointed United States Mail Agent.

AUGUST 5.—Gov. Denver writes to Fort Leavenworth that troops are no longer needed at Fort Scott.

AUGUST 13.—Rush Elmore takes the oath of office as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court.

AUGUST.—During this month there was a great flood in the Kansas river, caused by heavy rains throughout the Territory. The corn crop this year was very heavy, corn selling in the interior, the next spring, at ten cents per bushel.

SEPTEMBER 1.—The Massasoit House opened, at Atchison, by Thomas Murphy.

SEPTEMBER.—A Masonic Lodge organized at Emporia. Lawrence D. Bailey, W. M.; C. V. Eskridge, Secretary.

—Frank F. Barclay starts a French paper, *L'Estafette du Kansas*, at Leavenworth.

—Asa Hairgrove and William Hairgrove, of Linn county, bring suits against Charles A. Hamilton, Algernon Hamilton, James Tate, Lewis Henderson, W. B. Brockett, and others, for shooting and dangerously wounding them, on the 19th of May.

—Hockaday, Burr & Co. begin outfitting trains, at Atchison, for Salt Lake.

—Charles Hays, who murdered Buffum in 1856, is arrested at Atchison.

—The *Minnie Belle* makes a trip to Manhattan.

—"Pike's Peak" becomes the leading topic of the Kansas press.

—Samuel J. Jones, the notorious ex-Sheriff of Douglas county, who led the expedition against Lawrence, May 21, 1856, is appointed Collector of the district of Paso del Norte. G. W. Clarke, the murderer of Barber, is made a purser in the Navy.

—Colonel Titus leaves for Sonora.

—W. W. & E. G. Ross retire from the Topeka Tribune. The paper was revived by Farnsworth & Cummings.

—In the fall, John and Lewis Fowler make the first settlement in Cloud county.

SEPTEMBER 5.—Governor Denver resigns, to take effect October 10th.

SEPTEMBER 18.—Governor Denver writes to Secretary Cass that Captain Weaver's company has been the means of preserving the peace in the southern part of the Territory, but that he intends to discharge it November 6th.

OCTOBER 4.—Election of members of the House (Territorial Legislature) and Territorial Superintendent of Common Schools.

FIRST DISTRICT—LEAVENWORTH COUNTY—*Eight Members.*

Adam Fisher.....	933	A. M. Clark.....	1130
Fred. Brown.....	891	James L. McDowell.....	1142
W. P. Gambell.....	934	Lyman Scott.....	1109
O. B. Holman.....	859	Charles F. Kob.....	1011
Pascal S. Parks.....	916	W. Y. Roberts.....	1313
I. A. S. Hanford.....	924	John W. Wright.....	1002
Philip T. Colby.....	903	James Medill.....	1101
George P. Nelson.....	923	O. M. Marsh.....	1100

Superintendent of Schools.

Perry Fuller (Dem.).....	405	S. W. Greer (F. S.).....	436
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SECOND DISTRICT—ATCHISON—*Three Members.*

John B. Irvin.....	492	S. J. H. Snyder.....	422
H. Weider.....	534	D. McIntyre.....	460
L. Dickerson.....	562	A. D. Richardson.....	369

Superintendent of Schools.

S. W. Greer.....	429
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THIRD DISTRICT—DONIPHAN—*Five Members.*

Ward L. Lewis.....	243	John F. Sparks.....	271
Robert Graham.....	236	Benjamin Wrigley.....	272
A. Larzelere.....	259	Joseph Penny.....	278
A. J. Allison.....	237	J. W. Shepherd.....	275
Thomas Stevenson.....	242	Wm. C. Croft.....	255

Iowa, Washington, and Wolf River townships not counted in the official abstract.

Superintendent of Schools.

John Bayless.....	211	— Hill.....	194	S. W. Greer.....	37
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FOURTH AND FIFTH DISTRICTS—BROWN AND NEMAHA.

George Graham.....	129	H. Sutherland.....	28
H. H. Patterson.....	73	Lloyd P. Ashby.....	2

SIXTH DISTRICT—MARSHALL.

Thrown out; "voted by ballot, contrary to law."

SEVENTH DISTRICT—JEFFERSON—*Two Members.*

Henry Owens.....	212	Edward Lynde.....	231
Franklin Finch.....	279	Daniel W. Guernsey.....	229
H. G. Turner.....	97		

Superintendent of Schools.

S. W. Greer.....	17	Perry Fuller.....	8
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EIGHTH DISTRICT—CALHOUN—*One Member.*

Golden Silvers.....	163	Martin Anderson.....	104
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Superintendent of Schools.

S. W. Greer.....			107
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NINTH DISTRICT—RILEY AND POTTAWATOMIE—*Two Members.*

Abram Barry.....	133	Thomas R. Points.....	231	Daniel L. Chandler.....	98
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Superintendent of Schools.

J. H. Noteware.....	120	Isaac T. Goodnow.....	92
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TENTH DISTRICT—DOUGLAS AND JOHNSON—*Eight Members.*

Robert Morrow.....	1342	David Martin.....	443
C. H. Branscomb.....	1311	P. H. Townsend.....	986
Levi Woodard.....	1357	A. Curtiss.....	915
F. F. Bruner.....	421	H. J. Caniff.....	976
P. H. Berkaw.....	437	John Lockhart.....	1015
Samuel T. Shore.....	417	J. E. Corliss.....	227
J. B. Hovey.....	1296		

Superintendent of Schools.

S. W. Greer.....	1103	Perry Fuller.....	130	W. F. M. Arny.....	6
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ELEVENTH DISTRICT—SHAWNEE—*One Member.*

George B. Holmes.....	311	A. L. Winans.....	258
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Superintendent of Schools.

S. W. Greer.....	347	W. F. M. Arny.....	89	Perry Fuller.....	4
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TWELFTH TO SIXTEENTH DISTRICTS—RICHARDSON, DAVIS, WISE, BRECKINRIDGE, WEL-
LER, MADISON, BUTLER, HUNTER, GREENWOOD, BOURBON, GODFREY, WILSON, DORN,
MCGEE, WOODSON, COFFEY, ALLEN, ANDERSON, AND FRANKLIN.

L. D. Bailey.....	898	A. G. Osborn.....	64
T. R. Roberts.....	975	J. B. Scott.....	45
William Spriggs.....	1090	William B. Marshall.....	35
A. L. Dunn.....	233		

Superintendent of Schools.

W. F. M. Arny.....	283	S. W. Greer.....	49
J. H. Noteware.....	61	Perry Fuller.....	1

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT—LINN—*Two Members.*

A. Danford.....	344	A. Curtiss.....	146
R. B. Mitchell.....	323	Robert Ewing.....	129

Superintendent of Schools.

S. W. Greer.....	170	W. F. M. Arny.....	141
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EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT—LYKINS—*Two Members.*

M. F. Holaday.....	363	Samuel H. Houser.....	231
Abram Ellis.....	273	William Walters.....	208

Superintendent of Schools.

S. W. Greer.....	161	J. H. Noteware.....	22	W. F. M. Arny.....	1
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OCTOBER.—Arapahoe county, covering the Pike's Peak region, is or-
ganized by Gov. Denver, and officers appointed.

OCTOBER 10.—On the resignation of Gov. Denver, Secretary Hugh S. Walsh becomes Acting Governor.

OCTOBER 25.—Wm. H. Seward makes a speech at Rochester, New York, in which he says:

“Shall I tell you what this collision means? They who think it is accidental, unnecessary, the work of interested or fanatical agitators, and therefore ephemeral, mistake the case altogether. It is an irrepressible conflict between opposing and enduring forces, and it means that the United States must and will, sooner or later, become either entirely a slaveholding nation, or entirely a free-labor nation. . . . It is the failure to comprehend this great truth that induces so many unsuccessful attempts at final compromise between the Slave and Free States, and it is the existence of this great fact that renders all such pretended compromises, when made, vain and ephemeral. Startling as this saying may appear to you, fellow-citizens, it is by no means an original or even a modern one.”

NOVEMBER 9.—Gov. Denver issues a parting address to the people.

NOVEMBER 10.—A letter from Osage, in the Leavenworth Journal, says: “Geo. W. Clarke, a pet in the Land Office at Fort Scott, was the real cause of all the troubles in that region, and a company of dragoons had to be stationed there to protect him from the merited vengeance of an outraged people.” He says Clarke “in the summer of 1856, plundered, robbed and burned out of house and home nearly every Free-State settler in Linn county, while his hands were steeped in innocent blood, and the light of burning buildings marked his course.”

NOVEMBER 12.—Capt. James Montgomery learns that he has been indicted for destroying the ballot-box at Sugar Mound, on the 4th of January.

—On the three following days and nights several persons in Linn county are jayhawked, and the crimes are charged to Montgomery's band.

NOVEMBER 16.—The houses of Poyner and Lemon, near Fort Scott, are robbed. Ben. Rice, indicted for the murder of Travis, is arrested and lodged in the Fort Scott jail.

NOVEMBER 19.—Samuel Medary appointed Governor.

NOVEMBER 20.—Jeremiah S. Black, U. S. Attorney General, decides that the Legislature had no right to take the seat of Government away from Lecompton.

NOVEMBER 23.—Hugh S. Walsh, Acting Governor, says: “The notorious James Montgomery, encouraged by the support of a leading Republican press in the Territory, has recommenced his system of marauding and plundering in the county of Linn.”

NOVEMBER 25.—Democratic Territorial Convention at Leavenworth. Called to order by Col. Dickey, of Topeka. President, Joel K. Goodin. Vice Presidents, M. C. Dickey, A. J. Isacks, E. S. Dennis, H. P. Petriken, W. H. Gill, Daniel Killen, W. P. Badger, W. P. Campbell, James Garvin, Jeremiah Murphy, Isaac E. Eaton, John H. McDowell, H. Miles Moore, James Christian. Secretaries, Cyrus L. Gorton, R. D. Campbell, S. W. Driggs, Lucien J. Eastin, Frank F. Barclay, C. H. McLaughlin.

Cyrus F. Currier and Alson C. Davis conducted the President to the chair. John A. Halderman, R. N. Sherwood, Saunders W. Johnston, A. C. Davis, S. K. Huson, Dr. James Davis, H. B. Denman and F. F. Bruner reported the following resolutions:

"Whereas, The causes which have hitherto divided and estranged the people of Kansas no longer exist; and

"Whereas, The members of this Convention, animated by a sincere devotion to the Constitution and the Union, the rights of the States, and the sovereign and the reserved rights of the people, and being profoundly impressed with the importance and necessity of a political organization which shall embody and render effective these sentiments, we do hereby agree to unite and be known as the Democratic party of Kansas: and as such,

"Resolved, That we affirm our abiding faith and confidence in the principles of the Democratic party, as enunciated in the Cincinnati platform.

"2. That the people of this Territory are indebted to the Democratic party for the passage of the Kansas-Nebraska act, which opened this magnificent domain to settlement, and recognized their sovereign right and their capacity to form and regulate their institutions in their own way.

"3. That we repudiate the dogma of the Republican party, 'that Congress has sovereign power over the Territories of the United States for their government,' as a denial of the right and capacity of the people to govern themselves, and declare our devotion to the principles of popular sovereignty, and our hostility to Congressional despotism.

"4. That great danger is to be apprehended from the negro-equality tendencies of the Republican party, as manifested in their conventions; and inasmuch as the slavery question is settled beyond the possibility of further controversy, we hereby declare in favor of the entire exclusion of free negroes from the future State of Kansas.

"5. That in view of the many hardships to which settlers upon public lands are subjected, and the enhanced value which they confer upon the lands held by Government, we would most respectfully but urgently press upon Congress the justice and propriety of selling a quarter-section of land to every actual settler who shall remain upon and improve the land for three consecutive years, at the actual cost of survey, and issuing a patent, and that all public lands in this Territory be withdrawn from the market for three years, and left open to preëmptors.

"6. That we most respectfully but earnestly urge upon the General Government the necessity of immediately extinguishing the Indian title to the Reservations within this Territory, and opening the same for settlement under the preëmption law.

"7. That we confidently appeal to the justice and liberality of the General Government in behalf of public improvements in this Territory, and urge that a generous grant of the public lands, and liberal appropriations, be made in aid of railroads, wagon-roads, bridges, and all necessary Territorial and county buildings.

"8. That our rich mineral resources deserve the fostering care of the Government, and that we urge a wise and liberal legislation in aid of the development especially of the iron, copper, lead and gold fields of the Territory.

"9. That in addition to the lands already set apart for school purposes, we claim from the Government such additional grants as will make good the loss from Indian Reservations and preëmptions before surveys were made; and also ample endowments for a male and female university; and that we respectfully urge the propriety of perfecting the title to the Territory, that the people therein may immediately enjoy the benefits arising from such grant.

"10. That the Democracy of Kansas are in favor of the establishment and liberal endowment of free schools for the education of the children of the Territory.

"11. That indemnity for all losses sustained in the past political troubles in Kansas, should be fully and promptly made by the General Government, and that a commission should be immediately appointed to ascertain and adjust them.

"12. That we demand of the Legislative Assembly of this Territory the immediate revision of the present Representative apportionment, so that the people may be fully and fairly represented in that body."

Among those who took part in the Convention were Samuel A. Stinson, O. B. Holman, P. T. Colby, and Judge George W. Purkins.

NOVEMBER 27.—There are now twenty newspapers in the Territory. Lawrence has 2; Leecompton, 1; Topeka, 1; Emporia, 1; Junction City, 1; Wyandotte, 2; Leavenworth, 5; Atchison, 2; Palermo, 1; Troy, 1; White Cloud, 1; Elwood, 1; Fort Scott, 1.

DECEMBER 1.—Samuel Medary takes the oath of office as Governor, before Chief Justice Taney, at Washington. The oath recorded at Leecompton December 18th.

—A meeting of citizens of Bourbon county held at Ray's mill. W. R. Griffith, President; J. E. Jones, Secretary. They repudiate violence and lawlessness, and pledge themselves to bring the guilty to punishment. A motion to go to Fort Scott and release Ben. Rice was withdrawn.

DECEMBER 11.—Poles for the telegraph are up as far as Leavenworth, via Jefferson and Kansas Cities.

DECEMBER 16.—Captain Montgomery, with sixty-eight men, enters Fort Scott and releases Benjamin Rice, a Free-State prisoner and Jayhawker. J. H. Little, who had fired on Montgomery's men, was killed, and his store jayhawked.

DECEMBER 17.—Gov. Medary arrives at Leecompton. He was born in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, February 15, 1801; died in Columbus, Ohio, November 7, 1864.

DECEMBER 20.—John Brown and his men go into Missouri and liberate fourteen slaves. The Governor of Missouri offers a reward of \$3,000, and President Buchanan \$250, for the arrest of Brown. Brown goes north through Kansas with his negroes. At Holton an attempt by men from Atchison to capture him ends in a failure. The retreat of the Pro-Slavery men is called "The Battle of the Spurs."

—The next Legislature passed an amnesty act for "criminal offenses growing out of any political difference of opinion."

DECEMBER 28.—Gov. Medary informs President Buchanan and the commanding officers at Forts Leavenworth and Riley of the disturbances created by Montgomery in Bourbon, Linn and Lykins counties, and asks for military assistance.

—Sentinel started, at Junction City; Benj. H. Keyser, editor; Geo. W. Kingsbury, printer. Soon after, the Statesman appeared, published by Kingsbury and W.S. Blakely. This was succeeded by the Kansas Statesman, by Samuel A. Medary.

DECEMBER 31.—Gov. Robt. M. Stewart, of Missouri, telegraphs that he will aid the Governor of Kansas.

DECEMBER 31.—A book published with the following title: "Kansas in Eighteen Fifty-eight: Being chiefly a history of the Recent Troubles in the Territory. By William P. Tomlinson. 'Kansas, sir, is the Cinderella of the American family. She is buffeted; she is insulted; she is

mitten and disgraced: she is turned out of the dwelling, and the doors locked against her. There is always, however, a fairy that takes care of the younger daughter, if she be the most honest, the most virtuous, the meekest, and the most enduring of the domestic household.'—Speech of Wm. H. Seward in the U. S. Senate, 1858. New York: H. Dayton. Publisher. 1859." The book is dedicated to Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, "the unwavering friend of Kansas." It contains 304 pages. Mr. Tomlinson spent the summer of 1858 in Linn and Bourbon counties, riding with Montgomery and associating with the Free-State men. His book is a defense of the course pursued by the Free-State men in the Southeast, and a grateful tribute to James Montgomery. It reads like a romance, and will grow more attractive as the years go by. There are no bad Free-State men in it, and no good Pro-Slavery men. The writer lived on an Indian pony, and was fascinated with the scenery, the climate, the men and the life he found on the border—as hundreds of other young men were in those days. The following sketch of Montgomery is compiled from its pages. He was born in Ohio, in 1813; while a child, his parents removed to Kentucky. He joined the Campbellite church, and became a preacher. In 1854, Montgomery moved to Missouri, and came into Kansas soon after it was opened for settlement. He settled in Linn county, at the head of Little Sugar creek, a branch of the Marais des Cygnes. He was a leading Free-State man from the beginning. In 1856 the Pro-Slavery General Clarke sent a squad of Ruffians to Montgomery's house to arrest him; Montgomery was absent; his house was burned. Many attempts were made to arrest Montgomery, but they failed. Linn was a Pro-Slavery county. The Pro-Slavery leaders inaugurated the bushwhacking policy; they plundered and drove from their homes Free-State men. Montgomery made no attempt to retaliate until 1857, when he formed the "Self-Protective Company," and took the field. He warned the leading Pro-Slavery men of the county to leave the Territory. They obeyed, peace followed, and Montgomery returned to his home.

In December, 1857, the Free-State settlers on the Little Osage river, in Bourbon county, sent for Montgomery. In the summer of 1856, General Clarke drove off the Free-State settlers on that river. In 1857, many of these men came back and attempted to recover their homes. The Pro-Slavery county officers issued writs for the arrest of these robbed and plundered Free-State men, many of whom had been indicted. They retaliated by organizing a Free-State "Squatter Court," in opposition to the U. S. Court of Judge Joe Williams, at Fort Scott. Pro-Slavery men were brought before this court, and compelled to restore the claims and stock stolen from Free-State settlers. On the 16th of December, 1857, Deputy U. S. Marshal Little, of Fort Scott, with a formidable posse, attempted to capture the Squatter Court. A fight ensued; one of Little's men was killed, two badly wounded, and several horses shot; and Little retired, with his writs in his pocket, and no prisoners. Montgomery then warned and drove off the Pro-Slavery men who

occupied Free-State claims, on the Little Osage and the Marmaton, and retired to Raysville, in Bourbon county. Six Free-State men arrested by Little were imprisoned in Fort Scott; after some weeks of imprisonment, all but one, Beason, escaped.

On the 4th of January, 1858, Montgomery destroyed a ballot-box, at Sugar Mound, Linn county. He was opposed to voting for State officers under the Lecompton Constitution, and the box he destroyed was the one containing those ballots.

The troubles on the Little Osage led Governor Denver to order a company of dragoons to Fort Scott. This encouraged the Ruffians to revive their old policy. On the night of the 27th of March, 1858, they made a raid on the Little Osage. Mr. Denton, a Free-State man, was assassinated. He lived two hours, and charged the crime to Brockett and Hardwick. The house of Mr. Davis was then visited, fired into, and Davis slightly wounded. The next victim was Mr. Hedrick, who was instantly killed while standing in the doorway of his own house.

Soon after this, Montgomery, with eight men, crossed the Marmaton, near Fort Scott, in pursuit of horse-thieves. His presence soon became known, and Captain Anderson, of the regular army, took some thirty of his dragoons, and went out to arrest the irregulars. There was a chase over the prairie. Montgomery halted at a deep ravine on Yellow Paint creek. It could only be approached in front. His men threw themselves from their horses, and formed in line. Three times Anderson was ordered to halt. He continued to advance, and was fired upon. The regulars fired once, wheeled and fled. One dragoon was killed, one mortally wounded; Anderson was wounded, and his horse shot under him. One Free-State man was slightly wounded. This was the first and only time that the Free-State men resisted and fired upon United States troops.

The murderers arrested by Samuel Walker, at Fort Scott, having been released, Montgomery decided on striking a blow on that Pro-Slavery stronghold, "to convince the citizens that unless there was a change, their town must fall." On the night of June 6th, he left his headquarters on the Marmaton, and took up the march for Fort Scott. Attempts were made to fire the Fort and the Pro-Slavery Hotel, but they failed. Citizens came out to extinguish the fires, "but scarcely had they collected before a fire was opened upon them by the men of Montgomery." One dwelling-house "received several bullets," and another "was completely riddled with balls." Had the town been burned, history would have classed this raid with Quantrill's at Lawrence, in 1863. Montgomery retreated with his men to the Big Bend of the Marmaton, five miles off, awaiting an attack at daylight. None was made.

Gov. Denver left Lawrence June 9th, with Gov. Charles Robinson, Judge John Wright, A. D. Richardson, Lewis N. Tappan, Edmund Babb and others, for Fort Scott. Montgomery joined the party at Moneka,

Linn county. At Raysville, Bourbon county, Gov. Denver made a speech. His terms of peace are thus reported by Tomlinson:

1. The withdrawal of United States troops from Fort Scott.
2. The election of new county officers in Bourbon county.
3. The stationing of troops along the Missouri frontier, to protect the settlers of the Territory from invasion.
4. The suspension of the execution of all old writs until their legitimacy is authenticated before the proper tribunal.
5. The abandonment of the field by Montgomery and his men, and all other parties of armed men, whether Free-State or Pro-Slavery.

Montgomery immediately accepted these terms.

At Fort Scott Gov. Denver made a speech, and presented the same terms. The Pro-Slavery men were dissatisfied. Judge Wright, a Free-State man, followed Gov. Denver; his statements were disputed by ex-Gov. Ransom, and a bloody collision was nearly provoked. Gov. Denver left Fort Scott June 16th. Montgomery disbanded his men, the troops left Fort Scott, and Capt. Weaver was stationed at the Trading Post with a company of soldiers to protect the border.

Mr. Tomlinson thus describes Montgomery's residence.

"A rude log building, not exceeding ten by twelve in dimensions, situated on a gentle elevation; the height of the structure not over eight feet; the whole covered with a rough shed roof of split strips of oak."

The following portrait of Montgomery is copied from a letter published in the New York Evening Post, in 1858:

"In conversation he talks mildly, in a calm, even voice, using the language of a cultivated, educated gentleman. His antecedents are unexceptionable; he was always a Free-State man, although coming from a Slave State, where he was noted as a good citizen, and for his mild, even temperament. In his daily conduct he maintains the same character now; but when in action, and under fire, he displays a daring fearlessness, untiring perseverance, and an indomitable energy that has given him the leadership in this border warfare. His discretion, courage, and acknowledged ability, have gained him what he will continue to receive—the confidence and support of the southern tier of counties. Montgomery's enrolled company numbers from four to five hundred men, all of whom are old residents of the Territory, and are, consequently, familiar with the peculiar mode of fighting pursued by the Border Ruffians. Some of them are desperate men, and could their histories be told, you would not wonder that they followed their Border-Ruffian persecutors to the bitter end. There are two boys in that company whose dying father charged them to avenge his cowardly murder. Five bullets pierced his body as he stepped from the door-sill to extend the hospitalities of his cabin to his murderers. Others have been robbed at home, or on the highways, and not one of them but what has suffered some outrage or indignity from those villains headed by Brackett, Hamilton, Clarke, and Titus. Notwithstanding every incentive to retaliate actuates these men to demand blood for blood, yet Montgomery is able to control and direct them. He truly tempers justice with mercy, and he has always protected women and children from harm, and has never shed blood except in conflict, or in self-defense. Such is the portrait of the Kansas Hero—James Montgomery."

1859.

JANUARY 3.—The following letter, "John Brown's Parallels," is published in the Lawrence Republican:

TRADING POST, KANSAS, January 3d, 1859.

GENTLEMEN: You will greatly oblige a humble friend by allowing the use of your columns while I briefly state two parallels in my poor way.

Not one year ago eleven quiet citizens of this neighborhood—William Robertson, William Copetzer, Amos Hall, Austin Hall, John Campbell, Asa Snyder, Thomas Stillwell, William Hairgrove, Asa Hairgrove, Patrick Ross, and B. L. Reed—were gathered up from their work and their homes by an armed force, under one Hamilton, and without trial or opportunity to speak in their own defense, were formed into line, and all but one shot—five killed and five wounded. One fell unharmed, pretending to be dead. All were left for dead. The only crime charged against them was that of being Free-State men. Now I inquire what action has ever, since the occurrence in May last, been taken by either the President of the United States, the Governor of Missouri, the Governor of Kansas, or any of their tools, or by any Pro-Slavery or Administration men, to ferret out and punish the perpetrators of this crime?

Now for the other parallel. On Sunday, December 16, a negro man called Jim came over to the Osage Settlement, from Missouri, and stated that he, together with his wife, two children, and another negro man, was to be sold within a day or two, and begged for help to get away. On Monday (the following) night, two small companies were made up to go to Missouri to forcibly liberate the five slaves, together with other slaves. One of these companies I assumed to direct. We proceeded to the place, surrounded the buildings, liberated the slaves, and also took certain property supposed to belong to the estate. We however learned, before leaving, that a portion of the articles we had taken belonged to a man living on the plantation as a tenant, and who was supposed to have no interest in the estate. We promptly returned to him all we had taken. We then went to another plantation, where we found five more slaves, took some property and two white men. We moved all slowly away into the Territory for some distance, and then sent the white men back, telling them to follow us as soon as they chose to do so. The other company freed one female slave, took some property, and, as I am informed, killed one white man (the master), who fought against the liberation.

Now for a comparison. Eleven persons are forcibly restored to their natural inalienable rights, with but one man killed, and all "hell is stirred from beneath." It is currently reported that the Governor of Missouri has made a requisition upon the Governor of Kansas for the delivery of all such as were concerned in the last-named "dreadful outrage." The Marshal of Kansas is said to be collecting a *posse* of Missouri (not Kansas) men at West Point, Missouri, a little town about ten miles distant, to "enforce the laws." All Pro-Slavery, Conservative Free-State, and dough-face men, and Administration tools, are filled with horror.

Consider the two cases, and the action of the Administration party.

Respectfully yours,

JOHN BROWN.

JANUARY 3.—Meeting of the Territorial Legislature, at Leocompton.

Members of the Council: Lyman Allen, Robert Crozier, Luther D. Challis, Edwin S. Nash, David Sibbet, Cyrus K. Holliday, Benjamin Harding, Andrew J. Mead, A. G. Patrick, Joseph P. Root, Carmi W. Babcock, John Wright, and O. E. Learnard.

Officers of the Council: President, C. W. Babcock; Vice President, C. K. Holliday; Secretary, A. Smith Devenney; Sergeant-at-Arms, P. Wiley; Doorkeeper, Asaph Allen; Assistant Secretary, G. A. Colton; Docket Clerk, E. P. Heberton. Message from Governor Medary. It is a calm and unobjectionable paper.

Members of the House: First District, William Y. Roberts, John W. Wright, Lyman Scott, A. M. Clark, J. L. McDowell, James Medill and O. M. Marsh, of Leavenworth county; Second, Luther Dickerson, Harrison Weider and J. B. Irvin, of Atchison county; Third, A. Larzelere, Ward L. Lewis, A. J. Allison and Thomas Stevenson, of Doniphan county; Fourth and Fifth, George Graham, of Nemaha county; Sixth, T. S. Vaile, of Marshall county; Seventh, Franklin Finch and Edward Lynde, of Jefferson county; Eighth, Golden Silvers, of Calhoun county; Ninth,

Abram Barry, of Riley county; Tenth, Robert Morrow, Charles H. Branscomb, P. H. Townsend, Levi Woodard, H. J. Canniff and A. Curtiss, of Douglas county, and John Lockhart, of Johnson county; Eleventh, George B. Holmes, of Shawnee county; Twelfth and Thirteenth, William Spriggs, of Anderson county; Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth, L. D. Bailey, of Breckinridge county; Fourteenth, Fifteenth and Sixteenth, T. R. Roberts, of Bourbon county; Seventeenth, R. B. Mitchell and A. Danford, of Linn county; Eighteenth, M. F. Holaday and William Walters, of Lykins county. John B. Irvin was elected Speaker *pro tem.*, and Charles H. Branscomb Clerk *pro tem.*

Officers of the House: Speaker, A. Larzelere; Chief Clerk, Byron P. Ayres; Assistant Clerk, P. P. Elder; Sergeant-at-Arms, Geo. F. Warren; Doorkeeper, Geo. W. Smith jr.; Journal Clerk, A. D. Richardson; Chaplain, Rev. E. Nute; Engrossing Clerk, A. C. Soley; Docket Clerk, John M. Funk; Enrolling Clerk, S. C. Smith.

Governor Medary transmits the report of H. J. Strickler, Commissioner to audit claims for losses during the troubles. The claims presented to the Commissioner amounted to \$301,225.11; amount awarded, \$254,279.28. They have been sent to Congress, and referred to the Committee on Claims. The Comptroller estimates the taxable property of the Territory at \$25,000,000. In the Delaware Land District (Kickapoo Land Office), 1,196,129.19 acres of land have been sold; at the Lecompton Land Office, 1,095,313.09. The town-site property sold in trust for the Delaware Indians amounted to \$28,612.25. The Legislature is asked to give its attention to the serious disturbances in Bourbon and Linn counties.

JANUARY 4.—Legislature adjourns to Lawrence.

JANUARY 6.—The Leavenworth Constitution is submitted to the U. S. Senate, with a petition asking the admission of Kansas under it. No action is taken.

JANUARY 7.—Legislature meets at Lawrence. Rev. Charles Reynolds elected Chaplain of the Council. J. J. Ingalls elected Engrossing Clerk.

—Sheriff Samuel Walker reports the disturbances in Linn and Bourbon counties, caused by John Brown and James Montgomery. He says Montgomery will cease fighting if the Pro-Slavery men he had run out will stay out, and his men are not punished for their recent acts.

—Gov. Stewart sends a Special Message to the Missouri Legislature on the invasion of southwest Missouri by Kansans.

JANUARY 8.—Capt. W. S. Walker, U. S. A., is ordered to Fort Scott. Capt. A. I. Weaver is ordered by Gov. Medary to enroll a company of men.

JANUARY 9.—T. Dwight Thacher is elected Public Printer, receiving 24 votes, to 11 for P. B. Plumb. The Secretary of the Territory continued to control the printing; he authorized it to be done by Joel K. Goodin, who employed Geo. W. Brown to do the work.

JANUARY 10.—P. T. Colby, of Quindaro, appointed United States Marshal.

JANUARY 11.—Message from Gov. Medary to the House, in regard to the difficulties in Linn and Bourbon counties. It gives an account of Montgomery's raid on Fort Scott, Dec. 16th, the killing of J. H. Little, release of Benj. Rice, the pillaging of the Fort Scott Hotel and Little's store, and the stealing of fifteen negroes by Capt. Brown. One statement made to him is this: "Good citizens, that formerly sustained those men, begged to have something done to stop the 'Jay-hawking,' as they termed it, or their counties would be depopulated."

"Montgomery was asked 'if no means could be devised by which he could be induced to desist driving men out of the Territory for opinion's sake?' His reply was, 'that if the Governor would give it to him, in black and white, that none of his men should be arrested for anything that had been done; and that the Pro-Slavery men that he had run out should stay out; and that Sheriff Bull should be removed, and Mr. Moore appointed in his stead—then they would stop, and that he would assist the officers to enforce the laws: if not, he would fight it out.'

"Capt. Brown was fortifying himself on Sugar creek, some twelve miles from the State line. He says he will resist any officers sent to take him."

The Secretary of the Interior authorizes Gov. Medary "to offer a reward of \$250 each, for the apprehension of Capts. Montgomery and Brown." The message is referred to a special committee. That committee reported that it would sustain the Governor in all legal measures to restore peace.

JANUARY 12.—The Legislature elects Wm. McKay, Ed. S. Lowman and James McCahon Codifying Commissioners.

JANUARY 12.—Capt. Walker, U. S. A., on orders from Washington, is commanded to return.

JANUARY 13.—Charley Fisher, an alleged fugitive slave, kidnapped in Leavenworth by Deputy U. S. Marshal Frank Campbell and Frank Harrison, who break into the Planters' House, over the opposition of Leonard T. Smith, its proprietor.

JANUARY 15.—The report of H. J. Strickler, Commissioner for Auditing Claims, is published in the House Journal, pp. 83 to 96.

JANUARY 16.—Ep. Ransom and 116 citizens of Fort Scott petition the Governor to establish martial law in Linn, Bourbon, Allen, and Anderson counties.

JANUARY 16.—Colonel Sumner returns to the command of Fort Leavenworth.

JANUARY 19.—Captain James Montgomery boldly appears in Lawrence, confronts the Governor, and makes a speech in the Congregational Church, defending his course in Linn and Bourbon counties.

JANUARY 21.—Governor Medary writes to Secretary Cass that he has received his commission, dated December 22, 1858.

JANUARY 24.—Charley Fisher, the fugitive slave, is rescued by Free-State men, at Leavenworth. Lewis Ledyard Weld, D. R. Anthony, Champion Vaughan, George W. Gardiner, David H. Bailey, Robert W. Hamer and other Republicans were engaged in giving Fisher his freedom. In Leavenworth, Fisher was a barber. In Mississippi, after

the war, he became a State Senator. One of the cases arising out of this rescue is reported in MaCahon's Reports.

JANUARY 25.—Dr. John Doy and Charles Doy, his son, with thirteen Missouri slaves, arrested in Kansas, are taken to Weston, Mo., and placed in the Platte county jail.

JANUARY 25.—The telegraph is completed to Leavenworth, via Wyandotte.

JANUARY 31.—Governor Medary writes the following letter to Colonel E. V. Sumner:

"You will furnish Deputy Marshal Colby, the bearer of this, with such military forces as he may think necessary to secure Captain Brown, who is now in Calhoun county, K. T., on his way to Nebraska and Iowa."

FEBRUARY 10.—Kansas Medical Society incorporated by the Legislature. S. B. Prentiss is elected President, and J. B. Woodward, Secretary.

FEBRUARY 11.—The name of Weller county changed to Osage. The first meeting of the Commissioners was held April 27. M. M. Murdock established the Chronicle September 26, 1863.

—The name of Calhoun county changed to Jackson.

—Chase county established by the Legislature. It is created out of Wise and Butler counties, and named for Salmon P. Chase. Samuel N. Wood started the Press, May 30th.

—The name of Richardson county changed to Wabaunsee, the name of a Pottawatomie chief.

—The name of Wise county is changed to Morris, in honor of Thomas Morris, United States Senator from Ohio, and an opponent of Slavery.

FEBRUARY 11.—Governor Medary appoints H. J. Strickler, Auditor, and Robert B. Mitchell, Treasurer. Legislature adjourns.

FEBRUARY 11.—An act was passed, to authorize the Governor to employ counsel to defend Dr. John Doy; (Wilson Shannon and A. C. Davis defended him, for freeing slaves); an act apportioning the Legislature; providing for Territorial Auditor and Treasurer; for the adjustment of claims; acts establishing codes of civil and criminal procedure; an act granting amnesty for political offenses; for the formation of a Constitution and State Government; defining judicial districts; organizing the counties of Wyandotte and Butler, and repealing the Bogus Laws. A joint resolution was passed, requesting Congress to attach to Kansas that portion of Nebraska south of the Platte river. A bill abolishing and prohibiting Slavery was not signed by Governor Medary. At midnight, when the session closed, a bonfire was made, and copies of the Bogus Statutes, the laws of 1855, burned.

The Executive Committee, under the University law, consists of C. E. Miner, T. Dwight Thacher, Wm. Bishop, Chas. Reynolds, G. W. Hutchinson, Chas. H. Branscomb, James Blood, and Robert Morrow.

Six counties were authorized to issue bonds. The general laws fill 720 pages. There are 233 pages of special laws. The Atchison & Pike's Peak R. R. Co. is incorporated; a University at Lawrence, the

cities of Baldwin City, Elwood, Eudora, Wyandotte, Quindaro, White Cloud, and others; and the towns of Grasshopper Falls, Highland, Council Grove, Garnett, Junction City, Salina, Wabaunsee, and others.

The Atchison & Topeka R. R. Co. to build a road "in the direction of Santa Fé," incorporated.

FEBRUARY 23.—Celebration at St. Joseph, Mo., of the opening of the Hannibal & St. Joseph Railroad.

MARCH 7.—Governor Medary issues a proclamation, calling an election for or against holding a Constitutional Convention.

MARCH.—Samuel Stover, of Wyandotte, appointed Agent of the Delaware Indians, *vice* B. F. Robinson.

—John Pettit, of Indiana, confirmed as Chief Justice of Kansas.

MARCH 24.—Trial of John Doy at St. Joseph. The jury does not agree.

MARCH 28.—Election for or against a Constitutional Convention.

APRIL 2.—John Pettit takes the oath as Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, at Leavenworth, before Samuel D. Lecompte.

APRIL 8.—Governor R. M. Stewart, of Missouri, writes to Governor Medary that he has sent Adjutant General G. A. Parsons to Cass, Bates, and Vernon counties, Mo., to protect the Missouri border from marauding incursions.

APRIL 14.—Governor Medary writes to Governor Stewart that he does not think there is any trouble on this side of the line.

APRIL 16.—Governor Medary in a proclamation declares the following to be the result of the election held March 28—the first of the elections under the Wyandotte Constitution movement:

<i>Counties.</i>	<i>For a Con- stitution...</i>	<i>Against a Constitution</i>	<i>Total.....</i>
Anderson.....	176	7	183
Atchison.....	308	32	340
Bourbon.....	333	47	380
Breckinridge.....	313	16	329
Butler.....	15	2	17
Coffey.....	184	134	318
Doniphan.....	343	192	535
Douglas.....	405	164	569
Franklin.....	92	1	93
Jackson.....	107	47	154
Jefferson.....	219	202	421
Johnson.....	301	65	366
Leavenworth.....	989	272	1,261
Linn.....	341	6	347
Morris.....	63	14	78
Nemaha.....	120	39	159
Pottawatomie.....	66	29	95
Riley.....	119	54	173
Shawnee.....	359	67	426
Wabaunsee.....	121	.....	121
Wyandotte.....	254	31	285
Woodson.....	77	4	81
Total.....	5,306	1,425	6,731

Majority for a Constitution and State Government, 3,881. There were no returns from the following counties: Allen, Brown, Broderick, Chase, Clay, Davis, Dickinson, Dorn, El Paso, Fremont, Godfrey, Greenwood, Hunter, Lykins, Madison, Marshall, McGee, Montana, Oro, Osage, Washington, and Wilson. The following returns were sent to the Governor instead of to the County Boards, and were not counted:

<i>Townships.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>For</i>	<i>Against</i> ...	<i>Total</i>
Clinton.....	Douglas.....	148	6	154
St. Marysville.....	Lykins.....	19	32	51
Humboldt.....	Allen.....	70	.....	70
Cofachique.....	Allen.....	46	16	62
Walnut.....	Brown.....	23	3	26
Plymouth.....	Brown.....	48	.....	48
Irving.....	Brown.....	55	.....	55
Centropolis.....	Franklin.....	24	12	36
Total.....	.....	433	69	502

APRIL 19.—Gov. Medary calls an election for delegates, and their meeting in convention at Wyandotte.

MAY.—Four steamboats arrive at Lawrence. The Gus Linn went thirty miles up the Smoky Hill river. Col. R. H. Nelson, who was a passenger on the Linn, believed she could have gone with ease 100 miles farther.

MAY 11.—A Democratic Territorial Convention at Tecumseh adopts the following platform:

"Whereas, The members of this Convention have met in pursuance of a call of the Central Committee of the Democratic party of Kansas, and being animated by a sincere devotion to the Constitution of the Union, the rights of the States, and the sovereign and reserved rights of the people; and

"Whereas, The Slavery question is practically settled in favor of a Free State, beyond the possibility of further controversy; and

"Whereas, We recognize no difference between Pro-Slavery and Free-State men as such: therefore, be it

"Resolved, That we affirm our abiding faith and confidence in the principles of the Democratic party, as enunciated by Jefferson, Madison, Jackson, and the founders of our Government, and reënunciated in the Cincinnati platform.

"2. That we affirm the absolute sovereignty of the States of this Union in regard to their domestic institutions, and the perfect compatibility of the confederation of Free and Slave States to exist harmoniously together under the provisions of our Federal Constitution.

"3. That the people of the Territory, according to the true meaning of the Act of Congress known as the 'Kansas-Nebraska Act,' have the sole and exclusive right, in the organization of a State Government, to form and regulate their domestic institutions in their own way, by the will of the majority, fairly and fully expressed at the ballot-box, subject only to the Constitution of the United States.

"4. That non-intervention by Congress with the domestic institutions of the States or Territories is the vital and distinct feature of the Democratic party, and any deviation from that principle, either for or against those institutions, is impolitic, illiberal, and unjust.

"5. That we assert the original and essential inferiority of the negro race, and hereby call upon the Constitutional Convention to prohibit negro and mulatto suffrage, and exclude all free negroes from the future State of Kansas.

"6. That said Convention should submit said Constitution to a direct vote of the people, for ratification or rejection.

"7. That the Democratic party condemns all efforts to array the people of this Union against one another, either on account of locality, birth-place, or religion, but, on the contrary, practices what in theory it professes, that patriotic spirit which united the people of every clime in the great struggle for American independence.

"8. That the registry law passed by a majority of the late Legislature is anti-Democratic, infamous, and contrary to justice.

"9. That the unequal and oppressive tax law passed by a majority of the late Legislature meets with the unqualified disapprobation of the Democratic party.

"10. That the objects of the preëmption law would be better effected by giving a homestead to every *bona fide* settler and cultivator of the public land, without limit as to time; and that we respectfully urge upon the President of the United States the propriety of postponing the public sales of the Government lands in Kansas for at least twelve months."

MAY 12.—A convention held at Big Springs, to reorganize the Free-State party. George W. Smith called the convention to order. Robert Riddle, of Jefferson county, presided; George W. Brown was one of the secretaries. Fred. P. Stanton reported the resolutions. The Free-State party had done its work. This meeting fixes the date of its death.

MAY.—Horace Greeley arrives in Leavenworth. He is visited by the Typographical Union and by prominent citizens. He delivers a lecture.

MAY 17.—A large number of the delegates to the Republican Convention stop for the night at Stanton, where they meet Horace Greeley. A meeting is held at the school house, at which speeches are made by Mr. Greeley, S. C. Pomeroy, T. Dwight Thacher, and others.

MAY 18.—Convention at Osawatomie. Organization of the Republican party in Kansas. The Convention was called to order by T. Dwight Thacher, of Lawrence. Henry Fox, of Shawnee county, was made the Temporary Chairman, and T. D. Thacher, Secretary. *Committee on Credentials*: E. Heath, A. Danford, P. Shepherd, James L. McDowell, John A. Martin, William Spriggs, and A. J. Shannon. *Committee on Permanent Organization*: Branscomb, Fearl, Lawrence, Fletcher, Delahay, McKay, Larzelere, Rapp, Burnett, Pomeroy, Gilpatrick, and Shannon. The Committee reported as follows:

President: Oscar E. Learnard, of Coffey county.

Vice Presidents: Nathan Price, of Doniphan county; Samuel C. Pomeroy, of Atchison; Thomas Ewing jr., of Leavenworth county; Joseph Speck, of Wyandotte county; Erastus Heath, of Douglas county; Henry Fox, of Shawnee county; D. W. Houston, of Anderson county; and E. G. Jewell, of Bourbon county.

Secretaries: Daniel W. Wilder, of Doniphan county; T. Dwight Thacher, of Douglas county; J. F. Cummings, of Shawnee county; and John A. Martin, of Atchison county.

The Convention was then addressed by Horace Greeley. In the course of his speech Mr. Greeley said:

"The able and gallant Lincoln, of Illinois, whom we had hoped to meet and hear to-day, has happily illustrated the Squatter Sovereignty principle thus: 'If A wants to make B a slave, C must not interfere to prevent him.'"

The following is the conclusion of Mr. Greeley's speech.

"Freemen of Kansas! I would inspire you with no unwarranted, no overweening confidence of success in the great struggle directly before us. I have passed the age of illusions, and no longer presume a party or cause destined to triumph merely because I know it should. On the contrary, when I consider how vast are the interests and influences combined to defeat us—the Three Thousand Millions of property in human flesh and blood—the subserviency of Commerce to this great source of custom and profit—the prevalence of ignorance and of selfishness affecting the many Millions prodigally lavished by the wielders of Federal authority—the lust of Office and the prevalence of Corruption—I often regard the struggle of 1860 with less of hope than of apprehension. Yet, when I think of the steady diffusion of intelligence—the manifest antagonism between the Slavery Extensionists and the interests of Free Labor—when I consider how vital and imminent is the necessity for the passage of the Free Land bill—when I feel how the very air of the Nineteenth Century vibrates to the pulsations of the great heart of Humanity, beating higher and higher with aspirations for Universal Freedom, until even barbarous Russia is intent on striking off the shackles of her fettered Millions—I cannot repress the hope that we are on the eve of a grand, beneficent victory. But, whether destined to be waved in triumph over our next great battle-field, or trodden into its mire through our defeat, I entreat you to keep the Republican flag flying in Kansas, so long as one man can anywhere be rallied to defend it. Defile not the glorious dust of the martyred dead, whose freshly-grassed graves lie thickly around us, by trailing that flag in dishonor or folding it in cowardly despair on this soil so lately reddened by their patriotic blood. If it be destined, in the mysterious Providence of God, to go down, let the sunlight which falls lovingly upon their graves catch the last defiant wave of its folds in the free breeze which sweeps over these prairies; let it be burned, not surrendered, when no one remains to uphold it; and let its ashes rest forever with theirs by the banks of the Marais des Cygnes!"

Committee on Platform: A. Larzelere, John A. Martin, Thos. Ewing jr., James McCahon, Chas. F. deVivaldi, W. H. Smythe, C. K. Holliday, T. D. Thacher, D. W. Houston, W. Y. Roberts, A. J. Shannon, T. R. Roberts, Silas Fearl, and Wm. A. Phillips.

Mr. Ewing, Chairman of the Committee, reported the following platform:

"Whereas, Since the organization of the Territory of Kansas, the Democratic party has been in the control of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government; and

"Whereas, It has used those powers, which should have been exerted to foster and sustain, only to oppress our people; violated every principle it claimed to advocate; protected and supported invasions by foreign mobs, which burned our towns, plundered our houses, wasted our sustenance, destroyed our presses, and murdered our people; evinced a total disregard of popular rights and a settled determination to force the institution of negro slavery upon us; attempted to put in execution laws, which, for injustice, cruelty and fraud, have scarcely been paralleled in the history of the most barbarous ages; supported that creature of infamous usurpation, the Leecompton Constitution, by Federal bayonets in Kansas, and by official patronage and Executive corruption at the national capital; made an invidious and disgraceful distinction between Slave and Free Constitutions, by offering us a bribe to enter the Union under the former without a Representative population, and refusing us admission under the latter until we had a population of 93,000; appointed corrupt and obnoxious judicial and executive officers over us, whose partisan sympathies and partial decisions have prevented the administration of justice; and by a long train of abuses, crimes and usurpations proved itself the bitter foe of the people of Kansas and the enemy of popular rights everywhere; and

"Whereas, The Republican party has on all occasions evinced a devotion to popular rights and an attachment to the best interests of the Nation that deserve our approval; and has, by its adherence to the principles of the fathers of the Revolution, and its

earnest support of the cause of Freedom in Kansas, won our approbation and gratitude; and

"Whereas, We believe the time has come for the people of Kansas to take a position and affiliate with a party national in its organization and objects: therefore,

"Resolved, 1. That we, the people of Kansas, in Delegate Convention assembled, do proceed to organize the Republican party, and declare our principles as follows:

"Resolved, 2. That we affirm that the only true basis of Free Governments, and of popular rights, for all countries and times, is to be found in the great self-evident truths enunciated by Thomas Jefferson and the Fathers of the Republic, in the Declaration of Independence.

"Resolved, 3. That while we declare our submission to the Constitution and Laws of the United States, and disclaim all control over Slavery in the States in which it exists, we hold that the Constitution does not carry Slavery into the Territories, but that it is the creature of special enactment, and has existence only where supported by it; and we reprobate and condemn the perversion of the power of the Supreme Court of the United States to sectional demands and party purposes.

"Resolved, 4. That, with the founders of the Republic, we believe that Governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed, and that it is proper that the people of an organized Territory should be permitted to elect their own officers, and enact their own laws, free from Congressional and Executive control.

"Resolved, 5. That Freedom is national, and Slavery sectional, and that we are inflexibly opposed to the extension of Slavery to soil now free.

"Resolved, 6. That we condemn the Administration for its feebleness and impotency in the enforcement of the law prohibiting the importation of African slaves into the United States, and demand such further legislation by Congress as will forever suppress the inhuman traffic.

"Resolved, 7. That the Wyandotte Constitutional Convention be requested to incorporate in the Bill of Rights in the Constitution a provision that neither Slavery nor involuntary servitude shall ever exist in Kansas, except in punishment of crime.

"Resolved, 8. That the passage of a liberal Homestead Bill, giving 160 acres of land to every citizen who will settle upon and improve it, would be a measure just in principle, sound in policy, and productive of the greatest good to the people of the Nation; and that we regard the defeat of Mr. Grow's bill in the Senate, by the Democratic party, as a direct blow at the laboring classes of the country, and as unworthy of the liberality of a great Government.

"Resolved, 9. That the President, in ordering the public lands in this and other Territories to be sold during a season of universal depression, thus impoverishing thousands of our fellow-citizens, has been guilty of an act of injustice without parallel in the history of a free Government, and that the Republicans, for their generous though unsuccessful effort to secure the postponement of the sales, deserve the thanks of the people of Kansas and the West.

"Resolved, 10. That we protest against any action which would put the adopted citizens under greater political disabilities than those imposed by the naturalization laws of the United States.

"Resolved, 11. That the people of the West, the commerce of whose lakes and rivers — in spite of the neglect of Democratic Administrations and Congresses — has grown to be three-fold greater than the whole foreign commerce of the country, will hold, henceforth, the Empire of the Government, and should unite in inaugurating a national policy which will open and improve the rivers and harbors of the country, and highways over the interior of the Continent for the great and growing commerce of the Plains; and that a railroad to the Pacific by the most central and practicable route is imperatively demanded by the interests of the whole country, and the Federal Government ought to render immediate and efficient aid in its construction."

The preamble, and the 1st, 8th, 9th, and last part of the 11th resolutions, were written by John A. Martin; the 7th, by J. F. Cummings; the 2d and 5th, by T. Dwight Thacher; and the 3d, 4th, 6th and 10th, by Thomas Ewing.

The several delegations selected the following Central Territorial Com-

mittee: Jas. Blood, W. W. Lawrence, Douglas county; A. C. Wilder, Wm. Tholen, Leavenworth county; A. Larzelere, Doniphan county; B. Gray, Wyandotte county; H. H. Williams, Lykins county; John Ritchie, Shawnee county; George Graham, Nemaha county; S. D. Houston, Riley county; J. C. Burnett, Bourbon county; S. C. Pomeroy, Atchison county; Wm. A. Phillips, Arapahoe county; John Chip, Johnson county; A. D. Richardson, Mining District. The Committee met, and appointed the following Executive Committee: S. C. Pomeroy, Chairman; A. C. Wilder, Secretary; Jas. Blood, Wm. Tholen, John Ritchie.

MAY 18.—The Leavenworth Herald issues a daily.

MAY.—Horace Greeley writes from Leavenworth to the New York Tribune that "the twin curses of Kansas, now that the Border-Ruffians have stopped ravaging her, are Land Speculators and One-Horse Politicians." The latter, he says, "gravitate irresistibly toward the Sham Democracy, in whose embrace the whole tribe will bring up sooner or later." And where did H. G. go? He thinks Leavenworth has 1,000 houses and 10,000 inhabitants, and Lawrence half as many. In another letter Mr. Greeley says:

"I like Kansas—that is natural Kansas—better than I expected to. The soil is richer and deeper; the timber is more generally diffused; the country more rolling, than I had supposed them. . . . I consider Kansas well watered—no Prairie State better. . . . Springs, streams, creeks, rivers, are quite universal."

In a later letter Mr. Greeley says:

"I did not speak long in Lawrence, for I trust words are not there needed. Her people have had practical illustrations of the great issues which divide the country, and are not likely soon to forget them.

"Of course, her pioneers will die or become dispersed; new men will come in or rise up to fill their places, and 'another king arose who knew not Joseph,' will find its parallel in her future."

In an Overland letter, written on the Plains, Mr. Greeley said:

"I believe I have now descended the ladder of artificial life nearly to its lowest round. If the Cheyennes—thirty of whom stopped the last Express down on the route we must traverse, and tried to beg or steal from it—should see fit to capture and strip us, we should of course have further experience in the same line; but for the present the progress I have made during the last fortnight towards the primitive simplicity of human existence may be roughly noted thus:

"May 12th—Chicago.—Chocolate and morning newspapers last seen on the breakfast table.

"23d—Leavenworth.—Room-bells and baths make their last appearance.

"24th—Topeka.—Beefsteak and washbowls (other than tin) last visible. Barber ditto.

"26th—Manhattan.—Potatoes and eggs last recognized among the blessings that 'brighten as they take their flight.'

"27th—Junction City.—Last visitation of a boot-black, with dissolving views of a broad bedroom. Chairs bid us good-bye.

"28th—Pipe Creek—Benches for seats at meals have disappeared, giving place to bags and boxes. We (two passengers of a scribbling turn) write our letters in the Express wagon that has borne us by day, and must supply us lodgings for the night."

JUNE 4.—Gerrit Smith sends John Brown \$200, and writes: "You live in our hearts, and our prayer to God is that you may have strength to continue in your Kansas work." The Kansas idea is marching on; "Kansas work" means the death of American Slavery.

JUNE 4.—G. O. Chase starts the Atchison Union. It was sold to Adams & Stebbins in the winter of 1861. During the city election, in 1861, the Union and Champion issued dailies, the latter paper's daily edition taking the name of Union Banner.

JUNE 7.—Delegates elected to the Wyandotte Convention; 14,000 votes cast; the Republicans elect 35, the Democrats 17 delegates.

JUNE.—The second trial of Dr. Doy resulted in his conviction, for negro-stealing. He was sentenced to the Penitentiary for five years.

—Five counties in southern Nebraska elected delegates to the Wyandotte Convention. One of the delegates, R. W. Furnas, was Governor of Nebraska in 1873.

JUNE 25.—The Free Press issued, at Elwood, by A. L. Lee and D. W. Wilder. It raises the name of William H. Seward for President, and Abraham Lincoln for Vice President.

JULY 5.—Governor Medary issues a proclamation declaring the vote on the election of delegates to the Wyandotte Convention, as follows:

FIRST DISTRICT—LEAVENWORTH COUNTY—*Ten Delegates.*

Samuel A. Stinson.....	1778	Samuel Hipple.....	1770
Marcus J. Parrott.....	1358	Thomas Ewing jr.....	1328
William Perry.....	1708	Robert Cole Foster.....	1761
Roger F. Kelly.....	1286	Geo. W. Gardiner.....	1304
John P. Slough.....	1773	Adam D. McCune.....	1755
William Engleman.....	1267	Josiah Kellogg.....	1325
Frederic Brown.....	1738	John Wright.....	1731
John E. Gould.....	1288	George Dickinson.....	1288
William C. McDowell.....	1783	Pascal S. Parks.....	1735
Charles G. Foster.....	1298	B. W. Williams.....	1288

SECOND DISTRICT—ATCHISON COUNTY—*Three Delegates.*

Robert Graham.....	433	J. W. Smith.....	332
R. H. Weightman.....	342	John J. Ingalls.....	411
Caleb May.....	411	F. Lombard.....	325

THIRD DISTRICT—DONIPHAN COUNTY—*Five Delegates.*

Robert J. Porter.....	651	V. D. Markham.....	531
Albert L. Lee.....	526	Benjamin Wrigley.....	648
John W. Forman.....	694	E. Fleming.....	514
Franklin Grube.....	540	E. M. Hubbard.....	669
John Stiarwalt.....	684	William Lewis.....	558

FOURTH DISTRICT—BROWN COUNTY—*One Delegate.*

Samuel A. Kingman.....	93	Samuel C. Shields.....	19
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FIFTH DISTRICT—NEMAHA COUNTY—*One Delegate.*

Thomas S. Wright.....	74	C. Bre.....	11
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SIXTH DISTRICT—MARSHALL AND WASHINGTON COUNTIES—*One Delegate.*

J. A. Middleton.....	83	J. D. Brumbaugh.....	63
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SEVENTH DISTRICT—JEFFERSON COUNTY—*One Delegate.*

C. B. McClelland.....	278	Henry Buckmaster.....	249
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EIGHTH DISTRICT—JACKSON COUNTY—*One Delegate.*

Ephraim Moore.....	186	Aaron Foster.....	145
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NINTH DISTRICT—RILEY COUNTY—*One Delegate.*

S. D. Houston.....	104	Amory Hunting.....	34
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TENTH DISTRICT—POTTAWATOMIE COUNTY—*One Delegate.*

Luther R. Palmer.....	73	Uriah Cook.....	69
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ELEVENTH DISTRICT—JOHNSON COUNTY—*Two Delegates.*

J. T. Barton.....	375	John T. Burris.....	318
David Martin.....	346	C. F. Stratton.....	331

TWELFTH DISTRICT—DOUGLAS COUNTY—*Seven Delegates.*

James Blood.....	762	W. T. Spicely.....	313
Charles Willemesen.....	335	N. C. Blood.....	766
Solon O. Thacher.....	763	Thomas Majors.....	328
George A. Reynolds.....	374	P. H. Townsend.....	761
L. R. Williams.....	769	J. L. Brown.....	323
J. Church.....	324	E. Stokes.....	760
William Hutchinson.....	701	R. C. Dix.....	321

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT—SHAWNEE COUNTY—*Three Delegates.*

John P. Greer.....	543	Henry Fox.....	170
John Ritchie.....	335	Hiram D. Preston.....	60
H. D. Preston.....	325	Edward Hoagland.....	171
Jeremiah Murphy.....	50	J. Murphey.....	153

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT—WABAUNSEE, DAVIS, DICKINSON, AND CLAY COUNTIES—*One Delegate.*

Edmund G. Ross.....	152	J. R. McClure.....	105
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FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—LYKINS COUNTY—*Two Delegates.*

Benjamin F. Simpson.....	443	W. P. Dutton.....	431
Harry Torrey.....	311	G. W. Cavert.....	325

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT—FRANKLIN COUNTY—*One Delegate.*

James Hanway.....	217	Joab Toney.....	116
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SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT—OSAGE, BRECKINRIDGE, MORRIS, AND CHASE COUNTIES—*Two Delegates.*

James M. Winchell.....	316	Samuel N. Wood.....	289
William McCullough.....	321	H. J. Espy.....	280

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT—LINN COUNTY—*Two Delegates.*

J. M. Arthur.....	455	Josiah Lamb.....	446
H. M. Dobyns.....	315	J. Farris.....	314

NINETEENTH DISTRICT—ANDERSON COUNTY—*One Delegate.*

James G. Blunt.....	98	W. F. M. Ardy.....	93
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TWENTIETH DISTRICT—COFFEY AND WOODSON COUNTIES—*Two Delegates.*

Allen Crocker.....	222	Hiram Hoover.....	127
Samuel E. Hoffman.....	187	J. D. Carney.....	107

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT—MADISON, HUNTER, BUTLER, GREENWOOD, GODFREY, AND WILSON COUNTIES—*One Delegate.*

Returns from Madison county only.

George H. Lillie.....	49
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TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT—BOURBON, MCGEE AND DORN COUNTIES—*Two Delegates.*

Returns from Bourbon county only.

J. C. Burnett.....	281	W. R. Griffith.....	294
Ezra Gilbert.....	229	Hugh Glenn.....	220

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT—ALLEN COUNTY—*One Delegate.*

J. A. Signor.....	175	C. S. Clark.....	169
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WYANDOTTE COUNTY—VOLUNTARY VOTE.

J. E. Bennett.....	295	J. B. Welborn.....	293
W. Y. Roberts.....	237	Fielding Johnson.....	240

The Democrats elected seventeen delegates: ten from Leavenworth, four from Doniphan, and one each from Jefferson, Jackson, and Johnson. The remaining thirty-five delegates were Free-State men or Republicans.

JULY 5.—Meeting of the Constitutional Convention at Wyandotte.
List of Members:

<i>Names.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>Where born.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Vocation.</i>
J. M. Arthur.....	Linn.....	Centreville.....	Indiana.....	42	Farmer.
Josiah Lamb.....	Linn.....	Mound City.....	Indiana.....	42	Mechanic.
Caleb May.....	Atchison.....	Pardee.....	Kentucky.....	44	Farmer.
S. A. Kingman.....	Brown.....	Hiawatha.....	Mass.....	38	Lawyer.
J. J. Ingalls.....	Atchison.....	Summer.....	Mass.....	24	Lawyer.
John P. Greer.....	Shawnee.....	Topeka.....	Ohio.....	38	Lawyer.
R. L. Williams.....	Douglas.....	Franklin.....	Kentucky.....	42	Merchant.
J. A. Middleton.....	Marshall.....	Nottingham.....	Pennsylv.....	25	Lawyer.
B. F. Simpson.....	Lykins.....	Paola.....	Ohio.....	23	Lawyer.
P. H. Townsend.....	Douglas.....	Rig Springs.....	New Hamp.....	33	Lawyer.
H. D. Preston.....	Shawnee.....	Burlingame.....	New Hamp.....	28	Farmer.
J. C. Burnett.....	Bourbon.....	Mapleton.....	Vermont.....	34	Farmer.
W. R. Griffith.....	Bourbon.....	Marmaton.....	Indiana.....	39	Farmer.
N. C. Blood.....	Douglas.....	Baldwin City.....	Vermont.....	42	Merchant.
T. S. Wright.....	Nemaha.....	Granada.....	Pennsylv.....	50	Lawyer.
G. H. Lillie.....	Madison.....	Emporia.....	Ohio.....	35	Lawyer.
S. E. Hoffman.....	Woodson.....	Neosho.....	Pennsylv.....	25	Lawyer.
A. Crocker.....	Colley.....	Burlington.....	Indiana.....	34	Farmer.
L. R. Palmer.....	Pottawatomie.....	Louisville.....	New York.....	40	Physician.
Jas. G. Blunt.....	Anderson.....	Walker.....	Maine.....	33	Physician.
Jas. Hanway.....	Franklin.....	Shermanville.....	England.....	49	Farmer.
W. Hutehinson.....	Douglas.....	Lawrence.....	Vermont.....	35	Farmer.
Jas. Blood.....	Douglas.....	Lawrence.....	Vermont.....	39	Merchant.
S. O. Thacher.....	Douglas.....	Lawrence.....	New York.....	28	Lawyer.
Ed. Stokes.....	Douglas.....	Clinton.....	Pennsylv.....	35	Manufacturer.
S. D. Houston.....	Riley.....	Manhattan.....	Ohio.....	40	Farmer.
J. P. Slough.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Ohio.....	30	Lawyer.
W. McCullough.....	Morris.....	Council Grove.....	Scotland.....	41	Farmer.
C. B. McClelland.....	Jefferson.....	Oskaloosa.....	Ohio.....	30	Merchant.
J. W. Forman.....	Doniphan.....	Doniphan.....	Kentucky.....	40	Merchant.
I. Stiarwalt.....	Doniphan.....	Palermo.....	Ohio.....	45	Farmer.
E. M. Hubbard.....	Doniphan.....	Highland.....	Kentucky.....	30	Merchant.
P. S. Parks.....	Leavenworth.....	Kickapoo.....	Indiana.....	26	Lawyer.
Fred. Brown.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Germany.....	33	Manufacturer.
Sam'l Hipple.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Pennsylv.....	28	Land Agent.
S. A. Stinson.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Maine.....	26	Lawyer.
Wm. C. McDowell.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Ohio.....	31	Lawyer.
A. D. McCune.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Ohio.....	31	Farmer.
John Wright.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Indiana.....	33	Farmer.
Wm. Perry.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	New York.....	28	Lawyer.
R. C. Foster.....	Leavenworth.....	Delaware.....	Kentucky.....	24	Lawyer.
Robt. Graham.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Ireland.....	55	Merchant.
J. T. Barton.....	Johnson.....	Olathe.....	Virginia.....	28	Physician.
E. Moore.....	Jackson.....	Holton.....	Ohio.....	38	Manufacturer.
B. Wrigley.....	Doniphan.....	Troy.....	Ohio.....	29	Lawyer.
W. P. Dutton.....	Lykins.....	Stanton.....	New Hamp.....	42	Farmer.
J. Ritchie.....	Shawnee.....	Topeka.....	Ohio.....	41	Farmer.
E. G. Ross.....	Wabannsee.....	Glenross.....	Ohio.....	32	Printer.
J. A. Signor.....	Allen.....	Humboldt.....	New York.....	25	Surveyor.
R. J. Porter.....	Doniphan.....	Troy.....	Pennsylv.....	28	Merchant.
J. M. Winchell.....	Osage.....	Superior.....	New York.....	35	Farmer.
J. T. Burris.....	Johnson.....	Olathe.....	Ohio.....	28	Lawyer.

OFFICERS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>P.O. Address.</i>	<i>Where born.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Vocation.</i>
J. M. Winchell.....	President.....	Osage.....	Superior.....	New York.....	35	Editor.
John A. Martin.....	Secretary.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Pennsylv.....	24	Editor.
G. F. Warren.....	Sergeant-at-Arms.....	Douglas.....	B'dwin City.....	Maine.....	21	Farmer.

S. A. Kingman was chosen temporary President, and John A. Martin Secretary. James M. Winchell was chosen President, receiving 32 votes, to 13 for J. T. Barton, the Democratic candidate. This is the first Constitutional Convention in the Territory which contains members of both

political parties. For Secretary, John A. Martin is elected by 32 votes, to 15 for William Spencer; Assistant Secretary, J. L. Blanchard, of Anderson county; Sergeant-at-Arms, George F. Warren; Doorkeeper, J. M. Funk; Chaplain, Werter R. Davis.

The proceedings were published in the Daily Commercial Gazette, printed at Wyandotte by S. D. McDonald. Seats are refused to Samuel N. Wood and H. J. Espy, Winchell and McCullough having been elected from that district. The Constitution of Ohio is adopted as a "model or basis of action," receiving 25 votes, to 23 for Indiana and one for Kentucky. Seats are refused to Bennett and Welborn, of Wyandotte county, that new county being represented as a part of Leavenworth. Ariel E. Drapier is elected Reporter. Seventeen members protest against the exclusion of the Wyandotte delegates. S. O. Thacher is elected President *pro tem*.

Chairmen of Committees: Preamble, Hutchinson; Executive, Greer; Legislative, Thacher; Militia, Blunt; Judiciary, Kingman; Electors, Townsend; Schedule, Burris; Apportionment, Preston; Corporations, Graham; Education, Griffith; Counties, Ritchie; Ordinance, Jas. Blood; Finance, Simpson; Amendments, Houston; Federal Relations, T. S. Wright; Phraseology, Ingalls.

On the 11th, Richard J. Hinton and Robert St. Clair Graham were elected Enrolling Clerks, and Edwin S. Nash Journal Clerk. Credentials are presented of delegates elected from that part of Nebraska south of the Platte. A petition is received, asking that the elective franchise be given to women. Mr. Ritchie presents a resolution asking that power be conferred on the Legislature to enact a prohibitory liquor law. Mr. McCune asks for the exclusion of free negroes from a residence in the State. On the 12th, Messrs. Nichols, Reeves, Furnas, Hewitt, Keating, Chambers, Taylor, Niles, Croxton, Cheever, Bennett, Dawson, and Doan, the Nebraska delegates, are given seats as honorary delegates, with the privilege of discussing the northern boundary question. The New England Emigrant Aid Society ask for the allowance of their claim, by the Kingman Claim Commission, of \$20,000, the value of the Free-State Hotel destroyed at Lawrence in May, 1856. The claim had been rejected because the owners were not citizens of the Territory. A resolution of Mr. McDowell to exclude free negroes is laid on the table by 26 to 21. On the 15th, the Nebraska delegates were heard. On the 16th it was voted by 25 to 13 that the northern boundary remain unchanged, and the western boundary be the twenty-third meridian. On the 19th, Blunt, Slough, Ingalls, Arthur, and Stinson, protest against the homestead exemption, because "its provisions are unjust, invidious, and open to fraudulent construction." McClelland, Moore, Forman, Wrigley, Barton, Hipple, Hubbard, Brown, and Stiarwalt, protest against the same section "because its passage is calculated to utterly destroy the credit of the citizens of Kansas, and the law is not uniform in its operation." On the 22d, the Report of the Kingman Commission on Claims is presented, and referred to the Committee on Ordinance and Public Debt.

It is published in the proceedings. On the 23d. Topeka is made the temporary capital, the vote standing: Topeka 26, Lawrence 14, Atchison 6. On the 25th, Mr. Hubbard says of Mr. Hutchinson: "He offered me a good lot if I would vote for Lawrence. And then he said the title should be good; and he would make the same offer to any other Democratic member of the Convention. I say, sir, he has sworn to a lie." Mr. Hutchinson had denied offering the bribe. He made no statement now in reply to Mr. Hubbard, and the subject was laid on the table. On the 27th, Stinson, Stiarwalt, McClelland, Slough, McDowell, Forman, Foster, McCune, Moore, Hubbard, Barton, and Wrigley, file a protest against "the apportionment of the State for Representative purposes." On the 28th, it is voted by 35 to 8 to submit the homestead clause to the people. The western boundary line is made the 25th meridian. On the 29th, the Constitution is completed, and signed by thirty-four Republican members of the Convention. The proceedings of the Convention were published by S. D. Macdonald, in a volume of 485 pages.

CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF KANSAS.

ADOPTED AT WYANDOTTE, JULY 29, 1859.

ORDINANCE.

Whereas, The Government of the United States is the proprietor of a large portion of lands included in the limits of the State of Kansas, as defined by the Constitution; and

Whereas, The State of Kansas will possess the right to tax such lands for the purpose of government, and for other purposes: now, therefore,

Be it ordained by the people of Kansas, That the right of the State of Kansas to tax such lands is relinquished forever, and the State of Kansas will not interfere with the title of the United States to such lands, nor with any regulation of Congress in relation thereto, nor tax non-residents higher than residents: *Provided, always*, That the following conditions be agreed to by Congress:

SECTION 1. Sections numbered sixteen and thirty-six, in each township in the State, including Indian Reservations and Trust Lands, shall be granted to the State for the exclusive use of common schools; and when either of said sections, or any part thereof, has been disposed of, other lands of equal value, as nearly contiguous thereto as possible, shall be substituted therefor.

SEC. 2. That seventy-two sections of land shall be granted to the State for the erection and maintenance of a State University.

SEC. 3. That thirty-six sections shall be granted to the State for the erection of public buildings.

SEC. 4. That seventy-two sections shall be granted to the State for the erection and maintenance of charitable and benevolent institutions.

SEC. 5. That all salt springs, not exceeding twelve in number, with six sections of land adjacent to each, together with all mines, with the lands necessary for their full use, shall be granted to the State for works of public improvement.

SEC. 6. That five per centum of the proceeds of the public lands in Kansas, disposed of after the admission of Kansas into the Union, shall be paid to the State for a fund, the income of which shall be used for the support of the common schools.

SEC. 7. That the five hundred thousand acres of land to which the State is entitled under the act of Congress entitled "An act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of public lands and grant preëmption rights," approved September 4, 1841, shall be granted to the State for the support of common schools.

SEC. 8. That the lands hereinbefore mentioned shall be selected in such manner as may be prescribed by law; such selections to be subject to the approval of the Commissioner of the General Land Office of the United States.

PREAMBLE.

We, the people of Kansas, grateful to Almighty God for our civil and religious privileges, in order to insure the full enjoyment of our rights as American citizens, do ordain and establish this Constitution of the State of Kansas, with the following boundaries, to wit: Beginning at a point on the western boundary of the State of Missouri, where the thirty-seventh parallel of north latitude crosses the same; thence running west on said parallel to the twenty-fifth meridian of longitude west from Washington; thence north on said meridian to the fortieth parallel of north latitude; thence east on said parallel to the western boundary of the State of Missouri; thence south with the western boundary of said State to the place of beginning.

BILL OF RIGHTS.

SECTION 1. All men are possessed of equal and inalienable natural rights, among which are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness.

SEC. 2. All political power is inherent in the people, and all free governments are founded on their authority, and are instituted for their equal protection and benefit. No special privileges or immunities shall ever be granted by the Legislature which may not be altered, revoked or repealed by the same body; and this power shall be exercised by no other tribunal or agency.

SEC. 3. The people have the right to assemble, in a peaceable manner, to consult for their common good, to instruct their Representatives, and to petition the Government, or any department thereof, for the redress of grievances.

SEC. 4. The people have the right to bear arms for their defense and security; but standing armies, in time of peace, are dangerous to liberty, and shall not be tolerated, and the military shall be in strict subordination to the civil power.

SEC. 5. The right of trial by jury shall be inviolate.

SEC. 6. There shall be no slavery in this State, and no involuntary servitude, except for the punishment of crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted.

SEC. 7. The right to worship God according to the dictates of conscience shall never be infringed; nor shall any person be compelled to attend or support any form of worship; nor shall any control of or interference with the rights of conscience be permitted, nor any preference be given by law to any religious establishment or mode of worship. No religious test or property qualification shall be required for any office of public trust, nor for any vote at any election, nor shall any person be incompetent to testify on account of religious belief.

SEC. 8. The right to the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless the public safety requires it in case of invasion or rebellion.

SEC. 9. All persons shall be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offenses, where proof is evident or the presumption great. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel or unusual punishment inflicted.

SEC. 10. In all prosecutions, the accused shall be allowed to appear and defend in person or by counsel; to demand the nature and cause of the accusation against him; to meet the witness face to face, and to have compulsory process to compel the attendance of witnesses in his behalf, and a speedy public trial by an impartial jury of the county or district in which the offense is alleged to have been committed. No person shall be a witness against himself, or be twice put in jeopardy for the same offense.

SEC. 11. The liberty of the press shall be inviolate; and all persons may freely speak, write or publish their sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of such right; and in all civil or criminal actions for libel, the truth may be given in evidence to the jury, and if it shall appear that the alleged libelous matter was published for justifiable ends, the accused party shall be acquitted.

SEC. 12. No person shall be transported from the State for any offense committed within the same; and no conviction in the State shall work a corruption of blood or forfeiture of estate.

SEC. 13. Treason shall consist only in levying war against the State, adhering to its enemies, or giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the evidence of two witnesses to the overt act, or confession in open court.

SEC. 14. No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the consent of the occupant, nor in time of war, except as prescribed by law.

SEC. 15. The right of the people to be secure in their persons and property against unreasonable searches and seizures shall be inviolate, and no warrant shall issue but on probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, particularly describing the place to be searched and the person or property to be seized.

SEC. 16. No person shall be imprisoned for debt except in case of fraud.

SEC. 17. No distinction shall ever be made between citizens and aliens in reference to the purchase, enjoyment or descent of property.

SEC. 18. All persons, for injuries suffered in person, reputation or property, shall have remedy by due course of law, and justice administered without delay.

SEC. 19. No hereditary emoluments, honors or privileges shall ever be granted or conferred by the State.

SEC. 20. This enumeration of rights shall not be construed to impair or deny others retained by the people, and all powers not herein delegated remain with the people.

ARTICLE I.—EXECUTIVE.

SECTION 1. The Executive Department shall consist of a Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor, Treasurer, Attorney General, and Superintendent of Public Instruction, who shall be chosen by the electors of the State at the time and place of voting for members of the Legislature, and shall hold their offices for the term of two years from the second Monday in January, next after their election, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

SEC. 2. Until otherwise provided by law, an abstract of the returns of every election, for the offices named in the foregoing section, shall be sealed up and transmitted, by the Clerk of the Board of Canvassers of the several counties, to the Secretary of State, who, with the Lieutenant Governor and Attorney General, shall constitute a Board of State Canvassers, whose duty it shall be to meet at the State capital on the second Tuesday of December succeeding each election for State officers, and canvass the vote for such officers and proclaim the result; but in case any two or more have an equal and the highest number of votes, the Legislature shall, by joint ballot, choose one of said persons so having an equal and the highest number of votes for said office.

SEC. 3. The supreme executive power of the State shall be vested in a Governor, who shall see that the laws are faithfully executed.

SEC. 4. He may require information in writing from the officers of the Executive Department upon any subject relating to their respective duties.

SEC. 5. He may, on extraordinary occasions, convene the Legislature by proclamation, and shall, at the commencement of every session, communicate in writing such information as he may possess in reference to the condition of the State, and recommend such measures as he may deem expedient.

SEC. 6. In case of disagreement between the two houses in respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn the Legislature to such time as he may think proper, not beyond its regular meeting.

SEC. 7. The pardoning power shall be vested in the Governor, under regulations and restrictions prescribed by law.

SEC. 8. There shall be a seal of the State, which shall be kept by the Governor, and used by him officially, and which shall be the great seal of Kansas.

SEC. 9. All commissions shall be issued in the name of the State of Kansas; signed by the Governor, countersigned by the Secretary of State, and sealed with the great seal.

SEC. 10. No member of Congress or officer of the State, or of the United States, shall hold the office of Governor, except as herein provided.

SEC. 11. In case of death, impeachment, resignation, removal or other disability of the Governor, the power and duties of the office for the residue of the term, or until the disability shall be removed, shall devolve upon the President of the Senate.

SEC. 12. The Lieutenant Governor shall be President of the Senate, and shall vote only when the Senate is equally divided. The Senate shall choose a President *pro tempore* to preside in case of his absence or impeachment, or when he shall hold the office of Governor.

SEC. 13. If the Lieutenant Governor, while holding the office of Governor, shall be impeached or displaced, or shall resign or die, or otherwise become incapable of per-

forming the duties of the office, the President of the Senate shall act as Governor until the vacancy is filled, or the disability removed; and if the President of the Senate, for any of the above causes, shall be rendered incapable of performing the duties pertaining to the office of Governor, the same shall devolve upon the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 14. Should either the Secretary of State, Auditor, Treasurer, Attorney General, or Superintendent of Public Instruction become incapable of performing the duties of his office, for any of the causes specified in the thirteenth section of this article, the Governor shall fill the vacancy until the disability is removed, or a successor is elected and qualified. Every such vacancy shall be filled by election, at the first general election that occurs more than thirty days after it shall have happened, and the person chosen shall hold the office for the unexpired term.

SEC. 15. The officers mentioned in this article shall, at stated times, receive for their services a compensation to be established by law, which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which they shall have been elected.

SEC. 16. The officers of the Executive Department, and of all public State institutions, shall, at least ten days preceding each regular session of the Legislature, severally report to the Governor, who shall transmit such reports to the Legislature.

ARTICLE II.—LEGISLATIVE.

SECTION 1. The Legislative power of the State shall be vested in a House of Representatives and Senate.

SEC. 2. The first House of Representatives under this Constitution shall consist of seventy-five members, who shall be chosen for one year. The first Senate shall consist of twenty-five members, who shall be chosen for two years. After the first election, the number of Senators and Members of the House of Representatives shall be regulated by law; but shall never exceed one hundred Representatives and thirty-three Senators.

SEC. 3. The members of the Legislature shall receive as compensation for their services, the sum of three dollars for each day's actual service at any regular or special session, and fifteen cents for each mile traveled by the usual route, in going to and returning from the place of meeting; but such compensation shall not in the aggregate exceed the sum of two hundred and forty dollars for each member, as per diem allowance for the first session held under this Constitution, nor more than one hundred and fifty dollars for each session thereafter, nor more than ninety dollars for any special session.

SEC. 4. No person shall be a member of the Legislature who is not at the time of his election a qualified voter of, and resident in, the county or district for which he is elected.

SEC. 5. No member of Congress, or officer of the United States, shall be eligible to a seat in the Legislature. If any person, after his election to the Legislature, be elected to Congress, or elected or appointed to any office under the United States, his acceptance thereof shall vacate his seat.

SEC. 6. No person convicted of embezzlement or misuse of the public funds shall have a seat in the Legislature.

SEC. 7. All State officers, before entering upon their respective duties, shall take and subscribe an oath or affirmation to support the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of this State, and faithfully to discharge the duties of their respective offices.

SEC. 8. A majority of each house shall constitute a quorum. Each house shall establish its own rules, and shall be judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members.

SEC. 9. All vacancies occurring in either house shall be filled for the unexpired term by election.

SEC. 10. Each house shall keep and publish a journal of its proceedings. The yeas and nays shall be taken, and entered immediately on the journal, upon the final passage of every bill or joint resolution. Neither house, without the consent of the other, shall adjourn for more than two days, Sundays excepted.

SEC. 11. Any member of either house shall have the right to protest against any bill

or resolution; and such protest shall, without delay or alteration, be entered on the journal.

SEC. 12. All bills shall originate in the House of Representatives, and be subject to amendment or rejection by the Senate.

SEC. 13. A majority of all the members elected to each house, voting in the affirmative, shall be necessary to pass any bill or joint resolution.

SEC. 14. Every bill and joint resolution passed by the House of Representatives and Senate shall, within two days thereafter, be signed by the presiding officers, and presented to the Governor; if he approve it, he shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it to the House of Representatives, which shall enter the objections at large upon its journal, and proceed to reconsider the same. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the members elected shall agree to pass the bill or resolution, it shall be sent, with the objections, to the Senate, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of all the members elected, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays, and entered upon the journals of each house. If any bill shall not be returned within three days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to the Governor, it shall become a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the Legislature, by its adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not become a law.

SEC. 15. Every bill shall be read on three separate days in each house, unless in case of emergency. Two-thirds of the house where such bill is pending may, if deemed expedient, suspend the rules; but the reading of the bill by sections, on its final passage, shall in no case be dispensed with.

SEC. 16. No bill shall contain more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in its title, and no law shall be revived or amended, unless the new act contain the entire act revived, or the section or sections amended, and the section or sections so amended shall be repealed.

SEC. 17. All laws of a general nature shall have a uniform operation throughout the State; and in all cases where a general law can be made applicable, no special law shall be enacted.

SEC. 18. All power to grant divorces is vested in the district courts, subject to regulation by law.

SEC. 19. The Legislature shall prescribe the time when its acts shall be in force, and shall provide for the speedy publication of the same; and no law of a general nature shall be in force until the same be published. It shall have the power to provide for the election or appointment of all officers, and the filling of all vacancies not otherwise provided for in this Constitution.

SEC. 20. The enacting clause of all laws shall be, "*Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas;*" and no law shall be enacted except by bill.

SEC. 21. The Legislature may confer upon tribunals transacting the county business of the several counties such powers of local legislation and administration as it shall deem expedient.

SEC. 22. For any speech or debate in either house, the members shall not be questioned elsewhere. No member of the Legislature shall be subject to arrest—except for felony or breach of the peace—in going to or returning from the place of meeting, or during the continuance of the session; neither shall he be subject to the service of any civil process during the session, nor for fifteen days previous to its commencement.

SEC. 23. The Legislature, in providing for the formation and regulation of schools, shall make no distinction between the rights of males and females.

SEC. 24. No money shall be drawn from the treasury except in pursuance of a specific appropriation made by law, and no appropriation shall be for a longer term than one year.

SEC. 25. All sessions of the Legislature shall be held at the State capital, and all regular sessions shall commence annually, on the second Tuesday of January.

SEC. 26. The Legislature shall provide for taking an enumeration of the inhabitants of the State, at least once in ten years. The first enumeration shall be taken in A. D. 1865.

SEC. 27. The House of Representatives shall have the sole power to impeach. All impeachments shall be tried by the Senate, and when sitting for that purpose, the Sen-

ators shall take an oath to do justice according to the law and the evidence. No person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the Senators elected.

SEC. 28. The Governor, and all other officers under this Constitution, shall be subject to impeachment for any misdemeanor in office; but judgment in all such cases shall not be extended further than to removal from office, or disqualification to hold any office of profit, honor or trust under this Constitution; but the party, whether convicted or acquitted, shall be liable to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to law.

ARTICLE III.—JUDICIAL.

SECTION 1. The judicial power of the State shall be vested in a Supreme Court, District Courts, Probate Courts, justices of the peace, and such other courts, inferior to the Supreme Court, as may be provided by law; and all courts of record shall have a seal, to be used in the authentication of all process.

SEC. 2. The Supreme Court shall consist of one Chief Justice and two Associate Justices, (a majority of whom shall constitute a quorum,) who shall be elected by the electors of the State at large, and whose term of office, after the first, shall be six years. At the first election, a Chief Justice shall be chosen for six years, one Associate Justice for four years, and one for two years.

SEC. 3. The Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction in proceedings in quo warranto, mandamus and habeas corpus, and such appellate jurisdiction as may be provided by law. It shall hold one term each year at the seat of Government, and such other terms at such places as may be provided by law; and its jurisdiction shall be co-extensive with the State.

SEC. 4. There shall be appointed by the Justices of the Supreme Court a Reporter and Clerk of said court, who shall hold their offices for two years, and whose duties shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 5. The State shall be divided into five judicial districts, in each of which there shall be elected, by the electors thereof, a District Judge, who shall hold his office for the term of four years. District Courts shall be held at such times and places as may be provided by law.

SEC. 6. The District Courts shall have such jurisdiction in their respective districts as may be provided by law.

SEC. 7. There shall be elected, in each organized county, a Clerk of the District Court, who shall hold his office two years, and whose duties shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 8. There shall be a Probate Court in each county, which shall be a court of record, and have such probate jurisdiction and care of estates of deceased persons, minors, and persons of unsound minds, as may be prescribed by law, and shall have jurisdiction in cases of habeas corpus. This court shall consist of one Judge, who shall be elected by the qualified voters of the county, and hold his office two years. He shall be his own clerk, and shall hold court at such times and receive for compensation such fees as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 9. Two justices of the peace shall be elected in each township, whose term of office shall be two years, and whose powers and duties shall be prescribed by law. The justices of the peace may be increased in any township by law.

SEC. 10. All appeals from Probate Courts and justices of the peace shall be to the district court.

SEC. 11. All the judicial officers provided for by this article shall be elected at the first election under this constitution, and shall reside in their respective townships, counties or districts, during their respective terms of office. In case of vacancy in any judicial office, it shall be filled by appointment of the Governor, until the next regular election that shall occur more than thirty days after such vacancy shall have happened.

SEC. 12. All judicial officers shall hold their offices until their successors shall have been qualified.

SEC. 13. The Justices of the Supreme Court and Judges of the District Court shall, at stated times, receive for their services such compensation as may be provided by law, which shall not be increased during their respective terms of office: *Provided*, Such compensation shall not be less than fifteen hundred dollars to each justice or judge each year; and such justices or judges shall receive no fees or perquisites, nor hold any other office of profit or trust under the authority of the State or the United States during the

term of office for which said justices and judges shall be elected, nor practice law in any of the courts of the State during their continuance in office.

SEC. 14. Provisions may be made by law for the increase of the number of judicial districts whenever two-thirds of the members of each house shall concur. Such districts shall be formed of compact territory and bounded by county lines, and such increase shall not vacate the office of any judge.

SEC. 15. Justices of the Supreme Court and Judges of the District Courts may be removed from office by resolution of both houses, if two-thirds of the members of each house concur; but no such removal shall be made except upon complaint, the substance of which shall be entered upon the journal, nor until the party charged shall have had notice and opportunity to be heard.

SEC. 16. The several justices and judges of the courts of record in this State shall have such jurisdiction at chambers as may be provided by law.

SEC. 17. The style of all process shall be, "The State of Kansas;" and all prosecutions shall be carried on in the name of the State.

SEC. 18. Until otherwise provided by law, the First District shall consist of the counties of Wyandotte, Leavenworth, Jefferson, and Jackson; the Second District shall consist of the counties of Atchison, Doniphan, Brown, Nemaha, Marshall, and Washington; the Third District shall consist of the counties of Pottawatomie, Riley, Clay, Dickinson, Davis, Wabaunsee, and Shawnee; the Fourth District shall consist of the counties of Douglas, Johnson, Lykins, Franklin, Anderson, Linn, Bourbon, and Allen; the Fifth District shall consist of the counties of Osage, Coffey, Woodson, Greenwood, Madison, Breckinridge, Morris, Chase, Butler, and Hunter.

SEC. 19. New or unorganized counties shall, by law, be attached for judicial purposes to the most convenient judicial districts.

SEC. 20. Provisions shall be made by law for the selection, by the bar, of a *pro tem*. Judge of the District Court, when the Judge is absent or otherwise unable or disqualified to sit in any case.

ARTICLE IV.—ELECTIONS.

SECTION 1. All elections by the people shall be by ballot; and all elections by the Legislature shall be *viva voce*.

SEC. 2. General elections shall be held annually, on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in November. Township elections shall be held on the first Tuesday of April, until otherwise provided by law.

ARTICLE V.—SUFFRAGE.

SECTION 1. Every white male person, of twenty-one years and upward, belonging to either of the following classes, who shall have resided in Kansas six months next preceding any election, and in the township or ward in which he offers to vote at least thirty days next preceding such election, shall be deemed a qualified elector: *First*, Citizens of the United States. *Second*, Persons of foreign birth who shall have declared their intention to become citizens, conformably to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization.

SEC. 2. No person under guardianship, *non compos mentis*, or insane, shall be qualified to vote; nor any person convicted of treason or felony, unless restored to civil rights.

SEC. 3. No soldier, seaman, or marine, in the army or navy of the United States, or their allies, shall be deemed to have acquired a residence in the State in consequence of being stationed within the same; nor shall any soldier, seaman or marine have the right to vote.

SEC. 4. The Legislature shall pass such laws as may be necessary for ascertaining, by proper proofs, the citizens who shall be entitled to the right of suffrage hereby established.

SEC. 5. Every person who shall give or accept a challenge to fight a duel, or who shall knowingly carry to another person such challenge, or shall go out of the State to fight a duel, shall be ineligible to any office of trust or profit.

SEC. 6. Every person who shall have given or offered a bribe to procure his election, shall be disqualified from holding office during the term for which he may have been elected.

SEC. 7. Electors, during their attendance at elections, and in going to and returning

therefrom, shall be privileged from arrest in all cases except treason, felony, or breach of the peace.

ARTICLE VI.—EDUCATION.

SECTION 1. The State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall have the general supervision of the common-school funds and educational interests of the State, and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by law. A Superintendent of Public Instruction shall be elected in each county, whose term of office shall be two years, and whose duty and compensation shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 2. The Legislature shall encourage the promotion of intellectual, moral, scientific and agricultural improvement, by establishing a uniform system of common schools, and schools of higher grade, embracing normal, preparatory, collegiate, and university departments.

SEC. 3. The proceeds of all lands that have been, or may be, granted by the United States to the State, for the support of schools, and the five hundred thousand acres of land granted to the new State, under an act of Congress distributing the proceeds of public lands among the several States of the Union, approved September 4, A. D. 1841, and all estates of persons dying without heir or will, and such per cent. as may be granted by Congress on the sale of lands in this State, shall be the common property of the State, and shall be a perpetual school fund, which shall not be diminished, but the interest of which, together with all the rents of the lands, and such other means as the Legislature may provide, by tax or otherwise, shall be inviolably appropriated to the support of common schools.

SEC. 4. The income of the State school funds shall be disbursed annually, by order of the State Superintendent, to the several County Treasurers, and thence to the Treasurers of the several school districts, in equitable proportion to the number of children and youth resident therein, between the ages of five and twenty-one years: *Provided*, That no school district in which a common school has not been maintained at least three months in each year shall be entitled to receive any portion of such funds.

SEC. 5. The school lands shall not be sold unless such sale shall be authorized by a vote of the people at a general election; but, subject to revaluation every five years, they may be leased for any number of years not exceeding twenty-five, at a rate established by law.

SEC. 6. All money which shall be paid by persons as an equivalent for exemption from military duty; the clear proceeds of estrays, ownership of which shall vest in the taker-up; and the proceeds of fines for any breach of the penal laws, shall be exclusively applied in the several counties in which the money is paid or fines collected, to the support of common schools.

SEC. 7. Provisions shall be made by law for the establishment, at some eligible and central point, of a State University, for the promotion of literature and the arts and sciences, including a normal and agricultural department. All funds arising from the sale or rents of lands granted by the United States to the State for the support of a State University, and all other grants, donations or bequests, either by the State or by individuals, for such purpose, shall remain a perpetual fund, to be called the "University fund;" the interest of which shall be appropriated to the support of the State University.

SEC. 8. No religious sect or sects shall ever control any part of the common-school or University funds of the State.

SEC. 9. The State Superintendent of Public Instruction, Secretary of State and Attorney General shall constitute a Board of Commissioners for the management and investment of the school funds. Any two of said Commissioners shall be a quorum.

ARTICLE VII.—PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

SECTION 1. Institutions for the benefit of the insane, blind, and deaf and dumb, and such other benevolent institutions as the public good may require, shall be fostered and supported by the State, subject to such regulations as may be prescribed by law. Trustees of such benevolent institutions as may be hereafter created shall be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate; and upon all nominations made by the Governor, the question shall be taken in yeas and nays, and entered upon the journal.

SEC. 2. A Penitentiary shall be established, the directors of which shall be appointed or elected, as prescribed by law.

SEC. 3. The Governor shall fill any vacancy that may occur in the offices aforesaid, until the next session of the Legislature, and until a successor to his appointee shall be confirmed and qualified.

SEC. 4. The respective counties of the State shall provide, as may be prescribed by law, for those inhabitants who, by reason of age, infirmity, or other misfortune, may have claims upon sympathy and aid of society.

ARTICLE VIII.—MILITIA.

SECTION 1. The militia shall be composed of all able-bodied white male citizens, between the ages of twenty-one and forty-five years, except such as are exempted by the laws of the United States or of this State; but all citizens, of any religious denomination whatever, who, from scruples of conscience, may be averse to bearing arms, shall be exempted therefrom, upon such conditions as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 2. The Legislature shall provide for organizing, equipping and disciplining the militia, in such manner as it shall deem expedient, not incompatible with the laws of the United States.

SEC. 3. Officers of the militia shall be elected or appointed, and commissioned in such manner as may be provided by law.

SEC. 4. The Governor shall be Commander-in-Chief, and shall have power to call out the militia to execute the laws, to suppress insurrection, and to repel invasion.

ARTICLE IX.—COUNTY AND TOWNSHIP ORGANIZATION.

SECTION 1. The Legislature shall provide for organizing new counties, locating county seats, and changing county lines; and no county seat shall be changed without the consent of a majority of the electors of the county, nor any county organized, or the lines of any county changed so as to include an area of less than four hundred and thirty-two square miles.

SEC. 2. The Legislature shall provide for such county and township officers as may be necessary.

SEC. 3. All county officers shall hold their offices for the term of two years, and until their successors shall be qualified; but no person shall hold the office of sheriff or county treasurer for more than two consecutive terms.

SEC. 4. Township officers, except justices of the peace, shall hold their offices one year from the Monday next succeeding their election, and until their successors are qualified.

SEC. 5. All county and township officers may be removed from office in such manner and for such cause as shall be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE X.—APPORTIONMENT.

SECTION 1. In the future apportionment of the State, each organized county shall have at least one Representative; and each county shall be divided into as many districts as it has Representatives.

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the first Legislature to make an apportionment, based upon the census ordered by the last Legislative Assembly of the Territory; and a new apportionment shall be made in the year 1866, and every five years thereafter, based upon the census of the preceding year.

SEC. 3. Until there shall be a new apportionment, the State shall be divided into election districts; and the Representatives and Senators shall be apportioned among the several districts as follows, viz.:

First District.—Doniphan county, four Representatives, two Senators.

Second District.—Atchison and Brown counties, six Representatives, two Senators.

Third District.—Nemaha, Marshall, and Washington counties, two Representatives, one Senator.

Fourth District.—Clay, Riley, and Pottawatomie counties, four Representatives, one Senator.

Fifth District.—Dickinson, Davis, and Wabaunsee counties, three Representatives, one Senator.

Sixth District.—Shawnee, Jackson, and Jefferson counties, eight Representatives, two Senators.

Seventh District.—Leavenworth county, nine Representatives, three Senators.

Eighth District.—Douglas, Johnson, and Wyandotte counties, thirteen Representatives, four Senators.

Ninth District.—Lykins, Linn, and Bourbon counties, nine Representatives, three Senators

Tenth District.—Allen, Anderson, and Franklin counties, six Representatives, two Senators.

Eleventh District.—Woodson and Madison counties, two Representatives, one Senator.

Twelfth District.—Coffey, Osage, and Breckinridge counties, six Representatives, two Senators.

Thirteenth District.—Morris, Chase, and Butler counties, two Representatives, one Senator.

Fourteenth District.—Arapahoe, Godfrey, Greenwood, Hunter, Wilson, Dorn, and McGee counties, one Representative.

ARTICLE XI.—FINANCE AND TAXATION.

SECTION 1. The Legislature shall provide for a uniform and equal rate of assessment and taxation; but all property used exclusively for State, county, municipal, literary, educational, scientific, religious, benevolent, and charitable purposes, and personal property to the amount of at least two hundred dollars for each family, shall be exempted from taxation.

SEC. 2. The Legislature shall provide for taxing the notes and bills discounted or purchased, moneys loaned, and other property, effects, or dues of every description (without deduction), of all banks now existing, or hereafter to be created, and of all bankers, so that all property employed in banking shall always bear a burden of taxation equal to that imposed upon the property of individuals.

SEC. 3. The Legislature shall provide, each year, for raising revenue sufficient to defray the current expenses of the State.

SEC. 4. No tax shall be levied except in pursuance of a law, which shall distinctly state the object of the same, to which object only such tax shall be applied.

SEC. 5. For the purpose of defraying extraordinary expenses, and making public improvements, the State may contract public debts; but such debts shall never, in the aggregate, exceed one million dollars, except as hereinafter provided. Every such debt shall be authorized by law for some purpose specified therein, and the vote of a majority of all the members elected to each house, to be taken by the yeas and nays, shall be necessary to the passage of such law; and every such law shall provide for levying an annual tax sufficient to pay the annual interest of such debt, and the principal thereof, when it shall become due; and shall specifically appropriate the proceeds of such taxes to the payment of such principal and interest; and such appropriation shall not be repealed, nor the taxes postponed or diminished, until the interest and principal of such debt shall have been wholly paid.

SEC. 6. No debt shall be contracted by the State, except as herein provided, unless the proposed law for creating such debt shall first be submitted to a direct vote of the electors of the State, at some general election; and if such proposed law shall be ratified by a majority of all the votes cast at such general election, then it shall be the duty of the Legislature next after such election to enact such law and create such debt, subject to all the provisions and restrictions provided in the preceding section of this article.

SEC. 7. The State may borrow money to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, or defend the State in time of war; but the money thus raised shall be applied exclusively to the object for which the loan was authorized, or to the repayment of the debt thereby created.

SEC. 8. The State shall never be a party in carrying on any works of internal improvement.

ARTICLE XII.—CORPORATIONS.

SECTION 1. The Legislature shall pass no special act conferring corporate powers. Corporations may be created under general laws; but all such laws may be amended or repealed.

SEC. 2. Dues from corporations shall be secured by individual liability of the stock-

holders to an additional amount equal to the stock owned by each stockholder, and such other means as shall be provided by law; but such individual liabilities shall not apply to railroad corporations, nor corporations for religious or charitable purposes.

SEC. 3. The title to all property of religious corporations shall vest in trustees, whose election shall be by the members of such corporations.

SEC. 4. No right-of-way shall be appropriated to the use of any corporation until full compensation therefor be first made in money, or secured by a deposit of money, to the owner, irrespective of any benefit from any improvement proposed by such corporation.

SEC. 5. Provision shall be made by general law for the organization of cities, towns and villages; and their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts, and loaning their credit, shall be so restricted as to prevent the abuse of such power.

SEC. 6. The term corporation, as used in this article, shall include all associations and joint-stock companies having powers and privileges not possessed by individuals and partnerships; and all corporations may sue and be sued in their corporate name.

ARTICLE XIII.—BANKS AND CURRENCY.

SECTION 1. No bank shall be established otherwise than under a general banking law.

SEC. 2. All banking laws shall require, as collateral security for the redemption of the circulating notes of any bank organized under their provision, a deposit with the Auditor of State of the interest-paying bonds of the several States or of the United States, at the cash rates of the New York stock exchange, to an amount equal to the amount of circulating notes which such bank shall be authorized to issue, and a cash deposit in its vaults of ten per cent. of such amount of circulating notes; and the Auditor shall register and countersign no more circulating bills of any bank than the cash value of such bonds when deposited.

SEC. 3. Whenever the bonds pledged as collateral security for the circulation of any bank shall depreciate in value, the Auditor of State shall require additional security, or curtail the circulation of such bank to such extent as will continue the security unimpaired.

SEC. 4. All circulating notes shall be redeemable in the money of the United States. Holders of such notes shall be entitled, in case of the insolvency of such banks, to preference of payment over all other creditors.

SEC. 5. The State shall not be a stockholder in any banking institution.

SEC. 6. All banks shall be required to keep offices and officers for the issue and redemption of their circulation, at a convenient place within the State, to be named on the circulating notes issued by such bank.

SEC. 7. No banking institution shall issue circulating notes of a less denomination than five dollars.

SEC. 8. No banking law shall be in force until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the electors of the State at some general election, and approved by a majority of all the votes cast at such election.

SEC. 9. Any banking law may be amended or repealed.

ARTICLE XIV.—AMENDMENTS.

SECTION 1. Propositions for the amendment of this Constitution may be made by either branch of the Legislature; and if two-thirds of all the members elected to each house shall concur therein, such proposed amendments, together with the yeas and nays, shall be entered on the journal, and the Secretary of State shall cause the same to be published in at least one newspaper in each county of the State where a newspaper is published, for three months preceding the next election for Representatives, at which time the same shall be submitted to the electors for their approval or rejection; and if a majority of the electors voting on said amendments at said election shall adopt the amendments, the same shall become a part of the Constitution. When more than one amendment shall be submitted at the same time, they shall be so submitted as to enable the electors to vote on each amendment separately; and not more than three propositions to amend shall be submitted at the same election.

SEC. 2. Whenever two-thirds of the members elected to each branch of the Legislature shall think it necessary to call a Convention to revise, amend or change this Con-

stitution, they shall recommend to the electors to vote at the next election of members to the Legislature for or against a Convention; and if a majority of all the electors voting at such election shall have voted for a Convention, the Legislature shall, at the next session, provide for calling the same.

ARTICLE XV.—MISCELLANEOUS.

SECTION 1. All officers whose election or appointment is not otherwise provided for, shall be chosen or appointed, as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 2. The tenure of any office not herein provided for, may be declared by law; when not so declared, such office shall be held during the pleasure of the authority making the appointment; but the Legislature shall not create any office the tenure of which shall be longer than four years.

SEC. 3. Lotteries and the sale of lottery tickets are forever prohibited.

SEC. 4. All public printing shall be let, on contract, to the lowest responsible bidder, by such executive officer and in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 5. An accurate and detailed statement of the receipts and expenditures of the public moneys, and the several amounts paid, to whom, and on what account, shall be published, as prescribed by law.

SEC. 6. The Legislature shall provide for the protection of the rights of women, in acquiring and possessing property, real, personal and mixed, separate and apart from the husband; and shall also provide for their equal rights in the possession of their children.

SEC. 7. The Legislature may reduce the salaries of officers who shall neglect the performance of any legal duty.

SEC. 8. The temporary seat of Government is hereby located at the city of Topka, county of Shawnee. The first Legislature under this Constitution shall provide by law for submitting the question of the permanent location of the capital to a popular vote, and a majority of all the votes cast at some general election shall be necessary for such location.

SEC. 9. A homestead to the extent of one hundred and sixty acres of farming land, or of one acre within the limits of an incorporated town or city, occupied as a residence by the family of the owner, together with all improvements on the same, shall be exempted from forced sale under any process of law, and shall not be alienated without the joint consent of husband and wife, when that relation exists; but no property shall be exempt from sale for taxes, or for the payment of obligations contracted for the purchase of said premises, or for the erection of improvements thereon: *Provided*, The provisions of this section shall not apply to any process of law obtained by virtue of a lien given by the consent of both husband and wife.

SCHEDULE.

SECTION 1. That no inconvenience may arise from the change from a Territorial Government to a permanent State Government, it is declared by this Constitution that all suits, rights, actions, prosecutions, recognizances, contracts, judgments, and claims, both as respects individuals and bodies corporate, shall continue as if no change had taken place.

SEC. 2. All fines, penalties and forfeitures, owing to the Territory of Kansas, or any county, shall inure to the use of the State or county. All bonds executed to the Territory, or any officer thereof, in his official capacity, shall pass over to the Governor, or other officers of the State or county, and their successors in office, for the use of the State or county, or by him or them to be respectively assigned over to the use of those concerned, as the case may be.

SEC. 3. The Governor, Secretary and Judges, and all other officers, both civil and military, under the Territorial Government, shall continue in the exercise of the duties of their respective departments until the said officers are superseded under the authority of this Constitution.

SEC. 4. All laws and parts of laws in force in the Territory, at the time of the acceptance of this Constitution by Congress, not inconsistent with this Constitution, shall continue and remain in full force until they expire or shall be repealed.

SEC. 5. The Governor shall use his private seal until a State seal is provided.

SEC. 6. The Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of State, Treasurer of State, Attor-

ney General, and Superintendent of Public Instruction, shall keep their respective offices at the seat of Government.

SEC. 7. All records, documents, books, papers, moneys, and vouchers, belonging and pertaining to the several Territorial courts and offices, and to the several districts and county offices, at the date of the admission of this State into the Union, shall be disposed of in such manner as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 8. All suits, pleas, complaints, and other proceedings pending in any court of record, or justice's court, may be prosecuted to final judgment and execution; and all appeals, writs of error, certiorari, injunctions, or other proceedings whatever, may progress and be carried on as if this Constitution had not been adopted; and the Legislature shall direct the mode in which such suits, pleas, complaints, prosecutions, and other proceedings, and all papers, records, books and documents connected therewith, may be removed to the courts established by this Constitution.

SEC. 9. For the purpose of taking the vote of the electors of this Territory for the ratification or rejection of this Constitution, an election shall be held in the several voting precincts in this Territory, on the first Tuesday in October, A. D. 1859.

SEC. 10. Each elector shall express his assent or dissent by voting a written or printed ballot, labeled, "For the Constitution," or, "Against the Constitution."

SEC. 11. If a majority of all the votes cast at such election shall be in favor of the Constitution, then there shall be an election held in the several voting precincts on the first Tuesday in December, A. D. 1859, for the election of members of the first Legislature, of all State, district and county officers provided for in this Constitution, and for a Representative in Congress.

SEC. 12. All persons having the qualifications of electors, according to the provisions of this Constitution, at the date of each of said elections, and who shall have been duly registered according to the provisions of the registry law of this Territory, and none others, shall be entitled to vote at each of said elections.

SEC. 13. The persons who may be judges of the several voting precincts of this Territory, at the date of the respective elections in this schedule provided for, shall be the judges of the respective elections herein provided for.

SEC. 14. The said judges of election, before entering upon the duties of their office, shall take and subscribe an oath faithfully to discharge their duties as such. They shall appoint two clerks of election, who shall be sworn by one of said judges faithfully to discharge their duties as such. In the event of a vacancy in the board of judges, the same shall be filled by the electors present.

SEC. 15. At each of the elections provided for in this schedule, the polls shall be opened between the hours of nine and ten o'clock A. M., and closed at sunset.

SEC. 16. The tribunals transacting county business of the several counties shall cause to be furnished to the boards of judges, in their respective counties, two poll books for each election hereinbefore provided for, upon which the clerks shall inscribe the name of every person who may vote at the said elections.

SEC. 17. After closing the polls at each of the elections provided for in this schedule, the judges shall proceed to count the votes cast, and designate the persons or objects for which they were cast, and shall make two correct tally lists of the same.

SEC. 18. Each of the boards of judges shall safely keep one poll book and tally list, and the ballots cast at each election, and shall, within ten days after such election, cause the other poll book and tally list to be transmitted, by the hands of a sworn officer, to the clerk of the board transacting county business in their respective counties or to which the county may be attached for municipal purposes.

SEC. 19. The tribunals transacting county business shall assemble at the county seats of their respective counties, on the second Tuesday after each of the elections provided for in this schedule, and shall canvass the votes cast at the elections held in the several precincts in their respective counties, and of the counties attached for municipal purposes. They shall hold in safe keeping the poll books and tally lists of said elections, and shall, within ten days thereafter, transmit, by the hands of a sworn officer, to the President of this Convention, at the city of Topeka, a certified transcript of the same, showing the number of votes cast for each person or object voted for at each of the several precincts in their respective counties, and in the counties attached for municipal purposes, separately.

SEC. 20. The Governor of the Territory, and the President and Secretary of this Con-

vention, shall constitute a Board of State Canvassers, any two of whom shall be a quorum; and who shall, on the fourth Monday after each of the elections provided for in this schedule, assemble at said city of Topeka, and proceed to open and canvass the votes cast at the several precincts in the different counties of the Territory, and declare the result; and shall immediately issue certificates of election to all persons (if any) thus elected.

SEC. 21. Said Board of State Canvassers shall issue their proclamation, not less than twenty days next preceding each of the elections provided for in this schedule. Said proclamation shall contain an announcement of the several elections; the qualifications of electors; the manner of conducting said elections and of making the returns thereof, as in this Constitution provided; and shall publish said proclamation in one newspaper in each of the counties of the Territory in which a newspaper may be then published.

SEC. 22. The Board of State Canvassers shall provide for the transmission of authenticated copies of the Constitution to the President of the United States, the President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 23. Upon official information having been by him received of the admission of Kansas into the Union as a State, it shall be the duty of the Governor elect under the Constitution to proclaim the same, and to convene the Legislature, and do all things else necessary to the complete and active organization of the State Government.

SEC. 24. The first Legislature shall have no power to make any changes in county lines.

SEC. 25. At the election to be held for the ratification or rejection of this Constitution, each elector shall be permitted to vote on the homestead provision contained in the article on "Miscellaneous," by depositing a ballot inscribed, "For the homestead," or "Against the homestead;" and if a majority of all the votes cast at said election shall be against said provision, then it shall be stricken from the Constitution.

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That the Congress of the United States is hereby requested, upon the application of Kansas for admission into the Union, to pass an act granting to the State forty-five hundred thousand acres of land to aid in the construction of railroads and other internal improvements.

Resolved, That Congress be further requested to pass an act appropriating fifty thousand acres of land for the improvement of the Kansas river from its mouth to Fort Riley.

Resolved, That Congress be further requested to pass an act granting all swamp lands within the State for the benefit of common schools.

Resolved, That Congress be further requested to pass an act appropriating five hundred thousand dollars, or, in lieu thereof, five hundred thousand acres of land, for the payment of the claims awarded to citizens of Kansas, by the Claim Commissioners appointed by the Governor and Legislature of Kansas, under an act of the Territorial Legislature, passed February 7, 1859.

Resolved, That the Legislature shall make provision for the sale or disposal of the lands granted to the State in aid of internal improvements and for other purposes, subject to the same rights of preëmption to the settlers thereon as are now allowed by law to settlers on the public lands.

Resolved, That it is the desire of the people of Kansas to be admitted into the Union with this Constitution.

Resolved, That Congress be further requested to assume the debt of this Territory.
Done in Convention at Wyandotte, this 29th day of July, A. D. 1859.

JAMES M. WINCHELL,

President of the Kansas Constitutional Convention, and Delegate from Osage County.

JOHN A. MARTIN, *Secretary.*

ROBERT GRAHAM.
JOHN JAMES INGALLS.
CALEB MAY.
J. A. MIDDLETON.
S. D. HOUSTON.
LUTHER R. PALMER.
JOHN TAYLOR BURRIS.
JOHN P. GREER.
JOHN RITCHIE.
H. D. PRESTON.
BENJAMIN F. SIMPSON.

JAMES M. ARTHUR.
JOSIAH LAMB.
WM. McCULLOUGH.
JAS. G. BLUNT.
J. C. BURNETT.
WM. R. GRIFFITH.
SAM'L A. KINGMAN.
ROBT. J. PORTER.
JAMES BLOOD.
S. O. THACHER.
EDWIN STOKES.

P. H. TOWNSEND.
WM. HUTCHINSON.
N. C. BLOOD.
EDMUND G. ROSS.
JAS. HANWAY.
ALLEN CROCKER.
SAM'L E. HOFFMAN.
JAMES A. SIGNOR.
GEO. H. LILLIE.
R. L. WILLIAMS.
W. P. DUTTON.

AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE II.

Section 2 was amended, November 4, 1873, as follows:

"SECTION 2. The number of Representatives and Senators shall be regulated by law but shall never exceed one hundred and twenty-five Representatives and forty Senators. From and after the adoption of the amendment, the House of Representatives shall admit one member from each county in which at least two hundred and fifty legal votes were cast at the next preceding general election; and each organized county in which less than two hundred legal votes were east at the next preceding general election shall be attached to, and constitute a part of, the Representative District of the county lying next adjacent to it on the east."

Section 12 was amended, November 8, 1864, as follows:

"SECTION 12. Bills may originate in either house, but may be amended or rejected by either."

ARTICLE V.

Section 2 was amended, November 5, 1867, as follows:

"SECTION 2. No person under guardianship, *non compos mentis*, or insane; no person convicted of felony, unless restored to civil rights; no person who has been dishonorably discharged from the service of the United States, unless reinstated; no person guilty of defrauding the Government of the United States, or any of the States thereof; no person guilty of giving or receiving a bribe, or offering to give or receive a bribe; and no person who has ever voluntarily borne arms against the Government of the United States, or in any manner voluntarily aided or abetted in the attempted overthrow of said Government, except all persons who have been honorably discharged from the military service of the United States since the first day of April, A. D. 1861, provided that they have served one year or more therein, shall be qualified to vote or hold office in this State, until such disability shall be removed by a law passed by a vote of two-thirds of all the members of both branches of the Legislature."

Section 3 was amended November 8, 1864, as follows:

"SECTION 3. For the purpose of voting, no person shall be deemed to have gained or lost a residence by reason of his presence or absence while employed in the service or the United States, nor while engaged in the navigation of the waters of this State or of the United States, or of the high seas; nor while a student of any seminary of learning; nor while kept at any almshouse, or other asylum, at public expense; nor while confined in any public prison: and the Legislature may make provision for taking the votes of electors who may be absent from their townships or wards, in the volunteer military service of the United States, or the militia service of this State; but nothing herein contained shall be deemed to allow any soldier, seaman or marine in the regular army or navy of the United States the right to vote."

ARTICLE XIII.

Section 7 was amended, November, 1861, as follows:

"No banking institution shall issue circulating notes of a less denomination than one dollar."

ARTICLE XV.

Section 4 was amended, November 3, 1868, as follows:

"All public printing shall be done by a State Printer, who shall be elected by the Legislature in joint session, and shall hold his office for two years, and until his successor shall be elected and qualified. The joint session of the Legislature for the election of a State Printer shall be on the third Tuesday of January, A. D. 1869, and every two years thereafter. All public printing shall be done at the capital, and the prices for the same shall be regulated by law."

ARTICLE II.

Section 25 was amended, November 2, 1875, as follows:

"SECTION 25. All sessions of the Legislature shall be held at the State capital, and, beginning with the session of eighteen hundred and seventy-seven, all regular sessions shall be held once in two years, commencing on the second Tuesday of January of each alternate year thereafter."

Section 29 was amended, November 2, 1875, as follows:

"SECTION 29. At the general election held in eighteen hundred and seventy-six, and thereafter, members of the House of Representatives shall be elected for two years, and members of the Senate shall be elected for four years.

Section 24 was amended, November 7, 1876, as follows:

"SECTION 24. No money shall be drawn from the treasury, except in pursuance of a specific appropriation made by law, and no appropriation shall be for a longer term than two years."

ARTICLE XI.

Section 3 was amended as follows, November 2, 1875:

"SECTION 3. The Legislature shall provide, at each regular session, for raising sufficient revenue to defray the current expenses of the State for two years."

ARTICLE IX.

Section 3 was amended, November 7, 1876, as follows:

"SECTION 3. All county officers shall hold their offices for the term of two years, and until their successors shall be qualified, except County Commissioners, who shall hold their offices for the term of three years: *Provided*, That at the general election in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-seven, the Commissioner elected from district number one in each county shall hold his office for the term of one year, the Commissioner elected from district number two in each county shall hold his office for the term of two years, and the Commissioner elected from district number three in each county shall hold his office for the term of three years; but no person shall hold the office of Sheriff or County Treasurer for more than two consecutive terms."

ARTICLE XV.

Section 10 was added to Article XV, November 2, 1880, as follows:

"SECTION 10. The manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors shall be forever prohibited in this State, except for medical, scientific, and mechanical purposes."

In the Historical Society Report, 1875-80, p. 236, Benj. F. Simpson gives a history of the Wyandotte Convention. John A. Martin, July 29, 1882, also gave an interesting history of that remarkable body of men.

JULY.—The report made to the Constitutional Convention by Edward Hoagland, Henry J. Adams and Samuel A. Kingman, Commissioners under the act of February 7, 1859, "to provide for the adjustment and payment of claims," was printed by order of the United States House of Representatives in 1861, and is one of the documents of the second session of the Thirty-sixth Congress. It is published in two octavo volumes, and contains 1767 pages.

The first act for the auditing of claims was passed in February, 1857. Hiram J. Strickler was the Commissioner under this act.

Mr. Hoagland was appointed by the Governor, Mr. Adams elected by the Council, and Judge Kingman chosen by the House. The Legislature, on joint ballot, elected William McKay the Attorney of the Board.

The claims allowed by this Commission amount to \$412,978.03. The Commissioners believe that more than two hundred lives were lost, and not less than two millions in money, during the Territorial troubles. The Report is made up of affidavits of claimants, who tell the story of their losses in their own way, and it is altogether unique and invaluable as a historical record. The testimony was taken in 463 cases.

Congress made no appropriation.

On certificates of the Commission, the Territorial Auditor issued warrants on the Treasurer to the amount of \$349,933.63. The Treasurer issued bonds on the warrants to the amount of \$95,700. The Legislature refused to make the Territory responsible for this debt. The first State Legislature, in 1861, took similar action.

JULY 16.—Treaty with “the Swan Creek and Black River band of Chippewas of Kansas Territory.” The reservation of 8,320 acres, in Franklin county, Kansas, set apart for the entire band, shall inure to the benefit of that portion of said band now residing thereon. The Munsees, or Christiau Indians, are united with said band.

JULY 23.—Dr. John Doy is rescued from the jail in St. Joseph, by Kansas men.

AUGUST 3.—Republican Convention at Lawrence, to nominate a Delegate to Congress. Called to order by S. C. Pomeroy. J. P. Root, of Wyandotte, was elected temporary Chairman, and Albert L. Lee, of Elwood, Secretary. The permanent officers were as follows:

President: James M. Winchell, of Osage county.

Vice Presidents: Charles Chadwick, of Wyandotte county; Warren W. Guthrie, of Brown county; Charles B. Lines, of Wabaunsee county; B. F. Simpson, of Lykins county; and Silas Fearl, of Coffey county.

Secretaries: Albert L. Lee, of Doniphan county, and Jacob Stotler, of Breckinridge county.

The vote on candidate for Congress stood thus: M. J. Parrott, 57; M. F. Conway, 26; A. Danford, 11; Charles A. Foster, 3; S. C. Pomeroy, 3; Benj. Harding, 1, and two blanks. Necessary to a choice, 52. On motion of C. B. Lines, the nomination of Mr. Parrott was made unanimous. On motion of William A. Phillips, of Arapahoe, Mr. Parrott was pledged the support of every Republican voter in the Territory.

AUGUST 15.—Mayor S. C. Pomeroy, of Atchison, sends congratulatory messages over the newly-completed telegraph line to Leavenworth and the East.

AUGUST 17.—Democratic Convention at Topeka. Saunders W. Johnston nominated for Delegate in Congress.

SEPTEMBER 12.—James M. Winchell, President, and John A. Martin, Secretary, issue a proclamation calling an election on the Wyandotte Constitution, to ratify or reject it.

SEPTEMBER 15.—The Atchison & Topeka Railroad Company organized, at Atchison.

SEPTEMBER.—Anson Burlingame visits Kansas. The Republicans of

Leavenworth give him a supper. D. R. Anthony presided, and James McCahon acted as toastmaster.

OCTOBER 1.—Treaty with the Sacs and Foxes.

—The State Record started, at Topeka. by E. G. and W. W. Ross.

OCTOBER 4.—The Wyandotte Constitution adopted. Vote for the Constitution, 10,421; against, 5,530; for the homestead clause, 8,788; against, 4,772.

—S. S. Prouty issues the Neosho Valley Register, at Burlington.

OCTOBER 5.—Treaty with the Kansas Indians. A portion of their reservation set apart and assigned in severalty to members of the tribe.

OCTOBER 12.—Republican State Convention at Topeka. William A. Phillips was elected temporary Chairman of the Convention, receiving 31 votes to 29 for James M. Winchell. Leavenworth county appeared in the Convention with two sets of delegates, one favorable to the nomination of H. P. Johnson for Governor, and the other to Henry J. Adams. The matter was compromised, and both candidates killed, by selecting four from each delegation to represent the county in the Convention. *President*: William A. Phillips. *Secretaries*: P. B. Plumb and J. A. Martin. A motion to nominate the Congressman first was defeated, by a vote of 38 to 36. Mr. Vaughan then nominated H. P. Johnson, and T. D. Thacher, Charles Robinson, for Governor. The whole number of votes cast was 77, Robinson receiving 43, and Johnson 34. *Lieutenant Governor*: J. P. Root received 39 votes, Mr. Fish 15, A. Larzelere 14, and 9 scattering. *Secretary of State*: J. W. Robinson 43, James Fletcher 24, and 9 scattering. *Auditor*: On the second ballot Geo. S. Hillyer received 45, and Asa Hairgrove 24. *Treasurer*: On the second ballot Wm. Tholen received 49, and T. P. Herrick 25. *Attorney General*: On the first ballot B. F. Simpson received 37, John C. Douglass 17, D. W. Houston 14, and Ed. S. Lowman 8. *Superintendent of Public Instruction*: W. R. Griffith was nominated on the first ballot, having received 49 votes to 16 for Davis and 8 scattering. *Congressman*: On the first ballot M. F. Conway received 48, and O. E. Learnard 29. *Judges*: Thomas Ewing jr., Chief Justice, and Samuel A. Kingman and Lawrence D. Bailey, Associates, were nominated by acclamation.

OCTOBER 16.—Captain John Brown, with eighteen men, takes possession of the town of Harper's Ferry, Virginia.

—Sanborn says. (*Life of Brown*, p. 552): "At the Kennedy farm-house, about eight o'clock on the evening of Sunday—a cold and dark night, ending in rain—Brown mustered his eighteen followers, saying, 'Men, get on your arms; we will proceed to the Ferry.' His horse and wagon were brought to the door of the farm-house, and some pikes, a sledgehammer and a crowbar were placed in the wagon. Brown 'put on his old Kansas cap,' mounted the wagon, and said, 'Come, boys!' at the same time driving his horse down the rude lane into the main road." All day Monday Capt. Brown carried in his hand the sword of George Washington, presented to the Father of his Country by Frederick the Great, and now captured from Col. Lewis Washington. The State of New York has bought this sword.

OCTOBER 18.—Anson Burlingame speaks at Topeka. He also visits Burlingame. Osage county.

OCTOBER 25.—Democratic Convention at Lawrence. Called to order by J. P. Slough. *Temporary Officers:* G. H. Fairchild, Atchison, Chairman; B. P. Ayers, of Linn county, Secretary.

Officers: President, G. H. Fairchild; Vice Presidents, J. Stiarwalt, John Wright, E. Jones, C. E. Haskins, D. Goodin, Jesse Clover, T. J. Fortaine, J. G. Sparrey, J. F. Cooper, C. K. Miner, Seth Killam, Hiram Moran; Secretaries, B. P. Ayers, A. G. Otis, S. A. Medary, A. S. Devenney, A. Jones.

Ballot for Governor: Samuel Medary 43, H. B. Denman 27, C. K. Holiday 10. For Lieutenant Governor, John P. Slough was nominated by acclamation. For Chief Justice, Judge Joseph Williams received 54 votes, Judge Purkins 29. For Member of Congress: John A. Halderman 41, Robert B. Mitchell 35, Robert S. Stevens 5. For Attorney General: Orlin Thurston, of Allen, 39; W. D. Wood, of Doniphan, 21; G. W. Willey, of Lykins, 18. On the second ballot Thurston was declared the nominee. For Auditor: J. K. Goodin 51; C. R. Deming, of Marshall, 25. For Treasurer: R. J. Pease, of Atchison, 44; J. E. Jones, of Bourbon, 31. For Secretary of State: A. P. Walker, of Douglas, 43; J. M. Giffen, of Johnson, 34. For Associate Justices: R. B. Mitchell was nominated by acclamation, and Samuel A. Stinson over H. Miles Moore.

OCTOBER 31.—The Governor sets apart Thursday, November 24th, as a day of Thanksgiving.

NOVEMBER 1.—“An Overland Journey,” by Horace Greeley, published by Saxton, Barker & Co., New York. pp. 386.

NOVEMBER 1.—Governor Medary proclaims the following as the result of the vote on the Wyandotte Constitution, at the election held on the 4th of October:

<i>Names of Counties.</i>	<i>For the Con- stitution.....</i>	<i>Against the Constitution.</i>	<i>For a Home- stead.....</i>	<i>Against a Homestead..</i>
Allen.....	244	159	201	152
Anderson.....	266	80	206	109
Arapahoe (no returns).....				
Atchison.....	694	581	412	587
Bourbon.....	464	256	530	102
Breekinridge.....	545	26	425	19
Brown.....	269	103	173	163
Butler.....	27	1	28	
Chase (no returns).....				
Clay (no returns).....				
Coffey.....	434	121	360	115
Davis (no returns).....				
Dickinson (no returns).....				
Doniphan.....	743	630	592	690
Douglas.....	1,412	383	1,325	314
Dorn (no returns).....				
Franklin.....	301	111	252	111
Greenwood.....	24	16	33	3
Hunter (no returns).....				
Jackson.....	224	170	138	185
Jefferson.....	392	354	345	131
Johnson.....	373	377	316	113

<i>Names of Counties.</i>	<i>For the Constitution.....</i>	<i>Against the Constitution.</i>	<i>For a Homestead.....</i>	<i>Against a Homestead..</i>
Leavenworth.....	1,143	1,088	1,019	1,045
Linn	549	157	455	169
Lykins	492	295	455	225
Madison	82	4	60	23
Marshall (no returns).....				
McGee (no returns).....				
Morris.....	25	50	22	13
Nemaha	200	44	104	63
Osage	44		42	2
Pottawatomie.....	93	68	76	49
Riley	296	128	202	52
Shawnee.....	671	109	666	60
Wabaunsee.....	110	14	65	17
Wilson (no returns).....				
Wyandotte.....	274	205	166	260
Woodson (no returns).....				
Total.....	10,421	5,530	8,788	4,772

The "Constitution" and "Homestead," therefore, having received a majority of the votes cast, are adopted by the people of Kansas.

NOVEMBER 8.—Territorial election for Delegate in Congress. Saunders W. Johnston was the Democratic and Marcus J. Parrott the Republican candidate.

<i>Names of Counties.</i>	<i>Johnston.</i>	<i>Parrott.</i>	<i>Total.</i>
Arapahoe.....	38	22	60
Atchison.....	654	531	1,185
Anderson	105	238	343
Allen	207	203	410
Brown	25	272	297
Breckinridge.....	145	371	516
Butler.....	1	47	48
Bourbon.....	251	368	619
Coffey.....	170	285	455
Chase		126	126
Clay (attached to Riley).			
Doniphan.....	762	768	1,530
Dickinson.....			
Davis.....	127	94	221
Douglas.....	353	993	1,346
Dorn (attached to Bourbon).			
Franklin.....	172	265	437
Greenwood.....			
Godfrey (attached to Coffey).			
Hunter (attached to Breckinridge).			
Jackson.....	179	222	401
Jefferson.....	355	367	722
Johnson.....	482	408	890
Leavenworth.....	1,391	1,109	2,592
Lykins.....	355	453	808
Linn.....	373	563	936
Madison.....	6	81	87
Morris.....	114	41	155
Marshall and Washington.....	179	146	325
McGee (attached to Bourbon).			
Nemaha.....	41	228	270
Osage.....	1	31	32
Pottawatomie.....	33	121	154
Riley	97	298	395
Shawnee.....	167	535	702
Wabaunsee.....	8	121	129
Wyandotte.....	321	289	610
Woodson.....	77	87	164
Wilson (attached to Allen).			
Total.....	7,232	9,708	16,949

Parrott's majority, 2,746.

NOVEMBER 8.—Election of the Territorial Legislature:

COUNCIL.—(Each District One Member.)

FIRST DISTRICT—DONIPHAN.

George M. Beebe.....	762	William D. Beeler.....	748
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SECOND DISTRICT—ATCHISON AND JACKSON.

M. R. Benton.....	741	W. J. Marion.....	815
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THIRD DISTRICT—LEAVENWORTH.

William G. Mathias.....	1267	James L. McDowell.....	1221
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FOURTH DISTRICT—LEAVENWORTH AND JEFFERSON.

J. M. Christison.....	1692	Adam Fisher.....	1101
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FIFTH DISTRICT—BROWN, NEMAH, POTTAWATOMIE, MARSHALL, AND WASHINGTON.

Luther R. Palmer.....	476	Warren W. Guthrie.....	201
George Graham.....	187	Charles R. Deming.....	182

SIXTH DISTRICT—RILEY, CLAY, DAVIS, DICKINSON, WABAUNSEE, AND MORRIS.

J. B. Woodward.....	573	H. N. Williams.....	320
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SEVENTH DISTRICT—SHAWNEE, OSAGE, AND BRECKINRIDGE.

Chester Thomas.....	909	Philip C. Schuyler.....	238
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EIGHTH DISTRICT—DOUGLAS.

James M. Hendry.....	893	George A. Reynolds.....	435
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NINTH DISTRICT—DOUGLAS, FRANKLIN, AND ANDERSON.

P. P. Elder.....	1492	Isaiah Pile.....	607
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TENTH DISTRICT—WYANDOTTE AND JOHNSON.

Charles G. Keeler.....	765	Alfred Gray.....	702
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ELEVENTH DISTRICT—LINN AND LYKINS.

W. W. Updegraff.....	994	Joseph H. Barlow.....	781
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TWELFTH DISTRICT—BOURBON, ALLEN, MCGEE, DORN, WOODSON, AND WILSON.

Watson Stewart.....	642	N. S. Goss.....	550
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THIRTEENTH DISTRICT—COFFEY, MADISON, HUNTER, BUTLER, CHASE, GODFREY, AND GREENWOOD.

John C. Lambdin.....	341	Hiram Hoover.....	210
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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT—DONIPHAN—Three Members.

Thomas Vanderslice.....	747	Carey B. Whitehead.....	759
Hugh Robertson.....	752	Thomas A. Osborn.....	731
Philip Burke.....	731	B. O'Driscoll.....	728

SECOND DISTRICT—ATCHISON—Two Members.

William Noel.....	659	F. Lombard.....	658
R. A. Van Winkle.....	506	James Auld.....	495

THIRD DISTRICT—LEAVENWORTH—Four Members.

Fred. Brown.....	1314	Jeremiah Clark.....	1123
Pascal S. Parks.....	1372	Benjamin H. Twombly.....	1133
John Wright.....	1293	C. H. W. Ettinger.....	1114
J. C. Murphy.....	1275	A. M. Clark.....	1163

FOURTH DISTRICT—JEFFERSON—Two Members.

Edward Lynde.....	372	Henry Buckmaster.....	329
T. A. Blake.....	370	James H. Jones.....	328

FIFTH DISTRICT—POTTAWATOMIE AND WABAUNSEE— <i>One Member.</i>		
Amasa Bartlett.....	234	Charles Jenkins..... 82
SIXTH DISTRICT—JACKSON— <i>One Member.</i>		
Byron Steward.....	217	William Cline..... 183
SEVENTH DISTRICT—WYANDOTTE— <i>One Member.</i>		
Wm. L. McMath.....	295	Thos. J. Williams..... 295
		A. B. Bartlett..... 39
EIGHTH DISTRICT—BROWN— <i>One Member.</i>		
H. R. Dutton.....	232	A. B. Anderson..... 60
NINTH DISTRICT—NEMAHA— <i>One Member.</i>		
Morton Cave (vote not given in official abstract.)		
TENTH DISTRICT—MARSHALL AND WASHINGTON— <i>One Member.</i>		
J. S. Magill.....	162	George G. Pierce..... 160
ELEVENTH DISTRICT—RILEY AND CLAY— <i>One Member.</i>		
Daniel L. Chandler.....	268	George Montague..... 174
TWELFTH DISTRICT—DICKINSON AND DAVIS— <i>One Member.</i>		
Robert Reynolds.....	136	J. W. Blaine..... 83
THIRTEENTH DISTRICT—BRECKINRIDGE— <i>One Member.</i>		
Stephen G. Elliott.....	387	E. C. Stevens..... 101
FOURTEENTH DISTRICT—SHAWNEE— <i>Two Members.</i>		
William H. Fitzpatrick.....	524	Cyrus K. Holliday..... 152
S. R. Caniff.....	524	N. O. Case..... 155
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—DOUGLAS— <i>Three Members.</i>		
Paul R. Brooks.....	992	Edwin Mervin..... 335
William A. Rankin.....	965	George W. Zinn..... 334
Erastus Heath.....	991	L. A. Prather..... 338
SIXTEENTH DISTRICT—JOHNSON— <i>Two Members.</i>		
Charles Sims.....	511	Josiah E. Hayes..... 385
L. S. Cornwall.....	477	D. W. Scott..... 389
SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT—LYKINS— <i>One Member.</i>		
Gustavus A. Colton.....	471	George W. Dall..... 368
EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT—LINN— <i>One Member.</i>		
J. H. Jones.....	490	John T. Alexander..... 394
NINETEENTH DISTRICT—LYKINS AND LINN— <i>One Member.</i>		
William R. Wagstaff.....	847	James Montgomery..... 838
TWENTIETH DISTRICT—ANDERSON— <i>One Member.</i>		
Thomas Lindsay.....	269	Samuel Anderson..... 5
TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT—FRANKLIN— <i>One Member.</i>		
Henry Shively.....	221	John F. Javens..... 216
TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT—COFFEY AND OSAGE— <i>Two Members.</i>		
O. H. Sheldon.....	309	A. A. Burr..... 177
George W. Nelson.....	335	Dr. Howell..... 136
TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT—MADISON, CHASE, AND MORRIS— <i>One Member.</i>		
T. S. Huffaker.....	121	S. N. Wood..... 86
		S. G. Britton..... 34
TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT—BUTLER, GREENWOOD, HUNTER, GODFREY, AND WOODSON— <i>One Member.</i>		
P. G. D. Morton.....	149	E. I. Brown..... 124

TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT—ALLEN, WILSON, DORN, AND MCGEE—*One Member.*
 John W. Scott..... 213 | Nimrod Hawkins..... 195

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT—BOURBON—*One Member.*
 Horatio Knowles..... 359 | George Hubbard..... 259

TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT—ARAPAHOE—*One Member.*
 R. Sopris..... 219 | David Gregory..... 17

NOVEMBER.—Publication of "The Roving Editor: or Talks with Slaves in the Southern States." By James Redpath. New York: A. B. Burdick. pp. 349. Dedicated to Capt. John Brown. Mr. Redpath had been a correspondent and editor in this State, and several chapters relate to Kansas. He was a brave pioneer, and a graphic writer.

DECEMBER 1.—Abram Lincoln arrives in Elwood, and makes a speech that evening. He was met at St. Joseph by M. W. Delahay and D. W. Wilder. His speech was substantially the same he made soon afterward at the Cooper Institute, New York, and one of the ablest and clearest ever delivered by an American statesman.

DECEMBER 2.—John Brown executed.

DECEMBER 2.—Written in prison and handed to one of his guards: "I, John Brown, am now quite certain that the crimes of this guilty land will never be purged away but with blood. I had, as I now think vainly, flattered myself that without very much bloodshed it might be done." The blood of Brown and Lincoln, friends of Kansas and of freedom for all, went to purge the guilty land.

DECEMBER 3.—The Leavenworth Times says: "The Hon. Abe Lincoln is on Kansas soil. He has spoken at Elwood, Troy, and Doniphan. Last night he spoke at Atchison. To-day at noon he arrives in Leavenworth. To-night he speaks at Stockton's." He received a public reception, and made two speeches, one on the 3d and one on the 5th.

DECEMBER 5.—Meeting of the 36th Congress. John Sherman, of Ohio, the Republican candidate for Speaker, had approved of an Anti-Slavery book written by Hinton R. Helper, of North Carolina. John B. Clark, of Missouri, offered a resolution declaring any member unfit to be Speaker who had signed a recommendation of Helper's "Compendium of the Impending Crisis." The resolution was long debated, but did not come to a vote.

DECEMBER 5.—In the Senate, Mr. Mason, of Virginia, moved the appointment of a committee to inquire into the facts connected with the seizure of the United States Armory at Harper's Ferry, by John Brown and his confederates; adopted. Mr. Trumbull, of Illinois, moved to include in the investigation the seizure of the Arsenal at Franklin, Mo., by the invaders of Kansas, in 1855; rejected. The committee consisted of Mason, Fitch, Jefferson Davis, Doolittle, and Collamer. The majority report, signed by Mason, Fitch, and Davis, absolved all persons except Brown and his men from any connection with the invasion. The committee examined several witnesses from Kansas.

DECEMBER 6.—ELECTION OF STATE OFFICERS AND A REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, UNDER THE WYANDOTTE CONSTITUTION.

Counties.	Governor.		Lieutenant Governor.		Secretary of State.		Treasurer.		Auditor.		Supt. of Pub. Instruction.		Chief Justice.		Asso'te Justice (Two years).		Asso'te Justice (Four years).		Attorney General.		Representative in Congress.	
	1858	1859	1858	1859	1858	1859	1858	1859	1858	1859	1858	1859	1858	1859	1858	1859	1858	1859	1858	1859	1858	1859
Atchison.....	644	585	644	585	581	581	586	632	645	583	646	581	649	579	649	579	649	579	647	581	638	583
Allen.....	174	136	175	134	135	135	135	176	135	135	175	135	174	135	174	135	174	135	165	141	175	135
Anderson.....	160	89	162	89	162	88	162	89	162	88	162	88	150	89	162	89	162	89	162	89	160	87
Brown.....	273	81	271	80	272	81	273	81	273	81	.....	.....	271	80	274	80	274	80	273	81	268	95
Breckinridge.....	398	122	405	109	413	111	413	110	411	111	413	111	411	111	413	109	413	109	413	111	397	126
Booker.....	275	119	273	145	275	147	275	147	273	150	272	149	272	151	275	147	275	148	274	148	214	149
Chase.....	109	10	109	10	109	10	92	10	92	10	109	10	109	10	109	10	84	35	109	10	105	10
Coffey.....	223	101	228	98	228	98	228	98	227	99	229	97	227	97	229	98	228	98	227	99	223	100
Douglas.....	1,018	334	1,093	324	1,093	335	1,100	324	1,097	330	1,094	330	1,086	341	1,100	328	1,093	333	1,067	325	1,057	341
Doniphan.....	476	371	472	327	473	377	473	377	466	380	472	377	472	376	472	375	472	376	473	378	470	382
Franklin.....	50	117	50	117	50	115	48	115	49	115	48	116	49	116	49	115	48	116	49	116	30	115
Franklin & Davis.....	249	121	250	120	249	121	250	122	245	116	249	122	241	129	250	121	250	122	241	129	242	124
Franklin & Davis.....	23	6	23	6	23	6	23	6	23	6	23	6	23	6	23	6	23	6	23	6	24	5
Greenwood.....	21	3	21	3	21	3	21	3	21	3	21	3	21	3	21	3	21	3	21	3	21	3
Hunter.....	169	170	169	169	169	169	169	170	169	169	169	169	170	169	169	169	169	169	170	169	170	169
Jackson.....	332	293	333	292	332	292	332	293	330	281	331	292	329	294	328	296	331	293	329	292	332	294
Jefferson.....	306	425	310	424	310	425	310	423	308	425	308	425	308	422	308	423	308	421	307	424	303	426
Johnson.....	997	1,404	975	1,433	965	1,406	1,022	1,372	965	1,403	961	1,402	1,098	1,312	952	1,415	961	1,404	961	1,405	878	1,515
Leavenworth.....	222	132	226	131	225	131	224	131	224	135	224	131	238	118	226	130	199	159	225	131	219	127
Linn.....	312	200	313	189	313	190	314	204	300	190	313	190	306	203	315	190	192	301	186	314	195	314
Lykins.....	47	7	47	7	47	7	47	7	47	7	47	7	48	7	47	7	47	7	47	7	47	7
Madison.....	40	69	40	69	40	69	40	69	40	69	40	68	40	69	40	69	40	69	40	69	39	69
Marshall.....	54	59	54	59	54	59	54	59	54	59	54	59	54	59	54	59	54	59	54	59	52	60
Morris.....	128	60	129	60	128	60	128	60	127	66	127	59	127	60	128	60	127	60	128	61	123	62
Nemaha.....	24	2	24	2	24	2	24	2	24	2	24	2	24	2	24	2	24	2	24	2	24	2
Osage.....	35	35	35	37	35	34	35	39	34	35	34	35	34	36	34	35	34	35	34	35	34	34
Portawatomie.....	234	95	232	97	196	113	235	96	235	96	234	94	235	97	234	97	235	97	233	96	228	101
Riley.....	569	171	567	173	570	175	566	175	567	175	568	174	567	174	564	177	546	177	567	175	565	187
Shawnee.....	138	17	119	16	119	16	126	15	127	16	102	16	129	16	128	16	128	16	128	16	128	16
Wagoner.....	60	37	59	38	58	39	58	39	58	39	58	39	58	39	58	39	58	39	58	39	58	39
Woodson.....	7,908	5,395	7,893	5,392	7,864	5,396	7,937	5,348	7,856	5,365	7,598	5,287	8,010	5,301	7,895	5,396	7,721	5,492	7,880	5,372	7,674	5,567
Total.....	7,908	5,395	7,893	5,392	7,864	5,396	7,937	5,348	7,856	5,365	7,598	5,287	8,010	5,301	7,895	5,396	7,721	5,492	7,880	5,372	7,674	5,567

DECEMBER 6.—Vote on State Senators. Republicans are marked with a star.

FIRST DISTRICT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Doniphan.</i>	<i>Majority.</i>
H. N. Seaver*.....	424	1
T. A. Osborn*.....	483	130
C. H. Hatcher.....	423	
X. K. Stout.....	353	

SECOND DISTRICT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Atchison.</i>	<i>Brown.</i>	<i>Total.</i>	<i>Majority.</i>
John A. Martin*.....	644	266	910	290
H. R. Dutton*.....	628	297	925	249
Samuel W. Wade.....	574	46	620	
G. O. Chase.....	596	80	676	

THIRD DISTRICT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Marshall.</i>	<i>Kenada.</i>	<i>Total.</i>	<i>Majority.</i>
R. W. Terry*.....	40	109	149	21
J. E. Clardy.....	63	65	128	

FOURTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Putnam- ome.</i>	<i>Riley.</i>	<i>Total.</i>	<i>Majority.</i>
S. D. Houston*.....	136	233	369	242
W. H. Herbert.....	33	94	127	

FIFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Davis.</i>	<i>Wideman- see.</i>	<i>Total.</i>	<i>Majority.</i>
J. M. Hubbard*.....	35	109	144	5
Robert Reynolds.....	122	17	139	

SIXTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Shawnee.</i>	<i>Jefferson.</i>	<i>Jackson.</i>	<i>Total.</i>	<i>Majority.</i>
H. W. Farnsworth*.....	492	325	167	984	257
Edward Lynde*.....	515	318	168	1001	409
C. K. Holliday.....	253	306	168	727	
G. A. Buck.....	144	280	168	592	

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Lawen- north...</i>	<i>Majority</i>
John H. McDowell.....	1445	483
H. B. Denman.....	1424	435
Jesse Connell.....	1328	290
David H. Bailey*.....	962	.....
Matt. France*.....	989	.....
Jas. L. McDowell*.....	1038	.....

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Douglas.</i>	<i>Johnson.</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority</i>
John Lockhart*.....	1081	297	1378	630
Josiah Miller*.....	1020	303	1323	594
Robert Morrow*.....	1068	308	1376	609
O. B. Gunn*.....	1072	306	1378	635
A. S. Devenney.....	327	421	748	.....
S. O. Hemmenway.....	305	421	729	.....
S. K. Huson.....	343	424	767	.....
G. W. Veale.....	319	424	743	.....

NINTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Bourbon</i>	<i>Linn.....</i>	<i>Lynch...</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority</i>
J. C. Burnett*.....	270	218	314	802	341
J. F. Broadhead*.....	275	201	311	787	321
J. A. Phillips*.....	275	217	287	779	304
Geo. A. Crawford.....	141	140	180	461	.....
Harry Torrey.....	140	132	194	466	.....
Jos. H. Barlow.....	140	147	188	475	.....

TENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Allen.....</i>	<i>Anderson..</i>	<i>Franklin..</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority...</i>
P. P. Elder*.....	169	161	239	569	289
Wm. Spriggs*.....	169	172	246	587	293
Wm. Pennock.....	76	81	123	280	.....
John R. Goodin.....	139	84	131	354	.....

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Madison...</i>	<i>Woodson...</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Plurality..</i>
S. E. Hoffman*.....	17	45	62	8
Russell Austin.....	.....	30	30	.....
John L. Dunn.....	38	16	54	.....

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Breckin- ridge</i>	<i>Coffey</i>	<i>Osage</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority</i>
J. W. Kerr *†.....	409	221	9	639	408
E. P. Bancroft*.....	383	229	12	624	410
R. M. Ruggles.....	131	98	2	231	.....
John J. Sanders.....	114	98	2	214	.....

† Kerr died before the session, and H. S. Sleeper was chosen to the vacancy.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Chase</i>	<i>Morris</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority</i>
S. N. Wood*.....	106	55	161	101
H. J. Espy.....	8	52	60	.....

The vote for Representatives is not announced in the official paper, the Atchison Champion, but a note states that it did not vary materially from that for Senators. The returns are not on file in the Secretary of State's office.

First District.—T. P. Herrick, F. W. Emery, A. Lowe, Republicans; W. C. Kimber, Democrat.

Second District.—William H. Grimes, E. P. Lewis, Thomas Butcher, C. B. Keith, A. Elliott, Ira Smith, Republicans.

Third District.—David C. Auld, D. E. Ballard, Republicans.

Fourth District.—Ambrose W. Mussey, Thomas Price, William H. Smith, F. N. Blake, Republicans.

Fifth District.—Ernest Hobeneck, Abner Allen, Republicans; E. J. Lines, Democrat.

Sixth District.—Henry Buckmaster, Jerome Kunkel, John E. Moore, S. R. Caniff, H. Heberling, H. W. Curtis, A. Ray, William E. Bowker, Republicans.

Seventh District.—R. P. C. Wilson, W. P. Gambell, John Benz, Isaac E. Eaton, N. Humber, L. T. Smith, John D. Crafton, Charles Starns, James M. Calvert, Democrats.

Eighth District.—Amasa Soule, James B. Abbott, E. D. Thompson, W. D. Blackford, D. M. Alexander, Oliver Barber, L. Woodard, J. C. Bartlett, James F. Legate, J. E. Corliss, J. E. Hayes, James McGrew, Alfred Gray, Republicans.

Ninth District.—J. T. Neal, Horatio Knowles, S. B. Mayhurin, J. H. Jones, Andrew Stark, J. W. Stewart, Abram Ellis, Cyrus Tator, Gustavus A. Colton, Republicans.

Tenth District.—W. W. H. Lawrence, Jacob Marcell, W. F. M. Army, S. J. Crawford, B. L. G. Stone, N. B. Blanton, Republicans.

Eleventh District.—George H. Lillie, Alanson K. Hawkes, Republicans.

Twelfth District.—O. H. Sheldon, B. Wheat, W. R. Sanders, G. A. Cutler, R. W. Cloud, G. H. Rees, Republicans.

Thirteenth District.—A. J. Chipman, P. G. D. Morton, Republicans.

Fourteenth District.—John S. Rackliff, Republican.

	RECAPITULATION.	Republicans.	Democrats.
Senate.....	22	3
House.....	64	11
Total.....	86	14

DECEMBER 6.—Election of District Judges under the Wyandotte Constitution:

FIRST DISTRICT.

<i>Counties.</i>	<i>William C. McDowell.</i>	<i>George W. Gardner.</i>
Jackson.....	182	169
Jefferson.....	295	316
Leavenworth.....	1428	964
Total.....	1905	1449

SECOND DISTRICT.

<i>Counties.</i>	<i>A. T. Lee.</i>	<i>George W. Gluck.</i>	<i>S. Tennant.</i>
Atchison.....	631	599	.....
Brown.....	274	80	.....
Marshall.....	40	4	63
Nemaha.....	129	46	.....
Doniphan.....	466	359	.....
Total.....	1560	1088	63

THIRD DISTRICT.

<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Jacob Safford.</i>	<i>J. R. McClure.</i>	<i>R. L. Withers.</i>
Davis and Dickinson.....	29	119	15
Pottawatomie.....	.....	31	120
Riley.....	10	140	177
Wabaunsee.....	93	16	14
Shawnee.....	458	79	186
Total.....	590	385	462

FOURTH DISTRICT.

<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Solon O. Thatcher.</i>	<i>James Christian.</i>
Allen.....	172	136
Anderson.....	142	97
Bourbon.....	273	140
Douglas.....	941	454
Franklin.....	232	138
Johnson.....	304	423
Linn.....	193	152
Lykins.....	311	192
Total.....	2563	1732

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.	O. E. Leav- ers.....	J. H. Web- b.....
Breckinridge.....	170	323
Chase.....	96	31
Greenwood.....	22	7
Hunter.....	3	18
Madison.....	17	37
Coffey.....	167	143
Morris.....	50	32
Osage.....	13	1
Woodson.....	78	15
Total.....	616	607

DECEMBER 25. —A book published with this title: "The Public Life of Capt. John Brown, by James Redpath, with an Autobiography of his Childhood and Youth. Boston: Thayer & Eldridge." pp. 407. The author returns thanks to Dr. Thomas H. Webb, of Boston, and Richard J. Hinton, of Kansas, for assistance in preparing the book. It is an earnest and sincere book, and an enthusiastic defense of John Brown's character and acts. It contains much Kansas history, of which Mr. Redpath was an eye-witness. This is the most radical Kansas book published up to this time. Redpath believed that Slavery was a crime, and that it was as much an evil by all means to be put down as murder was, or any other villainy. The book had a great sale, and must have convinced as well as startled thousands of men. Like Brown's heroic martyrdom, it hastened the day of emancipation.

John Brown's understanding of Christianity is well shown by the following incident:

"Brown was visited yesterday by Rev. James H. Mareh, of the M. E. Church. The reverend gentleman having advanced an argument in favor of the institution of Slavery as it now exists, Brown replied to him, saying, 'My dear sir, you know nothing about Christianity; you will have to learn the A B C's in the lesson of Christianity, as I find you entirely ignorant of the meaning of the word. I of course respect you as a gentleman, but it is as a *heathen* gentleman.'

On the first of November, 1859, Captain Brown was brought into court to receive the sentence of death. Here is his last speech:

"I have, may it please the Court, a few words to say.

"In the first place, I deny everything but what I have all along admitted — the design on my part to free the slaves. I intended certainly to have made a clear thing of that matter, as I did last winter, when I went into Missouri, and there took slaves without the snapping of a gun on either side, moved them through the country, and finally left them in Canada. I designed to have done the same thing again, on a larger scale. That was all I intended. I never did intend murder, or treason, or the destruction of property, or to excite or incite slaves to rebellion, or to make insurrection.

"I have another objection; and that is, it is unjust that I should suffer such a penalty. Had I interfered in the manner in which I admit, and which I admit has been fairly proved—for I admire the truthfulness and candor of the greater portion of the witnesses who have testified in this case)—had I so interfered in behalf of the rich, the powerful, the intelligent, the so-called great, or in behalf of any of their friends, either father, mother, brother, sister, wife, or children, or any of that class, and suffered and

sacrificed what I have in this interference, it would have been all right, and every man in this Court would have deemed it an act worthy of reward rather than punishment.

"This Court acknowledges, as I suppose, the validity of the Law of God. I see a book kissed here which I suppose to be the Bible, or, at least, the New Testament. That teaches me that all things 'whatsoever I would that men should do unto me I should do even so to them.' It teaches me further, 'to remember them that are in bonds as bound with them.' I endeavored to act up to that instruction. I say, I am yet too young to understand that God is any respecter of persons. I believe that to have interfered as I have done, as I have always freely admitted I have done, in behalf of His despised poor, was not wrong, but right. Now, if it is deemed necessary that I should forfeit my life for the furtherance of the ends of justice, and mingle my blood further with the blood of my children, and with the blood of millions in this slave country whose rights are disregarded by wicked, cruel, and unjust enactments—I submit: so let it be done.

"Let me say one word further.

"I feel entirely satisfied with the treatment I have received on my trial. Considering all the circumstances, it has been more generous than I expected. But I feel no consciousness of guilt. I have stated from the first what was my intention and what was not. I never had any design against the life of any person, nor any disposition to commit treason, or excite slaves to rebel, or make any general insurrection. I never encouraged any man to do so, but always discouraged any idea of that kind.

"Let me say, also, a word in regard to the statements made by some of those connected with me. I hear it has been stated by some of them that I have induced them to join me. But the contrary is true. I do not say this to injure them, but as regretting their weakness. There is not one of them but joined me of his own accord, and the greater part at their own expense. A number of them I never saw, and never had a word of conversation with, till the day they came to me, and that was for the purpose I have stated.

"Now I have done."

1860.

JANUARY 2.—Legislature meets at Lecompton. Message from Governor Medary. It reviews the legislation of the last session, points out defects, and urges needed amendments. "The utmost peace and quiet has pervaded the whole Territory."

The following is a list of the members (Democrats in *Italic*, and Republicans in Roman):

COUNCIL.

1st District.....	<i>Geo. M. Beebe.</i>	8th District.....	Jas. M. Hendry.
2d District.....	<i>W. J. Marion.</i>	9th District.....	P. P. Elder.
3d District.....	<i>W. G. Mathias.</i>	10th District.....	<i>C. G. Keefer.</i>
4th District.....	<i>J. M. Christison.</i>	11th District.....	W. W. Updegraff.
5th District.....	L. R. Palmer.	12th District.....	Watson Stewart.
6th District.....	J. B. Woodward.	13th District.....	John C. Lambdin.
7th District.....	Chester Thomas.		

REPRESENTATIVES.

1st District.....	{ <i>C. B. Whitehead.</i> <i>Thos. Vanderstice.</i>	14th District.....	{ W. H. Fitzpatrick. S. R. Caniff.
2d District.....	{ Hugh Robertson. <i>F. Lombard.</i>	15th District.....	{ Paul R. Brooks. Wm. A. Rankin.
3d District.....	{ <i>Wm. Noel.</i> <i>Pascal S. Parks.</i> <i>Fred. Brown.</i>	16th District.....	{ Erastus Heath. <i>Chas. Sims.</i> <i>L. S. Cornwall.</i>
4th District.....	{ John Wright. <i>John C. Murphy.</i> <i>T. A. Blake.</i>	17th District.....	G. A. Colton.
5th District.....	{ Edward Lynde. A. Bartlett.	18th District.....	J. H. Jones.
6th District.....	Byron Steward.	19th District.....	<i>Wm. R. Wagstaff.</i>
7th District.....	<i>Wm. L. McMath.</i>	20th District.....	Thomas Lindsay.
8th District.....	J. R. Dutton.	21st District.....	Henry Shively.
9th District.....	Morton Cave.	22d District.....	{ O. H. Sheldon. G. W. Nelson.
10th District.....	<i>J. S. Magill.</i>	23d District.....	Sam'l N. Wood.
11th District.....	Dan. L. Chandler.	24th District.....	P. G. D. Morton.
12th District.....	<i>Robert Reynolds.</i>	25th District.....	John W. Scott.
13th District.....	Steph. G. Elliott.	26th District.....	Horatio Knowles.
		27th Dist. (Pike's Peak).....	<i>R. Sopris.</i>

The Council consisted of 9 Republicans and 4 Democrats, and the House of 23 Republicans and 16 Democrats.

Officers of the Council: W. W. Updegraff, President; John J. Ingalls, Clerk; A. Cutler, Assistant Clerk; H. M. Selden, Sergeant-at-Arms; J. K. Rankin, Doorkeeper.

Officers of the House: Speaker, G. A. Colton; Chief Clerk, M. W. Delahay; Assistant Clerk, N. J. Chipman; Sergeant-at-Arms, G. F. Warren; Doorkeeper, William House; Docket Clerk, John W. Day; Engrossing Clerk, J. L. Wilson; Enrolling Clerk, Andrew Stark; Journal Clerk, H. C. Chase; Second Assistant Clerk, Samuel F. Tappan.

JANUARY 4.—Report received from Samuel W. Greer, Superintendent of Schools. It is a long and interesting paper. The Territory has 222 organized school districts; 7,029 youths between the age of 5 and 21; 2,087 enrolled in the schools; schools were taught in 136 districts; \$7,045 were raised to build school houses; amount of public school money, \$6,233; raised by private subscription, \$6883.

The Winfield Courier, October, 1882, gives a biography of Mr. Greer. He went to Cowley county in 1871.

JANUARY 4.—The Legislature votes to adjourn to Lawrence.

JANUARY 5.—Milton R. Benton is given the seat in the Council occupied by W. J. Marion, as a member from the Second District.

JANUARY 5.—Message from the Governor vetoing the joint resolution adjourning the Legislature to Lawrence. The House passes the resolution over the veto by 22 to 7. The Council, on the 6th, passed the resolution by 9 to 4.

JANUARY 7.—The Legislature meets at Lawrence.

JANUARY 18.—The House votes, by 33 to 1, to adjourn; the Council concurs, by 6 to 3.

—George G. Pierce is awarded the seat of Mr. Magill, in the House, as the member from the Tenth District.

—The Council Journal of this session contains 95 pages; the House Journal, 162 pages. The journals of the session immediately following are published separately, as of a new Legislature, and are voluminous.

JANUARY 18.—W. F. M. Army before the Harper's Ferry Committee, in Washington.

JANUARY 18.—Governor Medary issues a proclamation, summoning the Legislature to meet at Leecompton on the 19th.

JANUARY 19.—Meeting of the Legislature at Leecompton. Both houses reëlect their recent officers. They vote to adjourn to Lawrence.

JANUARY 20.—Message from the Governor. Report received from Auditor Strickler. The Governor vetoes the bill adjourning to Lawrence. It is passed over the veto.

JANUARY 21.—The Legislature meets at Lawrence. The Census Report is published in the Council Journal, pp. 136-40, and the Report of Treasurer Mitchell on pp. 140-42. He reports \$90,600 issued in Claim bonds to redeem Claim warrants.

FEBRUARY 1.—William Pennington, of New Jersey, is elected Speaker of the House, by the Republicans, on the forty-fourth ballot, receiving 117 votes, to 116 for all others. Sherman withdrew as a candidate.

—A Kansas Historical Society is organized at Lawrence. Samuel A. Kingman delivers the address.

FEBRUARY 6.—Telegraph completed to St. Joseph, via Leavenworth and Atchison, by C. M. Stebbins & Co.

FEBRUARY 7.—Ground broken on the "Kansas Central" Railroad, at Wyandotte.

—A Legislative committee reports 97,570 as the population of Kansas. The census as made to and reported by the Governor gave a population of 71,770.

FEBRUARY 7.—Title of a book, of this date: "The Narrative of John Doy, of Lawrence, Kansas. 'A Plain, Unvarnished Tale.' Printed for the Author. New York: Thomas Holman, Book and Job Printer, corner Center and White Streets. 1860." pp. 132. It is copyrighted by John Doy. The preface is dated January 1, 1860. This is followed by an affidavit before a New York notary, in which the author swears that all the statements "purporting to be of this deponent's own knowledge, are true; and that all statements therein contained, purporting to be on information derived from other persons, he believes to be also true." The book has nineteen chapters. It opens with the statement that a public meeting was held in Rochester, N. Y., in June, 1854, in behalf of Kansas. A party of pioneers left Boston for Kansas. They passed through Rochester July 18, and were joined by Daniel R. Anthony and Dr. Doy. The names of the pioneers are given. The book recites the writer's early experience here. On the 25th of January, 1859, Dr. Doy and his son Charles left Lawrence for Nebraska, with eight colored men, three women, and two children, who were slaves. They were captured when only twelve miles out of Lawrence, and taken to Weston, Mo. The two Doy's had an examination at Weston, and were committed to jail at Platte City, for the crime of abducting slaves. They remained in jail till March 20. A change of venue was obtained to St. Joseph; there Dr. Doy was tried before Elijah J. Norton. His attorneys, hired by Kansas, were ex-Governor Wilson Shannon and A. C. Davis. The prosecution was conducted by G. M. Bassett, Silas H. Woodson, W. H. Miller, and John Doniphan. Three reporters of the trial were Albert D. Richardson, Henry Villard (for a Cincinnati paper), and D. W. Wilder. The jury did not agree. Charles F. Doy was liberated. Dr. Doy was recommitted for trial in June. At the second trial he was convicted, and sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. He was rescued on the night of June 23d or 24th (Saturday). Dr. Doy was taken to Lawrence and given a public reception. This true story reveals such barbarous and hideous facts that our children will not believe that they ever existed. Slavery turned white men into devils, the religious and saintly qualities passing over from the master to his victim.

FEBRUARY 11.—Mr. Beebe, Democrat, makes a report against the bill abolishing slavery, as follows:

"A minority of your Committee, to whom was referred House bill No. 6, 'An act to prohibit Slavery and Involuntary Servitude in the Territory of Kansas,' having had the same under consideration, and having found that there now is invested in this Territory between one-fourth and one-half a million of dollars' worth of property in slaves; and believing that the *immediate* prohibition of an existing right of property in any given article is beyond either the legislative power of the States or Territories, as contravening the letter and spirit of articles four and five of the 'Amendments' to the Federal Constitution, recommend to your honorable body the indefinite postponement of the said bill.

G. M. BEEBE, a *Minority of your Committee.*"

The Council pass the bill by 9 to 4, the noes being Beebe, Christison, Keeler, and Mathias.

FEBRUARY 14.—The President of the U. S. Senate presents the Constitution of Kansas, framed at Wyandotte.

FEBRUARY 15.—Galusha A. Grow introduces a bill (H. R. 23), for the admission of Kansas under the Wyandotte Constitution; passed the House, April 11; amended and passed the Senate, January 21, 1861; the House agrees to the amendment, January 28; bill signed, January 29.

FEBRUARY 17.—The Governor appoints, and the Senate confirms, H. J. Strickler as Auditor.

FEBRUARY 20.—A very long message from Gov. Medary vetoing the bill abolishing Slavery. He quotes the act organizing the Territory, and says: "You claim, under this declaration in the Organic Act, the right to prohibit Slavery in the Territory of Kansas. By so doing, you mistake both the words and the meaning, and misconceive the true spirit of the text."

It is passed over the veto by the following vote:

IN THE HOUSE—*Yeas*: Messrs. Brown, Bartlett, Brooks, Chandler, Caniff, Cornwall, Cave, Dutton, Elliott, Fitzpatrick, Heath, Jones, Knowles, Lindsay, Morton, Nelson, Parks, Pierce, Robertson, Rankin, Stewart, Sims, Shively, Sheldon, Scott, Sopris, Wagstaff, Wood, and Mr. Speaker Colton. *Nays*: Messrs. Lombard, Murphy, McMath, Noel, Reynolds, Vanderslice, and Whitehead.

IN THE COUNCIL—*Yeas*: Messrs. Updegraff (President), Benton, Lambdin, Thomas, Hendry, Woodward, Palmer, Stewart, and Elder. *Nays*: Messrs. Beebe, Christison, Keeler, and Mathias.

FEBRUARY 20.—Report of the Special Committee on the Claims Commission; published in the House Journal, page 481. A full statement is given of the Territorial bonds issued for claim warrants, and all the facts relating to the transaction. On page 531, a copy is given of the bonds issued. Wm. H. Fitzpatrick issued a minority report, which led to the defeat of the bond scheme.

—Gov. Robinson before the Harper's Ferry Committee.

FEBRUARY 22.—Railroad completed from St. Joseph to Atehison.

FEBRUARY 27.—Lincoln's Cooper Institute speech. The N. Y. Tribune said: "No man ever made such an impression on his first appeal to a New York audience."

FEBRUARY 27.—The Legislature adjourns. The volume of general laws contains 264 pages. Among the Acts passed were the following:

Authorizing Doniphan, Douglas, Johnson, and Leavenworth counties, and Leavenworth City, to issue bonds; the name of McGee county is changed to Cherokee; the eastern boundary of Neosho county is defined; the lines are changed of Davis, Chase and Butler counties; Dickinson, Clay, Greenwood, Irving, Marion, Otoe, Peketon, Republic, Shirley, Ottawa, Saline and Washington counties are organized; defining judicial districts; to prohibit the recording of deeds in Land District Records' offices, and to secure their record in the office of the Register of Deeds; abolishing slavery. The volume of private laws contains 455 pages. Among the cities incorporated are Denver and Auraria (now in Colorado), Burlingame, Paola, and Troy; among the towns are Alma, Bellefont, Carlyle, Fort Scott, Iola, Irving, Louisville, Marion, Neosho Falls, Osawatomie, Ottumwa, and Stanton. Forty-three bills are passed granting divorces.

The county named Shirley, for Jane Shirley, of Leavenworth, was changed, in 1867, to Cloud, in honor of Col. Wm. F. Cloud, of the Second Kansas.

FEBRUARY 29.—Senator Seward delivers an elaborate speech in favor of the immediate admission of Kansas, and introduces a bill.

—This was a very dry year. Large amounts of money and goods were sent from the North and East for the relief of Kansas, and were chiefly distributed by S. C. Pomeroy, at Atchison. The Legislature of New York appropriated \$50,000; an appropriation was also made by the Wisconsin Legislature, and every Free State contributed generously.

MARCH 15.—The Topeka Record publishes a long letter from Governor Robinson in regard to his testimony before the Harper's Ferry Committee. He says: "Not one word of my testimony can be construed against the Free-State party; on the contrary, I fully indorsed that party, with all its actions, and it will so appear in the testimony, if ever printed."

MARCH 16.—Aaron D. Stevens and Albert Hazlett, John Brown's men, executed at Charlestown, Virginia. James Montgomery and a few of his men went from Kansas to rescue these men from prison, but were prevented by the deep snow. Thomas W. Higginson organized a New England and New York party, and they met Montgomery at Harrisburg. (See sketch of Edward Russell, in the Kansas Biographical Dictionary.)

MARCH 20.—Reports of a raid by Missourians in Bourbon county.

MARCH 20.—Iron arrives in Kansas, and track-laying begins on the Elwood & Marysville Railroad. This is the first railroad iron laid down on Kansas soil.

MARCH 25.—James E. Jones, of Fort Scott, takes the office of Register, at the Lecompton Land Office, in place of Ely Moore, deceased.

MARCH 26.—Wm. A. Phillips writes from Lawrence to the Topeka Record, denying that he was engaged in John Brown's revolutionary plans; accusing Governor Robinson of giving his peculiar testimony in order to secure land grants; giving M. F. Conway the credit for re-

pudiating the bogus Missouri Legislature of 1855; and regretting that the Topeka movement was abandoned by the Grasshopper Falls Convention, and the Territorial Government taken possession of.

MARCH 27.—Democratic Convention at Atchison. Dr. W. R. Crane, of Doniphan, President; James A. Burton, of Leavenworth, Secretary. The following Delegates were elected to the Charleston National Convention: John A. Halderman, Isaac E. Eaton, John P. Slough, and H. Miles Moore, Leavenworth; George M. Beebe, Doniphan; Charles W. Blair, Bourbon; William Weer, Wyandotte; James Christian, Douglas; Charles Sims, Johnson; Robert B. Mitchell, Linn; Cyrus K. Holliday, Shawnee; Robert Wilson, Riley. The Convention passed the following resolutions:

"Resolved, That the law prohibiting Slavery in this Territory, recently passed by the Republican party in the Territorial Legislature, is in disregard of the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, in contravention of the Constitutional rights of fifteen of the States of this Union, and calculated to weaken the bonds of the Union.

"Resolved, That Samuel Medary, Governor of this Territory, in vetoing this unconstitutional law, and Messrs. Noel, Lombard, Beebe, Mathias, Christison, Keeler, Murphy, Reynolds, Whitehead, Vanderslice, and McMath, members of the Territorial Assembly of Kansas, in sustaining by their votes the Governor's veto, have deserved well of the Democracy of Kansas and of their whole country."

MARCH 29.—Mr. Grow, from the Committee on Territories, recommends the admission of Kansas into the Union, under the Wyandotte Constitution. The following is copied from the report:

"As to population, if there was any doubt on that point, your committee regard it as waived by the action of Congress. A majority of both houses, on the 13th day of April, A. D. 1858, declared by vote that there was sufficient population within the limits now proposed for Kansas to enable it to be admitted as a Slave State; and certainly that same population, increased by two years' immigration, should be, in the judgment of your committee, sufficient for a Free State, unless Congress proposes to establish one rule as to population for the admission of Slave States, and another and a different one for Free States.

"Your committee, therefore, deem it unnecessary to inquire into the precise number of the present population of Kansas, for if under ordinary circumstances there could be any objections on that point, they have, so far as Kansas is concerned, been twice waived by the action of Congress. In addition to the instance just cited, the House of Representatives four years ago passed an act for the admission of the State; and the Senate passed an act for the immediate formation of a State Government, in order to such admission, without regard to population. Since the first action of Congress the population has more than doubled, and has increased very largely since the last."

J. B. Clark, Democrat, of Missouri, in the House, presents a minority report.

APRIL 2.—Leavenworth appropriates money to survey the Smoky Hill route to Pike's Peak.

—Frank M. Tracy, of the Elwood Press, becomes editor of the St. Joseph Free Democrat.

APRIL 3.—The first Pony Express leaves St. Joseph for San Francisco. It is a weekly express.

APRIL 4.—Frank B. Sanborn, of Concord, Mass., an officer of the Kansas Emigrant Aid Society, and a confidential friend of John Brown,

arrested to appear before the Harper's Ferry Committee, is released by the Supreme Court of Massachusetts.

APRIL 11.—The House votes to admit Kansas under the Wyandotte Constitution:

Yeas: Chas. F. Adams, Adrain, Aldrich, Allen, Alley, Ashley, Babbitt, Barr, Barrett, Beale, Bingham, Blair, Blake, Brayton, Briggs, Buffinton, Burch, Burlingame, Burnham, Butterfield, Campbell, Carey, Carter, Case, Horace F. Clark, Clark B. Cochrane, John Cochrane, Colfax, Conkling, Cooper, Corwin, Covode, Cox, Curtis, Dawes, Delano, Duell, Dunn, Edgerton, Edwards, Eliot, Ely, Etheridge, Farnsworth, Fenton, Ferry, Florence, Foster, Fouke, Frank, French, Gooch, Grow, Gurley, Hale, Hall, Haskin, Helmick, Hickman, Hoard, Holman, Howard, Humphrey, Hutchins, Irvine, Junkin, Francis W. Kellogg, William Kellogg, Kenyon, Kilgore, Killinger, Larrabee, DeWitt C. Leach, Lee, Logan, Longenecker, Loomis, Lovejoy, Marston, Charles D. Martin, McClelland, McKean, McKnight, McPherson, Montgomery, Moorhead, Morrill, Edward Joy Morris, Isaac N. Morris, Morse, Niblack, Nixon, Olin, Palmer, Pendleton, Perry, Pettit, Porter, Potter, Pottle, Rice, Riggs, Christopher Robinson, James C. Robinson, Royce, Schwartz, Seranton, Sedgwick, Spaulding, Spinner, Stanton, Stevens, William Stewart, Stout, Stratton, Tappan, Thayer, Theaker, Tompkins, Train, Trimble, Vallandigham, Vandever, Verre, Waldron, Walton, Cadwallader C. Washburn, Elihu B. Washburne, Israel Washburn, Webster, Wells, Wilson, Windom, Wood, and Woodruff—134.

Nays: Green Adams, Thomas L. Anderson, William C. Anderson, Ashmore, Avery, Barksdale, Boccock, Bonham, Boteler, Boyce, Brabson, Branch, Bristow, Burnett, John B. Clark, Clopton, Cobb, James Craig, Burton Craig, Crawford, Curry, Davidson, H. Winter Davis, Edmundson, English, Garnett, Gartrell, Gilmer, Hamilton, Hardeman, John T. Harris, Hatton, Hawkins, Hill, Hindman, Houston, Hughes, Jackson, Jenkins, Jones, Keitt, Lamar, James M. Leach, Leake, Love, Mallory, Maynard, McQueen, McRae, Miles, Millson, Laban T. Moore, Sydenham Moore, Nelson, Noell, Pugh, Quarles, Reagan, Ruffin, Scott, Sickles, Simms, Singleton, William Smith, William N. H. Smith, Stallworth, Stevenson, Stokes, Thomas, Vance, Whiteley, Winslow, and Woodson—73.

APRIL 11.—Republican Convention at Lawrence to elect Delegates to the Chicago National Convention, and to select Presidential Electors. Called to order by A. C. Wilder. *Temporary Officers:* Edward Lynde, of Jefferson, Chairman; John J. Ingalls, of Atchison, Secretary. *Committee on Credentials:* John A. Martin, George W. Gardiner, James Fletcher, J. C. Burnett, J. C. Lambdin, S. N. Wood, L. R. Palmer.

Committee on Permanent Organization: Messrs. T. P. Herrick, E. B. Grimes, G. W. Gardiner, G. W. Still, H. Seaburn, L. B. Woodward, M. Bailey, J. H. Johnson, P. P. Elder, J. F. Legate, A. J. Shannon, P. Hutchins, and P. G. D. Morton.

Central Committee: A. Larzelere, E. P. Lewis, A. C. Wilder, E. Lynde,

A. Bartlett, S. N. Wood, E. P. Bancroft, Wm. A. Phillips, W. J. McCowan, J. E. Jones, O. E. Learnard.

The Committee on Permanent Organization reported the following as permanent officers of the Convention: President, E. Lynde; Vice Presidents, J. B. Maynard, E. McCrillus, and C. B. Lines; Secretaries, J. Stotler and J. E. Hayes.

On motion of Mr. Martin, the Convention proceeded to ballot for five delegates.

On motion, Messrs. Martin and Budington were appointed tellers.

Several gentlemen were put in nomination, when the balloting was commenced, the first of which resulted as follows: A. C. Wilder received 58 votes; John A. Martin, 48; W. W. Ross, 41; William A. Phillips, 48; A. G. Procter, 39; F. N. Blake, 33; J. C. Burnett, 29; J. B. Wheeler, 23; C. Chadwick, 24; L. R. Palmer, 16; scattering, 7.

On motion of Dr. J. W. Robinson, the five gentlemen having the highest number of votes were declared elected by acclamation.

On motion of Mr. Phillips, John P. Hatterscheidt was elected as an additional delegate to the Chicago Convention.

Mr. Phillips was then called upon the stand, and made a few remarks, taking strong ground for Mr. Seward for the next President. He closed by offering a resolution, which was adopted with but one or two dissenting votes:

Resolved, That William H. Seward is the first representative man of the Republican party, and the first choice of the Republicans of Kansas for the Presidency in 1860."

Mr. Fish moved that the Convention now proceed to elect three Presidential Electors for the State of Kansas. Carried.

The Chair appointed Messrs. Updegraff and Elder as tellers.

The first ballot resulted as follows: T. Dwight Thacher, 48; R. Gillpatrick, 41; C. B. Lines, 48; Gardiner, 24; McKay, 24; Seaver, 22; scattering, 6. The three gentlemen receiving the highest number of votes were declared elected.

Mr. Phillips offered a series of resolutions denouncing certain "Territorial bonds and warrants, issued for claims allowed under the commission created and authorized by the Legislature of 1859;" and charging the Territorial officers with "palpable perversions of duty in giving these evidences of Territorial indebtedness for such claims," and calling for "a committee of five to ascertain the precise amount of bonds issued on such claims, and to publish a notification in the Territorial and New York city papers, warning innocent purchasers from investing their means in these spurious bonds, which the people of Kansas have never authorized and do not wish to be responsible for."

These resolutions called forth an excited discussion, which lasted several hours, and was participated in by several members of the Convention. The result was the adoption of the following as a substitute, offered by Mr. C. B. Lines:

Whereas, The Executive officers of this Territory have issued a large amount of bonds and warrants, purporting to be based upon certain claims for losses during the war and troubles in Kansas, and in satisfaction of said claims: therefore,

"Resolved, That we believe said bonds and warrants were issued without authority of law, and that the issue thereof involves a gross act of infidelity on the part of public officers to the people of the Territory, and a fraud upon the public.

"Resolved, That while we recognize the validity of the claims aforesaid, as against the General Government, so far as they have been or may be established by authority of law, we denounce as unjust and absurd, any attempt that has been or may be made to collect the first dime of the amount from the people of this Territory."

Organization of the State Central Committee. and address of its members: A. C. Wilder, Chairman, Leavenworth City; E. P. Bancroft, Secretary, Emporia, Breckinridge county; A. Larzelere, Wathena, Doniphan county; Wm. A. Phillips, Lawrence, Douglas county; E. P. Lewis, Sumner, Atchison county; E. Lynde, Grasshopper Falls, Jefferson county; A. Bartlett, St. George, Pottawatomie county; S. N. Wood, Council Grove, Morris county; W. H. H. Lawrence, Minneola, Franklin county; Geo. E. Budington, Quindaro, Wyandotte county; W. J. McCowan, Stanton, Lykins county; J. H. Jones, Twin Springs, Linn county; O. E. Learnard, Burlington, Coffey county.

APRIL 20.—

"On Friday, April 20th, Deputy U. S. Marshal L. Arms was shot by John Ritchie, a Topeka, and immediately expired. The cause of this fatal encounter was the attempt by Arms to arrest Ritchie for an alleged offense committed during the political troubles of 1856. The arrest was in direct violation of the Amnesty Act passed by the Legislature of 1859, and Ritchie had often declared that he would not submit to any such illegal seizure of his person. A preliminary examination was had before Justice Miller on the 21st inst. Ritchie was defended by Lorenzo Dow, J. H. Lane and A. Winants, Esqs., and was discharged. We hope that this is the last of these old and infamous accusations. The citizens at Topeka have held a meeting and passed resolutions approving of Ritchie's defense of his life and liberty."—*Elwood Free Press, April 28th.*

APRIL 26.—First meeting of the Commissioners of Saline county.

APRIL 28.—The *Elwood Free Press* of this date says:

"On Monday last, April 23d, the Directors of the Elwood & Marysville R. R. placed on their track the locomotive 'Albany,' an engine which has been used from Boston to the Missouri, as railroads have successively stretched their length toward the setting sun.

"On Tuesday, several cars were brought across the river, and a large concourse of people gathered to celebrate the actual opening of the first section of the Great Pacific Road. Col. M. Jeff. Thompson, President of the Elwood & Marysville road; Willard P. Hall, President of the St. Joseph & Topeka road; Gov. Robert M. Stewart, of Missouri, and others, addressed the crowd on the great topic of the day."

APRIL 28.—Sixth day of the National Democratic Convention, at Charleston. Delegates from the Southern States secede.

MAY 1.—George M. Beebe appointed Secretary in place of Hugh S. Walsh.

MAY 7.—Mr. Wade's motion, in the Senate, to take up the bill for the admission of Kansas, defeated by the following vote:

Yeas: Anthony, Bigler, Bingham, Cameron, Chandler, Clark, Collamer, Dixon, Doolittle, Durkee, Fessenden, Foot, Foster, Grimes, Hale, Hamlin, Harlan, King, Seward, Simmons, Sumner, Ten Eyck, Trumbull, Wade, Wilkinson, and Wilson—26.

Nays: Bayard, Benjamin, Bragg, Bright, Brown, Chestnut, Clingman, Davis, Finch, Fitzpatrick, Green, Gwin, Hammond, Hemphill,

POPULATION OF KANSAS, JUNE 1, 1860—CONCLUDED.

Counties.	Population.	Cattle.	Swine.	Horses.	Mules.	Sheep.
Morris.....	800	932	1,090	174	27	110
Madison.....	680	762	940	116	5	8
Butler.....	640	413	234	59	5	47
Dickinson.....	463	105	284	23	3	7
Washington.....	387	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Greenwood*.....	360	564	360	90	2	20
Hunter.....	194	156	55	19	.....	40
Clay.....	170	112	356	18	1	.....
Woodson*.....	77	1,458	1,667	193	9	194
Dorn.....	50	40	18	20	2	.....
Wilson*.....	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pike's Peak.....	34,242	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	143,643	83,155	120,352	18,289	1,170	16,252

The census, as officially published by the Government, is as follows:

POPULATION OF KANSAS BY COUNTIES IN 1860.

Counties.	Population.	Counties.	Population.
Allen.....	3,082	Leavenworth.....	12,606
Anderson.....	2,398	Linn.....	6,336
Atchison.....	7,729	Lykins.....	4,980
Bourbon.....	6,101	Madison.....	636
Breckinridge.....	3,197	Marion.....	74
Brown.....	2,607	Marshall.....	2,280
Butler.....	437	McGee.....	1,501
Chase.....	808	Morris.....	770
Clay.....	163	Nemaha.....	2,436
Coffey.....	2,842	Osage.....	1,113
Davis.....	1,163	Otoe.....	238
Dickinson.....	378	Pottawatomie.....	1,529
Doniphan.....	8,083	Riley.....	1,224
Dorn.....	88	Shawnee.....	3,513
Douglas.....	8,637	Wabaunsee.....	1,023
Franklin.....	3,030	Washington.....	383
Godfrey.....	19	Wilson.....	27
Greenwood.....	759	Woodson.....	1,488
Hunter.....	158	Wyandotte.....	2,609
Jackson.....	1,936		
Jefferson.....	4,459	Total.....	107,204
Johnson.....	4,364		

JUNE 4.—Charles Sumner, after a silence of four years, makes a speech in the Senate for the admission of Kansas. His last speech in the Senate was for Free Kansas, and led to the murderous assault by Preston S. Brooks, of South Carolina. After debate, Mr. Hunter moved to postpone the Kansas Bill. Mr. Fessenden demanded the yeas and nays, and the question was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas: Messrs. Bayard, Benjamin, Bigler, Bragg, Bright, Brown,

*The census of these four counties was taken by one assistant, and I presume the farms were all taken in and included in the returns of Greenwood and Woodson.

I cannot give the amount of stock in the counties of Washington, Wabaunsee, Pottawatomie, Nemaha, and Brown.

No stock is included in the above returns except such as was owned by farmers and reported with the farms.—*Remarks by the Marshal.*

Chestnut, Clingman, Davis, Fitch, Fitzpatrick, Green, Gwin, Hammond, Hemphill, Hunter, Iverson, Johnson of Arkansas, Johnson of Tennessee, Kennedy, Lane, Mallory, Mason, Pearce, Polk, Powell, Rice, Saulsbury, Sebastian, Slidell, Toombs, Wigfall, and Yulee—33.

Nays: Messrs. Anthony, Bingham, Cameron, Chandler, Clark, Collamer, Dixon, Doolittle, Durkee, Fessenden, Foot, Foster, Grimes, Hale, Hamlin, Harlan, King, Latham, Pugh, Seward, Simmons, Sumner, Ten Eyck, Trumbull, Wade, Wilkinson, and Wilson—27.

This was the usual vote in the Senate on the bill for the admission of Kansas, until the Rebel Senators withdrew, in January, 1861.

JUNE 13.—Ground broken at Atchison for the Atchison & Pike's Peak Railroad.

JUNE 16.—The Atchison Champion contains the proceedings of the celebration at Atchison of the completion of the Atchison & St. Joseph Railroad, and of the breaking of ground on the Atchison & Pike's Peak Railroad. Speeches were made by Gen. B. F. Stringfellow, Gov. Austin Blair, of Michigan, Capt. Ben. M. Prentiss, of Quincy, C. K. Holliday, of Topeka, M. Jeff. Thompson, of St. Joseph, Sam'l A. Stinson, of Leavenworth, and others.

JUNE 18.—The Democratic Convention reassembles at Baltimore. After another secession, Stephen A. Douglas is nominated for President, and Benj. Fitzpatrick, of Alabama, for Vice President. Herschel V. Johnson, of Georgia, was afterwards substituted for Mr. Fitzpatrick. The seceders nominate John C. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, for President, and Joseph Lane, of Oregon, for Vice President.

JUNE 22.—President Buchanan vetoes the Homestead bill. The attempt, in the Senate, to pass the bill over the veto failed: yeas, 28; nays, 18. All of the 18 are Southern men, and Andrew Johnson is among them.

JULY.—The Independent started, at Oskaloosa, by J. W. Roberts and J. W. Day.

JULY 1.—George M. Beebe takes possession of the Secretary's office.

JULY 19.—Celebration at Elwood of the completion of the railroad to Wathena—the first railroad in the Territory.

JULY 25.—Ground broken at Kansas City, Mo., for the Missouri Pacific Railroad.

—A Lincoln and Hamlin newspaper at Lexington, Mo., is destroyed by a mob.

AUGUST.—Judge Pettit grants a perpetual injunction on the Provisional Government of Jefferson Territory, or "Pike's Peak."

AUGUST 4.—Town site of Washington conveyed.

SEPTEMBER.—

"This section of country is now suffering severely from an inundation of grasshoppers, which are destroying what the drouth has left. Late corn, buckwheat, potatoes and turnips are fast being destroyed. Many of our farmers are cutting their corn now for the purpose of saving the fodder. Misfortunes never come singly, and Kansas has

had enough of them this year to last for several years to come. If it is true that this is a world of compensations, we shall look for rousing crops and unchecked prosperity in Kansas for the next five years, at least, as compensation for the disasters of the last twelve months."—*Emporia News*.

SEPTEMBER 17.—Gordon, the murderer, who was arrested near Denver, by Sheriff Middaugh, and brought to Leavenworth, before Judge Pettit, was discharged for want of jurisdiction. From three to eight o'clock P. M. there was a terrible struggle to take the prisoner from the officers and hang him. James L. McDowell, the Mayor, who had organized a large posse to preserve the peace, at last triumphed.

SEPTEMBER 22.—William H. Seward arrives in St. Joseph, and makes a brief speech. He was met by John A. Martin of Atchison, Martin F. Conway of Lawrence, and A. C. Wilder, David H. Bailey, and John C. Vaughan, of Leavenworth, and D. W. Wilder, of St. Joseph.

SEPTEMBER 22.—Drouth Convention in Topeka.

SEPTEMBER 24.—Reception of William H. Seward in Leavenworth. He is introduced by A. C. Wilder.

SEPTEMBER 26.—Senator Seward welcomed to Lawrence by George W. Deitzler and Charles Robinson. He makes an elaborate speech. Mr. Seward made a hasty visit to Topeka.—The following is copied from Mr. Seward's speech at Lawrence, entitled, "Kansas, the Savior of Freedom":

"A long-cherished desire of mine is fulfilled; at last a long-deferred duty is about to be paid—the desire of my heart to see the people of Kansas—the duty that I felt I owed to the people of Kansas, to see them in their own homes, and in their own houses. I have visited your chief cities—Leavenworth and Lawrence—where the army of mercenaries sent by the Slave States battered down the hotel, under an indictment and conviction in a Court of the United States, as a nuisance, because it sheltered the free-men who had come here to see freedom established in Kansas; and I have looked also upon the Constitution Hall, in Topeka, where the army of the United States, for the first time in the history of our nation, dispersed a lawful and peaceable assembly of citizens of the United States, convened to counsel upon the best means of protecting their lives, their property, and sacred honor. You, people of Kansas, whom I have not been able to see in your homes, have come up here to greet me, from the valleys of the Kansas, the Big Blue and the Neosho, and from all your plains and valleys.

"I seem not to have journeyed hither, but to have floated across the sea—the prairie sea—under bright autumnal skies, wafted by genial breezes into the havens where I wished to be." "I have beheld the scenes of your former conflicts. I have also looked upon that beautiful eminence on the banks of the Kansas river, where Le-compton sits a lonely widow, desolate and mourning, her ambitious structures showing how high is the ambition of slavery, and their desolation showing how easy, after all, is her downfall." "When I look at field after field, and cabin after cabin, and church after church, and school house after school house, where but six years ago was the unbroken range of savages, I am prepared here—not expecting to escape being heard on the Pacific, as well as the Atlantic coast—I am prepared to declare, and do declare, you people of Kansas the most intelligent, and the bravest and most virtuous people of the United States. That is the most intelligent and bravest and most virtuous people, which can take the banner of Human Freedom when it is trailed in the dust by the government of its choice, and can raise and does raise it aloft, and protect it, and bear it to success and honor, and that without bloodshed and violence."

"Henceforth, if my confidence in the stability of the American Union wavers, I shall come here to learn that the Union is stronger than human ambition, because it is founded in the affection of the American people. If ever I shall waver in my affection

for Freedom, I shall come up here and renew it; here, under the inspiration of one hundred thousand freemen saved from slavery. Henceforth these shall not be my sentiments alone, but the sentiments of ALL. Men will come up to Kansas as they go up to Jerusalem. This shall be a sacred city.

"For my brethren and companions' sake, then, I say, Peace be within your walls, and plenteousness in all your cabins, soon to become palaces. And now, people of Kansas, once more, HAIL! and, at the same time, Farewell."

Mr. Seward gave the notes for this speech to Mr. Wilder, and he gave them to the Leavenworth Library, where they were burned.

SEPTEMBER 28.—Senator Seward has a public reception at Atchison. He is introduced by John A. Martin.

OCTOBER 17.—Railroad Convention held at Topeka.

Officers: President, W. Y. Roberts; Vice Presidents, W. F. M. Army, Charles Robinson, Judge Medberry, Thomas Ewing jr., P. T. Abell, A. J. Mead, W. A. Ela; Secretaries, John A. Martin, J. F. Cummings, C. F. de Vivaldi.

The following Schedule was adopted:

"Resolved, That a memorial be presented to Congress asking an appropriation of public lands to aid in the construction of the following railroads in Kansas:

"1. A railroad from the western boundary of the State of Missouri, where the Osage Valley & Southern Kansas Railroad terminates, westwardly by way of Emporia, Fremont and Council Grove, to the Fort Riley Military Reservation.

"2. A railroad from the city of Wyandotte (connecting with the P. & G. R. R. and the Pacific R. R.) up the Kansas Valley by way of Lawrence, Lecompton, Tecumseh, Topeka, Manhattan, and the Fort Riley Military Reservation, to the western boundary of the Territory.

"3. A railroad running from Lawrence to the southern boundary of Kansas, in the direction of Fort Gibson and Galveston Bay.

"4. A railroad from Atchison, by way of Topeka, through the Territory, in the direction of Santa Fe.

"5. A railroad from Atchison to the western boundary of Kansas."

About 125 delegates were present, representing the counties of Atchison, Breckinridge, Allen, Doniphan, Davis, Jackson, Lykins, Leavenworth, Morris, Anderson, Coffey, Clay, Douglas, Riley, Pottawatomie, Osage, Jefferson, Wabaunsee, Wyandotte, and Shawnee.

NOVEMBER 6.—Election of Territorial Legislature:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT—DONIPHAN—*Three Members.*

E. J. Jenkins.....	924	V. D. Markham.....	927
W. H. Wilson.....	931	S. D. Benight.....	827
R. M. Williams.....	964	Uriah Griffith.....	917

SECOND DISTRICT—ATCHISON—*Two Members.*

George H. Fairchild.....	682	Robert McBratney.....	460
John Kean.....	650	A. S. Speck.....	473

THIRD DISTRICT—LEAVENWORTH—*Four Members.*

William Perry.....	1115	David H. Bailey.....	1116
Wm. P. Fain.....	1063	Samuel F. Atwood.....	1082
Charles Starns.....	1109	Boaz W. Williams.....	1082
N. Humber.....	1111	William Kelsey.....	1104

FOURTH DISTRICT—JEFFERSON—*Two Members.*

Henry Buckmaster.....	364	Edward Lynde.....	280
David L. Lakin.....	400	T. D. Kuykendall.....	272

FIFTH DISTRICT—POTTAWATOMIE AND WABAUNSEE— <i>One Member.</i>		
Charles B. Lines.....	142 |	John L. Wilson..... 1
SIXTH DISTRICT—JACKSON— <i>One Member.</i>		
Martin Anderson.....		211
SEVENTH DISTRICT—WYANDOTTE— <i>One Member.</i>		
Wm. Y. Roberts.....	282 |	William Weer..... 163
EIGHTH DISTRICT—BROWN— <i>One Member.</i>		
Warren W. Guthrie.....	261 |	Ira J. Laeock..... 161
NINTH DISTRICT—NEMAHA— <i>One Member.</i>		
Charles C. Coffinberry.....		161
TENTH DISTRICT—MARSHALL AND WASHINGTON— <i>One Member.</i>		
J. D. Brumbaugh.....	157 |	J. E. Clardy..... 81 |
		George G. Pierce..... 151
ELEVENTH DISTRICT—RILEY AND CLAY— <i>One Member.</i>		
Walter C. Duntou.....	142 |	James Boyle..... 4
TWELFTH DISTRICT—DICKINSON AND DAVIS— <i>One Member.</i>		
Robert Reynolds.....		217
THIRTEENTH DISTRICT—BRECKINRIDGE— <i>One Member.</i>		
George H. Lillie.....	366 |	Perry B. Maxson..... 211
FOURTEENTH DISTRICT—SHAWNEE— <i>Two Members.</i>		
W. H. Fitzpatrick.....	269 |	I. N. Roberts..... 70
C. K. Holliday.....	136 |	J. P. Greer..... 284
Wm. E. Bowker.....	284 |	J. W. Brown..... 253
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—DOUGLAS— <i>Three Members.</i>		
George W. Deitzler.....	538 |	Paul H. Berkau..... 377
John P. Cowles.....	423 |	J. G. Scott..... 243
Alois Thoman.....	534 |	G. W. Bell..... 263
SIXTEENTH DISTRICT—JOHNSON— <i>Two Members.</i>		
John T. Burris.....	343 |	J. T. Campbell..... 333
F. E. Henderson.....	328 |	John Evans..... 409
SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT—LYKINS— <i>One Member.</i>		
Benjamin F. Simpson.....	492 |	John M. Roberts..... 331
EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT—LINN— <i>One Member.</i>		
John T. Snoddy.....	405 |	J. H. Barlow..... 208 |
		J. W. Garrett..... 182
NINETEENTH DISTRICT—LYKINS AND LINN— <i>One Member.</i>		
George W. Miller.....	870 |	Robert Ewing..... 756
TWENTIETH DISTRICT—ANDERSON— <i>One Member.</i>		
Rufus Gillpatrick.....	178 |	W. F. M. Arny..... 118
George W. Iler.....	122 |	Isaac Hiner..... 12
TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT—FRANKLIN— <i>One Member.</i>		
James Hanway.....	244 |	D. C. Cutler..... 11
Harlan P. Welsh.....	178 |	Green Perkins..... 1
TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT—COFFÈY AND OSAGE— <i>Two Members.</i>		
D. A. Hawkins.....	377 |	Levi Empie..... 339
James M. Winchell.....	364 |	H. D. Preston..... 1
W. A. Jenkins.....	348 |	John Smith..... 1

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT—MADISON, CHASE, PEKTON, AND MORRIS— <i>One Member.</i>			
T. S. Huffaker.....	99 | N. B. Moulton.....	102 | Samuel N. Wood.....	177
TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT—BUTLER, GREENWOOD, HUNTER, GODFREY, AND WOODSON— <i>One Member.</i>			
Pusey Graves.....	109 | N. S. Goss.....		79
TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT—ALLEN, WILSON, DORN, AND CHEROKEE— <i>One Member.</i>			
John W. Scott.....	124 | N. B. Blanton.....		8
J. W. Tibbet.....	108 | John Wesel.....		1

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT—BOURBON—*One Member.*

J. C. Burnett.....	487 | Chas. W. Blair	37
J. T. Neal.....	322 | W. R. Griffith.....	—

TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT—ARAPAHOE—*One Member.*

E. M. McCook.....	1855 H. H. C. Harrison.....	557 C. B. Clemens.....	1083
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NOVEMBER 9.—Russell Hinds, of Linn county, a kidnapper, tried and hung by a vigilance committee.

NOVEMBER 12.—Gov. Dennison, of Ohio, asks the people, on Thanksgiving Day, to contribute for the relief of the people of Kansas.

NOVEMBER 14.—Territorial Relief Convention at Lawrence. Robert S. Mitchell, President; R. G. Elliott and John A. Martin, Secretaries. The following Territorial Committee appointed: S. C. Pomeroy, James L. McDowell, William Y. Roberts, Samuel A. Kingman, F. P. Baker, C. B. Lines, C. S. Lambdin, F. N. Blake, Rev. Wm. Bishop, Dr. Ayres, Lewis Bodwell, Rev. Chas. Reynolds, A. Spaulding, J. C. Burnett. S. C. Pomeroy elected President; Rev. C. Reynolds, Vice President; James L. McDowell, Secretary; Geo. H. Fairchild, Treasurer.

NOVEMBER 19.—George M. Beebe, Secretary and Acting Governor, asks H. J. Strickler, Adjutant General, what force can be put in the field one week from date, to meet the pending difficulties in Linn county. He asks 200 men of General Harney.

NOVEMBER 28.—Governor Medary and General Harney leave Leavenworth for Fort Scott; United States troops ordered to go there.

DECEMBER 8.—The military expedition sent by Governor Stewart, of Missouri, to Fort Scott, in command of General D. M. Frost, is encamped near the State line, in Missouri.

—A convention at Mound City justifies the hanging of Russell Hinds and Samuel Scott, and the shooting of L. D. Moore.

DECEMBER 20.—Frank M. Tracy, Daniel W. Wilder and Bernard P. Chenoweth indicted for publishing the Free Democrat, a Free-State paper, at St. Joseph, Missouri. Robert Tracy, Joseph Thompson, and Prince Langdon, printers, and C. C. Woolworth, bookseller, also indicted.

DECEMBER 31.—Judge Pettit declares unconstitutional the law abolishing slavery in Kansas. The suit was brought by Samuel Haley against F. R. Foard, to recover a slave woman named Fanny. This was the last blow struck at the people-perfectly-free dogma.

1861.

JANUARY 1.—The report of General Harney to the War Department, of the Fort Scott difficulties is published. He says: "I am satisfied that the greater part, if not all, the donations which are sent to the sufferers in Kansas goes into the hands of this band," (Montgomery and Jennison,) "and the greater portion of it is perverted from the use intended, by purchasing arms and munitions of war for carrying out their plans."

JANUARY 2.—John C. Douglass commissioned as Territorial Superintendent of Common Schools.

JANUARY 4.—Dispatch received at Fort Leavenworth from General Winfield Scott, ordering every man and horse to be ready to start for Baltimore at any moment.

JANUARY 5.—S. C. Pomeroy, President of the Relief Committee, reports total amount of goods received, 867,619 pounds.

JANUARY 7.—The Legislature meets, at Lecompton.

Officers of the Council: W. W. Updegraff, President; John J. Ingalls, Secretary; Jacob Stotler, Assistant Secretary; J. Y. Hewitt, Sergeant-at-Arms; C. L. Caldwell, Doorkeeper.

Officers of the House: Speaker, John W. Scott; Chief Clerk, Alfred Gray; Assistant Clerk, George W. Still; Sergeant-at-Arms, F. D. Sawin; Doorkeeper, H. Gibbs; Docket Clerk, Edwin S. Nash; Journal Clerk, Arthur Gunther; Enrolling Clerk, John L. Wilson. The Clerks were sworn in by Judge Elmore.

JANUARY 8.—The Legislature votes to adjourn to Lawrence.

JANUARY 9.—Meeting of the Legislature at Lawrence.

JANUARY 9.—Meeting of the Relief Committee in Lawrence. S. A. Kingman declines to serve on the Committee, and W. W. Guthrie is appointed. W. F. M. Army is made the general shipping agent of the Committee.

JANUARY 10.—Message from George M. Beebe, Acting Governor, Gov. Medary having resigned. The Governor says:

"If God in his wrath shall tolerate the worst portent of this tempest of passion, now so fiercely raging, Kansas ought, and I trust will, declining identification with either branch of a contending family, tendering to each alike the olive offering of good-neighborship, establish, under a Constitution of her own creation, a Government to be separate and independent among the Nations."

Beebe was a Democrat, appointed by Buchanan.

JANUARY 11.—Rev. Chas. Reynolds elected Chaplain of the Council.

JANUARY 16.—J. H. Lane writes to the Lawrence Republican that Missouri and Kansas ought to live at peace. He suggests the appointment of "a mixed commission" to confer with the Legislature of Missouri in regard to the maintenance of friendly relations.

JANUARY 18.—The Relief Committee acknowledge the receipt of goods to the amount of 1,062,552 pounds, besides garments, boots and shoes, and cloth.

JANUARY 19.—James Green, of Missouri, in the Senate, proposes to change the boundary of Kansas. He is opposed by Seward, Douglas, Pugh, Latham, and Bigler, and his amendment is lost by 31 to 23.

JANUARY 21.—The bill for the admission of Kansas passes the Senate. *Ayes:* Anthony, Baker, Bigler, Bingham, Bright, Cameron, Chandler, Clark, Collamer, Crittenden, Dixon, Doolittle, Douglas, Durkee, Fessenden, Fitch, Foot, Foster, Grimes, Hale, Harlan, Johnson of Tennessee, King, Latham, Morrill, Pugh, Rice, Seward, Simmons, Sumner, Ten Eyck, Thompson, Trumbull, Wade, Wilkinson, and Wilson—36. *Noes:* Benjamin, Bragg, Clingman, Green, Hemphill, Hunter, Iverson, Johnson of Arkansas, Kennedy, Mason, Nicholson, Polk, Powell, Sebastian, Slidell, and Wigfall—16.

JANUARY 21.—Three military companies organized in Leavenworth.

JANUARY 28.—The House passes the Kansas admission bill, by 117 to 42.

JANUARY 28.—The Leavenworth Daily Conservative started. D. R. Anthony, Publisher; D. W. Wilder, Editor. Matthew Weightman, Geo. F. Prescott, Henry Buckingham and George C. Hume were members of the publishing company.

STATE ORGANIZATION.

1861.

JANUARY 29.—President Buchanan signs the bill, and Kansas becomes a State.

AN ACT FOR THE ADMISSION OF KANSAS INTO THE UNION.

Whereas, The people of the Territory of Kansas, by their representatives in convention assembled, at Wyandotte, in said Territory, on the twenty-ninth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, did form for themselves a Constitution and State Government, republican in form, which was ratified and adopted by the people at an election held for that purpose, on Tuesday, the fourth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, and the said convention has, in their name and behalf, asked the Congress of the United States to admit the said Territory into the Union as a State, on an equal footing with the other States: therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. That the State of Kansas shall be, and is hereby declared to be, one of the United States of America, and admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States in all respects whatever. And the said State shall consist of all the territory included within the following boundaries, to wit: Beginning at a point on the western boundary of the State of Missouri where the thirty-seventh parallel of north latitude crosses the same; thence west on said parallel to the twenty-fifth meridian of longitude west from Washington; thence north on said meridian to the fortieth parallel of latitude; thence east on said parallel to the western boundary of the State of Missouri; thence south with the western boundary of said State to the place of beginning: *Provided*, That nothing contained in the said Constitution respecting the boundary of said State shall be construed to impair the rights of person or property now pertaining to the Indians in said Territory, so long as such rights shall remain unextinguished by treaty between the United States and such Indians, or to include any territory which, by treaty with such Indian tribe, is not, without the consent of such tribe, to be included within the territorial limits or jurisdiction of any State or Territory; but all such territory shall be excepted out of the boundaries, and constitute no part, of the State of Kansas, until said tribe shall signify their assent to the President of the United States to be included within said State, or to affect the authority of the Government of the United States to make any regulation respecting such Indians, their lands, property, or other rights, by treaty, law, or otherwise, which it would have been competent to make if this act had never passed.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That until the next general apportionment of Representatives, the State of Kansas shall be entitled to one Representative in the House of Representatives of the United States.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That nothing in this act shall be construed as an assent by Congress to all or any of the propositions or claims contained in the ordinance of said Constitution of the people of Kansas, or in the resolutions thereto attached; but the following propositions are hereby offered to the said people of Kansas for their free acceptance or rejection, which, if accepted, shall be obligatory on the United States, and upon the said State of Kansas, to wit:

First: That sections numbered sixteen and thirty-six, in every township of public lands in said State, and where either of said sections or any part thereof has been sold or otherwise been disposed of, other lands, equivalent thereto and as contiguous as may be, shall be granted to said State for the use of schools.

Second: That seventy-two sections of land shall be set apart and reserved for the use and support of a State University, to be selected by the Governor of said State, subject to the approval of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and to be appropriated and applied in such manner as the Legislature of said State may prescribe for the purpose aforesaid, but for no other purpose.

Third: That ten entire sections of land, to be selected by the Governor of said State, in legal subdivisions, shall be granted to the said State for the purpose of completing the public buildings, or for the erection of others at the seat of government, under the direction of the Legislature thereof.

Fourth: That all salt springs within said State, not exceeding twelve in number, with six sections of land adjoining or as contiguous as may be to each, shall be granted to said State for its use, the same to be selected by the Governor thereof, within one year after the admission of said State, and when so selected to be used or disposed of on such terms, conditions and regulations as the Legislature shall direct: *Provided,* That no salt spring or land, the right whereof is now vested in any individual or individuals, or which may be hereafter confirmed or adjudged to any individual or individuals, shall, by this article, be granted to said State.

Fifth: That five per centum of all sales of all public lands lying within said State, which shall be sold by Congress after the admission of said State into the Union, after deducting all the expenses incident to the same, shall be paid to said State for the purpose of making public roads and internal improvements, or for other purposes, as the Legislature shall direct: *Provided,* That the foregoing propositions hereinbefore offered are on the condition that the people of Kansas shall provide by an ordinance, irrevocable without the consent of the United States, that said State shall never interfere with the primary disposal of the soil within the same by the United States, or with any regulations Congress may find necessary for securing the title in said soil to *bona fide* purchasers thereof.

Sixth: And that the said State shall never tax the lands or property of the United States in said State: *Provided, however,* That in case any of the lands herein granted to the State of Kansas have heretofore been confirmed to the Territory of Kansas for the purposes specified in this act, the amount so confirmed shall be deducted from the quantity specified in this act.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted,* That from and after the admission of the State of Kansas, as hereinbefore provided, all the laws of the United States, which are not locally inapplicable, shall have the same force and effect within that State as in other States of the Union; and the said State is hereby constituted a Judicial District of the United States, within which a District Court, with like powers and jurisdiction as the District Court of the United States for the District of Minnesota, shall be established; the Judge, Attorney and Marshal of the United States, for the said District of Kansas, shall reside within the same, and shall be entitled to the same compensation as the Judge, Attorney and Marshal of the District of Minnesota; and in all cases of appeal or writ of error heretofore prosecuted and now pending in the Supreme Court of the United States, upon any record from the Supreme Court of Kansas Territory, the mandate of execution or order of further proceedings shall be directed by the Supreme Court of the United States to the District of Kansas, or to the Supreme Court of the State of Kansas, as the nature of such appeal or writ of error may require; and each of those courts shall be the successor of the Supreme Court of Kansas Territory as to all such cases, with full power to hear and determine the same, and to award mesne or final process therein.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted,* That the Judge of the District Court for the District of Kansas shall hold two regular terms of the said Court annually, at the seat of government of the said State, to commence on the second Mondays of April and October in each year.

Approved 29th of January, 1861.

The signing of the bill by Buchanan is made known in Leavenworth by a dispatch from Marcus J. Parrott to the Conservative. That paper prints an extra, and D. R. Anthony carries it to Lawrence. The Legislature thanks the paper for its enterprise. Captain Frank B. Swift,

Caleb S. Pratt, Edward D. Thompson, and James C. Horton, with a large company, go to Captain Bickerton's farm, where the "Old Sacramento" is buried, dig it up, take it to Lawrence, and consume the night in saluting the admission of Kansas. It is also a holiday in Leavenworth, all parties joining in salutes, speeches and songs.

The portion of the State of Kansas which came from Mexico, and did not form a part of the Louisiana purchase, is bounded on the north by the Arkansas river, on the east by the twenty-third meridian, on the south by the thirty-seventh parallel, and on the west by the twenty-fifth meridian. The estimated area is 7,776 square miles. The United States Census Report for 1870 (p. 592) says this tract was "ceded by the State of Texas, and was not included in the Territory of New Mexico." Area of the State: Acres, 51,770,240; square miles, 80,891. The word Kansas is Indian, and means smoky water.

JANUARY 29.—The report of the Special Committee on Claim Bonds is published in the House Journal, pages 316 to 347.

FEBRUARY 1.—Both houses pass a resolution "to elect two U. S. Senators from the State of Kansas."

FEBRUARY 2.—Adjournment of the Legislature. The general laws passed by the last Territorial Legislature, in 1861, fill 35 pages; the private laws of the same session fill 68 pages. They are bound in one volume. One excellent law declares how many clerks each house shall have, fixes their salary, and declares that no extra compensation shall be allowed to any one of them. The only other general law of importance pronounced illegal the bonds issued in payment of claims for losses. Of the private laws, twenty are "divorces;" one incorporates the Lawrence University of Kansas; one the Episcopal Female Seminary, at Topeka; and one incorporates the city of Marysville. Lykins county, named for David Lykins, is changed to Miami.

FEBRUARY 4.—Rebel delegates meet at Montgomery, Ala., to organize a Confederate Government.

FEBRUARY 9.—Gov. Robinson sworn into office. He asks the Legislature to meet on the 26th of March. He appoints M. F. Conway, Thos. Ewing jr., Henry J. Adams and James C. Stone to represent Kansas in the "Peace Conference," at Washington. Ewing and Stone voted for "peace" and compromise.

FEBRUARY 9.—Jefferson Davis and Alex. H. Stephens elected Provisional President and Vice President of the Confederacy, by the Montgomery Convention.

FEBRUARY 11.—President Lincoln leaves Springfield for Washington.

FEBRUARY 15.—The New York Legislature appropriates \$50,000 for the relief of Kansas sufferers.

FEBRUARY 16.—Trask & Lowman buy the Herald of Freedom office, and issue the Lawrence State Journal. John P. Greer has bought the Topeka Tribune.

FEBRUARY 18.—The Arapahoe and Cheyenne Indians cede all their

land to the United States except a tract between the Sandy Fork of the Arkansas and the Purgatory river.

FEBRUARY 20.—Captain James Montgomery writes to the Governor that the southern border is in danger.

FEBRUARY 22.—President Lincoln's night journey from Harrisburg to Washington, in order to prevent an anticipated outrage at Baltimore.

FEBRUARY 28.—Daniel and Conrad Myers are the first settlers in Republic county.

MARCH 4.—Inauguration of Abraham Lincoln.

MARCH 5.—Election to fill vacancies in the Legislature, in the Eighth, Tenth, Eleventh and Twelfth Districts. Werter R. Davis is elected in the Eighth, over L. L. Jones, J. W. Scott in the Tenth, and H. S. Sleeper in the Twelfth. In the Third District, Samuel Lappin is elected to the Senate in place of Mr. Torrey. The following is the vote of the Ninth District, for one Representative, in place of Cyrus Tator:

<i>Towns and Precincts.</i>	<i>Updegraff.</i>	<i>Dutton.....</i>	<i>Miller.....</i>
BOURBON COUNTY.			
Fort Scott.....	48	2	114
Mapleton.....	84	1	1
Franklin.....	46	.....	.....
Marmaton.....	75	.....	.....
Marion.....	50	.....	.....
Dry Wood.....	25	.....	.....
Freedom.....	75	.....	.....
Osage.....	40	.....	.....
Total.....	443	3	115
LINN COUNTY.			
Mound City.....	56	36	33
Centreville.....	44	.....	26
Potosi.....	40	.....	3
Moneka.....	14	6	16
Paris.....	48	.....	79
Trading Post.....	32	.....	45
Twin Springs.....	43	9	21
Total.....	277	51	183
LYKINS COUNTY.			
Osawatimie.....	145	.....	2
Stanton.....	59	1	1
Paola.....	64	.....	135
Osage.....	62	.....	27
Total.....	330	1	165

Middle Creek gave 20 majority for Miller; Mound 17 for Updegraff.

MARCH 6.—Treaty of the Sacs and Foxes of Missouri and the Iowas, with the United States.

MARCH 8.—Archibald Williams, of Illinois, appointed United States District Judge of Kansas.

MARCH 10.—Linn county organizes the first militia regiment in the State. Among the Captains are Charles R. Jennison and J. F. Broadhead.

MARCH 21.—Alex. H. Stephens makes his "corner-stone" speech, in Savannah, Georgia: "The prevailing ideas entertained by him [Jeffer-

son] and most of the leading statesmen at the time of the formation of the old Constitution were, that the enslavement of the African was a violation of the laws of nature; that it was wrong in *principle*, socially, morally, and politically. . . . These ideas however were fundamentally wrong. They rested upon the assumption of the equality of races. This was an error. It was a sandy foundation, and the Government built upon it fell when the 'storm came, and the wind blew.' Our new Government is founded upon exactly the opposite idea; its foundations are laid, its corner-stone rests upon the great truth that the negro is not equal to the white man; that slavery—subordination to the superior race—is his natural and normal condition."

The authenticity of this speech has sometimes been questioned. It is published in full, as reported in the Savannah Republican, in Stephens's Life and Speeches. It contains, in a few words, the philosophy of the Rebellion.

MARCH 25.—The Republicans are said to have 86 and the Democrats 14 members of the Legislature.

MARCH 26.—Meeting of the first State Legislature.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. address.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Born.</i>	<i>From.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Avocal'n</i>	<i>Pol.</i>	<i>†</i>
J. P. Root*.....	Wyandotte...	Wyandotte...	Mass.	Conn.	34	Phys'n.	Rep.	M
E. P. Baneroft.....	Emporia.....	Breckinridge	N. Y.	Mich.	32	L'nd Ag	Rep.	M
J. F. Broadhead...	Mound City...	Lincoln.....	N. Y.	N. Y.	30	Lawyer	Rep.	M
J. C. Burnett.....	Mapleton.....	Bourbon.....	Vt.....	Vt.....	35	Lawyer	Rep.	M
J. Connell.....	Leavenw'th..	Leavenw'th..	Ky....	Ky....	42	Farmer	Dem	M
H. B. Denman.....	Leavenw'th..	Leavenw'th..	Ohio..	Ohio..	32	Lawyer	Dem	S
H. R. Dutton.....	Hiawatha.....	Brown.....	N. Y.	Iowa..	34	Surv'y'r	Rep.	S
P. P. Elder.....	Ohio City.....	Franklin.....	Me....	Me....	38	Attor'y.	Rep.	M
H. W. Farnsworth	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Vt.....	Conn.	44	Miller...	Rep.	M
O. B. Gunn.....	Wyandotte...	Wyandotte...	Mass.	Ind....	32	Civ. E'g.	Rep.	M
S. E. Hoffman.....	Neosho Falls	Woodson.....	Penn.	Iowa..	26	Lawyer	Rep.	S
S. D. Houston.....	Manhattan...	Riley.....	Ohio..	Iowa..	42	Farmer	Rep.	M
J. M. Hubbard.....	Wabaunsee...	Wabaunsee...	Conn.	Conn.	28	Farmer	Rep.	S
S. Lappin.....	Seneca.....	Nemaha.....	Ohio..	La....	30	Farmer	Rep.	M
J. Lockhart.....	Hibbard.....	Johnson.....	Scot'd	Ill....	28	Farmer	Rep.	M
E. Lynde.....	Grass'r F'ls	Jefferson.....	Conn.	Ohio..	40	Farmer	Rep.	M
J. A. Martin.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Penn.	Penn.	23	Editor...	Rep.	S
J. H. McDowell...	Leavenw'th..	Leavenw'th..	Va....	Ky....	36	.....	Dem	M
Josiah Miller.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	S. C...	S. C...	31	Lawyer	Rep.	M
R. Morrow.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	N. J...	Wis...	35	Specul'r	Rep.	M
T. A. Osborn.....	Elwood.....	Doniphan...	Penn.	Mich.	24	Lawyer	Rep.	S
J. A. Phillips.....	Paola.....	Lykins.....	N. C...	Ind....	24	Lawyer	Rep.	S
H. N. Seaver.....	Highland.....	Doniphan...	N. Y.	N. Y.	50	Farmer	Rep.	M
H. S. Sloop.....	Neosho R'p's	Breckinridge	N. Y.	Ill....	28	Surv'y'r	Rep.	S
W. Spriggs.....	Garnett.....	Anderson.....	Ky....	Ind....	34	Lawyer	Rep.	M
S. N. Wood.....	C'neil Grove,	Morris.....	Ohio..	Ohio..	35	Farmer	Rep.	M
J. J. Ingalls, Sec- retary.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Mass..	Mass..	26	Lawyer	Rep.	S
J. Stotler, Assist- ant Secretary....	Emporia.....	Breckinridge	Md....	Ohio..	26	Editor...	Rep.	M
J. R. Lambdin, Journal Clerk...	Chelsea.....	Butler.....	Va....	Ky....	26	Clerk ...	Rep.	S
D. Wilson, Docket Clerk.....	Ogden.....	Riley.....	Ohio..	Ohio..	31	Lawyer	Rep.	S
A. W. Pickering, Engross'g Clerk,	Neosho Falls	Woodson.....	Ohio..	Ill....	23	Student	Rep.	S
T. S. Wright, S'g't- at-Arms.....	Seneca.....	Nemaha.....	Penn.	Ind....	52	Lawyer	Rep.	M
H. M. Robinson, Doorkeeper.....	Hiawatha.....	Brown.....	Ind....	Ind....	27	Mech'ic	Rep.	M
F. R. Davis, Mes- senger.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	N. Y.	N. Y.	11	Mess'g'r	Rep.	S

* President. Married or single.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE.

Name.	P. O. address.	County.	Born.	From.	Age.	Avocat'n.	Pol.	†
W. W. Updegraff*	Osawatomie..	Lykins	Penn.	Ind ...	39	Phys'n..	Rep..	M
W. F. M. Army.....	Hyatt.....	Anderson.....	D. C..	Ill.....	48	Farmer	Rep..	M
J. B. Abbott.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Conn.	Conn.	42	Mech'ic	Rep..	M
P. M. Alexander..	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Ill.....	Ill.....	34	Farmer	Rep..	M
A. Allen.....	Wabaunsee..	Wabaunsee..	Ohio.	Ohio..	33	Farmer	Rep..	M
D. C. Auld.....	Nottingham..	Marshall.....	Penn.	Ohio..	51	Farmer	Rep..	M
D. E. Ballard.....	Washington..	Washington..	Vt.....	Iowa..	44	Farmer	Rep..	S
O. Barber.....	Kanwaka.....	Douglas.....	Penn.	Ohio..	24	Farmer	Rep..	M
J. C. Bartlett.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Ohio.	Ind ...	31	Merch..	Rep..	M
J. J. Bentz.....	Leavenw'th..	Leavenw'th..	Ger'y.	Mo....	34	Merch..	Rep..	M
W. D. Blackford..	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Penn.	Penn.	26	Lawyer	Rep..	S
F. N. Blake.....	Junet'n City..	Davis.....	Me....	Ill.....	36	Editor..	Rep..	S
N. B. Blanton.....	Humboldt.....	Allen.....	Mo....	Mo....	30	Farmer	Rep..	M
W. E. Bowker.....	Indianola.....	Shawnee.....	Me....	Me....	31	Farmer	Rep..	S
E. J. Brown.....	LeRoy.....	Coffey.....	N. Y..	Ohio..	33	Farmer	Dem..	S
H. Buckmaster...	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.....	Penn.	Ohio..	46	Phys'n..	Rep..	M
T. Butcher.....	Atehison.....	Atehison.....	Penn.	Wis...	50	Cont'or.	Rep..	M
J. M. Calvert.....	Kickapoo.....	Leavenw'th..	Ky....	Mo....	46	Farmer	Dem..	M
S. R. Caniff.....	Burlingame..	Osage.....	N. Y..	N. Y..	28	Manuf.	Rep..	M
A. J. Chipman.....	C'nail Grove..	Morris.....	Vt.....	Mich.	26	Merch..	Rep..	S
R. W. Cloud.....	Waterloo.....	Breckinridge	Ohio.	Ohio..	45	Farmer	Rep..	M
G. A. Colton.....	Paola.....	Lykins.....	Vt.....	Ill.....	31	Lawyer	Rep..	M
J. E. Corliss.....	Shawnee.....	Johnson.....	Vt.....	Iowa..	53	Farmer	Rep..	M
J. D. Crafton.....	Leavenw'th..	Leavenw'th..	Va....	Ky....	40	Merch..	Dem..	M
S. J. Crawford.....	Garnett.....	Anderson.....	Ind ...	Ill.....	26	Lawyer	Rep..	S
H. W. Curtis.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Ohio.	Ill.....	39	Farmer	Rep..	M
G. A. Cutler.....	LeRoy.....	Coffey.....	Tenn.	Mo....	30	Phys'n..	Rep..	M
W. R. Davis.....	Baldwin City	Douglas.....	Ohio.	Ill.....	46	Prof.....	Rep..	M
A. Ellis.....	New Lane r..	Lykins.....	Ohio.	Ohio..	44	Farmer	Rep..	M
I. E. Eaton.....	Leavenw'th..	Leavenw'th..	Ohio.	Ohio..	40	Cont'or.	Dem..	M
A. Elliott.....	Pardee.....	Atehison.....	S. C..	Mo....	54	Farmer	Rep..	M
F. W. Emery.....	Palermo.....	Doniphan.....	Me....	Me....	25	Editor..	Rep..	S
W. P. Gambell.....	Leavenw'th..	Leavenw'th..	N. Y..	N. Y..	29	Lawyer	Dem..	M
W. H. Grimes.....	Atehison.....	Atehison.....	Md....	Ohio..	57	Phys'n..	Rep..	M
A. Gray.....	Quindaro.....	Wyandotte..	N. Y..	N. Y..	29	Lawyer	Rep..	M
A. K. Hawkes.....	Hartford.....	Breckinridge	Mass.	Mass.	32	Farmer	Rep..	M
J. E. Hayes.....	Olathe.....	Johnson.....	N. H..	Ill.....	42	Merch..	Rep..	M
H. H. Heberling ..	Ridgeway.....	Osage.....	Va....	Ohio..	52	Farmer	Rep..	M
T. P. Herrick.....	Highland.....	Doniphan.....	N. Y..	N. Y..	28	Lawyer	Rep..	M
E. Hoheneck.....	Wabaunsee..	Wabaunsee..	Prus.	Ohio..	32	Distil'r.	Rep..	S
N. Humber.....	Easton.....	Leavenw'th..	Ky....	Mo....	46	Farmer	Dem..	M
J. H. Jones.....	Twin Sp'ngs.	Linn.....	Va....	Iowa..	35	Farmer	Rep..	M
W. C. Kimber.....	Palermo.....	Doniphan.....	Ohio.	Mo....	33	Miller..	Dem..	M
C. B. Keith.....	Museotah.....	Atehison.....	Vt.....	Mich.	29	Merch..	Rep..	M
H. Knowles.....	Marmaton.....	Bourbon.....	Me....	Wis...	40	Merch..	Rep..	M
J. Kunkel.....	Lecompton....	Douglas.....	Penn.	Penn.	42	Merch..	Rep..	M
W. W. H. Lawrence	Peoria City..	Franklin.....	Ohio.	Ohio..	34	Lawyer	Rep..	S
J. F. Legate.....	Lexington....	Johnson.....	Mass.	Miss.	31	Lawyer	Rep..	M
E. P. Lewis.....	Sumner.....	Atehison.....	Penn.	Penn.	24	Lawyer	Rep..	M
E. J. Lines.....	Wabaunsee..	Wabaunsee..	Conn.	Conn.	31	Lawyer	Dem..	S
A. Low.....	Doniphan.....	Doniphan.....	Md....	Ohio..	49	Merch..	Rep..	M
J. McGrew.....	Wyandotte..	Wyandotte..	Penn.	Iowa..	39	Merch..	Rep..	M
S. B. Mahurin.....	Fort Scott....	Bourbon.....	Ky....	Texas	30	Farmer	Rep..	M
J. A. Marell.....	Minneola....	Franklin.....	N. J..	N. Y..	43	Farmer	Rep..	M
J. E. Moore.....	Auburn.....	Shawnee.....	N. J..	Ill.....	32	Clergy..	Rep..	M
P. G. D. Morton ..	Chelsea.....	Butler.....	Me....	Mass.	35	Lawyer	Rep..	S
A. U. Mussey.....	St. George....	Pottawato'ie,	Vt.....	Vt.....	27	Farmer	Rep..	M
J. T. Neal.....	Barnesville..	Bourbon.....	Tenn.	Ill.....	30	Phys'n..	Rep..	M
T. Pierce.....	Henryville....	Riley.....	Ohio.	Ohio..	38	Farmer	Rep..	M
J. S. Raekliff.....	Medoc.....	Godfrey.....	Me....	Me....	39	Farmer	Rep..	M
A. Ray.....	Holton.....	Jackson.....	Ohio.	Ohio..	46	Farmer	Rep..	M
G. H. Rees.....	Americus.....	Breck'nridge	Ohio.	Iowa..	42	Farmer	Rep..	M
W. R. Saunders ..	LeRoy.....	Coffey.....	N. Y..	N. Y..	40	Farmer	Rep..	M
J. W. Scott.....	Carlyle.....	Allen.....	Penn.	Ind ...	36	Phys'n..	Rep..	M
O. H. Sheldon.....	Superior.....	Osage.....	N. Y..	N. Y..	27	Farmer	Rep..	M
J. H. Smith.....	Robinson.....	Brown.....	Conn.	Conn.	45	Farmer	Rep..	M
L. T. Smith.....	Leavenw'th..	Leavenw'th..	N. Y..	Mich.	33	Hotel P.	Dem..	M
W. H. Smyth.....	Manhattan....	Riley.....	Me....	Iowa..	26	Civ. En.	Rep..	S
C. Starns.....	Leavenw'th..	Leavenw'th..	Tenn.	Mo....	48	Farmer	Dem..	M
A. Stark.....	Moneka.....	Linn.....	Conn.	Conn.	27	Farmer	Rep..	M
J. W. Stewart.....	Baldwin City	Douglas.....	Ohio.	Iowa..	40	Clergy..	Rep..	M

* Speaker. † Married or single.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

Name.	P. O. address.	County.	Born.	From.	Age...	Avocat'n.	Pol.	†
E. D. Thompson...	Lawrence	Douglas.....	N. Y...	N. Y...	23	Banker.	Rep..	S
B. Wheat.....	LeRoy	Coffey	Va....	Va....	52	Farmer	Rep..	M
R. P. C. Wilson....	Leavenw'th..	Leavenw'th..	Mo. ...	Texas	25	Lawyer	Dem	S
L. Woodard.....	Eudora.....	Douglas.....	Ind ...	Ind ...	30	Farmer	Rep..	M
D. B. Emmert, Chief Clerk.....	Auburn	Shawnee	Penn.	Ill.....	24	Editor ..	Rep..	S
A. R. Banks, Ass't Chief Clerk.....	Minneola	Franklin.....	Ohio..	Penn.	25	Lawyer	Rep..	S
Arthur Gunther, Journal Clerk...	Lawrence	Douglas.....	Sax'n.	Wis....	23	Clerk....	Rep..	S
T. Hopkins, Docket Clerk....	Miami	Lykins.....	Penn.	Iowa..	27	Mech....	Rep..	S
D. M. Adams, En- grossing Clerk...	Zeandale.....	Wabaunsee...	N. H..	N. H..	28	Farmer	Rep..	M
B. P. Noteman, Enrolling Clk...	Olathe	Johnson.....	N. Y...	Ill.....	36	Merch...	Rep..	M
C. Clarkson, Ser- geant-at-Arms...	Leavenw'th..	Leavenw'th..	Penn.	N. Y...	49	Mrech...	Rep..	M
F. House, Ass't Serg't-at-Arms...	Wyandotte...	Wyandotte...	Vt....	N. Y...	31	Lawyer	Rep..	S
W. V. Barr, Door- keeper.....	Iowa Point...	Doniphan....	N. J...	N. Y...	46	Mech....	Rep..	M
C. T. K. Prentice, Messenger	McKinney ...	Douglas.....	Conn.	N. Y...	14	Clerk ...	Rep..	S
A. L. Bartlett, Messenger	Topeka.....	Shawnee	Ohio..	Ind ...	9	Clerk ...	Rep..	S

† Married or single.

MARCH 26.—Seven Slave States have seceded from the Union. South Carolina led, passing her Ordinance of Secession, without any dissenting votes, Dec. 20th, 1860.

—William Tholen, of Leavenworth, elected State Treasurer, entered the volunteer service, and did not act as Treasurer, Gov. Robinson refusing to accept his bond. H. R. Dutton, of Brown county, was appointed Treasurer by the Governor.

MARCH 30.—Message from Gov. Robinson. It is comprehensive and able.

APRIL.—Mark W. Delahay appointed Surveyor General.

APRIL 1.—Suspension of the Lecompton Democrat.

APRIL 1.—Fred. P. Stanton gets the vote of the Senate for U. S. Senator "from the south side of the Kaw."

APRIL 3.—Heavy rain, all over the State, the first of any importance for months.

APRIL 4.—Election of United States Senators, by the following vote:

James H. Lane.....	55	S. D. Houston.....	1
S. C. Pomeroy.....	52	S. A. Kingman.....	3
Marcus J. Parrott.....	49	A. J. Isaacks.....	11
F. P. Stanton.....	21	M. F. Conway.....	1
M. W. Delahay.....	2		

Lane and Pomeroy elected.

There was only one ballot. The voting continued two hours, in which interval Lane fluctuated between 45 and 64, Pomeroy between 49 and 57, Parrott between 47 and 60, Stanton between 10 and 32, Delahay between 2 and 11, and Kingman between 3 and 18. Fifty-eight members changed their votes.

APRIL 8.—Judge Williams opens the United States Court, at Topeka.

APRIL 12.—Bombardment of Fort Sumter by Rebels. Beginning of the Pro-Slavery Rebellion.

APRIL 13.—Illinois and Wisconsin currency no longer in use as a circulating medium. Great losses occasioned by Wild-Cat banks.

APRIL 15.—President Lincoln calls for 75,000 men to enforce the laws, and asks Congress to meet July 4th.

APRIL 16.—Dinner given to Judge John Pettit by the Leavenworth bar.

—W. F. M. Army reports to the Legislature that relief goods have passed through his hands weighing 9,197,300 pounds. Of this amount, 3,051,304 pounds were for seed. The money furnished by the Legislatures of New York and Wisconsin, and the New York City Committee, and \$22,481.93 in addition, has been expended. No details are given. Wagons are still taking relief goods from Atchison.

APRIL 17.—Governor Claib. Jackson, of Missouri, replies to the President's call for 75,000 men: "Not one man will the State of Missouri furnish to carry on such an unholy crusade."

—Captain Samuel Walker, of Lawrence, tenders to Governor Robinson a company of 100 men. A meeting is held in Atchison to form a military company. "Coercion" is voted down, and the Union company is not organized.

APRIL 18.—The steamboat "New Sam Gaty" arrives at Leavenworth, from St. Louis, with a Rebel flag flying. An immense crowd collects on the levee, and the Captain is compelled to take down the traitor ensign and run up the Stars and Stripes. This was the decisive day for Leavenworth.

APRIL 20.—Seven military companies in Douglas county; nine in Leavenworth; one is ordered to Fort Leavenworth for thirty days' service.

—The Rebels seize the United States Arsenal at Liberty, Missouri.

—Samuel Walker and James C. Stone made Major Generals of the State militia.

APRIL 25.—Military companies organized in nearly every county.

APRIL 26.—M. Jeff. Thompson takes into St. Joseph the arms stolen at Liberty.

—A night guard is organized by citizens of Leavenworth to defend the town. This service continues to be voluntarily performed, whenever necessary, during the whole war.

APRIL 27.—Destructive fire in Leavenworth.

APRIL 29.—Report of Legislative committee on Blue Mont Central College. The Trustees of the College voted, February 28, to give it to the State.

—Captain J. L. Reno has charge of the arsenal at Fort Leavenworth. He became a Major General, and was killed at Gettysburg. Reno county bears his name.

MAY 1.—A Rebel camp in St. Joseph remains unmolested. Rebel flags wave in St. Joseph, Kansas City, Iatan, Weston, Platte City, and Independence, Missouri.

MAY 1.—The following appointments are announced: Chester Thomas, Mail Agent; J. C. Burnett, Register Fort Scott Land Office; A. Low, Register Kickapoo Land Office; Ira Smith, Receiver Kickapoo Land Office; F. G. Adams, Register Lecompton Land Office; C. B. Lines, Receiver Lecompton Land Office; H. W. Farnsworth, Kaw Indian Agent; G. A. Colton, Miami Indian Agent; Charles B. Keith, Kickapoo Indian Agent; D. R. Anthony, Postmaster at Leavenworth; James Fletcher, Postmaster at Topeka; John A. Martin, Postmaster at Atchison; Jacob Stotler, Postmaster at Emporia.

MAY 2.—Extra session of the Missouri Legislature. The following is copied from the message of Governor Claiborne F. Jackson:

"Our interests and sympathies are identical with those of the Slaveholding States, and necessarily unite our destiny with theirs. The similarity of our social and domestic institutions, our industrial interests, our sympathies, habits and tastes, our common origin, territorial contiguity, all concur in pointing out our duty in regard to the separation now taking place between the States of the old Federal Union."

There were 114,965 slaves in Missouri.

MAY 6.—George H. Fairchild elected Mayor of Atchison, by 100 majority, over Ike Hascall, Border-Ruffian.

—John T. Burris is appointed United States District Attorney; W. W. Ross Pottawatomie Agent; P. P. Elder, Osage Agent at Fort Scott; Josiah Miller, Postmaster at Lawrence; S. D. Houston, Receiver at Junction City; John Hutchinson, Secretary of Dakota.

MAY 10.—A Topeka letter of Ingalls, in the Conservative, has this description of Lane:

"It would be hard to give a rational and satisfactory analysis of the causes of Gen. Lane's popularity as an orator. Destitute of all graces of the art, he possesses but few even of its essentials; he writhes himself into more contortions than Gabriel Ravel in a pantomime; his voice is a series of transitions from the broken scream of a maniac, to the hoarse, rasping gutturals of a Dutch butcher in the last gasp of inebriation; the construction of his sentences is loose and disjointed; his diction is a pudding of slang, profanity and solecism; and yet the electric shock of his extraordinary eloquence thrills like the blast of a trumpet; the magnetism of his manner, the fire of his glance, the studied earnestness of his utterance, find a sudden response in the will of his audience, and he sways them like a field of reeds shaken in the wind. Devoid of those qualities of character which excite esteem and cement the enduring structure of popular regard, he overcomes the obstacles in the path of achievement by persistent effort and indomitable will."

MAY 10.—Capt Nathaniel Lyon and Col. Francis P. Blair, at the head of 6,000 Union volunteers, many of them Germans, surround the Rebel State Guard, at St. Louis, and take them prisoners. Gen. D. M. Frost was in command of the Rebels. This movement saved Missouri to the Union.

MAY 14.—A. M. Clark and J. C. Stone write to the Governor that they cannot negotiate the Kansas bonds.

—Stampede of Union men from western Missouri.

MAY 15.—Topeka letter of J. J. Ingalls:

"Mr. McDowell, from the Committee on State Library, submitted a new report on the subject of a State seal this morning. The device represents a mountain horizon, and a prairie foreground traversed by a 'schooner' bound for the Peak; a rising sun illuminates a retreating herd of buffalo, and a farmer following the plow. The motto suggested is the terse, emphatic and appropriate legend, 'WE WILL.' The design is decidedly the most original and suggestive which has yet been presented; though Mr. Denman suggests that it might be better to change the motto to 'WE WON'T.'"

MAY 20.—

"The vexed question of a State seal has at last received its quietus at the hands of a conference committee. The new design embraces a prairie landscape, with buffalo pursued by Indian hunters, a settler's cabin, and a plowman with his team, a river with a steamboat, a cluster of thirty-four stars surrounding the legend, 'AD ASTRA PER ASPERA,' the whole encircled by the words, 'Great Seal of the State of Kansas. 1861.'"—*J. J. Ingalls, in Conservative.*

The motto originated with Mr. Ingalls. The motto of the Alpha Delta Phi Society is, "*Sic itur ad astra.*"

MAY 21.—

"Judge Lambdin, who is just from Butler county, states that the reports of damage done by grasshoppers are not exaggerated. The insects have traversed a belt of country about six miles wide, devouring every green thing. Young fields of wheat have been completely destroyed by their ravages, not one blade remaining; early corn and vegetables and the foliage of trees have suffered with equal severity; and the evil seems to be on the increase, with no means of prevention."—*Topeka letter in Conservative.*

MAY 22.—Republican Congressional Convention at Topeka. Thirty counties send 55 delegates. Called to order by A. C. Wilder. On motion of William A. Phillips. Dr. R. Gillpatrick was made temporary Chairman, and J. A. Signor, Secretary.

Committee on Credentials: T. D. Thacher, F. G. Adams, J. R. Palmer, R. Crozier, James Montgomery. *Committee on Permanent Organization:* C. P. Twiss, F. A. Bliss, J. A. McCall, A. D. Brown, C. V. Eskridge.

Officers: President, R. Gillpatrick; Vice Presidents, A. L. Lee, James L. McDowell, R. M. Fish, T. W. Satchel; Secretaries, D. R. Anthony, J. A. Signor.

Ballot for Member of Congress: M. F. Conway 37. Ed. Lynde 8. R. M. Williams 6; Montgomery, Watson and Updegraff, one each.

The following resolutions, offered by D. R. Anthony, are adopted:

"Resolved by the Republican Party of the State of Kansas in Convention assembled, That the existing condition of national affairs demands the emphatic and unmistakable expression of the convictions of the people of the State, and that Kansas allies herself with the uprising Union hosts of the North to uphold the policy of the Administration.

"Resolved, That the grave responsibilities of this hour could not have been safely postponed, and that they have not arrived too soon, and that in the present war between Government and Anarchy the mildest compromise is treason against humanity.

"Resolved, That we spurn as specious sophistries all suggestions for the peaceful dismemberment of the Union, and pledge our fortunes and our honor to its maintenance, intact and inviolate."

The following State Committee was appointed: A. C. Wilder, T. D. Thacher, W. C. Dunton, J. F. Newlon, Ed. Russell, D. W. Houston, Loring Farnsworth.

MAY 23.—A. C. Wilder elected Chairman, and T. D. Thacher Secretary, of the Republican State Committee.

MAY 24.—Railroad completed to Weston, Missouri; a line of boats from Leavenworth to Weston.

MAY 28.—The First Kansas organizing, in the western part of Leavenworth.

JUNE 1.—F. P. Stanton appointed to take charge of military affairs in New Mexico.

—Col. Emory and Maj. S. D. Sturgis arrive at Fort Leavenworth from the Southwest with United States troops.

JUNE 3.—Gen. Lyon in command of the Military Department of the West.

—Death of Stephen A. Douglas. He had given warm and efficient support to the Union cause and to President Lincoln.

—A Rebel flag captured at Iatan, Mo., and brought to Leavenworth, by Frank H. Drenning, Frank M. Tracy, Thos. Merrick, G. Mellen Lewis, Richard D. Lender, Wm. Smart, James Liddle, Emil Umfried, Mr. Voeth, Fred. Amerine, Theo. Kroll, and Henry Laurenzier. These men were all from the Elwood Guards, and the Leavenworth Steuben Guards, a German company, and all soldiers of the First Kansas. Drenning was struck by two balls; two bullets entered Umfried's body and one his leg, and Voeth was shot in the leg. It was the first Rebel flag captured, and created intense excitement, many prominent men opposing the act as illegal. A public meeting in Lawrence indorsed the act of the soldiers, and the Leavenworth Conservative for sustaining them.

JUNE 4.—Adjournment of the Legislature.

—The name of Dorn county was changed by the Legislature to Neosho, and of Godfrey to Seward. An act was passed providing for the election of a District Attorney in each Judicial District, and an act calling an election for the permanent location of the State capital. The act authorizing the issue of \$150,000 in bonds created much discussion.

JUNE 4.—Organization of the First Kansas, at Fort Leavenworth.

JUNE 10.—Captain Alfred Sully goes from Fort Leavenworth to St. Joseph, with a force of regulars, to organize a Home Guard.

JUNE 11.—Conway elected to Congress.

—Capt. Prince leaves Fort Leavenworth with regulars for Kansas City.

JUNE 13.—Seven companies of the First Kansas leave Leavenworth for Kansas City. The Second Kansas starts from Lawrence for Kansas City.

JUNE 13.—An article by R. C. Satterlee, in the Leavenworth Herald, on the Iatan flag matter, charging D. R. Anthony, of the Conservative, with falsehood, led to a shooting affray between the two men, in which Satterlee was killed. Anthony was tried before Judge McDowell, and acquitted.

JUNE 17.—Gov. Robinson calls for more troops.

— Gen. Lyon defeats Claib. Jackson at Boonville, Mo.

JUNE 20.—Second Kansas organized, at Lawrence, for three months.

—The remainder of the First Kansas goes to Kansas City.

JUNE 22.—Fall of a brick block at Wyandotte.

JUNE 24.—The First Kansas and regulars, under Maj. Samuel D. Sturgis, leave Kansas City for Springfield, Mo.

JUNE 25.—James H. Lane publishes a statement in the *Conservative* in which he says: "On the 20th instant I was duly appointed a Brigadier General in the volunteer force of the United States."

JUNE 26.—The Second Kansas leaves Kansas City.

JULY 2.—Treaty between the United States and the Delawares. Delaware lands pledged by the Leavenworth, Pawnee & Western R. R. Co. to secure its bonds.

JULY.—Surveyor General's office removed from Nebraska City to Leavenworth.

Popular song of the Kansas volunteers:

AIR—"Happy Land of Canaan."

The Kansas volunteers are boys devoid of fears,
'Tis needless to recount their deeds of daring;
In '55 and '6 they gave the Rebels fits,
And drove them from this happy land of Canaan.

CHORUS.

Oh, oh, oh, ah, ah, ah!
The time of retribution is a-coming,
For with shot and shell we will give the rebels—,
Or we'll drive them from the happy land of Canaan.

JULY 4.—The printers in the First and Second regiments issue a paper from a Rebel office, in Clinton, Mo.

JULY 7.—The Kansas troops, under Sturgis, meet Gen. Nathaniel Lyon, at Grand River.

JULY 9.—Gen. Fremont in command of the Western Department, at St. Louis.

JULY 12.—Organization of the Fifth Kansas begins.

JULY 12.—Senator Foot, of Vermont, presents the credentials of Frederick P. Stanton, from Gov. Robinson, as Senator from Kansas, in place of Lane. They are referred to the Judiciary Committee, after a statement from Lane that "this looks like an attempt to bury a man before he is dead." Stanton was appointed because Lane had accepted a commission as Brigadier General.

JULY 14.—O. E. Learnard, of the Fifth District, having resigned. Gov. Robinson appoints Robert M. Ruggles, of Emporia, Judge of that district.

JULY 15.—M. S. Adams, C. S. Lambdin, and Charles Starns, Commissioners to determine the location of the Penitentiary, take the oath of

office, at Leavenworth. They bought a site in that county, November 25th.

JULY 15.—The Third Kansas organized; James Montgomery, Colonel.

JULY 18.—The first Overland coach arrives; seventeen days from San Francisco.

JULY 21.—Panic and retreat of the Union army from the Bull Run battle-field.

JULY 24.—Organization of the First Battery, Capt. Thos. Bickerton.

JULY 25.—By the vote of a Union meeting in Leavenworth, business houses close in time every day to allow all citizens time to drill.

AUGUST.—During the summer the State lands were selected by S. E. Hoffman, E. P. Bancroft, and H. B. Denman. Their Report, dated January 14, 1862, is published in the State Documents. The following is copied from it:

"The following list will show the quantity of lands the State is entitled to under the provisions of the act of admission, and under the provision of other acts of Congress:

"1st. In section 3d of the act of admission, 'sections number 16 and 36 in every township of public lands in the State are granted for the use of schools, and where either of said sections, or any part thereof, have been sold or otherwise disposed of, other lands equivalent thereto.' The quantity of land that would inure to the State under this provision, estimating the quantity from the number of surveyed townships taken from the records of the Surveyor General's office, would be, in the aggregate, 800,292 acres.

"2d. For the use and support of a State University, 46,080 acres.

"3d. For the purpose of completing or erecting public buildings at the seat of government, 6,400 acres.

"4th. Twelve salt springs, with six sections of land to each, 46,080 acres.

"5th. Under the act of Congress, approved September 4th, 1841, 500,000 acres.

"6th. Amount of land selected under the provisions of an act entitled 'An act to authorize settlers upon the 16th and 36th sections, who settle before the surveys of the public lands, to preëempt their settlements,' approved February 26, A. D. 1859, to make up deficiencies where either townships or sections are fractional, 60,988 acres.

"Making the aggregate amount of lands to which the State is entitled under the provisions of the act of admission and other acts of Congress, 1,459,840 acres."

AUGUST 3.—Capt. Sully takes Independence, Missouri.

AUGUST 9.—The Rebel John Matthews drives sixty Union families from the Neutral Lands.

AUGUST 10.—Battle of Wilson's Creek, ten miles south of Springfield, Missouri.

The following is copied from Greeley's Conflict:

"The First Missouri, First and Second Kansas, and First Iowa regiments, with Steele's battalion of Regulars, won immortal honor by the persistent and heroic gallantry with which they for hours maintained their ground against immense odds. The Rebels were repeatedly driven back in confusion, and the firing would be nearly or quite suspended for ten or twenty minutes; when, perceiving their decided superiority in numbers, since the rout and flight of Sigel's command, the Confederate officers would rally their men and bring them once more to the charge. Meantime, Gen. Lyon, who had led out his own little army to fight, against his own judgment, upon the representation of Gen. Sweeny that to abandon all southwest Missouri without a battle would be worse than a defeat, and who had evinced the most reckless bravery throughout, had been twice wounded, and had had his horse killed under him. The second ball struck him in the head, and seemed for the moment to confuse him. He walked a few paces to the rear,

saying to Major Schofield, his Adjutant, 'I fear the day is lost;' to which Schofield responded, 'No, General; let us try them once more.' Major Sturgis offered him his own horse, which Lyon at first declined, but soon after mounted, and, bleeding from his two wounds, swung his hat in the air, and called upon the troops nearest him to prepare for a bayonet charge on the lines of the enemy. The Second Kansas rallied around him, but in a moment its brave Col. Mitchell fell severely wounded, and his soldiers cried out: 'We are ready to follow—who will lead us?' 'I will lead you!' replied Lyon; 'come on, brave men!' and at that moment a third bullet struck him in his breast, and he fell mortally wounded."

The fight opened at 5 A. M., and closed at 11:30. Gen. Ben. McCulloch's report admits a loss of 265 killed, 800 wounded, and 30 missing. Our reports make our loss 223 killed, 721 wounded, and 292 missing. McCulloch says his force numbered 11,300, and 15 pieces of artillery. We had 5,000 troops in the beginning of the engagement, and less than 4,000 during the last four hours.

AUGUST 14.—Fremont declares martial law in Missouri.

AUGUST 17.—General Lane fortifies at Camp Lincoln, Bourbon county.

AUGUST 18.—Organization of the Sixth Kansas begins.

AUGUST 31.—General Fremont issues a General Order, from which the following is copied:

"The property, real and personal, of all persons in the State of Missouri who shall take up arms against the United States, or shall be directly proven to have taken active part with their enemies in the field, is declared to be confiscated to the public use; and their slaves, if any they have, are hereby declared free men."

SEPTEMBER.—George W. Kingsbury starts, at Junction City, the Smoky Hill and Republican Union.

H. T. Geery starts the Frontier, at Junction City. George E. Dummer soon succeeds him. In March, 1862, two companies of Kansas soldiers destroyed the office.

SEPTEMBER 2.—Battle of Dry Wood. Rebels under Rains; Union men under Colonels Montgomery, Jennison, and Johnson, and Captains Moonlight, Ritchie, Williams, and Stewart.

SEPTEMBER 3.—Platte River Bridge massacre. Barclay Coppoc and others were killed. Coppoc was with John Brown at Harper's Ferry, and was a Lieutenant in Montgomery's regiment when killed. His remains were given a military burial at Leavenworth, on the 6th. Nineteen persons were killed in this Rebel massacre.

SEPTEMBER 4.—St. Joseph in the hands of Rebels.

—Skirmish at Shelbina, Mo. Capt. J. R. McClure, of the Second Kansas, has his foot shot off.

SEPTEMBER 7.—Atchison in danger. Five companies go to her assistance from Jefferson, Jackson, and Doniphan counties.

SEPTEMBER 8.—The First Kansas at Hannibal.

SEPTEMBER 9.—The Sixth Kansas organized, at Fort Scott.

SEPTEMBER 11.—President Lincoln orders Gen. Fremont to so modify his Emancipation Order as to make it conform with the provisions of the act of Congress on the same subject.

SEPTEMBER 12.—Humboldt sacked by Rebels.

SEPTEMBER 15.—The Second Kansas arrives in Leavenworth. The regiment given a public reception on the 16th.

SEPTEMBER 20.—Siege of Lexington, Mo. Surrender of Cols. Mulligan, Peabody and Marshall, with 2,500 men, after four days' struggle.

SEPTEMBER 17.—Battle of Morristown, Mo. Col. H. P. Johnson, of Leavenworth, killed.

SEPTEMBER 20.—The John Brown song first sung in Leavenworth. It originated in Fort Warren, in Boston harbor, in the spring, the words and music being the composition of Union soldiers.

SEPTEMBER 21.—Col. Judson of the Sixth Kansas, returns from the Neutral lands, having routed the marauders and killed Matthews.

SEPTEMBER 23.—Lane takes Osceola, and burns it.

SEPTEMBER 25.—Gen. Ben. M. Prentiss takes command at St. Joseph.

SEPTEMBER 26.—Vanity Fair, the New York humorous paper, publishes the following:

K. T. DID.

"We learn from Kansas Territory, that Captain Jennison, of border fame, has offered six hundred of his well-known 'Jayhawkers,' all bold riders, and well mounted, to the Union cause; also, that other mounted regiments will shortly be organized. Good for K. T.!"—*Western Paper*.

From her borders, far away,
 Kansas blows a trumpet call,
 Answered by the loud "hurrah!"
 Of her troopers, one and all.
 "Knife and pistol, sword and spur!"
 Cries K. T.—
 "Let my troopers all concur
 To the old flag, no demur—
 Follow me!"
 Hence the song of jubilee,
 Platyphillis from the tree,
 High among the branches hid,
 Sings all night so merrily—
 "K. T. did,
 She did—she did!"

Thirty score JAYHAWKERS bold,
 Kansas men of strong renown,
 Rally round the banner old,
 Casting each his gauntlet down.
 "Good for Kansas," one and all
 Cry to her;
 Riding to her trumpet call,
 Blithe as to a festival,
 All concur!
 Hence the revel and the glee,
 As the chanter from the tree,
 High among the branches hid,
 Sings all night so merrily—
 "K. T. did!
 She did—she did!"

SEPTEMBER 30.—Lane's brigade arrives in Kansas City. Sturgis is there.

OCTOBER.—Organization of the Third Battery. Seventh Kansas organized.

OCTOBER 8.—Col. D. R. Anthony Provost Marshal of Kansas City.

OCTOBER 9.—First Annual Meeting of the State Temperance Society, at Topeka.

OCTOBER 11.—Sturgis and Lane leave for Springfield, Mo.

OCTOBER 16.—Humboldt burned by Rebels.

—The following petition led to a meeting of the Republican State Committee at Topeka, and the nomination of a State ticket:

"We, the undersigned citizens, suffering in common with others from the impotency or malice of the present State Executive, and earnestly desiring a State Government

that will, in a patriotic and energetic manner, defend our people from invasion—knowing that by the plain and emphatic provisions of the State Constitution the term of our State officers expires on the first day of January, and that the legislative enactment continuing the State officers beyond that time is null and void, and that there is not sufficient time, before the election, to hold a Nominating Convention, do respectfully pray your honorable body to nominate a full State ticket of efficient Union men, without reference to their political antecedents—men who will conduct the State Government with reference to the good of the whole country, and not upon mere personal grounds.”

The Committee made the following ticket and platform:

For Governor, George A. Crawford, of Bourbon county; for Lieutenant Governor, Joseph L. Speer, of Jefferson county; for Secretary of State, J. W. Robinson, of Riley county; for Attorney General, Samuel A. Stinson, of Leavenworth county; for Treasurer, H. R. Dutton, of Brown county; for Auditor, James K. McClure, of Davis county; for Superintendent of Public Instruction, H. D. Preston, of Osage county.

“Resolved, That the vigorous prosecution of the present war, the earnest and hearty support of the Administration in its efforts to crush out the Rebellion, the maintenance of the Constitution, the enforcement of the laws, and the preservation of the Union, are the issues upon which these nominations are made.”

OCTOBER 24.—Organization of the Ninth Kansas.

OCTOBER 25.—Gardner, Johnson county, sacked.

OCTOBER 27.—Beginning of the muster of the Eighth Kansas.

OCTOBER 28.—The Seventh Kansas Cavalry organized, at Leavenworth.

OCTOBER 30.—Settlers driven from Mine creek, Linn county.

OCTOBER 31.—The Second Kansas Infantry honorably discharged.

NOVEMBER 2.—Lane and Sturgis reach Springfield.

—Gen. Fremont removed.

NOVEMBER 5.—Election. Vote on State Capital: Topeka, 7,996; Lawrence, 5,291; all others, 1,184. The State Board did not canvass the vote given for the George A. Crawford State ticket.—[See 1 Kan., 17.

ATTORNEY GENERAL (to fill vacancy).

Samuel A. Stinson received 11,971 votes, and is elected.

STATE TREASURER (to fill vacancy).

H. R. Dutton, 11,748; J. H. Lane, 8. H. R. Dutton elected.

STATE SENATORS (to fill vacancies).

SECOND DISTRICT—ATCHISON AND BROWN COUNTIES.—W. B. Barnett, 1,284; John J. Ingalls, 814; George W. Bowman, 705. W. B. Barnett and John J. Ingalls elected.

FOURTH DISTRICT—CLAY, RILEY, AND POTTAWATOMIE COUNTIES.—M. L. Essicks, 454; J. D. Adams, 18. M. L. Essicks elected.

SIXTH DISTRICT—SHAWNEE, JACKSON, JEFFERSON, AND OSAGE COUNTIES.—C. K. Holliday, 980; J. C. Bartlett, 884; D. L. Lakin, 230; W. A. Shannon, 1. C. K. Holliday elected.

EIGHTH DISTRICT—DOUGLAS, JOHNSON, AND WYANDOTTE COUNTIES.—John Speer, 1357; James F. Legate, 1141; Robert S. Stevens, 1687; Charles G. Keeler, 1828. Charles G. Keeler and Robert S. Stevens elected.

NINTH DISTRICT—BOURBON, LINN, AND MIAMI COUNTIES.—Alonzo Curtis, 856; Thos. Roberts, 849; Horatio Knowles, 830. Alonzo Curtis elected.

TENTH DISTRICT—ALLEN, ANDERSON, AND FRANKLIN COUNTIES.—Jacob G. Reese, 442; A. Stewart, 383. Jacob G. Reese elected.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST DISTRICT—DONIPHAN COUNTY.—Sol. Miller, 670; Ed. Russell, 680; Joseph Penny, 534; Franklin Grube, 698; Lyman Nash, 212. Sol. Miller, Ed. Russell, Joseph Penny, and Franklin Grube elected.

SECOND DISTRICT—ATCHISON AND BROWN COUNTIES.—Thomas Murphy, 1247; A. W. Johnson, 1164; R. A. Van Winkle, 1139; James B. Church, 28; C. H. McCauley, 28; John Keen, 513; J. B. Reynolds, 450; F. Roache, 453; M. C. Willis, 435; P. H. Fay, 231; A. W. Robertson, 173; James D. Church, 922; O. H. McCauley, 888; J. J. Patterson, 968; S. B. Davis, 478. Thomas Murphy, A. W. Johnson, R. A. Van Winkle, Jas. D. Church, O. H. McCauley, and J. J. Patterson elected.

THIRD DISTRICT—NEMAHA, WASHINGTON, AND MARSHALL COUNTIES.—Harrison Foster, 427; J. C. Smith, 94; F. P. Baker, 353; D. C. Auld, 163; N. J. Leland, 276; S. F. Snider, 26; John E. Smith, 80. Harrison Foster and F. P. Baker elected.

FOURTH DISTRICT—CLAY, RILEY, AND POTTAWATOMIE COUNTIES.—I. T. Goodnow, 463; Davies Wilson, 510; Welcome Wells, 448; O. J. Grover, 505. I. T. Goodnow, Davies Wilson, Welcome Wells, and O. J. Grover elected.

FIFTH DISTRICT—DICKINSON, DAVIS, AND WABAUNSEE COUNTIES.—A. G. Robinson, 228; Geo. Montague, 189; Geo. Freeman, 181; J. B. Ingersoll, 272; A. C. Pierce, 278; T. F. Hersey, 317. J. B. Ingersoll, T. F. Hersey, and A. C. Pierce elected.

SIXTH DISTRICT—SHAWNEE, JEFFERSON, JACKSON, AND OSAGE COUNTIES.—H. W. Martin, 1562; Golden Silvers, 1533; P. E. Havens, 1630; C. H. Welch, 1519; M. Anderson, 1539; A. Spaulding, 1559; J. M. Huber, 1752; Jeremiah Sabin, 1420; J. B. Parrott, 199; Jesse Hendrickson, 183; J. W. Mann, 154. H. W. Martin, Golden Silvers, P. E. Havens, C. H. Welch, M. Anderson, A. Spaulding, J. M. Huber, and Jeremiah Sabin elected.

SEVENTH DISTRICT—LEAVENWORTH COUNTY.—M. S. Adams, 1236; T. J. Logan, 1041; G. W. Gardiner, 770; E. McCrillus, 1195; Geo. Gosling, 1076; James Medill, 1189; Geo. W. Baird, 1039; Thos. Carney, 1307; James A. McGonigle, 1297; Charles Starns, 1209; John P. Huesgen, 1078; B. B. Moore, 1067; Thos. O'Quartney, 1128; Chas. H. Grover, 1106; John P. Mitchell, 984; J. H. Canady, 1004; John McCarthy, 1232. M. S. Adams, E. McCrillus, James Medill, Thos. Carney, Jas. A. McGonigle, Chas. Starns, Thos. O'Quartney, Chas. H. Grover, and John McCarthy elected.

EIGHTH DISTRICT—DOUGLAS, JOHNSON, AND WYANDOTTE COUNTIES.—Sidney Clarke, 1367; R. L. Williams, 1679; A. Thoman, 2685; Samuel Black, 2677; Chauncey L. Steel, 2594; E. G. Macy, 2554; J. L. Jones, 2554; D. T. Mitchell, 2693; W. H. M. Fishback, 2498; B. W. Hartley, 2515; W. M. Shean, 2692; Jas. McGrew, 2710; W. W. Dickinson, 2204; Geo. W. Smith, 1424; Geo. W. Benum, 620; Eli McKee, 475; John Giffen, 485; L. D. Williams, 386. G. W. Smith, W. W. Dickinson, Jas. McGrew, W. M. Shean, B. W. Hartley, W. H. M. Fishback, D. T. Mitchell, J. L. Jones, R. L. Williams, E. G. Macy Chauncey L. Steel, Samuel Black, and A. Thoman elected.

NINTH DISTRICT—BOURBON, LINN, AND MIAMI COUNTIES.—James C. Marshall, 484; J. B. McGrew, 468; Josiah Lamb, 482; W. R. Wagstaff, 746; Henderson Rice, 862; William Carr, 837; George A. Reynolds, 874; Eli G. Jewell, 864; William T. Jones, 865; F. Muse, 381; George E. Dennison, 372; A. Stark, 334. William T. Jones, James C. Marshall, J. B. McGrew, Josiah Lamb, William R. Wagstaff, Henderson Rice, William Carr, George A. Reynolds, and Eli G. Jewell elected.

TENTH DISTRICT—ALLEN, ANDERSON, AND FRANKLIN COUNTIES.—Jacob A. Marcell, 952; D. M. Valentine, 830; W. H. McClure, 597; J. B. Lowrie, 399; ——— Lowrie, 135; C. S. Clark, 781; T. B. Killen, 560; J. N. Phillips, 261; J. S. Pile, 312; Mathew Porter, 252; John T. Lanter, 220. Jacob A. Marcell, D. M. Valentine, W. H. McClure, J. B. Lowrie, C. S. Clark, and T. P. Killen elected.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT—WOODSON AND MADISON COUNTIES.—Benjamin F. Van Horn, 112; E. J. Brown, 123; A. K. Hanks, 14. Benjamin F. Van Horn and E. J. Brown elected.

TWELFTH DISTRICT—OSAGE, COFFEY, AND BRECKINRIDGE COUNTIES.—O. H. Sheldon, 865; J. H. Leard, 654; P. B. Plumb, 591; P. B. Maxson, 581; J. Jenks, 211; F. W. Potter,

592; Watson Foster, 383; Charles Morse, 382; A. G. Miller, 373; C. V. Eskridge, 539; H. W. Watrous, 332. O. H. Sheldon, J. H. Leard, P. B. Plumb, P. B. Maxson, F. W. Potter, and C. V. Eskridge elected.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT—MORRIS, BUTLER, AND CHASE COUNTIES.—H. S. Hunt, 106; C. Columbia, 303; M. R. Leonard, 189; A. R. Page, 92. C. Columbia and M. R. Leonard elected.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT—ARAPAHOE, GODFREY, GREENWOOD, HUNTER, WILSON, DORN, MCGEE, AND SALINE COUNTIES.—Horace L. Jones, 24. Horace L. Jones elected.

JUDGE (to fill vacancy).

FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT—COFFEY, CHASE, BRECKINRIDGE, MORRIS, MADISON, AND OSAGE COUNTIES.—R. M. Ruggles, 965; W. R. Saunders, 589. R. M. Ruggles elected.

DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT—WYANDOTTE, JACKSON, JEFFERSON, AND LEAVENWORTH COUNTIES.—J. C. Douglass, 1665; Thomas P. Fenlon, 1966. Thomas P. Fenlon elected.

SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT—ATCHISON, DONIPHAN, BROWN, NEMAHA AND MARSHALL COUNTIES.—Joseph F. Babbit, 2376. Joseph F. Babbit elected.

THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT—CLAY, DAVIS, RILEY, WABAUNSEE, POTTAWATOMIE, DICKINSON, SHAWNEE, AND SALINE COUNTIES.—A. H. Case, 732; L. McArthur, 663; W. P. Douthitt, 240. A. H. Case elected.

FOURTH DISTRICT—ANDERSON, ALLEN, BOURBON, DOUGLAS, LINN, MIAMI, JOHNSON, AND FRANKLIN COUNTIES.—Samuel A. Riggs, 2389; W. F. Woodworth, 1703. Samuel A. Riggs elected.

FIFTH DISTRICT—COFFEY, CHASE, BRECKINRIDGE, MORRIS, MADISON, BUTLER, WOODSON, AND OSAGE COUNTIES.—George H. Lillie, 878; Silas Fearl, 520; P. B. Plumb, 49. George H. Lillie elected.

AMENDMENT TO CONSTITUTION AND BANKING LAW.

<i>Counties.</i>	<i>For Bank- ing Law...</i>	<i>Ag't Bank- ing Law...</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>For Amend't to Sec. 7, Art. 18, Const'...</i>	<i>Ag't Amend't to Sec. 7, Art. 18, Const'...</i>
Allen			Allen		
Anderson			Anderson		
Atchison	533	287	Atchison	558	276
Brown	226	16	Brown	235	7
Butler	8		Butler	8	
Breckinridge	218	165	Bourbon	86	33
Bourbon	93	38	Breckinridge	200	134
Chase	93	18	Chase	75	23
Coffey	97	119	Coffey	95	8
Cherokee			Cherokee		
Davis			Davis		
Dickinson	4	63	Dickinson		64
Doniphan	278	123	Doniphan	239	71
Douglas	128	187	Douglas	229	180
Franklin	26	41	Franklin	220	79
Jackson	88	173	Jackson	118	97
Jefferson			Jefferson		
Johnson	386	56	Johnson	379	14
Linn	274	90	Linn	314	58
Leavenworth	1,221	276	Leavenworth	139	1,324
Miami	156	50	Miami	95	65
Madison	28	7	Madison	25	3
Morris	49	46	Morris	36	50
Marshall	88	50	Marshall	83	90
Nemaha	178	218	Nemaha	212	169
Osage	38	95	Osage	60	61
Riley	87	87	Riley	83	91
Pottawatomie	7	177	Pottawatomie	49	91
Shawnee	179	312	Shawnee	154	246
Saline		33	Saline	1	13
Wabaunsee	89	31	Wabaunsee	75	43
Wyandotte	99	43	Washington	13	12
Washington	22		Wyandotte	103	36
Woodson	62	7	Woodson	53	7
Total	4,655	2,807	Total	3,733	3,343

The amendment made to the Constitution is as follows:

"No banking institution shall issue circulating notes of a less denomination than one dollar."

NOVEMBER 5.—Treaty by which the Pottawatomies are to dispose of their land to the Leavenworth, Pawnee & Western Railroad Company.

NOVEMBER 8.—D. R. Anthony sells the Conservative to D. W. Wilder. On the 16th of January, 1862. Matthew Weightman became a partner in its publication.

NOVEMBER 11.—General Halleck in command at St. Louis.

NOVEMBER 12.—Creation of the Department of Kansas, with Major General David Hunter in command.

NOVEMBER 15.—Return of the Kansas Brigade to Fort Scott.

NOVEMBER 19.—The Missouri Rebel Legislature pass an Ordinance of Secession.

NOVEMBER 25.—General Hunter arrives at Fort Leavenworth.

NOVEMBER 30.—General James W. Denver ordered to report at Fort Scott.

DECEMBER 6.—The Lawrence Republican, by returns and estimates, makes the vote of George A. Crawford 7,437.

DECEMBER 7.—Carl Horne sentenced to be hanged in Leavenworth—the first capital conviction in Kansas.

DECEMBER 11.—Rebel raid on Potosi, Linn county.

DECEMBER 14.—Major H. H. Williams, of the Third Kansas, takes Papinsville and Butler, Missouri.

DECEMBER 17.—General Lane receives a new military appointment.

DECEMBER 20.—The Eighth Kansas at Westport, Missouri. One hundred contrabands, freed by Colonel Anthony, at Independence, arrive at Leavenworth in gay procession.

DECEMBER 31.—First Kansas ordered to Kansas City and Fort Scott.

DECEMBER 31.—The State printing for the coming year has been given out to the following persons: Laws and Journals, J. H. Bennet, of Grasshopper Falls; Documents and Blanks, Trask & Lowman, of Lawrence; Legislative Printing, J. F. Cummings. The binding was let to John Dodsworth and J. H. Bennet.

—The following facts relating to Kansas regiments are copied from the Report printed while Thomas J. Anderson was Adjutant General: Volume I contains 1116 pages; volume II, 1146 pages. The compilation was made from the original rolls by Samuel S. McFadden and Henry L. Isbell, who had both been soldiers in the Second Kansas. The volumes were printed by W. S. Burke, at Leavenworth, in 1867. The United States Official Army Register, issued by the Adjutant General, at Washington, July 16, 1867, contains lists of officers, losses, and battle-fields.

FIRST REGIMENT KANSAS VOLUNTEERS—INFANTRY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
COLONEL.		
George W. Peitzler.....	May 28, 1861	Wounded in action, August 10, 1861, at Wilson's Creek, Mo.; prom. Brig. Gen., Nov. 29, 1862.
Wm. Y. Roberts.....	June 15, 1863	Mustered out with regiment, June 17, 1864.
LIEUT. COLONEL.		
Oscar E. Learnard.....	May 28, 1861	Resigned, July 25, 1862.
Otto M. Tennonson.....	Aug. 16, 1862	Dismissed, May 10, 1863.
Newell W. Spicer.....	June 15, 1863	Mustered out with regiment.
MAJOR.		
John A. Halderman.....	May 28, 1861	Resigned, April 30, 1862.
William Y. Roberts.....	May 12, 1862	Promoted Colonel, June 15, 1863.
James Ketner.....	June 19, 1863	Mustered out with regiment.
ADJUTANT.		
Edwin S. Nash.....	June 1, 1861	Promoted Captain Co. G., June 1, 1862.
John A. Henry.....	Nov. 21, 1862	Assigned to Co. B, Veteran Batt., May 26, 1864.
QUARTERMASTER.		
George H. Chapin.....	June 3, 1861	Resigned, October 25, 1861.
Charles F. Garrett.....	.....	Promoted Captain and A. Q. M., April 26, 1862.
John H. W. Mills.....	May 12, 1862	Promoted Captain and A. C. S., Feb. 19, 1863.
Martin H. Dickenson....	July 1, 1863	Mustered out with regiment.
SURGEON.		
George E. Budington.....	July 24, 1861	Resigned, March 12, 1863.
Mahlon Bailey.....	June 1, 1863	Mustered out with regiment.
ASST. SURGEON.		
Samuel D. Smith.....	June 1, 1861	Resigned, April 16, 1862.
Mahlon Bailey.....	May 27, 1862	Promoted Surgeon, June 1, 1863.
Charles King.....	.....	Resigned, December 10, 1862.
Joseph Speck.....	June 3, 1863	Assigned to Veteran Batt., May 28, 1864; mustered out, August 30, 1865.
CHAPLAIN.		
Ephraim Nute jr.....	June 10, 1861	Mustered out with regiment.

The following is a list of the battles and skirmishes in which the First Kansas Volunteer Infantry were, in whole or in part, engaged:

Dug Springs, Mo., August 3, 1861; Wilson's Creek, August 10, 1861; Brownsville, Tenn., September, 1862; Trenton, Tenn., September 17, 1862; Chewalla, Miss., October 5, 1862; Tuscumbia Mount, Miss., October 5, 1862; Lumpkin's Mills, Miss., December, 1862; Tallahatchie, Miss., December, 1862; Old River, La., February 10, 1863; Hood's Lane, La., February 10, 1863; Black Bayou, La., February 10, 1863; near Lake Providence, La., February 10, 1863; Caledonia, La., May 10, 1863; Pinhook, La., May 10, 1863; Bayou Tensas, La., May 17, 1863; Holly Brook, La., June 9, 1863; Lake Providence, La., June 9, 1863; Lake Providence, June 29, 1863; Baxter's Bayou, La., June 9, 1863; Cross Bayou, La., September 14, 1863; Alexandria, La., September 20, 1863; Big Black river, Miss., October 8, 1863; Tallahatchie, Miss., November 30, 1863; Columbia, Ark., June 2, 1864; Atchafaluya Bayou, Ark., October 4, 1864; Salem, Miss.; Richmond, La.; Bayou Macon, La.; Yazoo City, Miss.; Benton, Miss.

SECOND REGIMENT KANSAS VOLUNTEERS—INFANTRY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
COLONEL.		
Robert B. Mitchell.....	June 20, 1861	Retained in service, and transferred to the 2d Kansas Volunteer Cavalry.
LIEUT. COLONEL.		
Charles W. Blair.....	June 20, 1861	Resigned, October 9, 1861.
MAJOR.		
William F. Cloud.....	June 20, 1861	Retained in service, and transferred to the 2d Kansas Cavalry.
ADJUTANT.		
Edward D. Thompson...	June 20, 1861	Mustered out with regiment, October 31, 1861.
QUARTERMASTER.		
Shaler W. Eldridge.....	June 20, 1861	Mustered out with regiment.
SURGEON.		
Aquila B. Massey.....	June 20, 1861	Absent on detached service at time of muster-out of regiment.
ASSISTANT SURGEON.		
Eliphalet L. Pattee.....	June 20, 1861	Absent on detached service at time of muster-out of regiment.
CHAPLAIN.		
Randolph C. Brant.....	June 20, 1861	Mustered out with regiment.

SECOND REGIMENT KANSAS VOLUNTEERS—CAVALRY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
COLONEL. Robert B. Mitchell.....	June 20, 1861	Promoted Brigadier General United States Volunteers, April 8, 1862.
William F. Cloud.....	June 1, 1862	Mustered out, Jan. 19, 1865, Leavenworth, Kas.
LIEUT. COLONEL. Owen A. Bassett.....	Aug. 1, 1862	Mustered out, Jan. 19, 1865, at Little Rock, Ark.
MAJOR. Charles W. Blair.....	Feb. 28, 1862	Promoted Colonel 14th Kansas Volunteer Cavalry, October 13, 1863.
Julius G. Fisk.....	Jan. 1, 1862	Mustered out, April 18, 1865, at Little Rock, Arkansas; wounded in action, November 28, 1862, at Cane Hill, Ark.
William F. Cloud.....	June 20, 1861	Promoted Colonel 10th Kansas Volunteer Infantry, March 27, 1862.
James M. Pomeroy.....	Feb. 28, 1862	Transferred to 9th Kansas Cavalry by General Order No. 1, dated Headquarters Kansas State Militia, March 27, 1862.
Thomas B. Eldridge.....	Jan. 4, 1862	Mustered out, March 20, 1862, at Camp Blair, Kansas, as supernumerary.
Henry Hopkins.....	Nov. 13, 1863	Mustered out, Jan. 13, 1865, Leavenworth, Kas.
John Johnston.....	May 11, 1865	Mustered out, June 22, 1865, Fort Gibson, C. N.
ADJUTANT. John Pratt.....	Nov. 11, 1861	Promoted Captain and Assistant Adjutant General United States Volunteers, Feb. 6, 1863.
Morris Enright.....	Feb. 7, 1863	Dismissed the service by S. O. No. 387, dated W. D., A. G. O., November 7, 1864.
Henry L. Isbell.....	Mar. 26, 1865	Mustered in to date prior to discharge as Serg. Maj. by S. O. 649, W. D., A. G. O.; mustered out, August 11, 1865, at Lawrence, Kansas.
BATTALION ADJUTANT. David R. Coleman.....	Feb. 28, 1862	Mustered out, September 6, 1862, General Order No. 126, W. D., A. G. O.
Joseph Cracklin.....	Mar. 20, 1862	Mustered out, September 6, 1862, General Order No. 126, W. D., A. G. O.
William B. Parsons.....	Mar. 20, 1862	Transferred to 9th Kansas Cav., June 17, 1862.
QUARTERMASTER. Cyrus L. Gorton.....	Nov. 2, 1861	Promoted Captain and Assistant Quartermaster United States Volunteers, June 11, 1864.
Clarence J. Williams.....	Dec. 8, 1864	Mustered out, June 22, 1865, at Fort Gibson, C. N.
BATTALION Q. M. Elizur T. Goodrich.....	.....	Ordered to report at Ft. Leavenworth, Kansas, May, 1862; no further record of him.
COMMISSARY. Luther H. Wood.....	Jan. 1, 1862	Resigned on account of disability, October 19, 1864, at Fort Smith, Arkansas.
SURGEON. Joseph P. Root.....	Dec. 28, 1861	Mustered out, April 18, 1865, at Little Rock, Ark.
ASST. SURGEON. George B. Wood.....	Jan. 1, 1862	Resigned on account of ill-health, September 27, 1862, in the field, Missouri.
John W. Robinson.....	Oct. 23, 1862	Died of chronic dysentery, at Fort Smith, Ark., December 10, 1863.
V. V. Adamson.....	Sept. 27, 1861	Mustered out, June 22, 1862, at Ft. Gibson, C. N.
CHAPLAIN. Charles Reynolds.....	Jan. 1, 1862	Mustered out, Dec. 31, 1864, at Fort Scott, Kas.

List of battles, etc., in which this regiment participated, showing loss reported in each:

Little Santa Fé (Cos. D. and M)—Killed, E. M., 1. Coon Creek—Missing, E. M., 5. Newtonia (October 5, 1862),—No loss. Hazel Bottom (B and M)—Missing, E. M., 1. Elk Horn Tavern—No loss. Sugar Creek—No loss. Cross Hollow—No loss. Old Fort Wayne—Killed, E. M., 4; wounded, E. M., 2; missing, E. M., 1. Boonesboro'—Wounded, E. M., 1. Cove Creek—No loss. Pineville (C and M)—Killed, E. M., 1. Cane Hill—Killed, E. M., 1. Carthage (November 27, 1862)—Killed, E. M., 1; missing, E. M., 1. Boston Mountain—No loss. Reed's Mountain—Killed, E. M., 2; wounded, E. M., 5. Prairie Grove—Killed, E. M., 3; wounded, O. 1, E. M. 11; missing, E. M., 1. Dripping Spring—Killed,

E. M., 2. Bentonville (May 22, 1863)—H and M—No loss. Carthage (May 24, 1863)—No loss. Honey Springs—Killed, E. M., 1; wounded, E. M., 1. Bentonville (August 15, 1863)—No loss. Perryville—No loss. Devil's Backbone—Killed, O. 1. E. M., 2; wounded, E. M., 4. Dardanelle—No loss. Newtonia (September 27, 1863)—E and M—No loss. Choctaw Nation—Missing, E. M., 1. Fouche le Faix Mountain (D and M)—No loss. Roseville (November 12, 1863)—E and M—Killed, E. M., 1; missing, E. M., 5. Clarksville—Killed, E. M., 1. Caddo Gap (December 4, 1863)—B and M—No loss. Waldron (December 30, 1863)—Killed, E. M., 2; wounded, E. M., 6. Baker's Spring—Killed, E. M., 1; wounded, E. M., 2. Little Missouri River (A, D, and M)—No loss. Sulphur Springs (G and M)—No loss. Caddo Gap (January 26, 1864)—Missing, E. M., 1. Dallas (F, H, K, and M)—No loss. Waldron (February 1, 1864)—Wounded, E. M., 1. Mountain Fork—No loss. Caddo Mountain—Wounded, E. M., 1. Scott's Farm—Wounded, E. M., 1. Caddo Gap (Feb. 16, 1864)—Wounded, E. M., 1. Danville—Killed, E. M., 1; wounded, E. M., 1. Roseville (March 29, 1864)—B, E. and M—Killed, E. M., 1. Roseville (April 4, 1864)—D, E, and M—Killed, E. M., 5; wounded, E. M., 11. Prairie D'Ann—No loss. Roseville (April 15, 1864)—A and M—Wounded, E. M., 1. Poison Springs—Killed, E. M., 1; missing, E. M., 5. Jenkins's Ferry—No loss. Fort Smith (July 29, 1864)—Killed, E. M., 1. Crawford County—Killed, E. M., 2. Fort Smith (September 1, 1864)—Killed, E. M., 1. Fort Gibson—Killed, E. M., 2; missing, O. 2. E. M., 46. Cabin Creek—Killed, E. M., 1; missing, E. M., 2. Dardanelle (January 14, 1865)—A, B, and M—No loss.

This list is copied from the United States Official Army Register of Volunteers, issued by the Adjutant General, at Washington, July 16, 1867. "E. M." means Enlisted Men; "O.," Commissioned Officers.

FIFTH REGIMENT KANSAS VOLUNTEERS—CAVALRY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
COLONEL.		
Hampton P. Johnson.....	.....	Killed in action, Sept. 17, 1861, Morristown, Mo.
Powell Clayton.....	Mar. 7, 1862	Promoted Brig. Gen. U. S. V., August 1, 1864.
LIEUT. COLONEL.		
John Ritchie.....	.....	Prom. Colonel 2d Indian H. G., March 28, 1862.
Powell Clayton.....	Dec. 28, 1861	Promoted Colonel, March 7, 1862.
Wilton A. Jenkins.....	May 1, 1862	Mustered out, May 7, 1864, Fort Leavenworth, Kas., per S. O. 171, Headquarters Dep. Ark.
Thomas W. Scudder.....	Oct. 29, 1864	Mustered out, January 4, 1865.
MAJOR.		
James H. Summers.....	.....	Resigned, March 16, 1862.
Wilton A. Jenkins.....	Feb. 28, 1862	Promoted Lieutenant Colonel, May 1, 1862.
S. E. Hoffman.....	April 10, 1862	Resigned, August 6, 1862.
Samuel Walker.....	May 24, 1862	Promoted Lt. Col. 16th Kas. Cav., Oct. 29, 1864.
Thomas W. Scudder.....	Sept. 1, 1862	Promoted Lt. Col., Oct. 29, 1864; wounded in action, Oct. 26, 1863, Pine Bluff, Arkansas
Stephen R. Harrington.....	Oct. 29, 1864	Mustered out, January 10, 1865.
ADJUTANT.		
Stephen R. Harrington.....	.....	Promoted Captain Company K, July 1, 1862.
George W. DeCosta.....	Sept. 15, 1862	Promoted Paymaster U. S. A., April 21, 1864.
Lawrence Murphy.....	July 9, 1864	Mustered out, January 4, 1865.
QUARTERMASTER.		
James Davis.....	Aug. 16, 1861	Prom. Capt. and A. C. S., U. S. V., Aug. 1, 1862.
Alfred Gray.....	April 19, 1861	Resigned on account of disability, Mar. 24, 1864; was on detached service with Gen. Vandever from June 30, 1863, to date of discharge.
E. D. Hillyer.....	Mar. 1, 1863	Resigned, August 16, 1864.

FIFTH REGIMENT KANSAS VOLUNTEERS—CAVALRY-- CONCLUDED.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
COMMISSARY.		
George W. Stevens.....	Mar. 3, 1863	Resigned, May 17, 1864.
James P. Vaughn.....	June 3, 1864	Mustered out, Jan. 10, 1865, Leavenworth, Kas.
SURGEON.		
E. B. Johnson.....	.....	Discontinued as Surgeon upon reorganization of regiment in spring of 1862.
A. J. Huntoon.....	Jan. 5, 1862	Relieved, March 30, 1863, Helena, Arkansas.
William B. Carpenter...	May 8, 1863	Mustered out, Sept. 7, 1864, Leavenworth, Kas.
ASSISTANT SURGEON.		
E. P. Sheldon.....	Jan. 1, 1862	Died of disease, at Fort Scott, Kas., April 3, '62.
William B. Carpenter...	May 27, 1862	Promoted Surgeon, May 8, 1862.
Samuel Whitehorn.....	May 13, 1863	Resigned, October 30, 1863.
David R. Porter.....	Aug. 1, 1863	Mustered out, Aug. 10, 1865, Leavenworth, Kas.
CAPTAIN.		
Hugh D. Fisher.....	.....	Mustered out, 1864, Leavenworth, Kansas.

List of battles, etc., in which this regiment participated, showing loss reported in each:

Harrisonville—No loss. Ball's Mills—No loss. Fort Scott (Sept. 1, 1861)—No loss. Fort Scott (Sept. 3, 1861)—Wounded, E. M., 1. Dry Wood—Wounded, E. M., 7; missing, E. M., 1. Papinsville—No loss. Morristown—Killed, O. 1, E. M. 1; wounded, E. M., 3. Osceola—Wounded, E. M., 1; missing, E. M., 1. West Point—Killed, E. M., 1. Butler—Killed, E. M., 1. Little Santa Fé—No loss. Turnback Creek—Killed, E. M., 1. Eminence—Killed, E. M., 1. Salem—No loss. Black Run—Killed, E. M., 1; wounded, E. M., 3. Trenton—Killed, E. M., 1. Parkersville—No loss. Oakland—No loss. Little Rock Road (G)—Killed, E. M., 1; wounded, E. M., 1. Mount Vernon—Killed, E. M., 1; wounded, E. M., 1. Polk's Plantation—Killed, E. M., 3; wounded, E. M., 7. Helena (May 25, 1863)—Killed, E. M., 5; wounded, E. M., 7; missing, O. 2, E. M. 20. Helena (July 4, 1863)—Killed, E. M., 3; wounded, E. M., 2. Little Rock—Killed, O., 1. Brownsville—Killed, E. M., 1. Tulip—No loss. Pine Bluff (Oct. 25, 1863)—Killed, E. M., 7; wounded, E. M., 9; missing, E. M., 1. Monticello—Missing, E. M., 1. Pine Bluff (Jan. 19, 1864)—Missing, E. M., 1. Blancheville—Missing, E. M., 7. Long View—No loss. Mount Elba—Missing, E. M., 1. Swan Lake—Killed, E. M., 1. Mark's Mills—Killed, E. M., 5; wounded, E. M., 7; missing, O. 2, E. M. 42. Brewer's Lane—Wounded, E. M., 1. Lexington—Wounded, E. M., 1. Little Blue—No loss. Independence—No loss. Big Blue—No loss. Osage—No loss. Newtonia—Killed, E. M., 1.

SIXTH REGIMENT KANSAS VOLUNTEERS—CAVALRY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
COLONEL.		
William R. Judson.....	July 27, 1861	Mustered out, March 11, '65, Leavenworth, Kas.
LIEUT. COLONEL.		
Lewis R. Jewell.....	July 27, 1861	Died, November 30, 1862, of wounds received in action November 28, 1862, Cane Hill, Ark.
William T. Campbell.....	Dec. 1, 1862	Mustered out, March 18, '65, DeVall's Bluff, Ark.
MAJOR.		
William T. Campbell.....	July 27, 1861	Promoted Lieut. Colonel, December 1, 1862.
Wyllis C. Ransom.....	Mar. 14, 1862	Mustered out.

SIXTH REGIMENT KANSAS VOLUNTEERS—CAVALRY—CONCLUDED.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
MAJOR.		
George W. Veale.....	Dec. 1, 1862	Resigned, October 10, 1863.
John A. Johnson.....	July 1, 1863	Mustered out, March 18, '65, DeVall's Bluff, Ark.
David Melford.....	July 27, 1864	Mustered out, July 18, '65, DeVall's Bluff, Ark.; prisoner of war, captured at Muzzard Prairie, Ark., July 27, 1864.
ADJUTANT.		
Charles O. Judson.....	Sept. 10, 1861	Resigned, March 7, 1862, Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.
Isaac Stadden.....	Mar. 7, 1862	Mustered out, Aug. 15, '62, Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.
William Burgoyne.....	Sept. 6, 1862	Mustered out, July 18, 1865, DeVall's Bluff, Ark.
BATTALION ADJUTANT.		
William R. Judson, jr....	May 15, 1862	Mustered out, September 6, 1862.
QUARTERMASTER.		
Geo. J. Clarke.....	Sept. 10, 1861	Assigned to duty as 1st Lt. Co. H, March 3, '62.
Simeon B. Gordon.....	Mar. 14, 1862	Mustered out, August 15, 1862.
Charles W. Jewell.....	Nov. 7, 1862	Resigned, October 14, 1864.
Levi Bronson.....	Jan. 12, 1865	Mustered out, July 18, 1865, DeVall's Bluff, Ark.
COMMISSARY.		
John S. Lane.....	Jan. 8, 1863	Mustered out, March 18, '65, DeVall's Bluff, Ark.
SURGEON.		
John S. Redfield.....	July 27, 1861	Mustered out, Feb. 21, 1865, Clarksville, Ark.
Wesley Mellick.....	Mar. 17, 1865	Mustered out, July 18, 1865, DeVall's Bluff, Ark.
ASSISTANT SURGEON.		
Joseph R. Smith.....	Jan. 6, 1862	Died of disease, Fort Scott, Kas., Aug. 2, 1862.
Stephen A. Fairchilds...	Aug. 25, 1862	Killed by guerrillas, April 5, '64, Roseville, Ark.
Wesley Mellick.....	Sept. 9, 1862	Promoted Surgeon, March 17, 1865.
CHAPLAIN.		
Richard Duvall.....	Mar. 7, 1862	Resigned, June 18, 1863.
William Wilson.....	July 18, 1863	Mustered out, Mar. 11, 1865, Leavenworth, Kas.

List of battles, etc., in which the regiment participated, showing loss reported in each:

Dry Wood (Sept. 2, 1861)—Killed, E. M., 1; wounded, E. M., 1. Morristown—Wounded, E. M., 2. Osceola—No loss. Carthage—Wounded, E. M., 1. Diamond Grove—Wounded, E. M., 1. Lost Creek—No loss. Tabourville—No loss. Clear Creek—Wounded, E. M., 4. Hickory Grove (Aug. 23, 1862)—No loss. Coon Creek—Killed, E. M., 2; wounded, O. 1, E. M. 21; missing, E. M., 1. Hickory Grove (Sept. 19, 1862)—Killed, E. M., 1; wounded, E. M., 2. Granby—No loss. Newtonia (Sept. 30, 1862)—Wounded, E. M., 5; missing, E. M., 1. Newtonia (Oct. 4, 1862)—No loss. Old Fort Wayne—No loss. Bastin Mountain—No loss. Dry Wood (Nov. 9, 1862)—Killed, E. M., 1. Cane Hill—Killed, E. M., 1; wounded, O. 3, E. M. 9. Prairie Grove—Missing, E. M., 1. Webber Falls (April 11, 1863)—No loss. Webber Falls (April 26, 1863)—No loss. Fort Gibson—Killed, E. M., 1; missing, E. M., 2. Cabin Creek (July 1, 1863)—No loss. Honey Springs—Wounded, E. M., 5. Webber Falls (Oct. 12, 1863)—Killed, E. M., 1; missing, E. M., 1. Baker's Springs—Missing, E. M., 1. Roseville—Killed, E. M., 14. Stone's Farm—Killed, E. M., 6. Prairie D'Ann—No loss. Moscow—No loss. Dutch Mills—Missing, E. M., 9. Camden—Killed, E. M., 1; missing, E. M., 3. Poison Springs—Wounded, O. 1, E. M. 1; missing, O. 1, E. M. 3. Princeton—Missing, E. M., 2. Jenkins's Ferry—Missing, E. M., 1. Dardanelle—Killed, E. M., 2; wounded, E. M., 1. Clarksville—Missing, E. M., 1. Fayetteville—Killed, E. M., 1. Iron Bridge—Killed, E. M., 1. Mazard Prairie—Killed, E. M., 11; wounded, O. 1, E. M. 5; missing, O. 2, E. M. 151. Lee's Creek—Missing, E. M., 1. Van

Buren—Killed, E. M., 1. Fort Smith—Missing, E. M., 1. Cabin Creek (Sept. 19, 1864)—Missing, E. M., 11. Fort Scott—Killed, E. M., 1. Cow Creek—Killed, O., 1. Training Post—No loss.

SEVENTH REGIMENT KANSAS VOLUNTEERS—CAVALRY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
COLONEL.		
Charles R. Jennison.....	Oct. 28, 1861	Resigned, May 1, 1862.
Albert L. Lee.....	May 17, 1862	Promoted Brigadier General Vols., Nov. 29, '62.
Thomas P. Herrick.....	June 11, 1863	Mustered out, September 28, 1865.
LIEUT. COLONEL.		
Daniel R. Anthony.....	Oct. 29, 1861	Resigned, September 3, 1862.
Thomas P. Herrick.....	Sept. 3, 1862	Promoted Colonel, June 11, 1863.
David W. Houston.....	July 1, 1863	Discharged for disability, February 1, 1864.
William S. Jenkins.....	Mar. 21, 1864	Mustered out, November 14, 1864.
Francis M. Malone.....	Nov. 19, 1864	Mustered out with regiment, Sept. 29, 1865.
MAJOR.		
Daniel R. Anthony.....	Sept. 29, 1861	Promoted Lieutenant Colonel, Oct. 29, 1861.
Thomas P. Herrick.....	Oct. 28, 1861	Promoted Lieutenant Colonel, Sept. 3, 1862.
Albert L. Lee.....	Oct. 29, 1861	Promoted Lieutenant Colonel, May 17, 1862.
John T. Snoddy.....	July 22, 1862	Resigned, March 6, 1863.
Clark S. Merriman.....	Oct. 31, 1862	Resigned, July 13, 1863.
William S. Jenkins.....	May 27, 1863	Promoted Lieutenant Colonel, March 21, 1864.
Francis M. Malone.....	Aug. 12, 1863	Promoted Lieutenant Colonel, Nov. 19, 1864.
Charles H. Gregory.....	April 18, 1864	Mustered out with regiment, Sept. 29, 1865.
Levi H. Utt.....	Nov. 17, 1864	Mustered out with regiment.
ADJUTANT.		
John T. Snoddy.....	Oct. 14, 1861	Mustered out, July 17, 1862, per G. O. No. 26.
William O. Osgood.....	May 28, 1862	Mustered out, July 29, 1862.
Frederick W. Emery.....	Oct. 30, 1862	Promoted Capt. and A. A. Gen., June 30, 1863.
Simeon M. Fox.....	Dec. 27, 1864	Mustered out with regiment.
QUARTERMASTER.		
Robert W. Hamer.....	Oct. 15, 1861	Mustered out, July 17, 1862, per G. O. No. 25.
Ebenezer Snyder.....	July 23, 1863	Mustered out, December 3, 1864.
James Smith.....	Jan. 9, 1865	Mustered out with regiment.
COMMISSARY.		
Lucius Whitney.....	July 22, 1863	Mustered out with regiment.
SURGEON.		
Joseph L. Wever.....	Jan. 10, 1862	Resigned, June 7, 1864.
Joseph S. Martin.....	July 18, 1864	Mustered out with regiment.
ASSISTANT SURGEON.		
Joseph S. Martin.....	Nov. 5, 1861	Promoted Surgeon, July 18, 1864.
Joel J. Crook.....	Oct. 10, 1864	Mustered out with regiment.
CHAPLAIN.		
Samuel Ayers.....	Oct. 14, 1861	Resigned, August 31, 1862.
Charles H. Lovejoy.....	April 19, 1863	Mustered out with regiment, Sept. 29, 1865.

List of battles, etc., in which this regiment participated, showing loss reported in each:

Little Blue (Cos. A, B, and H)—Killed, E. M., 7; wounded, O. 1, E. M. S. Little Santa Fé—Wounded, E. M., 1. Independence (Nov. 26, 1861)—Killed, E. M., 1; wounded, E. M., 1. Columbus—Killed, E. M., 5. Kossuth—Killed, E. M., 5; wounded, E. M., 6. Rienzi (Sept. 9, 1862)—Wounded, E. M., 1. Rienzi (Sept. 18, 1862)—Wounded, E. M., 1; missing, E. M., 2. Baldwin—Killed, E. M., 1; missing, E. M., 2. Corinth (Oct. 3-4, 1862)—Wounded, E. M., 1. Ruckersville—Wounded, E. M., 1. Jumpertown—No loss. Cold Water—No loss. Holly Springs—Wounded, E. M., 1. Oxford—No loss. Coffeetown—Killed, O. 2, E. M. 2; wounded, O. 2, E. M. 8; missing, E. M., 4. Somerville—Killed, O. 1, E. M. 3; wounded, E. M., 2; missing, E. M., 1. Germantown (Jan. 27, 1863)—No loss. Cold Water Station—No loss. Germantown (April 1, 1863)—Missing, E. M., 1. Salisbury—Killed, E. M., 1. Leighton—Wounded, O., 1. Tupelo (May 5, 1863)—Wounded, E. M., 2. Florence

—Wounded, E. M., 3; missing, E. M., 3. Hamburg—Wounded, E. M., 2. Iuka (July 7, 1863)—No loss. Iuka (July 14, 1863)—Wounded, E. M., 1. Corinth (Aug. 16, 1863)—No loss. Swallows' Bluff (A and C)—Killed, E. M., 1; wounded, E. M., 3. Byhalia—No loss. Wyatt—Killed, E. M., 3; wounded, O., 1, E. M. 6; missing, O., 1, E. M. 3. Ripley—Wounded, O., 1. King's Creek—Missing, E. M., 1. Memphis—Killed, E. M., 1. LaFayette—Killed, E. M., 1. New Albany—Wounded, E. M., 1. Tupelo (July 14, 1864)—Wounded, E. M., 1. Ellistown—Killed, E. M., 1. Tupelo (July 25, 1864)—No loss. Tallahatchie River—No loss. Hurricane Creek—Wounded, E. M., 2. Independence (Oct. 22, 1864)—No loss. Big Blue—Wounded, E. M., 1. Little Osage River—No loss.—*U. S. Army Register.*

EIGHTH REGIMENT KANSAS VOLUNTEERS—INFANTRY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
COLONEL.		
Henry W. Wessels.....	.....	Promoted from Maj. 6th U. S. Inf.; ord. to rejoin com'd in U. S. A., per G. O. 4, W. D., series '62.
Robert H. Graham.....	.....	Discharged, January 27, 1862, to date Nov. 11, 1862; died near St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 11, 1862.
John A. Martin.....	Nov. 1, 1862	Mustered out, November 15, 1864.
LIEUT. COLONEL.		
John A. Martin.....	Oct. 27, 1861	Promoted Colonel, November 1, 1862.
James L. Abernathy.....	Nov. 1, 1862	Resigned, Nov. 8, 1863.
Edward F. Schneider....	Dec. 21, 1863	Resigned, June 11, 1864.
James M. Graham.....	June 26, 1861	Resigned, September 23, 1863, Atlanta, Ga.
John Conover.....	Oct. 21, 1864	Mustered out with regiment.
MAJOR.		
Edward F. Schneider....	Sept. 17, 1861	Promoted Lieutenant Colonel, Dec. 21, 1863.
James M. Graham.....	Dec. 21, 1863	Promoted Lieutenant Colonel, June 26, 1864.
John Conover.....	Aug. 23, 1864	Promoted Lieutenant Colonel, Oct. 21, 1864.
Henry C. Austin.....	Nov. 16, 1864	Mustered out with regiment.
ADJUTANT.		
Sheldon C. Russell.....	Oct. 23, 1861	Resigned, November 15, 1862.
James E. Love.....	Nov. 17, 1862	Promoted Captain Company K, July 16, 1863.
Solomon R. Washer.....	July 31, 1863	Mustered out with regiment; wounded in action, September 19, 1863, Chieamauga, Ga.
QUARTERMASTER.		
E. P. Bancroft.....	Oct. 22, 1861	Promoted Major 9th K. V. C., April 1, 1862.
Benjamin B. Joslin.....	.....	Mustered out, Feb. 28, '62, date of consolidation.
Alfred Robinson.....	April 2, 1862	Absent without leave; name dropped from the rolls after three years' service; supposed to have been mustered out.
Adam Cosner.....	Sept. 1, 1864	Mustered out with regiment.
SURGEON.		
J. B. Woodward.....	Oct. 4, 1861	Transferred to 9th K. V. C., February 28, 1862.
Oliver Chamberlain.....	Dec. 10, 1861	Resigned, September 22, 1864.
Nathaniel C. Clark.....	Nov. 14, 1864	Mustered out with regiment.
ASST. SURGEON.		
George W. Hogeboom....	Oct. 23, 1861	Promoted Surgeon 11th K. Vols., Sept. 25, 1862.
John Butterbaugh.....	Nov. 9, 1862	Resigned, March 4, 1864.
Samuel E. Beach.....	May 25, 1863	Died of disease, Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 4, 1863.
Edwin J. Talcott.....	May 1, 1864	Resigned, February 15, 1865.
CHAPLAIN.		
John Paulson.....	June 17, 1863	Mustered out with regiment.

List of battles, etc., in which this regiment participated, showing loss reported in each:

Rocky Bluff—No loss. Chaplin Hills—No loss. Lancaster—No loss. Chieamauga—Killed, O. 2, E. M. 34; wounded, O. 7, E. M. 141; missing, E. M., 19. Chattanooga—Killed, E. M., 5; wounded, O. 2, E. M. 25; Resaca—. Peachtree Creek—Wounded, E. M., 1. Atlanta—Killed,

E. M. 1; wounded, O. 2, E. M. 17; missing, O. 1, E. M. 1. Nashville—Killed, E. M. 8; wounded, O. 1, E. M. 27.

NINTH REGIMENT KANSAS VOLUNTEERS—CAVALRY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
COLONEL.		
Edward Lynde.....	Mar. 24, 1862	Mustered out, Nov. 25, 1864, DeVall's Bluff, Ark.
LIEUT. COLONEL.		
Charles S. Clarke.....	Jan. 2, 1862	Mustered out, Jan. 16, 1865, DeVall's Bluff, Ark.
Willoughby Doudna.....	May 15, 1865	Mustered out, July 17, 1865, DeVall's Bluff, Ark.
MAJOR.		
James M. Pomeroy.....	Feb. 28, 1862	Mustered out, Jan. 16, 1865, DeVall's Bluff, Ark.
Edward P. Bancroft.....	April 1, 1862	Resigned, February 19, 1863.
Willoughby Doudna.....	Aug. 21, 1863	Promoted Lieutenant Colonel, May 15, 1865.
Lulu K. Thacher.....	Jan. 5, 1863	Mustered out, Nov. 25, 1864, DeVall's Bluff, Ark.; wounded in skirmish, Osage river, Mo., 1863.
J. Milton Hadley.....	May 15, 1865	Mustered out, July 17, 1865, DeVall's Bluff, Ark.
ADJUTANT.		
Lulu K. Thacher.....	Oct. 14, 1862	Promoted Major, January 5, 1863.
Albert D. Seal.....	July 9, 1863	Resigned, October 10, 1864.
BATTALION ADJT.		
John W. Hatcher.....	April 1, 1862	Promoted Reg'l Commissary, October 14, 1862.
Hayden M. Thompson.....	May 28, 1862	Mustered out, July 29, 1862.
QUARTERMASTER.		
William Rosenthal.....	Feb. 5, 1863	Resigned, September 12, 1864.
Jonathan B. Snider.....	Oct. 31, 1864	Mustered out, July 17, 1865, DeVall's Bluff, Ark.
COMMISSARY.		
John W. Hatcher.....	Oct. 14, 1862	Resigned, August 12, 1864.
Isaac O. Pickering.....	Sept. 3, 1864	Mustered out, July 17, 1865, DeVall's Bluff, Ark.
SURGEON.		
Henry C. Bostwick.....	Mar. 27, 1862	Resigned, January 2, 1863.
William Wakefield.....	April 4, 1863	Mustered out, Mar. 8, 1865, DeVall's Bluff, Ark.
ASS'T SURGEON.		
William Wakefield.....	Sept. 2, 1862	Promoted Surgeon, April 4, 1863.
Norman T. Winans.....	April 6, 1863	Mustered out, Nov. 25, 1864, DeVall's Bluff, Ark.
Abijah J. Beach.....	Jan. 14, 1864	Mustered out, July 17, 1865, DeVall's Bluff, Ark.
CHAPLAIN.		
Gilbert S. Northup.....	Mar. 27, 1862	Resigned, March 9, 1863.
Strange Brooks.....	Mar. 24, 1864	Mustered out, Nov. 25, 1864, DeVall's Bluff, Ark.

List of battles, etc., in which this regiment participated, showing loss reported in each:

Medoc (Co. C)—No loss. Ball's Mills (C)—No loss. Dry Wood (C)—Killed, E. M., 3; wounded, E. M., 1. Morristown (C)—No loss. Osceola (C)—No loss. Locust Grove (D, E, and H)—Killed, E. M., 1. Newtonia (D, E, F, and H)—Killed, E. M., 2; wounded, E. M., 5; missing, E. M., 2. Cane Hill (Nov. 28, 1862)—No loss. Cane Hill (Jan. 2, 1863, H)—Missing, E. M., 2. Spring River (D)—Killed, O., 1; wounded, E. M., 1. Fort Halleck (B)—Wounded, O., 1. Westport (E and K)—Killed, E. M., 14; wounded, E. M., 6. Blue River (K)—No loss. Cabin Creek (C)—Killed, E. M., 1; wounded, E. M., 1. Grand Pass (B)—Wounded, E. M., 6. Honey Springs (C)—No loss. Brooklyn (K)—No loss. Baxter Springs—Killed, E. M., 1. Harrisonville (G)—Killed, E. M., 1. Fayetteville (C)—Killed, E. M., 1. Frog Bayou—No loss. Bull Bayou—Killed, E. M., 1. Bull Creek (I)—No loss. Whitten's Mills—Killed, E. M., 1; wounded, E. M., 1. Hurricane Creek—Killed, E. M., 1; wounded, O., 1.

TENTH REGIMENT KANSAS VOLUNTEERS—INFANTRY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
COLONEL.		
James Montgomery.....	July 24, 1861	Transferred to 2d Regiment South Carolina Colored Volunteers.
William Weer.....	June 20, 1861	Dismissed the service by G. O. No. 123, dated Headq'rs Dept. of Mo., St. Louis, Aug. 20, '61.
William F. Cloud.....	Mar. 28, 1862	Transferred to 2d K. V. C., June 1, 1862.
LIEUT. COLONEL.		
James G. Blunt.....	July 24, 1861	Promoted Brig. Gen. U. S. Vols., April 8, 1862.
John T. Burris.....	July 24, 1861	Mustered out with regiment, August 20, 1865; promoted Brevet Colonel, March 13, 1865.
Charles S. Hills.....	Mar. 1, 1865	Promoted Brevet Colonel, March 25, 1865; mustered out, Aug. 30, 1865, at Montgomery, Ala.
MAJOR.		
Otis B. Gunn.....	.....	Resigned, May 5, 1862.
Henry H. Williams.....	July 24, 1861	Mustered out with regiment, August 20, 1864.
ADJUTANT.		
Casimio B. Zulavsky.....	July 24, 1861	Mustered out, date unknown.
James A. Phillips.....	July 24, 1861	Promoted Major 3d Indian H. G., July 20, 1863.
Thomas McGannon.....	May 29, 1863	Mustered out with the regiment, Aug. 20, 1864.
QUARTERMASTER.		
Alfred Larzelere.....	Aug. —, 1861	Assigned to 3d Indian Home Guards.
Alfred Gray.....	Feb. 11, 1862	Transferred to Co. B., 5th Kansas Cavalry.
John G. Haskell.....	July 24, 1861	Prom. Capt. and A. Q. M., U. S. Vols., June 11, '62.
Alfred J. Lloyd.....	Aug. 13, 1862	Prom. Capt. and A. Q. M., U. S. Vols., April 7, '64.
SURGEON.		
Albert Newman.....	July 24, 1861	Mustered out, February 14, 1862.
Mahlon Bailey.....	.....	Resigned, May 2, 1862.
John W. Scott.....	Aug. 15, 1861	Resigned, May 9, 1863.
J. B. Woodward.....	Oct. 4, 1861	Resigned, May 20, 1864.
Henry H. Tuttle.....	June 7, 1864	Mustered out, Aug. 30, '65, at Montgomery, Ala.
ASSISTANT SURGEON.		
Edwin H. Grant.....	.....	Mustered out, date unknown.
Richard W. Shipley.....	.....	No evidence of muster-out on file.
George A. Miller.....	Aug. 28, 1862	Resigned, date unknown.
P. Gould Parker.....	Mar. 20, 1862	Resigned, July 23, 1864.
Henry H. Tuttle.....	Sept. 10, 1862	Promoted Surgeon, June 7, 1864.
CHAPLAIN.		
H. H. Moore.....	July 24, 1861	Mustered out, February 14, 1862.
Reeder M. Fish.....	Sept. 4, 1861	No evidence of muster-out on file.
John H. Drummond.....	May 1, 1862	Mustered out with regiment, August 20, 1864.

List of battles, etc., in which this regiment participated, showing loss reported in each:

Prairie Grove—Killed. E. M., 7; wounded. O. 2. E. M. 58. Franklin—Wounded. E. M., 6. Nashville—Wounded. E. M., 17. Fort Blakely—Killed. E. M., 5; wounded. O. 1, E. M. 10.

FIRST KANSAS BATTERY—LIGHT ARTILLERY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
CAPTAIN.		
Thomas Bickerton.....	July 24, 1861	Mustered out, February 15, 1862, orders W. D.
Norman Allen.....	Feb. 25, 1862	Died of pneumonia, St. Louis, Mo., July 10, '63.
Marcus D. Tenney.....	Aug. 27, 1863	Mustered out, July 17, 1865, Leavenworth, Kas.
FIRST LIEUT.		
Norman Allen.....	July 24, 1861	Promoted Captain, February 25, 1862.
Alonzo Kent.....	July 20, 1861	Resigned, May 14, 1862.
Marcus D. Tenney.....	Jan. 15, 1862	Promoted Captain, August 27, 1863.
John C. Stoneburner.....	May 15, 1862	Resigned, September 11, 1862.
Moses D. Baldwin.....	Sept. 11, 1862	Resigned, June 13, 1863.
Thomas Taylor.....	July 10, 1863	Mustered out, July 17, 1865, Leavenworth, Kas.
John B. Cook.....	Aug. 27, 1863	Mustered out, July 17, 1865, Leavenworth, Kas.
SECOND LIEUT.		
Hartson R. Brown.....	July 24, 1861	Mustered out, February 15, 1862, orders W. D.
Thomas Taylor.....	Aug. 1, 1861	Promoted First Lieutenant, July 10, 1863.
Moses D. Baldwin.....	Feb. 25, 1862	Promoted First Lieutenant, September 11, 1862.
John B. Cook.....	Sept. 11, 1862	Promoted First Lieutenant, August 27, 1863.
Michael Kearney.....	July 10, 1863	Mustered out, July 17, 1865, Leavenworth, Kas.
James N. Nolan.....	Aug. 27, 1863	Mustered out, March 4, 1865.

List of battles, etc., in which this battery participated, showing loss reported in each:

Ball's Mills—No loss. Dry Wood—No loss. Morrilstown—No loss. Osceola—no loss. Newtonia—No loss. Prairie Grove—Killed. E. M. 1; wounded, E. M., 8.

OFFICERS FROM KANSAS COMMISSIONED BY THE PRESIDENT.

MAJOR GENERAL.		ASS'T QUARTERMASTERS—(CONCLUDED.)	
<i>Names.</i>	<i>Date of Commission.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Date of Commission.</i>
James G. Blunt.....	November 29, 1862.	S. Lappin.....	November 26, 1862.
BRIGADIER GENERALS.		Chester Thomas.....	February 9, 1863.
Robert B. Mitchell....	April 8, 1862.	Willis C. Goff.....	February 19, 1863.
James G. Blunt.....	April 8, 1862.	Adam Fisher.....	February 19, 1863.
Albert L. Lee.....	November 29, 1862.	George Alden.....	March 12, 1863.
George W. Deitzler....	November 29, 1862.	William A. Rankin..	July 30, 1863.
Thomas Ewing, jr....	March 13, 1863.	James E. Jones.....	February 23, 1864.
Powell Clayton.....	August 1, 1864.	John B. Dexter.....	February 29, 1864.
AIDES-DE-CAMP.		Alfred J. Lloyd.....	April 7, 1864.
<i>Majors.</i>		Cyrus L. Gorton.....	May 18, 1864.
T. J. Weed.....	January 29, 1862.	Henry H. Gillum....	August 22, 1864.
Champion Vaughau,	January 29, 1862.	Franklin F. Bruner.	February 25, 1865.
John Ritchie.....	January 29, 1862.	COMMISSARIES OF SUBSISTENCE.	
<i>Captains.</i>		<i>Captains.</i>	
James R. McClure....	January 29, 1862.	A. Carter Wilder.....	August 7, 1861.
William A. Phillips....	January 29, 1862.	Harvey A. Smith.....	April 25, 1862.
Avra P. Russell... ..	January 29, 1862.	Robert Graham.....	June 11, 1862.
ASSISTANT ADJUTANTS GENERAL.		Oliver Barber.....	June 11, 1862.
<i>Majors.</i>		Edmund N. Morrill..	August 9, 1862.
Charles Mundee.....	August 16, 1862.	Robert W. Hamer....	August 9, 1862.
Thomas J. Anderson	May 25, 1863.	James Davis.....	September 5, 1862.
Frederick W. Emery	February 6, 1865.	James Christian.....	September 5, 1862.
<i>Captains.</i>		M. S. Adams.....	September 5, 1862.
Marcus J. Parrott....	August 3, 1861.	Erastus Heath.....	September 30, 1862.
Charles Mundee.....	August 24, 1861.	John E. Gould.....	November 26, 1862.
Daniel McCook.....	November 9, 1861.	George L. Gaylord...	February 9, 1863.
Thomas Moonlight....	April 14, 1862.	George W. Gardiner.	February 19, 1863.
W. W. H. Lawrence...	April 14, 1862.	J. H. W. Mills.....	February 19, 1863.
Charles F. Clarke....	June 12, 1862.	John P. Alden.....	July 2, 1863.
John Pratt.....	October 29, 1862.	David G. Peabody....	July 30, 1863.
Sidney Clarke.....	February 9, 1863.	Demas M. Alexander	July 30, 1863.
Thomas J. Anderson	February 27, 1863.	Stephen A. Cobb.....	May 18, 1864.
William Tholen	March 13, 1863.	Rufus R. Edwards...	July 2, 1864.
Frederick W. Emery	March 13, 1863.	H. Miles Moore.....	July 7, 1864.
John Willans.....	May 29, 1863.	Henry W. Fick.....	July 7, 1864.
ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTERS.		Nelson Z. Strong.	February 25, 1865.
<i>Captains.</i>		SURGEONS.	
Martin H. Insley.....	August 6, 1861.	<i>Majors.</i>	
Charles F. Garrett....	April 25, 1862.	Henry Buckmaster..	June 28, 1862.
Theodore S. Case.....	June 9, 1862.	Samuel B. Davis.....	February 19, 1863.
John G. Haskell.....	June 11, 1862.	Geo. W. Hogeboom...	July 19, 1863.
Prince G. D. Morton	June 11, 1862.	ADDITIONAL PAYMASTERS.	
Edmund B. Whitman	July 18, 1862.	<i>Majors.</i>	
George F. Warren....	July 30, 1862.	Henry Foote.....	June 1, 1861.
Oliver S. Coffin.....	September 24, 1862.	Henry J. Adams.....	September 5, 1861.
Edward B. Grimes...	September 29, 1862.	Samuel M. Adams.....	February 19, 1863.
George W. McLane...	October 20, 1862.	Hiram S. Sleeper....	February 19, 1863.
James A. Finley.....	November 26, 1862.	Shaler W. Eldridge..	March 11, 1863.
Samuel Hipple.....	November 26, 1862.	Josiah Miller.....	July 28, 1863.
		George W. De Costa..	April 21, 1864.

FIRST INDIAN REGIMENT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Commission.</i>
William A. Phillips.....	Major.....	June 2, 1862.
James A. Phillips.....	Major.....	July 10, 1862.
J. H. Gillpatrick.....	First Lieutenant and Adjutant..	November 1, 1862.
Salmon S. Prouty.....	First Lieutenant and R. Q. M.....	June 21, 1862.
John Chess.....	First Lieutenant and Adjutant..	May 28, 1863.
Alfred F. Bicking.....	First Lieutenant.....	September 10, 1862.
Ferdinand R. Jacobs.....	First Lieutenant.....	September 10, 1862.
Robert T. Thompson.....	First Lieutenant.....	April 1, 1863.
Francis J. Fox.....	First Lieutenant.....	September 10, 1862.
Albert Flanders.....	First Lieutenant.....	July 1, 1863.
Benj. F. Ayres.....	First Lieutenant.....	March 29, 1863.
Milford J. Burlingame.....	First Lieutenant.....	December 28, 1863.
Frederick Crafts.....	First Lieutenant.....	September 10, 1862.
Eli C. Lowe.....	First Lieutenant.....	September 10, 1862.
William Roberts.....	Second Lieutenant.....	July 1, 1863.
John D. Young.....	Second Lieutenant.....	August 25, 1864.

SECOND INDIAN REGIMENT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Commission.</i>
John Ritchie.....	Colonel.....	—
Fred. W. Schuarte.....	Lieutenant Colonel.....	—
E. W. Robinson.....	First Lieutenant and Adjutant..	—
John C. Palmer.....	First Lieutenant and Adjutant..	—
George Huston.....	First Lieutenant and R. Q. M.....	—
A. J. Ritchie.....	Surgeon.....	—
M. A. Campdorus.....	Assistant Surgeon.....	—
James H. Bruce.....	Captain.....	May 27, 1863.
Joel Moody.....	Captain.....	Unknown.
Charles Lenhart.....	First Lieutenant.....	October 15, 1862.
John M. Hunter.....	First Lieutenant.....	September 14, 1862.
James H. Bruce.....	First Lieutenant.....	Unknown.
William H. Kendall.....	First Lieutenant.....	December 8, 1862.
John Moffit.....	First Lieutenant.....	Unknown.
E. P. Gillpatrick.....	First Lieutenant.....	Unknown.
A. J. Waterhouse.....	First Lieutenant.....	—
Silas Hunter.....	First Lieutenant.....	June 2, 1862.
David A. Painter.....	First Lieutenant.....	June 2, 1862.
— Scott.....	First Lieutenant.....	June —, 1862.

THIRD INDIAN REGIMENT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Commission.</i>
William A. Phillips.....	Colonel.....	July 11, 1862.
John A. Foreman.....	Major.....	July 11, 1862.
William Galliher.....	First Lieutenant and Adjutant..	July 11, 1862.
Alfred Larzelere.....	First Lieutenant and R. Q. M.....	July 11, 1862.
A. C. Spillman.....	Captain.....	November 4, 1862.
Henry S. Anderson.....	Captain.....	November 15, 1862.
Maxwell Phillips.....	Captain.....	May 28, 1863.
Solomon Kaufman.....	Captain.....	May 28, 1863.
Luke F. Parsons.....	First Lieutenant.....	July 11, 1862.
John S. Hanway.....	First Lieutenant.....	July 11, 1862.
Andrew W. Robb.....	First Lieutenant.....	July 11, 1862.
Harmon Scott.....	First Lieutenant.....	July 11, 1862.
Benjamin Whitlow.....	First Lieutenant.....	July 11, 1862.
Charles Brown.....	First Lieutenant.....	April 1, 1863.
William McCullough.....	Second Lieutenant.....	December 31, 1862.
Basil G. McCrea.....	Second Lieutenant.....	December 31, 1862.
Jule C. Cayott.....	Second Lieutenant.....	May 28, 1863.

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH U. S. COLORED TROOPS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Commission.</i>
James M. Steele.....	Lieutenant Colonel.....	December 10, 1863.
Josiah Sample.....	Captain.....	March 1, 1864.
E. P. Gillpatrick.....	Captain.....	March 1, 1864.
William H. Smith.....	Captain.....	March 1, 1864.
John Hayes, jr.....	Captain.....	March 1, 1864.
James W. Gilgus.....	Captain.....	March 1, 1864.
Thomas Prastor.....	First Lieutenant.....	March 1, 1864.
William H. T. Wakefield.....	First Lieutenant.....	January 22, 1864.
Ben. B. Thompson.....	First Lieutenant.....	March 1, 1864.
Theodore C. Weaver.....	First Lieutenant.....	April 1, 1865.
Abram Smith.....	Second Lieutenant.....	March 1, 1864.
William C. Kern.....	Second Lieutenant.....	March 1, 1864.
Alanson Simons.....	Second Lieutenant.....	January 26, 1864.

EIGHTEENTH U. S. COLORED TROOPS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Commission.</i>
John J. Sears.....	Lieutenant Colonel.....	August 18, 1864.
Lewis D. Joy.....	Major.....	September 10, 1864.
Nathaniel B. Lucas.....	Captain.....	April 2, 1864.
L. O. Snoddy.....	First Lieutenant and Adjutant...	June 4, 1864.
Wm. H. Dodge.....	First Lieutenant and R. Q. M.....	June 4, 1864.
Solomon Smith.....	Captain.....	October 7, 1864.
George J. Drew.....	First Lieutenant.....	June 20, 1864.
Charles H. Goodier.....	First Lieutenant.....	September 9, 1864.
Josiah R. Drew.....	Second Lieutenant.....	August 8, 1864.
Wm. H. Dunlap.....	Second Lieutenant.....	September 16, 1864.
Thomas B. Murdock.....	Second Lieutenant.....	October 8, 1864.

FIFTY-SEVENTH U. S. COLORED TROOPS.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Commission.</i>
Silas Hunter.....	Lieutenant Colonel.....	February 20, 1865.

SIXTY-FIFTH U. S. COLORED TROOPS.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Commission.</i>
Abner Doane.....	First Lieutenant.....	February —, 1864.

SEVENTY-SECOND U. S. COLORED TROOPS.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Commission.</i>
James M. Hiff.....	First Lieutenant and R. Q. M.....	June 24, 1864.

SECOND ARKANSAS INFANTRY.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Commission.</i>
G. M. Waugh.....	Lieutenant Colonel.....	March —, 1864.
J. K. Klinefelter.....	First Lieutenant and Adjutant...	April —, 1864.
Ira D. Bronson.....	Captain.....	May —, 1864.
M. A. Payne.....	First Lieutenant.....	May —, 1864.
Wm. W. Tibbs.....	Second Lieutenant.....	May —, 1864.

FOURTH ARKANSAS INFANTRY.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Commission.</i>
Horace L. Moore.....	Lieutenant Colonel.....	May —, 1864,
H. S. Greeno.....	Major.....	September 8, 1861.
Henry Wood.....	Captain.....	_____
Wm. J. Hunter.....	Captain.....	July 29, 1864.
Howard Schuyler.....	Captain.....	December —, 1864.
Hugh Quinn.....	First Lieutenant.....	_____
John Tenant.....	Second Lieutenant.....	October 16, 1864.

FIFTH U. S. VOLUNTEERS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Commission.</i>
Thomas Hughes.....	First Lieutenant.....	April 15, 1865.
Henry M. Herman.....	First Lieutenant.....	April 18, 1865.
Chas. H. Hoyt.....	First Lieutenant.....	May 1, 1865.
Wm. M. Harshberger.....	Second Lieutenant.....	April 8, 1865.

DECEMBER 31.—Expenditures of the State for the year:

Governor's Department.....	\$4,150 00	Miscellaneous accounts.....	\$6,306 70
Secretary's Department.....	2,522 00	Commissioners to select lands ...	1,500 00
Auditor's Department.....	2,510 00	Adjutant General's Department..	586 79
Treasurer's Department.....	1,420 00	Quartermaster's Department.....	261 75
Sp't Public Instruction.....	1,700 00	War expenses.....	3,450 54
Attorney General.....	963 31	Exp. issu'g and negotiat'g bonds..	1,087 20
Judiciary Department.....	13,203 00	Comm'rs to locate Penitentiary..	182 50
Legislative exps. and Journals...	26,291 53		
State Printing.....	18,684 30	Total expenses for 1861.....	\$84,821 99

—Joel Munsell, Albany, publishes "Early Voyages Up and Down the Mississippi, by Cavalier, St. Cosme, Le Sueur, Gravier, and Guignas. With an Introduction, Notes, and an Index, by John Gilmany Shea."

1862.

JANUARY 1.—The following papers are now published in the State: Independent, Oskaloosa, John W. Day and J. W. Roberts; Gazette, Grasshopper Falls, P. H. Hubbell; Express, Manhattan, James Humphrey; Frontier News, Junction City, Geo. E. Dummer; State Record, Topeka, E. G. Ross; Tribune, Topeka, Cummings & Shepherd; News, Emporia, Jacob Stotler; Herald, Osawatomie, C. E. Griffith; Republican, Lawrence, John Speer; State Journal, Lawrence, Trask & Lowman; Gazette, Wyandotte, R. B. Taylor; Post (German), Wyandotte; Shield & Banner, Mansfield, Linn county, J. Lyman; Neosho Valley Register, Burlington, S. S. Prouty; Smoky Hill and Republican Union, Junction City, George W. Kingsbury; Mirror, Olathe, John Francis; Chief, White Cloud, Sol. Miller; Union, Hiawatha, J. G. Parker; Union, Atchison, William H. Adams; Champion, Atchison, John A. Martin; Zeitung (German), Semi-weekly, Leavenworth, L. Sousman; Times, Daily and Weekly, Leavenworth, J. Kemp Bartlett; Conservative, Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly, Leavenworth, D. W. Wilder. There are twenty-three in this list; nine still live.

JANUARY 9.—Capt. John Brown jr. arrives at Leavenworth with enough men to fill up his company.

JANUARY 9.—Judge Saunders W. Johnston presents to the Supreme Court the petition of Geo. A. Crawford praying for a peremptory writ of mandamus to compel the Board of Canvassers to count the votes cast for him for Governor.

—Major Chas. G. Halpine (“Miles O’Reilly”) is Adjutant for General Hunter, at Fort Leavenworth.

JANUARY.—“The City of the Saints,” by Richard F. Burton, published by Harper & Bros. It gives statistics of the overland trade, and describes the journey from St. Joseph, through northeast Kansas.

JANUARY 14.—Meeting of the Legislature. *Members of the Senate:* E. P. Bancroft, J. F. Broadhead, Alonzo Curtis, J. Connell, H. B. Denman, Jacob G. Rees, C. K. Holliday. O. B. Gunn, S. E. Hoffman, M. L. Essick, J. M. Hubbard, S. Lappin, Chas. G. Keeler, Ed. Lynde, John J. Ingalls, Wm. B. Barnett, Robert S. Stevens, R. Morrow, T. A. Osborn, J. A. Phillips, H. N. Seaver, W. Spriggs, H. S. Sleeper, S. N. Wood.

Officers of the Senate: A. R. Banks, Secretary; C. K. Gilchrist, Assistant Secretary; J. G. Kelsey, Journal Clerk; O. F. Ingraham, Engrossing Clerk; J. R. Montgomery, Docket Clerk; J. S. Pigman, Sergeant-at-Arms; S. H. Fairfield, Doorkeeper; F. Jackson, Messenger.

Members of the House: Adams, Anderson, Baker, Brown, Carney, Church, Columbia, Dickinson, Eskridge, Fishback, Foster, Goodnow, Grover (4th District), Grover (7th District), Grube, Havens, Hersey, Huber, Ingersoll, Jewell, Johnson, Jones (8th District), Jones (9th District), Jones (14th District), Karr, Lamb, Leard, Leonard, Lowry, Macy, McAuley, Marcell, Martin, Medill, Maxson, Miller, Mitchell, Murphy, McCarthy, McClure, McCrillus, McGonigle, McGrew (8th District), McGrew (9th District), O’Guartney, Patterson, Penney, Pierce, Plumb, Potter, Reynolds, Rice, Russell, Sabin, Shean, Spaulding, Silvers, Smith, Starns, Steele, Thoman, Valentine, Van Horn, Van Winkle, Welch, Wells, Wilson, Williams.

Officers of the House: M. S. Adams, Speaker; John Francis, of Johnson county, Chief Clerk; Charles Clarkson, Sergeant-at-Arms; G. W. Griffith, Assistant Clerk; Dan. M. Adams, Engrossing Clerk; Mr. Moffit, Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms; Mr. McKinney, Docket Clerk; Mr. Watson, Journal Clerk; Robt. S. Parham, Enrolling Clerk.

JANUARY 15.—Union Indians defeated in the Indian Territory, and driven to Kansas. They are encamped on Fall River.

JANUARY 20.—Floyd P. Baker, of Nemaha county, offered a resolution, which the House adopted, asking the Governor for information relating to the sale of \$20,000 war bonds, issued under the act of May 7, 1861, and the \$150,000 of bonds under the act of May 3, 1861.

JANUARY 20.—The Second Kansas Cavalry ordered from Fort Leavenworth to Quindaro.

JANUARY 21.—Sidney Clarke, contestant, admitted to the seat of George W. Smith, in the House.

JANUARY 21.—Publication of the decision of the Supreme Court overruling the motion of Geo. A. Crawford. The Court declares the election of Governor in 1861 illegal; opinion by Chief Justice Ewing. (*State of Kansas, ex rel. Crawford, vs. Robinson*, 1 Kan., 17.)

JANUARY 23.—Opotheyoholo, Chief of the Creek Nation, meets General Hunter, and tells him the condition of affairs in the Indian Territory.

—The Thirteenth Wisconsin arrives in Leavenworth.

JANUARY 23.—The Legislature accepts a present of twenty acres of land, from the Topeka Town Association, as a site for the Capitol.

JANUARY 27.—Gen. Lane arrives in Leavenworth, as a Major General, to take command of an expedition to the Gulf.

JANUARY 29.—The Ninth Wisconsin reaches Leavenworth.

JANUARY 30.—The following is copied from an address on the Legislature of 1862, by F. P. Baker, to the Historical Society, on the 20th of January, 1885, on his retiring as President of the Society:

“On the 30th of January the House received a message from the Governor, which submitted an answer to the House resolution of January 20, from Auditor Hillyer, signed also by Secretary Robinson, which stated that a contract had been entered into with Robert S. Stevens, as State Agent, the terms of which were that ‘he should receive all that he could obtain over sixty cents on the dollar,’ and this notwithstanding there was a limitation at seventy cents, by the enactment providing for the sale of certain specified bonds. From the sale of \$87,200 of bonds there had been paid into the State Treasury \$30,000 in cash, and something over \$20,000 was on deposit in New York, to be paid into the State Treasury as called for.

“On the same day, Mr. Anderson, of Jackson, offered a resolution (and which, as amended by Mr. Thoman, of Douglas, was adopted), which provided for the appointment of a special committee of five to examine and investigate the accounts of the Auditor and Treasurer of State, and to ascertain all the facts connected with the sale of the bonds of the State of Kansas; the disposition of the proceeds thereof; what amount of scrip there had been issued; what amount bonded; what amount redeemed; whether or not State officers had been speculating in the indebtedness of the State of Kansas; and by what authority the Treasurer of State received \$12,400 for \$31,000 of war bonds, when the law authorized only the issue of \$20,000 of bonds for war purposes. The committee appointed under this resolution consisted of Messrs. Anderson, Carney, Sidney Clarke, Hartley, and H. L. Jones; and on February 13 they submitted quite a voluminous report, and unanimously reported the following resolution, recommending its adoption:

“*Resolved*, That Charles Robinson, Governor, John W. Robinson, Secretary of State, and George S. Hillyer, Auditor of the State of Kansas, be and they are hereby impeached of high misdemeanors in office.”

“On the following day the above resolution was adopted by a vote of 65 yeas to 0 nays. Under a resolution for that object, Speaker Adams appointed P. B. Plumb, Azel Spaulding, F. W. Potter, W. R. Wagstaff and Davies Wilson a committee, empowered to conduct the impeachment cases before the Senate. This action was supplemented by the appointment of a committee of three, consisting of Sidney Clarke, W. H. M. Fishback, and John McCarthy, to notify the Senate of the action of the House. This committee of three reported that they had performed the duty assigned to them on the same day, by appearing at the bar of the Senate, and by reading to the Senate, and by delivering to the Secretary thereof, a formal notice and demand, as in such cases made and provided.

“On February 20, Mr. Plumb, from the committee of managers of the impeachment of C. Robinson, Governor, and the others, reported eight articles of impeachment of John W. Robinson, Secretary of State; and the House, resolving itself into committee

of the whole on the articles of impeachment, recommended their adoption, without division, and the report of the committee of the whole was agreed to.

"On February 26, Mr. Plumb, from the same committee, reported seven articles of impeachment of George S. Hillyer, Auditor of State, and five articles of impeachment of Charles Robinson, Governor. Those against Auditor Hillyer were adopted without division; those against Governor Robinson by a vote of 53 to 7."

FEBRUARY 1.—Organization of the Tenth Kansas.

FEBRUARY.—William S. Blakely and George W. Martin become the publishers of the Union, at Junction City.

FEBRUARY 4.—Reception of the First Kansas, in Leavenworth.

—Investigation by the Legislature of the bond negotiations made by Robert S. Stevens. The State reported to have lost \$40,000.

FEBRUARY 12.—Death of W. R. Griffith, Superintendent of Public Instruction, at Topeka.

FEBRUARY 12.—An interesting printing swindle is exposed by Sol. Miller and P. B. Plumb. See House Journal, pp. 213 to 224.

FEBRUARY 14.—The report of the House Committee on the negotiation of State bonds is published. It concludes with a resolution impeaching the Governor, Secretary of State, and Auditor. The report is signed by Martin Anderson, H. L. Jones, B. W. Hartley, Sidney Clarke, and Thomas Carney. The House adopted the resolution by sixty-five votes in the affirmative, and none in the negative.

FEBRUARY 15.—The Impeachment Managers, on the part of the House, are P. B. Plumb, of Lyon; F. W. Potter, of Coffey; A. Spaulding, of Jefferson; W. R. Wagstaff, of Miami; D. Wilson, of Riley. Attorney General S. A. Stinson.

FEBRUARY.—The Supreme Court holds that acts of the Territorial Legislature, passed after the admission of the State into the Union, are valid; opinion by Judge Kingman. (*State of Kansas, ex rel. Hunt, vs. Meadows*, 1 Kan., 90.)

FEBRUARY 20.—Kansas now has 9,000 soldiers in the field.

FEBRUARY 21.—Thos. Roberts admitted to the seat in the Senate made vacant by the resignation of James A. Phillips.

FEBRUARY 26.—Wilson Shannon, Fred. P. Stanton and Nathan P. Case appear as counsel for the impeached officers.

FEBRUARY 26.—James H. Lane writes to the Legislature that he has failed to make a satisfactory arrangement with Gen. Hunter; that he will not lead a military expedition to the Gulf; that he has resigned his Brigadiership, and that he will return to the Senate.

FEBRUARY 28.—The Daily Inquirer, Rebel organ, started in Leavenworth, by Adams & Driggs; Burrell E. Taylor, Editor. A meeting called to mob the paper was addressed by M. W. Delahay and D. W. Wilder, favoring free speech, and the meeting of argument with argument. They had both lost papers at the hands of Pro-Slavery men.

FEBRUARY 28.—The Third Kansas Battery, Capt. Henry Hopkins, as-

signed to the Second Cavalry. The battery received its name, October 1, 1863.

MARCH 1.—The seats in the Senate of Bancroft, Broadhead and Gunn are declared vacant, ostensibly because they had accepted commissions in the volunteer service. They were friends of Robinson and enemies of Lane. Horatio Knowles is admitted to Broadhead's seat, and J. M. Rankin to Bancroft's seat.

MARCH 5. —James C. Horton elected Assistant Journal Clerk of the Senate.

MARCH 5.—Formation of the State Agricultural Society. Meeting in the hall of the House of Representatives, Topeka.

Officers: President, Lyman Scott, of Leavenworth; Secretary, F. G. Adams, of Shawnee; Treasurer, Isaac Garrison, of Shawnee; Executive Committee, E. B. Whitman, of Douglas; F. P. Baker, of Nemaha; W. A. Shannon, of Lyon; C. B. Lines, of Wabaunsee; J. C. Marshall, of Linn; Martin Anderson, of Jackson; Thos. Arnold, of Coffey; J. W. Sponable, of Johnson; Welcome Wells, of Riley; R. A. Van Winkle, of Atchison.

No Fair was held.

MARCH 6.—Adjournment of the Legislature. This Legislature compiled the laws; the volume of laws fills 1116 pages. Among the acts passed were the following: Accepting the terms imposed by Congress upon the admission of the State; Apportioning the State for Senators and Representatives; Codes of civil and criminal procedure; Establishing a Criminal Court in Leavenworth county; Organizing the county of Greenwood; Changing the name of Breckinridge county to Lyon, in honor of General Nathaniel Lyon; Creating a State Board of Equalization; Homestead exemption law; Providing for the management of the School fund and the University fund; Repealing the law of February 9, 1858, establishing the office of Land District Recorder; Establishing the salaries of State officers, Judges, and Members and Clerks of the Legislature.

MARCH 6, 7, 8.—Battle of Pea Ridge, Arkansas.

MARCH 7.—“The notorious Quantrill, *alias* Charley Hart.” plunders Aubrey, and kills three citizens.

MARCH 13.—Treaty with the Kansas Indians; improvements by certain settlers to be paid for.

MARCH 14.—John A. Martin, Lieutenant Colonel of the Eighth Kansas, is appointed Provost Marshal of Leavenworth.

MARCH 14.—Greenwood county organized.

—In the spring, William Harshberger, John Furrows and A. Clark become the first settlers of Jewell county.

MARCH 15.—Kansas soldiers at Fort Riley destroy the office of the Kansas Frontier News, a disloyal paper published at Junction City.

—General Denver ordered to take command in Kansas; General Deitzler to join Curtis, in Arkansas.

—The Conservative says:

"The Ninth, Twelfth and Thirteenth Wisconsin, the First, Third, Fifth and Sixth Kansas, and Captain Rabb's Battery, are now at Fort Scott. The Fourth is at Wyandotte, the Seventh at Humboldt, and the Second at Shawneetown. The headquarters of the Eighth are here, but the regiment is widely scattered."

MARCH 25.—

"There are now in southern Kansas between six and seven thousand Indians, refugees from the Rebels within the Indian Territory. A large number of these are encamped at Leroy, Coffey county, on the Neosho river, at which place is established the headquarters of their Superintendent, and various agents. Leroy is also the depot from which supplies are issued. The principal tribes to which these refugees belong are the Creeks, Seminoles, Cherokees and Chickasaws, with a few scattered Wichitas and other prairie tribes, whose location is west of Forts Cobb and Arbuckle. They have now been in Kansas since the middle of January, a period of two months. Much suffering has been endured by them. Before relief was afforded by Gen. Hunter, scores of these people died of hunger, cold, and the diseases superinduced by these causes. Among these Indians (whose numbers have lately been augmented by the arrival of several fragmentary tribes of Quapaws, Senecas, etc.) are about 2,000 warriors, good and effective braves, who only need arms and ammunition to make them a useful force."—*Conservative*.

MARCH 26.—Defeat of the First Colorado, at Pigeon's Ranch, New Mexico. John P. Slough is the Colonel. Samuel F. Tappan Lieutenant Colonel, and the regiment is largely made up of Kansas men.

MARCH 27.—Its permanent name given to the Second Kansas Cavalry. —The Ninth Kansas Cavalry organized.

MARCH 28.—Der Deutsche Krieger is the name of a German paper issued by the Ninth Wisconsin, at Fort Scott.

—Prof. S. M. Thorp, of Lawrence, is appointed Superintendent of Public Instruction.

APRIL 3.—The Third and Fourth Regiments, with a part of the Fifth, consolidate, at Paola, as the Tenth Kansas Infantry.

APRIL 6.—Battle of Pittsburg Landing, or Shiloh.

APRIL 8.—Robt. B. Mitchell and James G. Blunt are appointed Brigadiers General.

APRIL 17.—The name of the Marysville & Roseport Railroad Company changed to St. Joseph & Denver City.

MAY 2.—Gen. Blunt commands the Department of Kansas.

—The First Indian regiment organized, at Leroy.

MAY 8.—Congress appropriates \$100,000 to pay the Lane Brigade.

MAY 9.—Gen. Hunter, in South Carolina, issues an emancipation proclamation.

MAY 11.—The Jayhawker Cleveland, alias Moore, alias Metz, killed at the Marais des Cygnes, by Lieut. Walker's men, of the Sixth Kansas. His body was taken to Osawatomie. He had been in Kansas twelve months. Was mustered in as a Captain in Jennison's regiment, but was very soon mustered out. He stole in the name of Liberty. See a picturesque article by Ingalls, in the Kansas Magazine.

MAY 17.—Kansas troops ordered to Corinth, Mississippi.

MAY 19.—Lincoln revokes Hunter's proclamation.

MAY 20.—Passage of the homestead law. It is chapter 75 of the U. S. Statutes of 1862.

MAY 22.—Organization of the First Indian regiment.

MAY 24.—Wm. A. Barstow, Colonel Third Wisconsin, Provost Marshal General of the State; Maj. Elias A. Calkins, of the Third Wisconsin, Provost Marshal of Leavenworth.

MAY 27, 28, 29.—The First, Seventh and Eighth Kansas, the Second Kansas Battery, and the Twelfth and Thirteenth Wisconsin, sail from Leavenworth toward Corinth.

MAY 27.—Capt. John Brown jr. resigns, and Lieut. Geo. H. Hoyt is appointed Captain.

MAY 30.—Col. Wm. Weer, of the Tenth Kansas, given command of the Indian expedition.

JUNE 2.—The Senate meets as a Court of Impeachment. Counsel for defense, Wilson Shannon, Fred. P. Stanton, and N. P. Case; prosecution, Samuel A. Stinson, Azel Spaulding, Davies Wilson, and W. R. Wagstaff.

JUNE 3.—The Conservative is printed on a Hoe cylinder press, the first one brought to the State. Francis J. Nutz puts it up.

JUNE 3.—Stephen A. Cobb sworn in as the successor of Senator O. B. Gunn.

—Thos. A. Osborn elected President *pro tem.* of the Senate over John J. Ingalls, on the fourteenth ballot.

—The trial of John W. Robinson, Secretary of State, begins.

JUNE 6.—Byron Sherry elected Journal Clerk, and Richard J. Hinton and Robert Parham, Reporters.

JUNE 11.—Argument in Impeachment cases by Attorney General Stinson.

JUNE 12.—The following is copied from the Report of the Trial:

“The first Article of Impeachment was read by the Secretary *pro tem.*

“ARTICLE 1. That the said John W. Robinson was, prior to the third day of June, A. D. 1861, ever since has been, and still is, Secretary of State of said State of Kansas. That on the fifth day of June, A. D. 1861, the said John W. Robinson, as Secretary of State, together with the Governor and Auditor of said State, was authorized and empowered to negotiate and sell the bonds of the State, the issuance of which was provided for in the act authorizing the negotiation of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars of the bonds of the State of Kansas, to defray the current expenses of the State, approved May 1, 1861.

“That bonds of the State of Kansas, to defray the current expenses of said State as aforesaid, were prepared, executed, and issued according to law.

“That the said John W. Robinson, being so empowered to sell and negotiate said bonds, did authorize and empower one Robert S. Stevens to negotiate and sell said bonds, to the amount of eighty-seven thousand two hundred dollars, at any price over sixty per centum upon the amount of said bonds, he, the said Stevens, paying to the State no more than sixty per centum of said amount; that under said agreement, and with the full knowledge and consent of said Robinson, said Stevens proceeded to sell and deliver a large amount of said bonds, to wit, the amount of fifty-six thousand

dollars of said bonds, at the rate of eighty-five per centum on said amount of fifty-six thousand dollars, all of which was well known to said Robinson; and under the said agreement, with the full knowledge and consent of said Robinson, said Stevens paid over and accounted to said State for only the amount of sixty per centum on said bonds so sold as aforesaid, which said agreement, so made and entered into by said Robinson, was in direct violation of the laws of said State in this, that under the said laws said bonds could not be sold for less than seventy per centum on the amount of said bonds; and was in violation of the official duties of the said Robinson in this, that the said State was, by said agreement, defrauded out of its just rights, in that said State was entitled to receive the full amount for which said bonds were sold, while in truth and in fact, with the full knowledge and consent of the said Robinson, said bonds were sold for eighty-five per centum upon the dollar of the amount of said bonds, while in truth and in fact the said State did not receive more than sixty per centum upon the whole amount of said bonds so sold; whereby said John W. Robinson betrayed the trust reposed in him by the State of Kansas, subjected said State to great pecuniary loss, and has thereby been guilty of a high misdemeanor in said office of Secretary of State aforesaid."

"The President *pro tem.* then took the opinion of the members of the Court respectively, in the form following:

"Mr. —, how say you? Is the respondent, John W. Robinson, Guilty or Not Guilty of a High Misdemeanor, as charged in this Article of Impeachment?"

"The following gentlemen voted GUILTY, in response to the Chair: Messrs. Bayless, Cobb, Connell, Curtis, Essick, Holliday, Hubbard, Keeler, Knowles, Lambdin, McDowell, Osborn, Rankin, Rees, Roberts, Sleeper, and Spriggs—17.

"Those voting NOT GUILTY were: Messrs. Barnett, Ingalls, Denman, and Lappin—4."

"The President then arose, and recapitulated the votes thus:

"On the first Article of Impeachment, seventeen gentlemen having voted *Guilty*, and four *Not Guilty*; on the second, ten gentlemen having voted *Guilty*, and eleven gentlemen *Not Guilty*; on the third, eight gentlemen having voted *Guilty*, and thirteen *Not Guilty*; on the fourth, five gentlemen having voted *Guilty*, and sixteen *Not Guilty*; on the fifth, seven gentlemen having voted *Guilty*, and fourteen gentlemen *Not Guilty*; on the sixth, twenty-one gentlemen having voted *Not Guilty*; on the seventh, twenty-one gentlemen having voted *Not Guilty*; on the eighth, twenty-one gentlemen having voted *Not Guilty*—it therefore appears that John W. Robinson is found guilty of High Misdemeanor in office, as charged in the first Article of Impeachment, and is Acquitted on the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth Articles."

The Senate then voted to remove Secretary Robinson from office, by 18 to 3.

The trial of Geo. S. Hillyer, Auditor, followed.

JUNE 15.—The Leavenworth Inquirer suppressed by Gen. Blunt.

JUNE 16.—The following is copied from page 396 of the Trial:

"The President then arose, and recapitulated the vote thus:

"On the first Article of Impeachment, seventeen gentlemen having voted *Guilty*, and four *Not Guilty*; on the second, nine gentlemen having voted *Guilty*, and twelve *Not Guilty*; on the third, six gentlemen having voted *Guilty*, and fifteen *Not Guilty*; on the fourth, five gentlemen having voted *Guilty*, and sixteen *Not Guilty*; on the fifth, no gentleman having voted *Guilty*, and nineteen *Not Guilty*; on the sixth, four gentlemen having voted *Guilty*, and seventeen *Not Guilty*; on the seventh, twenty-one gentlemen having voted *Not Guilty*—it therefore appears, that George S. Hillyer is found Guilty of High Misdemeanor in office, as charged in the first Article of Impeachment, and is Acquitted on the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh Articles."

The Senate then voted, by 18 to 2, to remove Auditor Hillyer from office. The following is the Article on which he was found guilty:

"ARTICLE 1. That the said George S. Hillyer, as Auditor of State of the State of Kansas, was, together with the Secretary of State and Governor of said State, by the laws of said State, authorized and empowered to negotiate and sell the bonds of the

State, the issuance of which was provided for in the act authorizing the negotiation of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars of the bonds of the State of Kansas, to defray the current expenses of the State, approved May 1, 1861.

"That bonds of the State of Kansas, to defray the current expenses of the State as aforesaid, were prepared, executed, and issued according to law.

"That the said George S. Hillyer, being so empowered to sell and negotiate said bonds, did authorize and empower one Robert S. Stevens to negotiate and sell said bonds to the amount of eighty-seven thousand two hundred dollars, at any price over sixty per centum upon the amount of said bonds, he, said Stevens, paying to the State no more than sixty per centum of said amount; that under said agreement, and with the full knowledge and consent of said Hillyer, said Stevens proceeded to sell and deliver a large amount of said bonds, to wit, the amount of fifty-six thousand dollars of said bonds, at the rate of eighty-five per centum on said amount of fifty-six thousand dollars, all of which was well known to said Hillyer; and under the said agreement, with the full knowledge and consent of said Hillyer, said Stevens paid over and accounted to said State for only the amount of sixty per centum upon said bonds so sold, which said agreement, so made and entered into by said Hillyer, was in direct violation of the laws of said State, in this, that under said laws said bonds could not be sold for less than seventy per centum on the amount of said bonds; and was in violation of the official duty of said Hillyer, in this, that said State was by said agreement defrauded out of its just rights, in that said State was entitled to receive the full amount for which said bonds were sold, while in truth and in fact, with the full knowledge and consent of said Hillyer, said bonds were sold for eighty-five per centum upon the dollar, and the State did not receive therefrom more than sixty per centum upon the bonds so sold: whereby said Hillyer betrayed the trust reposed in him by the State of Kansas, subjected said State to great pecuniary loss, and has thereby been guilty of high misdemeanor in his said office of Auditor of State aforesaid."

The trial of Gov. Robinson followed, and was concluded the same day. His acquittal is thus announced:

"The President then arose, and recapitulated the votes thus:

"On the first Article, two gentlemen have pronounced *Guilty*, and nineteen *Not Guilty*; on the second Article, there is an unanimous vote of *Not Guilty*; on the third Article, there is an unanimous vote of *Not Guilty*; on the fourth Article, there is an unanimous vote of *Not Guilty*; on the fifth Article, one has said *Guilty*, and twenty *Not Guilty*; hence it appears that there is not a constitutional majority of votes finding Charles Robinson Guilty on any one Article. It therefore becomes my duty to declare that Charles Robinson stands Acquitted of all the Articles exhibited by the House of Representatives against him."

The Court adjourns. The volume of "Proceedings in the Impeachment Cases" contains 425 pages. The printing was superintended by Senator Ingalls. The report was made by R. J. Hinton.

JUNE 18.—D. R. Anthony, Lieutenant Colonel of the Seventh Kansas, issued an Order concluding as follows:

"Any officer or soldier of this command who shall arrest and deliver to his master a fugitive slave, shall be summarily and severely punished, according to the laws relative to such crimes."

For issuing this Order, Col. Anthony was arrested and deprived of his command in Tennessee.

JUNE 20.—Decision of Attorney General Edward Bates published. Gov. Robinson had commissioned A. L. Lee as Colonel of the Seventh. Lieut. Gov. Root gave Chas. W. Blair a commission for the same position. Gen. Blunt referred the question to the U. S. Attorney General, and received this reply:

"The absence of Governor Robinson from the State did not create the disability con-

templated by the Constitution of Kansas, by which the Lieutenant Governor would be authorized to perform the duties of Governor."

JUNE 22.—Organization of the Second Indian regiment.

JUNE 24.—Treaty with the Ottawa Indians. The Ottawas to become citizens in five years: lands to be divided between them; 20,000 acres set apart for the purpose of endowing a school; ten acres for the benefit of the Ottawa Baptist Church, etc. C. C. Hutchinson is the Ottawa Indian Agent.

JUNE 28.—Treaty with the Kickapoos. A portion of their lands to be set apart and held in severalty; the remainder to be sold. New homes to be purchased in the Indian country. The Atchison & Pike's Peak R. R. Co. (afterwards "Central Branch") may buy the lands, to be sold at \$1.25 an acre.

JUNE 30.—Bill and Jim Anderson, Quantrill and others, make a raid into the State, shoot A. I. Baker and Segur, and set fire to the building they are in. Segur escapes and dies, while Baker dies immediately, and his body is burned to ashes. The Emporia News publishes the report.

JUNE.—The first reöccupation of any part of the Indian Territory, since May, 1861, is made by Kansas troops, who march nearly to Fort Gibson.

JULY 1.—Incorporation by Congress of the Union Pacific Railroad Company. By the act there is to be a continuous railroad ready for use, from the Missouri to the Sacramento, by July 1, 1876.

JULY 2.—Passage of the act giving lands for Agricultural Colleges. It is chapter 130 of the U. S. Statutes, and is thus summarized:

"Public lands (not mineral), not exceeding 30,000 acres for each Senator and Representative in Congress, are apportioned to the several States; the proceeds of the sale of such lands shall be invested in stocks of the United States, or of the States, or some other safe stocks, yielding not less than five per cent.; and the moneys so invested shall constitute a perpetual fund, the capital of which shall remain forever undiminished, and the interest of which shall be inviolably appropriated, by each State which may take and claim the benefit of this act, to the endowment, support and maintenance of at least one college where the leading object shall be, without excluding other scientific and classical studies, and including military tactics, to teach such branches of learning as are related to agriculture and the mechanic arts, in such manner as the Legislatures of the States may respectively prescribe, in order to promote the liberal and practical education of the industrial classes in the several pursuits and professions in life."

JULY 15.—The Bourbon County Monitor issued, at Marmaton, by D. B. Emmert.

JULY 23.—Ex-Governor Reeder visits Kansas.

AUGUST 4.—J. H. Lane opens an office in Leavenworth as a Recruiting Commissioner, to enlist colored as well as white soldiers, receiving his authority from Washington. The colored men are at first enlisted as laborers.

AUGUST 8.—Gen. Blunt leaves Leavenworth to take command of the Indian Expedition, now in the Indian Territory.

AUGUST 12.—P. B. Plumb and E. G. Ross begin enlisting men for the Eleventh.

AUGUST 15.—Orders are issued in Missouri, signed Upton Hays and W. C. Quantrill, declaring that all men going to Federal posts to enlist in the Federal army will be shot where taken.

AUGUST 19.—John Ross, Chief of the Cherokees, arrives in Leavenworth.

—E. G. Ross sells the Topeka Record to S. D. Macdonald and F. G. Adams.

SEPTEMBER.—Organization of the Twelfth and Thirteenth Kansas.

SEPTEMBER 6.—The Judicial Convention at Hiawatha unanimously renominates Albert H. Horton for Judge.

SEPTEMBER 7.—Quantrill enters Olathe with a large force, kills several men, robs the stores, and destroys the offices of the Mirror and the Herald.

—Gov. Robinson issues an order for a complete organization of the Militia. The name of S. R. Shepherd appears as Secretary of State.

SEPTEMBER 10.—Organization of the Second Battery.

SEPTEMBER 12.—T. Dwight Thacher resumes the publication of the Lawrence Republican.

SEPTEMBER 14.—Thomas Ewing jr., Chief Justice, is mustered as Colonel of the Eleventh regiment.

—John A. Halderman is appointed Major General of the Militia of northern Kansas.

SEPTEMBER 16.—Organization of the Third Indian regiment.

SEPTEMBER 17.—Battle of Antietam.

SEPTEMBER 17.—Republican State Convention at Topeka. Called to order by T. Dwight Thacher. *Vote for Chairman:* F. P. Baker, of Nemaha, 41; James Scott, of Linn, 28. M. R. Dutton was chosen Secretary.

Committee on Credentials: Legate, Murdock, Burnett, Odell, Wheeler, Bishop, and Wakefield.

Committee on Permanent Organization: Colton, McDowell, Thomas, Empie, Maxson, Drinkwater, and Pound.

Officers: President, F. P. Baker, of Nemaha; Vice Presidents, George W. Gardiner of Leavenworth, Coldman of Coffey, Shipley of Miami; Secretaries, M. R. Dutton of Jefferson, Griffith of Franklin, D. B. Emmert of Bourbon.

The call for the Convention placed the nomination of the Member of Congress before that of Governor. Ed. Russell, of Doniphan, moved to nominate in that order. Lost, by 27 to 41. This was a triumph of Lane and Carney, and the defeat of George A. Crawford.

Committee on Resolutions: Woodward, of Atchison; Sherry, of Nemaha; Crosby, of Jefferson; McKee, of Leavenworth; and Scott, of Linn.

Committee to Investigate Charges of Corruption Against Certain Candi-

dates: McDowell, Russell, Fairchild, Thomas, Riggs, Burnett, and Reynolds.

Adjourned till morning. On reassembling, the Committee reported that there were no charges worthy of consideration.

Ballot for Governor: Thomas Carney, 42; George W. Collamore, 22; William A. Phillips, 9. *Ballot for Lieutenant Governor:* Thomas A. Osborn, of Doniphan, 50; John J. Ingalls, of Atchison, 22; George A. Crawford, of Bourbon, 2. On motion of James F. Legate, of Johnson, George A. Crawford was nominated for Secretary of State by acclamation. A committee appointed to wait on Mr. Crawford reported that he accepted the nomination unconditionally. In fact, he absolutely refused the nomination. *Ballot for Auditor:* Asa Hairgrove, of Linn, 39; Samuel Lappin, of Nemaha, 24; C. S. Lambdin, of Butler, 9; Martin Anderson, of Jackson, 3. *Ballot for Treasurer:* William Spriggs, of Anderson, 40; Judge John A. Wakefield, of Douglas, 32; John R. Swallow, of Lyon, 3. *Ballot for Superintendent of Public Instruction:* Isaac T. Goodnow, of Riley, 34; John Francis, of Johnson, 17; S. W. Greer, of Leavenworth, 2; S. M. Thorp, of Douglas, 3; Wm. A. Bishop, of Saline, 6; Abram Ellis, of Miami, 9; H. D. Preston, of Osage, 2; Watson, 1. Prof. Goodnow was, on motion, declared the nominee. *Ballot for Attorney General:* Warren W. Guthrie, of Brown, 42; C. K. Gilchrist, of Shawnee, 29; Mr. Lowe, 1. *Associate Justice:* L. D. Bailey, of Lyon, 31; Azel Spaulding, of Jefferson, 13; J. H. Watson, of Lyon, 21; Judge McKay, of Wyandotte, 8. On the second ballot Bailey received 44, Watson 28.

EVENING SESSION.—*First Ballot for Congressman:* A. C. Wilder 29, M. F. Conway 25, T. D. Thacher 10, W. W. H. Lawrence 10, Wm. A. Phillips 1. *Second ballot:* Wilder 34, Conway 27, Thacher 11, Lawrence 4. *Sixth ballot:* Wilder 37, Conway 23, Thacher 15. *Seventh ballot:* Wilder 41, Conway 20, Thacher 14. A letter is read from Thos. Ewing jr., in which he says he will not resign as Chief Justice, unless he receives a commission as Colonel of the Eleventh.

A. C. Wilder was born in Mendon, now Blackstone, Mass., March 18, 1828.

State Central Committee: Samuel F. Atwood of Leavenworth, John J. Ingalls of Atchison, Sidney Clarke of Douglas, W. R. Saunders of Coffey, J. F. Newlon of Lyon, Chester Thomas of Shawnee, L. R. Palmer of Pottawatomie.

Speeches were made by Thos. Carney, A. C. Wilder, J. H. Lane, J. C. Vaughan, C. R. Jennison, and John A. Wakefield. The following platform was adopted:

Resolved, That, as the representatives of the people of Kansas, we do most heartily indorse the administration of the President of the United States; that, having implicit confidence in the integrity of his character and the steadfastness of his purpose, we will coöperate with him to the extent of our ability in his efforts to preserve and perpetuate the Union; that we desire a vigorous prosecution of the war, and a speedy and effectual vindication of a just and liberal Government, sought to be overthrown.

Resolved, That we have full confidence in the ability and integrity of the nominees

of this Convention; that we pledge to them our united support; and that we invite all friends of the Union, and advocates of the sentiments above enunciated, to cooperate with us in securing their election."

SEPTEMBER 18.—D. R. Anthony, Lieutenant Colonel of the Seventh, resigns, and returns to Leavenworth from Mississippi.

SEPTEMBER 19.—The Second Kansas Battery organized, at Fort Scott. —Appearance of the Leavenworth Evening Bulletin, published by Henry Buckingham, A. N. Hamilton, and George F. Prescott.

—The Conservative, during the campaign, is edited by Ward Burlingame.

SEPTEMBER 20.—The Thirteenth Cavalry mustered in.

SEPTEMBER 22.—President Lincoln's first Emancipation Proclamation. The Chicago Tribune says: "So splendid a vision has hardly shone upon the world since the days of the Messiah."

SEPTEMBER 24.—The body of Capt. John Lockhart, of the Fifth, reaches Leavenworth, from Helena, Ark. He was one of the truest and worthiest of the young pioneers and soldiers of Kansas. His family resided at McCamish, Johnson county.

—Capt. P. B. Plumb, of Company C, Eleventh Regiment, is elected Major.

SEPTEMBER 25.—The Twelfth Kansas Infantry mustered in, at Paola.

SEPTEMBER 29.—Union State Convention, at Lawrence. Called to order by Mr. Graves, of Woodson. W. W. Updegraff, of Miami, temporary Chairman; J. K. Goodin, of Franklin, Secretary.

Committee on Permanent Organization: Thos. Murphy of Atchison, A. J. Mead of Riley, Benj. F. Simpson of Miami, Hadley of Wyandotte, Ford of Douglas, Samuel A. Stinson of Leavenworth, N. S. Goss of Woodson.

Officers: President, W. W. Updegraff; Vice Presidents, Chas. G. Keeler of Johnson, Graves of Woodson, Benton of Atchison; Secretary, Hovey E. Lowman of Douglas.

Committee on Platform: Stinson, Mead, Benton, Goss, Hadley, Roberts of Miami, and Ford of Douglas.

The following platform is adopted:

"*First:* That the condition of our country and State imperatively demands that all good and loyal citizens should, without distinction of party, unite in supporting the National Government in its efforts to crush the Rebellion, and in maintaining the liberties of our people against threatened assaults from powerful and tyrannical political demagogues.

"*Second:* That there are now no open questions in regard to the present policy of the National Administration; its only policy should be to maintain the integrity of the Government, and reestablish the authority of the Constitution and the laws at every sacrifice.

"*Third:* That while there are among us differences of opinion upon minor questions of policy in the prosecution of the war, we are all agreed that the measures adopted should be those which will bear with the most crushing effect upon the Rebellion.

"*Fourth:* That the people, absorbed in the dangers which menace the country and the State, have neglected and abandoned the old political organizations, and these organizations have become the exponents of the schemes and ambition of demagogues

and cliques. They present no issues of principles or policy, and only serve as the machinery to corrupt the elective franchise, and divide the loyal men of the Nation.

"*Fifth*: That recent events in our own State have demonstrated the danger and disgrace attendant upon the active continuance of party organizations at this time. Federal patronage imprudently intrusted to dishonest politicians; open pecuniary bribery, and every species of corruption, have notoriously controlled the action of a recent political convention in this State, and placed in nomination candidates for office tainted with the disgrace of the assembly which presented them. To defeat this scheme, devised to control the destinies of the State by bribery, we pledge ourselves to use our most earnest and determined efforts.

"*Sixth*: That the people of Kansas love their liberties too dearly, and prize the elective franchise too highly, tamely to submit to the threatened attempt to control the coming election by violence from any quarter. Against corruption we will appeal to the honesty and integrity of the people; but at the sacrifice of life itself we will defend the purity and the freedom of the ballot-box from armed interference."

The following nominations were made by acclamation: Governor, W. R. Wagstaff, of Miami; Lieutenant Governor, John J. Ingalls, of Atchison; Secretary of State, James Humphrey, of Riley; Treasurer, D. L. Lakin, of Jefferson; for Congress, M. J. Parrott, of Leavenworth; Attorney General, David P. Lowe, of Linn; Chief Justice, Willard P. Gambell, of Leavenworth; Associate Justice, Ed. S. Lowman, of Douglas. *Ballot for Auditor*: N. S. Goss, 22; C. G. Keeler, 13. *For Superintendent of Public Instruction*: E. D. Brown, of Wyandotte, 22; S. M. Thorp, of Douglas, 8. *State Central Committee*: James C. Horton of Douglas, A. J. Mead of Riley, M. R. Benton of Atchison, J. M. Roberts of Miami, A. L. Williams of Shawnee. There were delegates in the Convention from eleven counties: Nemaha, Leavenworth, Atchison, Wyandotte, Johnson, Miami, Douglas, Franklin, Woodson, Riley, and Shawnee.

OCTOBER 1.—Democratic State Convention at Topeka. A. G. Ege, of Doniphan, President; Wm. Roy, of Johnson, and Wm. Shepherd, of Leavenworth, Secretaries. A resolution was passed to make no nominations. *State Committee*: H. B. Denman, N. J. Marvin, A. G. Ege, Hugh S. Walsh, Robt. Reynolds, Chas. Sims, N. S. Goss, John Martin, Robt. Graham. The following platform was adopted:

"*Whereas*, The Democratic party stands to-day where it has always stood, on the Constitution and Laws of the land, and an economical administration of the Government thereof: and

"*Whereas*, We believe that the Democratic party by its time-honored policy made this country great, powerful, and prosperous, and the people happy; and

"*Whereas*, We still have abiding faith in its power and willingness to save: therefore,

"*Resolved*, 1st. That to the Democratic party we look for the political salvation of the country, the maintenance of the Constitution inviolate, and a faithful administration of the Government, and the liberty of citizenship.

"2d. That we will uphold and defend the principles of the Democratic party, the Constitution of our country, and the laws of the land made in pursuance thereof.

"3d. That we deeply regret the present unfortunate condition of our beloved country, and hope that such measures may be adopted by the Government so that the Constitution may be preserved as it is, and that the country may be restored as it was, and the States again united in one common sisterhood.

"4th. That the Constitution, and the laws made in pursuance thereof, are and must remain the *supreme law of the land*, and as such must be preserved and maintained in their proper and rightful supremacy; that the rebellion now in arms against them must be suppressed, and it is the duty of all good citizens to aid the General Govern-

ment in all legal and constitutional measures necessary and proper to the accomplishment of this end.

"5th. That we recommend to the Democracy of the several counties of this State to organize immediately, and in every Senatorial and Representative District run a candidate or candidates (as the case may be) for the State Legislature.

"6th. That this convention appoint a State Democratic Central Committee, with usual powers."

OCTOBER 1.—Chester Thomas elected Chairman, and Samuel F. Atwood Secretary, of the Republican Committee. W. W. H. Lawrence, of Franklin county, put on the Republican ticket for Secretary of State. The Republican State ticket is supported by eighteen papers; the Union ticket by four, viz.: Leavenworth Times, Lawrence State Journal, Atchison Champion, and Manhattan Express. The Leavenworth Inquirer, Atchison Union, and Fort Scott Bulletin are straight Democratic or neutral.

OCTOBER 10.—James F. Legate, U. S. Assessor, enters upon his duties; office at Lawrence.—Wm. G. Mathias is a straight Democratic candidate for Congress.

OCTOBER 16.—The Union Crusader, edited by Benj. F. Simpson, is issued, at Paola.

OCTOBER 17.—Quantrill and his gang make a foray into Johnson county, kill three men and burn thirteen buildings. They killed two teamsters a few miles south of Shawnee, and stole their loaded wagons.

OCTOBER 17.—An Address to the People issued by the Republican Committee.

—The First Kansas Colored is organized, near Fort Lincoln, Bourbon county, and ordered to Baxter Springs. The Thirteenth is at Fort Scott, the Twelfth on the eastern border, and the Eleventh has left to join Blunt.

OCTOBER 20.—Chief Justice Ewing resigns.—[See 2 Kan., 51.

OCTOBER 21.—D. P. Lowe declines the Union nomination for Attorney General, and Louis Carpenter, of Lawrence, is nominated.

OCTOBER 22.—J. H. Watson is placed on the Republican ticket as the candidate for Chief Justice. The Convention made no nomination.

OCTOBER 27.—Thomas Ewing, senior, makes an argument in a land case at Topeka. The suit was brought by the United States against John Conner, Chief of the Delaware Tribe, and others, to set aside and cancel a patent issued by the United States for a large tract of land, known as the Government Farm, adjoining Leavenworth. Crozier and Gambell appeared for the United States; Ewing, Stinson and Isaacs for the defense.

NOVEMBER 1.—John A. Martin promoted to Colonel of the Eighth.

NOVEMBER 4.—State election. On the following page will be found the vote on the State tickets.

STATE ELECTION, NOVEMBER 4.

NAMES.	Total.....
<i>Wyandotte.....</i>	10,090
<i>Woodson.....</i>	61,183
<i>Washington....</i>	16,150
<i>Wabaunsee.....</i>	156,421
<i>Shawnee.....</i>	156,421
<i>Sullivan.....</i>	16,150
<i>Riley.....</i>	16,150
<i>Pottawatomie..</i>	156,421
<i>Osage.....</i>	156,421
<i>Nemaha.....</i>	156,421
<i>Morris.....</i>	156,421
<i>Miami.....</i>	156,421
<i>Marshall.....</i>	156,421
<i>Lyon.....</i>	156,421
<i>Linn.....</i>	156,421
<i>Leavenworth..</i>	156,421
<i>Johnson.....</i>	156,421
<i>Jefferson.....</i>	156,421
<i>Jackson.....</i>	156,421
<i>Greenwood.....</i>	156,421
<i>Franklin.....</i>	156,421
<i>Doniphan.....</i>	156,421
<i>Douglas.....</i>	156,421
<i>Dickinson.....</i>	156,421
<i>Davis.....</i>	156,421
<i>Coffey.....</i>	156,421
<i>Chase.....</i>	156,421
<i>Bourbon.....</i>	156,421
<i>Butler.....</i>	156,421
<i>Brown.....</i>	156,421
<i>Atchison.....</i>	156,421
<i>Anderson.....</i>	156,421
<i>Allen.....</i>	156,421
<i>Governor:</i>	
Thomas Carney.....	281,190
W. E. Wagstaff*.....	122,967
<i>Lieutenant Governor:</i>	
Thomas A. Osborn.....	228,192
John J. Ingalls*.....	121,937
<i>Secretary of State:</i>	
W. W. H. Lawrence.....	241,186
James Humphrey*.....	98,957
<i>Auditor of State:</i>	
Asa Hairgrove.....	209,188
N. S. Goss*.....	146,997
<i>State Treasurer:</i>	
William Spriggs.....	215,243
David L. Lakin*.....	123,197
<i>Attorney General:</i>	
Warren W. Guthrie.....	218,189
Louis Carpenter*.....	52,977
<i>Sup. Public Instruction:</i>	
Isaac T. Goodnow.....	218,192
E. P. Brown*.....	122,947
<i>Chief Justice Supreme Court:</i>	
John H. Watson.....	218,182
Willard P. Cambell*.....	131,796
<i>Associate Justice Supreme Court:</i>	
Lawrence D. Bailey.....	217,189
E. S. Lowman*.....	124,967
<i>Representative in Congress:</i>	
A. Carter Wilder.....	223,191
Marcus J. Parrott*.....	58,946
William G. Mathias†.....	63,100

* Union. † Democrat.

The following is the Legislative and Judicial vote:

SENATORS.

First District.—Whole number of votes cast, 1,574; of which Sol. Miller received 651, Abraham Bennett 661, Robert J. Nesbitt 206, John Bayless 51. Sol. Miller and Abraham Bennett were elected.

Second District.—Whole number of votes cast, 1,856; C. G. Foster received 743, Joshua Wheeler 736, C. A. Woodworth 153, W. J. Mason 58, R. St. Clair Graham 166. C. G. Foster and Joshua Wheeler were elected.

Third District.—Whole number of votes cast, 7,895; C. B. Pierce received 1,362, John Wilson 1,573, F. P. Fitzwilliam 1,388, Henry B. Keller 1,274, H. Miles Moore 1,298, H. Markson 1,090. C. B. Pierce, John Wilson and F. P. Fitzwilliam were elected.

Fourth District.—Whole number of votes cast, 785; Azel W. Spalding received 499, C. A. Buckmaster 286. Azel W. Spalding was elected.

Fifth District.—Whole number of votes cast, 632; Byron Sherry received 632, and was elected.

Sixth District.—Whole number of votes cast, 543; Rufus Ousley received 233, Rufus Ousler 193, A. J. Francis 117. Rufus Ousley was elected.

Seventh District.—Whole number of votes cast, 620; T. H. Baker received 610, Peter From 7, T. S. Vail 1, F. Paulson 1, James Bromwell 1. T. H. Baker was elected.

Eighth District.—Whole number of votes cast, 591; David Brockway received 265, F. W. Giles 158, L. McArthur 142, Erastus Tefft 26. David Brockway was elected.

Ninth District.—Whole number of votes cast, 2,899; W. F. Woodworth received 1,378, John A. Beam 760, S. M. Thorp 751. W. F. Woodworth and John A. Beam were elected.

Tenth District.—Whole number of votes cast, 550; W. H. M. Fishback received 343, John M. Giffen 197, William Holmes 10. W. H. M. Fishback was elected.

Eleventh District.—Whole number of votes cast, 771; Johnson Clark received 418, J. H. Pratt 353. Johnson Clark was elected.

Twelfth District.—Whole number of votes cast, 295; James McGrew received 293, A. J. Reeves 1, Byron Judd 1. James McGrew was elected.

Thirteenth District.—Whole number of votes cast, 612; David P. Lowe received 418, J. W. Garnett 194. David P. Lowe was elected.

Fourteenth District.—Whole number of votes cast, 464; Isaac Ford received 431, E. Williams 33. Isaac Ford was elected.

Fifteenth District.—Whole number of votes cast, 276; M. R. Leonard received 162, W. B. Hernill 105, E. H. Sanford 9. M. R. Leonard was elected.

Sixteenth District.—Whole number of votes cast, 461; Orlin Thurston received 256, S. D. Redos 205. Orlin Thurston was elected.

Seventeenth District.—Whole number of votes cast, 780; D. M. Valentine received 565, James Y. Campbell 215. D. M. Valentine was elected.

Eighteenth District.—Whole number of votes cast, 589; F. W. Potter received 583, A. Lane 3. F. W. Potter was elected.

Nineteenth District.—Whole number of votes cast, 564; P. B. Maxson received 564, and was elected.

Twentieth District.—Whole number of votes cast, 517; S. M. Strickler received 386, L. B. Perry 131. S. M. Strickler was elected.

REPRESENTATIVES.

First District.—Votes cast, 179; F. E. Armstrong received 1, J. P. Johnson 178, and was elected.

Second District.—Votes cast, 126; S. F. Soller received 15, N. C. Clark 111, and was elected.

Third District.—Votes cast, 186; Lyman Nash received 41, Ed. Russell 145, and was elected.

Fourth District.—Votes cast, 201; Frederick Lyman received 60, William H. Hanson 141, and was elected.

Fifth District.—Votes cast, 156; Hazel Frick received 56, John W. Forman 100, and was elected.

Sixth District.—Votes cast, 234; C. W. Edgar received 6, W. C. Smith 25, G. W. Glick 203, and was elected.

Seventh District.—Votes cast, 237; W. P. Lamb received 38, G. W. Bowman 199, and was elected.

Eighth District.—Votes cast, 264; F. M. Williams received 123, Samuel Hollester 141, and was elected.

Ninth District.—Votes cast, 125; A. B. Wakefield received 20, S. J. H. Snyder 105, and was elected.

Tenth District.—Votes cast, 102; H. Perry received 4, F. Roach 41, H. S. Baker 57, and was elected.

Eleventh District.—Votes cast, 103; D. H. Babbit 6, Noah Hanson 1, F. T. Neal 3, Ira J. Lacock 93, and was elected.

Twelfth District.—Votes cast, 138; Noah Hanson received 60, George E. Irwin 78, and was elected.

Thirteenth District.—Votes cast, 182; Samuel Lappin received 1, J. C. Hebbard 73, Richard Bradley 108, and was elected.

Fourteenth District.—Votes cast, 210; F. P. Baker received 96, John S. Hidden 114, and was elected.

Fifteenth District.—Votes cast, 312; scattering 11, R. R. Edwards 142, Jacob Weisbach 159, and was elected.

Sixteenth District.—Votes cast, 58; H. G. Hollenberg received 58 votes, and was elected.

Seventeenth District.—Votes cast, 172; S. V. Lee received 172 votes, and was elected.

Eighteenth District.—Votes cast, 344; John B. Hubbell received 151, R. S. Craft 192, and was elected.

Nineteenth District.—Votes cast, 289; E. Bailey received 2, Isaac Hall 105, G. M. Lee 182, and was elected.

Twentieth District.—Votes cast, 189; John Hays received 1, George Barrett 188, and was elected.

Twenty-first District.—Votes cast, 292; D. McElvey received 4, S. Kerr 75, James Peterson 103, J. H. Jones 110, and was elected.

Twenty-second District.—Votes cast, 491; E. Welsh received 241, Abraham Brown 250, and was elected.

Twenty-third District.—Votes cast, 512; M. Solleder received 135, Josiah Kellogg 377, and was elected.

Twenty-fourth District.—Votes cast, 356; R. H. Housley received 146, H. W. Ide 210, and was elected.

Twenty-fifth District.—Votes cast, 334; Allen Pierce received 121, Warren A. Lattin 213, and was elected.

Twenty-sixth District.—Votes cast, 222; R. E. Petherbridge received 86, Chas. H. Grover 136, and was elected.

Twenty-seventh District.—Votes cast, 128; H. C. Branch received 43, Thos. O. Gwartney 85, and was elected.

Twenty-eighth District.—Votes cast, 164; John Wright received 76, D. F. Walker 88, and was elected.

Twenty-ninth District.—Votes cast, 200; J. L. Wallace received 93, James Medill 107, and was elected.

Thirtieth District.—Votes cast, 164; D. H. Mitchell received 52, R. Cole Foster 112, and was elected.

Thirty-first District.—Votes cast, 293; James Halland received 1, M. W. Bottom 292, and was elected.

Thirty-second District.—Votes cast 267; W. N. Kerr received 71, C. H. Stratton 193, and was elected.

Thirty-third District.—Votes cast, 114; A. H. Gregg received 43, D. G. Campbell 71, and was elected.

Thirty-fourth District.—Votes cast, 195; S. Bradbury received 83, William Williams 112, and was elected.

Thirty-fifth District.—Votes cast, 368; T. D. Thacher received 163, George Ford 205, and was elected.

Thirty-sixth District.—Votes cast, 257; Joel Grover received 105, J. S. Emery 152, and was elected.

Thirty-seventh District.—Votes cast, 201; D. W. Pingree received 86, John W. Vaughn 115, and was elected.

Thirty-eighth District.—Votes cast, 240; — Zelvey received 61, C. S. Steele 179, and was elected.

Thirty-ninth District.—Votes cast, 230; Henry Monson received 104, D. T. Mitchell 126, and was elected.

Fortieth District.—Votes cast, 204; A. Curtiss received 70, W. Foster 134, and was elected.

Forty-first District.—Votes cast, 344; T. G. Thornton received 1, J. A. Steele 149, W. P. Douthitt 195, and was elected.

Forty-second District.—Votes cast, 238; Henry Fox received 96, John T. Ward 142, and was elected.

Forty-third District.—Votes cast, 228; T. Roberts received 70, Isaac Christie 158, and was elected.

Forty-fourth District.—Votes cast, 302; M. F. Holliday received 117, John M. Ellis 185, and was elected.

Forty-fifth District.—Votes cast, 211; Samuel Jackson received 102, S. C. Convoy 109, and was elected.

Forty-sixth District.—Votes cast, 97; scattering 2; Daniel Underhill received 95 votes and was elected.

Forty-seventh District.—Votes cast, 219; W. L. Henderson received 85, Fontley Muse 48, George E. Dennison 86, and was elected.

Forty-eighth District.—Votes cast, 140; A. H. Smith received 29, J. M. Sayer 111, and was elected.

Forty-ninth District.—Votes cast, 151; J. W. Babb received 22, T. F. Wilson 48, J. F. Broadhead 81, and was elected.

Fiftieth District.—Votes cast, 67; L. D. Clevenger received 26, D. B. Jackman 41, and was elected.

Fifty-first District.—Votes cast, 112; scattering 13; W. T. Jones received 37, J. Hawkins 62, and was elected.

Fifty-second District.—Votes cast, 97; David R. Cobb received 97 votes, and was elected.

Fifty-third District.—Votes cast, 205; Charles F. Drake received 205 votes, and was elected.

Fifty-fourth District.—Votes cast, 248; James Falkner received 86, A. W. T. Brown 162, and was elected.

Fifty-fifth District.—Votes cast, 91; J. A. Christie received 43, J. H. Campbell 48, and was elected.

Fifty-sixth District.—Votes cast, 155; G. W. Iler received 1 vote, C. W. Fraker 48, Isaac Hliner 106, and was elected.

Fifty-seventh District.—Votes cast, 116; S. Marsh received 43, Jackson Means 73, and was elected.

Fifty-eighth District.—Votes cast, 260; J. K. Goodin received 128, G. W. E. Griffith 136, and was elected.

Fifty-ninth District.—Votes cast, 231; B. C. Sanford received 74, H. B. Beeson 157, and was elected.

Sixtieth District.—Votes cast, 174; scattering 26; P. C. Schuyler received 71, James Rogers 77, and was elected.

Sixty-first District.—Votes cast, 223; H. McMahan received 92, Horace Tucker 131, and was elected.

Sixty-second District.—Votes cast, 215; E. Robinson received 87, W. R. Saunders 128, and was elected.

Sixty-third District.—Votes cast, 110; A. McCartney received 110 votes, and was elected.

Sixty-fourth District.—Votes cast, 182; C. V. Eskridge received 182 votes, and was elected.

Sixty-fifth District.—Votes cast, 161; G. J. Tallman received 66, F. R. Page 95, and was elected.

Sixty-sixth District.—Votes cast, 122; W. A. Shannon received 46, John W. Loy 76, and was elected.

Sixty-seventh District.—Butler county, no returns.

Sixty-eighth District.—Votes cast, 114; E. A. Alford received 114 votes, and was elected.

Sixty-ninth District.—Votes cast, 155; J. E. Bryan received 77, William Downing 78, and was elected.

Seventieth District.—Votes cast, 171; J. B. Ingersoll received 77, D. M. Johnston 83, and was elected.

Seventy-first District.—Votes cast, 183; G. F. Gordon received 96, W. H. McKinley 69, J. C. Kennet 18. G. F. Gordon was elected.

Seventy-second District.—Votes cast, 381; A. Todd received 110, R. E. Fullington 271, and was elected.

Seventy-third District.—Votes cast, 77; Robert S. Miller received 77, and was elected.

Seventy-fourth District.—Votes cast, 72; H. L. Jones received 20, R. H. Bishop 52, and was elected.

Seventy-fifth District.—Votes cast, 121; B. F. Van Horn received 46, J. Kinner 75, and was elected.

DISTRICT JUDGE.

Second District.—Whole number of votes cast for Judge of the District Court, 2,657; scattering 28; Albert H. Horton received 2,629 votes, and was elected.

NOVEMBER 15.—Completion of the survey of the Pottawatomie Reserve, by the Interior Department.

NOVEMBER 20.—The New York Tribune of November 20th publishes the following:

"Cotton from Kansas.—Garbutt, Black & Hendricks, Nos. 87 and 89 Warren street, have a bale of good, fair, short-staple cotton, unginned, grown in Kansas this year. A sample before us shows the seeds well ripened, and quality of lint equal to Tennessee Upland.

"A manufacturer says of a sample from Madison, Indiana:

"As to quality, but little more could be desired than is shown in the specimen, of which the fiber, though not long, is fine, strong, silky and uniform. The same is true of the Kansas sample."

NOVEMBER 28.—Battle of Cane Hill, Arkansas.

NOVEMBER 30.—Expenditures of the State for the year:

Governor's Department.....	\$3,437 92	State Library.....	\$2,000 00
Secretary's Department ..	3,428 21	Legislative exp. and Journals...	27,861 71
Auditor's Department.....	2,892 07	Printing.....	25,288 25
Treasurer's Department.....	1,653 50	Impeachment cases.....	7,171 58
Sup't of Public Instruction.....	1,512 64	Commissioners to select lands...	2,871 60
Attorney General.....	1,087 98	Educating deaf and dumb.....	294 25
Quartermaster General.....	500 00	Miscellaneous.....	4,077 45
Adjutant General.....	711 79		
Judiciary Department.....	15,254 21	Total for 1862.....	\$100,043 16

DECEMBER 6.—Claiborne F. Jackson, Rebel Governor of Missouri, dies, at Little Rock, Ark. Thos. C. Reynolds, Lieutenant Governor, assumes to be Governor.

DECEMBER 7.—Gen. Blunt gains a victory at Prairie Grove, near Fayetteville, Ark. The Kansas troops with Blunt are part of the Ninth, Col. Lynde; the Sixth, Col. Judson; the Tenth, Col. Weer; the Eleventh, Col. Ewing; the Thirteenth, Col. Bowen; part of Blair's Battery, under Lieut. Ed. A. Smith; Allen's Battery, under Taylor and Tenney, and Stockton's Battery. The battle is called Prairie Grove.

The following is copied from Greeley's Conflict, vol. II, p. 40:

"At 1:45 P. M., Gen. Blunt, in advance of his division, came into full view of the field where the battle was fiercely raging. The Rebels were very strongly posted on high, rolling ground, covered by timber, and only approached from the north over large, open fields, which afforded no cover, save that a part of them bore a crop of ripe corn. Blunt's eccentric advance had brought him in front of the enemy's left, where they had been massing a large force for the purpose of flanking Herron's position. The flankers found an enemy much nearer than they expected, and were at once hotly engaged with Blunt's division. Its three batteries, firing shell and case-shot at short range, soon proved an overmatch for the two Rebel batteries opposed to them, driving them and their supports back into the woods, where they were charged by Col. Weer, leading the Tenth, Thirteenth, and part of the Second and Eleventh Kansas and Twentieth Iowa, and a musketry fight of three hours was maintained with equal energy by the contending hosts. Meantime, our batteries were advanced at various points, and served with rare efficiency; Lieut. Tenney, with six 10-pound Parrotts, repelling with shell and canister, while unsupported, a formidable infantry attack. Here fell the Rebel Gen. Stein, of Missouri. A battery of ten guns, well supported, opening upon Tenney, he in ten minutes silenced its clamor, dismounting two of the guns, and driving off the residue. An attempt to capture Rabb's and Hopkins's batteries, which were supported by the Eleventh Kansas, Lieut. Col. Moonlight, was defeated with fearful slaughter. . . . Our loss in this battle was 167 killed, 798 wounded, and 183 missing—total, 1,148."

—Blunt gained a victory at Newtonia, October 4th; at Old Fort Wayne, October 22d; and at Cane Hill, November 28th.

DECEMBER 16.—M. S. Adams is appointed Brigade Commissary, and Judge Geo. W. Gardiner, Quartermaster.

DECEMBER 29.—Blunt takes Van Buren, Arkansas.

—Gov. Carney appoints Ward Burlingame Private Secretary.

DECEMBER 31.—Battle of Stone River.

DECEMBER 31.—S. R. Shepherd, appointed Secretary of State to succeed J. W. Robinson, makes the Annual Report.

—The Supreme Court declared valid the action of the Senate sitting as a Court of Impeachment: opinion by Kingman, Ewing and Bailey concurring. The information states that Auditor Hillyer and Secretary Robinson have held office since the 16th day of June, 1862. The re-

spondents assert that the Senate had no constitutional existence. The report of the case gives the facts and dates in the Impeachment proceedings. (*The State, ex rel. Adams, vs. Hillyer*, 2 Kan., 17.)

—Chas. Chadwick, Adjutant General, makes a report to Gov. Robinson. A list is given of all the officers of the militia. The Report fills 50 pages, and is published with the State documents.

—S. M. Thorp, appointed Superintendent of Public Instruction in place of W. R. Griffith, deceased, makes the Annual Report.

—George W. Collamore, Q. M. General of the Militia, makes a Report.

—The Auditor's Annual Report is made by David L. Lakin, appointed to succeed Geo. S. Hillyer.

—Publication of "Went to Kansas." By Mrs. Miriam Davis Colt. Watertown, New York: L. Ingalls & Co. pp. 294. The writer came to Kansas in May, 1856, and settled in Allen county. The book is a diary, well written, and the record of sickness and suffering in a new settlement.

DECEMBER 31.—As children have the measles, so new States have an unpleasant financial history. The Report of the State Treasurer for 1861-2 did not appear in connected form until written by Samuel T. Howe, State Treasurer, in 1885. He found it in the Legislative Journals and in the Topeka Record. Treasurer Spriggs, in January, 1863, reported to the House that "there had been no footing-up of the books since the organization of the State." Gov. Carney and Auditor Hairgrove aided in completing the records at that time.

ELEVENTH REGIMENT KANSAS VOLUNTEERS—CAVALRY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
COLONEL.		
Thomas Ewing jr.....	Sept. 15, 1862	Promoted Brig. Gen. U. S. Vols., March 13, 1863.
Thomas Moonlight.....	Apr. 25, 1864	Mustered out, July 17, '65, at Ft. Kearny, N. T.
LIEUT. COLONEL.		
Thomas Moonlight.....	Sept. 20, 1862	Promoted Colonel, April 25, 1864.
Preston B. Plumb.....	May 17, 1864	Mustered out, Sept. 13, '65, at Ft. Leavenworth.
MAJOR.		
Preston B. Plumb.....	Sept. 25, 1862	Promoted Lieutenant Colonel, May 17, 1864.
Martin Anderson.....	Nov. 22, 1863	Mustered out, Sept. 18, '65, at Ft. Leavenworth; promoted Colonel by brevet, March 13, 1865.
Edmund G. Ross.....	Apr. 24, 1864	Mustered out, Sept. 20, '65, at Ft. Leavenworth; promoted Lt. Col. by brevet, March 13, 1865.
Nathaniel A. Adams.....	May 19, 1864	Mustered out, August 9, 1865.
ADJUTANT.		
John Willans.....	Sept. 4, 1862	Promoted Captain and Assistant Adjutant General U. S. Volunteers, May 31, 1863.
James E. Greer.....	Nov. 2, 1863	Promoted Captain Co. I, August 20, 1864.
Ira I. Taber.....	Oct. 12, 1864	Mustered out, August 19, 1865.
QUARTERMASTER.		
James R. McClure.....	Sept. 10, 1862	Mustered out, August 10, 1865.
COMMISSARY.		
Robert J. Harper.....	Oct. 8, 1863	Mustered out, August 19, 1865.
SURGEON.		
George W. Hogeboom....	Sept. 27, 1862	Resigned, June 2, 1863.
Richard M. Ainsworth..	June 23, 1863	Dismissed by order of President, July 21, 1865.
ASSISTANT SURGEON.		
Richard M. Ainsworth..	Sept. 20, 1862	Promoted Surgeon, June 23, 1863.
Josiah D. Adams.....	Oct. 11, 1862	Mustered out, September 20, 1865.
Granville C. Taylor.....	Apr. 19, 1864	Mustered out, August 19, 1865.
CHAPLAIN.		
James S. Cline.....	Oct. 11, 1862	Mustered out, July 7, 1865.

List of battles, etc., in which this regiment participated, showing loss reported in each:

Old Fort Wayne—No loss. Cane Hill—Wounded, E. M., 3. Boston Mountain—Wounded, E. M., 3. Prairie Grove—Killed, E. M., 2; wounded, O. 1, E. M. 19. Scott's Ford—Wounded, E. M., 1. Deep Water Creek—No loss. Lexington—Killed, E. M., 1; wounded, E. M., 1; missing, E. M., 1. Little Blue—Killed, E. M., 5; wounded, O. 2, E. M. 14; missing, E. M., 1. Independence—Wounded, E. M., 1. Big Blue—Killed, E. M., 3; wounded, O. 1, E. M. 8. Cold Water Grove—No loss. Mine Creek—No loss. Sage Creek—No loss. Deer Creek—Killed, E. M., 1. Platte Bridge (June 3, 1865)—Killed, E. M., 1. White River—No loss. Rock Creek—No loss. Fort Halleck—No loss. Platte Bridge (July 26, 1865)—Killed, E. M., 26; wounded, E. M., 2.

TWELFTH REGIMENT KANSAS VOLUNTEERS—INFANTRY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
COLONEL.		
Charles W. Adams	Sept. 30, 1862	Promoted Brev. Brig. Gen., Feb. 13, '65; wounded in action, Apr. 30, '64, Jenkins's Ferry, Ark.; mustered out with regiment, June 30, '65.
LIEUT. COLONEL.		
Josiah E. Hayes	Sept. 30, 1864	Promoted Brev. Brig. Gen.; wounded in action and captured by the enemy, Apr. 30, '64, Jenkins's Ferry, Ark.; limb amputated above knee; exchanged Feb. 25, '65; mus'd out, July 15, '65. Mustered out with regiment.
MAJOR.		
Thomas H. Kennedy....	Sept. 30, 1862	Mustered out with regiment.
ADJUTANT.		
Charles J. Lovejoy.....	Sept. 30, 1862	Resigned, Apr. 28, 1865, Little Rock, Ark.
QUARTERMASTER.		
Andrew J. Shannon.....	Sept. 30, 1862	Promoted Captain and Assistant Provost Marshal, March —, 1864.
Joshua Clayton.....	May 22, 1864	Mustered out with regiment.
SURGEON.		
Cyrus R. Stuecklager....	Sept. 30, 1862	Mustered out with regiment, June 30, 1865; captured by the enemy, April 30, 1864, Jenkins's Ferry, Ark.; exchanged, June 28, 1864.
ASST. SURGEON.		
Thomas Lindsay	Sept. 30, 1862	Mustered out with regiment.
John F. Everhart.....	Sept. 30, 1862	Resigned, Nov. 4, 1863.
CHAPLAIN.		
Werter R. Davis.....	Sept. 30, 1862	Resigned, January 26, 1864.
William Sellers.....	Mar. 26, 1864	Resigned, April 13, 1865.

List of battles, etc., in which the regiment participated, showing loss reported in each:

Baxter Springs—Killed, E. M., 1; wounded, E. M., 1. Prairie D'Ann—Wounded, E. M., 2. Jenkins's Ferry—Killed, O. 1, E. M. 7; wounded, O. 4, E. M. 25; missing, O. 2, E. M. 10. Fort Smith—Wounded, E. M. 1.

THIRTEENTH REGIMENT KANSAS VOLUNTEERS—INFANTRY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
COLONEL.		
Thomas M. Bowen	Sept. 20, 1862	Brevet Brigadier General, January 13, 1865; mustered out, June 28, 1865.
LIEUT. COLONEL.		
John B. Wheeler.....	Sept. 20, 1862	Mustered out with regiment, June 26, 1865.
MAJOR.		
Caleb A. Woodworth....	Sept. 20, 1862	Mustered out, June 26, 1865, Little Rock, Ark.
ADJUTANT.		
William P. Badger.....	Sept. 20, 1862	Resigned, October 10, 1863.
George W. Smith.....	Oct. 13, 1863	Mustered out, June 26, 1865, Little Rock, Ark.

THIRTEENTH REGIMENT KANSAS VOLUNTEERS—INFANTRY—CONCLUDED.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
QUARTERMASTER.		
Cyrus Leland.....	Sept. 20, 1862	Mustered out, June 26, 1865, Little Rock, Ark.
SURGEON.		
William H. Grimes.....	Sept. 20, 1862	Resigned, October 20, 1864, Arkansas.
Amos H. Caffee.....	Feb. 13, 1865	Mustered out, June 26, 1865, Little Rock, Ark.
ASSISTANT SURGEON.		
John Becker.....	Sept. 20, 1862	Resigned, February 27, 1864, Arkansas.
Richard W. Shipley.....	Oct. 1, 1862	Resigned, October 6, 1863, Department Mo.
CHAPLAIN.		
Daniel A. Murdock.....	Sept. 20, 1862	Died of disease, April 28, 1863, Springfield, Mo.
Ozem B. Gardner.....	Sept. 1, 1863	Killed in action, Nov. 25, '64, Timber Hill, C. N.

List of battles, etc., in which this regiment participated, showing loss reported in each:

Cane Hill—No loss. Prairie Grove—Killed, E. M., 7; wounded, O. 2, E. M. 33; missing, E. M., 6.

FIRST REGIMENT KANSAS COLORED VOLUNTEERS—INFANTRY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
COLONEL.		
James M. Williams.....	May 2, 1863	Promoted Brevet Brig. General, Feb. 13, 1865; mustered out, Pine Bluff, Ark, Oct. 1, 1865.
LIEUT. COLONEL.		
James M. Williams.....	Jan. 13, 1863	Promoted Colonel, May 2, 1863.
John Bowles.....	May 2, 1863	Mustered out per S. O. No. 335, W. D., dated June 1, 1865, to take effect December 17, 1864.
Richard G. Ward.....	Apr. 22, 1865	Mustered out with regiment, October 1, 1865.
MAJOR.		
John Bowles.....	Jan. 13, 1863	Promoted Lieutenant Colonel, May 2, 1863.
Richard G. Ward.....	May 2, 1863	Promoted Lieutenant Colonel, April 22, 1865.
ADJUTANT.		
Richard J. Hinton.....	Jan. 13, 1863	Promoted Captain 2d K. V. C. I., Oct. 21, 1863.
William C. Gibbons.....	Jan. 27, 1864	Mustered out, May 15, 1865.
QUARTERMASTER.		
Elijah Hughes.....	Jan. 13, 1863	Mustered out with regiment, October 1, 1865.
SURGEON.		
Samuel C. Harrington...	Jan. 15, 1863	Resigned, January 26, 1864.
J. Fulton Ensor.....	Nov. 1, 1864	Mustered out with regiment, October 1, 1865.
ASST. SURGEON.		
Eliab G. Macy.....	Jan. 26, 1863	Resigned, June 15, 1864, Fort Smith, Ark.
Abijah D. Tenny.....	May 2, 1863	Resigned, July 20, 1864, Fort Smith, Ark.
Chauncey S. Burr.....	Apr. 23, 1865	Mustered out with regiment, October 1, 1865.
CHAPLAIN.		
George W. Hutchinson..	May 2, 1863	Resigned, June 18, 1864, Fort Smith, Ark.

SECOND KANSAS BATTERY—LIGHT ARTILLERY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
CAPTAIN.		
Edward A. Smith.....	July 4, 1863	Mustered out, August 11, 1865.
FIRST LIEUT.		
Edward A. Smith.....	Aug. 25, 1862	Promoted Captain, July 4, 1863.
David C. Knowles.....	Sept. 19, 1862	Mustered out, August 11, 1865.
Andrew G. Clark.....	Aug. 8, 1863	Mustered out, August 11, 1865.
SECOND LIEUT.		
Andrew G. Clark.....	Sept. 10, 1862	Promoted First Lieutenant, August 8, 1863.
Aristarchus Wilson.....	Sept. 19, 1862	Mustered out, August 11, 1865.
William Requa.....	Aug. 8, 1863	Mustered out, August 11, 1865.

List of battles, etc., in which this battery participated, showing loss reported in each:

Newtonia—No loss. Cane Hill—No loss. Sherwood—Killed, E. M.,

3. Cabin Creek—No loss. Honey Springs—Wounded, O., 1. Fort Smith—No loss.

1863.

JANUARY 1.—Emancipation confirmed by President Lincoln's Proclamation.

JANUARY 1.—The Lawrence Weekly Tribune started, by John Speer.
—Col. William A. Phillips in possession of Fort Gibson.

JANUARY 3.—Dr. R. Gillpatrick arrives from Washington, with commissions for the officers of the Second and Third Indian Regiments.

JANUARY 12.—State officers sworn in.

JANUARY 13.—Meeting of the Legislature.

—The First Colored Regiment mustered, at Fort Scott.

—Officers of the Twelfth commissioned.

JANUARY 13.—Message from Gov. Carney.

Thos. Carney was born in Delaware county, Ohio, August 20, 1827. He came to Leavenworth in 1858, and opened, with Thos. C. Stevens, a wholesale grocery business.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

Names.	Age.	P. O. address.	County.	Avocation.
Thomas A. Osborn, President.....	26	Elwood.....	Doniphan.....	Lawyer.
Thomas H. Baker.....	35	Irving.....	Marshall.....	Lawyer.
S. M. Thorp.....	32	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Lawyer.
A. Bennett.....	44	Troy.....	Doniphan.....	Minister.
David Broekway.....	32	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Lawyer.
Johnson Clark.....	34	Osawatomie.....	Miami.....	Farmer.
W. H. M. Fishback.....	30	Olathe.....	Johnson.....	Lawyer.
F. P. Fitzwilliam.....	26	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Lawyer.
Isaac Ford.....	46	Rockford.....	Bourbon.....	Farmer.
Cassius G. Foster.....	25	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Lawyer.
M. R. Leonard.....	35	Bazaar.....	Chase.....	Physician.
D. P. Lowe.....	40	Mound City.....	Linn.....	Lawyer.
P. B. Maxson.....	34	Fremont.....	Lyon.....	Farmer.
James McGrew.....	41	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.....	Merchant.
Sol. Miller.....	32	White Cloud.....	Doniphan.....	Printer.
Rufus Oursler.....	36	Circleville.....	Jackson.....	Merchant.
C. B. Pierce.....	31	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Lawyer.
F. W. Potter.....	29	Burlington.....	Coffey.....	Laborer.
Byron Sherry.....	28	Seneca.....	Nemaha.....	Lawyer.
Azel W. Spalding.....	25	Grasshopper Falls.....	Jefferson.....	Lawyer.
Samuel M. Strickler.....	31	Junction City.....	Davis.....	Merchant.
Orlin Thurston.....	28	Humboldt.....	Allen.....	At'y-at-Law.
D. M. Valentine.....	32	Peoria City.....	Franklin.....	Lawyer.
Joshua Wheeler.....	36	Pardee.....	Atchison.....	Farmer.
John Wilson.....	34	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Merchant.
Wilbur F. Woodworth.....	35	Baldwin City.....	Douglas.....	Lawyer.
John Francis, Secretary.....	30	Olathe.....	Johnson.....	Printer.
John G. Otis, Assistant Secretary.....	24	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Lawyer.
Wm. Boulton, Journal Clerk.....	41	Seneca.....	Nemaha.....	Carpenter.
Davies Wilson, Docket Clerk.....	32	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	At'y-at-Law.
Jno. Van Horn, Engrossing Clerk.....	26	Baldwin City.....	Douglas.....	Mechanic.
Hugh A. Cook, Sergeant-at-Arms.....	35	Minneola.....	Franklin.....	Farmer.
Le Roy Crandall, Doorkeeper.....	36	Fremont.....	Lyon.....	Farmer.
Albert L. Bartlett, Messenger.....	10	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Clerk.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>P. O. address.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Avocation.</i>
Josiah Kellogg, Speaker.....	32	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth	Lawyer.
E. A. Alford.....	34	Bazaar.....	Chase.....	Farmer.
H. S. Baker.....	29	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Farmer.
H. V. Beeson.....	54	Stanton.....	Franklin.....	Farmer.
G. W. Barrett.....	30	Mount Florence.....	Jefferson.....	Farmer.
R. H. Bishop.....	34	Salina.....	Saline.....	Farmer.
M. W. Bottom.....	52	Quindaro.....	Wyandotte...	Builder.
G. W. Bowman.....	46	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Farmer.
R. Bradley.....	41	Ash Point.....	Nemaha.....	Farmer.
J. F. Broadhead.....	36	Mound City.....	Linn.....	Farmer.
A. Brown.....	52	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth	Land Agent.
A. W. J. Brown.....	45	Iola.....	Allen.....	Farmer.
D. G. Campbell.....	42	Shawnee.....	Johnson.....	Farmer.
J. H. Campbell.....	44	Carlyle.....	Allen.....	Farmer.
N. C. Clark.....	41	Columbus.....	Doniphan.....	Physician.
J. Christie.....	34	Stanton.....	Miami.....	Farmer.
D. R. Cobb.....	35	Marmaton.....	Bourbon.....	Co. Officer.
L. C. Conrey.....	53	Osawatomie.....	Miami.....	Physician.
R. S. Craft.....	32	Holton.....	Jackson.....	Physician.
G. E. Dennison.....	43	Moncka.....	Linn.....	Physician.
W. P. Douthitt.....	34	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Lawyer.
Wm. Downing.....	41	Council Grove.....	Morris.....	Farmer.
C. F. Drake.....	29	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.....	Merchant.
J. M. Ellis.....	39	Paola.....	Miami.....	Farmer.
J. S. Emery.....	32	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Lawyer.
C. V. Eskridge.....	28	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Merchant.
George Ford.....	51	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Merchant.
J. W. Forman.....	44	Doniphan.....	Doniphan.....	Miller.
W. Foster.....	41	Clinton.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
R. C. Foster.....	28	Delaware City.....	Leavenworth	Teamster.
B. E. Fullington.....	43	Batchelor.....	Riley.....	Farmer.
G. W. Glick.....	34	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Lawyer.
G. F. Gordon.....	37	West Point.....	Davis.....	Farmer.
G. W. E. Griffith.....	29	Minneola.....	Franklin.....	Lawyer.
C. H. Grover.....	32	Leavenworth.....	Farmer.	Farmer.
T. O'Gwartney.....	39	Easton.....	Leavenw'th.	Farmer.
W. P. Hanson.....	31	Palermo.....	Doniphan.....	Carpenter.
William Harrison.....	49	Chelsea.....	Butler.....	Farmer.
J. Hawkins.....	56	Mapleton.....	Bourbon.....	Physician.
J. S. Hidden.....	42	Centralia.....	Nemaha.....	Physician.
J. Hiner.....	48	Garnett.....	Anderson.....	Farmer.
H. G. Hollenberg.....	34	Marysville.....	Washington.	Farmer.
S. Hollister.....	33	Sumner.....	Atchison.....	Miller.
H. W. Ide.....	29	Leavenworth.....	Leavenw'th..	Lawyer.
G. E. Irwin.....	32	Haulin.....	Brown.....	Physician.
D. B. Jackman.....	38	Fort Lincoln.....	Bourbon.....	Teacher.
J. P. Johnson.....	40	Highland.....	Doniphan.....	Farmer.
D. M. Johnston.....	36	Mission Creek.....	Wabaunsee.....	Farmer.
J. H. Jones.....	35	Kaw City.....	Jefferson.....	Farmer.
J. Kinner.....	47	Eureka.....	Greenwood...	Farmer.
I. J. Lacock.....	27	Hiawatha.....	Brown.....	Lawyer.
W. A. Lattin.....	36	Leavenworth City..	Leavenw'th..	Farmer.
S. V. Lee.....	37	Manhattan.....	Pottawato'ie.	Farmer.
G. M. Lee.....	28	Winchester.....	Jefferson.....	Farmer.
J. W. Loy.....	52	Americus.....	Lyon.....	Farmer.
J. Means.....	30	Cresco.....	Anderson.....	Farmer.
A. McCartney.....	24	Neosho Falls.....	Woodson.....	Physician.
J. Medill.....	35	Springdale.....	Leavenw'th..	Farmer.
R. S. Miller.....	24	Abilene.....	Dickinson.....	Surveyor.
D. T. Mitchell.....	31	Lecompton.....	Douglas.....	Lawyer.
F. R. Page.....	32	Neosho Rapids.....	Lyon.....	Farmer.
J. Rogers.....	34	Burlingame.....	Osage.....	Lawyer.
Ed. Russell.....	30	Elwood.....	Doniphan.....	Farmer.
W. R. Saunders.....	42	LeRoy.....	Coffey.....	Lawyer.
J. N. Sayer.....	37	Blooming Grove.....	Linn.....	Farmer.
S. J. H. Snyder.....	50	Monrovia.....	Atchison.....	Farmer.
C. S. Steel.....	32	Willow Springs.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
C. H. Stratton.....	34	Lexington.....	Johnson.....	Farmer.
H. Tucker.....	38	Ottumwa.....	Coffey.....	Physician.
D. Underhill.....	37	Jackson.....	Linn.....	Farmer.
J. W. Vaughn.....	44	Baldwin City.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
D. F. Walker.....	58	Springdale.....	Leavenw'th..	Merchant.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

Names.	Age.	P. O. address.	County.	Avocation.
J. T. Ward.....	44	Tecumseh.....	Shawnee.....	Farmer.
J. Weisbach.....	31	Marysville.....	Marshall.....	Merchant.
W. Williams.....	33	Gardner.....	Johnson.....	Mechanic.
A. R. Banks, Chief Clerk.....	27	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Clerk.
J. W. Day, Assistant Clerk.....	29	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.....	Lawyer.
H. P. Welsh, Journal Clerk.....	28	Minneola.....	Franklin.....	Lawyer.
A. Ellis, Engrassing Clerk.....	47	Miami.....	Miami.....	Farmer.
C. S. Lambdin, Enrolling Clerk.....	53	Plymouth.....	Lyon.....	Paper Mak'r.
Wm. Wilson, Docket Clerk.....	40	Lecompton.....	Douglas.....	Clergyman.
H. A. Burgess, Serg't-at-Arms.....	31	Lexington.....	Johnson.....	Farmer.
E. Cobb, Ass't Serg't-at-Arms.....	47	Junction City.....	Davis.....	Carpenter.
E. Downard, Doorkeeper.....	21	Elwood.....	Doniphan.....	Teacher.
M. B. Crawford, Ass't Doorkeeper,	25	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	House J'r.
Joseph Farren, Page.....	14	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	—
William Griffith, Page.....	14	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	—

JANUARY 13.—Meeting of the State Agricultural Society, at Topeka.

Officers: President, L. D. Bailey, Lyon county; Secretary, F. G. Adams, Shawnee county; Treasurer, F. P. Baker, Nemaha county.

Executive Committee: J. P. Johnson, Doniphan county; G. W. Collamore, Douglas county; David L. Lakin, Jefferson county; Abram Ellis, Miami county; S. M. Strickler, Davis county; J. S. Hidden, Nemaha county; C. Starns, Leavenworth county; J. R. Swallow, Lyon county; J. C. Marshall, Linn county; C. B. Lines, Wabaunsee county.

JANUARY 14.—The Senate passes unanimously a resolution introduced by D. P. Lowe, thanking the officers and soldiers of Blunt's command for their victories at Newtonia, in Missouri; at old Fort Wayne, in the Indian Nation; and at Cane Hill, Prairie Grove, and Van Buren, in Arkansas.

JANUARY 14.—The Fort Scott Bulletin publishes a letter written by Geo. A. Reynolds, in Washington, in which he says:

"About a month since, Sidney Clarke, Esq., while on his way to Washington, with the audited accounts of the irregular claims of Lane's Brigade, had the misfortune to lose his carpet-bag with all the papers connected with that service. The bag was stolen from him while in Baltimore. Since then he has used every effort to recover them, but without any success. I fear it will greatly delay the payment of the claims, and perhaps the business will all have to be done over again."

JANUARY 19.—Benj. P. Shillaber ("Mrs. Partington") writes a poem for the Printers' Festival, given at Leavenworth.

JANUARY 24.—The new board of State Canvassers declare John H. Watson Chief Justice, he having received 8,918 votes, to 6,006 for W. P. Gambell. The old Board declined to canvass the vote, and the Supreme Court sustained the old Board. The Court holds that the acceptance of an office under the United States by a judicial officer does not of itself work a vacancy in the office; that the vacancy in the office of Chief Justice occurred November 28th, 1862, when Ewing resigned; that the vacancy was promptly filled by the Governor, who appointed Nelson Cobb Chief Justice on that day.

On the 4th of November, 1862, John H. Watson received a majority of all the votes cast for Chief Justice.

Opinion by Judge Kingman. (*The State, ex rel. Watson, vs. Cobb*, 2 Kan., 32.)

JANUARY 17.—Fort Scott reestablished as a permanent military post. —The President appoints Samuel Lappin, Geo. F. Warren, and Chester Thomas jr., Quartermasters.

JANUARY 27.—A book is printed in Leavenworth, called *The Philosophy of Truth*; written by F. Holiday Burris.

FEBRUARY 4.—S. M. Thorp admitted to the Senate, in place of John A. Beam.

FEBRUARY 10.—The *Leavenworth Daily Inquirer*, a Secession paper, ceases to exist. The presses were destroyed at 10:30 A. M., the type thrown out of the window, and the cases burned, on Shawnee street, near Main. Burrell B. Taylor, the editor, ran away.

FEBRUARY 16.—The Legislature locates the Agricultural College at Manhattan.

MARCH 1.—Guilford Dudley is appointed Adjutant General. —Dan. M. Adams and H. S. Sleeper appointed Paymasters.

MARCH 2.—Geo. W. Collamore elected Mayor of Lawrence.

MARCH 3.—Adjournment of the Legislature. The important acts of the Legislature were as follows: A joint resolution accepting the act of Congress giving land for an Agricultural College; Establishing the Agricultural College in Riley County, provided that the Trustees of Bluemont College cede its land to the State in fee simple; An act for the government of the Agricultural College; Providing for the selection of the College lands; Giving Prof. P. A. Emery a salary for teaching the deaf and dumb; Funding the Territorial debt; Procuring temporary buildings for State offices; Making unorganized counties municipal townships; Providing for an Insane Asylum at Osawatomie; Changing the name of Grasshopper Falls to Sautrell Falls; Providing for building a Penitentiary; Paying a premium on the manufacture of salt; Establishing a State Normal School at Emporia; Authorizing two school districts in Lyon county to issue bonds (this seems to be the first act of this kind); Establishing the State University at Lawrence; Incorporating the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad Company.

The volume of laws contains 128 pages. Since the admission of the State, public and private laws are published in the same volume.

MARCH 3.—The following is a summary of chapter 98, laws of Congress of 1863, granting lands to Kansas railroads:

“Grants to Kansas, to aid the construction: First, of a railroad and telegraph from the city of Leavenworth, by way of the town of Lawrence, and via the Ohio City crossing of the Osage river, to the southern line of the State, in the direction of Galveston Bay in Texas, with a branch from Lawrence by the valley of the Wakarusa river, to the point on the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad where said road intersects the Neosho river. Second, of a railroad from the city of Atchison, via Topeka, the cap-

ital of said State, to the western line of the State, in the direction of Fort Union and Santa Fé, New Mexico, with a branch from where this last-named road crosses the Neosho, down said Neosho valley to the point where the said first-named road enters the said Neosho valley; every alternate section of land, designated by odd numbers, for ten sections in width on each side of said roads, and each of its branches. If any such lands are sold or preempted, other as near as possible shall be given in lieu, but in no case further than twenty miles from the line of road; the granted lands to be applied exclusively to aid the roads. The sections among these lands remaining to the United States are not to be sold for less than double the minimum price, nor subject to private entry until first offered at public sale, except in case of actual settlers, who may buy at minimum price; the homestead law also applies to all these lands. The roads are to be free to the United States for carrying troops or any property. Rules for disposing of the lands are set down. If no part of the roads is done in ten years, the grant is void."

—Passage of an act by Congress for the removal of Indians from Kansas.

MARCH 8.—Rev. C. C. Hutchinson reappointed Ottawa Indian Agent.

MARCH 13.—Thomas Ewing jr. is made a Brigadier General; Captain William Tholen, Adjutant General; and Captain M. H. Insley is appointed Quartermaster in the Regular Army.

MARCH 18.—Governor Carney goes to Washington, and Lieutenant Governor Osborn goes to Topeka, to act in his absence.

—E. N. Morrill is appointed Commissary; Oliver S. Coffin and George Allen, Quartermasters; S. W. Eldridge and John B. Wheeler, Paymasters.

APRIL.—Organization of the Fourteenth Kansas begins.

APRIL 6.—D. R. Anthony elected Mayor of Leavenworth.

APRIL 14.—T. Dwight Thacher becomes the proprietor of the Kansas City (Mo.) Journal.

APRIL 25.—Dr. Rufus Gillpatrick killed at Webber's Falls, Cherokee Nation, while dressing the wounds of a Rebel soldier.

APRIL 28.—C. W. Babcock makes arrangements for bridging the Kaw at Lawrence.

APRIL 30.—The Commissioners appointed by the Governor report to him that they have selected forty acres of land near Lawrence as a site for the University buildings.

MAY 1.—The Kansas Farmer founded by Lawrence D. Bailey, Topeka. The size of the printed page is $4\frac{1}{2}$ by $7\frac{1}{2}$ inches.

MAY 1.—Governor Carney sells State bonds in New York at 95 $\frac{1}{4}$. He sold \$59,600 in bonds, \$31,000 of which he took from the Secretary of the Interior, (J. P. Usher), for \$56,759.—[See Treasurer Howe's Supplementary Report, of 1885.

MAY 18.—A ruffian and thief named Sterling hung by the citizens of Atchison. On the 23d. about 300 men from the country went into Atchison, took Mooney and Brewer, two other members of the gang, and hung them.

MAY 20.—Col. William A. Phillips has an engagement with Col. Coffey, at Fort Gibson (now called Fort Blunt).

JUNE 1.—Sidney Clarke appointed Provost Marshal for Kansas, Nebraska and Colorado.

JUNE 3.—Two desperadoes, James Melvine and William Cannon, hung at Highland by citizens.

JUNE 11.—Col. James Montgomery, of Kansas, with his colored regiment, leaves Hilton Head for a raid in Georgia.

—C. L. Vallandigham (Copperhead) nominated for Governor of Ohio.

JULY 1.—Col. James M. Williams, of the First Kansas Colored, 800 strong, and 500 Indians, has a fight at Cabin Creek with a force of Texans and Indians under Stand Waitie. Complete Union victory.

JULY 3.—Final battle of Gettysburg; retreat of Lee.

JULY 4.—Surrender of Vicksburg. The Rebellion reaches its climax.

JULY 8.—The Mississippi opened.

—James McCahon and A. R. Banks made Provost Marshals of Kansas; Edward Russell and A. J. Shannon, Commissioners.

JULY 12.—John Morgan's raid in Ohio.

JULY 13.—Great draft riot in New York.

JULY 17.—Blunt gains a victory over Cooper, at Honey Springs, south of the Arkansas, in the Indian Territory.

JULY 27.—Organization of the Agricultural College; the first term to begin September 2.

AUGUST.—Death of Archibald Williams, United States District Judge.

AUGUST 17.—The Commissioners appointed by the Governor report to him that they have selected twenty acres of land adjoining Emporia as a site for the Normal School.

AUGUST 21.—The Quantrill Massacre, at Lawrence. The following account, by Rev. Richard Cordley, D. D., is copied from Blackburn's Gazetteer of Kansas. Dr. Cordley wrote a longer sketch for the Annual Register. A pamphlet of considerable length, describing the Massacre, was written by Hovey E. Lowman:

"Early in the summer of 1863, a large band entered Olathe, one night, about midnight. They took most of the citizens prisoners, and kept them till their work was done. They plundered the town, carried off what they wanted, and destroyed other property, and left before daylight. They killed some seven men.

"Some time after, they sacked the town of Shawnee twice. In addition to robbery, they here burned most of the town. Several were killed here also. Individual murders and house-burning were common.

"On the 20th of August, a body of between three and four hundred crossed the State line at sundown. Riding all night, they reached Lawrence at daybreak. They dashed into the town with a yell, shooting at everybody they saw. The surprise was complete. The hotel, and every point where a rally would be possible, was seized at once, and the ruffians then began the work of destruction. Some of the citizens escaped into the fields and ravines, and some into the woods, but the larger portion could not escape at all. Numbers of these were shot down as they were found, and often brutally mangled. In many cases the bodies were left in the burning buildings and were consumed. The Rebels entered the place about five o'clock, and left between nine and ten. Troops for the relief of the town were within six miles when the Rebels went out. One hundred and forty-three were left dead in the streets, and about thirty desperately

wounded. The main street was all burned but two stores. Thus, about seventy-five business houses were destroyed, and nearly one hundred residences. They destroyed something near two millions of property, left eighty widows and two hundred and fifty orphans, as the result of their four hours' work. Scenes of brutality were enacted, which have never been surpassed in savage warfare. "The picture is redeemed only by the fact that women and children were in no case hurt."

The first news of the event was brought to Leavenworth by James F. Legate. The first full newspaper description of it was written by George T. Isbell, for the Leavenworth Conservative, and telegraphed thence through the country.

A book called "Shelby and his Men: or the War in the West," was printed in Cincinnati in 1867. It is a Confederate history. The following is copied from pages 400, 401:

"About daylight on the morning of August 21, 1863, Quantrill, with three hundred men, dashed into the streets of Lawrence, Kansas. Flame and bullet, waste and pilage, terror and despair, were everywhere. Two hundred were killed. Death was a monarch, and men bowed down and worshiped him. Blood ran in rivulets. The guerrillas were unerring shots with revolvers, and excellent horsemen. General Lane saved himself by flight; General Collamore took refuge in a well, and died there. Poor Collamore! He should have kept away from the well, upon the principle that actuated the mother who had no objection to her boy's learning how to swim, if he didn't go near the water. Printers and editors suffered. Speer of the Tribune, Palmer of the Journal, Trask of the State Journal, hadn't time even to write their obituaries. Two camps of instruction for white and negro soldiers, on Massachusetts street (of course), were surrounded and all their occupants killed. Every hotel, except the City Hotel, was burned. Other property, valued at two million dollars, was also fired and consumed. . . . Massachusetts street was made a mass of smouldering ruins. Sometimes there is a great deal in a name—in this instance more than is generally the case. After killing every male inhabitant who remained in Lawrence, after burning the houses in the town and those directly around it, Quantrill very quietly withdrew his men into Missouri and rested there, followed, however, at a safe distance, by General Lane, who made terrible threats, but miserable fulfillments. Two hundred white abolitionists, fifty or sixty negroes, and two millions of dollars' worth of property were fearful aggregates of losses."

AUGUST 22.—The citizens of Leavenworth raise \$10,000 for the relief of Lawrence.

AUGUST 23.—Blunt crosses the Arkansas.

—The following order issued by Gen. Thomas Ewing jr.:

"GENERAL ORDER NO. 11.]

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 23d, 1863.

"All persons living in Jackson, Cass and Bates counties, Missouri, and that part of Vernon county included in this district, except those living within one mile of the limits of Independence, Hickman's Mill, Pleasant Hill and Harrisonville, and except those in Kaw Township, Jackson county, north of this creek and west of the Big Blue, embracing Kansas City and Westport, are hereby ordered to remove from their places of residence within fifteen days from the date hereof.

"Those who within that time prove their loyalty to the satisfaction of the commanding officer of the military station nearest their present places of residence, will receive from him certificates stating the fact of their loyalty, and the names of the witnesses by whom it can be sworn. All who have received such certificates will be permitted to remove to any military station in this district, or to any part of Kansas except the counties on the eastern border of the State. All others shall remove out of this district. Officers commanding companies and detachments serving in companies will see that this paragraph is promptly obeyed.

"All hay or grain in the field or under shelter, in the district from which the inhabitants are required to remove, within reach of the military stations after the 9th of

September next, will be taken to such stations and turned over to the proper officers there, and a report of the amount so turned over made to the district headquarters, specifying the names of all loyal owners and the amount of such produce taken from them. All grain and hay found in such districts after the 9th of September next, not convenient to such stations, will be destroyed."

AUGUST.—Samuel Hallett begins the grade of the Kansas Pacific Railway at the State line between Kansas and Missouri, in the forest, erecting a tall post and inscribing on the face towards Missouri the word Slavery, and on the face towards Kansas the word Freedom.

SEPTEMBER.—Organization of the Fifteenth Kansas begins.

SEPTEMBER 7.—M. M. Murdock founds the Burlingame Chronicle.

SEPTEMBER 8.—Convention at Paola. President, T. A. Osborn; Vice Presidents, A. H. Dean, D. P. Lowe, I. Ford, W. H. M. Fishback, Johnson Clark, J. A. Woodworth, D. M. Valentine; Secretaries, D. W. Wilder, D. B. Emmert, Henry Buckingham, James C. Horton. Resolutions adopted asking the removal of Generals Schofield and Ewing, and the establishment of a new military department.

SEPTEMBER 19.—Battle of Chicamauga.

OCTOBER 6.—First State Fair, held at Leavenworth.

OCTOBER 6.—The following account of the massacre at Baxter Springs, Kansas, is copied from Greeley's Conflict, vol. II, p. 452:

"General Blunt, having been on business to Kansas, was returning with a small cavalry escort to Fort Smith, when he was struck, near Baxter's Springs, Cherokee Nation, by Quantrill, with 600 guerrillas, and most of his small escort killed or disabled: among the eighty killed—nearly all after they had been captured—were Major H. Z. Curtis, son of Major General S. R. Curtis, and several civilians. [General Curtis named Fort Zarah for this son.] General Blunt, rallying some fifteen of his guard, escaped capture and death by great coolness and courage; their persistency in boldly fighting creating a belief that they were the van of a heavy force. A considerable train that accompanied them was sacked and burned. The attack was made very near the little post known as Fort Blair, which was next assailed; but its defenders, though few, were brave, and well led by Lieutenant Pond, Third Wisconsin Cavalry, who beat the enemy off, inflicting a loss of eleven killed and many more wounded. General Blunt and his remnant of escort kept the prairie till night, then made their way to the post. They had not ventured thither before, apprehending that it had been taken."

OCTOBER 6.—The Provost Marshal General writes that Kansas has furnished for the United States service the number of 4,440 troops in excess of all calls. Her white soldiers number 9,613. Colonel Fry's statement does not include the colored regiment, nor 2,262 Indians enrolled in three regiments, in Kansas, in 1862.

OCTOBER 7.—Meeting of State Editors at Leavenworth. D. H. Bailey, President; F. P. Baker, Secretary. On the 8th a society was formed, with the following officers: President, John Speer; Vice President, Hovey E. Lowman; Secretary, D. H. Bailey; Treasurer, D. W. Wilder.

—Mark W. Delahay appointed United States District Judge.

OCTOBER 8.—The Republican State Committee meets in Leavenworth, and nominates Robert Crozier for Chief Justice.

—D. W. Wilder appointed Surveyor General of Kansas and Nebraska.

OCTOBER 16.—The Fifteenth Regiment mustered.

OCTOBER 21.—Henry C. F. Hackbusch appointed Chief Clerk of Surveyor General.

OCTOBER 23.—Discontinuance of the Delaware Land District — office at Atchison.

OCTOBER 25.—Battle of Pine Bluff.

"Pine Bluff, on the south bank of the Arkansas, fifty miles below Little Rock, was occupied, early in October, by Colonel Powell Clayton, Fifth Kansas Cavalry, with 350 men and four guns. Marmaduke, at Princeton, forty-five miles south, resolved to retake it. By the time he advanced to do so, Clayton had been reinforced by the First Indiana Cavalry; so that now he had 600 men and nine light guns.

"Marmaduke, with twelve guns and a force estimated at 2,500, advanced in three columns, and poured in shell and canister for five hours, setting fire to the place; but Clayton had organized 200 negroes to barricade the streets with cotton bales, by whose services the fire was stopped without subtracting from his slender fighting force. The Rebel shells burned the Court House and several dwellings, battering most of the residue; but they could not take the town, and at 2 P. M. drew off, having lost 150 killed and wounded, beside 33 prisoners. Our loss was but 17 killed and 40 wounded—5 of the former and 12 of the latter among the negro volunteers."—*Greeley's Conflict*, vol. II, p. 453.

OCTOBER.—The Second Kansas Colored organized, at Fort Smith, Arkansas.

NOVEMBER 1.—A book published, called "History of American Conspiracies." By Orville J. Victor. New York: James D. Torrey. 1863. One chapter is given to the "Kansas-Nebraska troubles," and one to "John Brown's Conspiracy." It contains a steel engraving by John Rogers, designed by Felix O. C. Darley, "Missourians going to Kansas to 'vote.'" The "voters" are well-armed assassins, and the engraving spirited.

NOVEMBER.—Organization of the Sixteenth Kansas begins.

—Location of the Insane Asylum, at Osawatomie.

NOVEMBER 2.—The conditions of the act of February 20 having been complied with, Governor Carney issues a proclamation declaring the State University to be permanently established at Lawrence.

NOVEMBER 3.—Election. The following is the canvass of the vote:

JUDICIAL VOTE.

CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT.

Robert Crozier.....12,731 Scattering..... 14

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

<i>Counties.</i>	<i>H. W. Mc...</i>	<i>T. P. Fenlon.</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority for Mc.....</i>
Jackson.....	147	.....	147	147
Jefferson.....	784	.....	784	784
Leavenworth.....	1995	10	2005	1985
Wyandotte.....	307	36	343	271
Total.....	.....	.....	3279	3187

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

<i>Counties.</i>	<i>E. J. Jenkins.....</i>	<i>F. P. Bobbit.....</i>	<i>Scattering... ..</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority for Jenkins</i>
Atchison	929	.....	.....	929	929
Brown	303	.....	.....	303	303
Doniphan	855	.....	.....	855	855
Marshall	337	.....	.....	337	337
Nemaha	284	9	10	303	.....
Total.....				2727	2689

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

<i>Counties.</i>	<i>C. K. Gilchrist.....</i>	<i>A. H. Case.</i>	<i>N. P. Case..</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority for C. K. Gilchrist... ..</i>	<i>Majority for A. H. Case.....</i>
Davis	113	109	.....	222	4	.....
Dickinson	57	13	.....	70	44	.....
Pottawatomie.....	131	24	6	161	107	.....
Saline	42	23	.....	65	19	.....
Shawnee.....	276	240	.....	516	36	.....
Wabaunsee.....	51	85	.....	136	.....	34
Riley.....	114	108	.....	222	6	.....
Total.....				1392	182	.....

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Samuel A. Riggs</i>	<i>D. P. Lowe.</i>	<i>Scattering... ..</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority for Riggs... ..</i>
Allen.....	290	.....	.....	290	.....
Anderson	138	.....	.....	138	.....
Bourbon.....	239	187	.....	426	52
Douglas.....	821	58	12	891	763
Franklin.....	181	1	.....	182	180
Johnson.....	271	85	.....	356	186
Linn.....	467	.....	.....	467	467
Miami.....	426	.....	.....	426	426
Total				3176	2502

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

<i>Counties.</i>	<i>A. S. Howard ...</i>	<i>G. H. Little</i>	<i>Stas Penn.</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority for Howard</i>	<i>Majority for Penn... ..</i>
Chase	55	52	2	109	3	.....
Coffey.....	86	6	248	340	.....	162
Greenwood.....	31	11	39	81	.....	8
Lyon.....	137	309	62	508	.....	.....
Morris.....	89	.....	30	119	59	.....
Osage	169	1	29	199	140	.....
Woodson	85	.....	.....	85	85	.....
Butler.....	21	1	1	23	20	.....
Total.....				1464	262	.....

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE.
REPRESENTATIVES.

	Counties.	Names.	1 Votes.....	2 Majority.....	3 Vote of District.	4 Vote of County.....
1	Doniphan.....	J. P. Johnson.....	133	58	.....
		W. R. Parker.....	75		.....
		T. C. Shreve.....	50		258	
2	.....	W. J. Orem.....	99	31	.....
		E. Fleming.....	68		167	
3	.....	F. H. Drenning.....	104	101	104	
4	.....	C. C. Camp.....	175	175	175	
5	.....	J. W. Forman.....	105	44	.....
		S. W. Lloyd.....	61		176	850
6	Atchison.....	G. W. Glick.....	189	183	.....
		J. Saqui.....	6		195	
7	.....	Jacob Saqui.....	208	132	.....
		William Dean.....	76		284	
8	.....	Asa Barnes.....	232	231	.....
		Samuel Hollister.....	1		233	
9	.....	B. W. Williams.....	124	122	.....
		Scattering.....	2		126	
10	.....	J. C. Batsell.....	83	83	83	921
11	Brown.....	Ira J. Lacock.....	115	53	.....
		L. C. Dunn.....	62		.....
		Scattering.....	1		178	
12	.....	George E. Irwin.....	73	28	.....
		M. L. Savin.....	45		118	296
13	Nemaha.....	Richard Bradley.....	133	39	.....
		George Graham.....	94		227	
14	.....	J. S. Hidden.....	134	69	.....
		J. Hodgins.....	65		199	426
15	Marshall.....	J. D. Brumbaugh.....	224	117	.....
		T. S. Vail.....	107		331	331
16	Washington.....	G. H. Hollenberg.....	48	48	48	48
17	Pottawatomie.....	O. J. Grover.....	131	99	.....
		F. N. Sales.....	32		163	163
18	Jackson.....	J. W. Williams.....	190	69	.....
		J. Rippetoe.....	121		311	311
19	Jefferson.....	C. A. Buek.....	103	20	.....
		Thomas Hodges.....	83		.....
		G. M. Lee.....	61		.....
		N. Leaventon.....	25		272	
20	.....	E. M. Hutchins.....	116	18	.....
		Robert Riddle.....	98		214	
21	.....	M. Barnes.....	149	51	.....
		G. W. Gray.....	98		247	733
22	Leavenworth.....	William Freeland.....	340	182	.....
		W. P. Gambell.....	158		498	
23	.....	Josiah Kellogg.....	492	492	492	
24	.....	George A. Moore.....	399	301	.....
		John L. Pendery.....	89		479	
25	.....	James B. Laing.....	251	71	.....
		W. A. Lattin.....	180		431	
26	.....	Jacob W. Craig.....	121	66	.....
		Charles H. Grover.....	55		176	
27	.....	George R. Houts.....	60	14	.....
		P. E. Thornton.....	46		106	
28	.....	David F. Walker.....	62	18	.....
		John Wright.....	44		.....
		Isaac M. Pierce.....	15		121	
29	.....	Thomas Trower.....	113	61	.....
		James L. Wallace.....	52		165	
30	.....	Ben. H. Twombly.....	97	21	.....
		H. T. Green.....	76		173	2641
31	Wyandotte.....	M. W. Bottom.....	190	84	.....
		B. B. Hadley.....	106		.....
		A. Guthrie.....	45		341	341
32	Johnson.....	C. H. Stratton.....	126	103	.....
		W. D. Butt.....	23		149	
33	.....	D. G. Campbell.....	71	22	.....
		S. B. Bell.....	49		120	
34	.....	Harry McBride.....	75	75	75	344
35	Douglas.....	T. J. Sternberg.....	254	254	254	
36	.....	J. S. Emery.....	114	63	.....
		S. J. Willes.....	51		165	

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES — (CONTINUED).

<i>District.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Votes</i>	<i>Majority</i>	<i>Vote of District</i>	<i>Vote of County</i>
37	Douglas (concluded).....	Clarkson Reynolds.....	71	41	.....	.....
		W. G. Piper.....	30	.....	101	.....
38	.....	A. Thoman.....	66	3	.....	.....
		Levi Woodard.....	63	.....	129	.....
39	.....	J. A. Wakefield.....	114	59	.....	.....
		William Brass.....	55	.....	169	.....
40	.....	William Draper.....	90	88	.....	.....
		Scattering.....	2	.....	92	910
41	Shawnee.....	J. F. Cummings.....	194	83	.....	.....
		W. P. Douthitt.....	111	.....	.....	.....
		Scattering.....	3	.....	308	.....
42	.....	Henry Fox.....	107	11	.....	.....
		J. L. Weightman.....	95	.....	.....	.....
		Scattering.....	1	.....	203	511
43	Miami.....	William Chestnut.....	84	39	.....	.....
		Thomas Roberts.....	45	.....	129	.....
44	.....	T. H. Ellis.....	154	134	134	.....
45	.....	W. G. McColloch.....	93	29	.....	.....
		R. Hiner.....	64	.....	157	420
46	Linn.....	William Snooks.....	45	1	.....	.....
		Richard Hill.....	44	.....	89	.....
47	.....	J. H. Belding.....	87	87	87	.....
48	.....	Samuel Ayres.....	53	53	53	.....
49	.....	Jeff. Fleming.....	102	102	102	331
50	Bourbon.....	William Stone.....	55	47	.....	.....
		A. Warner.....	8	.....	63	.....
51	.....	R. P. Stevens.....	51	28	.....	.....
		M. T. Jones.....	23	.....	.....	.....
		J. Hawkins.....	19	.....	93	.....
52	.....	D. R. Cobb.....	87	87	87	.....
53	.....	J. G. Miller.....	176	174	.....	.....
		G. A. Reynolds.....	2	.....	178	421
54	Allen.....	D. Rogers.....	142	42	.....	.....
		J. R. Goodin.....	100	.....	242	.....
55	.....	J. M. Evans.....	35	3	.....	.....
		J. W. Scott.....	32	.....	67	309
56	Anderson.....	Henry Cavender.....	86	14	.....	.....
		Isaac Hince.....	72	.....	.....	.....
		James Adams.....	7	.....	165	.....
57	.....	B. M. Lingo.....	72	59	.....	.....
		R. Kirkland.....	13	.....	85	250
58	Franklin.....	Isaiah Pile.....	81	78	.....	.....
		Scattering.....	3	.....	84	.....
59	.....	James N. Smith.....	80	80	80	164
60	Osage.....	James Rogers.....	99	1	.....	.....
		P. C. Schuyler.....	98	.....	197	197
61	Coffey.....	Job Throckmorton.....	137	111	.....	.....
		Joseph Jenks.....	26	.....	163	.....
62	.....	William R. Saunders.....	98	23	.....	.....
		Abijah Jones.....	75	.....	173	336
63	Woodson.....	A. W. Pickering.....	80	80	80	80
64	Lyon.....	C. V. Eskridge.....	135	17	.....	.....
		Jacob Stotler.....	118	.....	253	.....
65	.....	A. K. Hawkes.....	62	16	.....	.....
		G. H. Lillie.....	46	.....	.....	.....
		Isaiah Booth.....	26	.....	.....	.....
		E. H. Sanford.....	29	.....	.....	.....
		W. H. Mickel.....	4	.....	167	.....
66	.....	Joseph Frost.....	56	10	.....	.....
		R. H. Abraham.....	46	.....	102	522
67	Butler.....	G. T. Donaldson.....	19	4	.....	.....
		L. M. Pratt.....	15	.....	34	34
68	Chase.....	A. L. Alford.....	76	44	.....	.....
		H. L. Scribner.....	32	.....	108	108
69	Morris.....	S. N. Wood.....	96	46	.....	.....
		William Downing.....	50	.....	146	146
70	Wabaunsee.....	D. M. Johnston.....	109	85	.....	.....
		F. Weir.....	24	.....	.....	.....
		W. Mitchell.....	2	.....	135	135
71	Davis.....	P. Z. Taylor.....	130	19	.....	.....
		W. S. Gilbert.....	111	.....	241	241

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES—(CONCLUDED).

District...	Counties.	Names.	Votes.....	Majority.	Vote of District.	Vote of County...
72	Riley.....	B. E. Fullington..... Robert Fleming.....	150 84	66	234	234
73	Dickinson.....	G. F. Hersey.....	69	69	69	69
74	Saline.....	H. L. Jones..... H. Whitely.....	42 22	20	64	64
75	Greenwood.....	James Kenner..... Jochan Keyes.....	63 12	51	75	75
	Total.....					12,992

VOTE FOR SENATOR OF THE NINTH DISTRICT, DOUGLAS COUNTY, TO FILL A VACANCY.

Robert G. Elliott..... 906

RECAPITULATION OF VOTES.

CHIEF JUSTICE.

Robert Crozier..... 12,731
Scattering..... 14
Total..... 12,745

DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

First District..... 3,279
Second District..... 2,727
Third District..... 1,392
Fourth District..... 3,176
Fifth District..... 1,464
Total..... 12,038

REPRESENTATIVES.

Total vote for all the candidates..... 12,992

NOVEMBER 19.—Speech of Abraham Lincoln at Gettysburg, on the occasion of dedicating a National Cemetery:*

“Fourscore and seven years ago our fathers brought forth on this continent a new nation, conceived in Liberty, and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal. Now, we are engaged in a great civil war, testing whether that nation, or any nation so conceived and so dedicated, can long endure. We are met on a great battlefield of that war. We have come to dedicate a portion of that field as a final resting-place for those who here gave their lives that that nation might live. It is altogether fitting and proper that we should do this.

“But, in a larger sense, we cannot dedicate, we cannot consecrate, we cannot hallow, this ground. The brave men, living and dead, who struggled here, have consecrated it far above our poor power to add or detract. The world will little note nor long remember what we say here, but it can never forget what they did here. It is for us the living, rather, to be dedicated here to the unfinished work that they have thus far so nobly advanced. It is rather for us to be here dedicated to the great task remaining before us; that from these honored dead we take increased devotion to that cause for which they gave the last full measure of devotion; that we here highly resolve that these dead

*“There is what I call the American Idea. . . . This Idea demands, as the proximate organization thereof, a Democracy; that is, a government of all the people, by all the people, for all the people; of course, a government of the principles of Eternal Justice, the unchanging Law of God: for shortness' sake I will call it the Idea of Freedom.”—THEODORE PARKER. *Speech at the New England Anti-Slavery Convention, Boston, May 29, 1850.*

The same thought had been expressed by Daniel Webster and by Chief Justice Marshall. Lincoln gave it wings; now it flies everywhere.

shall not have died in vain; that this nation, under God, shall have a new birth of freedom, and that government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall not perish from the earth."

NOVEMBER 24.—Capture of Lookout Mountain—the "fight above the clouds."

NOVEMBER 30.—Expenditures of the State for the year:

Governor's Department.....	\$4,230 00	Judiciary Department.....	\$15,243 58
Secretary's Department.....	5,025 84	Legislature and Journals.....	26,918 23
Auditor's Department.....	3,340 83	Printing Department.....	9,132 89
Treasurer's Department.....	2,116 00	Educating deaf and dumb.....	913 85
Superintendent of Public In-		Capitol grounds.....	1,000 00
struction.....	1,648 30	Selecting agricultural lands.....	1,000 00
Attorney General.....	1,120 58	Miscellaneous accounts.....	13,723 14
Quartermaster General.....	500 00		
Adjutant General.....	957 00	Total for 1863.....	\$86,869 24

DECEMBER 1.—Death of Lyman Allen, at Lawrence. He came to Kansas in March, 1855, filled many public positions, and was a man of high character.

—The Lawrence bridge is nearly completed. It is 690 feet in length. It has been built by C. W. Babcock, E. D. Thompson, Josiah Miller, and M. J. Parrott.

DECEMBER 10.—The State "capitol building," so called, built by Mills, Farnsworth, Gordon, and Gage, completed, and leased to the State.

DECEMBER 11.—Death of J. W. Robinson, Surgeon of the Second Kansas, at Fort Smith. He was generally believed to be innocent of intentional wrong-doing in the sale of the State bonds—an illegal act for which he was impeached, as Secretary of State, and removed from office. No other Kansas politician has died of a broken heart.

DECEMBER 16.—The Conservative reviews a pamphlet published by M. Neider & Co., St. Louis, 1854. It is entitled "Negro Slavery No Evil, or the North and the South," and is a "Report Made to the Platte County Self-Defensive Association, by a Committee, through B. F. Stringfellow, Chairman." To the men sent to Kansas by the Emigrant Aid Societies the writer says: "We offer no argument but that of the strong arm;" "they are to us as would be a band of Blackfeet or Camanches;" "we would be justified in marching to their camp, and driving them back to their dens, without waiting for their attack;" "robbers and murderers have no right to call on the law for protection." The pamphlet contains forty pages.

—The Second Kansas Colored is in camp at Fort Smith, Arkansas.

—Jacob O. Brinkerhoff, the pioneer conductor of the Kansas Pacific, arrives.

DECEMBER 18.—Colonel William A. Phillips defeats a Rebel force near Fort Gibson.

DECEMBER 19.—Fort Gibson attacked by Stand Waitie; he is repulsed.

DECEMBER 22.—Wilkes Booth plays Richard III at the Leavenworth Theater.

DECEMBER 22.—The following is copied from the report made to I. T. Goodnow, Superintendent of Public Instruction, by Joseph Denison, President of the Agricultural College:

"The commissioners, appointed to locate the lands donated by Congress to the Kansas State Agricultural College, have done their work very faithfully, as we have good evidence to believe, having visited and inspected each quarter-section in person; and they affirm that each quarter-section is suitable to make a good farm. The 90,000 acres of land for the endowment of the College are mostly located (76,000 acres) and designated, and their minimum value cannot be less than \$2.50 per acre, making the minimum value of the endowment two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars (\$225,000.) Add to this the value of the College buildings, with the library, etc., and one hundred acres of land adjoining, estimated in July last at \$25,000, and since increased by donations in musical instruments, electrical machines, furniture, etc., about \$900, and you have the present assets of the institution. About \$600 more are already pledged to the institution, by subscription, and this amount is expected to be still largely increased."

DECEMBER 31.—The Directors of the Penitentiary report that they have made a contract for building a penitentiary.

DECEMBER 31.—W. W. Guthrie, Attorney General, makes a report, which is published with the State documents—a good precedent.

DECEMBER 31.—The report of the Secretary of State contains a list of the lands selected by E. P. Bancroft, H. B. Denman and S. E. Hoffman for the State. They are: 46,080 acres, containing twelve salt springs, granted by Congress by the Act of Admission and confirmed to the State by the Secretary of the Interior; 6,376.36 acres for public buildings; 48,886.25 acres for the State University; 17,638.59 acres confirmed to the State in lieu of sections 16 and 36, which had been settled upon and disposed of before the surveys—total number of acres selected, 115,981.50.

DECEMBER 31.—P. A. Emery reports fifteen pupils in his deaf-mute school at Baldwin City, Douglas county.

FOURTEENTH REGIMENT KANSAS VOLUNTEERS—CAVALRY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
COLONEL.		
Charles W. Blair.....	Nov. 20, 1863	Mustered out on detached roll, Leavenworth, Kansas, Aug. 21, 1865, to date Aug. 11, 1865.
LIEUT. COLONEL.		
Charles W. Blair.....	Sept. 26, 1863	Promoted Colonel, November 20, 1863.
John G. Brown.....	May 5, 1864	Resigned, August 5, 1864, Fort Smith, Ark.
J. Finn Hill.....	Nov. 22, 1864	Died of pulmonary consumption, St. Louis, Missouri, May 11, 1865.
Albert J. Briggs.....	June 3, 1865	Mustered out with regiment, June 25, 1865.
MAJOR.		
Daniel H. David.....	Sept. 26, 1863	Dismissed, January 7, 1864, Fort Smith, Ark.
Charles Willetts.....	Nov. 12, 1863	Resigned, April 21, 1865, Pine Bluff, Arkansas.
John G. Brown.....	Nov. 20, 1863	Promoted Lieutenant Colonel, March 5, 1864.
J. Finn Hill.....	Jan. 20, 1864	Promoted Lieutenant Colonel, Nov. 22, 1864.
William O. Gould.....	Mar. 19, 1864	Mustered out on detached roll, Leavenworth, Kansas, Aug. 22, 1865, to date Aug. 11, 1865.
Albert J. Briggs.....	May 4, 1865	Promoted Lieutenant Colonel, June 3, 1865.
William N. Bixby.....	June 3, 1865	Mustered out with regiment.
ADJUTANT.		
William O. Gould.....	Nov. 1, 1863	Promoted Major, March 19, 1864.
Alexander D. Nieman...	July 29, 1864	Promoted Captain Company D, June 4, 1865.
George W. Williams.....	June 10, 1865	Mustered out with regiment.
QUARTERMASTER.		
George W. Huston.....	Oct. 17, 1863	Prisoner of war from June 18, 1864, to May 27, 1865; mustered out with regiment.
COMMISSARY.		
Josiah C. Haskell.....	Nov. 9, 1863	Mustered out with regiment.
Count S. Steel.....	June 3, 1865	Died of pneumonia on board steamer, on the Arkansas river, May 4, 1865.
SURGEON.		
Albert W. Chenoweth...	Jan. 1, 1864	Mustered out with regiment.
ASST. SURGEON.		
Albert W. Chenoweth...	Aug. 21, 1863	Promoted Surgeon, January 1, 1864.
Willis J. Peak.....	Aug. 20, 1864	Mustered out with regiment.

List of battles, etc., in which this regiment participated, showing loss reported in each:

Waldron (Co. A)—Killed, O., 1; wounded, E. M., 2; missing, E. M., 1. Baxter Springs (A)—Killed, E. M., 17; wounded, E. M., 3; missing, E. M., 5. Flint Creek—Killed, E. M., 1. Prairie D'Ann—Missing, E. M., 2. Poison Springs—Missing, E. M., 4. Jenkins's Ferry—No loss. Ozark—Killed, E. M., 2; missing, E. M., 1. Camp Verdigris (M)—No loss. Cabin Creek—Missing, E. M., 3. Vache Grass—Killed, E. M., 8; wounded, O. 1, E. M. 1; missing, E. M., 4. Big Blue—Killed, E. M., 1.

FIFTEENTH REGIMENT KANSAS VOLUNTEERS—CAVALRY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
COLONEL.		
Charles R. Jennison.....	Oct. 17, 1863	
Wm. F. Cloud.....	July 26, 1865	Mustered out, Oct. 19, 1865, at Leavenworth.
LIEUT. COLONEL.		
George H. Hoyt.....	Oct. 17, 1863	Resigned, July 19, 1865; promoted Brev. Brig. Gen., March 13, 1865.
Henry C. Haas.....	Sept. 3, 1865	Mustered out, Oct. 19, 1865, Leavenworth.
MAJOR.		
Robert H. Hunt.....	Oct. 2, 1863	Promoted Brev. Lt. Col., June 19, 1865.
John M. Laing.....	Oct. 19, 1863	
Henry C. Haas.....	Oct. 20, 1863	Promoted Lieutenant Colonel, Sept. 3, 1865.
Benj. F. Simpson.....	June 7, 1865	Mustered out, October 19, 1865.
Leroy J. Beam.....	Sept. 27, 1865	Mustered out, October 19, 1865.
ADJUTANT.		
Joseph Mackle.....	Sept. 1, 1863	Mustered out, October 19, 1865.
QUARTERMASTER.		
George W. Carpenter.....	Sept. 1, 1863	Promoted Captain and A. Q. M., U. S. Vols., November 22, 1864.
Samuel P. Warren.....	Mar. 22, 1864	Mustered out, October 19, 1865.
COMMISSARY.		
John Francis.....	Oct. 27, 1863	Resigned, June 12, 1865.
George E. Clark.....	Aug. 20, 1865	Mustered out, October 19, 1865.
SURGEON.		
Aug. E. Denning.....	Sept. 28, 1863	Died, Leavenworth, January 6, 1864.
Edward Twiss.....	June 14, 1864	Mustered out, October 19, 1865.
ASST. SURGEON.		
Edward Twiss.....	Oct. 31, 1863	Promoted Surgeon, June 14, 1864.
Samuel Ashmore.....	Sept. 27, 1864	Mustered out, October 19, 1865.
CHAPLAIN.		
Benj. L. Read.....	Oct. 23, 1863	Mustered out, October 19, 1865.

List of battles, etc., in which this regiment participated, showing loss reported in each:

Clear Creek (Cos. D and L)—Wounded, E. M., 2. Lexington—Wounded, E. M., 1; missing, E. M., 1. Little Blue—Killed, E. M., 3; wounded, O. 2, E. M., 35. Independence—Wounded, E. M., 2; missing, E. M., 6. Big Blue—Killed, E. M., 2; wounded, O. 1, E. M. 21; missing, E. M., 3. Osage—Missing, E. M., 1. Newtonia—Wounded, E. M., 10.

SIXTEENTH REGIMENT KANSAS VOLUNTEERS—CAVALRY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
COLONEL.		
Werter R. Davis.....	Oct. 8, 1864	Mustered out with regiment, Nov. 28, 1865.
LIEUT. COLONEL.		
Werter R. Davis.....	Mar. 10, 1864	Promoted Colonel, October 8, 1864.
Samuel Walker.....	Oct. 8, 1864	Mustered out with regiment, Dec. 6, 1865.
MAJOR.		
James A. Price.....	Feb. 29, 1864	Resigned, October 7, 1864.
Wilber F. Woodworth.....	April 27, 1864	Resigned, June 20, 1865.
James Ketner.....	Oct. 8, 1864	Mustered out with regiment, December 6, 1865; promoted Brevet Colonel, March 13, 1865.
Clarkson Reynolds.....	Oct. 8, 1864	Mustered out with regiment, December 6, 1865.

SIXTEENTH REGIMENT KANSAS VOLUNTEERS—CAVALRY—CONCLUDED.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
ADJUTANT.		
Philip Doppler.....	Nov. 18, 1863	Promoted Captain Company E, Feb. 4, 1865.
Jonas G. Dodge.....	Mar. 20, 1865	Mustered out, November 28, 1865.
QUARTERMASTER.		
William B. Halyard.....	Nov. 24, 1863	Mustered out, November 28, 1865.
COMMISSARY.		
William P. Miller.....	June 30, 1864	Mustered out, November 28, 1865.
SURGEON.		
James P. Erickson.....	July 1, 1864	Died of chronic dysentery, Fort Conner, D. T., September 21, 1865.
John A. Hart.....	Nov. 16, 1865	Mustered out, November 28, 1865.
ASSISTANT SURGEON.		
George A. Benjamin.....	Mar. 6, 1865	Dismissed for incompetency, March 18, 1865, to date from muster-in.
John A. Hart.....	May 20, 1865	Promoted Surgeon, November 16, 1865.
CHAPLAIN.		
Thomas J. Ferrill.....	Oct. 8, 1864	Mustered out, November 28, 1865.

List of battles, etc., in which this regiment participated, showing loss reported in each:

Camden Point (Co. F)—No loss. Lexington—No loss. Little Blue—Wounded, E. M., 3. Independence—Wounded, E. M., 1. Big Blue—Wounded, E. M., 2. Little Osage River—No loss. Newtonia—Killed, E. M., 3. Powder River—Killed, E. M., 1; wounded, E. M., 1.

SEVENTEENTH REGIMENT KANSAS VOLUNTEERS—INFANTRY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
LIEUT. COLONEL.		
Samuel A. Drake.....	July 28, 1864	No evidence of muster-out on file.
ADJUTANT.		
D. C. Strandridge.....	July 28, 1864	No evidence of muster-out on file.
QUARTERMASTER.		
B. D. Evans.....	July 28, 1864	No evidence of muster-out on file.
ASSISTANT SURGEON.		
George E. Budington.....	July 28, 1864	No evidence of muster-out on file.

SECOND REGIMENT KANSAS COLORED VOLUNTEERS—INFANTRY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
COLONEL.		
Samuel J. Crawford.....	Nov. 1, 1863	Resigned, December 2, 1864; promoted Brigadier General by brevet, March 13, 1865.
LIEUT. COLONEL.		
Horatio Knowles.....	Nov. 1, 1863	Resigned, May 24, 1864, Little Rock, Ark.
James H. Gillpatrick....	Nov. 9, 1864	Mustered out with regiment, Oct. 9, 1865.
MAJOR.		
James H. Gillpatrick....	Oct. 1, 1863	Promoted Lieutenant Colonel, Nov. 9, 1864.
Jerome A. Soward.....	Dec. 1, 1864	Mustered out with regiment.
ADJUTANT.		
John R. Montgomery...	July 14, 1863	Promoted Captain Company E, January 1, 1865.
William D. Clark.....	Apr. 8, 1865	Mustered out with regiment.
QUARTERMASTER.		
Edwin Stokes.....	Aug. 12, 1863	Resigned, April 22, 1865, Little Rock, Ark.
George E. Hutchinson...	Apr. 11, 1863	Transferred to Company D, September 17, 1865.
Reuben F. Playford.....	Sept. 6, 1863	Mustered out with regiment.
SURGEON.		
George W. Wolgamott...	Jan. 27, 1864	Resigned, April 22, 1864, Camden, Ark.
D. A. Morse.....	Mar. 28, 1865	Resigned, July 11, 1865, Little Rock, Ark.
ASST. SURGEON.		
Francis P. Thomas.....	July 27, 1863	Discharged per S. O. 181, W. D., dated April 20, 1865, on account of insanity, to take effect May 5, 1865.
Jesse D. Wood.....	Nov. 1, 1863	Mustered out with regiment.
CHAPLAIN.		
Josiah B. McAfee.....	Nov. 6, 1863	Resigned, January 16, 1865.

THIRD KANSAS BATTERY—LIGHT ARTILLERY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
CAPTAIN.		
Henry Hopkins.....	Nov. 27, 1861	Promoted Major 2d Kan. Cav., Oct. 15, 1863.
John F. Aduddell.....	Jan. 26, 1864	Mustered out, January 19, 1865.
FIRST LIEUT.		
John F. Aduddell.....	Oct. 18, 1861	Promoted Captain, January 26, 1864.
Bradford S. Bassett.....	Jan. 26, 1864	Mustered out, April 17, 1865, Leavenworth.
SECOND LIEUT.		
Oscar F. Dunlap.....	Oct. 28, 1861	Resigned, May 15, 1862.
Bradford S. Bassett.....	May 15, 1862	Promoted First Lieutenant, January 26, 1864.
Levinus Harris.....	Mar. 21, 1864	Mustered out, January 19, 1865.

List of battles in which this battery was engaged:

Hazel Bottom—Wounded, E. M., 1; missing, E. M., 1. Shell's Mills—No loss. Old Fort Wayne—No loss. Cane Hill—No loss. Prairie Grove—No loss. Van Buren—No Loss. Honey Springs—Killed, E. M., 2.

INDEPENDENT COLORED KANSAS BATTERY—LIGHT ARTILLERY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
CAPTAIN.		
Hezekiah F. Douglass...	Feb. 27, 1865	Mustered out, July 22, 1865, Leavenworth.
FIRST LIEUT.		
William D. Matthews...	Feb. 27, 1865	Mustered out, July 22, 1865, Leavenworth.
SECOND LIEUT.		
Patrick H. Minor.....	Feb. 27, 1865	Died of disease, Leavenworth, March 22, 1865.

1864.

JANUARY.—Publication of the first number of the Kansas Educational Journal. It continued to be published in book form through nine volumes and years, and was then continued about one year in a quarto form, ceasing to exist about the end of 1874. It was mainly supported by an annual appropriation made by the State. The first volume contains 344 pages. It is edited by H. D. McCarty, and printed at the Bulletin office, Leavenworth. The Associate Editors are D. P. Mitchell and B. L. Baldrige, Leavenworth; Richard Cordley and Miss Lois Reynolds, Lawrence; Peter McVicar and Mrs. E. H. Mabie, Topeka; James Rogers, Burlingame; R. K. McCartney, Grasshopper Falls; Isaac T. Goodnow, Manhattan; Miss H. A. Earhart, Pardee; Miss A. J. Ellinwood, Chicago, Ill.; and Miss Mary J. Watson, Emporia. The State Teachers' Association was formed at Leavenworth, September 29, 1863. The first Teachers' Association in the State was formed at Leavenworth, March 14, 1863. The Journal published 32 pages a month. The April number gives the State Geological Corps: B. F. Mudge, State Geologist; Frederick Hawn, Assistant; G. C. Swallow, Paleologist; Tiffin Sinks, Chemist and Meteorologist; C. A. Logan, Botanist, with charge of the Sanitary Relations of the State.

JANUARY 1.—Kansas made a military department, with Gen. Samuel R. Curtis in command.

JANUARY 12.—Meeting of the State Agricultural Society, at Topeka. *Officers:* President, L. D. Bailey, of Douglas; Secretary, F. G. Adams, of Shawnee; Treasurer, Wm. Spriggs, of Anderson. *Executive Committee:* R. G. Elliott, of Douglas; J. W. Spouable, of Johnson; S. M. Strickler, of Davis; P. B. Maxson, of Lyon; S. S. Tipton, of Anderson; J. L. McDowell, of Leavenworth; J. L. Hidden, of Nemaha; C. Starns, of Leavenworth; J. P. Johnson, of Douglas; D. L. Lakin, of Jefferson.

No Fair was held this year.

JANUARY 12.—Meeting of the Legislature.

STATE SENATORS.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
1	Abram Bennett.....	Troy.....	Doniphan.
1	Sol. Miller.....	White Cloud.....	Doniphan.
2	Cassius G. Foster.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
2	Joshua Wheeler.....	Pardee.....	Atchison.
3	F. P. Fitzwilliam.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
3	Claudius B. Pierce.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
3	John Wilson.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
4	A. W. Spalding.....	Grasshopper.....	Jefferson.
5	Byron Sherry.....	Seneca.....	Brown and Nemaha.
6	Rufus Oursler.....	Circleville.....	Jackson and Pottawatomie.
7	Thomas H. Baker.....	Irving.....	Marshall, Riley, and Washington.
8	David Brockway.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
9	Robert G. Elliott.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
9	Wilber F. Woodworth.....	Baldwin City.....	Douglas.
10	W. H. M. Fishback.....	Olath.....	Johnson.
11	Johnson Clark.....	Osawatomie.....	Miami.
12	James McGrew.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
13	David P. Lowe.....	Mound City.....	Linn.
14	Isaac Ford.....	Rockford.....	Bourbon.
15	M. R. Leonard.....	Bazaar.....	Morris, Chase, and Butler.
16	Orlin Thurston.....	Humboldt.....	Allen and Woodson.
17	Daniel M. Valentine.....	Peoria City.....	Anderson and Franklin.
18	F. W. Potter.....	Burlington.....	Coffey and Osage.
19	Perry B. Maxson.....	Fremont.....	Lyon and Greenwood.
20	Samuel M. Strickler.....	Junction City.....	Wabaunsee, Davis, Dickinson, and Saline.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Vote</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Vote</i>	<i>County.</i>
1	J. P. Johnson.....	258	Doniphan.	23	Josiah Kellogg.....	492	Leavenw'th
2	W. J. Orem.....	167	Doniphan.	24	Geo. A. Moore.....	479	Leavenw'th
3	F. H. Drenning.....	104	Doniphan.	25	James B. Laing.....	431	Leavenw'th
4	C. C. Camp.....	175	Doniphan.	26	J. W. Craig.....	176	Leavenw'th
5	J. W. Forman.....	166	Doniphan.	27	G. R. Houts.....	110	Leavenw'th
6	George W. Glick.....	195	Atchison.	28	D. F. Walker.....	121	Leavenw'th
7	Jacob Saqui.....	284	Atchison.	29	Thomas Trower.....	165	Leavenw'th
8	Asa Barnes.....	233	Atchison.	30	B. H. Twombly.....	173	Leavenw'th
9	Boaz W. Williams.....	126	Atchison.	31	M. W. Bottom.....	341	Wyandotte.
10	J. C. Batsell.....	83	Atchison.	32	C. H. Stratton.....	149	Johnson.
11	Ira J. Lacoek.....	178	Brown.	33	D. G. Campbell.....	129	Johnson.
12	Geo. E. Irwin.....	118	Brown.	34	Harry Melbride.....	75	Douglas.
13	Richard Bradley.....	227	Nemaha.	35	T. J. Sternbergh.....	254	Douglas.
14	J. S. Hidden.....	199	Nemaha.	36	James S. Emery.....	165	Douglas.
15	J. D. Brumbaugh.....	331	Marshall.	37	Clarkson Reynolds.....	101	Douglas.
16	G. H. Hoberberg.....	48	Washington.	38	Alois Thoman.....	129	Douglas.
17	O. J. Grover.....	163	Pottawmie.	39	J. A. Wakefield.....	169	Douglas.
18	J. W. Williams.....	311	Jackson.	40	Wm. Draper.....	92	Shawnee.
19	C. A. Beach.....	272	Jefferson.	41	J. F. Cummings.....	308	Shawnee.
20	E. M. Hutchins.....	214	Jefferson.	42	Henry Fox.....	203	Miami.
21	M. Barnes.....	247	Jefferson.	43	Wm. Chestnut.....	129	Miami.
22	Wm. Freeland.....	498	Leavenw'th.	44	Thomas H. Ellis.....	134	Miami.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—CONCLUDED.

<i>Dist...</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Vote</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Dist...</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Vote</i>	<i>County.</i>
45	W. G. McColloch...	157	Johnson.	61	Job Throckmorton,	163	Coffey.
46	William Snooks....	89	Linn.	62	Wm. R. Saunders...	173	Coffey.
47	J. H. Belding.....	87	Linn.	63	A. W. Pickering....	80	Woodson.
48	Samuel Ayres.....	53	Linn.	64	C. V. Eskridge.....	253	Lyon.
49	Jefferson Fleming..	102	Linn.	65	A. K. Hawkes.....	167	Lyon.
50	Wm. Stone.....	63	Bourbon.	66	Joseph Frost.....	102	Lyon.
51	R. P. Stevens.....	93	Bourbon.	67	G. T. Donelson .....	.....	Butler.
52	D. R. Cobb	87	Bourbon.	68	A. L. Alford.....	108	Chase.
53	J. G. Miller.....	178	Bourbon.	69	S. N. Wood.....	146	Morris.
54	D. Rogers.....	142	Allen.	70	D. M. Johnston.....	135	Wabausee.
55	J. M. Evans.....	35	Allen.	71	P. Z. Taylor.....	241	Davis.
56	H. Cavender.....	165	Anderson.	72	B. E. Fullington....	234	Riley.
57	Benj. M. Lingco....	85	Anderson.	73	T. F. Hersey.....	69	Dickinson.
58	Isaiah Pile.....	84	Franklin.	74	H. L. Jones.....	64	Saline.
59	James N. Smith....	80	Franklin.	75	James Kenner.....	74	Greenwood.
60	James Rogers.....	197	Osage.				

Officers of the Senate: Thos. A. Osborn, Lt. Gov., President; John T. Morton, Secretary; John T. Weaver, Assistant Secretary; Alson I. Sherwood, Journal Clerk; W. F. Cotton, Docket Clerk; John H. Van Horn, Engrossing Clerk; H. A. Cook, Sergeant-at-Arms; Leroy Crandall, Doorkeeper; A. L. Bartlett, Messenger.

Officers of the House: Josiah Kellogg, Speaker; W. R. Saunders, Speaker *pro tem.*; A. R. Banks, Chief Clerk; J. B. Oliver, Assistant Clerk, H. P. Welsh, Journal Clerk; H. B. Waldron, Docket Clerk; C. S. Lambdin, Enrolling Clerk; D. F. Drinkwater, Engrossing Clerk; H. A. Burgess, Sergeant-at Arms; Edward Cobb, Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms; Daniel Detrick, Doorkeeper; C. T. K. Prentice, Assistant Doorkeeper; Wm. R. Griffith and Wm. Miller, Pages.

JANUARY 13.—Message from Governor Carney.

JANUARY 18.—Robt. G. Elliott takes his seat in the Senate, as the successor of S. M. Thorp, killed in the Lawrence Massacre.

JANUARY 25.—Burning of Stockton's Hall, the Union Theater building, Leavenworth.

JANUARY 29.—General John M. Thayer, of Nebraska, succeeds General John McNeil in command of the District of the Frontier.

JANUARY 30.—A wagon train, loaded with Fort Scott coal, arrives in Leavenworth.

—The Annual Register gives the following list of the Baptist Ministers in the State:

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Post Office.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Alderson, L. A.....	Atchison.....	Atehison.
Alward E.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Alvord, Nelson.....	Wathena.....	Poniphan.
Brant, R. C.....	Leavenworth City.....	Leavenworth.
Barrett, T. W.....	Leavenworth City.....	Leavenworth.
Bell, G. W. S.....	Ottumwa.....	Coffey.
Curtis, Alonzo.....	Hiawatha.....	Brown.
Cabal, H.....	Elizabethtown.....	Allen.
Dooley, William.....	Ottumwa.....	Coffey.
Dean, A. H.....	Paola.....	Miami.
Evans, R. P.....	Lanesfield.....	Johnson.
Freeman, —.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.

BAPTIST MINISTERS—CONCLUDED.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Post Office.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Gibson, —	Garnett	Anderson.
Hutchinson, C. C.	Lawrence	Douglas.
Harris, Israel	Humboldt	Allen.
Jones, J. T.	Ottawa Creek	Franklin.
Kermott, W. J.	Leavenworth City	Leavenworth.
Lackey, J. M.	Manhattan	Riley.
Pratt, J. G.	Leavenworth City	Leavenworth.
Perkins, A.	Atchison	Atchison.
Patterson, —	Forest Hill	Lyon.
Ritter, Joseph	Paris	Linn.
Sands, G. W.	Elizabethtown	Allen.
Taylor, J. B.	Waterloo	Lyon.
Upham, W. P.	Lawrence	Douglas.
Veatch, E.	Lawrence	Douglas.
Waddell, D.	Atchison	Atchison.
Webb, S. M.	Humboldt	Allen.

"The aggregate number of Baptist churches in Kansas is about forty-eight, and number of members, 1,231."

JANUARY.—Indian Agents in the State: H. W. Farnsworth, of the Kaw; G. A. Cutler, of the Creeks; G. A. Colton, of the Weas, Peorias, Piankeshaws, Kaskaskias, and Miamis; P. P. Elder, of the Osages; H. W. Martin, of the Sacs and Foxes; C. C. Hutchinson, of the Ottawas; C. B. Keith, of the Kickapoos; Fielding Johnson, of the Delawares; J. B. Abbott, of the Shawnees; W. W. Ross, of the Pottawatomies.

—The Annual Register says the first Minister of the Presbyterian Church (O. S.), who settled in Kansas, was Rev. S. M. Irvin. He was appointed by the Foreign Board to superintend the Iowa (Indian) Mission, near what is now Highland, in Doniphan county. This was in 1835.

In the year 1857, the General Assembly, in session at Lexington, Ky., constituted two Presbyteries within the Territory, under the names of "Highland" and "Kansas." The former met and organized, November 6, at Highland, with three Ministers present, and two churches represented. The Ministers were S. M. Irvin, W. H. Honnell, and D. A. Murdock; the churches represented were Highland and Lodiana, the latter in Brown county, near Kennekuk. The Presbytery of Kansas failed to organize, and was, by the Assembly of 1858, merged in that of Highland, which now covers the whole of Kansas and Colorado.

There are now (1864) under its care twenty-two churches, with sixteen Ministers. The Presbytery at its last meeting, held in Leavenworth, adopted a paper by which their whole field is thrown into Missionary districts.

Special attention is given to education, and the University of Highland, Mapleton Academy and Iola High School are affording excellent advantages to the youth of the State.

Organized and growing churches may be found in Leavenworth, Lawrence, Atchison, Topeka, Highland, Lecompton, Salina, Bethel, Fort Scott, Carlyle, Burlingame, Twin Springs, Elm Grove, Denver City, and in other towns.

—An article by Rev. James H. Defouri, of Topeka, in the Annual Register, says: "The Catholic population of Kansas is from 15,000 to 20,000 souls, spread all over the State, in a great many congregations, large and small. The Right Rev. J. B. Miege, D. D., is the Bishop of the Diocese. Under him, to minister to the wants of Catholics, are eighteen priests and several religious communities."

Leavenworth has the Cathedral, St. Mary's Academy, the largest boarding-school for young ladies in the State, directed by the Sisters of Charity, and a large Hospital under the care of the same Sisters. There is also a German Catholic Church.

Atchison County.—St. Benedict's Church, Rev. Augustin Wirth, Pastor; Assistants, R. R. Thomas and X. Attached to the Church is St. Benedict's College, for young men, Very Rev. Wirth, Principal; also, a boarding-school for young ladies, under the direction of the Benedictine Sisters. The counties of Atchison, Doniphan and Brown are attended from Atchison.

Pottawatomie County.—St. Mary's Mission Church of the Immaculate Conception, Very Rev. J. F. Deils, S. Y., Pastor; Assistants, R. R. Galland, Dumortier, and Laigniel, S. Y. A large school for Indian boys is under the direction of the Company of Jesus, Very Rev. J. F. Deils, Principal. Another school, for Indian girls, is under the direction of the ladies of the Sacred Heart of Jesus. Both schools are very numerous and flourishing. The counties of Pottawatomie, Wabaunsee, Riley, Morris, Davis, Dickinson, Saline, Chase, Lyon and Clay are attended from St. Mary's Mission.

Nemaha County.—Seneca Church of St. Patrick, Rev. John Meurs, Pastor. Under his direction is a Catholic school, and also the district school. The counties of Nemaha, Marshall, Jackson and Washington are attended from Seneca.

Shawnee County.—Topeka, Church of the Assumption of the B. V. M., Rev. James H. Defouri, Pastor. Attached to the Church is a select school, in a prosperous condition; Principal, Rev. J. H. Defouri; Assistant, James J. Kennedy, Esq. The counties of Shawnee, Osage, Jefferson, and part of Douglas, are attended from Topeka.

Douglas County.—Lawrence, Church of St. John, Rev. Sebastian Farre, Pastor. The counties of Douglas, Johnson, Lykins, and Franklin, are attended from Lawrence.

Anderson County.—Near Scipio, Church of St. Boniface, Rev. Oloys Meyer, Pastor. The counties of Linn, Anderson and Coffey are attended from Scipio.

Osage Indian Land.—Catholic Mission, under the direction of the Fathers of the Company of Jesus. Church of St. Francis de Hieronymo, Very Rev. J. Schoenmakers, Pastor; Assistants, R. R. X. Hocken, and P. Ponzilione and X. The Jesuit Fathers, notwithstanding the losses sustained by them on account of the Southern Rebellion, direct a large school for boys. The Mission has also a large school for Indian girls, under the direction of the Sisters of Loretto. The counties of Bourbon, Allen, Woodson, Greenwood, etc., are attended from the Osage Mission."

The Annual Register gives the following list of Ministers in the Church of the United Brethren in Christ:

Josiah Terrel.....	Mound City.	W. R. Eggleston.....	Centralia.
W. A. Cardwell.....	Big Springs.	J. Rogers.....	Mount Florence.
J. S. Gingerich.....	Lawrence.	S. B. McGrew.....	Mound City.
Samuel Kretsinger.....	Black Jack.	H. C. Dennison.....	Greeley.
Martin Seiler.....	Ridgeway.	L. O. Mouer.....	Burlingame.
W. Huffman.....	Lancaster.	T. W. Jessup.....	Burlingame.
H. A. Bell.....	Mound City.	A. P. Floyd.....	Fremont.
A. Prescott.....	Oskaloosa.	B. F. Lewis.....	Holton.
Wm. Phillips.....	Humboldt.	J. H. Bonebrake.....	Auburn.
George Bonebrake.....	Auburn.	H. M. Greene.....	Twin Mound.
N. Bixler.....	Emporia.	B. F. Moore.....	Lecompton.
C. Zook.....	Holton.	M. Husted.....	Burlington.
A. M. Thornton.....	Richfield.	D. Kling.....	Manhattan.
S. G. Elliott.....	Fremont.	H. D. Healey.....	Tecumseh.
E. Lewis.....	Holton.	Aaron Silver.....	Big Blue.

The following facts in regard to Marshall county are copied from the Annual Register:

"Marshall county was first settled by A. G. Woodward, in 1848. He kept a trading post at Independence Crossing, on Big Blue, six miles south of Marysville. The next settler was F. J. Marshall, who settled where the present military road crosses Big Blue river, and where the present town site of Marysville is situated, in the year 1850, and established a ferry and trading post, and sold articles of merchandise to the California emigrants, and traded goods for furs with the different tribes of Indians, when the Big Blue valley was the hunting ground for the Pawnees, Cheyennes, Otoes, and Sioux Indians. The next settlements were made by John D. Wells on Black Vermilion, George Manley on Manley's creek, and George Guittard, sen., where Guittard's Station is now situated, on the military road, twelve miles east of Marysville. The county in 1860 contained a population of 2,280.

"The first Probate Judge was James Doniphan, who held the first term on the 10th day of October, 1855, when the Probate Courts had jurisdiction in civil and criminal cases.

"The first Sheriff was Alexander Clark, commissioned in October, 1855, and was killed in June, 1856, while attempting to arrest two horse thieves.

"The first board of County Commissioners was W. N. Glenn, John D. Wells and A. M. L. Duncan. Their first session was in October, 1855."

FEBRUARY 5.—Hawkins Taylor, of Iowa, appointed Mail Agent.

FEBRUARY 6.—Reception of the Seventh Kansas, in Leavenworth.

—John T. Snoddy and James D. Snoddy buy the Elwood Press of H. D. Hunt, and remove it to Mound City.

FEBRUARY 6.—The following Senators protest against the election of a U. S. Senator this winter: Abram Bennett, R. G. Elliott, M. R. Leonard, Jas. McGrew, Rufus Onrler, F. W. Potter, S. M. Strickler, and D. M. Valentine. Nineteen members of the House sign a similar protest.

FEBRUARY 9.—The Government land grant, 6,400 acres per mile, transferred to the A. T. & S. F. R. R.

FEBRUARY 9.—Joint Convention of the two houses to elect a U. S. Senator for the term beginning March 4, 1865. The result of the vote was: For Thos. Carney, 68; "Against a fraud," 1; excused and declined to vote, 27; blank, 2. Governor Carney was declared elected, but never claimed the office.

FEBRUARY 17.—First officers elected, after the land grant, of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad Company.

FEBRUARY 20.—Battle of Olustee, Fla. Colonel James Montgomery, of Kansas, and Colonel Thos. W. Higginson, of Massachusetts, commanding colored regiments, were in this engagement.

"Our left column, Colonel Montgomery, came last into the fight, just in time to stop a Rebel charge. The Fifty-fourth Massachusetts went in first, followed by the First North Carolina (both black). They were of course overpowered; but the latter left his Lieut. Colonel, Major and Adjutant dead on the field. It was admitted that these two regiments had saved our little army from being routed."—*Greeley's Conflict*, vol. II, p. 331.

FEBRUARY 29.—Reception of the Eighth Kansas, in Leavenworth.

MARCH 1.—Adjournment of the Legislature. Among the acts passed were the following: Allowing each county along the line of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad to issue \$200,000 in bonds for that

road; Authorizing school districts to issue bonds; Providing for the election of County Attorneys; Appointing commissioners to locate a Blind Asylum in Wyandotte county; Authorizing Wyandotte county to issue \$100,000 in bonds to the Union Pacific Railway Company, Eastern Division; Proposing an amendment to the Constitution, allowing soldiers and others to vote; Locating the Deaf and Dumb Asylum at Olathe; Authorizing the Governor to appoint a State Geologist; Abolishing grand juries; Amending the act incorporating the Leavenworth, Lawrence & Fort Gibson Railroad Company (it authorizes a branch from Lawrence through the Wakarusa Valley, to the A. T. & S. F. R. R.); Establishing a Bureau of Immigration; Accepting the grant of lands for railroads made by Congress March 3, 1863; Changing the name of Sautrell Falls to Grasshopper Falls; Changing the site of the Penitentiary; Organizing the State Normal School; Organizing the University; Refunding to certain counties the Territorial taxes paid by them for 1860; and a law submitting to the people in November the question whether the School Lands shall be sold.

MARCH 12.—General Grant Commander-in-Chief.

APRIL 10.—The first volume of Horace Greeley's *American Conflict* issued. It contains several chapters giving important events in our annals.

APRIL 12.—William W. Bloss becomes one of the editors of the *Conservative*.

APRIL 20.—The War Department credits the State with 1,529 colored troops.

APRIL 20.—Thomas A. Osborn appointed U. S. Marshal.

APRIL 21.—Republican State Convention, at Topeka. Gov. Carney sends a letter to the Convention resigning all claims to the office of United States Senator. Called to order by Sidney Clarke. John W. Scott temporary Chairman. M. M. Murdock Secretary.

Committee on Credentials: Foster, Irvin, Hoaglin, Reynolds, and Jones.

Committee on Permanent Organization: McGrew, Guthrie, Thornton, Sherry, and Camp.

Officers: President, John W. Scott, of Allen; Vice Presidents, S. H. Glenn of Atchison, A. G. Procter of Lyon, S. C. Russell of Douglas, W. S. Hoaglin of Jackson; Secretaries, M. M. Murdock of Osage, J. W. Roberts of Jefferson.

Committee on Resolutions: Bowen, Foster, Sternberg, Hofmann, Danford, Procter, Strickler, McDowell, Snoddy.

Vote for Delegates to the Baltimore National Convention: James H. Lane 44, A. Carter Wilder 49, Thomas M. Bowen 49, W. W. H. Lawrence 49, Martin H. Insley 51, F. W. Potter 49. *Alternates:* C. W. Babcock 50, S. A. Cobb 50, John M. Price 49, Robert McBratney 48, G. A. Colton 50, H. W. Farnsworth 50.

State Central Committee: Sidney Clarke, J. C. Burnett, J. M. Rankin, A. Low, James McCahon, W. S. Hoaglin, Jacob Stotler.

The following resolutions were adopted:

"*Resolved*, That the people of the State of Kansas have implicit confidence in the integrity, ability, prudence and patriotism of Abraham Lincoln. That he is their unqualified choice for reelection, and that a change in the Chief Executive at this critical time would prove detrimental to the cause of the Union, and endanger our liberties as a people.

"*Resolved*, That the delegates from this State to the Baltimore Convention be instructed to cast their votes, and exert their entire influence, to secure the renomination of Abraham Lincoln to the Presidency.

"*Resolved*, That Slavery was the cause and now constitutes the strength of the Rebellion, and that we see no hope of permanent peace until the principles of Liberty enunciated in the Declaration of Independence are carried into practice, and that we subscribe to the doctrine of Universal Human Freedom.

"*Resolved*, That the question whether Slavery is to be perpetuated or not is no longer exclusively a State, but a National one, and it is therefore proper that the Constitution of the United States should be so amended as to secure Freedom to every human being within its jurisdiction.

"*Resolved*, That at this, the first Convention which has met since the session of the Legislature which perpetrated the Senatorial Swindle, we, the representatives of the people, for them and in their name, do set the seal of condemnation upon said act, and denounce it as a Fraud unparalleled in the history of political frauds.

"*Resolved*, That we regard the law giving to our citizens in the United States volunteer service the privilege of exercising the elective franchise as an act of justice to those who are willing to imperil life in defense of our liberties.

"*Resolved*, That the letter of Gov. Carney to this Convention, declining to consider himself a Senator, is another evidence of the weakness of any policy to obtain power under a Republican Government without the consent of the people."

—Death of John T. Snoddy, recently Major in the Seventh Kansas, at Mound City.

APRIL 30.—Battle at Jenkins's Ferry, the crossing of the Saline, Arkansas. Greeley's Conflict says:

"We had one section of a battery on the field, but could not use it. A section of a Rebel battery appeared and fired one round, when the Twenty-ninth Iowa and Second Kansas charged across the field, and brought away the guns.

"When all was over, and our men had crossed the river, Kirby Smith sent a flag of truce; but, finding only a burial party, instead of an army, he made haste to capture these and claim a victory."

APRIL.—Difficulties between the miners in Colorado and the Indians, result in Indian attacks on trains across the plains and upon settlers on all of our western border.

MAY 3.—Grant crosses the Rapidan.

MAY 4.—A dispatch from Washington says Kansas has raised 4,500 troops in excess of all calls, and that there will be no draft.

MAY 11.—Grant proposes "to fight it out on this line if it takes all summer."

MAY 13.—S. A. Cobb is appointed Commissary, C. C. Willets Paymaster, and C. L. Gorton Quartermaster.

MAY.—Publication of the Second Annual Catalogue of Baker University, at Baldwin City.

Board of Trustees: First year, H. D. Fisher, G. W. Paddock, S. Brooks.

S. Parker; second year, S. Kieffer, J. W. Frame, S. N. Walker, W. G. Piper; third year, R. P. Duval, H. Barricklow, C. Steuckeman, S. H. Watson; fourth year, L. B. Dennis, N. Taylor, D. P. Mitchell, Geo. H. Weaver.

The number of pupils is 204. The second annual address is delivered by Rev. D. P. Mitchell.

The Kansas and Nebraska Annual Conference, held at Nebraska City, April 16, 1857, took the initiative in the establishment of Baker University. Rev. A. Still and Rev. L. B. Dennis were authorized to assign to the Methodist Episcopal Church bonds for 700 acres of land given by the Palmyra Town Company for an institution of learning. The building was begun in the winter of 1858. In September, 1858, Rev. Werter R. Davis was elected President. He resigned June 25, 1862, and Rev. G. W. Paddock was elected President.

JUNE 1.—Democratic State Convention at Topeka. Wilson Shannon, President; John R. Goodin, Secretary. *Committee on Credentials:* W. G. Mathias, Hugh S. Walsh, Isaac E. Eaton, J. P. Taylor, Judge Miller.

The following delegates to the Chicago National Convention were elected: W. C. McDowell, Wilson Shannon, Orlin Thurston, L. B. Wheat, H. J. Strickler, J. P. Taylor.

Presidential Electors: Nelson Cobb, Thomas Bridgens, John W. Forman.

State Committee: W. P. Gambell, Isaac E. Eaton, Edward Carroll, E. J. Lines, H. S. Walsh, Dr. Milligan, Allen White, O. P. Haughawout, A. G. Otis.

The convention passed a resolution declaring it expedient to establish a Democratic journal in Leavenworth, and the following, offered by Mr. Gambell:

"Resolved, That we are in favor of making Kansas a free white State."

JUNE 1.—Railroad Convention of the Border Tier counties, at Paola: W. R. Wagstaff, President. The convention asks for a land grant and appropriations for a railroad from the Missouri river to the Gulf.

JUNE 4.—Neosho Valley Railroad Convention, at Emporia; S. M. Strickler, President. Articles of Association were drawn up for a railroad from a point near Fort Riley, through the Neosho Valley, in the direction of Galveston. Robert M. Ruggles was made President of the Association.

JUNE.—Fort Ellsworth established by Gen. Curtis, and named for Lt. Allen Ellsworth, of the Seventh Iowa, whose company is stationed there.

JUNE.—The first catalogue published of the Agricultural College; there are 108 pupils.

JUNE 7, 8.—National Republican Convention at Baltimore. Nomination of Abraham Lincoln and Andrew Johnson.

JUNE 17.—The First Kansas mustered out of the service, except two companies of Veterans; these were discharged at Little Rock, Ark., August 30, 1865.

JULY 1.—An act of Congress (chapter 198, U. S. Stats.) giving every alternate section of land designated by odd numbers, for ten sections in width on each side of the road, for a railroad and telegraph from Emporia, via Council Grove, to Fort Riley. The Wakarusa branch road is changed to run from Lawrence to Emporia, and is to receive the same grant made by the act of March 3, 1863. The Leavenworth, Lawrence & Ohio City road is required to run via Baldwin City.

JULY 2.—Chapter 216, U. S. Stats., relating to Pacific Railroads, is amended.

JULY 2.—Report that Colonel Dan McCook, formerly of the First Kansas, is fatally wounded.

—Captain William D. Matthews begins to raise a Colored Battery.

—General Curtis authorized to raise a regiment of Hundred Days Men. It was called the Seventeenth.

—Gold quoted 276.

JULY 24.—Indian raids on Cow Creek and Fort Larned; stock and wagons stolen.

JULY 27.—Samuel Hallett assassinated, at Wyandotte. He was building the Pacific Railroad.

—General Curtis in the Arkansas Valley, in southwestern Kansas, establishing posts to protect the Santa Fé mail route.

JULY 27.—

“General Gano, with 1,500 Rebels, surprised an outpost of Fort Smith, held by Captain Mefford, with 200 of the Fifth Kansas, whom he captured, with 82 of his men, after we had lost 10 killed, 15 wounded, to 12 killed, 20 wounded, of the enemy. Gano, of course, got away before he could be reached from Fort Smith.”—*Greeley's Conflict*, vol. II, p. 555.

JULY 28.—The Seventeenth Kansas Infantry mustered in.

AUGUST 3.—State Convention of colored men, to ask that the word “white” be struck out of the Constitution.

AUGUST 5.—Farragut's victory at Mobile Bay.

AUGUST 10.—Serious Indian raid on the Little Blue, near Marysville.

AUGUST 14.—Death of Judge Elmore.

AUGUST 29.—Four companies of the Fifth Kansas, under Major Samuel Walker, arrive in Leavenworth from Pine Bluff, Arkansas.

AUGUST 29.—National Democratic Convention, at Chicago. McClellan and Pendleton nominated for President and Vice President.

SEPTEMBER 1.—Hood evacuates Atlanta.

—In the fall, Frank G. Adams started the Atchison Daily Free Press. It was consolidated with the Champion in August, 1868.

SEPTEMBER 6.—Fort Zarah established, by Gen. Curtis; named for his son.

SEPTEMBER 8.—Republican State Convention, at Topeka. Called to order by Jacob Stotler. M. R. Dutton, temporary Chairman; John T. Cox, Secretary.

Committee on Credentials: Emmert, of Bourbon; Tholen, of Leavenworth; Hunt, of Lyon; Ballard, of Washington; Riddle, of Jefferson.

Committee on Permanent Organization: Sears, of Franklin, Shepherd, of Wabaunsee; McGrew, of Wyandotte; Low, of Doniphan, Limbocker, of Pottawatomie.

Officers: President, J. T. Cox, of Coffey; Vice Presidents, Wm. M. Inman of Franklin, Capt. Bowman of Atchison, Wm. Tholen of Leavenworth, W. E. Bowker of Shawnee, Thaddeus Prentice of Douglas; Secretaries, R. B. Lockwood of Morris, F. G. Adams of Atchison.

Voted to admit three delegates from each white regiment.

First ballot for Governor: George A. Crawford, 23; Samuel J. Crawford, 16; W. W. H. Lawrence, 21; T. A. Osborn, 12; S. D. Houston, 3; J. C. Burnett, 3; J. W. Scott, 3; R. Riddle, 1.

Sixth Ballot: S. J. Crawford, 51; G. A. Crawford, 31.

S. J. Crawford was born in Lawrence county, Indiana, April 15, 1835. He came to Anderson county in 1858, and was elected a member of the first State Legislature in 1859.

Ballot for Member of Congress: Sidney Clarke, 46; A. C. Wilder, 35; D. R. Anthony, 3; Blank, 1.

For Lieutenant Governor: James McGrew, 38; J. W. Scott, 20; S. M. Strickler, 16.

R. A. Barker, of Atchison, was nominated for Secretary of State, by acclamation.

For Auditor: John R. Swallow, 39; J. C. Lambdin, 22; C. L. Palmer, 7; Chester Thomas, 4.

Wm. Spriggs, of Anderson, was nominated for Treasurer, by acclamation.

For Attorney General: J. D. Brumbaugh, 51; John T. Burris, 25.

I. T. Goodnow was renominated for Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Jacob Safford was nominated by acclamation for Associate Justice.

For Presidential Electors: Ellsworth Cheeseborough, of Atchison; Nelson McCracken, of Leavenworth; Robert McBratney, of Davis.

Mr. Cheeseborough and Mr. McCracken died before election day. The electors finally voted for were Robert McBratney, Thomas Moonlight, and W. F. Cloud.

SEPTEMBER 13.—The Republican Union State Convention at Topeka made the following nominations: For Governor, Solon O. Thacher, of Douglas; Lieutenant Governor, John J. Ingalls, of Atchison; Secretary of State, William R. Saunders, of Coffey; Treasurer, J. R. McClure, of Davis; Auditor, Asa Hairgrove, of Linn; Attorney General, Hiram Griswold, of Leavenworth; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Peter McVicar, of Shawnee; Associate Justice, Samuel A. Kingman, of Brown; for Congress, Albert L. Lee, of Doniphan.

The following platform was adopted:

"Resolved, That we are in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war against the Rebellion, and no compromise with traitors against the Government.

Resolved, That as Kansas in the past has been most lavish of her men and means in sustaining the country against treason, so in the future she will ever be found among the foremost in standing by and supporting the Government.

Resolved, That we indorse the platform of the Baltimore Convention, and most earnestly recommend that all loyal voters in Kansas give to Lincoln and Johnson their undivided support.

Resolved, That the corruptionists and plunderers who are robbing the Nation of the material aid necessary to carry on the war with success are the most efficient aiders of Jeff. Davis and the Rebellion, and must be put down.

Resolved, That the practice of the utmost economy consistent with an efficient administration of the affairs of the Government is imperatively the duty of both National and State Administrations.

Resolved, That the noble sons of Kansas, who have been and are now in the field, asserting the supremacy of the Nation over armed treason, and conferring brilliant renown upon our young State, deserve and receive the most hearty sympathy and support of the people of the State.

Resolved, That the people have the right to assemble in a peaceful manner, to consult for all lawful purposes, and that the threats of violent interference by a faction of corrupt revolutionists with the exercise of the elective franchise receive our unqualified disapprobation.

Resolved, That we believe it to be the duty of all good men, irrespective of party, to unite in putting down the 'one-man power' in Kansas, the corrupt and tyrannical exercise of which has brought disgrace and untold evils upon the State."

SEPTEMBER 13.—The Democratic State Convention at Topeka adopted the following platform:

Whereas, The Delegate Convention of the Republican party, this day assembled at the Capital, has passed a resolution reaffirming the principles and reestablishing the rights guaranteed by the Constitution of the United States to every citizen thereof, and has declared that liberty of speech and of the press shall remain inviolate, and shall be maintained inviolate at all hazards throughout this State, and have moreover nominated candidates for the various offices to be filled at the next election, men who have given evidence of devotion to those principles, and whose past record affords ample guarantee that their principles will be faithfully carried out in the administration of the government of the State: therefore,

Resolved, That this convention deem it inexpedient for the Democratic party of Kansas to nominate a State ticket, to be supported at the ensuing election, and we deem it impolitic for any Democrat in the State to permit his name to be used as a candidate for any State office or member of Congress.

Resolved, That we hereby ratify the nomination of George B. McClellan, of New Jersey, for President, and George H. Pendleton, of Ohio, for Vice President, and pledge them our undivided support.

Resolved, That we hereby ratify and adopt the Chicago platform as understood and construed by General George B. McClellan in his letter accepting the nomination of the Chicago Convention for President of the United States.

Resolved, That we believe, in justice to our brave soldiers from this State, who are periling their lives in defense of the Constitution, the Union, and our homes, that the Constitution of the State should be so amended as to permit such soldiers to exercise the right of suffrage, and that we, as a party, are heartily in favor of the proposed amendment to our Constitution for that purpose.

Resolved, That all Democratic papers in the State publish the following ticket: For President, George B. McClellan, of New Jersey. For Vice President, George H. Pendleton, of Ohio. For State Electors, Nelson Cobb, of Douglas; Thomas Bridgens, of Bourbon; and Andrew G. Ege, of Doniphan county."

SEPTEMBER 20.—W. W. Bloss becomes the editor of the Leavenworth Times. D. R. Anthony and Sidney Clarke buy the Bulletin.

—Government train burned at Cabin Creek.

SEPTEMBER 27.—General Ewing arrives at Rolla, Mo., after being surrounded at Harrison by Price's forces.

OCTOBER 1.—General Sterling Price reported advancing toward Kansas with 15,000 men. He crossed the Arkansas, coming north, at Dardanelles, Pope county, Arkansas, with from 5,000 to 15,000 men. His army was greatly increased in Arkansas and Missouri. Rosecrans was in command at St. Louis, and Steele at Little Rock. A supply train from Fort Scott to Fort Gibson was captured September 19, by General Gano, at Cabin Creek. Governor Carney learned of the Rebel advance September 24. General Thomas Ewing jr. commanded the southeast Missouri district. He reached Pilot Knob with 1,051 men, September 26, and had an engagement with Marmaduke on the 27th. He then retreated, marching north and west. He was attacked at Harrison on the 29th and 30th, and withdrew to Rolla October 1st.

OCTOBER 2.—General Samuel R. Curtis, at Fort Leavenworth, learns that Price is coming west.

OCTOBER 8.—General Alfred Pleasonton takes command at Jefferson City. He sends General John B. Sanborn with 4,100 mounted men to follow Price.

OCTOBER 8.—Governor Carney calls out the State Militia. George W. Deitzler, Major General of the Militia; John T. Morton, Adjutant General.

OCTOBER 9.—General Curtis calls all United States troops into the field to resist Price.

OCTOBER 9.—General Blunt arrives at Olathe.

OCTOBER 10.—General Curtis proclaims martial law in Kansas. James H. Lane assigned to duty on his staff.

OCTOBER 11.—General Blunt takes command at Olathe, relieving General Sykes.

The Militia assembled at Olathe number 6,816; at Atchison, 1,154; at Paola, 1,872; at Mound City, 1,180; at Fort Scott, 1,050; at Wyandotte, 550. All are soon concentrated on the border.

OCTOBER 14.—Gen. Blunt moves to Hickman's Mills, Mo. His command, October 15, is organized into three brigades—under Cols. Jennison the First, Moonlight the Second, and Blair the Third.

OCTOBER 16.—Gen. Blunt, with the First and Second brigades, Jennison and Moonlight, moved toward Lexington. Col. Blair moved to the west side of the Big Blue. Price is near Waverley; Rosecrans is pursuing him.

OCTOBER 19.—Blunt fighting and falling back from Lexington; James H. Lane is on his staff. Rests at night a few miles from the Little Blue.

OCTOBER 20.—Blunt moves to Independence; Moonlight, with his small force, is driven back from the Little Blue. Blunt arrives, and the whole line is soon engaged. The Rebels are ten to our one, and we are forced

back. Another stand is made at the Big Blue; the pursuit ends at night, at Independence.

OCTOBER 22.—Battle of the Big Blue; Union victory. Generals Pleasanton and Sanborn, who have been pursuing Price from the rear, reach the Little Blue, and occupy Independence at night. Price's whole army concentrated near Westport, Mo.

General Curtis's command consists of the Eleventh, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, and Seventeenth Kansas, a battalion of the Third Wisconsin, a section of the Second Kansas battery, McLain's Colorado battery, and Captain Dodge's Ninth Wisconsin battery—in all about 4,500 men.

Citizens of Kansas now under arms estimated to number 20,000.

OCTOBER 23.—Curtis and Blunt are at Westport; the Militia at Kansas City; Pleasanton between Independence and Byron's Ford; McNeil on the road to Hickman's Mill. The Rebel army is on the west bank of the Big Blue. The battle of Westport began southwest of Warnell's. It ended in the precipitous retreat of the Rebels. We followed them to the crossing of the Blue, four miles below Little Santa Fé, Mo.

OCTOBER 24.—Near West Point the Rebels come into Kansas, in Linn county, and camp at the Trading Post, on the Marais du Cygne—historic ground.

OCTOBER 25.—The Rebels driven from the Trading Post. On the north bank of Mine creek, Price, Fagan, and Marmaduke, with 15,000 men, form a line of battle. Kansas meets and routs them, the Rebels falling back in wild disorder. Generals Marmaduke, Cabell, Slemmon, and Graham captured.

At the crossing of the Osage, in Bourbon county, McNeil puts them to flight, and they run from Kansas.

Gen. Curtis reaches Fort Scott, and rescinds the order proclaiming martial law.

OCTOBER 26.—Gen. Curtis leaves Fort Scott with Moonlight's brigade, moving towards Lamar and Carthage. Gen. Blunt follows with the brigades of Jennison and Ford. McNeil had followed the retreating foe.

OCTOBER 27.—The brigades of Sanborn and Benteen leave Fort Scott, and join in the pursuit. Curtis camps at Shanghai.

OCTOBER 27.—Gov. Carney orders the Militia to return to their homes.

OCTOBER 28.—Curtis reaches Carthage.

OCTOBER 28.—Fight at Newtonia. Blunt begins alone. Sanborn comes up. Another struggle, and the Rebels abandon the field.

OCTOBER 29.—Rosecrans orders all the troops of his Department to return to their districts.

Congratulatory order from Gen. Deitzler.

OCTOBER 30.—Lieut. Gen. Grant orders the pursuit of Price to be resumed.

OCTOBER.—Publication of the first volume of Supreme Court Reports. Elliot V. Banks, Reporter. Preston B. Plumb, appointed the first Reporter, resigned in October, 1862. Louis Carpenter was appointed in January, 1863, and was killed in the Lawrence Massacre, August 21, 1863. The second and third volumes were issued in 1866; the fourth in 1868; the fifth in 1871—all by Banks. William C. Webb was appointed Reporter, and the sixth volume appeared in May, 1872, the seventh in November, 1872; the eighth and ninth in 1873; the tenth, eleventh and twelfth in 1874; the thirteenth in 1875.

The following facts are obtained from these volumes: Archibald Williams, United States District Judge, died in September, 1863. Robert Crozier was United States District Attorney until elected Chief Justice, in 1863. James S. Emery succeeded him as Attorney. John T. Morton was succeeded as United States Clerk by Frank G. Adams, in 1863. Nelson Cobb was appointed Chief Justice December 28, 1862. Clark J. Hanks succeeded F. G. Adams as United States District Clerk in 1863; in 1865, Adolphus S. Thomas succeeded Mr. Hanks. Andrew Stark was the Clerk of the Supreme Court in 1865. David J. Brewer was Judge of the Leavenworth Criminal Court in 1864, and was succeeded in 1865 by Peter McFarland. Samuel A. Riggs was appointed United States District Attorney in 1867, and Charles C. Whiting United States Marshal. Hiram Griswold was appointed Commissioner in Bankruptcy. E. B. Fowler was appointed Clerk of the Supreme Court in 1868. He was succeeded by A. Hammatt in July, 1870. J. F. Broadhead succeeded Judge Lowe in March, 1871. D. W. Houston was appointed United States Marshal May 13, 1869. Albert H. Horton became United States District Attorney. Henry G. Webb was appointed Judge of the Eleventh District November 17, 1870. William C. Webb was appointed Reporter April 1, 1871. Charles Chadwick was appointed Attorney General July 30, 1861, B. F. Simpson having resigned and entered the service. John F. Dillon was appointed United States Circuit Judge December 22, 1869, and held his first term of court here in May, 1870. Cyrus O. French was appointed Register in Bankruptcy in 1871. B. W. Perkius was appointed Judge of the Eleventh District in March, 1873. C. I. Scofield was appointed United States District Attorney in June, 1873; he was succeeded by George R. Peck, in January, 1874. William S. Tough was appointed United States Marshal in April, 1873. J. Jay Buck was appointed Register in Bankruptcy in 1874.

NOVEMBER 1.—Curtis at Pea Ridge.

NOVEMBER 3.—March to Sugar Creek.

NOVEMBER 4.—Curtis at Fayetteville.

NOVEMBER 5.—Our army encamps on the Prairie Grove battle-field.

NOVEMBER 6.—Cane Hill reached. Price crosses the Arkansas.

NOVEMBER 8.—Generals Curtis and Blunt reach the Arkansas. The object of the campaign is accomplished. Both Generals issue congratulatory orders. General Curtis said:

"The pursuit of Price in 1864, and the battles of Lexington, Little Blue, Big Blue, Westport, Marais des Cygnes, Osage, Charlott and Newtonia, will be borne on the banners of the regiments who shared in them; and the States of Missouri, Iowa, Kansas, Colorado, Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin and Arkansas may glory in the achievement of their sons in this short but eventful campaign."

General Blunt said:

"On the 16th of October, the brigades of Colonel Jennison and Colonel Moonlight, numbering in all but 2,000 men, marched from Hickman's Mills, Mo., to Pleasant Hill, Holden and Lexington, to make a reconnoissance. . . .

"On the 19th of October, at 11 A. M., we were attacked at Lexington by the enemy, 26,000 strong, and held the position until their entire army was developed, when our little force retired fighting and in good order, until the darkness of night put an end to the contest. . . .

"On the 21st, the brigades of Colonels Jennison, Ford and Moonlight, numbering only 3,500 men, fought the battle of the Little Blue, contesting stubbornly every foot of ground with an enemy five to one against them, with the most glorious results. In this contest the Second Brigade, under Colonel Moonlight, is entitled to special commendation for the gallant manner in which they fought the enemy's advancing columns until reinforcements arrived.

"On the 22d, the brigades of Colonels Jennison and Moonlight stubbornly contested the advance of the enemy at the crossing of the Big Blue, and at the State Line (after the enemy had forced a passage at Byron's Ford), checking his right flank, and punishing him severely.

"Thus by striking the enemy in front, and by three days' severe fighting, he was firmly held in check until the command of Major General Pleasanton was enabled to check and attack his rear at Independence, and cooperate with us in obtaining the glorious results of the battle of Westport on the 23d, when the entire Division (including Colonel C. W. Blair's brigade of Kansas State Militia) attacked the enemy's front, and, after a severe conflict, turned his right flank, which resulted in his complete defeat and rout.

"In this day's contest credit is due to several regiments of Kansas State Militia for the gallant part they bore, which will be appropriately noticed in official reports."

General Blunt gives credit to the Second Colorado and to General Pleasanton for the courage displayed "in the battles of the Osage, on the 25th," and to Colonel Moonlight for the victory at Mound City.

All was honorable to the Militia in this campaign. Their sacrifices and heroism were not less glorious and patriotic than the deeds of the fathers of the country at Lexington, Bunker Hill, and on the other fields of the Revolution. All was honorable until the question of their pay came up in Congress, and until the scrip was hawked about by speculators in Kansas. Dishonor marked these transactions. Delay was made in Congress in order that the scrip might be depreciated. The Militiamen sold it for nearly nothing. When the money reached Kansas it was so disbursed as to call for the following censure—made by the Legislative Committee, March 2, 1874:

"Owing to the brief time allotted to your Committee in which to perform the work assigned them, they have been unable to make a detailed examination of the vouchers, papers, and accounts of the office of the Treasurer, and have not been able to count all

of the Military scrip returned by the Treasurer to the Auditor as vouchers for the payment of money thereon; but your Committee, from their examination of the scrip, cannot but express the opinion that payments by the Treasurer out of this fund were carelessly and negligently made. In numerous instances, payments were made on scrip presented without the signature of the Treasurer thereto, and scrip was accepted and paid without the name of the payee being indorsed thereon. Such a practice necessarily opened the way to an improper disbursement of this fund, and an opportunity for money to be wrongfully drawn from the Treasury."

This report is signed by Albert H. Horton, T. F. Robley, S. N. Latta, and E. K. Townsend, and is found on page 4 of Proceedings of the Court of Impeachment, published in 1874.

NOVEMBER 8.—Election. Abraham Lincoln reelected President.

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS, AND CONGRESSMAN.

Counties.	Governor.		Lieut. Gov.		Sec. of State.		Auditor.	
	S. J. Crawford.....	S. O. Thatcher	J. McGrew.....	J. J. Ingalls.....	R. A. Barker..	W. R. Saunders.....	J. R. Swallow.....	Asa Hairgrove.....
Allen.....	225	96	226	94	225	93	224	39
Anderson.....	239	57	229	60	224	60	229	60
Atchison.....	555	622	525	644	631	498	531	644
Bourbon.....	864	166	866	150	865	145	868	148
Butler.....	35	25	35	25	35	25	35	25
Brown.....	207	156	214	147	210	152	211	152
Coffey.....	278	149	285	142	280	144	282	147
Chase.....	60	67	63	66	64	65	66	69
Douglas.....	959	595	1,009	576	1,010	571	1,018	565
Doniphan.....	634	516	593	543	668	481	595	545
Davis.....	134	91	134	91	133	92	134	91
Dickinson.....	44	20	43	20	42	20	42	20
Franklin.....	320	127	331	113	331	112	330	113
Greenwood.....	96	18	41	8	97	8	97	22
Jefferson.....	635	379	628	371	631	374	628	376
Jackson.....	620	112	259	113	258	115	258	113
Johnson.....	258	179	264	265	260	264	254	276
Linn.....	299	448	254	487	234	500	301	406
Lyon.....	440	113	449	101	447	104	436	106
Leavenworth.....	1,350	2,077	1,343	2,079	1,360	2,063	1,348	2,071
Miami.....	439	266	434	264	431	263	431	263
Morris.....	50	105	48	106	48	104	47	108
Marshall.....	170	146	170	145	172	145	173	145
Nemaha.....	250	131	253	127	255	123	254	124
Neosho.....	2	24	.....	27	.....	26	.....	27
Osage.....	121	68	120	68	88	89	119	69
Pottawatomie.....	173	87	168	94	167	92	168	92
Riley.....	160	111	159	111	161	110	157	114
Shawnee.....	427	132	384	275	387	272	359	279
Saline.....	50	55	55	57	48	57	40	56
Washington.....	59	43	56	47	57	46	56	47
Wilson.....	19	7	19	7	19	7	19	7
Woodson.....	56	46	56	46	55	47	56	46
Wabaunsee.....	116	63	102	75	102	75	106	72
Wyandotte.....	176	339	234	278	176	335	194	314
Total home vote.....	10,196	7,840	10,047	7,822	10,225	7,676	10,066	7,833
Soldiers' vote.....	2,191	608	2,047	671	1,996	587	1,967	657
Total vote.....	13,387	8,448	12,094	8,493	12,221	8,263	12,033	8,490

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS, AND CONGRESSMAN — CONCLUDED.

Counties.	Treasurer.		Attorney General.		Superintendent of Instruction.		Associate Justice.		Representative in Congress.	
	William Spriggs.....	T. R. McClure.....	J. D. Brumbaugh.	H. Grtswold...	I. T. Goodnow.....	J. S. Brown...	Jacob Safford.....	S. A. Kingman.....	Shilnoy Clarke.....	A. L. Lee.....
Allen.....	218	101	224	93	224	93	224	93	192	126
Anderson.....	207	76	190	60	200	59	227	60	220	63
Atchison.....	531	641	519	644	555	609	533	647	508	659
Bourbon.....	865	146	862	146	868	145	864	146	760	243
Butler.....	35	25	35	25	35	25	35	25	26	30
Brown.....	249	114	122	165	281	80	184	169	146	219
Colley.....	285	143	284	145	281	146	280	146	265	164
Chase.....	64	65	63	65	63	64	61	65	59	67
Douglas.....	1,022	561	1,010	575	929	617	987	597	977	598
Doniphan.....	586	622	540	581	617	527	537	612	495	655
Davis.....	116	108	134	91	134	90	134	91	128	92
Dickinson.....	43	18	43	20	45	18	45	18	41	19
Franklin.....	341	102	331	191	335	101	331	113	317	125
Greenwood.....	97	13	97	13	27	13	97	7	96	13
Jefferson.....	629	372	608	385	627	362	606	382	597	302
Jackson.....	259	113	256	114	259	113	259	112	254	117
Johnson.....	258	275	261	265	266	163	261	265	235	288
Linn.....	239	503	127	503	265	468	235	482	191	541
Lyon.....	451	97	447	99	456	91	448	99	413	132
Leavenworth.....	1,316	2,076	1,324	2,100	1,353	2,063	1,342	2,080	1,162	2,230
Miami.....	435	261	.....	261	435	261	434	262	413	277
Morris.....	48	105	44	503	56	93	47	103	36	118
Marshall.....	172	146	190	122	176	139	167	148	149	167
Nemaha.....	257	122	212	143	261	120	227	152	227	152
Neosho.....	.....	20	.....	26	.....	26	.....	26	.....	.....
Osage.....	117	72	115	72	122	53	113	76	114	73
Pottawatomie.....	166	93	165	93	166	94	173	86	158	98
Riley.....	154	112	150	119	167	94	168	102	145	135
Shawnee.....	394	268	376	281	395	263	373	278	379	280
Saline.....	48	57	45	59	51	44	49	55	42	62
Washington.....	57	46	46	46	64	37	55	41	57	46
Wilson.....	19	7	19	7	19	7	.....	7	19	7
Woodson.....	56	46	56	46	56	46	56	46	55	47
Wabaunsee.....	104	73	105	71	104	72	104	72	102	77
Wyandotte.....	176	335	176	332	190	314	174	339	168	343
Home vote.....	10,044	7,935	9,229	7,984	10,119	7,608	9,833	8,002	9,156	8,668
Soldiers' vote.....	2,007	591	1,870	593	2,027	555	1,988	634	1,674	1,042
Total vote.....	12,051	8,526	11,099	8,577	12,146	8,163	11,821	8,636	10,830	9,710

VOTE ON AMENDMENTS TO CONSTITUTION, AND SALE OF SCHOOL LAND.

Counties.	Amendments to Const'n.				Sale of School Land.	
	Sec. 3, Art. 1.		Sec. 12, Art. 2.		For.	Agst.
	For.	Agst.	For.	Agst.		
Allen.....	284	.....	260	3	251	7
Anderson.....	76	1	35	1	92	30
Atchison.....	786	44	648	96	389	221
Bourbon.....	860	.....	861	.....	92	3
Butler.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brown.....	344	1	236	53	208	61
Colley.....	286	.....	279	.....	65	5
Chase.....	117	9	117	9	117	9
Douglas.....	1,066	101	1,057	103	50	528
Doniphan.....	889	3	765	3	343	145
Davis.....	197	2	197	2	126	8
Dickinson.....	60	.....	60	.....	43	33

VOTE ON AMENDMENTS TO CONSTITUTION, ETC.—CONCLUDED.

Counties.	Amendments to Const'n.				Sale of School Land.	
	Sec. 3, Art. 1.		Sec. 12, Art. 2.		For.	Agst.
	For.	Agst.	For.	Agst.		
Franklin.....	275	4	275	2	74	.....
Greenwood.....	69	.....	69	.....	45	.....
Jefferson.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jackson.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Johnson.....	215	1	151	34	113	15
Linn.....	534	1	504	30	21	10
Lyon.....	533	20	496	49	501	46
Leavenworth.....	1,017	109	717	183	36	555
Miami.....	434	2	35	.....	72	15
Morris.....	142	12	138	13	150	2
Marshall.....	238	10	239	9	225	27
Nemaha.....	306	2	299	4	153	24
Neosho.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Osage.....	157	3	149	11	.....	.....
Pottawatomie.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Riley.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Shawnee.....	607	.....	533	11	104	398
Saline.....	100	.....	100	.....	19	.....
Washington.....	64	.....	64	.....	71	.....
Wilson.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Woodson.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wabaunsee.....	164	2	154	9	77	44
Wyandotte.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total home vote.....	9,570	329	8,438	625	3,437	2,186
Soldiers' vote.....	886	.....	270	1	75	145
Total vote.....	10,756	329	8,708	626	3,512	2,331

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

District....	Counties.	Names.	Home vote.....	Soldiers' vote.....
1	Doniphan.....	F. H. Drenning.....	631	6
		N. Price.....	562	5
		J. T. Lane.....	542	76
2	Atehison.....	W. J. Orem.....	504	55
		M. Quigg.....	673	.....
		Thomas Murphy.....	571	83
3	Leavenworth.....	J. Wheeler.....	545	.....
		J. J. Patterson.....	509	1
		H. Foote.....	2,008	15
		J. F. Legate.....	1,979	32
		W. P. Gambell.....	1,895	15
4	Jefferson.....	M. L. Grant.....	1,479	79
		G. D. Parks.....	1,422	98
		F. Wellhouse.....	1,384	93
		J. H. Jones.....	974	20
		Samuel Spear.....	221	.....
5	Brown.....	James A. Pope.....	131	.....
		Samuel Spear.....	254	.....
		James A. Pope.....	120	.....
6	Jackson.....	O. J. Grover.....	242	7
		Pottawatomie.....	239	.....
		O. J. Grover.....	2	.....
7	Marshall.....	Scattering.....	2	.....
		E. C. Manning.....	181	42
		W. A. Adams.....	131	28
		W. A. Adams.....	138	.....
8	Shawnee.....	E. C. Manning.....	128	.....
		W. A. Adams.....	138	.....
		E. C. Manning.....	61	.....
		W. A. Adams.....	39	.....
		Dan Horne.....	361	14
		G. W. Veale.....	293	1

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONCLUDED.

<i>District</i> ...	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Home vote</i>	<i>Soldiers' vote</i>
9	Douglas.....	John Speer.....	1,008	104
		Oliver Barber.....	993	73
		R. W. Ludington.....	585	15
10	Johnson.....	C. S. Warren.....	572	15
		T. C. Milhoan.....	292	3
		J. T. Weaver.....	236	8
11	Miami.....	G. A. Colton.....	420	59
		J. H. Pratt.....	270	4
		William Weer.....	271	.....
12	Wyandotte.....	Byron Judd.....	237	22
		— Smith.....	453	4
13	Linn.....	— Jones.....	264	1
		A. Danford.....	817	76
14	Bourbon.....	Scattering.....	10	.....
		H. L. Hunt.....	101	.....
		R. B. Lockwood.....	61	21
15	Morris.....	H. L. Hunt.....	69	.....
		R. B. Lockwood.....	55	.....
		H. L. Hunt.....	23	.....
16	Allen.....	R. B. Lockwood.....	34	.....
		C. P. Twiss.....	227	3
		J. L. Fletcher.....	84	.....
17	Woodson.....	C. P. Twiss.....	58	.....
		J. L. Fletcher.....	43	.....
		C. P. Twiss.....	26	.....
18	Coffey.....	C. P. Twiss.....	1	.....
		J. L. Fletcher.....	29	.....
		D. W. Houston.....	254	90
19	Franklin.....	Scattering.....	2	.....
		D. W. Houston.....	368	.....
		— Blair.....	67	.....
20	Osage.....	F. W. Potter.....	283	36
		James Rogers.....	142	.....
		F. W. Potter.....	85	.....
21	Lyon.....	James Rogers.....	99	.....
		C. V. Eskridge.....	351	.....
		P. B. Maxson.....	188	13
22	Greenwood.....	C. V. Eskridge.....	44	42
		P. B. Maxson.....	63	.....
		W. K. Bartlett.....	110	22
23	Wabaunsee.....	R. S. Miller.....	67	23
		W. K. Bartlett.....	144	.....
		R. S. Miller.....	30	.....
24	Davis.....	W. K. Bartlett.....	47	.....
		R. S. Miller.....	15	.....
		W. K. Bartlett.....	59	.....
25	Dickinson.....	R. S. Miller.....	40	.....
		W. K. Bartlett.....	59	.....
		R. S. Miller.....	40	.....

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>District</i> ...	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Home vote</i>	<i>Soldiers' vote</i>
1	Doniphan.....	E. Detrick.....	156	7
		J. Dillon.....	122	.....
2	D. L. Payne.....	131	.....
		R. George.....	74	.....
3	J. Normille.....	11	.....
		E. Russell.....	112	1
4	E. Downard.....	82	4
		C. Leland.....	152	.....
5	W. H. Wilson.....	81	.....
		A. Low.....	137	.....
6	R. Flickinger.....	59	.....
	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

District..	Counties.	Names.	Home vote...	Soldiers' vote...
6	Atehison.....	G. W. Gliok.....	132	.....
		E. K. Blair.....	112	12
7	.....	G. H. Fairchild.....	144	4
		G. W. Bowman.....	119	17
8	.....	M. R. Benton.....	150	.....
		Dr. Larry.....	73	.....
9	.....	S. J. H. Snyder.....	99	.....
		B. H. Williams.....	89	.....
10	.....	George Storch.....	71	.....
		H. C. Purcell.....	46	.....
11	Brown.....	W. P. Rawlings.....	119	.....
		R. B. Ransom.....	93	.....
12	.....	D. Sutherland.....	87	3
		J. S. Tyler.....	61	.....
13	Nemaha.....	J. D. Sammons.....	107	.....
		J. M. Hicks.....	88	.....
14	.....	C. C. Coffinbury.....	129	.....
		— Nicolson.....	46	.....
15	Marshall.....	J. D. Wells.....	173	34
		S. B. Todd.....	133	.....
16	Washington.....	R. Darby.....	52	.....
		G. H. Hollenberg.....	50	.....
17	Pottawatomie.....	Russell Church.....	137	.....
		J. E. Clardy.....	120	.....
18	Jackson.....	James McLelan.....	213	.....
		J. J. Preston.....	98	.....
19	Jefferson.....	W. Granger.....	49	.....
		M. R. Dutton.....	167	.....
20	.....	Lewis Trower.....	159	.....
		Robert Riddle.....	143	.....
21	.....	C. Hicks.....	68	.....
		A. B. Hendricks.....	186	.....
22	Leavenworth.....	M. D. Baldwin.....	112	.....
		T. R. Bayn.....	39	.....
23	.....	— Hawthorn.....	36	.....
		Scattering.....	32	.....
24	.....	T. M. O'Brien.....	478	7
		S. McFarland.....	225	31
25	.....	J. M. Brown.....	39	1
		H. Smith.....	320	8
26	.....	C. H. Robinson.....	164	30
		S. F. Atwood.....	296	2
27	.....	C. J. Hanks.....	256	6
		M. Jordon.....	328	4
28	.....	J. Walkinshaw.....	220	9
		L. Kennedy.....	116	.....
29	.....	J. Mize.....	107	11
		T. O'Gwartyney.....	94	.....
30	.....	W. S. Marvin.....	62	9
		E. Stafford.....	94	8
31	Wyandotte.....	D. F. Walker.....	70	.....
		J. T. Salsbury.....	135	5
32	.....	Thomas Kincaid.....	93	.....
		Scattering.....	4	.....
33	.....	R. C. Foster.....	124	.....
		H. Brandt.....	76	.....
34	Johnson.....	C. S. Glick.....	267	.....
		T. A. Gruiter.....	240	14
35	.....	C. H. Stratton.....	135	5
		J. E. Corliss.....	101	1
36	.....	D. G. Campbell.....	82	.....
		J. D. Tinderson.....	60	.....
37	Douglas.....	C. L. Dillie.....	92	.....
		L. Bradbury.....	49	.....
38	.....	F. B. Swift.....	253	23
		R. A. Hays.....	222	.....
39	.....	J. R. Kennedy.....	127	1
		J. M. Shepherd.....	103	.....
40	.....	W. Craig.....	184	.....
		L. L. Hartman.....	40	14

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>District.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Home vote.....</i>	<i>Soldiers' vote.....</i>
38	Douglas (concluded).....	E. S. Sudder.....	140	.....
		E. H. Vanhoesen.....	96	.....
39	.....	W. Morrow.....	117	1
		R. Young.....	83	.....
40	.....	W. Draper.....	149	20
		J. C. Steele.....	38	.....
41	Shawnee.....	S. D. Macdonald.....	223	4
		W. W. Ross.....	174	.....
42	.....	James Fletcher.....	120	.....
		A. M. Thornton.....	117	1
		S. Parker.....	62	.....
43	Miami.....	H. Rice.....	154	8
		J. W. Jennison.....	79	.....
44	.....	W. L. Houts.....	131	21
		R. W. Massey.....	127	2
45	.....	W. Carr.....	109	6
		W. Hoffman.....	94	17
46	Linn.....	A. J. Loomis.....	118	.....
47	.....	J. Hodson.....	89	.....
		W. H. Weatherman.....	67	.....
		S. J. Addis.....	66	.....
48	.....	C. Clark.....	15	.....
		W. Goss.....	66	25
		T. J. Coseboom.....	40	.....
		E. A. Deland.....	25	.....
49	.....	J. F. Broadhead.....	90	9
		E. Smith.....	73	.....
50	Bourbon.....	L. D. Clevinger.....	95	.....
		D. B. Jackman.....	48	.....
51	.....	D. L. Campbell.....	123	2
		T. S. Brockman.....	1	.....
52	.....	W. Griswold.....	203	.....
		D. R. Cobb.....	10	.....
		— Green.....	2	.....
53	.....	W. Z. Strong.....	348	54
		Scattering.....	21	.....
54	Allen.....	W. Stewart.....	144	.....
		J. McClure.....	50	.....
		Scattering.....	2	.....
55	.....	J. A. Christy.....	79	.....
56	Anderson.....	H. Cavender.....	96	.....
		J. H. Hiner.....	73	.....
57	.....	A. G. West.....	68	.....
		J. Gibson.....	26	.....
		Scattering.....	2	.....
58	Franklin.....	H. A. Cook.....	141	2
		J. Parkinson.....	71	.....
59	.....	J. Hanway.....	144	8
		H. F. Sheldon.....	71	.....
60	Osage.....	O. H. Browne.....	98	8
		C. Becker.....	86	.....
61	Coffey.....	J. Throckmorton.....	176	212
		Scattering.....	5	.....
62	.....	W. B. Perry.....	104	3
		A. Stewart.....	100	.....
		Scattering.....	5	.....
63	Woodson.....	J. Foster.....	56	.....
		J. Moody.....	45	.....
64	Lyon.....	J. Stotler.....	210	33
		T. Anner.....	30	.....
65	.....	F. R. Page.....	97	4
		G. J. Tallman.....	52	.....
66	.....	D. H. Baker.....	36	.....
		R. Abraham.....	65	3
		O. King.....	33	3
67	Butler.....	W. Grinnell.....	24	1
		J. R. Meade.....	51	3
		A. Ellis.....	24	.....
68	Chase.....	E. A. Alford.....	69	.....
		M. R. Leonard.....	85	16
69	Morris.....	J. Spencer.....	104	.....
		J. Carey.....	56	5

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

District..	Counties.	Names.	Home vote...	Soldiers' vote...
70	Wabaunsee.....	H. D. Shepherd..... G. Swaninger.....	108 65	2 8
71	Davis.....	A. W. Callen.....	198	28
72	Riley.....	J. M. Harvey..... R. Nehaukee.....	178 81	20 6
73	Dickinson.....	C. Kohler..... J. Irwin.....	41 23	.....
74	Saline.....	R. H. Bishop..... N. B. Hues.....	49 50	2
75	Greenwood.....	W. Martindale.....	58	.....
76	Wilson.....	D. C. Finn.....	25	.....
77	Neosho.....	— Rogers.....	32	.....

VOTE FOR ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT, NOVEMBER 8, 1864.

Counties.	R. McBratney	W. F. Cloud...	T. Moonlight..	M. J. Parrott..	Nelson Cobb...	J. Bridgens...	A. G. Ege.....	E. Cheeseborough.....
Allen.....	250	250	211	39	73	73	72	.....
Anderson.....	257	256	238	18	37	37	37	.....
Atchison.....	785	785	522	275	380	378	380	.....
Bourbon.....	955	960	894	63	126	126	126	.....
Brown.....	362	362	195	167	3	3	3	.....
Butler.....	41	39	9	32	19	19	19	2
Chase.....	79	79	17	64	47	47	47	.....
Coffey.....	307	307	283	25	124	124	124	.....
Davis.....	151	153	90	63	65	65	65	.....
Dickinson *.....	42	42	.....	42	20	20	20	.....
Doniphan.....	1,084	1,081	338	748	19	19	21	.....
Douglas.....	1,349	1,353	1,032	328	198	194	192	.....
Franklin.....	391	395	350	67	42	23	44	.....
Greenwood.....	162	106	.....	7	15	16	16	74
Jackson *.....	266	267	238	21	105	106	104	.....
Jefferson.....	831	855	601	270	178	178	178	.....
Johnson.....	411	437	282	159	105	105	106	.....
Leavenworth.....	2,122	2,139	1,440	749	1,379	1,371	1,371	.....
Linn.....	704	689	370	332	62	62	62	.....
Lyon.....	488	487	462	27	69	69	69	.....
Marshall.....	260	260	.....	260	59	59	59	.....
Miami.....	621	614	462	174	79	80	80	.....
Morris.....	70	70	.....	70	98	98	98	.....
Nemaha.....	341	341	12	330	30	30	30	.....
Neosho *.....	24	24	.....	24	11	11	11	.....
Osage.....	166	167	115	51	27	27	27	.....
Pottawatomie.....	212	213	150	71	35	35	34	.....
Riley.....	213	220	76	149	51	50	51	.....
Saline *.....	75	75	.....	75	34	34	34	.....
Shawnee.....	574	573	391	186	75	75	75	.....
Washington.....	93	93	.....	56	.....	.....	.....	36
Wabaunsee.....	163	163	50	113	7	7	7	.....
Wilson *.....	21	21	.....	21	5	5	5	.....
Wyandotte.....	285	285	7	279	190	190	190	.....
Woodson.....	67	67	45	22	35	35	35	.....
Total.....	14,162	14,228	8,888	5,375	3,802	3,871	3,782	112

* The votes of those counties with a * attached to their names were not canvassed, owing to the fact that the returns were not sent in the time prescribed by law.

Abstract of the Soldier vote for Electors of President and Vice President, not canvassed; the returns were not in the time prescribed by law:

"Soldier Vote.—Robt. McBratney, 2,867; Wm. F. Cloud, 2,586; Thos. Moonlight, 1,543; M. J. Parrott, 828; Nelson Cobb, 34; J. Bridgens, 34; A. G. Ege, 36; E. Cheeseborough, 543.

RECAPITULATION.

Vote.	R. McBrethney.	Wm. F. Cloud.	T. Moonlight.	M. J. Parrott.	Nelson Cobb.	J. Bridgens.	A. G. Ege.	E. Cheeseborough.
Home vote.....	14,162	14,228	8,880	5,375	3,802	3,871	3,782	112
Soldier vote.....	2,867	2,586	1,543	828	34	34	36	543
Total.....	17,029	16,814	10,423	6,203	3,836	3,905	3,818	655

VOTE FOR DISTRICT JUDGES.

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Counties.	D. J. Brewer	A. M. Stanger	Total.....	Total Soldier vote.....
Leavenworth.....	2,009	1,362	3,876	114
Wyandotte.....	335	170		
Soldier vote.....	19	95		

SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Counties.	A. H. Horton	Scattering...	Total.....	Total Soldier vote.....
Achison.....	589			24
Brown.....	297			
Doniphan.....	857			
Marshall.....	157			
Nemaha.....	371	2	2,273	
Soldier vote.....	24			

THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Counties.	C. K. Gilchrist.....	Daniel Brooking.....	J. P. Greer...	— White....	Scattering.....	Total.....	Total Soldier vote.....
Davis.....	24	35	36	37			71
Diekinson.....	9		4	35			
Jackson.....	164	37	33				
Jefferson.....	559	349	43	16			
Pottawatomie.....	126	80	33	12			
Riley.....	132	60	57	15			
Saline.....		19	2	19			
Shawnee.....	218	334	95	1			
Wabausee.....	25	86	43	2	22	2,812	
Soldier vote.....	49	9	11	2			

FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

<i>Counties.</i>	<i>D. M. Valen- tine.....</i>	<i>G. W. Smith.....</i>	<i>Scatter- ing.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Total Soldier vote.....</i>
Anderson.....	204	22	473
Allen.....	226	35	.....	.....
Bourbon.....	865	.....	.....	.....
Douglas.....	856	702	.....	.....
Franklin.....	396	21	.....	.....
Johnson.....	279	4	.....	.....
Linn.....	102	469	.....	.....
Miami.....	403	263	.....	.....
Neosho.....	.....	29	39	4,915
Soldier vote.....	459	14	.....	.....

FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

<i>Counties.</i>	<i>J. H. Watson.....</i>	<i>R. M. Pug- gles.....</i>	<i>Scatter- ing.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Total Soldier vote.....</i>
Butler.....	29	30	71
Chase.....	64	64	.....	.....
Coffey.....	257	167	.....	.....
Greenwood.....	77	21	.....	.....
Lyon.....	354	181	.....	.....
Morris.....	41	121	.....	.....
Osage.....	71	114	.....	.....
Wilson.....	19	7	.....	.....
Woodson.....	55	47	9	1,728	
Soldier vote.....	50	21	.....	.....

The vote given to Marcus J. Parrott as a Presidential Elector was Republican, but Anti-Lane. That was the issue between Republicans during the canvass. The Price Raid made Lane successful.

—This is the first election held in Wilson county.—Neosho county organized this month.

NOVEMBER 9.—General Curtis moves toward Fort Scott, by way of Fort Gibson. General Blunt moves to Fort Smith. Generals Blunt and Herron soon arrive in Leavenworth, by way of Gibson and Scott.

NOVEMBER 16.—Sherman leaves Atlanta on his March to the Sea.

NOVEMBER 16.—Joseph Bond starts the Herald, at Humboldt—the first paper printed there. J. H. Young soon became one of the publishers. John R. Goodin was one of the editors. The Herald lived a year.

NOVEMBER 28.—First excursion train from Wyandotte to Lawrence.

NOVEMBER 29.—Colonel Chivington, of Colorado, massacres a camp of Indians on Sand creek, near Fort Lyon; an indiscriminate slaughter.

NOVEMBER 30.—Battle of Franklin.

NOVEMBER 30.—Expenditures of the State for the year.

Governor's Department.....	\$5,549 72	Visiting regts. and def'g border,	\$11,800 00
Secretary's Department.....	4,946 32	Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	2,115 14
Auditor's Department.....	3,032 90	Agricultural College.....	3,778 28
Treasurer's Department.....	1,981 47	Normal School.....	1,013 00
Supt. of Public Instruction.....	1,685 00	Immigration fund.....	1,509 00
Attorney General.....	1,330 62	State Geologist.....	2,956 77
Judiciary.....	12,901 79	Rent of Capitol Building.....	1,500 00
Printing.....	21,214 64	Capitol grounds.....	851 35
Legislature and Journals.....	23,023 38	Land offices.....	1,640 50
Penitentiary.....	31,693 06	Miscellaneous expenses.....	1,809 01
Adjutant General.....	3,553 51		
Quartermaster.....	750 00	Total for 1864.....	\$143,595 46

—Price crossed the Red river, halted at Bonham, and finally selected Clarksville, Texas, for his headquarters. Thos. C. Reynolds, who claimed to be the Confederate Governor of Missouri, published a long letter reviewing the Raid, and severely censuring General Price for its failure.

NOVEMBER.—Neosho county organized; named from the river; originally a part of Dorn.

DECEMBER 13.—Hazen captures Fort McAllister.

—Sherman's report of his great March to the Sea.

DECEMBER 15.—Victory of Thomas, near Nashville.

DECEMBER 21.—Sherman occupies Savannah.

DECEMBER.—B. F. Mudge, State Geologist, makes his first Annual Report. It is a pamphlet of 56 pages.

—Publication of the Kansas Annual Register for 1864. Andrew Stark editor. The plan of the Register originated with Judge L. D. Bailey, and he hoped to have it published annually. This number is printed at the Bulletin office, Leavenworth, and contains 265 pages of interesting matter. The history of religious societies in the State, and of counties, is peculiarly valuable. Dr. Richard Cordley writes a sketch of Lawrence, twenty pages long. The book contains lithographic pictures of Thomas Carney, Thomas Ewing jr., James H. Lane, A. C. Wilder, George W. Deitzler, and James G. Blunt.

DECEMBER 31.—The report of W. W. H. Lawrence, Secretary of State, gives a list of 495,551 1-5 acres of land selected for the State under the act of Congress of September 4, 1841.

DECEMBER 31.—Publication of the report of C. K. Holliday, Adjutant General. It is a book of 714 pages, contains a history of the Price Raid, and gives a roster and brief history of the volunteer regiments. The following list of the Militia engaged in the Price Raid is copied from the report:

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF AND STAFF.

Names.	Rank.	Date of Commission.	Residence.	Remarks.
Thomas Carney....	Com'der-in-Chief....	Jan. 12, 1863	Leavenworth	In'g'd Jan. 12, '63.
Guilford Dudley....	Adjutant General....	Mar. 2, 1864	Topeka.....	Res., Apr. 30, '64.
C. K. Holliday....	Adjutant General....	May 2, 1864	Topeka.....	
Edward Russell....	Lieut. Colonel.....	Mar. 2, 1864	Elwood.....	
David Broekway....	Lieut. Colonel.....	Mar. 2, 1864	Topeka.....	
Jas. A. McGonigle...	Lieut. Colonel.....	Mar. 2, 1864	Leavenworth	
F. H. Drenning....	Lieut. Colonel.....	Mar. 2, 1864	Elwood.....	
W. H. M. Fishback...	Lieut. Colonel.....	Mar. 2, 1864	Olathe.....	Pro'ed Brig. Gen.
W. P. Dutton.....	Lieut. Colonel.....	Mar. 2, 1864	Paola.....	

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF AND STAFF—CONCLUDED.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Commission.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
J. R. Swallow.....	Lieut. Colonel.....	Mar. 2, 1864	Emporia.....	.....
D. P. Lowe.....	Lieut. Colonel.....	Mar. 2, 1864	Mound City..	Resigned.
S. F. Atwood.....	Lieut. Colonel.....	April 29, 1864	Leavenworth	Resigned.
R. A. Randlett.....	Lieut. Colonel.....	May 18, 1864	Topeka.....	.....
Wm. C. Crawford..	Lieut. Colonel.....	Oct. 10, 1866	Topeka.....	.....
A. S. Hughes.....	Lieut. Colonel.....	Oct. 10, 1864	Atchison.....	.....
Wm. Rosenthal....	Lieut. Colonel.....	Oct. 10, 1864	Atchison.....	.....
John W. Brown....	Lieut. Colonel.....	Oct. 10, 1864	Auburn.....	.....

MAJOR GENERAL AND STAFF.

Geo. W. Deitzler..	Major General.....	Feb. 29, 1864	Lawrence....	.....
John T. Morton...	Asst. Adjt. General	April 20, 1864	Topeka.....	.....
R. A. Randlett....	Asst. Quar'master..	May 13, 1864	Topeka.....	Resigned.
Sam. F. Atwood...	Asst. Quar'master..	May 18, 1864	Leavenworth	.....
Chas. Chadwick...	Major.....	May 13, 1864	Lawrence....	.....
Geo. T. Robinson..	Major.....	May 13, 1864	Topeka.....	Resigned.
Lewis C. Wilmarth	Major.....	July 15, 1864	Topeka.....	.....
John J. Ingalls...	Major.....	May 13, 1864	Atchison.....	.....
Thomas White....	Major.....	May 13, 1864	Council Grove	Deceased.
Elisha G. Moon....	Major.....	Sept. 7, 1864	Topeka.....	.....
H. Stein.....	Major.....	May 13, 1864	Leavenworth	.....
John A. Lefker....	Major.....	May 13, 1864	Moneka.....	.....

FIRST BRIGADE K. S. M.

S. A. Drake.....	Brig. General.....	Feb. 29, 1864	Leavenworth	Com. Lt. Col. Vol.
M. S. Grant.....	Brig. General.....	Aug. 22, 1864	Leavenworth	.....
Alonzo Hastings..	Capt. and A. A. G..	April 13, 1864	Leavenworth	.....
George A. Eddy....	Capt. and A. Q. M..	April 13, 1864	Leavenworth	Resigned.
E. H. Marsh.....	Capt. and A. Q. M..	Oct. 17, 1864	Leavenworth	.....
Ed. D. Thompson..	Capt. and A. C.....	April 13, 1864	Lawrence....	Resigned.
Peter Ridenour....	Capt. and A. C.....	Oct. 17, 1864	Lawrence....	.....
J. H. Dubois.....	1st Lt. and A. D. C.	April 13, 1864	Leavenworth	.....
John Gray.....	1st Lt. and A. D. C.	April 13, 1864	Atchison.....	Resigned.
David Stettauer..	1st Lt. and A. D. C.	Oct. 17, 1864	Leavenworth	.....
G. M. Lee.....	1st Lt. and A. D. C.	Oct. 17, 1864	Leavenworth	.....

SECOND BRIGADE K. S. M.

Byron Sherry.....	Brig. General.....	Feb. 29, 1864	Seneca.....	.....
John E. Smith....	Capt. and A. A. G..	May 13, 1864	Seneca.....	.....
J. Weisbach.....	Capt. and A. Q. M..	May 13, 1864	Marshall Co..	.....
G. H. Hollenberg..	Capt. and A. Com...	May 13, 1864	Wash'g'n Co..	.....
H. M. Robinson...	Capt. and A. D. C..	May 13, 1864	Brown Co.....	.....
Alfred Saxey.....	1st Lt. and A. D. C.	May 13, 1864	Doniphan....	.....

THIRD BRIGADE K. S. M.

W. H. M. Fishback	Brig. General.....	June 9, 1864	Olathe.....	.....
Harry McBride...	Capt. and A. A. G..	Aug. 22, 1864	Johnson Co..	.....
James P. Way.....	Capt. and Com.....	Aug. 22, 1864	Johnson Co..	.....
John P. Weaver...	Capt. and A. Q. M..	Aug. 22, 1864	Olathe.....	Resigned.
James B. Hovey...	Capt. and A. Q. M..	Oct. 8, 1864	Spring Hill..	.....
J. B. Hovey.....	1st Lt. and A. D. C.	Aug. 22, 1864	Spring Hill..	Pr. C. & A. Q. M.
Horace Pardee....	1st Lt. and A. D. C.	Aug. 22, 1864	Spring Hill..	.....
H. A. Burgess....	1st Lt. and A. D. C.	Aug. 22, 1864	Spring Hill..	.....
W. W. Updegraff..	1st Lt. and A. D. C.	Oct. 20, 1864	Osawatomie..	.....

FOURTH BRIGADE K. S. M.

John B. Scott.....	Brig. General.....	Feb. 29, 1864	Le Roy.....	.....
E. Robinson.....	Capt. and A. A. G..	Mar. 22, 1864	Le Roy.....	.....
James F. Walker..	Capt. and A. Q. M..	Mar. 22, 1864	Garnett.....	.....
M. E. Grimes.....	Capt. and Com.....	June 14, 1864	Le Roy.....	.....

FIFTH BRIGADE K. S. M.

John T. Snoddy...	Brigadier General..	Feb. 29, 1864	Mound City..	Deceased.
S. N. Wood.....	Brigadier General..	Feb. 29, 1864	Council Gro..	.....
H. C. Akin.....	Capt. and A. A. G..	Mar. 24, 1864	Council Gro..	.....
R. A. Randlett....	Capt. and A. Q. M..	Mar. 14, 1864	Topeka.....	Resigned.
W. R. Frost.....	Capt. and A. Q. M..	May 24, 1864	Topeka.....	.....
Amos D. Craigue..	Capt. and A. Q. M..	Mar. 25, 1864	Topeka.....	.....
G. T. Donaldson...	1st Lt. and A. D. C.	Mar. 25, 1864	Chelsea.....	Resigned.
T. F. Hersey.....	1st Lt. and A. D. C.	May 24, 1864	Abilene.....	.....
Asa R. Bancroft...	1st Lt. and A. D. C.	May 25, 1864	Euporia.....	.....
E. Woodman.....	1st Lt. and A. D. C.	May 25, 1864	Manhattan...	.....

FIRST REGIMENT K. S. M.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Commission.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
S. A. Drake.....	Colonel.....	Sept. 17, 1863	Leavenworth...	Prom. Brig. Gen.
C. H. Robinson...	Colonel.....	Mar. 19, 1864	Leavenworth...	.....
Jas. A. McGonigle,	Lieut. Col.....	Sept. 17, 1863	Leavenworth...	Prom. Gov. Staff.
H. D. McArtarty.....	Lieut. Col.....	Mar. 19, 1864	Leavenworth...	.....
L. Shindling.....	Major.....	Sept. 17, 1863	Leavenworth...	.....
Alonzo Hastings..	Adjutant.....	Nov. 23, 1863	Leavenworth...	Resigned.
Francis S. Drake..	Adjutant.....	May 24, 1861	Leavenworth...	.....
A. J. Angell.....	Quar'master,	Sept. 17, 1863	Leavenworth...	Resigned.
Henry S. Burr.....	Quar'master,	July 18, 1861	Leavenworth...	Resigned.
W. S. Vandoren...	Quar'master,	Oct. 10, 1864	Leavenworth...	.....
C. A. Logan.....	Surgeon.....	June 29, 1864	Leavenworth...	.....

SECOND REGIMENT K. S. M.

W.W.H. Lawrence	Colonel.....	Sept. 19, 1863	Topeka.....	Resigned, Nov. 18, '63.
R. A. Randlett.....	Colonel.....	Nov. 30, 1863	Topeka.....	Resigned.
Geo. W. Veale.....	Colonel.....	May 9, 1864	Topeka.....	.....
R. A. Randlett.....	Lieut. Col.....	Sept. 19, 1863	Topeka.....	Promoted Colonel.
Henry M. Greene	Lieut. Col.....	July 15, 1864	Monmouth.....	Wounded battle of Blue, Oct. 22, 1864.
Andrew Stark.....	Major.....	Sept. 19, 1863	Topeka.....	.....
E. P. Kellam.....	Adjutant.....	Sept. 21, 1863	Topeka.....	.....
Sam'l J. Reeder...	Quar'master,	Nov. 4, 1863	Indianola.....	Taken pris., battle of Blue, Oct. 22, 1864.
S. E. Martin.....	Surgeon.....	Sept. 21, 1863	Topeka.....	.....

BATTERY SECOND REGIMENT K. S. M.

W.W.H. Lawrence	Captain.....	Aug. 24, 1863	Topeka.....	Resigned.
Ross Burns.....	Captain.....	Sept. 19, 1863	Topeka.....	Wounded.
Ross Burns.....	First Lieut...	Aug. 24, 1863	Topeka.....	Promoted Captain.
Samuel Hall.....	First Lieut...	Sept. 19, 1863	Topeka.....	Resigned.
Tobias Billings...	First Lieut...	July 19, 1864	Topeka.....	.....
Samuel Hall.....	Second Lieut	Aug. 24, 1863	Topeka.....	Promoted First Lt.
Chas. H. Wyekoff,	Second Lieut	Sept. 19, 1863	Topeka.....	Prisoner.

THIRD REGIMENT K. S. M.

F. B. Swift.....	Colonel.....	Nov. 2, 1863	Lawrence.....	Resigned.
Chas. Willemsen..	Colonel.....	Feb. 13, 1864	Lawrence.....	.....
James S. Moore...	Lieut. Col.....	Nov. 13, 1863	Lawrence.....	Resigned.
Newell W. Spicer,	Lieut. Col.....	Oct. 13, 1861	Lawrence.....	.....
Andrew Still.....	Major.....	Nov. 13, 1863	Lawrence.....	Resigned.
Joseph E. Riggs..	Major.....	Oct. 17, 1864	Lawrence.....	.....
S. S. Horton.....	Adjutant.....	Nov. 13, 1863	Lawrence.....	.....
Paul R. Brooks.....	Quar'master,	Nov. 13, 1863	Lawrence.....	.....

FOURTH REGIMENT K. S. M.

S. S. Cooper.....	Colonel.....	Nov. 4, 1863	Oskaloosa.....	Removed from dist.
Wm. D. McCain...	Colonel.....	Nov. 16, 1864	Oskaloosa.....	.....
J. B. Hubbell.....	Lieut. Col.....	Nov. 4, 1863	Oskaloosa.....	Prom. Colonel 20th.
N. F. Hewitt.....	Lieut. Col.....	Oct. 17, 1863	Oskaloosa.....	.....
G. B. Carson.....	Quar'master,	Nov. 16, 1864	Oskaloosa.....	.....
C. B. McClellan...	Adjutant.....	Nov. 16, 1864	Oskaloosa.....	.....
J. B. Divilbiss...	Surgeon.....	Nov. 16, 1864	Oskaloosa.....	.....

FIFTH REGIMENT K. S. M.

G. A. Colton.....	Colonel.....	Sept. 28, 1863	Paola.....	.....
G. H. Hume.....	Lieut. Col.....	Sept. 28, 1863	Paola.....	.....
Assail Hunt.....	Major.....	Sept. 28, 1863	Paola.....	.....
T. J. Hedges.....	Adjutant.....	Sept. 28, 1863	Paola.....	.....
B. Snyder.....	Quar'master,	Sept. 28, 1863	Paola.....	.....

SIXTH REGIMENT K. S. M.

James D. Snoddy..	Colonel.....	June 13, 1864	Mound City....	.....
H. Robinson.....	Major.....	June 30, 1864	Mound City....	.....
E. R. Smith.....	Adjutant.....	June 30, 1864	Mound City....	.....
James L. Scott...	Quar'master,	June 30, 1864	Mound City....	.....
L. B. Hiatt.....	Surgeon.....	June 30, 1864	Mound City....	.....

SEVENTH REGIMENT K. S. M.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Commission.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
Peter McFarland.....	Colonel.....	Dec. 9, 1863	Leavenworth.....	.....
R. N. Hershfield.....	Lieut. Col.....	Dec. 9, 1863	Leavenworth.....	.....
E. L. Stanley.....	Major.....	Dec. 9, 1863	Leavenworth.....	.....
Chas. A. Clarke.....	Adjutant.....	Dec. 9, 1863	Leavenworth.....	Res., Nov. 2, 1864.

EIGHTH REGIMENT K. S. M.

S. N. Wood.....	Colonel.....	Nov. 10, 1863	Council Grove.	Promoted Brig. Gen.
Wm. S. Smith.....	Colonel.....	July 4, 1864	Cot'nw'd Falls	.....
W. S. Smith.....	Lieut. Col.....	Nov. 10, 1863	Cot'nw'd Falls	Promoted Colonel.
R. B. Lockwood.....	Lieut. Col.....	July 14, 1864	Council Grove.	.....
R. B. Lockwood.....	Major.....	Nov. 10, 1863	Council Grove.	Promoted Lieut. Col.
A. S. Pollard.....	Major.....	July 14, 1864	Council Grove.	.....
Thomas White.....	Adjutant.....	Dec. 21, 1863	Council Grove.	Deceased.
John H. Scribner.....	Quar'master,	Dec. 21, 1863	Council Grove.	.....
J. H. Bradford.....	Surgeon.....	Dec. 21, 1863	Council Grove.	.....

NINTH REGIMENT K. S. M.

Frank M. Tracy.....	Colonel.....	Feb. 17, 1864	Doniphan.....	.....
Sylvest. Bonesteel	Lieut. Col.....	Feb. 17, 1864	Highland.....	.....
Lewis Tracy.....	Major.....	Feb. 17, 1864	Elwood.....	.....
A. Saxey.....	Adjutant.....	Feb. 17, 1864	Troy.....	.....
A. J. Miner.....	Quar'master,	Feb. 17, 1864	Troy.....	.....
N. Harrington.....	Surgeon.....	Feb. 17, 1864	Troy.....	.....

TENTH REGIMENT K. S. M.

William Pennock	Colonel.....	Nov. 18, 1863	Centropolis.....	.....
Miles Morris.....	Lieut. Col.....	Nov. 18, 1863	Garnett.....	.....
A. Wiley.....	Major.....	Nov. 18, 1863	Garnett.....	.....
J. K. Goodin.....	Adjutant.....	Dec. 1, 1863	Minneola.....	Pro. Captain Co. A.
Irwin C. Hughes.....	Quar'master,	Dec. 1, 1863	Minneola.....	.....
M. F. Holaday.....	Surgeon.....	Oct. 10, 1864	Lane.....	.....

ELEVENTH REGIMENT K. S. M.

A. J. Mitchell.....	Colonel.....	Oct. 28, 1863	Emporia.....	.....
J. C. Bunch.....	Lieut. Col.....	Oct. 28, 1863	Emporia.....	Resigned.
R. H. Abraham.....	Major.....	Oct. 28, 1863	Emporia.....	.....
J. Stotler.....	Adjutant.....	Oct. 28, 1863	Emporia.....	.....
N. S. Storrs.....	Quar'master,	May 30, 1864	Emporia.....	.....
J. A. Moore.....	Surgeon.....	April 18, 1864	Emporia.....	.....

TWELFTH REGIMENT K. S. M.

L. S. Treat.....	Colonel.....	Dec. 12, 1863	Atchison.....	.....
S. O. Hilton.....	Lieut. Col.....	Dec. 12, 1863	Atchison.....	.....
J. C. Batsell.....	Major.....	Dec. 12, 1863	Atchison.....	Resigned.
Geo. H. Hawkins,	Adjutant.....	Jan. 30, 1864	Monrovia.....	Resigned.
G. M. Woodworth,	Adjutant.....	Aug. 29, 1864	Monrovia.....	.....
Julius F. Brown,	Quar'master,	Jan. 30, 1864	Atchison.....	.....
Chas. Williamson	Surgeon.....	July 8, 1864	Atchison.....	.....

THIRTEENTH REGIMENT K. S. M.

Julius A. Keeler.....	Colonel.....	Oct. 13, 1863	Johnson Co.....	.....
Alex. S. Johnson.....	Lieut. Col.....	Oct. 13, 1863	Johnson Co.....	.....
J. Nicholson.....	Major.....	Oct. 13, 1863	Johnson Co.....	.....
W. A. Ocheltree.....	Adjutant.....	Oct. 13, 1863	Johnson Co.....	Resigned.
William Roy.....	Adjutant.....	Oct. 13, 1863	Johnson Co.....	.....
Benj. B. Francis.....	Quar'master,	Oct. 13, 1863	Johnson Co.....	.....
W. D. Bull.....	Surgeon.....	Oct. 13, 1863	Johnson Co.....	.....

FOURTEENTH REGIMENT K. S. M.

D. W. Scott.....	Colonel.....	Nov. 9, 1863	Ogden.....	Resigned.
James M. Harvey.....	Colonel.....	Oct. 19, 1864	Ogden.....	.....
E. L. Patee.....	Lieut. Col.....	Oct. 9, 1863	Manhattan.....	Resigned.
Frank Mansfield.....	Lieut. Col.....	Jan. 27, 1864	Manhattan.....	.....
T. S. St. John.....	Major.....	Nov. 9, 1863	Zeandale.....	.....
Joseph Carney.....	Adjutant.....	Nov. 24, 1864	Manhattan.....	.....
Ephraim Warner.....	Quar'master,	Nov. 24, 1864	Ogden.....	.....
O. E. Dickenson.....	Surgeon.....	Nov. 24, 1864	Manhattan.....	.....

FIFTEENTH REGIMENT K. S. M.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Commission.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
John T. Price.....	Colonel.....	Nov. 4, 1863	Junction City.....	
William Gordon.....	Lieut. Col.....	Nov. 4, 1863	Junction City.....	
Wm. S. Blakely.....	Major.....	Nov. 4, 1863	Junction City.....	
R. E. Laursen.....	Adjutant.....	Nov. 17, 1863	Junction City.....	
P. Z. Taylor.....	Quar'master,	Nov. 17, 1863	Junction City.....	
E. W. Seymour.....	Surgeon.....	Nov. 17, 1863	Junction City.....	

SIXTEENTH REGIMENT K. S. M.

F. W. Potter.....	Colonel.....	Dec. 24, 1863	Burlington.....	
N. S. Goss.....	Lieut. Col.....	Dec. 24, 1863	Neosho Falls.....	
Wm. B. Perry.....	Major.....	Dec. 24, 1863	Le Roy.....	
S. C. Jenkins.....	Adjutant.....	Dec. 24, 1863	Le Roy.....	
Orson Kent.....	Quar'master,	Dec. 24, 1863	Burlington.....	
W. Manson.....	Surgeon.....	Dec. 24, 1863	Le Roy.....	

SEVENTEENTH REGIMENT K. S. M.

E. C. Manning.....	Colonel.....	Nov. 14, 1863	Marysville.....	
H. G. Hollenborg,	Lieut. Col.....	Nov. 14, 1863	Washington.....	
John D. Wells.....	Major.....	Nov. 14, 1863	Washington.....	
J. D. Brumbaugh.....	Adjutant.....	Nov. 14, 1863	Marysville.....	
E. Putney.....	Quar'master,	Nov. 14, 1863	Nottingham.....	
C. J. Lee.....	Surgeon.....	Nov. 14, 1863	Marysville.....	

EIGHTEENTH REGIMENT K. S. M.

P. L. Hubbard.....	Colonel.....	Mar. 7, 1864	Atchison.....	Resigned.
Matthew Quigg.....	Colonel.....	Sept. 10, 1864	Atchison.....	
G. M. Kuhl.....	Lieut. Col.....	Mar. 7, 1864	Atchison.....	
J. M. Crowell.....	Major.....	Nov. 23, 1864	Atchison.....	
A. S. Hughes.....	Adjutant.....	Apr. 13, 1864	Atchison.....	Resigned.
S. Hesselberger.....	Adjutant.....	Aug. 11, 1864	Atchison.....	
Virgil W. Parker.....	Quar'master,	Apr. 13, 1864	Atchison.....	
W. W. Cochran.....	Surgeon.....	Apr. 13, 1864	Atchison.....	

NINETENTH REGIMENT K. S. M.

M. S. Grant.....	Colonel.....	May 13, 1864	Leavenworth...	Promoted Brig. Gen.
B. F. Akers.....	Colonel.....	Sept. 3, 1864	Leavenworth...	Resigned.
A. C. Hogan.....	Colonel.....	Oct. 14, 1864	Leavenworth.....	
J. A. Neice.....	Lieut. Col.....	June 3, 1864	Leavenworth...	Resigned.
A. C. Hogan.....	Lieut. Col.....	Sept. 3, 1864	Leavenworth...	Resigned.
John Wright.....	Lieut. Col.....	Oct. 14, 1864	Leavenworth.....	
William Smith.....	Major.....	June 3, 1864	Leavenworth.....	
John Freeland.....	Adjutant.....	June 3, 1864	Leavenworth.....	
E. M. Marsh.....	Quar'master,	May 13, 1864	Leavenworth.....	Resigned.
J. W. Skinner.....	Quar'master,	Oct. 14, 1864	Leavenworth.....	
Tiffin Sinks.....	Surgeon.....	May 13, 1864	Leavenworth.....	

TWENTIETH REGIMENT K. S. M.

John B. Hubbell.....	Colonel.....	June 28, 1864	Holton.....	
James McClellan.....	Lieut. Col.....	June 28, 1864	Holton.....	
William Knipe.....	Major.....	June 28, 1864	Circleville.....	
W. L. Burns.....	Adjutant.....	Oct. 13, 1864		
P. M. Hodges.....	Quar'master,	Oct. 13, 1864		
B. F. Fuller.....	Surgeon.....	Oct. 10, 1864		

TWENTY-FIRST REGIMENT K. S. M.

Sandy Lowe.....	Colonel.....	Sept. 23, 1864	Willow Springs.....	
F. L. Robinson.....	Lieut. Col.....	Sept. 23, 1864	Baldwin City.....	
A. T. Still.....	Major.....	Sept. 23, 1864	Baldwin City.....	
George F. Smith.....	Adjutant.....	Sept. 23, 1864		
E. A. Barrett.....	Quar'master,	Sept. 23, 1864		
Wm. D. Martin.....	Surgeon.....	Sept. 23, 1864	Baldwin City.....	

TWENTY-SECOND REGIMENT K. S. M.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Commission.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
James P. Taylor.....	Colonel.....	Sept. 7, 1864	Seneca.....	.....
Lewis Sheely.....	Lieut. Col.....	Sept. 7, 1864	Nemaha Co.....	.....
Isaac E. Coleman.....	Major.....	Sept. 7, 1864	Nemaha Co.....	.....
William F. Wells.....	Major.....	Sept. 7, 1864	Nemaha Co.....	.....
J. S. Hidden.....	Adjutant.....	Sept. 7, 1864	Nemaha Co.....	.....
Bolivar Seofield.....	Surgeon.....	Sept. 7, 1864	Nemaha Co.....	.....

TWENTY-THIRD REGIMENT K. S. M.

William Weer.....	Colonel.....	Oct. 15, 1864	Wyandotte.....	.....
Joseph Gilliford.....	Lieut. Col.....	Oct. 15, 1864	Wyandotte.....	.....
Isalah Walker.....	Quar'master.....	Oct. 15, 1864	Wyandotte.....	.....
George B. Wood.....	Surgeon.....	Oct. 15, 1864	Wyandotte.....	.....

TWENTY-FOURTH REGIMENT K. S. M.

Isaac Staddin.....	Colonel.....	Oct. 22, 1864	Fort Scott.....	.....
John Van Fossen.....	Lieut. Col.....	Oct. 22, 1864	Bourbon Co.....	.....
Joseph Ury.....	Major.....	Oct. 22, 1864	Bourbon Co.....	.....
A. Danford.....	Adjutant.....	Oct. 22, 1864	Fort Scott.....	.....
J. T. Bridgens.....	Quar'master.....	Oct. 22, 1864	Bourbon Co.....	.....

SANTA FÉ BATTALION K. S. M.

M. M. Murdock.....	Colonel.....	May 26, 1864	Burlingame.....	.....
W. F. Aderholt.....	Major.....	May 26, 1864	Wilmington.....	.....

BOURBON COUNTY BATTALION K. S. M.

Geo. P. Eaves.....	Lieut. Col.....	June 13, 1864	Marmaton.....
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1865.

JANUARY 1.—John A. Martiu returns to the Atchison Champion. It had been edited by John J. Ingalls about three years.

JANUARY 9.—State officers sworn in.

JANUARY 10.—Meeting of the Legislature.

LIST OF MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>Members and Officers.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Vocation.</i>
James McGrew, President.....	43	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.....	Merchant.
Bartlett, H. W. K.....	40	Junction City.....	Davis.....	Merchant.
Barber, Oliver.....	48	Kanwaka.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
Colton, Gustavus A.....	35	Paola.....	Miami.....	Farmer.
Danford, A.....	35	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.....	Lawyer.
Drenning, Frank H.....	28	Elwood.....	Doniphan.....	Lawyer.
Eskridge, Chas. V.....	30	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Merchant.
Foote, Henry.....	36	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	.....
Gambell, W. P.....	33	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Attorney.
Grover, O. J.....	37	Neuchatel.....	Nemaha.....	Farmer.
Houston, D. W.....	37	Garnett.....	Anderson.....	Lawyer.
Horne, Daniel H.....	36	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Farmer.
Jones, J. H.....	37	Kaw City.....	Jefferson.....	Farmer.
Legate, Jas. F.....	36	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Farmer.
Lane, J. T.....	33	Iowa Point.....	Doniphan.....	Merchant.
Manning, E. C.....	26	Marysville.....	Marshall.....	Printer.
Milhoan, T. E.....	32	Olathe.....	Johnson.....	Farmer.
Murphy, Thomas.....	36	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Hotel k'r.
Potter, F. W.....	31	Burlington.....	Coffey.....	Laborer.
Quigg, Matthew.....	28	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Clerk.
Spear, S.....	48	Hiawatha.....	Brown.....	Farmer.
Spear, John.....	47	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Printer.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE SENATE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Members and Officers.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Vocation.</i>
Smith, A. H.....	37	Blooming Grove..	Linn.....	Farmer.
Twiss, Charles P.....	31	Iola.....	Allen.....	Lawyer.
Weer, William.....	40	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.....	Lawyer.
A. Smith Devenney, Secretary.....	30	Olathe.....	Johnson.....	Lawyer.
W. S. Newberry, Assistant Secretary.....	30	Iola.....	Allen.....	Lawyer.
M. M. Murdock, Docket Clerk.....	29	Burlingame.....	Osage.....	Editor.
Ira H. Smith, Journal Clerk.....	49	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Land Agt.
L. M. Benedict, Engrossing Clerk.....	34	Vienna.....	Pottawatomie..	Farmer.
W. B. Bowman, Enrolling Clerk.....	35	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.....	Lawyer.
T. Mills, Sergeant-at-Arms.....	51	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Mason.
Wm. Thompson, Doorkeeper.....	32	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Farmer.
Wm. Young, Assistant Doorkeeper.....	23	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Mason.
Clarence Walrod, Page.....	12	Paola.....	Miami.....	Student.
Charles Horne, Page.....	11	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Student.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Vocation.</i>
Jacob Stotler, Speaker.....	30	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Printer.
Abraham, R. H.....	37	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Farmer.
Atwood, Samuel F.....	34	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth	Conveyancer
Benton, Milton R.....	49	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Farmer.
Broadhead, J. F.....	34	Mound City.....	Linn.....	Lawyer.
Browne, O. H.....	45	Ridgeway.....	Osage.....	Farmer.
Callen, A. W.....	32	Junction City.....	Davis.....	Lawyer.
Campbell, D. G.....	44	Shawnee.....	Johnson.....	Farmer.
Campbell, D. L.....	40	Mapleton.....	Bourbon.....	Merchant.
Cavender, Henderson.....	31	Garnett.....	Anderson.....	Merchant.
Christy, J. A.....	52	Iola.....	Allen.....	Farmer.
Church, R.....	55	Westmoreland.....	Pottawato'ie..	Farmer.
Cleavenger, L. D.....	44	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.....	Physician.
Coffinberry, Chas. C.....	36	Lincoln.....	Nemaha.....	Farmer.
Cook, Hugh A.....	37	Minneola.....	Franklin.....	Farmer.
Craig, Warner.....	28	Black Jack.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
Darby, Rufus.....	49	Washington.....	Washington.....	Farmer.
Derick, D.....	49	Highland.....	Doniphan.....	Farmer.
Dille, C. L.....	48	Lanesfield.....	Johnson.....	Farmer.
Draper, William.....	33	Clinton.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
Dutton, M. R.....	34	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.....	Farmer.
Fairchild, G. H.....	31	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Banker.
Finn, Daniel C.....	28	Syracuse.....	Wilson.....	Lawyer.
Foster, Robert Cole.....	30	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth	Laborer.
Fletcher, James.....	35	Tecumseh.....	Shawnee.....	Farmer.
Glick, Charles S.....	32	Wyandotte City.....	Wyandotte.....	Lawyer.
Glick, G. W.....	38	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Attorney.
Goss, William.....	34	Blooming Grove.....	Linn.....	Farmer.
Griswold, Nelson.....	44	Turkey Creek.....	Bourbon.....	Farmer.
Hanway, James.....	56	Lane.....	Franklin.....	Farmer.
Harvey, James M.....	31	Fort Riley.....	Riley.....	Farmer.
Hendrick, A. B.....	35	Rising Sun.....	Jefferson.....	Farmer.
Hodgson, J.....	59	Paris.....	Linn.....	Farmer.
Houts, W. L.....	33	Paola.....	Miami.....	Merchant.
Hughes, N. B.....	31	Salina.....	Saline.....	Physician.
Jordan, Michael.....	45	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth	Hotel keeper
Karr, William.....	51	New Lancaster.....	Miami.....	Farmer.
Kennedy, J. R.....	41	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
Kennedy, Lawrence.....	47	Pleasant Ridge.....	Leavenworth	Farmer.
Kohler, C.....	30	Junction.....	Dickinson.....	Smith.
Leland, Cyrus, jr.....	23	Troy.....	Doniphan.....	Soldier.
Leonard, M. R.....	37	Bazaar.....	Chase.....	Physician.
Loomis, A. J.....	39	Twin Springs.....	Linn.....	Farmer.
Low, A.....	53	Doniphan.....	Doniphan.....	Farmer.
Macdonald, S. D.....	39	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Printer.
Martindale, Wm.....	29	Madison.....	Greenwood.....	Farmer.
McClellan, J.....	44	Holton.....	Jackson.....	Farmer.
Meade, James R.....	28	Towanda.....	Butler.....	Merchant.
Moody, Joel.....	31	Belmont.....	Woodson.....	Lawyer.
Morrow, William.....	37	Lecompton.....	Douglas.....	Merchant.
O'Brien, T. M.....	34	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth	Mil. Att'y.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

Names.	Age.	P. O. Address.	County.	Avocation.
O'Gwartney, Thos.....	42	Easton.....	Leavenworth	Farmer.
Page, F. R.....	34	Neosho Rapids.....	Lyon.....	Farmer.
Payne, D. L.....	28	Columbus.....	Doniphan....	Farmer.
Perry, William B.....	24	LeRoy.....	Coffey.....	Merchant.
Rawlings, N. P.....	39	Robinson.....	Brown.....	Farmer.
Riddle, Robert.....	36	Grasshopper Falls..	Jefferson.....	Farmer.
Rice, H.....	39	Osawatomie.....	Miami.....	Farmer.
Rogers, H. D.....	33	Humboldt.....	Neosho.....	Laborer.
Russell, Ed.....	32	Elwood.....	Doniphan....	Farmer.
Sammons, I. D.....	30	Albany.....	Nemaha.....	Stock raiser.
Salisbury, J. P.....	40	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth	Farmer.
Scudder, E. S.....	47	Willow Springs....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
Shepherd, H. D.....	26	Wilmington.....	Wabaunsee..	Merchant.
Smith, Henry.....	34	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth	Merchant.
Snyder, S. J. H.....	52	Monrovia.....	Atchison.....	Farmer.
Stafford, E.....	36	Springdale.....	Leavenworth	Physician.
Spencer, J.....	34	Council Grove.....	Morris.....	Farmer.
Stewart, Watson.....	38	Humboldt.....	Allen.....	Farmer.
Storch, George.....	30	Kennekuk.....	Atchison.....	Merchant.
Stratton, C. H.....	36	DeSoto.....	Johnson.....	Farmer.
Strong, N. Z.....	37	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.....	Lawyer.
Sutherland, D. H.....	46	New Eureka.....	Brown.....	Farmer.
Swift, Frank B.....	30	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Printer.
Throckmorton, Job.....	30	Burlington.....	Coffey.....	Farmer.
Wells, John D.....	34	Barrett.....	Marshall.....	Farmer.
West, A. G.....	43	Ozark.....	Anderson.....	Farmer.
D. B. Emmert, Chief Clerk.....	28	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.....	Publisher.
Freeman Bell, Assistant Clerk.....	31	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Farmer.
C. S. Lambdin, Journal Clerk.....	56	Plymouth.....	Lyon.....	Farmer.
John MacReynolds, Dock Clerk.....	32	Paola.....	Miami.....	Printer.
D. F. Drinkwater, Engross. Clerk.....	27	Cedar Point.....	Chase.....	Farmer.
John T. Cox, Enrolling Clerk.....	44	Ottumwa.....	Coffey.....	Lawyer.
J. E. Follansbee, Asst. Journ. Clk.....	25	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Teacher.
J. D. Farren, Sergeant-at-Arms.....	54	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Teacher.
Thos. Archer, Asst Sergt-at-Arms.....	31	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Merchant.
M. B. Crawford, Doorkeeper.....	28	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Carpenter.
C. T. K. Prentice, Ass't Dr'keeper.....	17	McKinney's.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
William Miller, Page.....	18	Ridgeway.....	Osage.....	Farmer.
Albert L. Bartlett, Page.....	12	Neosho Rapids.....	Lyon.....	Farmer.
Wm. R. Griffith, Page.....	16	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Farmer.

JANUARY 11.—Free Missouri sends greeting to the Kansas Legislature.

—Message from Governor Crawford.

JANUARY 12.—James H. Lane elected U. S. Senator, for the term beginning March 4, 1865. Lane receives 82 votes, Wm. A. Phillips 7, Wm. C. McDowell 4, C. B. Brace 2, W. Y. Roberts 2, B. M. Hughes 1. The election is followed by a banquet.

JANUARY 12.—Meeting of the State Agricultural Society, at Topeka. *Officers:* President, L. D. Bailey, of Douglas county; Secretary, John S. Brown, of Douglas; Treasurer, William Spriggs, of Anderson. *Executive Committee:* R. G. Elliott, of Jefferson; H. B. Keller, of Leavenworth; S. Hubbard, of Wyandotte; A. W. J. Brown, of Allen; James B. Maynard, of Doniphan; C. B. Lines, of Wabaunsee; J. W. Sponable, of Johnson; S. M. Strickler, of Davis; P. B. Maxson, of Lyon; S. S. Tip-ton, of Anderson.

No Fair was held this year.

JANUARY 16.—Joel Moody admitted to the seat, in the House, of Jonathan Foster, from the Sixty-third District, Woodson county.

JANUARY 17.—C. K. Holliday, Adjutant General, makes the following statement in regard to Kansas troops, to Gov. Crawford:

No. of Regiment.	Arm of service.....	Period.....	Date of organization,	Original strength.....	Recruits.....	Aggregate.....	Veterans re-enlisted,
First Regiment.....	Infantry..	3 years	May, 1861	986	206	1,192	116
Second Regiment.....	Infantry..	3 m'ths	May, 1861	650	.....	650	.....
Second Regiment.....	Cavalry...	3 years	Fall, 1861	870	403	1,273	56
Fifth Regiment.....	Cavalry...	3 years	Fall, 1861	900	420	1,320	29
Sixth Regiment.....	Cavalry...	3 years	Fall, 1861	851	654	1,505	79
Seventh Regiment.....	Cavalry...	3 years	Oct., 1861	902	356	1,258	455
Eighth Regiment.....	Infantry..	3 years	Oct., 1861	719	243	962	218
Ninth Regiment.....	Cavalry...	3 years	Spring, 1862	817	710	1,527	31
Tenth Regiment.....	Infantry..	3 years	Aug., 1861	777	250	1,027	182
Eleventh Regiment...	Cavalry...	3 years	Sept., 1862	916	498	1,414	.....
Twelfth Regiment.....	Infantry..	3 years	Sept., 1862	910	103	1,013	.....
Thirteenth Regiment,	Infantry..	3 years	Sept., 1862	890	93	983	.....
Fourteenth Regiment	Cavalry...	3 years	Dec., 1863	1,070	53	1,125	.....
Fifteenth Regiment...	Cavalry...	3 years	Oct., 1863	1,015	208	1,223	.....
Sixteenth Regiment...	Cavalry...	3 years	Oct., 1864	1,000	42	1,042	.....
Seventeenth Reg't.....	Infantry..	100 dys	July, 1864	455	.....	455	.....
First Reg't (Col'd).....	Infantry..	3 years	Jan., 1863	869	223	1,092	.....
Second Reg't (Col'd)...	Infantry..	3 years	Nov., 1863	901	36	937	.....
First Battery.....	Artillery..	3 years	Nov., 1861	150	23	173	43
Second Battery.....	Artillery..	3 years	Aug., 1862	140	12	152	.....
Third Battery.....	Artillery..	3 years	March, 1863	126	20	146	.....
Independ't Bat. (Col'd)	Artillery..	3 years	.....	54	.....	54	.....
Cr. by enlistments in other States.....	.....	.....	.....	74	.....	74	.....
Total.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20,597	1,209
Add Veterans.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,209	.....
Grand aggregate.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	21,806	.....

"The foregoing exhibit shows the number of the several regiments of Kansas volunteers in the service of the United States since the commencement of the war; the arm of service with which they were connected; term of service; date of organization; original strength of regiments; number of recruits added since organization; aggregates of regiments, and veterans re-enlisted: making in all a grand aggregate of 21,806 men.

"Of the foregoing aggregate of 21,806 men, the Second Infantry was in the service for a period of only three months, and the Seventeenth Infantry for one hundred days. The Second numbered 650 men; the Seventeenth 455 men; making a total of 1,105 men. These reduced to three-years men—the standard of measurement adopted by the Department of War—would lessen the foregoing aggregate 1,009 men, and render it equal to 20,797 three-years men.

"The foregoing exhibit embraces all the white and colored troops enlisted in the volunteer service of which this office has any official information.

"It embraces also a number of Indians who were regularly recruited in the white regiments. These were our home Indians, such as the Delawares, Shawnees, Pottawatomies, etc.; many of them having been made citizens of the United States by act of Congress. It is impossible to separate these home Indians, or distinguish them from other members of the regiments, as they are reported here the same as other volunteers. Of this number, 2,083 are colored.

"In addition to the foregoing, there are three regiments of Indians in the service, officered, originally, almost exclusively by citizens from Kansas. These regiments have never reported to this office, consequently I can make no estimate of their numbers.

"The First and Second of the Indian Regiments, and part of the Third, were recruited in Kansas; the credits, however, consisting chiefly of refugee Indians, from the Cherokee and Creek Nations. A part, however, were resident Indians, whose lands were, and still are, within the limits of our State, and whose homes and firesides are still here."

The following statistics are taken from the records of the United States Adjutant General:

Under the call of April 15, 1861, Kansas furnished 650 three-months men. Under the call of May 3, and the acts of July 22 and 25, the quota of Kansas was 3,235; she furnished 6,953, for three years. Under the call of July 2, 1862, the Kansas quota was 1,771; she furnished 2,936. Under the calls of October 17, 1863, and February 1, 1864, the Kansas quota was 3,523 men; she furnished 5,874. Under the call of March 14, 1864, our quota was 1,409; we furnished 2,563 men. Between April 23 and July 18, 1864, Kansas furnished 441 one-hundred-days men. Under the call of July 18, 1864, Kansas furnished 351 men. Under the call of December 19, 1864, we furnished 883 men. Under all calls, the quota of Kansas was 12,931; she furnished 20,151; the aggregate, reduced to a three-years standard, was 18,706. The total number of men furnished for our armies, deducting those credited to the navy, exceeds 2,850,000, counting men who reënlisted twice, or even more often. This record credits Kansas with 19 regiments, 5 companies, and 3 batteries. Kansas troops participated in 127 engagements during the war, out of 2,261 in the whole country. There were 7 engagements in Kansas.

Our casualties were: Killed, officers, 34; men, 762. Died of wounds, officers, 12; men, 192. Deaths by disease, officers, 26; men, 2,080. Deserted, officers, 2; men, 1,988. Dishonorably discharged, officers, 1; men, 94. Discharged for disability, officers, 8; men, 1,849. Dismissed, officers, 43. Cashiered, officers, 4. Resigned, officers, 281. Missing, enlisted men, 35.

JANUARY 19.—Legislature adjourns to the 23d, to take a railroad excursion to Lawrence and Wyandotte.

—Report of Senate Committee to the petition of Nathan Price, that J. T. Lane is elected Senator from the First District.

JANUARY 26.—Overland mail line from Atchison reopened, after having been closed three weeks.

JANUARY 27.—A cotton gin at Burlington is doing a good business.

JANUARY 30.—Report of Senate Committee that the Auditor has drawn warrants to pay claims of officers and men in service in the State Militia, amounting to \$62,800.

JANUARY 30.—Alex. H. Stephens, R. M. T. Hunter and Judge Campbell come within Grant's lines as Peace Commissioners.

FEBRUARY 1.—Congress passes the Constitutional Amendment abolishing Slavery.

FEBRUARY 1.—The mail service in this State, for the year ending June 30, 1864, cost \$83,836; receipts, \$58,644.

FEBRUARY 2.—Lincoln and Seward meet the Peace Commissioners at Fortress Monroe.

—Gold in Richmond, 4,400 per cent. premium.

FEBRUARY 6.—A Special Committee reports in favor of relocating the Penitentiary.

FEBRUARY 7.—Gen. Samuel R. Curtis leaves Fort Leavenworth, and is succeeded by Gen. G. M. Dodge.

FEBRUARY 10.—Report of House Special Committee, that D. Rogers is not entitled to a seat from Neosho county:

“In the organization of Neosho county, we find on file in the Secretary of State's office the necessary papers to complete such organization. We find from the evidence before us that D. Rogers, S. E. Beach and Rufus Estes, who filed the affidavit as to the number of inhabitants of the county of Neosho, are residents of Allen county. That of the thirty-one persons representing themselves as resident freeholders of Neosho county, a large majority are residents of Allen county; and that J. L. Fletcher, who was appointed Special Clerk, and the three persons appointed County Commissioners, are residents of Allen county.”

FEBRUARY 13.—The Kansas officers made Brigadiers General by brevet, in February and March, were Wm. R. Judson, Thos. Moonlight, Chas. W. Blair, Geo. H. Hoyt, Samuel Walker, James Ketner, John Ritchie, John A. Martin, Ed. F. Schneider, Chas. W. Adams, and Thos. M. Bowen.

FEBRUARY 15.—A draft begins, for the first time in the State, and because full credits have not been given.

FEBRUARY 17.—The Missouri River Railroad Company chartered; Leonard T. Smith, President.

FEBRUARY 17.—Sherman occupies Columbia, South Carolina.

FEBRUARY 18.—Gov. Crawford appoints the following Militia officers: Wm. F. Cloud, Major General. K. S. M.; D. E. Ballard, Quartermaster General, K. S. M.; John K. Rankin, Inspector General and Paymaster General; N. T. Winans, Surgeon General.

FEBRUARY 20.—Adjournment of the Legislature. It was a very short session. Among the laws made were the following: Authorizing counties and cities to issue bonds to railroad companies; Providing for taking the first census; To encourage the growth of forest trees; For a geological survey; For the incorporation and regulation of railroad companies; For the payment of claims arising out of the Price Raid and the expeditions of Gen. Curtis against the Indians, in July and August, 1864; For the government of the Insane Asylum; To prevent the bringing of Texas stock into the State.

FEBRUARY 21.—The Eleventh Kansas, Col. Plumb, leaves Fort Riley for Fort Kearny.

FEBRUARY 25.—G. C. Swallow appointed State Geologist.

—Gen. Thos. Ewing jr. leaves the army.

MARCH 3.—Summary of a law passed by Congress, chapter 88 of U. S. Statutes:

“Allows the Central Pacific Railroad Company, and the Western Pacific Railroad Company, of California; the Union Pacific Railroad Company; the Union Pacific Railroad Company, Eastern Division; and all other Companies provided for in Pacific Railroad Act of July 2, 1864 (see Statutes 1864, ch. 210), to issue their six per centum thirty years' bonds upon their separate roads, and to issue their bonds respectively to the extent of 100 miles in advance of a continuous completed line of construction. The assignment made by the Central Pacific Railroad Company of California, to the Western Pacific Railroad Company of that State, of the right to construct all that portion of the

railroad and telegraph from San José to Sacramento, is ratified. The first twenty miles of the road must be completed one year from July 1, 1865, and the entire road within four years thereafter."

MARCH 4.—Reinauguration of Lincoln. Conclusion of his Address:

"Neither party expected for the war the magnitude or the duration which it has already attained. Neither anticipated that the cause of the conflict might cease with, or even before the conflict itself should cease. Each looked for an easier triumph, and a result less fundamental and astounding.

"Both read the same Bible, and pray to the same God; and each invokes his aid against the other. It may seem strange that any men should dare to ask a just God's assistance in wringing their bread from the sweat of other men's faces; but let us judge not, that we be not judged. The prayers of both could not be answered. That of neither has been answered fully. The Almighty has his own purposes. 'Woe unto the world because of offenses, for it must needs be that offenses come; but woe to that man by whom the offense cometh.' If we shall suppose that American Slavery is one of these offenses, which, in the providence of God, must needs come, but which, having continued through his appointed time, he now wills to remove, and that he gives to both North and South this terrible war as the woe due to those by whom the offense came, shall we discern therein any departure from those divine attributes which the believers in a living God always ascribe to him? Fondly do we hope, fervently do we pray, that this mighty scourge of war may soon pass away. Yet, if God wills that it continue until all the wealth piled by the bondman's two hundred and fifty years of unrequited toil shall be sunk, and until every drop of blood drawn with the lash shall be paid with another drawn by the sword; as was said three thousand years ago, so still it must be said, 'The judgments of the Lord are true and righteous altogether.'

"With malice towards none, with charity to all, with firmness in the right as God gives us to see the right, let us strive on to finish the work we are in; to bind up the Nation's wounds; to care for him who shall have borne the battle, and for his widow and his orphans; to do all which may achieve and cherish a just and a lasting peace among ourselves and with all nations."

MARCH 10.—Major Thos. J. Anderson appointed Adjutant General.

MARCH 15.—The draft in Kansas suspended.

—Hiram S. Sleeper appointed Surveyor General of Kansas and Nebraska. Henry C. Fields, Chief Clerk.

MARCH 17.—Death of L. A. McLean, staff officer of Gen. Sterling Price; formerly chief clerk of John Calhoun, at Leocompton.

MARCH 18.—Geo. A. Crawford orders machinery for a woolen factory, at Fort Scott.

—All the Kansas regiments at Fort Smith, Ark., five in number, leave there.

APRIL.—Geo. W. Martin revives the Union, and calls it the Junction City Union.

APRIL 1.—Battle of Five Forks; great victory of Sheridan.—Grant closing around Petersburg.

APRIL 2.—Advance on Petersburg. Petersburg and Richmond evacuated. Departure of Jeff. Davis.

APRIL 3.—Weitzel occupies Richmond.

APRIL 4.—Lincoln in Richmond.

APRIL 8.—Great Jubilee in Leavenworth over the Union victories and the end of the war. There were similar celebrations all over the State.

APRIL 9.—Surrender of Lee, at Appomattox'Court House.

APRIL 10.—Hiram T. Beman appointed Assistant Adjutant General.

APRIL 14.—Assassination of President Lincoln, by John Wilkes Booth, at Ford's Theater, at 10 o'clock p. m. Murderous attack upon Secretary Seward, by Payne.

APRIL 15.—President Lincoln dies, at 22 minutes past 7 o'clock a. m.
—Andrew Johnson takes the oath of office as President.

APRIL 15.—Gov. Crawford appoints April 23d as a day of fasting and prayer, on account of the assassination of President Lincoln.

APRIL 18.—Terms of surrender by Johnston to Sherman.

APRIL 22.—Elijah Sells appointed Superintendent of Indian Affairs, vice William G. Coffin, resigned.

MAY 4.—Burial of Abraham Lincoln, in Oak Ridge Cemetery, Springfield, Illinois.

MAY 5.—E. C. K. Garvey and C. K. Holliday buy the Topeka Tribune, of Andrew Stark.

--Gen. R. B. Mitchell appointed to command the District of Kansas.

MAY 10.—Capture of Jeff. Davis, at Irwinville, Georgia.

THE POPULATION BY THE STATE CENSUS, MAY, 1865.

<i>Counties.</i>	<i>White....</i>	<i>Colored.</i>	<i>Indian.</i>	<i>Total....</i>
Allen	2,450	287	.....	2,737
Anderson	2,544	115	.....	2,659
Atchison.....	8,316	613	.....	8,929
Butler.....	276	18	.....	294
Brown.....	2,784	107	.....	2,891
Bourbon.....	7,174	787	.....	7,961
Eight-mile strip neutral lands, south of Bourbon county,	595	1	.....	596
Clay.....	238	.....	.....	238
Coffey.....	3,127	256	.....	3,383
Chase.....	870	.....	.....	870
Douglas.....	13,736	2,078	.....	15,814
Doniphan.....	8,787	808	.....	9,595
Davis.....	1,167	22	.....	1,189
Dickinson.....	442	.....	.....	442
Franklin.....	3,583	112	.....	3,695
Greenwood.....	1,187	1	.....	1,188
Jefferson.....	5,584	269	.....	5,853
Jackson.....	2,940	22	.....	2,962
Johnson.....	5,469	342	382	6,093
Linn.....	5,853	690	.....	6,543
Lyon*.....	2,200	48	.....	2,248
Leavenworth.....	20,882	3,374	.....	24,256
Miami.....	5,842	309	.....	6,151
Morris.....	1,115	26	.....	1,141
Marion.....	161	1	.....	162
Marshall.....	2,346	3	.....	2,349
Nemaha.....	2,615	23	.....	2,638
Neosho.....	698	79	.....	777
Ottawa.....	178	.....	.....	178
Osage.....	1,140	29	.....	1,169
Pottawatomie.....	2,022	97	.....	2,119
Riley.....	1,802	11	.....	1,813
Shawnee.....	3,201	257	.....	3,458
Saline.....	472	1	.....	473
Washington †.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Woodson.....	1,108	199	.....	1,307
Wabaunsee.....	1,043	38	.....	1,081
Wyandotte.....	3,323	1,504	.....	4,827
Wilson †.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	127,270	12,527	382	140,179

* Sixty-fifth District not returned. † Not reported.

MAY 13.—“Artemus Ward” (Charles F. Brown) thanks the Leavenworth Typographical Union for electing him an honorary member. Among other things, he says: “It is the first time I was ever elected to anything. I once ran for County Clerk in this State. [Ohio,] but an ignorant and ruffianly people defeated me by some three thousand five hundred scattering votes. The civil war soon followed. Events since that *there* time are matters of history. I need not speak of them.”

JUNE 1.—James Christian and Milton W. Reynolds buy the Lawrence State Journal.

JUNE 2.—Kirby Smith and Magruder formally surrender their forces at Galveston.

JUNE 3.—The Twelfth Kansas mustered out, at Little Rock, Arkansas.

JUNE 22.—The reënlisted veterans of the Fifth Kansas mustered out, at Duvall's Bluff, Arkansas.

JUNE 26.—Work begun on the Leavenworth & Lawrence Railroad.

—The Home Journal started, in Ottawa, by I. S. Kalloch and Charles T. Evans. Ottawa is one year old.

JULY 1.—“The Army of the Border” published, by Church & Goodman, Chicago. It is a book of 351 pages, written by Richard J. Hinton, and is a history of the Price Raid of 1864. The pursuit and defeat of General Price was the most important event in the history of the State, and it is fortunate that this record was made. The writer spent ten years in Kansas in unselfish and heroic service, and his name is gratefully remembered.

The Rebel account of this campaign is given in the book called “Shelby and his Men; or the War in the West.” The author says:

“No prisoners were taken, and why should there be? . . . Shelby was leaving Kansas, and taking terrible adieus. He was fighting the devil with fire, and smoking him to death. Hay stacks, houses, barns, produce, crops and farming implements were consumed before the march of his squadrons, and what the flames spared the bullet finished. On those vast plains out west there, the jarring saber-strokes were unheard, and the revolvers sounded as the tapping of woodpeckers. Shelby was soothing the wounds of Missouri by stabbing the breast of Kansas. For the victims of Lane and Jennison he demanded life for life and blood for blood. The interest had been compounded, but he gathered it to the uttermost farthing. Fort Scott lay before him like a picture, mellowed by haze and distance, and the orders for its destruction had gone forth. . . . I know not what feelings this exultation over fire and pillage may awaken in the breasts of Yankees, and I care not.”—*pp. 447, 448.*

JULY 12.—Railroad meeting in behalf of the Leavenworth, Lawrence & Fort Gibson road, at Ottawa. Called to order by Gen. Lane, President of the road. The amount of bonds to be voted by each county fixed upon.

JULY 13.—Return of the Twelfth Kansas to Leavenworth, where the regiment is mustered out.

— Gen. John Pope ordered to Fort Leavenworth.

JULY 17.—The Lawrence Journal appears as a Daily.

—The First Kansas Battery mustered out.

—Petroleum excitement in Miami and Bourbon counties.

JULY 26.—Second Annual Meeting of the State Teachers' Association, at Atehison.

JULY 26.—Books opened at Lawrence for the St. Louis, Lawrence & Denver Railroad.

—Damaging floods in different parts of the State.

—Escort train of Company H, Eleventh Kansas, burned at Red Buttes by Indians, and several soldiers killed.

—Matthews's Colored Battery mustered out.

JULY 28.—A. T. & S. F. R. R. meeting in Topeka. Atehison, Jefferson, Shawnee, Osage, Lyon and Chase counties agree to vote bonds September 12th, the same day that bonds are to be voted for the L. L. & F. G. R. R.

JULY.—Marion county organized; it was named, Feb. 17, 1860, for Gen. Francis Marion, of the Revolution. The first election was held Aug. 7.

AUGUST 3.—Gov. Crawford writes to Secretary Harlan that the Osages and Cherokees are holding land in Kansas to which they have no title.

AUGUST 4.—Capt. E. A. Smith's Second Kansas Battery arrives at Fort Leavenworth, to be mustered out.

AUGUST 7.—Isaac E. Eaton reports from Denver to D. A. Butterfield that the Smoky Hill expedition is successful, and that route the best.

AUGUST 11.—The Third Kansas Battery mustered out.

AUGUST 15.—The Second Kansas Battery mustered out.

AUGUST 16.—The steamboat E. Hensley, Capt. Burke, built at Leavenworth, makes a trip to Lawrence.

AUGUST 21.—Kansas U. S. Provost Marshal offices abolished.—The last companies of the Sixth Kansas mustered out, at Leavenworth.

AUGUST 28.—Election, at Olathe, of Directors of the Kansas & Neosho Valley R. R. Co. Col. Kersey Coates elected President.

—Col. S. W. Eldridge is building, for the third time, the Eldridge House, at Lawrence.

AUGUST 31.—J. M. Edmunds, Commissioner of the General Land Office, replies to Gov. Crawford that his views in regard to the boundaries of the Osage and Cherokee lands are erroneous. Sometime later, G. J. Endicott made a new survey; his conclusion was that the authorities at Washington were wrong. The correspondence is given in the Message of Gov. Crawford, January 10, 1866. One point of the dispute was the location of "White Hair's Village."

SEPTEMBER 10.—All Kansas troops ordered to be mustered out as soon as they can reach home.

SEPTEMBER 20.—The Tenth, Eleventh and Fourteenth Kansas discharged.

SEPTEMBER 29.—Treaty with the Great and Little Osage Indians. The Osages sell to the United States the lands bounded as follows:

“Beginning at the southeast corner of their present reservation, and running thence north with the eastern boundary thereof fifty miles, to the northeast corner; thence west with the northern line, thirty miles; thence south fifty miles, to the southern boundary of said reservation; and thence east with said southern boundary, to the place of beginning.”

The United States agree to pay \$300,000 for the land. They also cede to the United States a tract of land twenty miles in width from north to south, off the north side of the remainder of their present reservation, and extending its entire length from east to west.

SEPTEMBER 29.—The Seventh Kansas mustered out, at Fort Leavenworth.

OCTOBER 1.—The First Kansas Colored Infantry mustered out, at Pine Bluff, Ark.

OCTOBER 14.—Treaty with the Cheyennes and Arapahoos.

OCTOBER 15.—George T. Isbell becomes the publisher of the Grasshopper Falls Jeffersonian.

OCTOBER 17.—The claims before the Price Raid Commission amount to nearly \$2,000,000.

OCTOBER 18.—Public reception of Gen. W. T. Sherman in Leavenworth. He was received in Lawrence on the 19th.

—The pontoon bridge at Topeka completed.

—Major B. S. Henning takes up his residence at Lawrence, and superintends the Leavenworth, Lawrence & Galveston Railroad.

OCTOBER 30.—President Johnson, after a long controversy, accepts the first forty miles of the Kansas Branch of the Pacific Railroad.

NOVEMBER 2.—Annual election.

SENATORS TO FILL VACANCIES.

Counties.	1ST DIST.		2D DIST.		9TH DIST.	11TH DIST.		14TH DIST.			15TH DIST.	
	Sol. Miller.....	Abram Bennett..	Joshua Wheeler.	Geo. W. Martin..	Eugene L. Atin.	David Anderson	A. S. McGuffin..	D. B. Emmert...	E. A. Smith.....	Scattergood.....	Reuben Riggs...	Mathion Stubbs...
Doniphan..	680	538										
Atchison ..			730	519								
Douglas ..					1,375							
Miami ..						723	21					
Bourbon ..								459	415	1		
Butler ..											22	25
Chase ..											78	65
Morris ..											105	75
Mariou ..											25	
											230	165

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>District.....</i>	<i>Counties.....</i>	<i>Names.....</i>	<i>Votes.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Vote of County.....</i>
1	Doniphan.....	Charles E. Fox.....	180			
		John H. Utt.....	139	41	319	
2	.....	Robert H. Montgomery.....	121			
		William J. Orem.....	64	57	185	
3	.....	Lyman Nash.....	119			
		W. H. Smallwood.....	98	21	217	
4	.....	N. Harrington.....	141			
		Robert Myres.....	125	16	266	
5	.....	E. M. Stratton.....	64			
		F. E. Micks.....	50			
		F. E. Mix.....	42			
		E. A. Beauchary.....	8		164	1,151
6	Atchison.....	G. W. Glick.....	185			
		E. K. Blair.....	165	20	350	
7	.....	William Jackson.....	217			
		Robert Manville.....	141	76	358	
8	.....	W. S. Cain.....	154			
		M. R. Benton.....	69	85	223	
9	.....	Milo Carlton.....	145			
		Joseph Dousbough.....	9	136	154	
10	.....	George W. Stabler.....	55	19		
		Orvill Lee.....	36			
		W. K. Shimp.....	29		120	1,205
11	Brown.....	Ira J. Lacock.....	143		143	
12	.....	Chase E. Parker.....	110	66		
		John M. Meidith.....	44			
		P. B. Rust.....	4			
		C. B. Sanders.....	1		159	302
13	Nemaha.....	George Graham.....	129		129	
14	.....	James K. Gross.....	114	30		
		Joseph Hanners.....	84			
		S. H. Andrews.....	1		199	328
15	Marshall.....	James Smith.....	187	42		
		S. B. Todd.....	145		332	332
16	Washington.....	G. H. Hollenberg.....	90	47		
		R. H. West.....	43		133	133
17	Pottawatomie.....	H. P. Smth.....	202	50		
		S. Moody.....	152		354	354
18	Jackson.....	James McLellan.....	189	85		
		John Rippetoe.....	104			
		Golden Silvers.....	78		371	371
19	Jefferson.....	Walter N. Allen.....	189	40		
		J. M. Johnson.....	149		338	338
20	.....	George VanGaasbeek.....	134			
		Robert Riddle.....	94	40	228	
21	.....	Jerome Kunkel.....	119	5		
		A. Venard.....	114			
		B. W. Whitlow.....	40			
		J. N. O. P. Wood.....	80			
		M. D. Baldwin.....	85		438	1,004
22	Leavenworth.....	T. M. O'Brien.....	230	112		
		E. S. O. Clough.....	118			
		W. G. Mathias.....	113		461	
23	.....	Josiah Kellogg.....	233		233	
24	.....	C. R. Jennison.....	289	5		
		W. F. Cloud.....	284		537	
25	.....	Auley McAuley.....	362		362	
26	.....	Fred. Wellhouse.....	84	50		
		Will. F. Goble.....	34		118	
27	.....	N. Humber.....	81	23		
		J. C. Baird.....	58		139	
28	.....	J. Knight.....	137	23		
		Walter Kerr.....	114		251	
29	.....	Joseph P. Bauserman.....	71	28		
		J. M. Orr.....	11			
		Milton Sloan.....	43		125	
30	.....	R. Cole Foster.....	92	49		
		J. D. Ross.....	43		135	2,397

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

District.....	Counties.	Names.	Votes.....	Major.....	Total.....	Vote of County.
31	Wyandotte.....	Isaiah Walker.....	325	167		
		James P. Chestnut.....	158			
		Scattering.....	9			492
32	Johnson.....	John T. Burris.....	239	80	389	
		John C. Colling.....	159			
33	.....	A. S. Johnson.....	157	95		
		R. N. Pursell.....	62			
		F. Strausser.....	35		254	
34	.....	Garret C. Rue.....	122	22		
		Thomas A. Parker.....	100			
		— Young.....	2		224	876
35	Douglas.....	John K. Rankin.....	654		654	
36	.....	George W. Smith.....	101	23		
		E. R. Falley.....	78		179	
37	.....	Warner Craig.....	113		113	
38	.....	Levi Woodard.....	188		188	
39	.....	J. H. Bonebrake.....	98	52	98	
		A. J. Parrish.....	46		46	
		W. S. Kirby.....	21		165	
40	.....	James H. Kelley.....	135		135	1,434
41	Shawnee.....	C. K. Holliday.....	334	132		
		W. W. H. Lawrence.....	202		536	
42	.....	James Fletcher.....	155	58		
		John S. Ward.....	97		252	788
43	Miami.....	H. B. Smith.....	150	116		
		Z. Baker.....	34		184	
44	.....	R. W. Massey.....	189	30		
		John McReynolds.....	159		348	
45	.....	Sylvester Underhill.....	231		231	763
46	Linn.....	O. D. Harmon.....	62	12		
		R. Hill.....	50		112	
47	.....	J. M. Arthur.....	101	5		
		Jonathan Hodgson.....	96			
		Scattering.....			197	
48	.....	J. C. Quinn.....	111	52		
		John S. Leave.....	59		170	
49	.....	J. M. Bryee.....	94	44		
		James D. Snoddy.....	50			
		Scattering.....			144	623
50	Bourbon.....	W. H. Green.....	79	28		
		T. L. Wilson.....	51		130	
51	.....	Joseph L. Wilson.....	136	99		
		H. Goff.....	37		173	
52	.....	Nelson Griswold.....	141	139		
		Scattering.....	2		143	
53	.....	C. W. Blair.....	264	119		
		W. A. Shannon.....	145		409	855
54	Allen.....	Joseph Bond.....	161	73		
		W. C. Jones.....	88			
		— Christy.....	1		250	
55	.....	F. W. Power.....	66	18		
		John A. Christy.....	48		114	364
56	Anderson.....	H. Cavender.....	99	1		
		— McShane.....	98			
		J. Hiver.....	48		245	
57	.....	J. W. Stewart.....	52	21		
		D. L. Duff.....	31			
		John Smith.....	13			
		S. L. Fullenwider.....	20		116	361
58	Franklin.....	William Pennock.....	78	22		
		Alfred Johnson.....	56			
		A. Johnson.....	2		136	
59	.....	Jacob G. Reese.....	189	186		
		James Hanway.....	3		192	328
60	Osage.....	H. D. Preston.....	129	53		
		P. C. Schuyler.....	76			
		S. P. Hart.....	39		244	244
61	Coffey.....	Charles Cochrane.....	174	61		
		J. M. Rankin.....	113		287	
62	.....	A. N. Coffin.....	123			

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

District.....	Counties.	Names.	Votes	Majority.....	Total.....	Vote of County.....
62	Colley (concluded).....	A. Jones.....	111	12		
		W. A. Ela.....	16		150	537
63	Wilson.....	Isaac W. Dow.....	92	52		
		W. B. Stines.....	40			
		Scattering.....	1		133	133
64	Lyon.....	Jacob Stotler.....	251	250		
		Scattering.....	1		252	
65	.....	E. H. Sanford.....	155	152		
		Scattering.....	3		158	
66	.....	Charles Drake.....	77	38		
		S. L. Loy.....	39			
		Scattering.....	4		120	530
67	Butler.....	D. L. McCabe.....	37	25		
		L. M. Pratt.....	12			
		S. W. Satchell.....	5		54	54
68	Chase.....	S. N. Wood.....	105	59		
		O. H. Drinkwater.....	46		249	249
69	Morris.....	J. H. Bradford.....	101	23		
		R. B. Lockwood.....	78		179	179
70	Wabaunsee.....	H. D. Shepherd.....	77		77	77
71	Davis.....	A. W. Callen.....	248	238		
		J. P. Wiley.....	5			
		L. B. Perry.....	3			
		Scattering.....	2		258	258
72	Riley.....	J. M. Harvey.....	282	281		
		J. H. Phelps.....	1		283	283
73	Dickinson.....	C. H. Kohler.....	39	3		
		Dan. Jones.....	36		75	75
74	Saline.....	W. A. Phillips.....	74	1		
		H. L. Jones.....	73		147	147
75	Greenwood.....	William Martindale.....	84	31		
		W. B. Godfrey.....	53			
		W. W. Brazel.....	11		148	148
76	Woodson.....	Henry Pearman.....	69	23		
		A. Thompson.....	46		115	115
77	Neosho.....	Darius Rogers.....	50			
		Scattering.....			50	50
78	Marion.....	A. A. Moore.....	28		28	28

NOVEMBER 3.—The Union Pacific Railway Company, Southern Branch, organized, at Emporia.

NOVEMBER 15.—Telegraph completed to Topeka.

—Prof. Swallow discovers marble at Fort Scott.

—The Eighth Kansas is at San Antonio, Texas.

—Grading in progress on the railroad between Leavenworth and Wyandotte.

NOVEMBER 16.—The Sixteenth Kansas arrives at Fort Leavenworth, from the Plains.

NOVEMBER 20.—Col. J. B. Vliet leaves Lawrence to survey the L. L. & Ft. G. R. R., and the Emporia Branch.

NOVEMBER 23.—The first rail laid on the Atchison & Pike's Peak, or Central Branch, Railroad.

—The Lawrence & Pleasant Hill R. R. is surveyed.

NOVEMBER 27.—Major O. B. Gunn leaves Atchison to survey the A. T. & S. F. R. R.

NOVEMBER 27.—The Second Kansas Colored discharged, at Leavenworth.

NOVEMBER 30.—Expenditures of the State for the year:

Governor's Department.....	\$6,325 00	Legislative exp. and Journals...	\$23,287 95
Secretary's Department	5,421 45	State Normal School.....	2,000 00
Auditor's Department.....	2,960 54	Penitentiary.....	21,506 22
Treasurer's Department.....	2,767 00	Geological Survey.....	7,500 00
Sup't of Public Instruction.....	1,866 85	Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	2,041 11
Attorney General.....	1,031 48	Agricultural College.....	3,316 50
Adjutant General.....	6,042 50	Capitol grounds and building...	42,492 15
Quartermaster General.....	1,480 94	Military purposes.....	2,992 19
Paymaster General.....	1,000 00	Taking census.....	2,997 07
Judiciary Department.....	15,691 95	Rent of Capitol building.....	3,000 00
Printing.....	24,979 74	Miscellaneous.....	3,715 72
Military Companies.....	2,789 23		
Total for 1865.....			\$187,105 59

DECEMBER 9.—The Topeka Leader issued, by J. F. Cummings & Co.; Ward Burlingame, editor.

—Western Home Journal, at Ottawa, edited by I. S. Kalloch and C. C. Hutchinson.

DECEMBER 13.—Col. Wm. A. Barstow, of the Third Wisconsin, dies, in Leavenworth.

DECEMBER 14.—A telegraph office is established at Troy.

—Robert B. Mitchell appointed Governor of New Mexico.

DECEMBER 15.—The report of R. A. Barker, Secretary of State, contains a list of the bonds issued under the act of March 1, 1864, to refund taxes, amounting to \$39,675; a list of the bonds issued to fund the Territorial debt, under the act of February 20, 1863, amounting to \$57,300 issued to date; and a list of the land selected by Johnson Clark, P. B. Maxson and Daniel Mitchell for the Agricultural College, amounting to 82,313.53 acres.

DECEMBER 15.—The report of President Denison, of the Agricultural College, to Superintendent Goodnow, says the Catalogue contains the names of 113 students.

—G. W. Paddock, Regent, reports that the Regents of the University held their first meeting March 21. R. W. Oliver was elected Chancellor; G. W. Paddock, Secretary; G. W. Deitzler, Treasurer; and Jas. S. Emery, Librarian. The officers, with Solon O. Thacher and Charles Robinson, were made an executive committee. James H. Lane and the city of Lawrence have given an additional site of eight acres of land. A new building, fifty feet square, is in process of erection.

—Prof. Joseph Mount has charge of the Deaf and Dumb school, at Baldwin City.

—The Normal School opened at Emporia, February 15, with 18 students. L. B. Kellogg and H. B. Norton are the teachers.

—Fifty miles of the Kansas Pacific road are completed.

—The Leavenworth Conservative publishes long military histories, written by Col. Moonlight and Col. Jennison.

1866.

JANUARY 3.—Officers of the State Agricultural Society, elected at Topeka: President, L. D. Bailey, of Douglas; Secretary, John S. Brown, of Douglas; Treasurer, Wm. Spriggs, of Anderson; Superintendent, J. L. McDowell. *Executive Committee*: C. B. Lines of Wabaunsee county, J. W. Sponable of Johnson, H. J. Strickler of Shawnee, G. W. Deitzler

of Douglas, S. S. Tipton of Anderson, R. G. Elliott of Jefferson, H. B. Keller of Leavenworth, Alfred Gray of Wyandotte, A. W. J. Brown of Allen, Jas. B. Maynard of Doniphan. State Fair held at Lawrence.

JANUARY 5.—Jas. H. Lane returns to Leavenworth from Washington, and makes a speech on Reconstruction, and indorsing President Andrew Johnson.

—The Eighth Kansas arrives at Atchison.

JANUARY 6.—The Eighth Kansas discharged, at Leavenworth, having served four years, four months, and eleven days.

JANUARY 8.—Report of G. C. Swallow, State Geologist, 94 pages; of Maj. F. Hawn, Assistant, 28 pages; of C. A. Logan, on the Sanitary Relations of Kansas, 50 pages; of Tiffin Sinks, on the Climatology of Kansas, 20 pages.

—Early in the year, Joseph Decker becomes the first settler in Mitchell county.

JANUARY 9.—Meeting of the Legislature.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>Members and Officers.</i>	<i>Age</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Vocation.</i>
James McGrew, President.....	44	Wyandotte	Wyandotte.....	Merchant.
Akin, Eugene L.....	28	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Lawyer.
Anderson, David.....	41	Paola.....	Miami.....	Farmer.
Bartlett, W. K.....	40	Junction City.....	Davis.....	Merchant.
Barber, Oliver.....	49	Kanwaka.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
Drenning, F. H.....	28	Wathena.....	Doniphan.....	Lawyer.
Emmert, D. B.....	29	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.....	Publisher.
Eskridge, C. V.....	31	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Merchant.
Foote, Henry.....	36	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Farmer.
Gambell, W. P.....	33	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Attorney.
Grover, O. J.....	38	America City.....	Nemaha.....	Farmer.
Houston, D. W.....	37	Garnett.....	Anderson.....	Lawyer.
Horne, D. H.....	36	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Land agent.
Jones, J. H.....	38	Kaw City.....	Jefferson.....	Farmer.
Legate, J. F.....	37	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Farmer.
Manning, E. C.....	27	Marysville.....	Marshall.....	Printer.
Miller, Sol.....	35	White Cloud.....	Doniphan.....	Printer.
Milhoan, T. E.....	33	Olathe.....	Johnson.....	Farmer.
Wheeler, Joshua.....	39	Pardee.....	Atchison.....	Farmer.
Potter, F. W.....	32	Burlington.....	Coffey.....	Laborer.
Quigg, M.....	29	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Clerk.
Riggs, Reuben.....	56	Marion Centre.....	Marion.....	Lawyer.
Spear, S.....	49	Hiawatha.....	Brown.....	Farmer.
Smith, A. H.....	38	Blooming Grove,	Linn.....	Farmer.
Twiss, Charles P.....	32	Iola.....	Allen.....	Lawyer.
Weer, William.....	41	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.....	Lawyer.
A. R. Banks, Secretary.....	30	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Lawyer.
A. Hitchcock, Ass't Secretary.....	38	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Minister.
W. F. Gohle, Docket Clerk.....	27	Pleasant Ridge.....	Leavenworth.....	Book-keeper.
Ira H. Smith, Journal Clerk.....	49	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Land agent.
L. M. Benedict, Engrossing Clerk,	34	Vienna.....	Pottawatomie.....	Farmer.
W. B. Bowman, Enrolling Clerk...	35	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.....	Lawyer.
T. Mills, Sergeant-at-Arms.....	51	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Mason.
William Thompson, Doorkeeper...	32	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Farmer.
G. Y. Arnold, Ass't Doorkeeper.....	23	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Merchant.
Clarence Walrod, Page.....	12	Paola.....	Miami.....	Student.
J. T. Miller, Page.....	14	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Student.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

<i>Members.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Vocation.</i>
John T. Burris, Speaker.....	37	Olathe.....	Johnson.....	Lawyer.
Allen, W. N.....	32	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.....	Lawyer.
Arthur, J. M.....	49	Centreville.....	Linn.....	Farmer.
Rauserman, J. P.....	25	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Farmer.
Blair, C. W.....	37	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.....	Lawyer.
Bradford, J. H.....	37	Council Grove.....	Morris.....	Physician.
Brice, S. M.....	51	Mound City.....	Linn.....	Physician.
Bond, Joseph.....	45	Humboldt.....	Allen.....	Printer.
Bonebrake, J. H.....	35	Lecompton.....	Douglas.....	Physician.
Cain, W. S.....	29	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Farmer.
Callen, A. W.....	33	Junction City.....	Davis.....	Lawyer.
Carlton, Milo.....	51	Pardee.....	Atchison.....	Farmer.
Cavender, H.....	32	Garnett.....	Anderson.....	Merchant.
Craig, Warner.....	29	Baldwin City.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
Cochrane, Charles.....	32	Ottumwa.....	Coffey.....	Farmer.
Coffin, A. V.....	46	Le Roy.....	Coffey.....	Everyth'g.
Drake, C.....	29	Americus.....	Lyon.....	Farmer.
Dow, Isaac W.....	33	Neosho Falls.....	Woodson.....	Mechanic.
Fletcher, James.....	36	Tecumseh.....	Shawnee.....	Farmer.
Foster, R. C.....	31	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Teamster.
Fox, Charles E.....	31	Highland.....	Doniphan.....	Farmer.
Graham, George.....	45	Seneca.....	Nemaha.....	Merchant.
Green, W. H.....	38	Fort Lincoln.....	Bourbon.....	Farmer.
Glick, G. W.....	38	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Attorney.
Griswold, Nelson.....	45	Turkey Creek.....	Bourbon.....	Farmer.
Gross, James R.....	34	America City.....	Nemaha.....	Freighter.
Harmon, O. D.....	37	Twin Springs.....	Linn.....	Farmer.
Harrington, N.....	42	Palermo.....	Doniphan.....	Physician.
Harvey, J. M.....	32	Fort Riley.....	Riley.....	Farmer.
Hollenberg, G. H.....	38	Marysville.....	Washington.....	Farmer.
Holliday, C. K.....	38	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Lawyer.
Humber, N.....	50	Easton.....	Leavenworth.....	Farmer.
Jackson, W.....	32	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Farmer.
Jennison, C. R.....	32	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Farmer.
Johnson, A. S.....	33	Shawnee.....	Johnson.....	Farmer.
Kellogg, Josiah.....	33	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Lawyer.
Kelly, James H.....	40	Willow Springs.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
Knight, Jonathan.....	32	Tonganoxie.....	Leavenworth.....	Farmer.
Kohler, C.....	31	Junction City.....	Dickinson.....	Mechanic.
Kunkel, Jerome.....	38	Rising Sun.....	Jefferson.....	Lumber'n.
Lacock, Ira J.....	31	Hiawatha.....	Brown.....	Lawyer.
Martindale, Wm.....	30	Madison.....	Greenwood.....	Farmer.
Massey, R. W.....	43	Paola.....	Miami.....	Lawyer.
Montgomery, R. H.....	27	Columbus.....	Doniphan.....	Teacher.
Mix, F. E.....	27	Atchison.....	Doniphan.....	Farmer.
Moore, A. A.....	54	Marion Centre.....	Marion.....	Rancher.
McAuley, A.....	54	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Lawyer.
McCabe, David L.....	34	El Dorado.....	Butler.....	Bl'ksmith.
McLellan, James.....	45	Holt.....	Jackson.....	Farmer.
Nash, Lyman.....	45	Wathena.....	Doniphan.....	Mechanic.
O'Brien, T. M.....	35	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Mil. att'y.
Parker, C. E.....	41	Carson.....	Brown.....	Farmer.
Pearman, H.....	43	Belmont.....	Wilson.....	Farmer.
Pennock, Wm.....	35	Minneola.....	Franklin.....	Farmer.
Preston, H. D.....	36	Burlingame.....	Osage.....	Farmer.
Phillips, Wm. A.....	39	Salina.....	Saline.....	Jo'rnalist.
Power, F. M.....	34	Iola.....	Allen.....	Farmer.
Quinn, J. C.....	56	Mound City.....	Linn.....	Farmer.
Rankin, Jno. K.....	28	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Laborer.
Rees, J. G.....	40	Mount Gilead.....	Franklin.....	Farmer.
Rogers, D.....	34	Humboldt.....	Neosho.....	Merchant.
Rue, G. C.....	42	Gardner.....	Johnson.....	Merchant.
Sanford, Eph. H.....	43	Allen.....	Lyon.....	Lawyer.
Stabler, Geo. W.....	30	Huron.....	Atchison.....	Stock r'sr.
Shepherd, H. D.....	27	Wilmington.....	Wabaunsee.....	Merchant.
Stewart, J. W.....	45	Garnett.....	Anderson.....	Miller.
Smith, James.....	28	Barrett.....	Marshall.....	Farmer.
Smith, H. P.....	35	Rock Creek.....	Pottawatomie.....	Miller.
Smith, Geo. W.....	60	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Lawyer.
Smith, H. B.....	33	Osawatomie.....	Miami.....	Merchant.
Stotler, Jacob.....	31	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Printer.
Underhill, S.....	42	Osawatomie.....	Miami.....	Farmer.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—CONCL'D.

<i>Members.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Vocation.</i>
Van Gaasbeek, Geo.....	50	Grasshopper Falls,	Jefferson.....	Farmer.
Walker, Isaiah.....	40	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.....	Merchant.
Wellhouse, F.....	37	Pleasant Ridge.....	Leavenworth.....	Farmer.
Wilson, Joseph S.....	49	Mapleton.....	Bourbon.....	Farmer.
Wood, S. N.....	40	Cottonwood Falls..	Chase.....	Farmer.
Woodard, Levi.....	35	Eudora.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
John T. Morton, Chief Clerk.....	44	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Lawyer.
John E. Thorpe, Assistant Clerk.....	26	Iola.....	Allen.....	Farmer.
Wm. R. Brown, Journal Clerk.....	25	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Lawyer.
J. A. Soward, Docket Clerk.....	31	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.....	Merchant.
Dwight G. Hull, Engrossing Clerk.....	24	Atehison.....	Atehison.....	Bo'kk'per.
W. H. Cowan, Enrolling Clerk.....	24	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Clerk.
Thos. Archer, Sergeant-at-Arms.....	32	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Trader.
L. W. Graham, Ass't Serg.-at-Arms.....	33	Elmendorf.....	Lyon.....	Farmer.
G. Pharaoh, Doorkeeper.....	24	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	File c'tt'r.
C. T. K. Prentice, Ass't Doorkeeper.....	18	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
Wm. R. Griffith, Page.....	17	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Farmer.
Wm. Miller, Page.....	19	Ridgeway.....	Osage.....	Student.
Francis J. Rice, Page.....	12	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Student.

JANUARY 9.—The following is copied from Gov. Crawford's Message:

"Baker University, located at Baldwin City, Douglas county, is under the control of the Methodist Episcopal Church; Lane University, in the same county, is under the supervision of the United Brethren Church; Ottumwa College, at Ottumwa, Coffey county, is under the management of the Christian Church; Highland University, at Highland, Doniphan county, is under the control of the Presbyterian Church; Ottawa University, at Ottawa City, Franklin county, is under the care of the Baptist Church; Lincoln College, at Topeka, belongs to the Congregational Church; the Episcopal Church has a Female Seminary at Topeka; Wetmore Institute, at Irving, Marshall county, is under the control of the Presbyterian Church; the Methodists are erecting one at Circleville, in Jackson county, which will soon be ready for occupation; they also own Hartford Institute, at Hartford, Lyon county."

—There are about 300 miles of railroad in the State.

—Baker University, at Baldwin City, has 202 students.

JANUARY 11.—The Price Raid Commission have audited claims amounting to \$400,000.

—Lawrence has a woolen factory nearly completed.

—Thos. Murphy, Indian Superintendent, pays the Ottawa Indians their last annuity. Of their lands, 87,000 acres are to be sold to settlers; 20,000 acres are given to the College now in process of erection.

—Senator Lane addresses the citizens of Topeka in behalf of Andrew Johnson's policy; his resolutions are adopted, as they had been in Leavenworth.

JANUARY 12.—Thos. J. Anderson, Adjutant General, reports that we lost 472 officers and 7,345 enlisted men during the war.

JANUARY 17.—Meeting in Topeka to form a State Editors' and Publishers' Association. R. B. Taylor Chairman, John A. Martin Secretary. Eighteen papers represented.

—The Burlington Woolen Factory is in operation.

JANUARY 26.—A bill has passed the Senate giving 500,000 acres of State lands to railroads. It passes the House February 17th, by 44 to 27, and against the written protest of twenty-three members. (See House

Journal, p. 483.) The Attorney General declares the bill constitutional. (House Journal, pp. 494-8.)

FEBRUARY 12.—Wool-growing becomes an important interest in Anderson county.

FEBRUARY 20.—Death of Samuel A. Stinson, of Leavenworth, at Wiscasset, Maine. Mr. Stinson was a member of the Wyandotte Convention, had been Attorney General of the State, and was one of the most brilliant, successful and popular lawyers in the State.

FEBRUARY 27.—Adjournment of the Legislature. Among the acts passed were the following: Apportioning the State for Senators and Representatives; Seventeen acts relating to bonds; Defining the boundaries of Neosho county; Providing temporary buildings at Olathe for a Deaf and Dumb Asylum; Encouraging the growth of forest trees; Giving the 500,000 acres of land granted to Kansas under the act of Sept. 4, 1841, to the following railroad companies: The Northern Kansas, from Elwood to Marysville; the Kansas and Neosho Valley (for a road through Johnson, Miami, Linn, and Bourbon counties); the Union Pacific Railway, Southern Branch, from Fort Riley along the Neosho Valley; and to the Leavenworth, Lawrence & Fort Gibson Railroad Company—the lands to be sold for the benefit of these companies, by an Agent appointed by the Governor;—An act for the protection of State and county treasuries; Changing the name of the Leavenworth, Lawrence & Fort Gibson Railroad Company to the Leavenworth, Lawrence & Galveston Railroad Company; Issuing bonds to build the Penitentiary; For the erection of a State House, and the sale of public lands; For the sale of Normal School lands; For the sale of University lands; For the sale of Agricultural College lands.

MARCH 1.—A coal mine is in successful operation near Ridgeway, Osage county.

MARCH 8.—Proposals are published for building a portion of a State Penitentiary.

MARCH 10.—Col. John W. Horner is elected President of Baker University.

MARCH 19.—Jas. L. McDowell becomes Postmaster at Leavenworth.

—E. C. Manning revives the Big Blue Union.

—The track on the Pacific road is laid to Silver Lake, twelve miles west of Topeka.

MARCH 19.—The Santa Fé Co. assigns to the U. P., So. Branch, the right to build a road from Fort Riley down the Neosho.

MARCH 20.—The names of five soldiers who were buried at Andersonville are published. They belonged to the Eighth Kansas.

MARCH 29.—Proposals are published for building a portion of the State Capitol.

APRIL.—Gov. Crawford sells in New York \$60,000 Penitentiary and \$70,000 Public Improvement State bonds, at 91 cents on the dollar.

APRIL 6.—J. H. Lane, in the Senate, makes a bitter speech supporting the President's policy, but indignantly denying that he wears Andrew Johnson's collar.

APRIL 12.—Ira J. Lacock takes charge of the Hiawatha Sentinel.

APRIL 14.—A public meeting in Lawrence strongly condemns the course of Senator Lane. The resolutions were reported by Major E. G. Ross.

—Gen. John W. Whitfield writes from Austin, Texas: "We got whipped, and there is no use to talk. I am the most loyal man now you ever saw."

APRIL 14.—A meeting in Fort Scott, called to support Johnson and Lane, denounces both.

APRIL 18.—The Humboldt Union started: W. T. McElroy, Publisher; Orlin Thurston, Editor.

APRIL 20.—First National Bank of Topeka organized.

—The Ben. Holladay Overland Mail runs from the terminus of the Pacific road to Denver.

—G. A. Colton takes charge of the Paola Free Press.

MAY 12.—Organization of the Northern Kansas Railroad, at Hiawatha. Directors: E. N. Morrill, Sam'l Lappin, Frank H. Drenning, W. B. Barnett, David E. Ballard, Thos. A. Osborn, Sam'l Speer, Geo. Graham, John E. Smith, J. D. Brumbaugh, and Edwin C. Manning.

MAY 13.—A farmer killed by Indians on the Solomon.

MAY 14.—Ward Burlingame succeeds T. C. Sears as editor of the Conservative.

—R. St. Clair Graham appointed Judge, *vice* Albert H. Horton, resigned.

MAY 15.—Trains begin running on the Leavenworth branch, to Lawrence. R. H. Shoemaker is Superintendent of the road.

MAY 16.—N. S. Goss elected President, S. S. Prouty Cor. Sec'y, and P. B. Plumb Treasurer of the Southern Branch, U. P. R. R. (Neosho Valley), at Emporia.

MAY 20.—Six men killed by Indians, fifteen miles west of Lake Sibley, in Cloud county.

MAY 20.—At a meeting of the State Central Democratic Committee at Leavenworth, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

"*Whereas*, In the present crisis in public affairs it becomes the duty of every political organization and every individual who has the interest of his country at heart, so far as its or his action can influence public opinion, to faithfully, honestly and fearlessly express that opinion: be it, therefore, by the State Central Committee of the State of Kansas,

"*Resolved*, 1. That, representing and speaking in behalf of eight thousand Democratic voters of the State, we hold as fundamental principles that the Federal Constitution and the laws passed in pursuance thereof, ever are supreme throughout the limits of the United States, and in each and every State, North, South, East and West; and that all men, President, Senators, Congressmen, and private individuals, are bound by them, and as officers and citizens, should, in every act, submit to and be guided by their spirit.

"2. That we cordially uphold and stand by the administration of President Johnson, in so far as his public policy has indicated that his purpose has been and is to uphold the principles upon which the Government was founded, and to sustain the rights of the people and all the States equally.

"3. That without regard to past political differences, we invite the coöperation of all men in the State in securing to our State Government officers of acknowledged capacity and integrity.

"4. That we distinctly repudiate all idea of permitting any longer our party organization to become in any way submissive to the political or personal fortunes of any man or set of men outside of the party, and upon the principles heretofore set forth, whether victory or defeat be the result.

"5. That the interests of the party imperatively require the establishing of a Democratic organ at Leavenworth City.

"6. That the chairman be authorized and requested to call a State Convention, at such time and place as he shall deem proper, to select a ticket for State officers and Member of Congress, to be voted for at the ensuing election.

T. P. FENLON, *Secretary pro tem.*

W. P. GAMBELL, *Chairman.*"

JUNE.—The Educational Journal is published at Topeka.

—In the summer, Samuel N. Wood starts the Chase County Banner. Theodore Alvord published it from August 3, 1867, till November, 1868. In 1870, the Banner stopped, and the press went to Winfield. F. E. Smith published the Banner one year.

JUNE 1.—Bridge over the Kaw, at Wyandotte, nearly completed.

—The towns of Chetopa, Wamego, Solomon and Montana begin to be talked about.

—Survey begun on the Fort Scott & Sedalia road.

JUNE 8.—J. H. Lane votes with the rest of the Republican Senators, for the Constitutional Amendment.

JUNE 10.—M. F. Conway nominated as Consul to Marseilles. He sustains Johnson's policy.

JUNE 11.—Senator Lane obtains leave of absence. He arrives in Lawrence on the 16th.

JUNE 20.—Meeting of the Republican Committee at Topeka. State Convention to be held September 5th.

—Gen. Lane passes Leavenworth on his way East.

JUNE 23.—The Fenian company raised in Leavenworth returns to that city.

JUNE 25.—Gen. Lane reported seriously ill, at the Lindell Hotel, St. Louis.

JUNE 25.—The Missouri Pacific completed to Kansas City.

JUNE 27.—Neosho county is receiving a very large immigration.

—The L. L. & G. is located to nearly the southern boundary of the State.

—The season is a very wet one.

—Lawrence city and Douglas county have voted bonds to the Pleasant Hill road.

—Doniphan county has voted bonds to the Denver road.

—Steamboats still running from Weston to Kansas City.

—Judge Bailey asks the poet Whittier to be present at the State Fair at Lawrence.

JUNE 28.—Gen. Lane arrives at Kansas City.

—John Speer confirmed as Collector.

JUNE 29.—Gen. Lane arrives in Leavenworth, and stops with his brother-in-law, Gen. McCall, at the Government farm, on the Fort Reservation.

—Santa Fé coaches now start from Junction City.

JULY 1.—The Conservative of Tuesday, July 3d, says:

“On Sunday evening (July 1st), being apparently in comparative good health and sound mind, Senator Lane rode out with Mr. McCall, from the Farm House. During the time he made excuse to leave the carriage several times, seemingly having a morbid plan of self-destruction, until, arriving at a gate, McCall alighted to open it. As the latter reached the gate, Senator Lane sprang from the carriage, and, being then in the rear of it, exclaimed, ‘Good-bye, Mac,’ and immediately fired a pistol, the muzzle being placed in his mouth. The ball struck the roof of the mouth, and emerged from about the upper center of the cranium, having passed through the brain and almost perpendicularly through the head. With a convulsive spring into the air, the Senator fell, apparently lifeless, to the earth. The evidently pulseless body was immediately placed in the carriage by those accompanying—McCall and Capt. Adams (a brother of Gen. Lane’s son-in-law)—and taken to the house, and surgeons summoned as speedily as possible, who proceeded to make examination as to the nature and extent of the wound. At present writing (12 M.) the Senator is still unconscious, and no hopes are entertained of his recovery.”

On the 6th, the same paper said: “Gen. Lane recognizes persons, and converses to some extent with his friends.”

The Senator died on Wednesday, July 11th, at 11:55 A. M. James Henry Lane was the son of Amos Lane, and was born in Lawrenceburg, Indiana, June 22, 1814. In 1846, he became Colonel of a regiment raised to engage in the Mexican war; in 1847, he became Colonel of another Indiana regiment; in 1849, he was elected Lieutenant Governor; in 1852, he was a Democratic Presidential Elector, and was elected to Congress; in April, 1855, he came to Kansas. In this State, in politics, he was the King.

“Strange that a harp of a thousand strings
Should keep in tune so long!”

JULY 1.—The first through passenger train leaves Leavenworth for St. Louis, on the Missouri River and Missouri Pacific lines.

—E. C. Manning starts the Radical, at Manhattan.

JULY.—Indian Raid on White Rock river, Republic county; they rob citizens and violate women.

JULY 3.—State Teachers’ Association meets at Lawrence. *Officers:* President, P. McVicar; Recording Secretary, L. B. Kellogg; Corresponding Secretary, John S. Brown; Treasurer, Miss Carrie Collins. *Executive Committee:* D. J. Brewer, B. F. Mudge, R. K. McCartney, Orlando Sawyer.

JULY 3.—Chapter 159 of the U. S. Statutes authorizes the U. P. R. R., Eastern Division, to designate its general route and file a map before December 1. The road is to unite with the Union Pacific at a point not

more than fifty miles west of the meridian of Denver. Heretofore the line followed the Republican valley; now it goes up the Smoky Hill.

JULY 4.—At the Soldiers' Celebration, at Topeka, Gen. Blunt makes a speech formally presenting the battle-flags to Gov. Crawford. The oration is delivered by Samuel A. Kingman.

JULY 4.—Treaty with the Delawares. The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to sell the remainder of the Delaware lands to the Missouri River R. R. Co., at not less than \$2.50 an acre.

JULY 9.—Work begun on the St. Joseph & Denver road.

JULY 19.—Treaty with the Cherokees. The right-of-way granted to a railroad from the east, and to one from the north. The Cherokees cede to the United States the tract of land in Kansas sold to the Cherokees in 1835; also that strip of land in Kansas ceded to the Cherokees in that treaty. These lands are to be sold at not less than \$1.25 an acre. The United States agrees to run the boundary line between the Cherokee country and the States of Arkansas, Missouri, and Kansas. The Senate added a proviso to the treaty, allowing the lands to be sold in a body at \$1 an acre.

JULY 20.—Governor Crawford appoints Edmund G. Ross United States Senator, to fill the vacancy made by the death of Senator Lane.

—W. F. Cloud, Major General of the Militia, calls for a cavalry regiment to protect the frontier against Indians.

JULY 21.—Major W. C. Ransom shot by bushwhackers, in Kansas City, and severely wounded. The attempted assassination was caused by Major Ransom's gallant service on the border during the war.

JULY 23.—Congress (Chap. 212, U. S. Statutes) grants lands to aid in the construction of a railroad and telegraph from Elwood, westwardly, via Marysville, so as to effect a junction with the Union Pacific Railroad, with the usual guaranties to settlers under the homestead and other laws.

JULY 25.—The National Union Club, at Leavenworth, elects the following delegates to the Philadelphia Convention of August 14th: Hugh Ewing, Charles W. Blair, V. Nicholas Smith, James L. McDowell, Hiram S. Sleeper, G. A. Colton.

JULY 25.—Congress (Chap. 241, U. S. Statutes) grants lands to the State of Kansas to aid in the construction of the Kansas & Neosho Valley Railroad and its extension to Red river. This road became the Missouri River, Fort Scott & Gulf. Kansas gives the proceeds of the sale of 125,000 acres of land.

JULY 26.—Congress (Chap. 270, U. S. Statutes) grants land to aid in the construction of a Southern Branch of the Union Pacific Railway and Telegraph, from Fort Riley, Kansas, to Fort Smith, Arkansas.

This road became the Missouri, Kansas & Texas.

JULY 28.—Bayard Taylor returns East, after a lecturing tour and visit in Kansas and Colorado.

—The Democrats elect the following delegates to the Philadelphia Convention: W. P. Gambell, G. W. Glick, J. L. Pendery, Orlin Thurston, T. P. Fenlon, E. F. Campbell. Alternates: F. P. Fitzwilliam, Isaac Sharp, W. A. Tipton, R. M. Ruggles, Charles Rubican.

JULY 30.—The President sends Victoria a message by the Atlantic cable.

AUGUST 1.—The Second Annual Report of the Superintendent of Public Schools of Leavenworth is published. It fills 56 pages, and is an admirably prepared document. David J. Brewer is the Superintendent.

AUGUST 1.—Work begun on the L. L. & G., at Lawrence.

AUGUST 10.—Appointment of the first Commissioners of Clay county. The county was named, in 1860, for Henry Clay.

AUGUST 11.—The Northern Kansas R. R. Co. consolidated with the St. Joseph & Denver. It receives 372,162 acres of land in Nebraska, 64,672 acres in Kansas, and the proceeds of 125,000 acres, given by Kansas. The building of the road began in 1867.

AUGUST 11.—Promulgation by President Johnson of a treaty ceding the Cherokee Neutral Lands to the U. S. Government in trust.

AUGUST 13.—Wm. C. Webb makes his home in Fort Scott.

—Secretary Harlan agrees to have the Neutral Lands surveyed.

AUGUST 16.—Col. Wm. A. Phillips speaks in Leavenworth.

AUGUST.—Settlers on Lulu creek, a branch of the Solomon, driven off by Indians. Settlers' fields destroyed on the upper Republican.

AUGUST 18.—McReynolds & Simpson issue the Paola Republican.

—Trains are running to Manhattan.

—Jack Henderson visits Leavenworth. He is appointed Indian Agent, at Santa Fé, by Andy Johnson.

AUGUST 30.—Secretary Harlan makes a contract with the American Emigrant Company, of Connecticut, to sell the Cherokee Neutral Lands that are not occupied by settlers, at \$1 an acre.

AUGUST 31.—The National Union Committee hold a meeting in Leavenworth, and issue a call for a State Convention, at Topeka. The Democrats join in the call.

SEPTEMBER 5.—Major General John Pope erects the initial stone of the Neosho Valley R. R., at Junction City. Speeches by Robt. McBratney, N. S. Goss, and others.

SEPTEMBER 5.—State Republican Convention, at Topeka. Called to order by Jacob Stotler. *Vote for temporary Chairman:* J. P. Root, 47; Geo. Graham, 33. M. R. Dutton, Secretary.

Committee on Credentials: Geo. T. Isbell of Jefferson, Ludell of Saline, Crane of Shawnee, Leland of Doniphan, Harden of Lyon.

Committee on Permanent Organization: Russell of Cherokee, Beates of Davis, Cavender of Anderson.

A dispatch was sent to the Loyal Southern Convention, at Philadelphia.

J. P. Root was elected President; M. R. Dutton and Dr. Ludell Secretaries.

Samuel J. Crawford was renominated for Governor, receiving 64 votes, to 18 for Andrew Akin, of Morris county.

Committee on Resolutions: Speer, Keith, Pearsall, Anthony, and Prouty.

Vote for Lieutenant Governor—first ballot: McGrew 12, Strickler 14, Green 20, Updegraff 3, Barr 6, Elder 12, Burris 9, Larimer 6.

Third ballot: Green 55, Elder 17, Strickler 10.

Vote for Secretary of State—first ballot: Barker 40, Emmert 29, Moonlight 12, Day 1.

Second ballot: Barker 44, Emmert 32, Moonlight 6.

J. R. Swallow was renominated for Auditor by acclamation.

Vote for Treasurer—first ballot: Anderson 30, Lappin 22, Johnson 22, Twiss 6, Mills 2.

Second ballot: Anderson 50, Lappin 17, Johnson 14, Twiss 1.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction: McVicar 51, Hartman 31.

For Attorney General: Geo. H. Hoyt 59, J. D. Brumbaugh 15, J. M. Rankin 8.

For Chief Justice: Samuel A. Kingman 43, David P. Lowe 39.

Sidney Clarke was nominated for Congress by acclamation.

A. D. Richardson, of the New York Tribune, made a brief speech.

State Committee: H. D. Fisher, R. B. Taylor, Geo. W. Gardiner, Frank H. Drenning, Jacob Stotler, D. B. Emmert, Charles C. Whiting. F. H. Drenning was elected Chairman, and C. C. Whiting Secretary.

The following platform was adopted:

"To give expression to the sentiment and opinion of the loyal people of Kansas, we, the delegates assembled in State Convention, do hereby adopt the following resolutions:

Resolved, That with devout thankfulness and gratitude to God, who has delivered us from the anarchy and desolation of war—who has overthrown and broken the cursed power and crime-creating institution of Slavery—and with unfaltering faith and trust in the eternity of Good, and in the divinity of Justice—we hereby reaffirm our devotion to liberty and to the sacred and inalienable rights of man.

Resolved, That in the great and awful wickedness which our President has perpetrated in making treason a virtue and loyalty a crime; in giving to Rebels the protection, and to their anarchy the sanction, of law; in casting upon the noble and sacrificing Unionists of the South the scorn and the insolence of tyrannic power; in fostering and encouraging the spirit of disaffection among the Rebels, and in crushing the dawning hopes of the freedmen; in usurping and overriding the authority of Congress, and in trampling upon the sovereignty of States; and in his audacious and crowning wickedness in calling our representatives 'An assumed Congress,' meaning the tyrant's threat at anarchy or absolute power—has lost our confidence and respect, and to his insolence and threats we hurl back our defiance and scorn.

Resolved, That our Congress, for their unwavering fidelity to duty, to the freedmen, and to the Government; for their undaunted heroism in resisting the encroachments of the President; for their stern and unswerving purpose to reward loyalty and punish treason, and for their love of justice, we extend to them the gratitude and thanks of a grateful people. And to our Senator and Member of Congress, because they have obeyed the wishes and not trilled with the conscience of their constituents—from the bottom of our hearts we extend to them the hand of greeting, and say, 'Well done, good and faithful servants.'

Resolved, That we recommend to the next Legislature the submission of the question of impartial suffrage to a vote of the people of Kansas."

SEPTEMBER 6.—Organization of Cloud county.

SEPTEMBER 9.—Northwestern Kansas and Fort Kearny, Neb., overrun with grasshoppers. They are in Nemaha and Marshall counties. The Wyandotte Gazette is quoted in the Conservative as saying: "Between Topeka and Wamego they fill the air like snow-flakes in a winter storm."

—The Conservative gives a list of thirty-seven newspapers published in the State; thirty-one support the Republican ticket, five oppose it, and one is doubtful.

SEPTEMBER 12.—Grasshopper visitation at Osage Mission. "Most all the crops were saved." In the spring of 1867 they hatched, but "a sudden freshet swept them all away."

SEPTEMBER 12.—Dedication of the State University. Solon O. Thacher delivers the oration.

SEPTEMBER 14.—Grasshoppers reach Lawrence.

SEPTEMBER 15.—Grasshoppers in Leavenworth county.

—Colonel Charles W. Blair Postmaster at Fort Scott.

SEPTEMBER 20.—Prospectus issued of the Leavenworth Commercial, to be published by George F. Prescott, George C. Hume, and A. F. Callahan.

—The Right Reverend Thomas H. Vail, Bishop of Kansas, resigns the Rectorship of the Atchison Episcopal church, and is succeeded by Reverend John Bakewell.

—National Union State Convention at Topeka. Called to order by James L. McDowell. G. A. Colton, temporary chairman. Secretaries, M. W. Reynolds, Charles Hayward, A. F. Callahan, and Bond of Allen.

Committees: Permanent Organization—James Ketner, Royal Baldwin, Charles W. Adams, Charles Thompson, Richard Burr; Resolutions—G. W. Glick, W. C. McDowell, S. H. Fletcher, James L. McDowell, Edwards; Credentials—J. L. Pendery, T. J. Dolan, L. R. Palmer, H. G. Wilson, Wilkinson. *President:* Wm. C. McDowell. *Vice Presidents:* Hiram S. Sleeper, J. W. Forman, J. R. McClure, James Christian, Richard Burr. *Secretaries:* M. W. Reynolds, Charles Hayward, A. F. Callahan, Bond of Allen, and Campbell of Morris.

On motion of L. B. Wheat, J. L. McDowell was nominated for Governor by acclamation.

On motion of G. W. Glick, J. R. McClure, of Davis, was nominated for Lieutenant Governor by acclamation.

On motion of Mr. Bridgens, of Bourbon, Colonel M. Quigg, of Atchison, was nominated for Secretary of State by acclamation.

On motion of T. P. Fenlon, Ross Burns, of Shawnee, was nominated for Attorney General by acclamation.

On motion of Chas. S. Glick, I. S. Walker, of Wyandotte, was nominated for Treasurer by acclamation,

On motion of R. C. Foster, N. S. Goss, of Woodson, was nominated for Auditor by acclamation.

On motion of G. W. Glick, Joseph Bond. of Allen, was nominated for Superintendent of Public Instruction by acclamation.

H. T. Wilson, of Bourbon, nominated Wilson Shannon for Chief Justice. Governor Shannon declined in favor of Nelson Cobb, who was nominated by acclamation.

On motion of L. B. Wheat, Charles W. Blair, of Bourbon, was nominated for Member of Congress by acclamation.

State Central Committee: G. W. Glick, I. B. Sharp, George A. Reynolds, Samuel H. Fletcher, J. L. Pendery, James A. McGonigle, James Ketner, F. P. Fitzwilliam, H. S. Sleeper.

The following platform was adopted:

"*Whereas*, The exigencies of the times, so startling that wise men fear revolution — so pregnant with the destiny of constitutional government that patriotism and statesmanship alike tremble for the future — so alarming that the fundamental principles of our Republican Government are in danger of being disowned and repudiated, and substituted by the caprice of revenge and the madness of fanaticism — demand of all who love the Constitution and the Government of our fathers, that in a spirit of patriotism which places our country and our cherished institutions above party, they should earnestly and zealously labor for the speedy restoration of the Union under the Constitution: therefore, be it

"*Resolved*, 1. That we heartily indorse the resolutions and address of the National Union Convention that met at Philadelphia.

"2. That inasmuch as the war is over and peace is again restored to our recently distracted country, and inasmuch as the blood and treasure expended by those who cherished the Union of the States and the supremacy of the Constitution, were poured out so freely in vindication of constitutional government, it becomes the bounden duty of all good men to see to it that the great sacrifices of the war were not made in vain, but that the triumph of our arms becomes the triumph of those great principles of government bequeathed to us by our ancestors.

"3. That in the great crisis of our country, growing out of the disagreement between Congress and the Administration, we heartily indorse the policy of President Johnson in his manly defense of the Constitution and the Union against the assaults of a partisan Congress and a fanatical party to destroy the Government bequeathed to us by our fathers.

"4. That it is the constitutional right of every State in the Union, through its loyal representatives in both houses of Congress, to participate in the National Legislature, subject alone to the right of each house to judge of the election and qualification of its members; and States cannot legally be disfranchised or punished for the actions of any of their citizens.

"5. That inasmuch as the Southern States lately in rebellion have repealed their ordinances of secession, repudiated the so-called Confederate debt, and accepted the constitutional amendment abolishing Slavery throughout the jurisdiction of the United States, the continued refusal of Congress, through its session of eight months, to recognize the right of Congressional representation to ten States in the Union, and subject to the Constitution, is at war with the genius and spirit of our institutions, and revolutionary in its character.

"6. That the war has definitely settled the question that the right of secession is a political heresy; and that no State nor combination of States can throw off their primal allegiance to the General Government; and that the Constitution, and the laws passed in pursuance thereof, are the supreme law of the land, ordinances and statutes to the contrary notwithstanding.

"7. That the officers and soldiers of the war have our unfeigned thanks for their patriotic defense of the Union, and their glorious triumphs in the conflict of arms; and with them we join in denouncing the meanness of Congress in voting to its members

an increase of pay at the rate of thirty-three dollars per day, while voting to the soldiers who periled their lives for the Union a bounty of only fifty dollars for two years' service in fighting for the Union.

"8. That the prodigality, corruption and imbecility of the present officials of this State merit and ought to receive the severest reprobation of the honest, tax-ridden people of the State.

"9. That we condemn the criminal conduct of the present Executive in neglecting or refusing to extend the protection of the State to the hardy pioneers of our western borders, against Indian hostilities and savage barbarities daily and notoriously committed against them.

"10. That in its revolutionary action the Congress of the United States, demanding as a condition precedent to the right of representation, the recognition of negro equality and negro suffrage, has promulgated a dogma abhorrent to the feelings of the American people, and arrogated to itself a power that, under the Constitution, belongs exclusively to the States; and that we, in opposition to the real policy of the Radicals, declare our unalterable determination to oppose negro suffrage in the State of Kansas."

—A resolution was adopted asking the removal from office of men who opposed the President; and another sympathizing with the Irish people in their effort to restore their lost liberties.

OCTOBER.—State Musical Convention at Lawrence.

—P. McVicar is the editor of the Educational Journal.

OCTOBER.—Settler killed by Indians west of Lake Sibley, in Cloud county.

OCTOBER 2.—State Fair at Lawrence; Solon O. Thacher delivers the address.

—Hugh Ewing appointed Minister to The Hague, and credited to Kansas.

—M. J. Parrott and A. L. Lee are on the stump for the Republican ticket.

OCTOBER 7.—The Kansas Pacific track laid to the old town of Pawnee; the United States Commissioners inspect 130 miles of the road.

OCTOBER 16.—General George A. Custer leaves Leavenworth to take command at Fort Riley.

OCTOBER 17.—Laying of the corner-stone of the State Capitol, by the Grand Lodge of Masons.

OCTOBER 18.—John Speer turns over the United States Collector's office to Edward Carroll, of Leavenworth.

OCTOBER 20.—James M. Harvey, a member of the House last winter, is nominated for the Senate.

OCTOBER 27.—Topeka Daily Tribune issued.

—H. B. Denman, of Leavenworth, appointed Indian Superintendent of the Northern Superintendency.

OCTOBER 31.—President N. S. Goss and Secretary P. B. Maxson, at Tahlequah, make a treaty with the Cherokees, obtaining right-of-way and 250,000 acres of land.

NOVEMBER 1.—The Junction City Union published as a Daily to August 1st, 1867.

—Leavenworth has six daily papers.

NOVEMBER 6.—Election. The following is the vote on State tickets:

Counties.	GOVERNOR.		LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.		SECRETARY OF STATE.		STATE AUDITOR.		STATE TREASURER.	
	S. J. Crawford.	J. L. McDowell.	Vehenich Green.....	J. R. McClure.	R. A. Barker.	Mathew Quigg.	J. R. Southw.	N. S. Goss.....	M. Anderson...	J. Walker.....
Allen.....	407	168	406	169	404	169	397	168	405	168
Anderson.....	367	56	371	58	371	56	348	57	369	56
Atchison.....	1,120	609	1,134	604	1,128	608	1,134	605	1,124	604
Bourbon.....	855	404	856	405	855	405	855	404	856	402
Brown.....	452	36	453	36	451	36	453	36	450	36
Butler.....	61	27	61	27	61	27	63	26	60	27
Chase.....	155	31	156	24	157	24	156	24	157	24
Cherokee.....	272	49	271	49	272	49	272	49	271	49
Clay.....	102	4	101	4	102	4	102	4	102	4
Coffey.....	402	228	405	229	404	228	403	229	405	227
Davis.....	341	200	338	187	341	201	341	203	341	201
Dickinson.....	101	93	99	96	100	95	100	94	100	94
Doniphan.....	1,233	366	1,248	349	1,238	360	1,245	351	1,234	351
Douglas.....	1,729	459	1,787	402	1,817	397	1,817	394	1,816	394
Franklin.....	747	112	750	110	725	111	729	110	751	110
Greenwood.....	168	4	168	4	168	4	168	4	168	4
Jackson.....	371	149	365	125	368	139	367	138	276	148
Jefferson.....	829	423	840	432	836	425	837	426	772	442
Johnson.....	846	404	846	401	848	421	848	417	840	424
Leavenworth.....	1,944	2,247	2,016	2,191	2,034	2,179	2,019	2,172	2,018	2,188
Linn.....	781	185	805	181	804	182	805	182	803	182
Lyon.....	647	61	651	51	652	51	649	54	649	52
Marshall.....	560	33	556	25	534	25	556	25	553	25
Marion.....	41	14	21	34	20	29	32	18	34	14
Miami.....	778	362	778	362	781	359	783	360	781	361
Morris.....	113	133	112	132	112	132	111	128	112	132
Nemaha.....	384	177	385	177	385	177	385	177	379	179
Neosho.....	266	61	261	66	259	67	256	70	261	66
Osage.....	272	46	272	40	282	39	282	40	280	40
Ottawa.....	92	.....	89	4	93	.....	93	.....	93	.....
Pottawatomie.....	389	162	388	159	389	159	389	159	383	161
Riley.....	369	24	363	27	366	24	369	24	368	24
Saline.....	210	37	210	37	210	37	210	37	208	37
Shawnee.....	886	200	885	198	894	193	898	189	905	178
Shirley.....	48	.....	.....	.....	48	.....	48	.....	46	.....
Washington.....	115	.....	115	.....	116	.....	116	.....	116	.....
Wabaunsee.....	245	23	253	13	257	13	254	14	255	14
Wilson.....	157	53	144	53	151	53	149	54	150	53
Woodson.....	117	53	117	53	118	53	86	84	118	52
Wyandotte.....	398	458	393	463	393	460	393	461	373	480
Total.....	19,370	8,152	19,579	7,977	19,571	7,991	19,516	7,988	19,392	8,008

Counties.	SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.		ATTORNEY GENERAL.		CHIEF JUSTICE.		MEMBER OF CONGRESS.	
	P. McVear.....	Joseph Bond.....	Geo. H. Hoop.....	Ross Burns.....	S. A. Krigbaum.....	Nelson Cobb.....	Sidney Clarke.....	C. W. Blair.....
Allen.....	402	158	393	169	404	168	394	169
Anderson.....	370	56	299	60	370	56	366	58
Atchison.....	1,136	602	1,125	602	1,149	588	1,133	608
Bourbon.....	852	406	852	405	856	408	841	407
Brown.....	454	36	430	36	436	36	448	38
Butler.....	60	27	32	49	60	27	58	27

VOTE ON STATE OFFICERS—CONCLUDED.

Counties.	SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.		ATTORNEY GENERAL.		CHIEF JUSTICE.		MEMBER OF CONGRESS.	
	<i>P. McTeer</i>	<i>Joseph Bond</i>	<i>Geo. H. Hoop</i>	<i>Ross Burns</i>	<i>S. A. Kingman</i>	<i>Nelson Cobb</i>	<i>Sidney Clarke</i>	<i>C. W. Blath</i>
Chase.....	156	22	126	24	97	16	153	30
Cherokee.....	273	49	274	48	272	49	269	50
Clay.....	101	4	101	4	102	4	99	4
Coffey.....	405	228	394	228	404	226	405	226
Davis.....	340	201	339	202	340	200	340	201
Dickinson.....	100	94	99	95	100	94	79	94
Doniphan.....	1,245	351	1,238	353	1,247	350	1,225	366
Douglas.....	1,816	389	1,762	407	1,660	414	1,758	429
Franklin.....	749	109	742	110	752	108	741	112
Greenwood.....	168	4	168	4	167	4	168	.....
Jackson.....	367	137	332	149	360	141	361	152
Jefferson.....	833	424	494	537	732	426	820	435
Johnson.....	849	398	805	448	851	417	836	427
Leavenworth.....	2,016	2,182	1,963	2,193	2,008	2,179	1,982	2,206
Linn.....	803	182	695	236	793	182	777	187
Lyon.....	648	52	174	270	651	51	643	62
Marshall.....	533	24	555	25	551	22	560	32
Marion.....	20	29	18	30	20	29	18	35
Miami.....	783	361	746	370	782	362	765	367
Morris.....	112	132	104	132	112	131	104	134
Nemaha.....	384	176	383	176	378	175	378	179
Neosho.....	259	62	252	70	259	65	206	79
Osage.....	282	39	269	42	282	40	272	44
Ottawa.....	93	.....	90	.....	93	.....	92	1
Pottawatomie.....	388	159	381	161	389	162	390	159
Riley.....	367	24	352	26	368	24	368	24
Saline.....	211	37	201	37	210	37	209	37
Shawnee.....	895	189	810	248	907	178	868	204
Shirley.....	48	.....	48	.....	48	.....	48	.....
Washington.....	116	.....	101	.....	115	.....	114	.....
Wabaunsee.....	258	11	198	48	253	14	250	12
Wilson.....	149	54	149	54	148	53	148	94
Woodson.....	117	52	116	52	118	52	115	54
Wyandotte.....	391	465	313	481	386	466	392	462
Total.....	19,549	7,945	17,916	8,581	19,236	7,955	19,201	8,106

NOVEMBER 6.—Vote for District Judge in the Second District:

Names of Counties.	CANDIDATES.	
	<i>R. S. Graham</i> ,	<i>C. C. Camp</i>
Atchison.....	1,579	.....
Brown.....	456	.....
Doniphan.....	1,228	.....
Marshall.....	529	1
Washington.....	55	60
Nemaha.....	513	.....
Total.....	4,360	61

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>District...</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Votes.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>	<i>Vote of District..</i>
1	Doniphan.....	A. Lowe.....	1,177		
		N. G. Clarke.....	1,155		
		D. M. Johnston.....	367		
		J. W. Jenkins.....	232		
		W. Ellsworth.....	75		
2	Atchison.....	J. M. Price.....	1,149		
		J. K. Fisher.....	1,124		
		F. M. McLaughlin.....	605		
3	Leavenworth.....	M. R. Benton.....	574		
		P. McFarland.....	2,264		
		R. C. Foster.....	2,052		
		H. C. Haas.....	2,020		
		J. Medill.....	1,875		
		T. O'Gwartyney.....	1,685		
		C. R. Jennison.....	1,591		
4	Jefferson.....	W. S. Jenkins.....	396		
		S. S. Cooper.....	739	247	
5	Nemaha.....	A. G. Patrick.....	492		1,231
		George Graham.....	347		
6	Jackson.....	J. E. Smith.....	179		
		George Graham.....	410	523	
		J. E. Smith.....	55		
6	Pottawatomie.....	Scattering.....	1		992
		W. H. Dodge.....	276		
		Golden Silvers.....	221		
7	Washington.....	W. H. Dodge.....	380	275	
		Golden Silvers.....	160		
		J. E. Clardy.....	3		1,040
8	Marshall.....	J. M. Harvey.....	116		
		G. H. Hollenberg.....	2		
		J. M. Harvey.....	553		
		J. M. Harvey.....	360	1,065	
8	Shawnee.....	D. S. Chandler.....	9		
		J. M. Harvey.....	47		1,087
		G. W. Veale.....	621	154	
9	Douglas.....	C. K. Holliday.....	467		1,088
		S. A. Riggs.....	1,820		
		L. F. Green.....	1,814		
		Homor Hays.....	20		
10	Johnson.....	John Speer.....	4		
		J. B. Abbott.....	697	123	
		A. S. Johnson.....	574		
11	Miami.....	Scattering.....	1		1,372
		B. F. Simpson.....	756	393	
12	Wyandotte.....	J. W. Gossett.....	363		1,119
		I. B. Sharp.....	559	269	
13	Linn.....	L. L. Hartman.....	290		849
		D. Underhill.....	748	577	
		J. Hodgson.....	171		
14	Bourbon.....	Scattering.....	6		925
		D. B. Emmert.....	826		
		J. H. Couch.....	419		
14	Cherokee.....	D. B. Emmert.....	263	588	
		J. H. Couch.....	82		1,590
		S. N. Wood.....	59		
15	Butler.....	Reuben Riggs.....	28		
		S. N. Wood.....	130		
		Reuben Riggs.....	51		
		S. N. Wood.....	12		
15	Chase.....	Reuben Riggs.....	39		
		S. N. Wood.....	75		
		Reuben Riggs.....	151	7	545
16	Allen.....	J. W. Scott.....	335		
		W. Doudna.....	193		
		J. W. Scott.....	225		
16	Neosho.....	W. Doudna.....	82		
		J. W. Scott.....	80		
16	Wilson.....	W. Doudna.....	117		
		J. W. Scott.....	104	285	
		W. Doudna.....	62		1,203
17	Anderson.....	A. Wiley.....	249		
		H. P. Welsh.....	163		
		A. Wiley.....	577	407	
17	Franklin.....	H. P. Welsh.....	256		1,245

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONCLUDED.

<i>District ...</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Totes.....</i>	<i>Majority.</i>	<i>Vote of District..</i>	
18	Coffey.....	James Rogers.....	427	437	841	
		Orlando Walking.....	145			
Osage.....	.....	James Rogers.....	213		
		Orlando Walking.....	58			
		Scattering.....	1			
19	Lyon.....	P. B. Maxson.....	644	472		900
		E. H. Sanford.....	83			
		Scattering.....	1			
Greenwood.....	.....	P. B. Maxson.....	88		
		E. H. Sanford.....	79			
20	Davis.....	W. S. Blakely.....	345	472	900	
		Abram Barry.....	197			
Dickinson.....	.....	W. S. Blakely.....	103		
		Abram Barry.....	91			
Saline.....	.....	W. S. Blakely.....	105		
		Abram Barry.....	37			
Ottawa.....	.....	L. F. Parsons.....	100		
		W. S. Blakely.....	76			
Wabaunsee.....	.....	L. F. Parsons.....	16		
		W. S. Blakely.....	124			
		L. F. Parsons.....	134			
Clay.....	.....	Abram Barry.....	4		
		W. M. S. Blakely.....	8			
		W. S. Blakely.....	35			
		Abram Barry.....	4			
		L. F. Parsons.....	66		1,442	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>District ...</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Totes.....</i>	<i>Majority.</i>	<i>Vote of District..</i>	<i>Vote of County ...</i>
1	Doniphan.....	W. R. Parker.....	220	51	389	1,575
		N. M. Keith.....	169			
2	.....	G. H. Robb.....	130	39	300
		J. Normille.....	91			
3	.....	R. Small.....	79	210	300
		B. D. Evans.....	255			
4	.....	A. J. Haskell.....	45	137	317
		E. J. Jenkins.....	227			
5	.....	A. Perry.....	90	103	269
		R. Flickinger.....	186			
6	Atchison.....	A. G. Ege.....	83	59	407	
		Wm. Bowman.....	233			
7	.....	E. Bulton.....	174	238	476
		G. W. Bowman.....	356			
8	.....	W. Jackson.....	118	31	379
		L. S. Treat.....	2			
9	.....	G. W. Thompson.....	205	158	218
		J. Howell.....	174			
10	.....	W. J. May.....	188	59	207
		S. Pardee.....	30			
11	Brown.....	M. J. Cloyce.....	113	78	306	
		D. W. Cozard.....	54			
12	.....	J. W. Perry.....	40	149	473
		M. C. Willis.....	192			
13	Nemaha.....	J. W. Overholzer.....	114	14	287	
		C. E. Parker.....	158			
14	.....	Robert Rhea.....	9	44	519
		T. B. Collins.....	148			
15	Marshall.....	J. P. Taylor.....	134	3	611	
		Scattering.....	5			
		Joseph Hanemann.....	107			
		J. S. Hidden.....	63			
		P. Hamilton.....	60			
		A. S. Kenoyer.....	31			
		Scattering.....	1			
		J. D. Wells.....	307			
		J. W. Bollinger.....	304			

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Dist'ct.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Votes.....</i>	<i>Maj.....</i>	<i>Vote of District.</i>	<i>Vote of County.</i>
16	Washington.....	D. E. Ballard.....	69	17		
		G. H. Hollenberg.....	52		121	121
17	Pottawatomie.....	R. W. Jenkins.....	373	284		
		F. M. Sales.....	89			
		H. Smith.....	61		523	523
18	Jackson.....	P. Bryant.....	207	138		
		R. Hogg.....	69		276	
		J. R. Oliver.....	89	30		
		J. W. Williams.....	59			
79	.....	J. Rippetoe.....	45			
		A. C. Beckwith.....	30		231	507
		Scattering.....	8			
19	Jefferson.....	F. M. Johnson.....	280	161		
		C. A. Buck.....	119		399	
20	.....	W. C. Butts.....	161	25		
		L. Prentice.....	136			
		H. Smith.....	89		336	
21	.....	A. Venard.....	341	161		
		S. R. Bayne.....	180			
22	Leavenworth.....	John Harrison.....	323	79		1,256
		T. J. Darling.....	244			
		Ira Taylor.....	102			
		Scattering.....	1		670	
23	.....	M. Przybylowicz.....	282	103		
		G. A. Moore.....	179			
		H. Miles Moore.....	156		617	
24	.....	H. Allen.....	412	410		
		Scattering.....	2		414	
25	.....	John Dugan.....	269	24		
		Levi Houston.....	245			
		A. McAuley.....	240		754	
26	.....	L. Kennedy.....	198	55		
		F. Wellhouse.....	143		341	
27	.....	J. Turner.....	131	72		
		G. W. Baird.....	59		190	
28	.....	J. F. Knight.....	190	59		
		B. E. Moore.....	131		321	
29	.....	John Faulkner.....	198	63		
		S. S. Nichols.....	135		333	
30	.....	S. D. Lecompte.....	144	33		
		W. Dunlap.....	111			
		H. Brandt.....	51		306	3,946
31	Wyandotte.....	Dan. Killen.....	217	97		
		J. A. Soward.....	120		337	
80	.....	T. J. Barker.....	305	110		
		Alfred Gray.....	195			
		Scattering.....	2		502	839
32	Johnson.....	M. B. Lyon.....	282	56		
		H. McBride.....	226		508	
33	.....	Albert Johnson.....	229	19		
		D. G. Campbell.....	210			
		Scattering.....	2		441	
34	.....	J. W. Sponable.....	202	92		
		R. Addy.....	110		312	1,261
35	Douglas.....	Josiah Miller.....	716		716	
36	.....	T. H. Kennedy.....	158	9		
		C. W. Babcock.....	149		307	
37	.....	J. K. Goodin.....	152	2		
		G. C. Snow.....	150		302	
38	.....	Sam. Hindman.....	135	36		
		Allen Pierce.....	99		234	
39	.....	T. H. Clark.....	137	12		
		W. M. Nace.....	125		262	
40	.....	W. Draper.....	126	46		
		J. C. Coleman.....	89		206	2,027
41	Shawnee.....	J. M. Spencer.....	398	79		
		A. H. Case.....	319			
		J. B. Whittaker.....	39		756	
42	.....	S. E. A. Palmer.....	185	111		
		J. A. Powell.....	74			
		Ben. Stees.....	65		324	1,080
43	Miami.....	W. W. Updegraff.....	248		248	
44	.....	J. A. Kendall.....	286	11		

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>District</i> ...	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Votes</i>	<i>Majority</i> ..	<i>Vote of District</i> ..	<i>Vote of County</i> ..
44	Miami (concluded).....	A. G. McKenzie.....	275		561	
45		William Huffman.....	225	141		
		D. M. Sheldon.....	84		309	1,118
46	Linn.....	O. D. Harmon.....	118	111		
		Scattering.....	7		125	
47		Enoch Estep.....	218	141		
		J. N. Hight.....	77		295	
48		J. S. Lane.....	268	265		
		N. McCord.....	3		271	
49		J. P. Way.....	202	199		
		Scattering.....	3		205	896
50	Bourbon.....	W. A. McIntosh.....	104	23		
		A. W. Burton.....	81			
		Scattering.....	34		219	
51		Joseph Wilson.....	170	132		
		M. E. Hudson.....	38		208	
52		W. F. Travers.....	204	150		
		B. F. Gumm.....	54			
		Scattering.....	6		264	
53		S. A. Manlove.....	271	1		
		B. P. McDonald.....	270		541	1,232
54	Allen.....	J. R. Goodin.....	233	52		
		H. D. Parsons.....	180			
		J. Sanson.....	2		415	
55		F. M. Bower.....	74	13		
		E. Fisk.....	61		135	550
56	Anderson.....	Thomas Lindsay.....	133	4		
		C. P. Alvey.....	129		262	
57		W. M. Hanby.....	124	83		
		J. S. Johnson.....	41		165	427
58	Franklin.....	J. M. Luce.....	194	100		
		H. Bell.....	94		288	
59		W. E. Kibbee.....	502	461		
		M. F. Holaday.....	41		543	831
60	Osage.....	H. C. Sheldon.....	130	24		
		D. B. Foster.....	106			
		S. R. Caniff.....	183			
		Scattering.....	1		320	320
61	Coffey.....	Job Throckmorton.....	201	112		
		William Gaus.....	89		290	
62		Allen Crocker.....	177	25		
		R. Burr.....	152			
		E. E. Coffin.....	1		330	620
63	Woodson.....	H. J. Gregory.....	95	39		
		O. Devinney.....	56			
		Scattering.....	15		166	166
64	Lyon.....	P. B. Plumb.....	223	114		
		C. V. Eskridge.....	109		322	
65		G. R. Harper.....	80	9		
		D. K. Hardin.....	71			
		Dan. Hendricks.....	58			
		S. C. Martin.....	21		230	
66		J. D. Jaquith.....	132	128		
		Scattering.....	4		136	698
67	Butler.....	J. D. Conner.....	37	10		
		J. P. Goodale.....	27			
		J. H. Adams.....	24		88	88
68	Chase.....	H. Bradley.....	117	53		
		H. E. Snyder.....	64			
		H. L. Scribner.....	9		190	190
69	Morris.....	C. Columbia.....	134	23		
		Thomas Collins.....	111		245	245
70	Wabaunsee.....	H. J. Loomis.....	168	74		
		D. M. Adams.....	94		262	262
71	Davis.....	E. S. Stover.....	339	154		
		H. F. Hale.....	185		524	524
72	Riley.....	H. Booth.....	361		361	361
73	Dickinson.....	C. H. Thompson.....	98	3		
		D. R. Emery.....	95		193	193

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Dist'ict ...</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Votes.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>	<i>Vote of District..</i>	<i>Vote of County...</i>
74	Saline.....	A. C. Spilman.....	158	83		
		H. L. Jones.....	75			
75	Greenwood.....	C. H. Martin.....	5	94	238	238
		E. Tucker.....	129			
		G. H. Lillie.....	35			
76	Marion.....	A. A. Moore.....	39	27		
		C. R. Roberts.....	12			
77	Wilson.....	J. W. Jewitt.....	112	17		
		J. Keys.....	95			
78	Neosho.....	D. Rogers.....	297	278		
		J. C. Weibley.....	19			
		M. C. Wright.....	4			
81	Ottawa.....	R. D. Mobley.....	94	93		
		Scattering.....	1			
82	Clay.....	L. Gates.....	67	32		
		J. P. Byon.....	35			
83	Cherokee.....	D. C. Finn.....	129	6		
		H. Harryman.....	123			
		J. Sherwood.....	75			
		J. M. Reed.....	25			
84	Shirley.....	J. P. Rupe.....	27	6	352	352
		D. M. Hagerman.....	21			
	Total.....					26,753

NOVEMBER.—First election of Commissioners in Ottawa county; Minneapolis is made the county seat.

NOVEMBER 30.—Expenditures of the State for the year:—

Governor's Department.....	\$5,803 06	Agricultural College.....	\$5,673 00
Secretary's Department.....	5,825 68	State University.....	2,885 98
Auditor's Department.....	3,932 00	Normal School.....	13,000 00
Treasurer's Department.....	2,980 88	Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	6,200 00
Superintendent of Public In-		Insane Asylum.....	3,500 00
struction.....	1,751 86	Military companies.....	2,621 00
Attorney General.....	1,021 53	Legislature and Journals.....	25,204 05
Adjutant General.....	9,474 60	Miscellaneous expenses.....	2,899 60
Judiciary.....	14,582 99	Railroad Land Agent.....	1,236 28
Printing.....	17,405 11		
Penitentiary.....	68,926 66	Total for 1866.....	\$236,465 16
Capitol Building.....	41,540 88		

NOVEMBER 30.—The following statement of Price Raid Claims is copied from the report of T. J. Anderson, Adjutant General:

"The claims audited by the Board of Commissioners up to November 1, 1866, are as follows:

Services rendered.....	\$197,327 34
Materials, supplies, and transportation furnished.....	152,530 54
Damages sustained.....	106,806 05
Miscellaneous claims.....	36,290 90
Total.....	\$492,644 83

"There are in the possession of the Board a number of claims received *after* the 1st day of November, which they could not act upon."

The United States Senate passed a bill to pay \$259,474.13 of Price Raid claims. The House failed to pass it.

—During the year Paola has erected buildings valued at \$108,300.

DECEMBER.—The trade of Leavenworth for the year is estimated at \$32,440,000.

DECEMBER 1.—The Directory and Shippers' Guide, for Kansas and Nebraska, issued by Holland & Co.

DECEMBER 7.—State Encampment of the Veteran Brotherhood meets in Topeka. John A. Martin elected Commander-in-Chief.

—John G. Shea, New York, begins the publication of the "History and General Description of New France: by the Rev. P. F. X. DeCharlevoix, S. J.; translated, with notes, by John Gilmary Shea." The work completed, in six volumes, in 1872. It contains many maps, portraits and plates.

The Harpers publish "Thirty Years of Army Life on the Border," by Gen. R. B. Marcy, U. S. A. The book is very popular. Gen. Marcy is the author of two other books of a similar character.

DECEMBER 8.—The Leavenworth Board of Trade condemns the County Board for subscribing \$300,000 to the stock of the P. C. & F. D. R. R. Co.

—John Willans succeeds Geo. W. Martin as Register of the Junction City Land Office.

DECEMBER 15.—The Normal School Visitors report that the new building is nearly completed. It is forty by sixty feet on the ground, and two stories high. A boarding-house is also nearly finished.

President Denison, of the Agricultural College, reports 150 students, and the completion of the boarding-house.

E. J. Rice, President of University Faculty, says the first session opened September 12, with three Professors and forty students.

Board of Regents, State Agricultural College: L. D. Bailey, S. D. Houston, J. G. Reaser, John Pipher, T. H. Baker, W. L. Woodworth, R. Cordley, E. Gale, D. Earhart.

Board of Directors, State Normal School: James Rogers, T. S. Huffaker, C. V. Eskridge, J. W. Roberts, G. C. Morse, J. M. Rankin.

Board of Regents, State University: Chas. Robinson, J. D. Liggett, Wm. A. Starrett, T. C. Sears, J. S. Emery, D. P. Mitchell, S. O. Thacher, C. B. Lines, Joseph L. Wever, E. M. Bartholow, G. W. Paddock, C. K. Holiday.

DECEMBER 18.—R. A. Barker, Secretary of State, says in his Report:

"It appears from the records in this office, that during the year ending November 30, 1866, there was issued and registered, under the provisions of 'An act entitled 'An act to fund the Territorial debt,' approved February 20, 1863,' the sum of \$4,900 in bonds, making the total amount of bonds issued and registered, \$62,200."

—Opening of the Wyandotte bridge.

DECEMBER 28.—The military commission have allowed Price and Curtis Raid claims, amounting to \$492,944.83; claims audited by previous commissions, \$224,200.46; total claims against the United States, \$717,145.59.

1867.

JANUARY 1.—Catalogue issued of Lincoln College. Number of students, 92. *Trustees*: Lewis Bodwell, President; S. D. Storrs, J. D. Liggett, Ira H. Smith, Richard Cordley, Harrison Hannahs, John Ritchie, H. D. Rice, William E. Bowker, J. W. Fox, H. W. Farnsworth.

JANUARY 1.—Dedication of the Normal School building, at Emporia. H. B. Norton writes a Dedication Hymn, of which the following is the concluding stanza:

“By all the progress and the might
Which other ages shall unfold—
By all the brilliant beams that light
The Future's skies of morning gold—
By all that sheds a cheering ray
Upon the path the Past has trod—
We dedicate its walls, this day,
To Truth, to Freedom, and to God!”

JANUARY.—The report of Provost Marshal General Fry shows the proportion per thousand men which each loyal State contributed to the item of mortality. Kansas heads the column; her proportion was 61.01; Vermont is second, 58.22; and Massachusetts third, 47.76. Gen. Fry says:

“Kansas shows the highest battle mortality of the table. . . . The same singularly martial disposition which induced about half of the able-bodied men of the State to enter the army without bounty, may be supposed to have increased their exposure to the casualties of battle after they were in the service.”

Among the Kansas troops, the number of officers killed in battle was 36; enlisted men, 923. Number of officers died of wounds, 8; enlisted men, 259. Number of officers died of disease, 24; enlisted men, 2,170.

—The first term of the present Governor does not conclude until the Legislature has been in session six days.

—The State Record issues a Daily.

JANUARY 3.—A. Newman elected President, and D. W. Stormont Secretary, of the State Medical Society.

JANUARY 8.—Meeting of the Legislature.

STATE OFFICERS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Where Born.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Avocation.</i>
S. J. Crawford, Governor..	Garnett	Anderson.....	Indiana	31	Lawyer.
N. Green, Lt. Governor....	Manhattan.....	Riley	Ohio.....	29	Minister.
R. A. Barker, Sec. of State.	Atchison	Atchison	Vermont	36	Attorn'y.
J. R. Swallow, Auditor....	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	New Jersey	46	Printer.
M. Anderson, Treasurer...	Circleville.....	Jackson	Ohio	49	Farmer.
P. McVicar, Sup't Pub. Ins.	Topeka.....	Shawnee	New Brunsw.	37	Minister.
G. H. Hoyt, Att'y General,	Leavenworth..	Leavenworth..	Massach'tts ...	29	Attorn'y.

JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Where Born.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Vocation.</i>
S. A. Kingman, Chief Justice..	Atchison.....	Atchison..	Massachusetts,	48	Attorn'y.
J. Safford, Associate Justice...	Topeka.....	Shawnee..	Vermont.....	39	Lawyer.
L. D. Bailey, Associate Justice,	Clinton	Douglas...	New Hampsh..	47	Lawyer.

JUDGES OF DISTRICT COURTS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Districts.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
D. J. Brewer	First	Leavenworth	Leavenworth.
R. St. Clair Graham.....	Second.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
C. K. Gilchrist.....	Third.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
D. M. Valentine.....	Fourth.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
J. H. Watson.....	Fifth.....	Emporia	Lyon.
D. P. Lowe.....	Sixth.....	Mound City.....	Linn.
William Spriggs.....	Seventh.....	Garnett.....	Anderson.
James Humphrey.....	Eighth.....	Manhattan.....	Riley.
S. N. Wood.....	Ninth.....	Cottonwood Falls..	Chase.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Where Born.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Vocation.</i>
N. Green, President.....	Manhattan	Riley	Ohio	29	Minister.
Abbott, James B.....	DeSoto.....	Johnson	Conn.....	48	Mechanic.
Blakely, William S.....	Chapman Cr'k,	Dickinson ...	New York,	28	Merchant.
Clark, N. C.....	Wathena.....	Doniphan.....	Ohio	44	Physician.
Cooper, S. S.....	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.....	Illinois... 40	Physician.	
Dodge, William H.....	Holton.....	Jackson.....	Kentucky.. 32	Lawyer.	
Emmert, D. B.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.....	Penn..... 30	Publisher.	
Fisher, J. K.....	Huron.....	Atchison.....	Penn..... 42	Farmer.	
Foster, R. C.*.....	Leavenworth..	Leavenw'th ..	Kentucky.. 32	Lawyer.	
Graham, George.....	Seneca.....	Nemaha.....	New York. 46	Merchant.	
Green, L. F.....	Baldwin City..	Douglas.....	Ohio	31	Farmer.
Haas, H. C.....	Leavenworth..	Leavenw'th..	Germany... 32	Carpenter.	
Harvey, James M.....	Fort Riley.....	Riley	Virginia... 33	Farmer.	
Low, A.....	Doniphan.....	Doniphan... 55	Maryland.. 55	Farmer.	
McFarland, P.....	Leavenworth..	Leavenw'th..	Ireland.... 34	Farmer.	
Maxson, P. B.....	Emporia	Lyon.....	Rhode Isl'd 39	Farmer.	
Price, J. M.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Kentucky.. 37	Lawyer.	
Rogers, James.....	Burlingame.....	Osage.....	New Hamp 38	Lawyer.	
Riggs, Samuel A.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Ohio	31	Lawyer.
Scott, J. W.....	Iola.....	Allen.....	Penn..... 42	Physician.	
Sharp, I. B.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte..	Ohio	31	Lawyer.
Simpson, B. F.....	Paola.....	Miami.....	Ohio	30	Lawyer.
Underhill, D.....	Jackson.....	Linn.....	Indiana.... 40	Farmer.	
Veale, G. W.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Indiana.... 33	Freighter.	
Wiley, A.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.....	Ohio	42	Physician.
Wood, S. N.....	Cotton'd Falls,	Chase.....	Ohio	41	Farmer.
A. R. Banks, Secretary....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Ohio	31	Lawyer.
Jos. Speck, Assist. Sec'y*..	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte ..	Penn..... 37	Physician.	
M. R. Dutton, Jour. Clerk,	Grantville.....	Jefferson.....	Conn..... 37	Farmer.	
W. F. Goble, Doeket Cl'k* 4	Pleasant Ridge	Leavenw'th..	Iowa..... 29	Book-keeper	
A. J. Simpson, Eng. Cl'k* 5	Carlyle.....	Allen.....	Indiana.... 25	Carpenter.	
Geo. B. Holmes, Enr. Cl'k,	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Mass..... 50	Clerk.	
D. L. Payne, Ser.-at-Arms* 6	Troy.....	Doniphan ..	Indiana.... 30	Farmer.	
J. Drew, Ass't Ser.-at-Arms	Burlingame.....	Osage.....	New York. 65	Farmer.	
Geo. W. Weed, Doork'r* 7	Pardee.....	Atchison.....	New York. 31	Farmer.	
G. Pharaoh, Ass't Doork'r* 8	Louisville.....	Pottawato'ie,	Prussia.... 27	None.	
Clarence Walrod, Page* 9	Paola.....	Miami.....	Illinois.... 14	Student.	
Wm. R. Griffin, Page* 10	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Ohio	18	Student.
Wm. H. Fletcher, Page* 11	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Indiana.... 14	Student.	

The names marked thus * are single. Those marked thus † are widowers.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Names.	P. O. Address.	County.	Where Born.	Age.	Avocation.
P. B. Plumb, Speaker*.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Ohio.....	30	Farmer.
Allen, Harvey.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenw'th.....	Ohio.....	42	Cab't m'kr.
Barker, Thomas J.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.....	Virginia.....	38	Farmer.
Booth, Henry*.....	Manhattan.....	Riley.....	England.....	28	Farmer.
Bowman, George W. †.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Penn.....	52	Farmer.
Bowman, William.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	New Hamp.....	38	Miller.
Brandley, Harry.....	Bazaar.....	Chase.....	Switzerl'd.....	25	Farmer.
Bryant, Peter.....	Banner.....	Jackson.....	Illinois.....	29	Farmer.
Butts, W. C.....	Grass'per Falls.....	Jefferson.....	New York.....	33	Farmer.
Bent, C. H.*.....	Oswego.....	Labette.....	New York.....	28	Farmer.
Clark, T. H.*.....	Big Springs.....	Douglas.....	New Hamp.....	37	Farmer.
Cloyes, M. J.....	Lancaster.....	Atchison.....	Vermont.....	40	Farmer.
Collins, T. B.....	Albany.....	Nemaha.....	Ohio.....	33	Farmer.
Columbia, Charles*.....	Council Grove.....	Morris.....	Ohio.....	40	Blacksm'h.
Conner, J. D.*.....	Eldorado.....	Butler.....	Ireland.....	29	Farmer.
Crocker, Allen.....	Burlington.....	Coffey.....	Indiana.....	42	Farmer.
Draper, William.....	Clinton.....	Douglas.....	New York.....	35	Farmer.
Dugan, John.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenw'th.....	Ireland.....	26	Contractor
Estep, Enoch.....	Paris.....	Linn.....	Illinois.....	41	Farmer.
Evans, B. D.....	Elwood.....	Doniphan.....	Penn.....	37	Mechanic.
Faulkner, J. K.....	Stranger.....	Leavenw'th.....	Virginia.....	32	Farmer.
Finn, D. C.....	Pleasant View.....	Cherokee.....	New York.....	30	Lawyer.
Flickinger, R.....	Geary City.....	Doniphan.....	Penn.....	33	Lumber'n.
Gates, Lorenzo.....	Gatesville.....	Clay.....	New York.....	44	Farmer.
Goodin, Joel K.....	Baldwin City.....	Douglas.....	Ohio.....	42	Attorney.
Goodin, J. R.....	Humboldt.....	Allen.....	Ohio.....	27	Lawyer.
Gregory, H. J.....	Belmont.....	Woodson.....	Tennessee.....	40	Farmer.
Hamby, William N.....	Garnett.....	Anderson.....	N. Carolina.....	52	Farmer.
Hannon, J.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenw'th.....	Ireland.....	29	
Hannum, J.....	America City.....	Nemaha.....	Ohio.....	52	Farmer.
Harmon, O. D.....	Twin Springs.....	Linn.....	Ohio.....	38	Farmer.
Harper, G. R.....*	Neosho Rapids.....	Lyon.....	Penn.....	41	Merchant.
Hindman, S.....	Willow Springs.....	Douglas.....	Ohio.....	52	Farmer.
Hollenberg, G. H.....	Marysville.....	Washington.....	Hanover.....	41	Farmer.
Huffman, William.....	New Lancaster.....	Miami.....	Ohio.....	51	Minister.
Jaquith, J. D.....	Americus.....	Lyon.....	Vermont.....	45	Lawyer.
Jenkins, E. J.....	Troy.....	Doniphan.....	Ohio.....	33	Lawyer.
Jenkins, R. W.....	Vienna.....	Pottawat'mie.....	Kentucky.....	36	Farmer.
Jewitt, J. W.....	Coyville.....	Wilson.....	Illinois.....	23	Farmer.
Johnson, A.....	Shawnee.....	Johnson.....	New York.....	56	Farmer.
Johnson, F. M.....	Winchester.....	Jefferson.....	Indiana.....	40	Tradesman
Kendall, J. A.....	Squiresville.....	Miami.....	Kentucky.....	.....	Farmer.
Kennedy, L.....	Pleasant Ridge.....	Leavenworth.....	Ireland.....	50	Farmer.
Kennedy, T. H.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Ohio.....	34	Farmer.
Kibbe, William E.....	Ohio City.....	Franklin.....	New York.....	33	Farmer.
Killen, Daniel.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.....	Penn.....	49	R.R.'Cont'r
Knight, Jonathan.....	Touganoxie.....	Leavenworth.....	Penn.....	34	Various.
Lane, J. S.....	Blooming G'Ve.....	Linn.....	New York.....	34	Merchant.
Luce, J. M.....	Centropolis.....	Franklin.....	New York.....	36	Laborer.
Lecompte, S. D.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Maryland.....	52	Lawyer.
Lindsay, Thomas.....	Garnett.....	Anderson.....	Ohio.....	40	Physician.
Loomis, H. J.....	Mission Creek.....	Wabauince.....	Ohio.....	38	Farmer.
Lyon, M. B.....	Monticello.....	Johnson.....	Ohio.....	45	Farmer.
Manlove, S. A.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.....	Illinois.....	27	Merchant.
May, William J.....	Monrovia.....	Atchison.....	Indiana.....	28	Farmer.
McIntosh, W. A.....	Barnesville.....	Bourbon.....	New York.....	32	Farmer.
Miller, Josiah.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	S. Carolina.....	37	Merchant.
Mobley, R. D.*.....	Salina.....	Ottawa.....	Kentucky.....	32	Farmer.
Moore, A. A.....	Marion Center.....	Marion.....	Ohio.....	32	Merchant.
Oliver, J. B.....	Rossville.....	Jackson.....	Penn.....	25	Merchant.
Palmer, S. E. A.....	Auburn.....	Shawnee.....	Penn.....	33	Farmer.
Parker, C. E.....	Carson.....	Brown.....	Maine.....	42	Farmer.
Parker, W. R.....	Iowa Point.....	Doniphan.....	N. Carolina.....	66	Farmer.
Power, F. M.....	Carlyle.....	Allen.....	Indiana.....	35	Farmer.
Przybylowicz, M.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Poland.....	40	Butcher.
Robb, George H.....	Troy.....	Doniphan.....	Penn.....	32	Farmer.
Rogers, D.....	Rogers's Mill.....	Neosho.....	New York.....	35	Merchant.
Rupe, J. B.*.....	Elk Creek.....	Shirley.....	Indiana.....	32	Farmer.
Sheldon, H. C.....	Burlingame.....	Osage.....	New York.....	37	Farmer.
Spencer, James M.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	New York.....	35	Lawyer.
Spillman, A. C.....	Salina.....	Saline.....	Miss.....	29	Farmer.
Spouable, J. W.....	Gardner.....	Johnson.....	New York.....	35	Farmer.

The names marked thus * are single. Those marked thus † are widowers.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—CONCL'D

Names.	P. O. Address.	County.	Where Born.	Age.	Avocation.
Stover, E. S.*	Junction City..	Davis	Maine	30	Mechanic.
Thompson, C. H.....	Abilene.....	Diekinson.....	Virginia.....	36	Farmer.
Thompson, G. W.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Kentucky..	39	Farmer.
Throckmorton, Job.....	Burlington.....	Coffey	Ohio.....	32	Farmer.
Travis, W. F.....	Marmaton.....	Bourbon.....	Ohio.....	37	Minister.
Tucker, Edwin.....	Eureka.....	Greenwood..	Vermont.....	30	Farmer.
Turner, Joshua.....	Easton.....	Leavenworth	Missouri ...	38	Farmer.
Updegraff, W. W.....	Osawatomie..	Miami.....	Penn.....	45	Physician.
Venard, A.....	Osawkee.....	Jefferson.....	Ohio.....	38	Physician.
Way, James P.....	Mound City..	Linn.....	Indiana.....	40	Merchant.
Wells, J. D.....	Barrett's P. O..	Marshall.....	Kentucky..	39	Farmer.
Willis, M. C.....	Kennekuk.....	Brown	Tennessee..	36	Farmer.
Wilson, J. S.....	Mapleton.....	Bourbon.....	Kentucky..	50	Farmer.
John T. Morton, Chief Clk	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Mass.....	45	Lawyer.
J. H. Prescott, Ass't Clk *	Salina.....	Saline.....	N. H.....	26	Farmer.
Wm. R. Brown, Jour. Clk *	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	New York..	26	Lawyer.
G. D. Stinebaugh, Enr. Clk *	Ohio City.....	Franklin.....	Ohio.....	26	Clerk.
Asa Hairgrove, Eng. Clk...	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Georgia.....	41	Mechanic.
D. B. Jackman, Doek. Clk *	Fort Lincoln..	Bourbon.....	Mass.....	42	Lawyer.
J. A. Hunter, Ser.-at-Arms,	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Ohio.....	35	Farmer.
M. B. Crawford, As. S.-at-A's	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Ohio.....	30	Carpenter.
J. M. Adair, Doorkeeper †.	Burlington.....	Coffey	Kentucky..	65	Wagonm'r
M. R. Moore, Ass't Doorkr,	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Indiana.....	20	Printer.
Frank Rice, Page *.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Indiana.....	13	Student.
Charlie Painter, Page *....	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Ohio.....	11	Student.
Willie Miller, Page *.....	Ridgeway.....	Osage.....	Ohio.....	20	.....
C. N. Norton, Page *.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	New York..	16	None.

The names marked thus * are single. Those marked thus † are widowers.

JANUARY 15.—Meeting of the veterans of 1855-6, in the Senate Chamber. Henry J. Adams presides. Speeches are made by M. J. Parrott, Charles Robinson, and C. B. Lines.

JANUARY 16.—Election of the following officers of the State Agricultural Society: President, Robert G. Elliott, of Douglas; Secretary, H. J. Strickler, of Shawnee; Treasurer, C. B. Lines, of Shawnee; Superintendent, J. L. McDowell. *Executive Committee:* M. J. Alkire, of Shawnee; H. C. Cross, of Lyon; S. S. Tipton, of Anderson; W. G. Coffin, of Leavenworth; J. W. Sponable, of Johnson; G. W. Deitzler, of Douglas; B. W. Williams, of Atchison; M. R. Dutton, of Jefferson; W. A. Phillips, of Saline; Alfred Gray, of Wyandotte.

A Fair was held at Lawrence.

JANUARY 17.—Colonel John C. Vaughan delivers the address before the Publishers' and Editors' Association, at Topeka. The Association asks the Legislature to create the office of State Printer.

—General W. W. Wright, Superintendent of the Kansas Pacific, writes to Governor Crawford that the work was begun in August, 1863; forty miles were built in 1864; in 1865-6, 110 miles were completed, including the line from Leavenworth to Lawrence; the track is now laid to the 155th mile-post, twenty miles beyond Fort Riley; Shoemaker, Miller & Co. are to complete the road to the 385th mile-post.

JANUARY 18.—The town of Osage Mission laid out, by George A. Crawford, Chas. F. Drake, and others.

—The Insane Asylum at Osawatomie has four inmates.

JANUARY 22.—The Senate votes for United States Senator for the long term, as follows: S. C. Pomeroy, 16; A. L. Lee, 8; D. R. Anthony, 1. For the short term, the vote stands: Thos. Carney, 9; S. O. Thacher, 5; E. G. Ross, 5; I. S. Kalloch, 3; George A. Crawford, 1; J. P. Root, 1; S. D. Houston, 1.

JANUARY 22.—The House votes as follows for United States Senator for the short term: Thomas Carney, 32; E. G. Ross, 24; S. O. Thacher, 14; I. S. Kalloch, 8; Werter R. Davis, 3; Charles Robinson, 2; George A. Crawford, 1.

JANUARY 23.—Election of United States Senators. Vote for the long term, beginning March 4, 1867: S. C. Pomeroy, 84; A. L. Lee, 25. For the short term: Edmund G. Ross, 68; Thomas Carney, 40; Samuel A. Riggs, 1. There is only a single ballot for each Senator.

—A movement on foot to cause the State to purchase a building at Olathe for the Deaf and Dumb School.

—The town of Ellsworth laid out.

—Charles G. Leland, of the Philadelphia Press, writes a song: "Hans Breitmann vent to Kansas."

FEBRUARY 1.—Coaches make the trip from Junction City to Santa Fé in seven days.

—A suspension bridge is to be built at Ottawa.

—The foundation of the Capitol is reported to be worthless, being made of rotten stone.

—John N. Holloway, of Indiana, is collecting materials for a History of Kansas.

FEBRUARY 6.—Douglas county votes bonds to the L. L. & G. Road.

FEBRUARY 9.—The Legislature votes to investigate the Senatorial election.

FEBRUARY 12.—George A. Crawford, by invitation, addresses the Legislature on the life and services of Abraham Lincoln.

—The Marais des Cygnes bridged at Osawatomie.

—Bridges swept away at Wyandotte, Topeka (pontoon), Manhattan, and Fort Riley.

—The Lawrence Tribune published a letter from S. C. Pomeroy to Geo. W. Deitzler. Of Wm. Sturges, of Chicago, the Senator says: "I hope you will not distrust him, but use him and his associates in the most confiding and liberal spirit." Mr. Sturges is announced as President of the L. L. & G. R. R.

FEBRUARY 15.—The Atchison & Pike's Peak R. R., or Central Branch, 40 miles, receives \$640,000 in Government bonds; the Union Pacific, Eastern Division, 155 miles, \$2,480,000.

FEBRUARY 18.—Treaty with the Sacs and Foxes. Lands ceded to the United States. New reservation provided in the Indian country.

FEBRUARY 21.—The Legislature elects Wm. Bowman, John Hammond and Daniel Killen State House Commissioners.

The Salina Herald issued, by B. J. F. Hanna.

FEBRUARY 23.—Treaty with the Senecas, Mixed Senecas and Shawnees, Quapaws, Confederated Peorias, Kaskaskias, Weas and Piankeshaws, Ottawas of Blanchard's Ford and Roche de Bœuf, Miamies, and certain Wyandottes. It is provided that these Indians, now residing in Kansas, shall remove to new homes in the Indian Territory.

—Treaty with the Pottawatomies, to provide a new home in the Indian country. The Leavenworth, Pawnee & Western Railroad Company having failed to buy their lands, they may be purchased by the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad Company.

—The State Senate discusses a bill which proposes a five-million State railroad debt.

—Hiawatha has a flour mill driven by wind.

—The United States Senate rejects the nomination of Edward Carroll as United States Collector, John Ritchie, Register at Topeka, and John Willans, Register at Junction City.

—The Legislature makes four new judicial districts.

FEBRUARY 25.—The Investigating Committee conclude their report as follows:

"And while this testimony is not sufficient of itself to authorize your Committee to make a special recommendation for definite action on the part of the Senate, they here record their convictions that money has been used for the base purposes of influencing members of the Legislature to disregard the wishes of their constituents, and to vote as money dictated, and regret their failure to procure the evidence necessary to demonstrate the facts to the people of the State."—*Senate Journal*, pp. 755 to 767.

FEBRUARY 26.—Butler county is given its present boundaries. Wm. Hildebrand, May, 1857, was the first settler. T. B. Murdock edits the Times, March 4, 1870.

FEBRUARY 26.—The gopher bill was changed by the Senate into a grasshopper bill, giving a bounty for all scalps of grasshoppers furnished with the ears.—Judge Lecompte, of the House, delivers a poem.—S. A. Riggs, James McCahon and John M. Price are appointed to codify the laws; Geo. A. Crawford and L. D. Bailey, Commissioners of Immigration.

FEBRUARY 26.—The Governor makes the following appointments: *Regents of the State University*: D. P. Mitchell, G. W. Paddock, W. A. Starrett, J. L. Wever, T. C. Sears.

FEBRUARY 28.—Act of Congress to establish and protect National Cemeteries. In 1883, there had been buried at Fort Leavenworth 1,763, and at Fort Scott 551—the bodies of Union soldiers.

FEBRUARY 28.—Death at Wyandotte of Col. Wm. Weer. He had been U. S. District Attorney and Colonel of the Tenth Regiment. He was a man of unusual intellectual power. His remains were taken to Illinois for burial.

—Ellis county is named for Lieut. George Ellis, of the Twelfth Kansas.

MARCH 1.—Young grasshoppers appear near Leavenworth. The Oskaloosa Independent reports early hatching and premature death of the gryllus.

MARCH 2.—Congress passes a joint resolution for the reduction of the Fort Riley Military Reservation, and granting land to build a bridge over the Republican.

MARCH 2.—State Historical Society organized. Samuel A. Kingman, President; C. K. Holliday, Vice President; D. W. Stormont, Treasurer; Andrew Stark, Librarian; S. D. Bowker, Corresponding Secretary; George A. Crawford, Recording Secretary.

MARCH 3.—Adjournment of the Legislature. Among the acts passed were the following: Ratifying the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States; For building a Blind Asylum at Wyandotte; Issuing \$100,000 in bonds for the Penitentiary; Issuing \$15,500 in bonds for the Deaf and Dumb Asylum; Issuing \$100,000 in bonds for the State House; Changing or defining the boundaries of Wilson, Labette, Dickinson, Bourbon, Crawford and Cherokee counties; Defining the boundaries of Montgomery, Greenwood, Howard, Butler, Cowley, Marion, McPherson, Sedgwick, Sumner, Jewell, Mitchell, Lincoln, Ellsworth, Rice, Reno, Harper, Smith, Osborne, Russell, Barton, Stafford, Pratt, Barbour, [changed, in 1883, to Barber,] Phillips, Rooks, Ellis, Rush, Pawnee, Kiowa, Comanche, Norton, Graham, Trego, Ness, Hodgeman, Ford and Clark counties; Accepting a grant of land for bridging the Republican, at Fort Riley; Providing for the assumption by the State of the Price Raid claims, and referring them again to a special committee; Changing the name of Shirley county to Cloud; Making the Freedmen's University, at Quindaro, a present of State taxes. Three amendments to the Constitution were submitted to the people—one on negro suffrage, one on woman suffrage, and one disfranchising certain soldiers.

MARCH 3.—J. R. McClure is confirmed as Register at Junction City, and C. W. Blair as Postmaster at Fort Scott. H. W. Martin is rejected as Agent of the Sacs and Foxes. H. L. Taylor, for the Shawnees, and George C. Snow, for the Osages, are confirmed. Nathan Price, for the Kickapoos, and Forrest R. Page, for the Kaws, are rejected.

—"Beyond the Mississippi," by Albert D. Richardson, published at Hartford, Conn. Another edition was issued in 1869. It is a book of 620 pages, about one-third of it made up of letters written by Mr. Richardson, from Kansas, to the Boston Journal and New York Tribune, between 1857 and 1867. It is profusely illustrated, and gives a graphic picture of affairs in Kansas—men, scenery, events. It is not history, but an entertaining story, well preserving the spirit of the times. Its exaggerations are characteristic of the people and the period, but they prevail to such an extent that nothing can be copied here.

MARCH 4.—D. P. Lowe is appointed Judge of the Sixth District, Wm.

Spriggs of the Seventh, Jas. Humphrey of the Eighth, Samuel N. Wood of the Ninth.

MARCH 8.—Thos. Moonlight is confirmed as U. S. Collector.

—Chas. C. Whiting is confirmed as U. S. Marshal, *vice* Thos. A. Osborn, who is removed because he opposes Johnson's "policy."

MARCH 13.—The Platte Country R. R. is completed from Weston to a point opposite Leavenworth.

—Joel Huntoon is confirmed as Register at Topeka.

—Court House burned at Troy.

MARCH 16.—First meeting of the Commissioners of Crawford county. The county named for Samuel J. Crawford.

MARCH 18.—E. S. Stover is confirmed as Agent for the Kansas Indians, and A. Wiley for the Sacs and Foxes.

—John W. Scott is rejected as Register at Humboldt.

MARCH 19.—The Atchison Champion says there are 6,866 Indians in the State. Treaties have been made for their land—1,071,946 acres.

MARCH 20.—The Missouri Valley Press Association organized; sixteen dailies represented. D. R. Anthony, of the Bulletin, elected President; John W. Wright, of the Conservative, Secretary; John Speer, of the Lawrence Tribune, Treasurer.

MARCH 26.—Governor Crawford appoints D. E. Ballard, W. H. Fitzpatrick, and Wm. N. Hamby, Commissioners to reaudit and correct the Price Raid awards.

APRIL 1.—Rev. Hiram R. Revels, afterwards United States Senator from Mississippi, is the pastor of the African Methodist Church, Leavenworth.

—John A. Halderman is elected Mayor of Leavenworth, Samuel Kimball of Lawrence, and Cassius G. Foster of Atchison.

APRIL 2.—The Kansas Pacific sells Delaware lands at Lawrence, at auction, at good figures.

APRIL.—Gov. Crawford sells \$30,000 of State bonds to the School Commissioners, at 91 cents on the dollar. In New York he sells \$100,000 at the same price. The remaining \$70,000 are sold in New York by Auditor Swallow, in September, at 90 cents on the dollar.

APRIL 2.—John G. Haskell appointed Quartermaster General.

APRIL 3.—Impartial Suffrage Convention at Topeka. Lucy Stone Blackwell, Mr. Blackwell, and Mrs. C. I. H. Nichols make speeches. A State Association formed. President, Gov. S. J. Crawford; Vice President, Lieut. Gov. N. Green; Corresponding Secretary, Samuel N. Wood; Recording Secretary, Miss Minnie Otis; Treasurer, John Ritchie.

APRIL 8.—Samuel A. Riggs confirmed as United States District Attorney, *vice* James S. Emery.

—The locomotive within five miles of Salina.

—Colorado had grasshoppers in 1864 and 1865. They did not come to Kansas.

APRIL 17.—A. F. Callahan retires from the Leavenworth Commercial.

—Death, in New York, of George L. Stearns, the early friend of Kansas and John Brown.

APRIL 22.—Death of George Dimon, ex-Mayor, and proprietor of the Wilder House, Fort Scott.

—Marriage of Bishop Vail, in Philadelphia.

—D. J. Silver & Son, State House contractors, have removed the defective stone, and are putting in new foundations.

APRIL 24.—Earthquake shock, at 2.45 P. M., in eastern Kansas and western Missouri. A second shock soon followed. A few chimneys fell.

APRIL 29.—Trains run to Salina.

—James F. Legate appointed Mail Agent for Kansas and New Mexico.

APRIL 30.—Gens. Hancock and Custer lead an expedition against Indians, in western Kansas, and destroy an Indian village on Pawnee Fork.

MAY 1.—John K. Rankin takes possession of the Lawrence Post Office.

—A. H. Hallowell is succeeded, on the Kansas City Journal, by John Wilder.

—Emporia ships 20,000 pounds of flour, by flatboat, to Fort Gibson.

—Grasshoppers destroy crops in some localities.

MAY 5.—The Atchison & Nebraska Railroad Company chartered. Peter B. Abell, President.

MAY 6.—A. Anderson succeeds W. W. Wright as Superintendent of the Kansas Pacific.

—The Atchison Daily Free Press, L. R. Elliott, editor, enters upon its fifth volume.

—Lucy Stone is stumping the State for woman suffrage.

—Geo. T. Isbell removes the Jeffersonian from Grasshopper Falls to Oskaloosa.

MAY 14.—Laying of the corner-stone of Odd Fellows' Hall, Leavenworth.

MAY 15.—Meeting of the Republican State Committee, at Topeka. Steps taken to canvass the State in behalf of negro suffrage.

—Grasshoppers industrious.

—Bourbon county votes bonds to the Sedalia road.

—May, the third Tuesday, first election of county officers, in Labette county. The present boundaries of the county were made by the Act of March 3, 1868.—Milton W. Reynolds and Leslie J. Perry established the Parsons Sun, in June, 1871.

MAY 22.—M. H. Insley's name is published as one of the proprietors of the Leavenworth Conservative.

—That paper says: "It is believed that the grasshoppers will do no

damage. The birds are eating them, and they are otherwise mysteriously disappearing."

MAY 23.—Subscription books of the Atchison & Nebraska Railroad opened.

—Miami county issues bonds to the Border Tier or Fort Scott road.

JUNE.—Third Annual Catalogue issued of the Agricultural College. Number of students, 178.

JUNE 1.—The Leavenworth Medical Herald, a monthly, issued by Drs. C. A. Logan and Tiffin Sinks.

—Hiram Griswold is appointed Register in Bankruptcy.

—Contract let for a court house in Jefferson county.

—Grasshoppers leave Coffey and Greenwood counties; no damage done since the recent heavy rains; crops fine.

JUNE 6.—Simon Cameron and other Eastern men make a journey to the end of the Kansas Pacific track.

JUNE 9.—Ben. F. Wade, Z. Chandler, J. A. J. Creswell, Richard Yates, Lyman Trumbull, John Covode, and others, arrive in Leavenworth.

—Twenty-three houses burned in Atchison.

JUNE 10.—Wade, Covode and George Francis Train make speeches in Lawrence. They pass on to the end of the track.

—Leavenworth county and Platte county, Mo., overrun with grasshoppers.

JUNE 14.—Death of Jacob Saqui, a leading Mason, at Atchison. He had been Grand Master of the Grand Lodge for six years.

—Great flood at Salina and Ellsworth.

—There are 10,000 Sunday school children in the State, and over 1,000 teachers.

—No grasshoppers south of Ottawa.

—A poem called "Osseo, the Spectre Chieftain," by Evander C. Kennedy, is published in Leavenworth.

—Indian raid in western Kansas, west of Fort Harker.

JUNE 24.—Grasshoppers begin to fly back to Colorado.

—Murders by Indians daily reported. Gen. Hancock starts for Denver, to open the route.

—There have been no grasshoppers in Junction City, or west of that place. They laid eggs and hatched only in the northeastern counties, and in Missouri.

—Gen. Custer loses sixty men in a fight with Indians, near the headwaters of the Republican.

JUNE 29.—The Leavenworth Bulletin sold by D. R. Anthony. Geo. T. Anthony ceases to be its editor.

JUNE 29.—Gen. W. T. Sherman authorizes Gov. Crawford to call out a volunteer battalion to protect the frontier. Four companies were raised — the Eighteenth Kansas Cavalry — for four months' service.

JULY 1.—The Examining Commissioners of the Price Raid Claims, D. E. Ballard, W. N. Hamby, and W. H. Fitzpatrick, make a report to Governor Crawford, of which he speaks as follows in his Message, in January, 1868:

“On the 1st day of April last, the Commission met, organized, and entered upon the laborious task to be performed.

“After a thorough and careful investigation and reëxamination, which consumed the entire time allowed by law, the Commission made their report to me, on the 1st day of July, 1867; which report I herewith transmit, and from which I deduce the following:

Amount allowed for services.....	\$218,398 75
Amount allowed for services, supplies, and transportation.....	81,682 32
Amount allowed for services—damages sustained.....	131,693 83
Amount allowed for services, property lost, and miscellaneous.....	35,518 47
Whole amount allowed by Examining Commission.....	\$467,293 37
Amount allowed by Price Raid Commission for supplies, transportation, property lost, and miscellaneous.....	\$367,548 70
Amount allowed by Examining Commission for supplies, transportation, damages, property lost, and miscellaneous.....	248,894 62
Difference.....	\$118,654 08

“It will thus be seen that the awards of the Examining Commission are one hundred and eighteen thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and eight cents (\$118,654.08) less than the amount allowed by the Price Raid Commission. A portion of this discrepancy can doubtless be accounted for by an honest difference of opinion between the two Boards, in regard to the prices of materials, supplies, &c.; while another portion, I regret to say, can only be accounted for by a package of forged or fabricated vouchers, amounting to some eighteen thousand dollars, which were placed in my possession by the Examining Commission when they made their report in compliance with the law. These forged or fabricated claims purport to have been sworn to before the Secretary of the Price Raid Commission. Whether he has been imposed upon by unknown parties, is not for me to determine; but I respectfully refer the whole subject to the Legislature, with the earnest recommendation that a thorough and searching investigation be made of the entire affair, so as to prevent undue suspicion from attaching to those who might be farthest from the commission of such a crime. Besides, if the Commission should have been mistaken in judging these claims to be forged when in fact they were genuine, then an investigation is due, in order that the innocent may not suffer.”

JULY 1.—Governor Crawford issues a proclamation calling for eight companies of cavalry to fight Indians.

—Theodore Alvord & Co. publish the Banner, at Cottonwood Falls.

—Death of Delos F. Drinkwater, a pioneer, in West Virginia.

—M. C. Wheeler Postmaster of Paola, *vice* John McReynolds, of the Republican.

—George A. Crawford becomes one of the editors of the Kansas Farmer.

JULY 4.—State Teachers' Association, at Topeka. President, B. F. Mudge; Recording Secretary, Miss M. J. Watson; Corresponding Secretary, D. L. Bradford; Treasurer, H. D. McCarty; Executive Committee: Kellogg, Horner, Rice, Pierce, and Putnam.

JULY 5.—The cars are running to Ellsworth.

JULY 6.—Coffey county has voted \$200,000 in bonds for the Neosho Valley road.

JULY 9.—First meeting of the Commissioners of Ellsworth county. The county is named after Fort Ellsworth; General Samuel R. Curtis,

in 1864, named the Fort for Lieutenant Allen Ellsworth, of the Seventh Iowa Cavalry, who was then stationed there.

JULY 9.—Grasshoppers all gone from Leavenworth. Their presence in a part of the State created no panic or alarm.

—Colonel George H. Hoyt edits the *Conservative*.

—R. B. Taylor returns to the *Wyandotte Gazette*.

JULY 15.—The Eighteenth Kansas mustered into the United States service. The report of Adjutant General McAfee says:

“During the month of July a battalion of four companies was organized by authority from Lieutenant General Sherman, to protect the western settlements; to guard the employés of the Union Pacific Railway, Eastern Division, and the travel on the great highways leading to the west and southwest. The Battalion was commanded by Major H. L. Moore, of Lawrence, formerly Lieut. Colonel of the Fourth Arkansas Cavalry; Company A, by Captain Henry Lindsey, of Topeka, with Lieutenants Thomas Hughes and John H. Wellman; Company B, Captain Edgar A. Barker, with Lieutenants John W. Price and Samuel L. Hybarger, succeeded by Francis M. Stahl; Company C, by Captain George B. Jenness, with Lieutenants Peleg Thomas and James Reynolds; Company D, by Captain David L. Payne, with Lieutenants John M. Cain and Henry Hegwer. The Battalion consisted of 358 officers and enlisted men.”

JULY 16.—Death of Judge William C. McDowell, of Leavenworth, in St. Louis. Judge McDowell was a member of the *Wyandotte Convention*, and the first Judge of the Leavenworth district.

JULY 17.—Rev. Olympia Brown and Miss Bessie Bisbee are speaking in the State for woman suffrage.

—A post office is established at Ellsworth, and letters are no longer detained at Fort Harker.

JULY 18.—The *Topeka Record* says the Price Raid Commissioners threw out \$118,000 of the \$360,000 claims allowed. “A large number of the claims are said to be marked on the margin of the rolls, ‘Forged or fabricated.’”

—The News started, at Holton, by A. W. Moore.

—The cholera is raging at Fort Harker.

—Crops good all over the State.

—Davis county votes bonds to the Neosho Valley road. The counties have voted that road \$800,000.

JULY.—Second Annual Catalogue issued of the State University. Number of students, 105.

JULY 24.—Silver & Son, contractors, withdraw from work on the State House; the contract is given to Bogert and Babcock.

—Cholera at Ellsworth. Fifteen Kansas soldiers have died at Fort Larned, of cholera. The Eighteenth Battalion is at Larned.

AUGUST 1.—Seven men of a railroad grading party killed by Indians, twenty miles east of Fort Hays.

AUGUST 2.—The Agricultural College lands offered for sale.

—John S. Brown, of Lawrence, retires from the *Kansas Farmer*.

—W. K. McCoy & Bros., of Springfield, Ill., establish a stock-yard for Texas cattle, at Abilene.

AUGUST 10.—A new bridge is completed at Wyandotte.

—Maj. W. F. Downs, of the Central Branch, is selling the Kickapoo lands, of which the Company owns 152,417 acres.

AUGUST 12.—The men who burned the Platte river bridge, in 1861, are arrested in St. Joseph.

AUGUST 15.—First passenger train over the Valley road, opposite Leavenworth.

—The Eighteenth Battalion ordered from Fort Dodge to Fort Hays.

AUGUST 18.—Thomas J. Anderson resigns, and J. B. McAfee is appointed Adjutant General. Ward Burlingame succeeds Capt. McAfee as Gov. Crawford's Private Secretary.

AUGUST 20.—Gen. Sheridan ordered to Kansas.

AUGUST 21.—Corner-stone laid of the first abutment of a bridge across the Missouri, at Kansas City. Octave Chanute, Chief Engineer.

—Fight with Indians on the Solomon.

—Capt. J. K. Fisher, of Atchison, is appointed Revenue Inspector.

AUGUST 23.—Arrangements made with Dull & Gowan, and others, to build the Neosho Valley road.

—Mr. Bogert has a large force at work on the basement of the State House.

—The building of J. E. Hayes, Olathe, has been bought for the Deaf and Dumb Asylum.

AUGUST 29.—Susan B. Anthony and Elizabeth Cady Stanton leave New York to advocate woman suffrage in Kansas.

AUGUST 30.—The Eighteenth gains a victory over the Indians, in the Republican Valley.

SEPTEMBER 1.—George T. Anthony enlarges the Kansas Farmer.

SEPTEMBER 3.—John B. Irvin dies, at Jonesboro', Ill. Dr. Irvin lived at Kennekuk, had been a member of the Legislature, and was an early and leading citizen of Atchison county.

SEPTEMBER.—Kellogg and Norton become the editors of the Educational Journal. It is published at Emporia.

SEPTEMBER 5.—Leading Republicans meet at Lawrence, and organize a campaign in favor of negro and against woman suffrage. D. W. Houston is Chairman, and John A. Martin, Secretary, of the meeting. An Anti-Female Suffrage State Committee appointed: C. V. Eskridge, Chairman; E. C. Manning, Secretary. The members of the State Committee are as follows: S. A. Kingman, John A. Martin, C. G. Foster, T. C. Sears, G. H. Hoyt, H. C. Haas, J. G. Blunt, S. A. Riggs, G. W. Deitzler,

E. M. Bartholow, T. B. Eldridge, George W. Smith, J. W. Roberts, R. J. Harper, Martin Anderson, George W. Martin, D. W. Parker, B. F. Simpson, J. D. Snoddy, S. A. Manlove, D. W. Houston, I. S. Kalloch, C. C. Whiting, J. R. Swallow, J. F. Cummings, O. H. Sheldon, J. B. Orwig, Jacob Weisbach, C. G. Allen, Andrew Akin, P. B. Plumb, J. Stotler, H. N. Bent.

—Grasshoppers leave Omaha. Since they left Kansas they have done much damage in western Missouri and southwestern Iowa.

—National Cemeteries are to be established at Forts Leavenworth and Scott.

SEPTEMBER 11.—Reception of General P. H. Sheridan in Leavenworth.

SEPTEMBER 18.—Iron received at Atchison for the next section of the Central Branch.

—Indians continue their attacks on railway men, beyond Hays.

—Grasshoppers appear on the Cottonwood river. They are seen in the air in Leavenworth, flying southwest "in great numbers."

SEPTEMBER 18.—Democratic State Convention at Leavenworth. F. P. Fitzwilliam, President; P. Z. Taylor, Vice President; J. A. Berry and A. A. Tousley, Secretaries. The following platform is adopted:

"Resolved, That, in the opinion of this Convention, public credit can only be sustained, public confidence in our institutions preserved, and the general prosperity of all classes of our people maintained, by a return to a system of rigid economy and retrenchment in national, state and county expenses.

"2. That, as charity should always begin at home, so should economy and the cutting-down of expenses begin in the curtailment of our national, state and county extravagances, and in abolishing all useless expenditures; and we demand the same at the hands of our national, state and county authorities.

"3. That we are in favor of a system of equal taxation, predicated upon all property and valuables, that the burden of labor may be lightened.

"4. That we are opposed to an aristocracy exempted by partial legislation from taxation or bearing any portion of the burdens of government.

"5. That we demand the redemption of the United States Government bonds in the same currency by which they were contracted, that there may be no unjust discrimination between the citizen and the bondholder.

"6. That equal and exact justice to all men, of whatever sect, rank or condition, is a cardinal doctrine of Democracy, and that unequal taxation is one of the sources of the discontent which now prevails throughout the land; that we demand that the three thousand millions of bonds on which no state, county or municipal taxes are paid shall be placed upon the duplicate in every State and county in the land, so that all men shall stand equal before the laws, and that the children of the rich and poor may start fairly in the race of life, without governmental favor or governmental oppression.

"7. That we do not regard a national debt as a national blessing, but, on the contrary, as a sore and great calamity to any people. The down-trodden masses of the Old World, suffering for ages the oppression and penalty caused by the ambition of rulers and the wars of privileged dynasties, have no reason to love the tyrants who saddled upon their backs ponderous national cumbrances. Such debts are constant drains upon the manhood of nations, and pander alone to the passions of the non-producer and the worthless. As citizens, we desire to see our national debt paid to the last dollar — paid without delay — in the same national currency that the farmer gets for his products,

the artisan for the work of his hands, the laborer for his toil and sweat, and the merchant for his goods. When the people of the United States do this, they will have fully discharged their duty, and none but moneyed Shylocks, or their tools and apologists, will ask for more.

"8. That we are opposed to all the proposed amendments to our State Constitution, and to all unjust, intolerant, and proscriptive legislation, whereby a portion of our fellow-citizens are deprived of their social rights and religious privileges."

SEPTEMBER 23.—German Convention at Topeka. H. C. Hass, President; August Tauber, Secretary. The sentiment of the Convention in favor of adhering to the Republican party, allowing full latitude of individual opinion and action, and opposition to sumptuary laws.

—Governor Crawford tenders a regiment to General Sherman, the Indian hostilities still continuing.

—P. H. Hubbell starts the Grasshopper Falls Gazette.

—J. W. Cook is building a woolen factory at Wathena.

—Lyon county is building a court house.

—The Hutchinson Family singing, in Kansas, for woman suffrage.

OCTOBER 1.—Henry Buckingham buys an interest in the Leavenworth Times.

—Jefferson county votes on two railroad propositions.

—Doniphan county votes on the Nebraska and Denver roads.

—The Central Branch is graded to the Blue.

OCTOBER 3.—Two men hung by a Vigilance Committee, at Ellsworth.

—Spring Hill, Johnson county, growing rapidly.

—Samuel N. Wood leads the woman suffrage campaign.

—Blind Asylum, at Wyandotte, completed.

OCTOBER 9.—Secretary Browning regards the Cherokee contract of August 30, 1866, as illegal. He makes a contract to sell the Neutral Lands to James F. Joy.

OCTOBER 11.—General Sherman telegraphs that the United States will pay the Eighteenth, when it is mustered out.

—Excellent crops in every county.

OCTOBER 14.—The Leavenworth Commercial says the State funds are in Dan. M. Adams's keeping, and are now invested in cattle.

OCTOBER 15.—The Kansas Pacific has completed 338 miles of its road.

—W. F. Goble starts the Kansas Central paper, at Olathe.

—Basil M. Simpson edits the Paola Republican.

OCTOBER 15.—Ground broken at Junction City for the Neosho Valley road. Speeches by N. S. Goss, ex-Governor Carney, P. B. Plumb, Thaddeus H. Walker, and others.

—Heavy Texas cattle trade at Abilene.

OCTOBER 21.—Treaty made with the Kiowas and Comanches, on Medicine Lodge Creek. New reservation defined.

OCTOBER 28.—By treaty with the Cheyennes and Arapahoes, made on Medicine Lodge Creek, these tribes are located on a reservation in the

Indian Territory. Gens. Sherman, Harney, and Terry, are the Government Commissioners.

OCTOBER 28.—Frank H. Drenning, Chairman of the State Committee, issues an address to Republican voters, in behalf of negro suffrage.

—Indian Peace Commissioners at Medicine Lodge Creek.

OCTOBER 29.—The Eighteenth Battalion ordered to Fort Harker, to be mustered out.

NOVEMBER 4.—Geo. Francis Train concludes his campaign for female suffrage, and leaves the State.

NOVEMBER 5.—First election of county officers in Cherokee county (originally McGee).

NOVEMBER 5.—Annual election.

VOTE ON THE VARIOUS PROPOSITIONS TO AMEND THE CONSTITUTION.

Counties.	Striking out the word "White."		Striking out the word "Male."		Restricting the elective franchise.	
	For.	Against.	For.	Against.	For.	Against.
Allen.....	324	266	243	303	454	163
Anderson.....	258	259	218	275	393	138
Atchison.....	412	1,161	345	1,235	736	884
Bourbon.....	550	725	464	736	1,350	33
Brown.....	265	346	248	341	342	222
Butler.....	33	70	28	76	39	64
Chase.....	120	123	118	125	164	83
Clay.....	47	53	39	58	78	32
Crawford.....	50	199	45	150	150	41
Cherokee.....	200	186	249	239	254	110
Coffey.....	239	434	299	350	272	364
Davis.....	183	383	167	364	281	301
Dickinson.....	89	95	34	140	151	41
Doniphan.....	338	1,425	355	1,390	576	1,126
Douglas.....	1,017	1,147	652	1,464	1,484	635
Franklin.....	280	539	120	709	652	175
Greenwood.....	133	198	99	198	234	56
Jackson.....	173	445	162	387	301	310
Jefferson.....	392	1,159	335	1,158	649	894
Johnson.....	400	852	325	866	655	438
Labette.....	115	213	95	217	207	134
Leavenworth.....	890	2,703	1,588	1,775	1,135	2,289
Linn.....	340	798	253	791	737	178
Lyon.....	593	273	209	565	701	92
Marion.....	13	58	16	59	16	56
Marshall.....	167	427	160	410	304	229
Miami.....	486	865	243	970	850	413
Morris.....	48	212	66	203	71	190
Nemaha.....	251	421	227	427	396	178
Neosho.....	151	322	101	367	236	180
Osage.....	207	143	121	238	225	113
Ottawa.....	44	27	34	32	57	15
Pottawatomie.....	226	456	155	501	352	336
Riley.....	351	277	218	378	329	267
Shawnee.....	494	670	439	731	900	234
Saline.....	162	219	132	233	252	123
Wabaunsee.....	149	108	114	152	230	28
Washington.....	39	118	19	143	93	78
Wilson.....	36	138	43	170	132	81
Woodson.....	88	149	94	141	187	56
Wyandotte.....	159	826	168	798	235	779
Total.....	10,483	19,421	9,070	19,857	16,860	12,165

SENATORS TO FILL VACANCIES.

District..	Counties.	Names.	Vote in Counties.	Vote in Districts.	Majority.
2	Atchison.....	Samuel Hipple.....	966		246
		R. A. Van Winkle.....	726	1,692	
9	Douglas.....	O. E. Learnard.....	1,315		342
		John W. Horner.....	972	2,286	
14	Bourbon.....	W. M. Matheny. {	814		561
	Crawford.....		197		
	Cherokee.....		408		
	Bourbon.....	C. F. Drake. {	612		2,277
	Crawford.....		201		
	Cherokee.....		45		
15	Butler.....	A. A. Moore. {	46		63
	Chase.....		108		
	Marion.....		66		
	Morris.....	J. W. McMillan. {	162		701
	Butler.....		55		
	Chase.....		139		
	Marion.....	P. P. Elder... {	7		1,312
17	Anderson.....		118	701	
	Franklin.....		500	1,312	
			812		

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

District....	Counties.	Names.	Votes.....	Majority.	Vote of District.	Vote of County..
1	Doniphan.....	Thos. J. Vanderslice.....	158	36		
		Israel May.....	122			
		Wm. K. Parker.....	100		480	
2	.....	H. N. Seaver.....	100			
		H. C. Moore.....	229	148		
		George Flemming.....	81			
3	.....	W. D. Rippey.....	14			
		John P. Bitner.....	11		335	
		W. H. Smallwood.....	129	10		
		E. D. McClelland.....	119			
		E. G. Westcott.....	54			
4	.....	N. Abbey.....	10		312	
		E. J. Jenkins.....	350	346		
		Daniel Bursk.....	4			
		John Martin.....	2		356	
5	.....	J. H. Philbrick.....	181	90		
		Wm. Kirby.....	91		272	
6	Atchison.....	Geo. W. Glick.....	323	160		1,755
		W. W. Guthrie.....	163		486	
7	.....	A. Byram.....	189	52		
		John Gray.....	136		325	
8	.....	George W. Thompson.....	197	155		
		J. Potter.....	45		242	
9	.....	B. W. Williams.....	140	4		
		J. W. Breadlove.....	136			
		Scattering.....	2		278	
10	.....	W. L. Johnson.....	113	8		
		Wm. Martin.....	95		208	1,539
11	Brown.....	E. Bierer.....	217	84		
		Ira J. Lacock.....	133			
		Scattering.....	3		353	
12	.....	John Downs.....	185	154		
		J. S. Tyler.....	29		212	565
13	Nemaha.....	Philip Rockefeller.....	201	44		
		J. P. Taylor.....	157			
		Scattering.....	2		360	
14	.....	John Hodgins.....	195	31		
		J. F. Hocker.....	164		359	719
15	Marshall.....	A. G. Patrick.....	339	339	339	339

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>District</i> ..	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Votes</i>	<i>Majority</i> ..	<i>Vote of District</i> ..	<i>Vote of County</i> ..
16	Washington.....	S. F. Snyder.....	91	50		
		R. P. West.....	41			
		Vernon Parker.....	40		172	172
17	Pottawatomie.....	R. W. Jenkins.....	368	4		
		Martin Mannerhan.....	364		732	732
18	Jackson.....	D. W. C. Locke.....	198	115		
		Peter Dickson.....	83			
		Scattering.....	4		285	
79	.....	George W. Miller.....	145	81		
		George Ewbank.....	64			
		Golden Silvers.....	56		265	550
19	Jefferson.....	John B. Johnson.....	238	62		
		Thomas Housh.....	176			
		Stephen Stiers.....	69		483	
20	.....	W. C. Butts.....	179	24		
		D. H. Frazier.....	155		334	
21	.....	Robert Armstrong.....	491	191		
		J. D. Rollins.....	300		791	1,608
22	Leavenworth.....	W. P. Gambell.....	232	24		
		James McMahon.....	308		640	
23	.....	H. Miles Moore.....	315	53		
		C. D. Roys.....	262		577	
24	.....	C. R. Jennison.....	319	12		
		M. S. Adams.....	307		626	
25	.....	Matthew Ryan.....	411	200		
		Daniel Shire.....	211		622	
26	.....	W. H. Hastings.....	189	116		
		J. R. Deland.....	73		262	
27	.....	James Cooley.....	121	60		
		William Kincaid.....	61		182	
28	.....	Seth Hollingsworth.....	200	90		
		Jos. Wright.....	110		310	
29	.....	J. L. Wallace.....	188	87		
		J. B. Pickering.....	101		289	
30	.....	Thos. L. Towne.....	136	6		
		S. D. Lecompte.....	130		266	3,774
31	Wyandotte.....	Vincent J. Lane.....	239	28		
		Stephen A. Cobb.....	211		450	
80	.....	Richard Hewitt.....	434	302		
		Thos. A. Grinter.....	132		566	1,016
32	Johnson.....	J. P. Robinson.....	325	93		
		C. E. Lewis.....	232		557	
33	.....	D. G. Campbell.....	249	40		
		Abner Arrasmith.....	207		455	
		J. McAuley.....	1			
34	.....	J. B. Bruner.....	180	52		
		Dan. Martin.....	128		308	1,220
35	Douglas.....	George W. Smith.....	432	58		
		Wilson Shannon jr.....	374			
		T. H. Lescher.....	135			
		Wm. Hazeltine.....	10		951	
36	.....	Joel Grover.....	135	13		
		James Bryson.....	122		257	
37	.....	Joel K. Goodin.....	230	158		
		Amos Walton.....	72		302	
38	.....	C. M. Sears.....	300		300	
39	.....	G. W. Zinn.....	216		216	
40	.....	Horace Tucker.....	145	63		
		Henry Webber.....	82		227	2,253
41	Shawnee.....	John Guthrie.....	657	438		
		A. L. Williams.....	219		876	
42	.....	James Fletcher.....	201	32		
		L. J. Bean.....	169		370	1,248
43	Miami.....	H. H. Williams.....	230	137		
		W. B. Keith.....	93		323	
44	.....	J. W. Gosset.....	332	21		
		E. H. Topping.....	311		643	
45	.....	Wm. Huffman.....	210	10		
		W. H. Wilhite.....	179		398	1,364
46	Linn.....	A. A. Smith.....	155	83		
		W. J. Fray.....	72			
		Richard Hill.....	1		223	

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>District...</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Votes.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>	<i>Vote of District...</i>	<i>Vote of County...</i>
47	Linn (concluded).....	Henry Blackburn.....	178	88		
		Sam. Ayres.....	90			
		John Fletcher.....	1		269	
48	.....	J. W. Garret.....	246	83		
		B. J. Long.....	162		408	
49	.....	James D. Snoddy.....	121	53		
		T. J. Baskerville.....	68			
		Joel Moody.....	1		100	1,096
50	Bourbon.....	Wm. Hinton.....	169	105		
		S. M. Allen.....	64		233	
51	.....	B. F. Smalley.....	161	67		
		— Taylor.....	97		251	
52	.....	J. B. Moore.....	218	140		
		B. F. Gumm.....	78		296	
53	.....	E. M. Hulett.....	323	49		
		W. C. Webb.....	274		597	1,387
54	Allen.....	N. B. Blanton.....	292	159		
		J. N. Phillip.....	137		436	
		Scattering.....	3			
55	.....	Lewis Edmandson.....	88	14		
		Wm. O. Keith.....	54		180	616
		J. H. Campbell.....	38			
56	Anderson.....	T. G. Headley.....	182	40		
		D. W. Houston.....	142		324	
57	.....	W. N. Hanby.....	111	8		
		P. T. Mathews.....	103		214	538
58	Franklin.....	James Foster.....	127	50		
		Capt. James.....	77			
		T. Jones.....	53			
		E. D. Coburn.....	33		290	
59	.....	H. P. Welsh.....	448	51	448	738
60	Osage.....	J. R. Stewart.....	123			
		S. R. Caniff.....	72			
		M. Rambo.....	62			
		H. Hupp.....	61			
		D. B. Burdick.....	58			
		M. W. Richardson.....	1		377	377
61	Coffey.....	Harrison Kelley.....	172	16		
		H. N. F. Read.....	156		328	
62	.....	P. H. Smith.....	363	361		
		— Read.....	2		365	693
63	Woodson.....	David W. Finney.....	125	5		
		John H. Bayer.....	120		245	245
64	Lyon.....	P. B. Plumb.....	332	258		
		Mark Patty.....	74			
		Scattering.....	2		408	
65	.....	A. J. Andrews.....	118	10		
		D. K. Hardin.....	108		226	
66	.....	J. D. Jaquith.....	133	86		
		Watson Grinnell.....	47		180	811
67	Butler.....	G. T. Donaldson.....	42	2		
		L. M. Pratt.....	40			
		H. D. Kellogg.....	19			
		D. M. Bronson.....	10			
		Scattering.....	2		113	113
68	Chase.....	O. H. Drinkwater.....	141	13		
		Henry Brandley.....	125		256	266
69	Morris.....	Isaac Sharp.....	177	71		
		A. B. Spencer.....	106		283	283
70	Wabaunsee.....	William Mitchell.....	259		259	259
71	Davis.....	John K. Wright.....	327	41		
		David Monfort.....	286		613	613
72	Riley.....	D. M. Johnson.....	246	15		
		Gottlieb Schauble.....	231			
		Henry Booth.....	192			
		Scattering.....	2		671	671
73	Dickinson.....	William Lamb.....	101	18		
		Eliphalet Barber.....	83		184	184
74	Saline.....	E. F. Millard.....	227	97		
		L. F. Parsons.....	130			
		H. L. Jones.....	46		403	403

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

District...	Counties.	Names.	Votes.....	Majority..	Vote of District..	Vote of County..
75	Greenwood	Edwin Tucker.....	132	19	309	309
		L. Clogston.....	113			
		J. J. Barrett.....	63			
76	Marion.....	J. C. Clogston.....	1	59	75	75
		C. O. Fuller.....	67			
77	Wilson.....	G. H. Costello.....	8	150	200	200
		P. Fay.....	175			
78	Neosho.....	Dr. McCartney.....	25	83	545	545
		Thomas H. Butler.....	237			
		D. T. Mitchell.....	154			
81	Ottawa	A. F. Neely.....	154	9	91	113
		R. D. Mobley.....	50			
		H. H. Tucker.....	41			
82	Clay	Magnus H. Ristine.....	113			
83	Cherokee.....	N. D. Ingraham.....	328	130	526	526
		C. C. McDowell.....	198			
84	Cloud	James M. Hagaman.....	32	10	402	402
		W. C. Watkins.....	206			
85	Labette	J. S. Waters.....	196	43	391	391
		John Hamilton.....	217			
		J. Warmley.....	174			
88	Ellis	W. E. Webb.....	212	73	481	481
		R. M. Fish.....	139			
		W. J. Ohler.....	128			
		J. G. Duncan.....	2			
Total vote in the State						31,413

VOTE CAST FOR JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURTS, FOR THE SIXTH, SEVENTH, EIGHTH AND NINTH JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.

District...	Counties.	Names.	Vote of County..	Vote of District..	Majority..
6.....	Bourbon	D. P. Lowe.....	1,432	4,840	4,840
		Crawford.....	393		
		Cherokee.....	416		
		Linn.....	1,223		
		Miami.....	1,376		
		Anderson.....	205		
7.....	Allen	John R. Goodin.....	378	2,562	207
		Labette	196		
		Neosho.....	290		
		Wilson.....	152		
		Woodson.....	163		
		Allen	263		
		Anderson.....	304		
		Labette	201		
		Neosho.....	228		
		Wilson.....	102		
		Woodson.....	79		
		Woodson.....	1		
8.....	Clay	James Humphrey.....	109	1,811	131
		Cloud	61		
		Davis.....	313		
		Dickinson.....	199		
		Ottawa.....	54		
		Riley.....	515		
		Saline.....	312		
		Davis.....	219		
		Saline.....	25		
		Riley.....	4		
		Butler.....	33		
		Chase.....	139		
9.....	Marion.....	W. R. Brown.....	65	43	
		Butler.....	71		
		Chase.....	115		
		Marion.....	8		

NOVEMBER 5.—ROSS, Steele & Co. bring suit against the U. P. R. R., E. D. They were the contractors before the road was sold to Samuel Hallett and John C. Fremont.

—On negro suffrage the State followed the saying of a well-known politician: "Talk for it; vote agin it."

—The L. L. & G. is done one mile south of Lawrence.

—A coal company is formed at Burlingame.

—The Hays City Advance issued, by Joseph Clarke, W. H. Bisbee, and Willis Emery.

NOVEMBER 6.—O. H. Browning, Secretary of the Interior, writes to Geo. A. Crawford that James F. Joy has bought the Cherokee Neutral Lands. They have been appraised by Wm. A. Phillips and John T. Cox. Mr. Joy represents the Border Tier Railroad.

—Woodson county voted against railroad bonds.

NOVEMBER 15.—The Eighteenth Kansas Cavalry Battalion, Maj. H. L. Moore, mustered out.

NOVEMBER 22.—Completion of the Kansas City & Cameron Railroad.

NOVEMBER 30.—

In obedience to your orders [Gov. Crawford's], I have had duplicate copies of all pay-rolls made, which are now ready for binding. The claims arising out of the Price Raid are as follows:

On pay-rolls.....	\$218,398 75
Materials, supplies, and transportation.....	81,682 32
Damages.....	131,693 83
Miscellaneous claims.....	35,518 47
Total.....	\$467,293 37
Amount justly due the State of Kansas from the U. S. Government:	
Claims for expenditures for 1861 and 1862.....	\$12,351 04
Allowed on the above claim.....	9,360 82
Balance due the State.....	\$2,990 22
Military bonds of 1864.....	\$100,000 00
Military bonds of 1865.....	40,000 00
Interest on the above, about.....	30,000 00
Miscellaneous claims, about.....	12,000 00
Arising out of Price Raid.....	467,293 37
Aggregate.....	\$652,283 59

—Report of Adjutant General McAfee.

NOVEMBER 30.—Expenditures of the State for the year:

Governor's Department.....	\$8,191 23	Normal School.....	\$13,997 97
Secretary's Department.....	7,434 70	University.....	9,380 26
Auditor's Department.....	3,927 17	Insane Asylum.....	7,759 00
Treasurer's Department.....	2,831 05	Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	9,930 90
Sup't of Public Instruction.....	2,030 58	Agricultural Society.....	6,000 00
Attorney General.....	2,055 15	Agricultural College.....	12,138 90
Adjutant General.....	4,764 34	Railroad Land Agent.....	1,641 90
Judiciary Department.....	22,839 36	Blind Asylum.....	10,034 00
Legislature and Journals.....	28,473 50	Military expenses.....	1,860 00
Printing Department.....	13,891 02	Miscellaneous expenses.....	2,683 60
Capitol building and grounds*..	91,437 61	Total.....	\$419,298 73
Penitentiary †.....	155,946 49		

* Of State Capitol expenditure, \$89,513.01 is from the sale of \$100,000 in bonds.

† Of Penitentiary expenditure, \$89,329.16 is from the sale of \$100,000 in bonds.

NOVEMBER 30.—The following facts in regard to Lincoln College—afterwards changed to Washburn—are copied from a statement of S. D. Bowker to Superintendent McVicar:

"The purpose of founding an institution of learning of a high literary and religious character early took possession of the minds of the people of Kansas. The project first

came up for general discussion in 1857, at which time measures were adopted to secure a fitting location for such an enterprise. Unforeseen difficulties, however, attended the settlement of the Territory and the formation of a State Government. Repeated hostile invasions, the hardships of the year of famine, and the tumult arising from the war, compelled the suspension, for a time, of all active effort for the establishment of the College. On the return of peace, the interest hitherto manifested took a tangible form, and on the 6th of February, 1865, an act of incorporation was secured under the name of 'Lincoln College.'

"Lincoln College is located at Topeka, Kansas. Topeka, the Capital of the State, is situated on the Kansas river, about sixty miles from its junction with the Missouri, at a point on the Pacific Railroad, 350 miles west of St. Louis. The city is built on elevated prairie ground, about one mile south of the river.

"An elegant stone edifice for the Preparatory Department was completed in the autumn of 1865. The building is located at the southeast corner of the Capitol Square, one of the most slightly positions in the city. Its rooms for recitations and general exercises will accommodate some 150 students; besides these it has rooms for library and cabinet. The first term of the College opened January, 1866, with five teachers and over thirty students; among the latter were representatives from six or seven different counties of the State."

DECEMBER.—Report of the Codifying Commissioners. It fills an octavo volume of 1021 pages.

DECEMBER 6.—The Topeka Daily Tribune reissued, under the management of J. P. Greer and A. L. Williams.

—Lawrence is made the headquarters of the K. P. road. George Noble is Division Superintendent.

DECEMBER 10.—Geo. T. Anthony becomes editor of the Conservative.

—The Smoky Hill is bridged at Salina.

DECEMBER 10.—First annual meeting of the State Horticultural Society, at Lawrence. President, Wm. Tanner; Vice President, Charles B. Lines; Secretary, G. C. Brackett; Treasurer, S. T. Kelsey.

DECEMBER 18.—Last payments made, at Paola, to the confederated tribes, Peoria, Kaskaskia, Wea and other Indians. They number 204 persons. When they came to Kansas, in 1846, they numbered about 800. They go to the Indian Territory.

—The Kansas Pacific done to the 335th mile-post.

DECEMBER 20.—Completion of the Republican river bridge, at Junction City.

—John Severance is to receive \$55,000 for completing the St. Jo. & D. R. R. to Troy.

DECEMBER 21.—Stock books opened of the Kansas & Missouri Bridge Co., at Leavenworth, and \$59,100 subscribed.

DECEMBER 23.—Gov. Hayes appoints Ed. F. Schneider Adjutant General of Ohio. He had been Major of the Eighth Kansas, and editor of the Leavenworth Times.

DECEMBER 29.—Last rail laid on the 100th mile of the Central Branch.

DECEMBER 30.—There are 523 miles of railroad in the State. The K. P. is within 35 miles of the western boundary—main line completed, 335 miles; Leavenworth branch, 33 miles. The Central Branch is operating 90 miles. The L. L. & G. is done to Ottawa, 27 miles.

—A book appears with this title: "History of Kansas, from the First Exploration of the Mississippi Valley to its Admission into the Union. By J. N. Holloway, A. M. Lafayette, Ind. James Emmons & Co., Journal Buildings." pp. 584. This is the most bulky of the books on Kansas, but probably contains less reading matter than Mrs. Robinson's. Like the other histories, it has no index; the important facts published in it are badly arranged, and it is not easy to find any special subject in regard to which the reader may want information. The opinions, the grammar, and the spelling, especially of proper names, might be criticised. The author was a non-resident, and it is really surprising that the book is so complete. It ends with the admission of the State into the Union. The book had a large sale, but Mr. Holloway has not received the credit which his industry justly entitled him to.

1868.

JANUARY 1.—Die Fackel, a German paper, removed from Wyandotte to Atchison. H. W. Kastor, editor.

JANUARY 7.—Jefferson county votes bonds to the A. T. & S. F., and the Lawrence, Oskaloosa & Atchison road, by 64 majority. At a previous election the propositions were defeated.

JANUARY 7.—In reply to a resolution, Secretary Browning sends a message to Congress on Indian land sales in Kansas. The Cherokee Neutral Lands were sold to James F. Joy, October 9th, at a dollar an acre, without an official notice that bids would be received for the land. The patent will be issued when the purchase-money is received. The Atchison & Pike's Peak Railroad Company gave \$1.25 an acre for 123,832 acres of Kickapoo land. The Leavenworth, Pawnee & Western Railroad Company bought 223,966.78 acres of Delaware lands, known as the Delaware Diminished Reserve. Of these lands, 92,589.22 acres have been paid for, and patented to Leonard T. Smith, President of the Missouri River Railroad Company. Other land sales, under treaties, are mentioned in the communication.

JANUARY 10.—State officers pass over the L. L. & G., preparatory to giving it 125,000 acres of State land.

JANUARY 11.—Mrs. Stanton publishes an article in the Revolution, on the woman suffrage campaign in Kansas.

JANUARY 14.—Meeting of the Legislature.

STATE OFFICERS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Where Born.</i>	<i>Age</i> ...	<i>Avocation.</i>
S. J. Crawford, Governor....	Garnett.....	Anderson.....	Indiana.....	32	Lawyer.
N. Green, Lieut. Governor...	Manhattan...	Riley.....	Ohio.....	30	Minister.
R. A. Barker, Sec'y of State..	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Vermont...	37	Attorney.
J. R. Swallow, Auditor.....	Emporia... ..	Lyon.....	N. Jersey...	47	Printer.
M. Anderson, Treasurer.....	Circleville...	Jackson.....	Ohio.....	49	Farmer.
P. McVicar, Supt. Pub. Inst.	Topeka.....	Shawnee... ..	N. Bruns'k	38	Minister.
Geo. H. Hoyt, Att'y General	Leavenworth	Leavenworth	Mass.....	30	Attorney.

JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Where Born.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Avocation.</i>
S. A. Kingman, Chief Justice....	Atchison.....	Atchison	Mass.....	50	Attorney.
Jacob Safford, Associate Justice,	Topeka.....	Shawnee	Vermont...	40	Lawyer.
L. D. Bailey, Associate Justice...	Clinton.....	Douglas..	New Hamp	46	Lawyer.

JUDGES OF DISTRICT COURTS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Post Office Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
D. J. Brewer.....	1	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
R. St. Clair Graham.....	2	Atchison.....	Atchison.
C. K. Gilchrist.....	3	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
D. M. Valentine.....	4	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
J. H. Watson.....	5	Emporia.....	Lyon.
D. P. Lowe.....	6	Mound City.....	Linn.
John R. Goodin.....	7	Humboldt.....	Allen.
James Humphrey.....	8	Manhattan.....	Riley.
William R. Brown.....	9	Cottonwood Falls.....	Chase.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Where Born.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Avocation.</i>
N. Green, President.....	Manhattan.....	Riley.....	Ohio.....	29	Minister.
Abbott, James B.....	DeSoto.....	Johnson.....	Conn.....	47	Convey'cer
Blakely, William S.....	Junction City..	Davis.....	New York..	38	Merchant.
Clark, N. C.....	Columbus.....	Doniphan..	Ohio.....	34	Physician.
Cooper, S. S.....	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson..	Illinois....	26	Physician.
Dodge, William H.....	Holton.....	Jackson.....	Kentucky..	51	Lawyer.
Elder, P. P.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin..	Maine.....	34	Banker.
Foster, R. C.....	Leavenworth..	Leavenwo'th	Kentucky..	31	Lawyer.
Graham, George.....	Seneca.....	Nemaha.....	New York..	66	Merchant.
Green, L. F.....	Baldwin City..	Douglas....	Ohio.....	32	Farmer.
Haas, H. C.....	Leavenworth..	Leavenwo'th	Germany..	28	Carpenter.
Harvey, James M.....	Fort Riley.....	Riley.....	Virginia... 16	Farmer.	
Hipple, Samuel.....	Monrovia.....	Atchison....	Penn.....	19	Farmer.
Learnard, O. E.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas....	Vermont... 14	Farmer.	
Low, A.....	Doniphan.....	Doniphan..	Maryland.. 30	Farmer.	
Matheny, W. M.....	Baxter Springs	Cherokee....	Kentucky.. 49	Lawyer.	
Maxson, P. B.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	R'de Island 29	Farmer.	
McFarland, P.....	Leavenworth..	Leavenwo'th	Ireland.... 45	Farmer.	
Moore, A. A.....	Marion Centre,	Marion.....	Ohio.....	41	Merchant.
Price, John M.....	Atchison.....	Atchison....	Kentucky.. 33	Lawyer.	
Rogers, James.....	Burlingame....	Osage.....	New Hamp 45	Lawyer.	
Scott, J. W.....	Iola.....	Allen.....	Penn.....	33	Physician
Sharp, Isaac B.....	Wyand'te City,	Wyandotte..	Ohio.....	47	Lawyer.
Simpson, B. F.....	Paola.....	Miami.....	Ohio.....	32	Lawyer.
Underhill, D.....	Jackson.....	Linn.....	Indiana.... 33	Farmer	
Veale, G. W.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee....	Indiana.... 34	Freighter.	
E. C. Manning, Secretary,	Manhattan.....	Riley.....	New York, 47	Printer.	
Jos. Speck, Assist. Sec'y...	Wyandotte....	Wyandotte..	Penn.....	35	Physician
M. R. Dutton, Jour. Clerk..	Grantville.....	Jefferson..	Conn.....	38	Farmer.
J. H. Titsworth, Doct. Ct'k	Pardee.....	Atchison....	New Jers'y 35	Teacher.	
A. J. Simpson, Eng. Clerk,	Carlyle.....	Allen.....	Indiana.... 26	Carpenter.	
Geo. B. Holmes, Enr. Ct'k..	Topeka.....	Shawnee....	Mass.....	51	Land Ag't.
M. W. Reynolds, Oilie'l Rep	Lawrence.....	Douglas....	New Jers'y 32	Journalist.	
D. L. Payne, Ser-at-Arms..	Troy.....	Doniphan..	Indiana.... 38	Soldier.	
J. Drew, As't Ser-at-Arms	Burlingame....	Osage.....	New York, 39	Farmer.	
Geo. W. Weed, Doork'per..	Pardee.....	Atchison....	New York, 32	Farmer.	
G. Pharaoh, As't Doork'per	Louisville.....	Pottawato'ie,	Prussia.... 28	Farmer.	
Clarence J. Walrod, Page..	Paola.....	Miami.....	Illinois.... 15	Clerk.	
William R. Griffith, Page..	Topeka.....	Shawnee....	Ohio.....	19	Teamster.
Wm. H. Fletcher, Page....	Erie.....	Neosho.....	Indiana.... 15	Farmer.	

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE.

Names.	P. O. Address.	County.	Where Born.	Age.	Vocation.
Geo W. Smith, Speaker....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Penn.....	62	Attorney.
Andrews, A. J.....	Neosho Rapids	Lyon.....	Ohio.....	42	Farmer.
Armstrong, Robert.....	Perry.....	Jefferson.....	Indiana.....	43	Farmer.
Bier, Everard.....	Hiawatha.....	Brown.....	Penn.....	41	Lawyer.
Blackburn, Henry.....	Linnville.....	Linn.....	England.....	54	Farmer.
Blanton, N. B.....	Humboldt.....	Allen.....	Missouri.....	38	Farmer.
Bruner, J. B.....	Gardner.....	Johnson.....	Penn.....	30	Merchant.
Butler, T. H.....	Erie.....	Neosho.....	Ohio.....	45	Farmer.
Butts, W. C.....	Grassh'r Falls,	Jefferson.....	New York,	34	Farmer.
Byram, A.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Kentucky..	55	Farmer.
Campbell, D. G.....	Shawnee.....	Johnson.....	Tennessee,	47	Farmer.
Cooley, James.....	Mt. Pleasant...	Leavenwo'th	Kentucky..	44	Farmer.
Donaldson, G. T.....	Chelsea.....	Brown.....	Ohio.....	36	Farmer.
Downs, John.....	Albany.....	Brown.....	New York,	39	Farmer.
Drinkwater, O. H.....	Cedar Point...	Chase.....	Penn.....	32	Farmer.
Duncan, Charles C.....	Ellsworth.....	Ellsworth.....	Ohio.....	24	Grocer.
Edmundson, Lewis.....	Iola.....	Allen.....	Penn.....	36	Plasterer.
Fay, P.....	New Albany.....	Wilson.....	New York,	49	Miller.
Finney, D. W.....	Neosho Falls...	Woodson.....	Indiana.....	26	Merchant.
Fletcher, James.....	Tecumseh.....	Shawnee.....	Penn.....	38	Farmer.
Foster, James N.....	Peoria City.....	Franklin.....	Indiana.....	30	Farmer.
Fuller, C. O.....	Marion Centre	Marion.....	New York,	39	Farmer.
Ganibell, W. P.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenwo'th	New York,	34	Attorney.
Garrett, J. W.....	Potosi.....	Linn.....	New York,	58	Farmer.
Glick, G. W.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Ohio.....	40	Attorney.
Goodin, Joel K.....	Baldwin City...	Douglas.....	Ohio.....	45	Attorney.
Gossett, J. W.....	Paola.....	Miami.....	Kentucky..	39	Physician.
Grover, Joel.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	New York,	43	Farmer.
Guthrie, John.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Indiana.....	38	Attorney.
Hagaman, James M.....	Elk Creek.....	Cloud.....	New York,	37	Farmer.
Hamby, W. N.....	Garnett.....	Anderson.....	North Car..	52	Farmer.
Hamilton, John.....	Hamilton.....	Crawford.....	Penn.....	52	Farmer.
Hastings, W. H.....	Pleasant Ridge	Leavenworth	North Car..	38	Farmer.
Headley, T. G.....	Garnett.....	Anderson.....	Indiana.....	49	Farmer.
Hewitt, Richard.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte...	New York,	63	Physician.
Hinton, William.....	Fort Lincoln...	Bourbon.....	Kentucky..	40	Farmer.
Hodgins, I.....	Centralia.....	Nemaha.....	New York,	38	Dairyman.
Hollingsworth, S.....	Tonganoxie.....	Leavenworth	Ohio.....	42	Farmer.
Huffman, William.....	New Lancaster	Miami.....	Ohio.....	52	Minister.
Hulett, E. M.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.....	New York,	28	Attorney.
Ingraham, Nathan D.....	Baxter Springs	Cherokee.....	Ohio.....	42	Nurs'yman
Jaquith, J. D.....	Americus.....	Lyon.....	Vermont.....	46	Farmer.
Jenkins, E. J.....	Troy.....	Doniphan...	Ohio.....	34	Lawyer.
Jenkins, R. W.....	Vienna.....	Pottawat'mie	Kentucky..	37	Farmer.
Jennison, C. R.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth	New York,	33	Farmer.
Johnston, D. M.....	Manhattan.....	Riley.....	New York,	41	Laborer.
Johnson, J. B.....	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.....	Illinois.....	25	Lawyer.
Johnson, W. S.....	Laucaster.....	Atchison.....	Virginia.....	34	Farmer.
Kelley, Harrison.....	Ottumwa.....	Coffey.....	Ohio.....	30	Farmer.
Lamb, William.....	Detroit.....	Dickinson...	North Car..	61	Farmer.
Lane, Vincent J.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte...	Penn.....	70	R. R. cont'r
Lecompte, Samuel D.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth	Maryland..	53	Lawyer.
Locke, D. W. C.....	Holton.....	Jackson.....	Vermont.....	31	Farmer.
Millard, Ed. F.....	Salina.....	Saline.....	Michigan.....	25	Merchant.
Miller, G. W.....	South Cedar...	Jackson.....	Kentucky..	32	Farmer.
Mitchell, William.....	Wabaunsee.....	Wabaunsee...	Scotland....	42	Farmer.
Moble, R. D.....	Minneapolis...	Ottawa.....	Kentucky..	33	Farmer.
Moore, J. B.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.....	Illinois.....	34	Farmer.
Moore, H. C.....	Troy.....	Doniphan...	Kentucky..	38	Farmer.
Moore, H. Miles.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth	New York,	38	Attorney.
Patrick, A. G.....	Irving.....	Marshall.....	Indiana.....	40	Printer.
Philbrick, J. L.....	Doniphan.....	Doniphan.....	New Hamp	42	Ins. agent.
Plumb, P. B.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Ohio.....	30	Attorney.
Ristine, M. H.....	Clay Center...	Clay.....	Indiana.....	49	Carpenter.
Robinson, J. P.....	DeSoto.....	Johnson.....	Indiana.....	34	Physician.
Rockefeller, Philip.....	Albany.....	Nemaha.....	New York,	46	Mechanic.
Ryan, Matthew.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth	Ireland.....	49	T. cattle t'r.
Sears, Charles M.....	Eudora.....	Douglas.....	New York,	38	Stone msn.
Sharp, Isaac.....	Council Grove,	Morris.....	Penn.....	36	Attorney.
Smalley, B. F.....	Xenia.....	Bourbon.....	Ohio.....	40	Farmer.
Smallwood, W. H.....	Warhena.....	Doniphan...	Kentucky..	26	Farmer.
Smith, A. A.....	Linn.....	Linn.....	Ohio.....	38	Physician.
Smith, P. H.....	Leroy.....	Coffey.....	New York,	40	Merchant.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

Names.	P. O. Address.	County.	Where Born.	Age.	Vocation.
Snoddy, James D.....	Mound City.....	Linn.....	Penn.....	29	Attorney.
Snyder, S. F.....	Washington.....	Washington,	Kentucky..	69	Farmer.
Stewart, J. R.....	Burlingame.....	Osage.....	Penn.....	38	Lawyer.
Thompson, G. W.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Kentucky..	40	Farmer.
Tucker, Edwin.....	Eureka.....	Greenwood...	Vermont...	31	Farmer.
Tucker, Horace.....	Sigel.....	Douglas.....	Conn.....	43	Hortic'st.
Vanderslice, Thomas J.....	Highland.....	Doniphan....	Kentucky..	40	Farmer.
Wallace, James L.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth...	North Car..	52	Physician.
Watkins, W. C.....	Oswego.....	Labette.....	Tennessee..	33	Lawyer.
Webb, W. E.....	Hays City.....	Ellis.....	New York..	29	Op. in land.
Welsh, H. P.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.....	Ohio.....	34	Attorney.
Williams, B. W.....	Monrovia.....	Atchison.....	North Car..	51	Farmer.
Williams, H. H.....	Oswatimie.....	Miami.....	New York..	39	Merchant.
Wright, John K.....	Junction City..	Davis.....	Indiana....	33	Merchant.
Zinn, George W.....	Lecompton.....	Douglas.....	Ohio.....	58	Farmer.
John T. Morton, Chief Cl'k	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Mass.....	46	Lawyer.
E. C. Kennedy, Ass't Clerk	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth...	Indiana....	26	Lawyer.
J. M. Mahan, Journal Cl'k	Junction City..	Davis.....	Ohio.....	29	Lawyer.
M. R. Moore, Pocket Clerk	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Indiana....	21	Stud't L. C.
Emma Hunt, Enroll'g Cl'k	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Indiana....	—	Student.
N. Merchant, Engros'g Cl'k	Peoria City....	Franklin.....	New York..	37	Farmer.
H. C. Hollister, Reporter...	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth...	New York..	34	St-nog'r.
H. H. Sawyer, S't-at-Arms,	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte...	Vermont...	37	Trader.
M. B. Crawford, A. S.-at-A.	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Ohio.....	31	House car.
Horace Gibbs, Doorkeeper	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.....	Ohio.....	41	Farmer.
C. S. Norton, Ass't Doork'r	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	New York..	17	Student.
Frank J. Nice, Page.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Indiana....	14	Merchant.
Charles F. Painter, Page...	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Ohio.....	11	Student.
Edwin S. Eldridge, Page....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Mass.....	15	Printer.

JANUARY 14.—The Commissioners to codify the laws make a statement of their work to the Legislature.

JANUARY 15.—Election of the following officers of the State Agricultural Society, at Topeka: President, R. G. Elliott, of Douglas; Secretary, H. J. Strickler, of Shawnee; Treasurer, C. B. Lines, of Wabaunsee; Superintendent, P. G. Lowe. *Executive Committee*: M. J. Alkire of Shawnee, W. G. Coffin of Leavenworth, J. W. Sponable of Johnson, B. W. Williams of Atchison, Josiah Miller of Douglas, M. R. Dutton of Jefferson, Alfred Gray of Wyandotte, W. L. Harrison of Franklin, A. B. Whiting of Riley, J. W. Scott of Allen. A Fair was held at Leavenworth.

JANUARY 17.—Meeting of the Editorial Association, at Topeka. Address by Milton W. Reynolds, of the Lawrence Journal. *Officers Elected*: President, R. B. Taylor; Vice Presidents, John A. Martin, M. W. Reynolds, Geo. W. Martin; Secretary, S. D. Macdonald; Treasurer, P. H. Peters. John A. Martin was elected to deliver the next address. John A. Martin, John Speer, and James D. Snoddy were appointed to memorialize the Legislature to so amend the Constitution as to create the office of State Printer.

JANUARY 17.—Report of State House Commissioners. (House Journal, pp. 98 to 104.)

JANUARY 18.—Report on Blind Asylum Building. (House Journal, pp. 125 to 129.)

—The Delaware Indians pass through Lawrence, to their new home in the Indian Territory.

JANUARY 20.—The Atchison & Pike's Peak R. R. reaches Waterville. It receives \$16,000 per mile in bonds, and 187,608 acres of land from the Government.

JANUARY 23.—Message from the Governor, on the Penitentiary. (House Journal, pp. 192-4.)

JANUARY 23.—In the contest of Stephen A. Cobb against Vincent J. Lane, the House decides that Lane is entitled to his seat.

JANUARY 31.—A fire in Leavenworth burned the Mercantile Library. Besides many valuable books, it contained files of the Leavenworth Herald (presented to the Library by Eugene F. Havens), and many other State newspapers. The generous enterprise of the citizens soon supplied a new Library, equal in size to the one destroyed. In 1869, Alonzo L. Callahan wrote a history and compiled a Catalogue of the Library.

—A Legislative Committee, investigating the original Price Raid awards, finds that many claims were dishonestly allowed.

—Jackson county is building a court house.

FEBRUARY 1.—There are eleven Daily and fifty Weekly papers in the State.

FEBRUARY 3.—T. Dwight Thacher issues the Evening Republican, at Lawrence.

FEBRUARY 4.—Meeting of the Historical Society, at Topeka. Address by Judge Kingman, the President. George A. Crawford read a paper on the Calhoun Candle-box. *Officers elected*: President, S. A. Kingman; Vice President, J. R. Swallow; Recording Secretary, George H. Hoyt; Corresponding Secretary, George A. Crawford; Treasurer, D. W. Stormont; Librarian, P. McVicar.

FEBRUARY 4.—Governor Crawford makes a statement of the money due the State by the United States. (See Senate Journal, pp. 220-1.)

FEBRUARY 5.—Death of Willard P. Gambell, a member of the House, from Leavenworth. Mr. Gambell had lived in Kansas about ten years, and probably had no superior among our citizens as a lawyer.

FEBRUARY 6.—S. D. McDonald retires from the Topeka Record, and F. P. Baker becomes sole proprietor.

FEBRUARY 13.—Meeting of the Republican Committee, at Topeka. Frank H. Drenning, Chairman; George A. Crawford, Secretary *pro tem*. Convention called for March 25th.

FEBRUARY 14.—Reports of State officers begin to appear.

FEBRUARY 15.—A Senate Committee report in favor of concentrating the State institutions at Topeka. (Senate Journal, pp. 319-21.)

FEBRUARY 17.—Report of Joint Legislative Committee on the action

of the different Price Raid Commissions. (Senate Journal, pp. 339 to 345.)

FEBRUARY 18.—Report of Superintendent McVicar on school lands lost to the State. (Senate Journal, pp. 364 to 370.)

FEBRUARY 19.—James McCahon elected to the seat made vacant by the death of Willard P. Gambell.

FEBRUARY 21.—Report of Committee on building Penitentiary. (Senate Journal, pp. 416 to 423, and 449 to 452.) The testimony is given in House Journal, pp. 658 to 689.

FEBRUARY 24.—The lower house of Congress passes a resolution to impeach President Johnson, by 126 to 46.

FEBRUARY 25.—P. B. Plumb's resolution, indorsing the impeachment of Johnson, passes the House by 47 to 28.

FEBRUARY 26.—Democratic State Convention, at Topeka. A. J. Mead, President; Jos. Oliver, Geo. F. Prescott, and H. C. Hollister, Secretaries. *Delegates elected to the National Convention:* Wilson Shannon jr., Lawrence; Thos. P. Fenlon, Leavenworth; Chas. W. Blair, Fort Scott; Geo. W. Glick, Atchison; A. J. Mead, Manhattan; Isaac Sharp, Council Grove. The following resolutions were adopted.

"Resolved, That we regret the unhappy differences between the Radical party in Congress and the President, and condemn the attempt on the part of Congress to strip the Presidential office of its constitutional authority, and the Supreme Court of its proper functions, in order that they may carry out their unprecedented schemes of negro supremacy in certain States, in violation of the Constitution of the United States, and contrary to the sentiments and feelings of the great bulk of the population of the Union.

"Resolved, That we are in favor of guaranteeing to each State in this Union a republican form of government, under the control of the white race.

"Resolved, That we have full confidence in the sober second thought of the people, and feel confident that, at the next election, they will so decide as to do justice to the fundamental law, promote the ends of justice, and reunite the States of this once glorious Union in harmony and peace.

"Resolved, That the distrust of business men throughout the Union, and want of confidence in pecuniary matters, caused by the neglect of the Congress of the United States to present and perfect measures in regard to taxation and currency, is evidence of want of capacity to appreciate the situation, or indifference to the general welfare.

"Resolved, That an equal and uniform rate of taxation upon all property and valuable assets, of both rich and poor alike, is the true doctrine of a republican government.

"Resolved, That gold for the rich and paper for the poor is oppressive and unjust, and an equal and uniform currency for the whole people is demanded by both honor and justice, and the Congress of the United States would be more properly engaged in relieving the burthens of the people than in struggles for political power.

"Resolved, That the flag of our country should protect the rights of persons and property of all our citizens, both native and foreign-born, in all parts of the world, and the Government should take prompt measures to make that protection certain and effective."

Speeches were made by Chas. W. Blair, Geo. W. Glick, and Thomas P. Fenlon.

FEBRUARY 27.—Report of Committee in relation to Governor Crawford and the Kansas Pacific. (House Journal, pp. 835, 841, 847.)

MARCH 2.—

"The following gentlemen were confirmed as Regents of the State University: C. B. Lines, of Wabauasee county; Rev. John Ekin, of Shawnee county; and Bishop Thomas H. Vail, of Douglas county.

"For Regents of the Agricultural College: Thomas H. Baker and E. C. Manning, of Riley county; and Rev. Charles Reynolds, of Davis county.

"For Directors of the State Normal School: G. C. Morse, of Lyon county; James Rogers, of Osage county; T. S. Huffaker, of Morris county; L. D. Bailey, of Douglas county; and S. S. Prouty, of Coffey county.

"For Adjutant General: J. B. McAfee, of Jefferson county.

"For Quartermaster General: J. G. Haskell, of Douglas county.

"For Directors of the Penitentiary: T. C. Sears, of Leavenworth county; A. Low, of Doniphan county; and M. R. Dutton, of Jefferson county."—*Senate Journal*, p. 609.

MARCH 2.—Major Gen. P. H. Sheridan resumes command of the Department of the Missouri, at Fort Leavenworth.

MARCH 3.—Last business of the Legislature—passing a new Price Raid bill, and the code.

MARCH 4.—Adjournment of the Legislature. Two volumes of laws are published, one called the General Statutes, (as revised by Price, Riggs and McCahon,) containing 1270 pages, and one called Special Laws, (although general laws are published in it,) containing 104 pages. Among the laws made were the following: State bonds for Penitentiary, \$50,000; State bonds for Capitol, \$150,000; State bonds for Insane Asylum, \$20,000; Defining the boundaries of Gove and Wallace counties; A resolution for the protection of settlers on the Cherokee Neutral Lands.

The laws were printed by John Speer, at Lawrence. Edward P. Harris superintended the printing.

Gove county is named for Capt. Grenville L. Gove, of the Eleventh Kansas; Wallace county for the military post, and that for Col. Wm. H. L. Wallace.

MARCH 4.—Legislative excursion to Hays City and the end of the track, at Coyote.

MARCH 5.—The two German papers of Leavenworth consolidate, and take the name *Zeitung*.

—Senator Ross is reported by telegraph as opposed to impeachment.

—P. H. Hubbell stops the Grasshopper Falls Gazette, and starts the Ellsworth Advocate.

—Meetings of settlers on the Osage and Neutral Lands, demanding a chance to buy their homes at the price established by law.

—Douglas county twice enjoined from issuing bonds to the L. L. & G.

MARCH.—Fourth Monday, first election in Republic county. The county is named from the Republican river, and that was named from the Pawnee Republic, located in that valley.

MARCH 25.—Republican State Convention, at Topeka. John W. Scott temporary Chairman, and E. C. Manning Secretary.

Committee on Credentials: James C. Horton, Byron Sherry, Benjamin F. Simpson, A. J. Huntoon, E. S. Stover.

On Organization: J. A. Johnson, P. P. Elder, Charles Drake, A. Low, J. W. McMillan, R. D. Mobley, John Speer, F. W. Potter, Henry Booth.

On Resolutions: I. S. Kalloch, Albert H. Horton, Ed. R. Smith, J. B. Johnson, P. C. Schuyler, A. J. Bell, John W. Scott.

Officers: President, John T. Barris; Vice Presidents, Wm. A. Phillips, T. C. Sears, J. B. Johnson, P. P. Elder, J. W. McMillan, A. Low, J. T. Lanter, A. J. Huntoon, A. H. Horton; Secretaries, F. G. Adams, W. A. Cormany, John Speer.

The following were elected delegates to the National Convention: C. W. Babcock, B. F. Simpson, S. S. Prouty, Jno. A. Martin, N. A. Adams, Louis Weil. *Alternates:* A. Danford, C. P. Twiss, F. P. Baker, Cyrus Leland jr., J. W. McMillan, J. A. Weisbach.

The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the Republican party of Kansas, through its delegates assembled in State Convention, hereby reaffirms its devotion to the principles of justice, equality and nationality which were triumphantly vindicated in the late war, and that the reconstruction of the Union upon the basis of the equality of all men before the law, the complete extirpation of Slavery and the ideas which gave it birth, the speedy restoration of permanent peace and prosperity, and the preservation of the public faith and national credit untarnished and inviolate, are all dependent upon the triumph of the great Republican party of the country at the ensuing Presidential election.

Resolved, That regarding the splendid military record of Gen. Ulysses S. Grant with unfeigned admiration, having faith in his wisdom, integrity, prudence and firmness; believing his name synonymous with our cause, and that he is emphatically the man for the times, we cheerfully add our voice to the loud acclaim in his behalf, and instruct the delegates from Kansas to the National Republican Convention at Chicago to cast their votes as a unit in favor of his nomination for the office of President of the United States.

Resolved, That while recognizing the ability and public services of others whose names have been presented to the country, we hereby declare Hon. S. C. Pomeroy as the first choice of the Republican party in this State for the office of Vice President. His early and consistent identification with the cause of human freedom, his patriotic services in Congress, his earnest and uniform devotion to the wants and interests of his constituents, as well as his great prudence and firmness, give assurance that his nomination would inspire universal confidence and enthusiasm, and in his election the loyal people of the Nation would have for Vice President 'a man we can trust.'

Resolved, That this Convention express thanks to the soldiers and sailors of the Union who fought and conquered armed Rebels, and stood true to the principles which they vindicated and the flag which floated over them and led them to victory; and that their heroic sacrifices and services will forever be remembered with gratitude by the people of the country which has been saved through their valor and patriotism.

Resolved, That every American citizen, whether by birth or adoption, is entitled to the protection of the Nation and its flag; and while it is incumbent on the Government to institute negotiations for the establishment of an international law for expatriation, recognizing naturalization by one nation as terminating allegiance due to another, and conferring all rights of citizenship, it is no less its duty to vindicate its people, of all classes, whether native or naturalized, from oppression or interference, either at home or abroad, when in the legitimate exercise or defense of their personal rights.

Resolved, That we tender our most cordial thanks to Edwin M. Stanton, the statesman of the old Roman type, stern, steadfast and true, for the firmness and patriotism with which he has maintained the majesty of the law and the rights of the people against the attempted invasion of a faithless and wicked Executive.

Resolved, That we approve the action of the House of Representatives in its arraignment of Andrew Johnson for high crimes and misdemeanors in office, and we earnestly call upon the Senate of the United States, sitting as a Court of Impeachment, to proceed

with the trial of the President without fear, favor or affection, and we pledge the people of Kansas to stand by and maintain the just judgment of the law.

"*Resolved*, That, believing the ensuing Presidential election will settle finally and conclusively, if rightly determined, the great issues brought upon us by the Rebellion, and being convinced that the work which was done in putting down the Rebellion was well and righteously done, and should stand, we exhort our fellow-Republicans throughout the State to perfect and complete their party organizations, and to provide forthwith for the systematic diffusion of political intelligence, by journals and otherwise, and to organize for a vigorous and efficient canvass henceforth to the close of the polls in November next."

MARCH 28.—Nat. G. Barter buys the Border Sentinel, Linn county, of Joel Moody.

MARCH.—S. T. Kelsey's forest, at Ottawa, attracts general attention. He has cultivated twenty-five acres.

—Cheese-making has become an important industry at Centralia, Nemaha county.

MARCH 30.—Methodist Conference at Lawrence. Bishop Thompson presides. D. P. Mitchell and W. R. Davis elected to the General Conference. Presiding Elders, A. B. Leonard, C. R. Rice, J. D. Knox.

APRIL.—A book published called "History and Directory of Doniphan County; Sketches of Each Village in the County; Citizens' and Business Directory. R. F. Smith, Editor. Smith, Vaughan & Co., Publishers." pp. 348. The book contains many important facts, is not well printed, and its main purpose is advertising, not history.

APRIL 6.—Burning of the Leavenworth Zeitung office; it was owned by Louis Weil.

APRIL 7.—The Douglas county bonds are to be given to the Leavenworth, Lawrence & Galveston Railroad Company.

—Contract for building the east wing of the Insane Asylum, at Osawatimie, let to S. M. Larkins, of Paola, at \$25,934.

—Kansas Pacific done to the 385th mile-post.

APRIL.—A resolution passed by Congress to enable settlers to buy the Osage Ceded Lands.

APRIL 16.—Alex. McDonald, formerly of Fort Scott, is elected United States Senator from Arkansas. Powell Clayton, formerly of Leavenworth, is Governor, and Thomas M. Bowen, formerly of Marysville, is Chief Justice.

APRIL 23.—Meeting at Emporia of the "Wichita Town and Land Company." W. W. H. Lawrence, President; E. P. Bancroft, Secretary. The Secretary was authorized to make a map of Wichita.

APRIL 27.—Supplemental treaty with the Cherokees. On the 30th of August, 1866, Secretary Harlan made a contract with the American Emigrant Company, of Connecticut, for the sale of the Cherokee Neutral Lands. Secretary Browning regarded this sale as illegal, and, on the 9th of October, 1867, he made a contract to sell the lands to James F. Joy. It is now agreed, April 27th, 1868, that the American Emigrant Company shall assign its contract to Joy, and the contract is reaffirmed

and declared valid, as herein modified; the contract between Browning and Joy is canceled.

MAY 5.—D. W. Wilder returns to the Leavenworth Conservative, from the Rochester (N. Y.) Express.

MAY 5.—D. L. Moody, the famous Chicago revivalist, speaks in Laing's Hall, Leavenworth, to immense audiences.

MAY 14.—Wm. A. Phillips announces that the Cherokee Neutral Land Commissioners have finished their labors in the field, and will send their plats to Washington.

MAY 16.—President Johnson acquitted. Senator Ross voted against impeachment, and his vote changed the result.

MAY 20.—Republican Convention at Chicago. Grant and Colfax nominated for President and Vice President.

MAY 27.—Treaty with the Osage Indians, selling their land to the L. L. & G. R. R. Co., at twenty cents an acre. There are 8,000,000 acres.

MAY 31.—The U. P. R. W. Co., Eastern Division, changes its name to Kansas Pacific.

JUNE 3.—F. P. Baker starts the Daily Record, at Topeka.

JUNE 4.—E. S. Stover, Agent of the Kaws, informs Gov. Crawford that the Cheyennes are fighting the Kaws, on the Kaw reservation.

JUNE 9.—E. R. Trask starts the Register, at Oswego.

JUNE.—The Senate confirms a supplemental treaty selling the Neutral Lands to James F. Joy.

—The State officers memorialize the United States Senate against confirming the Osage treaty.

JUNE 29.—Dr. Hartwell Carver makes a journey over the Nebraska-Pacific, and sends the editor of the Conservative his "blessing and benediction." Dr. Carver is called the Father of the Pacific road, having advocated it before Whitney and Benton. His first article urging a road across the continent was published in the New York Courier and Enquirer, August 11th, 1837.

JUNE 29.—A letter of R. J. Hinton, in the Worcester (Mass.) Spy, gives the following statement of sales by the Government, of Kansas Indian land:

<i>Reservation.</i>	<i>When Sold.</i>	<i>To Whom.</i>	<i>Acres Sold.</i>	<i>Per Acre.</i>
Delaware.....	August 31, 1866.....	Len. T. Smith.....	92,598.33	\$2 50
Kickapoo.....	August 16, 1865.....	Atehison & P. P. R. R.	123,832.61	1 25
Ottawa.....	June, 1864, to July, 1866	Different persons.....	18,405.63	2 31
Sac & Fox.....	Since January 1, 1864...	Hugh McCulloch.....	2,220.76	1 73
Sac & Fox.....	.....	Carney & Stevens.....	2,490.36	1 84
Sac & Fox.....	.....	Wm. R. McKean.....	29,677.21	64
Sac & Fox.....	.....	Fuller & McDonald.....	39,058.27	73
Sac & Fox.....	.....	Robert S. Stevens.....	51,689.31	71
Sac & Fox.....	.....	John McManus.....	142,915.90	1 09
Sac & Fox.....	.....	Other persons.....	20,667.85	2 42
Kaw.....	Since January 1, 1864...	J. W. McMillan.....	2,946.59	1 16
Kaw.....	.....	Northrup & Chick.....	7,519.66	1 28
Kaw.....	.....	Other persons.....	23,505.07	1 50
Cherokee Neutral...	October 9, 1867.....	James F. Joy.....	800,000.00	1 00

JULY 2.—State Teachers' Association, at Emporia. *Officers:* President, D. J. Brewer, Leavenworth; Recording Secretary, Mrs. J. H. Gorham, Emporia; Corresponding Secretary, Joseph Denison, Manhattan; Treasurer, Miss E. D. Copley, Paola; Executive Committee, B. F. Mudge, Manhattan; D. T. Bradford, Atchison; D. H. Robinson, Lawrence; M. D. Gage, Junction City; E. F. Heisler, Wyandotte. L. B. Kellogg and H. B. Norton continued as editors of the *Journal*.

JULY 6.—National Democratic Convention in New York. On the 9th, Horatio Seymour was nominated for President, on the twenty-second ballot. Frank P. Blair was unanimously nominated for Vice President. Thomas Ewing jr. was a candidate for Vice President, but was defeated by Order No. 11.

JULY 9.—The United States Senate passes a bill to pay the Price Raid claims.

JULY 14.—A pamphlet reporting the Impeachment investigation reaches Kansas. It is claimed that a letter signed by S. C. Pomeroy and sent to James F. Legate, was forged by Mr. Luce. Thurlow Weed and Edmund Cooper, Johnson's Private Secretary, seem to have declared that the letter was genuine. The committee acquit Pomeroy of trying to sell his vote to President Johnson.

JULY.—Richard Slater becomes the first settler in the present Chautauqua county.

JULY.—S. G. Meade starts the *Eureka Herald*.

JULY 16.—Generals Grant and Sherman arrive in Leavenworth, and are received by General Sheridan. On the 17th there was a public reception at the Club Rooms. On the 18th the three Generals started for Denver.

JULY 20.—Congress authorizes the sale of twenty acres of the Fort Leavenworth reservation, for coal-mining purposes.

JULY 20.—Congress grants the right to bridge the Missouri at Leavenworth, and at St. Joseph.

JULY 22.—Dr. Wm. H. Saunders sends the Lawrence Republican the following analysis of our upland prairie soil:

Organic matter.....	11.00	Silica	69.83
Alumina.....	8.66	Sesquioxide of iron.....	2.05
Potassa.....	1.15	Soda.....	a trace.
Lime.....	3.23	Magnesia	2.00
Chlorine.....	0.00	Sulphuric acid.....	a trace.
Phosphoric acid.....	2.08		
			100.00

“The lower or bottom prairie contains more organic matter. We have a soil rich in all the chemical elements necessary for a vigorous growth of vegetation.”

JULY 29.—Democratic State Convention at Topeka. Called to order by Thomas P. Fenlon. W. R. Wagstaff, of Miami, temporary Chairman; P. Z. Taylor, of Davis, Secretary.

Committee on Credentials: Wilson Shannon jr. of Douglas, J. E. Clardy of Pottawatomie, George Kinsley of Miami, P. Chitwood of Linn, Thos. P. Fenlon of Leavenworth.

Committee on Organization: T. M. O'Brien of Leavenworth, R. Aldy of Johnson, John Martin of Shawnee, Adam Dobson of Franklin, Seth Clover of Miami, C. H. Armes of Ellis, A. G. Ege of Doniphan, R. C. Whitney of Davis, Samuel Hipple of Atchison.

Officers: President, Daniel Vanderslice, of Doniphan; Vice Presidents, F. P. Fitzwilliam of Leavenworth, W. T. Shirley of Miami, John B. Scott of Coffey, Thomas Dixon of Riley, D. G. Campbell of Johnson, A. Byram of Atchison, N. Hoysradt of Douglas, John A. Miller of Bourbon, S. C. Gephart of Jefferson, Reuben Riggs of Marion, J. P. Taylor of Nemaha, G. W. Miller of Jackson, John L. Rice of Shawnee; Secretaries, P. Z. Taylor of Davis, P. H. Tiernan of Leavenworth, P. G. Parker of Johnson, Isaac B. Sharp of Wyandotte, Thomas Dolan of Atchison, A. Dobson of Franklin, P. Chitwood of Linn, A. O. Robbins of Ellsworth, W. S. Kanugh of Chase; Sergeant-at-Arms, James A. Cornell of Shawnee; Pages, Frank Rice and Charles Prodnell.

Committee on Resolutions: J. W. Morris, A. G. Otis, H. S. Walsh, D. G. Campbell, J. M. Jarboe, W. H. Warner, A. McCartney, C. H. Armes, Reuben Riggs.

Geo. W. Glick was nominated for Governor by acclamation.

Maxwell McCaslin was unanimously nominated for Lieutenant Governor.

Wilson Shannon jr. was nominated for Secretary of State.

Gottlieb Schauble, of Riley, was nominated for Auditor.

For Treasurer, Adam Brenner, of Doniphan, received 42 votes; Allen McCartney, of Bourbon, 93.

Ross Burns, of Shawnee, was nominated for Attorney General by acclamation.

Archibald Beatty, of Wyandotte, was nominated for Superintendent of Public Instruction, by acclamation.

W. R. Wagstaff was nominated for Associate Justice.

Charles W. Blair, of Bourbon, was nominated for Congress by acclamation.

The following Presidential Electors were selected: Leonard T. Smith, Leavenworth; P. Z. Taylor, Davis; Orlin Thurston, Allen.

The following platform was adopted:

Resolved, That the Democracy of the State of Kansas in convention assembled, do hereby ratify and reaffirm the platform of principles adopted by the National Democratic Convention of July 4th, 1868, and we heartily and cheerfully indorse the nomination of Horatio Seymour, of New York, for President, and Frank P. Blair, of Missouri, for Vice President, and pledge to them our earnest and energetic support.

Resolved, That the bonded debt of the United States should be paid according to the terms of its creation, and all that portion thereof which is not designated to be paid in coin should be paid in greenbacks; that whatever money is received by the laborer for his work, by the farmer for his produce, by the soldier's widow as her pension, should also be received by all other creditors of the United States where express provision is not made by law to the contrary.

Resolved, That the National Bank currency should be called in, and the bonds pledged for their redemption canceled, and lawful money of the United States substituted in their place, thereby saving some eighteen millions of coin interest per annum for the redemption of the bonded debt.

"Resolved, That while we are in favor of education for all, we are opposed to mixed schools of black and white children, and are in favor of separate schools for each race.

"Resolved, That we are in favor of the speedy removal of all Indians from the State, and the extinction of all Indian titles as speedily as possible, and that in the making of all treaties for the Indian reservations in the State of Kansas, we demand that the same shall be opened to actual settlers under the homestead and preëmption laws, and that sections 16 and 36 be secured and set apart for the public.

"Resolved, That we hereby denounce the profligate expenditures of the public money of the people of the State of Kansas by the Radical party, and that we denounce as oppressive and unjust the excessive taxation that has been levied on the people of this State by that party.

"Resolved, That we owe a debt of lasting gratitude to the soldiers and sailors of the United States for their services in suppressing the Rebellion, and that their services will be held in grateful remembrance by the American people."

Committee on Organization: Allen, W. E. Grover, Humboldt; Atchison, B. P. Waggener, Atchison; Bourbon, W. H. Warner, Fort Scott; Chase, H. L. Hunt, Cottonwood Falls; Crawford, C. H. Strong; Cherokee, Wm. W. Cooke; Davis, Robert Reynolds; Dickinson, H. C. Brown, Abilene; Doniphan, Daniel Vanderslice, Highland; Douglas, Ely Moore, Lawrence; Ellis, M. W. Soule, Hays City; Ellsworth, J. H. Kimkle, Ellsworth; Franklin, Adam Cobson, Ottawa; Jackson, Z. G. Williams, Holton; Jefferson, S. C. Gephart, Oskaloosa; Johnson, W. B. White, Olathe; Labette, — Watkins, Chetopa; Leavenworth, J. L. McDowell; Linn, J. H. Barlow, Paris; Marion, Reuben Riggs, Marion Centre; Miami, Geo. Kinsley, Paola; Morris, James A. Robbins, Council Grove; Nemaha, James Taylor, Seneca; Neosho, John O'Grady, Osage Mission; Osage, N. L. Wyatt, Burlingame; Pottawatomie, J. E. Clardy, Wamego; Riley, A. B. Brookfield, Ogden; Shawnee, H. E. Norton, Topeka; Wabaunsee, E. J. Lines, Wabaunsee; Wilson, Wm. M. Brown, New Albany; Woodson, O. P. Haughawout, Neosho Falls; Wyandotte, Chas. S. Glick, Wyandotte.

State Central Committee: J. L. McDowell, Leavenworth; T. M. O'Brien, Leavenworth; Robert Forbriger, Atchison; A. Byram, Atchison; Isaac B. Sharp, Wyandotte; Nicholas Hoysradt, Douglas; Hugh S. Walsh, Jefferson; A. J. Mead, Riley; N. S. Goss, Woodson.

JULY 31.—Frank P. Blair is serenaded, and makes a speech in Leavenworth. He is one of the Pacific Railroad Commissioners.

AUGUST 10.—Indian outrages on Spillman's Creek. Cheyennes and Arapahoes reported in the Solomon Valley.

AUGUST 10.—The name of the Kansas & Neosho Valley R. R. Co. changed to Missouri River, Fort Scott & Gulf.

AUGUST 11.—The Atchison Champion and Free Press consolidated; John A. Martin and Frank A. Root, publishers; Frank G. Adams retires.

AUGUST 13, 14.—Ten settlers killed and four wounded, in the Solomon Valley, by Indians. Raids along the Republican and Saline.

AUGUST 18.—Gen. Alfred Sully in pursuit of Indians on the Solomon.—J. B. McAfee reports eight men killed at Asher Creek.

AUGUST.—Geo. T. Anthony appointed United States Collector.

AUGUST 20.—Gen. Sheridan and Col. Forsyth leave Fort Leavenworth for Fort Harker.

AUGUST.—The Santa Fé Co. buys, at one dollar an acre, 338,766 acres of the Pottawatomie reserve. The land grant of 1863, to the Santa Fé, is nearly 3,000,000 acres.

AUGUST 23.—Gen. Sheridan reports that the Indians have killed twenty citizens of Kansas, and wounded many more. He directs their forcible removal to their reservations.

AUGUST 27.—Prof. Louis Agassiz, Roscoe Conkling, Ward Hunt, and other Eastern men, visit Leavenworth. Agassiz said he had never seen such good soil as he had seen in Kansas and Missouri. The peaches, apples, pears and grapes, he thought equal to any he had ever tasted. Of the Catholic Cathedral he said: "It is an anachronism; it represents the past. That great free-school building pleases me better; that represents the future. Mankind will probably continue to worship, but not in this way." He speaks of Prince Neuwied, who explored the Missouri up to the Yellowstone, and says his report is marvelous for its accuracy and ability. His *Reise durch Nordamerika* was published at Coblenz in 1838-43, and an English version in London, in 1843. The report is second to Lewis and Clark in time, but first in geological importance.

The Conservative reprints Longfellow's poem on Agassiz:

"And he wandered away and away
With Nature, the dear old nurse,
Who sang to him night and day
The rhymes of the universe."

AUGUST 31.—An immense army of grasshoppers comes down to the ground at Leavenworth. No harm is done; it is a year of the greatest prosperity.

SEPTEMBER 7.—Gen. Sheridan sends Gen. Sully south of the Arkansas to make war on the families and stock of the Cheyennes and Arapahoes.

SEPTEMBER 9.—Republican State Convention at Topeka. Called to order by F. H. Drenning. Temporary Chairman, George Graham; Secretary, Alfred Gray.

Committee on Credentials: S. A. Cobb, J. Stotler, J. H. Gillpatrick, C. C. Whiting, A. Low, J. T. Lanter, Albert Speer.

Committee on Permanent Organization: J. E. Hayes, Dr. Hathaway, D. Carmichael, J. S. Hidden, Gregory of Woodson, W. P. Douthitt, P. B. Maxson.

Officers: President, D. R. Anthony; Vice President, Josiah E. Hayes; Secretaries, M. M. Murdock and B. J. F. Hanna.

Committee on Resolutions: Joshua Wheeler, John Schott, A. G. Chase, A. Danford, J. Stotler, J. H. Gillpatrick, I. S. Kalloch, Jos. Clarke, F. W. Potter.

First ballot for Governor: Geo. A. Crawford 35, James M. Harvey 31, Thos. Carney 23, T. H. Walker, 1.

Second ballot: Crawford 35, Harvey 30, Carney 22, Walker 1, Deckelman 1.

Third ballot: Crawford 37, Harvey 28, Carney 23, Phillips 1, Walker 1.

Fourth ballot: Crawford 40, Harvey 25, Carney 24, Hayes 1.

T. A. Osborn withdrew the name of Thos. Carney.

Fifth ballot: Harvey 50, Crawford 39, Carney 1.

James M. Harvey was born in Monroe county, Va., September 21, 1833. He came to Riley county in 1859.

Ballot for Congressman: Sidney Clarke 55, S. J. Crawford 12, Jas. D. Snoddy 7, S. O. Thacher 11, J. W. Scott, 3.

First ballot for Lieutenant Governor: C. V. Eskridge 40; C. G. Foster 31, Geo. H. Hoyt 12, Jos. L. Speer 5.

Second ballot: Eskridge 50, Foster 31, Hoyt 5, Speer 2.

Convention adjourned to the 10th.

First ballot for Associate Justice: C. K. Gilchrist 22, L. D. Bailey 18, A. M. Sawyer 9, D. M. Valentine 23, John T. Burris 11, Geo. W. Gardiner 3, A. H. Horton 1.

Second ballot: Valentine 36, Gilchrist 24, Bailey 11, Sawyer 1, Burris 9, Gardiner 1.

Third ballot: Valentine 54, Gilchrist 27, Burris 6, Bailey 3, Gardiner 1.

For Secretary of State: Thomas Moonlight received 71 votes, and J. B. McAfee 19.

For Auditor: A. Thoman 63, S. S. Prouty 23, J. R. Swallow 1.

For Treasurer: George Graham 50, M. Anderson 29, John Hosick 5, John M. Funk 5, S. S. Prouty 1.

First ballot for Attorney General: E. J. Jenkins 33, A. Danford 18, D. J. Brewer 18, A. L. Williams 5, John Q. Porter 5, Johnson 3, D. B. Hadley 1.

Second ballot: Danford 37, Jenkins 34, Brewer 11, Williams 3, Johnson 1.

Third ballot: Danford 48, Jenkins 34, Williams 3.

P. McVicar was nominated for Superintendent of Public Instruction by acclamation.

Presidential Electors: I. S. Kalloch, D. R. Anthony, A. H. Horton.

State Committee: George W. Martin, E. J. Jenkins, B. F. Simpson, P. P. Elder, T. A. Osborn, E. L. Akin, J. M. Spencer, I. N. Dow, M. M. Murdock.

The following resolutions were adopted:

"1. The Union Republican party of the State of Kansas, in Delegate Convention assembled, pledges its earnest and positive adherence to the principles and platform of the National Union Republican Party, adopted at Chicago, and to the nominees of the Convention, Gen. U. S. Grant and Schuyler Colfax, its most cordial and enthusiastic support.

"2. The history of the Democratic party in Kansas, from its earliest attempt to force the system of human Slavery upon a reluctant people, its systematic violation of the ballot, its perfidious apathy during the struggle for national existence, is a record of violence, cowardice and fraud. Its leaders and its principles are unchanged, and de-

serve alike the unqualified opposition of every citizen who believes in the supremacy of the law and the perpetuity of free institutions.

"3. The studied and persistent hostility of the Democratic party to the prosecution of the war for the preservation of the Union, its constant and malignant efforts in the North to perplex the Government and dishearten the people, and its open and undisguised treason in the South; its position of uncompromising opposition to every measure originated for the safety of the Nation; its nomination of candidates for President and Vice President who propose, if elected, to trample in the dust laws duly enacted, to disperse State governments constitutionally established, and undo the work of reconstruction with violence and blood, impel all friends of the Republic, with renewed energy, to rally in ardent support of the Republican party, around which the hopes of the Nation clustered in its darkest hours.

"4. During the eight years of its possession of National power, the Republican party has proved itself equal to the sacred trust which the Nation confided to its charge, and achieved results which have no parallel in the annals of the political organizations of the world. Its career has been one of beneficence to the poor, justice to the oppressed, and fidelity to those immutable principles without which a Republic is impossible. By the development of the Pacific Railroad system, it has incalculably augmented our resources, and enlarged the national domain; by the Homestead enactments it has increased the wealth and population of the West; by the eight-hour law it has proved its loyalty to labor; by its assertion of the doctrine of expatriation it has evinced its devotion to the rights of our foreign-born citizens; by the adoption of the Fourteenth Constitutional Amendment it has irrevocably secured the results of the war, elevated citizenship, established the national credit, emancipated and enfranchised a race, and dedicated a continent to Freedom. In the future, as in the past, it will continue to advocate those measures which will promote economy, national honesty, domestic concord, and friendly relations with foreign powers, to the end that we may have a government of laws and not of men.

"5. In the distribution of public lands and Indian reserves we demand the full protection of the rights of settlers, and the reservation of the 16th and 36th sections, to which the State is justly entitled, for educational purposes. Wholesale grants of territory to speculators and foreign corporations are unfavorable to the interests of the community, and inconsistent with the objects for which the National domain should be distributed. We especially condemn the policy of disposing of Indian reservations to railroad and land monopolies, and insist that such lands be immediately opened to actual settlers, at not more than one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre. We demand, in the name of our frontier settlers, that the uncivilized Indians be driven from the State, and the civilized tribes be speedily removed to the Indian country.

"6. To our Member of Congress, who favored and labored for the arraignment of Andrew Johnson, for high treason and misdemeanors in office, and to our Senator, who promptly pronounced him guilty thereof by his recorded vote, we extend the gratitude and thanks of a grateful people."

SEPTEMBER 14.—W. S. Burke buys the Leavenworth Bulletin.

—In the fall, Nelson Abbott established the Atchison Daily Patriot.

SEPTEMBER 14.—Governor Crawford calls for five companies of cavalry for three months' service on the frontier. They were soon raised, and sent to Lake Sibley, Ayersburg (in the Solomon valley), Salina, and Marion Centre.

SEPTEMBER 17.—Wilder & Sleeper buy the Times, and the consolidated paper is called the Times and Conservative.

SEPTEMBER 17.—Colonel Geo. A. Forsyth is surrounded by Indians, on the North Fork of the Republican, receives two nearly fatal wounds, and loses several men. Among the killed are Lieut. F. H. Beecher and Surgeon John H. Mooers. The fight lasted eight days.

—P. P. Elder is elected Chairman, and M. M. Murdock Secretary, of the Republican Committee.

SEPTEMBER 18.—Execution of Melvin Baughn, at Seneca. He killed Jesse H. Dennis, in 1866.

—L. R. Elliott buys and consolidates the Manhattan Radical and Independent. The new paper is called the Standard.

SEPTEMBER 28.—A company of militia, raised by Governor Crawford, is marching southwest.

SEPTEMBER 29.—State Fair at Leavenworth.

SEPTEMBER 30.—Meeting of the Missouri Valley Associated Press. D. W. Wilder is elected President, and Geo. F. Prescott Secretary.

—Colonel T. J. Peter makes arrangements to build the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé R. R. .

OCTOBER 1.—It is announced that the General Statutes will be delivered October 31st, and take effect after that date.

—Indian outrages near Ellsworth and Fort Zarah.

OCTOBER 9.—General Sheridan, near Fort Hays, calls on the Governor for a regiment to fight Indians.

OCTOBER 10.—Proclamation of Governor Crawford, calling for a Cavalry regiment of volunteers, for six months' service.

OCTOBER 13.—Eleventh Annual Session of the Odd Fellows, at Atchison; membership, 1,575.

OCTOBER 13.—Four men killed and one wounded by Indians, in the Solomon valley. Two women have been carried into captivity by Indians.

OCTOBER 15.—The Leavenworth Call issued, by Joseph Clarke, Henry Buckingham, and W. H. Bisbee.

Publication of "Two Thousand Miles on Horseback," by James F. Meline: Hurd & Houghton, New York. The author made the journey from Leavenworth to Santa Fé, in 1866; five chapters on Kansas.

OCTOBER 19.—Mrs. Bassett and infant child captured by Indians, on the Solomon.

OCTOBER 20.—Company A, of the Nineteenth Kansas, mustered in, at Topeka.

OCTOBER 30.—John M. Haeberlein starts the Freie Presse, Daily, in Leavenworth.

—A dispatch from Grinnell says the Indians tore up the track, thirty-five miles from Sheridan, and threw off six cars.

OCTOBER.—Thomas J. Peter, with a new construction company, begins, at Topeka, to build the Santa Fé road southwest.

NOVEMBER.—The Springfield (Mass.) Republican says:

"Prof. Agassiz is fairly seething with enthusiasm over his visit to Kansas. All Brazil was nothing to what he has seen of natural beauty and scientific revelations."

NOVEMBER 3.—Annual election.

VOTE FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

Counties.	A. H. Horton..	D. R. Anthony	I. S. Ketchum..	Levi T. Smith..	P. Z. Taylor..	Orin Thurston
Allen.....	693	691	690	290	191	202
Anderson.....	612	611	610	130	139	130
Atchison.....	1,297	1,295	1,295	934	934	934
Bourbon.....	1,443	1,441	1,442	486	486	486
Brown.....	691	689	690	178	178	178
Butler.....	135	135	135	93	93	93
Chase.....	243	243	243	71	71	71
Clay.....	175	175	175	21	21	21
Crawford.....	479	479	480	265	264	264
Coffey.....	637	637	636	261	261	261
Cloud.....	100	100	100	11	11	11
Davis.....	371	372	373	256	258	256
Dickinson.....	194	194	194	98	98	98
Doniphan.....	1,549	1,573	1,573	721	721	721
Douglas.....	2,434	2,427	2,418	699	699	699
Ellis.....	68	68	68	171	171	171
Ellsworth.....	159	161	161	135	138	135
Franklin.....	1,030	1,028	1,060	319	317	316
Greenwood.....	341	341	341	98	98	98
Jackson.....	553	553	553	313	313	313
Jefferson.....	1,268	1,268	1,266	724	724	724
Johnson.....	1,487	1,485	1,487	723	723	723
Labette.....	617	617	617	166	166	166
Leavenworth.....	2,671	2,623	2,664	2,330	2,315	2,315
Linn.....	1,310	1,310	1,310	415	416	416
Lyon.....	946	941	942	110	110	110
Marion.....	52	52	52	47	47	47
Marshall.....	514	514	514	228	228	228
Miami.....	1,250	1,248	1,243	557	557	557
Morris.....	155	154	155	172	171	171
Nemaha.....	591	591	590	272	272	272
Neosho.....	708	707	702	409	411	411
Osage.....	422	422	422	83	83	83
Ottawa.....	136	136	136			
Pottawatomie.....	613	613	613	300	300	299
Republic.....	62	62	62	3	3	3
Riley.....	587	587	586	130	129	130
Shawnee.....	1,351	1,348	1,345	450	450	450
Saline.....	348	345	345	117	116	114
Wabaussee.....	333	332	333	41	41	41
Washington.....	202	202	202	52	52	52
Wilson.....	368	368	368	192	192	192
Woodson.....	263	264	263	81	81	81
Wyandotte.....	569	568	568	628	628	628
Total.....	30,028	29,968	30,027	13,620	13,578	13,571

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS.

Counties.	GOVERNOR.		LIEUT. GOV.		SEC. OF STATE.		AUDITOR.	
	Jos. M. Harvey..	Geo. W. Gilch.....	Chas. V. Eskridge..	Marcell McCastin.	Thos. Mountglt.	W. Stanton Jr.....	Alois Thomam..	Codfish Schauble..
Allen.....	684	206	682	204	683	204	683	203
Anderson.....	609	134	606	134	613	131	613	131
Atchison.....	1,221	1,012	1,272	960	1,285	953	1,281	956
Bourbon.....	1,433	492	1,431	292	1,435	491	1,435	491
Brown.....	681	185	684	182	683	181	685	182
Butler.....	135	96	133	96	136	93	137	92
Chase.....	243	73	218	81	243	72	243	73
Clay.....	173	22	172	22	167	22	168	22

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS--CONCLUDED.

Counties.	GOVERNOR.		LIEUT. GOV.		SEC. OF STATE.		AUDITOR.	
	Jas. M. Hurrey...	Geo. W. Glick.....	Chas. F. Eschridge.	Murrell M. O'Quinn.	Thos. Moonlight.	W. Shannan J.....	Abis Thoman...	Charles Schuchle.
Crawford.....	478	267	475	267	473	266	412	333
Coffey.....	630	269	624	264	631	263	635	264
Cloud.....	100	11	100	11	100	10	100	11
Davis.....	374	253	366	260	366	261	369	258
Dickinson.....	196	97	196	97	194	98	194	98
Doniphan.....	1,547	743	1,555	734	1,562	715	1,563	733
Douglas.....	2,398	631	2,357	626	2,366	646	2,374	627
Ellis.....	49	135	40	140	48	135	49	134
Ellsworth.....	164	133	161	137	161	137	161	137
Franklin.....	1,065	320	1,043	320	1,068	278	1,066	320
Greenwood.....	340	102	334	101	342	100	344	101
Jackson.....	536	332	547	320	545	319	547	319
Jefferson.....	1,247	749	1,245	744	1,255	741	1,260	737
Johnson.....	1,480	735	1,480	732	1,478	732	1,482	732
Labette.....	615	168	613	168	.....	.....	.....	.....
Leavenworth.....	2,657	2,348	2,660	2,343	2,657	2,334	2,644	2,328
Linn.....	1,289	438	1,289	430	1,293	427	1,288	426
Lyon.....	937	115	891	114	939	110	937	112
Marion.....	52	47	52	47	52	47	52	47
Marshall.....	497	238	507	234	506	232	509	232
Miami.....	1,272	570	1,166	619	1,237	568	1,244	566
Morris.....	155	172	155	171	154	173	156	171
Nemaha.....	579	287	585	280	586	280	586	280
Neosho.....	706	410	706	411	708	403	707	410
Osage.....	421	83	412	83	417	83	421	83
Ottawa.....	180	5	178	6	177	6	179	6
Pottawatomie.....	597	315	595	315	599	313	599	312
Republic.....	63	3	63	.....	63	.....	63	.....
Riley.....	588	129	581	133	583	133	562	457
Shawnee.....	1,340	453	1,093	453	1,337	438	1,328	450
Saline.....	350	115	345	116	349	114	349	116
Wabaunsee.....	341	43	318	40	333	37	345	41
Washington.....	202	56	202	66	201	57	201	56
Wilson.....	340	184	341	185	343	185	343	185
Woodson.....	264	81	259	82	264	81	264	81
Wyandotte.....	567	624	566	629	568	629	571	627
Total.....	29,795	13,809	29,301	13,849	29,200	13,498	29,169	13,640

STATE OFFICERS, ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, AND MEMBER OF CONGRESS.

Counties.	TREASURER.		ATT'Y GEN'L.		SUP.PUB.INS.		ASSOC. JUS.		MEM. OF CON	
	George Graham.	A. M. Outrey	Addison Doyford.	Ross Burns.	Peter McVictor.	Archibald Booty...	Donald M. Valentine.	Wm. P. Wagstaff.	Stiberg Clarke..	Chas. W. Blunt...
Allen.....	683	204	683	204	687	204	681	204	662	214
Anderson.....	614	131	613	133	613	130	606	133	601	131
Atchison.....	1,278	956	1,279	956	1,281	956	1,279	905	1,269	965
Bourbon.....	1,435	491	1,435	487	1,434	491	1,435	491	1,417	507
Brown.....	685	182	684	180	686	181	685	181	687	181
Butler.....	137	92	133	96	137	92	137	92	138	98
Chase.....	243	73	139	76	243	73	240	76	240	75
Clay.....	172	22	171	22	163	22	172	22	172	9
Crawford.....	474	267	465	267	478	267	474	267	476	265
Coffey.....	634	264	635	264	632	266	634	264	624	270
Cloud.....	100	10	100	11	101	10	100	5	99	10
Davis.....	366	260	365	260	366	260	366	260	365	260
Dickinson.....	194	98	194	98	195	97	194	97	193	98
Doniphan.....	1,562	732	1,562	733	1,563	730	1,564	607	1,556	824
Douglas.....	2,404	625	2,406	625	2,388	634	2,399	704	2,191	671

STATE OFFICERS, ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, AND MEMBER OF CONGRESS—Contd.

Counties.	TREASURER.		ATT'Y GEN'L.		SUP. PUB'NS.		ASSOC. JUS.		MEM. OF CON.	
	George Graham.	A. McFarney	Addison Doyford.	Ross Burns.	Peter McVear.	Archibald Beatty.	Daniel M. Valentine.	Wm. R. Wagonstaff.	Sidney Clarke.	Chas. W. Blair.
Ellis.....	49	131	49	134	50	134	49	134	51	142
Ellsworth.....	161	137	160	138	161	135	162	137	162	137
Franklin.....	1,067	320	1,067	319	1,067	320	1,065	323	1,040	327
Greenwood.....	342	100	342	100	344	101	341	99	340	101
Jackson.....	550	320	546	323	551	319	544	319	543	321
Jefferson.....	1,261	731	1,260	739	1,258	736	1,269	739	1,244	738
Johnson.....	1,482	737	1,483	730	1,482	732	1,880	732	1,475	733
Labette.....									589	158
Leavenworth.....	2,672	2,339	2,676	2,323	2,665	2,327	2,662	2,329	2,618	2,352
Linn.....	1,300	425	1,291	429	1,296	420	1,291	454	1,291	426
Lyon.....	939	112	938	115	939	111	939	113	926	118
Marion.....	52	47	52	47	52	47	52	39	47	47
Marshall.....	508	233	509	213	502	232	510	232	508	231
Miami.....	1,254	566	1,253	566	1,257	567	1,193	611	1,230	572
Morris.....	155	171	155	172	156	171	155	170	149	173
Nemaha.....	587	271	587	278	586	280	587	280	584	282
Neosho.....	708	409	708	410	707	410	707	409	679	420
Osage.....	421	83	421	83	422	83	421	83	413	84
Ottawa.....	184	6	184	6	184	6	184	5	184	6
Pottawatomie.....	598	313	597	314	595	315	598	314	598	314
Republic.....	63		63		63		63		62	3
Riley.....	585	133	585	134	587	132	585	134	574	136
Shawnee.....	1,331	439	1,293	485	1,333	440	1,325	451	1,272	461
Saline.....	350	115	349	116	350	109	349	115	348	116
Wabauusee.....	345	40	333	53	346	41	344	41	340	42
Washington.....	201	57	201	57	201	67	201	57	202	54
Wilson.....	336	191	343	185	343	185	343	185	341	183
Woodson.....	262	83	264	81	262	82	265	80	264	81
Wyandotte.....	570	627	571	626	563	633	568	628	560	633
Total.....	29,338	13,544	29,247	13,588	29,289	13,547	29,209	13,500	29,324	13,969

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURT, IN THE FIRST, SECOND, THIRD, FOURTH, AND FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.

District.	Counties.	H. W. Ide.	F. A. Mord.	District.	Counties.	J. T. Morton.	S. Clarke.
First.....	Leavenworth.....	2,599	2,376	Third.....	Jefferson.....	1,261	.....
	Wyandotte.....	571	624		Shawnee.....	1,752	5
					Wabauusee.....	284	.....
	Total.....	3,170	3,000		Pottawatomie.....	910	.....
			Jackson.....	846	.....	
			Total.....	5,153	5		
District.	Counties.	N. Price.	A. G. Oils.	District.	Counties.	O. A. Russell.	James Christian.
Second.....	Atchison.....	1,009	1,218	Fourth.....	Douglas.....	2,137	826
	Brown.....	621	225		Franklin.....	1,038	341
	Doniphan.....	1,363	883		Johnson.....	1,409	793
	Washington.....	191	67		Total.....	4,584	1,960
	Republic.....	63	.....			
	Nemaha.....	533	327				
	Marshall.....	387	343				
Total.....	4,167	3,013					

VOTE FOR DISTRICT JUDGES — CONCLUDED.

District.	Counties.	J. H. Watson.	W. B. Parsons	R. M. Kuggles.	District.	Counties.	J. H. Watson.	W. B. Parsons	R. M. Kuggles.
Fifth.....	Lyon.....	808	93	.....	Fifth.....	Greenwood..	309	49	.....
	Osage.....	396	99	.....		Morris.....	149	.....	174
	Codley.....	496	379	.....		Total.....	2,158	620	174

VOTE FOR STATE SENATORS.

Dist...	Counties.	Names.	Votes.	Maj...	Dist..	Counties.	Names.	Votes.	Maj...
1	Doniphan...	E. J. Jenkins.....	1452	718	14	Bourbon ...	M. V. Voss.....	1423	1123
	Doniphan...	W. H. Smallwood	1518	764		Crawford...	M. V. Voss.....	448	
	Doniphan...	D. Vanderslice...	754			Cherokee.....	.....	.....
	Doniphan...	W. J. Stout.....	734			Bourbon ...	J. E. McKeighan	481	
2	Atchison.....	W. H. Grimes.....	1260	252		Crawford...	J. E. McKeighan	271	
	Atchison.....	S. J. H. Snyder....	1214	253		Cherokee.....	.....	.....
	Atchison.....	J. W. Forman.....	1018		15	Butler.....	J. R. Mead.....	128	135
	Atchison.....	Samuel Hipple....	961			Chase.....	J. R. Mead.....	216	
3	Leavenw'th	John McKee.....	2690	196		Marion.....	J. R. Mead.....	47	
	Leavenw'th	Wm. Larimer.....	2579	232		Morris.....	J. R. Mead.....	138	
	Leavenw'th	M. Smith.....	2542	271		Butler.....	Isaac Sharp.....	82	
	Leavenw'th	J. A. Halderman...	2494			Chase.....	Isaac Sharp.....	81	
	Leavenw'th	J. W. Morris.....	2347			Marion.....	Isaac Sharp.....	45	
	Leavenw'th	T. O'Gwartyney...	2271			Morris.....	Isaac Sharp.....	186	
4	Jefferson....	J. C. Bailey.....	1253	514	16	Allen.....	J. C. Carpenter..	686	1695
	Jefferson....	G. B. Carson.....	739			Labette.....	J. C. Carpenter..	653	
5	Brown.....	Albert G. Speer...	631	699		Neosho.....	J. C. Carpenter..	615	
	Nemaha.....	Albert G. Speer...	557			Wilson.....	J. C. Carpenter..	363	
	Brown.....	J. Martin.....	186			Woodson....	J. C. Carpenter..	265	
	Nemaha.....	J. Martin.....	303			Allen.....	F. M. Frost.....	197	
	Brown.....	Scattering.....	4			Neosho.....	F. M. Frost.....	449	
	Nemaha.....	Scattering.....	2			Wilson.....	F. M. Frost.....	161	
6	Jackson.....	O. J. Grover.....	549	452		Woodson....	F. M. Frost.....	80	
	Pottawat'ie.	O. J. Grover.....	556			Labette.....	C. F. Hutchings	9	
	Jackson.....	J. Richey.....	317		17	Anderson...	E. S. Nicolls....	307	334
	Pottawat'ie.	J. Richey.....	366			Franklin...	E. S. Nicolls....	897	
7	Cloud.....	A. A. Carnahan...	81	932		Anderson...	D. W. Houston...	391	
	Marshall....	A. A. Carnahan...	505			Franklin...	D. W. Houston...	479	
	Republic....	A. A. Carnahan...	58			Anderson...	Scattering.....	1	
	Riley.....	A. A. Carnahan...	555		18	Codley.....	M. M. Murdock..	641	1051
	Washington	A. A. Carnahan...	196			Osage.....	M. M. Murdock..	410	
	Cloud.....	A. Smith.....	20			Greenwood..	E. Tucker.....	326	1270
	Marshall....	A. Smith.....	232			Lyon.....	E. Tucker.....	945	
	Republic....	A. Smith.....	3			Greenwood..	Scattering.....	1	
	Riley.....	A. Smith.....	151		20	Clay.....	J. H. Prescott...	168	779
	Washington	A. Smith.....	57			Davis.....	J. H. Prescott...	332	
	Riley.....	B. F. Mudge.....	2			Dickinson..	J. H. Prescott...	177	
8	Shawnee....	W. H. Fitzpatrick	1087	479		Ellis.....	J. H. Prescott...	43	
	Shawnee....	John Martin.....	608			Ellsworth..	J. H. Prescott...	147	
9	Douglas.....	vi Woodard.....	2399	1756		Ottawa.....	J. H. Prescott...	174	
	Douglas.....	C. E. Learnard....	2355	1718		Saline.....	J. H. Prescott...	263	
	Douglas.....	S. K. Huson.....	643			Wabauensee	J. H. Prescott...	369	
	Douglas.....	W. M. Nace.....	637			Clay.....	R. E. Laurenson	15	
10	Johnson....	Abner Arrasmith	1445	688		Davis.....	R. E. Laurenson	296	
	Johnson....	D. G. Campbell...	757			Dickinson..	R. E. Laurenson	113	
11	Miami.....	H. H. Williams...	1217	642		Ellis.....	R. E. Laurenson	136	
	Miami.....	E. Darniello.....	575			Ellsworth..	R. E. Laurenson	141	
12	Wyandotte..	C. S. Glick.....	581	5		Ottawa.....	R. E. Laurenson	8	
	Wyandotte..	S. A. Cobb.....	576			Saline.....	R. E. Laurenson	166	
13	Linn.....	J. F. Broadhead..	1270	838		Wabauensee	R. E. Laurenson	19	
	Linn.....	R. S. Kelso jr....	432			Scattering..	.....	1	
	Linn.....	Scattering.....	1						

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

District.....	Counties.	Names.	Votes.....	Majority.....	Vote of District.	Vote of County.
1	Doniphan.....	J. S. Martin.....	430	245		
		T. J. Vanderslice.....	185		615	
2	.....	G. W. Wood.....	280	118		
		Charles Ladwick.....	162		442	
3	.....	A. J. Mowry.....	214	30		
		M. Bryant.....	184		398	
4	.....	H. C. Hawkins.....	202	22		
		Joseph Randolph.....	180			
		David Lee.....	80		462	
5	.....	David Whitaker.....	175	17		
		L. A. Hoffman.....	158		333	2,250
6	Atchison.....	Oliver Davis.....	309	41		
		J. S. Galbraith.....	268		557	
7	Atchison (concluded).....	A. J. Evans.....	276	110		
		H. Myer.....	166		442	
8	.....	G. W. Thompson.....	258	39		
		S. Hollister.....	219		477	
9	.....	Joseph Logan.....	280	154		
		J. Kirkpatrick.....	126		406	
10	.....	W. M. Hamm.....	188	82		
		W. Martin.....	106		294	2,190
11	Brown.....	M. B. Bowers.....	428	298		
		S. Smouse.....	130			
		Scattering.....	1		559	
12	.....	George E. Irwin.....	130	11		
		J. S. Tyler.....	119		291	850
		John Meredith.....	42			
13	Nemaha.....	Samuel Lappin.....	291	161		
		J. P. Koelzer.....	130			
		Scattering.....	1		422	
14	.....	Daniel Hephrey.....	241	58		
		W. S. Mathews.....	183		424	846
15	Marshall.....	William Smith.....	444	160		
		Thomas Wells.....	284		728	728
16	Washington.....	Rufus Darby.....	179	113		
		W. Lovering.....	66		245	245
17	Pottawatomie.....	P. Y. Baker.....	546	218		
		J. W. Weiler.....	328		874	874
18	Jackson.....	J. L. Williams.....	319	101		
		J. B. McComas.....	218		537	
19	.....	N. J. Allen.....	184	61		
		G. W. Miller.....	123		307	844
19	Jefferson.....	J. B. Johnson.....	405	233		
		A. J. Miller.....	172		577	
20	.....	William Crosby.....	250	90		
		W. C. Butts.....	160		410	
21	.....	F. Gilluly.....	560	165		
		H. S. Walsh.....	395		955	1,942
22	Leavenworth.....	P. H. Tiernan.....	353	38		
		H. P. Scott.....	315		668	
23	.....	Josiah Kellogg.....	379	67		
		G. F. Prescott.....	312		691	
24	.....	M. S. Adams.....	538	210		
		J. McCarthy.....	322		860	
25	.....	R. V. Flora.....	483	180		
		C. Currier.....	303		786	
26	.....	R. N. Palmer.....	209	69		
		George B. Coffin.....	140		349	
27	.....	N. Humber.....	126	25		
		A. G. Chase.....	101		227	
28	.....	T. McIntosh.....	301	73		
		David Smith.....	228		529	
29	.....	Joseph Howell.....	239	44		
		J. L. Wallace.....	195		434	
30	.....	James I. Larimer.....	225	16		
		J. D. Reynerson.....	179		404	4,948
31	Wyandotte.....	H. W. Cook.....	250	71		
		D. Ryers.....	179		429	
80	.....	Thomas Feeney.....	426	114		
		D. B. Hadley.....	312		742	1,171
		Scattering.....	4			

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—CONTINUED.

<i>District</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Votes</i>	<i>Majority</i> ..	<i>Vote of District</i> ..	<i>Vote of County</i> ..
32	Johnson.....	R. E. Stephenson.....	641	358		
		J. P. Robinson.....	283		724	
33		D. P. Johnson.....	495	164		
		J. Watts.....	331		826	
34		J. T. Rankin.....	290	134		
		J. M. Willis.....	156		446	1,996
35	Douglas.....	James Blood.....	867	590		
		E. B. Chadwick.....	277		1,114	
36		Joel Grover.....	265	207		
		J. J. McGhee.....	58		369	
		N. Cameron.....	46			
37		Amos Walton.....	188	17		
		H. E. Cowgill.....	171		403	
		G. W. Wood.....	44			
38		A. Brundage.....	365	326		
		J. Deskins.....	39		404	
39		J. L. Jones.....	165	40		
		W. Pennington.....	125		270	
40		L. D. Bailey.....	236	165		
		H. Webber.....	71		307	2,663
41	Shawnee.....	J. Guthrie.....	854	510		
		George L. Young.....	344		1,198	
42		Perry Tice.....	345	201		
		E. Carriger.....	142		487	1,635
43	Miami.....	S. Hymer.....	327	156		
		W. H. Willhoit.....	171		498	
44		T. J. Taylor.....	536	164		
		P. G. Parker.....	372		908	
45		Reuben Smith.....	333	291		
		L. D. Williams.....	42		375	1,781
46	Linn.....	A. G. Seaman.....	223	205		
		G. Hart.....	18		241	
47		J. H. Madden.....	225	74		
		J. Chitwood.....	151		376	
48		S. R. Hungerford.....	486	303		
		R. S. Kelso.....	183		669	
49		J. D. Snoddy.....	258	145		
		H. P. Clay.....	113		371	1,657
50	Bourbon.....	D. D. Roberts.....	248	204		
		E. G. Morrell.....	44		295	
		Scattering.....	3		350	
51		L. Roberts.....	263	176		
		J. B. Groesbeek.....	87		473	
52		J. B. Moore.....	407	341		
		E. Williams.....	66		771	1,880
53		W. Simpson.....	460	149		
		E. M. Hulett.....	311		617	
54	Allen.....	J. Q. Porter.....	267	63		
		M. Neal.....	204		189	
		W. S. Newbury.....	146		254	871
55		G. B. Inge.....	221	189		
		A. Allen.....	32		426	
		Scattering.....	1		275	701
56	Anderson.....	John Butterbaugh.....	251	77		
		E. P. Gillpatrick.....	174		538	
		Scattering.....	1		824	1,362
57		Charles Gregg.....	275	275		
58	Franklin.....	J. McClenahan.....	400	262		
		G. W. Ashby.....	138		454	454
59		T. C. Bowles.....	646	468		
		A. W. Adams.....	178		440	
60	Osage.....	M. B. Hupp.....	277	184		
		J. Law.....	93		119	
		G. B. Jackson.....	84		440	
61	Coffey.....	J. A. McGinnes.....	298	156		
		W. J. Sanders.....	142		440	
62		E. E. Coffin.....	279	119		
		W. Crandall.....	160		447	887
		Scattering.....	8			

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—CONCLUDED.

District	Counties.	Names.	Votes	Majority	Vote of District	Vote of County
63	Woodson	B. F. Johnson	264	186		
		Peter Yohon	78		342	342
64	Lyon	J. Stotler	484	483		
		Scattering	1		485	
65		J. M. Hunter	141	26		
		S. G. Britton	115			
		R. Best	75		331	
66		C. Drake	193	193	193	1,009
67	Butler	T. R. Wilson	134	48		
		W. C. Black	86		220	220
68	Chase	E. B. Crocker	223	139		
		A. Miller	84		307	307
69	Morris	H. W. McNay	162	1		
		M. Conn	161		323	323
70	Wabaunsee	S. R. Weed	262	139		
		W. Mitchell	123			
		Scattering	2		387	387
71	Davis	A. C. Pierce	361	105		
		J. H. Brown	256		617	617
72	Riley	Ed. Secrest	584	451		
		J. T. Pritner	133		717	717
73	Dickinson	Cyrus Kilgore	188	86		
		E. Barber	102		290	290
74	Saline	J. Maltby	198	60		
		J. Hamberger	138			
		T. Anderson	116		452	452
75	Greenwood	W. F. Osborn	306	181		
		B. F. Humphrey	125			
		Scattering	1		432	432
76	Marion	A. E. Case	56	13		
		R. Riggs	43		99	99
77	Wilson	W. F. Travis	315	122		
		R. M. Nelson	193		508	508
78	Neosho	Thomas H. Butler	629	176		
		S. L. Coulter	453		1,082	1,082
81	Ottawa	Wallace W. Lambert	96	4		
		James Gable	92		188	188
82	Clay	M. H. Ristine	98	3		
		J. B. McLaughlin	95		193	193
84	Cloud	J. N. Dalrymple	93	93	93	93
85	Labette	D. D. McGeath	567	361		
		W. C. Watkins	206		773	773
86	Crawford	James Wamsley	467	202		
		John Hamilton	265		732	732
87	Ellis	J. F. Wright	138	100		
		U. E. Thurmond	38			
		Scattering	8		184	184
88	Ellsworth	Z. Jackson	185	74		
		J. E. New	111			
		J. Miller	1		297	297
90	Republic	R. P. West	37	9		
		M. Schooley	28		65	65

VOTE CAST FOR AMENDMENT TO SECTION 1, ARTICLE 15, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF KANSAS.

Counties.	For.	Against.	Counties.	For.	Against.
Allen	448	31	Clay	139	4
Anderson	130	207	Crawford		
Atchison	431	17	Cherokee		
Bourbon	54	1,128	Colley	549	297
Brown	431	158	Cloud		
Butler	36	10	Davis		
Chase			Dickinson	258	9

VOTE CAST FOR AMENDMENT TO CONSTITUTION—CONCLUDED.

Counties.	For.	Against.	Counties.	For.	Against.
Doniphan.....			Nemaha.....	657	144
Douglas.....	943	590	Neosho.....	262	361
Ellis.....			Osage.....	141	155
Ellsworth.....	172	7	Ottawa.....		
Franklin.....	273	278	Pottawatomie.....	700	73
Greenwood.....	196	33	Republic.....		
Jackson.....	238	242	Riley.....	236	323
Jefferson.....	793	144	Shawnee.....	1,421	161
Johnson.....	1,677	254	Saline.....	158	101
Labette.....	260	33	Wabaunsee.....	345	37
Leavenworth.....	393	262	Wallace.....		
Linn.....	1,246	41	Washington.....	165	6
Lyon.....	81	3	Wilson.....		
Marion.....	36	1	Woodson.....	264	33
Marshall.....			Wyandotte.....	250	177
Miami.....					
Morris.....	88	55	Total.....	13,471	5,415

NOVEMBER 4.—Gov. S. J. Crawford resigns, to take command of the Nineteenth Regiment. Lieutenant Governor Green takes the oath as Governor. The regiment left camp, at Topeka, on the 5th.

Nehemiah Green was born in Hardin county, Ohio, March 8, 1837. Came to Kansas in 1855, and stayed two years. Returned to Kansas in 1865.

NOVEMBER.—The Directors of the Neosho Valley R. R. make a contract, in New York, with the Land Grant Railway & Trust Co., to build the road. Levi Parsons and Geo. Denison are members of the Trust Co.

NOVEMBER 15.—Gen. Sheridan makes a report to Gen. Sherman, in which a complete history is given of the Indian campaign in Kansas. He demands that the War Department "have sole and entire charge of the Indians."

"It is the interest of the Nation and humanity to put an end to this inhuman farce. The Peace Commission, and the Indian Department, and the Military, and the Indians, make a 'balky team.' The public treasury is depleted, and innocent people murdered, in the quadrangular management, in which the public treasury and the unarmed settlers are the greatest sufferers."

NOVEMBER 19.—Lincoln College, Topeka, takes the name of Washburn, from its benefactor, Ichabod Washburn, of Worcester, Mass.

NOVEMBER 27.—Gen. Custer defeats the Cheyennes in a battle on the Washita river, near the Antelope Hills, Indian Territory.

NOVEMBER 30.—Expenditures of the State for the year:

Governor's Department.....	\$5,518 73	Insane Asylum.....	\$30,952 13
Secretary's Department.....	6,631 07	Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	10,300 00
Auditor's Department.....	3,321 45	Blind Asylum.....	14,222 11
Treasurer's Department.....	5,050 07	Agricultural College.....	8,275 00
Attorney General.....	1,250 00	Agricultural Society.....	3,500 00
Supt. of Public Instruction.....	2,100 00	State University.....	6,966 00
Adjutant General.....	5,085 25	Normal School.....	5,186 00
Judiciary.....	20,350 00	Transcribing Journals.....	1,286 00
Printing.....	35,251 10	Military expenses.....	1,140 27
Capitol building and grounds*.....	141,333 39	Miscellaneous expenses.....	1,455 80
Legislative expenses.....	31,068 00		
Penitentiary †.....	116,906 72	Total for 1868.....	\$457,149 09

* \$150,000 in bonds issued for Capitol; proceeds in above, \$137,180.69.

† \$50,000 in bonds issued for Penitentiary; proceeds in above, \$45,588.35.

NOVEMBER 30.—First Annual Report of the Trustees of the Blind Asylum. The Trustees are F. P. Baker, Wm. Larimer, and Frederick Speck.

NOVEMBER 30.—Report of the officers of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum. The Board of Trustees consists of: A. S. Johnson, President, Mission, Johnson county; Frank E. Henderson, Secretary, Olathe; G. H. Lawrence, Treasurer, Olathe; J. K. Goodin, Baldwin City; D. L. Lakin, Topeka.

NOVEMBER 30.—Superintendent McVicar, in his Report, says he has brought suit to test the constitutionality of the law giving 500,000 acres of land to railroads; that of the 800,000 acres of Cherokee Neutral Lands, "not a single acre is reserved for the benefit of common schools;" and that no reservation was made in the Osage Treaty for the benefit of schools. He says:

The following is a summary of the amount of school lands lost to the State by Indian Reservations and Trust Lands within the limits of Kansas:

School lands on the 16th and 36th sections of Indian Reservations—	
In Topeka U. S. Land District.....	159,269.44
In Cherokee Neutral Tract.....	53,000
In Neosho and Labette counties.....	55,000
In Osage Reserve, Trust Lands.....	500,000
Total acres.....	767,269.44

DECEMBER 1.—Perry Fuller is Collector of the Port, at New Orleans.

—Judge A. H. Horton, Presidential Elector, carries the vote to Washington.

DECEMBER 2.—A building at Salina robbed of forty-three stand of Spencer arms and several thousand rounds of ammunition, owned by the State.

DECEMBER 4.—State officers accept ten miles of the St. Joseph & Denver R. R. Geo. W. Veale, State Agent, sells 104,632 acres to Dudley M. Steele, at \$1.25 per acre—being the remainder unsold of the 125,000 acres given to the road. The railroad company draw the money (\$130,790) from the State Treasurer.

DECEMBER 8.—The Catholic Cathedral, at Leavenworth, dedicated.

—F. P. Baker enlarges the Topeka Daily Record.

DECEMBER 13.—The Fort Scott road is completed twenty-three miles. State officers visit and accept it, and it is now entitled to 125,000 acres of State land.

DECEMBER 15.—James Hanway, Daniel Underhill, and S. L. Adair, Trustees, make the Fourth Annual Report of the Insane Asylum, at Osawatimie. The new building is now occupied. W. W. Updegraff is the Steward.

DECEMBER 24.—The Indians make an entire surrender to Gen. Phil. Sheridan.

DECEMBER 30.—The following is copied from the Report of J. B. McAfee, Adjutant General:

"The killed, as far as can be ascertained, on the border and on the Plains, within the limits of this State, during the year, number from eighty to one hundred persons.

"Claims of the State of Kansas against the United States Government :

Military bonds of 1864.....	\$100,000 00
Military bonds of 1866.....	40,000 00
Military bonds of 1868.....	30,000 00
Balance due from 1861 and 1862.....	2,990 22
Interest on above, about.....	40,000 00
Miscellaneous claims, about.....	12,000 00
Price Raid claims.....	490,000 00
Military claims of 1868, about.....	100,000 00

Whole amount..... \$814,990 22

"The great famine in Sweden has been causing tens of thousands to immigrate to this country ; a great portion of them might, with proper effort, be secured to this State. Large purchases have already been made in Republic, Jewell, Cloud, Mitchell, Ottawa, Lincoln, Saline, and McPherson counties. Those having already settled in Republic county are very apprehensive of Indian troubles, and one raid might break up entirely the settlement and deter the others from coming to it."

NINETEENTH REGIMENT KANSAS VOLUNTEERS — CAVALRY.

<i>Name and Rank.</i>	<i>Date of Muster.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
COLONEL.		
Samuel J. Crawford.....	Nov. 4, 1868	Resigned ; resignation accepted, Feb. 12, 1869.
Horace L. Moore.....	Mar. 23, 1869	Mustered out, April 18, 1869.
LIEUT. COLONEL.		
Horace L. Moore.....	Oct. 30, 1868	Promoted Colonel ; date of com., Mar. 8, 1869.
William C. Jones.....	Mar. 23, 1869	Mustered out, April 18, 1869.
MAJOR.		
William C. Jones.....	Oct. 26, 1868	Promoted Lt. Col. ; date of com., Mar. 8, 1869.
Charles Dimon.....	Oct. 30, 1868	Mustered out, April 18, 1869.
Richard W. Jenkins.....	Nov. 4, 1868	Mustered out, April 18, 1869.
Milton Stewart.....	Mar. 23, 1869	Mustered out, April 18, 1869.
SURGEON.		
Mahlon Bailey.....	Oct. 16, 1868	Mustered out, April 18, 1869.
ASSISTANT SURGEON.		
Ezra P. Russell.....	Oct. 20, 1868	Mustered out, April 18, 1869.
Robert Aikman.....	Nov. 11, 1868	Mustered out, April 18, 1869.
ADJUTANT.		
James M. Steele.....	Oct. 20, 1868	Mustered out, April 18, 1869.
QUARTERMASTER.		
Luther A. Thrasher.....	Oct. 17, 1868	Mustered out, April 18, 1869.
COMMISSARY.		
John Johnston.....	Oct. 20, 1868	Mustered out, April 18, 1869.

1869.

JANUARY.—Sheridan's Indian campaign is described at length in a book called: "Sheridan's Troopers on the Borders: A Winter Campaign on the Plains, by DeB. Randolph Keim. With numerous engravings. Philadelphia: Claxton, Remsen & Haffelinger." pp. 308. It is a well-written and handsomely printed book. It begins with the writer's arrival in Leavenworth, in the summer of 1868, and ends with the completion of Sheridan's campaign against the Indians, in March, 1869. Forsyth's fight at Arrickaree Fork, September 17, 1868, the massacres on the Saline and the Solomon, the battle of Washita, and many other interesting events, are narrated.

—During the past year, Baker University has had 181 students, Washburn College 57. Episcopal Female Seminary 90.

JANUARY 1.—Ward Burlingame, who was the Private Secretary of Govs. Carney and Crawford, receives the appointment from Gov. Harvey.

JANUARY 12.—Meeting of the Legislature.

STATE OFFICERS.

Names.	Residence.	County.	Where Born.	Age	Vocation.
J. M. Harvey, Governor.	Fort Riley.....	Riley.....	Virginia.....	35	Farmer.
C. V. Eskridge, Lt. Gov...	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Virginia.....	37	Mercha't.
T. Moonlight, Sec. of State	Leavenworth,	Leavenworth,	Scotland.....	35	—
A. Danford, Att'y Gen....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.....	New Hamp....	39	Attorney.
P. McVicar, Sp't Pub. Inst.	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	New Brunsw..	39	Minister.
Geo. Graham, Treasurer..	Seneca.....	Senamah.....	New York....	49	Mercha't.
A. Thoman, Aud. of State	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Switzerland..	39	Farmer.

JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

Names.	Residence.	County.	Where Born.	Age	Vocation.
S. A. Kingman, Chief Justice.	Atchison....	Atchison....	Massachusetts.	51	Attorney.
J. Safford, Associate Justice.	Topeka.....	Shawnee....	Vermont.....	41	Lawyer.
D. M. Valentine, Asso. Justice	Ottawa.....	Franklin....	Ohio.....	38	Lawyer.

JUDGES OF DISTRICT COURTS.

Names.	Districts.	P. O. Address.	County.
H. W. Ide.....	First.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Nathan Price.....	Second.....	Troy.....	Doniphan.
John T. Morton.....	Third.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Owen A. Bassett.....	Fourth.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
J. H. Watson.....	Fifth.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
D. P. Lowe.....	Sixth.....	Mound City.....	Linn.
John R. Goodin.....	Seventh.....	Humboldt.....	Allen.
James Humphrey.....	Eighth.....	Manhattan.....	Riley.
William R. Brown.....	Ninth.....	Cottonwood Falls	Chase.
John T. Burris.....	Tenth.....	Olathe.....	Johnson.

—Barzillai Gray, Judge Criminal Court, Leavenworth county.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

Names.	P. O. Address.	County.	Where Born.	Age	Vocation.
Eskridge, C. V., President..	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Virginia.....	37	Merchant.
Arrasmith, Abner.....	Olathe.....	Johnson.....	Kentucky..	56	Farmer.
Bailey, J. C.....	Perryville.....	Jefferson.....	Penn.....	34	Merchant.
Broadhead, J. F.....	Mound City.....	Linn.....	New York..	38	Lawyer.
Carnahan, A. A.....	Clyde.....	Cloud.....	Ohio.....	30	Attorney.
Carpenter, John C.....	Erie.....	Neosho.....	Penn.....	30	Attorney.
Cobb, Stephen A.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.....	Minnesota,	35	Attorney.
Fitzpatrick, W. H.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Kentucky..	47	Farmer.
Grimes, W. H.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Maryland..	65	Physician.
Grover, O. J.....	Savannah.....	Pottawato'ie,	New York..	41	Farmer.
Jenkins, E. J.....	Troy.....	Doniphan.....	Ohio.....	35	Lawyer.
Larimer, William.....	Delaware Tp..	Leavenworth	Penn.....	59	Farmer.
Learnard, O. E.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Vermont...	36	Farmer.
Mead, James R.....	Towanda.....	Butler.....	Vermont...	51	Farmer.
Murdock, M. M.....	Burlingame.....	Osage.....	Virginia....	31	Editor.
McKee, John.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth	Missouri....	41	Civil eng'r.
Nicolls, E. S.....	Garnett.....	Anderson.....	Penn.....	39	Farmer.
Prescott, J. H.....	Salina.....	Saline.....	New Hamp	38	Attorney.
Schmidt, Martin.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth	Germany....	35	—
Smallwood, W. H.....	Wathena.....	Doniphan.....	Kentucky..	27	Farmer.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE SENATE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Where Born.</i>	<i>Age</i>	<i>Vocation.</i>
Snyder, S. J. H.....	Monrovia.....	Atchison	Maryland...	56	Farmer.
Speer, A. G.....	Hiawatha.....	Brown	Ohio.....	33	Farmer.
Tucker, Edwin.....	Eureka	Greenwood...	Vermont ..	32	Farmer.
Voss, M. V.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon	Ohio.....	30	Attorney.
Williams, H. H.....	Oswatimie.....	Miami	New York..	40	Merchant.
Woodard, Levi.....	Eudora.....	Douglas	Indiana....	38	Farmer.
Geo. C. Crowther, Sec'y.....	Irwin.....	Marshall	Conn.....	21	Editor.
J. D. Gilchrist, Ass't Sec'y..	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.....	New Hamp	28	Attorney.
D. M. Bronson, Jour'l CPk..	El Dorado.....	Butler.....	New York..	31	Attorney.
L. M. Benedict, Dock't CPk.	Vienna.....	Pottawato'ie,	New York..	38	Farmer.
H. H. Carr, Engross'g CPk.	Eudora.....	Douglas.....	Ohio.....	34	Attorney.
N. Merchant, Ser't-at-Ar's.	Prairie City.....	Franklin.....	New York..	38	Farmer.
Geo. W. Weed, Doorkeeper	Pardee	Atchison	New York..	33	Farmer.
A. A. House, Ass't Doorke'r,	Junction City..	Davis.....	Ohio.....	18	Student.
Edwin C. Eldridge, Page....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Ohio.....	16	Student.
Wm. H. Fletcher, Page.....	Erie.....	Neosho.....	Indiana....	15	Student.
Wm. R. Griffith, Page.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Ohio.....	—	Student.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Where born.</i>	<i>Age</i>	<i>Vocation.</i>
Adams, M. S., Speaker.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth	New Hamp	42	Lawyer.
Allen, N. J.....	North Cedar....	Jackson.....	Penn.....	27	Farmer.
Bailey, L. D.....	Clinton.....	Douglas	New Hamp	49	Farmer.
Baker, P. Y.....	Westmoreland,	Pottawato'ie,	Illinois....	26	Farmer.
Blood, James.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Wisconsin,	48	Farmer.
Bowers, M. B.....	White Cloud....	Brown	Penn.....	38	Farmer.
Bowles, T. C.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin	Ohio.....	40	Lawyer.
Brundage, A.....	Prairie City.....	Douglas.....	Penn.....	68	Farmer.
Butterbaugh, J.....	Garnett.....	Anderson.....	Maryland..	26	Farmer.
Butler, T. H.....	Erie.....	Neosho.....	Ohio.....	45	Farmer.
Case, Alexander E.....	Marion Center,	Marion	Penn.....	—	—
Coffin, E. E.....	Le Roy.....	Cotley.....	Indiana....	30	Cattle d'lr.
Cook, H. W.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte...	Ohio.....	36	Lawyer.
Crocker, E. B.....	Bazaar.....	Chase	Michigan...	30	Farmer.
Crosby, William.....	Grass'per Falls,	Jefferson	Maine.....	36	Merchant.
Dalrymple, J. N.....	Clyde.....	Cloud.....	Ohio.....	31	Farmer.
Darby, Rufus.....	Washington.....	Washington..	Ohio.....	52	Farmer.
Davis, Oliver.....	Atchison.....	Atchison	Mass.....	33	—
Drake, C.....	Americus.....	Lyon.....	Ohio.....	32	Farmer.
Evans, A. J.....	Atchison.....	Atchison	Ohio.....	40	Farmer.
Feeney, T.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte...	Ireland.....	32	Farmer.
Flora, R. V.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth	Virginia....	55	Bricklayer.
Gilluly, Francis.....	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.....	Mass.....	51	Farmer.
Gregg, Charles.....	Mineral Point..	Anderson.....	New York..	41	Farmer.
Grover, Joel.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	New Jersey	44	Farmer.
Guthrie, John.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Indiana....	39	Attorney.
Hamm, W. M.....	Muscotah.....	Atchison	Kentucky ..	34	Farmer.
Hawkins, H. C.....	Troy.....	Doniphan	New York..	38	Attorney.
Helphrey, D.....	America.....	Nemaha.....	Ohio.....	37	Farmer.
Howell, Joseph.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth	New Jersey	35	Farmer.
Humber, N.....	Easton.....	Leavenworth	Kentucky ..	53	Farmer.
Hungerford, S. R.....	Blooming Gr'Ve	Linn	Vermont ..	38	Miller.
Hunter, J. M.....	Forest Hill.....	Lyon.....	Penn.....	31	Farmer.
Hupp, M. B.....	Ridgeway.....	Osage.....	Ohio.....	33	Farmer.
Hymer, Samuel.....	Rockville.....	Miami.....	Indiana....	39	Farmer.
Inge, J. B.....	Geneva.....	Allen.....	Virginia....	43	Farmer.
Irwin, G. E.....	Hamlin.....	Brown.....	Kentucky ..	30	Physician.
Jackson, Z.....	Fort Harker....	Ellsworth	Penn.....	42	Merchant.
Jones, J. L.....	Lecompton.....	Douglas.....	Mass.....	38	Farmer.
Johnson, J. B.....	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.....	Illinois....	26	Lawyer.
Johnson, D. B.....	Shawnee.....	Johnson.....	Ohio.....	28	Farmer.
Johnson, B. F.....	Neosho Falls..	Woodson.....	Virginia....	28	Carpenter.
Kellogg, Josiah.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth	New York..	32	Lawyer.
Kilgore, Cyrus.....	Abilene.....	Dickinson....	Penn.....	55	Lawyer.
Lambert, W. W.....	Lindsey.....	Ottawa.....	New York..	34	Farmer.
Lappin, Samuel.....	Seneca.....	Nemaha.....	Ohio.....	38	Farmer.
Larimer, J. L.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth	Penn.....	49	Farmer.
Logan, Joseph.....	Monrovia.....	Atchison	Indiana....	35	Farmer.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Where Born.</i>	<i>Age</i>	<i>Vocation.</i>
Madden, J. H.....	Mound City.....	Linn.....	Illinois.....	27	Farmer.
Maltby, Joel.....	Salina.....	Saline.....	Conn.....	55	Farmer.
Martin, J. S.....	Highland.....	Doniphan.....	Ohio.....	38	Physician.
Moore, J. B.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.....	Illinois.....	35	Farmer.
Mowry, A. J.....	Wathena.....	Doniphan.....	New York.....	36	Farmer.
McClenahan, John.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.....	Ohio.....	35	Farmer.
McDowell, C. C.....	Wirtonia.....	Cherokee.....	Virginia.....	48	Physician.
McGinnis, J. A.....	Hartford.....	Coffey.....	Indiana.....	32	Farmer.
McIntosh, T.....	Tonganoxie.....	Leavenworth.....	—.....	—	—
McNay, H. W.....	Council Grove.....	Morris.....	Ohio.....	43	Saddler.
Osborn, W. F.....	Virgil.....	Greenwood.....	Indiana.....	41	Farmer.
Palmer, R. E.....	Kickapoo.....	Leavenworth.....	Virginia.....	24	Farmer.
Pierce, A. C.....	Junction City.....	Davis.....	New York.....	33	Lawyer.
Porter, J. Q.....	Humboldt.....	Allen.....	Indiana.....	—	Lawyer.
Rankin, J. T.....	Spring Hill.....	Johnson.....	Tennessee.....	46	Merchant.
Ristine, M. H.....	Clay Centre.....	Clay.....	Indiana.....	50	Carpenter.
Roberts, D. D.....	Fort Lincoln.....	Bourbon.....	Indiana.....	31	Farmer.
Roberts, L.....	Dayton.....	Bourbon.....	New York.....	60	Farmer.
Seaman, A. G.....	Jackson.....	Linn.....	New York.....	34	Farmer.
Secrest, E.....	Randolph.....	Riley.....	Switzerl'd.....	36	Farmer.
Simpson, William.....	—.....	Crawford.....	Illinois.....	31	Farmer.
Smith, W. H.....	Barrett.....	Marshall.....	Penn.....	26	Farmer.
Smith, R.....	Osawatimie.....	Miami.....	England.....	36	Farmer.
Snoddy, J. D.....	Mound City.....	Linn.....	Penn.....	30	Attorney.
Stevenson, R. E.....	Olathe.....	Johnson.....	Illinois.....	29	Farmer.
Stotler, Jacob.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Maryland.....	35	Printer.
Taylor, T. J.....	Paola.....	Miami.....	Virginia.....	67	Minister.
Tice, Perry.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Penn.....	47	Farmer.
Tiernan, P. H.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.....	Missouri.....	27	Printer.
Thompson, G. W.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Kentucky.....	41	Farmer.
Travis, W. F.....	Coyville.....	Wilson.....	Ohio.....	38	Farmer.
Uhler, William.....	Fort Wallace.....	Wallace.....	Penn.....	41	Wheelght.
Wamsley, James.....	Crawfordsville.....	Crawford.....	Ohio.....	—	Blacks'ith.
Walton, Amos.....	Vinland.....	Douglas.....	Penn.....	30	Farmer.
Weed, S. R.....	Alma.....	Wabaunsee.....	Penn.....	36	Clerk.
West, R. P.....	Salt Marsh.....	Republic.....	Indiana.....	38	Minister.
Whitaker, David.....	Doniphan.....	Doniphan.....	Penn.....	—	Farmer.
Williams, J. L.....	Holton.....	Jackson.....	Ohio.....	48	Physician.
Wilson, T. R.....	El Dorado.....	Butler.....	Penn.....	38	Farmer.
Wood, G. R.....	Troy.....	Doniphan.....	Missouri.....	27	Farmer.
Wright, J. F.....	Hays City.....	Ellis.....	New York.....	—	Merchant.
H. C. Olney, Chief Clerk.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	New York.....	27	Editor.
J. C. Pratt, Ass't Clerk.....	Madison, Wis.....	Potter.....	Penn.....	24	Surveyor.
J. H. Mayhan, Jour. Clerk.....	Abilene.....	Dickinson.....	Ohio.....	30	Lawyer.
W. H. Cox, Ass't Jour. C'k.....	Abilene.....	Dickinson.....	Kentucky.....	27	Dentist.
M. R. Moore, Docket Clerk.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Indiana.....	22	Clerk.
Miss H. R. Henry, Enr. C'k.....	Holton.....	Jackson.....	Illinois.....	24	Teacher.
Joshua Mitchell, Engr. C'k.....	Centralia.....	Nemaha.....	Maine.....	27	Farmer.
G. A. Schreiner, Serg.-at-A.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.....	Germany.....	37	Pilot.
John Drew, Ass't S.-at-A.....	Burlingame.....	Osage.....	England.....	62	Farmer.
Adam H. Beck, Doorkeep'r.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.....	Ohio.....	26	Silvers'ith.
C. S. Norton, Ass't Doorck.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	New York.....	18	Printer.
Francis J. Rice, Page.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Indiana.....	15	Student.
Willie H. Davis, Page.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Indiana.....	12	Student.
Willie H. Weymouth, Page.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Kansas.....	13	Carpenter.
Harry Finity, Page.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Illinois.....	17	—

JANUARY 13.—Election of the following officers of the State Agricultural Society, at Topeka: President. R. G. Elliott, of Douglas; Secretary. H. J. Strickler, of Shawnee; Treasurer, C. B. Lines, of Wabaunsee; Superintendent, Alfred Gray. *Executive Committee:* M. J. Alkire of Shawnee, James Larimer of Leavenworth, J. W. Sponable of Johnson, Josiah Miller of Douglas, A. B. Whiting of Riley, J. N. Insley of Jefferson, Alfred Gray of Wyandotte, S. T. Kelsey of Franklin, J. W. Scott of Allen. Fair held at Lawrence.

JANUARY 19.—Election of State Printer:

First ballot: S. S. Prouty 23, S. D. Macdonald 6, Sol. Miller 13, W. S. Burke 7, John A. Martin 5, Jacob Stotler 12, George C. Crowther 4, John Speer 12, George W. Martin 7, George F. Prescott 5, R. B. Taylor 3.

Second ballot: Prouty 38, Macdonald 21, Miller 20, Speer 18, Prescott 5, Taylor 3, Stotler 1.

Third ballot: Prouty 42, Macdonald 22, Speer 22, Miller 19, Prescott 2.

Fourth ballot: Prouty 69, Macdonald 19, Speer 16, Miller 4.

JANUARY 20.—State Convention of colored people, at Topeka. They ask the Legislature to memorialize Congress to provide for negro suffrage. William D. Matthews, of Leavenworth, was made chairman of a State Committee.

JANUARY 20.—The seat of Charles S. Glick, Senator from Wyandotte county, is given to S. A. Cobb, contestant.

FEBRUARY 4.—Woman Suffrage Convention, at Topeka. President, Mrs. E. Bliss; Vice Presidents, Rev. W. A. Starrett and Rev. D. H. Johnston; Secretaries, Mrs. D. Ogden and A. L. Winans.

FEBRUARY 6.—R. D. Mobley, of Ottawa county, is appointed State Agent for the sale of railroad lands.

FEBRUARY 9.—Death of Wm. Y. Roberts, at Lawrence. The Senate passes appropriate resolutions.

FEBRUARY 9.—Report of Committee on Penitentiary. (Senate Journal, pp. 294 to 300, and 526 to 529; and House Journal, pp. 524 to 530.)

—Report of Adjutant General of troops raised under all calls during the war. (House Journal, pp. 506 to 516.)

FEBRUARY 12.—Report of Committee on State House building expenses. (Senate Journal, pp. 359 to 363, and 608, 609.)

FEBRUARY 23.—Report of Senate Committee on State Treasurer:

“Your Committee beg respectfully to direct attention to the unsatisfactory character of the late Treasurer's last annual report. By that report it would appear that the permanent school fund invested is only \$86,613.50, whereas your Committee found in the hands of the Treasurer, belonging to said fund, bonds amounting to \$186,950, which had been turned over to the present Treasurer by the late incumbent in that office. They would further state that they found in the hands of the present Treasurer, received from the same source, bonds, belonging to the State University fund, amounting to \$10,300, of which no mention whatever is made in the late Treasurer's last annual report. Your Committee are of the opinion that section 48 of ‘An act relating to the powers and duties of the State officers of the Executive Department,’ chapter 102 of General Statutes, clearly makes it the duty of the State Treasurer, in his annual report, to present a full exhibit of the State funds of every kind and character in the custody of the State Treasurer, instead of simply an exhibit of his receipts and disbursements during the year, as presented in the late Treasurer's last annual report. . . . Your Committee desire to call attention to section 52, chapter 102 of the Compiled Statutes, which provides that the Governor, Secretary of State and Auditor shall constitute a board of examination, whose duty it shall be, once a month at least, without previous notice, to make a thorough and complete examination of all the books, vouchers, accounts, records, bonds, securities, claims, assets, and effects, which are or should be in the treasury; and shall count all moneys in the treasury, and compare the books, vouchers, accounts, and records of the same.

"Your Committee are of the opinion that the provisions of this section should be strictly complied with, as the intention of the section was to prevent any State Treasurer from loaning, speculating in, or otherwise using, the funds of the State. By making this examination, the exact condition of the treasury, each month, would be known, and be an answer to the rumors constantly afloat of parties speculating with the funds of the State."—*Senate Journal*, pp. 493 to 497.

FEBRUARY 27.—The Legislature ratifies the Fifteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States. The ratification is defective, and the amendment goes over to the next Legislature.

MARCH 3.—*Appointments*: William S. Moorhouse, of Atchison county, Adjutant General; H. T. Beman, of Shawnee county, Assistant Adjutant General; William Burgoyne, William C. Jones, and Frank H. Drenning, Aides-de-Camp to the Commander-in-Chief; Frederick Speck, F. P. Baker, and William Larimer, Trustees of the Blind Asylum; H. H. Sawyer, Superintendent of the Blind Asylum; J. M. McClenahan, of Franklin county, and B. J. F. Hanna, of Saline county, Regents of the State Agricultural College; Harrison Kelley, of Coffey county, and E. Hensley, of Leavenworth county, Directors of the Penitentiary.

MARCH.—Gov. Harvey appoints Z. Jackson, of Ellsworth county, Edson Baxter, of Saline county, and James F. Tallman, of Washington county, Commissioners under the act of March 3, to audit and report claims for losses, in 1867 and 1868, from Indian depredations.

MARCH 4.—First issue of the Republican Daily Journal, at Lawrence; T. D. Thacher, M. W. Reynolds, and I. S. Kallioeh, editors and proprietors. This was a consolidation of the Lawrence Republican, Lawrence Journal, and the Ottawa Home Journal.

MARCH 4.—S. S. Prouty and J. B. Davis buy the Topeka Leader, of J. F. Cummings.

MARCH 4.—Legislature adjourns. Among the acts are the following: Issuing \$75,000 State bonds for military expenses of 1868; Issuing \$100,000 State bonds "for the purpose of providing a military contingent fund, to be used in protecting the frontier of the State" (the Attorney General, Adjutant General and Auditor are to audit the claims presented); Issuing \$70,000 State bonds to aid in completing the east wing of the Capitol; Issuing \$14,000 State bonds to defray expense of raising the Nineteenth Regiment; A joint resolution for a committee of five to investigate all the accounts connected with the building of the Capitol; Providing for a commission to audit Price Raid and Curtis Expedition claims; Providing for the election of a Public Printer; For the settlement of losses from Indian raids in 1867 and 1868; Giving certain salt lands to the Normal School; For the investigation of Penitentiary accounts; Making County Clerks assessors of railroad property; Authorizing the Governor to appoint an Agent to buy seed wheat for destitute citizens on the western frontier, and appropriating \$15,000.

MARCH 23.—The Secretary of State and Treasurer meet, under the act of February 9, and issue bonds to pay the military expenses incurred in 1868.

MARCH 30.—The first locomotive, the "C. K. Holliday," passes over the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad bridge, at Topeka.

MARCH 31.—The Nineteenth Regiment is ordered to Hays City, to be mustered out.

APRIL 3.—Burning of the Topeka Record office. The paper was re-issued. April 6th.

APRIL 7.—Congress passes a resolution, for the relief of the settlers on the Shawnee absentee lands.

APRIL 10.—

By an act of Congress, in the form of a joint resolution, approved April 10, 1869, sections 16 and 36 on that part of the Osage reservation known as the Osage ceded and trust lands, have been secured to the State, for the support of public schools. This provision of the act referred to includes all of sections 16 and 36, or their equivalents, in Labette and Neosho counties, and, by a construction of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, all of sections 16 and 36, or their equivalents, on what is known as the "Twenty-mile strip," on the north of the Osage diminished reserve, and extending from the west line of Neosho county through the south part of Wilson, Greenwood and Butler counties, to the west line of the Osage reserve, a distance of about two hundred and fifty miles. The amount of school lands thus secured to the State by the act of Congress of the 10th of April last, is as follows:

In Labette county.....	22,408 acres
In Neosho county.....	20,480 acres
On the Twenty-mile strip.....	177,777 acres
Total.....	220,665 acres

—*Superintendent McVicar's Report.*

APRIL 13.—C. W. Babcock is appointed Surveyor General; George W. Martin, Register of the Junction City Land Office; Watson Stewart, Register at Humboldt; and G. E. Beates, of Junction City, United States Assessor.

APRIL 14.—Henry C. F. Hackbusch, of Leavenworth, appointed Chief Clerk of Surveyor General.

APRIL 18.—The Nineteenth mustered out, at Fort Hays; only one soldier was killed in the service; four deaths from disease.

APRIL.—Levi Woodard, David Whitaker and T. J. Taylor meet at Topeka, to audit claims growing out of the Price Raid, and the Indian Expedition under General Curtis, in July and August, 1864.

MAY.—Surveyor General's office removed from Leavenworth to Lawrence.

MAY 1.—Issue of the Topeka Daily Commonwealth, by Prouty, Davis & Crane.

MAY 10.—Captain Henry King and Major A. W. Edwards, partners of F. P. Baker in the State Record, arrive from Illinois.

MAY 14.—George H. Hoyt is appointed United States Mail Agent, and D. W. Houston, United States Marshal.

MAY 20.—Grasshoppers in Leavenworth; no report of their appearance in other parts of the State.

MAY 21.—Indian raid on the Republican, by Sioux and Cheyennes. Killing and plundering of settlers on White Rock creek, Republic county.

Thirteen persons killed, and two women and a child taken captive. General Custer goes from Fort Hays in pursuit.

MAY 25.—Albert H. Horton sworn in as United States District Attorney, succeeding Samuel A. Riggs.

—Governor Harvey asks General Schofield to send troops to preserve peace on the Neutral Lands.

MAY 30.—Indian raid on the Saline; thirteen persons killed and wounded.

MAY 31.—Gov. Harvey issues a proclamation enjoining the people of Cherokee and Crawford counties to yield obedience to the officers of the law. He asks that a detachment of troops be sent to the Cherokee Neutral Lands to assist the civil officers in the preservation of peace.

JUNE 1.—The State Eclectic Medical Association, at Lawrence, elects S. E. Martin President, and N. Simmons Secretary.

JUNE.—W. S. Moorhouse, Adjutant General, stations Militia on Plum creek, Fisher creek, Spillman creek, on the Saline, on Beaver creek, on the Republican, and on Turkey creek, near the Little Arkansas. The following is copied from his Report, dated December 20th:

“The following is the battalion, as originally mustered in:

“Company A—Captain, A. J. Pilely; fifty-four men.

“Company B—Captain, W. A. Winsell; sixty-one men.

“Company C—Captain, I. N. Dalrymple; seventy men.

“Company D—Captain, Richard Stanfield; sixty-five men.

“Detachment—Second Lieutenant, C. Stinson; thirty men.

“Making an aggregate of eleven commissioned officers and three hundred enlisted men; considerable more than the number authorized by law. This excess was caused from the fact that during the high water all communication with the frontier was cut off, and men were recruited more rapidly than I anticipated. The number was gradually reduced to one hundred and fifteen, at the final muster-out, on Nov. 20th, 1869.

“The total expense of the battalion is \$82,833.26.”

JUNE 3.—Montgomery county organized; it is named for Gen. Richard Montgomery, who was killed in the attack on Quebec, in 1775.

JUNE 25.—The Fifth Annual Report of the Board of Education of the city of Leavenworth is a book of 270 pages, printed by John C. Ketcheson, and the best specimen of printing yet seen in the State. The Superintendent of the schools is P. J. Williams, recently of Buffalo, New York.

JUNE 26.—Flood in Chapman creek; thirteen lives lost. Water four feet deep on the bottoms at Junction City. It is a very wet and fruitful year.

JUNE 29.—State Teachers' Association, at Manhattan. *Officers elected:* President, I. J. Banister, of Paola. *Executive Committee:* E. F. Heisler of Wyandotte, Mrs. J. H. Gorham of Emporia, Miss E. M. Dickinson of Atchison, P. J. Williams of Leavenworth, and P. Fales of Franklin county. Recording Secretary, Miss Alice L. Norton, of Manhattan; Corresponding Secretary, Thomas C. Dick, of Jefferson county; Treasurer, Miss Lizzie Ela, of Emporia.

JUNE 30.—Association of County and City Superintendents, at Manhattan. *Officers*: President, Peter McVicar; Vice Presidents, Philetus Fales, A. D. Chambers, P. J. Williams; Secretary, E. Gale. *Executive Committee*: I. J. Banister, E. F. Heisler, T. C. Dick.

JUNE.—H. Nieman is the first settler in Harvey county.

JULY.—Publication of "The Discovery of the Great West," by Francis Parkman. It is a history of French discovery, exploration and dominion in North America. The heroes of the volume are Robert Cavalier de La Salle (born at Rouen, in 1643), Jean Nicollet (first Frenchman who penetrated to one of the northern tributaries of the Mississippi), Louis Joliet (born in Quebec, in 1645), Father Marquette, Father Hennepin, Tonty, and the Sieur de la Motte.

JULY 28.—Neutral Land Settlers' meeting, at Jacksonville, Neosho county. *President*: Dr. C. C. McDowell. *Vice Presidents*: Dr. Moore, of Crawford; William R. Laughlin, of Cherokee; William Logan, of Labette; and Bryant Purcell, of Neosho. *Secretaries*: C. D. Sayrs, of Crawford; J. N. Ritter, of Cherokee; J. C. Coulter, of Labette; and William H. Maguire, of Neosho. Resolutions were passed against the land-grant system; requesting Senators Ross and Pomeroy to resign; and against the claim of James F. Joy to a title in the Neutral Lands.

JULY.—The Santa Fé Road reaches Carbondale.

AUGUST 4.—The Monitor and Post, Fort Scott dailies, are admitted to the Associated Press, and entitled to receive dispatches.

—United States soldiers are guarding railroad graders in Crawford county.

—This is one of the railroad-bond-voting years.

AUGUST.—Sale of Agricultural College lands during the month, 5,720 acres, at \$4.75 per acre. The whole amount received from sales to date, \$164,000.

SEPTEMBER 1.—The third Price Raid Commission reports to Governor Harvey that it has allowed claims amounting to \$72,380.54. These were in part Price Raid claims, and in part claims arising from the Indian Expedition of Major General Samuel R. Curtis, in July and August, 1864.

—E. R. Trask starts the Pioneer, at Independence, Montgomery county.

SEPTEMBER 10.—Railroad open from Leavenworth to Atchison. It was built by the Leavenworth, Atchison & Northwestern Railroad Co., Leonard T. Smith, President.

SEPTEMBER 15.—The National Pomological Society, at Philadelphia, by a unanimous vote, awards to Kansas its great gold medal "for a collection of fruit unsurpassed for size, perfection and flavor."

SEPTEMBER 18.—Charles B. Lines writes from Philadelphia that the Kansas fruit has received the highest award.

SEPTEMBER.—A "Manifesto of the People of the Cherokee Neutral Lands" issued. It is a pamphlet of twenty-two pages, and is signed by C. C. McDowell and W. R. Laughlin, of Cherokee county, and A. Perry

and C. Dana Sayrs, of Crawford county. The following is copied from the pamphlet:

"In 1803, our Government bought from France what has since been known as the 'Louisiana Purchase,' of which the Cherokee neutral land is an integral part.

"After Missouri became a State, and its western counties were being settled, for the protection of its inhabitants, the Government treated, in 1827, with the Osage Indians, for this tract of land, with the stipulation that neither the Indians nor the whites should occupy the same, thus placing a strip fifty miles north and south by twenty-five east and west as a barrier between the white and the red men. So it remained until the treaty-making power gave the Cherokee Nation the right to occupy the tract.

"In 1866, by a 'treaty,' they gave back the land to the United States, and attempted to do so 'in trust,' and to empower the Secretary of the Interior to sell the neutral land.

"One of the last official acts of the then Secretary of the Interior (Harlan) was to sell as much of the tract as was not 'occupied by actual settlers at the date of the treaty,' to the 'American Emigrant Company,' for one dollar per acre.

"But Secretary Browning, on assuming the office, procured the opinion of Attorney Stanbery that Harlan's sale was 'illegal and void;' and on that 'opinion' set the sale aside. Browning then proceeded to sell the residue of the tract not 'occupied by actual settlers at the date of the treaty,' to James F. Joy, of Detroit, Michigan, at one dollar per acre, although Fremont had offered one dollar and a quarter per acre for it.

"The Emigrant Company threatened litigation, and matters remained secretly in negotiation until June 6, 1868, when, to the utter surprise of the settlers, a supplemental treaty was put through the Senate, which assumed to cancel Mr. Joy's contract with Browning, and to assign to him the contract of the Emigrant Company. Such is a very brief outline of the strange transactions by which the 'rings' cast lots for the garments of the settlers, and proposed to divide among themselves the gains of this most infamous of all 'jobs' for robbing the settlers of the West."

SEPTEMBER.—The Santa Fé reaches Burlingame.

OCTOBER.—The North American Review of this date (vol. CIX, pp. 401, 402) contains a paper by Lewis H. Morgan, on Indian Migrations, from which the following is copied:

"The most perfect display of the prairies is found in the eastern parts of Kansas and Nebraska. It is no exaggeration to pronounce this region, as left by the hand of Nature, the most beautiful country in its landscape upon the face of the earth. Here the forest is restricted to narrow fringes along the rivers and streams, the courses of which are thus defined as far as the eye can reach, whilst all between is a broad expanse of meadow-lands, carpeted with the richest verdure and wearing the appearance of artistically-graded lawns. They are familiarly called the rolling prairies, because the land rises and falls in gentle swells, which attain an elevation of thirty feet, more or less, and descend again to the original level, within the distance of one or more miles. The crest-lines of these motionless waves of land intersect each other at every conceivable angle, the effect of which is to bring into view the most extended landscape, and to show the dark green foliage of the forest trees skirting the streams in pleasing contrast with the light green of the prairie grasses. In their spring covering of vegetation these prairies wear the semblance of an old and once highly-cultivated country, from the soil of which every inequality of surface, every stone, and every bush has been carefully removed and the surface rolled down into absolute uniformity. The marvel is suggested how Nature could have kept these verdant fields in such luxuriance after man had apparently abandoned them to waste. This striking display is limited to about one hundred and thirty miles in the eastern part of Kansas, and a narrower belt in eastern Nebraska."

OCTOBER.—James McCahon, of Leavenworth, edits a volume of decisions of the Supreme Court of the Territory of Kansas. Published by Callaghan & Cockeroff, Chicago. pp. 298.

OCTOBER 1.—Excursion on the Neosho Valley Railroad, from Junction City, twenty-five miles. The road is inspected by State officers preparatory to giving it 125,000 acres of land. Robert S. Stevens is the manager of the road.

—State Convention of Spiritualists, in Topeka. Dr. F. L. Crane, President; Secretary, Miss Jennie Crowe.

OCTOBER 4.—Excursion on the Santa Fé Railroad, from Topeka to Burlingame. Gov. Harvey accepts the twenty-six miles.

OCTOBER 27.—Railroad open to Council Grove.

—Convention of colored men at Topeka. Wm. D. Matthews, President; J. W. Scott and W. R. Conner, Secretaries.

NOVEMBER 2.—Annual election.

VOTE FOR JUDGE IN THE TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Hiram Stevens.</i>	<i>W. H. M. Fishback.</i>	<i>Maj.</i>
Johnson	773	728	45
Wyandotte	924	172	752
Miami	1,226	113	1,113
Total	2,923	1,013	1,910

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>District ...</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Totes.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>	<i>Vote of District..</i>	<i>Vote of County ...</i>
1	Doniphan.....	S. F. Nesbitt.....	319	304		
		Geo. W. Neal	14		333	
2	.....	A. Hazen	110	71		
		E. Fleming	39		149	
3	.....	A. J. Mowry.....	252	252	252	
4	.....	E. H. LeDuc.....	220	99		
		F. Hartley.....	121		341	
5	.....	David Whitaker.....	132	2		
		William Ege.....	130		262	1,337
6	Atchison.....	Thomas Murphy.....	480	480	480	
7	.....	A. J. Evans.....	273	270		
		R. A. Heim.....	2			
		W. J. Burge.....	1		276	
8	.....	J. Parsons.....	234	60		
		James Stallons.....	174		408	
9	.....	Joseph Logan.....	217	209		
		D. Campbell.....	8			
		J. Robinson.....	2			
		B. W. Williams.....	1		228	
10	.....	E. H. Baliff.....	167	104		
		D. P. Erp.....	63		230	1,622
11	Brown	J. F. Babbit.....	317	204		
		E. Bierer.....	113		430	
12	.....	A. Curtis.....	102	46		
		D. L. Anderson.....	56		158	588
13	Nemaha.....	L. Hensel.....	204	18		
		G. W. Collings.....	186			
		Mrs. Hawley.....	3			
		William Barnes.....	2			
		P. McQuaid.....	1			
		J. Maston.....	1		397	
14	.....	William Morris.....	245	117		
		F. A. Stickle.....	128		373	770
15	Marshall.....	John D. Wells.....	378	172		
		J. J. Sheldon.....	206		584	584

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

District.....	Counties.	Names.	Votes.....	Majority..	Vote of District...	Vote of County....
16	Washington.....	Andrew S. Wilson.....	182	70		
		Rufus Darley.....	112		294	294
17	Pottawatomie.....	John H. Clark.....	387	82		
		Charles C. Duncan.....	305		692	692
18	Jackson.....	J. L. Williams.....	267	44		
		W. H. Dodge.....	223		490	
79	.....	Byron Stewart.....	151	41		
		N. Y. Allen.....	110		261	751
19	Jefferson.....	Levi Wilhelm.....	332	46		
		E. D. Russell.....	286		618	
20	.....	W. C. Butts.....	213	157		
		Calvin Smith.....	56			
		R. Riddle.....	5			
		— Cowan.....	1		275	
21	.....	David Rorick.....	392	82		
		D. E. L. Kretzinger.....	310		834	1,727
		A. F. Magrew.....	132			
22	Leavenworth.....	Byron Sherry.....	444	270		
		William Freeland.....	174		618	
23	.....	Josiah Kellogg.....	294	57		
		J. B. Zeigler.....	237		531	
24	.....	J. A. Halderman.....	343	103		
		E. Russell.....	240		583	
25	.....	Daniel Shire.....	284	17		
		R. V. Flora.....	267		551	
26	.....	Charles H. Grover.....	134	25		
		J. F. Hathaway.....	109		243	
27	.....	W. F. Ashley.....	130	30		
		R. A. Kelsey.....	100		230	
28	.....	S. B. Stewart.....	210	50		
		E. M. Harkins.....	160			
		Seth Hollingsworth.....	49		419	
29	.....	John K. Faulkner.....	227	4		
		Joseph Howell.....	223		450	
30	.....	J. I. Larimer.....	194	3		
		James Bauserman.....	191		385	4,010
31	Wyandotte.....	Vincent J. Lane.....	273	147		
		H. W. Cook.....	126		399	
80	.....	John T. Makay.....	406	92		
		James Peak.....	314		720	1,119
32	Johnson.....	John T. Burris.....	489	210		
		John M. Giffen.....	279		768	
33	.....	John Lusher.....	345	187		
		Amos A. Fay.....	158			
		James McAuley.....	7			
		A. Payne.....	1		511	
34	.....	Frederick Ridlon.....	140	21		
		William Maxwell.....	119		259	1,538
35	Douglas.....	William H. Sells.....	434	118		
		Josiah Miller.....	316		750	
36	.....	George Benson.....	67	21		
		E. D. Ladd.....	46		113	
37	.....	Elijah Sells.....	176	105		
		Amos Walton.....	71		247	
38	.....	A. J. Jennings.....	111	111	111	
39	.....	W. H. Peckham.....	100	3		
		J. H. Bonebrake.....	97		197	
40	.....	William B. Dusbrow.....	90	90	90	1,508
41	Shawnee.....	John Guthrie.....	895	895	895	
42	.....	John W. Brown.....	291	204		
		James Fletcher.....	87		378	
79	.....	Byron Stewart.....	23	23	23	1,296
43	Miami.....	Reuben Smith.....	188	77		
		Johnson Clark.....	114		302	
44	.....	E. H. Topping.....	510	314		
		J. W. Gossett.....	196			
		H. Torrey.....	110		816	
45	.....	C. W. Green.....	153	85		
		A. Ellis.....	68		221	1,339

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>District</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Votes</i>	<i>Majority</i> ..	<i>Vote of District</i> ..	<i>Vote of County</i> ..
46	Linn.....	John Dixon.....	103	82		
		O. D. Harmon.....	21			
		Lander Redfield.....	6		130	
47		William B. Scott.....	93	15		
		Herbert Robinson.....	78		171	
48		J. W. Babb.....	175	67		
		Morris Howard.....	108			
		N. C. Gunn.....	2		285	
49		James D. Snoddy.....	171	170		
		J. H. Stearns.....	1			
		T. J. Bakerville.....	1			
		J. L. Carter.....	1		174	760
50	Bourbon	J. A. Tiffany.....	135	91		
		D. D. Roberts.....	44			
		D. B. Jackman.....	14		193	
51		C. W. Libby.....	135	129		
		J. B. Britton.....	6			
		S. N. Northway.....	2			
		John Brown.....	1			
		J. A. Casteel.....	1		145	
52		George P. Eves.....	136	121		
		Scattering.....	15		151	
53		W. C. Webb.....	434	209		
		J. S. Miller.....	225			
		Scattering.....	1		660	1,149
54	Allen	J. C. Redfield.....	281	25		
		H. D. Parsons.....	256		537	
55		J. D. Hosley.....	126	101		
		A. Cozine.....	25			
		E. C. Bray.....	12		163	700
56	Anderson.....	John G. Lindsay.....	188	14		
		George W. Cooper.....	174		362	
57		J. H. Whitford.....	107	49		
		Jackson Means.....	58		165	527
58	Franklin.....	George T. Pierce.....	242	242	242	
59		James Hanway.....	465	206		
		William H. Clark.....	259			
		D. Holaday.....	14		738	980
60	Osage.....	J. Wilkins.....	323	8		
		John Russell.....	315			
		Ellis Lewis.....	158		776	776
61	Coffey.....	Elihu E. Coffin.....	245	181		
		James L. Ward.....	64			
		J. M. Cole.....	12		321	
62		Hardin McMahon.....	223	46		
		Silas Fearl.....	179			
		Miss Upton.....	1		405	726
63	Woodson.....	H. J. Gregory.....	184	71		
		C. B. Graves.....	113		297	297
64	Lyon.....	Jacob Stotler.....	559	486		
		R. M. Ruggles.....	73		632	
65		J. M. Hunter.....	122	28		
		Oliver Phillips.....	94		216	
66		Charles Drake.....	153	152		
		T. C. Hill.....	1			
		William Null.....	1		155	1,003
67	Butler.....	H. Small.....	113	38		
		H. D. Lamb.....	75			
		D. W. Boutwell.....	31			
		L. B. Snow.....	2			
		— Small.....	2			
		— Boutwell.....	2			
		J. Boswell.....	1			
		— Lamb.....	1		227	227
68	Chase.....	F. B. Hunt.....	90	6		
		H. Brandley.....	84			
		A. S. Howard.....	73			
		H. L. Hunt.....	1		248	243
69	Morris	Charles G. Parker.....	191	27		
		H. W. McNay.....	164		355	355

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

District	Counties.	Names.	Totals.....	Majority..	Vote of District..	Vote of County...
70	Wabaunsee.....	J. H. Pinkerton..... L. H. Pillsbury..... H. C. McKey.....	234 25 1	209		
71	Davis.....	John K. Wright..... R. Howard.....	317 191	126	260	260
72	Riley.....	Edward Secrest..... George W. Higinbotham..... William Higinbotham.....	372 331 1	41	508	508
73	Dickinson.....	Conrad Kohler..... J. F. Staatz.....	188 166	22	704	704
74	Saline.....	J. H. Snead..... Thomas Anderson.....	302 230	72	354	354
75	Greenwood.....	W. F. Osborn..... J. R. Bullion.....	139 135	4	532	532
76	Marion.....	Levi Billings..... William Layer.....	74 1	73	274	274
77	Wilson.....	No returns.			75	75
78	Neosho.....	Thomas H. Butler..... A. T. Filley.....	557 346	211		
81	Ottawa.....	A. H. Holeman..... Wallace W. Lambert..... Elijah Smith.....	216 112 78	34	1,119	1,119
82	Clay.....	L. Gates..... George Taylor..... J. B. McLaughlin.....	197 32 4	165	190	190
83	Cherokee.....	No returns.			233	233
84	Cloud.....	A. L. Shelhamer..... B. H. McEckron.....	108 74	34	182	182
85	Labette.....	No returns.				
86	Crawford.....	S. J. Langdon..... John T. Voss..... A. A. Fletcher..... Isaac Ford.....	546 150 111 21	396	828	828
87	Ellis.....	J. V. Macintosh..... J. F. Wright.....	114 98	16	212	212
88	Ellsworth.....	John H. Edwards..... Z. Jackson..... William N. Anderson.....	199 109 1	90	309	309
89	Wallace.....	Simon Motz..... Joseph Speck.....	137 79	58	216	216
90	Republic.....	R. P. West..... John Manning.....	68 55	13	123	123
	Montgomery (new Co.)..	John E. Adams..... E. Fitch.....	158 110	48	268	268
	Total vote.....					33,310

NOVEMBER 6.—Ainos Sanford starts the Workingman's Journal, at Columbus, Cherokee county.

NOVEMBER 10.—Noble L. Prentis arrives in Topeka, from Illinois, and takes a position on the Daily Record.—The Fort Scott Monitor appears as a daily.—Our New Home, a Scandinavian paper, is started, at Frankfort, Marshall county.

NOVEMBER 11.—W. H. Warner and E. A. Wasser establish the Girard Press. July 14, 1871, the office was burned by a mob. The paper reappeared three weeks afterwards. A. P. Riddle bought Dr. Warner's interest, June 16, 1873.

NOVEMBER 15.—The Kansas Farmer publishes the picture called

"Drouthy Kansas," designed by Henry Worrall, of Topeka, and photographed by J. Lee Knight.

NOVEMBER 20.—State Militia mustered out.

NOVEMBER 25.—A. D. Richardson fatally shot, in New York city, by Daniel McFarland.

NOVEMBER 30.—The Auditor's Report says:

"The State of Kansas has, for the protection of her frontiers, already expended an amount of \$346,000, and besides this assumed Price Raid claims to the amount of half a million, making a total of \$846,000, which ought to be paid by the General Government."

NOVEMBER 30.—Expenditures of the State for the year:

Governor's Department.....	\$5,483 50	Penitentiary	\$106,644 83
Secretary's Department.....	8,440 54	Sheriffs conveying prisoners to Penitentiary.....	2,566 49
Auditor's Department.....	4,010 10	State House Commissioners.....	1,500 00
Treasurer's Department.....	3,017 93	Horticultural Society.....	500 00
Attorney General.....	4,325 00	Price Raid Commissioners.....	1,269 22
Sup't of Public Instruction.....	1,951 06	Rent of Capitol Building.....	2,000 00
Adjutant General.....	1,552 13	Printing.....	54,012 25
Judiciary Department.....	29,230 66	Transcribing Journals.....	1,343 18
Legislative expenses.....	26,102 91	Agricultural Society.....	3,500 00
Blind Asylum.....	10,092 80	Indian Raid Commissioners.....	477 40
Insane Asylum.....	28,707 37	Seed wheat.....	14,117 10
Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	12,815 23	Miscellaneous accounts.....	2,287 84
State University.....	11,993 60		
Normal School.....	9,930 62		
Agricultural College.....	9,394 22		
Capitol building and grounds*.....	117,005 01	Total for 1869.....	\$471,270 99

* Seventy thousand dollars in bonds were issued, and sold for \$66,442.57, which is included in this amount.

DECEMBER.—The State University has had, during the year, 143 students; the Agricultural College, 173; the Normal School, 198. Prisoners in the Penitentiary, 186; patients in the Insane Asylum, 31; pupils in the Blind Asylum, 20; pupils in the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, 34.

—General Phil. Sheridan makes an official report of his Indian campaign, from October 15, 1868, to March 27, 1869.

DECEMBER 7.—The locomotive arrives in Emporia.

DECEMBER 10.—John F. Dillon appointed United States Circuit Judge.

DECEMBER 14.—Colonel Hoyt resigns as Mail Agent. A. Low, of Doniphan, appointed.

—Adjutant General Moorhouse pays the Militia.

DECEMBER 14.—Third Annual Meeting of the State Horticultural Society, at Ottawa. *Officers elected:* President, William Tanner, of Leavenworth; Vice President, C. B. Lines, of Wabaunsee; Secretary, G. C. Brackett, of Lawrence; Treasurer, S. T. Kelsey, of Ottawa.

DECEMBER 15.—John W. Delaney retires from the Junction City Union, and George W. Martin becomes sole proprietor.

DECEMBER 15.—The following is copied from the Report of Superintendent McVicar:

"The whole number of school houses reported is 1,213; a gain of 260 over last year. A fine edifice was completed in the city of Atchison during the year, at a cost, includ-

ing furniture, of about \$40,000. This edifice was recently destroyed by fire. It was insured, however, for \$30,000, and upon the ruins another edifice will soon stand complete. Wathena, in Doniphan county, has erected a school building at a cost of \$10,000. At Troy, an edifice is in process of erection, at a cost of \$8,000. Seneca, the county seat of Nemaha county, completed an edifice valued at \$15,000. The city of Fort Scott has taken steps to build a house worth about \$30,000. Topeka has laid the foundation for an edifice at a cost of \$34,000. At Le Roy, an edifice has been erected at a cost of nearly \$10,000. School houses have been built at Irving, Manhattan, Neosho Falls, Oswego, Washington, Alma, Olathe, and at many other central points in the State. In addition to these, a greater number of good school houses has been built in rural communities than in any previous year."

On "the 500,000-acre case," the Report says the Supreme Court "has declined to give any decision on the main point involved, on the ground of alleged informalities in the presentation of the case."

The Report says the school lands lost to the State on the Cherokee Neutral Lands amount to 50,000 acres.

DECEMBER 20.—R. S. Stevens receives a patent from the Governor for lands set apart for the Neosho Valley R. R. Trains are running regularly to Emporia.

DECEMBER 6.—The Missouri River, Fort Scott & Gulf road completed to Fort Scott.

DECEMBER 25.—The State officers leave the old buildings on Kansas avenue, and go into the new building on Capitol Square, the east wing of which is completed.

DECEMBER 30.—The State House Commissioners report that \$417,588.29 has already been expended on the State House.

1870.

JANUARY.—B. F. Mudge writes to the Kansas Farmer of a visit to Fort Scott:

"At the farm of John G. Stuart, on the Marmaton, southwest of Fort Scott, I saw a remarkable natural curiosity, in the form of a boiling, burning spring. In sinking an artesian boring, Mr. Stuart, at a depth of 230 feet, struck a stream of gas. After he discontinued the boring, water filled the basin; but the gas continued to rise in large quantities. This was accidentally set on fire, and has continued to burn without interruption for over two months. The gas rises with such force that the water is in a state of violent agitation, as if from the most intense heat. The flames rise from the surface of the water to the height of four to six feet, and three feet in diameter. It presents a novel and beautiful appearance."

The supply of gas seems inexhaustible. Many years before, near the old Fort, the same result followed a similar experiment.

JANUARY 1.—The L. L. & G. is graded nearly to Garnett.

—Frank A. Root starts the Waterville Telegraph.

—The Osage Mission Journal says White Hair, the head chief of the Osages, died on Christmas eve, at his camp on the Verdigris.

JANUARY 11.—Meeting of the tenth State Legislature.

STATE OFFICERS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Where Born.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Vocation.</i>
J. M. Harvey, Governor..	Fort Riley.....	Riley.....	Virginia.....	36	Farmer.
C. V. Eskridge, Lt. Gov...	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Virginia.....	38	Merchant
T. Moonlight, Sec. of State	Leavenworth,	Leavenworth,	Scotland.....	36	—
A. Danford, Att'y Gen....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.....	New Hamp... 40	—	Attorney.
P. McVicar, Supt. Pub. In.	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	New Bruns... 40	—	Minister.
Geo. Graham, Treasurer..	Seneca.....	Nemaha.....	New York... 50	—	Merchant
A. Thoman, Aud. of State	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Switzerland, 40	—	Farmer.
S. S. Prouty, State Printer	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	New York... 38	—	Printer.
D. Whitaker, Adj. Gen....	Doniphan.....	Doniphan.....	—	34	—

JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Where Born.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Vocation.</i>
S. A. Kingman, Chief Justice,	Atchison....	Atchison...	Massachusetts.	52	Attorney.
J. Safford, Associate Justice..	Topeka.....	Shawnee...	Vermont.....	42	Lawyer.
D. M. Valentine, Asso. Justice	Ottawa.....	Franklin...	Ohio.....	39	Lawyer.

JUDGES OF DISTRICT COURTS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Districts.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
H. W. Ide.....	First.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Nathan Price.....	Second.....	Troy.....	Doniphan.
John T. Morton.....	Third.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Owen A. Bassett.....	Fourth.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
J. H. Watson.....	Fifth.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
D. P. Lowe.....	Sixth.....	Mound City.....	Linn.
John R. Goodin.....	Seventh.....	Humboldt.....	Allen.
Wm. H. Canfield.....	Eighth.....	Junction City.....	Davis.
William R. Brown.....	Ninth.....	Cottonwood Falls	Chase.
Hiram Stevens.....	Tenth.....	Paola.....	Johnson.
Wm. C. Webb.....	Eleventh.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.

—Barzillai Gray, Judge Criminal Court, Leavenworth county.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Where Born.</i>	<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Vocation.</i>
Eskridge, C. V., President,	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Virginia.....	—	Merchant.
Arrasmith, Abner.....	Olathe.....	Johnson.....	Kentucky, 10	—	Farmer.
Bailey, J. C.....	Perryville.....	Jefferson.....	Penn..... 4	—	Merchant.
Broadhead, J. F.....	Mound City....	Linn.....	New York, 13	—	Lawyer.
Carnahan, A. A.....	Clyde.....	Cloud.....	Ohio..... 7	—	Attorney.
Carpenter, John C.....	Erie.....	Neosho.....	Penn..... 16	—	Attorney.
Cobb, Stephen A.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.....	Minnesota 12	—	Attorney.
Fitzpatrick, W. H.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Kentucky, 8	—	Farmer.
Grimes, W. H.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Maryland, 2	—	Physician.
Grover, O. J.....	Savannah.....	Pottawato'ie	New York, 6	—	Farmer.
Jenkins, E. J.....	Troy.....	Doniphan.....	Ohio..... 1	—	Lawyer.
Larimer, William.....	Delaware Tp..	Leaven'wth..	Penn..... 3	—	Farmer.
Learnard, O. E.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Vermont..... 9	—	Farmer.
Mead, James R.....	Towanda.....	Butler.....	Vermont... 15	—	Farmer.
Murdock, M. M.....	Burlingame....	Osage.....	Virginia... 18	—	Editor.
McKee, John.....	Leavenworth..	Leavenw'th..	Missouri... 3	—	Civ. eng.
Nicolls, E. S.....	Garnett.....	Anderson.....	Penn..... 17	—	Farmer.
Prescott, J. H.....	Salina.....	Saline.....	New Hamp 20	—	Attorney.
Schmidt, Martin.....	Leavenworth..	Leavenw'th..	Germany.. 3	—	—
Smallwood, W. H.....	Wathena.....	Doniphan.....	Kentucky, 1	—	Farmer.
Snyder, S. J. H.....	Monrovia.....	Atchison.....	Maryland, 2	—	Farmer.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE SENATE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Where Born.</i>	<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Vocation.</i>
Speer, A. G.....	Hiawatha.....	Brown.....	Ohio.....	5	Farmer.
Tucker, Edwin.....	Eureka.....	Greenwood.....	Vermont.....	19	Farmer.
Voss, M. V.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.....	Ohio.....	14	Attorney.
Williams, H. H.....	Oswatimie.....	Miami.....	New York.....	11	Merchant.
Woodard, Levi.....	Eudora.....	Douglas.....	Indiana.....	9	Farmer.
Geo. C. Crowther, Sec'y.....	Irwin.....	Marshall.....	Conn.....		Editor.
J. D. Gilchrist, As't Sec'y.....	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.....	New Hamp.....		Attorney.
D. M. Bronson, Jour'l Cl'k.....	El Dorado.....	Butler.....	New York.....		Attorney.
L. M. Benedict, Dock't Cl'k.....	Vienna.....	Pottawato'ie.....	New York.....		Farmer.
H. H. Carr, Engros'g Cl'k.....	Eudora.....	Douglas.....	Ohio.....		Attorney.
N. Merchant, S'gt-at-Ar's.....	Prairie City.....	Franklin.....	New York.....		Farmer.
George W. Weed, Doork'r.....	Pardee.....	Atchison.....	New York.....		Farmer.
A. A. House, As't Doork'r.....	Junction City.....	Davis.....	Ohio.....		Student.
Edwin C. Eldridge, Page.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Ohio.....		Student.
William H. Fletcher, Page.....	Erie.....	Neosho.....	Indiana.....		Student.
William R. Griffith, Page.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Ohio.....		Student.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Dist.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Adams, John E.....			Montgomery.
Ashby, W. F.....	27	Easton.....	Leavenworth.
Bailiff, E. H.....	10	Lancaster.....	Atchison.
Babbitt, J. F.....	11	Hiawatha.....	Brown.
Babb, J. W.....	48		Linn.
Benson, George.....	36		Douglas.
Bishop, W. P.....	85	Oswego.....	Labette.
Billings, Levi.....	76	Marion Center.....	Marion.
Butts, W. C.....	20	Grasshopper Falls.....	Jefferson.
Burris, John T.....	32	Olathe.....	Johnson.
Butler, Thomas H.....	78	Erie.....	Neosho.
Brown, John W.....	42	Auburn.....	Shawnee.
Clark, John H.....	17	Louisville.....	Pottawatomie.
Coffin, Elihu E.....	61	Le Roy.....	Colley.
Curtis, A.....	12	Carson.....	Brown.
Disbrow, William B.....	40	Clinton.....	Douglas.
Dixon, John.....	46	La Cygne.....	Linn.
Drake, Charles.....	66	Americus.....	Lyon.
Edwards, John H.....	88	Ellsworth.....	Ellsworth.
Evans, A. J.....	7	Atchison.....	Atchison.
Eves, George P.....	52	Turkey Creek.....	Bourbon.
Faulkner, John K.....	29	High Prairie.....	Leavenworth.
Gates, L.....	82	Gatesville.....	Clay.
Green, C. W.....	45	Fontana.....	Miami.
Gregory, H. J.....	63	Belmont.....	Woodson.
Grover, Charles H.....	26	Salt Creek Valley.....	Leavenworth.
Guthrie, John.....	41	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Hazen, A.....	2	Columbus.....	Doniphan.
Halderman, J. A.....	24	Leavenworth City.....	Leavenworth.
Hanway, James.....	59	Ohio City.....	Franklin.
Hensel, L.....	13	Seneca.....	Nemaha.
Hosley, J. D.....	55	Ozark.....	Allen.
Hunt, F. B.....	68	Cottonwood Falls.....	Chase.
Hudson, T. J.....	77		Wilson.
Hunter, J. M.....	65	Forest Hill.....	Lyon.
Jennings, A. J.....	38	Eudora.....	Douglas.
Kellogg, Josiah.....	23	Leavenworth City.....	Leavenworth.
Kohler, Conrad.....	73	Lyons.....	Dickinson.
Lambert, Wallace W.....	81	Lindsay.....	Ottawa.
Langdon, S. J.....	86	Iowa City.....	Crawford.
Lane, Vincent J.....	31	Wyandotte City.....	Wyandotte.
LeDuc, E. H.....	4	Troy.....	Doniphan.
Larimer, J. L.....	30	Leavenworth City.....	Leavenworth.
Libby, C. W.....	51	Xenia.....	Bourbon.
Lindsay, John G.....	56	Garnett.....	Anderson.
Logan, Joseph.....	9	Monrovia.....	Atchison.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Dist.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Lusher, John.....	33	Aubrey.....	Johnson.
Macintosh, J. V.....	87	Hays City.....	Ellis.
Makay, John T.....	80	Quindaro.....	Wyandotte.
McMahon, H.....	62	Ottumwa.....	Coffey.
Morris, William.....	14	Wetmore.....	Neumaha.
Mowry, A. J.....	3	Wathena.....	Doniphan.
Motz, Simon.....	89	Sheridan.....	Wallace.
Murphy, Thomas.....	6	Atchison.....	Atchison.
Nesbitt, S. F.....	1	Highland.....	Doniphan.
Osborn, W. F.....	75	Virgil.....	Greenwood.
Parson, J.....	8	Mount Pleasant.....	Atchison.
Parker, Charles G.....	69	Council Grove.....	Morris.
Peckham, W. H.....	39	Big Springs.....	Douglas.
Pierce, George T.....	58	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
Pinkerton, J. H.....	70	Wabaunsee.....	Wabaunsee.
Redfield, J. C.....	54	Humboldt.....	Allen.
Ridlon, Frederick.....	35	McCamish.....	Johnson.
Rorick, David.....	21	Perryville.....	Jefferson.
Sanford, Amos.....	83	Columbus.....	Cheerokee.
Scott, William B.....	47	Oakwood.....	Linn.
Secrest, Edward.....	72	Randolph.....	Riley.
Sells, William H.....	35	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
Sells, Elijah.....	37	Baldwin City.....	Douglas.
Sherry, Byron.....	22	Leavenworth City.....	Leavenworth.
Shire, Daniel.....	25	Leavenworth City.....	Leavenworth.
Shelhamer, A. J.....	84	.....	Cloud.
Small, H.....	67	.....	Butler.
Smith, Reuben.....	43	Osawatomie.....	Miami.
Snead, J. H.....	74	Salina.....	Saline.
Snoddy, James D.....	49	Mound City.....	Linn.
Stewart, Byron.....	79	Mount Florence.....	Jackson.
Stewart, S. B.....	28	Tonganoxie.....	Leavenworth.
Stotler, Jacob.....	64	Emporia.....	Lyon.
Tiffany, J. A.....	50	Barnesville.....	Bourbon.
Topping, E. H.....	44	Paola.....	Miami.
Webb, W. C.....	53	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
Wells, John D.....	15	Barrett's Mill.....	Marshall.
West, R. P.....	90	Salt Marsh.....	Republic.
Whitaker, David.....	5	Doniphan.....	Doniphan.
Whitford, J. H.....	57	.....	Anderson.
Wilson, A. S.....	16	Washington.....	Washington.
Williams, J. L.....	18	Holton.....	Jackson.
Wilhelm, Levi.....	19	Winchester.....	Jefferson.
Wilkins, J.....	60	Valley Brook.....	Osage.
Wright, John K.....	71	Junction City.....	Davis.
H. C. Olney, Chief Clerk.....	.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
A. W. Hayes, Assistant Clerk.....	.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
H. Brandley, Journal Clerk.....	.....	.....	Johnson.
F. W. Watson, Docket Clerk.....	.....	.....	Coffey.
Miss Emma D. Campbell, Enr. Cl'k.....	.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
H. H. Tucker, Engrossing Clerk.....	.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
Mrs. Sarah J. Neal, Ass't Eng. Cl'k.....	.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
Geo. A. Schriener, Sergeant-at-Arms.....	.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
M. B. Crawford, Ass't Serg't-at-Arms.....	.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
A. H. Beck, Doorkeeper.....	.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
John Helwig, Assistant Doorkeeper.....	.....	.....	Leavenworth.
Willie Davis, Messenger.....	.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Ephie Smith, Messenger.....	.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
Edward Matthews, Messenger.....	.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Thomas Parks, Messenger.....	.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.

JANUARY 17.—Annual meeting of the Editorial Association. Address by R. B. Taylor, of the Wyandotte Gazette.

JANUARY 19.—Annual meeting of the Kansas and Missouri Associated Press, at Leavenworth. The seventeen daily papers in the Association pay for their regular dispatches \$14,295 a year. D. W. Wilder reelected President, and Geo. F. Prescott Secretary.

JANUARY 21.—Hiram R. Revels is elected to the United States Senate from Mississippi. He had been a resident of Leavenworth.

JANUARY 26.—Disclosure in regard to defalcation of ex-Collector Speer made in the Topeka Record.

JANUARY 26.—Auditor Thoman makes the following statement to the House:

STATE PENITENTIARY.

Total amount expended during the years 1863 to 1869, inclusive.....	\$442,502 72
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INSANE ASYLUM.

Total amount expended during the years 1867 to 1869, inclusive.....	67,423 50
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DEAF AND DUMB ASYLUM.

Total amount expended during the years 1862 to 1869, inclusive.....	44,457 49
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BLIND ASYLUM.

Total amount expended during the years 1867 to 1869.....	31,814 91
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Total expended.....	\$586,198 62
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JANUARY 26.—Report of House Committee that the State Treasurer lends the State money to the Topeka Bank, and receives four per cent. on current balances. (House Journal, pp. 319 to 341.)

JANUARY 31.—Report of State-House Investigating Committee. (Senate Journal, pp. 173 to 177.)

JANUARY 31.—Report of Penitentiary Investigating Committee. (Senate Journal, p. 178.)

FEBRUARY 1.—The Commonwealth defends the Treasurer. The Record says: "Here is a clearly-established case of open, persistent, and flagrant disobedience—virtual defiance, indeed—of the law; and a *prima facie* case of collusion between the Treasurer and his bankers to use the surplus money of the State for purposes of private speculation."

FEBRUARY 4.—The House appoints a Committee of five to visit the Neutral Land, and investigate the matter of sending United States troops there. The report made fills 164 pages.

FEBRUARY 14.—The House is visited by Thomas Warren, born in Virginia, February 14, 1770, and one hundred years old to-day. He came to Kansas in 1854. With Mr. Warren were Thomas C. Hannum, born in Pennsylvania, aged 84; Amos Morris, born in Pennsylvania, aged 82; Gamaliel Garlinghouse, born in New Jersey, aged 78; John Callahan, born in South Carolina, aged 75; Lewis Buckingham, born in New York, aged 72; and Sabin Kellam, born in Vermont, aged 80. (House Journal, pp. 652-3.)

FEBRUARY 16.—*Appointments confirmed:* John A. Halderman and J. G. Reaser of Leavenworth county, Charles Robinson of Douglas county, George A. Crawford of Bourbon county, and F. W. Giles of Shawnee county, Regents of the State University; David Whitaker of Doniphan county, Adjutant General.

FEBRUARY 17.—Report of House Committee on Cherokee Neutral Lands. (House Journal, pp. 735 to 894.) J. H. Sneed makes a special report. (House Journal, pp. 916 to 920.)

FEBRUARY 22.—The Treasurer reports that the money deposited with the Topeka Bank "has this day been withdrawn therefrom."

FEBRUARY 23.—Legislative excursion to Burlington, over the M. K. & T. R. W. The Committee on Resolutions consisted of M. V. Voss, Josiah Kellogg, John T. Burris, E. J. Jenkins, J. A. Halderman, John McKee, John R. Goodin, Jacob Stotler, V. J. Lane, S. S. Prouty, Henry King, T. D. Thacher, M. M. Murdock, J. S. Redfield, Isaac Sharp, J. W. Horner, John K. Wright, and Jos. Clarke.

FEBRUARY 24.—V. P. Wilson starts the Chronicle, at Abilene.

FEBRUARY 26.—Secretary Moonlight makes a report on the issue of State bonds. (Senate Journal, pp. 476-8.)

FEBRUARY 28.—John A. Carlson makes the first settlement in Rice county.

FEBRUARY 28.—Report of Committee investigating Treasurer and Auditor. The majority report says:

"We find that there is no authority in law for depositing the funds of the State in any local or State bank; that State funds have been so deposited by the Treasurer in the Topeka Bank, in the city of Topeka; that the Treasurer claims that it is impossible for him to perform his duties as such officer with safety to the State, and maintain the credit of the State, without making such deposits, in order to keep the funds in a secure place, and meet the interest on the bonds of the State as it falls due in New York. [See concluding portions of Graham's testimony submitted.] Whether the necessity claimed to exist by Mr. Graham justifies the failure to comply with the law on the statute books by Mr. Graham, we do not attempt to pronounce; we simply state it is in the course of established precedent.

"We find that, by the testimony, there was no agreement between the Treasurer and the Topeka Bank, or any person for the bank, for the Treasurer, or either of them, whereby Mr. Graham was to receive interest on deposits of funds of the State; that there does appear upon the books of said bank a credit to Mr. Graham, to the amount of \$1,056.70, arising from interests on deposits of State funds, which, if credited at all, should have been placed to the credit of the State; but that such credit was made to the individual account of Mr. Graham, without the knowledge or consent of said Graham, and that he immediately caused such credit to be erased from his personal account on the books of said bank, as soon as he learned of its existence." [See testimony of Geo. G. Corning, President, J. R. Swallow, Cashier, and Geo. Graham.]

The minority report says:

"The undersigned is of opinion that any toleration of a disregard of the provisions of law governing public officers is demoralizing in its tendency, and destructive of that security which is absolutely essential for the protection of the funds of the State. If the law is obnoxious, the best way to get rid of it is, as has been well said by General Grant, to enforce it strictly. Official bonds are not sufficient security to protect the State, where there is not integrity and a faithful adherence to the oath of office in the discharge of the important duties imposed by law. Without the most scrupulous respect for laws by the officers charged with their execution, security is gone and legislation a farce."—*Senate Journal*, pp. 525 to 500.

FEBRUARY 28.—Cowley county organized; named for Lieut. Matthew

Cowley, of the Ninth Kansas. A. J. Patrick issued the *Censor*, August 13. The third number was printed on the historic Meeker press.

MARCH.—Beck, Follett and McClure start the *Index*, at Cottonwood Falls. It was published nine months, when Yale & Gifford moved it to Wichita, and started the *Tribune*.

—Publication of a book with this title: "The Early History of St. Louis and Missouri, from its first Exploration by white men, in 1673, to 1843. By Elihu H. Shepard, formerly Professor of Languages in St. Louis College. St. Louis: Southwestern Book and Publishing Company." pp. 170.

MARCH 1.—McPherson county organized, with Sweadal as the county seat; named for Gen. James B. McPherson.

MARCH.—Two brothers, named Bullock, make the first settlement in Osborne county.

MARCH 3.—Adjournment of the Legislature. Among its acts are the following: Providing a room in the Capitol for the Agricultural Society; Authorizing Lawrence to issue \$100,000 in bonds, to aid in erecting a building for the University; Authorizing the State School Commissioners to buy the Lawrence University bonds, (eighteen acts relate to bonds); establishing a Normal School in northern Kansas (Leavenworth); Creating the office of State Librarian, and a Board of Directors of the State Library; Incorporating the city of Wathena; Ratifying the Fifteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

MARCH 4.—T. B. Murdock establishes the *Walnut Valley Times*, at El Dorado. It is the oldest paper south of Emporia and west of Eureka.

MARCH 16.—William C. Webb appointed Judge of the new judicial district—Crawford, Cherokee, Labette, Montgomery, and Howard counties.

MARCH 24.—Annual Conference M. E. Church, at Topeka. Bishop Clark, presiding.

—The K. P. Road is finished to Kit Carson, eighty-two miles west of Sheridan.

APRIL 1.—Sidney Clarke reports to the House the arguments of James F. Joy and W. R. Laughlin, on the Cherokee Neutral Land Question. It is Report No. 53, 2d Session 41st Congress, and contains 32 pages.

APRIL.—The first county officers elected in Sedgwick county; it is named for Gen. John Sedgwick. In the fall of 1863, J. R. Mead had established a trading post on the present site of Wichita. Wm. Grifenstein located in the county in 1865. M. M. Murdock established the *Eagle* April 22, 1872, at Wichita.

APRIL 7.—The Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Co. organized, by the consolidation of the Neosho Valley road and Missouri roads. Robert S. Stevens was its brains and road-builder.

APRIL.—The vote of the five principal cities in the State at the city election, the first week in April, stood as follows: Leavenworth, 2,859; Topeka, 1,374; Lawrence, 1,217; Atchison, 1,069; Fort Scott, 1,026.

—Geo. T. Isbell becomes local editor of the Leavenworth Conservative.

APRIL 20.—Celebration at Humboldt of the arrival of the M. K. & T. R. W.

APRIL 21.—John S. Gilmore establishes the Wilson County Citizen.

APRIL 24.—The Topeka Record says of the ex-Collector case that the defalcation is about \$160,000, and that there has been "perjury and forgery on the part of somebody." Supervisor Marr is removed from this district, and McDonald and Joyce, of the St. Louis whisky ring, sent here.

MAY 3.—The Normal School for northern Kansas established at Leavenworth.

MAY 5.—Three men killed by Indians on Limestone creek, Mitchell county. No other lives lost by Indian raids during the year. United States troops are stationed in the Republican, Solomon and Saline valleys.

MAY 10.—Indians reported in Jewell county.

MAY 10.—Seven outlaws from the Indian Territory break into the house of J. N. Roach, at Ladore, Neosho county, dangerously wound him, and outrage his two daughters. One of the ruffians was killed by his own party, in a quarrel; five others were caught by the citizens and hanged on one tree.

MAY 11.—Episcopal Convention at Junction City.

—Congress establishes the Arkansas Land District.

—Congregationalists meet at Leavenworth.

MAY 12.—Baxter Springs celebrates the completion of the Missouri River, Fort Scott & Gulf Railroad.

—Corner-stone of Methodist church laid at Atchison.

MAY 19.—Fort Scott entertains the Missouri editors.

MAY 29.—The Chronicle reports 150,000 head of cattle on the way from Texas to Abilene.

—Burning of the old Topeka House.

MAY 31.—Henry Buckingham starts the Republican Valley Empire, at Clyde. It was the first paper printed in either the Republican or Solomon valleys. It was removed to Concordia, December 24, 1870.

MAY.—The Santa Fé reaches Osage City.

JUNE.—An illustrated political pamphlet of 32 pages, published at Topeka. It bears this title: "Political Affairs in Kansas. A Review of the Official Acts of our Delegation in Congress. Shall Inefficiency and Corruption be Sustained? The Issues of the Coming Political Campaign. A new Deal and less Steal." It contains eleven wood cuts. The tract is especially aimed at S. C. Pomeroy and Sidney Clarke.

JUNE 3.—Major Henry J. Adams dies, at Waterville. He was the first Free-State Mayor of Leavenworth, and one of our best public men.

JUNE 4.—The Champion says Atchison has fifteen public and secret societies.

JUNE 8.—Eleventh Annual Baptist convention, at Lawrence.

—The Salina Herald is enlarged.

—The New Hampshire Agricultural Society grants a diploma for Kansas fruit.

JUNE 13.—The first court in Sedgwick county, held by Judge Wm. R. Brown.

JUNE 14.—Abram Burnett, a Pottawatomie chief, of 406 pounds, dies, near Topeka.

—Perry Fuller gives a bond, in the sum of \$50,000, for his appearance to answer certain Custom-House charges against him, in New Orleans.

JUNE 18.—The United States House of Representatives passes a bill to pay citizens of Kansas for losses during the Border-Ruffian war, in 1855-1856. It makes the United States Circuit Judge the Commissioner to receive and examine claims, and appropriates \$500,000.

JUNE 20.—The Sons of Temperance pass resolutions eulogizing the late Dr. Amory Hunting.

—The La Cygne Journal issued.

—There are 1,283 miles of railroad in the State: Kansas Pacific, 454; Missouri, Kansas & Texas, 182; Union Pacific, Central Branch, 100; Leavenworth, Lawrence & Galveston, 64; Missouri River, Fort Scott & Gulf, 102; Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé, 27; Leavenworth, Atchison & Northwestern, 21; Missouri River, 28; St. Joseph & Denver, 40.

By the acts of Congress of July 1, 1862, and July 2, 1864, the Kansas Pacific Railway received, in bonds, from the Government, \$6,303,000; and the Central Branch, \$1,600,000. The bonds given by the Government to all the Pacific roads (under acts bearing these dates) amounted to \$64,618,832.

JUNE 21.—Col. Bernard P. Chenoweth, formerly Captain of Company A, First Kansas Regiment, dies, at Canton, China, where he was United States Consul.

JUNE 27.—The Leavenworth Coal Company begins to take out coal.

JUNE 28.—Annual meeting of the State Teachers' Association, at Wyandotte. *Officers elected:* President, J. Evans Platt, of Manhattan; Recording Secretary, Miss E. M. Dickinson, of Quindaro; Corresponding Secretary, D. J. Evans, of Topeka; Treasurer, Miss Matilda J. Upton, of Burlington; Executive Committee, David Donovan, of Leavenworth; State Superintendents, M. D. Gage of Junction City, Frank H. Snow of Lawrence, and A. D. Chambers of Hartford.

JUNE.—The Santa Fé reaches Reading, 45 miles.

JUNE.—U. S. Census taken.

County.	Population in 1850.....	Population in 1870.....	No. Acres of improved land.....	VALUE.		
				Of Farms.....	Of Farming Implements and Machinery.....	Estimated value of all Farm products, and buildings and additions to stock.....
Allen.....	3,082	7,023	30,288	\$1,392,595	\$64,060	\$424,468
Anderson.....	2,393	5,204	29,433	1,318,618	82,400	450,763
Atchison.....	7,729	15,472	72,788	3,405,515	207,415	1,128,633
Bourbon.....	6,101	15,102	105,972	4,371,975	248,070	1,289,676
Brown.....	2,607	6,823	50,189	2,272,272	118,468	457,283
Butler.....	437	3,072	11,054	451,955	40,804	147,568
Chase.....	808	1,992	9,137	853,082	36,400	160,882
Cloud.....		2,323	94,460	552,819	40,476	166,851
Cherokee.....		11,047	55,682	1,041,239	131,420	812,638
Clay.....	163	2,942	10,805	619,585	49,395	184,761
Coffey.....	2,842	6,335	34,420	1,874,810	86,555	512,758
Cowley.....		1,174	2,327	317,120	19,461	133,171
Crawford.....		8,005	60,044	2,393,155	133,646	705,495
Davis.....	1,163	5,600	23,915	782,110	36,695	275,628
Dickinson.....	378	3,037	10,924	629,707	29,712	171,882
Doniphan.....	8,083	13,971	71,275	220,982	149,189	895,582
Douglas.....	8,637	20,582	94,775	3,177,403	148,326	1,432,014
Ellis.....		2,041				
Ellsworth.....		1,350	2,449	111,390	9,880	51,946
Franklin.....	3,030	10,406	75,587	3,322,930	177,247	947,565
Greenwood.....	759	3,485	20,130	979,153	40,502	312,922
Howard.....		2,706	2,251	89,280	7,205	50,677
Jackson.....	1,936	6,053	41,588	2,305,240	84,995	844,801
Jefferson.....	4,459	12,526	91,004	4,218,363	172,187	1,001,762
Jewell.....		205	960	37,050	3,008	21,620
Johnson.....	4,364	13,725	129,435	4,545,235	210,167	1,195,923
Labette.....		9,979	39,029	1,664,181	92,141	449,369
Leavenworth.....	12,606	32,472	106,221	5,131,173	148,581	1,395,865
Lincoln.....		516	1,226	68,050	4,921	4,710
Linn.....	6,336	12,198	89,557	3,547,218	154,509	944,887
Lyon.....	3,197	8,016	19,163	1,271,622	55,518	324,045
Marion.....	74	767	3,201	182,650	13,479	105,527
Marshall.....	2,280	7,228	34,988	1,549,220	79,013	518,177
McPherson.....		917	3,129	169,499	119,778	37,231
Miami.....	4,980	11,729	95,138	3,965,724	143,810	871,316
Mitchell.....		498	33,322	102,355	19,282	5,131
Montgomery.....		7,613	18,743		32,364	240,261
Morris.....	770	2,218	7,821	415,496	22,460	144,818
Nemaha.....	2,436	7,296	40,416	1,956,530	112,877	539,341
Neosho.....		1,223	38,320	1,445,508	77,897	446,042
Ness.....		125				
Osage.....	1,113	7,631	28,649	1,903,211	106,896	401,276
Ottawa.....		2,130	11,342	541,510	33,791	168,554
Pawnee.....		179				
Pottawatomie.....	1,529	7,888	31,642	1,883,120	107,908	746,095
Republic.....		1,290	11,180	334,200	19,401	131,500
Rice.....			8	1,800		
Riley.....	1,124	5,104	26,076	1,614,165	83,216	
Rooks.....		45				461,340
Rush.....		75				
Saline.....		4,206	23,197	1,121,462	69,130	309,777
Sedgewick.....		1,096	3,422	259,374	2,137	144,051
Shawnee.....	3,513	13,035	47,512	4,415,410	176,062	983,160
Smith.....		66	407	25,200	875	9,600
Wabaunsee.....	1,023	3,373	325	963,208	62,825	219,465
Wallace.....		378				
Washington.....	383	3,970	9,781	413,490	26,054	165,751
Wilson.....	27	6,494	12,808	766,070	52,301	272,242
Woodson.....	1,488	3,827	10,026	485,170	20,960	149,700
Wyandotte.....	2,609	10,066	26,553	1,411,087	36,371	384,439
Total.....	107,204	362,307	1,920,610	\$78,891,098	\$4,202,272	\$24,351,585

The increase per cent. in population of Kansas from 1860 to 1870 was 235.99. Maine and South Carolina increased less than one per cent. each in that decade. The average increase for all the States and Territories was 21.52 per cent.

JULY.—A book issued, called "Gazetteer and Directory of the State of Kansas: Containing Concise Descriptions of the Cities, Towns and Villages of the State, with the Names of Professional and Business Men. With a Map. Lawrence, Kansas: Blackburn & Co., Publishers, 1870." pp. 303. The historical sketch is written by Richard Cordley. Milton W. Reynolds writes the paper on "Kansas as a Field for Immigration." Jas. R. McClure, Register at Junction City, writes a land article. The following is copied from page 106:

"The Most Worshipful Grand Lodge of Ancient, Free and Accepted Masons of Kansas will meet in Atchison, on the third Wednesday in October, 1870. M. W. John H. Brown, Grand Master; R. W. E. T. Carr, Grand Secretary, both of Leavenworth.

"Most Excellent Grand Royal Arch Chapter of the State of Kansas meets in Atchison on the third Tuesday in October, 1870. M. E. Owen A. Bassett, Grand High Priest, Lawrence; R. E. E. T. Carr, Grand Secretary.

"The Grand Commandery of Knights Templar of the State of Kansas meets in annual conclave, in Atchison, on the third Monday in October, 1870. Sir William O. Gould, R. E. Grand Commander, Leavenworth; Sir E. T. Carr, Grand Recorder."

There is a Masonic Lodge at Iowa Point, one at Wyandotte, Pleasant Ridge, Atchison, Junction City, Ottumwa, Emporia, America City, Oskaloosa, Tecumseh, Manhattan, Ottawa, Olathe, Circleville, Grasshopper Falls, Paris, Baldwin City, Osawatomie, High Prairie, Le Roy, Mapleton, Humboldt, Doniphan, Auburn, Mound City, Silver Lake, Hiawatha, Council Grove, Paola, Iola, Seneca, DeSoto, Blooming Grove, Holton, Monticello, Garnett, Easton, Xenia, Monrovia, Petersburg, Perryville, Granada, Shawnee, Troy, Spring Hill, Coyville, Mount Pleasant, Timber Ridge, Salina, Twin Springs, Oswego, Wathena, Gardner, Burlington, Frankfort, Pardee, Salt Lake City, Baxter Springs, Huron, Chetopa, Augusta, Wamego, Erie, Neosho Rapids, White Cloud, Burlingame, Cottonwood Falls, New Albany, Neosho Falls, Eudora, Lindsay, Waterville, Centralia, Clinton, Winchester, Montana, Pleasanton, and North Topeka; there are two at Topeka, and Fort Scott; three at Lawrence, and five at Leavenworth.

There are Chapters at Atchison, Leavenworth, Fort Scott, Lawrence, Topeka, Wyandotte, Ottawa, Grasshopper Falls, Oskaloosa, Olathe, Humboldt, Emporia, Manhattan, Oswego, Troy, Doniphan, and Chetopa.

There are Commanderies at Leavenworth, Atchison, Fort Scott, Lawrence, and Topeka.

The following is copied from pages 111, 112:

"**INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS.**—The Grand Lodge of this order was instituted at Tecumseh, June 2, 1858. It is a movable body, meeting annually on the second Tuesday in October, at the place selected at its previous session, and composed of its officers and duly-elected representatives from the subordinate Lodges. The present basis of representation is one from each Lodge of seventy-five members or less, and one for each additional fifty or fraction. The present number of Lodges is forty-eight, and number of members, three thousand.

"*Degree Lodges*: Lawrence, Kaw Valley, No. 1; Topeka, Capital City, No. 2.

"*Rebekah Degree Lodges*: Topeka, Rebekah Degree Lodge, No. 1; Fort Scott, Rebekah Degree Lodge, No. 2; Holton, Rebekah Degree Lodge, No. 3.

"*Grand Lodge*: The officers of the Grand Lodge for 1869-70 are: H. J. Canniff, M. W. Grand Master, Prairie City; John Pipher, R. W. D. Grand Master, Manhattan; D. B. McDougall, R. W. Grand Warden, Burlingame; Samuel F. Burdett, R. W. Grand Secretary, Leavenworth; James S. Crow, R. W. Grand Treasurer, Leavenworth; C. A. Logan, Leavenworth, Levi Empie, Burlingame, Representatives to G. L. U. S. The session of 1870 will be held at Fort Scott, on Tuesday, October 11.

"*Grand Encampment*: This body was organized October 9, 1866, with five subordinate Encampments, since which time they have increased to twelve. It is composed of its officers and duly-elected representatives, upon a similar basis to that of the Grand Lodge. It meets annually, at the same time and place as the Grand Lodge. The subordinate Lodges are located as follows: Leavenworth, Far West, No. 1; Leavenworth, Schiller, No. 2 (German); Topeka, Shawnee, No. 3; Lawrence, Mount Oread, No. 4; Burlingame, Osage, No. 5; Atchison, Hesperian, No. 6; Fort Scott, Rising Star, No. 7; Oskaloosa, Hebron, No. 8; Wyandotte, Wyandotte, No. 9; Ottawa, Lincoln, No. 10; Garnett, Wildey, No. 11; Junction City, Jerusalem, No. 12. The present number of members is about 450."

JULY.—The Oskaloosa Independent says: "The first type of the Kansas Freeman, at Topeka, was set on the open prairie, under a June sun."

JULY 1.—Salina ships beef to New York, in refrigerator cars.

JULY 4.—Large meeting at Ladore, of settlers on the Osage Lands.

JULY 7.—Death of Judge Josiah Miller, at Lawrence. He was a native of South Carolina, came here in August, 1854, and was an ardent Free-State man. In January, 1855, he established the "Free-State" newspaper; it was destroyed May 21st, 1856.

JULY.—Geo. T. Anthony, U. S. Collector, travels over the State, in search of the "dead, insolvent, bankrupt, and absconded."

—A new college is building, at St. Mary's Mission.

JULY 7.—Congress establishes the Republican Land District.

JULY 12.—Meeting of the Presbyterian Synod, at Topeka.

—W. A. Shannon appointed Receiver of the Land Office at Augusta, and Thos. J. Sternberg Receiver of the Republican Land District.

JULY 14.—Jewell county organized, with Jewell City as the county seat. It is named for Lt. Col. Lewis R. Jewell, of the Sixth Kansas.

JULY 15.—Congress provides for the removal of the Osage Indians, and the sale of their land.

JULY 20.—The Santa Fé Railroad completed to Emporia.

—Labor Union Convention, at Leavenworth. Amos Sanford and F. P. Baker were elected delegates to the National Labor Congress. W. V. Barr, President; B. F. Sylvis, Secretary; H. B. Carter, Treasurer; Executive Committee, W. R. Laughlin, John C. Ketcheson, A. R. Johnson, Hugh Cameron, and S. Markham.

JULY 30.—Iowa editors visit Leavenworth and Topeka.

—Coal mining at Burlingame.

AUGUST.—“Kansas, as She Is,” is the name of a pamphlet of 64 pages, printed in Lawrence by the “Kansas Publishing Company.” The object of the book is to promote immigration.

AUGUST 1.—Judge David P. Lowe, of Fort Scott, addresses the “Fifteenth Amendment” Convention, at Leavenworth. Senator Revels is present.

AUGUST 9.—The Republican Committee, P. P. Elder Chairman, and M. M. Murdock Secretary, meets at Lawrence. State Convention to be held September 8th.

—A. J. and W. J. Lea issue the Independent, at Columbus.

—Mount St. Mary’s Academy, near Leavenworth, completed.

AUGUST 13.—Senator E. G. Ross exposes the Black Bob Land Fraud, in the Topeka Record.

AUGUST.—Killing of John Sanderson, a notorious outlaw, by a mob, in Davis county. Three associates sent to the penitentiary, and several others driven out of the country.

AUGUST 19.—Railroad completed from Olathe to Ottawa.

AUGUST 27.—Colonel A. S. Johnson removes from Johnson county (which was named for his father) to Topeka.

—E. G. Mains starts the Arkansas City Traveler.

SEPTEMBER 1.—The Kansas Pacific reaches Denver. For 394 miles it received \$16,000, in bonds, and 12,800 acres per mile; or \$6,303,000, in bonds, and 6,000,000 acres of land.

SEPTEMBER 5.—State Natural History Society, at Lawrence. *Officers elected*: President, John Fraser; Vice President, B. F. Mudge; Secretary, J. D. Parker; Treasurer, F. H. Snow; Curators, B. F. Mudge and F. H. Snow.

—In the fall, John Rhodes, J. K. Belk, Ambrose Oldaker, B. F. Myers, J. H. Johnson and J. C. Morrison become the first settlers in Smith county.

—In the fall, Leslie J. Perry and A. A. Putnam started the Augusta Crescent. J. B. Davis bought the paper, and changed the name to Republican. U. A. Albin bought the office, and removed it to McPherson county.

SEPTEMBER 8.—Republican State Convention, at Topeka. Called to order by P. P. Elder. James D. Snoddy received 101 votes for temporary Chairman, and John A. Martin 76. J. B. Johnson, of Jefferson county, was elected temporary Secretary. On motion of Geo. A. Crawford, it was voted to make nominations by a *viva voce* vote. The temporary were made the permanent officers.

Informal ballot for Congressman: Sidney Clarke 77. D. P. Lowe 58, M. S. Adams 18, John Ritchie 6, Jacob Stotler, 15, D. R. Anthony 12, W. P. Borland 1, S. J. Crawford 1, Thomas Moonlight 10.

First formal ballot: D. P. Lowe 84, Sidney Clarke 77, M. S. Adams 17, J. Stotler 3, T. Moonlight 8, D. R. Anthony 9. All the opponents of Clarke changed to Lowe, and the nomination was made unanimous.

The Convention reassembled on the 9th.

Ballot for Governor: James M. Harvey 125, D. R. Anthony 45, Thos. A. Osborn 24.

Ballot for Lieutenant Governor: P. P. Elder 92, E. C. Nicolls 18, David Gordon 48, J. C. Carpenter 35. P. P. Elder's nomination made unanimous.

Ballot for Associate Justice: David J. Brewer 113, James Rogers 22, Mr. Beal 5, W. W. Nevison 13, David Brockway 6, Judge Safford 30.

Ballot for Secretary of State: W. H. Smallwood 139, Wm. M. Twine 24, Thos. Moonlight 13.

Alois Thoman was unanimously nominated for Auditor.

Ballot for Treasurer: Josiah E. Hayes 89, George Graham 48, John Francis 34.

Ballot for Attorney General: A. L. Williams 70, J. B. Johnson 55, H. W. Cook 9, Leander Stillwell 12.

H. D. McCarty was unanimously nominated for Superintendent of Public Instruction.

State Central Committee: D. R. Anthony, John A. Martin, H. T. Beman, Elijah Sells, Jacob Stotler, S. A. Manlove, John W. Scott, B. J. F. Hanna, T. B. Murdock, H. W. Cook, J. R. Hallowell, W. D. Matthews, W. R. McLain, David Gordon.

John A. Martin reported the following platform:

"1. The Union Republican party in Kansas, in delegate convention assembled, reaffirms its adherence to, and its faith in, the principles of universal liberty, justice and humanity, for which it has during ten years past zealously and successfully battled, and upon which it has now securely and forever established the foundations of the Government.

"2. It points with pride to a career of victory unsullied by a single act of national cowardice, wrong, or inhumanity. It has, during its administration of public affairs, crushed the most gigantic rebellion that ever assailed the Government, broken the shackles of a race long enslaved, and elevated them to the dignity and privileges of citizenship; enacted and put into operation a beneficent homestead law; originated and perfected a splendid system of highways across the continent; secured the recognition of the doctrine of expatriation; and in all things proved itself equal to the sacred trusts committed to its hands.

"3. The Republican party, with such a record, needs to make no flaunting promises of future fidelity to the great principles upon which its organization is based. But this convention of delegates, representing the Republicans of Kansas, takes occasion to express the conviction and purpose of the party: First, To maintain and defend the fruits of its victory in the field; namely, the unity of the republic, the abolition of slavery, the enfranchisement of the colored race, and equal rights for all. Second, To protect and preserve the fruits of its victory in legislation; namely, the homestead law in its whole letter and spirit, the law of expatriation, and a wholesome system of public improvements.

"4. In the future, as in the past, the Republican party will continue to advocate the measures which will promote economy, national honesty, domestic concord, and friendly relations with foreign powers—to the end that we may have a government of laws, and not of men.

"5. We cordially indorse the patriotic, honest, and economical administration of President Grant, and hail with satisfaction the rapid reduction of the national debt, which its faithful collection of public revenues and honest application of them brought about.

"6. In the struggle now going on in Europe our sympathies are heartily with the German people. Their triumph is a victory of liberal principles. We rejoice in the overthrow of the Napoleon dynasty, and earnestly pray that the war may result in the organization and permanent establishment of a republican form of government in France and other European nations.

"7. That the Republican party stands pledged to remove all disqualifications and restrictions imposed upon the late Rebels, in the same measure as the spirit of disloyalty may die out, and may be consistent with the safety of the loyal people.

"8. In the distribution of public lands and Indian reserves, we demand the full protection of the rights of settlers, and the reservation of the 16th and 36th sections to which the State is entitled for educational purposes. Wholesale grants of land to speculators and foreign corporations are unfavorable to the interests of the community, and inconsistent with the objects for which the national domain should be distributed. We especially condemn the policy of disposing of Indian reservations to railroad or land monopolies, and insist that such lands be immediately opened to actual settlement, at not more than one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre."

The following resolution, offered by John T. Voss, of Crawford county, was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the policy of granting subsidies of public lands to capitalists and monopolies is condemned, and that we repudiate the action of certain of our Republican Representatives in Congress in the sale of the Cherokee Neutral Lands."

D. R. Anthony was made Chairman and Jacob Stotler Secretary of the State Committee.

SEPTEMBER 14.—Emporia celebrates the opening of the Santa Fé Road.

SEPTEMBER 15.—Old settlers' meeting at Lawrence. *President*: Charles Robinson. *Vice President*: John A. Wakefield. *Secretary*: Joseph Savage. Speeches by William A. Phillips, Charles H. Lovejoy, Dan. H. Horne, S. C. Pomeroy, Rev. E. Nute, James F. Legate, D. R. Anthony, John Speer, J. B. Abbott, Captain Bickerton, S. O. Thacher, and S. N. Simpson. All united in singing the anthem, "John Brown."

SEPTEMBER 15.—Democratic State Convention, at Topeka. Called to order by Hugh S. Walsh. Isaac Sharp temporary Chairman, and C. C. Duncan Secretary.

Committee on Credentials: R. V. Flora, Wm. Evington, G. W. Miller, Dr. Bowen, T. C. Irwin, H. D. Wilson, J. D. Rush, Daniel Montfort, J. H. Castello, W. H. Brady, J. D. O'Conner.

Committee on Platform: Thomas P. Fenlon, J. L. Berry, H. J. Strickler, George A. Reynolds, J. R. Gates, S. A. Williams, O. Thurston, T. B. Bickersham, A. White, Charles S. Glick, M. V. B. Bennett.

Committee on Organization: W. N. Allen, T. P. Fenlon, Wm. Mitchell, Dr. Couch.

Officers of Convention: President, P. G. Parker, of Johnson; Vice Presidents, Isaac E. Eaton of Leavenworth, W. P. Hetherington of Atchison, S. C. Gephart of Jefferson, A. J. Allen of Franklin, H. T.

Wilson of Bourbon, G. A. Bowlus of Allen, J. R. McClure of Davis; Secretaries, George F. Prescott of Leavenworth, Nelson Abbott of Atchison, J. L. Goode of Bourbon, Ely Moore of Douglas.

The Convention adopted the following platform:

"The Democratic party of Kansas submits to the voters of the State the following declaration of principles, to which it invites their earnest attention and support:

"The preservation of the rights of the States as members of the Federal Union intact.

"The speedy restoration of all the States to perfect equality and self-government.

"The immediate removal of all political disabilities incurred by citizens in the late war.

"The recognition of all amendments to the Constitution as of the same binding force as the original text; but as the autocratic method of ratifying the recent amendments by a partisan majority excited the alarm of all good citizens, it shall hereafter be understood as the law of the land that the Constitution of the United States is not to be touched by any political party until the people shall have had a full, fair and honest hearing on the proposed change.

"That the substitution of treasury notes for the national bank currency is a measure of imperative necessity and economy.

"That as the confidence in the national bank currency only exists by reason of the Government bonds which are deposited as their security, it is an unnecessary extravagance to pay eighteen millions of gold per annum to those institutions for doing what might be better done by the Government itself.

"That the one hundred and forty-four millions of gold, equal to two hundred millions in currency, which has been paid to them in the last eight years, would have been better applied in payment of the national debt than paid to the bonded interests in these banks, which have escaped taxation, and taxation alike upon all species of property, whether gold, greenbacks, national currency, or bonds.

"Reduction, if not abolition, of the hateful and oppressive internal revenue tax.

"A thorough reform, and strict economy, in all the branches of the Government.

"Payment of the national debt in accordance with the law authorizing its creation. And we demand a repeal of the act of Congress providing for the payment of the Five-Twenties in coin.

"A national currency, secure against the effect of speculation, and distributed in a just ratio between the States.

"That, as a large part of the territorial domain has been given away to railroad and other monopolies, and as large land estates are the evil and impoverishment of a nation, we oppose any further squandering of public lands; and we would reserve them for settlers, in good faith, and as a means of legitimate reward to the Government.

"We condemn, as dangerous to liberty, and subversive of the Constitution, the late military interference by the Federal administration in the State election in North Carolina. If such action be permitted to go unchallenged in one State, it is an invitation for a like outrage in another; a concession that the elective franchise—the basis of our Government—may, at the pleasure of the President, be controlled by the power of the bayonet.

"We welcome the birth of a new Republic in Europe, and extend sympathy to any people aspiring to or struggling for liberty and self-government; and we trust that the present struggle in Europe will result in the downfall of imperialism, and the establishment of a republican government.

"That the law of self-preservation—the first dictate of reason—the interests of the laboring and industrial class, demand that Chinese laborers shall not be colonized into this country.

"That no advantage that may seem to be in view from their cheap labor, almost of a servile character, will justify the grave consequences to be fairly apprehended from a systematic introduction of these people to our shores.

"That we deem the sessions of the Legislature too long and too expensive, producing in their legal enactments but poor equivalent for the taxes necessary to pay for their

support; and in the name of a people taxed almost beyond endurance, we demand short sessions, small appropriations, and healthy constitutional legislation; and at the hands of all departments of the State Government, legislative, executive, and judicial, the prompt, efficient and honest discharge of their duties.

"That the general history of the Radical administration in this State is one of fraud, corruption and imbecility; a disgrace and blot upon the fair fame of our gallant and heroic people; the journals of our Legislative Assembly are stained with the deeds of impeachments, of mislegislation, on account of bribery, corruption and malfeasance in office; and the evil has become so grievous that it behooves the people in their majesty to throw off the shackles that corrupt politicians have placed on them, and elect honest and competent men to office.

"That we condemn, as not only unauthorized by, but in direct violation of, the Federal and State Constitution, the quartering of United States troops upon the people of Cherokee and Crawford and other counties, in the interest of the person or persons claiming to own the lands in that vicinity. The question was and is a legal one, to be finally decided by the courts having jurisdiction thereon; and the quartering of Federal troops upon the settlers is not only an outrage upon their rights, but a gross violation of Federal and State supreme law, and a disgrace and shame upon the authorities of the State, who have thus invoked this unlawful and dangerous agency.

"Resolved, That we are in favor of a tariff for revenue only; and we demand that the burdens of taxation shall be fairly and equally adjusted. Recognizing labor as the foundation and source of our national prosperity, it is both the duty and interest of the Government to foster and protect it, and that no adjustment to that end can be made without striking from the statute books the present unjust and odious tariff laws, a system of taxation based upon favoritism, and which has destroyed American commerce and oppressed the people of the great agricultural regions; which has compelled the many to pay tribute to the few, and which has built up monopolies that control, not only every American market, but also the legislation of Congress; and we demand that the prime articles of necessity, such as tea, coffee, sugar, salt, and those fabrics which constitute the wearing apparel of the workingman and his family, shall be placed upon the free list.

"Resolved, That the legislation of the dominant party, by which the bondholder, 'who speculated in the blood of the soldier,' receives gold, and the soldier who shed his blood to preserve the Republic, his widow and orphans, receive greenbacks, is an unjust discrimination; and that we demand such legislation as will make no distinction between the creditors of the Government.

"Resolved, That the brave man's blood is worth more than the rich man's money, and that there should be but one currency for the rich and the poor, the bondholder and soldier; and that, if favors should be extended, they are due to the brave man who periled his life for our preservation, the widows and orphans of our dead heroes, and not the speculator.

"Resolved, That this Convention invite the fellowship and coöperation of earnest and good men, of all parties, to unite with us in the election of the nominees now put forward by this Convention, upon the platform submitted.

"Resolved, That the Democratic party recognize the necessity of organization among the laboring classes and their friends, as a means of their self-protection against the encroachments of capital, and that the 'Labor Union,' so called, have its largest sympathy; and we respectfully invite the attention of that organization and its members to the efforts of the Democratic party in behalf of the laboring classes, and earnestly desire and request their coöperation with us in the use of every means to foster and advance the best interests of the laboring classes."

For Secretary of State: Chas. C. Duncan, of Pottawatomie, received 130 votes; John M. Giffen, of Johnson, 10.

Hardin McMahan, of Coffey, unanimously nominated for Auditor.

For Treasurer: S. C. Gephart, of Jefferson, 119; A. C. Snell, of Davis, 22. A. W. Rucker, of Cherokee, unanimously nominated for Attorney

General, and Thomas S. Murray, of Douglas, for Superintendent of Public Instruction; Robt. M. Ruggles, of Lyon, for Associate Justice; R. Cole Foster, of Leavenworth, for Congress; and Isaac Sharp, of Morris, for Governor.

State Committee: Thos. P. Fenlon, H. Miles Moore, Geo. W. Glick, John Martin, S. G. Stoughton, Ellis Lewis, Samuel A. Williams, O. P. Haghawout, H. L. Hunt, P. G. Parker, M. V. B. Bennett.

SEPTEMBER 22.—Workingmen's State Convention, at Topeka. President, C. O. Smith; Vice Presidents, Douglas of Cherokee, Moore of Nemaha, and Pollock of Leavenworth; Secretaries, A. Sanford and B. F. Sylvis. The platform indorses the platform of the National Labor Reform party; demands that all acts of the Legislature shall be adopted by a popular vote before they become laws; favors exempting \$1,000, instead of \$200, from taxation; honest men for office; no treaty with Indians without an act of Congress; each human being born with a natural right to land; favors republics in Europe; asks for the removal of political disabilities; condemns James M. Harvey, and his Neutral Land policy; sympathizes with the Black Bob and all other settlers who are struggling for their rights.

Ballot for Candidate for Congress: John C. Vaughan 13, G. T. Pierce 5, Geo. H. Hoyt 3. Col. Vaughan was nominated, but declined, and Amos Sanford was nominated. The other nominations, as follows: *Governor*, W. R. Laughlin; *Lieut. Governor*, T. Moore, of Nemaha; *Secretary of State*, G. T. Pierce; *Auditor*, W. C. Fowler, of Jefferson; *Treasurer*, T. S. Slaughter, of Johnson; *Superintendent of Public Instruction*, H. D. McCarty; *Attorney General*, Geo. H. Hoyt; *Associate Justice*, G. M. Harrison, of Montgomery. *State Committee:* J. S. Vincent of Cherokee, H. Cameron of Douglas, B. F. Sylvis of Leavenworth, Jos. Briggs of Franklin, L. W. Sargent of Nemaha, Isaac Fowler of Jefferson, H. H. Tillman of Bourbon, T. S. Slaughter of Johnson, E. Keller of Crawford, and C. O. Smith of Shawnee.

SEPTEMBER 21.—Jos. P. Root, of Wyandotte, appointed Minister to Chili.

SEPTEMBER 25.—The Democratic Standard started, at Lawrence.

SEPTEMBER 27.—State Fair, at Fort Scott. Annual Address by Senator Ross.

SEPTEMBER 30.—Election on the State Fair Grounds, at Fort Scott, of the following officers of the State Agricultural Society: President, I. S. Kalloch, of Douglas; Vice President, O. E. Learnard, of Douglas; Secretary, H. J. Strickler, of Shawnee; Superintendent, Alfred Gray. *Executive Committee:* Alfred Gray, of Wyandotte; James I. Larimer, of Leavenworth; S. T. Kelsey, of Franklin; J. N. Insley, of Jefferson; J. W. Scott, of Allen; N. A. Adams, of Riley; E. S. Niccolls, of Anderson; Andrew Wilson, of Jefferson; John Inlow, of Johnson.

OCTOBER 4.—Organization of Mitchell county. It is named for Private Wm. D. Mitchell, Co. K, Second Kansas.

OCTOBER.—Emporia is building two large boarding-houses for the use of the students of the Normal School.

OCTOBER 6.—First meeting of the Commissioners of Lincoln county. It is named for Abraham Lincoln.

OCTOBER 8.—Horace Greeley lectures in Union Hall, Topeka. He also spoke in Lawrence. This was Mr. Greeley's last visit to Kansas.

—The candidates of the Labor Reform party withdraw. Mr. Sanford supports R. C. Foster.

OCTOBER 12.—Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows in session at Fort Scott.

OCTOBER 18.—The Kansas Pacific gives an excursion to Denver to Kansas editors.

—The New York Tribune publishes a letter from Mr. Greeley, dated Topeka, October 9th, in which he says:

"Settlers are pouring into eastern Kansas by car-loads, wagon-loads, horse-loads, daily, because of the fertility of her soil, the geniality of her climate, her admirable diversity of prairie and timber, the abundance of her living streams, and the marvelous facility wherewith homesteads may here be created. . . . Having exposed freely the errors, as I see them, of all parties, I hardly need restate that Kansas, in spite of them all, is going ahead magnificently; and I predict that the child is born who will see her fifth if not fourth in population and production among the States of our Union."

OCTOBER 18.—The Grand Lodge of Good Templars meets at Lawrence.

OCTOBER 19.—The Grand Lodge of Masons meets at Atchison.

OCTOBER 20.—James W. Steele "takes some stock" in the State Record Company.

OCTOBER 26.—Iola celebrates the arrival of the L. L. G. & R. R.

OCTOBER 27.—Berry and Campbell start the Humboldt Statesman. It died in May, 1872.

NOVEMBER 1.—Great freshet all over the State. The streams reported higher than at any time since 1858.

—Isaac Sharp starts the Council Grove Democrat.

NOVEMBER 2.—The Emporia News issues a Daily.

NOVEMBER 4.—Senator Pomeroy writes from Muscotah to Joseph Savage, of his historical article in the New York Ledger, published in October, that it was written by a reporter for that paper, "as I am told." "I never saw it until it appeared, printed, in the Ledger."

NOVEMBER 8.—Annual election.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, LIEUT. GOVERNOR, AND SECRETARY OF STATE.

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR.			LIEUT. GOVERNOR.			SECRETARY OF STATE.		
	<i>James M. Harvey.</i>	<i>Isaac Sharp.</i>	<i>W. R. Laughlin.</i>	<i>P. P. Elliot.</i>	<i>A. J. Allen.</i>	<i>T. Moore.</i>	<i>William H. Smallwood.</i>	<i>G. C. Duncan.</i>	<i>George T. Pierce.</i>
Allen	913	334	.....	909	335	.....	913	335	.....
Anderson	721	156	.....	705	164	.....	720	164	.....
Atchison	1,292	911	.....	1,290	910	.....	1,288	914	.....
Bourbon	1,252	784	.....	1,276	768	.....	1,282	767	.....
Brown	612	191	.....	611	192	.....	608	193	.....
Butler	925	228	.....	926	227	.....	927	227	.....
Chase	194	50	.....	189	49	.....	189	49	.....
Clay	438	30	.....	446	21	.....	416	36	.....
Crawford	346	884	.....	375	870	.....	385	873	.....
Cherokee	385	1,272	.....	418	298	950	427	293	951
Coffey	824	301	.....	819	303	.....	782	301	.....
Cloud	311	80	.....	313	80	.....	315	80	.....
Cowley	255	92	.....	254	88	.....	254	94	.....
Davis	520	259	.....	489	286	.....	483	292	.....
Dickinson	327	180	.....	323	180	.....	324	180	.....
Doniphan	1,339	674	.....	1,339	678	.....	1,322	675	.....
Douglas	2,705	733	.....	2,608	736	.....	2,709	738	.....
Ellis	109	312	.....	105	313	.....	104	313	.....
Ellsworth	182	48	.....	183	48	.....	183	14	.....
Franklin	1,105	343	.....	1,049	391	13	1,105	366	16
Greenwood	320	101	.....	317	105	.....	319	104	.....
Howard	505	110	.....	500	115	.....	511	109	.....
Jackson	576	329	.....	579	330	.....	579	330	.....
Jefferson	1,338	862	.....	1,331	789	.....	1,331	867	.....
Johnson	1,472	749	.....	1,476	746	.....	1,484	738	.....
Jewell	123	.....	.....	124	.....	.....	113	.....	.....
Labette	1,027	650	.....	1,035	641	.....	1,049	645	.....
Leavenworth	2,625	2,076	.....	2,633	2,080	.....	2,635	2,072	.....
Linn	1,291	295	.....	1,288	296	.....	1,291	297	.....
Lyon	1,284	272	.....	1,283	270	.....	1,293	270	.....
Lincoln	150	5	.....	151	4	.....	150	5	.....
Marion	89	89	.....	82	94	.....	82	93	.....
Marshall	1,028	384	.....	1,020	387	.....	1,022	387	.....
Miami	1,057	562	.....	1,048	564	.....	1,059	561	.....
Mitchell	120	20	.....	107	35	.....	101	39	.....
Morris	243	261	.....	262	245	.....	261	246	.....
Montgomery	868	688	97	889	680	89	895	678	85
McPherson	197	1	.....	197	1	.....	197	1	.....
Nemaha	679	410	.....	691	396	.....	688	405	.....
Neosho	709	1,292	11	823	1,246	.....	873	1,222	.....
Osage	1,608	317	.....	1,609	315	.....	1,615	313	.....
Ottawa	395	2	.....	391	2	.....	394	2	.....
Pottawatomie	632	521	.....	636	519	.....	631	524	.....
Republic	316	9	.....	317	9	.....	316	9	.....
Riley	693	146	.....	690	151	.....	684	158	.....
Shawnee	1,689	440	.....	1,694	438	.....	1,702	445	.....
Saline	819	189	.....	809	180	.....	809	187	.....
Sedgwick	377	208	.....	375	205	.....	372	206	.....
Wabaunsee	461	57	.....	474	54	.....	474	54	.....
Wallace	34	97	.....	32	96	.....	33	99	.....
Washington	882	152	.....	882	152	.....	883	150	.....
Wilson	942	390	.....	936	370	.....	940	392	.....
Woodson	459	190	.....	460	189	.....	461	190	.....
Wyandotte	904	760	.....	891	772	.....	890	773	.....
Total	40,666	20,469	108	40,749	19,422	1,052	40,873	19,475	1,052

VOTE FOR AUDITOR, TREASURER, AND ATTORNEY GENERAL.

COUNTIES.	AUDITOR.			TREASURER.			ATTORNEY GENERAL.		
	A. Thomas.....	Hardin McMahon.....	W. C. Fowler.....	J. E. Hayes.....	S. G. Gephart.....	T. S. Slaughter.....	A. L. Williams.....	A. W. Rucker.....	G. H. Hoff.....
Allen.....	913	335	.....	913	335	.....	912	336	.....
Anderson.....	724	157	.....	723	161	.....	718	165	.....
Atchison.....	1,286	914	.....	1,283	918	.....	1,285	918	.....
Bourbon.....	1,213	765	.....	1,282	765	.....	1,280	766	.....
Brown.....	611	192	.....	611	192	.....	609	192	.....
Butler.....	907	227	.....	925	228	.....	918	227	.....
Chase.....	188	50	.....	190	50	.....	187	50	.....
Clay.....	447	35	.....	447	221	.....	447	21	.....
Crawford.....	398	856	.....	383	872	.....	391	747	.....
Cherokee.....	427	297	942	426	1,232	.....	416	1,085	.....
Coffey.....	800	318	.....	823	300	.....	819	300	.....
Cloud.....	313	80	.....	313	80	.....	314	79	.....
Cowley.....	254	94	.....	254	94	.....	274	91	.....
Davis.....	490	287	.....	483	294	.....	485	292	.....
Dickinson.....	324	150	.....	323	180	.....	323	180	.....
Doniphan.....	1,340	679	.....	1,339	680	.....	1,341	678	.....
Douglas.....	2,721	717	.....	2,525	721	.....	2,710	739	.....
Ellis.....	105	312	.....	104	312	.....	104	313	.....
Ellsworth.....	182	14	.....	183	14	.....	183	14	.....
Franklin.....	1,116	364	10	1,110	365	11	1,109	365	.....
Greenwood.....	321	103	.....	320	103	.....	320	103	.....
Howard.....	507	110	.....	500	110	.....	509	110	.....
Jackson.....	579	330	.....	579	330	.....	576	330	.....
Jefferson.....	1,354	867	.....	1,235	930	.....	1,297	871	.....
Johnson.....	1,469	745	.....	1,554	619	.....	1,483	736	.....
Jewell.....	121	.....	.....	121	.....	.....	120	.....	.....
Labette.....	1,052	645	.....	1,055	639	.....	1,049	642	.....
Leavenworth.....	2,639	2,067	.....	2,634	2,077	.....	2,629	2,076	.....
Lea.....	1,291	296	.....	1,292	295	.....	1,292	295	.....
Lyon.....	1,292	267	.....	1,292	270	.....	1,289	269	.....
Lincoln.....	150	5	.....	150	5	.....	150	5	.....
Marion.....	72	93	.....	82	93	.....	82	94	.....
Marshall.....	1,023	387	.....	1,022	387	.....	1,022	387	.....
Miami.....	1,057	562	.....	1,058	562	.....	1,056	563	.....
Mitchell.....	104	35	.....	98	34	.....	100	35	.....
Morris.....	263	244	.....	263	244	.....	263	244	.....
Montgomery.....	898	677	84	911	675	74	896	675	77
McPherson.....	197	1	.....	197	1	.....	197	1	.....
Nemaha.....	698	399	.....	691	401	.....	693	404	.....
Neosho.....	882	1,213	.....	863	1,214	.....	880	1,213	.....
Osage.....	1,614	314	.....	1,611	314	.....	1,614	314	.....
Ottawa.....	394	1	.....	394	2	.....	319	2	.....
Pottawatomie.....	637	517	.....	636	519	.....	635	520	.....
Republic.....	316	9	.....	316	9	.....	316	9	.....
Riley.....	690	152	.....	688	153	.....	690	150	.....
Shawnee.....	1,732	408	.....	1,698	440	.....	1,745	351	.....
Saline.....	809	189	.....	810	188	.....	810	188	.....
Sedgwick.....	364	202	.....	375	202	.....	374	204	.....
Wabaunsee.....	475	54	.....	476	54	.....	467	54	.....
Wallace.....	33	96	.....	33	96	.....	33	96	.....
Washington.....	881	152	.....	871	167	.....	880	152	.....
Wilson.....	942	392	.....	934	340	.....	937	390	.....
Woodson.....	462	189	.....	460	190	.....	461	189	.....
Wyandotte.....	892	768	.....	892	772	.....	889	773	.....
Total.....	40,949	19,362	1,036	40,651	20,449	85	40,898	20,006	77

VOTE FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, AND MEMBER OF CONGRESS.

COUNTIES.	SUP'T PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.		ASSOCIATE JUSTICE.		MEMBER OF CONGRESS.	
	<i>H. D. McCurdy</i>	<i>Thomas S. Murray</i>	<i>D. J. Brewer</i>	<i>R. M. Ruggles</i>	<i>D. P. Lowe</i>	<i>R. C. Foster</i>
Allen	914	335	913	335	910	335
Anderson	717	164	727	157	711	169
Atchison.....	1,287	918	1,287	923	1,286	914
Bourbon	1,286	767	1,283	768	1,290	750
Brown	609	190	611	192	612	192
Butler.....	925	227	924	231	924	227
Chase	190	50	182	55	189	50
Clay	445	16	446	.....	434	27
Crawford	383	871	382	875	374	873
Cherokee	1,370	293	1,368	297	424	1,256
Coffey	827	299	810	311	823	301
Cloud	315	80	313	80	312	80
Cowley	254	94	254	94	254	94
Davis	487	289	484	293	482	293
Dickinson.....	324	180	323	180	321	181
Doniphan.....	1,342	676	1,337	676	1,340	680
Douglas.....	2,704	745	2,715	736	2,671	749
Ellis	104	313	109	305	105	312
Ellsworth.....	183	14	.....	.....	182	48
Franklin.....	1,125	364	1,109	363	1,093	371
Greenwood	320	103	314	110	511	110
Howard	511	110	508	110	318	103
Jackson	579	329	579	330	564	329
Jefferson.....	1,325	863	1,322	806	1,318	878
Johnson.....	1,517	731	1,483	739	1,440	743
Jewell	119	.....	122	.....	113	10
Labette	1,051	636	1,046	646	1,027	650
Leavenworth	2,682	2,034	2,664	2,037	2,537	2,190
Linn.....	1,293	290	1,291	296	1,274	291
Lyon.....	1,296	268	1,265	295	1,282	275
Lincoln	150	5	150	5	151	5
Marion	82	94	80	95	86	92
Marshall	1,022	386	1,021	328	1,020	388
Miami	1,058	561	1,057	562	1,064	555
Mitchell.....	96	35	83	20	79	61
Morris	263	244	263	243	266	242
Montgomery	974	681	897	678	883	770
McPherson	197	1	197	1	197	1
Nemaha.....	687	404	693	405	687	408
Neosho.....	890	1,212	887	1,214	701	1,301
Osage	1,615	313	1,608	321	1,605	319
Ottawa.....	395	2	394	2	382	2
Pottawatomie.....	637	518	635	519	629	523
Republic.....	316	9	316	9	318	9
Riley	689	153	698	145	689	152
Shawnee	1,700	415	1,698	441	1,646	457
Saline	810	188	808	188	809	187
Sedgwick.....	371	205	372	210	370	325
Wabauince	476	54	474	54	472	54
Wallace.....	33	87	34	92	33	100
Washington.....	882	155	880	151	878	151
Wilson	943	391	941	391	930	399
Woodson.....	460	190	465	190	456	196
Wyandotte.....	891	770	895	761	896	772
Total.....	42,121	19,322	41,717	19,280	40,368	20,950

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURTS, FOR THE EIGHTH AND ELEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.

District...	Counties.	W. H. Campbell...	H. G. Webb...	W. M. Mahony...
8...	Clay.....	445		
	Cloud.....	395		
	Davis.....	772		
	Dickinson.....	326		
	Ellsworth.....	278		
	Ottawa.....	231		
	Riley.....	842		
	Jewell.....	92		
	Mitchell.....	42		
	Saline.....	902		
	McPherson.....	193		
11...	Republic.....	42		
	Crawford.....			372
	Cherokee.....		1,213	427
	Labette.....		1,358	325
	Montgomery.....		815	604
	Howard.....		347	51
	Total.....	4,560	4,592	1,779

VOTE FOR STATE SENATORS.

District...	Counties.	Names.	Votes..	Majority..	District...	Counties.	Names.	Votes..	Majority..		
1	Doniphan...	Sol. Miller.....	1787	1632	7	Riley.....	A. Simis, jr.....	148			
		I. Wood.....	1705	1550			Wash'gton...	A. Simis, jr.....	206		
2	Atchison...	Adam Brenner...	155		8	Shawnee.....	W. H. Fitzpatrick	1487	911		
		John M. Price.....	1254	341			Shawnee.....	W. V. Barr.....	576		
		Joseph Logan.....	1201	208	9	Douglas.....	J. C. Vincent.....	2492	1669		
		Samuel Hipple... 993					L. J. Worden.....	1568	371		
3	Leavenw'h	W. Hetherington	913				Samuel A. Riggs...	1197			
		George J. Martin,	16				W. M. Nace.....	823			
		W. S. Van Doren..	2565	1165			S. K. Huson.....	650			
		H. C. Haas.....	1284	374	10	Johnson.....	G. M. Bowers.....	816	211		
		Josiah Kellogg... 2338	111				A. S. Devcnnay...	605			
		B. B. Moore.....	2127				J. B. Marshall....	494			
		Wm. Larimer.....	2110				D. G. Campbell....	173			
W. D. Matthews..	1399				J. E. Corliss.....	127					
G. W. Gardiner... 41				11	Miami.....	E. H. Topping.....	965	315			
A. D. Moorehead,	3					W. D. Hoover.....	650				
4	Jefferson....	G. W. Hogeboom,	1113	108			Johnston Clark...	1			
		W. C. Garrett.....	1005		12	Wyandotte,	George P. Nelson,	881	128		
James H. Jones... 67							Alfred Gray.....	753			
5	Brown.....	Scattering.....	1				Scattering.....	7			
		Joseph Cracraft..	346	87	13	Linn.....	James D. Snoddy,	849	175		
J. Cracraft.....	642						David Linton.....	674			
6	Jackson.....	W. B. Slosson.....	452				Scattering.....	8			
		W. B. Slosson.....	449		14	Bourbon.....	H. D. Moore.....	822	796		
		A. W. Tracy.....	1				Crawford.....	H. D. Moore.....	836		
		James McLellan..	459	153			Cherokee.....	1171			
James McLellan..	25				Bourbon.....	C. G. Hawley.....	1171				
James McLellan..	633					Crawford.....	C. G. Hawley.....	389			
C. G. Waynant... 435						Cherokee.....	C. G. Hawley.....	473			
C. G. Waynant... 10						Bourbon.....	Scattering.....	38			
C. G. Waynant... 519						Cherokee.....	Scattering.....	2			
Phil. Rockefeller,	217	568		15	Butler.....	E. S. Stover.....	912	1153			
Phil. Rockefeller,	387							E. S. Stover.....	114		
Phil. Rockefeller,	223							Cowley.....	E. S. Stover.....	322	
Phil. Rockefeller,	303							Marion.....	E. S. Stover.....	75	
Phil. Rockefeller,	743							Morris.....	E. S. Stover.....	278	
A. G. Barrett.....	80							Sedgwick.....	E. S. Stover.....	382	
A. G. Barrett.....	658							Butler.....	H. L. Hunt.....	245	
A. G. Barrett.....	93							Chase.....	H. L. Hunt.....	107	
A. G. Barrett.....	387							Cowley.....	H. L. Hunt.....	15	
A. G. Barrett.....	87							Marion.....	H. L. Hunt.....	102	
A. Simis, jr.....	92							Morris.....	H. L. Hunt.....	227	
A. Simis, jr.....	347							Sedgwick.....	H. L. Hunt.....	234	
A. Simis, jr.....	9					Butler.....	Scattering.....	1			

VOTE FOR STATE SENATORS—CONTINUED.

Dist. ...	Counties.	Names.	Votes.	Majority.	Dist. ...	Counties.	Names.	Votes.	Majority.		
16	Allen.....	H. C. Whitney....	373	1167	19	Greenwood	Jacob Stotler.....	319	1852		
	Labette.....	H. C. Whitney....	903			Lyon.....	Jacob Stotler.....	1344			
	Montg'ery.	H. C. Whitney....	687			Lyon.....	T. G. Wibley.....	11			
	Neosho.....	H. C. Whitney....	1791			Greenwood	O. Shannon.....	1			
	Woodson.....	H. C. Whitney....	149			Lyon.....	Scattering.....	20			
	Wilson.....	H. C. Whitney....	712			20	Clay.....	J. H. Prescott....		445	2259
	Howard.....	H. C. Whitney....	153				Davis.....	J. H. Prescott....		429	
	Allen.....	J. H. Crichton....	773				Dickinson.	J. H. Prescott....		274	
	Labette.....	J. H. Crichton....	768				Ellis.....	J. H. Prescott....		406	
	Montg'ery.	J. H. Crichton....	853				Ellsworth..	J. H. Prescott....		159	
	Neosho.....	J. H. Crichton....	327				Wallace....	J. H. Prescott....		116	
	Woodson.....	J. H. Crichton....	328				Ottawa.....	J. H. Prescott....		254	
	Wilson.....	J. H. Crichton....	548				Saline.....	J. H. Prescott....		722	
	Howard.....	J. H. Crichton....	4				Wabauensee	J. H. Prescott....		486	
Allen.....	J. W. Richards....	64	Mitchell...	J. H. Prescott....	7						
Montg'ery.	Scattering.....	2	McPherson	J. H. Prescott....	185						
Woodson...	Scattering.....	2	Clay.....	T. F. Hersey.....	18						
Howard.....	Scattering.....	1	Davis.....	T. F. Hersey.....	347						
17	Anderson...	T. C. Sears.....	542	612	Dickinson..		T. F. Hersey.....	216			
	Franklin...	T. C. Sears.....	838		Ellis.....	T. F. Hersey.....	2				
	Anderson...	Preston Bowen...	315		Ellsworth..	T. F. Hersey.....	62				
	Franklin...	Preston Bowen...	453		Ottawa.....	T. F. Hersey.....	135				
	Franklin...	A. M. Blair.....	119		Saline.....	T. F. Hersey.....	257				
18	Coffey.....	M. M. Murdock...	490	233	Mitchell...	T. F. Hersey.....	185				
	Osage.....	M. M. Murdock...	1066		McPherson	T. F. Hersey.....	2				
	Coffey.....	Silas Fearn.....	504		Ottawa.....	Z. Jackson.....	1				
	Osage.....	Silas Fearn.....	769		McPherson	Z. Jackson.....	5				
	Coffey.....	Benjamin Wright	46		Wabauensee	W. V. Barr.....	2				
	Osage.....	— Rynerson.....	1		Saline.....	— Hersey.....	1				

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Dist'd. ...	Counties.	Names.	Votes.....	Majority.	Vote of Dist'd.	Vote of County.
1	Doniphan.....	Thomas H. Moore.....	391	257	525	
		George Neal.....	134			
2	Abram Bennett.....	133	90	176	
		R. Morley.....	43			
3	A. J. Mowry.....	155	8		
		Edward Searcy.....	147			
		J. G. Robertson.....	115			
4	E. D. McClellan.....	36	9	453	
		S. G. Whittaker.....	210			
		C. J. Jones.....	201			
5	J. B. Kennedy.....	176	10	411	
		Wm. M. Ege.....	166			
6	Atchison.....	Thomas Murphy.....	422	123	342	1,907
		J. H. Sawyer.....	299			
7	S. C. King.....	210	15	721	
		J. M. Lindley.....	195			
8	Asa Barnes.....	235	122	405	
		John Parsons.....	113			
9	J. Falkner.....	3	103	351	
		S. P. Griffin.....	236			
		G. A. Cushman.....	133			
10	Joseph C. Wilson.....	204	115	369	
		J. G. McCannon.....	89			
11	Brown.....	J. F. Babbit.....	225	24	293	2,139
		Charles Knabb.....	201			
12	A. G. Speer.....	132	190	558	
		C. E. Parker.....	196			
		G. E. Irwin.....	6			
13	Nemaha.....	O. Fountain.....	4	13	206	764
		Richard Johnson.....	310			
		W. W. Stewart.....	297			
		A. W. Stewart.....	2			
		M. Lanham.....	1		610	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>District</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Votes</i>	<i>Majority</i>	<i>Vote of District</i>	<i>Vote of County</i>
14	Nemaha (concluded)...	A. Simons.....	248	21		
		F. A. Stickle.....	224		472	1,082
15	Marshall.....	W. H. Smith.....	525	39		
		J. D. Wells.....	486		1,409	1,409
16	Washington.....	Perry Hutchinson.....	398	54		
		A. S. Wilson.....	484		1,002	1,002
		B. W. Williams.....	430			
		S. P. Botes.....	88			
17	Pottawatomie.....	H. C. Linn.....	685	228		
		J. P. Shannon.....	457		1,142	1,142
18	Jackson.....	J. L. Williams.....	369	127		
		D. H. Sutherland.....	242		611	
79		C. R. Burns.....	148	23		
		G. W. McReynolds.....	125		273	884
19	Jefferson.....	John Willits.....	351	22		
		Henry Ogle.....	329		680	
20		William C. Butts.....	192	4		
		E. D. Hillyer.....	188			
		J. B. Shaeffer.....	56			
		C. S. Walter.....	4			
		W. J. Taylor.....	1		441	
21		Joseph L. Speer.....	433	68		
		David Rorick.....	368			
		J. C. Northrup.....	210		1,012	2,133
		J. Rowrick.....	1			
22	Leavenworth.....	Thomas J. Darling.....	397	18		
		J. B. Kitchen.....	379		776	
23		R. D. Colley.....	383	193		
		C. M. Williams.....	190		573	
24		J. F. Legate.....	395	119		
		John Conover.....	276			
		Cole McCrea.....	5		676	
25		T. P. Fenlon.....	408	181		
		F. Wellhouse.....	227		635	
26		J. J. Crook.....	158	7		
		J. F. Hathaway.....	151		309	
27		W. F. Ashby.....	132	24		
		J. W. Houts.....	108		240	
28		A. C. Williams.....	261	30		
		George M. Jewett.....	231		492	
29		Joseph Howell.....	254	21		
		J. F. Barrett.....	233		487	
30		Levi Churchill.....	210	11		
		John Johnson.....	199		415	4,603
		C. R. Jennison.....	6			
31	Wyandotte.....	Rufus E. Cable.....	360	228		
		V. J. Lane.....	132			
		William Richart.....	107		599	
80		J. K. Hudson.....	467	97		
		Alex. J. Campbell.....	370			
		W. M. Donahoe.....	294		1,044	1,640
32	Johnson.....	William Williams.....	360	33		
		H. L. Taylor.....	327			
		J. W. Haws.....	261		948	
33		D. B. Johnson.....	464	273		
		B. F. Hollenback.....	191		655	
34		I. D. Clapp.....	252	37		
		T. E. Pearce.....	215		467	2,070
35	Douglas.....	W. G. Melville.....	729	98		
		H. S. Clark.....	631			
		Wilson Shannon jr.....	226		1,586	
36		George W. Benson.....	159	28		
		R. L. Williams.....	131			
		George A. Reynolds.....	75		365	
37		Elijah Sells.....	291	142		
		William Roe.....	149		440	
38		C. W. Ingle.....	193	106		
		O. G. Richards.....	87			
		Henry Fager.....	57		337	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

District...	Counties.	Names.	Votes.....	Majority..	Vote of District..	Vote of County..
39	Douglas (concluded)....	W. H. Peckham.....	156	25		
		A. R. Greene.....	131			
		Charles Ingersoll.....	25		312	
40	.....	H. C. Fisher.....	174	90		
		J. T. Mitchell.....	84			
		H. C. Hayden.....	33		291	3,331
41	Shawnee.....	G. W. Veale.....	1,194	916		
		George L. Young.....	278		1,472	
42	.....	Jacob Haskell.....	208	11		
		E. Carriger.....	197			
		J. W. Brown.....	172		577	
79	.....	George W. McReynolds.....	25	15		
		Charles R. Burns.....	10		35	2,384
43	Miami.....	H. B. Smith.....	211	120		
		B. F. Martin.....	91			
		Scattering.....	2		304	
44	.....	B. F. Simpson.....	459	67		
		T. M. Carroll.....	392		851	
45	.....	J. M. Carpenter.....	298	28		
		C. Eby.....	200		428	1,279
46	Linn.....	Scott Shattuck.....	119	48		
		J. S. Payne.....	71		190	
47	.....	D. A. Crocker.....	190	76		
		J. Hodgson.....	114			
		William Taylor.....	2		307	
48	.....	Nelson Brown.....	1			
		A. Barber.....	502	229		
		G. H. B. Hopkins.....	273		776	
49	.....	Henry Plumb.....	1			
		S. M. Brice.....	221	206		
		D. Forrister.....	15		237	1,510
50	Bourbon.....	J. M. Die.....	1			
		W. H. Green.....	168	167		
		J. A. Tiffany.....	1		169	
51	.....	C. W. Libby.....	158	24		
		L. Alsop.....	134		292	
52	.....	C. S. Steele.....	202	84		
		E. Williams.....	118		320	
53	.....	W. C. Webb.....	587	31		
		S. A. Williams.....	556		1,143	1,923
54	Allen.....	J. C. Redfield.....	554	119		
		H. D. Parsons.....	435		989	
55	.....	J. F. Knowlton.....	125	41		
		L. Edmondson.....	84			
		N. F. Acers.....	42		251	1,240
56	Anderson.....	John G. Lindsay.....	272	13		
		George W. Cooper.....	259		531	
57	.....	Thomas Thompson.....	163	24		
		J. H. Whitford.....	139		302	833
58	Franklin.....	J. M. Luce.....	252	16		
		R. E. Jenness.....	236			
		William Pennock.....	3		491	
59	.....	H. P. Welsh.....	502	232		
		William Pennock.....	270			
		W. H. Ambrose.....	169		941	1,432
60	Osage.....	William Whistler.....	837	98		
		A. H. Jumper.....	739			
		Ellis Lewis.....	295		1,885	1,885
		Scattering.....	14			
61	Coffey.....	Charles Puffer.....	365	88		
		F. A. Atherly.....	277		642	
62	.....	C. B. Butler.....	265	66		
		E. E. Coffin.....	199		464	1,106
63	Woodson.....	G. A. Bogart.....	248	58		
		Michael Redy.....	190			
		Thomas H. Davidson.....	184		638	638
		Scattering.....	16			
64	Lyon.....	R. M. Overstreet.....	529	108		
		C. V. Eskridge.....	421		950	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

District...	Counties.	Names.	Votes.....	Majority..	Vote of District..	Vote of County...
65	Lyon (concluded).....	F. R. Page.....	179	32		
		W. F. Gould.....	147		326	
66	.....	T. C. Hill.....	149	52		
		Charles Drake.....	97		246	1,522
67	Butler.....	L. S. Friend.....	687	227		
		T. H. Baker.....	410			
		John L. Pratt.....	47			
		D. M. Bronson.....	1		1,145	1,145
68	Chase.....	S. M. Wood.....	138	38		
		H. E. Snyder.....	100		238	238
69	Morris.....	James Phinney.....	287	73		
		I. Hammond.....	214		501	501
70	Wabaunsee.....	J. H. Pinkerton.....	483	452		
		T. K. Thomson.....	31			
		H. L. Hunt.....	5		522	522
		H. C. Tapscott.....	3			
71	Davis.....	S. M. Strickler.....	432	88		
		John T. Price.....	344		776	766
72	Riley.....	J. M. Morris.....	351	50		
		W. S. Crump.....	182			
		M. D. Waters.....	301		834	834
73	Dickinson.....	Ephraim Warner.....	253	10		
		A. S. Davidson.....	243		496	496
74	Saline.....	J. H. Snead.....	466	9		
		R. H. Bishop.....	458			
		I. F. Clark.....	54			
		Scattering.....	2		981	981
75	Greenwood.....	W. F. Osborn.....	219	50		
		I. R. Phenix.....	169			
		Scattering.....	23		411	411
76	Marion.....	A. A. Moore.....	131	82		
		Thomas W. Bowm.....	49			
		Scattering.....	1		181	181
77	Wilson.....	A. McCartney.....	707	81		
		John Russell.....	626		1,333	1,333
78	Neosho.....	S. W. Irwin.....	892	296		
		John O'Grady.....	596			
		G. W. Gabriel.....	359			
		S. W. Foster.....	139			
		J. C. Blair.....	137			
		H. S. Dodd.....	53		2,176	2,176
81	Ottawa.....	Jacob Campbell.....	204	16		
		C. S. Wyeth.....	188			
		Scattering.....	1		393	393
82	Clay.....	J. B. McLaughlin.....	257	47		
		George Taylor.....	210		467	467
83	Cherokee.....	George W. Wood.....	1,159	690		
		J. R. Hallowell.....	469			
		J. D. O'Conner.....	21		1,649	1,649
84	Cloud.....	B. H. McEekron.....	238	81		
		Joseph Berry.....	157		395	395
85	Labette.....	J. M. Marsh.....	923	157		
		D. C. Hutchinson.....	766			
		Scattering.....	6		1,695	1,695
86	Crawford.....	S. J. Langdon.....	676	289		
		F. M. Mason.....	387			
		W. B. Bond.....	189		1,252	1,252
87	Ellis.....	H. H. Metcalf.....	293	169		
		H. J. McGaffigan.....	124		417	417
88	Ellsworth.....	A. W. Bayer.....	170	51		
		D. B. Long.....	119			
		M. Newton.....	7		296	296
89	Wallace.....	George E. Higday.....	115	55		
		Alonzo P. Wise.....	60		175	175
90	Republic.....	N. T. Van Natta.....	210	98		
		G. W. Johnson.....	112		322	322
...	Montgomery.....	T. L. Bond.....	863	170		
		Wm. H. Allison.....	693			
		W. H. Clark.....	94		1,650	1,650

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

District...	Counties.	Names.	Votes.....	Majority..	Vote of District...	Vote of County...
...	Howard.....	James Reynolds.....	306	52	655	655
		J. Y. Campbell.....	254			
		E. R. Cutler.....	95			
...	Cowley.....	E. C. Manning.....	203	53	353	353
		H. B. Norton.....	150			
...	Sedgwick.....	J. M. Steele.....	376	65	687	687
		E. W. Smith.....	311			
...	McPherson.....	Olof Olson.....	117	35	199	199
		J. M. Underwood.....	82			
...	Lincoln.....	Ira C. Buzick.....	151	151	151	151
		E. H. Cawker.....	134			
...	Mitchell.....	John W. Rees.....	54	80	234	234
		G. W. Stinson.....	46			
		Felix T. Gandy.....	81			
		Dennis Taylor.....	50			
...	Jewell.....			31	131	131

The political standing of the Legislature is as follows:

	Senate.	House.	Joint Ballot.
Republicans.....	21	87	108
Democrats.....	2	8	10
Independents.....	2	3	5
Republican majority.....	17	76	93

NOVEMBER 8.—Chief Justice Chase writes to Samuel N. Wood: "I am glad to read such favorable accounts of the county with which you have done me the honor to associate my name."

NOVEMBER 8.—Rev. Pardee Butler visits Topeka.

—Excitement in Butler county; Vigilance Committee make arrests; Jack Corbin and Lewis Booth were hung; James Smith shot and killed. On the night of December 2, Mike Drea, Wm. G. Quimby, Dr. Morris, and his son, Aleck Morris, were hung, near Douglass. They were horse thieves and murderers. Adjutant General Whitaker went to El Dorado, with arms, and ordered the militia of the county to be called out, but afterwards countermanded the order.

NOVEMBER 10.—Conference of the United Brethren, at Lecompton.

NOVEMBER 22.—Railroad celebration, at Humboldt.

NOVEMBER 24.—The Germans of Kansas collect and send to the Fatherland, \$5,762.25, for the relief of sick and wounded soldiers.

NOVEMBER 30.—Expenditures of the State for the year:

Governor's Department.....	\$5,009 80	Normal School.....	\$10,398 67
Secretary's Department.....	10,849 70	Capitol Building.....	23,593 52
Auditor's Department.....	4,312 50	Penitentiary.....	35,999 32
Treasurer's Department.....	3,050 00	Sheriff's conveying prisoners...	2,838 05
Attorney General.....	1,181 00	Horticultural Society.....	291 75
Sup't of Public Instruction.....	2,639 34	Agricultural Society.....	2,500 00
Adjutant General.....	1,498 00	Sale of Agricultural College lands,	
Judiciary.....	33,972 26	I. T. Goodnow.....	4,350 71
Legislative expenses.....	34,667 02	Transcribing Journals.....	1,300 00
Blind Asylum.....	8,900 00	Home for Friendless Women...	10,000 00
Insane Asylum.....	13,067 00	Printing.....	35,605 50
Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	13,193 38	Miscellaneous accounts.....	795 87
State University.....	14,570 33		
Regents.....	447 20	Total for 1870.....	\$275,095 92

DECEMBER 6.—Fourth annual session of the State Horticultural Society, at Manhattan. *Officers elected:* President, Wm. M. Howsley, Leav-

enworth; Vice President, B. F. Mudge, Manhattan; Secretary, George C. Brackett, Lawrence; Treasurer, S. T. Kelsey, Pomona; Trustees, C. H. Cushing, Leavenworth, James Christian, Lawrence, S. S. Hougham, Manhattan.

DECEMBER 12.—The report of Adjutant General Whitaker gives the following table showing the number of persons drawing pensions from the United States at the office of C. B. Lines, Agent, at Topeka:

<i>Name of Regiment.</i>	<i>No. of Invalids...</i>	<i>No. of Widows, etc....</i>
First Kansas Infantry.....	38	15
Second Kansas Infantry and Cavalry.....	18	13
Fifth Kansas Cavalry.....	15	24
Sixth Kansas Cavalry.....	21	37
Seventh Kansas Cavalry.....	14	7
Eighth Kansas Infantry.....	46	32
Ninth Kansas Cavalry.....	17	44
Tenth Kansas Infantry.....	12	16
Eleventh Kansas Cavalry.....	28	40
Twelfth Kansas Infantry.....	15	23
Thirteenth Kansas Infantry.....	27	22
Fourteenth Kansas Cavalry.....	6	11
Fifteenth Kansas Cavalry.....	20	13
Sixteenth Kansas Cavalry.....	7	10
Second Kansas State Militia.....	10	9
First Kansas Battery.....	4	3
Second Kansas Battery.....	4	5
First Kansas Colored.....	9	19
Second Kansas Colored.....	9	3
Eighteenth United States Colored Infantry.....		4
Total.....	320	350

DECEMBER 12.—

"The claims allowed by the second and third Boards of Commissioners (appointed for the purpose of auditing the Price Raid claims of 1864, and the Indian expedition under Major General Curtis, in July and August of the same year), up to September 1st, 1869, are as follows:

Services rendered.....	\$233,345 47
Materials, supplies and transportation furnished.....	111,352 53
Damages sustained.....	159,191 34
Miscellaneous claims.....	36,627 64

"In addition to this amount allowed by these Commissioners, there have been audited by special committees of the Legislature, and by the Auditor and Treasurer of State, claims for services amounting to six thousand seven hundred and one dollar and thirteen cents (\$6,701.13.) This will make the total amount of this debt five hundred and forty-seven thousand two hundred and eighteen dollars and eleven cents (\$547,218.11.)

"The State has assumed five hundred thousand dollars of this debt, leaving the balance unassumed. I would therefore respectfully suggest that your Excellency recommend the assumption of this balance, by the State, of forty-seven thousand two hundred and eighteen dollars and eleven cents (\$47,218.11.)

"The State has also expended for the protection of her frontiers, three hundred and forty-six thousand dollars (\$346,000), making the grand total of indebtedness eight hundred and ninety-three thousand two hundred and eighteen dollars and eleven cents (\$893,218.11), which ought to be paid by the General Government."—*Report of Adjutant General Whitaker.*

DECEMBER 15.—The following is copied from the Report of Superintendent McVicar:

"By a recent ruling of the Hon. J. D. Cox, Secretary of the Interior, dated August 16, 1870, all rights of the State to sections sixteen and thirty-six on the Osage Trust

Lands are denied. The Secretary says: 'The lands embraced in the second article of the Osage Treaty of September 29th, 1865, are required to be sold in trust for the benefit of the Indians. The United States acquired no beneficial interest in them, and in no sense can they be considered public lands. The State, therefore, has acquired no right through the United States to any part of said lands, and is not entitled to equivalents for such of the sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections as may be disposed of to pre-emptors.'

"It seems strange that the Secretary should rule that the State has acquired no right through the United States to any part of said lands, when the joint resolution of Congress, approved April 10th, 1869, expressly provides, 'That the sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections in each township of said lands shall be reserved for State school purposes.' But the point on which the Secretary seemed to base his decision is, that the trust lands are *not public lands*, and therefore do not come within the provisions of the act of admission, in accordance with which the joint resolution grants the sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections. By this technical construction and decision, the State is deprived of nearly 200,000 acres of school lands on the trust tract, or about one million dollars of permanent school fund. It remains with the Legislature to determine what measure, if any, can be taken to test the rights of the State in the premises.

"The Diminished Osage Reserve embraces a tract of country thirty miles wide, north and south, by over two hundred miles east and west, and extending along the south line of the State from the west line of Labette county to the western boundary of the Osage Reserve. After two years and more of varied fortunes, commencing with the notorious 'Sturges Treaty,' and followed by amended bills and supplements to bills, this tract was finally opened to settlement by virtue of section fifteen of the Indian Appropriation Bill, approved July 15, 1870, which provides that the lands of the Osage Indians in Kansas, including the trust lands north of the Diminished Reservation, 'shall be opened to settlement after survey, excepting the sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections, which shall be reserved to the State of Kansas for school purposes.' The bill is silent in regard to questions that will probably arise soon. A large portion of these school lands on the Diminished Reserve, and the best of them, were settled upon prior to the passage of the act, and prior to survey, while the lands were in possession of the Indians. The bill does not open the lands to settlement until *after* the survey, which in the case of the Diminished Reserve has not yet been made. What then are the rights of the State in case of school lands already settled upon within the Diminished Reserve, and which will be settled upon before the survey can be made?

"Owing to a reaction in the public mind in regard to the disposal of the Indian Reserves, there has been added to the common-school endowment of the State during the past four years, by acts of Congress, approved April 10, 1869, and July 15, 1870:

In Labette county.....	22,408 acres.
In Neosho county.....	20,480 acres.
On Trust Lands.....	177,777 acres.
On Diminished Osage Reserve.....	266,666 acres.
Equivalents located and confirmed.....	7,404 acres.
Total.....	494,755 acres."

This year ends the second term of Superintendent McVicar, one of the ablest and most valuable men the State has had in any public office.

DECEMBER 15.—Senator Pomeroy writes from Washington to Robert Bonner, of the New York Ledger, restating his previous restatement. He now says the article was written by an amanuensis. Mr. Bonner gave Mr. Pomeroy \$200 for the article, and publishes a receipt, every word of which "is in the handwriting of the distinguished Senator."

DECEMBER 16.—The Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway is laying track west of Fort Scott, and east of Parsons.

—The Lawrence Journal says that during the past two years the Kansas Pacific Railway has sold 700,000 acres of land, for \$2,000,000.

The Swedish colony, in Saline county, has taken 22,000 acres; the Scotch colony, in Dickinson county, 47,000 acres; the English colony, in Clay county, 32,000 acres; and the Welsh colony, in Riley county, 19,000 acres.

DECEMBER 17.—Attempt in Leavenworth to recover the right-of-way through the city, granted to the Leavenworth, Atchison & Northwestern Railroad Company.

—Jefferson county has seventy-nine school houses.

DECEMBER 20.—Atchison is lighted by gas.

DECEMBER 24.—There are fifty-five school-houses in Franklin county.

DECEMBER 21.—Leslie J. Perry sells the Garnett Plaindealer.

—D. W. Wilder removes to Fort Scott, and becomes, January 1st, the editor of the Monitor.

—Gov. Harvey, in his message, in January, says the safety of the frontier during the year was mainly caused by the exertions of Gen. John Pope, commanding the Department of the Missouri. He placed all available troops on the frontier, under the command of Gen. Custer.

DECEMBER 27.—D. Dickinson, State Librarian, reports 6,306 volumes in the Library, 577 having been added during the year.

—Meeting of the State Teachers' Association, at Leavenworth. *Officers elected:* President, Philetus Fales, of Ottawa; Corresponding Secretary, F. H. Snow, of Lawrence; Recording Secretary, Mrs. H. A. Monroe, of Atchison; Treasurer, L. Emma Haynes, of Wabaunsee; Executive Committee, H. D. McCarty of Leavenworth, J. A. Banfield of Topeka, Flora L. Allen of Leavenworth, E. M. Dickinson of Wyandotte.

DECEMBER 30.—During the year, Lane University has had 130 students, Washburn College 45, Baker University 140, Hartford Institute 80, Wetmore Institute 125, Episcopal Female Seminary 148, Emporia Normal School 243, Leavenworth Normal School 61, State University 213, Agricultural College 286.

1871.

JANUARY.—There are eighty papers in the State.

—The station-houses along the line of the M. K. & T. road are painted with Fort Scott paint, and the cement used for its bridges is made at Fort Scott.

—Scott & Howard publish the Osage Mission Journal. Peffer & Wellman publish the Fredonia Journal.

—The Kansas Annual and Farmers' Record, for 1871. By William A. Brice, Leavenworth. pp. 76.

—Cash sales of coal in Fort Scott, \$900 a day.

—Fifty new buildings in Osage Mission.

—Quarry of flagstone opened at Osage City.

—New Methodist church dedicated at Burlington. D. P. Mitchell and C. R. Rice conduct the services.

—The Republican Valley Empire, published by Henry Buckingham, removes from Clyde to Concordia.

—E. P. Bancroft's new hall, in Emporia, is nearly finished.

JANUARY 9.—State officers sworn in, by Chief Justice Kingman.

JANUARY 10.—The A. & N. R. R. reaches White Cloud.

JANUARY 11.—Reported death of Perry Fuller, at Washington.

JANUARY 12.—Death of James McCahon, in Leavenworth, aged 37 years. He was twice appointed to codify our laws, was a leading lawyer, issued a volume containing the decisions of our Territorial courts, was Provost Marshal of the State during the war, a very prominent Republican, and a man of the highest character. He was born in Pennsylvania, and first settled in Doniphan county, and edited the Geary City Era.

—Wallace H. Johnson discontinues the Council Grove Advertiser, and goes to Salina.

JANUARY 12.—Nathan Cree becomes the editor of the Lawrence Standard, and retains the position until September 26, 1872.

—Meeting of the Legislature.

STATE OFFICERS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
James M. Harvey, Governor.....	Fort Riley.....	Riley.
P. P. Elder, Lieutenant Governor.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
W. H. Smallwood, Secretary of State.....	Wathena.....	Doniphan.
A. L. Williams, Attorney General.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
H. D. McCarty, Supt. of Public Instruction....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
J. E. Hayes, State Treasurer.....	Olathe.....	Johnson.
A. Thoman, Auditor of State.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
S. S. Prouty, State Printer.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
David Whitaker, Adjutant General.....	Doniphan.....	Doniphan.
D. Dickinson, State Librarian.....	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.
W. C. Webb, Supt. Insurance Department.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.

JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
S. A. Kingman, Chief Justice.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
D. J. Brewer, Associate Justice.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
D. M. Valentine, Associate Justice.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.....

JUDGES OF DISTRICT COURTS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Districts.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
H. W. Ide.....	First.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Nathan Price.....	Second.....	Troy.....	Doniphan.
John T. Morton.....	Third.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Owen A. Bassett.....	Fourth.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
J. H. Watson.....	Fifth.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
J. F. Broadhead.....	Sixth.....	Mound City.....	Linn.
John R. Goodin.....	Seventh.....	Humboldt.....	Allen.
Wm. H. Canfield.....	Eighth.....	Junction City.....	Davis.
William R. Brown.....	Ninth.....	Cottonwood Falls,	Chase.
Hiram Stevens.....	Tenth.....	Paola.....	Johnson.
H. G. Webb.....	Eleventh.....	Oswego.....	Labette.
A. S. Wilson.....	Twelfth.....	Washington.....	Washington.

—Barzillai Gray, Judge Criminal Court, Leavenworth county.

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Post-office Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
P. P. Elder, President.....		Ottawa.....	Franklin.
Bowers, G. M.....	10	Lenexa.....	Johnson.
Cracraft, Joseph.....	5	Capioma.....	Nemaha.
Fitzpatrick, W. H.....	8	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Haas, H. C.....	3	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Hogeboom, G. W.....	4	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.
Kellogg, Josiah.....	3	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Logan, Joseph.....	2	Effingham.....	Atchison.
Miller, Sol.....	1	White Cloud.....	Doniphan.
Moore, H. D.....	14	Monmouth.....	Crawford.
Murdock, M. M.....	18	Burlingame.....	Osage.
McLellan, James.....	6	Holton.....	Jackson.
Nelson, George P.....	12	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
Prescott, J. H.....	20	Salina.....	Saline.
Pree, John M.....	2	Atchison.....	Atchison.
Rockefeller, Philip.....	7	Washington.....	Washington.
Sears, T. C.....	17	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
Snoddy, James D.....	13	Mound City.....	Linn.
Stover, E. S.....	15	Council Grove.....	Morris.
Stotler, Jacob.....	19	Emporia.....	Lyon.
Topping, E. H.....	11	Paola.....	Miami.
Van Doren, W. S.....	3	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Vineent, J. C.....	9	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
Whitney, H. C.....	16	Humboldt.....	Allen.
Wood, J.....	1	Doniphan.....	Doniphan.
Worden, L. J.....	9	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
George C. Crowther, Secretary.....		New Chicago.....	Neosho.
Charles C. Prescott, Ass't Secretary.....		Salina.....	Saline.
William Bolton, Journal Clerk.....		Seneca.....	Nemaha.
J. Cary French, Doeket Clerk.....		Dover.....	Shawnee.
Mrs. Sarah J. Neal, Engrossing Clerk.....		Atchison.....	Atchison.
Mrs. H. E. Holman, Enrolling Clerk.....			Greenwood.
George H. Schreiner, Sergeant-at-Arms.....		Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
J. R. Kennedy, Ass't Sergeant-at-Arms.....		Olathe.....	Johnson.
George W. Weed, Doorkeeper.....		Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
D. B. Aker, Assistant Doorkeeper.....			Marshall.
Ephie Smith, Page.....		Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
Harry Whitney, Page.....		Humboldt.....	Allen.
Jennie Griffith, Page.....		Topeka.....	Shawnee.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Post-office Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Ashby, W. F.....	27	Easton.....	Leavenworth.
Babbit, J. F.....	11	Hiawatha.....	Brown.
Barnes, Asa.....	8	Locust Grove.....	Atchison.
Barber, A.....	48	Paris.....	Linn.
Bayer, A. W.....	88	Ellsworth.....	Ellsworth.
Bennett, Abram.....	2	East Norway.....	Doniphan.
Baker, T. H.....	67	Augusta.....	Butler.
Benson, George W.....	36	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
Bogart, G. A.....	63	Toronto.....	Woodson.
Bond, T. L.....		Elk City.....	Montgomery.
Brice, S. M.....	48	Mound City.....	Linn.
Burus, C. R.....	79	North Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Butts, William C.....	20	Grasshopper Falls.....	Jefferson.
Butler, C. B.....	62	Le Roy.....	Coffey.
Buziek, Ira C.....		Elk Horn.....	Lincoln.
Cable, Rufus E.....	31	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
Carpenter, J. M.....	45	New Lancaster.....	Miami.
Cawker, E. H.....		Cawker City.....	Mitchell.
Campbell, Jacob.....	81	Summerville.....	Ottawa.
Churchill, Levi.....	30	Fairmount.....	Leavenworth.
Clapp, J. D.....	34	Gardner.....	Johnson.
Colley, D. D.....	23	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Crook, J. J.....	26	Kickapoo.....	Leavenworth.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Post-office Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Crocker, D. A.....	47	Mound City.....	Linn.
Darling, Thomas J.....	22	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Fenlon, T. P.....	25	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Fisher, H. C.....	40	Marion.....	Douglas.
Gandy, Felix T.....		Jewell City.....	Jewell.
Green, W. H.....	50	Osaga.....	Bourbon.
Griffin, S. P.....	9	Pardee.....	Atchison.
Haskell, Jacob.....	42	Dover.....	Shawnee.
Hill, T. C.....	66	Americus.....	Lyon.
Higday, George E.....	89	Wichita.....	Wallace.
Howell, Joseph.....	29	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Hudson, J. K.....	80	Glen Park.....	Wyandotte.
Ingle, C. W.....	38	Prairie City.....	Douglas.
Irwin, S. W.....	78	New Chicago.....	Neosho.
Johnson, D. B.....	33	Shawnee.....	Johnson.
Johnson, Richard.....	14	Seneca.....	Nemaha.
Kennedy, J. B.....	5	Doniphan.....	Doniphan.
King, C. S.....	7	Atchison.....	Atchison.
Knowlton, J. F.....	55	Geneva.....	Allen.
Langdon, S. J.....	86	Iowa City.....	Crawford.
Legate, J. F.....	24	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Libby, C. W.....	51	Xenia.....	Bourbon.
Lindsay, John G.....	56	Garnett.....	Anderson.
Linn, H. C.....	17	St. Mary's.....	Pottawatomie.
Luce, J. M.....	58	Centropolis.....	Franklin.
Manning, E. C.....		Winfield.....	Cowley.
Mahr, J. M.....	85	Montana.....	Labette.
Mellville, W. G.....	35	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
Metcalf, H. H.....	87	Ellis.....	Ellis.
Mowry, A. J.....	3	Wathena.....	Doniphan.
Morris, J. M.....	72	Ogden.....	Riley.
Moore, A. A.....	76	Marion Center.....	Marion.
Moore, T. H.....	1	Iowa Point.....	Doniphan.
Murphy, Thomas.....	6	Atchison.....	Atchison.
McCartney, A.....	77	Neodesha.....	Wilson.
McEckron, B. H.....	84	Clyde.....	Cloud.
McLaughlin, J. B.....	82	Clay Center.....	Clay.
Olson, Olof.....		Lindsborg.....	McPherson.
Osborn, W. F.....	75	Virgil.....	Greenwood.
Overstreet, R. M.....	64	Emporia.....	Lyon.
Page, F. R.....	65	Neosho Rapids.....	Lyon.
Parker, C. E.....	12	Walnut Creek.....	Brown.
Peckham, W. H.....	39	Big Springs.....	Douglas.
Phinney, James.....	69	Council Grove.....	Morris.
Pinkerton, J. H.....	70	Alma.....	Wabaunsee.
Puffer, Charles.....	61	Burlington.....	Coffey.
Redfield, J. C.....	54	Humboldt.....	Allen.
Reynolds, James.....		Longton.....	Howard.
Sells, Elijah.....	37	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
Shattuck, Scott.....	46	Twin Springs.....	Linn.
Simons, A.....	14	Seneca.....	Nemaha.
Smith, W. H.....	15	Marysville.....	Marshall.
Smith, H. B.....	43	Osawatomie.....	Miami.
Snead, J. H.....	74	Salina.....	Saline.
Speer, Joseph L.....	21	Newman.....	Jefferson.
Steele, C. S.....	52	Uniontown.....	Bourbon.
Steele, J. M.....		Wichita.....	Sedgwick.
Strickler, S. M.....	71	Junction City.....	Davis.
Thompson, Thomas.....	57	Garnett.....	Anderson.
VanNatta, N. T.....	90	Belleville.....	Republic.
Veale, G. W.....	41	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Warner, Ephraim.....	73	Detroit.....	Dickinson.
Webb, W. C.....	53	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
Welsh, H. P.....	59	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
Whittaker, S. G.....	4	Troy.....	Doniphan.
Whistler, William.....	60	Quenemo.....	Osage.
Wilson, A. S.....	16	Washington.....	Washington.
Wilson, J. C.....	10	Muscotah.....	Atchison.
Williams, J. L.....	18	Holton.....	Jackson.
Williams, William.....	32	Olathe.....	Johnson.
Williams, A. C.....	28	Tonganoxie.....	Leavenworth.
Willetts, John.....	19	Grove City.....	Jefferson.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Post-office Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Wood, S. M.....	68	Cottonwood Falls.....	Chase.
Wood, George W.....	83	Columbus.....	Cherokee.
Simpson, B. F., Speaker.....	44	Paola.....	Miami.
A. R. Banks, Chief Clerk.....		Lawrence.....	Douglas.
S. F. Burdett, Assistant Clerk.....		Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
D. W. Henderson, Journal Clerk.....			Saline.
William H. Price, Docket Clerk.....			Atchison.
Miss Carrie Sain, Enrolling Clerk.....		Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Miss Carol M. Crouse, Engrossing Clerk.....		Oswego.....	Labette.
Mrs. R. Flower, Ass't Engrossing Clerk.....		Topeka.....	Shawnee.
W. D. Knox, Sergeant-at-Arms.....		Junction City.....	Davis.
A. D. Johnson, Ass't Sergeant-at-Arms.....			Johnson.
A. H. Beck, Doorkeeper.....		Ottawa.....	Franklin.
John Helwig, Assistant Doorkeeper.....			Atchison.
Miss Jennie Maxwell, Page.....		Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Miss Hattie Butler, Page.....		Topeka.....	Shawnee.
T. H. Earnest, Page.....		Ottawa.....	Franklin.
Frank Hunt, Page.....		Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Ed. Matthews, Page.....		Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
W. M. Young, Page.....		Wathena.....	Doniphan.
Mart. Reynolds, Page.....		Longton.....	Howard.

JANUARY 16.—Episcopal Convention at Atchison—the first of the Diocese of Kansas.

—C. B. Lines reappointed United States Pension Agent.

JANUARY 17.—Election of State Printer. *First Ballot:* S. S. Prouty 41. Sol. Miller 31. F. P. Baker 27. George F. Prescott 13. Joseph Clarke 9. C. G. Patterson 1. *Second Ballot:* Prouty 46. Miller 32. Baker 28. Prescott 11. Clarke 5. *Third Ballot:* Prouty 67. Miller 25. Baker 24. Prescott 4. Clarke 2. Necessary to a choice, 62.

—Meeting of the State Temperance Society. Mr. Jenkins. President: Peter McVicar, Secretary.

—Meeting of the Editors' and Publishers' Association. *Officers elected:* President, Milton W. Reynolds, of the Lawrence Journal; Vice President, M. M. Murdock, of the Burlingame Chronicle; Treasurer, S. S. Prouty, of the Topeka Commonwealth; Secretary, S. D. Macdonald, of the Topeka Record; Orator, Henry King; Alternate, George A. Crawford. The Annual Address delivered by Ward Burlingame, of the Commonwealth. Speeches made by Col. John C. Vaughan, Sidney Clarke. S. O. Thacher, T. P. Fenlon, John Guthrie, and Gov. Harvey.

JANUARY 21.—Legislative excursion to Kansas City.

—The Commonwealth publishes a history of Topeka churches.

—The Columbus Independent claims that Cherokee county coal is the best in the State for manufacturing purposes.

JANUARY 24.—Meeting of the Society of Michigan in Lawrence. Address by W. C. Ransom; speeches by James D. Snoddy, M. W. Reynolds, T. D. Thacher, and James M. Spencer.

—Incorporation of the Homeopathic Medical Society of the State. *Incorporators:* S. K. Huson, R. Huson, H. F. Klemp, J. N. Rubicon, John J. Edie.

JANUARY 24.—Vote of the Senate for a United States Senator, for the term beginning March 4, 1871: Alexander Caldwell, of Leavenworth county, 8 votes; Sidney Clarke, of Douglas, 6; S. J. Crawford, of Lyon, 5; E. G. Ross, of Douglas, 1; W. R. Laughlin, of Crawford, 1; T. H. Walker, of Shawnee, 1; W. A. Phillips, of Saline, 1; Jas. D. Snoddy, of Linn, 1; W. Shannon, of Douglas, 1.

Vote of the House: Mr. Caldwell received 30 votes, Mr. Crawford 22, Mr. Clarke 21, Mr. Ross 7, Mr. Snoddy 11, Mr. Fenlon 2, Mr. Vaughan 1, Mr. Laughlin 1, Mr. McVicar 1, Mr. Bennett 1, Mr. Sells 1.

JANUARY 25.—Election of United States Senator. Alexander Caldwell 87, Samuel J. Crawford 34, Wilson Shannon 2.

JANUARY 26.—Meeting of the soldiers of the Army of the Frontier, at Topeka. President, Nathan Price; Secretary, David Whitaker. Voted to hold a reunion, at Emporia, December 7th. *Committee of Arrangements:* P. B. Plumb, William A. Phillips, Matthew Quigg, Josiah E. Hayes, Owen A. Bassett, H. H. Williams, George W. Veale.

—Reception of Senator Caldwell, in Leavenworth. Speeches by ex-Governor Carney, Senator Ross, Thomas P. Fenlon, James F. Legate, and others.

FEBRUARY 1.—Peter McVicar elected President of Washburn College.

FEBRUARY 2.—Congress passes a bill to provide for auditing the Price Raid claims.

FEBRUARY 3.—Caldwell Senatorial banquet, at Leavenworth, to the Legislature.

—Atchison county has fifty-six school houses.

—John Speer retires from the Lawrence Tribune. He says he has been connected with the Kansas press most of the time for sixteen years.

FEBRUARY 7.—Sumner county organized by Governor Harvey. It is named for Charles Sumner.

FEBRUARY 9.—Congress passes a bill to sell a part of the Fort Leavenworth Reserve to the Fair Association.

FEBRUARY 10.—L. J. Perry buys half of the Ottawa Journal.

FEBRUARY 14.—Crane & Byron, of Topeka, publish a book called "The Science of Evil," by Joel Moody, of Mound City.

—The Committee to investigate the State Treasurer report:

"From the above exhibit it is shown that over \$200,000 of the revenue of the State is virtually deposited in banks in Kansas City, Missouri, or in Topeka, Kansas, in open violation of law.

"A disregard of the law for the custody and safe-keeping of the revenue of the State by the officer who is made the custodian of the people's money, raised by taxation for the payment of the expenses of the State Government, is an act of bad faith that demands the enforcement of the penalties prescribed.

"If the law had no moral power to restrain the officer sworn to its support, then security is gone, and the funds of the State have but little protection.

"This pernicious system of pretending to deal in drafts and certificates of deposit, to evade the law which prohibits depositing in a bank or other place, is one fraught with evil and danger. The certificates and drafts are held by the State Treasurer for an in-

definite period, thereby releasing the drawer for want of diligence—a practice that no business man would adopt for himself—and if the banks in New York should fail, the State would be the loser for the amount drawn.”—*House Journal*, pp. 416 to 419.

FEBRUARY 14.—

“Responsive to my letter of the 17th of October, 1870 (published in last Annual Message), I have been officially informed that the Secretary of the Interior has decided, in accordance with the claim asserted in the letter, that the State is entitled for school purposes, to the sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections within the Osage Trust Lands, and their Diminished Reservation; the length of the correspondence precludes its insertion here; but it will be laid before you. The decision is dated February 14th, 1871, and was received at this office March 8th, 1871.”—*Gov. Harvey's Message*, January 9, 1872.

FEBRUARY 15.—Henry King retires from the Topeka Record.

FEBRUARY 16.—Ward Burlingame retires from the Commonwealth, to become the Secretary of Senator Caldwell.

FEBRUARY 20.—The Chicago & Southwestern (Rock Island) Railroad is completed to Leavenworth.

—The Atchison Champion begins its fourteenth year.

FEBRUARY 28.—Report of the Special Committee on Insurance Money received by the Auditor:

“From the law it will be seen that the Auditor had no authority whatever to receive this money from insurance companies, and much less to hold a large amount of it in his hands for a period of from six to eighteen months. From the law it will also appear that the payment into the Treasury, by the corporation seeking the certificate, of the sum of fifty dollars, is a condition precedent to its right to demand and the Auditor's right to issue a certificate of authority. The facts show that all the certificates issued by Mr. Thoman have been issued without and prior to such payments, in nearly all cases many months.”

MARCH 1.—John M. Crowell, of Atchison, appointed Special Agent of the Post Office Department, at large.

MARCH 3.—Adjournment of the Legislature. Among its acts are these: Apportioning the State for Senators and Representatives; Authorizing the School Commissioners to buy \$50,000 worth of Lawrence bonds; Creating the Twelfth Judicial District; Establishing an Insurance Department; Providing for the settlement of losses on the frontier; Appropriating \$6,000 for seed wheat and corn, for western counties; For the election of a Board of Railroad Assessors; To restrain State, County and City Treasurers from speculating in their offices. Nineteen acts were passed authorizing municipal bonds.

MARCH 6.—W. A. Morgan establishes the Chase County Leader, at Cottonwood Falls.

—George C. Hume leaves the Leavenworth Commercial for the St. Louis Journal of Commerce, and changes it from a Weekly to a Daily; Eugene Field is assistant editor.

MARCH 7.—W. H. Rossington succeeds Hume as editor of the Leavenworth Commercial, and remains till the fall of '72.

—The Tribune is established at Independence, by Humphrey & Yoe.

—The King bridge shops nearly completed, at Iola.

MARCH 11.—Wm. B. Hutchison and Fred. A. Sowers issue the Wichita Vedette, the first paper in Sedgwick county.

MARCH 14.—

“On the 14th of March, 1871, I proceeded to Leavenworth, and met James A. Hardee, Inspector General, U. S. A., J. D. Bingham, Quartermaster, U. S. A., and T. H. Stanton, Paymaster, U. S. A., members of the Commission appointed by the Secretary of War to examine and audit the Price Raid claims, pursuant to act of Congress approved February 2, 1871. The Commission, having been organized and qualified according to law, at Fort Leavenworth, was invited to meet at Topeka, for convenience of access to the necessary papers; and it accordingly met here on the 17th of March. It was afforded every possible facility for the discharge of the duty, and after a number of days of assiduous labor, went to Washington to report the result to the Secretary of War, to be by him communicated to Congress as a basis for an appropriation for the payment of the claims.”—*Governor Harvey's Message, January 9, 1872.*

MARCH 19.—William C. Webb appointed Superintendent of Insurance.

MARCH 19.—Andrew S. Wilson appointed Judge of the Twelfth District.

MARCH 20.—Joseph Logan distributes seed wheat in the northwest.

—George Merrill succeeds Col. Huntoon as Receiver in the Topeka Land office.

—In the spring, Adrian Reynolds takes the first printing press into Howard county, and starts the Howard County Ledger.

—The Junction City Land Office is to be moved to Salina.

—Conference of the M. E. Church at Paola. Number of local preachers, 243; value of church property, \$288,783; Sunday school children, 10,683.

MARCH.—The Santa Fé reaches Cottonwood.

MARCH 24.—The Governor appoints the following Railroad Assessors: Ed. Russell, George Graham, J. C. Bailey, John Walruff, H. N. Bent, C. W. Libby, F. M. Power, J. M. Allen, F. B. Hunt, H. H. Williams, R. W. Wright, Jacob Weisbach.

—M. W. Coulter becomes sole owner of the Baxter Springs Sentinel.

MARCH 28.—Incorporation of the Eclectic Medical Association of the State. *Incorporators:* George H. Field, Samuel E. Martin, Caleb D. Ward, Ansell M. Eidson, David Surber, Daniel B. Crouse.

APRIL 4.—T. Dwight Thacher becomes the sole owner of the Lawrence Republican Journal.

—The type on which the White Cloud Chief is printed has been in constant use sixteen years.

—A “Hand-Book of Progressive Philosophy,” by Edward Schiller, of Fort Scott, is published by Redfield, New York.

—Frank H. Drenning becomes sole owner of the Wathena Reporter.

APRIL 5.—A. B. Cornell issues the Mirror, the first paper in Beloit. The Beloit Gazette started April 11, 1872, by A. B. Chaffee and J. J. Johnson.

APRIL 14.—The Kansas Central R. R. Co. organized; Leonard T. Smith, President.

APRIL 27.—Isaac M. Ruth, business manager of the Lawrence Tribune, found dead in his bed. Mrs. Ruth was in Leavenworth. A dying

statement by Mr. Ruth led to the arrest of Dr. Medlicott. May 5th the coroner's jury brings in a verdict that Mr. Ruth came to his death from the effects of a narcotic poison, administered by Dr. J. J. Medlicott. The legal and medical aspects of this famous case are given in the sketch of John Hutchings, in the *Kansas Biographical Dictionary*. Medlicott was convicted of murder in the first degree. The Supreme Court granted him a new trial, and he finally escaped.

MAY 11.—Episcopal Convention at Fort Scott.

—The Congregational Association holds its fifteenth Annual Session at Emporia.

—The Santa Fé reaches Florence.

—The Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway reaches Cabin Creek, Indian Territory.

MAY 15.—Appointment of D. D. Colley, Leavenworth, David Heller, Clyde, and Thomas W. Bown, Marion Centre, Commissioners to audit losses from Indian raids between the years 1861 and 1871.

MAY 16.—D. B. Emmert confirmed as Receiver of the Humboldt Land Office.

MAY 23.—The civil and criminal suits against John Speer are withdrawn.

JUNE 3.—The Emporia Ledger established.

JUNE.—The *Educational Journal* publishes a catalogue of plants native and naturalized, found in Kansas, by J. H. Carruth, with additions by F. H. Snow and E. Hall.

JUNE 6.—The Missouri Board of Agriculture visits Kansas.

—Ed. H. Snow buys the *Ottawa Journal*.

—The Indian Depredation Commissioners meet at Topeka.

JUNE 10.—The *Spirit* is issued, at Paola, by Leslie J. Perry and C. M. Bright.

JUNE 15.—Baptist Convention in session, at Leavenworth.

—Wichita and Abilene are rival cattle markets.

JUNE 16.—Terrific tornado at El Dorado.

JUNE 20.—Texas cotton begins to arrive at Parsons.

JUNE 30.—Seventh Annual Report of the City of Leavenworth Board of Education. pp. 115. J. L. Wever is President of the Board, and P. J. Williams Superintendent of the Schools. In the "Questions for Promotion," Greek words, printed with Greek letters, are freely used—for the first time in a Kansas book.

JULY.—The total assessed valuation of property in the State, made in June, 1870, for the United States Census, was \$89,905,470. The true valuation of property, made for the same purpose by county clerks, was \$183,998,744; or more than twice as much.

JULY.—A book appears with this title: "Resources of Kansas; Fifteen Years' Experience. By C. C. Hutchinson. With a new Map, and forty Illustrations.

'The rudiments of Empire here
Are plastic yet, and warm;
The chaos of a mighty world
Is rounding into form.'

Topeka, Kansas: Commonwealth State Printing House." pp. 287.

The following is copied from the book:

"I quote from a letter, dated Topeka, January 27, 1871, received from W. H. Fisk, Superintendent of one of the coal companies working in Osage county, as follows:

"We have two shafts at Osage City, some fifty feet in depth, and a mine at Carbondale, entered by a slope or drift, the main entry being some eight hundred feet long. Our present force and facilities will enable us to take out twenty car-loads per day, six thousand bushels. We have contracts with the Kansas Pacific, and Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railway Companies, to supply them with coal. Our Osage coal is pronounced by good judges to be equal to any in the State. The dimensions of the Osage shafts are 5x13 feet, 50 feet in depth.'

"Mining is prosecuted extensively by organized companies in Bourbon county, near Fort Scott, and in Crawford, Cherokee, Neosho, and Labette counties. Extensive mines are opened near Chetopa, in the latter county. One company ship from twenty-five to forty car-loads per day from Fort Scott, employing about two hundred and fifty men. The veins that are worked in this region range from two to four feet in thickness, and are but a few feet below the surface."

The book takes a rose-colored view of everything relating to Kansas. It is well written, and is the best immigration document the State has published. Ten thousand copies were issued, the Legislature making an appropriation for the printing.

JULY.—A book issued with this title: "The Law of Estoppel. By Henry M. Herman, Counsellor at Law, Leavenworth, Kansas. Albany, W. C. Little & Co."

JULY 6.—The Leavenworth County Board gives the K. P. stock to the "Kansas Central," or narrow-gauge road.

—The threats of assassination by the "vigilants," in Butler county, against T. B. Murdock, of the El Dorado Times, lead to the insanity and death of his wife and child.

JULY 24.—Geo. A. Crawford says John Brown's "Parallels" were written in the house of Dr. A. B. Massey, at the Trading Post, Linn county, and read to Mr. Crawford by J. H. Kagi, the day they were written. Anderson and Stevens, then known as Hazlitt and Whipple, were also present.

—Completion of the Topeka Female Seminary building, built under the direction and through the exertions of Bishop Vail.

JULY 27.—Crane & Byron, of Topeka, publish "My Captivity Among the Sioux," a book written by Mrs. Kelley.

JULY 31.—Gov. Harvey offers a reward of \$500 for the apprehension and conviction of the incendiaries who burned the Girard Press, on the 15th inst.

JULY.—The Santa Fé reaches Newton.

AUGUST.—Appearance of a "Guide to the Country along the line of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway," by R. F. Smith. It is a book of 217 pages, filled with praise of the towns, men, and newspapers pub-

lished between Fort Scott and Chetopa, and Junction City and Parsons. The early history of the towns is usually given.

AUGUST.—George W. Hoss, of Indiana, elected Principal of the Emporia Normal School.

AUGUST.—The Agricultural editors of New York visit Kansas.

AUGUST 14.—The Fort Scott Monitor Company publish for Rev. T. B. Taylor a book called, "Old Theology Turned Upside Down, or Right Side Up."

AUGUST 18.—Rice county organized. It is named for Gen. Samuel A. Rice. Atlanta is the temporary county seat.

—Nearly every county in the State has one or more new railway projects.

AUGUST 21.—A writer in the Commonwealth says: "The air of Newton is tainted with the hot steam of human blood." Six persons are killed in that town.

AUGUST 24.—John A. Martin, of the Atchison Champion, and George A. Crawford, of the Fort Scott Monitor, appointed Centennial Commissioners, by Gov. Harvey.

—National Camp Meeting, near Topeka.

—The Educational Journal is removed from Emporia to Topeka.

—Geo. H. Hoyt returns to Athol, Mass.

SEPTEMBER 1.—The L. L. & G. reaches Coffeyville, on the southern boundary of the State.

—The Ottawa University case is tried before Judge Bassett.

—The Vedette says buffaloes come within ten miles of Wichita.

—The Emporia News says C. H. Withington built the first house in Lyon county, in 1854.

—Mr. Hanna, of the Salina Herald, is pronounced the champion chess-player of the State.

SEPTEMBER 3.—Cyrus O. French, of Fort Scott, is appointed Register in Bankruptcy.

SEPTEMBER.—Fort Scott dedicates a school building, equaled, says the Educational Journal, by only three in the State—the "Morris," of Leavenworth, the "Lincoln," of Topeka, and the "Central Building," of Atchison.

SEPTEMBER 4.—The American Pomological Society, at Richmond, Va., awards Kansas "the highest premium for the largest and best display of fruit, unequaled in size, beauty and excellence during the session of the American Pomological Society."

SEPTEMBER 5.—Methodist State Convention, at Lawrence.

SEPTEMBER 10.—Noble L. Prentis writes a history of the State Agricultural Society, for the Topeka Record.

—Paola has 747 school children.

SEPTEMBER 12.—Gov. Harvey declares Osborne county organized. It is named for private Vincent B. Osborne, Co. A, Second Kansas.

SEPTEMBER 15.—Election, on the State Fair grounds at Topeka, of the following officers of the State Agricultural Society: President, I. S. Kalloch, of Douglas; Vice President, O. E. Learnard, of Douglas; Secretary, Alfred Gray, of Wyandotte; Treasurer, Thomas Murphy, of Atchison; Superintendent, J. L. McDowell. *Executive Committee*: J. I. Larimer of Leavenworth, S. T. Kelsey of Franklin, J. N. Insley of Jefferson, J. W. Scott of Allen, N. A. Adams of Riley, E. S. Niccolls of Anderson, John Inlow of Johnson, Andrew Wilson of Shawnee, J. K. Hudson of Wyandotte, G. A. Crawford of Bourbon.

SEPTEMBER 15.—Old Settlers' meeting at Blanton's Crossing. President, Charles Robinson; Vice Presidents, Geo. W. Smith, J. A. Wakefield, A. Alquire, Capt. Bickerton, Capt. A. Cutler, and John Speer; Secretaries, Capt. W. I. R. Blackman and W. L. G. Soule. Letters received from Geo. W. Brown, Rockford, Ill., and James Redpath, Boston.

—Geo. Tauber starts the *Zeitung*, at Topeka.

SEPTEMBER 29.—Excursion from Chicago to Leavenworth, over the Southwestern Railroad. President Grant and General Beauregard in the party.

OCTOBER.—The St. Louis Fair gives Kansas a diploma "for the best exhibition of apples."

OCTOBER.—The St. Joseph & Denver reaches Hanover. In 1872 it reaches Hastings, Nebraska.

OCTOBER.—The New England Fair, at Lowell, Mass., awards a silver medal to Kansas for its best display of fruit.

OCTOBER.—The Pennsylvania Horticultural Society awards Kansas a silver medal for its fruit.

OCTOBER 5.—Excursion from Atchison, over the A. & N. R. R. to the first crossing of the Nemaha, in Nebraska. The road is given to a Boston syndicate, represented by James F. Joy, to be completed and operated.

OCTOBER 6.—Rev. Winfield Scott writes from Albany that the Kansas fruit obtained the highest award at the New York State Fair.

—Manufacture of ochre brick at Osage City.

OCTOBER 8.—Trial of Dr. Medlicott, at Garnett.

OCTOBER 10.—Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. meets at Lawrence.

OCTOBER 19.—Meeting of the Masonic Grand Lodge at Topeka.

—John Maloy takes charge of the Council Grove Democrat.

—The number of houses in Leavenworth is 3,084.

—The Synod of Kansas meets at Humboldt; sermon by Rev. Dr. J. G. Reaser.

—Catholic church dedicated at Watheua.

—Several cities and societies contribute liberally to the sufferers by the great fire in Chicago.

OCTOBER 24.—Sixth Annual Convention of the Editors' and Publishers' Association, at Lawrence. Address by Henry King, of Topeka.

Officers: President, M. W. Reynolds; Vice Presidents, Geo. F. Prescott, D. W. Wilder, G. C. Crowther, Albert Griffin; Secretary, S. D. Macdonald; Treasurer, S. S. Prouty; Orator, Geo. A. Crawford; Alternate, D. W. Wilder. The Convention encouraged the project of establishing the Kansas Magazine, suggested by Mr. Wilder. There was an excursion to Humboldt, Fort Gibson, Fort Scott, Sedalia, and Chicago.

OCTOBER 28.—Mrs. Ruth arrested, at Lawrence, as an accomplice in the murder of her husband. Dr. Medlicott was found guilty of murder in the first degree, on the 26th.

OCTOBER 25.—The Natural History Society meets at Leavenworth.

—E. C. Manning, on his farm near Winfield, Cowley county, has raised a crop of corn on a field from which wheat was harvested in June. Last year he also raised a second crop.

—Railroad in progress from Cherryvale to Independence.

NOVEMBER.—The New York Independent says:

"Kansas is the best advertised and most favorably known of the Far-Western States. Her prestige is due to three causes: 1st. Her political troubles and warfare for Freedom, which elicited universal sympathy; 2d. The fertility of her soil, the superior of which does not exist in the West; and 3d. To the activity of her citizens."

NOVEMBER 5.—Convention of Spiritualists, at Lawrence.

NOVEMBER 7.—Annual election.

VOTE FOR STATE SENATOR TO FILL VACANCY.

<i>District.....</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Votes.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>	<i>Vote of District..</i>	<i>Vote of County...</i>
3	Leavenworth.....	C. R. Jennison..... J. J. Crook.....	2,736 2,194	542	4,930	4,930

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>District.....</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Votes.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>	<i>Vote of District..</i>	<i>Vote of County..</i>
1	Doniphan.....	Thomas M. Pierce..... Pryor Plank.....	490 297	193	787	
2	.....	James A. Oder..... Robert C. Mailler.....	303 305	2	608	
3	.....	Ed. Searey..... A. J. Mowry.....	252 228	24	480	1,875
4	Atchison.....	G. W. Glick..... C. I. Seofield.....	294 543	219	807	
5	.....	J. C. Wilson..... H. C. Baker.....	385 248	137	633	
6	.....	C. T. Griffin..... Benj. Wallack.....	423 334	89	757	2,197
7	Brown.....	C. F. Bowron..... H. A. Parsons.....	747 315	432	1,062	1,062
8	Nemaha.....	Ira F. Collins..... J. P. Taylor..... J. E. Taylor..... A. C. DeForrest.....	380 277 1 7	103	665	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

District...	Counties.	Names.	Totes.....	Majority..	Vote of District.	Vote of County.
9	Nemaha (concluded).....	A. C. DeForrest.....	443	266		
		A. M. Flint.....	177			
		J. W. McLaughlin.....	1		621	1,286
10	Marshall.....	Alvinza Jeffers.....	795	204		
		Charles B. Matthews.....	591		1,386	1,386
11	Washington.....	C. J. Aldrich.....	798	798	798	798
12	Riley.....	John E. Pinkerton.....	906	434		
		R. E. Fullington.....	472			
		Scattering.....	6		1,384	1,384
13	Pottawatomie.....	J. C. Lightcap.....	535	253		
		J. H. Chadsey.....	382			
		Scattering.....	6		923	
14	.....	Welcome Wells.....	223	15		
		E. Aldrich.....	208			
		Scattering.....	6		437	1,360
15	Jackson.....	Jacob Laughmiller.....	516	176		
		E. L. Shields.....	340		856	856
16	Jefferson.....	Terry Critchfield.....	496	306		
		Geo. W. Gray.....	190		686	
17	.....	Hugh S. Walsh.....	241			
		H. K. Kennedy.....	393	152	634	
18	.....	Jno. W. Rogers.....	351	139		
		T. J. Housh.....	212		563	1,883
19	Leavenworth.....	L. M. Goddard.....	408	74		
		Dr. H. Stein.....	334		742	
20	.....	J. W. Taylor.....	185			
		N. Marchand.....	413	223	598	
21	.....	S. N. Latta.....	596	566		
		J. F. Legate.....	30		626	
22	.....	Thomas P. Fenlon.....	439	54		
		M. J. Parrott.....	385		824	
23	.....	James Cooley.....	365	52		
		Jacob Winter.....	313		678	
24	.....	J. Bauserman.....	354			
		B. C. Barker.....	524	170	878	
25	.....	J. E. Barrett.....	300			
		C. J. Halstead.....	385	85	685	5,031
26	Wyandotte.....	Hiram Mallott.....	777	15		
		Frank Betton.....	762		1,539	
27	.....	S. A. Cobb.....	528	335		
		G. R. Todd.....	193		721	2,260
28	Johnson.....	D. B. Johnson.....	334			
		James H. Connelly.....	428	94	762	
29	.....	T. G. Stevenson.....	550	296		
		J. W. Buel.....	254			
		Henry Hooker.....	80			
		E. Williams.....	1			
		E. W. Smith.....	133		1,018	
30	.....	E. Clarke.....	243			
		A. Taylor.....	379	136		
		C. W. Batch.....	20			
		Scattering.....	2		644	2,424
31	Miami.....	D. H. Johnson.....	691	147		
		J. E. Thayer.....	544		1,235	
32	.....	H. B. Smith.....	546			
		F. M. Fain.....	571	25	1,117	2,352
33	Linn.....	J. M. Sayer.....	583	409		
		J. V. Donaldson.....	174			
		W. C. Gibbous.....	39			
		Z. McFadden.....	1		797	
34	.....	Wm. B. Scott.....	227	26		
		Robert Ewing.....	201		428	
35	.....	A. W. Burton.....	402	259		
		Henry Ham.....	143		545	1,770
36	Bourbon.....	W. H. Green.....	415	219		
		M. E. Hudson.....	196			
		Scattering.....	13		624	
37	.....	J. R. Greening.....	364	348		
		L. S. Humphrey.....	16			
		Scattering.....	9		389	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

District.....	Counties.	Names.	Votes.....	Majority...	Vote of District.	Vote of County..
38	Bourbon (concluded)...	T. F. Robley	520			
		L. G. Palmer.....	539	19		
		Scattering.....	1		1,060	2,073
39	Crawford.....	S. D. Ashmore.....	360	122		
		H. M. Kirkpatrick.....	238		600	
		Scattering.....	2			
40	.....	S. J. Langdon.....	379	286		
		R. B. James.....	93			
		Scattering.....	1		473	1,073
41	Cherokee.....	W. H. Clark.....	293			
		G. W. Wood.....	496	203		
		Scattering.....	7		796	
42	.....	S. T. Kennedy.....	472	35		
		W. H. Graves.....	437			
		W. H. Clark.....	28			
		G. W. Wood.....	40			
		Scattering.....	2		979	1,775
43	Labette.....	J. J. Wood.....	336	37		
		J. W. Richardson.....	299			
		J. M. Mahr.....	133		768	
44	.....	D. C. Constant.....	473	9		
		Gilbert Cooper.....	464			
		P. B. Clark.....	111		1,048	1,816
45	Neosho.....	O. S. Copeland.....	549	48		
		R. N. Bayles.....	501		1,050	
46	.....	E. H. Keables.....	568	237		
		John C. Carpenter.....	331		899	1,940
47	Allen.....	G. H. Requa.....	261			
		T. B. Mills.....	351	90	612	
48	.....	S. J. Stewart.....	336			
		G. P. Smith.....	458	22	794	1,406
49	Anderson.....	J. H. Whitford.....	545	138		
		George W. Cooper.....	407		952	952
50	Franklin.....	W. H. Clark.....	537	203		
		C. R. Cook.....	334			
		S. Devore.....	4		875	
51	.....	Wm. H. Schofield.....	481	294		
		H. Donohue.....	187			
		J. M. Foster.....	5		673	1,448
52	Douglas.....	C. Robinson.....	974	974	974	
53	.....	Dudley Haskell.....	450	173		
		C. H. Langston.....	277			
		G. W. Benson.....	169		1,033	
54	.....	Geo. A. Reynolds.....	137			
		James H. Kelley.....	392	181		
		C. Ingersoll.....	211		603	
55	.....	Elijah Sells.....	575	575	575	3,185
56	Shawnee.....	S. C. Gregg.....	440	211		
		C. W. Higinbotham.....	229		669	
57	.....	C. K. Holliday.....	809	417		
		John Martin.....	392		1,201	
		H. E. Bush.....	452	255		
		Perry Tice.....	76			
		John L. Price.....	197		725	2,595
59	Osage.....	J. R. Cowan.....	687	686		
		William Barnett.....	1		688	
60	.....	A. Blake.....	472	408		
		N. C. Sweezy.....	64		536	1,224
61	Coffey.....	David Grimes.....	514			
		Charles B. Butler.....	708	194	1,222	1,222
62	Woodson.....	B. F. Everett.....	358	33		
		G. W. Ashby.....	325			
		J. R. Gilbert.....	32		715	715
63	Wilson.....	S. S. Benedict.....	709	214		
		M. G. Averill.....	495		1,204	1,204
64	Montgomery.....	W. J. Harrod.....	301			
		E. B. Dunwell.....	539	238	840	
		L. U. Humphrey.....	475			
65	.....	B. F. Devore.....	523	48	998	1,838

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

District	County.	Names.	Votes.....	Majority..	Vote of District..	Vote of County..
66	Howard.....	R. J. Nichols.....	673	108		
		N. B. Cartwell.....	565			
		E. Fuller.....	15			
67	Greenwood.....	W. Pomeroy.....	6	138	1,259	1,259
		Ira P. Nye.....	448			
		G. A. Gordon.....	310			
68	Lyon.....	C. V. Eskridge.....	591	189	993	
		L. T. Heritage.....	402			
69		Chas. Drake.....	301	16		
		F. I. Page.....	285			
		Scattering.....	89			
70	Wabaunsee.....	James M. Johnson.....	397	32	675	1,668
		C. C. Little.....	365			
		Scattering.....	2			
71	Davis.....	S. M. Strickler.....	485	80		
		R. D. Laurensen.....	405			
		Scattering.....	2			
72	Morris.....	G. W. Clark.....	361	7	715	715
		J. Stanley.....	354			
73	Chase.....	S. N. Wood.....	222	75	519	519
		J. W. McWilliams.....	297			
74	Butler.....	Isaac Mooney.....	727	123	1,331	1,331
		W. P. Campbell.....	604			
		T. McIntyre.....	430			
75	Cowley.....	E. C. Manning.....	286	18	960	960
		S. M. Fall.....	244			
		D. L. Payne.....	572			
76	Sedgwick.....	H. C. Sluss.....	554	114	1,126	1,126
		Frank Doster.....	293			
77	Marion.....	R. C. Bates.....	179	152	472	472
		O. Olson.....	204			
78	McPherson.....	L. C. Almond.....	52	315	256	256
		Christian Hoffman.....	642			
		O. F. Searl.....	327			
79	Dickinson.....	C. M. Kellogg.....	524	80	969	969
		Richard Wake.....	444			
		C. W. Lindner.....	5			
80	Clay.....	A. D. Wilson.....	275	112	973	973
		R. P. West.....	163			
		P. McHuchean.....	154			
		D. C. Gamble.....	77			
		Scattering.....	2			
81	Republic.....	B. H. McEckron.....	575	550	671	671
		Scattering.....	25			
		E. Hollingsworth.....	336			
82	Cloud.....	R. D. Mobley.....	159	177	496	496
		Scattering.....	1			
		J. Boynton.....	717			
83	Ottawa.....	M. D. Sampson.....	484	92	1,201	1,201
		V. B. Osborne.....	200			
		H. L. Pestana.....	108			
84	Ellsworth.....	Frank A. Schermerhorn.....	155	44	308	308
		T. F. Garver.....	111			
85	Lincoln.....	D. W. Pate.....	140	39	266	266
		James A. Scarborough.....	101			
86	Jewell.....	John H. Edwards.....	191	30	241	241
		Simon Motz.....	161			
87	Ellis.....	Fred C. Gay.....	74	43	352	352
		John A. McInty.....	31			
88	Wallace.....	F. J. Griffith.....	85	49	105	105
		W. L. Bear.....	85			
89	Rice.....	W. L. Bear.....	101	49	85	85
		D. E. Tilden.....	38			
		Q. A. Gates.....	52			
90	Osborne.....	F. Thompson.....	22		213	213
Total vote.....						69,599

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURTS IN THE SIXTH, SEVENTH AND EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.

District...	Counties.	Names of Candidates.	Vote of County...	Total.....	
6...	Linn.....	M. V. Voss.....	762	1,992	
	Bourbon.....	M. V. Voss.....	1,230		
	Linn.....	J. F. Broadhead.....	986		
	Bourbon.....	J. F. Broadhead.....	783		
7...	Allen.....	John R. Goodin.....	1,124	3,179	
	Neosho.....	John R. Goodin.....	1,014		
	Wilson.....	John R. Goodin.....	845		
	Woodson.....	John R. Goodin.....	196		
	Allen.....	H. W. Talcott.....	250		
	Neosho.....	H. W. Talcott.....	703		
	Wilson.....	H. W. Talcott.....	2		
	Woodson.....	H. W. Talcott.....	246		
8...	Riley.....	William H. Canfield.....	308	1,201	
	Davis.....	William H. Canfield.....	858		
	Dickinson.....	William H. Canfield.....	352		
	Saline.....	William H. Canfield.....	591		
	Ellsworth.....	William H. Canfield.....	281		
	Ellis.....	William H. Canfield.....	324		
	Ottawa.....	William H. Canfield.....	267		
	Lincoln.....	William H. Canfield.....	242		
	McPherson.....	William H. Canfield.....	30		
	Rice.....	William H. Canfield.....	80		
	Riley.....	H. G. Barner.....	1,076		
	Davis.....	H. G. Barner.....	38		
	Dickinson.....	H. G. Barner.....	531		
	Saline.....	H. G. Barner.....	614		
	Ellsworth.....	H. G. Barner.....	26		
	Ellis.....	H. G. Barner.....	4		
9...	Ottawa.....	H. G. Barner.....	225	2,734	
	Lincoln.....	H. G. Barner.....	22		
	McPherson.....	H. G. Barner.....	173		
	Wallace.....	H. G. Barner.....	25		
	Dickinson.....	J. R. McClure.....	93		
					93

VOTE FOR RAILROAD ASSESSORS.

District...	County.	Names of Candidates.	Vote of County...	Total.....
1...	Leavenworth.....	Jacob Vogel.....	2,193	2,193
	Leavenworth.....	James Medill.....	3,011	3,011
	Nemaha.....	W. J. Robbins.....	141	141
	Atchison.....	George Graham.....	429	
2...	Brown.....	George Graham.....	343	1,729
	Nemaha.....	George Graham.....	732	
	Doniphan.....	George Graham.....	225	
	Atchison.....	J. P. Johnson.....	706	
	Brown.....	J. P. Johnson.....	554	
	Nemaha.....	J. P. Johnson.....	38	
	Doniphan.....	J. P. Johnson.....	1,053	
	Atchison.....	J. H. Sawyer.....	1,169	
3...	Nemaha.....	J. H. Sawyer.....	380	2,123
	Doniphan.....	J. H. Sawyer.....	574	
	Jefferson.....	Andrew Blevins.....	19	
	Jefferson.....	Fred Bort.....	42	
	Jackson.....	Charles Hayden.....	378	
	Jefferson.....	V. Brown.....	1,015	
	Shawnee.....	V. Brown.....	226	
	Jackson.....	S. S. Cooper.....	399	
	Jefferson.....	S. S. Cooper.....	28	
	Shawnee.....	S. S. Cooper.....	1,934	
4...	Wabauisee.....	S. S. Cooper.....	126	3,367
	Pottawatomie.....	S. S. Cooper.....	880	
	Wabauisee.....	Samuel R. Weed.....	215	

VOTE FOR RAILROAD ASSESSORS—CONTINUED.

District...	Counties.	Names of Candidates.	Vote of County...	Total.....
4...	Douglas.....	F. Gleason.....	2,949	4,273
	Franklin.....	F. Gleason.....	716	
	Anderson.....	F. Gleason.....	608	
	Douglas.....	W. H. Carson.....	395	
5...	Franklin.....	W. H. Carson.....	354	808
	Anderson.....	W. H. Carson.....	59	
	Coffey.....	H. N. Bent.....	901	
	Lyon.....	H. N. Bent.....	793	
6...	Osage.....	H. N. Bent.....	241	1,935
	Coffey.....	R. M. Wright.....	232	
	Lyon.....	R. M. Wright.....	859	
	Morris.....	R. M. Wright.....	483	
7...	Osage.....	R. M. Wright.....	307	1,881
	Linn.....	Ed. R. Smith.....	1,072	
	Bourbon.....	Ed. R. Smith.....	140	
	Linn.....	T. W. Wattles.....	697	
8...	Bourbon.....	T. W. Wattles.....	955	1,652
	Neosho.....	J. Moffit.....	370	
	Wilson.....	J. Moffit.....	219	
	Allen.....	J. A. Stevens.....	106	
9...	Neosho.....	J. A. Stevens.....	1,022	589
	Wilson.....	J. A. Stevens.....	544	
	Woodson.....	J. A. Stevens.....	213	
	Allen.....	Eli Gilbert.....	631	
10...	Neosho.....	Eli Gilbert.....	21	724
	Wilson.....	Eli Gilbert.....	72	
	Allen.....	I. L. Fletcher.....	432	
	Neosho.....	I. L. Fletcher.....	549	
11...	Wilson.....	I. L. Fletcher.....	344	1,496
	Woodson.....	I. L. Fletcher.....	171	
	Rice.....	Charles Kingman.....	19	
	Ottawa.....	D. C. Jones.....	117	
12...	Ellis.....	J. N. Allen.....	21	117
	Davis.....	A. Cameron.....	1	
	Dickinson.....	A. Cameron.....	93	
	Saline.....	A. Cameron.....	30	
13...	Ellsworth.....	A. Cameron.....	306	430
	Riley.....	John Danielson.....	954	
	Dickinson.....	John Danielson.....	637	
	Saline.....	John Danielson.....	1,141	
14...	Ellis.....	John Danielson.....	5	3,337
	Ottawa.....	John Danielson.....	303	
	Lincoln.....	John Danielson.....	118	
	McPherson.....	John Danielson.....	174	
15...	Wallace.....	John Danielson.....	5	1,813
	Riley.....	J. M. Allen.....	368	
	Davis.....	J. M. Allen.....	893	
	Dickinson.....	J. M. Allen.....	246	
16...	Ellis.....	J. M. Allen.....	306	186
	Chase.....	C. R. Roberts.....	5	
	Marion.....	C. R. Roberts.....	181	
	Chase.....	S. M. Wood.....	368	
17...	Marion.....	S. M. Wood.....	272	737
	Sedgwick.....	S. M. Wood.....	97	
	Chase.....	R. M. Spivey.....	149	
	Sedgwick.....	R. M. Spivey.....	527	
18...	Butler.....	Stephen J. Wood.....	1,326	1,326
	Wyandotte.....	Emmot Ryus.....	721	
	Wyandotte.....	J. R. Perkins.....	395	
	Wyandotte.....	James McGrew.....	186	
19...	Johnson.....	W. W. Williams.....	209	216
	Johnson.....	B. Nicholson.....	216	
	Johnson.....	Thomas Roberts.....	96	
	Miami.....	Thomas Roberts.....	1,131	
20...	Johnson.....	H. H. Williams.....	1,424	1,227
	Miami.....	H. H. Williams.....	1,172	
	Wyandotte.....	H. H. Williams.....	40	
	Wyandotte.....	H. H. Williams.....	2,636	

VOTE FOR RAILROAD ASSESSORS—CONCLUDED.

District....	Counties.	Names of Candidates.	Vote of County....	Total.....
11...	Labette.....	E. C. Wells.....	742	3,544
	Cherokee.....	E. C. Wells.....	1,133	
	Crawford.....	E. C. Wells.....	692	
	Montgomery.....	E. C. Wells.....	977	
	Labette.....	R. W. Wright.....	976	
	Cherokee.....	R. W. Wright.....	640	
	Crawford.....	R. W. Wright.....	242	
	Montgomery.....	R. W. Wright.....	899	
	Howard.....	R. W. Wright.....	609	
	Cowley.....	R. W. Wright.....	333	
12...	Republic.....	H. C. Sprengle.....	596	2,044
	Washington.....	H. C. Sprengle.....	455	
	Marshall.....	H. C. Sprengle.....	755	
	Clay.....	H. C. Sprengle.....	2	
	Cloud.....	H. C. Sprengle.....	236	
	Jewell.....	D. E. Ballard.....	160	
	Republic.....	D. E. Ballard.....	36	
	Washington.....	D. E. Ballard.....	285	
	Marshall.....	D. E. Ballard.....	631	
	Clay.....	D. E. Ballard.....	1,003	
12...	Cloud.....	D. E. Ballard.....	339	2,552
	Osborne.....	D. E. Ballard.....	98	

NOVEMBER 8.—The incorporators of the Kansas Magazine Company are S. S. Prouty, H. King, D. W. Wilder, C. W. Babcock, Thos. A. Osborn, John A. Martin, D. M. Valentine, M. W. Reynolds, and W. H. Smallwood.

NOVEMBER 13.—D. R. Anthony consolidates the Bulletin with the Leavenworth Times.

NOVEMBER 15.—The Independence Tribune says: "The raising of a second crop is a task easily accomplished in this locality. We have corn and potatoes in this office of good quality, which were planted in June and July."

NOVEMBER 20.—Completion of the Insane Asylum building, at Osawatimie.

NOVEMBER 21.—Old Settlers' excursion from Lawrence, East.

NOVEMBER 25.—Lawrence has in operation the first street railway in the State.

—W. W. Updegraff, Superintendent of the Blind Asylum, at Wyandotte, resigns, and J. D. Parker succeeds him.

—The coal trade of Fort Scott now reaches half a million dollars, annually.

—The whole press of the State says good words for the proposed Kansas Magazine.

NOVEMBER 30.—Expenditures of the State for the year:

Governor's Department.....	\$5,222 67	Librarian.....	\$1,450 00
Secretary's Department.....	12,259 15	Transcribing Journals.....	1,789 22
Auditor's Department.....	4,216 00	Printing*.....	41,692 01
Treasurer's Department.....	4,550 60	Immigration fund.....	5,000 00
Attorney General.....	1,525 00	Sheriffs, conveying prisoners to	
Supt. of Public Instruction.....	3,050 50	Penitentiary.....	3,513 40
Adjutant General.....	1,601 30	Penitentiary.....	35,072 00
Judiciary.....	31,588 55	Legislative expenses.....	38,562 54

\$5,971.48 more than appropriated.

Insane Asylum.....	\$53,931 00	Military purposes.....	\$1,581 91
State University.....	16,915 00	Regents.....	294 60
Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	14,800 00	C. C. Hutchinson, Book on Kan.,	2,500 00
Blind Asylum.....	7,633 43	Protestant and Catholic Asy-	
Normal School, Emporia.....	8,424 85	lums, Leavenworth.....	5,000 00
Normal School, Leavenworth...	6,377 80	Seed wheat.....	6,000 00
Capitol building and grounds ...	8,198 49	Miscellaneous expenses.....	857 44
Neutral Land Defense Com'tee..	2,000 00		
Agricultural College.....	2,700 00	Total for 1871.....	\$329,293 42

DECEMBER 1.—M. W. Reynolds is appointed Receiver of the Humboldt Land Office.

—The telegraph is completed to Seneca.

DECEMBER 1.—Ross's Paper, by E. G. Ross, is issued, at Coffeyville.

—Over thirty new school-houses have been built in Washington and Republic counties during the year.

—Election of Directors of the Lawrence and Topeka Railroad. President, C. K. Holliday; Vice President, John Guthrie; Secretary, Jacob Safford.

—DECEMBER 6.—Daily State Record discontinued. F. P. Baker, in his "Farewell," says he became connected with the Record in February, 1863, when Topeka had about 1,000 inhabitants. The Daily was started in June, 1868.

DECEMBER 6.—Col. James Montgomery dies, in Linn county. A biography is given in Andreas's "Kansas."

—P. B. Maxson becomes Register of the Humboldt Land Office.

DECEMBER 11.—Noble L. Prentis becomes one of the editors of the Lawrence Journal.

—The streets of Fort Scott are macadamized.

DECEMBER 13.—Librarian Dickinson reports 7,341 volumes in the State Library.

DECEMBER 15.—Capt. James W. Steele goes over the State in behalf of the Magazine.

—A new town, called Hutchinson, is laid out on the Santa Fé road, 261 miles from Atchison.

DECEMBER 17.—Capt. Samuel J. Gilmore dies, at Osage Mission. He was the first white settler of that place, and the second pioneer in Neosho county.

DECEMBER 26.—The State Horticultural Society holds its Annual Meeting at Lawrence.

DECEMBER 29.—Eighth Annual Meeting of the State Teachers' Association, at Topeka. Address by Philetus Fales. *Officers elected:* President, John Fraser, Lawrence; Corresponding Secretary, Joseph Denison, Manhattan; Recording Secretary, C. B. Isham, Council Grove; Executive Committee, John A. Banfield of Topeka, P. J. Williams of Leavenworth, J. N. Lee of Topeka, J. A. Barrows of Osage county, James B. Smith of Humboldt.

DECEMBER 31.—The Report of Superintendent McCarty, in addition to the usual statistics, gives a history of the Kansas Academy of Science, which was organized September 1, 1868.

1872.

JANUARY 1.—Organization of Reno county. Hutchinson made the county seat, February 3; named for Gen. Jesse L. Reno.

JANUARY 1.—There are one hundred and twenty-one newspapers in the State.

—The Kansas Magazine is issued from the Commonwealth office, Topeka; Capt. Henry King, Editor. The most noticeable articles, then and afterwards, were written by John J. Ingalls, Henry King, and James W. Steele. In this number Ingalls writes of A. D. Richardson, and the following is copied from his sketch:

“Kansas exercised the same fascination over him that she does over all who have ever yielded to her spell. There are some women whom to have once loved renders it impossible ever to love again. As the ‘gray and melancholy main’ to the sailor, the desert to the Bedouin, the Alp to the mountaineer, so is Kansas to all her children.

“No one ever felt any enthusiasm about Wisconsin, or Indiana, or Michigan. The idea is preposterous. It is impossible. They are great, prosperous communities, but their inhabitants can remove and never desire to return. They hunger for the horizon. They make new homes without the *maladie du pays*. But no genuine Kansan can emigrate. He may wander. He may roam. He may travel. He may go elsewhere, but no other State can ever claim him as a citizen. Once naturalized the allegiance can never be forsworn.”

The four volumes of the Magazine contain articles relating to Kansas written by Milton W. Reynolds, Charles B. Wilkinson, R. J. Hinton, A. W. Lyman, Charles Robinson, Fred. P. Stanton, John E. Rastall, Frederic Lockley, Frank B. Sanborn, James M. Harvey, Joseph G. Waters, William B. Parsons, Francis S. McCabe, William A. Phillips, James H. Defouri, John W. Roberts, F. W. Giles, H. B. Norton, D. B. Emmert, W. H. Smallwood, Charles Reynolds, James Hanway, Sam. M. Newhall, Mrs. Rosetta B. Hastings (a daughter of Rev. Pardee Butler), D. W. Wilder, and others. The Ingalls articles have been reprinted in the Hiawatha World; they deserve the best book form. Capt. Steele’s have reappeared in two volumes. Capt. King’s will also handsomely volumize.

JANUARY 4.—Grand Army of the Republic convention at Lawrence. W. S. Jenkins elected Department Commander, *vice* S. A. Cobb, resigned.

JANUARY 5.—Wm. B. Craig, George W. Barr, John M. Otter and Obe. Craig, of Wathena, are given the credit for building the Doniphan & Wathena Railroad.

—The Wyandotte Herald is issued by V. J. Lane.

—S. H. Dodge joins A. D. Brown, in the Burlington Patriot.

JANUARY 9.—Meeting of the Legislature.

STATE OFFICERS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
James M. Harvey, Governor.....	Fort Riley.....	Riley.
P. P. Elder, Lieutenant Governor.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
W. H. Smallwood, Secretary of State.....	Waibena.....	Doniphan.
A. L. Williams, Attorney General.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
H. D. McCarty, Superintendent of Public Instruction...	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.
J. E. Hayes, State Treasurer.....	Olathe.....	Johnson.
A. Thoman, Auditor of State.....	Topcka.....	Shawnee.
S. S. Prouty, State Printer.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
David Whitaker, Adjutant General.....	Doniphan.....	Doniphan.
D. Dickinson, State Librarian.....	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.
W. C. Webb, Superintendent Insurance Department...	Fort Scott.	Bourbon.

JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
S. A. Kingman, Chief Justice.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
D. J. Brewer, Associate Justice.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.
D. M. Valentine, Associate Justice.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.

—Barzillai Gray, Judge Criminal Court, Leavenworth county.

JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURTS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>District.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
H. W. Ide.....	First.....	Leavenworth City..	Leavenworth.
P. L. Hubbard.....	Second.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
John T. Morton.....	Third.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Owen A. Bassett.....	Fourth.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
J. H. Watson.....	Fifth.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
M. V. Voss.....	Sixth.....	Mound City.....	Linu.
John R. Goodin.....	Seventh.....	Humboldt.....	Allen.
William H. Canfield.....	Eighth.....	Junction City.....	Davis.
William R. Brown.....	Ninth.....	Cottonwood Falls..	Chase.
Hiram Stevens.....	Tenth.....	Paola.....	Miami.
H. G. Webb.....	Eleventh.....	Oswego.....	Labette.
A. S. Wilson.....	Twelfth.....	Washington.....	Washington.
W. P. Campbell.....	Thirteenth.....	El Dorado.....	Butler.
J. H. Prescott.....	Fourteenth..	Salina.....	Saline.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Dist.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
P. P. Elder, President.....	.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
Bowers, G. M.....	10	Lenexa.....	Johnson.
Cracraft, Joseph.....	5	Hiawatha.....	Brown.
Fitzpatrick, W. H.....	8	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Haas, H. C.....	3	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Hogeboom, G. W.....	4	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.
Jennison, C. R.....	3	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Kellogg, Josiah.....	3	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Logan, Joseph.....	2	Effingham.....	Atchison.
Miller, Sol.....	1	White Cloud.....	Doniphan.
Moore, H. D.....	14	Monmouth.....	Crawford.
Murdock, M. M.....	18	Burlingame.....	Osage.
McLellan, James.....	6	Holton.....	Jackson.
Nelson, George P.....	12	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
Prescott, J. H.....	20	Salina.....	Saline.
Price, John M.....	2	Atchison.....	Atchison.
Rockefeller, Philip.....	7	Washington.....	Washington.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE SENATE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Post-office Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Sears, T. C.....	17	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
Snoddy, James D.....	13	Mound City.....	Linn.
Stover, E. S.....	15	Council Grove.....	Morris.
Stotler, Jacob.....	19	Emporia.....	Lyon.
Topping, E. H.....	11	Paola.....	Miami.
Vincent, J. C.....	9	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
Whitney, H. C.....	16	Humboldt.....	Allen.
Wood, J.....	1	Doniphan.....	Doniphan.
Worden, L. J.....	9	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
George C. Crowther, Secretary.....		New Chicago.....	Neosho.
Charles C. Prescott, Ass't Secretary.....		Salina.....	Saline.
William Bolton, Journal Clerk.....		Seneca.....	Nemaha.
Wm. H. Price, Docket Clerk.....		Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Mrs. Sarah J. Neal, Engrassing Clerk.....		Atchison.....	Atchison.
Mrs. H. E. Holman, Enrolling Clerk.....		Eureka.....	Greenwood.
George H. Schreiner, Sergeant-at-Arms.....		Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
J. R. Kennedy, Ass't Sergeant-at-Arms.....		Olathe.....	Johnson.
George W. Weed, Doorkeeper.....		Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
D. B. Aker, Assistant Doorkeeper.....		Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
Ephie Smith, Page.....		Humboldt.....	Allen.
Harry Whitney, Page.....		Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Jennie Griffith, Page.....			

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Post-office Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Cobb, S. A., Speaker.....	27	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
Aldrich, C. J.....	11	Brantford.....	Washington.
Ashmore, S. D.....	39	Girard.....	Crawford.
Barker, B. C.....	24	Springdale.....	Leavenworth.
Bear, W. L.....	93	Osborne City.....	Osborne.
Benedict, S. S.....	63	Guilford.....	Wilson.
Blake, Alexander.....	60	Melvorn.....	Osage.
Bowron, C. F.....	6	White Cloud.....	Doniphan.
Boynton, J.....	84	Salina.....	Saline.
Burton, A. W.....	35	Mound City.....	Linn.
Bush, H. E.....	58	Auburn.....	Shawnee.
Butler, C. B.....	61	Le Roy.....	Coffey.
Clark, G. W.....	72	Parkerville.....	Morris.
Clark, Wm. H.....	50	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
Connely, J. H.....	28	New Santa Fé.....	Johnson.
Constant, D. C.....	44	Chetopa.....	Labette.
Collins, Ira F.....	8	Sabetha.....	Nemaha.
Cooley, James.....	23	Kiekapoo.....	Leavenworth.
Copeland, O. S.....	46	Osage Mission.....	Neosho.
Cowen, John R.....	59	Carbondale.....	Osage.
Critchfield, Terry.....	16	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.
DeForest, H. C.....	9	Wetmore.....	Nemaha.
DeVore, B. F.....	65	Independence.....	Montgomery.
Poster, Frank.....	77	Marion Centre.....	Marion.
Drake, C.....	69	Amerius.....	Lyon.
Dunwell, E. B.....	64	Parker.....	Montgomery.
Edwards, John H.....	89	Ellis.....	Ellis.
Everett, B. F.....	62	Neosho Falls.....	Woodson.
Eskridge, C. V.....	68	Emporia.....	Lyon.
Fain, F. M.....	32	Fontana.....	Miami.
Fenlon, Thos. P.....	22	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Gay, F. C.....	90	Wallace.....	Wallace.
Goddard, L. M.....	19	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Green, W. H.....	36	Osage.....	Bourbon.
Greening, J. R.....	37	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
Gregg, S. C.....	56	North Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Griffin, C. T.....	6	Atchison.....	Atchison.
Griffith, F. J.....	91	Atlanta.....	Rice.
Halstead, C. J.....	25	Reno.....	Leavenworth.
Haskell, D. C.....	53	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
Hoffman, C.....	79	Detroit.....	Dickinson.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Post-office Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Holliday, C. K.....	57	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Hollingsworth, E.....	83	Lindsey.....	Ottawa.
Hackney, W. P.....	92	Belle Plaine.....	Sumner.
Hutchinson, C. C.....	94	Hutchinson.....	Reno.
Jeffers, Alvinza.....	10	Irving.....	Marshall.
Johnson, D. H.....	31	Paola.....	Miami.
Johnson, J. M.....	70	Wilmingon.....	Wabauensee.
Kcables, E. H.....	45	Thayer.....	Neosho.
Kellogg, C. M.....	80	Clay Center.....	Clay.
Kelley, J. H.....	54	Willow Springs.....	Douglas.
Kennedy, H. K.....	17	North Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Kennedy, S. T.....	42	Columbus.....	Cherokee.
Latta, S. N.....	21	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Langdon, S. J.....	40	Iowa City.....	Crawford.
Loughmiller, Jacob.....	15	Buck's Grove.....	Jackson.
Lightcap, J. M.....	13	Wamego.....	Pottawatomie.
Malott, H.....	26	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
Marchand, N.....	20	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Mailler, Robert.....	2	Troy.....	Doniphan.
McEekron, B. H.....	82	Clyde.....	Cloud.
McIntyre, T.....	75	Arkansas City.....	Cowley.
Mills, T. B.....	47	Iola.....	Allen.
McWilliams, J. W.....	73	Cottonwood Falls.....	Chase.
Mooney, Isaac.....	74	Towanda.....	Montgomery.
Nichols, R. H.....	66	Longton.....	Howard.
Nye, Ira P.....	67	Eureka.....	Greenwood.
Olson, O.....	78	Lindsborg.....	McPherson.
Osborne, V. B.....	85	Ellsworth.....	Ellsworth.
Palmer, L. G.....	38	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
Pate, D. W.....	88	Jewell City.....	Jewell.
Payne, D. L.....	76	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.
Pierce, T. M.....	1	Iowa Point.....	Doniphan.
Pinkerton, J. H.....	12	Manhattan.....	Riley.
Rees, John.....	87	Beloit.....	Mitchell.
Robinson, C.....	52	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
Rodgers, J. W.....	18	Winchester.....	Jefferson.
Sayer, J. M.....	33	Blooming Grove.....	Linn.
Schofield, Wm. H.....	51	Williamsburg.....	Franklin.
Scofield, C. I.....	4	Atchison.....	Atchison.
Sehermerhorn, F. A.....	86	Rocky Hill.....	Lincoln.
Scott, W. B.....	34	Mound City.....	Linn.
Searcy, Ed.....	3	Elwood.....	Doniphan.
Sells, E.....	55	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
Smith, G. P.....	48	Humboldt.....	Allen.
Stevenson, T. G.....	29	Monticello.....	Johnson.
Strickler, S. M.....	71	Junction City.....	Davis.
Taylor, A.....	30	Gardner.....	Johnson.
Wells, W.....	14	Manhattan.....	Riley.
Whitford, J. H.....	49	Garnett.....	Anderson.
Wilson, A. D.....	81	Belleville.....	Republic.
Wilson, J. C.....	5	Muscotah.....	Atchison.
Wood, G. W.....	41	Columbus.....	Cherokee.
Wood, J. J.....	43	Montana.....	Labette.
A. R. Banks, Chief Clerk.....	.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
S. F. Bardett, Assistant Clerk.....	.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
H. Brandley, Journal Clerk.....	.....	Matfield Green.....	Chase.
E. E. Bacon, Docket Clerk.....	.....	Le Roy.....	Coffey.
Mrs. Rebecca Hays, Ass't Docket Clerk.....	.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Miss Carrie Sain, Enrolling Clerk.....	.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Miss Lizzie Ela, Ass't Enrolling Clerk.....	.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
Mrs. R. Flower, Engrossing Clerk.....	.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Miss K. Reck, Ass't Engrossing Clerk.....	.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
James M. Matheny, Sergeant-at-Arms.....	.....	St. Marys.....	Pottawatomie.
Thos. Sanders, Ass't Sergeant-at-Arms.....	.....	.....	Osage.
A. H. Beck, Doorkeeper.....	.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
Dora Scott, Page.....	.....	.....	.....
Hattie Butler, Page.....	.....	.....	.....
Robert Miller, Page.....	.....	.....	.....
Frank Blake, Page.....	.....	.....	.....
William Wakefield, Page.....	.....	.....	.....
Thomas Parks, Page.....	.....	.....	.....
Frank Morgan, Page.....	.....	.....	.....

JANUARY 9.—

"The corrupt use of money in elections of all kinds, and the consequent pecculation and demoralization, together with the fact that legislation and administration have sometimes been influenced by corrupt appliances, demand and are beginning to receive the attention of upright officials and patriotic citizens throughout the Nation."

"The frequent appearance of money as an element of corrupt political power, is appalling to patriotic and thoughtful men everywhere. Its tendency is to create and perpetuate an oligarchy of the very wealthy and unscrupulous, with their base and mercenary adherents."

"I recommend the passage of a law providing that any corporation, against which it shall be proven that money has been contributed for the election or defeat of any candidate for any public office, shall forfeit its charter; and that all managing officers of such corporations, if residents of this State, shall be disfranchised, and if non-residents, they shall be rendered incapable of doing any official act within the jurisdiction of this State."—*Gov. Harvey's Message.*

JANUARY 17.—The Lawrence Standard gives the names of nineteen members of the last Legislature who are charged with having been bribed to vote for Senator Caldwell; about half of them are Democrats.

— During the past year the M. K. & T. build a railroad from Holden, Mo., to Paola; the A. T. & S. F. completed the road-bed from Atchison to Topeka; the St. Louis, Lawrence & Denver road was built from Pleasant Hill, Mo., to Lawrence; fifty-eight miles; and the St. Joseph & Denver was extended from Marysville to Fairbury, Neb.

JANUARY 18.—Resolutions introduced in the Legislature to investigate the Caldwell election.

JANUARY 22.—The Russian Grand Duke Alexis received by the Legislature.

—The Presbyterians of the State contributed last year to the Memorial Fund of that Church, \$72,212.40.

JANUARY 24.—A committee of five members of the House and three of the Senate appointed to investigate charges of bribery and corruption connected with the Senatorial elections of 1867 and 1871.

JANUARY 31.—W. H. Green, Chairman of House Special Committee, reports:

"Your committee find that there have been audited claims for which the scrip commonly known as the Price Raid Scrip has been issued or ordered to be issued, of the class of claims arising from —

Material, supplies, transportation.....	\$111,352 53
Service of militia.....	256,761 20
Miscellaneous.....	36,627 64
Total.....	\$404,741 37

"Your committee also find that of the class of claims arising from damages done by Rebel and Federal troops to property, and for which the scrip of the State has been issued to the amount of \$159,191.34, no action was taken by the Commissioners sent from Washington last spring.

"And your committee find that all the scrip issued for any of the above classes is of the date of June 1, 1867, and bears interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum."—*House Journal, pp. 373-4.*

JANUARY 31.—Marcus J. Parrot accepts an invitation to address the House on Commercial Politics.

—During the year. Crane & Byron, Topeka, publish two pamphlets — the Kansas Road Laws, and the Kansas Bond Laws, by Hugh M. Spalding. The Commonwealth prints *Ravenia*, a novel, by Annie Nellis.

FEBRUARY 1.—

“STATE OF KANSAS, ATTORNEY GENERAL’S OFFICE,
TOPEKA, KANSAS, February 1, 1872.”

“TO THE SENATE: Your Secretary has furnished me the following resolution, adopted by you on the 30th day of January, 1872:

“Resolved, That the Attorney General be and is hereby instructed to inquire into the Missouri River, Fort Scott & Gulf Railroad, the Kansas Pacific Railroad, the Leavenworth, Lawrence & Galveston Railroad, and the Missouri River Railroad, whether said roads are located and operated according to their grants and as provided by their charters, and report the same to the Senate within one week.

“Adopted January 30, 1872. GEORGE C. CROWTHER, *Secretary.*”

“And in response thereto, I submit the following digest of the legal status of the roads mentioned in the resolution:

“1. *The Missouri River, Fort Scott & Gulf Road.* This road was originally called the ‘Kansas & Neosho Valley Railroad Company,’ and by that name filed its charter of incorporation in the office of the Secretary of State, on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1865. Its northern terminus, as fixed by its charter, was ‘the eastern terminus of the Union Pacific Railroad, E. D.’ (now the Kansas Pacific), ‘on the State line dividing Kansas and Missouri.’ The southern terminus was ‘the southern boundary of the State of Kansas, in the valley of the Neosho river.’

“On the 25th of July, A. D. 1866, Congress granted to this company (by its name of Kansas & Neosho Valley Railroad Company) certain public land to aid in the construction of a railroad ‘from the eastern terminus of the Union Pacific Railroad, Eastern Division, at the line between Kansas and Missouri, at or near the mouth of the Kansas river, on the south side thereof, southwardly through the eastern tier of counties in Kansas,’ to Preston, Texas. (U. S. Statutes at Large, vol. 14, p. 236.)

“On the 5th of October, 1868, the probate court of Johnson county, under section 15, chapter 57, Laws of 1866, page 129, granted a decree changing the name of the ‘Kansas & Neosho Valley Railroad Company’ to the ‘Missouri River, Fort Scott & Gulf Railroad.’ This decree was filed with the Secretary of State, October 10, 1868.

“2. On the 12th of October, 1865, another company, named the ‘*Missouri River, Fort Scott & Gulf Railroad,*’ filed a charter of incorporation with the Secretary of State. Its northern terminus is ‘the eastern terminus of the Union Pacific Railroad, E. D.’ (now the Kansas Pacific), ‘in Kansas.’ Its southern terminus is ‘a point on the southern boundary of Kansas, at or near Baxter Springs, south of Fort Scott, and in the direction of Fort Gibson.’

“3. *Kansas Pacific Railway Company.* This company was originally called the Leavenworth, Pawnee & Western Railroad, and was incorporated by act of the Territorial Legislature, in 1855. (Laws of 1855, page 914.) Its eastern terminus was ‘the town of Leavenworth,’ and its western was ‘Pawnee or Fort Riley, with the right to extend to the western boundary of the Territory’ of Kansas. The land grant of this road (Statutes at Large, vol. 12, p. 494) provides for the building of a road from the Missouri river, at the mouth of the Kansas river, on the south side thereof. The name of this road was changed by its directors to that of the ‘Union Pacific Railway, Eastern Division.’ The name was subsequently changed to the ‘Kansas Pacific Railway.’

“4. The charter of the *Missouri River Railroad Company* was filed with the Secretary of State on the twentieth day of February, A. D. 1865. The charter provides the termini as follows: ‘Commencing on the line between the State of Missouri and the State of Kansas, at the terminus of the Missouri Pacific Railroad, thence along or near the Missouri river to the city of Leavenworth, thence to Fort Leavenworth.’

“5. *The Leavenworth, Lawrence & Fort Gibson Railroad Company* was incorporated by act of the Territorial Legislature, February 12, 1858. (Private Laws of 1858, page 128.) Its charter provides for building a railroad from ‘Leavenworth city to Fort Gibson, or the highest point of steamboat navigation of Grand river.’

“On the third of March, 1863 (Statutes at Large, vol. 12, page 772), Congress made a grant of land to this company to aid the building of a railroad ‘from the city of Leav-

enworth by the way of the town of Lawrence to the southern line of the State, in the direction of Galveston Bay, in Texas, with a branch from Lawrence by the valley of the Wakarusa river, to the point on the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad where said road intersects the Neosho river.' On the twenty-third of February, 1866, the State granted to the road the proceeds of one-fourth of the five hundred thousand acres, which section three of article six of our Constitution describes as a part of the 'perpetual school fund of the State.' On the 24th of February, 1866, the name of this road was changed by the Legislature (Laws of 1866, page 191), to the 'Leavenworth, Lawrence & Galveston Railroad Company.'

"I forgot, in the proper place, to mention the fact that the Kansas & Neosho Valley Railroad also got one-fourth of the proceeds of the five hundred thousand acres aforesaid to aid in building a road, 'commencing at or near the mouth of the Kansas river, in the State of Kansas, opposite the city of Wyandotte, and running through the counties of Johnson, Miami, Linn and Bourbon, in the direction of the southern boundary of the State.'

"This is the legal status of these roads. Not being empowered by law or by your resolution to hear and determine questions of fact by the ordinary modes of taking testimony, I am unable to state whether, as a matter of fact, these roads are 'located and operated according to their grants, and as provided by their charters.'

"Respectfully submitted.

A. L. WILLIAMS, *Attorney General.*"

—*Senate Journal*, pp. 253 to 256.

FEBRUARY 1.—Rev. J. Boynton invited to address the Legislature on "A pure Christianity the only basis of a free and stable Government."

—W. L. Chalfant buys the Osage Chronicle.

FEBRUARY 16.—Publication of the "Rise and Fall of the Slave Power in America. By Henry Wilson. Boston: Houghton, Mifflin & Co.; three vols." Eleven chapters of the second volume relate to the political history of Kansas Territory.

FEBRUARY 21.—Republican State Convention at Lawrence. Called to order by D. R. Anthony. *Temporary Officers*: J. D. Snoddy, Chairman; J. C. Horton, Secretary. *Committee on Credentials*: D. B. Emmert, J. B. Davis, M. Cracraft, M. Stephenson, A. L. Williams, H. L. Taylor, C. G. Hawley. *Committee on Organization*: B. F. Simpson, W. J. Bawden, E. S. Stover, J. C. Carpenter, E. S. Niccolls, W. M. Matheny, John Speer. *Committee on Resolutions*: Albert H. Horton, L. H. Vanschieck, H. H. Williams, Joseph Steel, James McClellan. *Officers of Convention*: President, James D. Snoddy; Vice Presidents, J. J. Wood, M. Cracraft, E. J. Jenkins; Secretaries, J. C. Horton, J. S. Wilson. Judge A. H. Horton reported the following resolutions, which were adopted:

"Whereas, The Republicans of Kansas, assembled in Convention for the purpose of electing delegates to unite with delegates of other States, on June 5th ensuing, for the purpose of nominating the next President and Vice President of the United States, desire to give renewed and most emphatic expression to their confidence in the principles, their pride in the record, and their faith in the future of that national political organization which carried the country through the difficulties and preserved it amid the disasters of one of the stormiest conflicts of all history; and which has addressed itself to the solution of those delicate and difficult problems which are the general legacy of all wars, and more especially of such a civil strife as ours, in such a manner as— with such local exceptions as would be inseparable from any policy of pacification—to secure to the country at large a degree of internal peace, organic unity, financial standing and credit, and general business prosperity, which are the wonder and admira-

ration of all the nations of the earth; and believing, as this Convention does, that this satisfactory condition of affairs is largely attributable to the patient courage and wisdom of the man who was first the trusted Commander-in-Chief of the armies, and then the honored President of the councils of the Republic: it is therefore

Resolved, That the delegates this day chosen to attend the Philadelphia National Convention be and they are hereby instructed to cast their votes for the patriot President and citizen and soldier, Ulysses S. Grant, who in the dark and disastrous days of the Republic displayed those qualities of courage, wisdom, loyalty and unyielding persistency which inspired the friends of Freedom with new energy and hope, filled and fired the gallant soldiers of the Union with the spirit to fight, and, if need be, to die in its defense, and which crowned our long conflict with the inestimable boon of complete victory and permanent peace; and who in the less dangerous but more difficult duties to which a grateful people called him, has proved himself an able, steady and successful pilot of the ship of state; amid conflicting opinions and trying exigencies, the earnest advocate of all judicious attempts at political reform; the foremost friend of all oppressed and distressed peoples, of whatever condition or color, who are struggling for the inalienable rights of perfect equality before the law; the undaunted defender of our national claims and equities in the great parliament of the nations; whose administration, in short, has brought us a degree of prosperity at home and respect and dignity abroad, which it would be suicidal to interrupt or interfere with until time has been given to complete and cement the work so well begun and so auspiciously prosecuted to the present time."

The following delegates were chosen to the Philadelphia Convention: Henry Buckingham of Concordia, Benjamin F. Simpson of Paola, John A. Martin of Atchison, Wm. Baldwin of Wichita, H. C. Cross of Emporia, Charles A. Morris of Fort Scott, George Noble of Lawrence. John C. Carpenter of New Chicago, and Josiah Kellogg and John M. Haerberlein of Leavenworth. The following alternates were chosen: S. F. Ayres, E. S. Niccolls, J. V. Fairbanks, Frederick Close, A. A. Thomas. Percy Daniels, R. E. Stephenson, Thomas Newton, S. J. Smith, and M. S. Thomas.

The following resolution, introduced by A. A. Carnahan, of Cloud county, was adopted:

Resolved, That we hereby denounce any man in public life who will dare to employ corrupt means in politics, and we, the Republicans of Kansas, will set our faces steadfastly against all such, and will endeavor to make the future of Kansas pure and good."

There were 174 delegates in the Convention, and the National delegates were elected by ballot.

FEBRUARY 22.—President Denison, of Manhattan, and Rev. Dr. Chas. Reynolds, of Fort Riley, go to Washington to attend the Convention of officers of Agricultural Colleges.

—The Missouri, Kansas & Texas road is running to Muskogee, I. T.

—Soldiers' Reunion at Topeka.

FEBRUARY 23.—A caucus of Opposition or Liberal Republicans is held at Topeka.

FEBRUARY 24.—Unanimous report from the joint committee to investigate Senatorial elections, by J. D. Snoddy, Chairman on part of Senate. E. S. Stover, H. C. Whitney, Wm. H. Clark, Chairman on part of House, G. W. Clark, J. J. Wood, J. Boynton, D. H. Johnson.

FEBRUARY 26.—

"STATE OF KANSAS, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, TOPEKA, February 26, 1872.

"TO THE LEGISLATURE: I have just received from Hon. D. P. Lowe, M. C., the inclosed letter and accompanying documents relating to the Price Raid Claims. I place them before you with the recommendation that you take such action as you deem proper to secure an equitable adjustment and prompt payment of the claims.

"JAMES M. HARVEY, *Governor.*"

"HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, WASHINGTON, D. C., February 22, 1872.

"HON. JAMES M. HARVEY—*Dear Sir:* I have heretofore sent you a copy of the report and bill approved by the Committee on Claims, to appropriate \$337,054 on the Price Raid Claims. The Committee unanimously voted to report the bill favorably, and have been ready for three weeks to report it, but the Committee has not been called. I expect the bill to pass, but nothing is certain until it is done. It has occurred to me that possibly some State legislation might be necessary to enable the Treasurer to pay the money to the parties whose claims are approved by the Commission, inasmuch as all the amount which the State has partially assumed is not allowed by the Commission. What the case may be as to the disbursement of the money by the State under existing laws I cannot tell, as I have not all the legislation of the State before me, but thought I had better call your attention to it. Possibly it might be desirable to pass an act authorizing the Treasurer to pay to each of the parties in whose favor the Commission report the amount found due them. I do not know that it is necessary, but simply invite attention to it.

"Yours truly, D. P. LOWE."

—*House Journal*, pp. 1066-7.

The Legislature took no action. Had such a law been passed, all illegal disbursement of the money would have been prevented.

FEBRUARY 28.—M. J. Parrott, S. A. Riggs, N. A. Adams, S. N. Wood, A. Thoman, H. C. Haas and E. G. Ross issue an address to the people of Kansas. It takes ground against the renomination of President Grant. It opposes "absolutism," "imperialism," and "personalism," and favors civil-service reform and revenue reform. The signers call themselves Republicans, and give no name to the new party.

FEBRUARY 29.—J. J. Wood, of Labette county, appointed Regent of the University; John D. Parker, Superintendent of the Blind Asylum; H. J. Strickler, Regent of the Agricultural College; T. C. Bowles, Trustee of the Insane Asylum.

MARCH 1.—W. C. Tenney appointed Regent of the State University; T. J. Sternberg, Regent of the Agricultural College.

—Nathan Price, Judge of the Second Judicial District, resigns. P. L. Hubbard was appointed his successor.

—B. F. Simpson is elected Chairman, and George Noble Secretary, of the Philadelphia delegation.

—During the winter Rev. E. P. Hammond held revival meetings in several towns in the State, with very important results.

MARCH.—The length of the Leavenworth bridge over the Missouri is 994 feet; of approaches, 5,500; height above water, 51 feet 6 inches.

MARCH 2.—Adjournment of the Legislature. Among its laws were thirty-eight to authorize or legalize issues of municipal bonds; An act creating the State Board of Agriculture; Appropriating \$3,000 for the relief of western settlers; Appropriating \$2,500 for the Freedmen's University of Quindaro; For the issue and registration of bonds; Defining the boundary of Kingman and Harvey counties; Creating the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Judicial Districts; Providing for the settlement of losses from Indian depredations from 1860 to 1871; Creating

a Commission to audit and allow Price Raid and Curtis Expedition muster-rolls; Regulating the infliction of the death penalty; Increasing the salaries of State officers and Supreme and District Court Judges; Providing for the sale of Normal School land.

MARCH 6.—M. E. Conference meets, at Emporia.

MARCH 7.—The following Commissioners appointed under the act of February 28, 1872, to provide for settlement of losses from Indian depredations between 1860 and 1871: David Kelso, Oswego, Labette county; F. P. Baker, Topeka, Shawnee county; Henry Brandley, Bazaar, Chase county. The following award was made by this Commission:

Number...	Tribes who Committed Depredations.	Amount Claimed.	Amount Allowed.
1	Cherokee	\$38,528 40	\$3,165 00
2	Osage.....	22,894 96	18,290 96
3	Cheyenne.....	35,407 00	34,785 00
4	Cheyenne and Arapaho.....	24,363 70	18,963 70
5	Wichita.....	775 00	775 00
6	Arapaho.....	17,715 00	9,165 00
7	Kiowa.....	4,897 00	4,880 00
8	Sac and Fox.....	675 00	675 00
9	Sioux.....	2,813 00	2,813 00
10	Caddo.....	665 00	665 00
11	Cheyenne and Sioux.....	4,152 00	4,152 00
12	Kiowa and Comanche.....	4,359 00	200 00
13	Cheyenne and Pawnee.....	5,573 00	5,573 00
14	Cheyenne, Arapaho and Kiowa.....	560 00	560 00
15	Pawnee.....	475 00	475 00
16	Cheyenne and Kiowa.....	4,930 00	1,430 00
17	Creek.....	4,425 00	.....
18	Kiowa and Arapaho.....	6,730 00	6,730 00
19	Cherokee and Osage.....	2,469 00	.....
20	Sioux, Cheyenne and Pawnee.....	3,000 00	.....
21	Cheyenne and Comanche.....	6,510 00	6,510 00
	Total.....	\$191,917 06	\$119,807 66

In 1874, the Legislature ordered the Auditor to send the papers of this Commission, and other records of like character, to the Secretary of the Interior. They were sent.

MARCH 9.—First meeting of the County Commissioners of Smith county. Named for Maj. Nathan Smith, of the Second Colorado. The first election was held June 25.

MARCH 12.—The State Agricultural Society adjourns *sine die*, and the State Board of Agriculture is organized.

MARCH 20.—State Convention of colored men at Lawrence.

—The Concordia Empire says 932,175 acres of land were entered under the homestead law at that place, during the year 1871.

APRIL.—The Holton Express is started, by Frank A. Root.

APRIL.—The Educational Journal publishes a catalogue of the birds of Kansas, by Frank H. Snow, assisted by Edwin A. Popenoe, of Topeka, and Geo. F. Gaumer and Nelson J. Stephens, of Lawrence.

The Journal says: "The all-absorbing topic everywhere in Kansas

to-day is the Revival. . . . May every teacher in Kansas study and practice Mr. Hammond's methods!"

APRIL 9.—State Medical Society meets. at Lawrence.

APRIL 10.—Liberal Republican Convention at Topeka. Called to order by Marcus J. Parrott. *Officers of the Convention:* President, Samuel J. Crawford; Vice Presidents, Byron Sherry, H. B. Horn, A. Thoman, C. Willemsen, H. E. Shepherd, W. H. Morris, T. S. Floyd, E. L. Buesche, F. R. Russell, J. E. Martin, and J. F. Clark; Secretaries, M. Benas, W. S. Smith, Joseph G. Waters. *Committee on Resolutions:* S. A. Riggs, C. A. Birnie, J. R. Hallowell, H. H. Labhere, J. T. Clark, E. G. Ross, T. Sandford, P. J. Carmichael, J. Baker, George Tauber, J. Y. Hewitt. *Committee to select Delegates to Cincinnati:* M. J. Parrott, A. Thoman, M. A. Wood, J. T. Warwick, A. R. Baneroft, G. T. Pierce, E. H. Sanford. Speeches were made by A. Thoman, Byron Sherry, J. R. Hallowell, and Samuel N. Wood. The committee on resolutions reported the following, which was adopted:

"Resolved, That the Liberal Republicans of Kansas, mindful of the early record of our State, so closely involved with the history of the Republican party and the struggle of national existence, still steadfast and true to the vital principles which called that party into existence, would ever maintain as a part of our birthright 'the rightful sovereignty of the Union, emancipation, equality of civil rights, and enfranchisement.' With a loyalty to principles that is higher and stronger than a loyalty to party or party leaders, jealous and watchful of the fair fame of our young State, earnest and resolute now as in the struggle to save the soil from the encroachment of the Slave power, we call upon the people of Kansas to unite in an effort to put a stop to the attempted absorption of the civil functions of the Government by the military, and the encroachment of Executive power; to inaugurate a thorough and genuine reform of the civil service that shall put a stop to the shameful abuse of official patronage for the control of conventions, whether in the interest of an individual, a faction, or a party; to effect a modification of our revenue system, so that no class or special interest of the country shall be encouraged at the expense of the rest; to secure a wise and just system of taxation which shall place no needless burden on the people; to save the public lands of the Nation to actual settlers under the principles of the homestead laws; to establish general amnesty as a correlative of impartial suffrage; and to extend our national sympathies to all people who are struggling to emulate our example of popular enfranchisement."

Over one hundred names were suggested as delegates to Cincinnati—among them the following: M. J. Parrott, S. J. Crawford, A. Thoman, T. H. Walker, C. C. McDowell, S. J. Langdon, E. G. Ross, A. R. Baneroft, S. A. Riggs, F. W. Giles, S. N. Wood, C. B. Butler, Byron Sherry, G. T. Pierce, J. F. Cottrell, C. F. Hutchings, W. L. Parkinson, J. F. McDowell, W. B. Hutchison, and J. G. Waters. Hon. B. Gratz Brown, of Missouri, made an elaborate address. The following Central Committee was appointed: C. A. Birnie, J. Butler, A. Thoman, J. Walruff, A. R. Baneroft, L. G. Palmer, Alfred Taylor, Judge Humphrey, S. N. Wood, J. E. Deitze, F. R. Russell, G. H. Hollenbach, J. E. Martin, and R. H. Bishop. A. Thoman was made Chairman and S. N. Wood Secretary of the Committee.

APRIL 13.—M. M. Murdock founds the Wichita Eagle.

APRIL 18.—Leavenworth celebrates the completion of the bridge across the Missouri; thirty thousand people present.

APRIL 23.—A terrific tornado at Coffeyville destroys the office of Ross's Paper.

APRIL.—The first Grange in the State is organized, at Hiawatha.

APRIL.—A book issued called "Buffalo Land," by Dr. W. E. Webb. It describes the country between Topeka and the Rocky Mountains. It is profusely illustrated by Henry Worrall, of Topeka. Published by E. Hannaford & Co., Cincinnati and Chicago.

APRIL.—Shelby D. Reed is the first settler in Norton county. The county organized, August 22; first election held, September 24. Norton county is named for Capt. Orloff Norton, of the Fifteenth Kansas. In 1873, the name of Billings was derisively given to the county; in 1874, Norton was restored.

MAY.—Investigation of Caldwell and Pomeroy, at Washington, called out by the Legislative investigation.

MAY 1.—Thos. Hughes, of Fort Scott, joins Judge F. G. Adams in the publication of the Waterville Telegraph.

MAY 3.—Horace Greeley is nominated for President, and B. Gratz Brown for Vice President, at Cincinnati, by the Liberal Republicans.

MAY.—Ottawa prepares to erect a new central school building.

—Garnett is to have a college, under the charge of the United Presbyterian Church.

MAY 8.—Act of Congress for the removal of the Kaw Indians.

MAY 9.—Acts of Congress for the relief of settlers on the Osage lands, and on the Cherokee strip.

MAY 15.—The Santa Fé completed to Wichita.

MAY 16.—First train through between Atchison and Topeka, on the Santa Fé.

MAY 16.—Gov. Harvey appoints the first officers of Barton county, and names Great Bend as the county seat. Barton county is named for Miss Clara Barton, of Massachusetts, the nurse of our Union soldiers, and afterwards famous in the German army.

MAY 18.—W. E. Ridgley makes the first settlement in Graham county.

MAY 20.—First election for county officers in Harvey county; named for Gov. Harvey. Newton is made the county seat.

MAY 23.—Excursion from Atchison to Topeka.

MAY 28.—Laying of the first rail on the Lawrence & Topeka Railroad, at Topeka.

—New Land Office at Cawker City.

—Major Fielding Johnson fatally injured in jumping from a railroad train, at Topeka.

MAY 28.—Editorial Convention, at Emporia. *Officers elected:* President, T. Dwight Thacher; Vice Presidents, Albert Griffin; D. W. Wilder.

W. D. Walker; Secretary, J. S. Wilson; Treasurer, W. F. Chalfant; Orator, I. S. Kalloch; Alternate, George W. Martin; Poet, James W. Steele. The Annual Address was delivered by D. W. Wilder, of the Fort Scott Monitor. An excursion to Wichita followed. Resolutions were reported by R. B. Taylor.

MAY 31.—State Convention of Universalists, at Lawrence.

JUNE.—The Fort Scott Monitor says of the University building: "There is not a structure on the American continent, erected for educational purposes, equal to this in size, or surpassing it in its adaptedness for the purposes of the higher education. . . . The building will be heated with steam and lighted with gas, and every room will be supplied with water. An electrical clock will give the hour in every room at the same instant, and electricity will also be made a useful and instructive servant in various other ways."

JUNE 2.—The Kansas Central open from Leavenworth to Grasshopper Falls.

—George W. Deitzler, of Lawrence, goes to California to live.

—The White Cloud Chief removes to Troy.

JUNE 3.—Mr. Logan, in the Senate, reports that the Committee on Privileges and Elections have ascertained no facts sufficient to sustain the charges of bribery and corruption against Senator Pomeroy. Senator Caldwell's case was not considered, for want of time.

JUNE 5.—Act of Congress to carry into effect the treaty with the Seneca and other tribes of Indians.

JUNE 6.—The Philadelphia Convention nominates U. S. Grant for President and Henry Wilson for Vice President.

—Grading begins on the Junction City & Fort Kearny Railroad.

JUNE 8.—Congress (Chap. 336 of U. S. Stats.) appropriates \$337,054 to reimburse the State of Kansas for disbursements in aid of suppressing the Rebellion. The money was disbursed by the State Treasurer, in paying Price Raid scrip, in the summer and fall of 1872.

This Congress (Chaps. 11 and 239 of U. S. Stats.) increases the number of Congressmen to 292, and gives Kansas three members.

JUNE 10.—Santa Fé road completed to Hutchinson.

JUNE 11.—Democratic Convention at Topeka. Ex-Gov. Wilson Shannon, President. He counseled the party to unite with all friends of reform and opponents of centralization and plunder. Thos. P. Fenlon was made Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions. Marcus J. Parrott made a speech, cordially inviting the union of Democrats with the supporters of Horace Greeley. The following platform was adopted:

"The Democrats of Kansas, in convention assembled, do declare—

"*First.* That the paramount duty of every citizen, as such, is devotion and obedience to the Constitution and laws of the Republic, made, as they are, with the design and purpose to perpetuate individual liberty to its utmost limit consistent with good government and public order.

"*Second.* That political organizations are useful and beneficial only when their purpose and action demonstrate that love of country controls their councils and dictates

their policy; but when lawless ambition, imbecility, corruption and man-worship dominate a political party, it is the duty of all citizens, without regard to previous political affiliations, forgetful of past differences, to join hands and hearts in the effort to crush such party, and to drive its leaders from power.

Third. Believing as we do that the Chief Executive of the Nation and the nominee of the Republican party for reelection is utterly unfitted for the high position he holds; that his administration of the Government stands alone in the history of the Nation for shameless ignorance, nepotism, and gift-taking; for reckless disregard of law, and forgetfulness of the honor of the Republic; for utter want of that dignity and statesmanship which should characterize the executive government of the first Republic of the earth, and that his continuance in power would degrade the Nation, and be dangerous to the liberties of the people; so believing, we are willing to join with all good citizens in the pending campaign in the effort to drive him from place.

Fourth. As this, in our judgment, can be most surely accomplished by accepting and supporting the platform and candidates of the Cincinnati Convention, the delegates this day accredited to the National Convention at Baltimore are hereby instructed that it is the desire of the Democracy of Kansas that the National Council of the party shall not place a ticket in the field, but that it shall, in the interest of the country, and to the end that a shameless administration shall be driven from power, give its sanction to and its powerful voice in favor of the nominees and platform of the Cincinnati Convention. And our delegates are directed to vote and act in accordance with these resolutions."

The following delegates were elected: Wilson Shannon, Thos. P. Fenlon, E. M. Hulett, R. B. Morris, Geo. B. Wood, W. R. Wagstaff, John Martin, Isaac Sharp, B. F. Devore, and T. W. Waterson.

JUNE 12.—Arkansas river bridge, at Wichita, opened for travel.

JUNE 13.—Geo. P. Smith starts the Humboldt Southwest. His son, Byron C. Smith, was one of the editors. In the fall the paper stopped. The office was removed to Neodesha, Wilson county.

JUNE 20.—Republican ratification meeting at Topeka addressed by Senator Matt. H. Carpenter, of Wisconsin.

JUNE 23.—Congress creates a new Land District in the Northwest.

JUNE 25.—Republican State Conventions called to meet at Lawrence and Topeka, September 4.

JUNE 26.—The State Committees of the Democratic and Liberal Republican parties meet at Lawrence, and call the State Convention, at Topeka, September 11.

JUNE 29.—Completion of the Chicago & Southwestern to Atchison.

JUNE 29.—C. M. Taylor, City Marshal of Baxter Springs, shot and killed by Mayor J. R. Boyd.

JUNE.—Eugene F. Ware becomes the editor of the Fort Scott Monitor, and that paper advocates Greeley and Brown.

JULY 1.—Excursion from Wichita to Atchison.

JULY 4.—Work begun on the Manhattan & Northwestern Railroad.

—J. A. Halderman presides at the American banquet given in London.

JULY 10.—The Democratic Convention at Baltimore adopts the Cincinnati platform and nominates Greeley and Brown.

—The Hutchinson News issued, by Perry Bros. & Co.

—Bridge over the Kaw completed at Wamego.

—A straight Democratic Convention is called to meet at Louisville, Ky., September 3.

—W. S. Jenkins is appointed Register, and J. C. Redfield Receiver, of the Wichita Land Office.

JULY 15.—A correspondent of the Kansas Farmer tells what he knows of the organization called "The Patrons of Husbandry," or the "Grange."

—John H. Tice, of St. Louis, publishes a book on Kansas and Colorado. It is called, "Over the Plains and on the Mountains."

—The Leavenworth Medical Herald reaches its third volume; Tiffin Sinks, editor and proprietor.

JULY 15.—Judge Philip D. Schuyler, one of the most prominent of the early citizens of Kansas, dies, at Burlingame.

—Dr. Medicott is in the Anderson county jail.

JULY 30.—Charles M. Foster, of Topeka, Charles F. Koester, of Marysville, and P. R. Brooks, of Lawrence, are appointed to revise the tax laws.

—The Topeka Republicans erect a Wigwam and hold frequent meetings.

JULY.—The Santa Fé reaches Great Bend.

AUGUST 2.—John A. Logan speaks at Atchison.

AUGUST 13.—Gov. Harvey receives the Price Raid money in Washington.

AUGUST 14.—Milton R. Moore and James L. King issue the Topeka Tanner & Cobbler.

AUGUST 18.—First meeting of the Commissioners of Russell county. Named for Capt. Avra P. Russell, of the Second Kansas.

AUGUST 20.—Rev. N. Green publishes a card, saying he is a candidate for Congress.

AUGUST 22.—H. C. Ashbaugh establishes the Newton Kansan.

AUGUST 27.—Straight-out Democratic State Convention, at Topeka. W. H. Peekham, Chairman; J. M. Margrave, Secretary. The following delegates were elected to the National Convention at Louisville: W. H. Peekham, J. H. Oliver, S. W. Brooks, J. M. Margrave, R. E. Lawrence. Alternates: Morris Holmes, George E. Williams, J. V. Holt, H. H. Stafford, J. T. Curran. The following platform was adopted:

"Resolved, That we believe in equal freedom and equal rights for all citizens, and that injustice consists in the restriction of such equality.

"2. We believe in the equal dignity of the several States of the Union; in the inherent right of local self-government, to be limited only by the constitutional powers delegated to the Federal Government for specific purposes; in the largest liberty for each citizen consistent with the equal liberty of all.

"3. We believe in the doctrine that governments were instituted among men to secure freedom to the right by restricting only the wrong, and that people, therefore, are best governed who govern themselves.

"4. In the proposition that the offices of the Government belong to the people, and not to the office-holders, and that the use of official patronage to reward political friends

or punish political enemies is a crime against the people, which ought to be restrained and punished.

"5. In the right of the Government to assess and collect taxes, whether excise or tariff, for no purpose whatever but the support of the Government; that what is called 'protection' is but a name to designate robbery; and that equal rights of trade and exchange should be free from Government restriction.

"6. We recognize the validity and binding force of the 13th, 14th and 15th Amendments to the National Constitution; but we denounce as revolutionary, and as subversive of the Constitution and the traditions of free government, the means that were used to bring about those amendments.

"7. We are opposed to the policy practiced by the Government for the last ten years, in giving away the public domain to rich conspirators, and declare that the public lands belong to the homeless.

"8. That the Convention at Baltimore having shamefully nominated uncompromising and unrepentant Radicals for the high offices of President and Vice President, the Democracy of the country, true to their convictions of right and the traditions of the party, would be false to themselves and false to the country in following the treachery of the politicians who participated in this shameful bargain and sale, in which the attempt is made to sell the principles of three million voters.

"9. We approve and indorse the call for a National Democratic Convention, to be held on the 3d of September, in Louisville, Ky.

"10. That our delegates are instructed to cast the vote of Kansas for that pure and incorruptible statesman, Charles O'Connor, for President of the United States.

The following State Committee was appointed: W. H. Peckham, J. M. Margrave, J. K. Wells, H. H. Stafford, H. C. Retiker.

AUGUST 28.—The A. & N. R. R. completed to Lincoln, Neb.

AUGUST 30.—The Second Judicial District Convention, at Hiawatha, unanimously nominates P. L. Hubbard for Judge.

AUGUST.—The Santa Fé reaches Larned.

SEPTEMBER 4.—Charles O'Connor nominated for President and John Q. Adams for Vice President, at Louisville.

SEPTEMBER.—Election, on the State Fair Grounds at Topeka, of the following officers of the State Agricultural Society: President, H. J. Strickler, of Shawnee; Vice President, G. W. Veale, of Shawnee; Secretary, Alfred Gray, of Wyandotte; Treasurer, Thomas Murphy, of Atchison; Superintendent, H. T. Beman. *Executive Committee*: J. K. Hudson, of Wyandotte; S. T. Kelsey, of Franklin; J. I. Larimer, of Leavenworth; J. N. Insley, of Jefferson; E. S. Nicolls, of Anderson; G. L. Young, of Shawnee; James Rogers, of Osage; Martin Anderson, of Jackson; Wm. Martindale, of Greenwood; Malcolm Conn, of Morris.

SEPTEMBER 4.—Republican State Convention, at Topeka. Called to order by H. T. Beman. John A. Martin, Secretary *pro tem*. For temporary Chairman, Josiah Kellogg received 108 and John Guthrie 77 votes.

Committee on Credentials: J. D. Brumbaugh, Geo. Graham, W. W. Creighton, Basil M. Simpson, H. D. Baker, J. A. Wells, E. E. Custer, William Burgoyne, G. C. Clemens, T. B. Fletcher, Frank Doster, L. N. Robinson, C. G. Hawley, David Gordon.

Committee on Resolutions: D. B. Emmert, P. P. Elder, W. Jay, N. Marchand, W. W. Guthrie, E. Smith, A. J. Shellhammer, Albert Griffin, H.

Brandley, C. G. Hawley, J. A. Helphingstine, M. Baldwin, R. D. Mobley.

Committee on Permanent Organization: T. C. Jones, O. Y. Hart, J. O. Pickering, J. W. Stover, H. C. Hawkins, G. C. Clemens, J. C. Wilson, Mr. Hunt, H. Brandley.

Committee on Order of Business: B. W. Perkins, Ed. Russell, Mr. Burris, L. L. Ryan, D. Campbell, Mr. St. Clair, D. C. Wilson, Thomas Murphy, H. G. Evans.

The following officers were elected: President, Josiah Kellogg; Vice Presidents, W. Jay, P. W. Pickering, J. D. Brumbaugh; Secretaries, G. C. Crowther, H. Brandley.

First Ballot for Governor: John M. Price, 65; Thomas A. Osborn, 60; John C. Carpenter, 32; Charles V. Eskridge, 21; R. B. Taylor, 9; G. W. Smith, 8.

Second Ballot: Price, 69; Osborn, 63; Carpenter, 35; Eskridge, 24; Taylor, 3; Smith, 1.

Third Ballot: Price, 69; Osborn, 63; Carpenter, 36; Eskridge, 21; Taylor, 3.

Fourth Ballot: Price, 72; Osborn, 66; Carpenter, 36; Eskridge, 22.

Fifth Ballot: Price, 71; Osborn, 63; Carpenter, 38; Eskridge, 20.

Sixth Ballot: Price, 73; Osborn, 63; Carpenter, 32; Eskridge, 14.

Seventh Ballot: Price, 75; Osborn, 74; Carpenter, 31; Eskridge, 15.

Eighth Ballot: Price, 75; Osborn, 90; Carpenter, 29.

Ninth Ballot: Price, 96; Osborn, 90; Carpenter, 29.

Tenth Ballot: Osborn, 103; Price, 71; Carpenter, 20.

Thomas A. Osborn was born in Meadville, Pa., Oct. 26, 1836. He came to Lawrence in November, 1857; went to Doniphan county in the spring of 1858. He married a daughter of Judge Delahay.

For Lieutenant Governor. Elias S. Stover, of Council Grove, was nominated, over E. S. Niccolls, of Garnett. William H. Smallwood was renominated for Secretary of State, by acclamation.

The candidates for State Treasurer were Josiah E. Hayes, R. H. Graham, James C. Horton, Samuel G. Hoyt, and Alexander R. Banks. Col. Hayes was renominated on the fourth ballot.

D. Webster Wilder, of Fort Scott, was nominated for Auditor by acclamation.

Samuel A. Kingman, of Atchison, was renominated for Chief Justice by acclamation.

The candidates for Attorney General were Archibald L. Williams, J. B. Johnson, C. I. Seofield, and W. M. Matheny. On the third ballot, A. L. Williams was renominated.

Hugh D. McCarty, R. W. Putnam, John W. Horner, and Philetus Fales, were candidates for Superintendent of Public Instruction. Col. McCarty was renominated.

The following State Committee was selected: W. W. Creighton, John A. Martin, John Guthrie, Wm. Spriggs, A. M. F. Randolph, James D. Snoddy, D. B. Emmert, G. E. Beates, R. W. P. Muse, Basil M. Simpson,

B. W. Perkins, A. W. Campbell, Leland J. Webb, H. B. Baker. Chairman, John Guthrie; Secretary, John A. Martin.

The following platform was adopted:

"Resolved, That the Republicans of Kansas, in delegate convention assembled, hereby heartily approve and indorse the platform of the National Republican party adopted at Philadelphia on the 5th day of June, 1872, and we pledge our unwavering support to the nominees of that Convention, U. S. Grant and Henry Wilson.

"Resolved, That we hold that the laws protecting the rights of the citizens ought to be rigidly enforced, and that in all cases where the local governments are powerless or inefficient, it is the imperative duty of the National Government to see that the laws are enforced; and here we squarely take issue with the fourth resolution of the Cincinnati platform.

"Resolved, That the Republican party of Kansas, now, as in the past, is in favor of the free and uncorrupted exercise of the right of the elective franchise, both at the polls and in legislative election; and it condemns in unmeasured terms the use of any corrupt policies to procure election to any elective office, and here pledges uncompromising hostility to all men who have or may use any corrupting influences to secure any position of profit or honor.

"Resolved, That as there is a question at issue between the settlers upon the lands recently acquired from the Indians in this State and railroad corporations, which leaves no apparent recourse except through the courts, a resort to which must necessarily involve much litigation and expense that the occupants, on account of their poverty, are illy prepared to meet, we ask that the Government itself test the question to its fullest extent; and as a tangible solution of the question, should it be decided finally that the title to the lands in issue rests in the corporations, by virtue of grants and treaties, then our Senators and Representatives in Congress are earnestly requested to use their utmost endeavors to secure the adoption of measures that will result in satisfying all reasonable demands of the corporations, quiet the title, and vest the same in the occupying claimants, under the homestead and préemption laws."

SEPTEMBER 4.—Republican State Congressional Convention at Lawrence. Called to order by D. R. Anthony. John J. Ingalls received 118 and Geo. W. Veale 66 votes for temporary Chairman. *Committee on Credentials*: L. Loughmiller, B. S. Campbell, Judge Hoagland, H. P. Welsh, H. Kelley, W. R. Biddle, F. M. Powers, Mr. McDonald, J. A. Pike, I. S. Slaughter, F. A. Bettis, J. A. Jones, J. M. Steele, and J. G. Mohler. *Committee on Permanent Organization*: T. B. Murdock, J. H. Knight, B. H. McEckron, G. W. Burchard, C. Leland jr., G. M. Waugh, and D. L. Kretsinger. *Committee on Resolutions*: H. W. Cook, A. McAllister, Mr. Dunsmore, Geo. W. Veale, Mr. Stevenson, Geo. R. Peck, Ira J. Lacock, A. H. Horton, and A. M. Morgan. The following officers were elected: President, John J. Ingalls; Vice Presidents, Elijah Sells, Samuel Lappin, H. C. Cross, Thos. B. Eldridge, John H. Edwards, J. D. Dixon; Secretaries, H. P. Welsh, Isaac Isbell, and John S. Gilmore. The platform adopted is in substance the same as that adopted by the Topeka Convention. *Ballot for candidates for Congress*: D. P. Lowe, 132; Wm. A. Phillips, 122; Sidney Clarke, 59; S. A. Cobb, 54; S. M. Strickler, 36; Nathan Price, 43; H. W. Gillett, 25; E. J. Jenkins, 24; P. B. Maxson, 24; D. C. Haskell, 23; N. Green, 18; D. R. Anthony, 9; G. W. Veale, 7; J. J. Ingalls, 6; S. D. Houston, 6; T. D. Thacher, 4; B. F. Simpson, 4; J. D. Snoddy, 2. Lowe and Phillips were declared nominated by acclamation. *Ballot for a third candidate*: Stephen A. Cobb, 75; Nathan Price, 42; Sidney Clarke, 47. Mr. Clarke's name was withdrawn, and

Col. Cobb received the nomination on the next ballot. *Presidential Electors:* Charles H. Langston, of Lawrence; John Guthrie, of Topeka; W. W. Smith, of Waterville; J. S. Merritt, of Pottawatomie county; and Louis Weil, of Leavenworth.

SEPTEMBER 11.—Liberal Republican Convention, at Topeka. Charles Robinson, President; Pardee Butler, J. H. Watson, J. H. Peckham, Sam'l A. Manlove, Alfred Taylor, and George W. Gardiner, Vice Presidents; Secretaries, C. A. Berrill, Johnson Barker, J. R. Hollowell. The following committee was appointed to confer with the Democratic Convention: L. A. Potter, Joshua Wheeler, B. F. Kelley, P. H. Peters, J. W. Beck, J. Critchfield, Byron Sherry, A. Robinson, A. S. Deming, H. S. Campbell, Joel Moody, L. G. Palmer, S. J. Langdon, J. F. McDowell, J. M. Mahr, Thos. H. Butler, Geo. P. Smith, M. E. Chaney, Robt. Morrow, F. W. Giles, John Meigs, Silas Burrell, C. J. Peckham, S. J. Crawford, H. Craik, N. A. Adams, E. A. Eaton, J. H. Snead, M. J. Ennessy.

Committee on Credentials: Parrott, Philbrick, Ingersoll, Graham, and Pellett.

Speeches were made by S. N. Wood, Pardee Butler, General William Larimer, and Capt. Wm. D. Matthews.

Committee on Platform: Geo. W. Gardiner, R. S. Graham, A. Thoman, Sam'l A. Riggs, W. E. Copeland, David Linton, Geo. P. Smith, A. C. Pierce, S. N. Wood, Alfred Taylor, E. G. Ross, T. McIntyre, J. H. Snead.

Robt. Morrow reported from the Conference Committee that the Liberals were to have the nomination of Governor, two Members of Congress, three Presidential Electors, the Attorney General, Auditor, and Superintendent of Public Instruction; the Democrats one Member of Congress, the Secretary of State, Judge of the Supreme Court, and Lieutenant Governor. Report agreed to.

The Committee on Resolutions reported that the joint committee had agreed upon the following platform:

Resolved, That the Liberal Republican and Democratic parties of the State of Kansas, in delegate convention assembled, accept and indorse the platform of principles adopted by the Convention of Cincinnati, of May 3d, and that of Baltimore, of July 9, 1872, and especially do we approve and reaffirm the fourth section of said platform.

Resolved, That we hereby ratify the nomination of Horace Greeley for President and B. Gratz Brown for Vice President of the United States, and we pledge to them our unflinching support.

Resolved, That we are opposed to all further grants of land to railroad or other corporations. The public domain should be held sacred to actual settlers; and we hereby pledge the Liberal Republican and Democratic parties of Kansas to such legislation, State and National, as may be or become necessary to secure to all settlers on public lands, within the State of Kansas, their full, just and equitable rights.

Resolved, That now, as in the past, we as Republicans are in favor of the free and uncorrupted exercise of the elective franchise at the polls and in Legislative elections, and we condemn in unmeasured terms the corrupt practices, and the use of money before resorted to, to procure seats in the Senate of the United States, and pledge continued hostility to all men who have attempted to procure, or in the future may attempt to obtain, positions by these most disgraceful and corrupting influences. And in the coming election for Senator we are determined to support no man to whom the least taint or suspicion of the use of money or other improper means attaches, and to that end we urge the voters of the State to oppose every candidate for the Legislature whose character for integrity is not entirely above suspicion.

Resolved, That labor is the true wealth of the State, and that we demand such legislation as will protect and build up the agricultural and industrial interests of our whole State.

Resolved, That we pledge the Liberal Republican and Democratic parties of the State of Kansas to untiring opposition to extravagance and corruption in the administration of national, state, county, and municipal affairs; to the practice of strict economy, and to the reduction of the burdens of taxation upon property and labor.

Resolved, That we are in favor of an equal, uniform rate of valuation of all the property in the State.

Resolved, That the interest of civilization demands that the Indian Territory lying between the States of Kansas and Texas be opened to settlement, under the principles of the preemption and homestead laws of the United States, at the earliest practicable period.

Resolved, That the Indian policy of the Administration has been a fraud and a failure, and that we demand for the settlers upon the frontier full protection against the outrages of Indian tribes."

The committee of conference reported the following list of candidates: For Governor, Thaddeus H. Walker, of Topeka; Congressmen, Robert B. Mitchell of Paola, M. J. Parrott of Leavenworth, and N. A. Adams of Manhattan; Lieutenant Governor, John Walruff, of Ottawa; Treasurer, M. S. Beach, of Lawrence; Auditor, C. H. Pratt, of Humboldt; Secretary of State, J. F. Waskey, of Labette county; Attorney General, B. P. Waggener, of Atchison; Superintendent of Public Instruction, L. J. Sawyer, of Osage county; Chief Justice, H. C. McComas, of Fort Scott; Presidential Electors, William Larimer, N. A. English, G. H. Hollenberg, Samuel A. Riggs, A. W. Rucker.

The following candidates were then selected by ballot: Governor, T. H. Walker; Congressmen, W. R. Laughlin, of Cherokee, and S. A. Riggs, of Douglas; Presidential Electors, Pardee Butler, William Larimer, and Alois Thoman; Auditor, V. B. Osborne; Treasurer, C. H. Pratt; Superintendent of Public Instruction, L. J. Sawyer. The other nominations, made by the Democrats, were ratified. The following State Committee was appointed: Charles A. Birney, J. L. Philbrick, T. J. Anderson, Mr. Mills, H. H. Jordan, J. D. McCleverty, G. P. Smith, W. A. Kiser, Hewett Craig, A. S. Devenney, R. N. Donnelly, P. H. Peters, J. D. Martin, J. H. Snead, William D. Matthews. The members of the Democratic Convention then marched into Union Hall. Speeches were made by T. H. Walker, M. V. B. Bennett, S. N. Wood, John Martin, and H. Miles Moore.

SEPTEMBER 11.—State Democratic Convention, at Topeka. Called to order by T. P. Fenlon. *Temporary Officers*: President, John Martin; Secretaries, H. Miles Moore, Nathan Cree, Nelson Abbott.

Committee on Credentials: Wilson Shannon jr., H. Miles Moore, Samuel A. Williams, H. E. Norton, and Asa Hairgrove.

Committee on Permanent Organization: M. V. B. Bennett, Hayden, Clover, Leonard, Lane.

Officers of the Convention: President, Wilson Shannon, of Douglas; Vice Presidents, Charles Sprague of Jackson, John Hanlon of Leavenworth, J. C. Frazier of Montgomery, C. Durfee of Doniphan, Hiero T. Wilson of Bourbon, A. P. McMillan of Pottawatomie, J. H. Conolly of

Johnson, Isaac Sharp of Morris, T. W. Waterson of Marshall, P. T. Pendleton of Ellsworth, T. J. Dolan of Atchison, E. J. Keables of Neosho; Secretaries, H. Miles Moore of Leavenworth, Nathan Cree of Douglas, George F. Prescott of Leavenworth. Nelson Abbott of Atchison, Solon Goode of Bourbon, W. H. Ellis of Miami, G. H. Peacock of Montgomery.

Committee on Resolutions: Charles W. Blair, T. P. Fenlon, John Martin, M. V. B. Bennett, P. T. Pendleton.

Committee of Conference with Liberal Republicans on State ticket, and other matters: B. S. Cash, T. J. Dolan, J. P. Taylor, A. Sims, A. M. Crockett, W. N. Allen, T. P. Fenlon, T. J. Lane, D. G. Campbell, T. H. Ellis, P. Chitwood, S. A. Williams, J. R. Gathright, J. D. O'Conner, J. J. Brown, G. W. McMillan, M. Neal, J. Deskins, N. Cree, J. Martin, J. Mayberry, A. M. Van Slyke, G. W. Houston, H. E. Norton, A. A. Jackson, I. Sharp, G. W. Murphy, T. T. Curtis, J. Foster.

The joint platform was adopted.

State Central Committee: H. M. Moore, R. B. Morris, John Martin, Ely Moore, E. W. Burton, J. S. Bentley, M. S. Gast, Robert Reynolds, J. M. Gordon, J. H. Conolly, M. V. B. Bennett, T. F. Pursey, R. B. Saford, P. T. Pendleton.

SEPTEMBER 16.—The letter of S. C. Pomeroy to W. W. Ross is published in the Lawrence Standard.

—The "Greeley Executive State Committee" is as follows: Isaac E. Eaton, Samuel A. Riggs, Wilson Shannon jr., Byron Sherry, M. S. Beach, John C. Shea, and T. J. Anderson; headquarters at Lawrence.

—Dr. C. A. Logan, of Leavenworth, elected Grand Sire of the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F., of the United States, at Baltimore.

SEPTEMBER 19.—Old Settlers' meeting in Douglas county.

SEPTEMBER 27.—Death of Hovey E. Lowman, at Waverley, New York. He was the editor and one of the publishers of the Lawrence State Journal when it was destroyed, and his partner, Josiah C. Trask, killed by Quantrill. Soon after this loss he removed to New York; thence to Saginaw, Michigan; returning to Kansas, and editing the Lawrence Tribune and Leavenworth Times, in 1870. As a logical writer, he has had no superior on the Kansas press. Mr. Lowman was a man of the purest character, and chivalrous in his warm-hearted devotion to friends and principles. He wrote and published in a pamphlet a history of the Quantrill Massacre. The assassination of his friends, and the sleepless nights and constant alarms that followed that murderous morning, struck him a blow from which he never recovered.

SEPTEMBER.—The Santa Fé reaches Dodge City.

OCTOBER 3.—O'Connor Electors appointed in this State.

OCTOBER 5.—Kansas Yearly Meeting of Friends, at Lawrence. Proceedings published in a pamphlet of 55 pages, by the Lawrence Journal.

OCTOBER 6.—Street railroad completed in Leavenworth.

OCTOBER 12.—Thos. Hughes buys the Marysville Locomotive, and changes the name to Marshall County News.

OCTOBER 17.—Death of Wm. H. Seward, at Auburn, N. Y.

OCTOBER 17.—Floyd & Sowers issue the Wichita Daily Beacon, the first daily in the Arkansas Valley, in this State.

OCTOBER 19.—Henry N. and John W. Farey start the Newspaper, at Solomon City.

OCTOBER 20.—Temperance Electors appointed: Geo. S. Evarts, of Topeka; H. N. Elliott, of Manhattan; M. J. Firey, of Emporia; L. D. Myers, of Humboldt, and F. Coates, of Solomon City.

—The M. K. & T. is completed to Caddo, I. T.

—Terrible prairie fire in Butler county.

OCTOBER 25.—Benj. F. Stringfellow presides at a Republican meeting in Atchison.

OCTOBER 30.—Death of the wife of Horace Greeley.

OCTOBER.—The Kansas Central reaches Holton, from Leavenworth.

NOVEMBER.—Parsons and El Dorado have built large school-houses.

NOVEMBER.—W. H. Rossington becomes one of the editors of the Commonwealth.

—First election of county officers in Phillips county; named for Wm. Phillips, murdered in Leavenworth, in '56.

NOVEMBER 4.—Pawnee county organized, the sixty-fifth in the State.

NOVEMBER 5.—Annual election.

VOTE FOR RAILROAD ASSESSORS.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of Candidates.</i>	<i>Votes.</i>	<i>Total.</i>	<i>Maj.</i>
8...	Davis	J. L. Noble.....	603	1,668	
	Dickinson	J. L. Noble.....	246		
	Morris.....	J. L. Noble.....	398		
	Riley	J. L. Noble.....	421		
	Davis	John P. Swenson.....	351		
	Dickinson.....	John P. Swenson.....	804		
13...	Morris.....	John P. Swenson.....	505	2,631	963
	Riley	John P. Swenson.....	971		
	Butler.....	W. B. Hutchison.....	1,027		
	Cowley.....	W. B. Hutchison.....	538		
	Howard.....	W. B. Hutchison.....	2		
	Sumner.....	W. B. Hutchison.....	79		
14...	Butler.....	J. M. Steele.....	870	4,585	2,664
	Cowley.....	J. M. Steele.....	1,242		
	Greenwood.....	J. M. Steele.....	1		
	Howard.....	J. M. Steele.....	335		
	Sedgwick.....	J. M. Steele.....	1,094		
	Sumner.....	J. M. Steele.....	1,043		
14...	Sedgwick.....	W. H. Vigus.....	275	2,414	1,922
	Barton.....	D. N. Heizer.....	173		
	Ellis.....	D. N. Heizer.....	214		
	Ellsworth.....	D. N. Heizer.....	155		
	McPherson.....	D. N. Heizer.....	450		
	Saline.....	D. N. Heizer.....	1,366		
	Wallace.....	D. N. Heizer.....	56		
	Barton.....	A. Green.....	47		
	Ellis.....	A. Green.....	4		
	Ellsworth.....	A. Green.....	308		
	Lincoln.....	A. Green.....	83		
	McPherson.....	A. Green.....	37		
Saline.....	A. Green.....	13			
			492		

VOTE FOR THREE MEMBERS OF CONGRESS AT LARGE.

Counties.	D. P. Love.....	Wm. A. Phillips.....	Stephen A. Cobb.....	Samuel A. Riggs.....	Robert B. Mitchell.....	W. R. Laughlin.....
Allen.....	1,175	1,165	1,147	555	542	536
Anderson.....	927	912	911	326	334	324
Atchison.....	1,945	1,937	1,914	1,403	1,379	1,370
Barton.....	162	162	161	53	50	50
Bourbon.....	2,058	1,942	1,986	1,385	1,380	1,399
Brown.....	1,135	1,132	1,131	371	372	375
Butler.....	1,454	1,459	1,218	757	516	512
Chase.....	489	487	443	245	195	194
Cherokee.....	930	824	866	1,219	1,247	1,275
Clay.....	747	750	746	182	181	178
Cloud.....	922	921	922	272	269	272
Coffey.....	1,050	1,043	1,034	478	477	474
Cowley.....	1,250	1,256	1,204	580	534	531
Crawford.....	647	558	577	1,081	1,113	1,073
Davis.....	550	552	548	443	444	443
Dickinson.....	856	855	855	231	232	231
Doniphan.....	1,777	1,781	1,781	1,017	1,017	1,017
Douglas.....	3,077	3,102	2,850	1,543	1,302	1,215
Ellis.....	162	166	173	119	117	111
Ellsworth.....	241	240	231	249	238	236
Franklin.....	1,671	1,692	1,643	695	684	656
Greenwood.....	855	850	850	359	353	352
Harvey.....	573	572	570	202	198	203
Howard.....	1,751	1,739	1,735	909	919	921
Jackson.....	901	900	901	91	91	91
Jefferson.....	1,731	1,727	1,721	926	922	931
Jewell.....	686	686	686	115	118	115
Johnson.....	1,875	1,855	1,808	1,189	1,224	1,172
Labette.....	1,790	1,770	1,770	998	986	996
Leavenworth.....	3,051	2,939	2,868	2,576	2,577	2,515
Lincoln.....	327	322	327	102	109	108
Linn.....	1,636	1,676	1,651	723	804	717
Lyon.....	1,635	1,605	1,586	452	417	402
Marion.....	683	683	683	156	155	156
Marshall.....	1,378	1,378	1,378	626	626	626
McPherson.....	455	455	457	35	36	34
Miami.....	1,433	1,528	1,530	869	1,003	862
Mitchell.....	712	709	712	191	191	194
Montgomery.....	1,812	1,800	1,809	1,396	1,427	1,415
Morris.....	544	524	536	405	389	378
Nemaha.....	1,111	1,107	1,108	459	462	458
Neosho.....	1,367	1,407	1,415	1,354	1,381	1,339
Norton.....	34	34	34	.....	.....	.....
Osage.....	1,842	1,833	1,806	509	538	537
Osborne.....	430	431	430	30	30	30
Ottawa.....	611	603	611	139	133	132
Phillips.....	153	153	153	32	32	32
Pottawatomie.....	1,307	1,305	1,303	726	722	719
Reno.....	266	266	266	89	89	89
Republic.....	1,111	1,111	1,111	.....	.....	.....
Rice.....	193	192	192	38	38	38
Riley.....	1,063	1,067	1,016	356	335	329
Russell.....	144	148	146	15	15	15
Saline.....	1,089	1,053	1,093	387	367	355
Sedgwick.....	992	992	988	490	487	437
Shawnee.....	2,449	2,521	2,501	1,033	1,018	1,000
Smith.....	309	365	365	112	72	72
Sumner.....	731	727	725	407	401	402
Wabaunsee.....	637	639	622	188	190	185
Wallace.....	34	29	34	40	40	40
Washington.....	995	995	995	462	462	462
Wilson.....	1,383	1,374	1,379	548	551	552
Woodson.....	793	790	784	272	266	264
Wyandotte.....	1,303	1,300	1,344	1,180	1,176	1,117
Total.....	67,400	67,114	66,345	34,450	33,985	33,264

VOTE FOR ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND

Counties.	REPUBLICAN.				
	G. H. Johnston..	John Guthrie.....	Louis Well..	James S. Merrill.....	William W. Smith.....
Allen.....	1,154	1,157	1,157	1,157	1,157
Anderson.....	919	926	926	925	926
Atchison.....	1,951	1,954	1,953	1,953	1,952
Barton.....	160	160	160	160	160
Bourbon.....	2,002	2,005	2,006	2,006	2,006
Brown.....	1,131	1,132	1,132	1,132	1,132
Butler.....	1,452	1,452	1,452	1,452	1,452
Chase.....	480	482	481	482	480
Cherokee.....	887	892	892	891	955
Clay.....	747	744	744	744	744
Cloud.....	919	920	920	920	920
Coffey.....	1,023	1,035	1,035	1,035	1,035
Cowley.....	1,241	1,241	1,241	1,241	1,241
Crawford.....	584	585	585	585	584
Davis.....	546	547	547	547	546
Dickinson.....	846	846	846	846	846
Doniphan.....	1,777	1,787	1,787	1,787	1,787
Douglas.....	3,009	3,058	3,059	3,058	3,058
Ellis.....	163	163	163	163	163
Ellsworth.....	233	234	234	234	234
Franklin.....	1,648	1,658	1,658	1,658	1,658
Greenwood.....	857	867	856	857	857
Harvey.....	563	563	563	563	563
Howard.....	1,724	1,738	1,737	1,737	1,733
Jackson.....	895	895	895	895	895
Jefferson.....	1,711	1,725	1,724	1,723	1,724
Jewell.....	687	684	686	684	686
Johnson.....	1,821	1,837	1,839	1,839	1,839
Labette.....	1,688	1,778	1,779	1,779	1,779
Leavenworth.....	2,990	2,929	2,917	2,927	2,930
Lincoln.....	320	321	321	321	.....
Linn.....	1,704	1,704	1,704	1,704	1,704
Lyon.....	1,633	1,623	1,623	1,623	1,625
Marion.....	676	677	676	676	678
Marshall.....	1,378	1,378	1,377	1,379	1,370
McPherson.....	439	443	443	443	443
Miami.....	1,537	1,544	1,545	1,544	1,544
Mitchell.....	717	718	718	718	718
Montgomery.....	1,795	1,797	1,795	1,797	1,797
Morris.....	529	529	529	529	529
Nemaha.....	1,100	1,107	1,106	1,106	1,106
Neosho.....	1,405	1,402	1,408	1,409	1,409
Norton.....	34	34	34	34	34
Osage.....	1,804	1,813	1,812	1,812	1,812
Osborne.....	423	423	423	423	423
Ottawa.....	596	605	605	605	605
Phillips.....	147	147	147	147	147
Pottawatomie.....	1,303	1,307	1,308	1,305	1,307
Reno.....	266	266	.....	266	266
Republic.....	1,028	1,028	1,028	1,028	1,028
Rice.....	196	196	196	196	196
Riley.....	1,055	1,055	1,055	1,055	1,055
Russell.....	146	146	146	146	146
Saline.....	1,068	1,081	1,082	1,082	1,081
Sedgwick.....	988	992	986	986	987
Shawnee.....	2,514	2,521	2,517	2,519	2,522
Smith.....	366	366	366	366	366
Sumner.....	727	728	728	728	728
Wabauasee.....	629	631	632	627	629
Wallace.....	54	54	54	54	54
Washington.....	982	984	985	985	984
Wilson.....	1,358	1,358	1,362	1,362	1,362
Woodson.....	780	782	782	782	782
Wyandotte.....	1,300	1,304	1,303	1,304	1,304
Total.....	66,805	67,048	66,770	66,942	66,783

VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

LIBERAL.					STRAIGHT-OUT.						
<i>Parde Butler.....</i>	<i>Wm. H. Lawner..</i>	<i>F. W. Giles</i>	<i>N. A. English....</i>	<i>A. W. Rucker....</i>	<i>A. Thoman,</i>	<i>W. H. Peckham...</i>	<i>L. R. Brooks....</i>	<i>G. E. Williams.</i>	<i>R. E. Lawrence..</i>	<i>J. C. Cinnah....</i>	<i>Wm. Palmer</i>
516	516	515	515	517	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
316	314	314	314	314	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1,358	1,358	1,358	1,357	1,358	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
64	.....	.....	64	64	64	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1,339	1,339	1,339	1,339	1,337	.....	15	15	15	15	15	.....
381	381	381	381	381	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
468	458	450	469	469	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
187	187	58	190	187	132	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1,187	1,186	813	1,172	1,138	413	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
188	187	187	188	187	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
260	260	.....	260	260	260	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
470	471	470	470	471	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
517	516	517	517	517	.....	4	4	.....	4	.....	.....
1,028	1,027	1,028	1,028	1,029	.....	7	7	.....	7	.....	.....
441	440	440	440	440	.....	2	2	2	2	2	.....
222	222	222	222	222	.....	2	2	2	2	2	.....
1,094	1,096	1,094	1,094	1,094	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1,327	1,321	1,319	1,319	1,319	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
114	114	114	114	114	.....	5	5	5	5	5	.....
239	239	215	239	239	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
154	153	154	154	154	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
346	346	346	346	346	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
187	187	187	187	187	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1,007	1,007	.....	1,006	1,006	1,007	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
441	441	441	441	441	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
911	910	829	828	907	63	1	1	1	1	1	.....
115	115	.....	115	115	115	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1,193	1,193	1,193	1,193	1,193	.....	1	1	1	1	1	.....
1,014	1,014	987	1,014	992	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2,516	2,523	2,520	2,527	2,495	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
114	114	.....	114	114	114	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
632	632	632	632	632	.....	43	43	43	43	43	.....
418	416	379	416	414	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
148	148	148	145	148	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
622	622	580	622	614	42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
48	40	48	48	48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
868	865	865	865	865	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
183	183	.....	183	183	183	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1,397	1,399	1,397	1,397	1,397	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
335	335	335	385	335	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
444	444	445	444	444	.....	23	23	23	23	23	.....
1,325	1,325	1,265	1,325	1,214	71	6	6	6	6	6	.....
.....
529	532	44	535	534	488	8	8	8	8	8	.....
38	38	31	36	38	8	1	1	1	1	1	.....
127	127	.....	127	127	127	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	32	.....	32	32	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
692	694	692	690	683	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
90	90	90	90	90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
48	48	48	48	48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
36	36	.....	36	36	36	3	3	3	3	3	.....
338	338	334	338	338	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	16	16	16	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
356	356	269	355	357	87	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
484	.....	482	483	484	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	440
979	978	981	976	975	.....	5	5	5	5	5	.....
75	75	.....	74	70	75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
402	402	.....	402	402	402	3	3	3	3	3	.....
186	187	2	188	186	186	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
44	44	44	44	44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
446	446	110	446	446	335	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
524	523	479	515	571	44	27	27	22	26	22	.....
238	250	174	250	618	57	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1,156	1,155	1,154	1,153	1,155	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32,970	32,421	28,535	32,679	32,781	4,426	156	156	149	112	140	440

GOVERNOR, LIEUT. GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE, AND AUDITOR.

Counties.	GOVERNOR.		LIEUT. GOV.		SEC. OF STATE.		AUDITOR.	
	Thomas A. Osborn.....	Thaddeus H. Walker...	E. S. Stover....	John Watruff..	William H. Smalwood...	J. F. Waskew..	D. W. Wither...	T. B. Osborn....
Allen.....	1,154	516	1,166	545	1,168	539	1,162	538
Anderson.....	910	335	923	325	929	327	927	325
Atchison.....	1,857	1,436	1,942	1,379	1,943	1,373	1,944	1,373
Barton.....	162	53	163	63	164	62	164	63
Bourbon.....	1,979	1,398	2,008	1,385	2,008	1,387	2,037	1,351
Brown.....	1,122	391	1,133	382	1,135	382	1,134	374
Butler.....	1,444	529	1,458	515	1,461	515	1,457	514
Chase.....	463	221	489	173	490	195	490	195
Cherokee.....	903	1,220	891	1,250	890	1,233	906	1,232
Clay.....	732	200	739	197	751	180	755	197
Cloud.....	920	273	924	266	924	266	924	266
Coffey.....	1,043	482	1,046	479	1,047	479	1,046	481
Cowley.....	1,233	543	1,224	537	1,245	539	1,245	537
Crawford.....	594	1,087	593	1,087	593	1,089	593	1,092
Davis.....	539	453	553	439	549	443	548	443
Dickinson.....	852	234	859	228	855	231	857	223
Doniphan.....	1,737	1,116	1,777	1,121	1,818	1,081	1,794	1,112
Douglas.....	3,024	1,361	3,065	1,318	3,073	1,312	3,060	1,318
Ellis.....	166	119	165	121	165	120	165	120
Ellsworth.....	242	236	239	239	239	239	230	247
Franklin.....	1,648	703	1,641	713	1,636	666	1,630	670
Greenwood.....	856	366	858	366	856	369	856	368
Harvey.....	574	106	574	185	566	196	566	187
Howard.....	1,744	926	1,741	925	1,746	921	1,747	921
Jackson.....	805	495	902	490	902	488	903	488
Jefferson.....	1,674	974	1,726	929	1,729	925	1,731	925
Jewell.....	688	117	688	117	687	117	688	117
Johnson.....	1,332	1,216	1,351	1,196	1,359	1,186	1,354	1,191
Labette.....	1,788	1,013	1,878	1,021	1,752	1,050	1,873	1,018
Leavenworth.....	3,143	2,357	2,952	2,553	2,966	2,518	3,018	2,481
Lincoln.....	328	124	303	119	327	118	298	146
Linn.....	1,640	750	1,683	722	1,687	721	1,685	721
Lyon.....	1,630	447	1,642	433	1,640	441	1,553	427
Marion.....	661	157	682	157	683	156	682	156
Marshall.....	1,360	658	1,386	626	1,388	626	1,383	637
McPherson.....	452	37	452	36	451	36	452	36
Miami.....	1,489	910	1,548	878	1,552	875	1,553	875
Mitchell.....	710	197	714	193	713	194	713	139
Montgomery.....	1,801	1,431	1,809	1,438	1,806	1,439	1,808	1,438
Morris.....	540	382	547	368	545	380	545	380
Nemaha.....	1,080	486	1,109	460	1,106	462	1,063	459
Neosho.....	1,433	1,340	1,433	1,337	1,434	1,336	1,435	1,337
Norton.....	34	.....	34	.....	34	.....	34	.....
Osage.....	1,816	562	1,840	544	1,843	544	1,842	540
Osborne.....	428	37	430	36	430	34	430	36
Ottawa.....	605	133	613	131	613	131	614	131
Phillips.....	153	32	153	32	153	32	153	32
Pottawatomie.....	1,271	743	1,305	724	1,338	689	1,287	742
Reno.....	265	90	268	89	266	90	266	90
Republic.....	1,000	25	1,069	25	1,069	4	1,069	4
Rice.....	190	38	193	35	190	38	190	38
Riley.....	1,040	351	1,059	339	1,062	335	1,059	340
Russell.....	148	15	148	15	149	15	149	15
Saline.....	1,078	379	1,095	363	1,093	363	1,096	362
Sedgwick.....	1,070	391	991	483	993	481	991	492
Shawnee.....	2,645	1,144	2,503	1,029	2,539	989	2,514	1,007
Smith.....	367	74	367	74	366	74	367	74
Sumner.....	717	400	728	410	726	412	728	410
Wabausee.....	600	218	635	190	637	187	637	186
Wallace.....	56	44	56	44	56	44	56	44
Washington.....	987	472	995	465	987	.....	988	290
Wilson.....	1,374	549	1,379	559	1,378	548	1,378	561
Woodson.....	781	273	786	271	786	270	792	265
Wyandotte.....	1,277	1,193	1,302	1,175	1,304	1,173	1,308	1,171
Total.....	66,715	34,608	67,324	34,345	67,535	33,665	67,387	33,978
Majorities.....	32,011	.....	32,979	.....	33,870	.....	33,165	.....

VOTE FOR TREASURER OF STATE, ATTORNEY GENERAL, SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, AND CHIEF JUSTICE.

Counties.	TREASURER.		ATTY GEN'L.		SUP. PUB. INS.		CHIEF JUST'CE.	
	J. E. Hays....	Chas. H. Pradt....	A. L. Williams....	B. P. Wright....	H. D. McCrory.	L. G. Sanger.	Sam'l A. Kingman.	H. C. McOmbs....
Allen.....	1,065	641	1,166	537	1,174	527	1,124	583
Anderson.....	920	327	928	323	927	323	922	328
Atehison.....	1,945	1,380	1,873	1,415	1,945	1,367	1,957	1,344
Barton.....	163	63	165	62	164	60	163	61
Bourbon.....	1,985	1,404	2,007	1,383	2,014	1,382	1,963	1,425
Brown.....	1,133	382	1,141	381	1,140	383	1,140	377
Butler.....	1,272	698	1,456	516	1,456	516	1,456	516
Chase.....	455	228	489	194	486	198	490	195
Cherokee.....	890	1,249	892	1,094	832	1,279	878	1,269
Clay.....	753	175	750	181	754	176	751	181
Cloud.....	923	267	924	266	926	264	923	267
Coffey.....	1,041	482	1,043	481	1,042	435	1,043	481
Cowley.....	1,211	568	1,244	537	1,245	537	1,244	536
Crawford.....	591	1,091	591	1,090	591	1,083	571	1,114
Davis.....	547	443	552	439	551	441	550	440
Diekinson.....	854	233	855	232	852	231	857	228
Doniphan.....	1,771	1,119	1,783	1,113	1,776	1,113	1,786	1,113
Douglas.....	3,010	1,359	3,066	1,328	3,081	1,308	3,066	1,311
Ellis.....	165	120	166	120	165	120	165	120
Ellsworth.....	240	236	252	226	240	233	238	239
Franklin.....	1,678	671	1,678	668	1,678	667	1,682	668
Greenwood.....	548	376	556	368	556	368	556	369
Harvey.....	562	192	565	197	565	197	566	197
Howard.....	1,714	952	1,747	923	1,745	919	1,746	920
Jaekson.....	903	484	903	489	903	485	904	490
Jefferson.....	1,731	925	1,732	920	1,734	920	1,732	925
Jewell.....	689	117	691	116	689	116	691	117
Johnson.....	1,894	1,121	1,856	1,189	1,857	1,187	1,855	1,189
Labette.....	1,763	1,031	1,778	1,024	1,784	1,009	1,779	1,029
Leavenworth.....	2,914	2,570	2,960	2,538	3,049	2,437	2,960	2,519
Lincoln.....	326	109	314	110	318	113	326	110
Linn.....	1,689	720	1,687	722	1,687	722	1,685	726
Lyon.....	1,652	430	1,652	427	1,629	421	1,631	416
Marion.....	683	156	603	156	682	156	683	156
Marshall.....	1,383	637	1,379	643	1,386	629	1,383	637
McPherson.....	451	26	453	36	452	36	453	36
Miami.....	1,549	873	1,551	876	1,552	874	1,547	880
Mitchell.....	711	193	713	194	713	193	712	194
Montgomery.....	1,784	1,437	1,809	1,438	1,803	1,430	1,810	1,437
Morris.....	345	370	545	380	547	379	545	380
Nemaha.....	1,109	459	1,107	460	1,107	460	1,112	456
Neosho.....	1,382	1,390	1,431	1,173	1,438	1,326	1,425	1,182
Norton.....	34	.....	34	.....	34	.....	34	.....
Osage.....	1,827	560	1,843	542	1,851	457	1,842	543
Osborne.....	431	35	429	35	430	36	430	36
Ottawa.....	612	131	611	132	614	131	612	132
Phillips.....	153	32	153	32	153	32	153	32
Pottawatomie.....	1,300	725	1,303	720	1,307	715	1,305	721
Reno.....	265	91	266	90	266	89	266	90
Republic.....	1,069	3	1,069	4	1,070	4	1,069	4
Rice.....	190	38	191	38	190	38	190	38
Riley.....	1,060	339	1,062	334	1,061	336	1,060	349
Russell.....	149	15	149	10	149	15	149	15
Saline.....	1,094	364	1,123	329	1,095	364	1,097	364
Sedgwick.....	986	489	934	485	993	484	988	473
Shawnee.....	2,521	1,006	2,536	987	2,540	992	2,540	986
Smith.....	359	74	367	74	367	74	367	74
Sumner.....	722	417	728	410	729	406	725	411
Wabaunsee.....	636	189	633	190	610	184	636	189
Wallace.....	56	44	56	44	56	44	56	44
Washington.....	989	267	997	466	998	458	996	466
Wilson.....	1,378	548	1,390	538	1,391	548	1,378	551
Woodson.....	757	301	786	271	787	250	790	266
Wyandotte.....	1,298	1,176	1,305	1,174	1,311	1,164	1,304	1,174
Total.....	66,277	34,866	67,458	33,860	67,567	33,843	67,357	31,131
Majorities.....	31,232	.....	33,480	.....	33,720	.....	33,064	.....

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>District.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of Candidates.</i>	<i>Vote of County.</i>	<i>Total.</i>	<i>Majority.</i>
1...	Doniphan	Nathan Price	1,137	1,137	
	Doniphan	F. H. Drenning	851	851	
	Doniphan	J. A. Leonard	864	864	
2...	Atchison	Wm. H. Grimes	1,866	1,866	403
	Atchison	Joseph C. Wilson	1,928	1,928	465
	Atchison	Wm. C. Smith	1,463	1,463	
3...	Brown	Joseph Logan	1,355	1,355	
	Brown	E. N. Morrill	1,100		
	Brown	J. S. Tyler	300		
4...	Washington	John Kirk	31	31	
	Washington	E. N. Morrill	1,096	2,196	1,410
	Washington	J. S. Tyler	452	752	
5...	Marshall	Frank Schmidt	1,113		
	Marshall	G. H. Hollenberg	871		
	Marshall	Frank Schmidt	756	1,869	309
6...	Jackson	G. H. Hollenberg	689	1,560	
	Jackson	L. R. Palmer	903		
	Jackson	Henry Hegner	486		
7...	Pottawatomie	L. R. Palmer	1,087	1,990	620
	Pottawatomie	Henry Hegner	884	1,370	
	Pottawatomie	J. W. Rogers	1,372	1,372	120
8...	Jefferson	G. B. Carson	1,129	1,129	
	Jefferson	J. A. Amos	123	123	
	Jefferson	Thomas Moonlight	2,913	2,913	356
9...	Leavenworth	Jacob Winter	2,617	2,617	60
	Leavenworth	J. T. McWhirt	2,594	2,594	37
	Leavenworth	C. A. Birnie	2,557	2,557	
10...	Leavenworth	C. R. Jennison	2,242	2,242	
	Leavenworth	James F. Legate	2,070	2,070	
	Leavenworth	W. G. Coffin	623	623	
11...	Wyandotte	Byron Judd	1,343	1,343	198
	Wyandotte	D. B. Hadley	1,145	1,145	
	Wyandotte	John P. St. John	1,772	1,772	527
12...	Johnson	L. F. Greene	1,245	1,245	
	Johnson	E. H. Topping	1,533	1,533	682
	Johnson	J. W. Gossett	901	901	
13...	Miami	Andrew Ely	1,546	1,546	732
	Miami	Joel Moody	814	814	
	Miami	W. E. Guerin	1,570	1,570	311
14...	Bourbon	F. R. Boyle	1,258	1,258	
	Bourbon	William Simpson	274		
	Bourbon	Stephen Alberty	264		
15...	Crawford	William Simpson	1,061	1,335	444
	Crawford	Stephen Alberty	627	891	
	Crawford	W. M. Matheny	1,122	1,122	182
16...	Cherokee	C. C. McDowell	940	940	
	Cherokee	James H. Crichton	1,587	1,587	429
	Cherokee	Wm. Dick	1,157	1,157	
17...	Labette	Walter L. Simons	1,513	1,513	286
	Labette	R. N. Bayless	1,223	1,223	
	Labette	W. A. Johnson	888		
18...	Neosho	Geo. P. Smith	324		
	Neosho	W. A. Johnson	1,109	1,997	1,100
	Neosho	Geo. P. Smith	573	897	
19...	Franklin	Geo. P. Smith	1,686	1,686	1,032
	Franklin	John A. Davenport	654	654	
	Franklin	Samuel Walker	2,979	2,979	1,176
20...	Douglas	M. A. O'Neil	2,532	2,532	729
	Douglas	O. E. Larnard	1,803	1,803	
	Douglas	W. C. Tenney	1,310	1,310	
21...	Shawnee	N. C. McFarland	2,371	2,371	1,243
	Shawnee	A. Thoman	1,128	1,128	
	Shawnee	C. S. Martin	1,309		
22...	Osage	H. D. Shepard	984		
	Osage	Wm. Whistler	6	6	
	Osage	C. S. Martin	420	1,729	338
23...	Wabaunsee	H. D. Shepard	401	1,385	
	Wabaunsee	C. B. Butler	837		
	Wabaunsee	A. D. Brown	664		
24...	Coffey	C. B. Butler	615	1,452	350
	Coffey	A. D. Brown	438	1,102	
	Coffey	A. D. Brown	438		

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of Candidates.</i>	<i>Vote of County.</i>	<i>Total.</i>	<i>Majority.</i>
23...	Wilson.....	A. M. York.....	1,371	3,182	1,268
	Montgomery.....	A. M. York.....	1,811		
	Wilson.....	Frank Willis.....	496		
	Montgomery.....	Frank Willis.....	1,418		
24...	Lyon.....	Wm. Martindale.....	1,464	2,288	1,356
	Greenwood.....	Wm. Martindale.....	824		
	Lyon.....	Thomas Armor.....	538		
	Greenwood.....	Thomas Armor.....	394		
25...	Butler.....	M. M. Murdock.....	863	5,874	1,750
	Cowley.....	M. M. Murdock.....	1,225		
	Harvey.....	M. M. Murdock.....	364		
	Howard.....	M. M. Murdock.....	1,195		
	Reno.....	M. M. Murdock.....	258		
	Sedgwick.....	M. M. Murdock.....	1,173		
	Sumner.....	M. M. Murdock.....	796		
	Butler.....	David L. Payne.....	1,103		
	Cowley.....	David L. Payne.....	556		
	Harvey.....	David L. Payne.....	306		
26...	Howard.....	David L. Payne.....	1,432	4,124	965
	Reno.....	David L. Payne.....	92		
	Sedgwick.....	David L. Payne.....	303		
	Sumner.....	David L. Payne.....	332		
	Chase.....	Henry Brandley.....	461		
	Marion.....	Henry Brandley.....	716		
	Morris.....	Henry Brandley.....	520		
	Chase.....	E. A. Bruse.....	210		
	Marion.....	E. A. Bruse.....	121		
	Morris.....	E. A. Bruse.....	401		
27...	Riley.....	V. P. Wilson.....	642	1,881	344
	Davis.....	V. P. Wilson.....	523		
	Dickinson.....	V. P. Wilson.....	716		
	Riley.....	R. B. Spillman.....	722		
	Davis.....	R. B. Spillman.....	460		
	Dickinson.....	R. B. Spillman.....	352		
	Lincoln.....	E. Barker.....	371		
	Phillips.....	E. Barker.....	173		
	Smith.....	E. Barker.....	441		
	Republic.....	E. Barker.....	1,079		
28...	Ottawa.....	E. Barker.....	620	6,538	6,538
	Osborne.....	E. Barker.....	458		
	Norton.....	E. Barker.....	34		
	Mitchell.....	E. Barker.....	903		
	Jewell.....	E. Barker.....	798		
	Clay.....	E. Barker.....	738		
	Cloud.....	E. Barker.....	923		
	Saline.....	John H. Edwards.....	871		
	MePherson.....	John H. Edwards.....	327		
	Ellsworth.....	John H. Edwards.....	148		
29...	Ellis.....	John H. Edwards.....	209	2,071	906
	Wallace.....	John H. Edwards.....	26		
	Rice.....	John H. Edwards.....	203		
	Barton.....	John H. Edwards.....	147		
	Russell.....	John H. Edwards.....	140		
	Saline.....	J. H. Snead.....	460		
	MePherson.....	J. H. Snead.....	170		
	Ellsworth.....	J. H. Snead.....	318		
	Ellis.....	J. H. Snead.....	69		
	Wallace.....	J. H. Snead.....	20		
Rice.....	J. H. Snead.....	25			
Barton.....	J. H. Snead.....	71			
Russell.....	J. H. Snead.....	15			
				1,148	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>District</i>	<i>County</i>	<i>Names of Candidates</i>	<i>Totes</i>	<i>Majority</i>	<i>Plurality</i>
1	Doniphan.....	M. B. Bowers.....	524		168
		J. H. Long.....	356		
		J. F. Mauk.....	305		
2	.....	B. O'Driscoll.....	407		14
		A. Low.....	393		
		A. Jeffs.....	46		
3	.....	E. Searcy.....	355	43	
		A. Larzelere.....	175		
		Lyman Nash.....	137		
4	Atchison.....	A. W. Spalding.....	672	253	
		Henry Brandner.....	419		
5	.....	G. W. Gillespie.....	691	346	
		William H. Kemper.....	345		
6	.....	M. E. Larkin.....	553	24	
		G. W. Thompson.....	529		
7	Brown.....	C. F. Bowron.....	1,122	764	
		B. F. Killey.....	351		
8	Nemaha.....	Cyrus I. Scofield.....	406	44	
		J. H. Peckham.....	347		
9	.....	H. C. DeForrest.....	495	198	
		T. B. Gray.....	294		
10	Marshall.....	I. C. Legere.....	2,023	118	
		John D. Wells.....	1,905		
11	Washington.....	A. J. Banta.....	890	323	
		J. E. Barrett.....	567		
12	Riley.....	W. J. Hunter.....	795	220	
		Samuel Long.....	575		
13	Pottawatomie.....	R. A. Guffy.....	664	144	
		B. Hagan.....	484		
		W. H. Powell.....	36		
14	.....	Welcome Wells.....	538	288	
		J. M. Johnson.....	250		
15	Jackson.....	P. M. Hodges.....	904	423	
		A. McKeever.....	481		
16	Jefferson.....	J. F. Willetts.....	481	146	
		J. I. Moore.....	335		
17	.....	V. Brown.....	441	43	
		J. F. Hinton.....	398		
18	.....	D. H. Frazier.....	473	23	
		E. K. Townsend.....	383		
		S. Stiers.....	67		
19	Leavenworth.....	W. S. Plummer.....	363	20	
		D. E. Anthony.....	343		
20	.....	T. Morgan.....	315	14	
		Joseph Clarke.....	281		
		William Fairchild.....	20		
21	.....	Josiah Kellogg.....	449	17	
		J. I. Larimer.....	432		
22	.....	W. H. Bond.....	373	36	
		J. C. Murphy.....	337		
23	.....	J. Turner.....	435	143	
		C. S. Foster.....	292		
24	.....	H. C. Fields.....	517	93	
		M. J. Parrott.....	419		
25	.....	T. Dillard.....	426	5	
		C. Moore.....	419		
26	Wyandotte.....	W. S. Tough.....	837	21	
		John Coon.....	816		
27	.....	W. J. Buchan.....	387	17	
		James S. Bell.....	370		
28	Johnson.....	Thomas James.....	535	18	
		G. M. Bowers.....	517		
29	.....	J. M. Miller.....	641	82	
		G. H. Lawrence.....	559		
30	.....	D. Belden.....	363		77
		A. Taylor.....	286		
		J. T. Woodward.....	109		
31	Miami.....	J. W. Beaty.....	650	168	
		Robert Collett.....	482		
32	.....	Reuben Smith.....	779	303	
		H. H. Patten.....	476		

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

District...	Counties.	Names of Candidates.	Votes.....	Majority..	Plurality.
33	Linn	S. R. Hungerford	475		85
		Seneca Johnson.....	124		
		Harvey Smith.....	390		
34		J. F. Ward.....	463	207	
		J. D. McRae.....	196		
35		L. H. Lane.....	449	129	
		J. W. Miller.....	320		
36	Bourbon.....	W. J. Cochrane.....	588	274	
		Isaac Burton.....	314		
37		Jacob Brenner.....	540	131	
		W. J. Stroud.....	409		
38		B. P. McDonald.....	774	48	
		Jacob D. Rush.....	725		
39	Crawford.....	A. J. Vickers.....	486	205	
		Joseph Fetters.....	281		
40		S. J. Langdon.....	389		131
		G. W. Brown.....	258		
		N. W. Taylor.....	194		
41	Cherokee.....	William Givins.....	509		32
		A. F. Childs.....	511		
		G. W. Wood.....	110		
42		C. W. Harvey.....	450	3	
		T. A. Rucker.....	447		
43	Labette.....	W. W. Harper.....	956	521	
		George A. Reynolds..	433		
44		W. H. Mapes.....	807	324	
		Christian Leib.....	483		
45	Neosho.....	Elijah Cravens.....	648		
		C. F. Hutehings.....	827	116	
		J. N. Beach.....	60		
46		Frank Bacon.....	580		1
		A. L. Taylor.....	579		
47	Allen.....	Edward H. Funston.....	500	108	
		Nelson F. Aeers.....	392		
48		William Wakefield.....	440	87	
		J. W. Pine.....	353		
49	Anderson.....	John T. Lanter.....	785	356	
		William Gear.....	429		
50	Franklin.....	E. J. Nugent.....	604	57	
		M. E. Cheney.....	547		
51		William Bateman.....	643	192	
		J. H. Harrison.....	421		
		J. T. Burl.....	30		
52	Douglas.....	James S. Crew.....	789	426	
		Samuel Kimball.....	363		
53		I. S. Kalloch.....	987	586	
		Turner Sampson.....	317		
		William Sells.....	84		
54		A. K. Lowe.....	354		48
		William H. Christian.....	306		
		J. L. Jones.....	255		
55		N. Henshaw.....	444	120	
		E. E. Geddes.....	324		
56	Shawnee.....	Daniel M. Adams.....	537	158	
		A. J. Arnold.....	379		
57		George W. Veale.....	840	177	
		John Martin.....	663		
58		Wesley Gregg.....	630	306	
		J. M. Harvey.....	324		
59	Osage.....	S. R. Shoemaker.....	829	500	
		William P. Deming.....	328		
		H. DuBois.....	1		
60		A. B. Cooper.....	425		59
		Thomas Donnell.....	353		
		E. W. Burton.....	366		
61	Coffey.....	J. A. Kennedy.....	593		
		J. M. Sheafor.....	249		
		S. K. Cross.....	660		67
62	Woodson.....	William Peck.....	588	142	
		J. W. Turner.....	446		

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>District</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of Candidates.</i>	<i>Votes</i>	<i>Majority</i> ..	<i>Plurality</i> ..
63	Wilson.....	J. Z. Sexton.....	1,314	722	
		J. N. Halstead.....	588		
64	Montgomery.....	T. B. Eldridge.....	832	17	
		E. B. Dunwell.....	815		
65	.....	M. S. Bell.....	888	202	
		B. F. Devore.....	686		
66	Howard.....	Charles Barbour.....	885		243
		E. S. Cummings.....	1,128		
		John Rambo.....	612		
67	Greenwood.....	S. P. Huntington.....	806	371	
		John Gage.....	435		
68	Lyon.....	L. N. Robinson.....	617	180	
		S. P. Young.....	329		
		S. G. Brown.....	108		
69	.....	J. M. Hunter.....	567	177	
		R. W. Randall.....	390		
70	Wabaunsee.....	Abraham Sellers.....	522	263	
		E. H. Sanford.....	131		
		J. M. Bisbey.....	125		
71	Davis.....	W. S. Blakely.....	641	289	
		James Humphrey.....	351		
72	Morris.....	J. A. Wallace.....	451		
		C. H. Titus.....	471	20	
73	Chase.....	Wm. Jeffrey.....	325	9	
		W. S. Smith.....	316		
74	Butler.....	Thomas H. Baker.....	1,688	1,540	
75	Cowley.....	James McDermott.....	1,214	639	
		A. N. Demming.....	575		
76	Sedgwick.....	E. B. Allen.....	890	296	
		N. A. English.....	594		
77	Marion.....	J. K. McLean.....	755	744	
78	McPherson.....	J. E. Simpson.....	348	204	
		L. P. Peershaw.....	144		
79	Dickinson.....	S. J. Kahler.....	864	651	
		Jos. G. McCoy.....	213		
80	Clay.....	S. L. Stratton.....	538	451	
		M. H. Ristine.....	387		
81	Republic.....	Alman Shaw.....	724	312	
		R. P. West.....	412		
82	Cloud.....	H. C. Snyder.....	665	144	
		Wm. English.....	521		
83	Ottawa.....	W. B. Davis.....	562	389	
		Frank Philbrick.....	70		
		J. K. Osborne.....	103		
84	Saline.....	Eric Forsee.....	752	82	
		H. D. Baker.....	670		
85	Ellsworth.....	H. F. Hoseman.....	181		17
		A. Homeson.....	164		
		Paul T. Carlett.....	110		
		Wm. King.....	19		
86	Lincoln.....	George Green.....	221	5	
		John Harshbarger.....	182		
		W. T. Eubank.....	34		
87	Mitchell.....	John Curtain.....	561	243	
		Wm. C. Ingram.....	313		
88	Jewell.....	Geo. S. Bishop.....	660	492	
		W. H. Cammeron.....	168		
89	Ellis.....	Simon Motz.....	174	86	
		Michael Sweeney.....	88		
90	Wallace.....	Alex. Ross.....	80	60	
		A. T. Bisel.....	20		
91	Rice.....	Wm. Lourey.....	94		8
		F. J. Griffith.....	59		
		H. P. Ninde.....	86		
92	Sumner.....	Geo. M. Miller.....	552		
		C. A. Rohrabacher.....	555		3
		Peter Fish.....	5		
93	Osborne.....	W. L. Bear.....	152	60	
		C. Reasoner.....	263		
		John Rathbun.....	51		

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

District...	Counties.	Names of Candidates.	Vote of County...	Majority.
94	Reno.....	C. C. Hutchinson.....	223	92
		J. H. Lawson.....	131	
95	Smith.....	J. T. Morrison.....	255	85
		W. H. Porter.....	170	
96	Harvey.....	H. E. Ensign.....	406	42
		J. J. Barker.....	171	
97	Barton.....	Wm. N. Congdon.....	191	108
		J. L. Brinkman.....	168	
98	Russell.....	D. R. Smith.....	60	137
		David Adams.....	152	
99	Phillips.....	D. B. Waterman.....	15	10
		Noah Weaver.....	99	
100	Norton.....	Felix T. Gandy.....	89	10
		N. H. Billings.....	21	
		S. D. Reed.....	11	

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURT.

District...	Counties.	Names of Candidates.	Vote of County...	Total.....	Majority..
1...	Leavenworth.....	H. W. Ide.....	2,922	2,922	455
		J. W. English.....	2,467		
	Atchison.....	P. L. Hubbard.....	2,063	2,467	
		Brown.....	P. L. Hubbard.....			1,074
	Doniphan.....	P. L. Hubbard.....	1,728	5,981	2,700
		Nemaha.....	P. L. Hubbard.....			1,116
2...	Atchison.....	Chas. W. Johnson.....	1,249	409	
		Brown.....	Chas. W. Johnson.....			1,163
	Doniphan.....	Chas. W. Johnson.....	1,163	3,280	
		Nemaha.....	Chas. W. Johnson.....			459
3...	Jackson.....	John T. Morton.....	1,385	1,442	
		Jefferson.....	John T. Morton.....			1,442
	Pottawatomie.....	John T. Morton.....	1,263	3,503	
		Shawnee.....	John T. Morton.....			3,503
	Wabaunsee.....	John T. Morton.....	767	8,360	8,359
		Anderson.....	Owen A. Bassett.....			879
4...	Douglas.....	Owen A. Bassett.....	3,008	5,155	2,431
		Franklin.....	Owen A. Bassett.....			1,268
	Anderson.....	C. B. Mason.....	360	2,724	
		Douglas.....	C. B. Mason.....			1,306
	Franklin.....	C. B. Mason.....	1,058	957	
		Coffey.....	E. B. Peyton.....			957
5...	Lyon.....	E. B. Peyton.....	1,565	3,760	1,649
		Osage.....	E. B. Peyton.....			1,238
	Coffey.....	Ellis Lewis.....	572	2,111	
		Lyon.....	Ellis Lewis.....			436
6...	Osage.....	Ellis Lewis.....	1,103	1,789	
		Bourbon.....	James D. Snoddy.....			1,789
	Linn.....	James D. Snoddy.....	1,455	3,244	3,241
		Davis.....	W. H. Canfield.....			657
8...	Dickinson.....	W. H. Canfield.....	1,079	930	
		Morris.....	W. H. Canfield.....			930
	Ottawa.....	W. H. Canfield.....	644	1,708	4,704
		Riley.....	W. H. Canfield.....			1,398
	Chase.....	W. R. Brown.....	489	383	
		Harvey.....	W. R. Brown.....			383
9...	Marion.....	W. R. Brown.....	232	191	
		Reno.....	W. R. Brown.....			191
	Rice.....	W. R. Brown.....	201	1,499	251
		Chase.....	Frank Doster.....			187
	Harvey.....	Frank Doster.....	347	578	
		Marion.....	Frank Doster.....			578
	Reno.....	Frank Doster.....	92	35	
		Rice.....	Frank Doster.....			35

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURTS—CONCLUDED.

District.....	Counties.	Names of Candidates.	Vote of County.....	Total.....	Majority..			
12...	Clay	A. S. Wilson.....	738	9,017	9,014			
	Cloud	A. S. Wilson.....	924					
	Jewell.....	A. S. Wilson.....	796					
	Marshall.....	A. S. Wilson.....	2,015					
	Mitchell.....	A. S. Wilson.....	900					
	Norton.....	A. S. Wilson.....	34					
	Osborne.....	A. S. Wilson.....	458					
	Phillips.....	A. S. Wilson.....	173					
	Republic.....	A. S. Wilson.....	1,088					
	Smith.....	A. S. Wilson.....	441					
	Washington.....	A. S. Wilson.....	1,450					
	Butler.....	W. P. Campbell.....	819			5,527	824	
Cowley.....	W. P. Campbell.....	1,173						
Greenwood.....	W. P. Campbell.....	874						
Howard.....	W. P. Campbell.....	1,360						
Sedgwick.....	W. P. Campbell.....	802						
Sumner.....	W. P. Campbell.....	499						
13...	Butler.....	J. M. Atwood.....	1,135	4,703				
	Cowley.....	J. M. Atwood.....	633					
	Greenwood.....	J. M. Atwood.....	352					
	Howard.....	J. M. Atwood.....	1,289					
	Sedgwick.....	J. M. Atwood.....	674					
	Sumner.....	J. M. Atwood.....	620					
	14...	Barton.....	J. H. Prescott.....			222	3,296	3,185
		Ellis.....	J. H. Prescott.....			220		
		Ellsworth.....	J. H. Prescott.....			371		
		Lincoln.....	J. H. Prescott.....			373		
		McPherson.....	J. H. Prescott.....			481		
		Russell.....	J. H. Prescott.....			158		
Saline.....		J. H. Prescott.....	1,415					
Wallace.....		J. H. Prescott.....	56					
Ellis.....		John G. Spivey.....	3					
Ellsworth.....		John G. Spivey.....	90					
				90	93			

The political standing of the Legislature is as follows:

	Senate.	House.	Joint Ballot.
Republicans.....	27	75	102
Democrats.....	4	11	15
Independents.....	2	14	16
Republican majority.....	21	50	71

NOVEMBER 5.—

"Our vote at the late election was larger than the vote of either of the States of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Nebraska, Nevada, Oregon, South Carolina, West Virginia, California, or Minnesota—larger than the vote of any New England State, except Massachusetts, and larger than the combined vote of Nebraska, Delaware, Nevada, Rhode Island, and Oregon."—*Governor Osborn's Message, January, 1873.*

The message contained the following statement in regard to railroads:

"In 1862, not a mile of railroad was in operation in the State. Now we have 2,039 miles in actual operation, while several new roads are in process of construction. Kansas has more miles of railroad than either of the twenty-six States named below: Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, Kentucky, Tennessee, Arkansas, California, Oregon, and Nevada. Of all the Southern States which opposed the admission of Kansas into the Union, only one, Georgia, has more miles of railroad. She exceeds us but sixty-nine miles, and will not lead us many weeks longer."

NOVEMBER.—Eugene F. Ware retires from the Monitor. George J.

Clark wheels a sack of Goodlander flour to J. S. Redfield's house, Fort Scott, on an election bet. Charles W. Blair makes the speech.

NOVEMBER 20.—The M. K. & T. reaches the Red river and Texas. Denison named for George, a brother of Rev. Dr. Denison, of Manhattan.

NOVEMBER 26.—Dedication of the Atehison Odd Fellows' Hall.

NOVEMBER 26.—Rooks county organized. Named for Private John C. Rooks, Co. I, Eleventh Kansas.

NOVEMBER 29.—Death of Horace Greeley. Of all the friends of Free Kansas he was the most powerful.

NOVEMBER 30.—Expenditures of the State for the year:

Governor's Department.....	\$5,000 00	Agricultural College.....	\$15,032 28
Secretary's Department.....	17,073 96	Railroad Assessors.....	2,667 35
Auditor's Department.....	8,633 92	Sheriff's conveying prisoners to Penitentiary.....	5,632 11
Treasurer's Department.....	8,495 00	Regents State Institutions.....	1,996 60
Attorney General.....	1,586 60	Horticultural Society.....	1,000 00
Sup't of Public Instruction.....	2,876 28	Agricultural Society.....	3,825 85
Adjutant General.....	1,400 00	Freedmen's University.....	1,372 00
Judiciary Department.....	39,692 16	Transcribing Journals.....	1,963 40
Legislative expenses.....	41,518 53	Arresting fugitives from justice.....	425 65
Printing.....	57,362 53	Military purposes.....	1,180 40
Normal School, Emporia.....	61,522 66	Commission on Indian Claims..	500 00
Normal School, Leavenworth..	7,567 53	Library.....	4,157 55
State University.....	68,290 00	Seed wheat.....	2,476 25
Penitentiary.....	104,040 09	Miscellaneous.....	251 50
State House and grounds.....	30,486 67		
Insane Asylum.....	22,713 00		
Blind Asylum.....	10,088 96	Total for 1872.....	\$514,192 83
Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	14,200 00		

DECEMBER 2.—The new University building, at Lawrence. opened.

—A recent decision of the Supreme Court declares good the title of Jas. F. Joy to the Neutral Lands.

DECEMBER 4.—Meeting of Presidential Electors, at Topeka. The vote is taken to Washington by John Guthrie.

DECEMBER 6.—Destructive fire at St. Marys.

DECEMBER 10.—The epizootic horse disease in the State.

DECEMBER 11.—The Report of Adjutant General Whitaker contains a statement showing the general account of debits and credits for arms, etc., issued to Kansas by the General Government under the law for arming the Militia. It foots up as follows:

Value of arms issued to Kansas.....	\$107,049 75
Amount of apportionment.....	57,564 79
Balance due United States.....	\$49,188 96

DECEMBER 12.—Librarian Dickinson reports 8,473 books in the State Library.

DECEMBER 18.—The Report of Secretary Smallwood gives the date of the organization of new counties as follows: Reno, January 1, 1872; Smith, February 1; Harvey, April 10; Barton, May 16; Russell, July 18; Phillips, July 26; Norton, August 22; Pawnee, November 4; Rooks, November 26.—In 1871, Sumner, Osborne and Rice were organized.

DECEMBER 23.—The Santa Fé done to Colorado, 470 miles from Atehison.

DECEMBER 24.—Destructive fire at Fontana, Miami county.

DECEMBER 25.—Burlington is building a \$25,000 school-house.—Independence has erected a large school building, designed for eight departments.—Wilson county has forty-two school-houses, those at Altoona and Neodesha being very large, the one at Neodesha costing \$15,000.—Chetopa is building a \$25,000 school-house.—Paola has erected one of the largest and finest public school buildings in the State, at a cost of \$50,000.

DECEMBER 25.—State Teachers' Association, at Humboldt. *Officers elected:* President, John W. Horner, of Chetopa; Recording Secretary, A. B. Lemmon, of Independence; Corresponding Secretary, S. M. Gaston, of Lawrence; Treasurer, Mrs. H. A. Monroe, of Atchison. *Executive Committee:* Wm. Wheeler of Ottawa, Geo. W. Hoss of Emporia, R. H. Jackson of Atchison, Miss Collins of Iola, Frank H. Snow of Lawrence. The next Convention to be held at Ottawa.

DECEMBER 26.—Great fire at Concordia.

DECEMBER 30.—

"On the seventeenth of August, I received the sum of \$336,817.37, which had been appropriated by act of Congress to the State of Kansas, in payment for a certain class of military claims; while for the interest on the debt thus paid, and for other classes of claims contracted at the same time, and for which Union Military scrip had been issued, no provision was made. There being no law governing my action in case of partial payment, and believing that it would be wronging the claimants, either to wait action by the Legislature or to pay those first presented in full, I decided to pay without interest that class of scrip only which had been allowed by Congress, and to issue certificates showing the amount of interest then due on the same.

"The scrip issued for the Curtis Expedition against the Indians, and for the services of certain irregular companies in the Price Raid, although not allowed by Congress, has been paid, as it was found impossible to distinguish by the warrants for what kind of service they had been issued. There will, therefore, be a deficiency in the funds for the payment of scrip issued for services, transportation, supplies and miscellaneous, including the Curtis Expedition, to the amount of \$94,348.48, exclusive of interest; in addition to which there still remains outstanding interest certificates issued on scrip paid, to the amount of \$124,000, and scrip given for damages, \$159,191.34—to all of which I would respectfully call your attention, and recommend that some early and final disposal be made of the same."—*Report of Treasurer Hayes.*

DECEMBER 31.—Superintendent McCarty reports the school fund as \$769,395.99. He gives a list of the bonds bought during the year.

—The new Normal School building nearly completed. The State gave \$50,000, and the city of Emporia \$10,000.

—The State House Commissioners report that \$30,506 has been expended on the east portico of the east wing, and ask for \$12,500 more.

DECEMBER 31.—Annual Report of the State Board of Agriculture, pp. 432, including the History and Transactions of the Academy of Science. The Report contains tables of State products: a list of the newspapers of the State; proceedings of the Farmers' Convention in April, 1873; lists of clubs and societies in all parts of the State; a detailed account of the recent State Fair; articles by Charles V. Riley, George T. Anthony, J. K. Hudson, R. S. Elliott, and J. G. Haskell, with many illustrations.

In the part devoted to the Academy of Science, are J. H. Carruth's catalogue of plants seen in Kansas, and essays by Wm. H. Saunders, B. F. Mudge, F. H. Snow, and Lizzie J. Williams.

The Transactions of the Horticultural Society are published in the same volume, making 199 more pages. The officers of the Society are: President, Wm. M. Howsley, Leavenworth; Vice President, J. C. Vincent, Lecompton; Secretary, G. C. Brackett, Lawrence; Treasurer, S. T. Kelsey, Pomona; Trustees, E. Gale of Manhattan, E. Snyder of Highland, William Maxwell of Lanesfield.

Essays are published by E. Gale, John H. Tice, J. Stayman, B. L. Kingsbury, Chas. V. Riley, S. T. Kelsey, John A. Warder, William M. Howsley, James Christian, and F. H. Snow.

DECEMBER.—A book issued, entitled "The Sons of the Border. Sketches of the Life and People of the Far Frontier. By James W. Steele ('Deane Monahan'). Topeka, Kansas: Commonwealth Printing Company. 1873." pp. 260. An introduction is written by Henry King. The book is made up of eighteen stories written by Steele and published in the Kansas Magazine. The sketches as they appeared in that Monthly were copied by the best newspapers in every part of the country, from Boston to New Orleans. They described the new life of the extreme West with grace, vigor and brilliancy, and stamped the young author as a man of genius. The book was admirably reviewed in the Magazine by John J. Ingalls.

DECEMBER.—Henry King retires and James W. Steele becomes the editor of the Kansas Magazine.

1873.

JANUARY 3.—Robinson House burned, at Emporia.

JANUARY.—School Records for Kansas, by Peter McVicar, published by Geo. W. Crane.

—Township Officers' Guide, by Hugh M. Spalding, published by Geo. W. Crane, at Topeka.

JANUARY 10.—Examination of witnesses begins, in Washington, in the case of U. S. Senator Caldwell. The Senate had adopted the following resolution, May 11, 1872:

"Resolved, That the Committee on Privileges and Elections be authorized to investigate the election of Senator S. C. Pomeroy, by the Legislature of Kansas, in 1867, and the election of Senator Alexander Caldwell, in 1871; that the Committee have power to send for persons and papers; that the chairman, or acting chairman, of said Committee, or any sub-committee thereof, have power to administer oaths; and that the Committee be authorized to sit in Washington, or elsewhere, during the session of Congress, and in vacation."

The witnesses now examined are: Sidney Clarke, J. M. Luce, Jonathan Hammond, William Spriggs, Wm. H. Carson, Thos. J. Anderson, Leonard T. Smith, Ira C. Buziek, Joel Thomas, James L. McDowell, Jacob Smith, Daniel R. Anthony, Wm. H. Peckham, John Fletcher,

Fred. K. Hunt, J. M. Steele, Thos. L. Bond, Geo. W. Wood, Jas. Phinney, Thos. Carney, William S. Burke, Jas. H. Snead, C. H. Stilwell, Edwin C. Manning, Henry Foote, Claudius B. Brace, J. G. Reaser, Geo. S. Smith, John L. Pendery, Thos. P. Fenlon, Jeremiah Clark, S. J. Langdon, G. G. Gage, Frank H. Drenning, Chester Thomas, Sol. Miller, O. J. Hopkins, G. M. Simcock, M. H. Insley, L. J. Worden, Jas. F. Legate, Chas. Columbia, David A. Comstock, Robert Crozier, Theo. C. Sears, Isaac D. Clapp, Wm. Williams, D. W. Thomas, Geo. B. Sherwood, A. C. Van Duyn. The examination of witnesses ended February 5th. Senator Caldwell's attorneys were Caleb Cushing and Robert Crozier.

Senator Morton's report, as Chairman of the Committee, was submitted February 17. It concludes as follows:

"It has been a subject of discussion in the Committee whether the offenses of which they believe Mr. Caldwell to have been guilty should be punished by expulsion, or go to the validity of his election, and a majority are of the opinion that they go to the validity of his election, and had the effect to make it void. Wherefore the Committee recommend to the Senate the adoption of the following resolution:

Resolved, That Alexander Caldwell was not duly and legally elected to a seat in the Senate of the United States by the Legislature of the State of Kansas.

"In conclusion, the Committee remark that, while Mr. Caldwell did things to procure his election which cannot be tolerated by the Senate, they believe he was as much sinned against as sinning. He was a novice in politics, and evidently in the hands of men who encouraged him in the belief that Senatorial elections in Kansas were carried by the use of money."

The Report is contained in a book of 470 pages. It is Report No. 451, Senate, Forty-second Congress, Third Session.

JANUARY 14.—Thirteenth Annual Session of the Legislature.

STATE OFFICERS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Thomas A. Osborn, Governor.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.
E. S. Stover, Lieutenant Governor	Council Grove..	Morris.
W. H. Smallwood, Secretary of State.....	Wathena.....	Doniphan.
A. L. Williams, Attorney General.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
H. D. McCarty, Superintendent of Public Instruction..	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.
J. E. Hayes, State Treasurer.....	Olathe.....	Johnson.
Daniel W. Wilder, Auditor of State.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
S. S. Prouty, State Printer	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
C. A. Morris, Adjutant General.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
D. Dickinson, State Librarian.....	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.
Edwd. Russell, Superintendent Insurance Department,	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.

JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
S. A. Kingman, Chief Justice.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
D. J. Brewer, Associate Justice.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.
D. M. Valentine, Associate Justice	Ottawa.....	Franklin.

—Byron Sherry, Judge Criminal Court, Leavenworth county.

JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURTS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>District.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
H. W. Ide.....	First.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
P. L. Hubbard.....	Second.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
John T. Morton.....	Third.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Owen A. Bassett.....	Fourth.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
E. B. Peyton.....	Fifth.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
M. V. Voss.....	Sixth.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
John R. Goodin.....	Seventh.....	Humboldt.....	Allen.
William H. Canfield.....	Eighth.....	Junction City.....	Davis.
William R. Brown.....	Ninth.....	Cottonwood Falls.....	Chase.
Hiram Stevens.....	Tenth.....	Paola.....	Miami.
B. W. Perkins.....	Eleventh.....	Oswego.....	Labette.
A. S. Wilson.....	Twelfth.....	Washington.....	Washington.
W. P. Campbell.....	Thirteenth.....	El Dorado.....	Butler.
J. H. Prescott.....	Fourteenth.....	Salina.....	Saline.
A. J. Banta.....	Fifteenth.....	Beloit.....	Mitchell.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Post-office Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
E. S. Stover, President.....		Council Grove.....	Morris.
Blair, A. M.....	18	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
Brandley, H.....	26	Matfield Green.....	Chase.
Butler, C. B.....	22	Le Roy.....	Coffey.
Barker, E.....	28	Jewell City.....	Jewell.
Crichton, J. H.....	15	Chetopa.....	Labette.
Edwards, J. H.....	29	Ellis.....	Ellis.
Ely, Andrew.....	11	La Cygne.....	Linn.
Grimes, W. H.....	2	Atchison.....	Atchison.
Guerin, W. E.....	12	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
Johnson, W. A.....	17	Garnett.....	Anderson.
Judd, Byron.....	8	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
Martin, C. S.....	21	Osage City.....	Osage.
Martindale, William.....	24	Madison.....	Greenwood.
Matheny, William M.....	14	Baxter Springs.....	Cherokee.
McFarland, N. C.....	20	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
McWhirt, J. T.....	7	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Moonlight, Thomas.....	7	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Morrill, E. N.....	3	Hiawatha.....	Brown.
Murdock, M. M.....	25	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.
O'Neill, M. A.....	19	Black Jack.....	Douglas.
Palmer, L. R.....	5	St. Mary's.....	Pottawatomie.
Price, Nathan.....	1	Troy.....	Doniphan.
Rogers, J. W.....	6	Winchester.....	Jefferson.
Schmidt, Frank.....	4	Marysville.....	Marshall.
Simons, W. L.....	16	Osage Mission.....	Neosho.
Simpson, William.....	13	Pawnee Station.....	Bourbon.
St. John, J. P.....	9	Olathe.....	Johnson.
Topping, E. H.....	10	Paola.....	Miami.
Walker, Samuel.....	19	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
Wilson, J. C.....	2	Muscotah.....	Atchison.
Wilson, V. P.....	27	Abilene.....	Dickinson.
Winter, Jacob.....	7	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
York, A. M.....	23	Independence.....	Montgomery.
George C. Crowther, Secretary.....		Osage Mission.....	Neosho.
T. H. Cavanaugh, Assistant Secretary.....		Salina.....	Saline.
George W. Findlay, Sergeant-at-Arms.....		Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
J. R. Kennedy, Asst. Sergeant-at-Arms.....		Olathe.....	Johnson.
George W. Weed, Doorkeeper.....		Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
S. M. Lanham, Journal Clerk.....		Seneca.....	Nemaha.
W. H. Cowan, Docket Clerk.....		Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Miss Nellie Blake, Enrolling Clerk.....		Olathe.....	Johnson.
Mrs. Sarah J. Neal, Engrossing Clerk.....		Atchison.....	Atchison.
Jennie Griffith, Page.....		Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Allie Morris, Page.....		Wichita.....	Sedgwick.
Janet Edwards, Page.....		Paola.....	Miami.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Post-office Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Josiah Kellogg, Speaker.....	21	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Adams, David.....	98	Bunker Hill.....	Russell.
Adams, D. M.....	56	North Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Allen, E. B.....	76	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.
Bacon, F.....	46	Chanute.....	Neosho.
Baker, Thomas H.....	74	Augusta.....	Butler.
Banta, A. J.....	11	Washington.....	Washington.
Bateman, William.....	51	Peoria City.....	Franklin.
Beaty, J. W.....	31	Paola.....	Miami.
Belden, D.....	30	DeSoto.....	Johnson.
Bell, M. S.....	65	Independence.....	Montgomery.
Billings, N. H.....	100	Norton Centre.....	Norton.
Bishop, George S.....	88	White Rock.....	Republic.
Blakely, W. S.....	71	Junction City.....	Davis.
Bond, W. H.....	22	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Bowers, M. B.....	1	White Cloud.....	Doniphan.
Bowron, C. F.....	7	White Cloud.....	Doniphan.
Brenner, Jacob.....	37	Hepler.....	Bourbon.
Brinkman, G. L.....	97	Great Bend.....	Barton.
Brown, V.....	17	Medina.....	Jefferson.
Buchan, W. J.....	27	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
Childs, A. F.....	41	Columbus.....	Cherokee.
Cochrane, W. J.....	36	Uniontown.....	Bourbon.
Cooper, A. B.....	60	Osage City.....	Osage.
Crew, James S.....	52	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
Cross, S. K.....	61	Burlington.....	Coffey.
Cummings, E. S.....	66	Elk Falls.....	Howard.
Curtain, John.....	87	Beloit.....	Mitchell.
Davis, W. B.....	83	Delphos.....	Ottawa.
DeForrest, H. C.....	9	Wetmore.....	Nemaha.
Dillard, Thomas.....	25	Hoge.....	Leavenworth.
Eldridge, T. B.....	64	Coffeyville.....	Montgomery.
Ensign, H. A.....	96	Newton.....	Harvey.
Fields, H. C.....	24	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Forsee, E.....	84	Palun.....	Saline.
Frazier, D. H.....	18	Mt. Florence.....	Jefferson.
Funston, E. H.....	47	Carlyle.....	Allen.
Gillespie, G. W.....	5	Atchison.....	Atchison.
Gregg, W.....	57	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Green, George.....	86	Lincoln Centre.....	Lincoln.
Guffy, R. A.....	13	Vienna.....	Pottawatomie.
Harper, W. W.....	43	Mound Valley.....	Labette.
Harvey, C. W.....	42	Baxter Springs.....	Cherokee.
Henshaw, N.....	55	Hesper.....	Douglas.
Hodges, P. M.....	15	Holton.....	Jackson.
Hoesman, H. F.....	85	Ellsworth.....	Ellsworth.
Hungerford, S. R.....	33	LaCygne.....	Linn.
Hutchings, C. F.....	45	Osage Mission.....	Neosho.
Hutchinson, C. C.....	94	Hutchinson.....	Reno.
Huntington, S. P.....	67	Eureka.....	Greenwood.
Hunter, J. M.....	69	Emporia.....	Lyon.
Hunter, W. J.....	12	Manhattan.....	Riley.
James, Thomas.....	28	Westport, Missouri.....	Johnson.
Jeffrey, William.....	73	Elmdale.....	Chase.
Kabler, S. J.....	79	Abilene.....	Dickinson.
Kalloch, I. S.....	53	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
Lane, L. H.....	35	Prescott.....	Linn.
Langdon, S. J.....	40	Cherokee.....	Crawford.
Larkin, M. E.....	6	Larkin.....	Atchison.
Lanter, J. T.....	49	Garnett.....	Anderson.
Legerc, I. C.....	10	Frankfort.....	Marshall.
Lowrey, William.....	91	Brookdale.....	Rice.
Lowe, A. K.....	54	Lecompton.....	Douglas.
Mapes, W. H.....	44	Oswego.....	Labette.
McDermott, James.....	75	Dexter.....	Cowley.
McDonald, B. P.....	38	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
McLean, J. K.....	77	Florence.....	Marion.
Miller, J. M.....	29	Ocheltree.....	Johnson.
Miller, G. M.....	92	Wellington.....	Suwaner.
Morgan, Thomas.....	20	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Morrison, J. T.....	95	Smith Center.....	Smith.
Motz, Simon.....	89	Hays City.....	Ellis.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Post-office Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Nugent, E. J.....	50	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
O'Driscoll, B.....	2	Doniphan.....	Doniphan.
Peck, William.....	62	Toronto.....	Woodson.
Plummer, W. S.....	19	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Reasoner, C.....	93	Osborne City.....	Osborne.
Robinson, L. N.....	68	Emporia.....	Lyon.
Ross, Alex.....	90	Wallace.....	Wallace.
Scotfield, C. I.....	8	Seneca.....	Nemaha.
Searey, E.....	3	Elwood.....	Doniphan.
Sellers, A.....	70	Alma.....	Wabaunsee.
Sexton, J. Z.....	63	Fredonia.....	Wilson.
Shaw, A.....	81	Belleville.....	Republic.
Shoemaker, S. R.....	59	Lyndon.....	Osage.
Simpson, T. E.....	75	Lindsborg.....	McPherson.
Smith, Reuben.....	32	Osawatimie.....	Miami.
Snyder, H. C.....	82	Glasco.....	Cloud.
Spalding, A. W.....	4	Atchison.....	Atchison.
Stratton, S. L.....	80	Republican City.....	Clay.
Titus, Charles H.....	72	Parkerville.....	Morris.
Tough, William S.....	26	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Turner, J.....	23	Easton.....	Leavenworth.
Veale, G. W.....	57	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Viekers, A. J.....	39	Girard.....	Crawford.
Ward, J. F.....	34	Goodrich.....	Linn.
Wakefield, William.....	48	Humboldt.....	Allen.
Weaver, N.....	99	Kirwin.....	Phillips.
Wells, Welcome.....	14	Manhattan.....	Riley.
Willets, J. F.....	16	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.
A. R. Banks, Chief Clerk.....		Lawrence.....	Douglas.
G. C. West, Assistant Clerk.....		Parsons.....	Labette.
W. Wirt Walton, Journal Clerk.....		Winfield.....	Cowley.
James M. Matheny, Sergeant-at-Arms.....		Newbury.....	Wabaunsee.
John H. Helwig, First Ass't S.-at-Arms.....		Monrovia.....	Atchison.
D. W. Acker, Second Ass't Ser.-at-Arms.....		Vermilion.....	Nemaha.
William P. Ames, Doeket Clerk.....		Olathe.....	Johnson.
Enna R. Bristol, Engrassing Clerk.....		Ladore.....	Neosho.
Lizzie Ela, Enrolling Clerk.....		Emporia.....	Lyon.
Russell B. Armstrong, Postmaster.....		Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
George E. Brown, Doorkeeper.....		Olathe.....	Johnson.
A. H. McWhorter, First Ass't Doorkeeper.....		Lawrence.....	Douglas.
M. F. Collins, Second Ass't Doorkeeper.....		Olathe.....	Johnson.
Emma Bragg, Page.....			_____
Jennie Maxwell, Page.....			_____
Mary Fletcher, Page.....			_____
Charley Wakefield, Page.....			_____
Jennie Hosmer, Page.....			_____
Hattie Butler, Page.....			_____
Milton Cummings, Page.....			_____
Frank Childs, Page.....			_____

JANUARY.—Election of the following officers of the State Board of Agriculture, at its first meeting, at Topeka, by the Presidents of County Societies: President, E. S. Niccolls, of Anderson; Vice President, T. Murphy, of Atchison; Secretary, Alfred Gray, of Shawnee; Treasurer, G. W. Veale, of Shawnee; Superintendent, George Noble. *Executive Committee:* J. K. Hudson of Wyandotte county, G. L. Young of Shawnee, James Rogers of Osage, Martin Anderson of Jackson, Wm. Martindale of Greenwood, Malcolm Conn of Morris, G. T. Anthony of Leavenworth, R. P. Edgington of Butler, George Noble of Douglas. *Geologist:* B. F. Mudge, Manhattan, Professor of Natural Science, State Agricultural College. *Entomologist:* C. V. Riley, St. Louis, Mo., State Entomologist of Missouri. *Meteorologist:* Frank H. Snow, Lawrence, Professor of Natural History and Meteorology, University of Kansas.

Botanist: James H. Carruth, Lawrence. *Signal Service Committee:* Frank H. Snow of Douglas county, B. F. Mudge of Riley, James H. Carruth of Douglas.

JANUARY 21.—Election of State Printer. *First ballot:* S. S. Prouty 65, Geo. W. Martin 62. *Second ballot:* S. S. Prouty 63, Geo. W. Martin 64. *Third ballot:* S. S. Prouty 58, Geo. W. Martin 68.

JANUARY 25.—The Anti-Pomeroy caucus is addressed by D. P. Lowe, W. A. Phillips, S. A. Cobb, J. M. Harvey, C. A. Logan, John M. Price, and others.

JANUARY 28.—*Vote for Senator, in the Senate:* D. M. Valentine 1, J. M. Harvey 6, S. C. Pomeroy 10, W. A. Phillips 2, D. P. Lowe 5, C. A. Logan 2, John M. Price 3, Thos. A. Osborn 2, John T. Morton 1, Chas. Robinson 1. *In the House:* S. C. Pomeroy 40, J. M. Harvey 19, D. P. Lowe 13, C. A. Logan 11, John M. Price 3, D. M. Valentine 2, John T. Morton 4, Chas. Robinson 3, John J. Ingalls 1, T. H. Walker 1.

JANUARY 29.—*Vote for Senator:* John J. Ingalls 115, D. P. Lowe 6, Sidney Clarke 2, A. M. York 2, Chas. Robinson 1, S. A. Kingman 1.

Before the vote was taken, Alexander M. York, Senator from Montgomery county, made a speech, in which he said:

"I visited Mr. Pomeroy's room, in the dark and secret recesses of the Tefft House, on Monday night [January 27th], and at that interview my vote was bargained for, for a consideration of \$8,000; two thousand dollars of which were paid to me on that evening, five thousand dollars the next afternoon, and a promise of the additional one thousand when my vote had been cast in his favor. I now, in the presence of this honorable body, hand over the amount of \$7,000 just as I received it, and ask that it be counted by the Secretary." [Col. York advanced and placed upon the Chief Clerk's desk two parcels of money, one open, and amounting to \$2,000, and a brown paper parcel, tied with twine, which, upon examination, was found to contain \$5,000 in greenbacks, of large denominations.] "I ask, Mr. President, that the money be used to defray the expenses of prosecuting the investigation of S. C. Pomeroy for bribery and corruption."

(The money was used to pay Pomeroy's lawyers for acquitting him, two years afterwards.)*

The Commonwealth, which had favored Pomeroy's election, said:

"During the delivery of this astounding address, of which the foregoing is but a weak and incomplete abstract, the audience was deathly still. Every word fell with a thrill on the senses of the packed and spell-bound throng, like the dull and startling thud of clods on a coffin. In that coffin reposed the remains of the corruption that, since the organization of the State, has perched upon its back like the Old Man of the Sea."

A congratulatory meeting held that evening was participated in by E. S. Stover, A. M. York, W. A. Johnson, J. P. St. John, A. W. Spaulding, W. S. Plummer, B. F. Simpson, Paul R. Brooks, T. D. Thacher, D. P. Lowe, S. A. Cobb, W. A. Phillips, John J. Ingalls, Jas. D. Snoddy, Jas. M. Harvey, J. H. Edwards, H. W. Cook, Byron Sherry, and others. A resolution was passed unanimously, and with rousing cheers, thanking

*TOPEKA, KANSAS, March 12, 1875.—Received of A. M. York the sum of seven thousand dollars, less the amount of costs in the case of The State of Kansas against S. C. Pomeroy, now pending in the District Court in and for Osage county, Kansas, in full of amount paid by me to said A. M. York during the session of the Kansas State Legislature, in the year 1873.
S. C. POMEROY.

Col. York for his courageous and patriotic course. A suit was instituted against Senator Pomeroy for bribery.

JANUARY 29.—A Topeka dispatch in the Atchison Champion, signed J. A. M., says:

"Mr. Pomeroy's friends were overwhelmed with astonishment and shocked beyond measure. . . . His counsel, however, have refused to allow him to make any statements concerning the matter until the excitement at present existing subsides."

An editorial article in the Champion, on Ingalls, soon after this event, said:

"That terrible and overwhelming development gave him the almost unanimous vote of both branches of the Legislature."

Another editorial article in the Champion says:

"At last, as sudden and terrible as an earthquake which overwhelms a busy city in ruin and disaster, came the awful revelation and final end, crushing with defeat and disgrace the man who had so long represented the State with usefulness and capacity in the Senate, and who might have been, but for this shocking exposure, in one hour more, reelected for a term of six years. . . . For his offense we have no excuse and no sympathy. He understood full well the consequences; he risked them, and he is suffering them."

JANUARY 31.—Senator Pomeroy's trial for bribery postponed till June.

FEBRUARY.—In the Kansas Magazine, John J. Ingalls tells the romantic history of Regis Loisel. He was born in Montreal, went to St. Louis in 1798, went to the present Atchison, and on to Dakota, on a fur-hunting expedition, in 1799. By his will he left 38,000 acres of land, which, in 1859, were entered in the counties of Nemaha, Marshall, Jackson, and Pottawatomie. Finally the title was settled in court, at Seneca, before Judge Nathan Price.

FEBRUARY 4.—The House, by a vote of 64 to 8, asks Pomeroy to resign.

FEBRUARY 4.—The State Senate passes a resolution requesting the United States Senate to appoint a committee to investigate the charges against S. C. Pomeroy.

—Passage of a resolution to investigate the charges of bribery against S. C. Pomeroy.

FEBRUARY 5.—The Senate, by a vote of 21 to 9, passes a resolution requesting Pomeroy to resign.

—The House, by a vote of 51 to 39, asks Caldwell to resign.

—The joint committee to investigate the Pomeroy bribery case meets.

—Death of Seth M. Hays, at Council Grove. He established a trading post there in 1847.

FEBRUARY 6.—The following is copied from an opinion of A. L. Williams, Attorney General, in regard to the legal obligations of the L. L. & G. R. R. Co. to the State:

"The L. L. & G. also has a grant of the proceeds of 125,000 acres of land from the State, under date of February 23, 1866. (See Laws of 1866, page 142, or General Statutes, page 888.) This land is part of 500,000 acres which the Legislature of 1865 wrested (I might use a harsher and more accurate word) from the school fund of the State, to which it had been solemnly devoted by the people in our Constitution, and divided it between four railroads in the State. To suppose that a law framed in the direct inter-

est of these roads contained any serious restricting or forfeiting clause would be absurd, and a glance at its provisions will at once acquit its framers of any such intention."

FEBRUARY 8.—Death of ex-Governor John W. Geary, at Harrisburg.

FEBRUARY 9.—Mr. Pomeroy, in the Senate, denies the charges made against him, and asks for investigation.

FEBRUARY 11.—Gen. Pope informs Gov. Osborn that the President has complied with the Governor's request, and that the U. S. troops will be withdrawn from the Cherokee Neutral Lands.

FEBRUARY 15.—Report of committee that Auditor Thoman registered bonds of the cities of Budlong, Cloud and Gregory, Cherokee county, but that there were no such cities in existence.

FEBRUARY 15.—Henry G. Webb, Judge of the Eleventh District, resigns, and the committee investigating his alleged corruption in office is discharged.

—Farmers' Coöperative Convention in Topeka. Messrs. Aikin, Cramer, Otis, Downs and Ritchie take part.

FEBRUARY 17.—Investigation of Pomeroy by the United States Senate. The witnesses examined were Alexander M. York, William A. Johnson, James C. Horton, Frank Bacon, William H. Bond, B. O'Driscoll, William Simpson, W. M. Matheny, Edward Searcy, Wm. E. Guerin, David L. Payne, C. J. Hanks, D. W. Houston, Asa Low, J. P. Brown, J. S. Hoke, John A. Martin, Geo. T. Anthony, Daniel H. Horne, R. W. Wright, J. L. Sharp, Thomas Murphy, J. Z. Sexton, W. R. Laughlin, Sidney Clarke, John J. Murphy, C. A. Rohrabacher, I. S. Kalloch, Asa Hairgrove, John M. Holmes, P. B. Maxson, John Q. Page, J. D. Liggett, Robert McBratney, F. M. Shaw, John McDonald, John A. Joyce, Chester Thomas, A. H. Horton, Samuel C. Pomeroy, Stephen A. Cobb.

The argument for A. M. York was made by B. F. Simpson; for S. C. Pomeroy, by Caleb Cushing and Albert H. Horton.

FEBRUARY 19.—T. D. Thacher elected President, and George F. Prescott Secretary, of the Associated Press, at Leavenworth.

—Candidates for Caldwell's seat are numerous.

FEBRUARY 22.—Farmers' Convention at Topeka.

FEBRUARY 25.—Senator Pomeroy's account of the York transaction is given, under oath, to the United States Senate Committee, February 25. See pp. 233-5 of the Report. It reeks with perjury, as he afterwards confessed.

FEBRUARY 28.—Banquet and ball, at Topeka, to the Nebraska Legislature.

MARCH.—Appointment of Regents and Trustees.

University: Chas. Robinson, Lawrence; Wm. Fairchild, Leavenworth; John A. Anderson, Junction City; Archibald Beatty, Independence; F. T. Ingalls, Atchison; Samuel A. Kingman, Topeka. V. P. Wilson and N. C. McFarland were soon after appointed in place of Anderson and Kingman, who resigned.

Normal School: J. W. Horner, Chetopa; Chas. B. Butler, Burlington; H. C. Cross, Emporia; Geo. W. Wood, Doniphan county; M. M. Murdock, Wichita; Edwin Tucker, Eureka.

Insane Asylum: A. F. Childs, Columbus; Levi Woodard, Hesper; T. C. Bowles, Ottawa; D. W. Stormont, Topeka; Reuben Smith, Osawatimie; John T. Lanter, Garnett.

Deaf and Dumb Asylum: Archibald Shaw, Olathe; W. H. M. Fishback, Olathe; John Francis, Iola; E. S. Stover, Council Grove; W. B. Craig, Wathena; J. W. Rogers, Winchester.

Blind Asylum: Joseph Speck, Wyandotte; J. D. Brunbaugh, Marysville; David Gordon, Fort Scott; Stephen M. Wood, Chase county; W. B. Slosson, Sabetha; Welcome Wells, Pottawatomie county.

Leavenworth Normal School: Thomas Moonlight, John H. Brown, Joseph L. Wever, Levi Houston, W. O. Gould, H. L. Newman.

MARCH 3.—The majority report in the Pomeroy case is presented by Senators Frelinghuysen, Buckingham, and Alcorn. They say:

"The committee, bearing in mind, while examining the evidence, that the whole transaction, whatever view be taken of it, is the result of a concerted plot to defeat Mr. Pomeroy, and remembering that the burden of proof is on the party making the accusation, have come to the conclusion that Mr. York has not sustained his charge by sufficient proof, contradicted as it is by the evidence of Mr. Page and Mr. Pomeroy."

Mark Twain's version of the report, in the "Gilded Age," is as follows:

"It being plain that Senator Dilworthy's statement was rigidly true, and this fact being strengthened by his adding to it the support of 'his honor as a Senator,' the committee rendered a verdict of 'Not proven that a bribe had been offered and accepted.' This in a manner exonerated Noble, and let him escape."

Senator Vickers reports:

"I cannot decide that the guilt of Mr. Pomeroy is established beyond a reasonable doubt."

Senator Thurman reports:

"I also believe that the testimony convicts Mr. Pomeroy of having attempted to bribe Senator York, of that Legislature, to vote for him; that Pomeroy delivered to York \$7,000 is not denied."

The book containing this investigation is a Senate document, Report No. 523, Forty-second Congress, Third Session. pp. 270.

Senator Pomeroy retained his seat until the end of the session, March 4.

MARCH 3.—In the House of Representatives, Butler, Peters and Potter were appointed to present to the Senate articles of impeachment against Judge Delahay. They appeared at the bar of the Senate, in obedience to the order. Judge Delahay resigned, and Cassius G. Foster, of Atchison, was appointed.

MARCH 4.—Inauguration of President Grant.

—The State Senate passes a resolution, authorizing the defendants to employ counsel in the suit of John Q. Page vs. E. S. Stover and J. E. Hayes, custodians of the package, to recover the \$7,000 paid by Pomeroy to York, by a vote of 14 to 8. In the House, the resolution was laid on the table.

MARCH 5.—B. W. Perkins, of Oswego, appointed Judge of the Eleventh District.

—Charles A. Morris appointed Adjutant General, and Hiram T. Beman Assistant Adjutant General.

MARCH 6.—Report of the Committee on the Pomeroy bribery charges:

“The committee appointed to investigate charges of bribery and corruption against Hon. S. C. Pomeroy, United States Senator, during the Senatorial election in the State of Kansas, in January, A. D. 1873, to whom was referred the forgoing resolution, beg leave to submit the following report:

“*Whereas*, In pursuance to said resolution, the said Committee have carefully examined a large number of witnesses, and from said evidence have adduced the following facts:

“1. That S. C. Pomeroy, while a United States Senator, and during his candidacy for reelection to said position, did attempt to use money, both himself and by those professing to be his authorized agents, to corrupt members of the present Legislature in influencing and attempting to influence them to vote for said S. C. Pomeroy for United States Senator.

“2. That the said S. C. Pomeroy did, on the 28th and 29th days of January, 1873, pay to one A. M. York, a member of the Senate of the State of Kansas, the sum of \$7,000, to influence his vote for the said S. C. Pomeroy for United States Senator.

“3. That Richard Stephens, professing to be a friend to the said S. C. Pomeroy, did attempt to bribe with money one William Bateman, a member of the House of Representatives of the State of Kansas, to vote for S. C. Pomeroy for United States Senator.

“Therefore, we, the Committee, do find that the said S. C. Pomeroy is guilty of the crime of bribery, and attempting to corrupt, by offers of money, members of the Legislature of the State of Kansas.

“Therefore your Committee request to be discharged from further consideration of this subject.

W. E. GUERIN,

E. N. MORRILL,

Committee on part of the Senate.

S. K. CROSS,

E. J. NUGENT,

Committee on part of the House.”

MARCH 6.—Senator Morton introduces a resolution, that Alexander Caldwell was not legally elected to a seat in the United States Senate by the Legislature of Kansas.

MARCH 7.—Adjournment of the Legislature. Among the acts passed were twenty-five authorizing municipal bonds; The “debenture law,” (an act “to provide for the incorporation of Savings and Trust Companies”); Defining the boundaries of Decatur, Rawlins, Cheyenne, Sheridan, Thomas, Sherman, Clark, Ford, Hodgeman, Ness, Lane, Buffalo, Foote, Meade, Scott, Sequoyah, Arapaho, Seward, Wichita, Kearny, Grant, Stevens, Greeley, Hamilton, Stanton, Kansas, Pawnee, Rush and Stafford counties; Creating the Fifteenth Judicial District; Amending the occupying-claimant act; Creating a Price Raid Commission; Extending time of payment for school lands to ten years; Creating a State Board of Education; Providing an amendment to the Constitution to increase the number of members of the Legislature; For the appointment of Regents and Trustees for the control of the public institutions; For the collection of statistics; Exempting mortgages from taxation. Sherman county, named for Gen. Wm. T. Sherman; Cheyenne county, for the Indian tribe; Greeley county, for Horace Greeley; Stevens county, for Thaddeus Stevens; Scott county, for Gen. Winfield

Scott; Lane county, for James H. Lane; Seward county, for Wm. H. Seward; Hamilton county, for Alexander Hamilton.

MARCH 8.—Wm. H. Fitzpatrick confirmed as Register of the Topeka Land Office.

—Texas Central Railroad completed to Red River, from the Gulf.

MARCH 10.—Carmi W. Babcock reappointed and confirmed Surveyor General of Kansas.

MARCH 10.—Senator Morton addresses the Senate at length against Caldwell, his speech occupying over seven pages of the Congressional Record. (The Senate is in special session.) The debate continues from day to day, and is participated in by a large number of Senators.

MARCH 13.—A. J. Banta appointed Judge of the Fifteenth Judicial District.

MARCH 14.—Cornelius A. Logan, of Leavenworth, appointed Minister to Chili, *vice* Jos. P. Root.

—Lorenzo J. Worden confirmed as Postmaster, at Lawrence.

MARCH 19.—Cyrus I. Scofield appointed U. S. District Attorney.

MARCH 19.—A. T. Sharpe founds the Ottawa Republican.

MARCH 20.—Henry King confirmed as Postmaster at Topeka.

MARCH 22.—Wm. S. Tough confirmed as U. S. Marshal.

MARCH 24.—E. S. Niccolls, of Garnett, appointed Receiver, and W. W. Martin, of Fort Scott, Register, of the Independence Land Office.

MARCH 24.—

“THE VICE PRESIDENT. The Chair will lay before the Senate the notification of the resignation of Mr. Caldwell as a Senator of the United States. The Secretary will read it.

“The Chief Clerk read as follows:

“WASHINGTON, D. C., March 24, 1873.

“SIR: I do hereby very respectfully notify you, and through you the Senate of the United States, that I have resigned, and do resign, my seat in that body as a Senator from the State of Kansas; and that I have forwarded by mail, postage prepaid, addressed to the chief executive officer of that State, at Topeka, Kansas, a resignation in the following form, to wit:

“UNITED STATES SENATE CHAMBER, March 24, 1873.

“SIR: I hereby respectfully tender you my resignation as a Senator of the United States from the State of Kansas, to take effect immediately.

“Very respectfully, your obedient servant, ALEXANDER CALDWELL.

“His Excellency, the Governor of Kansas, Topeka, Kansas.”

—*Congressional Record*, p. 164.

MARCH 26.—Eighteenth Annual Session of the Kansas Conference of the M. E. Church, at Ottawa, Bishop Bowman presiding. *Presiding Elders appointed:* Leavenworth, W. R. Davis; Lawrence, J. Boynton; Emporia, P. T. Rhodes; Manhattan, G. S. Dearborn; Fort Scott, D. P. Mitchell; Humboldt, A. K. Johnson; Salina, J. Lawrence; Wichita, J. McQuiston. Number of members, 15,083; of churches, 79; value of churches, 277,500; Sunday-school scholars, 14,184; volumes in libraries, 13,207.

MARCH 26.—Farmers' State Convention, at Topeka. Called to order by Alfred Gray. J. K. Hudson, temporary Chairman; Dr. A. G. Chase, Secretary. *Committee on Credentials:* Willis, Stiles, Galloway, Kilpat-

rick, and Miller. Speeches by Mr. Bronson of Douglas, C. W. Lawrence of Leavenworth, and R. A. Van Winkle of Atchison. *Committee on Permanent Organization*: V. P. Wilson, G. W. H. Moore, R. A. Van Winkle, J. N. Insley, H. Bronson, S. P. Hall, G. M. Moore, Mr. Shidler, C. W. Clapp, R. Morgan, A. H. Grass, G. M. Parks, C. S. Brodbent, F. Kingman, Charles Williamson. *Officers*: President, John Davis, of Davis county; Vice Presidents, Jonathan Weaver of Saline, Alfred Taylor of Johnson; Secretaries, J. K. Hudson of Wyandotte, and J. T. Stevens of Douglas.

The Convention reassembled on the 27th, and adopted the following preamble and resolutions:

"Whereas, Agriculture in its various departments is the basis of all material prosperity; and whereas, the burdens and impositions under which it lies having become intolerable, therefore the farmers of Kansas, in convention assembled, do put forth this declaration of our desires and purposes, and state:

"1. Farmers desire to unite in the form of clubs, unions, or stock associations, for the purpose of showing that they can come together and cooperate like other folks, for a common good, and for the moral effect it will have upon themselves and the rest of mankind.

"2. They desire association for the purpose of controlling the prices of their products through their own boards of trade or their own appointed agents, so that nothing need be thrown upon the market for less than the cost of production and a reasonable profit.

"3. They desire to unite for the purpose of getting their supplies at cost, with a reasonable per cent. added to pay for collecting and distributing, and the use of capital.

"4. They desire to cooperate for the purpose of securing a reduction in freights, and breaking the blockade between the different parts of the country, by argument, by legislative enactment, and by means of the courts.

"5. They desire tax reform, the abolition of sinecure offices, the reduction of salaries, rigid economy in public expenditures, and the repeal of our present iniquitous tax penalties.

"6. They desire home manufactures, so that the money paid for implements may be kept in the State, and our population increased by industrious operatives, engaged in creating wealth rather than in speculation.

"7. They desire that the balance of our public domain should be kept forever sacred to actual settlement, and in no contingency be allowed to fall into the hands of railroad monopolies and land-sharks: therefore, be it

Resolved, That organization is the great want of the producing classes at the present time, and we recommend every farmer in the State to become a member of some Farmers' Club, Grange of the Patrons of Husbandry, or other local organization.

Resolved, That the taxes assessed and charged upon the people, both by National, State and local Governments, are oppressive and unjust, and vast sums of money are collected, far beyond the needs of an economical administration of government.

Resolved, That we respectfully request our Senators and Members of Congress to vote for and secure an amendment to the tariff laws of the United States, so that salt and lumber shall be placed on the free list, and that there shall be made a material reduction on the duty on iron, and that such articles as do not pay the cost of collection be also placed on the free list.

Resolved, That we earnestly request the Legislature of our State, at its next session, to enact a law regulating freights and fares on our railroads, upon a basis of justice, and that we further request our Members of Congress to urge the favorable action of that body, where the full power exists beyond all doubt, to the same end; and, if need be, to construct national highways at the expense of the Government.

Resolved, That the act passed by the Legislature, exempting bonds, notes, mortgages and judgments from taxation is unjust, oppressive, and a palpable violation of our State

Constitution, and we call upon all assessors and the county boards to see that said securities are taxed at their fair value.

Resolved, That the practice of voting municipal bonds is pernicious in its effect, and will inevitably bring bankruptcy and ruin on the people, and we therefore are opposed to all laws allowing the issuance of such bonds.

Resolved, That giving banks a monopoly of the Nation's currency, thereby compelling the people to pay them such interest therefor as they may choose to impose, seven-tenths of which interest we believe is collected from the farmers, is but little less than legalized robbery of the agricultural classes.

Resolved, That for the speedy and thorough accomplishment of all this, we pledge each other to ignore all political preferences and prejudices that have swayed us hitherto to our hurt, and support only such men for office as are known to be true to our interests, and in whose integrity and honesty we have the most implicit confidence."

A Constitution of the Farmers' Coöperative Association was formed, and the following officers elected: President, John Davis; Vice President, J. K. Hudson, of Wyandotte; Secretary, Alfred Gray, of Shawnee; Treasurer, H. Bronson, of Douglas. *Directors*: T. B. Smith of Douglas, John Mings of Osage, O. W. Bill of Riley, A. H. Grass of Montgomery, J. S. VanWinkle of Leavenworth.

APRIL 1.—W. H. Rossington is managing editor of the Commonwealth.

—Gen. James G. Blunt and others are charged with conspiracy to defraud the Government and a body of Cherokee Indians in North Carolina.

APRIL 5.—Ford county organized. The first county election was held June 5. Named for Col. James H. Ford, Second Colorado.

APRIL 8.—Annual Meeting of the Congregationalists of southern Kansas, at Cottonwood Falls.

—The Burlington Patriot announces the death of Gen. John B. Scott, the founder of Le Roy. "He came to Kansas in 1845, and resided at the old Agency until 1854, when he and Col. Whistler came to this county and took claims."

APRIL 9.—Governor Osborn offers a reward of \$500 for the apprehension of the murderer of Dr. York, brother of Col. A. M. York. Dr. York disappeared some weeks ago, and is supposed to have been murdered between Osage Mission and Independence.

APRIL 16.—Destructive fire at Paola.

APRIL 23.—A fire at Fort Scott destroys over thirty buildings, principally on Market street.

—State Senators' excursion to Galveston leaves Emporia.

APRIL 24.—Banquet to Senator Ingalls, at Leavenworth.

APRIL 28.—D. W. Houston and C. N. Shaw buy the Leavenworth Commercial.

—Fire at Iola.

APRIL 20.—Fire at Burlingame.

—Conference of the Liberal Christians of the Missouri Valley, at Kansas City.

MAY 4.—The remains of Dr. Wm. H. York, and other murdered men,

found on the farm of the Bender family, in the northwest corner of Labette county, about ten miles from Thayer, and five miles from Cherryvale, on the road from Independence (where Dr. York resided) to Osage Mission. Among the victims were Benj. M. Brown, of Howard county, John Greary, W. F. McCrotty, H. F. McKegzie, G. W. Langehor, and a little girl. Three bodies were found beneath the house, and four graves in different parts of the field. All were killed by blows on the back of the head, and had their throats cut. Two hammers were found in the house. The Bender family consisted of Wm. Bender, sixty years old; his wife, fifty-five; their daughter, Kate, twenty-three, and son, John, twenty-five. They came to Kansas in December, 1870, and moved to this slaughter-pen in February, 1871. They were Germans, and kept a small stock of groceries and liquors. Kate was a "medium," and advertised her skill as a spiritual doctor. The family fled about three weeks ago, leaving their stock behind. At Thayer they bought tickets for Humboldt. The Independence Republican says:

"The generally accepted theory of the manner of the killing is, that travelers were seated in such a manner that their heads would lean against and indent the cloth partition, which crossed the room. Some one stationed behind the curtain would then strike them with a hammer, and some one in the front room was ready to finish the job. After that they were taken to the trap-door, where they were thrown in, their throats cut, and they were left until night, when they were carried out, and buried in the field."

MAY 7.—Death of Chief Justice Chase, in New York.

MAY 14.—Railroad Assessors meet at Topeka.

MAY 16.—Death of John M. Haeberlein, of the Daily Freie Presse, Leavenworth—the only German Daily in the State.

—George Grant imports stock for his sixty-thousand-acre farm, at Victoria. Ellis county.

MAY 20.—Editorial Convention, at Atchison. Address by I. S. Kalloch, poem by James W. Steele. T. Dwight Thacher was reelected President; J. W. Steele, orator; W. S. Burke, of Leavenworth, alternate, and Noble L. Prentiss, poet. Fort Scott was selected as the next place of meeting. There was a ball and banquet at Atchison, and an excursion to Lincoln, Neb., on the 21st. This is the seventh annual meeting.

MAY 25.—Thomas M. O'Brien, defaulting claim agent, arrested in Colorado.

MAY 30.—Soldiers' reunion at Lawrence; 8,000 people present.

MAY 31.—Bridge across the Missouri, at St. Joseph, completed.
—Midland Railroad Company organized, at Topeka.

JUNE 8.—Judge Dillon's Iola bond decision published.

JUNE 16.—The case of The State against S. C. Pomeroy, for the bribery of A. M. York, came up before Hon. John T. Morton, Topeka. On motion of Pomeroy's counsel, the case was continued to the next term.

JUNE 18.—Funeral of Judge John A. Wakefield, at Lawrence. He came to Kansas in 1854, and was a leading member of the Free-State party.

JUNE.—A pamphlet of 40 pages, called "Farmers' Unions and Tax Reform," by Henry Bronson, President of the Douglas County Farmers' Union, is published at Lawrence, and goes through four editions. Mr. Bronson also published the *Vox Populi*, a weekly newspaper, at Lawrence.

JUNE.—An article on Osawatomie, by James Hanway, is published in the *Kansas Magazine*, vol. 3, p. 551. Mr. Hanway says the site of the town was selected by the Massachusetts Aid Society. A grist and saw mill was built there by the Society in the spring of 1856. A printing press, brought by Dayton & Gardner from New York, was concealed during the troubles of that year. Charles Griffith bought the material in 1857, and issued the *Herald*. John McReynolds was the next purchaser; the office was afterwards removed to Paola.

The 7th of June, 1856, is given as the date of the sacking of Osawatomie, by John W. Whitfield and 170 Missourians. The battle of Osawatomie took place August 30th, 1856. John Brown commanded the Free-State men, and kept the enemy at bay several hours. "The raiders then entered the town, took what property they could conveniently carry away, and applied the torch to the buildings, and by evening it was but a heap of ashes. The fight "was the most severe of any which took place during the troubles in Kansas." The origin is given of the word jayhawking.

JUNE 26.—The St. Ananias Club chartered. The Society has been in operation since the first settlement of the Territory, but has had no formal organization till now. Its purpose is declared to be, "For social enjoyment and intellectual improvement, and to promote and disseminate the virtues of honesty, sobriety, chastity and veracity, among the members specially, and in society generally."

JULY.—A book issued with this title: "The Homestead Guide, describing the great Homestead Region in Kansas and Nebraska, and containing the Homestead, Preëmption, and Timber-Bounty Laws, and a Map of the Country Described. Waterville, Kansas: F. G. Adams, Compiler and Publisher. 1873." pp. 312.

JULY 6.—Shooting affray in the Otis House, Atchison, between Jacob S. Hoke and W. W. Marbourg.

JULY 7.—The first record of the proceedings of the Commissioners of Barber county. Named for Thomas W. Barber, murdered December 6, 1855.

JULY 12.—Meeting of Osage Land Settlers, at Thayer; 5,000 people present.

—County Treasury defalcation in Jefferson county.

JULY 17.—The Wellington Press established. John H. Folks is the publisher. Eight papers have died in Sumner county.

JULY 22.—HON. Oliver P. Morton, U. S. Senator, visits Topeka.

—The trotting stallion, Smuggler, goes in 2:19 $\frac{3}{4}$, at Olathe.

JULY 28.—J. Q. Page, in the District Court, at Topeka, makes a motion to dismiss the case begun by himself against the State of Kansas and others, for the recovery of the \$7,000 package of bribe-money, he agreeing to pay all costs of action. Motion granted.

JULY 28.—Rev. John A. Anderson, of Junction City, elected President of the Agricultural College.

JULY 30.—Organization of the State Grange, at Lawrence. The following "History of the Kansas State Grange" is copied from The Patrons' Hand-Book, published by J. K. Hudson, at Topeka, in 1874. It is a book of 40 double-column pages:

"The material at hand with which to write anything like a history of the Kansas State Grange is very meager. Hiawatha Grange, Brown county, was the first organized in the State, which occurred in April, 1872. Little was done beyond the organization of Osage Grange, in Crawford county, which was organized very early in the spring, and was the first Grange in the south part of the State.

"Up to December, 1872, there were only nine Granges in the State. The Order, during the winter, grew but little, many of the Granges being discouraged, not only for the want of the secret work, but also because of the little interest manifested throughout the State in the organization.

"The call to meet at Lawrence, July 30, 1873, to form a State Grange, gave a new impetus to the organization. It grew very rapidly during the spring and summer, and when the State Grange met, they numbered about four hundred. Brothers Dumbauld, Spurgeon and Cramer deserve much praise for their persistent efforts to organize the movement. The large amount of gratuitous pioneer work by these men entitles them to the consideration of every good Patron. They adhered while other men doubted; and now, when the Grange has become a great power in the State, their early struggles and labors in its behalf should not be forgotten.

"In December, 1872, William Duane Wilson, from Iowa, visited Kansas, and, in connection with a few Granges in the south part of the State, effected a temporary organization of the State Grange, as follows: Master, F. H. Dumbauld; Overseer, — Bell; Lecturer, J. A. Cramer; Secretary, G. W. Spurgeon; Treasurer, H. H. Angell.

"At the meeting of the State Grange, at Lawrence, July 30, 1873, for the first time, there were 409 organized Granges in the State. Dudley W. Adams, Master of the National Grange, was present, and assisted in forming the State Grange; also, T. A. Thompson, Lecturer of the National Grange, greatly aided in shaping the State Grange, and in giving the secret work of the Order to the delegates. The election of officers resulted as follows:

"Master, T. G. Boling, Leavenworth county; Overseer, M. E. Hudson, Bourbon county; Lecturer, John Boyd, Montgomery county; Steward, E. D. Smith, Jewell county; Assistant Steward, J. B. Richey, Franklin county; Chaplain, W. S. Hanna, Franklin county; Treasurer, H. A. Angell, Cherokee county; Secretary, G. W. Spurgeon, Neosho county; Gate Keeper, C. W. Lawrence; Ceres, Mrs. Mattie Morris; Flora, Mrs. M. H. Charles; Pomona, Mrs. Amanda C. Rippey; Lady Assistant Steward, Mrs. Jennie D. Ritchie; Executive Committee, F. H. Dumbauld, W. P. Popenoe, and J. B. Shaeffer.

"The constitution provided for the meeting of the State Grange the third Wednesday in February. The Executive Committee decided to hold the session at Topeka.

"At this meeting sixty counties were represented. The Secretary reported 975 Granges as organized, representing an actual membership of over 27,000. The constitution and by-laws were revised, and the declaration of purposes adopted by the National Grange at St. Louis adopted as the principles of the Kansas State Grange.

"The election for Master to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Master Boling resulted in the selection of M. E. Hudson, when the vacancy in the office of Overseer, caused by his promotion, was filled by the election of Wm. Sims. The term

of W. P. Popenoe as a member of the Executive Committee having expired, he was reelected. W. H. Fletcher, of Clay county, was elected Gate Keeper—Mr. Lawrence, elected at a previous meeting of the State Grange, having failed to accept and qualify. After installation of officers, conferring the fifth degree, hearing reports of committees, adopting resolutions, and transacting the necessary business for the ensuing year, the Grange adjourned *sine die*.

"Since the adjournment of the State Grange, the organization of Granges throughout the State has been more rapid than ever before—the number of Granges up to April 1st exceeding 1,200, with a total membership of over 30,000."

JULY 31.—Death of Hiram J. Strickler, near Tecumseh, Shawnee county. He was a native of Virginia, and came here in the winter of 1855. He was in the Council, in '55, and was Territorial Auditor from '58 to '61. He was also Territorial Adjutant General, and President of the State Agricultural Society. He was universally respected as a man of integrity and honor.

—The Atchison Champion publishes the following lines. They were copied all over the Union, and the general belief was and is that Senator Ingalls wrote them. They were entitled:

A SERENADE; THE POLITICIAN TO HIS LOVE.

"By the time we have reached home and got our cows milked, it will be dark."—*Glick's Speech at Monrovia.*

The moon is shining on the grange,
The winds are hushed, the leaves are still,
The patient stars look softly down
Upon my cot at Shannon Hill.
Then come, my horny-handed love,
And wander through the dell with me,
And gaze upon the Durham bull,
And listen to his pedigree.

My stores upon Commercial street
Are empty; there's in trade a lull;
I've bartered off my house in town,
And real estate is very dull;
I'm putting up a residence
On Second street, above the mill,
But till it's finished I shall live
Upon my farm at Shannon Hill.

Once I was in the railroad ring,
But now my hands are hard with toil;
I've scattered hay-seed in my hair
And blacked my boots with harness oil.

My city cows have all gone dry,
I am no longer in my prime;
My day is drawing to its close,
And it will soon be milking-time.

I think I know a new-milch cow
That's just exactly what I need;
She's thin from running out to grass,
But only wants a change of feed.
I'll mix a mash of free-trade bran,
Swindles, high taxes, and back pay,
And coax her to the ballot-box
And feed her till election day.

Dear Snyder, grasp her by the horns!
Sweet Wheeler, hold her by the tail!
O, let me safely sit between
And calmly fill my milking-pail.
And when November's breezes show
'Tis time my Berkshire hogs to kill,
I'll move back into town again
And sigh no more for Shannon Hill.

AUGUST 1.—Topeka Daily Blade started, by J. Clarke Swayze.

—Noble L. Prentis edits the Junction City Union till March 1, 1875.

AUGUST 4.—The Catholic Publication Society, New York, issues a book on "Irish Emigration to the United States; What it has been and what it is. By the Rev. Stephen Byrne, O. S. D." It is an excellent and valuable book, and gives a good description of Kansas. It says:

"The Vicariate Apostolic of Kansas, established in 1851, has two vicars apostolic residing at Leavenworth; forty-eight priests, and several clerical students; fifty-five churches built, and sixteen building. There are several religious institutions, both male and female. Catholic population, 30,000."

AUGUST 5.—Five Mennonite leaders visit Harvey, Sedgwick, Reno, Marion and McPherson counties, to select lands for a colony from Russia.

—Thos. J. Anderson chosen Superintendent of the Topeka Rolling Mills.

AUGUST 6.—Coal-oil excitement at Paola.

—Delegate convention of the various Catholic Societies of the State, at Leavenworth. President, John Moffat, Osage Mission; Vice Presidents, P. Connolly, Wyandotte, M. A. Wolfrom, Leavenworth; Secretary, Rev. T. A. Butler, Leavenworth; Treasurer, W. F. Dolan, Atchison. Among the resolutions passed was the following:

Resolved, That it is the sense of the Catholic Union of Kansas that the present system of education is in opposition to the letter and spirit of the Constitution of the United States, and we claim it is unjust to impose a school upon Catholics in direct opposition to their wishes."

—Serious trouble at Osage Mission, caused by county-seat difficulties.

AUGUST 17.—S. S. Prouty retires from the Commonwealth, and Henry King becomes the publisher.

—Farey & Alvord start the Tribune, at Junction City.

AUGUST 19.—The free-delivery system ordered for the Leavenworth post-office.

AUGUST 20.—Kellar hanged by citizens in Linn county. He had killed his wife, Mrs. Boyd and her two children, and then burned Boyd's house over their bodies. The tragedy occurred near Twin Springs.

AUGUST 20.—Harper county organized; named for Sergt. Marion Harper, of the Second Kansas.

SEPTEMBER 1.—The Agricultural College starts on a new career, with the following officers: *Board of Regents*: James Rogers, Burlingame; Chas. Reynolds, Fort Riley; N. A. Adams, Manhattan; J. K. Hudson, Wyandotte; Josiah Copley, Perryville; N. Green, Holton. J. A. Anderson, President, Manhattan; William Burgoyne, Secretary, Manhattan; E. B. Purcell, Treasurer, Manhattan; E. Gale, Loan Commissioner, Manhattan; L. R. Elliott, Land Agent, Manhattan.

SEPTEMBER 3.—Burning of the Massasoit House, at Atchison.

SEPTEMBER 5.—The officers of the St. Joseph & Denver Railroad resign, and a committee is appointed to make an investigation into the affairs of the company.

—W. S. Tough sells Smuggler, in Boston.

SEPTEMBER 8.—Rich discoveries of lead near Baxter Springs.

SEPTEMBER 8, 9.—Meeting of the Kansas Academy of Science, at Lawrence. The following officers were elected for the current year: President, Frank H. Snow; Vice Presidents, John A. Baufield and John D. Parker; Secretary, John Wherrell; Treasurer, Robert J. Brown; Curators, Frank H. Snow, B. F. Mudge, and Edwin A. Popenoe. The fol-

lowing Commissioners were confirmed for the current year: Geology, B. F. Mudge; Ornithology, F. H. Snow; Entomology, F. H. Snow and Edwin A. Popenoe; Language, D. H. Robinson and J. H. Lee; Engineering, F. W. Bardwell; Technology, F. E. Stimpson; Astronomy, John Fraser; Meteorology, John D. Parker; Botany, J. H. Carruth, John Wherrell, and Frank H. Snow; Mineralogy, W. D. Kedzie; Chemistry, William H. Saunders.

SEPTEMBER 9.—Prof. B. F. Mudge lectures on the Mound Builders, before the Academy of Science, at Lawrence. He gives an account of an extensive ancient village within a short distance of the Solomon river, where a pottery covers half an acre of ground.

—The Secretary of the Interior orders a reappraisement of the Kaw lands.

SEPTEMBER 11.—The Kansas Pacific Railway extended from Kit Carson to Fort Lyon, forty-two miles.

SEPTEMBER 22.—State Fair at Topeka. Governor Osborn makes the opening address.

—Financial panic; banks generally suspend, Kansas City taking the lead.

OCTOBER.—The last number of the Kansas Magazine is issued; it is the fourth number of Vol. IV.

OCTOBER.—Miss Bell Worrell, afterwards Mrs. Bell Ball, teaches the first school in Pawnee county. The building had been used as a dance house; the bar becomes the teacher's desk; *ad astra*.

OCTOBER 1.—Great meeting of settlers at Osage Mission.

OCTOBER 11.—Martin F. Conway, in Washington, fires three shots at S. C. Pomeroy, one of which slightly wounds the ex-Senator. Conway is arrested, and says of Pomeroy: "He ruined myself and family." Pomeroy says he has never had any controversy or ground for difficulty with Conway.

OCTOBER 15.—Rev. Charles R. Pomeroy elected President of the Emporia Normal School.

—Irrigation Convention at Denver; the Western States and Territories represented.

OCTOBER 20.—Burning of the Commonwealth building.

—Samuel Fry, one of the old settlers of Lawrence, dies, at Columbia, Texas, where he was a railroad contractor.

OCTOBER 28.—Eighth Annual Meeting of the State Sabbath School Association, at Emporia.

OCTOBER.—A catalogue is published of the Topeka Library. It contains about 1,000 volumes. Edward Wilder is President of the Association.

NOVEMBER 4.—Annual election.

VOTE ON PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE 2, SECTION 2 OF THE CONSTITUTION.

<i>Counties.</i>			<i>Counties.</i>		
	<i>For.</i>	<i>Against.</i>		<i>For.</i>	<i>Against.</i>
Allen.....	166	722	Marion.....	415	8
Anderson.....	3	1,009	Marshall.....	1,218	74
Atchison.....	462	597	McPherson.....	571	8
Barber.....	52	.....	Miami.....	66	1,914
Barton.....	24	282	Mitchell.....	887	17
Billings.....	52	37	Montgomery.....	362	489
Bourbon.....	608	1,859	Morris.....	470	65
Brown.....	151	763	Nemaha.....	34	831
Butler.....	1,467	135	Neosho.....	360	501
Chase.....	495	107	Ness.....	263	.....
Cherokee.....	401	636	Osage.....	180	1,201
Clay.....	754	189	Osborne.....	434	1
Cloud.....	875	40	Ottawa.....	665	19
Coffey.....	42	746	Pawnee.....	72	5
Comanche.....	.....	.....	Phillips.....	391	3
Cowley.....	1,087	5	Pottawatomie.....	91	1,011
Crawford.....	8	827	Reno.....	350	14
Davis.....	963	38	Republic.....	988	36
Dickinson.....	1,024	18	Rice.....	81	94
Doniphan.....	370	1,394	Riley.....	776	427
Douglas.....	325	1,704	Rooks.....	114	.....
Ellis.....	264	10	Russell.....	256	.....
Ellsworth.....	501	2	Saline.....	1,242	109
Ford.....	59	158	Sedgwick.....	1,352	15
Franklin.....	41	1,114	Shawnee.....	437	1,889
Greenwood.....	245	130	Smith.....	369	22
Harper.....	277	.....	Sumner.....	928	9
Harvey.....	529	7	Wabaunsee.....	56	561
Howard.....	729	318	Wallace (no return).....	.....	.....
Jackson.....	958	183	Washington.....	764	93
Jefferson.....	132	1,595	Wilson.....	702	341
Jewell.....	874	64	Woodson.....	149	359
Johnson.....	825	1,838	Wyandotte.....	.....	5
Labette.....	627	418			
Leavenworth.....	1,115	360	Total.....	32,240	29,189
Lincoln.....	504	.....		
Linn.....	85	1,506	Majority.....	3,051	.....
Lyon.....	603	257			

VOTE FOR RAILROAD ASSESSORS.

<i>District.....</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of Candidates.</i>	<i>Vote of County.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>	
1...	{	Leavenworth.....	Harry L. Bickford.....	2,494	2,494	291
		Leavenworth.....	Crawford Moore.....	1,260			1,260
		Leavenworth.....	Charles Grover.....	943	943	
		Atchison.....	Frank M. Tracy.....	113		
		Brown.....	Frank M. Tracy.....	113		
		Doniphan.....	Frank M. Tracy.....	2,179		
2...	{	Nemaha.....	Frank M. Tracy.....	673	3,078	1,792
		Brown.....	N. Hanson.....	558		
		Nemaha.....	N. Hanson.....	37	595	
		Atchison.....	S. J. H. Snyder.....	148		
		Doniphan.....	S. J. H. Snyder.....	74	222	
		Atchison.....	D. E. Mervin.....	101	101	
		Atchison.....	Mr. Wilcox.....	91	91	
		Atchison.....	E. Muldoon.....	96	96	
		Atchison.....	Scattering.....	158		
		Nemaha.....	Scattering.....	23	181	

VOTE FOR RAILROAD ASSESSORS — CONTINUED.

Distric...	Counties.	Names of Candidates.	Vote of County.	Total.....	Majority or Plur.		
3...	Jefferson.....	L. F. Eggers.....	1,213	4,517	2,888		
	Pottawatomie.....	L. F. Eggers.....	311				
	Shawnee.....	L. F. Eggers.....	2,993				
	Jackson.....	John Carver.....	669				
	Jefferson.....	John Carver.....	34			703	
	Jackson.....	S. S. Cooper.....	53			804	
	Jefferson.....	S. S. Cooper.....	751				
	Shawnee.....	A. J. Huntton.....	65			65	
	Jackson.....	A. M. Crockett.....	47			47	
	Anderson.....	Turner Sampson.....	2			2,896	2,735
Douglas.....	Turner Sampson.....	2,209					
Franklin.....	Turner Sampson.....	685					
Douglas.....	F. Gleason.....	83	161				
Franklin.....	F. Gleason.....	78					
Coffey.....	J. L. Williams.....	72	1,774	261			
Lyon.....	J. L. Williams.....	1,619					
Osage.....	J. L. Williams.....	83					
Coffey.....	H. N. Bent.....	1,134					
Lyon.....	H. N. Bent.....	22			1,215		
Osage.....	H. N. Bent.....	59					
Osage.....	J. A. Drake.....	175			175		
Coffey.....	Scattering.....	46			123		
Osage.....	Scattering.....	77					
Bourbon.....	A. Shinn.....	1,657			2,721	1,001	
Linn.....	A. Shinn.....	1,064					
Bourbon.....	Ed. R. Smith.....	899	1,720				
Linn.....	Ed. R. Smith.....	821					
Allen.....	Henry W. Talcott.....	744	1,596	659			
Woodson.....	Henry W. Talcott.....	852					
Allen.....	John Moffit.....	350					889
Neosho.....	John Moffit.....	549					
Neosho.....	John A. Gaston.....	687					741
Wilson.....	John A. Gaston.....	54					
Neosho.....	J. A. Stevens.....	160			937		
Wilson.....	J. A. Stevens.....	777					
Allen.....	Scattering.....	48			89		
Wilson.....	Scattering.....	26					
Woodson.....	Scattering.....	15	1,032				
Davis.....	John M. Allen.....	11					
Dickinson.....	John M. Allen.....	243	77				
Riley.....	John M. Allen.....	778					
Davis.....	P. Z. Taylor.....	617		955			
Dickinson.....	P. Z. Taylor.....	72					
Morris.....	P. Z. Taylor.....	75		109			
Ottawa.....	P. Z. Taylor.....	191					
Davis.....	John P. Swenson.....	109			169		
Davis.....	A. J. Rodgers.....	24					
Morris.....	A. J. Rodgers.....	145			108		
Davis.....	Scattering.....	12					
Morris.....	Scattering.....	2	108				
Ottawa.....	Scattering.....	12					
Riley.....	Scattering.....	82	979			511	
Barton.....	Joel T. Davis.....	310					
Harvey.....	Joel T. Davis.....	149		465			
Reno.....	Joel T. Davis.....	312					
Rice.....	Joel T. Davis.....	208		468			
Ford.....	J. Caller.....	143					
Pawnee.....	T. J. Clark.....	78		2,720	1,020		
Harvey.....	William Prouty.....	22					
Chase.....	L. P. Allspaugh.....	1					465
Harvey.....	L. P. Allspaugh.....	21					
Marion.....	L. P. Allspaugh.....	443	468				
Chase.....	George W. Yeager.....	468					
Johnson.....	Newton Ainsworth.....	998	1,700				
Miami.....	Newton Ainsworth.....	1,276					
Wyandotte.....	Newton Ainsworth.....	446				894	
Johnson.....	Daniel Killen.....	40					
Miami.....	Daniel Killen.....	456		1,700			
Wyandotte.....	Daniel Killen.....	1,204					
Johnson.....	G. H. Beach.....	894					

VOTE FOR RAILROAD ASSESSORS—CONCLUDED.

<i>District...</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of Candidates.</i>	<i>Vote of County..</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Maj. or Plur....</i>	
10...	Miami.....	G. H. Beach.....	410	1,358	137	
	Wyandotte.....	G. H. Beach.....	54			
	Johnson.....	J. E. Corliss.....	695	720		
	Wyandotte.....	J. E. Corliss.....	25			
	Crawford.....	J. D. Emerson.....	220	1,341		
	Labette.....	J. D. Emerson.....	32			
	Montgomery.....	J. D. Emerson.....	1,089	1,153		
	Cherokee.....	Samuel Fellows.....	4			
	Labette.....	Samuel Fellows.....	1,149	489		
	Cherokee.....	J. W. Doudna.....	46			
	Labette.....	J. W. Doudna.....	443	1,204		
	Montgomery.....	J. H. Ashbaugh.....	1,204			
	Cherokee.....	M. A. Wood.....	70	690		
	Crawford.....	M. A. Wood.....	592			
Labette.....	M. A. Wood.....	28	707			
Cherokee.....	E. C. Wells.....	705				
Labette.....	E. C. Wells.....	2	756			
Cherokee.....	A. T. Lea.....	574				
Crawford.....	A. T. Lea.....	157	31			
Labette.....	A. T. Lea.....	25				
Crawford.....	J. T. Lea.....	31	35			
Crawford.....	E. W. Doudna.....	35				
Crawford.....	Scattering.....	16	16			
12...	Clay.....	P. Hutchinson.....	415	4,781	3,605	
	Cloud.....	P. Hutchinson.....	856			
	Marshall.....	P. Hutchinson.....	1,531			
	Republic.....	P. Hutchinson.....	854			
	Washington.....	P. Hutchinson.....	1,125			
	Clay.....	J. B. Quimby.....	315			1,176
	Cloud.....	J. B. Quimby.....	84			
	Marshall.....	J. B. Quimby.....	521			42
	Republic.....	J. B. Quimby.....	164			
	Washington.....	J. B. Quimby.....	92			9
	Sedgwick.....	John M. Steele.....	42			
	Cowley.....	E. B. Allen.....	9			2,058
	Ellis.....	W. F. Leslie.....	241			
	Ellsworth.....	W. F. Leslie.....	517			
McPherson.....	W. F. Leslie.....	320				
Russell.....	W. F. Leslie.....	293				
Saline.....	W. F. Leslie.....	687	100			
Lincoln.....	J. F. Leslie.....	100				
Lincoln.....	C. R. Buell.....	239	728			
Saline.....	C. R. Buell.....	489				
McPherson.....	W. W. Jones.....	323	323			
Ellis.....	Scattering.....	56				
Ellsworth.....	Scattering.....	2	61			
Russell.....	Scattering.....	3				

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURTS.

<i>District...</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of Candidates.</i>	<i>Vote of County..</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Maj. or Plur....</i>
10...	Miami.....	Hiram Stevens.....	2,025	5,187	3,470
	Johnson.....	Hiram Stevens.....	2,300		
	Wyandotte.....	Hiram Stevens.....	862		
	Miami.....	H. W. Cook.....	83	1,609	
	Johnson.....	H. W. Cook.....	342		
	Wyandotte.....	H. W. Cook.....	1,184	3	
	Miami.....	R. W. Murray.....	3		
	Johnson.....	S. E. McCracken.....	105	105	

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURTS—CONCLUDED.

<i>District...</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of Candidates.</i>	<i>Vote of County...</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority or Plur.....</i>
11...	Cherokee..... Crawford..... Labette..... Montgomery..... Cherokee..... Crawford..... Labette..... Montgomery.....	B. W. Perkins.....	778	3,195	689
		B. W. Perkins.....	453		
		B. W. Perkins.....	766		
		B. W. Perkins.....	1,198		
		J. M. Scudder.....	327		
		J. M. Scudder.....	378		
		J. M. Scudder.....	794		
		J. M. Scudder.....	1,007	2,506	
		H. W. Barnes.....	332	1,018	
		H. W. Barnes.....	260		
		H. W. Barnes.....	386		
		H. W. Barnes.....	40		
J. G. Parkhurst.....	17				
J. G. Parkhurst.....	47				
J. G. Parkhurst.....	291	375			
J. G. Parkhurst.....	20				
Joel Holt.....	108				
15...	Jewell..... Mitchell..... Osborne..... Phillips..... Rooks..... Smith.....	Joel Holt.....	855	3,513	3,508
		Joel Holt.....	917		
		Joel Holt.....	433		
		Joel Holt.....	443		
		Joel Holt.....	114		
		Joel Holt.....	617		

VOTE FOR STATE SENATOR, TO FILL VACANCY IN THE NINETEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

<i>Names of Candidates.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Vote of County...</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority...</i>
H. Bronson.....	Douglas.....	2,105	2,105	639
D. C. Haskell.....	Douglas.....	1,466	1,466	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>District...</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of Candidates.</i>	<i>Votes.....</i>	<i>Majority or Plur.....</i>
1	Doniphan.....	Nathan Springer.....	483	26
		B. A. Seaver.....	300	
		D. W. Rippey.....	157	
2	X. K. Stout.....	543	288
		B. O'Driscoll.....	255	
3	F. H. Drenning.....	208	21
		Jacob Ramsel.....	187	
		B. F. Bowman.....	179	
4	Atchison.....	A. H. Horton.....	825	501
		L. S. Howe.....	324	
5	Robert White.....	469	18
		Samuel Stoner.....	487	
6	D. G. Wilson.....	476	21
		G. W. Thompson.....	455	
7	Brown.....	Joseph D. Hardy.....	922	455
		John D. Speneer.....	467	
8	Nemaha.....	J. E. Taylor.....	476	239
		George Graham.....	237	
9	C. S. Cummings.....	403	159
		Peter Hamilton.....	241	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

District	Counties.	Names of Candidates.	Votes	Majority
10	Marshall	Allen Reed	1,125	248
		M. D. Tenney	880	
11	Washington	A. G. Baber	673	119
		Wm. H. Knight	554	
12	Riley	H. P. Dow	777	107
		Geo. T. Polsen	667	
13	Pottawatomie	O. J. Grover	470	19
		E. McKee	451	
14		Jas. H. Sheehy	428	36
		James P. Shannon	384	
15	Jackson	John Birkett	600	33
		A. L. Stevens	567	
16	Jefferson	M. C. Mowry	401	6
		J. B. Johnson	395	
17		V. Brown	468	125
		David Rorick	343	
18		E. K. Townsend	407	7
		E. M. Hutchins	269	
		J. A. Codey	131	
19	Leavenworth	D. R. Anthony	441	253
		James McMichael	188	
20		Jos. W. Taylor	228	2
		Geo. A. Moore	226	
		G. F. Miller	85	
21		S. N. Latta	409	23
		Jas. F. Legate	386	
22		T. P. Fenlon	721	721
23		Watson Tucker	338	16
		J. S. Van Winkle	257	
		J. J. Crook	65	
24		James Medill	477	173
		A. F. Evans	303	
		J. M. Orr	1	
25		C. W. Lawrence	265	1
		W. H. Taylor	264	
		C. C. Duncan	190	
		F. M. Smith	2	
26	Wyandotte	Sanford Haff	535	86
		J. K. Hudson	449	
		James Peak	392	
27		R. B. Taylor	425	181
		Jno. D. Cruise	244	
28	Johnson	Thos. Hancock	403	94
		H. S. Carter	309	
		J. E. Thornton	198	
29		W. W. Maltby	475	122
		R. Aikman	353	
		J. M. Giffen	221	
30		Geo. Rogers	425	152
		W. M. Shean	241	
		Geo. Gensel	32	
31	Miami	J. C. Cusey	658	245
		David Anderson	413	
32		L. Hendrickson	303	
		M. Tinkham	760	457
33	Linn	J. R. Van Zandt	475	87
		Wm. Mackey	388	
34		Herbert Robinson	318	200
		J. C. Marshall	117	
		L. Newell	1	
35		Charles Campbell	364	164
		James Walker	200	
36	Bourbon	S. Bird	451	170
		Wiley Bollinger	281	
37		David Johnson	532	347
		W. R. Griffin	185	
38		T. F. Robley	686	272
		J. D. Manlove	414	
39	Crawford	W. H. McGuire	402	134
		A. J. Vickers	267	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>District.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of Candidates.</i>	<i>Totals.</i>	<i>Majority or Plur.</i>
40	Crawford (concluded).....	A. B. Mitchell	279	95
		A. M. Brown.....	184	
		S. J. Langdon.....	174	
41	Cherokee.....	L. Conklin.....	474	33
		M. Douglas.....	441	
42	.....	L. T. Stowell.....	420	224
		T. Wells.....	196	
43	Labette.....	J. L. Williams.....	523	176
		G. C. West.....	347	
		J. S. Waters.....	209	
		G. W. Chess.....	184	
44	.....	W. H. Mapes.....	561	76
		Isaac Butterworth.....	486	
45	Neosho.....	James M. Allen.....	508	58
		C. F. Hutchings.....	450	
		T. H. Butler.....	196	
46	.....	T. P. Leech.....	595	312
		M. McLaughlin.....	197	
		W. A. Nichols.....	86	
47	Allen.....	E. H. Funston.....	436	147
		J. A. Christie.....	287	
48	.....	Eli Gilbert.....	301	35
		J. W. Ellis.....	246	
49	Anderson.....	J. E. White.....	550	111
		B. M. Lingo.....	439	
50	Franklin.....	C. B. Mason.....	502	1
		H. M. Robb.....	320	
		Wm. H. Clark.....	181	
51	.....	J. H. Harrison.....	655	363
		J. Hanway.....	292	
52	Douglas.....	J. C. Horton.....	510	42
		Alexander Love.....	468	
53	.....	John C. Watts.....	715	424
		Alex. R. Banks.....	290	
54	.....	L. H. Edson.....	733	644
		A. K. Lowe.....	80	
55	.....	William Roe.....	702	702
56	Shawnee.....	Ira C. Johnson.....	530	57
		Daniel M. Adams.....	473	
57	.....	John Martin.....	1,028	617
		J. B. McAfee.....	411	
58	.....	Jacob Welchhaus.....	376	169
		Lewis Hanback.....	207	
		John G. Otis.....	196	
59	Osage.....	D. B. Burdick.....	579	52
		W. W. Morris.....	525	
60	.....	N. A. Perrill.....	577	72
		W. H. Wilson.....	505	
61	Coffey.....	F. W. Potter.....	542	48
		Jacob Baer.....	494	
		O. Wankling.....	384	
		H. Teachout.....	46	
62	Woodson.....	Frank Butler.....	517	163
		L. M. Olden.....	299	
		William Peek.....	53	
63	Wilson.....	J. A. Beam.....	774	112
		Thomas Blakeslee.....	662	
64	Montgomery.....	John Boyd.....	570	2
		C. S. Brown.....	567	
65	.....	A. A. Stewart.....	631	68
		J. S. Russum.....	563	
66	Howard.....	James N. Young.....	788	21
		W. H. Guy.....	767	
		O. D. Lemert.....	763	
67	Greenwood.....	J. W. Johnson.....	454	86
		J. B. Clogston.....	368	
68	Lyon.....	M. J. Firey.....	542	148
		Mark Patty.....	394	
69	.....	H. F. McMillan.....	611	495
		P. P. Herrick.....	116	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

District...	Counties.	Names of Candidates.	Vote of County.	Majority or Plur.
70	Wabaunsee.....	Abram Sellers.....	486	258
		Arthur Reed.....	228	
71	Davis.....	A. C. Stickney.....	497	154
		G. E. Peates.....	343	
		John K. Wright.....	223	
72	Morris.....	Thomas S. Huffaker.....	534	114
		C. L. Thomas.....	369	
		W. A. McCollom.....	48	
73	Chase.....	T. S. Jones.....	330	34
		J. G. Winne.....	290	
74	Butler.....	H. D. Hill.....	963	270
		David Young.....	693	
75	Cowley.....	William Martin.....	738	70
		James McDermott.....	666	
76	Sedgwick.....	E. P. Thompson.....	904	409
		Z. McClung.....	495	
77	Marion.....	B. Pinkney.....	745	738
78	McPherson.....	T. E. Simpson.....	331	
		J. M. Underwood.....	382	51
79	Dickinson.....	J. M. Hodge.....	613	174
		E. Barber.....	439	
80	Clay.....	S. D. Beegle.....	622	103
		C. W. Lindner.....	519	
81	Republic.....	W. H. Pilkenton.....	522	81
		R. P. West.....	441	
		A. D. Wilson.....	90	
82	Cloud.....	B. H. McEckron.....	973	973
83	Ottawa.....	R. F. Thompson.....	483	298
		J. J. Jenness.....	183	
84	Saline.....	Jonathan Weaver.....	619	18
		M. D. Sampson.....	601	
		J. H. Sneed.....	145	
85	Ellsworth.....	H. L. Pestana.....	306	90
		Perry Hodgden.....	216	
86	Lincoln.....	Volney Ball.....	287	80
		J. Harshbarger.....	186	
		David G. Bacon.....	21	
87	Mitchell.....	D. C. Everson.....	569	186
		Y. Douglass.....	383	
88	Jewell.....	C. E. Parker.....	685	317
		George S. Bishop.....	368	
89	Ellis.....	H. J. McGaffigan.....	152	1
		T. K. Hamilton.....	151	
90	Wallace.....	No returns.		
91	Rice.....	M. J. Morse.....	131	28
		William Lowrey.....	103	
		T. H. Watt.....	98	
92	Sumner.....	W. P. Hackney.....	790	539
		W. H. Carter.....	249	
93	Osborne.....	Calvin Reasoner.....	266	99
		R. T. Osborne.....	167	
94	Reno.....	C. C. Hutchinson.....	341	120
		J. W. Kanaga.....	221	
95	Smith.....	J. T. Morrison.....	258	25
		L. N. Plummer.....	105	
		L. C. Uhl.....	213	
96	Harvey.....	A. C. Richardson.....	511	481
		Charles Schaeffer.....	20	
97	Barton.....	J. F. Cummings.....	201	38
		And. McKinney.....	163	
98	Russell.....	John Fritts.....	165	3
		B. W. Goodhue.....	162	
99	Phillips.....	John Bissell.....	254	68
		J. T. Wood.....	186	
100	Billings.....	C. C. Vance.....	81	52
		Thos. Biermont.....	29	
101	Pawnee.....	Henry Booth.....	48	16
		W. R. Adams.....	32	
102	Rooks.....	Henry Taylor.....	110	105

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Distric</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of Candidates.</i>	<i>Votes</i>	<i>Major</i> <i>Plur</i>
103	Ford.....	James Haurahan.....	163	107
		M. V. Cutler.....	55	
		John Taylor.....	1	
104	Barbour.....	W. E. Hutchinson.....	278	278
105	Harper.....	Wm. H. Horner.....	256	235
		G. E. Phillips.....	21	
106	Ness	S. G. Rodgers.....	263	263
107	Comanche.....	A. J. Mowry.....	272	272
	Total.....		89,443	

NOVEMBER 18.—Stitzel and Blair, horse thieves, shot and killed at Grasshopper Falls.

NOVEMBER 19.—In a lecture delivered in Washington, Frederick Douglass says John Brown's Constitution for the government of the proposed insurrectionary Republic was written in his house, in Rochester, New York, and that he still possesses the original draft.

NOVEMBER 22.—Governor Osborn appoints Robert Crozier United States Senator.

NOVEMBER 25.—Major J. K. Hudson buys the Kansas Farmer.

NOVEMBER 30.—Fourth Annual Report of D. Dickinson, State Librarian. Volumes in the Library, 9,241.

NOVEMBER 30.—The following table of Land Grants to Kansas railroads is copied from Poor's Railroad Manual:

<i>Date of Laws.</i>	<i>Name of Road.</i>	<i>Acres</i> <i>Certified.</i>	<i>Quantities</i> <i>Granted.</i>
March 3, 1863.....	Leavenworth, Lawrence & Galveston.....	168,189	800,000
July 1, 1864.....	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé.....		3,000,000
July 1, 1864.....	Union Pacific, Southern Branch.....		500,000
July 23, 1866.....	St. Joseph & Denver City.....		1,700,000
July 25, 1866.....	Kansas & Neosho Valley, now known as Missouri River, Fort Scott & Gulf Railroad.....		2,350,000
July 26, 1866.....	Southern Branch of the Union Pacific Railroad, now Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad.....	508,342	1,520,000
July 1, 1862.....	Central Branch, Union Pacific }	227,941	245,166
July 2, 1864.....	Central Branch, Union Pacific }		
July 1, 1862.....	Kansas Pacific }		6,000,000
July 2, 1864.....	Kansas Pacific }		

NOVEMBER.—The Syracuse (Hamilton county) Journal of June 11, 1886, gives a history of the county. The town was started by E. P. Barber, of Syracuse, N. Y., in the fall of 1873. The site of Syracuse was first named Hollidaysburg, and of Coolidge, Sargent. The site of Kendall was first named Aubrey, and then Zamora. Johnson City, in Hamilton county, was named for A. S. Johnson, in May, 1886; its former name was Veteran.

NOVEMBER 30.—Expenditures of the State for the year:

Governor's Department.....	\$8,075 00	Printing.....	\$54,089 18
Secretary's Department.....	18,130 59	Agricultural College.....	23,225 96
Auditor's Department.....	5,369 50	Freedman's University.....	1,100 00
Treasurer's Department.....	6,551 00	State Librarian.....	1,881 60
Attorney General.....	1,850 00	Transcribing Journals.....	2,054 45
Adjutant General.....	550 00	Horticultural Society.....	1,000 00
Sup't of Public Instruction.....	4,211 95	Agricultural Society.....	5,290 00
Judiciary.....	47,297 43	Regents.....	2,558 90
Normal School, Emporia.....	16,976 03	State House and grounds.....	9,945 80
Normal School, Leavenworth..	5,988 65	Revising Tax Laws.....	450 00
Blind Asylum.....	11,586 01	J. C. Douglass, Territorial Sup't,	850 00
Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	35,078 17	Conveying prisoners to Peni-	
Insane Asylum.....	25,575 00	tentiary.....	643 70
State University.....	24,531 53	J. M. Matheny.....	5,000 00
Legislative expenses.....	50,172 24	Miscellaneous accounts.....	1,908 75
Entertaining Neb. Legislature..	1,771 50		
Penitentiary.....	71,200 00	Total for 1873.....	\$441,902 94

DECEMBER.—Kelly & Turner issue the Chautauqua Journal, in Sedan.

DECEMBER.—Report of Joseph C. Wilson, C. S. Brodbent and Charles Puffer, Board of Commissioners on Public Institutions, under the act of March 6, 1873. W. P. Barnett, of Brown county, and P. P. Elder, of Franklin county, appointed Commissioners under the act, resigned.

The chapter on the University cites the statutes relating to the institution; gives a list of its lands, and says none have been sold.

"The amounts given by the city of Lawrence to the University are as follows:

Site of old building, valued at.....	\$10,000
Value of old building.....	20,000
Site of new building, valued at.....	40,000
Amount given by Amos Lawrence to the city of Lawrence for educational purposes, and with his consent turned over to the University, and now bearing interest in Kansas State bonds.....	10,300
Amount voted by the city of Lawrence for new building.....	100,000

Total given by the city of Lawrence.....\$182,300

The amount of cash received for the fifty thousand dollars State scrip appropriated in 1872, was.....	\$48,097 20
From the one hundred thousand dollars of city bonds.....	90,500 00

Total cost of new building thus far, in cash.....\$138,597 20

In addition to this, there is an unpaid building account standing against the University of seven thousand four hundred and forty-four dollars and eighty-one cents, making the entire cost paid and unpaid.....\$146,042 01

"Appropriations made by the State:

<i>Date.</i>	<i>Undrawn.</i>	<i>Appropriated.</i>
1866.....	\$4,114 02	\$7,000 00
1867.....	3,714 58	13,094 84
1868.....	533 34	7,500 00
1869.....	.....	11,670 00
1870.....	.....	14,570 33
1871.....	7 50	17,665 00
1872 (exclusive of the \$50,000 building fund).....	.....	18,290 00
1873.....	128 47	24,660 00

Total drawn from State, aside from the \$50,000 for building..... \$9,240 41 \$114,450 17
105,200 76

"There was also an act passed in the year 1864, to refund to the citizens of Lawrence five thousand one hundred and sixty-seven dollars. This, it will be observed, was the year after the Quantrill Raid.

"The University has always been fortunate in having an able Board of Managers—men noted for their superior qualifications in education, of intellectual attainments and financial and administrative experience; and the records show none of the humiliating bickerings and strife that have disgraced the meetings of the boards of some of our other State institutions."

The State Normal School at Emporia has received 38,400 acres of land from the State; only 486 acres have been sold.

"The following, taken from the books of the State Auditor, will show the amount of money drawn from the State for all purposes, except members of the Board:

1864—Salaries of teachers.....	\$1,000 00
1865—Salaries of teachers.....	2,000 00
1866—For building.....	10,000 00
Salaries of teachers.....	3,000 00
1867—For building.....	5,650 00
For inclosure of grounds.....	1,000 00
For well and cistern.....	850 00
For salaries of teachers.....	4,000 00
For furniture, books, etc.....	1,500 00
For Model School.....	1,000 00
1868—For salaries of teachers.....	1,500 00
For Associate Principal.....	6,000 00
For salaries of female teachers.....	1,000 00
(Not drawn, \$50.)	
For Model School.....	900 00
(Not drawn, \$275.)	
For extra work.....	50 00
For classifying lands.....	427 00
For deficit current expenses.....	290 00
For Insurance.....	75 00
For diplomas.....	119 00
For catalogues.....	150 00
For chandeliers and lamps.....	60 00
For American Cyclopaedia.....	100 00
For dictionary and maps.....	124 00
(Not drawn, \$26.)	
1869—For current expenses.....	10,106 00
(Not drawn, \$175.38.)	
1870—For current expenses.....	10,542 46
(Not drawn, \$143.79.)	
1871—For miscellaneous.....	8,475 00
(Not drawn, \$50.15.)	
1872—For building.....	50,000 00
For current expenses.....	11,940 00
(Not drawn, \$417.)	
1873—For current expenses and extra cost of building.....	17,829 50
(Not drawn, \$854.47.)	
Total not drawn.....	\$1,991 79

Total amount expended by State..... \$142,297 17

"The above does not include pay of members of Board of Regents, as provided by law, but it does include other different items allowed by former Boards to its members for expenses, etc."

A list of its lands is given.

The following is copied from the brief account of the Leavenworth Normal School:

Appropriations made:		Undrawn balances:	
1871.....	\$6,971 70	1871.....	\$593 90
1872.....	7,581 03	1872.....	13 50
1873.....	6,000 00	1873.....	11 32

The Agricultural College is treated at length. The land given by the United States is supposed to be about 81,600 acres. The State did not receive the 90,000 acres, for the reason that some of the land selected was within railroad limits, and one acre within those limits counted for two outside of that limit. Mr. Goodnow sold 44,829 acres; Mr. Elliott has sold 640. Amount received from sales, \$197,157.06.

"NUMBER OF ACRES UNSOLD IN EACH COUNTY.

Washington county.....	12,640.00	Riley county.....	2,691.50
Diekinson county.....	16,000.00	Clay county.....	480.00
Marshall county.....	4,320.00		
Total.....			36,131.50

"The amounts drawn from the State from year to year, according to the books of the State Auditor, are seen below:

1864.....	\$2,892 25	1870.....	.....
1865.....	3,316 50	1871.....	.....
1866.....	.....	1872.....	15,000 00
1867.....	18,011 10	1873.....	23,000 00
1868.....	6,420 00	Total.....	\$77,468 85
1869.....	8,919 00		

"This amount, of course, is exclusive of the amounts paid the Land Agents, Loan Commissioner, and Regents."

The following is copied from the chapter on the Insane Asylum:

"The amounts drawn from the State, according to the State Auditor's books, are as follows:

1864...Locating Asylum.....	\$5 00	1870...Current expenses.....	\$13,073 00
1866...Current exp. and building,	3,500 00	Undrawn balance.....	\$6 20
1867...Current exp. and building,	7,775 00	1871...Current expenses.....	13,931 00
1868...Current exp. and building,	12,600 00	Building fund.....	40,000 00
Building fund.....	20,000 00	1872...Current expenses.....	21,000 00
1869...Current expenses.....	12,244 00	1873...Current expenses.....	25,575 00
Undrawn balance.....	\$2 50		
Total for all purposes.....			\$186,168 87

"Of the foregoing amount, about \$80,000 have been expended for buildings, repairs, barn, privies, well, trees, walks, and fencing."

In 1868, \$20,000 were appropriated in State bonds. Cost of the main building, \$74,677.

The following is copied from the chapter on the Blind Asylum:

The total amount drawn from the State for all purposes, except pay of Directors and Trustees, is shown by the State Auditor's books as follows:

1867.....	\$10,000 00	1872.....	\$10,100 00
1868.....	11,722 11	1873.....	11,586 01
1869.....	10,150 00		
1870.....	8,900 00	Total.....	\$70,161 48
1871.....	7,703 36		

There was a balance undrawn in—

1869.....	\$57 20
1871.....	105 39
1872.....	11 04
1873.....	3 99
	<u>\$177 62</u>

Total cash..... \$69,983 86

The Deaf and Dumb Asylum appropriations are summed up in the following table:

The amount drawn from the State, not including Trustees' salaries, nor building fund, except for out-houses, cisterns, and general repairs, is shown by the Auditor's books, as follows:

Date.	Undrawn.	Appropriated.
1862.....	.....	\$500 00
1863.....	\$484 15	1,500 00
1864.....	170 00	1,800 00
1865.....	2,828 89	4,500 00
1866.....	250 01	5,600 00
1867.....	622 28	10,517 18
1868.....	200 00	10,500 00
1869.....	125 00	12,940 23
1870.....	286 62	13,580 00
1871.....	.....	14,800 00
1872.....	.....	14,200 00
1873.....	1,526 41	16,604 58

Totals..... \$6,494 35 \$107,941 99

Total cost of current expense..... \$101,447 64
 Add cost of old building..... 15,500 00
 Add cost of new building..... 20,000 00

Grand total..... \$136,947 64

The following relates to the Penitentiary:

The annexed statement, furnished by Auditor Wilder, gives the amount drawn from the State; but we believe that a full and exhaustive examination of the State records, appropriations, and Penitentiary records, will show that this statement will vary some:

1861...C. S. Lambdin, Commissioner.....	\$153 00
1861...Cohen & Markson, clothing.....	100 00
1861...Leavenworth county, boarding.....	545 30
1861...Leavenworth county, boarding.....	739 50
1862...Leavenworth county, boarding.....	333 75
1862...Leavenworth county, boarding.....	600 00
1862...Cohen & Markson, clothing.....	112 50
1862...John McCarty.....	29 50
1863...From appropriations.....	7,279 74
1864...From appropriations.....	7,680 94
1865...From appropriations.....	14,336 39
1866...From appropriations.....	41,148 47
1867...From appropriations.....	115,540 55
1868...From appropriations.....	42,316 35
1869...From appropriations.....	105,275 93
1870...From appropriations.....	35,000 00
1871...From appropriations.....	35,000 00
1872...From appropriations.....	77,065 00
1873...From appropriations.....	71,200 00

Although not strictly within our jurisdiction, as specified in the law authorizing this Board, but simply for general information and at the request of several of the State officers, we include as below given, the total expenditure upon the State House and grounds:

1863...Fencing grounds, etc.....		\$958 50
1864...Trees and fencing.....	\$41 50	
Improving grounds.....	809 85	851 35
1865...Planting trees.....		299 50
1866...Capitol.....		42,492 65
1867...Bonds.....	100,000 00	
Trees.....	82 00	
Repairs.....	50 00	100,132 00
1868...Bonds.....		150,000 00
1869...Bonds.....	70,000 00	
Commissioners Killen, Bowman, and Hammond.....	1,500 00	
Building.....	49,997 30	121,497 30
1870...Commissioners' services, Killen, Hammond, and Bowman, Commissioners' traveling expenses, Killen, Bowman, and Hammond.....	375 00	
J. G. Haskell, Architect.....	1,325 25	
Tweeddale & Cook, building privy.....	666 60	
Tweeddale & Cook, building steps.....	2,129 91	
Tweeddale & Cook, building steps.....	300 00	
Scott Bros., painting.....	152 50	
Tweeddale & Cook, drains.....	64 00	
Tweeddale & Cook, repairs.....	7 00	
H. J. Miller, gas fixtures.....	4,500 00	
John Goodin, heating.....	3,852 00	
Tweeddale & Cook, extra work.....	174 62	
M. B. Crawford, repairs.....	3 50	
Excelsior Gas Co., fixtures.....	570 75	
Building.....	4,707 16	18,828 35
1871...W. Tweeddale.....	394 00	
Improvement of grounds.....	5,000 00	5,394 00
1872...Improvement of grounds.....	5,000 00	
Building.....	559 16	
Building east portico.....	25,000 00	30,559 16
1873...Building east portico.....	9,500 00	
Improvement of grounds.....	350 00	9,850 00
Total.....		\$480,862 81

RECAPITULATION.

State House building.....	\$467,813 46
Improving grounds.....	13,049 35
	\$480,862 81

DECEMBER 15.—The Leavenworth Times says United States Attorney Scofield has agreed not to prosecute Pomeroy for bribery; the trial is set for the first Monday in January.

--James F. Legate becomes editor of the Leavenworth Call.

--George S. Smith, Treasurer of Leavenworth county, is a defaulter to the amount of \$72,000.

DECEMBER 18.—Thomas S. Morrison, of the Surveyor General's office, says the center of the State is in Rice county, viz.: the corner of sections 5, 6, 7, and 8, township 18, south, range 9, west.

DECEMBER 20.—Secretary Smallwood reports the organization of the following counties: Ford, April 5; Barber, April 14; Harper, August 20; Ness, October 23; Comanche, October 28.

DECEMBER 31.—The Emporia Normal School has had 218 students; the Leavenworth Normal School, 99. There are 121 patients in the Insane Asylum; 52 pupils in the Deaf and Dumb Asylum—the new building will be completed in February. The State University has had 239 students. There are 121,690 children enrolled in the public schools; value of school-houses, \$3,408,956; the permanent school fund amounts to \$1,003,688.99. St. Benedict's College, Atchison, has 95 students; Mount St. Mary's Female Academy, Leavenworth, 55. There are graded public schools at Atchison, Chetopa, Concordia, Fort Scott, Hiawatha, Independence, Junction City, Leavenworth, Louisville, Neosho Falls, Oswego, Parsons, Wichita, and Wamego.

—The word *Lo*, meaning an Indian, and in general use, Prof. Dunbar learns originated with Sol. Miller.

1874.

JANUARY 1.—There are one hundred and forty-eight newspapers published in the State, representing the following counties: Allen, Anderson, Atchison, Barton, Bourbon, Brown, Butler, Chase, Cherokee, Clay, Cloud, Coffey, Cowley, Crawford, Davis, Dickinson, Doniphan, Douglas, Ellis, Ellsworth, Ford, Franklin, Greenwood, Harvey, Howard, Jackson, Jefferson, Jewell, Johnson, Labette, Leavenworth, Lincoln, Linn, Lyon, Marion, Marshall, McPherson, Miami, Mitchell, Montgomery, Morris, Nemaha, Neosho, Osage, Osborne, Ottawa, Pawnee, Phillips, Pottawatomie, Reno, Republic, Rice, Riley, Russell, Saline, Sedgwick, Shawnee, Smith, Sumner, Wabaunsee, Washington, Wilson, Woodson, and Wyandotte.

JANUARY 13.—Meeting of the Legislature.

STATE OFFICERS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Thomas A. Osborn, Governor.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.
E. S. Stover, Lieutenant Governor.....	Council Grove.....	Morris.
W. H. Smallwood, Secretary of State.....	Wathena.....	Doniphan.
A. L. Williams, Attorney General.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
H. D. McCarty, Superintendent of Public Instruction,	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.
J. E. Hayes, State Treasurer.....	Olathe.....	Johnson.
D. Webster Wilder, Auditor of State.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
Geo. W. Martin, State Printer.....	Junction City..	Davis.
C. A. Morris, Adjutant General.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
D. Dickinson, State Librarian.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Edwd. Russell, Superintendent Insurance Department,	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.

JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
S. A. Kingman, Chief Justice.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
D. J. Brewer, Associate Justice.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
D. M. Valentine, Associate Justice.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.

JUDGES OF DISTRICT COURTS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Districts.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
H. W. Ide.....	First.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.
P. L. Hubbard.....	Second.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
John T. Morton.....	Third.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Owen A. Bassett.....	Fourth.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
E. B. Peyton.....	Fifth.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
M. V. Voss.....	Sixth.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
John R. Goodin.....	Seventh.....	Humboldt.....	Allen.
James H. Austin.....	Eighth.....	Junction City..	Davis.
William R. Brown.....	Ninth.....	Hutchinson.....	Reno.
Hiram Stevens.....	Tenth.....	Paola.....	Miami.
B. W. Perkins.....	Eleventh.....	Oswego.....	Labette.
A. S. Wilson.....	Twelfth.....	Washington.....	Washington.
W. P. Campbell.....	Thirteenth.....	El Dorado.....	Butler.
J. H. Prescott.....	Fourteenth.....	Salina.....	Saline.
Joel Holt.....	Fifteenth.....	Beloit.....	Mitchell.

—Byron Sherry, Judge Criminal Court, Leavenworth county.

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>District.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Age.....</i>	<i>Pol.</i>	<i>Post Office.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
	E. S. Stover, Pres....	39	Rep.....	Council Grove....	Morris.....	Merchant.
1	Nathan Price.....	36	Rep.....	Troy.....	Doniphan.....	Lawyer.
2	W. H. Grimes.....	71	Rep.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Physician.
3	J. C. Wilson.....	29	Rep.....	Muscotah.....	Atchison.....	Far. & st'ck d'r
4	E. N. Morrill.....	40	Rep.....	Hiawatha.....	Brown.....	Banker.
5	Frank Schmidt.....	43	Rep.....	Marysville.....	Marshall.....	Banker.
6	L. R. Palmer.....	55	Rep.....	St. Mary's.....	Pottawatomie	Farmer.
7	J. W. Rogers.....	53	Rep.....	Boyle's Station..	Jefferson.....	Farmer.
8	J. T. McWhirt.....	45	Dem...	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth..	Farmer.
9	Jacob Winter.....	62	Rep.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth..	Law. and farm.
10	Thos. Moonlight....	40	Rep.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth..	Surveyor.
11	B. Judd.....	49	Dem...	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte....	Banker.
12	John P. St. John....	41	Rep.....	Olathe.....	Johnson.....	Lawyer.
13	E. H. Topping.....	43	Rep.....	Somerset.....	Miami.....	Farmer.
14	A. F. Ely.....	35	Rep...	La Cygne.....	Linn.....	Lawyer.
15	W. E. Guerin.....	26	Rep.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.....	Lawyer.
16	Wm. Simpson.....	36	Lib....	Pawnee Station..	Bourbon.....	Farmer.
17	W. M. Matheny.....	41	Rep.....	Baxter Springs..	Cherokee.....	Lawyer.
18	J. H. Crichton.....	30	Rep.....	Chetopa.....	Labette.....	Lawyer.
19	W. L. Simons.....	35	Rep.....	Osage Mission....	Neosho.....	Lawyer.
20	W. A. Johnson.....	42	Rep...	Garnett.....	Anderson.....	Lawyer.
21	A. M. Blair.....	41	Rep.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.....	Banker.
22	M. A. O'Neil.....	42	Rep.....	Black Jack.....	Douglas.....	Physician.
23	Henry Bronson.....	54	Ref....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
24	N. C. McFarland....	51	Rep.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Lawyer.
25	C. S. Martin.....	37	Rep.....	Osage City.....	Osage.....	Farmer & mill.
26	Chas. B. Butler.....	35	Farm..	Le Roy.....	Coffey.....	Stock-grower.
27	A. M. York.....	35	Rep.....	Independence....	Montgomery..	Lawyer.
28	Wm. Martindale....	38	Rep.....	Madison.....	Greenwood....	Farmer.
29	M. M. Murdock.....	37	Rep.....	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.....	Editor.
30	Henry Brandley....	33	Rep.....	Matfield Green..	Chase.....	Farmer.
31	V. P. Wilson.....	45	Rep.....	Abilene.....	Dickinson.....	Editor.
32	E. Barker.....	57	Rep.....	Jewell City.....	Jewell.....	Farmer.
33	John H. Edwards....	49	Rep.....	Ellis.....	Ellis.....	Farmer.

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

Names.	Age...	Pol.	Post Office.	County.	Occupation.
Tom. H. Cavanaugh, Secretary...	30	Rep.	Salina.....	Saline.....	Farmer.
D. B. Emmert, Ass't Secretary...	37	Rep.	Humboldt....	Allen.....	Publisher.
Geo. W. Findlay, Serg't-at-Arms	32	Rep.	Fort Scott....	Bourbon....	Coal Dealer.
Geo. W. Weed, Ass't Ser-at-Arms	38	Rep.	Leavenworth	Leavenworth	Farmer.
S. M. Lanham, Journal Clerk....	26	Rep.	Seneca.....	Nemaha.....	Book-keeper.
W. H. Cowan, Docket Clerk.....	32	Rep.	Independence	Montgomery,	Farmer.
Nellie Blake, Enrolling Clerk...	21	Rep.	Fort Scott....	Bourbon....	Teacher.
Sarah J. Neal, Engrossing Clerk,	45	Rep.	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	—
C. J. Burke, Doorkeeper.....	54	Rep.	Waverille....	Marshall....	Farmer.
H. L. Burgess, Ass't Doorkeeper	24	Rep.	Olathe.....	Johnson....	Book-keeper.
F. S. McCabe, Chaplain.....	45	Rep.	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Minister.
Jennie A. Griffith, Messenger....	16	Rep.	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	—
Jennette Edwards, Messenger....	13	Rep.	Paola.....	Miami.....	—
E. Halloch Morris, Messenger....	12	Rep.	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Student.
J. W. Edwards, Postmaster.....	37	Rep.	Paola.....	Miami.....	Farmer.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

Dist. ...	Names.	Age...	Politics.	Post Office.	County.	Occupation.
82	B. H. McEckron, Sp'r	39	Rep.....	Shirley.....	Cloud.....	Farmer.
1	N. L. Springer.....	42	Ref.....	Severance.....	Doniphan....	Farmer.
2	Xerxes K. Stout.....	48	Lib.....	Troy.....	Doniphan....	Law. & far.
3	F. H. Drenning.....	38	Rep.....	Wathena.....	Doniphan....	Lawyer.
4	Albert H. Horton.....	38	Rep.....	Atchison.....	Atchison....	Attorney.
5	Samuel Stoner.....	46	Far.....	Lancaster....	Atchison....	Farmer.
6	D. G. Wilson.....	38	Rep.....	Eflingham....	Atchison....	Farmer.
7	J. D. Hardy.....	38	None....	Hiawatha....	Brown.....	Farmer.
8	J. E. Taylor.....	34	Indep..	Seneca.....	Nemaha.....	Lawyer.
9	C. S. Cummings.....	35	Rep.....	Centralia....	Nemaha.....	Blacksmith.
10	Allen Reed.....	40	Rep.....	Reedville....	Marshall....	Farmer.
11	A. G. Baber.....	41	Rep.....	Clifton.....	Washington..	Farmer.
12	H. P. Dow.....	33	Rep.....	Berlin.....	Riley.....	Farmer.
13	O. J. Grover.....	46	Rep.....	Savannah...	Pottawatomie.	Farmer.
14	James Shehi.....	41	Rep.....	Otter Lake...	Pottawatomie.	Farmer.
15	John Birkett.....	55	Rep.....	Circleville...	Jackson.....	Clergyman.
16	M. C. Mowry.....	43	Ref.....	N. Lawrence...	Jefferson....	Farmer.
17	Val. Brown.....	50	Farmer	Medina.....	Jefferson....	Farmer.
18	E. K. Townsend.....	35	Ref.....	Grasshop'r Falls,	Jefferson....	Farmer.
19	D. R. Anthony.....	50	Rep....	Leavenworth..	Leavenworth..	Editor.
20	J. W. Taylor.....	30	Dem....	Leavenworth..	Leavenworth..	Att'y at law.
21	S. N. Latta.....	52	Rep....	Leavenworth..	Leavenworth..	Real estate.
22	Thos. P. Fenlon.....	36	Indep..	Leavenworth..	Leavenworth..	Attorney.
23	W. Tucker.....	54	Rep....	Leavenworth..	Leavenworth..	Farmer.
24	James Medill.....	54	Rep....	Springdale...	Leavenworth..	Farmer.
25	Chas. W. Lawrence..	45	Farmer	Lawrence....	Leavenworth..	Farmer.
26	Sanford Haff.....	35	Dem....	Wyandotte...	Wyandotte...	Farmer.
27	R. B. Taylor.....	52	I. Rep..	Wyandotte...	Wyandotte...	Editor.
28	Thomas Hancock...	33	Lib.....	Stanley.....	Johnson....	Farmer.
29	W. W. Maltby.....	55	Indep..	Olathe.....	Johnson....	Farmer.
30	Geo. F. Rogers.....	42	Ref.....	Hesper.....	Johnson....	Farmer.
31	J. C. Cusey.....	43	Ref.....	Paola.....	Miami.....	Farmer.
32	M. Tinkham.....	33	Farmer	Lewisburg...	Miami.....	Farmer.
33	J. R. Van Zandt...	37	Rep....	Pleasanton...	Linn.....	Merchant.
34	H. Robinson.....	37	Ref....	Farlandville..	Linn.....	Farmer.
35	Charles Campbell...	37	Ref....	Mapleton.....	Linn.....	Farmer.
36	S. Bird.....	37	Rep....	Glendale.....	Bourbon....	Farmer.
37	David Johnson.....	55	Rep....	Uniontown...	Bourbon....	Farmer.
38	T. F. Robley.....	33	Rep....	Fort Scott...	Bourbon....	Lawyer.
39	W. H. McGuire.....	37	Lib....	Jacksonville..	Neosho.....	Farmer.
40	A. B. Mitchell.....	47	Lib....	Girard.....	Crawford....	Farmer.
41	L. Conklin.....	40	Ref....	Neutral City..	Cherokee....	Farmer.
42	L. T. Stowell.....	58	Ref....	Baxter Springs.	Cherokee....	Farmer.
43	J. L. Williams.....	26	Ref....	Oswego.....	Labette....	Nurserym'n.
44	W. H. Mapes.....	43	Rep....	Oswego.....	Labette....	Farmer.
45	James M. Allen.....	31	Rep....	Urbana.....	Neosho.....	Farmer.
46	T. P. Leech.....	35	Indep..	Thayer.....	Neosho.....	Farmer.
47	E. H. Funston.....	37	Rep....	Iola.....	Allen.....	Farmer.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

<i>District.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Politics.</i>	<i>Post Office.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
48	Eli Gilbert.....	51	I. R.....	Humboldt.....	Allen.....	Lawyer.
49	J. E. White.....	54	Rep.....	Garnett.....	Anderson.....	Farmer.
50	C. B. Mason.....	40	L. I.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.....	Attorney.
51	J. H. Harrison.....	43	Ref.....	Wellsville.....	Franklin.....	Farmer.
52	James C. Horton.....	36	Rep.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	General agent.
53	John C. Watts.....	39	Ref.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Mason.
54	L. H. Edson.....	43	Ref.....	Belvoir.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
55	William Roe.....	42	Fmr.....	Vinland.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
56	I. C. Johnson.....	64	Ref.....	North Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Farmer.
57	John Martin.....	40	Dem.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Attorney.
58	Jacob Welehans.....	39	Ref.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Teacher.
59	D. B. Burdick.....	43	Rep.....	Burlingame.....	Osage.....	Farmer.
60	N. A. Perrill.....	30	Rep.....	Reading.....	Osage.....	Farmer.
61	F. W. Potter.....	41	Ind.....	Burlington.....	Coffey.....	Farmer.
62	Frank Butler.....	33	Ind.....	Kalida.....	Woodson.....	Farmer.
63	J. A. Beam.....	65	Fmr.....	Verdi.....	Wilson.....	Farmer.
64	C. S. Brown.....	33	Rep.....	Independence.....	Montgomery.....	Lawyer.
65	A. A. Stewart.....	37	Ref.....	Independence.....	Montgomery.....	Farmer.
66	James N. Young.....	58	Rep.....	Pawpaw.....	Howard.....	Farmer.
67	James W. Johnson.....	32	Ind.....	Janesville.....	Greenwood.....	Farmer.
68	M. J. Firey.....	34	Fmr.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Farmer.
69	H. F. McMillan.....	37	Rep.....	Agnes City.....	Lyon.....	Farmer.
70	A. Sellers.....	37	Rep.....	Alma.....	Wabaunsee.....	Editor.
71	A. C. Stiekney.....	40	Rep.....	Junction City.....	Davis.....	Merchant.
72	T. S. Huffaker.....	48	Rep.....	Council Grove.....	Morris.....	Farmer.
73	Thomas S. Jones.....	33	Rep.....	Cottonwood Falls.....	Chase.....	Lawyer.
74	H. D. Hill.....	34	Rep.....	Augusta.....	Butler.....	Physician.
75	William Martin.....	60	Fmr.....	Winfield.....	Cowley.....	Farmer.
76	E. P. Thompson.....	56	Rep.....	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.....	Farmer.
77	B. Pinckney.....	48	Rep.....	Peabody.....	Marion.....	Farmer.
78	J. M. Underwood.....	33	None.....	Marquette.....	McPherson.....	Farmer.
79	S. M. Hodge.....	48	Rep.....	Abilene.....	Dickinson.....	Physician.
80	S. D. Beegle.....	50	Ref.....	Clay Center.....	Clay.....	Farmer.
81	W. H. Pilkenton.....	40	Rep.....	Belleville.....	Republic.....	Lawyer.
83	R. F. Thompson.....	27	Rep.....	Minneapolis.....	Ottawa.....	Lawyer.
84	Jonathan Weaver.....	37	Fmr.....	Lesterville.....	Saline.....	Farmer.
85	H. L. Pestana.....	30	Ind.....	Ellsworth.....	Ellsworth.....	Lawyer.
86	V. Ball.....	33	Rep.....	Colorado.....	Lincoln.....	Farmer.
87	D. C. Everson.....	26	Rep.....	Glen Elder.....	Mitchell.....	Physician.
88	C. E. Parker.....	50	Rep.....	Holmwood.....	Jewell.....	Farmer.
89	H. J. McGaffigan.....	36	Rep.....	Hays City.....	Ellis.....	Merchant.
90	No election.....				Wallace.....	
91	M. J. Morse.....	42	Rep.....	Brookdale.....	Rice.....	Minister.
92	W. P. Hackney.....	31	Rep.....	Wellington.....	Sumner.....	Attorney.
93	Calvin Reasoner.....	36	Rep.....	Osborne City.....	Osborne.....	Farmer.
94	C. C. Hutchinson.....	40	Rep.....	Hutchinson.....	Reno.....	Land agent.
95	J. T. Morrison.....	32	Rep.....	Cedarville.....	Smith.....	Farmer.
96	A. G. Richardson.....	43	Rep.....	Newton.....	Harvey.....	Farmer.
97	J. F. Cummings.....	42	Ind.....	Great Bend.....	Barton.....	Editor.
98	John Fritts.....	34	Rep.....	Bunker Hill.....	Russell.....	Fmr. & stk. rsr.
99	John Bissell.....	44	Rep.....	Phillipsburg.....	Phillips.....	Farmer.
100	C. C. Vance.....	40	Rep.....	Norton.....	Billings.....	Lawyer.
101	Henry Booth.....	35	Rep.....	Larned.....	Pawnee.....	Farmer.
102	H. R. Taylor.....	33	Rep.....	Stockton.....	Rooks.....	Stock raising.
103	James Hanraban.....	34	Ind.....	Dodge City.....	Ford.....	Tradesman.
104	W. E. Hutchinson.....	26	Rep.....	Medicine Lodge.....	Barber.....	Farmer.
105	William H. Hornor.....	32	Rep.....	Bluff City.....	Harper.....	Lawyer.
106	S. G. Rodgers.....	40	Ref.....	Smallwood City.....	Ness.....	Physician.
107	A. J. Mowry.....	40	Rep.....	Smallwood.....	Comanche.....	Farmer.

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Pol.</i>	<i>Post Office.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Alex. R. Banks.....	Chief Clerk.....	38	Rep.	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
John C. Moseley.....	Assistant Chief Clerk..	30	Rep..	Clay Centre.....	Clay.
O. W. Bromwell.....	Journal Clerk.....	28	Lib..	Wichita	Sedgwick.
A. B. Ostrander	Docket Clerk.....	27	Rep..	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
Emma R. Bristol.....	Enrolling Clerk.....	22	Rep..	Humboldt.....	Allen.
Rebecca Flower.....	Engrossing Clerk.....	35	Rep..	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
James M. Matheny..	Sergeant-at-Arms.....	31	Rep..	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
R. V. Kennedy.....	Ass't Sergeant-at-Arms	32	Rep..	Bunker Hill....	Russell.
George E. Brown....	Doorkeeper.....	27	Rep..	Olathe.....	Johnson.
A. H. McWhorter....	First Ass't Doorkeeper,	35	Rep..	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
Patrick Gilson.....	Sec'd Ass't Doorkeeper,	60	Dem	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth
M. B. Crawford.....	Postmaster	38	Rep..	Howard City...	Howard.
Emma Duncan.....	Page.....	13	.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
Mary Fletcher.....	Page.....	13	.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Jennie Maxwell.....	Page.....	13	.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Augusta Nilson.....	Page.....	12	.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
George W. Latham....	Page.....	12	.....	Belleville.....	Republic.
Lorin Cozine.....	Page.....	12	.....	Iola.....	Allen.
Harland Cummings	Page.....	10	.....	Great Bend.....	Barton.

JANUARY 14.—Election of officers of the State Board of Agriculture: President, Geo. T. Anthony, Leavenworth; Vice President, E. H. Funston, Carlyle; Treasurer, J. C. Wilson, Topeka; Secretary, Alfred Gray, Topeka.

Members of the Board: Joshua Wheeler, Pardee, Atchison county; C. S. Brodbent, Wellington, Sumner; S. J. Carter, Burlington, Coffey; H. R. Crowell, Baxter Springs, Cherokee; I. O. Savage, Belleville, Republic; L. Wilson, Leavenworth, Leavenworth; W. P. Popenoe, Topeka, Shawnee; S. T. Kelsey, Hutchinson, Reno; John H. Edwards, Ellis, Ellis.

Officers by Appointment: Geologist, B. F. Mudge, Manhattan; Entomologist, E. A. Popenoe, Topeka; Meteorologist, Prof. Frank H. Snow (Professor of Natural History and Meteorology, State University), Lawrence; Botanist, Prof. James H. Carruth, Lawrence; Chemist, Prof. W. K. Kedzie (Professor of Chemistry, State Agricultural College), Manhattan; Signal Service Commissioners, Frank H. Snow of Lawrence, B. F. Mudge of Manhattan, J. H. Carruth of Lawrence; Taxidermist, O. S. George, of Topeka.

The Tenth Annual State Fair was held at Leavenworth.

—Meeting of the Farmers' Coöperative Association.

JANUARY 14.—George R. Peck, of Independence, appointed United States District Attorney.

JANUARY 15.—Albert H. Horton offers a resolution for the appointment of a committee to investigate the charges made by the Auditor against the Treasurer.

JANUARY 16.—Death of Peter T. Abell, the founder of Atchison.

JANUARY 19.—The United States Attorney General issues an order for the District Attorney of Kansas to begin a suit in the United States Circuit Court to test the validity of patents issued to railroad companies for any part of the Osage Ceded Lands.

—County-seat war in Howard county.

JANUARY 27.—Vote of the Senate for United States Senator, to fill the

vacancy caused by the resignation of Alexander Caldwell: Thomas A. Osborn 4, Wm. A. Phillips 2, James M. Harvey 5, S. A. Kingman 4, P. B. Plumb 4, J. K. Hudson 2, John Davis 1, I. S. Kalloch 1, J. C. Carpenter 2, J. D. Snoddy 1, D. W. Wilder 1, W. R. Laughlin 1, W. I. Larimer 1, D. R. Anthony 1, W. L. Simons 1, George T. Anthony 1, Charles Sumner 1.

Vote of the House: Thomas A. Osborn 16, Wm. A. Phillips 17, J. C. Carpenter 3, J. M. Harvey 7, John R. Goodin 1, M. E. Hudson 5, N. Green 1, P. B. Plumb 13, Wilson Shannon 2, B. H. McEckron 1, Johnson Clark 5, D. W. Wilder 3, E. G. Ross 3, S. A. Kingman 9, M. M. Murdock 5, E. S. Stover 1, Charles Robinson 2, W. H. Smallwood 1, A. M. F. Randolph 1, Henry Bronson 2, J. K. Hudson 1, John Martin 1, W. D. Rippey 1, George T. Anthony 2, James D. Snoddy 1, James H. Crichton 1, D. R. Anthony 1.

JANUARY 28.—The Senate Journal, page 127, contains the opinion of A. L. Williams, Attorney General, on the 500,000-acre land case.

JANUARY 28.—Vote for Senator in Joint Convention:

In the Senate: J. M. Harvey 4, T. A. Osborn 3, P. B. Plumb 3, S. A. Kingman 3, E. S. Stover 8, W. R. Laughlin 2, John T. Morton 1, D. M. Valentine 1, J. Davis 1, Wm. Larimer 1, Charles Robinson 1, W. A. Phillips 5.

In the House: J. M. Harvey 10, T. A. Osborn 13, P. B. Plumb 18, S. A. Kingman 7, E. S. Stover 1, Charles Robinson 10, W. A. Phillips 19, W. L. Simons 5, Nathan Price 5, E. G. Ross 5, M. E. Hudson 2, B. H. McEckron 1, D. W. Wilder 2, C. C. Hutchinson 1, W. H. Smallwood 1, A. M. F. Randolph 1, Henry Bronson 2, J. K. Hudson 2, M. M. Murdock 1. Whole number of votes cast, 139. Necessary to a choice, 70.

JANUARY 29.—Vote for U. S. Senator:

In the Senate: E. S. Stover 12, J. M. Harvey 5, W. A. Phillips 3, J. K. Hudson 3, T. P. Fenlon 2, Chas. Robinson 1, J. D. Snoddy 1, N. C. McFarland 1.

In the House: E. S. Stover 8, P. B. Plumb 17, J. M. Harvey 13, W. A. Phillips 18, J. K. Hudson 20, T. P. Fenlon 10, Chas. Robinson 8, E. G. Ross 4, Sam'l A. Kingman 3, W. H. Smallwood 2, Nathan Price 1, D. W. Wilder 1, A. M. F. Randolph 1.

JANUARY 31.—Vote for U. S. Senator:

In the Senate: J. M. Harvey 5, E. S. Stover 12, J. K. Hudson 3, P. B. Plumb 5, T. P. Fenlon 2, Chas. Robinson 1, W. A. Phillips 3.

In the House: P. B. Plumb 20, J. M. Harvey 17, E. S. Stover 15, J. K. Hudson 15, W. A. Phillips 13, Chas. Robinson 10, T. P. Fenlon 9, E. G. Ross 2, N. Price 1, N. Green 1, S. A. Kingman 1, A. M. F. Randolph 1.

FEBRUARY 2.—Vote for Senator:

In the Senate: J. M. Harvey 18, P. B. Plumb 4, W. L. Simons 2, E. S. Stover 2, J. D. Snoddy 2, D. M. Valentine 1, Charles Robinson 1.

In the House: J. M. Harvey 58, P. B. Plumb 17, W. L. Simons 14, E. S. Stover 6, Charles Robinson 3, T. P. Fenlon 2, N. Price 2, A. M. F. Randolph 1, D. R. Anthony 1.

FEBRUARY 3.—B. L. Kingsbury appointed Regent of the Agricultural

College, in place of Rev. Dr. Charles Reynolds, resigned; Charles A. Bates, in place of Rev. N. Green, resigned; James H. Crichton, Regent of the Emporia Normal School, in place of John W. Horner, resigned.

—State Temperance Convention at Topeka.

FEBRUARY 10.—The House, by a vote of 57 to 26, asks for the speedy trial of ex-Senator Pomeroy.

FEBRUARY 12.—Dedication of the Masonic Temple, at Leavenworth.
—Burning of the Central Block, Atchison.

FEBRUARY 13.—W. H. Grimes appointed Trustee of the Insane Asylum.

FEBRUARY 17.—

“DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, }
“WASHINGTON, D. C., February 17, 1874. {

“SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt, by reference from the Hon. Commissioner of the General Land Office, of your communication dated the 4th instant, requesting a list of all Indian Reservations in Kansas, disposed of by the Government since the 29th of January, 1861, the date of the admission of Kansas as a State into the Union, out of which the State did not have reserved to it the sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections for school purposes, and the area of each such reservation.

“In compliance therewith, I have the honor to submit the following report:

	<i>Acres.</i>
CHEROKEE NEUTRAL LANDS.....	793,288.80
CHIPPEWA AND MUNSEE LANDS:	
Chippewa and Munsee lands, sold.....	3,801.31
Chippewa and Munsee lands, reservation.....	4,395.31= 8,196.62
DELAWARE LANDS:	
Sold to Leavenworth, Pawnee & Western Railroad Co.....	223,890.84
Sold to Missouri River Railroad Co.....	92,598.33
Reserved by treaty stipulations.....	7,494.08=323,983.25
KANSAS TRUST AND DIMINISHED RESERVATION LANDS.....	256,063.77
KICKAPOO LANDS:	
Sold to Atchison & Pike's Peak Railroad Co.....	123,832.61
Allotments.....	8,312.14
Reservation.....	20,272.53=152,417.28
MIAMI LANDS:	
Allotments.....	60,023.85
National Reserve.....	10,608.13= 70,631.98
NEW YORK LANDS—32 allotments.....	10,215.63
OSAGE CEDED LANDS*—under treaty of Sept. 29, 1865, (Stat. at Large, volume 14, p. 687,).....	960,000.00
OTTAWA LANDS:	
For schools.....	19,997.76
Buildings.....	640.00
Allotments.....	24,970.00
Trust lands.....	30,134.95= 75,742.71
PEORIA, KASKASKIA, &C.:	
Allotments to Larrimer and Shields.....	321.55
Sold April, 1868.....	5,312.82
Unsold April, 1868, and now allotted.....	641.61
Seventy-four allotments, approved in 1858.....	42,000.82= 48,276.80
POTTAWATOMIE LANDS:	
Sold to Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad Co.....	338,766.82
Allotments.....	150,444.41
Mission lands.....	1,654.62
Diminished reserve.....	77,357.57=568,223.52
SHAWNEE LANDS—including Black Bob and Absentees.....	200,000.00
Grand total in acres.....	3,467,040.36

“The foregoing lands comprise all the Indian lands in Kansas held as such January 29, 1861, which have since been disposed of, either by sale or allotments, or are retained as reservations, from which the school sections (16th and 36th) were not reserved to the State.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

“EDWARD P. SMITH, *Commissioner.*”

“To Hon. S. A. Cobb, House of Representatives.”

* NOTE.—The 16th and 36th sections reserved for school purposes, in Trust Lands. (Statutes at Large, volume 17, page 90.)

FEBRUARY 17.—J. K. Hudson, Topeka, issues a pamphlet containing the Constitution of the Kansas State Grange. *Officers:* Master, M. E. Hudson, Mapleton, Bourbon county; Overseer, William Sims, Topeka, Shawnee county; Lecturer, John Boyd, Independence; Steward, E. D. Smith, Jewell City, Jewell county; Assistant Steward, J. B. Richie, Franklin county; Chaplain, W. S. Hanna, Ottawa; Treasurer, H. H. Angell, Sherman City; Secretary, G. W. Spurgeon, Jacksonville; Gate Keeper, W. H. Fletcher, Clay county; Ceres, Mrs. Mattie Morris; Flora, Mrs. M. H. Charles; Pomona, Mrs. Amanda C. Rippey; Lady Assistant Steward, Mrs. Jennie D. Richie. *Executive Committee:* F. H. Dumbauld, Jacksonville, Neosho county; I. B. Shaeffer, Grasshopper Falls; W. P. Popenoe, Topeka. *State Agent:* John G. Otis, Topeka. These officers were elected February 17, at Topeka.

FEBRUARY 19.—W. H. Johnson starts the Hays City Sentinel.

—The Temperance Crusade reaches Kansas.

FEBRUARY 20.—Meeting in the Court House, Topeka, to form an "Anti-Monopoly and Reform party," participated in by John Davis, A. M. York, Henry Bronson, and others. Simpson, Robinson, Goodhue, Burnett, Beagle, Akin and Potter appointed a committee to call a State Convention.

FEBRUARY 23.—The State Treasury Investigating Committee make a report, and ask the impeachment of the Treasurer.

FEBRUARY.—Death of Governor William Walker, of the Wyandotte tribe of Indians. He came with the tribe from Ohio, some thirty years ago.

FEBRUARY 25.—Suits begun to determine the question of the title to the Osage Ceded Lands.

FEBRUARY 26.—Death of Judge William H. Canfield, of the Eighth District.

FEBRUARY 26.—The Senate Journal, page 338, contains the report of Senator M. A. O'Neil on Price Raid claims:

Whole amount of scrip for damages.....	\$159,191 34
Interest on scrip for damages.....	78,000 00
Whole amount of scrip for all other purposes.....	94,338 48
Interest on scrip for all other purposes.....	46,000 00
Additional claims audited and allowed under the provisions of sec. 1 of the supplemental act of the laws of 1873.....	1,018 16
Amount due, to be provided for out of the consolidated military fund, as provided for under sec. 3 of the foregoing act.....	236 50
Total amount of interest certificates issued for scrip paid.....	124,000 00

RECAPITULATION.

Damage scrip.....	\$159,191 34
Estimated interest on same.....	78,000 00
Service and other scrip.....	94,338 48
Estimated interest on same.....	46,000 00
Additional claims, 1872.....	1,018 16
Additional claims, 1873.....	236 50

Total outstanding scrip..... \$378,794 48
After deducting the amount of \$336,817.37 of scrip canceled with money appropriated by act of Congress.

FEBRUARY 27.—Kingman county organized; named for Samuel A. Kingman.

MARCH 2.—

"The question recurring on the resolution charging Hon. Josiah E. Hayes with high crimes and misdemeanors in office, and that he be impeached, the roll was called, with the following result: Yeas, 74; nays, 20."—*House Journal*, p. 781.

—James H. Austin appointed Judge of the Eighth District, in place of Judge Canfield.

MARCH 3.—The House elects the following Impeachment Managers: A. H. Horton, C. B. Mason, John Martin, T. S. Jones, W. P. Hackney, T. P. Fenlon, and F. W. Potter.

MARCH 4.—Message from Governor Osborn, from which the following is copied:

"It appears that the county seat of Howard county was, at an election held in September, 1873, located at Elk Falls, and that at a subsequent election it is claimed was voted to the town of Boston, but the county officers were temporarily enjoined from removing the records of the county to Boston by an order of the District Court of said county, under date of December 11, 1873, and a motion to dissolve the injunction was heard at chambers on the 2d day of January, 1874, before Hon. W. P. Campbell, Judge of said District, and overruled. On the 20th day of January, 1874, a party of armed men, numbering one hundred and fifty, entered the town of Elk Falls, and with force and arms took possession of and carried away the books, papers, records, files and office furniture of the several county offices, and conveyed them to the town of Boston in said county."

MARCH 5.—Benjamin B. Gale appointed Postmaster at Atchison.

—Frank H. Drenning appointed State Agent for the sale of railroad lands.

—Death of William E. Bowker, at Los Angeles, Cal. He came to Kansas in 1855; was a member of the Territorial Legislature, of the Wyandotte Convention, Treasurer of Shawnee county, and was one of the incorporators of Lincoln, now Washburn, College.

MARCH 6.—The House Managers exhibit articles of impeachment against Josiah E. Hayes, State Treasurer, to the Senate. They are signed by A. H. Horton, C. B. Mason, F. William Potter, Thomas S. Jones, and William P. Hackney.

Wilson Shannon, B. F. Simpson, and A. Smith Devenney, attorneys for the Treasurer, present an answer to the articles.

MARCH 7.—Senator Henry Bronson, of Douglas county, resigns.

—O. J. Grover appointed Director of the Penitentiary.

MARCH.—The new Chapel at the Penitentiary dedicated; services by Rev. Richard Cordley, of Lawrence, and Rev. B. L. Baldrige, Chaplain of the Penitentiary.

MARCH 10.—Cassius G. Foster, of Atchison, appointed United States District Judge.

—Normal School located at Concordia, Cloud county.

—Adjournment of the Legislature. Bond laws disappearing from the statute book. Among the acts passed are the following: Apportioning the State into three Congressional Districts; Making an appropriation to test the title to the Osage Ceded Lands; Amending the bond-registration law, and restricting the power to issue municipal bonds; Providing for the appointment of State Centennial Managers; A civil-rights protection law; Defining the boundaries of Edwards,

Kiowa, Stafford and Pawnee counties; Attaching Linn county to the Tenth Judicial District; Establishing a Fiscal Agency in New York; Authorizing Dickinson, Lincoln, Howard, Barber, Clay, Saline, Pawnee, Reno, Ford, Harper, Jewell and Barton counties to issue bonds to fund indebtedness; Reappropriating the military fund; Exempting Menonites and Friends from military service; Prohibiting lotteries; Authorizing railroad companies to issue preferred stock; A railroad-assessment law, giving the assessment to township assessors; Requiring the education of all healthy children; Providing for the investment of sinking funds; Repealing the act creating a Board of State House Commissioners; Repealing the act exempting mortgages from taxation; For the semi-annual payment of taxes.

MARCH 11.—Charles Sumner dies, in Washington.

MARCH 12.—Arms sent to Howard county.

—Senator Morrill, of Maine, reports that no obligation rests upon the United States to reimburse Kansas, or any State, for expenses incurred and damages sustained by reason of the incursions of hostile Indians. "The duty of protecting their citizens rests primarily with the States."

MARCH 14.—Pension Agent Lines, at Topeka, pays 1,515 pensioners in nine days, \$50,000.

MARCH 16.—James W. Steele, of Topeka, appointed Consul at Matanzas.

MARCH 18.—David Dickinson reappointed State Librarian.

MARCH 20.—The Temperance Crusade at its height in the State.

MARCH 24.—T. F. Houts and Jas. S. Emery appointed Regents of the University.

—W. H. Pilkenton and Frederick Speck appointed Trustees of the Blind Asylum.

—Levi Woodard and Jacob Rhodes appointed Trustees of the Insane Asylum.

MARCH 27.—Osage City ships 1,000 tons of coal per week.

MARCH 30.—Centennial Managers appointed: George T. Anthony, of Leavenworth; E. W. Dennis, Topeka; S. T. Kelsey, Hutchinson; A. J. North, Atchison; D. J. Evans, Topeka.

APRIL 3.—A Digest of Kansas Reports, issued by C. F. W. Dassler, of the Leavenworth bar. W. J. Gilbert, St. Louis, Publisher. The book embraces decisions in McCahon's, Dillon's and Woolworth's Reports, in ten volumes of Kansas State Reports, and Kansas cases in the U. S. Supreme Court. It contains 279 pages.

APRIL 10.—It is reported that there are 1,100 Granges in the State, and 30,000 members.

APRIL 11.—Track-laying begins at Topeka on the Midland road, to Kansas City.

APRIL 13.—Seven buildings burned in Junction City. Among them the Hale House.

APRIL 14.—John Davis issues a circular letter preliminary to calling a Reform or Anti-Monopoly Convention. Convention to be held in June.

APRIL 15.—Samuel D. Lecompte, Cyrus Leland jr., J. G. Mohler, John W. Pipher, C. J. Jones, H. W. Cook, H. C. Cross, G. W. Veale, T. B. Murdock, and John S. Gilmore, the Republican Congressional Committee, meet at Topeka. S. D. Lecompte was elected Chairman, and Cyrus Leland Secretary, of the First District Committee, and a meeting called at Manhattan. H. C. Cross was elected Chairman, and W. A. Morgan Secretary, of the Third District Committee, and a meeting called at Emporia. June 16. Messrs. Cook and Gilmore, of the Second District, called a meeting at Wyandotte, April 17. The absent members were D. B. Dyer, of Cherokee, and John E. Baer of Franklin.

APRIL 16.—Death of Anthony A. Ward. He came to the Shawnee Indian Agency, in Kansas, in 1841. In 1854, he selected a claim adjoining Topeka. He was probably the oldest white settler of Shawnee county, and his family is believed to have lived in the Territory and State longer than any other white family.

APRIL 17.—A Convention in Franklin county attempts to give birth to an Independent State party. Convention called at Topeka, May 27.

APRIL 17.—M. Reasoner, E. C. Snowden, H. E. Smith, M. McKinnod, B. H. McEckron, F. W. Sturgis and W. E. Reid appointed Directors of the Concordia Normal School.

APRIL 23.—Donnell, Lawson & Co., New York, appointed State Fiscal Agents.

APRIL 24.—The first rail rolled in the Topeka Rolling Mills.

—Another fire in Emporia; seven buildings burned since January 1st.

APRIL 30.—Treasurer Hayes resigns.

MAY 1.—John Francis, of Iola, Allen county, appointed State Treasurer.

—Albert H. Horton writes to E. S. Stover that the Treasurer has resigned; that this is a "confession of his guilt;" that "the Board of Managers have decided that it is an unnecessary expense to call witnesses before the Senate, and ask you to recall the subpoenas issued, and notify the witnesses summoned that they need not appear." "On the convening of the Senate we shall announce to the Court the resignation, and shall state that we do not deem it advisable to proceed with an expensive trial."

MAY 12.—Meeting of the Senate as a Court of Impeachment. J. C. Vincent appears from Douglas county, in place of Henry Bronson, resigned, and Geo. W. Glick in place of Jos. C. Wilson, resigned, of Atchison county.

MAY 13.—Adjournment of Impeachment Court.

—John Fraser, Chancellor of the University, resigns.

MAY 26.—Editorial Convention at Fort Scott. Address by W. S. Burke, of Leavenworth; Poem by Eugene F. Ware, of Fort Scott. *Officers*: President, D. R. Anthony; Vice Presidents, D. W. Houston, Albert Grif-

fin, U. F. Sargent, W. T. McElroy; Secretary, W. R. Spooner; Treasurer, Geo. W. Martin; Orator, Geo. A. Crawford; alternate, Noble L. Prentis; Poet, Mrs. Louis Walker. Next Convention to be held at Manhattan. Excursion to St. Louis.

MAY 27.—Independent Reform Convention, at Topeka. W. C. Smith, of Atchison, Chairman; T. C. Nicholson, of Paola, Secretary. The Convention is adjourned to August 5th. The new call is signed by Louis Melius, Isaac E. Eaton, C. A. Buck, T. E. Smith, J. G. Searle, J. B. Scroggs, J. B. Rollinger, C. Davenport, J. G. Otis, E. P. Pomeroy, J. Robinson, Isaac Sharp, O. Shannon, T. Duston, A. McLouth, W. C. Smith, J. Y. Hewitt, J. A. Cody, T. W. Hutchinson, S. Haff, Nelson Abbott, E. K. Townsend.

MAY 27.—Mass meeting, at Parsons, of settlers on the Osage Ceded Lands.

—Geo. W. Crane, Topeka, publishes Township Records and Printed Forms, by Hugh M. Spaulding.

—A book published with this title: "The Trinity. By F. H. Burris, A. M., Member of the South Kansas Conference. With an Introduction by Prof. Joseph Haven, D. D., LL. D. Chicago: C. S. Griggs & Co. 1874." pp. 216.

—Indian depredations in Barber county.

—In the summer, the Kurtz brothers removed the Florence Pioneer to Augusta, and started the Gazette.

JUNE 3.—Special train over the Midland road, from Topeka to Lawrence.

JUNE 7.—The Baccalaureate Sermon at the University is delivered by Rev. Dr. F. S. McCabe, of Topeka. George T. Anthony, of Leavenworth, delivers the Annual Address.

JUNE 8.—The Osage Ceded Land case argued before the United States Circuit Court, at Leavenworth, by George R. Peck, H. C. McComas, and Wilson Shannon.

—The Pomeroy bribery case brought up before Judge Morton, at Topeka, and Pomeroy's counsel suggested July 27th as the day they would go to trial. This day was agreed upon.

JUNE 10.—The John Davis Reform Convention meets at Topeka, and joins the 5th-of-August movement.

JUNE 17.—Republican State Convention to meet August 26.

—A bill passes Congress making two new Land Districts.

JUNE 27.—Indian difficulties reported in the Southwest; five murders.

JUNE 29.—Charles A. Morris appointed Register and Eli Gilbert Receiver of the Larned Land Office; John H. Edwards Register, John C. Carpenter Receiver of the Hays City Office.

—George S. Smith, the Leavenworth defaulting Treasurer, convicted, at Atchison.

—The Kansas Home Cook-Book published. It is made up of recipes furnished by ladies of Leavenworth and other cities and towns in the State, and is published by the Board of Managers for the benefit of the

Home for the Friendless, Leavenworth. Printed at Leavenworth, by John C. Ketcheson. pp. 264. A second edition was issued in 1875.

JULY 7.—Arch. Shaw and W. A. Shannon appointed Trustees of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum.

JULY 7.—Snow, Melius & Co. buy the Lawrence Tribune.

JULY 20.—Appearance of a book containing the "Proceedings of the Court of Impeachment Sitting for the trial of Josiah E. Hayes, Treasurer, together with the Testimony taken in New York, and a Detailed Statement of the Price Raid Scrip Paid." pp. 352. The book contains the Report of the Investigating Committee, the action of the House upon it, the proceedings of the Senate, a list of the witnesses summoned, the depositions taken in New York by A. L. Williams and C. B. Mason, and a list of the Price Raid scrip made by P. B. Castle. This last-named list fills 212 pages.

JULY 22.—Orville H. Browne, a pioneer, dies at Peace, Rice county, aged 59 years.

JULY 27.—Pomeroy bribery case before Judge Morton. The motion to quash the information was overruled by Judge Morton, on the 29th. An application for a change of venue was then made by Pomeroy's counsel, and the cause was sent to Osage county.

—Three horse thieves hung in Sumner county, by the Vigilance Committee.

JULY 30.—A letter from Jewell county gives the first intimation published in the Commonwealth of the grasshopper raid.

AUGUST.—Edwards county organized by Governor Osborn; named for W. C. Edwards. The first meeting of the Commissioners was held September 3.

AUGUST.—

"Nothing more alarming than the usual predatory forays of Indians occurred until June 16, when a party of savages surprised a citizen of Ford county, but a few miles from Fort Dodge, and murdered him; and this was followed by the murder of four others, in quick succession, in Barber and Comanche counties. The bloody work thus inaugurated did not stop until twenty-six citizens had been brutally massacred within the boundaries of the State. To dwell upon the details of these atrocities is no part of my purpose; they are horrifying in their enormity, and their recital would chill the blood in the veins of the most stoical. Unhappily, the pictures are not new; they have been produced and reproduced on almost every page of our frontier history; all are drawn in bloody colors. Remembering all that our people have suffered from this source, it can scarcely be matter of wonder that among them forbearance toward the Indian has become nearly an extinct virtue.

"The United States troops on the borders of the State were, in July and August, nearly all withdrawn for the purpose of accompanying Gen. Miles on his expedition against the Cheyennes, and the State was left comparatively without protection. The Osages, whose reservation lies immediately south of the State, were reported to be hostile, and evidence, almost conclusive, had been obtained of their participation in the murders in Ford, Barber and Comanche counties. The appeals to me for protection were incessant and urgent. Homes were being abandoned, and interests vital to individuals and important to the State were in danger of annihilation. Feeling myself under obligations to protect peaceful citizens in the enjoyment of their rights of person and property, and the circumstances narrated rendering the necessity imperative, I reluctantly determined to call into active service a limited force of the State militia.

This force was increased and diminished as the emergency seemed to require, and at no time exceeded the number that I deemed to be absolutely requisite to protect the State from invasion, and the frontier settlers from the fury of the savage. The small force in the field was kept moving actively along the southern line, and I am glad to be able to state that since it was called into the service, not a citizen has been killed by Indians on the line of its operations. That many valuable lives and much property were saved by the precautions taken, will not admit of a doubt. Confidence in the ability and disposition of the Government to defend the border was restored, and thousands of citizens who had fled in consternation at the rumored approach of the savages, returned to their homes."—*Governor Osborn's Message, January, 1875.*

AUGUST 5.—State Independent Reform Convention, at Topeka. John Davis temporary chairman, Nelson Abbott, Secretary. U. A. Albin, Assistant Secretary.

Committee on Credentials: H. C. Squires, C. E. Harrington, A. H. Mussey, M. C. Howard, Peter Bell, Wm. Simpson, F. M. Powers, L. McKinzie, Joel Moody, J. Frank McDowell, C. Coddington, E. A. Carr, A. A. Alvord.

Committee on Permanent Organization: C. H. Grover, B. P. Waggener, J. H. Eshleman, H. Allen, Jos. Randolph, T. W. Tallman, G. P. Smith, Theodore Alvord, J. C. Cusey, J. H. Rudd, J. S. Vedder, A. Harris, J. R. Dean.

Speeches were made by M. J. Firey, H. C. McComas, U. F. Sargent, J. R. Hallowell, Mr. Black, David Linton, Mr. Tuttle, Mr. Christy, G. P. Smith, Mr. Poehler, Mr. Hurst, Nelson Abbott, John Davis, J. C. Cusey, Mr. Majors of Crawford, Mr. Scroggs, Isaac Sharp, Mr. Dean, Samuel A. Riggs, Alfred Taylor, and Marcus J. Parrott.

Officers: President, John Boyd, of Montgomery; Vice Presidents, J. H. Watson of Lyon, Wm. Kalhoefer of Washington, Sanford Haff of Wyandotte; Secretary, Nelson Abbott, of Atchison; Assistant Secretaries, Theo. Alvord of Davis, Peter Bell of Coffey.

Committee on Platform: John Davis, N. Abbott, Isaac E. Eaton, H. Allen, H. C. McComas, W. H. Clark, M. J. Firey, J. R. Dean, Peter Bell.

On motion, candidates for Governor stated their views, J. C. Cusey and Alfred Taylor making such speeches. U. F. Sargent vouched for M. E. Hudson.

The following platform was adopted:

"Resolved, That we, the delegates and representatives of the people of Kansas favorable to the organization of an independent political party, laying aside past differences of opinion, and earnestly uniting in a common purpose to secure needed reforms in the administration of public affairs, cordially unite in submitting these declarations:

"That all political power is inherent with the people; that no government is worthy of preservation, or should be upheld, which does not derive its powers from the consent of the governed; that by equal and just laws, the rights of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness shall be assured to all men, without distinction of race, color or nationality; that the maintenance of these principles is essential to the perpetuity of our republican institutions, and that to this end the Federal Constitution, with all its amendments, the rights of the States, and the Union of the States, must be preserved.

"That the maintenance inviolate of the rights of the States, and especially the right of each State to order and control its own domestic institutions according to its own judgment exclusively, is indispensable to that balance of power in which the perfection and endurance of our political fabric depends.

"That the conduct of the present Administration in the bold defiance of public senti-

ment and disregard of the public good; in its prodigality and wasteful extravagance; in the innumerable frauds perpetrated under its authority; in its disgraceful partiality for and reward of unworthy favorites; in its reckless and unstable financial policy, and in its incapacity to meet the vital question of the day and provide for the general welfare, stands without a parallel in our national history, and the highest considerations of duty require the American people, in the exercise of their inherent sovereignty, to check the accumulation of evil, and bring the Government back to its ancient landmarks of patriotism and economy.

"That the faith of the Nation must be retained inviolate; that the public debt, of whatever kind, should be paid in strict accordance with the law under which it was contracted.

"That we favor the repeal of the tariff on lumber, and that the tariff on the necessities of common life be abolished or reduced to the lowest possible figure, and that the tax on incomes be restored.

"The railroad corporations should be made subservient to the public good; that while we shall discountenance any action calculated to retard the progress of railroad enterprises, or work injustice to these invaluable auxiliaries to commerce and civilization, yet we demand such constitutional legislation on this subject, both State and Federal, as will effectually secure the industrial and producing interests of the country against all forms of corporate monopoly and extortion.

"That in view of the widespread corruption that has penetrated Kansas in every department of its organization as a State, we will support no man for office merely because he is the nominee of a party, but to obtain our votes in every instance he must possess the Jeffersonian standard of fitness—honesty, capacity, and fidelity to the Constitution.

"That the frequent cases of malfeasance in office which have been developed within the last four years upon the part of State and county officials—the losses sustained by the people through the defalcation of county treasurers—imperatively demand such legislation as will secure the tax-payers for all funds paid into the State and county treasuries, and all interest accruing thereon; and we denounce it an act of criminal neglect in the Legislature having failed to provide for the speedy removal of defaulting treasurers from office, and their punishment for malfeasance therein.

"That the act of the Legislature of Kansas of March 1, 1866, by which the five hundred thousand acres of land dedicated forever to the school fund by sec. 3, art. 8, of our State Constitution, was divided among and appropriated to four railroad corporations, is unconstitutional and void; that this land still in right and equity belongs to the State land school fund, and measures should be adopted for its recovery.

"That we hereby extend our sympathy to the settlers on the Osage lands, and to homestead settlers whose titles are contested by railroad companies, and we hereby declare that the Reform party of Kansas will use every honest means to aid these people in their struggle for their homes."

Convention reassembled August 6. *Vote for Governor:* M. E. Hudson 98, J. C. Cusey 52, Charles Robinson 14, Alfred Taylor 12. Before the result was announced, the statement was made that Mr. Hudson would not accept. The Convention was in a tumult, and votes changed from Hudson to Robinson, and from Robinson to Cusey. The vote was finally declared, James C. Cusey 146½, M. E. Hudson 26½, Davis 1, scattering 8. The name of ex-Governor Robinson was withdrawn by Joseph E. Riggs. E. Harrington was nominated for Lieutenant Governor by acclamation. *For Secretary of State:* Nelson Abbott 98, B. F. Little 7, G. P. Smith 60, Isaac E. Eaton 2, Percely 4. The candidates for Treasurer were James E. Watson of Douglas, A. J. Hopkins of Shawnee, Charles F. Koester of Marshall, and E. W. Majors of Crawford. Pending the roll-call. Mr. Koester was nominated by acclamation. *For Auditor:* G. P. Smith, of Wilson, 87; A. J. Hopkins, 41; Jonathan Weaver, of Saline, 32. Col. Smith was nominated. *For Attorney Gen-*

eral: J. B. F. Cates, of Allen, 84; J. R. Hallowell, of Cherokee, 87. *For Superintendent of Public Instruction*: H. B. Norton, of Cowley, 140; J. E. Bryan, of Allen, 17; John Fraser, of Douglas, 6. *For Associate Justice*: W. P. Douthitt, of Shawnee, by acclamation. *State Committee*: F. P. Williams, N. Abbott, S. D. Macdonald, H. L. Moore, J. V. Randolph, John M. Galloway, F. M. Powell, Theodore Alvord, Alfred Taylor, J. F. McDowell, J. S. Vedder, George H. English, H. L. Jones.

The delegates from the First District nominated Marcus J. Parrott for Congress.

AUGUST 6.—Fire at Paola—the third within fourteen months. Burning of the Spirit and Republican offices.

—State Temperance Convention called, by John B. Campbell, G. W. C., Grand Lodge of Good Templars; J. Jay Buck, G. W. C. T.; and David C. Beach, G. W. S.

AUGUST 7.—The President locates the new Land Offices at Hays City and Larned.

—Expedition against Indians outfitting at Fort Dodge; to be commanded by Gen. Miles.

—Grasshoppers reach Topeka, and stay till winter. W. P. Popenoe says: "They seem to cover the face of the earth." This visitation of grasshoppers, or locusts, was the most serious of any in the history of the State. They reached from the Platte river, on the north, to northern Texas, and penetrated as far east as Sedalia, Mo. Their eggs were deposited in favorable localities over this vast territory. The young hatched the next spring, did great damage to early crops, but in June, having passed into the winged state, they rose into the air, and flew back to the northwest, whence their progenitors had come the year before.

AUGUST 9.—Prof. H. B. Norton, nominated for Superintendent of Public Instruction by the Reform Convention, and Charles F. Koester, nominated for Treasurer, decline the nominations.

AUGUST 20.—State Temperance Convention, at Topeka. J. Jay Buck, temporary Chairman.

Committee on Credentials: Mr. Dearborn, Mr. Beach, Mrs. Flower, Mr. Blakesley, Col. Ritchie.

Committee on Permanent Organization: D. P. Mitchell, J. H. Clark, Dr. Newman, Dr. Callahan, Mrs. Wood.

Committee on Resolutions: Mr. Beach, W. K. Marshall, Miss A. M. Way, Dr. Ward, Mrs. Wilson, J. P. Root.

Speeches by Rev. H. D. Fisher, Rev. Dr. F. S. McCabe, Col. Ritchie, and Dr. J. P. Root.

Officers: President, J. Jay Buck; Vice President, Rev. Mr. Dearborn, Dr. Coon, J. C. Miller; Secretary, D. C. Beach; Assistant Secretary, Mrs. J. H. Clark; Treasurer, Mrs. John Higinbotham.

The resolutions ask for the organization of a State Temperance Society; repudiate the licensing of crime; favor a national prohibitory law; regret that the recent Reform Convention refused to incorporate a Temperance plank in its platform, and repudiate all men and parties

who ignore this great issue of the age; recommend an immediate amendment of our State Constitution, giving to woman the right of suffrage; state that there is an irrepressible conflict between the liquor interest and the interests of human society, and that toleration and compromise should not be allowed; protest against the elevation to office of any man addicted to the use of intoxicating liquors; if the Republican Convention ignores this issue, a Temperance Convention should be called for the purpose of organizing an independent party, and nominating an independent ticket.

The Convention reassembled on the 21st. The State Temperance League was organized, with the following officers: President, Rev. Dr. Richard Cordley; Vice Presidents, J. P. Root, V. M. Garwood, N. C. McFarland; Secretary, D. C. Beach; Assistant Secretary, Mrs. J. H. Clark; Treasurer, Mrs. William Fairchild; Executive Committee, J. Jay Buck, Noble L. Prentis, Mrs. D. Wilson, Mrs. L. Sharon.

AUGUST 20.—Republican Congressional Convention, First District, at Leavenworth. Called to order by Samuel D. Lecompte, Chairman of Committee. For temporary chairman, D. L. Palmer, of Jewell county, received 43 votes, to 39 for George Storch, of Atchison county. R. R. Hays was elected Secretary. The following committees were appointed:

On Credentials: J. M. Hodge of Dickinson, C. C. Vance of Norton, Mr. Curtin of Mitchell, S. A. Couch of Leavenworth, J. S. Hidden of Nemaha, L. R. Palmer of Pottawatomie, George Storch of Atchison.

On Permanent Organization: D. R. Anthony of Leavenworth, John Collins of Pottawatomie, D. E. Ballard of Washington, W. P. Henderson of Jewell, F. J. Wendell of Atchison, Joseph Short of Cloud, Albert Brown of Osborne.

On Resolutions: Samuel M. Strickler of Davis, Ferd. J. Wendell of Atchison, D. Williamson of Washington, Henry Inman of Ellsworth, Cyrus Leland jr., of Doniphan, J. A. Blackburn of Leavenworth, A. Wells of Nemaha.

Officers: President, O. J. Grover, of Pottawatomie; Vice President, H. A. Potts; Secretaries, H. Johnson, R. R. Hays.

Dr. Hodge nominated William A. Phillips for Congress; James F. Legate nominated D. W. Houston. Mr. Legate withdrew the name of Col. Honston, announced that Nathan Price had withdrawn, and moved that William A. Phillips be nominated by acclamation; motion carried unanimously. Speeches were made by Col. William A. Phillips and Judge Nathan Price.

The following Congressional Committee was appointed: D. L. Palmer of Jewell, D. R. Anthony of Leavenworth, J. S. Hidden of Nemaha, George Huyck of Ellsworth, J. B. Corbett of Russell, O. J. Grover of Pottawatomie.

The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That our Representative be instructed to work for the income tax.

Resolved, That we call upon our Representative in Congress to assist the working-men in the collection of their claims, due by the United States Government, on account of the evasion of the eight-hour law.

"Resolved, That this Convention, confiding in the Republican party as the true and only embodiment of the great fundamental principle upon which free government can safely rest, and recognizing in the consistent declarations and patriotic acts of that party the power which converted a country half slave and half free into a country altogether free, bringing it safely through the dark and trying hours of treason and rebellion to the end of peace at home and respect abroad, do hereby reaffirm our devotion to its principles; that the country gratefully recognizes, as we do, that to the Republican party we are indebted for each and every political reform in the past, and can trust it in unquestioned confidence in the future, for all the reforms demanded in this our progressive age.

"Resolved, That we respectfully submit to the Republican State Convention the work of preparing and enunciating a platform as a work properly incumbent upon it.

"Resolved, That the delegates of the First Congressional District, in convention assembled, respectfully request his Excellency the Governor of Kansas to call a special session of the Legislature, to take into consideration the condition of the State, in view of the prospect of the suffering of the inhabitants caused by the destruction of the grasshoppers."

AUGUST 22.—The Osage Ceded Land suits decided by U. S. Judges Samuel F. Miller and John F. Dillon in favor of the settlers. A jubilee meeting at Parsons is addressed by G. C. West, T. C. Cory, M. W. Reynolds, Willard Davis, and others.

—Governor Osborn asks the President for 2,000 carbines for the Indian war.

AUGUST 25.—The western delegates to the Republican State Convention hold a meeting and instruct that convention to ask for an extra session of the Legislature.

AUGUST 26.—Republican State Convention at Topeka. Called to order by John Guthrie. For temporary Chairman, Nathan Price nominated John M. Price; B. F. Simpson nominated John C. Carpenter. Carpenter received 104 votes. Price 94. John A. Martin was unanimously elected Secretary.

Committee on Credentials: D. C. Haskell, D. Naylor, Henry Booth, T. L. Marshall, G. M. Waugh.

Committee on Resolutions: E. T. Carr, John A. Martin, Benj. F. Ricker, T. D. Thacher, J. Jay Buck, W. J. Bawden, John S. Gilmore, Noble L. Prentiss, H. P. Ninde, Benj. F. Simpson, E. A. Wasser, M. E. Latham, Jas. Kelly, S. W. Henderson, A. J. Banta.

Committee on Permanent Organization: James D. Snoddy, R. R. Hayes, Josiah Kellogg, George W. Gillespie, W. M. McLaughton.

Whole number of delegates, 214.

Officers: President, T. Dwight Thacher; Secretaries, John A. Martin, W. T. McElroy. Voted to nominate candidates by a *viva voce* vote.

The following platform was adopted:

"The delegates of the Republican party of Kansas in convention assembled, confidently appealing to the people of the State for a continued support, point with pride to the record of the Republican achievements in the past as the best pledge that the party they represent will be true to every present or future obligation, and equal to every present or future emergency.

"The courage, patriotism and wisdom of the Republican party has been tested and proven; it came into being as the expression of the people against the iniquity of Slavery; it continued in power during the war as the embodiment of their devotion to the integrity of the Union; it abolished Slavery, suppressed armed rebellion, and conquered a permanent peace; it enfranchised the slaves, and secured for them equal

political and civil rights; it made just provision for the Nation's defenders; it enacted a beneficent homestead law; it organized a financial system whereby the Nation was enabled to meet the emergencies of a great civil war, to furnish a sound and uniform currency, and to prevent the commercial depression and disasters usually attendant upon or succeeding civil strife. By successful diplomacy, it has established a principle of peaceful arbitration between nations. It has paid \$356,000,000 of the war debt, and \$5,000,000 during the last year of financial panic and prostration. It has relieved the products of industry and the necessities of life from an annual levy and collection of more than \$300,000,000 of taxes. Under its rule, the national exports have increased from \$300,000,000 to almost \$650,000,000. It has restored the national credit, and maintained the national reputation abroad. It has held in check the turbulent and reactionary forces of the late Rebellion, and has at the same time been tolerant beyond example to those who sought to destroy the Republic. And, finally, with rare courage, has addressed itself to the work of investigating official delinquencies, and punishing official dishonesty in its own ranks.

"A party whose career has thus been signalized at every step by great achievements, has not only established the strongest title to public confidence, but has presented the best pledge that it is willing and able to satisfactorily and honorably adjust the new problems of legislation and administration that are pressing for consideration and settlement. We recognize the fact that parties cannot live upon glory. New issues are constantly arising, and the party that deserves to live must be ready to provide for their solution. The past only affords a guarantee that the intelligence which created the Republican party, and the patriotism and wisdom that have sustained it, are sufficient to provide for the emergencies of the present, and make this period date not only the death of Slavery, but as well the birth of a comprehensive Nationality, the strictest and firmest integrity in official trusts, a just protection of individual rights against corporate power, thorough practical reform in every department of the public service, honestly distributed burdens, and honestly exercised powers. Therefore,

Resolved, That the powers of the General Government having been stretched to an unhealthy extent to meet the crisis of civil war and reconstruction, should now be restored to their normal action; that the public debt should be reduced not spasmodically, but gradually and surely, and in a way that will not burden the industries of the country by excessive exactions; that any and all schemes of taxation devised to meet the extraordinary demand, should be modified according to the dictates of the strictest principles of economy and justice; that official prodigality, recklessness and corruption incident to times of haste, irregularity and convulsion must give place to economy, stability and honesty; and finally, that the only test of political preferment should be capacity and integrity in the discharge of official trust. That as the policy of the Republican party in relation to the finances has afforded the people not only a safe, sound and popular currency of equal and uniform worth in every portion of the commonwealth, but has greatly improved the credit of the country at home and abroad, we point with pride to its record and accomplishment in this regard, and while reaffirming the policy announced by the party in National Convention in 1868 and 1872, and triumphantly indorsed by the people at the polls, a policy which, while contributing to the public credit, has also enhanced the individual and collective prosperity of the American people, we favor such legislation as will make national banking free to all, under just and equal laws, based upon the policy of specie resumption at such time as is consistent with the material and industrial interests of the country, to the end that the volume of currency may be regulated by the natural laws of trade.

Resolved, While all the necessary wants of the State Government should be supplied by a reasonable, just and uniform taxation, the labor and production of the commonwealth must not be crippled by the employment and maintenance of too many officeholders; hence, it becomes the duty of the Legislature to lessen the number of officials, and make such a revision of the laws of the State as to provide for a more economical administration of our State and county affairs. We are opposed to all official gratuities under the guise of an increase of pay or salaries during official terms.

Resolved, That the peril of the Government lies not so much in high ambitions as in low dishonesties, and the pressing duty of the day is to secure honesty and purity in the public service. We commend the courage of the Republican party in instituting investigation of corruptions in office, sparing neither friends nor foes; and we demand

such legislation as will bring to certain punishment any officer who, being intrusted with the charge of public funds, appropriates the same for his own use, or fails to properly account for them. Embezzlement is theft, and ought to be punished as such.

Resolved, That all the railroad corporations of the State are the creatures of its Legislature, and it is the duty of that body to subject them to such wise and impartial enactments as will protect the people of the State from extortion, and will secure them transportation of products, merchandise and passengers at reasonable rates.

Resolved, That a revision of the patent laws of the United States is imperatively demanded, so as to prevent a monopoly of useful inventions, and at the same time to give proper encouragement and remuneration to inventors.

Resolved, That the present 'peace policy' of dealing with the Indians has failed to afford adequate protection to the frontier settlers, and we are in favor of transferring the Indian Bureau to the control of the War Department.

Resolved, That we commend the action of Congress in repealing the act known as the back-pay law, and favor an amendment to the National Constitution which shall forever prohibit any Congress from increasing its own compensation.

Resolved, That drunkenness is one of the greatest curses of modern society, demoralizing everything it touches, imposing fearful burdens of taxation upon the people, a fruitful breeder of pauperism and crime, and a worker of evil and only evil continually; hence we are in favor of such legislation, both general and local, as experience shall show to be most effectual in destroying this evil.

Resolved, That we rejoice with the citizens residing on the Osage Ceded Lands over the late decision of the United States Circuit Court in their favor, and point to that decision as evidence that the rights of the people are safe in the hands of the courts.

Resolved, That the unwritten law enacted by the example of the father of his country in declining a reelection to a third Presidential term, is as controlling as though it was incorporated in the National Constitution, and ought never to be violated.

Resolved, That the public lands of the United States be sacredly held for the use and benefit of the actual settlers, and we condemn and disapprove of any further grants of the public domain to railroad or other corporations."

Ballot for Governor: Thomas A. Osborn 96, James C. Horton 51, W. H. Smallwood 42, George T. Anthony 12. *Second ballot*: Osborn 104, Horton 55, Smallwood 32, Anthony 12.

John C. Carpenter, James D. Snoddy, W. W. Sain, Benjamin F. Simpson, and a few other delegates, withdrew from the Convention.

Ballot for Lieutenant Governor: M. J. Salter 59, M. M. Murdock 52, E. N. Morrill 47, John H. Edwards 25, V. P. Wilson 6. *Second ballot*: Salter 62, Murdock 50, Morrill 38, Edwards 13. *Third ballot*: Salter 103, Morrill 50, Murdock 31, Edwards 2.

Ballot for Secretary of State: Thomas H. Cavanaugh 51, D. B. Emmert 35, O. J. Grover 32, W. Y. Drew 20, M. W. Coulter 20, W. Burlingame 6, James Scarborough 16. *Second ballot*: Cavanaugh 72, Emmert 41, Grover 34, Drew 15, Coulter 15, Scarborough 1. *Third ballot*: Cavanaugh 103, Grover 45, Emmert 38.

For Auditor: Daniel W. Wilder was renominated by acclamation.

Ballot for Treasurer: Samuel Lappin 98, John Francis 75.

Ballot for Attorney General: A. M. F. Randolph 107, J. B. Johnson 69.

Ballot for Superintendent of Public Instruction: John Fraser 93, H. B. Norton 87.

Ballot for Associate Justice: D. M. Valentine 106, A. L. Williams 47.

State Committee: Lucien Baker, Leavenworth; Nathan Price, Troy; John Guthrie, Topeka; E. A. Fisher, Lawrence; J. Jay Buck, Emporia; W. C. Webb, Fort Scott; J. L. Denison, Osage Mission; John K. Wright, Junction City; R. H. Ballinger, Larned; G. M. Waugh, Gardner; W. H.

Whiteman, Columbus; F. G. Adams, Waterville; J. M. Balderston, Wichita; Henry Inman, Leavenworth; A. J. Banta, Beloit. John Guthrie, Chairman; J. Jay Buck, Secretary.

AUGUST 28.—Gov. Osborn calls an extra session of the Legislature, to meet September 15th.

AUGUST 28.—Republican Congressional Convention, Third District, at Emporia. Called to order by H. C. Cross. Job Throckmorton, temporary Chairman, W. S. Jenkins, Secretary. *Committee on Credentials:* Lewis Hanback, J. E. Hudson, H. Whiteside, R. H. Nichols, J. R. Phenix, D. W. Finney. *Committee on Permanent Organization:* E. C. Manning, P. I. Bonebrake, J. W. Long, T. McCarthy, C. Cochran. *Committee on Resolutions:* Jacob Stotler, A. L. Redden, N. A. Perrill, T. M. James. Fifty-eight delegates present. *Officers:* President, Wm. Sims; Vice President, Jacob Stotler; Secretaries, W. S. Jenkins, W. C. Tompkins. Three resolutions were adopted—indorsing the State platform and ticket; endorsing O. P. Morton's measure for the election of President and United States Senators by a direct vote of the people; asking an amendment to the homestead law to preserve their homes to actual settlers who may temporarily leave them. *Ballot for Member of Congress:* Wm. R. Brown 20, Cyrus K. Holliday 14, P. B. Maxson 7, C. V. Eskridge 6, Harrison Kelley 6, W. P. Campbell 2, J. McDermott 2, H. C. Sluss 1. *Second ballot:* Brown 20, Holliday 15, Maxson 7, Eskridge 5, Kelley 6, Campbell 2, McDermott 2, Sluss 1. *Third ballot:* Brown 19, Holliday 15, Kelley 6, Maxson 7, Campbell 2, Eskridge 6, McDermott 2, Sluss 1. *Fourth ballot:* Brown 20, Holliday 15, Kelley 6, Maxson 7, Campbell 2, Eskridge 6, McDermott, 2, Sluss 1. *Ninth ballot:* Brown 32, Holliday 17, Kelley 5, Campbell 4. *District Committee:* Jacob Stotler, of Lyon, A. G. Richardson, of Harvey; Duncan McDonald, of Morris; R. H. Nichols, of Howard; W. S. Jenkins, of Sedgwick; J. V. Admire, of Shawnee; Henry Booth, of Pawnee. It was voted that the Republican vote be made the basis of future conventions.

AUGUST 31.—John Francis declines the nomination for State Treasurer tendered by the Reform Committee. James E. Watson, of Lawrence, is placed on that ticket.

SEPTEMBER 1.—J. P. Bauserman declines the Reform nomination for Superintendent of Public Instruction.

SEPTEMBER 2.—Republican Congressional Convention, Second District, at Humboldt. Called to order by H. W. Cook. S. S. Benedict, of Wilson, temporary Chairman; F. B. McGill, of Labette, Secretary. Mr. Benedict received 41 votes, and Silas A. Day, of Bourbon, 22.

Committee on Credentials: T. B. Eldridge, G. W. Bowen, A. T. Lea, Watson Stewart, S. L. Patrick.

Committee on Permanent Organization: J. F. Broadhead, J. W. Wilson, H. C. Allen, I. H. Betton, J. S. Weaver.

Committee on Resolutions: J. H. Whison, Henry Shanklin, J. F. Hill, P. I. B. Ping, S. L. Self.

Officers: President, S. S. Benedict; Vice President, S. A. Day; Secretary, F. B. McGill; Assistant Secretary, W. A. Rankin.

First ballot for Member of Congress: Stephen A. Cobb 45, W. L. Simons 19. A speech was made by Colonel Cobb.

The following platform was adopted:

"Reaffirming the Republican National platforms of 1868 and 1872, and the Republican State platform of 1874, of Kansas, and believing that the Republican party has well performed its mission in the past, and will continue to be as it has been, the party of and for the people, trusted by and faithfully serving the people: therefore,

"*Resolved*, That we recognize that to be the true policy of the Government which shall harmonize all the diversified interests and pursuits necessarily existing in a country of such vast extent, and this can only be done by so directing legislation as to give a just protection and reward to every branch of our diversified industries, and we are in favor of giving precedence to those measures which shall recognize agricultural and mechanical pursuits as entitled to the most ample protection and the fullest development. We are in favor of the expenditure by Government of such sums as may be necessary to properly improve inland navigation, of such outlays as will secure cheap transportation to our seaboard, and provide such facilities as are needed at our nearest Gulf harbor for giving to the agriculturists of the West a port of shipment for their surplus products at that point, together with such encouragement to manufacturing interests as will bring producers and consumers in close proximity and establish a community of interest between them.

"*Resolved*, That the agricultural and commercial interests of the State of Kansas, and more especially of this Congressional District, imperatively demand the improvement of the harbor of Galveston, and the establishment of such means as will furnish cheap transportation for our products to that port, and thence to the great commercial marts of the world. We believe that to be the best commercial policy for Kansas which shall result in Galveston becoming her port of shipment and wholesale market, and we will cordially indorse and cooperate with our Congressional delegation in their efforts to shape legislation to this end.

"*Resolved*, That we oppose any continuation of the system inaugurated first by the Democratic party, of giving large grants of lands to railroad corporations. We are in favor of holding those in possession of corporate wealth and power to a strict conformity to law.

"*Resolved*, That we favor an amendment to the Constitution of the United States providing for the election of President and Vice President by a direct vote of the people without the intervention of the Electoral College, and also the election of United States Senators by the people of the State instead of by the Legislature.

"*Resolved*, That we most heartily approve of the policy of the Republicans in the radical departure the party has made from the practice of the Democratic party, by instituting investigations and exposing corruption in office, sparing neither political friend nor foe.

"*Resolved*, That the reduction of twenty-six millions of dollars in the estimated General Government expenses for the coming fiscal year meets our most hearty approval, and shows that on questions of retrenchment and economy the party is carrying out in good faith its pledges to the people; and that we regard as another evidence of the party's policy of economy and retrenchment the fact of the great reduction of the interest amount paid annually upon our national debt.

"*Resolved*, That while we realize the great benefits to the whole country arising from the railway system in its development of our vast resources, and while we accord to railway corporations their proper rights, we demand for and in behalf of the people a more reasonable tariff of freights and fares, and that the same shall be guaranteed by appropriate national legislation.

"*Resolved*, That the settlers on the Osage Ceded Lands are to be congratulated on the favorable issue of their contest for the possession of their homes, and that this result is a favorable augury of the future protection of settlers' rights, which we demand of our Congressional delegation to zealously and fearlessly guard, so as to prevent hereafter any recurrence of such contests.

"*Resolved*, That as citizens of Kansas we feel a just pride in the efforts and character of our present Congressional and Senatorial delegation, and believe that they have labored faithfully to protect and forward the truest interests of their constituents and State."

The following Congressional Committee was appointed: H. W. Cook, of Wyandotte county, Chairman; A. T. Lea, of Cherokee county, Secretary; T. Dwight Thacher, Douglas county; W. A. Johnson, Anderson county; L. Stillwell, Neosho county; F. R. Ogg, Johnson county; Daniel Grass, Montgomery county; George W. Findlay, Bourbon county; A. T. Sharpe, Franklin county; John S. Gilmore, Wilson county; F. B. McGill, Labette county.

SEPTEMBER 3.—Reform Congressional Convention of the Second District, at Ottawa. Called to order by William Simpson, of Bourbon, Chairman. U. F. Sargent, of Bourbon, Secretary. J. Frank McDowell, of Cherokee, and James Wilson, of Johnson, were elected Assistant Secretaries. The foregoing were made the permanent officers of the Convention. Speeches were made by A. M. York and W. W. Maltby. The Committee on Credentials reported twenty-five delegates present. Delegates from counties not fully represented were allowed to cast the full vote of their counties. The following list of the ballots for candidates for Congress is copied from the Paola Spirit:

Names of Candidates.	BALLOTS.													
	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th	11th	12th	13th	14th
John R. Goodin.....	12	18	20	20	27	21	27	26	48	38	27	36½	48	66
Hiram Stevens.....	33	27	28	28	32	32	32	38	34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
John Boyd.....	15	15	13	13	7	7	7	15	18	26	11	.....	.....	.....
Sam'l A. Riggs.....	9	11	6	20	20	17	17	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
H. C. McComas.....	16	15	18	15	13	22	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sidney Clarke.....	14	13	14	3	.....	.....	.....	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
M. E. Hudson.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	19	21	19	44	33
Chas. Robinson.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	21	37	43½	6	.....

The following Congressional Committee was appointed: A. M. York of Montgomery county, W. L. Parkinson of Franklin county, Sidney Clarke of Douglas county, W. W. Maltby of Johnson county, and P. H. Tiernan of Bourbon county.

The following resolution was adopted:

"Resolved, That it is the duty of Congress and the Legislature of our State to reduce the fees and salaries of public officers to such amounts as shall be a reasonable and fair compensation for the honest and faithful discharge of official duty, and we demand of Congress the unconditional repeal of the law properly and justly called the 'salary-grab law,' as applied to the President of the United States."

SEPTEMBER 4.—Reform Congressional Convention in the Third District, held at Emporia. The following is the official report, from the Topeka Record:

The Independent Reform Congressional Convention met at Emporia, as per adjournment. A. Harris, of Wichita, was chosen temporary Chairman, and J. V. Randolph, of Emporia, Secretary.

Committee on Permanent Organization: M. B. Ross, John Armstrong, O. P. Haughawout, G. W. Spencer, James Newlon.

Committee on Credentials: Samuel Dolman, David L. Payne, N. A. English, J. H. Watson, W. W. Cone.

Committee on Resolutions: J. J. Barker, Peter Bell, J. M. Miller, Frank Ross, A. Harris.

The following gentlemen were reported as entitled to seats in the Convention: Fifty-sixth District, G. W. Spencer, S. D. Macdonald, J. C. Swayze; Fifty-seventh, Samuel Dolman, John Armstrong; Fifty-eighth, H. H. Wilcox, John Ritchie, John G. Otis; Sixty-first, Peter Bell, J. H. Noell; Sixty-second, O. P. Haughawout, D. Phillips, G. D. Carpenter; Sixty-eighth, W. B. Ross, J. H. Watson, J. A. Newlon; Sixty-ninth, J. M. Miller, Frank Ross, J. V. Randolph; Seventieth, W. W. Cone; Seventy-second, H. H. McArdell, John Maloy, E. S. Bertram; Seventy-third, Samuel N. Wood; Seventy-fourth, William Price; Seventy-sixth, N. A. English; Ninety-sixth, J. J. Barker, D. L. Payne.

Officers: A. Harris was elected President, and Peter Bell Secretary.

The Committee on Platform reported the following:

Resolved, That the platform and principles enunciated by the State Convention of the Reform party, which met in Topeka on the 5th of August, meet our entire and hearty approbation.

Resolved, That we announce our determination to support the nominees of that Convention, and declare our allegiance to that party of Reform."

Informal ballot for Congressman: J. K. Hudson 15, M. J. Firey 11, J. J. Barker 4, S. J. Crawford 2.

First ballot: J. K. Hudson 17, M. J. Firey 12, Samuel J. Crawford 7.

During the taking of the second ballot, it was found that Joseph K. Hudson would be nominated, and a motion was made and carried to make the nomination unanimous.

The following Congressional District Committee was appointed: John G. Otis, Peter Bell, M. B. Ross, A. Harris, Mr. Edgerton.

SEPTEMBER 7.—State Fair opens, in Leavenworth.

SEPTEMBER 8.—Six hundred Mennonites arrive in Topeka, and spend some time there before going to their homes in the southwestern part of the State.

—Jacob Stotler appointed Postmaster at Emporia.

SEPTEMBER 10 and 11.—State Temperance Convention, at Leavenworth. Rev. J. Boynton President, David C. Beach Secretary. There were 64 delegates, from nine counties.

The following nominations were made: Governor, Dudley C. Haskell; Lieutenant Governor, P. B. Maxson; Secretary of State, W. H. Robinson; Treasurer, William Fairchild; Auditor, C. B. Lines; Attorney General, A. A. Foote; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Mrs. M. J. Sharon; Associate Justice, D. M. Valentine.

Many of these candidates declined the nominations, and the ticket, as finally voted for at the polls, stood as follows: Governor, W. K. Marshall, of Lawrence; Lieutenant Governor, L. Brown, Girard, Crawford county; Secretary of State, W. H. Robinson, of Leavenworth; Auditor, David C. Beach, of Lawrence; Treasurer, William Fairchild, of Leavenworth; Attorney General, A. M. F. Randolph, of Coffey county; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Mrs. M. J. Sharon, of Marion county;

Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, D. M. Valentine, Ottawa, Franklin county.

The following platform was adopted:

"The Temperance men and women of the State of Kansas, believing that the time has come when they ought to present a State ticket, composed of honest, temperate and capable men, hereby unite in the following declaration of principles:

"We are in favor of—

- "1. The civil and political equality of all men and women.
- "2. An economical administration of all departments of the Government.
- "3. Political reform by selecting for office none but honest and capable men.
- "4. The legal prohibition of the manufacture, importation and sale, for beverage use, of all intoxicating liquors.
- "5. The fostering and improvement of our system of common schools.
- "6. The speedy and exemplary punishment of all public officers guilty of embezzlement, the misappropriation of the public funds, or neglect to perform sworn duties.
- "7. The immediate and complete protection of our exposed frontier from Indian outrages.
- "8. The public assistance by all proper and legal means of the sufferers from the grasshoppers and drouth in the newly-settled counties of the State.

"But we are inflexibly opposed—

- "1. To all forms of repudiation, either State, National or municipal.
- "2. To the appropriation of the public domain to the building of railroads."

SEPTEMBER 15.—Special session of the Legislature. Ballot for Speaker: Thomas P. Fenlon 23, E. H. Funston 23, F. W. Potter 13. *Second ballot:* Fenlon 27, Funston 23, Potter 10. *Third ballot:* Fenlon 31, Funston 28.

Thanks were returned to Hon. Gerrit Smith for his recent donation for the relief of the destitute.

SEPTEMBER 22.—Adjournment of the special session of the Legislature. It passed a law requiring every corporation created by or existing under the laws of this State to keep a general office within the State; An act authorizing counties to issue bonds for relief purposes; An act authorizing the issue of bonds for the relief of the destitute people of the frontier, (only \$7,500 in bonds were issued under this act); A law requiring county treasurers to make quarterly statements; and a few other acts.

SEPTEMBER 23.—Eleven hundred Mennonites arrive at Topeka.

OCTOBER.—Clay Center is building a fine school-house.—Jewell county has 113 organized school districts.—Hutchinson has built a \$14,000 school-house.—The Superintendent reports that "the graded schools of Wichita will compare favorably with any in the country."—Shawnee county has over 100 separate schools.—Alma has a graded school and a fine new building.—Wilson county had 75 schools in session in the fall and winter.—Miami county has expended \$55,000 for schools this year.—The University has eleven instructors, and its students come from twenty-five counties.—The Agricultural College has thirteen instructors, and 208 students.—The Emporia Normal School has 236 students.—The Leavenworth Normal School has students from twenty-seven counties.—Baker University has 101 students; Rev. Dr. Joseph Denison is the President.—Mount St. Mary's Female Academy, Leavenworth, has 50 students; its buildings cost \$85,500.

OCTOBER 5.—Seventh Annual Meeting of the Academy of Science, at Topeka.

OCTOBER.—John A. Anderson issues a Hand-book of the Agricultural College. It is an interesting book, containing 124 pages.

—N. A. Adams has been elected Secretary of the College Board.

OCTOBER 5.—Four Kansas railroads ship 122,914 head of Texas cattle in eight months.

OCTOBER 14.—The Mennonites buy 100,000 acres of land of the A. T. & S. F. Railroad Company, all lying north of Florence, Peabody, Walton, Newton, Halstead, Burrton, and Hutchinson.

OCTOBER 24.—C. G. Hawley appointed Postmaster at Girard.

OCTOBER 26.—J. C. Martin and W. E. Timmons start the Chase County Courant.

OCTOBER 27.—Ninth Annual Meeting of the State Sabbath School Association, at Atchison. President, S. B. Riggs, of Emporia; F. T. Ingalls and Harrison Clarkson, Secretaries; Thomas J. White, Reporter.

NOVEMBER.—The Third Annual Report of the State Board of Agriculture contains tabular statistics from which the following facts are obtained: National Banks in the State, 26; capital, \$1,983,000; deposits for the last six months, \$2,994,330. Other banks in the State, 86; deposits, \$2,399,616; capital, \$1,588,006.

"The following list of manufacturing establishments has been returned to the county boards during the year:

	No.	Capital.
Water-power saw mills.....	15	\$51,272
Steam saw mills.....	50	196,522
Water-power flour mills.....	80	1,061,195
Steam flour mills.....	59	1,014,910
Water-power saw and grist mills.....	13	71,500
Steam-power saw and grist mills.....	14	63,892
Furniture and cabinet factories.....	13	157,820
Foundries and rolling mills.....	5	195,000
Woolen factories.....	6	111,600
Miscellaneous, embracing oil factories, cheese factories, gypsum, soap, and carriage factories.....	50	567,916
Total.....	305	\$3,524,627

"This is exclusive of cigar manufactories, breweries, machine shops of the different railroads, and all the minor industries."

The following church statistics are given:

Denominations.	Organi- zation...	Member- ship.....	Church Edifices.	Value of Church Property.
Presbyterian.....	161	6,604	74	\$294,855
Congregational.....	113	3,831	48	238,500
Baptist.....	229	9,789	53	226,900
United Presbyterian.....	39	1,513	14	49,200
Methodist.....	621	22,096	96	339,400
Episcopal.....	34	1,136	22	172,000
Catholic.....	191	32,311	72	415,200

The book has been prepared by Alfred Gray and George T. Anthony. The New York Times says it is the best Agricultural Report ever issued in this country.

NOVEMBER 3.—Annual election.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, LIEUT. GOVERNOR, AND SECRETARY OF STATE.

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR.			LIEUT. GOVERNOR.			SEC'Y OF STATE.		
	<i>Thos. A. Osborn.</i>	<i>James C. Casey.</i>	<i>W. K. Marshall.</i>	<i>M. J. Sailer.</i>	<i>E. H. Hinton.</i>	<i>L. Brown.</i>	<i>T. H. Cavanaugh.</i>	<i>Nelson Abbott.</i>	<i>W. H. Robinson.</i>
Allen	541	736	23	718	595	2	666	619	5
Anderson	528	460	20	575	438	7	579	429	8
Atchison	1,594	1,294	13	1,614	1,291		1,624	1,273	3
Barber	98	80		99	79		99	79	
Barton	304	170		305	170		308	168	
Bourbon	1,117	1,241	140	1,263	1,189	92	1,271	1,171	95
Brown	717	628	16	765	569		767	588	4
Butler	607	298	625	861	272	384	865	268	393
Chase	201	513	15	264	461	11	228	423	50
Cherokee	682	878	64	683	885	49	676	888	50
Clay	771	304	42	781	302	38	777	303	38
Cloud	875	180		911	158		912	158	
Coffey	722	565	4	785	549	3	788	505	3
Cowley	1,000	494	22	942	541		1,010	456	5
Crawford	350	689	150	376	671	140	376	676	133
Davis	452	328		469	301		491	297	
Dickinson	722	269	6	737	253	3	736	249	2
Doniphan	1,457	978	3	1,459	930	3	1,465	924	3
Douglas	1,446	1,618	169	1,534	1,610	110	1,538	1,605	109
Ellis	230	19		229	19		232	19	
Ellsworth	357	9		369			368		
Edwards	71	1		73			73		
Ford	135	1		135	2		136		
Franklin	798	1,117	23	928	1,032	10	931	1,021	16
Greenwood	646	489	17	732	443		733	440	
Harvey	559	57	14	596	31	4	598	29	2
Howard	1,881	719		1,877	694		1,916	689	
Jackson	633	497		634	500		642	490	
Jefferson	869	1,064	43	915	1,043	27	92	944	82
Jewell	753	289	9	904	158		917	144	6
Johnson	1,012	1,528	84	1,064	1,490	66	1,086	1,453	71
Kingman	113	19		113	19		113	19	
Labette	1,228	730	77	1,407	585	46	1,269	706	61
Leavenworth	3,076	1,247	128	2,378	1,889	122	2,039	2,224	124
Lincoln	356	134		357	134		354	135	
Linn	702	950	180	798	929	3	807	922	125
Lyon	880	635	23	955	547		1,028	528	
Marion	548	228		592	194		594	191	4
Marshall	1,348	528	33	1,301	505	20	1,374	504	22
McPherson	661	321		672	311		660	314	
Miami	855	1,318	57	975	1,295	19	970	1,265	20
Mitchell	635	375		668	353		667	350	
Montgomery	1,255	1,106		1,294	1,085		1,291	1,010	
Morris	548	415		569	395		571	395	
Norton	107	12		124			125	1	
Nemaha	794	573	2	833	535	1	834	536	1
Neosho	557	1,178	16	1,090	739	3	1,074	725	4
Osage	972	752	45	1,068	720	1	1,082	687	1
Osborne	283	42	1	361	24		367	24	
Ottawa	731	26	7	739	17	7	742	16	6
Pratt	39	43		40	42		40	42	
Pawnee	110	64		110	65		107	64	
Phillips	145	193		410	2		417	1	
Pottawatomie	863	692	3	879	664		911	114	
Reno	657	54	8	719	21		720	19	
Republic	1,012	20	22	1,044	12	5	1,049	12	5
Rice	162	93	39	256	17		252	10	35
Riley	692	521	12	907	322	12	909	310	16
Rooks	92	21		92	22		93	21	
Russell	257		10	269			270		10
Saline	795	285		762	336		844	239	
Sedgwick	923	508		944	492		983	460	
Shawnee	1,602	950	26	1,748	881	14	1,756	796	28
Smith	300	130		454	8		473	6	
Sumner	480	439		485	433		499	400	
Wabaunsee	506	242		533	237		539	227	
Wallace	77			77			77		
Washington	743	532		752	524		754	507	
Wilson	592	820	28	869	606	3	868	601	3
Woodson	274	411	54	515	248	1	485	270	1
Wyandotte	706	1,181	4	864	1,043	1	891	1,008	1
Total	48,594	35,301	2,277	52,637	32,927	1,207	52,633	31,967	1,546

VOTE FOR AUDITOR, TREASURER, AND ATTORNEY GENERAL.

COUNTIES.	AUDITOR.			TREASURER.			ATT'Y GEN'L.	
	D. W. Ryder.	G. P. Smith.	D. C. Beach.	Samuel Lapham.	James K. Watson.	Wm. Pitt-child.	A. M. F. Randolph.	J. R. Howell.
Allen	675	606	2	538	715	.....	632	681
Anderson	606	399	15	541	165	14	583	434
Atchison	1,626	1,297	3	1,636	1,274	3	1,610	1,307
Barber	99	79	.....	99	79	.....	99	79
Barton	308	170	.....	299	173	.....	307	171
Bourbon	1,344	1,119	88	1,226	1,211	107	1,361	1,177
Brown	760	598	5	707	635	6	760	243
Butler	919	259	339	845	234	391	1,253	280
Chase	279	444	12	116	599	15	275	394
Cherokee	686	885	49	661	851	49	598	996
Clay	795	292	37	787	299	38	820	304
Cloud	909	159	.....	898	173	.....	909	154
Coffey	797	514	3	725	574	3	879	445
Cowley	966	536	11	744	728	14	970	545
Crawford	384	675	130	369	685	134	506	682
Davis	503	287	.....	453	325	.....	489	300
Dickinson	741	249	2	722	258	2	732	248
Douphan	1,461	937	3	1,477	908	.....	1,462	929
Douglas	1,552	1,604	119	507	2,663	81	1,675	1,594
Ellis	231	19	.....	232	10	.....	231	19
Ellsworth	370	.....	.....	358	.....	.....	370	.....
Edwards	73	.....	.....	73	.....	.....	73	.....
Ford	135	2	.....	134	2	.....	134	2
Franklin	950	1,003	11	790	1,137	12	942	1,029
Greenwood	738	434	.....	714	461	.....	733	438
Harvey	600	3	2	580	39	6	600	32
Howard	1,919	692	.....	1,909	697	.....	1,918	690
Jackson	638	497	.....	610	518	.....	637	503
Jefferson	929	1,023	28	809	1,033	36	942	1,042
Jewell	881	158	.....	886	181	6	921	146
Johnson	993	1,484	79	957	1,546	76	1,130	1,491
Kingman	113	19	.....	108	24	.....	113	19
Labette	1,320	647	57	1,098	867	61	1,335	710
Leavenworth	2,454	1,698	121	2,157	2,021	163	2,094	2,219
Lincoln	358	133	.....	355	135	.....	357	133
Linn	811	921	116	784	939	127	944	903
Lyon	1,063	525	2	817	718	24	1,032	446
Marion	596	190	4	465	300	5	602	189
Marshall	1,412	491	20	1,311	574	20	1,415	504
McPherson	674	315	.....	673	316	.....	671	317
Miami	983	1,285	18	932	1,312	28	249	1,297
Mitchell	667	349	.....	609	356	.....	665	352
Montgomery	1,217	1,088	.....	1,212	1,159	.....	1,273	1,112
Morris	571	396	.....	430	511	.....	570	389
Norton	106	.....	.....	125	.....	.....	126	.....
Nemaha	839	533	1	749	570	3	835	534
Neosho	981	857	5	583	1,239	5	970	873
Osage	1,096	695	2	848	941	3	1,087	707
Osborne	365	23	.....	192	192	.....	368	24
Ottawa	745	11	6	739	16	7	752	12
Pratt	40	39	.....	37	43	.....	40	42
Pawnee	110	61	.....	103	70	.....	110	64
Phillips	417	2	1	396	7	.....	419	.....
Pottawatomie	889	681	.....	822	734	.....	995	641
Reno	720	15	.....	709	16	11	719	18
Republic	1,043	11	5	1,044	14	5	1,053	11
Rice	253	11	4	251	26	4	297	11
Riley	918	313	10	727	489	16	920	318
Rooks	93	22	.....	92	21	.....	92	22
Russell	275	.....	10	275	.....	10	285	.....
Saline	767	382	.....	712	387	.....	728	344
Sedgewick	950	481	.....	912	517	.....	962	478
Shawnee	1,787	854	12	1,450	1,135	22	1,767	882
Smith	478	1	.....	451	11	.....	480	.....
Sumner	499	424	.....	474	445	.....	488	434
Wabauasee	539	232	.....	521	246	.....	535	231
Wallace	77	.....	.....	77	.....	.....	77	.....
Washington	750	524	.....	749	531	.....	745	525
Wilson	936	519	4	760	699	12	870	609
Woodson	499	267	1	286	460	10	484	284
Wyandotte	882	1,029	2	843	1,064	1	887	1,028
Total	53,175	32,448	1,339	47,333	37,589	1,530	52,881	33,137

VOTE FOR SUP'T OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, AND ASSOCIATE JUSTICE.

COUNTIES.	SUP'T PUB. INSTRUCTION.			ASS'TE JUSTICE.	
	John Aycock...	W. B. Chapman	Mrs. M. J. Sharon...	D. M. Valentine.	W. P. Doubledt.
Allen	623	688	6	618	693
Anderson	586	434	.....	565	447
Atchison	1,599	1,314	2	1,612	1,307
Barber	98	79	.....	100	79
Barton	306	171	.....	307	171
Bourbon	1,262	1,177	115	1,365	1,196
Brown	763	598	3	761	602
Butler	600	269	396	1,239	290
Chase	271	455	10	271	490
Cherokee	680	853	56	699	911
Clay	778	291	53	826	298
Cloud	911	155	.....	912	159
Coffey	801	503	3	811	507
Cowley	923	568	5	975	540
Crawford	380	676	128	509	678
Davis	504	285	.....	490	299
Dickinson	744	231	.....	743	247
Doniphan	1,459	932	3	1,462	933
Douglas	1,735	1,434	95	1,570	1,696
Ellis	235	9	.....	230	20
Ellsworth	370	.....	.....	370	.....
Edwards	73	.....	.....	73	.....
Ford	135	2	.....	138	.....
Franklin	947	1,006	13	1,030	870
Greenwood	736	435	.....	734	440
Harvey	598	30	3	598	33
Howard	1,911	688	.....	1,920	687
Jackson	638	502	.....	635	504
Jefferson	926	1,026	31	893	1,086
Jewell	913	.....	5	920	146
Johnson	1,104	1,469	59	1,135	1,494
Kingman	113	19	.....	113	19
Labette	1,201	655	59	1,342	696
Leavenworth	2,060	2,197	120	2,028	2,212
Lincoln	337	132	.....	359	132
Linn	801	914	137	936	917
Lyon	1,032	526	.....	1,027	554
Marion	602	182	5	534	255
Marshall	1,399	495	24	1,425	499
McPherson	671	315	.....	673	316
Miami	997	1,274	16	998	1,287
Mitchell	677	350	.....	670	349
Montgomery	1,290	1,082	.....	1,286	1,084
Morris	561	398	.....	569	398
Norton	125	.....	.....	125	.....
Nemaha	835	535	.....	842	531
Neosho	984	861	1	970	870
Osage	1,086	701	3	1,067	729
Osborne	367	22	.....	389	3
Ottawa	744	12	6	750	14
Pratt	40	42	.....	40	43
Pawnee	111	64	.....	111	62
Phillips	418	.....	.....	418	.....
Pottawatomie	915	648	.....	868	684
Reno	722	19	.....	709	28
Republic	1,049	11	4	1,053	10
Rice	155	12	143	300	11
Riley	905	314	19	928	311
Rooks	93	21	.....	92	22
Russell	270	.....	10	284	.....
Saline	765	323	.....	759	347
Sedgwick	952	484	.....	953	485
Shawnee	1,759	884	11	1,484	1,179
Smith	481	.....	.....	482	.....
Sumner	490	431	.....	485	436
Wabaunsee	515	239	.....	526	241
Wallace	77	.....	.....	77	.....
Washington	758	520	.....	745	530
Wilson	874	603	3	878	584
Woodson	484	279	3	483	286
Wyandotte	894	1,016	8	883	1,029
Total	52,098	32,860	1,558	53,172	33,147

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

District...	Counties.	Names of Candidates.	Vote of County..	Total	Majority
1...	Doniphan	C. G. Bridges.....	1,439		505
	Doniphan	John L. Blair.....	934		
2...	Atchison	George W. Gillespie.....	1,739		432
	Atchison	S. P. Griffin.....	1,436		
3...	Atchison	George W. Glick	1,307		131
	Atchison	E. R. Brown	1,305		
3...	Brown	J. M. Miller.....	726		266
	Brown	J. M. Miller.....	759	1,485	
3...	Nemaha	Joseph Cracraft.....	630		219
	Nemaha	Joseph Cracraft.....	589	1,219	
4...	Marshall	Boaz W. Williams.....	1,124		242
	Washington.....	Boaz W. Williams.....	535	1,659	
4...	Marshall	Charles Coddington.....	717		416
	Washington.....	Charles Coddington.....	699	1,416	
5...	Jackson	J. S. Hopkins.....	456		29
	Pottawatomie.....	J. S. Hopkins.....	856	1,312	
5...	Jackson	James McLellan.....	659		276
	Pottawatomie.....	James McLellan.....	617	1,276	
6...	Jefferson	J. B. Shaeffer.....	1,042		92
	Jefferson	Val. Brown.....	950		
6...	Leavenworth.....	J. A. Halderman.....	2,551		473
	Leavenworth.....	J. P. Bauserman.....	2,146	242	
7...	Leavenworth.....	T. L. Johnson.....	2,167		298
	Leavenworth.....	J. B. Dutton.....	1,769		
7...	Leavenworth.....	E. Stillings.....	2,079		47
	Leavenworth.....	J. C. Stone.....	1,903		
8...	Wyandotte.....	Byron Judd.....	979		268
	Wyandotte.....	H. W. Cook.....	932		
9...	Johnson	W. W. Maltby.....	1,410		271
	Johnson	V. R. Ellis.....	1,142		
10...	Miami	William Jones.....	1,276		161
	Miami	E. H. Topping.....	1,005		
11...	Linn	R. B. McMillan.....	979		277
	Linn	James D. Snoddy.....	816		
12...	Bourbon	J. W. Bainum.....	1,224		78
	Bourbon	C. W. Libby.....	947		
12...	Bourbon	D. M. Davis.....	209		783
	Crawford.....	D. M. Davis.....	574	783	
13...	Bourbon	E. Holt.....	127		104
	Crawford.....	E. Holt.....	578	705	
14...	Cherokee.....	E. C. Wells.....	872		241
	Cherokee.....	H. R. Hubbard.....	768		
15...	Labette	J. H. Crichton.....	1,105		169
	Labette	J. M. Mahr.....	831		
15...	Labette	M. W. Reynolds.....	33		292
	Neosho.....	Walter L. Simons.....	1,011	1,015	
16...	Neosho.....	G. W. Spurgeon.....	840		455
	Anderson.....	Thomas Bartlett.....	509		
17...	Allen.....	Thomas Bartlett.....	798		102
	Anderson.....	Louis Walker.....	504		
17...	Allen.....	Louis Walker.....	511		396
	Franklin.....	W. L. Parkinson.....	1,211		
18...	Franklin.....	James Hanway.....	756		102
	Douglas.....	J. C. Horton.....	1,821		
19...	Douglas.....	Charles Robinson.....	1,719		544
	Douglas.....	H. L. Moore.....	1,594		
19...	Douglas.....	Jeremiah Boynton.....	1,323		1,589
	Shawnee.....	William Sims.....	2,082		
20...	Shawnee.....	M. J. Alkire.....	493		991
	Osage.....	C. S. Martin.....	1,131		
21...	Wabaunsee.....	C. S. Martin.....	402		275
	Osage.....	T. K. Thompson.....	637	1,536	
21...	Wabaunsee.....	T. K. Thompson.....	354		488
	Coffey.....	D. W. Finney.....	488		
21...	Woodson.....	D. W. Finney.....	414		932
	Coffey.....	C. B. Butler.....	477		
22...	Woodson.....	C. B. Butler.....	180		657
	Coffey.....	Charles Stoeltzing.....	347		
22...	Woodson.....	Charles Stoeltzing.....	141		488
	Woodson.....	Charles Stoeltzing.....	141	488	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONCLUDED.

District.....	Counties.	Names of Candidates.	Vote of County.....	Total.....	Major, or Plur.....
23...	Wilson.....	W. A. Peffer.....	709		
	Montgomery.....	W. A. Peffer.....	1,260	1,975	153
24...	Wilson.....	M. A. Brooks.....	724		
	Montgomery.....	M. A. Brooks.....	1,096	1,820	
24...	Greenwood.....	William Martindale.....	689		
	Lyon.....	William Martindale.....	1,062	1,751	774
	Greenwood.....	M. J. Firey.....	478		
	Lyon.....	M. J. Firey.....	498	976	
	Edwards.....	H. C. St. Clair.....	73		
	Ford.....	H. C. St. Clair.....	137		
	Pawnee.....	H. C. St. Clair.....	111		
	Barber.....	H. C. St. Clair.....	178		
	Butler.....	H. C. St. Clair.....	1,355		
	Cowley.....	H. C. St. Clair.....	914		
25...	Harvey.....	H. C. St. Clair.....	618		
	Howard.....	H. C. St. Clair.....	2,011		
	Reno.....	H. C. St. Clair.....	753		
	Sedgwick.....	H. C. St. Clair.....	954		
	Sumner.....	H. C. St. Clair.....	597		
	Kingman.....	H. C. St. Clair.....	131		
	Pratt.....	H. C. St. Clair.....	78	7,900	6,208
	Pawnee.....	R. B. Saffold.....	64		
	Butler.....	R. B. Saffold.....	177		
	Cowley.....	R. B. Saffold.....	591		
26...	Howard.....	R. B. Saffold.....	549		
	Sedgwick.....	R. B. Saffold.....	480		
	Sumner.....	R. B. Saffold.....	318	1,691	
	Chase.....	Samuel R. Peters.....	327		
	Marion.....	Samuel R. Peters.....	512		
	Morris.....	Samuel R. Peters.....	459	1,298	91
	Chase.....	B. Pinckney.....	407		
	Marion.....	B. Pinckney.....	293		
	Morris.....	B. Pinckney.....	506	1,206	
	Davis.....	I. P. Dow.....	559		
27...	Dickinson.....	H. P. Dow.....	671		
	Riley.....	H. P. Dow.....	869	2,099	1,216
	Davis.....	John Davis.....	233		
	Dickinson.....	John Davis.....	320		
	Riley.....	John Davis.....	325	878	
	Rooks.....	Horace Cooper.....	114		
	Clay.....	Horace Cooper.....	769		
	Cloud.....	Horace Cooper.....	745		
	Jewell.....	Horace Cooper.....	890		
	Lincoln.....	Horace Cooper.....	299		
28...	Mitchell.....	Horace Cooper.....	694		
	Norton.....	Horace Cooper.....	37		
	Ottawa.....	Horace Cooper.....	493		
	Osborne.....	Horace Cooper.....	375		
	Phillips.....	Horace Cooper.....	359		
	Republic.....	Horace Cooper.....	510		
	Smith.....	Horace Cooper.....	481	5,766	3,991
	Clay.....	R. P. West.....	59		
	Cloud.....	R. P. West.....	308		
	Jewell.....	R. P. West.....	176		
29...	Lincoln.....	R. P. West.....	123		
	Mitchell.....	R. P. West.....	246		
	Norton.....	R. P. West.....	27		
	Ottawa.....	R. P. West.....	195		
	Osborne.....	R. P. West.....	5		
	Phillips.....	R. P. West.....	100		
	Republic.....	R. P. West.....	491		
	Smith.....	R. P. West.....	41	1,771	
	Russell.....	Solomon Stephens.....	282		
	Saline.....	Solomon Stephens.....	818		
29...	McPherson.....	Solomon Stephens.....	708		
	Ellsworth.....	Solomon Stephens.....	370		
	Ellis.....	Solomon Stephens.....	238		
	Wallace.....	Solomon Stephens.....	78		
	Rice.....	Solomon Stephens.....	277		
	Barton.....	Solomon Stephens.....	434	3,205	2,888
Saline.....	James H. Snead.....	275	275		

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>District</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of Candidates.</i>	<i>Totes</i>	<i>Maj., or Plur.</i>
1	Doniphan	Giles A. Briggs.....	561	118
		F. J. Close.....	443	
2	.....	M. T. Landon.....	365	23
		R. S. Hinkley.....	342	
3	.....	John L. Motter.....	230	57
		T. H. Vories.....	173	
		A. J. Mowry.....	135	
4	Atchison	Jos. Randolph.....	84	26
		Wm. C. Smith.....	554	
		Edward Fleischer.....	528	
5	.....	T. B. Tomlinson.....	478	68
		Samuel Stoner.....	410	
6	.....	A. J. Sutton.....	411	19
		Alex. Walker.....	422	
7	Brown	M. C. Willis.....	699	58
		Jos. D. Hardy.....	641	
8	Nemaha.....	G. W. Brown.....	365	13
		A. P. Herrol.....	351	
9	.....	S. P. Conrad.....	616	598
		A. Baujous.....	12	
10	Marshall.....	C. J. Brown.....	1,300	679
		M. D. Tenney.....	621	
11	Washington.....	J. W. Bell.....	725	169
		Clinton Hogue.....	556	
12	Riley	George Pickett.....	645	65
		C. L. Wilkins.....	578	
13	Pottawatomie.....	J. S. Coddling.....	433	8
		E. McKee.....	425	
		P. McClosky.....	62	
14	.....	P. Marvel.....	367	89
		Dr. Little.....	227	
15	Jackson	J. W. Williams.....	618	132
		B. H. Bradshaw.....	486	
16	Jefferson.....	Matt. Edmonds.....	321	24
		N. Simmons.....	297	
17	.....	W. B. Spurlock.....	225	27
		J. N. O. P. Wood.....	198	
		H. C. Mains.....	197	
18	.....	J. P. Barnes.....	392	46
		E. D. Russell.....	346	
19	Leavenworth.....	H. D. Mackay.....	347	149
		Wm. D. Matthews.....	198	
20	.....	John C. Vaughan.....	267	97
		R. A. Lovitt.....	170	
21	.....	Jas. F. Legate.....	440	209
		H. C. Keller.....	188	
		George A. Eddy.....	43	
22	.....	F. P. Fitzwilliam.....	392	170
		Wm. O. Gould.....	222	
23	.....	H. C. Squires.....	334	40
		Wm. Howsley.....	294	
24	.....	M. R. Mitchell.....	427	126
		C. R. Jennison.....	301	
25	.....	Crawford Moore.....	360	88
		E. E. Hollenbeck.....	272	
26	Wyandotte.....	Sanford Haff.....	492	46
		J. L. Pritchard.....	446	
		H. N. Kerr.....	271	
27	.....	W. J. Buchan.....	401	126
		John B. Scroggs.....	275	
28	Johnson	D. G. Campbell.....	334	59
		J. R. Thorp.....	275	
		David Warren.....	161	
		James W. Noel.....	102	
29	.....	R. E. Stevenson.....	540	46
		George Black.....	494	
30	.....	Z. Meredith.....	355	27
		Geo. T. Rogers.....	328	
31	Miami	T. E. Smith.....	587	27
		L. Bradbury.....	560	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>District</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of Candidates.</i>	<i>Totals</i>	<i>Maj. or Plur.</i>
32	Miami (concluded).....	F. M. Fain.....	654	195
		S. Underhill.....	459	
33	Linn.....	A. C. Dodd.....	404	30
		Harvey Smith.....	374	
34		H. Robinson.....	289	77
		C. M. Vertrus.....	211	
		Walker Walker.....	1	
35		O. E. Morse.....	293	36
		H. P. Clay.....	257	
36	Bourbon.....	John Raney.....	397	102
		A. K. Hull.....	295	
37		A. Goucher.....	544	16
		Jacob Brenner.....	328	
38		E. M. Hulett.....	552	63
		W. C. Webb.....	489	
		J. M. Hiatt.....	136	
39	Crawford.....	W. H. Merriwether.....	280	25
		E. P. Pomeroy.....	259	
40		George W. Brown.....	398	198
		Stephen Alberty.....	199	
41	Cherokee.....	H. H. Angell.....	611	205
		C. Spencer.....	406	
42		W. E. Cowan.....	352	111
		L. T. Stowell.....	241	
43	Labette.....	J. J. Wood.....	618	60
		William Dick.....	558	
44		R. W. Wright.....	401	6
		J. C. McKnight.....	395	
45	Neosho.....	C. F. Stauber.....	473	79
		Robert Brogan.....	394	
		Louis A. Reese.....	110	
46		A. P. Gibson.....	486	192
		Frank Bacon.....	291	
47	Allen.....	E. H. Funston.....	402	108
		G. B. Inge.....	291	
48		R. V. Blair.....	367	122
		G. W. Moon.....	245	
49	Anderson.....	H. Clay Reppert.....	631	251
		A. G. West.....	380	
50	Franklin.....	P. P. Elder.....	598	292
		Jasper Robinson.....	366	
51		J. N. Foster.....	549	114
		S. Topping.....	435	
52	Douglas.....	T. D. Thacher.....	573	271
		H. H. Howard.....	278	
53		D. C. Haskell.....	565	195
		William B. Kennedy.....	352	
54		T. E. Tabor.....	419	124
		H. C. Fisher.....	294	
55		L. H. Tuttle.....	387	142
		J. M. Still.....	244	
56	Shawnee.....	James Burgess.....	393	136
		James Stearns.....	257	
		G. C. Clemens.....	195	
57		John Martin.....	1,035	1,031
58		F. R. Foster.....	482	249
		F. P. Firey.....	233	
59	Osage.....	S. B. Bradford.....	516	139
		Harrison Dubois.....	377	
60		F. Donnelly.....	503	131
		L. R. Adams.....	359	
61	Coffey.....	B. L. Kingsbury.....	761	264
		J. F. Jones.....	497	
62	Woodson.....	A. B. Mann.....	461	157
		David Askern.....	302	
63	Wilson.....	S. S. Benedict.....	790	141
		C. J. Wright.....	644	
64	Montgomery.....	William Huston.....	574	133
		A. J. Hersey.....	441	
		L. Gladfelter.....	173	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>District</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of Candidates.</i>	<i>Votes</i>	<i>Maj. or Plur.</i>
65	Montgomery (concluded)...	L. A. Walker.....	430	43
		B. M. Armstrong.....	353	
		James DeLong.....	387	
66	Howard	Edward Jaquins.....	1,521	370
		T. B. Rice	1,151	
67	Greenwood.....	A. W. Scott	553	20
		William McBrown.....	533	
		J. P. Hillyard.....	91	
68	Lyon	George Johnston.....	529	211
		S. J. Crawford.....	318	
69	Wabaunsee.....	John W. Loy.....	622	618
		S. A. Baldwin.....	439	104
		William Mitchell.....	335	
71	Davis.....	C. G. Cox.....	507	233
		H. C. McCarty.....	272	
72	Morris	F. M. Hooton	424	
		John Maloy.....	424	
		J. P. Burkhart.....	121	
73	Chase	S. M. Wood.....	446	162
		O. H. Drinkwater.....	283	
74	Butler.....	Joseph L. Ferguson.....	999	451
		Abram Leidy.....	547	
75	Cowley.....	Thomas R. Bryan.....	818	115
		A. S. Williams.....	703	
76	Sedgwick.....	E. B. Allen.....	954	496
		W. T. Jewett.....	458	
77	Marion.....	R. C. Bates.....	415	70
		F. Doster.....	345	
78	McPherson.....	A. W. Smith.....	677	369
		B. Evans.....	307	
79	Dickinson.....	Orrin A. Root.....	637	290
		W. H. Sutphen.....	324	
80	Clay.....	S. D. Beegle.....	441	29
		George Taylor.....	412	
		J. S. Harris.....	244	
81	Republic	W. H. Pilkenton.....	998	965
		W. H. Settles.....	12	
82	Cloud	C. K. Wells.....	736	426
		W. E. Reid.....	310	
83	Ottawa	R. D. Mobley.....	271	31
		J. W. McLaren.....	240	
		John Henry.....	164	
		D. M. Dunn.....	76	
		A. B. Murch.....	30	
84	Saline.....	G. C. Lockwood	1,074	1,071
85	Ellsworth.....	G. A. Atwood.....	190	6
		H. V. Paris.....	184	
86	Lincoln.....	James B. Goff.....	279	60
		Volney Ball.....	219	
87	Mitchell.....	H. C. Babcock.....	513	24
		W. T. S. May.....	480	
88	Jewell	D. L. Palmer.....	425	2
		S. E. Wilson.....	423	
		N. Gishweler	244	
89	Ellis	W. N. Morphy.....	144	40
		Hill P. Wilson.....	103	
90	Wallace.....	C. W. N. Ruggles	80	80
91	Rice.....	S. M. Wirt	185	67
		S. B. Terry.....	118	
92	Sumner.....	W. H. Carter.....	508	103
		J. W. Hamilton.....	405	
93	Osborne.....	S. B. Farwell.....	368	349
94	Reno.....	Thomas T. Taylor.....	742	742
95	Smith.....	C. S. Aldrich.....	293	108
		G. M. Edson.....	183	
96	Harvey	J. E. Duncan.....	641	637
97	Barton.....	G. L. Brinkman.....	320	156
		W. H. Odell.....	164	
98	Russell.....	A. B. Cornell.....	150	10
		E. A. Church.....	140	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE — CONCLUDED.

<i>District...</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of Candidates.</i>	<i>Votes.....</i>	<i>Majority, or Plus.....</i>
99	Phillips.....	F. H. Jewett.....	218	12
		D. L. Smith.....	206	
100	Norton.....	C. C. Vance.....	100	42
		P. Hanson.....	58	
101	Pawnee.....	J. M. Miller.....	112	50
		Wm. White.....	62	
102	Rooks.....	F. McNulty.....	62	11
		Samuel S. Boggs.....	51	
103	Ford.....	R. H. Wright.....	140	140
104	Barber.....	H. E. Vantrees.....	95	14
		M. W. Sutton.....	81	
105	Harper.....			
106	Ness.....			
107	Comanche.....			
108	Kingman.....	W. H. Child.....	105	78
		A. R. Burgess.....	27	
109	Pratt.....	J. M. Moore.....	81	81
110	Edwards.....	C. L. Hubbs.....	46	18
		A. L. Kendall.....	28	

VOTE FOR MEMBER OF CONGRESS FROM THE FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

	<i>Wm. A. Phillips...</i>	<i>M. J. Parrish.....</i>	<i>N. Green.....</i>
COUNTIES OF THE FIRST DISTRICT.			
Atchison.....	1,504	1,268	142
Brown.....	755	597	6
Cloud.....	783	256	22
Clay.....	962	114	39
Davis.....	484	303	5
Dickinson.....	739	244	3
Doniphan.....	1,412	978	3
Ellis.....	228	18	2
Ellsworth.....	344	11	17
Graham.....			
Jewell.....	829	151	94
Jackson.....	434	425	275
Jefferson.....	898	986	81
Leavenworth.....	1,708	2,581	200
Lincoln.....	345	146	
Marshall.....	1,040	379	469
Mitchell.....	640	380	3
Nemaha.....	780	506	76
Norton.....	89	38	
Osborne.....	371	15	5
Ottawa.....	471	63	195
Phillips.....	291	47	81
Pottawatomie.....	929	590	24
Republic.....	961	26	83
Riley.....	957	212	68
Rooks.....	90	23	
Russell.....	265	13	
Saline.....	651	329	90
Smith.....	417	36	18
Washington.....	710	488	73
Total.....	20,087	11,223	2,074
Majority.....	6,777		

VOTE FOR MEMBER OF CONGRESS FROM THE SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

COUNTIES OF THE SECOND DISTRICT.	J. R. (Good)	S. A. Cobb

Allen.....	737	574
Anderson.....	425	564
Bourbon.....	1,232	1,321
Cherokee.....	878	742
Crawford.....	715	457
Douglas.....	1,646	1,596
Franklin.....	1,077	882
Johnson.....	1,561	1,028
Labette.....	749	1,300
Linn.....	962	888
Montgomery.....	1,066	1,313
Miami.....	1,286	983
Neosho.....	1,020	822
Wilson.....	585	883
Wyandotte.....	1,026	887
Total.....	14,965	14,240
Majority.....	713	

VOTE FOR MEMBER OF CONGRESS FROM THE THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

COUNTIES OF THE THIRD DISTRICT.	W. R. (Brown)	J. R. (Hudson)

Barber.....	104	73
Barton.....	273	206
Butler.....	751	771
Comanche.....		
Chase.....	251	483
Coffey.....	733	587
Cowley.....	914	644
Edwards.....	73	
Ford.....	132	3
Greenwood.....	693	480
Harper.....		
Harvey.....	601	37
Howard.....	1,659	944
Kingman.....	123	9
Lyon.....	884	693
Marion.....	429	354
McPherson.....	637	362
Morris.....	506	461
Ness.....		
Osage.....	1,028	767
Pawnee.....	106	69
Pratt.....	43	39
Reno.....	695	45
Rice.....	226	68
Sedgwick.....	842	599
Shawnee.....	1,521	1,139
Sumner.....	462	456
Wabaunsee.....	498	272
Wallace*.....		
Woodson.....	397	371
Total.....	14,581	9,932
Majority.....	4,645	

*William A. Phillips received 77 votes.

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURT IN THE SIXTH, EIGHTH,
AND ELEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.

District....	Counties.	Names of Candidates.	Vote of County...	Total.....	Majority..
6	Bourbon.....	W. C. Stewart.....	1,197	1,197	1,197
	Davis.....	James H. Austin.....	790		
8	Dickinson.....	James H. Austin.....	1,008	4,740	4,733
	Morris.....	James H. Austin.....	953		
	Ottawa.....	James H. Austin.....	758		
	Riley.....	James H. Austin.....	1,231		
	Montgomery.....	B. W. Perkins.....	1,438		
11	Labette.....	B. W. Perkins.....	1,036	4,065	1,042
	Cherokee.....	B. W. Perkins.....	823		
	Crawford.....	B. W. Perkins.....	768		
	Montgomery.....	J. D. McCue.....	951		
	Labette.....	J. D. McCue.....	891		
	Cherokee.....	J. D. McCue.....	798		
	Crawford.....	J. D. McCue.....	377	3,017	

NOVEMBER 6.—J. H. Folks appointed Regent of the Agricultural College.

NOVEMBER 7.—W. J. Bawden appointed Judge of the Sixth District.

NOVEMBER 10.—The Pomeroy bribery case comes on at Burlingame, before Judge Peyton. Gen. Stringfellow, for the defense, asked a continuance, and it was granted.

NOVEMBER 12.—Appointment of a State Relief Committee, at Topeka, consisting of E. S. Stover, F. S. McCabe, O. T. Welch, F. W. Giles, Henry King, William Sims, S. T. Kelsey, A. L. Vorhees, William C. Tenney, John Fraser, J. C. Cusey, C. H. Lebold, John Geise, B. H. McEckron, J. H. Edwards, Rev. Mr. McCobas, John A. Martin, George W. Glick, M. J. Morse, G. A. Thompson, P. B. Plumb, M. M. Murdock, J. H. Crichton, William Martindale, Horace Cooper, E. N. Morrill, M. E. Hudson, Charles W. Blair, Theo. C. Sears, D. J. Brewer, W. A. Johnson, Alfred Gray.

NOVEMBER 19.—Rev. Dr. James Marvin elected Chancellor of the University.

NOVEMBER 19.—Organization of the State Central Relief Committee, at Topeka. President, E. S. Stover; Secretary, Henry King; Treasurer, F. W. Giles. *Executive Committee:* E. S. Stover, Henry King, F. W. Giles, O. T. Welch, F. S. McCabe, M. M. Murdock, Wm. C. Tenney, D. J. Brewer, Thos. Murphy. Voted that an address be prepared by Rev. Dr. McCabe, Gen. John Fraser, and M. M. Murdock.

NOVEMBER 30.—Expenditures of the State for the year:

Governor's Department.....	\$7,097 40	Adjutant General.....	\$800 00
Secretary's Department.....	15,787 82	Supreme Court.....	22,047 64
Auditor's Department.....	5,312 62	District Judges.....	38,588 76
Treasurer's Department.....	4,346 04	Normal School, Emporia.....	12,595 56
Attorney General.....	1,850 00	Normal School, Leavenworth....	5,990 40
Supt. of Public Instruction.....	4,916 71	Blind Asylum.....	8,880 36
Librarian.....	2,656 55	Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	16,413 54

Insane Asylum.....	\$41,527 40	State Board of Agriculture.....	\$16,735 42
State University.....	29,244 81	Settlers on Osage Lands.....	2,500 00
Printing.....	37,866 01	Legislative expenses ..	35,130 45
Transcribing Journals.....	1,935 00	Miscellaneous appropriations....	14,067 77
Penitentiary.....	74,453 26	Court of Impeachment.....	10,166 31
Agricultural College.....	28,012 08	Legislative expenses, Special	
Regents of State Institutions....	5,979 28	Session	9,027 90
Conveying prisoners to Peniten-		Investigating Committee.....	968 80
tiary.....	10,315 75	Horticultural Society.....	1,000 00
Orphan Asylum, Leavenworth..	7,000 00		
Publishing Const. Amendment..	8,967 70	Total for 1874.....	\$182,212 31

—The following is the State debt:

Issued un- der act of...	Date of Issue.	For What.	Rate per an.	When Payable.	Where.	Face of Bonds.	Amount Sold For.	Bought by Permanent School Fund.....	Bought by Sinking Fund.....	Bought by
1861	July 1, '61	Cur. Exp.	7	July 1, '76	N. Y....	\$150,000	} \$173,150 00	\$18,100	\$34,600	
1863	Mar. 20, '63	Cur. Exp.	7	July 1, '78	N. Y....	54,000				
1863	July 1, '63	F. Terr. D.	6	July 1, '83	Top'ka	61,600	61,600 00	15,700	21,000	
1864	July 1, '64	Ref. T.....	6	July 1, '84	Top'ka	39,675	39,675 00	36,425	1,200	
1864	July 1, '64	Mil. Purp.	7	July 1, '84	N. Y....	100,000	87,586 00	11,000		
1864	July 1, '64	Penit'y.....	7	July 1, '84	N. Y....	50,000	45,000 00			
1866	July 1, '66	Mil. Purp.	7	July 1, '86	N. Y....	60,000	54,600 00			
1866	July 1, '66	Pub. Imp.	7	July 1, '96	N. Y....	70,000	63,210 00		38,000	
1866	July 1, '66	Mil. Purp.	7	July 1, '86	Top'ka	40,000	38,220 00	40,000		
1867	July 1, '67	Penit'y.....	7	July 1, '97	N. Y....	100,000	89,329 16	50,000		
1867	July 1, '67	Cap. B'dg.	7	July 1, '97	N. Y....	100,000	89,513 00	30,000	5,000	
1867	July 1, '67	D. & D. As.	7	July 1, '87	Top'ka	15,500	15,500 00	15,500		
1868	July 1, '68	Cap. B'dg.	7	July 1, '98	N. Y....	150,000	137,180 00	66,000		
1868	July 1, '68	Penit'y.....	7	July 1, '98	N. Y....	50,000	45,588 35		50,000	
1868	July 1, '68	Mil. Purp.	7	July 1, '88	N. Y....	30,000	27,353 00	30,000		
1868	July 1, '68	Ins. As....	7	July 1, '98	N. Y....	20,000	18,352 33	20,000		
1869	Jan. 1, '69	Mil. Purp.	7	July 1, '89	N. Y....	75,000	69,000 00	75,000		
1869	Jan. 1, '69	Mil. Purp.	7	July 1, '99	N. Y....	89,000	83,200 00	89,000		
1869	Jan. 1, '69	Mil. Purp.	7	July 1, '89	N. Y....	12,000	11,380 00	11,000	1,000	
1869	Jan. 1, '69	Cap. B'dg.	7	July 1, '89	N. Y....	70,000	66,442 57		30,000	
1874	Oct. 15, '74	Ref'r Bds.	7	Oct. 15, '94	N. Y....	5,000	5,000 00	5,000		
						\$1,341,775	\$1,220,779 41	\$512,725	\$180,800	

“The following bonds are held by the sinking fund:

Date of Issue.	For what Purpose.	Rate of Interest.	Amount of Bonds.
May 1, 1863.....	Funding Territorial debt.....	6 per cent...	\$11,000 00
July 1, 1863.....	Funding Territorial debt.....	6 per cent...	10,000 00
July 1, 1864.....	Funding Territorial debt.....	6 per cent...	1,200 00
July 1, 1861.....	Current expenses.....	7 per cent...	4,600 00
March 20, 1863...	Current expenses.....	7 per cent...	30,000 00
July 1, 1868.....	Penitentiary buildings.....	7 per cent...	50,000 00
July 1, 1867.....	Capitol building.....	7 per cent...	5,000 00
July 1, 1869.....	Capitol building.....	7 per cent...	30,000 00
July 1, 1866.....	Public improvements.....	7 per cent...	38,000 00
January 1, 1869.	Military purposes.....	7 per cent...	1,000 00
Total.....			\$180,800 00

“The amount of the Kansas State debt held by the Permanent School Fund is \$512,725; by the Sinking Fund, \$180,800; State bonds now outstanding and unpaid, \$618,250.”—*Auditor Wilder's Report.*

NOVEMBER 30.—The Insane Asylum, at Osawatomie, has steam water-works in successful operation.

NOVEMBER 30.—The following table is given to show what the State has attempted to raise each year by taxation:

Year.	Rate of tax on the dollar.	Tax levied.	Taxable property as fixed by the State Board.
1861.....	3 mills.....	\$74,233	\$24,774,333
1862.....	5 ".....	101,469	19,285,749
1863.....	5 ".....	127,302	25,460,400
1864.....	5 ".....	152,334	30,502,791
1865.....	5 ".....	181,136	36,227,200
1866.....	4 ".....	201,760	50,439,634
1867.....	5 ".....	281,381	56,276,360
1868.....	6½ ".....	435,407	66,949,549
1867.....	10 ".....	763,836	76,383,697
1870.....	8½ ".....	809,620	92,528,099
1871.....	6 ".....	652,521	108,753,575
1872.....	8½ ".....	1,085,372	127,690,937
1873.....	6 ".....	754,105	125,684,176
1874.....	6 ".....	773,499	128,916,519
1875.....	6 ".....	729,266	121,544,344

—Auditor Wilder's Report.

The 1875 figures have been added to the above table. The Report says: "The whole of this tax is never collected, and only a fraction of the amount levied in any year is collected during that year."

—Librarian Dickinson says the State owns 4,278 volumes of Kansas Supreme Court Reports, worth \$17,112. The number of books in the Library is 10,297.

DECEMBER.—Report of Charles Puffer, C. S. Brodbent, and Wm. W. Creighton, Commissioners of Public Institutions. It is a volume of 406 pages.

DECEMBER 1.—Secretary Smallwood reports the following counties organized during the year: Kingman, February 27; Pratt, March 14; Edwards, August 21.

DECEMBER.—

"There are now in the State 4,395 school districts, of which 391 were organized during the past year. In the number of pupils enrolled in the public schools there has been an increase, since the last report of the Superintendent, of 13,000; 5,043 teachers have been employed, an increase from 1873 of more than twenty per cent. The amount distributed to the various counties, on the semi-annual dividend of school money, is \$261,952.61, an increase for the year of \$30,035.34. The progress made by the higher educational institutions is none the less marked."—Gov. Osborn's Message, January, 1875.

DECEMBER 1.—

"It has been repeatedly asserted that the laws governing the State Treasury are impracticable, and that no person could perform the duties of the office and comply with the law. On the 19th of May, I issued a circular to the several county treasurers, reciting the sections of the statutes showing the kind of funds which should be received by the State Treasurer in payment of all moneys due the treasury, with a notice that hereafter no drafts or checks would be received. In some instances no attention was paid to said circular, but a prompt adherence to the law on my part produced the desired effect on the part of others; and after a period of more than six months I can truly say that the law governing the treasury of the State of Kansas is a good one for the people of the State, and ought not in any manner to be modified, but rather strengthened by additional safeguards."—Treasurer Francis's Report.

DECEMBER 5.—Rush county organized; named for Capt. Alex. Rush, of the Second Kansas Colored.

DECEMBER 8.—The Lawrence Tribune suspends; its name, good-will, and telegraphic franchise purchased by the Lawrence Journal Co.

—The Kansas Pacific train robbed at Muncie, a few miles west of Kansas City, at 3 P. M. Five masked men flagged and stopped the train,

cut off the passenger coaches, moved the engine and express car some distance forward, and robbed Wells, Fargo & Co.'s safe of about \$27,000.

DECEMBER 10.—William McDaniels, one of the Muncie train robbers, arrested in Kansas City.

DECEMBER 10.—The new Deaf and Dumb Asylum, at Olathe, is completed; number of pupils in the school, 80. The Ninth Annual Report gives a history of legislation in Kansas for the Deaf and Dumb.

DECEMBER 15.—Eighth Annual Meeting of the State Horticultural Society, at Emporia. *Officers:* President, E. Gale, Manhattan; Vice President, Robert Milliken, Emporia; Secretary, G. C. Brackett, Lawrence; Treasurer, Fred. Wellhouse, Leavenworth. *Executive Board:* H. E. Van Deman, Geneva, Allen county; E. Snyder, Highland, Doniphan county; J. Stayman, Leavenworth.

DECEMBER 17.—A. M. Campbell confirmed as Postmaster at Salina, and Luther M. Eggers as Register of the Hays City Land Office.

DECEMBER 21.—Edward Russell resigns as Superintendent of Insurance, and Harrison Clarkson is appointed.

—The Blue Rapids Woolen Mills manufacture cloth to clothe the convicts in the Penitentiaries of Kansas, Nebraska, and Colorado.

DECEMBER 28.—Death of Gerrit Smith, in New York city.

—Burning of Drake's Block, in Fort Scott.

—M. M. Murdock appointed Postmaster at Wichita.

DECEMBER 29.—The Lawrence dam completed and utilized. The dam has cost \$100,000, and furnishes between two and three thousand horsepower. It has been under construction since 1872.

DECEMBER 31.—The Report of Charles A. Morris, Adjutant General, gives a detailed account of Indian raids and military operations during the year. The following is copied from pages 33, 34, and 36:

"The total number of persons known to have been murdered within the State, by Indians, since the 16th of June last, is twenty-seven, inclusive of the four citizens of Kansas killed July 3d, on the Fort Sill trail, while engaged in transporting Indian supplies. . . . The following shows the force and term of service of the militia called into service during the present year to repel Indian invasion:

Name of Company.	Number of Strength.	When ordered into service...	When returned from service...	Full time of service.
Co. A, Sedgwick County Mounted Militia,	21	July 10, 1874	July 21, 1874	11 days.
Co. A, Barber County Mounted Militia*.	60	Aug. 7, 1874	Aug. 24, 1874	18 days.
Co. A, Barber County Mounted Militia †.	60	Aug. 24, 1874	Nov. 24, 1874	90 days.
Co. A, Cowley County Mounted Militia....	60	Aug. 28, 1874	Nov. 28, 1874	90 days.
Co. A, Reno County Mounted Militia	40	Aug. 21, 1874	Oct. 14, 1874	54 days.
Barber County Mounted Guards ‡	50	Sept. 3, 1874	Dec. 22, 1874	109 days.

* Before reorganization. † Second organization. ‡ Ordered into service again, December 23, 1874, and still on duty.

"The State has heretofore paid, for defense against Indians, \$206,000, under the following acts, to wit:

An act to provide for the issuance and sale of the bonds of the State for the purpose of defraying the expenses of the Kansas militia; approved March 3, 1868..... \$30,000

An act to provide for the issuance and sale of bonds of the State of Kansas for the purpose of liquidating the indebtedness of the State incurred for military purposes during the year 1863, in defending the citizens of the State against the ravages of hostile Indians on the frontier of Kansas; approved February 9, 1869..... \$75,000

An act to provide for the issuance and sale of bonds of the State of Kansas to provide a military contingent fund for the protection of the frontier against hostile Indians; approved February 26, 1869..... 89,000

An act to provide for the issuance and sale of bonds for defraying the expenses in raising the Nineteenth Regiment Kansas Volunteer Cavalry; approved March 3, 1869..... 12,000

“There was also paid by the State \$140,000, in addition to the above, for defensive purposes, under acts of February 22, 1864, and March 6, 1866, a portion of which was for defense against Indians.

“So much of this amount as has been paid to protect the State against Indian depredations, together with the military expenses of the present year, should be assumed by the General Government, and refunded to the State.”

—Publication of “Wild Life on the Plains,” by Gen. Geo. A. Custer; relates largely to Kansas, where the writer was a gallant soldier.

DECEMBER 31.—The following is copied from Superintendent McCarty’s Report:

TABLE SHOWING THE GROWTH OF FREE SCHOOLS IN KANSAS.

Years.	No. Counties reporting.....	No. organized School Districts.....	No. School Districts reporting.....	No. Children of School Age.			No. Children Enrolled.		
				Males.....	Females.....	Total.....	Males.....	Females.....	Total.....
1861.....	12	217	114	.....	.....	4,901	.....	.....	2,310
1862.....	28	534	304	7,911	6,065	13,976	4,721	3,872	8,595
1863.....	33	705	506	12,516	12,058	24,574	7,645	7,458	15,103
1864.....	33	823	640	.....	.....	37,979	.....	.....	22,667
1865.....	35	847	721	.....	.....	45,441	.....	.....	26,409
1866.....	37	986	871	28,104	26,621	54,725	.....	.....	31,528
1867.....	42	1,172	1,056	32,275	30,558	62,833	20,696	18,753	39,449
1868.....	43	1,372	1,232	40,246	35,904	76,150	23,640	21,500	45,140
1869.....	43	1,707	1,621	48,007	44,510	92,517	30,197	28,484	58,681
1870.....	47	2,068	1,950	52,254	56,988	119,244	32,183	31,035	63,218
1871.....	53	2,647	2,438	73,248	69,110	142,358	44,870	44,907	89,777
1872.....	60	3,419	3,170	85,095	80,887	165,982	53,666	52,997	106,663
1873.....	64	4,004	3,847	90,714	85,357	184,957	57,772	54,645	121,690
1874.....	68	4,395	4,181	101,872	87,138	199,019	68,978	66,620	135,598

COMPARATIVE TABLE—CONTINUED.

Years.	Average daily attendance.....	Average time school taught, months.....	No. Teachers employed.			Average salary per month.		Average paid Teachers.....	Amount expended on fuel, repairs, etc.....
			Males.....	Females.....	Total.....	Males.....	Females.....		
1862.....	.....	3.20	90	229	319	.....	.....	\$14,009 67	\$1,747 23
1863.....	5,549	3.80	164	400	564	.....	.....	24,845 27	.....
1864.....	8,744	3.50	205	527	732	\$27 00	\$16 10	16,361 67	10,625 61
1865.....	14,210	3.40	247	652	899	46 74	34 41	86,898 92	.....
1866.....	.....	4.30	405	681	1,086	41 27	23 90	115,924 11	.....
1867.....	20,573	4.40	541	664	1,205	39 44	26 41	170,046 30	42,824 42
1868.....	27,238	5.00	746	855	1,601	39 56	29 08	203,878 54	45,319 87
1869.....	31,124	5.00	896	1,118	2,014	37 07	28 98	292,719 94	79,343 76
1870.....	39,401	5.20	1,079	1,161	2,240	39 60	31 10	318,596 31	98,644 83
1871.....	52,891	5.80	1,453	1,625	3,078	41 54	31 75	449,273 05	44,690 58
1872.....	61,538	5.40	1,747	2,048	3,795	40 20	31 50	596,611 94	58,886 08
1873.....	71,062	5.34	1,880	2,144	4,675	38 43	30 64	716,056 08	51,504 06
1874.....	77,886	5.50	2,360	2,683	5,043	37 24	28 69	723,578 63	51,263 70

COMPARATIVE TABLE—CONCLUDED.

Years.	Disbursement of State School Fund.	Disbursement of County Fund.	Amount raised by District Tax.	Number of School Houses.					Value of School Houses.
				Log.....	Frame.	Brick...	Stone...	Total...	
1862.....			\$10,381 81						\$10,432 50
1863.....	\$12,918 14		12,300 59						32,972 60
1864.....	24,193 01		58,343 29						76,500 71
1865.....	28,814 11		107,293 47						122,822 64
1866.....	31,054 24		192,620 17						318,897 31
1867.....	49,961 36	\$21,353 38	273,057 18	241	339	15	108	703	573,690 08
1868.....	55,989 90	30,804 94	342,421 70	270	472	28	182	953	813,062 75
1869.....	116,235 80	19,259 93	428,983 98	348	606	35	224	1,213	1,031,892 00
1870.....	139,357 37	14,260 19	518,332 85	352	864	46	239	1,501	1,520,041 40
1871.....	182,377 20	30,000 88	534,261 69	266	1,197	61	263	1,820	2,024,594 33
1872.....	217,810 80	22,680 65	822,644 94	204	1,507	244	348	2,437	2,845,262 58
1873.....	231,917 28	27,404 54	931,958 69	263	2,263	246	461	3,134	3,408,956 00
1874.....	261,952 62	49,273 76	895,095 35	328	2,182	263	470	3,543	3,989,085 67

1875.

JANUARY.—J. M. Allen, U. S. Pension Agent at Topeka, paid 1,959 pensioners, in December, over \$68,000.

JANUARY 2.—Two hundred Mennonites arrive at Great Bend direct from Russia.

JANUARY 3.—J. B. Miege, recently Catholic Bishop, at Leavenworth, writes a farewell letter from St. Louis University.

JANUARY 11.—Burning of the Ottawa University building; loss \$60,000. It was built with a treaty-endowment of 20,000 acres of land. The treaty was ratified July 28, 1862. The claim of the Ottawa Indians on the gratuities of the school was extinguished in 1874.

JANUARY 11.—The Republicans of the Legislature nominate their officers in caucus.—State officers sworn in by Chief Justice Kingman.

JANUARY 12.—Meeting of the Legislature.

STATE OFFICERS.

Names.	P. O. Address.	County.
Thomas A. Osborn, Governor.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.
M. J. Salter, Lieutenant Governor	Thayer.....	Neosho.
Thos. H. Cavanaugh, Secretary of State.....	Salina.....	Saline.
Daniel W. Wilder, Auditor.....	Fort Scott.....	Pourbon.
Samuel Lappin, Treasurer.....	Seneca.....	Nemaha.
John Fraser, Superintendent of Public Instruction.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
A. M. F. Randolph, Attorney General.....	Burlington.....	Coffey.
C. A. Morris, Adjutant General.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
George W. Martin, State Printer.....	Junetion City..	Davis.
Orrin T. Welch, Superintendent Insurance Department	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
D. Dickinson, State Librarian.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Alfred Gray, Secretary of State Board of Agriculture..	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Ward Burlingame, Governor's Private Secretary.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.

JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Samuel A. Kingman, Chief Justice.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
D. M. Valentine, Associate Justice.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
David J. Brewer.....	Leavenworth..	Leavenworth.

JUDGES OF DISTRICT COURTS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Districts.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
H. W. Ide.....	First.....	Leavenworth..	Leavenworth.
P. L. Hubbard.....	Second.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
Jno. T. Morton.....	Third.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Owen A. Bassett.....	Fourth.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
E. B. Peyton.....	Fifth.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
W. C. Stewart.....	Sixth.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
H. W. Talcott.....	Seventh.....	Iola.....	Allen.
James H. Austin.....	Eighth.....	Junction City..	Davis.
S. R. Peters.....	Ninth.....	Marion Center.	Marion.
Hiram Stevens.....	Tenth.....	Paola.....	Miami.
B. W. Perkins.....	Eleventh.....	Oswego.....	Labette.
A. S. Wilson.....	Twelfth.....	Washington.....	Washington.
W. P. Campbell.....	Thirteenth.....	El Dorado.....	Butler.
J. H. Prescott.....	Fourteenth.....	Salina.....	Saline.
Joel Holt.....	Fifteenth.....	Beloit.....	Mitchell.

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Politics.</i>	<i>Post Office.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
1	C. G. Bridges.....	40	Rep.....	Troy.....	Doniphan.....	Life ins. ag't.
2	G. W. Gillespie.....	44	Rep.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Saw miller.
3	S. P. Griffin.....	53	Rep.....	Pardee.....	Atchison.....	Farmer.
4	J. M. Miller.....	39	Rep.....	Seneca.....	Nemaha.....	Farmer.
5	Boaz W. Williams.....	57	Rep.....	Washington....	Washington..	Merchant.
6	John S. Hopkins.....	39	Rep.....	Holton.....	Jackson.....	Attorney.
7	J. B. Schaefer.....	47	Ref.....	Valley Falls...	Jefferson.....	Farmer.
8	J. P. Bauserman.....	34	Dem.....	Leavenworth..	Leavenworth.	Farmer.
9	T. L. Johnson.....	41	Rep.....	Leavenworth..	Leavenworth.	Printer.
10	John A. Halderman.....	41	Ind.....	Leavenworth..	Leavenworth.	Attorney.
11	B. Judd.....	50	Dem.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte...	Banking.
12	W. W. Maltby.....	55	Ind.....	Olathe.....	Johnson.....	Farmer.
13	Wm. Jones.....	45	Ref.....	Somerset.....	Miami.....	Farmer.
14	R. B. McMillan.....	51	Ref.....	Blue Mound....	Linn.....	Farmer.
15	J. W. Bainum.....	42	Rep.....	Mapleton.....	Bourbon.....	Farmer.
16	D. M. Davis.....	45	Ref.....	Arcadia.....	Crawford.....	Horticulturist.
17	E. C. Wells.....	41	Ref.....	Brownsville....	Cherokee.....	Farmer.
18	J. H. Crichton.....	31	Rep.....	Chetopa.....	Labette.....	Lawyer.
19	Walter L. Simons.....	35	Rep.....	Osage Mission,	Neosho.....	Lawyer.
20	Thomas Bartlett.....	53	Ind. Ref	Iola.....	Allen.....	Farmer.
21	W. L. Parkinson.....	31	Lib. Rep	Ottawa.....	Franklin.....	Lawyer.
22	C. Robinson.....	56	Ind.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
23	J. C. Horton.....	37	Rep.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Broker.
24	Wm. Sims.....	43	Rep.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Farmer.
25	Chas. S. Martin.....	38	Rep.....	Osage City.....	Osage.....	Farmer.
26	D. W. Finney.....	35	Rep.....	Neosho Falls..	Woodson.....	Merchant.
27	W. A. Peffer.....	44	Rep.....	Fredonia.....	Wilson.....	Lawyer.
28	Wm. Martindale.....	35	Rep.....	Madison.....	Greenwood...	Farmer.
29	H. C. St. Clair.....	49	Rep.....	Belle Plaine...	Sumner.....	Farmer.
30	Samuel R. Peters.....	32	Rep.....	Marion Center	Marion.....	Lawyer.
31	H. P. Dow.....	35	Rep.....	Berlin.....	Riley.....	Farmer.
32	Horace Cooper.....	33	Rep.....	Beloit.....	Mitchell.....	Attorney.
33	S. Stephens.....	34	Rep.....	McPherson.....	McPherson...	Farmer.

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Age</i> ...	<i>Pol.</i>	<i>Post Office.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
John H. Folks, Secretary.....	36	Rep.	Wellington.....	Sumner.....	Editor.
P. I. B. Ping, Asst. Secretary....	32	Rep.	Girard.....	Crawford ...	Attorney.
Henry Brandley, Journal Clerk...	34	Rep.	Mathfield Green	Chase.....	Farmer.
F. H. Van Eaton, Doeket Clerk...	40	Rep.	Salina.....	Saline.....	Farmer.
Elden Barker, Sergeant-at-Arms	58	Rep.	Jewell City.....	Jewell.....	Farmer.
Wm. H. Coleman, A. S.-at-Arms.	31	Rep.	Eskridge.....	Wabaunsee	Farmer.
C. J. Burk, Doorkeeper.....	55	Rep.	Waterville.....	Marshall.....	Farmer.
W. B. Hogeland, Asst. Doorkeeper	51	Rep.	Neosho Falls..	Woodson....	Carr'g'm'kr.
Allice Shamleffer, Engross'g Cl'k	.....	.....	Douglass.....	Butler.....	Teacher.
Ellen M. Chase, Enrolling Clerk	38	Rep.	Topeka.....	Shawnee....	Seamstress.
Mary Fletcher, Page.....	14	.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee....	Page.
Winnie Dick, Page.....	12	.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee....	Page.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Age</i> ...	<i>Politics.</i>	<i>Post Office.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
1	G. A. Briggs.....	58	Ref.....	White Cloud.....	Doniphan....	Farmer.
2	M. T. Landon.....	62	Rep.....	Doniphan.....	Doniphan....	Lumber deal'r.
3	J. L. Motter.....	44	Rep.....	Wathena.....	Doniphan....	Gen'l business.
4	W. C. Smith.....	57	Ref.....	Atchison.....	Atechison....	Merehant.
5	T. B. Tomlinson.....	39	Rep.....	Huron.....	Atechison....	Farmer.
6	A. J. Sutton.....	44	Dem...	Atechison.....	Atechison....	Farmer.
7	M. C. Willis.....	44	Rep.....	Kennecekuk.....	Brown.....	Farmer.
8	G. W. Brown.....	25	Rep.....	Seneca.....	Nemaha.....	Farmer.
9	S. P. Conrad.....	28	Rep.....	Sabetha.....	Nemaha.....	Fur & st'k d'l'r
10	C. J. Brown.....	26	Rep.....	Blue Rapids.....	Marshall....	Attorney.
11	J. W. Bell.....	36	Rep.....	Washington.....	Washington..	Farmer.
12	Geo. Pickett.....	48	Rep.....	Mayday.....	Riley.....	Farmer.
13	J. S. Coddling.....	38	Rep.....	Louisville.....	Pottawato'e..	Farmer.
14	P. Marvel.....	39	Rep.....	Pleasant Run..	Pottawato'e..	Farmer.
15	J. W. Williams.....	55	Rep.....	Valley Falls.....	Jackson.....	Farmer.
16	M. Edmonds.....	34	Rep.....	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson....	Farmer.
17	W. B. Spurlock.....	29	Rep.....	Perry.....	Jefferson....	Farmer.
18	J. P. Barnes.....	40	Rep.....	Rock Creek.....	Jefferson....	Far. & st'k d'ler
19	H. D. Mackay.....	39	Rep.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenw'th..	Attorney.
20	J. C. Vaughan.....	69	Rep.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenw'th..	Editor.
21	J. F. Legate.....	47	Rep.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenw'th..	Attorney.
22	F. P. Fitzwilliam.....	40	Dem...	Leavenworth.....	Leavenw'th..	Attorney.
23	H. C. Squires.....	35	Ref.....	Pleasant Ridge..	Leavenw'th..	Farmer.
24	M. R. Mitchell.....	39	Rep.....	Fairmount.....	Leavenw'th..	Physician.
25	C. Moore.....	42	Ref.....	Tonganoxie.....	Leavenw'th..	Farmer.
26	Sanford Hall.....	36	Dem...	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte..	Farmer.
27	W. J. Buehan.....	31	Rep.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte..	Attorney.
28	D. G. Campbell.....	54	Dem...	Glenwood.....	Johnson....	Farmer.
29	R. E. Stevenson.....	35	Rep.....	Olathe.....	Johnson....	Stock dealer.
30	Z. Meredith.....	40	Rep.....	Olathe.....	Johnson....	Farmer.
31	T. E. Smith.....	42	Ref.....	Paola.....	Miami.....	Farmer.
32	F. M. Fain.....	49	Ref.....	Pontana.....	Miami.....	Farmer.
33	A. C. Doud.....	49	Rep.....	Blooming Grove..	Linn.....	Merehant.
34	H. Robinson.....	38	Ref.....	Fairlinville.....	Linn.....	Farmer.
35	O. E. Morse.....	37	Rep.....	Mound City.....	Linn.....	Farmer.
36	J. Raney.....	57	Rep.....	Mapleton.....	Bourbon.....	Farmer.
37	A. Goucher.....	51	Ref.....	Pawnee Station..	Bourbon.....	Farmer.
38	E. M. Hulet.....	35	Dem...	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.....	Lawyer.
39	W. H. Merriweather.....	36	Rep.....	Girard.....	Crawford....	Farmer.
40	G. W. Brown.....	33	Ref.....	Cherokee.....	Crawford....	Merehant.
41	H. H. Angell.....	51	Ref.....	Sherman City....	Cherokee....	Farmer.
42	W. E. Cowan.....	41	Ref.....	Baxter Springs..	Cherokee....	Farmer.
43	J. J. Woods.....	52	Rep.....	Montana.....	Labette.....	Farmer.
44	R. W. Wright.....	50	Rep.....	Oswego.....	Labette.....	Physician.
45	C. F. Stauber.....	66	Rep.....	Osage Mission..	Neosho.....	Physician.
46	A. P. Gibson.....	36	Rep.....	Chanute.....	Neosho.....	Farmer.
47	E. H. Funston.....	38	Rep.....	Carlyle.....	Allen.....	Farmer.
48	R. V. Blair.....	48	Ref.....	Humboldt.....	Allen.....	Farmer.
49	H. C. Reppert.....	39	Rep.....	Garnett.....	Anderson....	Farmer.
50	P. P. Elder.....	50	Rep.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin....	Agriulturist.
51	J. N. Foster.....	37	Ref.....	Prairie City.....	Franklin....	Farmer.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Politics.</i>	<i>Post Office.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
52	T. D. Thacher.....	43	Rep.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Editor.
53	D. C. Haskell.....	32	Rep.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Merchant.
54	T. E. Tabor.....	43	Ref.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
55	L. H. Tuttle.....	39	Ref.....	Baldwin.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
56	J. Burgess.....	43	Rep.....	North Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Farmer.
57	John Martin.....	40	Dem.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Lawyer.
58	F. R. Foster.....	42	Rep.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Farmer.
59	S. B. Bradford.....	27	Rep.....	Carbondale.....	Osage.....	Lawyer.
60	F. Donnelly.....	33	Ref.....	Osage City.....	Osage.....	Miner.
61	B. L. Kingsbury.....	42	Rep.....	Burlington.....	Cofey.....	Horticulturist.
62	A. B. Mann.....	30	Rep.....	Toronto.....	Woodson.....	Farmer.
63	S. S. Benedict.....	30	Rep.....	Guilford.....	Wilson.....	Stock dealer.
64	Wm. Huston.....	62	Rep.....	Liberty.....	Montgomery.....	Farmer.
65	L. A. Walker.....	59	Dem.....	Independence.....	Montgomery.....	Farmer.
66	E. Jaquins.....	33	Dem.....	Cedarvale.....	Howard.....	Stock dealer.
67	A. W. Scott.....	34	Rep.....	Janesville.....	Greenwood.....	Farmer.
68	G. Johnston.....	36	Rep.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Farmer.
69	J. W. Loy.....	44	Rep.....	Americus.....	Lyon.....	Farmer.
70	S. A. Baldwin.....	47	Rep.....	Wabannsee.....	Wabauensee.....	Farmer.
71	C. G. Cox.....	31	Dem.....	Junction City.....	Davis.....	Attorney.
72	F. M. Hooton.....	35	Rep.....	Parkerville.....	Morris.....	Minister.
73	S. M. Wood.....	42	Rep.....	Elmdale.....	Chase.....	Farmer.
74	J. L. Ferguson.....	54	Ref.....	Fredonia.....	Bntler.....	Farmer.
75	T. R. Bryan.....	35	Rep.....	Dexter.....	Cowley.....	Farmer.
76	E. B. Allen.....	38	Rep.....	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.....	Farmer.
77	R. C. Bates.....	52	Rep.....	Marion Centre.....	Marion.....	Farmer.
78	A. W. Smith.....	31	Rep.....	McPherson.....	McPherson.....	Farmer.
79	O. A. Root.....	52	Rep.....	Newbern.....	Dickinson.....	Farmer.
80	S. D. Beegle.....	51	Ref.....	Clay Centre.....	Clay.....	Farmer.
81	W. H. Pilkenton.....	42	Rep.....	Belleville.....	Republic.....	Attorney.
82	C. K. Wells.....	29	Rep.....	Concordia.....	Cloud.....	Attorney.
83	R. D. Mobley.....	40	Rep.....	Minneapolis.....	Ottawa.....	Farmer.
84	G. C. Lockwood.....	47	Rep.....	Salina.....	Saline.....	Farmer.
85	G. A. Atwood.....	35	Rep.....	Fort Harker.....	Ellsworth.....	Editor.
86	James B. Goff.....	34	Dem.....	Lincoln Centre.....	Lincoln.....	Liveryman.
87	H. C. Babcock.....	36	Rep.....	Cawker.....	Mitchell.....	Farmer.
88	D. L. Palmer.....	41	Rep.....	Jewell.....	Jewell.....	Attorney.
89	W. N. Morphy.....	24	Rep.....	Hays City.....	Ellis.....	County Clerk.
90	C. W. N. Ruggles.....	38	Rep.....	Wallace.....	Wallace.....	Hotel keeper.
91	S. M. Wirt.....	56	Rep.....	Peace.....	Rice.....	Farmer.
92	Wm. E. Carter.....	49	Ref.....	Belle Plaine.....	Sumner.....	Farmer.
93	S. B. Farwell.....	33	Rep.....	Corinth.....	Osborne.....	Farmer.
94	T. T. Taylor.....	38	Rep.....	Hutchinson.....	Reno.....	Farmer.
95	C. S. Aldrich.....	35	Rep.....	Stone Mound.....	Smith.....	Farmer.
96	J. E. Duncan.....	40	Rep.....	Newton.....	Harvey.....	Farmer.
97	G. L. Brinkman.....	30	Ref.....	Great Bend.....	Barton.....	Lumber dealer.
98	A. B. Cornell.....	52	Rep.....	Russell.....	Russell.....	Attorney.
99	E. H. Jewett.....	36	Rep.....	Kirwin.....	Phillips.....	Farmer.
100	C. C. Vance.....	41	Rep.....	Almona.....	Norton.....	Attorney.
101	J. M. Miller.....	35	Rep.....	Larned.....	Pawnee.....	Co. Treasurer.
102	F. McNulty.....	26	Rep.....	Stockton.....	Rooks.....	Attorney.
103	R. M. Wright.....	35	Rep.....	Fort Dodge.....	Ford.....	Merchant.
104	H. E. Vantrees.....	28	Rep.....	Medicine Lodge.....	Barber.....	Lawyer.
105	W. H. Child.....	—	.....	Kingman.....	Kingman.....	.....
109	J. M. Moore.....	—	.....	Prattville.....	Pratt.....	.....
110	C. L. Hubbs.....	31	Rep.....	Kinsley.....	Edwards.....	Farmer.

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Pol.</i>	<i>Post Office.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
E. H. Funston, Speaker.....	38	Rep..	Carlyle.....	Allen.....	Farmer.
Henry Booth, Chief Clerk.....	36	Rep..	Larned.....	Pawnee.....	Farmer.
I. O. Pickering, Ass't Chief Cl'k..	32	Rep..	Olathe.....	Johnson.....	Attorney.
H. L. Taylor, Sergeant-at-Arms..	40	Rep..	De Soto.....	Johnson.....	Lawyer.
F. M. Higginson, Ass't S.-at-Arms,	40	Rep..	Belleville.....	Republic.....	Painter.
L. D. Dobbs, Journal Clerk.....	32	Rep..	Marion Center,	Marion.....	Farmer.
R. H. Ballinger, Ass't Jour. Cl'k,	42	Rep..	Larned.....	Pawnee.....	Herdsman

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

Names.	Age.	Pol.	Post Office.	County.	Occupation.
W. E. Reid, Docket Clerk.....	39	Rep.	Concordia.....	Cloud.....	Clerk.
Lillian Ross, Enrolling Clerk....	25	Ind.	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	—
Lida E. Moore, Engrossing Clerk..	18	Rep.	Cottonwood Falls.....	Chase.....	Sc'l t'cher.
A. H. McWhorter, Doorkeeper....	36	Rep.	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Agent.
M. B. Tilden, 1st Ass't Doorkeeper,	26	Rep.	Bloomington.....	Osborne.....	Farmer.
Lew. Lindsay, 2d Ass't Doorkeeper,	25	Rep.	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Stonem'n.
G. H. Miller, Postmaster.....	39	Rep.	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth	Tinsmith.
Jennie Maxwell, Page.....	14	.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	—
Josie Belle Agner, Page.....	12	.....	Osage.....	Osage.....	—
Thomas Taylor, Page.....	12	.....	Hutchinson.....	Reno.....	—
Charles Jones, Page.....	15	.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth	—
Emma Duncan, Page.....	12	.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.....	—
M. A. Swafford, Page.....	11	.....	McPherson.....	McPherson.....	—

JANUARY 13.—Frank B. Sanborn begins the publication, in the Atlantic Monthly, of a series of articles called, "The Virginia Campaign of John Brown." Mr. Sanborn says:

"Scarcely had the passage of the Nebraska Bill opened Kansas to slavery, when the Brown family, young and old, decided to cast their lot there. Love of freedom, love of adventure, and a desire for independence in fortune, combined to tempt the young men, and three of them started for Kansas in 1854, where they settled early in the spring of 1855. The place which they selected was in Lykins county, on the Pottawatomie river, not far from the town of Osawatomie, which their father afterwards made famous. The other men of the family, some with their wives, joined them from time to time, but the whole nine, including Captain Brown, were never in Kansas together. For a long time the father, with six sons and his son-in-law, was there, and they all rallied to the defense of Lawrence, in May, 1856.

"John Brown, himself, went to Kansas in the fall of 1855, having already, in the spring of that year, taken his wife and infants back to their home in the Adirondack Mountains."

A valuable Kansas record in Sanborn's papers, is a list of the men who served with Brown, in 1856. the By-laws of the "Free-State Regular Volunteers of Kansas enlisted under John Brown," and a list of the men engaged in the fight at "Black Jack," or "Palmyra," June 2d. 1856. The fight at Black Jack, and at Osawatomie, August 30th. 1856, are fully described.

Sanborn first met Brown in January, 1857, while acting as the Secretary of the "State Kansas Committee," in Boston, and Brown seems to have trusted and confided in him henceforth more than in any other Northern man. This State Committee sent to Kansas, during the year 1856, Sanborn says, "at least one hundred thousand dollars in money and supplies." George L. Stearns was the Chairman of this Committee; its records were probably burned in the Boston fire of 1872. Again, in 1857, the Committee "supplied the starving people of Kansas with wheat and clothing;" "I have forgotten how many thousand dollars Mr. Stearns advanced in this way"—his liberality knowing no bounds. September 10th, 1858, Capt. Brown, then at Osawatomie, says, in a letter to Sanborn: "I have often met the 'notorious' Montgomery, and think very favorably of him."

JANUARY 14.—Annual meeting of the State Board of Agriculture, George T. Anthony elected President, Alfred Gray, Secretary, and Joseph C. Wilson, Treasurer.

JANUARY 19.—Election of State Printer. In the Senate, George W. Martin receives 25 votes; T. Dwight Thacher, 7; in the House, George W. Martin has 57 votes; T. Dwight Thacher, 42; whole number of votes cast, 131; necessary to a choice, 71. Martin is elected for the two years beginning in July.

JANUARY 20.—Appointments: Regent of the Agricultural College, for the term expiring April 1, 1877, to date from November 6, 1874, John H. Folks; Directors of the State Normal School at Emporia, Charles B. Butler and James H. Crichton, for the terms expiring April 1, 1877, to date from March 24, 1874; Trustees of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Archibald Shaw and W. A. Shannon, for the terms expiring April 1, 1877, to date from July 7, 1874; Trustees of the Insane Asylum, Levi Woodward, for the term expiring April 1, 1877, to date from March 24, 1874, and Jacob Rhodes, for the term expiring April 1, 1877, to date from March 30, 1874; Directors of the Normal School at Concordia, H. E. Smith and M. McKinnon, for the terms expiring on the second Monday in January, 1876, to date from April 17, 1874; T. W. Sturgis and Wm. E. Reid, for the terms expiring on the second Monday in January, 1877, to date from April 17, 1874; M. Reasoner and B. H. McEckron, for the full terms, expiring on the second Monday in January, 1878. J. L. Wever and Levi Houston, reappointed Directors of the State Normal School at Leavenworth.

JANUARY 22.—The State Board of Agriculture reports the total acreage of wheat, this year, at 412,092 acres.—The Manhattan Nationalist absorbs the Beacon.

JANUARY 27.—Second annual meeting of the Temperance League of Kansas, at Lawrence. Officers elected: Rev. R. Cordley, D. D., President; Mrs. Fairchild, Treasurer; D. C. Beach, Secretary; Rev. Miss Amanda M. Way, Assistant Secretary; Executive Committee, Mrs. H. A. Calkins, Rev. L. Bartlett, Rev. J. H. Clarke, and Rev. R. D. Parker.

JANUARY 28.—The Atchison Champion reports the death of Samuel Hipple, a member of the Wyandotte Convention from Leavenworth county.

—The papers are asking for an investigation of the means employed to pass the preferred railroad stock law of last winter.

JANUARY 30.—C. C. Hutchinson writes to the Topeka Commonwealth that in the winter of 1860-61, the New York City Relief Committee raised \$90,000 for Kansas; Boston, \$45,000; each of the Western cities, large sums. The Legislature of New York gave \$50,000, and of Wisconsin, \$10,000.

FEBRUARY 1.—The Alma Salt Works yield twenty bushels of salt daily.

FEBRUARY 2.—H. W. Talcott appointed Judge of the Seventh District, in place of John R. Goodin, resigned.

FEBRUARY 3.—Fire at the shaft of the Osage Mining Company, at Osage City; thirty men and three boys at work in the mine. They are rescued by a man named William Marks, whose coolness and unselfish courage were chivalrous.

FEBRUARY 4.—“Mother” Bickerdyke, of Great Bend, secures thirty car-loads of relief supplies for the West. Her efforts began before the appointment of any relief committees.

—George R. Peck goes to Washington, to argue the Osage Ceded Land Case.

—The Kansas Democrat removed from Independence to Topeka, by Peacock & Sons.

FEBRUARY 8.—E. D. Hammond, book-keeper in the Second National Bank, Lawrence, is a defaulter and fugitive.

FEBRUARY 11.—Letter published written to Gov. Osborn by Rev. Dr. Henry W. Bellows, New York, sending check, and saying that the First Unitarian Church has raised \$704 for Kansas sufferers.

FEBRUARY 12.—Burning of a business block in Independence; loss \$20,000.

FEBRUARY 16.—Mrs. Ellen B. Kingsley, of Olathe, lectures in Representatives' Hall, on “Independence for Women.”

FEBRUARY 16.—Third Annual Session of the Kansas State Grange of Patrons of Husbandry, at Topeka.

Annual address by M. E. Hudson. The following officers were elected: Master, M. E. Hudson, Mapleton; Overseer, Wm. Sims, Topeka; Lecturer, W. S. Hanna, Ottawa; Steward, C. S. Wyeth, Minneapolis; Assistant Steward, James Coffin, Hill Spring; Lady Assistant Steward, Mrs. A. C. Rippey, Severance; Chaplain, E. J. Nason, Washington; Treasurer, John Boyd, Independence; Secretary, P. B. Maxson, Emporia; Gate Keeper, W. P. Patten, Cottonwood Falls; Ceres, Mrs. Bina A. Otis; Pomona, Mrs. P. Bates; Flora, Mrs. A. C. Patten, Cottonwood Falls. Executive Committee: First District, W. P. Popenoe, Topeka; Second District, F. H. Dumbauld, Chairman, Jacksonville; Third District, A. T. Stewart, Winfield; Fourth District, A. P. Collins, Solomon City; Fifth District, W. H. Fletcher, Republican City. S. H. Downs, Secretary Patrons' Fire Insurance Association, Topeka; Geo. Y. Johnson, Secretary and Treasurer Patrons' Life Insurance Association, Lawrence; John G. Otis, State Agent, Topeka, Kansas. The proceedings were published by J. K. Hudson, at Topeka, in a pamphlet of 36 pages.

FEBRUARY 18.—Legate's bill revising the tax laws passes the House.

—Ben. P. McDonald builds a railroad from Fort Scott to the coal mines.

—California has sent to Kansas \$7,500 in cash, besides clothing.

FEBRUARY 19.—

Exhibit showing amount on face, minimum value established, amount received on bonds issued by the State of Kansas, from February 20, 1863, to February 26, 1875, and by whom the same were negotiated, in response to an inquiry contained in resolution passed by State Senate, February 11, 1875.

Date.	Title of act.	By whom negotiated.	Am't. on face of bond.	Total minimum.	Total amt received.
Feb. 20, '63.	To fund Territorial debt....	State Treasurer.....	\$66,000	\$66,000	\$66,000 00
Mar. 1, '64.	To refund Territorial tax to certain counties.....	State Treasurer.....	39,675	39,675	39,675 00
Feb. 23, '64.	To expenses of militia.....	Thos. Carney, Gov.....	100,000	90,000	90,000 00
Mar. 1, '64.	To State Penitentiary.....	Thos. Carney, Gov.....	50,000	45,000	45,000 00
Feb. 22, '66.	To Agricultural College.....	S. J. Crawford, Gov.....	5,500	5,500	5,500 00
Feb. 24, '66.	To State Penitentiary.....	S. J. Crawford, Gov.....	60,000	54,000	54,600 00
Feb. 27, '66.	To public improvements....	S. J. Crawford, Gov.....	70,000	63,000	63,210 00
Feb. 22, '66.	To expenses of militia.....	S. J. Crawford, Gov.....	40,000	36,000	38,220 00
Feb. 26, '67.	To State Penitentiary.....	S. J. Crawford, Gov.....	100,000	90,000	89,513 00
Feb. 19, '67.	To State House.....	S. J. Crawford, Gov.....	100,000	90,000	89,513 00
Feb. 19, '67.	To Deaf and Dumb Asylum,	S. J. Crawford, Gov.....	15,500	15,500	15,500 00
Mar. 3, '68.	To State Penitentiary.....	S. J. Crawford, Gov.....	50,000	45,000	45,588 35
Mar. 3, '68.	To State House.....	S. J. Crawford, Gov.....	150,000	135,000	137,180 00
Mar. 3, '68.	To expenses of militia.....	S. J. Crawford, Gov.....	30,000	27,000	27,353 04
Mar. 3, '68.	To Insane Asylum.....	S. J. Crawford, Gov.....	20,000	18,000	18,352 33
Feb. 9, '69.	To frontier militia.....	Jas. M. Harvey, Gov.....	75,000	67,500	69,000 00
Feb. 26, '69.	To frontier mil. conting. f'd.	Jas. M. Harvey, Gov.....	89,000	80,100	83,200 00
Mar. 3, '69.	To exp. rais'g 19th cav. reg't.,	Jas. M. Harvey, Gov.....	12,000	10,800	11,380 00
Mar. 3, '69.	To east wing State House....	Jas. M. Harvey, Gov.....	70,000	63,000	66,442 57
Sept. 7, '74.	To relief purposes.....	State Treasurer.....	12,500	12,500	12,500 00

—Report of Treasurer Lappin.

The amount realized for the first State bonds negotiated will be found reported in the "Impeachment Cases."

FEBRUARY 27.—Seven houses burned in Wichita in one hour; loss, \$20,000.

CENSUS TAKEN MARCH 1, 1875.

Counties.	Population.	Counties.	Population.	Counties.	Population.
Allen.....	6,638	Greenwood.....	6,642	Pawnee.....	1,006
Anderson.....	5,800	Harper.....	5,050	Phillips.....	2,817
Atchison.....	20,191	Harvey.....	6,684	Pottawatomie.....	10,342
Barber.....	367	Jackson.....	11,654	Pratt*.....	5,114
Barton.....	2,106	Jefferson.....	7,652	Reno.....	8,050
Bourbon.....	16,879	Jewell.....	14,582	Republic.....	2,455
Brown.....	8,728	Johnson.....	14,568	Rice.....	7,066
Butler.....	9,840	Kingman*.....	27,738	Riley.....	567
Chautauqua.....	3,000	Labette.....	2,492	Rooks†.....	451
Chase.....	13,393	Leavenworth.....	11,546	Russell.....	1,054
Cherokee.....	6,648	Lincoln.....	9,578	Saline.....	6,359
Clay.....	7,195	Linn.....	5,904	Sedgwick.....	8,162
Cloud.....	7,239	Lyon.....	10,818	Shawnee.....	15,389
Coffey.....	8,927	Marion.....	6,202	Smith.....	3,915
Comanche*.....	9,383	McPherson.....	12,680	Sumner.....	4,925
Cowley.....	4,765	Miami.....	5,182	Wabaunsee.....	4,694
Crawford.....	6,911	Mitchell.....	12,177	Wallace*.....	8,548
Davis.....	13,923	Montgomery.....	4,595	Washington.....	9,752
Dickinson.....	18,365	Morris.....	7,103	Wilson.....	4,472
Doniphan.....	234	Nemaha.....	9,763	Woodson.....	12,385
Douglas.....	5,300	Neosho.....	901	Wyandotte.....	500
Edwards.....	942	Ness*.....	10,281	Unorganized‡.....	526,732
Elk.....	1,761	Norton.....	3,466		*4,424
Ellis.....	813	Osage.....	4,430		
Ellsworth.....	10,039	Ottawa.....			531,156
Ford.....					
Franklin.....					

* The counties of Comanche and Ness polled 535 votes at the general election in 1873. The counties of Kingman, Pratt and Wallace polled 571 votes in 1874. Allowing four inhabitants to the voter, it will give to these counties, at the periods named, a population of 4,424. † Returns of 1874. ‡ Estimated.

MARCH 1.—Appointments: Trustees of the Blind Asylum, Frederick Speck and W. H. Pilkenton, to date from March 24, 1874, for the term expiring April 1, 1877.

MARCH 2.—

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE MISSOURI, }
FORT LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS, March 2, 1875. }

Hon. M. J. Salter, President of the Senate of Kansas—SIR: I beg you to accept my thanks for a copy of the concurrent resolution of the Legislature of Kansas, touching the distribution of clothing to those citizens of the State made destitute by drouth and the ravages of grasshoppers.

I will esteem it an obligation if you will be pleased to convey my hearty thanks to the Senate for the too-flattering terms in which the concurrent resolution is expressed, and the expression of my gratitude for the kind feeling which prompted it.

It is doubly grateful to me, as an evidence of the good esteem in which I am fortunate enough to be held by the people of this State, and as a testimony that the efforts to relieve the suffering people have not been fruitless.

I am, sir, respectfully yours,

JOHN POPE,
Brevet Major General, U. S. A.

MARCH 4.—Congress makes an appropriation for a U. S. Post Office and Court House building in Topeka.

—Appointments: M. J. Salter, Regent of the Agricultural College, *vice* Josiah Copley, whose term expired April 1, 1874. Commission to audit claims for guerrilla depredations, under the act approved February 27, 1875: Charles D. French of Douglas county, John N. Murdoch of Franklin county, and W. H. Bear of Coffey county. Commission to examine and appraise the lands belonging to the State University, under the act approved March 3, 1875: T. Dwight Thacher of Douglas county, O. S. Woodward of Woodson county, and J. M. Miller of Nemaha county.

MARCH 5.—Judge Dillon appoints B. S. Henning Receiver of the L. L. & G. R. R. Co. Its bonded indebtedness is \$5,000,000, and it has a large floating debt.

—Orrin T. Welch, of Topeka, appointed Superintendent of Insurance.

MARCH 7.—F. P. Baker buys the Commonwealth, for \$18,000, of Geo. W. Veale, and Noble L. Prentis becomes its editor.

—James Kelly is appointed postmaster of Winfield, and C. M. Scott of Arkansas City.

—Emporia is eighteen years old, "and never had a murder."

MARCH 7.—The South Kansas M. E. Conference appoints the following Presiding Elders: Fort Scott, D. P. Mitchell; Emporia, A. K. Johnson; Independence, S. E. Pendleton; Wichita, A. Buckner. Bishop Merrill presided.

MARCH 8.—Adjournment of the Legislature. Among the acts passed were the following: Appropriating \$6,000 to the State Relief Committee, and \$5,000 to the State Grange Executive Committee, to pay railroad freights on relief goods; first appropriation to the Concordia Normal School; appropriation for taking the census; an act to enable counties, cities and townships to take up outstanding bonds; requiring county commissioners to give bonds; authorizing the issue of bonds for relief purposes; defining the boundaries of Edwards and Comanche

counties, of Pratt and Barton, and of Davis and Riley; for taking the census; to collect articles for the Centennial Exhibition; for the registration of county warrants; dividing Howard county into Chautauqua and Elk; repealing the Leavenworth Criminal Court act; various acts reducing fees of county officers; appointing a commission to audit losses from Rebel raids from 1861 to 1865; providing for an Insane Asylum at Topeka; for the issue of \$36,000 in State bonds to pay expense of Indian invasion in 1874; repealing the "debenture" law; changing the name of Grasshopper Falls to Valley Falls; for the removal of intoxicated public officers; amending the railroad tax law; to aid the construction of railroads in Marshall county; providing for the relief of the destitute in certain counties; to build a vault for the State Treasurer, and providing treasury watchmen; proposing an amendment to the Constitution providing biennial sessions of the Legislature; abolishing the State Institutions Commission; reducing the price of State printing; creating a Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners; authorizing the sale of the University lands, and appointing commissioners to appraise the lands.

MARCH 8.—Samuel R. Peters is appointed Judge of the Ninth District, in place of Wm. R. Brown, resigned.

MARCH 8.—The Standing Committee of the Diocese of Kansas meet, at Topeka. The committee consists of Rev. Dr. Reynolds, of Fort Riley; Rev. John N. Lee, of Leavenworth; Rev. John K. Dunn, of Lawrence; Rev. John Bakewell, of Topeka; Messrs. F. W. Giles, J. W. Farnsworth, and C. C. Kellam, of Topeka; and A. G. Otis, of Atchison.

—Dr. J. B. Wheeler, Lieutenant Colonel of the Thirteenth Kansas during the war, dies, at Troy.

MARCH 10.—Kansas Annual M. E. Conference at Manhattan, Bishop S. M. Merrill presiding. The following Presiding Elders were appointed: Leavenworth, W. R. Davis; Lawrence, J. W. Boynton; Manhattan, C. Holman; Salina, J. Lawrence.

MARCH 12.—The case of The State against S. C. Pomeroy would have been called in Osage county, April 5th. Attorney General Randolph gave an opinion, March 5, that the State had no title or interest in the \$7,000 package. A. H. Vance, Attorney for Shawnee county, wrote, March 10: "I have concluded to dismiss the case of The State of Kansas vs. S. C. Pomeroy, now pending in the District Court for Osage county." Ex-Lieutenant Governor Stover determined that the costs of the suit thus far should be defrayed from the package. On the 12th, there is a meeting in Topeka of John Martin and A. H. Horton, representing Pomeroy, A. H. Vance, A. M. York, ex-Treasurer John Francis, A. L. Williams, E. S. Stover, Arthur McCabe, District Clerk, and James F. Legate. The costs of the court in Shawnee and Osage counties, \$1,735, are paid; \$5,265 are given by Gov. Stover to Col. York, and a receipt taken by Stover from York. The \$5,265 is then given to A. H. Horton, who gives a receipt signed S. C. Pomeroy, by A. H. Horton. Mr. Vance

agrees to file a *nolle prosequi* in Osage county. The \$5,265 is divided among lawyers.

Omnia quæ movent ad mortem sunt Deo danda.

So it used to be. Now the smiling lawyers of the deceased divide the deodand. So much more practical!

MARCH 12.—The grasshopper is born in eastern Kansas and western Missouri.

MARCH 15.—The spelling-school prevails.

MARCH 18.—David P. Lowe appointed Chief Justice of Utah.

MARCH 18.—Chas. B. Lines enters on duty as Register of the Topeka Land Office.

—Gov. Osborn receives from Mason, Warren county, Ohio, \$11.10, "relief" money, the proceeds of a spelling-match in that village.

MARCH 19.—The Leavenworth Commercial publishes a sketch of the first court held in the Territory, March 19, 1855.

MARCH 20.—The Commonwealth publishes an article by Capt. Henry King on the contributors to the Kansas Magazine.

—Appointments: Trustees of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, E. S. Stover of Council Grove, and John Francis of Iola; Trustees of the Blind Asylum, David Gordon of Fort Scott, and R. W. Wright of Oswego; Regents of State University, Rev. Archibald Beatty of Independence, and V. P. Wilson of Topeka; Regents of the State Normal School at Emporia, H. C. Cross of Emporia, and A. Sellers of Alma; Regents of the State Agricultural College, N. A. Adams of Manhattan, and Rev. James Lawrence of Beloit. George Wyman of Topeka and Theodore C. Bowles of Ottawa are reappointed Trustees of the Insane Asylum.

MARCH 20.—Attorney General Randolph gives an opinion that the law authorizing seed and feed bonds is invalid.

—First page of the "Annals of Kansas" written.

MARCH 26.—John H. Rice succeeds J. D. Greason on the Paola Republican.

MARCH 27.—J. W. Roberts, of the Oskaloosa Independent, buys the Leavenworth Commercial.

—New coal mines are opened at Oswego.

—John P. Kenea is sole owner of the La Cygne Journal.

MARCH 30.—The second term of the Concordia Normal School closes. It had 86 students, from eight counties.

—The College of the Sisters of Bethany, Topeka, is erecting two new buildings. Before 1872 the College was called the Episcopal Female Seminary.

—There are five steam flour mills in Osage county. That county shipped 77 cars of coal and 7 of brick last week.

—The Frankfort, Marshall county, cheese factory made 25,000 pounds of cheese last year.

—Farmers are sowing flax seed more than ever before.

—Ex-Secretary Smallwood buys half of the Waterville Telegraph.

MARCH 31.—Topeka gives a benefit to Henry Worrall, the artist.

—James Cockcroft & Co., New York, publish a treatise on the Law of Executions. by Henry M. Herman, Leavenworth.

APRIL 1.—D. C. Beach and H. A. Calkins buy the Sentinel, the Temperance organ, and remove it from Leavenworth to Lawrence.

APRIL 3.—Death at Wyandotte of Dr. Joseph Speck. He had lived there eighteen years, was Surgeon of the First Kansas, and held other important posts in that city and the State. His age was 74 years.

APRIL 6.—John K. Rankin elected Mayor of Lawrence, C. Rohr of Atchison, C. W. Goodlander of Fort Scott, and T. J. Anderson of Topeka.

APRIL 7.—Editorial Convention at Manhattan. Address by Geo. A. Crawford. Banquet and ball at the Adams House.

APRIL 8.—The Editors' and Publishers' Association elect the following officers: President, D. R. Anthony; Vice Presidents, Jacob Stotler, West. E. Wilkinson, and A. D. Brown; Secretary, John H. Folks; Treasurer, George W. Martin; Orator, Noble L. Prentis. R. B. Taylor, T. D. Thacher and D. W. Wilder were appointed to prepare a history of the Kansas press. The following resolution, offered by D. W. Wilder, was adopted:

“Whereas, All efforts to establish an active and efficient State Historical Society have been failures; and

“Whereas, Such an organization is imperatively demanded for the purpose of saving the present and past records of twenty-one years of eventful history; therefore,

“Resolved, That this Association respectfully requests that F. P. Baker, D. R. Anthony, John A. Martin, Sol. Miller and G. A. Crawford act as a committee to organize such a Society, and ask of the Legislature an appropriation of not less than \$1,000, annually, to pay for subscriptions and for the binding of every newspaper published in the State, and for such other historical records as can be secured.”

An excursion to Galveston, Texas, followed. In Galveston the Union flag was found to be generally disagreeable. The male Texans were hospitable, but no ladies were visible at the residences visited.

APRIL 15.—Destructive fire in Troy.

—Gen. James G. Blunt discharged by the U. S. Court. in North Carolina. He had been arrested for conspiracy to defraud the Government in Indian claims.

—There are 1,400 Granges in the State.

APRIL 17.—The Supreme Court decides that the Relief-bonds act of the Legislature is unconstitutional and void.

APRIL 17.—The Ellsworth Reporter says that in 1874, 3,160,000 pounds of buffalo bones were shipped over the Kansas Pacific Railway and its connections. In the same year the following is the shipment of buffalo products over the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad: Bones, 6,914,950 pounds; of hides, 1,314,300 pounds; of meat, 632,800 pounds.

APRIL 21.—The Highland Presbytery meets at Highland; thirty-three churches and twenty-three ministers. Seven church buildings completed during the year.

APRIL 22.—Arbor Day in Topeka, appointed by Mayor Anderson. The citizens plant 800 trees in the State House grounds.

APRIL 24.—The Industrialist established, at Manhattan, by John A. Anderson.

—W. H. Johnson retires from the Beloit Gazette and becomes one of the proprietors of the Topeka Times.

—Prof. Newlon has made a geological survey of Cherokee, Labette and Chautauqua counties.

APRIL 30.—The Lawrence Foundry is running by water.

MAY 1.—State bonds quoted in New York at 105. This is the first time they have been above par.

MAY 1.—F. P. Baker buys the State Record of S. D. Macdonald and G. D. Baker.

MAY 2.—A. T. Sharpe, of the Ottawa Republican, buys the Times and consolidates the papers.

—Frequent rains in every part of the State.

MAY 3.—T. C. Henry, near Abilene, has a wheat field of thirteen hundred acres.

—Abilene has a large and handsome school building.

—The "gold" excitement at Salina is abating.

MAY 10.—D. R. Anthony, of the Leavenworth Times, shot by W. W. Embry, of the Appeal, on the stairway of the Opera House. Three shots were fired by Embry, one of which took effect in Col. Anthony's right breast, just below the collar bone, severing an artery, and was thought to be fatal. Anthony was unarmed. The Topeka Commonwealth says: "It seems to us that the shooting of Col. Anthony was unprovoked and criminal to the last degree. . . . It was, then, if Col. Anthony survives, a wicked, unnecessary and unprovoked assault; if Col. Anthony dies, a cruel, wicked murder."

—Grasshoppers hatch and hop in Topeka.

MAY 13.—The Troy Chief has a cylinder press.

—Eighty barrels of Alma salt are sold in Denver.

—There is a castor oil factory at Fort Scott.

—Wyandotte has a well from which inflammable gas issues with immense power and in great volume.

MAY 14.—Smith, Sterling & Love, of Lawrence, are to build the addition to the Osawatomie Asylum, for \$51,600.

—J. E. Comfort becomes a partner of C. T. Ewing in publishing the Thayer Headlight.

MAY 14.—State Universalist Convention, at Topeka. Officers elected: President, V. P. Wilson, Topeka; Vice President, A. Barnes, Lawrence; Secretary, Allen Gregg, Topeka; Treasurer, Luther Palmer, Topeka. Trustees: C. A. Pease, D. W. Goss, Mrs. Barnes, Lawrence; Rev. Joy Bishop, Delphos; and Joseph Wilson, New Chillicothe. Committees: State of the Church, A. Barnes, Alijah Wells, A. C. Pierce; Sunday

Schools, Mrs. S. M. Barnes, Mrs. S. C. Gregg, Mrs. C. A. Pierce. *Delegates to General Convention:* A. Barnes, Mrs. M. M. Denman, A. C. Pierce.

MAY 15.—Grasshoppers in Iowa, Missouri, Nebraska, Minnesota, and Kansas. In Topeka they are less than half an inch long. They are eating up gardens, oats, and flax. Eastern Kansas and western Missouri are greatly injured.

MAY 15.—The water power of the Smoky Hill utilized at Junction City.

MAY 16.—Death of Wm. Larimer, an old citizen of Leavenworth county. He led the first party from Leavenworth to Pike's Peak, and built the first house in Denver. He was a man of high character, and universally esteemed.

MAY 17.—Governor Hardin, of Missouri, issues a proclamation appointing June 3 a day of fasting and prayer on account of the grasshopper visitation in that State.

MAY 17.—Washburn College building cost \$65,000; the endowment fund amounts to \$45,000. The College has no debt.

—Col. Anthony's death predicted daily by the physicians.

—The Beecher trial and the raid on the Whisky Ring are national topics.

MAY 19.—Henry Wilson, Vice President of the United States, visits Lawrence and Topeka.

MAY 19.—State Medical Convention, at Topeka. *Officers elected:* President, Tiffin Sinks, of Leavenworth; 1st Vice President, H. S. Roberts, of Manhattan; 2d Vice President, W. D. Schenck, of Osage City; Secretary, D. W. Stormont, of Topeka; Assistant Secretary, M. S. Thomas, of Leavenworth; Treasurer, W. W. Cochrane, of Atchison; Censors, J. W. Brock, J. M. Linley, G. R. Baldwin, C. V. Mottram, and E. W. Seymour. *Regular Committees:* Practical Medicine, J. H. Stuart, S. E. Sheldon and Fred. Speck; Surgery, J. W. Brock, O. C. Bender and J. H. Van Einan; Obstetrics, D. W. Haldeman, J. Robinson and W. W. Cochrane; Materia Medica, J. Leigh, J. T. B. Gephart and H. O. Hanawolt. *Special Committees:* Recent Advances in Physiology, D. R. Morris; Recent Advances in Chemistry, A. Newman; Recent Advances in Hygiene, E. W. Seymour; Infantile Diseases, D. W. Thomas; Indigenous Remedies, V. W. May; Concentrated Remedies, C. C. Furley; Venereal Diseases, J. L. Wever; Uterine Hemorrhage, D. C. Jones; Nervous Diseases, S. F. Neeley; Uses and Abuses of Alcohol, M. R. Mitchell; Gynecology, W. H. Warner; Hydrophobia, H. S. Roberts; Poisoned Wounds, J. S. Redfield; Epilepsy, J. S. Lawrence. *Delegates to the American Medical Association for 1876:* D. W. Stormont, E. W. Seymour, T. Sinks, R. Morris, J. H. Stuart, J. S. Redfield, B. F. Hepler, S. F. Neeley, James Hawley, and H. K. Kennedy.

MAY 19.—H. L. Taylor, of Johnson county, appointed Register of the Wichita Land Office.

—The Centennial Managers determine to erect a separate building at Philadelphia for the exhibition of Kansas products.

MAY 20.—The Secretary of the Interior writes to Auditor Wilder, declining to sell at par the Kansas State bonds held by the Department. The amount so held is \$41,600.

MAY 22.—Judge Bassett holds that the county of Douglas may recover of the L. L. & G. R. R. Co. \$300,000, the value of bonds issued, and \$104,000, the amount of interest paid by the county.

MAY 25.—The Leavenworth Times says: "The chances for the entire recovery of Col. Anthony are better now than they ever have been before. He was able to lift his right arm yesterday, for the first time since he was wounded."

MAY 25.—Hiawatha is erecting a \$15,000 school house.

—The Pueblo & Salt Lake R. R. Co. and the Pueblo & Arkansas Valley R. R. Co. consolidated. The A. T. & S. F. R. R. Co. to be extended to Pueblo, Col., this season.

—Fierce county-seat contest in Osage county.

—One flouring mill at Chetopa, during the past year, has made 10,000 barrels of flour, and another 52,434 barrels.

—McPherson has built a "new, native-brick school house."

MAY 26.—Noble L. Prentis delivers the Annual Address before the Agricultural College.

JUNE 1.—Marysville has a pottery.

—The grasshoppers begin to fly. They have hatched only in the eastern counties, two-thirds of the State being entirely free from them.

—Hays City ships twenty tons of buffalo bones a day.

—At the Larned Land Office, 72,000 acres of Government lands have been sold.

—Saline county has shipped over 500 car-loads of wheat since the harvest of 1874.

—The farm of J. M. Harvey, near Topeka, selected as the site of the new Insane Asylum.

—Noble L. Prentis finds that army officers, in 1837, marked the lines that the leading Kansas railroads have since followed.

JUNE 1.—The act takes effect dividing Howard into Elk and Chautauqua counties. Howard was named for Gen. O. O. Howard; Elk is named for the river; and Chautauqua is borrowed from New York.

—Publication of Spalding's Treatise: "The Practice and Forms at large in Justices' Courts for the State of Kansas, by Hugh M. Spalding. Topeka: Geo. W. Crane, 1875." pp. 832. This is the second edition of this large and valuable work.

JUNE 2.—Meeting of the Woman's Educational and Industrial Aid Society of the State, at Topeka. *Corresponding Committee*: Mrs. B. Gray, Leavenworth; Mrs. Ruth Griffin, Lawrence; Mrs. C. M. Smith, Atchison; Mrs. Latta, Leavenworth; Mrs. Cora M. Downs, Wyandotte; Mrs. Hubbell, Paola; Mrs. Clarke, Fort Scott; Mrs. Mary Morgan, Cot-

tonwood Falls; Mrs. E. Edwards, Parsons; Mrs. J. B. Abbott, De Soto; Mrs. H. Shaw, Olathe; Mrs. Ellen B. Kingsley, Olathe; Mrs. H. A. Huntoon, Topeka. *Officers Elected:* President, Mrs. H. E. Starrett, of Lawrence; Vice Presidents, Mrs. E. C. Johnson of Atchison, Mrs. Reamer of Leavenworth, Mrs. S. W. Kenderdine of Topeka, Mrs. J. F. Legate of Leavenworth; Secretary, Mrs. P. I. Mulvane, of Topeka; Assistant Secretary, Mrs. Clarke, of Fort Scott; Mrs. Ellen B. Kingsley, of Olathe, Corresponding Secretary.

JUNE 6.—All of west and south Topeka carpeted with grasshoppers; noses north and all walking; some fully grown and winged; others shedding their slight silver sheaths; a line like an army; they leave no grass behind them; a strange sight. They do an immense work and are silent; Carlyle's type of a hero. And they eat up the town as his heroes devastated empires. In several counties they are successfully "fought" with plows, coal oil, and the spade.

JUNE 7.—Alexander Ramsey, Sheriff of Ellis county, shot and killed by a horse thief.

—Hoppers fly into Topeka and fill the town.

JUNE 9.—Senator Ingalls delivers the Address at Highland University.

—Burlingame has a pottery and queensware manufactory.

—The most 'hoppers in Topeka, to-day.

JUNE 11.—Death of A. F. Whiting, at Topeka. He came here in 1855. He had held many city offices, had been a member of the M. E. Church 50 years, and no citizen was more highly respected.

JUNE 12.—H. W. Farnsworth, H. D. Rice, C. W. Jewell, L. Blakesley, and H. W. Barker, elected new members of the Board of Trustees of Washburn College.

—Air full of 'hoppers in Topeka, going and coming.

JUNE 13.—The Atchison Champion printed on paper made at Blue Rapids. The first newspaper printed on Kansas-made paper.

—Hoppers in the clouds, flying over Topeka.

—Paola has a cheese factory.

JUNE 14.—The Patrons of Husbandry are organizing Commercial Agencies.

—The State University publishes a paper called the Observer of Nature.

—Murder of Isaac Journeycake, Chief of the Delawares, in the Indian Territory, south of Chetopa.

—The Baccalaureate Sermon at the Emporia Normal School is delivered by C. R. Pomeroy, the President.

—It is estimated that 1,000 reapers will be required to harvest the immense wheat crop in the Arkansas valley, from Dodge City to Arkansas City.

—The southern counties of the State are in the midst of the wheat harvest—the largest ever known.

—Death of Peter Moriarty, of the Council Grove Republican.

JUNE 14.—Report of Orrin T. Welch, the Fifth Annual Report of the Superintendent of Insurance. The people paid last year, in fire insurance premiums, \$327,566.77 on property valued at \$21,890,198.05. The residents of the State paid for life insurance last year \$259,504.67; total paid for insurance in Kansas in 1874, \$587,071.44. Since the Department was organized the School Fund has received \$9,700 from insurance; this year, Mr. Welch says, there will be at least \$3,500 added to the School Fund from this source; total, \$12,500. It has cost to collect this money, or to sustain the Insurance Department, \$29,209.19, as follows: for 1871, \$6,625.15; for 1872, \$7,523.61; for 1873, \$6,096.38; for 1874, \$5,064.05; for 1875, \$3,900. The last Legislature, by a unanimous report, "triumphantly sustained" this law and policy. In Iowa a tax is collected of two and one-half per cent. on the gross amount of premiums of foreign companies, or more than \$50,000 a year. This income is gained by the State through one of its officers, and without the expense of a separate Insurance Department.

JUNE 16.—Hoppers nearly all gone. Farmers have been replanting corn.

—The Baccalaureate Sermon at the University delivered by Rev. Dr. Thomas H. Vail; the Annual Address by Rev. Dr. James Marvin, the President.

JUNE 19.—Formation of a Masonic Mutual Benefit Society. Officers: T. J. Anderson, President; E. D. Hillyer, Vice President; D. W. Nellis, Secretary; P. I. Bonebrake, Treasurer; S. E. Sheldon, Medical Director; B. J. Ricker, Attorney. The Odd Fellows have had such a Society for several years.

JUNE 24.—Commencement of the College of the Sisters of Bethany.

JUNE 26.—Death of Dr. Henry Buckmaster, at Oskaloosa. He was a member of the Territorial and of the first State Legislature, and for four years a Brigade Surgeon. He was a man of unflinching integrity.

—Sedgwick county had 38,000 acres in wheat.

The Independence Tribune says: "Mr. Collison, living ten miles north of Independence, in 1873 harvested a large crop, and after saving seed and bread, sold to Mr. Jocelyn eighteen hundred and eight dollars' worth. In 1874, he again harvested a large yield, and sold two thousand four hundred and thirty-two dollars' worth; and this year, although his field is injured at least five hundred bushels, the lowest estimate of the yield is put at three thousand bushels—making a grand total of seven thousand three hundred and twelve bushels of wheat harvested from one field in three years."

—A Chapter of Royal Arch Masons is organized at Marysville.

JUNE 27.—McDaniels, the Muncie train robber, escapes from the Lawrence jail. In capturing him, on the 29th, McDaniels received a wound which proved fatal.

JUNE 28.—Death of Col. H. C. Haas, at Leavenworth. He had lived there since 1857; had been an officer in three of our regiments, and a member of the State Senate.

—G. C. West retires from the Parsons Sun, and is succeeded by Reynolds, Gifford and Winter.

JULY 1.—H. D. McCarty accepts the Presidency of the Concordia Normal School.

—William Crozier, son of Judge Crozier, of Leavenworth, carried off the highest honors at the recent West Point commencement exercises.

—The Leavenworth Law Library contains 2,200 volumes, and is valued at \$10,000. The library in Clough & Wheat's office contains 3,000 volumes, and is valued at \$15,000.

JULY 9.—Death of Gen. Francis P. Blair jr., in St. Louis—the bravest friend Free Kansas had in any Southern State.

JULY 10.—The A. T. & S. F. R. R. Co. issues a pamphlet of 24 pages, made up of articles written by 227 editors who went on an excursion over the road. The verdict is: "The Cottonwood and Arkansas Valleys the Garden of the West." The following, from the Detroit Tribune, is one of the least eulogistic of these editorial articles:

"A great cry came up from this beautiful Arkansas river valley last winter: Help us, or we perish! Our own citizens of Detroit gave liberally in response to the call. The occasion was an unusual one, from the fact, as Gov. Osborn explained to the excursionists in a five-minutes' speech at Hutchinson, that the sufferers were new-comers, whose first crop was corn, upon which they relied wholly for subsistence, and that crop the enterprising grasshopper gathered. This year, their grain crop is abundant and secure, and a destruction of corn, such as they suffered last year, might be repeated this year, the Governor said, and not bring a ripple upon the affairs of the people of the Arkansas Valley. The people of Detroit, who gave to the Relief Fund last winter, in behalf of these people, may be glad to know that their contributions went to intelligent, refined, and grateful people; to men, women and children who are delighted with the section in which they live, and are proud of its fertility, as shown in the immense crops which, in all directions, stretch away, ripe or ripening, to the horizon. From Atchison to Fort Dodge this wondrous fertility prevailed. The whole route presented a succession of charming pictures, into which the broad prairies, New-Englandish hills, clear waters and waving crops of all descriptions, were introduced; and in the midst of this bright scenery, a happy, contented, and industrious, even a cultured, people live and move, and have a being."

JULY 13.—The Ninth Catalogue of the University contains the names of 194 students.

JULY 18.—The Topeka Daily Times is published by W. H. Johnson, James L. King, and J. W. Wilson.

—Frank Moriarty publishes the Council Grove Republican.

JULY 20.—Eighth Annual Session of M. W. King Solomon Grand Lodge for the State, at Topeka.

—Abilene has an elevator.

JULY 24.—Publication of the Report of the Central Relief Committee. It is published by Geo. W. Martin, Topeka, and is a book of 144 pages. The receipts of money amount to \$73,863.47; of supplies, 265 car-loads, and 11,049 packages—"packages" including boxes, barrels and bags. There were also shipped from the East to individuals, through the Committee, 4,340 packages. The Government of the United States furnished \$20,000 worth of Army clothing, and Congress appro-

appropriated \$75,000 worth of Army rations. There was also contributed by Eastern persons, directly to counties, the sum of \$7,055.28.

"The contributions by the Railroad and Express lines of the country, in the way of free transportation of freights, have probably amounted to fully \$100,000, and should be gratefully acknowledged. The Kansas Pacific and the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé roads, over which most of our supplies have been transported, estimate their free freights in this behalf at \$25,000 for the former, and \$35,000 for the latter. The Express lines, particularly that of Wells, Fargo & Co., have been equally liberal; and the Western Union Telegraph Company has generously allowed us the free use of its lines to an unlimited extent throughout the State.

"The Committee did not expect or desire to have anything to do with the matter of supplying the impoverished victims of the last season's plague with field and garden seeds for spring planting. The failure of the Legislature to provide for this contingency, however, made it necessary for somebody to make an effort in that direction; and it was therefore decided in general meeting of the Committee, early in March, to devote all remaining funds to that object. The result is exhibited in detail in the schedules of purchases and shipments on this account. The amount expended for seeds was about \$20,000. The purchases were made in Iowa, Illinois and Missouri, of the best qualities and at the lowest possible prices. The average rate paid for seed corn was 65 cents per bushel, and for seed potatoes \$1 per bushel, delivered at Topeka. We desire in this connection to acknowledge the receipt of liberal donations of garden seeds from the Plant Seed Company, St. Louis; John Kern, St. Louis; Geo. S. Haskell & Co., Rockford, Ill.; Henry Mitchell, St. Louis, and James Vick, Rochester, N. Y.

"The books, papers and correspondence of the Committee have been arranged in convenient shape for preservation and reference, and deposited for safe-keeping with the Secretary of State, where they will be open for all time to the inspection of anybody who may have leisure or inclination to examine them. These documents embrace a complete account in detail of all the Committee's seven months' labor, including vouchers for every transaction, large and small, from the beginning to the end of the vouchery period of poverty and helplessness which made this humiliating work a necessity.

"We are under special obligations to Hon. Thomas A. Osborn, Governor of the State, for his hearty and helpful coöperation with us, and to the other State officers, and the officers of the various counties, for valuable counsel and assistance. Our grateful thanks are also due to Gen. James S. Brisbin, U. S. A., Gen. N. B. Baker, Adjutant General of Iowa, Hon. J. J. Valentine, Superintendent of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express Company, and Whitclaw Reid, editor of the New York Tribune, for services rendered in procuring and forwarding contributions of money and supplies. The newspaper press of Kansas and the country generally is likewise entitled to conspicuous mention for aid extended in furtherance of our undertaking. And finally, we desire to express the earnest acknowledgments of this Committee and of the stricken thousands of our citizens to the people of the United States for their generous sympathy and their prompt and liberal benefactions."

The names of the citizens of Kansas who performed this labor gratuitously, with fidelity, strict integrity, and with rare ability, are given here:

Elias S. Stover, Chairman; Francis S. McCabe, Chairman *pro tem.*; Henry King, Secretary; Fry W. Giles, Treasurer; Orrin T. Welch, Transportation Agent. *Executive Committee:* E. S. Stover, Henry King, Orrin T. Welch, Thomas Murphy, F. S. McCabe, F. W. Giles, W. C. Tenney, M. M. Murdock, Alfred Gray. *Purchasing Committee:* E. S. Stover, Henry King, O. T. Welch. *Distributing Committee:* F. W. Giles, F. S. McCabe, O. T. Welch. *Auditing Committee:* F. S. McCabe, F. W. Giles, Alfred Gray. *General Committee:* E. S. Stover of Connel Grove, Henry King of Topeka, Orrin T. Welch of Topeka, Alfred Gray of Wyandotte,

M. M. Murdock of Wichita, D. J. Brewer of Leavenworth, Wm. Sims of Topeka, W. C. Tenney of Lawrence, C. H. Liebold of Salina, J. C. Cusey of Paola, C. W. Blair of Fort Scott, F. S. McCabe of Topeka, F. W. Giles of Topeka, W. L. Bear of Osborne City, Thos. Murphy of Atchison, M. E. Hudson of Mapleton, John Fraser of Lawrence, S. T. Kelsey of Hutchinson, A. L. Voorhees of Russell, E. N. Morrill of Hiawatha, J. H. Edwards of Ellis, G. A. Thompson of Burrton, P. B. Plumb of Emporia.

JULY 30.—Destructive fire at Parsons; ten buildings destroyed.

—The Abilene Chronicle says: "T. C. Henry has two steam threshing machines running in his field that are turning out about sixteen hundred bushels per day. The wheat is of splendid quality, and a large proportion of it will grade No. 2 in the St. Louis markets. It averages over twenty-five bushels to the acre." He harvests over 30,000 bushels from a single field.

—The heaviest yield of wheat the Burlingame Chronicle has heard of, is that of Alex. May, living on Salt creek. He threshed, a few days ago, a crop of three acres, which yielded him 132 bushels of clean, plump grain, or an average of 44 bushels per acre.

JULY 31.—Ex-President Andrew Johnson dies, at Knoxville, Tenn.

AUGUST 4.—The first "copy" on the "Annals" given to Edward P. Harris, and the first type set. Capt. Frank B. Swift is at work on the copy.

AUGUST 6.—James F. Legate, Joseph Clarke and Charles Tillotson buy the Leavenworth Commercial.

—Denver is full of 'hoppers. Vegetation rank and luxuriant in eastern Kansas. The 'hoppers cultivated and manured the land, after the manner of Darwin's "earth worms."

AUGUST 6.—The Southern Kansas Baptist Association meets at Augusta.

AUGUST 10.—A train with 201 Mennonites arrives at Topeka, and leaves for the Southwest.

AUGUST 16.—Reunion at Topeka of two Royal Arch Chapters of Colored Masons—the Onward No. 2, of Lawrence, and the Lawton No. 1, of Topeka. Address by Charles H. Langston, of Lawrence.

—James J. Chatham issues the Daily Courier, at Independence.

AUGUST 20.—The Mechanical Building of the Agricultural College is completed.

—Corn planted in Wyandotte county on the 18th day of June was six feet high on the 23d day of July.

—A flat-boat with 30,000 pounds of flour leaves Arkansas City for Little Rock, Ark.

—There are over 20,000 people in the Walnut Valley.

AUGUST 24.—State Teachers' Association in Topeka. Chancellor Marvin elected President, and Mrs. M. J. Sharon Secretary. Address by John A. Anderson. The Association elected the following officers: Prof.

H. C. Speer, President; Mrs. H. A. Monroe, Recording Secretary; Prof. Cassidy, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. M. J. Sharon, Treasurer.

AUGUST 25.—The Leavenworth Commercial says: "Col. D. R. Anthony was, for the first time since he was removed from the Opera House on the morning subsequent to his being shot, able to move about, yesterday. He was driven through town in his carriage."

AUGUST 30.—Regular trains from Topeka to Kansas City over the Midland road.

SEPTEMBER 2.—The completion of the bridge across the Missouri river from Atchison is commemorated by appropriate civic ceremonies. There are 20,000 visitors. Gen. Benj. F. Stringfellow is President of the Day. The principal address is made by John J. Ingalls. Governor Osborn, Senator Harvey, James N. Burnes and Gen. James Craig make speeches, and Will. L. Visscher reads a poem. The length of the bridge is 1,182 feet. Maj. Otis B. Gunn was the engineer. A telegram published in the Commonwealth says: "There was one item in the procession for Web. Wilder's 'Annals.' It was a carriage with the announcement displayed on the outside that it carried not 'Cæsar and his fortunes,' but L. T. Woolfolk, the first born in the city, aged 19." The Muse of History bows, obeys, and gives the youth and the legend its immortal ink.

SEPTEMBER 21.—State Temperance League meeting at Manhattan. Called to order by Rev. Richard Wake. In the absence of Dr. Richard Cordley, Prof. Benj. F. Mudge was elected chairman. Officers elected for the ensuing year: President, Prof. B. F. Mudge, Manhattan; Vice Presidents, one from each county; Secretary, D. C. Beach, Lawrence; Treasurer, Mrs. Helena March, Lawrence.

Executive Committee: Judge Pipher, Manhattan; Mrs. J. L. Hunting, Leavenworth; Rev. J. H. Clark, Emporia; Mrs. Drusilla Wilson, Lawrence.

Resolutions adopted:

"*Whereas*, The Brewers' Congress at its late session in Cincinnati declared that Temperance Legislation and efforts have diminished their business *nearly one-third* during the past year, and pledged themselves to do their utmost to abolish all restrictive laws: therefore,

"*Resolved*, That as the friends of temperance, we are encouraged by such acknowledged success to push our efforts in the direction of effective prohibitory legislation.

"*Resolved*, That we urge all loyal temperance men and women in our State to show their faith by their work, and hold themselves in readiness to make all needful sacrifices of time and money to help forward the good work.

"*Resolved*, That we encourage every and all organizations calculated to promote temperance sentiments, whether they be open or secret.

"*Resolved*, That we take measures by which the rural districts shall be brought into organic relations with the State League.

"*Resolved*, That we counsel the wives and mothers of our State that they, by their influence, suppress the use of fermented liquors in the household, either as a beverage, for cooking purposes, or as a medicine.

"*Resolved*, That we recommend to the pastors of churches the organization of children's temperance societies, or 'Bands of Hope,' that temperance principles may be instilled into the minds of the rising generation.

"Resolved, That we will lay aside party politics, and cast our votes at coming elections, for men of strict temperance principles."

OCTOBER.—The Brown land-confiscation cases, under the law of 1862, confiscating the land of Rebels, decided by the U. S. Supreme Court, adversely to the United States officers in Kansas.

OCTOBER 12.—Eighth annual meeting of the Kansas Academy of Science, at Topeka.

—The Lawrence Journal publishes the farewell discourse of Rev. Dr. Richard Cordley, who has been the pastor of the Plymouth church eighteen years. Dr. Cordley goes to Michigan.

—Charles L. Gleed is the city editor of the Lawrence Journal.

—The oldest white person born in Kansas, and now living here, is believed to be Col. A. S. Johnson, of the Santa Fé road, who was born at Shawnee Mission, in 1832.

OCTOBER 19.—Meeting in Topeka of the Grand Chapter A. F. and A. M. Officers elected: M. E. H. P., Comp. T. J. Anderson, of Topeka; R. E. D. G. H. P., Comp. J. W. Peck, of Wamego; E. G. K., Comp. D. Byington, of Leavenworth; E. G. S., Comp. W. H. Andrews, of Humboldt; E. G. T., Comp. C. Beck, of Leavenworth; E. G. Sec., Comp. E. T. Carr, of Leavenworth.

OCTOBER 21.—Officers elected of the Masonic Grand Lodge: Isaac B. Sharpe, of Wyandotte, Grand Master; John Guthrie, of Topeka, Deputy Grand Master; B. J. F. Hanna, of Salina, Grand Senior Warden; W. H. Smallwood, of Waterville, Grand Junior Warden; John H. Brown, of Leavenworth, Grand Secretary; Christian Beck, of Leavenworth, Grand Treasurer.

—James W. Steele writes "Coronado's March," beginning—

Well—sit down—we won't dispute, but the story is rather thin;
Three hundred years is a monstrous time for a story to gather in.
I've heard o' Fremont, and Bonneville, and such men wandering here,
But I'm doubtful about your Mexican—dead these three hundred year.

Quivira, you say they called it? 'Taint English, and couldn't stand;
A Greaser never invented a name that would cover so much land.
And gold, you say, they were hunting in this Coronado's march?
Well, it's here, but it's staying that gets it, and a little deeper s'arch.

I don't mean any offense, Mister—it's good, as stories go,
But three hundred years is so far aback, that it aint for me to know
If the first white speck on the western sea was made by a Spanish sail,
And the first lone grave on the Plains was dug beside a Spanish trail.

NOVEMBER 2.—Annual election. Vote for District Judges:

SIXTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Bourbon</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority</i> ..
William C. Stewart.....	1,474	1,474	159
Cyrus O. French.....	1,315	1,315	

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Woodson..	Wilson....	Neosho....	Allen.....	Total.....	Majority..
H. W. Talcott.....	527	438	623	824	2,412	890
T. J. Hudson.....	160	829	336	197	1,522	
R. N. Baylies.....	85	102	882	139	1,208	
Scattering.....	2	1			3	

SEVENTH DISTRICT—TO FILL VACANCY.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Woodson..	Wilson....	Neosho....	Allen.....	Total.....	Majority..
W. A. Atchison.....	439	393	32	498	1,362	36
Peter Bell.....	212	424	723	369	1,728	
H. W. Talcott.....		15	157	80	242	
R. N. Baylies.....			26		26	
T. J. Hudson.....		7	28		35	
Scattering.....	12	2	1		15	

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Morris.....	Oliver.....	Dickinson..	Davis.....	Riley.....	Total.....	Majority..
J. H. Austin.....	519	781	1,274	949	233	3,756	2,050
R. B. Spillman.....	435	29	102	32	1,096	1,694	
Scattering.....				2	1	3	

NINTH DISTRICT.*

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Kingman...	Ford.....	Rush.....	Rice.....	Reno.....	Parvett.....	Marion.....	Harvey.....	Edwards....	Chase.....	Burton.....	Total.....	Majority..
Samuel R. Peters.....	9	221	98	366	908	260	960	854	78	776	641	5,165	5,150
Scattering.....		3		1			5	2			4	15	

* No returns from Harper, Barber and Comanche counties.

VOTE FOR STATE SENATOR.

<i>District...</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Marion....	Morris....	Chase.....	Total.....	Majority..
26	S. M. Wood.....	355	526	487	1,368	134
	R. C. Bates.....	526	339	244	1,109	
	E. A. Brundige.....	22	70	32	124	
	George Hayes.....			1	1	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Districts..</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Vote</i>	<i>Majority..</i>	<i>Priority..</i>
1	Doniphan	A. S. Campbell.....	616	227	
		W. D. Rippey.....	389		
2	.....	M. C. Reville.....	370	13	
		W. W. Bullock.....	216		
3	.....	James Trant.....	141		
		A. J. Mowry.....	296	42	
		Jacob Ramsel.....	254		
4	Atchison	Geo. W. Glick.....	568	102	
		Edward Fleischer.....	466		
5	.....	Thomas B. Tomlinson.....	520	56	
		Thomas Metcalfe.....	464		
6	.....	Z. S. Hastings.....	485	48	
		William Noel.....	437		
7	Brown	John P. Davis.....	1,192	967	
		J. P. Mulhollen.....	225		
8	Nemaha.....	David R. Magill.....	399	34	
		I. F. Collins.....	364		
		Scattering.....	1		
9	.....	S. P. Conrad.....	484	219	
		C. S. Cummings.....	265		
10	Marshall.....	J. D. Brumbaugh.....	858		172
		W. H. Clutter.....	686		
		J. D. Farwell.....	285		
11	Washington.....	A. G. Randall.....	812	244	
		A. J. Palmer.....	568		
12	Riley	Charles F. Little.....	874	439	
		N. Green.....	435		
13	Pottawatomie.....	J. S. Coddling.....	474		
		Theodore Saxon.....	577	97	
		Scattering.....	6		
14	.....	W. R. Benton.....	484	394	
		J. C. McBride.....	87		
		Scattering.....	3		
15	Jackson	J. W. Williams.....	634	84	
		John Blair.....	550		
16	Jefferson.....	Terry Critchfield.....	407	194	
		J. L. Sinnard.....	213		
17	.....	L. H. Guest.....	350	133	
		Fred. Deppy.....	217		
18	.....	John Bates.....	413	37	
		J. M. Huber.....	376		
19	Leavenworth.....	E. Stillings.....	302	103	
		J. W. English.....	199		
20	.....	J. W. Taylor.....	240	41	
		J. M. Aller.....	199		
21	.....	A. A. Fenn.....	383	50	
		J. F. Legate.....	333		
22	.....	J. C. Stone.....	344	28	
		R. Crozier.....	316		
23	.....	W. T. Marvin.....	320	110	
		G. W. H. Moore.....	210		
24	.....	James Howell.....	451	84	
		S. B. Steward.....	357		
25	.....	C. Duncan.....	345	9	
		Robert Taylor.....	336		
26	Wyandotte.....	Sanford Haff.....	775	117	
		D. B. Hiatt.....	577		
		M. L. Thompson.....	81		
27	.....	H. W. Cook.....	351	102	
		R. B. Taylor.....	249		
28	Johnson	D. G. Campbell.....	494	134	
		D. A. Deem.....	360		
29	.....	W. H. Toothacher.....	535	56	
		J. E. Hayes.....	460		
		C. S. Stapleton.....	19		
30	.....	G. F. Rogers.....	299		77
		Z. Meredith.....	222		
		W. Hunter.....	119		
		Scattering.....	39		

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Vote.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>	<i>Plurality.</i>
31	Miami	Eli Davis.....	558	18	
		T. M. Carroll.....	540		
32	.....	J. C. Nichols.....	590	45	
		Samuel Hymer.....	545		
33	Linn.....	W. R. Biddle.....	376	16	
		S. Douglass.....	358		
		Scattering.....	2		
34	.....	W. P. Barnes.....	320	100	
		J. M. Broady.....	220		
35	.....	O. E. Morse.....	294	8	
		D. W. McGuire.....	285		
		Scattering.....	1		
36	Bourbon	John J. Stewart.....	447	93	
		J. B. Britton.....	354		
37	.....	E. P. Davis.....	423	108	
		A. Goucher.....	315		
38	.....	B. J. Waters.....	627	67	
		E. M. Hulett.....	560		
39	Crawford.....	Edward Ballaine.....	364	26	
		Owen Connoughton.....	338		
40	.....	E. B. Hoyt.....	327	85	
		W. H. Reed.....	242		
41	Cherokee.....	J. H. Smith.....	527	5	
		T. Stockslager.....	520		
		Scattering.....	2		
42	.....	J. R. Hallowell.....	379	157	
		E. M. Mason.....	222		
43	Labette	Milton W. Reynolds.....	636	49	
		George W. Gabriel.....	587		
44	.....	Henry G. Webb.....	719	293	
		Owen Wimmer.....	426		
45	Neosho.....	T. F. Rager.....	512	13	
		W. H. Williams.....	426		
		Scattering.....	73		
46	.....	John Stall.....	426		42
		A. P. Brewer.....	384		
		Scattering.....	55		
47	Allen	J. L. Arnold.....	350	116	
		W. C. Jones.....	234		
48	.....	S. H. Stevens.....	290	14	
		R. V. Blair.....	276		
49	Anderson.....	L. K. Kirk.....	637	286	
		A. Simons.....	351		
50	Franklin.....	P. P. Elder.....	539	162	
		John Y. Hewitt.....	375		
51	.....	J. Dunnuck.....	436	5	
		A. C. Shinn.....	431		
52	Douglas.....	W. G. Melville.....	744	744	
53	.....	D. C. Haskell.....	765	765	
54	.....	S. A. Halderman.....	402	91	
		S. W. Metsker.....	311		
55	.....	James Charles.....	368	159	
		O. G. Richards.....	207		
		Scattering.....	2		
56	Shawnee.....	Golden Silvers.....	362		48
		Daniel M. Adams.....	314		
		G. C. Clemens.....	41		
		G. W. Miller.....	26		
57	.....	P. I. Bonebrake.....	894	894	
58	.....	Freeman R. Foster.....	466	257	
		John G. Otis.....	209		
59	Osage.....	D. B. Burdick.....	783	325	
		L. E. Finch.....	458		
60	.....	N. A. Perrill.....	634	241	
		W. C. Swezey.....	393		
61	Coffey	Jacob Baer.....	844	404	
		B. L. Kingsbury.....	440		
62	Woodson.....	H. C. Dickson.....	430	95	
		R. C. Norton.....	332		
		Scattering.....	3		

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Vote.....</i>	<i>Majority.</i>	<i>Plurality.</i>
63	Wilson	S. S. Benedict.....	821	307	
		J. Y. Simpson.....	514		
64	Montgomery	J. M. Heddens.....	746	194	
		W. H. Bell.....	552		
65	.....	William Stewart.....	623	1	
		Geo. W. Burchard.....	622		
66	Chautauqua.....	H. Berry.....	767	140	
		M. B. Chrisman.....	627		
67	Greenwood.....	A. C. Richardson.....	631	20	
		William McBrown.....	611		
68	Lyon.....	Charles V. Eskridge.....	758	758	
69	.....	John W. Loy.....	629	628	
		P. B. Maxson.....	1		
70	Wabaunsee.....	S. A. Baldwin.....	413	16	
		Joseph Trne.....	397		
71	Davis.....	John K. Wright.....	499	37	
		C. G. Cox.....	460		
		Jack Sullivan.....	2		
72	Morris.....	F. M. Hooton.....	493	49	
		John Maloy.....	444		
73	Chase.....	S. N. Wood.....	482	214	
		J. C. Dwelle.....	265		
		Scattering.....	3		
74	Butler.....	J. L. Ferguson.....	1,335	572	
		Helmsley Wood.....	763		
75	Cowley.....	W. P. Hackney.....	1,413	1,413	
76	Sedgwick.....	John Kelley.....	1,039	448	
		B. H. Fisher.....	521		
		J. Kempinsky.....	70		
77	Marion.....	G. W. Campbell.....	356		26
		J. N. Rogers.....	330		
		W. T. Hoblitzell.....	119		
		J. W. Butterfield.....	140		
		Scattering.....	15		
78	McPherson.....	D. H. Page.....	581	142	
		A. W. Smith.....	439		
79	Dickinson.....	O. A. Root.....	850	305	
		J. W. Robson.....	532		
		Scattering.....	13		
80	Clay.....	C. M. Kellogg.....	699	191	
		John R. Taylor.....	508		
81	Republic.....	R. P. West.....	849	390	
		D. C. Gamble.....	459		
82	Cloud.....	George W. Nichols.....	1,088	913	
		A. A. Carnahan.....	175		
83	Ottawa.....	W. A. Johnston.....	532	286	
		C. L. Botsford.....	174		
		W. B. Davis.....	72		
84	Saline.....	J. H. Snead.....	617		165
		G. C. Lockwood.....	452		
		F. Kingman.....	385		
		Scattering.....	4		
85	Ellsworth.....	D. B. Long.....	263	130	
		R. Hudson.....	132		
		Scattering.....	1		
86	Lincoln.....	E. S. Pierce.....	372	243	
		E. H. Ellis.....	129		
87	Mitchell.....	W. L. Warring.....	723	292	
		Joseph Carney.....	431		
88	Jewell.....	S. E. Wilson.....	912	573	
		R. S. Hanley.....	339		
89	Ellis.....	J. Moser.....	172	81	
		L. Watson.....	91		
91	Rice.....	Ansel R. Clark.....	226	79	
		S. B. Monroe.....	95		
		G. Bohrer.....	52		
92	Sumner.....	T. A. Hubbard.....	579	66	
		J. Wade McDonald.....	513		
93	Osborne.....	S. B. Farwell.....	399	258	
		P. A. Field.....	135		
		Scattering.....	6		

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Vote.....</i>	<i>Majority.</i>	<i>Plurality.</i>
94	Reno.....	Thomas T. Taylor..... W. J. Ross..... Fletcher Meridith.....	447 378 248		69
95	Smith.....	C. J. Aldrich..... L. C. Ubl..... M. B. Sherwin.....	399 351 48		48
96	Harvey.....	John E. Duncan..... Thomas C. Cutler..... Scattering.....	554 302 1	251	
97	Barton.....	S. S. Dennis..... W. M. Chalfant.....	367 280		87
98	Russell.....	J. J. A. T. Dixon..... Asa Kinney.....	171 139		32
99	Phillips.....	John Bissell..... John J. McClimot.....	328 232		96
101	Pawnee.....	William White..... P. H. Curlett.....	159 100		59
111	Elk.....	William Driscoll..... Charles Barbour.....	733 547		186

VOTES CAST FOR AND AGAINST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

<i>COUNTIES.</i>	<i>PROPOSITION I.</i>		<i>PROPOSITION II.</i>		<i>PROPOSITION III.</i>	
	<i>For.</i>	<i>Against.</i>	<i>For.</i>	<i>Against.</i>	<i>For.</i>	<i>Against.</i>
Allen.....	911	23	899	23	796	129
Anderson.....	519	22	518	22	514	22
Atchison.....	2,344	69	2,333	71	2,334	74
Barber*						
Barton.....	3	2	3	2	3	2
Bourbon.....	1,655	54	1,655	53	1,651	51
Brown.....	752	104	735	105	730	105
Butler.....	2,063	11	2,062	11	2,059	11
Chase.....	248	167	242	164	188	199
Chautauqua.....	509	116	488	111	488	112
Cherokee.....	226	331	217	328	222	325
Clay.....	472	232	510	203	505	197
Cloud.....	582	234	579	232	580	229
Coffey.....	775	98	772	99	768	110
Comanche*						
Cowley.....	283	868	277	868	282	869
Crawford.....	813	30	814	32	809	36
Davis.....	644	59	644	59	644	59
Dickinson.....	377	255	363	253	360	260
Doniphan.....	424	753	402	610	402	609
Douglas.....	1,984	51	1,978	52	1,977	52
Edwards.....		48		48		48
Elk.....	150	68	146	67	144	66
Ellis.....	16	11	16	11	17	9
Ellsworth.....	17	376	17	377	17	377
Ford.....	2		2		2	
Franklin.....	1,357	26	1,319	53	1,314	54
Greenwood.....	1,047	96	1,036	106	1,030	110
Harper*						
Harvey.....	362	114	362	113	363	109
Jackson.....	494	213	494	213	494	213
Jefferson.....	1,050	58	1,045	48	1,037	59
Jewell.....	326	677	306	697	305	698
Johnson.....	1,272	176	1,260	157	1,230	180
Kingman*						

* No returns.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS—CONCLUDED.

COUNTIES.	PROPOSITION I.		PROPOSITION II.		PROPOSITION III.	
	<i>For.</i>	<i>Against.</i>	<i>For.</i>	<i>Against.</i>	<i>For.</i>	<i>Against.</i>
Labette.....	1,198	265	1,184	266	1,162	282
Leavenworth.....	2,322	39	2,322	39	2,322	39
Lincoln.....	151	71	159	71	159	71
Linn.....	1,013	371	1,004	366	1,000	367
Lyon.....	1,091	96	1,087	96	1,078	95
Marion.....	19	19	14			4
Marshall.....	1,248	30	1,248	30	1,248	30
McPherson.....	751	72	751	72	751	72
Miami.....	1,701	112	1,662	110	1,656	109
Mitchell.....	183	366	189	370	159	371
Montgomery.....	612	509	607	500	606	503
Morris.....	411	507	411	507	411	507
Nemaha.....	1,090	27	1,090	27	1,084	30
Neosho.....	361	562	355	564	348	570
Ness*.....						
Norton.....	34	26	52	27	52	27
Osage.....	716	778	716	781	710	782
Osborne.....	156	105	153	106	156	105
Ottawa.....	133	231	139	225	132	216
Pawnee.....	86	149	86	149	86	149
Phillips.....	62	201	58	202	57	203
Pottawatomie.....	1,355	174	1,356	172	1,352	177
Pratt*.....						
Reno.....	383	48	383	48	383	48
Republic.....	211	424	211	424	211	424
Rice.....	115	21	115	19	122	19
Riley.....	1,005	18	999	18	999	17
Rooks.....	17	4	17	4	17	4
Rush.....	32		32		32	
Russell.....	21	93	21	91	21	94
Saline.....	457	112	454	113	458	113
Sedgwick.....	777	696	774	698	774	698
Shawnee.....	188	1,955	175	1,955	192	1,948
Smith.....	110	270	110	270	110	270
Sumner.....	198	205	198	205	198	205
Wabaunsee.....	539	40	538	40	537	40
Wallace*.....						
Washington.....	964	41	961	40	961	40
Wilson.....	814	59	810	61	799	68
Woodson.....	669	34	668	34	668	34
Wyandotte.....	450	1,406	449	1,406	450	1,404
Total.....	43,320	15,478	43,052	15,293	42,724	15,509

* No returns.

The amendments adopted are as follows:

PROPOSITION I. Section twenty-five of article two shall be amended so as to read as follows: Section 25. All sessions of the Legislature shall be held at the State capital; and, beginning with the session of eighteen hundred and seventy-seven, all regular sessions shall be held once in two years, commencing on the second Tuesday of January of each alternate year thereafter.

PROPOSITION II. Section three of article eleven shall be amended so as to read as follows: Section 3. The Legislature shall provide, at each regular session, for raising sufficient revenue to defray the current expenses of the State for two years.

PROPOSITION III. The following shall constitute section twenty-nine of article two: Section 29. At the general election held in eighteen hundred and seventy-six, and thereafter, members of the House of Representatives shall be elected for two years, and members of the Senate shall be elected for four years.

NOVEMBER 9.—The printing of the "Annals" completed.

NOVEMBER 12.—Burning of a block in Ellsworth; loss, \$30,000.

NOVEMBER 22.—Death of Henry Wilson, Vice President, at Washing-

ton. In early life he changed his name from Colbath to Wilson. Mr. Wilson was active and efficient in making Kansas free.

NOVEMBER 30.—Expenditures for the year:

<i>For what purpose.</i>	<i>Amount appropriated</i>	<i>Amount drawn.</i>	<i>Balance withdrawn.</i>
Legislative expenses.....	\$37,949 00	\$33,983 35	\$3,966 65
Transcribing Journals.....	1,800 00	1,800 00	.....
Executive Department.....	8,200 00	7,606 69	593 31
Secretary of State's Department.....	14,750 00	14,506 25	243 75
Auditor's Department.....	5,100 00	5,100 00	.....
Treasurer's Department.....	8,655 00	8,655 00	.....
Superintendent's Department.....	4,175 00	4,175 00	.....
Attorney General's Department.....	2,000 00	1,761 60	238 40
State Librarian.....	2,060 00	2,055 00	5 00
Supreme Court.....	10,080 00	10,080 00	.....
District Judges.....	38,500 00	38,406 22	93 78
Emporia Normal School.....	12,640 00	12,630 76	9 24
Leavenworth Normal School.....	6,600 00	6,600 00	.....
Concordia Normal School.....	5,312 50	5,297 11	15 39
Blind Asylum, Wyandotte.....	8,990 00	8,987 74	2 26
Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	13,864 83	13,618 45	246 38
Insane Asylum, Osawatomie.....	85,976 00	85,169 60	806 40
Insane Asylum, Topeka.....	25,000 00	17,200 75	7,799 25
State University.....	18,201 33	18,201 27	6
Agricultural College.....	13,675 24	13,675 24	.....
State Penitentiary.....	84,543 78	84,543 78	.....
State Printing.....	41,359 90	39,072 50	2,287 40
Regents State Institutions.....	4,981 80	4,947 00	34 80
Conveying prisoners to Penitentiary.....	6,659 87	6,549 62	110 25
State Board of Agriculture.....	12,905 36	12,905 36	.....
Enforcement of laws in unorganized counties.....	1,492 00	1,492 00	.....
State Horticultural Society.....	1,000 00	1,000 00	.....
State Grange freight.....	5,000 00	5,000 00	.....
State Central Relief Committee.....	6,000 00	6,000 00	.....
H. E. Vantrees.....	500 00	500 00	.....
Centennial Exposition.....	5,000 00	5,000 00	.....
Miscellaneous accounts.....	21,482 54	19,987 29	1,495 25
Total.....	\$514,454 15	\$496,512 58	\$17,941 57

DECEMBER 13.—Thirteen buildings burned in Salina; loss, \$25,000.

DECEMBER 15.—Incorporation of the State Historical Society. Directors, S. A. Kingman, G. A. Crawford, J. A. Martin, F. P. Baker, Sol. Miller, D. W. Wilder, and D. R. Anthony.

DECEMBER.—H. Clay Park and Fred. L. Vandegrift buy the Atchison Patriot.

DECEMBER 17.—Fire at Wichita. Loss \$14,000.

DECEMBER 18.—Disclosure of school-bond forgeries. The bonds are of Mitchell, Jewell and Republic counties, and the amount paid for them, out of the State Treasury, was \$19,050. Samuel Lappin, Treasurer, and Chas. J. Scrafford, are charged with the forgery.

DECEMBER 20.—Gov. Osborn, Secretary Cavanaugh and Auditor Wilder count the money in the Treasury, and find no other loss. Lappin resigns.

DECEMBER 21.—John Francis accepts the appointment of State Treasurer. Suit is begun against Lappin and his bondsmen.

DECEMBER 22.—Death of Abel Carter Wilder, in the Palace Hotel, San Francisco. He came to Kansas in March, 1857; was elected to Congress

in 1863. After returning to Rochester, New York, he was elected Mayor of that city. A sketch of his life is published in the Kansas "Annual Register," the Kansas "Biographical Dictionary," and in a pamphlet issued by his widow, Mrs. Frances Hunter Wilder. He was a delegate in four National Republican Conventions, twice from Kansas and twice from New York.

DECEMBER 30.—The Treasury turned over to John Francis. Civil and criminal suits against Samuel Lappin. Examination before Justice Brier; he is charged with forgery, counterfeiting, and embezzlement; bonds fixed at \$10,000, which Lappin is unable to secure.

1876.

JANUARY 1.—F. P. Baker resigns the Secretaryship of the State Historical Society, and Franklin G. Adams is elected.

—The rainfall for 1875 was 28.87 inches, for 1874 the same; one a year of success, the other of failure.

JANUARY 4.—The Historical Society library has its beginning in a book-case in the Auditor's office.

JANUARY 6.—The Fort Scott Monitor publishes a poem written by Eugene F. Ware, and called "The Washerwoman's Song:"

In a very humble cot,
In a rather quiet spot,
In the suds and in the soap
Worked a woman, full of hope;
Working, singing, all alone,
In a sort of under-tone,
"With a Saviour for a friend,
He will keep me to the end."

Sometimes happening along,
I had heard the semi-song,
And I often used to smile,
More in sympathy than guile;
But I never said a word
In regard to what I heard,
As she sang about her friend
Who would keep her to the end.

Not in sorrow nor in glee
Working all day long was she,
As her children, three or four,
Played around her on the floor;
But in monotones the song
She was humming all day long,
"With a Saviour for a friend,
He will keep me to the end."

It's a song I do not sing,
For I scarce believe a thing
Of the stories that are told
Of the miracles of old;

But I know that her belief
Is the anodyne of grief,
And will always be a friend
That will keep her to the end.

Just a trifle lonesome she,
Just as poor as poor could be;
But her spirits always rose,
Like the bubbles in the clothes,
And, though widowed and alone,
Cheered her with the monotone,
Of a Saviour and a friend
Who would keep her to the end.

I have seen her rub and rub,
On the washboard in the tub,
While the baby, sopped in suds,
Rolled and tumbled in the duds,
Or was paddling in the pools,
With old scissors stuck in spoons;
She still humming of her friend
Who would keep her to the end.

Human hopes and human creeds
Have their root in human needs,
And I would not wish to strip
From that washerwoman's lip
Any song that she can sing,
Any hope that songs can bring;
For the woman has a friend
That will keep her to the end.

JANUARY 11.—Opening of the sixteenth annual session of the Legislature.

STATE OFFICERS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Thomas A. Osborn, Governor.....	Leavenworth	Leavenworth.
M. J. Salter, Lieutenant Governor.....	Thayer.....	Neosho.
Thomas H. Cavanaugh, Secretary of State.....	Salina.....	Saline.
Daniel W. Wilder, Auditor.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
John Francis, Treasurer.....	Iola.....	Allen.
John Fraser, Superintendent of Public Instruction.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
A. M. F. Randolph, Attorney General.....	Burlington.....	Coffey.
Hiram T. Beman, Adjutant General.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
George W. Martin, State Printer.....	Junction City..	Davis.
Orrin T. Welch, Superintendent Insurance Department	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
D. Dickinson, State Librarian.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Alfred Gray, Secretary State Board of Agriculture.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Ward Burlingame, Governor's Private Secretary	Topeka.....	Shawnee.

JUDGES AND OFFICERS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Samuel A. Kingman, Chief Justice.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Daniel M. Valentine, Associate Justice.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
David J. Brewer, Associate Justice.....	Leavenworth..	Leavenworth.
William C. Webb, Reporter.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
Abram Hammatt, Clerk.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.

JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURTS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>District.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
H. W. Ide.....	First.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
P. L. Hubbard.....	Second.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
John T. Morton.....	Third.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Owen A. Bassett.....	Fourth.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
E. B. Peyton.....	Fifth.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
W. C. Stewart.....	Sixth.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
H. W. Talcott.....	Seventh.....	Iola.....	Allen.
James H. Austin.....	Eighth.....	Junction City....	Davis.
S. R. Peters.....	Ninth.....	Marion Center....	Marion.
Hiram Stevens.....	Tenth.....	Paola.....	Miami.
B. W. Perkins.....	Eleventh.....	Oswego.....	Labette.
A. S. Wilson.....	Twelfth.....	Washington.....	Washington.
W. P. Campbell.....	Thirteenth.....	El Dorado.....	Butler.
J. H. Prescott.....	Fourteenth.....	Salina.....	Saline.
Joel Holt.....	Fifteenth.....	Beloit.....	Mitchell.

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Politics.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
1	C. G. Bridges.....	41	Rep.....	Troy.....	Doniphan.....	Life ins. agent.
2	G. W. Gillespie.....	45	Rep.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Saw miller.
3	S. P. Griffin.....	54	Rep.....	Pardee.....	Atchison.....	Farmer.
4	J. M. Miller.....	40	Rep.....	Seneca.....	Nemaha.....	Farmer.
5	Boaz W. Williams.....	58	Rep.....	Washington.....	Washington..	Merchant.
6	John S. Hopkins.....	40	Rep.....	Holton.....	Jackson.....	Attorney.
7	J. B. Schaeffer.....	48	Reform..	Valley Falls....	Jefferson.....	Farmer.
8	J. P. Bauserman.....	35	Dem.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth	Farmer.
9	T. L. Johnson.....	42	Rep.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth	Printer.
10	John A. Halderman.....	42	Ind.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth	Attorney.
11	B. Judd.....	51	Dem.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte...	Banking.
12	W. W. Maltby.....	56	Ind.....	Olathe.....	Johnson.....	Farmer.
13	William Jones.....	46	Reform..	Somerset.....	Miami.....	Farmer.

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE — CONCLUDED.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Politics.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
11	R. B. McMillan	52	Reform ..	Blue Mound.....	Linn.....	Farmer.
12	J. W. Bainum.....	43	Rep.....	Mapleton.....	Bourbon	Farmer.
13	D. M. Davis.....	46	Reform ..	Arcadia.....	Crawford... ..	Horticulturist.
14	E. C. Wells.....	42	Reform ..	Brownsville.....	Cherokee	Farmer.
15	J. H. Crichton.....	32	Rep.....	Chetopa.....	Labette.....	Lawyer.
16	Walter L. Simons... ..	36	Rep.....	Osage Mission..	Neosho.....	Lawyer.
17	Thomas Bartlett.....	54	Ind. Ref..	Iola.....	Allen.....	Farmer.
18	W. L. Parkinson.....	32	Lib. Rep..	Ottawa.....	Franklin.....	Lawyer.
19	C. Robinson.....	57	Ind.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
19	J. C. Horton.....	38	Rep.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Broker.
20	Wm. Sims.....	44	Rep.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Farmer.
21	Chas. S. Martin.....	39	Rep.....	Osage City.....	Osage.....	Farmer.
22	D. W. Finney.....	36	Rep.....	Neosho Falls... ..	Woodson.....	Merchant.
23	W. A. Pepper.....	45	Rep.....	Fredonia.....	Wilson.....	Lawyer.
24	Wm. Martindale.....	36	Rep.....	Madison.....	Greenwood... ..	Farmer.
25	H. C. St. Clair.....	50	Rep.....	Belle Plaine.....	Sumner.....	Farmer.
26	S. M. Wood.....	33	Rep.....	Elmdale.....	Chase.....	Farmer.
27	H. P. Dow.....	36	Rep.....	Berlin.....	Riley.....	Farmer.
28	Horace Cooper.....	34	Rep.....	Beloit.....	Mitchell.....	Attorney.
29	S. Stephens.....	35	Rep.....	McPherson.....	McPherson... ..	Farmer.

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Pol.</i>	<i>P.O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
John H. Folks.....	Secretary	37	Rep..	Wellington...	Sumner.....	Editor.
P. I. B. Ping.....	Ass't Secretary..	33	Rep..	Girard	Crawford... ..	Attorney.
Henry Brandley..	Journal Clerk... ..	35	Rep..	Matfield Gr'n	Chase.....	Farmer.
F. H. Van Eaton..	Docket Clerk... ..	41	Rep..	Salina.....	Saline.....	Farmer.
Elden Barker.....	Serg't-at-Arms... ..	59	Rep..	Jewell City...	Jewell.....	Farmer.
Wm. H. Coleman..	As't S.-at-Arms ..	32	Rep..	Eskridge.....	Wab'unsee	Farmer.
C. J. Burk.....	Doorkeeper.....	56	Rep..	Waterville....	Marshall	Farmer.
W. B. Hogeland..	As't Doork'per..	52	Rep..	Neosho Falls..	Woodson.....	Car'ge mak'r.
Alice Shamleffer..	Engross'g Cl'k... ..	.....	.....	Douglass.....	Butler.....	Teacher.
Ellen M. Chase....	Enroll'g Clerk... ..	39	Rep..	Topeka.....	Shawnee	Seamstress.
Mary Fletcher....	Page.....	15	.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee	Page.
Winnie Dick.....	Page.....	13	.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee	Page.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Politics.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
1	A. S. Campbell.....	29	Rep.....	Severance.....	Doniphan.....	Druggist.
2	M. C. Reville.....	26	Rep.....	Troy.....	Doniphan.....	Lawyer.
3	A. J. Mowry.....	43	Rep.....	Palermo	Doniphan.....	Farmer.
4	G. W. Glick.....	48	Dem	Atehison	Atehison	Farmer.
5	T. B. Tomlinson... ..	40	Rep.....	Huron.....	Atehison	Farmer.
6	Z. S. Hastings.....	37	Rep.....	Farmington.....	Atehison	Farmer.
7	Jno. P. Davis.....	37	Rep.....	Hiawatha.....	Brown.....	Farmer.
8	D. E. Magill.....	32	Rep.....	Seneca.....	Nemaha.....	Farmer.
9	S. P. Conrad.....	29	Rep.....	Sabetha.....	Nemaha.....	Stock dealer.
10	J. D. Brumbaugh... ..	43	I. R.....	Marysville.....	Marshall	Lawyer.
11	A. G. Randall.....	58	Rep.....	Peach Creek.....	Washington..	Farmer.
12	C. F. Little.....	40	Rep.....	Manhattan.....	Riley.....	Physician.
13	Theo. Saxon.....	36	Ind.....	St. Clere.....	Pottaw'tomie ..	Farmer.
14	W. R. Benton.....	39	Rep.....	Maple Grove.....	Pottaw'tomie ..	Farmer.
15	J. W. Williams.....	56	Rep.....	Valley Falls.....	Jackson.....	Farmer.
16	T. Critchfield.....	42	I. R.....	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.....	Merchant.
17	L. H. Gest.....	36	Ref.....	Valley Falls.....	Jefferson.....	Farmer.
18	John Bates.....	56	Rep.....	Winchester.....	Jefferson.....	Apothecary.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Politics.</i>	<i>Post Office.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
19	E. Stillings.....	52	Rep.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenw'th..	Lawyer.
20	J. W. Taylor.....	32	Dem....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenw'th..	Lawyer.
21	A. A. Feun.....	41	Ind.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenw'th..	Builder.
22	J. C. Stone.....	53	Dem....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenw'th..	—
23	Wm. T. Marvin.....	55	Dem....	Pleasant Ridge...	Leavenw'th..	Farmer.
24	Joseph Howell.....	42	Rep....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenw'th..	Stock dealer.
25	Chas. C. Duncan...	32	Dem....	Reno.....	Leavenw'th..	Farmer.
26	Sanford Hafl.....	38	Dem....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte...	Farmer.
27	H. W. Cook.....	43	Rep....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte...	Lawyer.
28	D. G. Campbell.....	55	Dem....	Glenwood.....	Johnson.....	Farmer.
29	W. H. Toothaker...	34	Ind.....	Olathe.....	Johnson.....	Farmer.
30	G. F. Rogers.....	41	Ind. R.	Hesper.....	Johnson.....	Farmer.
31	Eli Davis.....	35	Rep....	Spring Hill.....	Miami.....	Farmer.
32	J. C. Nichols.....	44	Ind.....	Rockville.....	Miami.....	Teacher.
33	W. R. Biddle.....	35	Rep....	Pleasanton.....	Linn.....	Attorney.
34	W. P. Barnes.....	38	Rep....	Blue Mound.....	Linn.....	Farmer.
35	O. E. Morse.....	38	Rep....	Mound City.....	Linn.....	Farmer.
36	J. J. Stewart.....	35	Rep....	Mill Creek.....	Bourbon.....	Farmer.
37	E. P. Davis.....	35	Rep....	Hiattville.....	Bourbon.....	Physician.
38	B. J. Waters.....	39	Rep....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.....	Lawyer.
39	E. Ballaine.....	45	Rep....	Crawford.....	Crawford.....	Farmer.
40	E. B. Hoyt.....	32	Ref....	Steventown.....	Crawford.....	Farmer.
41	J. H. Smith.....	35	Rep....	Weir City.....	Cherokee.....	Builder.
42	J. R. Hallowell....	34	Rep....	Baxter Springs...	Cherokee.....	Lawyer.
43	M. W. Reynolds....	42	Rep....	Parsons.....	Labette.....	Editor.
44	H. G. Webb.....	50	Rep....	Oswego.....	Labette.....	Lawyer.
45	T. F. Rager.....	30	Ind.....	Osage Mission...	Neosho.....	Lawyer.
46	John Stall.....	46	Rep....	Thayer.....	Neosho.....	F'mer&st'k g'r.
47	J. L. Arnold.....	39	Rep....	Iola.....	Allen.....	Farmer.
48	S. H. Stevens.....	48	Rep....	Humboldt.....	Allen.....	Merchant.
49	L. K. Kirk.....	34	Rep....	Garrett.....	Anderson.....	Farmer.
50	P. P. Elder.....	52	Rep....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.....	Farmer.
51	Joshua Dunnuck...	65	Rep....	Centropolis.....	Franklin.....	Farmer.
52	W. G. Melville....	44	Rep....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Builder.
53	D. C. Haskell.....	33	Rep....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Merchant.
54	S. A. Halderman...	39	Ref....	Clinton.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
55	James Charles.....	35	Ind.....	Hesper.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
56	Golden Silvers....	56	Rep....	North Topeka...	Shawnee.....	Farmer.
57	P. I. Bonebrake...	39	Rep....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Farmer.
58	F. R. Foster.....	42	Rep....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Farmer.
59	D. R. Burdick.....	59	Ref. R.	Fairfax.....	Osage.....	Farmer.
60	N. A. Perrill.....	32	Rep....	Reading.....	Osage.....	Farmer.
61	Jacob Baer.....	43	Rep....	Burlington.....	Coffey.....	Farmer.
62	H. D. Dickson....	26	Ind.....	Neosho Falls....	Woodson.....	Lawyer.
63	S. S. Benedict.....	32	Rep....	Guilford.....	Wilson.....	Farmer.
64	J. M. Heddens....	38	Dem....	Codleyville.....	Montgomery	Merchant.
65	Wm. Stewart.....	42	Rep....	Independence...	Montgomery	Farmer.
66	Harrison Berry....	51	Dem....	Boston, Elk Co...	Chautauqua..	Farmer.
67	A. C. Richardson...	60	Rep....	Charleston.....	Greenwood...	Farmer.
68	C. V. Eskridge....	42	Rep....	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Real estate.
69	J. W. Loy.....	45	Rep....	Americus.....	Lyon.....	Farmer.
70	S. A. Baldwin.....	49	Rep....	Wabaunsee.....	Wabaunsee...	Farmer.
71	John K. Wright....	41	Rep....	Junction City...	Davis.....	Gen'l business.
72	F. M. Hooton.....	36	Rep....	Council Grove...	Morris.....	Farmer.
73	S. N. Wood.....	50	None..	Cottonwood.....	Chase.....	Farmer.
74	J. L. Ferguson....	55	Rep....	Freedon.....	Butler.....	Farmer.
75	W. P. Hackney....	33	Rep....	Winfield.....	Cowley.....	Lawyer.
76	John Kelley.....	42	Rep....	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.....	Farmer.
77	G. W. Campbell....	46	Rep....	Peabody.....	Marion.....	Farmer.
78	D. H. Page.....	36	Ind.....	Lindsborg.....	McPherson...	Farmer.
79	O. A. Root.....	52	Rep....	Newbern.....	Dickinson...	Farmer.
80	C. M. Kellogg....	33	Ind.....	Clay Centre.....	Clay.....	Lawyer.
81	R. P. West.....	45	Rep....	Belleville.....	Republic.....	F'mer&clerg'u.
82	G. N. Nichols....	36	Rep....	Concordia.....	Cloud.....	Farmer.
83	W. A. Johnston...	27	Rep....	Minneapolis....	Ottawa.....	Lawyer.
84	J. H. Snead.....	38	Rep....	Salina.....	Saline.....	Lawyer.
85	D. B. Long.....	36	Rep....	Fort Harker....	Ellsworth....	Farmer.
86	E. S. Pierce.....	51	Rep....	Milo.....	Lincoln.....	Farmer.
87	W. L. Warning....	40	Rep....	Solomon Rapids..	Mitchell.....	Farmer.
88	S. E. Wilson.....	41	Rep....	Superior, Neb...	Jewell.....	Farmer.
89	J. Moser.....	40	Rep....	Hays City.....	Ellis.....	Architect.
91	Ansel R. Clark....	33	Rep....	Peace.....	Rice.....	Lawyer.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Age</i>	<i>Politics.</i>	<i>Post Office.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
92	T. A. Hubbard.....	32	Rep....	Rome.....	Sumner.....	Farmer.
93	S. B. Farwell.....	34	Rep....	Corinth.....	Osborne.....	Farmer.
94	Thos. T. Taylor.....	39	Rep....	Hutchinson.....	Reno.....	Farmer.
95	C. S. Aldrich.....	36	Rep....	Stone Mound.....	Smith.....	Farmer.
96	J. E. Duncan.....	41	Rep....	Newton.....	Harvey.....	Farmer.
97	S. S. Dennis.....	47	I. R....	Great Bend.....	Barton.....	Farmer.
98	J. J. A. T. Dixon.....	47	Rep....	Bunker Hill.....	Russell.....	Minister.
99	John Bissell.....	46	Rep....	Phillipsburg.....	Phillips.....	Farmer.
100	S. L. Green.....	52	Rep....	Leota.....	Norton.....	Physician.
101	Wm. White.....	42	Rep....	Larned.....	Pawnee.....	Farmer.
102	Moses Adamson.....	46	Rep....	Stockton.....	Rooks.....	Farmer.
103	D. M. Frost.....	29	Rep....	Dodge City.....	Ford.....	Lawyer.
—	Wm. Driscoll.....	32	Rep....	Longton.....	Elk.....	Merchant.
104	H. S. Cochran.....	53	Rep....	Sun City.....	Barber.....	Farmer.

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Age</i>	<i>Pol.</i>	<i>Post Office.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
Dudley C. Haskell, Speaker.....	33	Rep..	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Merchant.
Henry Booth, Chief Clerk.....	37	Rep..	Larned.....	Pawnee.....	Farmer.
Lewis Hanback, Asst. Chief Cl'k.	37	Rep..	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Lawyer.
Wirt W. Walton, Journal Clerk..	23	Rep..	Winfield.....	Cowley.....	Surveyor.
Wm. Higgins, Sergeant-at-Arms.	34	Rep..	Columbus.....	Cherokee.....	Printer.
Jacob B. Moon, A. Sergt-at-Arms.	34	Rep..	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Farmer.
Wm. E. Fosnot, Docket Clerk....	32	Rep..	Ellsworth.....	Ellsworth.....	Farmer.
Mrs. C. A. Anderson, Enrl'g Cl'k.	28	Rep..	Dover.....	Wabaunsee ...	Clerk.
Emma R. Bristol, Engross'g Cl'k..	24	Rep..	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Clerk.
Webb McNall, Doorkeeper.....	28	Rep..	Gaylord.....	Smith.....	Farmer.
John Carter, Asst. Doorkeeper....	42	Rep..	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	—
Wm. Irving, Postmaster.....	38	Rep..	Newton.....	Harvey.....	—
G. W. Stafford, Page.....	13	.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	—
H. O. Halstead, Page.....	12	.....	Reno.....	Leavenworth,	—
Jessie True, Page.....	14	.....	Douglass.....	Butler.....	—
Rose Blanton, Page.....	10	.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	—
Minnie A. Swafford, Page.....	12	.....	McPherson.....	McPherson.....	—
Josie B. Agner, Page.....	12	.....	Carbondale..	Osage.....	—

JANUARY 13.—Mr. Lappin arrested in Chicago by Sheriff Drought, of Wyandotte. He had gone from Seneca to Chicago when Governor Osborn's officer took him.

—The House, by a unanimous vote, adopts a resolution introduced by G. W. Glick, thanking Governor Osborn for his vigilance and ability in securing the resignation of Lappin, and the commencement of suits against him.

JANUARY 16.—The ground is not frozen, and has not been during the fall and winter.

—Bluebirds in Topeka during January and February.

JANUARY 18.—Mr. Lappin arrested in Topeka and lodged in jail, his bondsmen having surrendered him.

JANUARY 19.—Publication of the Fourth Annual Report of the State Board of Agriculture. It abounds in engravings and colored maps, and is the largest, best printed and most complete agricultural report ever issued by any State in the Union.

—Meeting of the Kansas and Missouri Associated Press, in Leavenworth. John A. Martin relected President, and D. R. Anthony Secretary and Treasurer.

—C. G. Scrafford is believed to have gone to South America.

—Rev. Charles R. Tuttle comes to Kansas from Wisconsin to write a Kansas history.

FEBRUARY 6.—The Topeka Commonwealth publishes an article, from the pen of Prentis, that becomes famous. Caption: "Still They Go. Another Statesman Takes to the Brush." See Randolph's Report.

FEBRUARY 25.—The Democratic State Committee meet, at Topeka. The Liberal Reform Committee meet at the same time, and reject the Democratic invitation to coöperate. John Martin and H. Miles Moore call a Democratic Convention for May 18th. S. D. Macdonald and Jasper H. Moss call a Greenback Convention for May 4th.

FEBRUARY 26.—The last rail laid on the extension of the A. T. & S. F. Railroad to Pueblo.

MARCH 4.—Burning of the Nemaha county court house; insured for \$20,000.

—Adjournment of the Legislature.

Among the acts passed were these: Apportionment, giving the Senate forty members, and the House one hundred and twenty-three; the assessment and collection of taxes; increasing the number of Centennial Managers, and providing for a State Exposition Building at Philadelphia; making legal law publications in "patent" newspapers; for the regulation and support of schools; providing for regents and trustees of the public institutions; making the Auditor the Register of the State Land Office; two propositions amendatory of the Constitution. No appropriations were made for the Normal Schools at Emporia, Leavenworth and Concordia, but a Normal Department was added to the University. (which was discontinued by the Regents, in April, 1885.)

MARCH.—J. H. Downing establishes the Hays City Star, in Ellis county. In January, 1882, he united the Sentinel with it.

MARCH 5.—Legislative excursion leaves Topeka for Pueblo.

—The M. E. Conference at Emporia appointed the following Presiding Elders: Emporia, A. K. Johnson; Fort Scott, D. P. Mitchell; Wichita, A. Buckner; Independence, S. E. Pendleton; Hutchinson, J. W. Fox.

MARCH 7.—Maj. Charles Dimon, one of the founders of Fort Scott, dies in that city. George and Charles Dimon built the Wilder House; Charles was a lieutenant in the Second, and a major in the Thirteenth Kansas.

MARCH 10.—The Leavenworth Times publishes the decision of the U. S. Supreme Court in the Brown confiscation case. The Kansas officers, Thos. A. Osborn, Jas. L. McDowell, James S. Emery and Clark J. Hanks, are required to pay to Mr. Brown, of Virginia, the money in

their hands. Brown's Kansas land was sold under an act of Congress confiscating the property of Rebels.

MARCH 15.—Bishop Peck presides at the M. E. Conference at Lawrence. Presiding Elders: Leavenworth, J. J. Thompson; Atchison, C. Holman; Salina, G. S. Dearborn; Topeka, W. R. Davis; Beloit, W. J. Mitchell.

—Calvin Reasoner is writing Solomon Valley early history, for the Osborne County Farmer.

MARCH 20.—Gov. Osborn appoints as Trustees of the State Board of Charities, under the new law, John T. Lanter, of Garnett; J. P. Bauserman, of Leavenworth; W. B. Slosson, of Sabetha; John H. Smith, of Columbus; and Thos. T. Taylor, of Hutchinson.

MARCH 23.—Twelfth Annual Conference of the Kansas Evangelical Association, at Leavenworth, Bishop R. Dubs presiding; C. Borner and C. Emuel, Secretaries; L. Wenger and J. H. Kiplinger, reporters. H. Mattitt was elected President. *Presiding Elders:* Holton District, H. Koepsel; Missouri District, J. Wuerth; Southwestern District, H. Mattitt.

MARCH 27.—Chas. H. Miller, of Leavenworth, confirmed by the Senate as U. S. Marshal, succeeding Wm. S. Tough.

APRIL 3.—Normal Department of the State University opened.

APRIL 4.—Mrs. P. Byram, a daughter of Rev. Jotham Meeker, gives to the Historical Society a book published in Kansas, by Mr. Meeker, in 1850. It is the laws of the Ottawa Indians, in English and Indian; second edition, about 100 pages. It was secured for the Society by Judge Kingman.

APRIL 10.—The U. S. Supreme Court decides the Osage Ceded Land case in favor of the settlers. The legal remedy was first suggested by Thos. A. Osborn, and elaborated by Robert Crozier. Gov. Shannon writes to George R. Peck: "Your fortune is made."

—Death of Mrs. John Speer, at Lawrence. She came to Kansas in May, 1855. Two of her sons, John and Robert, were murdered in the Lawrence Massacre.

APRIL 20.—Land troubles in Butler county.

—Publication of the "Vendetta and Other Poems," written by Thos. B. Peacock, Topeka.

APRIL 24.—Death of Lucien J. Eastin, at Glasgow, Mo. He was the editor of the Weekly Herald, the first Kansas newspaper, issued in Leavenworth.

MAY 2.—The Commonwealth publishes the statement of J. B. McAfee that the first Kansas Sunday School was organized in Leavenworth, May 13, 1855; the first prayer meetings begun May 24; and that he opened the first school May 14, 1855.

MAY 2.—The State Dental Association, at Atchison, elects the following officers: President, J. D. Patterson, of Lawrence; Vice President,

J. K. Stark, of Kansas City; Secretary, W. H. Shultz, of Atchison; Treasurer, L. C. Wasson, of Ottawa; Member of the Board of Censors, A. H. Thompson, of Topeka.

MAY 3.—The Homeopathic Medical Association, at Leavenworth, elects the following officers: President, J. Davis, of Ottawa; Vice President, Alice B. Stockham, Leavenworth; Secretary, W. H. Jenney, of Kansas City; Corresponding Secretary, W. H. Riley, of Kansas City; Board of Censors, Geo. Heacock of Parsons, W. G. Hall of St. Joseph, R. Huson of Lawrence, C. E. McCollister of Kansas City, and George Dick of Topeka; Directors, J. J. Edie and J. H. Johnson.

MAY 3.—The State Temperance Convention meets, at Lawrence. Rev. A. M. Richardson was made Chairman, and D. C. Beach Secretary. Thirty-three delegates, from sixteen Representative Districts, were in attendance. A committee of three was appointed to nominate delegates to the National Temperance Convention at Cleveland. The committee reported the following names: First District, Wm. Fairechild of Leavenworth, W. S. Bristol of Hiawatha, N. Green of Riley; Second District, Rev. J. Paulson of Fort Scott, D. M. Clark of Ottawa, L. Brown of Girard; Third District, Jacob Brumbaugh of Marion Center, David Dickinson of Topeka, Rev. J. J. A. T. Dixon of Russell county; at large, David C. Beach of Lawrence. A committee of four on nominations was appointed. The committee appointed to draft a plan for a permanent political organization, reported the following recommendations:

"1. That a Central Committee be appointed, consisting of five members, from those present, whose duty it shall be to make and adopt such rules and regulations in regard to the formation of political temperance organizations in each Representative district in this State as shall to them seem best adapted to secure the success of the Temperance cause and the selection of Temperance men for office.

"2. Urging upon the delegates present the importance of lending their aid and encouragement in the work of establishing such local organizations in their several Representative districts."

The report was adopted, and the following members were appointed a State Central Committee in accordance with the suggestions of the report, viz.: H. P. Welsh, Ottawa; N. Simmons, Jefferson county; A. M. Richardson, Lawrence; and R. Wake, Manhattan. The Committee on Resolutions submitted the following preamble and resolutions, which were adopted:

"The Temperance people of the State of Kansas, believing that the time has again arrived to present a State ticket composed of persons who are honest, temperate and capable, hereby unite in the following declaration of principles:

"1. That the legal prohibition of the manufacture, importation, and sale, as a beverage, of all intoxicating liquors.

"2. An economical administration of all departments of the Government.

"3. Political reform, by selecting for office none but honest and capable temperance men.

"4. The fostering and improvement of our system of common schools.

"5. The speedy and exemplary punishment of all public officers guilty of embezzlement, the misappropriation of public funds, or neglect or refusal to perform sworn duties.

"6. We hereby pledge ourselves to a cordial coöperation with the great National Pro-

hibition Party, in the carrying out of such principles and measures as may be deemed just and right, which shall be adopted at the approaching Convention, to be held at Cleveland, Ohio, May 17, 1876.

"But we are firmly opposed to all forms of repudiation, either State, National, or municipal; to the appropriation of the public funds for the advancement of private enterprises, and to the further appropriation of the public domain for the building of railroads."

The Convention then adjourned till Wednesday. On Wednesday, it was moved that the delegates to the National Convention be requested to urge the nomination of James G. Blaine for President at that convention. Carried.

It was moved that the time and manner of selecting candidates for Congress in the several districts be referred to the Central Committee. Carried.

A motion was made and carried that the State Central Committee be authorized to draft a circular letter to be sent to all temperance organizations in the State, requesting contributions to assist in defraying the expenses of the coming campaign.

The Lawrence Journal says: "John P. St. John was nominated for Governor, but on account of his unsatisfactory acceptance of the honor, nothing was meant to be said about it until some action could be taken by the State Central Committee. Other officers were not nominated."

MAY 4.—Greenback State Convention in Topeka. J. A. Beal, Chairman; Jasper H. Moss, Secretary. The following Central Committee was elected: First District, J. A. Beal of Louisville, and W. D. Rippey of Severance; Second District, J. H. Moss of Topeka, and J. M. Adams of Larned; at large, John Davis of Junction City, D. B. Hadley of Wyandotte, and P. B. Maxson of Emporia.

The following gentlemen were elected delegates to the National Convention, at Indianapolis: First District, George H. Everett and W. D. Rippey; Second District, Myron A. Wood and D. B. Hadley; Third District, W. M. Allison and John Ritchie; at large, J. H. Moss, Charles Robinson, U. T. Sargent, and J. T. Stevens.

The Convention adopted the following resolution, and adjourned *sine die*:

"Resolved, That we earnestly recommend to the friends of the Independent movement to take immediate, prompt and efficient measures for the organization of the party in their several counties and townships, by forming Greenback clubs and circulating documents, books and newspapers, in the full conviction that the truth once fairly presented to the minds of the people will become invincible."

MAY 6.—S. Lappin's attorneys file an affidavit for a continuance.

MAY 10.—Opening of the Centennial Exhibition in Philadelphia. John A. Martin and George A. Crawford are the National Commissioners for Kansas.

—Opening lines of Whittier's Centennial Hymn:

"Our fathers' God! from out whose hand
The centuries fall like grains of sand,
We meet to-day, united, free,
And loyal to our land and Thee!
To thank Thee for the era done,
And trust Thee for the opening one."

MAY 10.—Meeting of the Kansas Medical Society, at Leavenworth. Officers elected: President, H. S. Roberts, of Manhattan; First Vice President, W. L. Schenck, Osage City; Second Vice President, C. C. Furlley, Wichita; Secretary, D. W. Stormont, Topeka; Assistant Secretary, Victor Biart, Leavenworth; Treasurer, W. W. Cochran, Atchison; Censors, J. L. Wever, W. Gough, J. H. Stuart, J. Robinson, H. W. Halde-
man.

MAY 12.—The stockholders of the A. T. & S. F. R. R. Co., at Topeka, elect Thomas Nickerson, President; F. H. Peabody, Vice President, and Edward Wilder, Secretary and Treasurer.

MAY 18.—The Greenback Convention, at Indianapolis, nominates Peter Cooper for President, and Newton M. Booth for Vice President.

MAY 18.—State Democratic Convention at Topeka. Called to order by John Martin. Temporary President, Thos. P. Fenlon.

Permanent Organization: President, Amos Harris, of Sedgwick; Vice Presidents, Matthew Quigg of Atchison, John Boyd of Montgomery, Frank Davis of Greenwood; Secretaries, W. H. Rossington of Shawnee, Thomas Henshall of Doniphan, Matthew Quigg of Atchison.

The following platform was adopted:

“Deeming it not inappropriate, upon the era of the approaching Democratic National Convention, that the Democracy of Kansas should define its position upon the financial question of the day, we do hereby resolve:

“1st. That we are opposed to all banks of issue, whether chartered by Congress or the State Legislatures, and we desire that banking on the part of corporations or private individuals shall be confined by law exclusively to exchange, discount, and deposit.

“2d. We demand that the act of Congress creating the National Banking System be repealed; that the notes of the National Banks be withdrawn from circulation, and in lieu thereof the paper of the Government of the United States be substituted.

“3d. That as Congress has the sole power to coin money, and to regulate the value thereof, that it should also have the sole power to provide a paper currency for the people.

“4th. That such paper currency be made a legal tender in the payment of debts, public and private, and that the same be receivable for all demands on the Government, including duties on imports.

“5th. That we regard the act of Congress, requiring the resumption of specie payments in 1879, the retirement of legal tenders, and the substitution of the inferior currency of the National Banks in its stead, as a fraud and an outrage; and we demand that the Democratic House of Representatives in Congress immediately pass a bill for its unconditional repeal, and that the responsibility for the continuance of that infamous measure on the statute book be thrown on the Senate and President.

“6th. That Thos. A. Hendricks, of Indiana, is the first choice of the Democrats of the State of Kansas for President of the United States, and that our delegates to the National Convention be and they are hereby instructed to support no man for President or Vice President who does not fully indorse our financial resolutions.”

Delegates at Large to the National Convention at St. Louis: Wilson Shannon, Charles W. Blair, Joseph W. Taylor, and Isaac E. Eaton. *Alternates:* D. M. Goddard, J. W. Powers, F. Sanford, E. Strosnider. The delegates from the several Congressional Districts then selected two delegates from each, as follows: First District—S. N. Palmer, J. G. Lowe; alternates, R. B. Morris, C. G. Cox. Second District—M. V. B. Bennett, G. W. Burchard; alternates, Peter Rager, E. L. Bartlett. Third District

—T. L. Davis, Samuel Donnelson; alternates, T. W. Peacock, W. E. Timmons. The following committees were elected: First District — Edward Carroll, Chairman; W. W. Embry, Leavenworth county; S. K. Linscott, Jackson county; R. W. Hill, Jewell county; John J. McClincoutt, Phillips county; T. W. Patterson, Marshall county; James Ketner, Davis county. Second District — E. G. Ross, Lawrence, Chairman; Sanford Haff, Wyandotte, Secretary; D. G. Campbell, Glenwood, Johnson county; Dean S. Kelley, La Cygne, Linn county; Major Cohen, Fort Scott, Bourbon county; G. W. B. Hoffman, Cherokee, Crawford county; W. H. Sharp, Ottawa, Franklin county; G. W. Cooper, Garnett, Anderson county; J. C. Murray, Iola, Allen county; Dr. Lamb. Parsons, Labette county; T. J. Hudson, Fredonia, Wilson county; W. W. Woodring, Elk City, Montgomery county; T. H. Rager, Osage Mission, Neosho county; T. C. Carroll, Paola, Miami county. Third District — Dr. F. M. Stringfield, Shawnee; W. L. McConnell, Coffey; Edward Jaquins, Chautauqua; W. S. Reese, Greenwood; Leroy Martin, Chase; J. M. Jordan, Reno.

MAY 24.—Republican State Convention, at Topeka. Called to order by John Guthrie. W. H. Whiteman, Temporary Chairman.

Permanent Organization.—President, P. B. Plumb, of Lyon county; Vice Presidents, John M. Price of Atchison county, A. G. Wilson of Phillips county, Theodore C. Bowles of Franklin county, R. W. Wright of Labette county, T. T. Taylor of Reno county, J. V. Admire of Shawnee county; Secretary, Daniel J. Evans, of Barton county; Assistant Secretaries, Thomas Hughes of Marshall county, and P. I. B. Ping of Crawford county.

The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That we reaffirm our devotion to the Republican party, which originally raised Kansas to freedom and the Nation itself from dissolution. We recognize in the Democratic party that same old organization, whose relentless hostility to the great doctrine of republican liberty, whose championship of human slavery, and whose treachery to the Nation's honor and life in her hour of trial and danger, have repeatedly demonstrated its unfitness to be intrusted with the grave responsibilities of administering the Government.

Resolved, That this convention recognize the distinguished ability and the eminent public services of the Hon. James G. Blaine, of Maine, late Speaker of the House of Representatives, and declare him the first choice of the people of Kansas for the office of President of the United States."

Delegates to the Cincinnati National Convention: At Large — Albert H. Horton, Atchison, Atchison county; alternate, John K. Wright, Junction City, Davis county. T. Dwight Thacher, Lawrence, Douglas county; alternate, G. W. Higinbotham, Manhattan, Riley county. T. C. Sears, Ottawa, Franklin county; alternate, R. B. Taylor, Wyandotte, Wyandotte county. William Martindale, Madison, Greenwood county; alternate, R. W. P. Muse, Newton, Harvey county. First District — Cyrus Leland jr., Troy, Doniphan county; alternate, D. H. Baker, Salina, Saline county. A. J. Banta, Beloit, Mitchell county; alternate, D. W. Shriner, Washington, Washington county. Second District — David P. Lowe, Fort Scott, Bourbon county; alternate, E. A. Wasser, Girard, Crawford county. F. M. Shaw, Paola, Miami county; alternate, John

T. Lanter, Garnett, Anderson county. Third District—A. L. Redden, El Dorado, Butler county; alternate, James Burgess, Topeka, Shawnee county. O. H. Sheldon, Burlingame, Osage county; alternate, C. L. Hubbs, Kinsley, Edwards county.

MAY 27.—A bill has been introduced in Congress, by John R. Goodin, to provide for a new boundary line between Missouri and Kansas, south of the Kansas river; its object is to throw Kansas City, Mo., into Kansas.

—Emigration to San Juan, Col. is large.

MAY 30.—Rev. Chas. R. Tuttle's History of Kansas, comes out. On page 29 it says: "The forest must be cleared to make room for the cornfield. For the accomplishment of this the pioneer prepares his axe, and day after day he toils on. Tree after tree bows its lofty top."

JUNE 1.—F. P. Baker takes his three sons into partnership with him in the publication of the Topeka Commonwealth—N. R. Baker, C. C. Baker, and I. N. Baker.

JUNE 7.—Seventeenth Annual Convention of the Episcopal Church of the Diocese of Kansas, at Topeka. *Clerical Delegates:* Right Reverend Bishop Vail, Henry S. Attwater, John Bakewell, Archibald Beatty, Thomas Betts, C. E. Butler, D. W. Cox, Charles S. Daniels, Thomas B. Dooley, Wm. H. Hieckox, Levi L. Holden, Charles Holmes, Henry H. Loring, Frank O. Osborne, Charles Reynolds, D. D., George Turner, John Woart, Paul Zeigler, Rodney S. Nash.

JUNE 11.—Samuel Lappin attempts to break jail, at Topeka.

JUNE 16.—The Republicans, at Cincinnati, nominate R. B. Hayes for President and Wm. A. Wheeler for Vice President.

JUNE 20.—Meeting of State teachers, at Valley Falls. E. C. Newton, of Osage City, Chairman; Robert Hay, of Holton, Secretary. John Fraser, James Marvin, H. D. McCarty, and other prominent men take part. Radical changes in the school laws are recommended.

JUNE 21.—Republican Congressional Convention, Second District, at Fort Scott. C. S. Brown, of Montgomery, Temporary Chairman; D. B. Vansykle, Secretary. W. R. Biddle, of Linn, Permanent Chairman, and D. B. Vansykle, Secretary. B. W. Perkins was nominated by J. M. Mason, F. A. Bettis, J. J. Chatham, R. J. Elliott, and Jas. Blood; Walter Simons was nominated by L. Stillwell and S. A. Day; D. C. Haskell, by John Hutchings and S. S. Benedict; W. H. Cook, by R. C. Blue and Joshua Thorne. The first ballot stood, Cook 15, Haskell 21, Simons 26, Perkins 18. On the fourth ballot, Cook had 16, Haskell 20, Simons 25, and Perkins 19. There was but little change till the twelfth ballot, when Cook had 17, Haskell 16, Simons 27, and Perkins 19. On the fourteenth ballot, Cook had 19, Haskell 15, Simons 26, Perkins 18. On the twenty-fourth ballot, Cook had 15, Haskell 16, Simons 31, Perkins 18. Then the convention took a recess of half an hour. On the twenty-fifth ballot, Cook had 12, Haskell 19, Simons 28, Perkins 18. On the twenty-sixth ballot, Cook had 12, Haskell 21, Simons 28, Perkins 16. At this juncture, Cook and Perkins, through their respective friends, were with-

drawn. On the twenty-seventh ballot, Haskell had 38, Simons 37, Cook 1. On the twenty-eighth ballot, Haskell had 45, Simons 38—making 83, three more votes than there were members of the convention. Chairman declared it no vote. On the twenty-ninth ballot, Haskell had 46, Simons 34. Haskell declared unanimously nominated.

The following Central Committee was appointed: A. D. Downs, Wyandotte county; Arch. Shaw, Johnson; J. K. Rankin, Douglas; W. H. Clark, Franklin; Leslie J. Perry, Miami; J. P. Kenea, Linn; S. H. Dodge, Anderson; W. T. McElroy, Allen; J. H. Lawhead, Bourbon; D. B. Vansyke, Crawford; L. Stillwell, Neosho; S. S. Benedict, Wilson; J. J. Chatham, Montgomery; S. O. Fletcher, Labette; A. J. R. Smith, Cherokee.

A meeting of the Committee was held at the Wilder House, and an organization was effected by electing L. Stillwell, of Neosho, Chairman, and W. H. Clark, of Franklin, Secretary.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Convention:

"1. That we concur in the declaration of principles set forth in the platform of the National Republican Convention, at Cincinnati, and do hereby reaffirm our devotion to the National Republican Party.

"2. That we heartily indorse the nomination of Gen. Rutherford B. Hayes for President and William A. Wheeler for Vice President of the United States, and hereby pledge them our warmest support.

"3. That we demand of Congress the early passage of a bill providing for the sale, to actual settlers, at a price not to exceed one dollar and forty cents per acre, of the so-called Osage Ceded Lands; and we further demand that all lands under the control of the Government shall be disposed of to actual settlers only, and at the lowest price consonant with the obligations of the Government in regard thereto."

JUNE 22.—The Leavenworth Times publishes five letters written by D. R. Anthony, in July and August, 1854, describing his journey to and first view of Kansas; they are copied from the Rochester (N. Y.) Union.

JUNE 23.—The Grand Lodge of the colored Masons, at Topeka, elect the following officers: H. C. Bruce, of Atchison, M. W. G. M.; C. H. Langston, of Lawrence, D. G. M.; C. H. Gaskins, of Topeka, G. S. W.; W. Smith, of Lawrence, G. J. W.; H. H. White, of Topeka, G. Sec.; and H. Williams, of Leavenworth, G. Treas.

JUNE 24.—Dr. J. S. Redfield dies, in Fort Scott. He was the Surgeon of the Sixth Kansas, and a prominent citizen.

JUNE 25.—Gen. Geo. A. Custer and his officers and men killed on the Little Big Horn, by Indians, led by Sitting Bull.

JUNE 28.—The St. Louis Democratic Convention nominates Samuel J. Tilden for President, and Thomas A. Hendricks for Vice President.

JUNE 30.—The records of the Surveyor General's office are received in the State Auditor's office. The Commonwealth of July 9 says of the Surveyor-General's office: "This office was established in 1854. John Calhoun, of Illinois, was appointed Surveyor General of Kansas and Nebraska, on the 16th day of August of that year. In the following October, the office was opened at Fort Leavenworth. It was afterwards removed to Wyandotte, and from there to Nebraska City, Nebraska.

July 5th, 1858, Ward B. Burnett, of New York, was appointed Surveyor General. In April, 1861, Mark W. Delahay was appointed Surveyor General, and he moved the office to Leavenworth, Kansas. In October, 1863, D. W. Wilder was appointed Surveyor General. He was succeeded in March, 1865, by Hiram S. Sleeper. July 1st, 1867, Nebraska being detached, the office was divided. Carni W. Babcock was appointed Surveyor General of Kansas, in April, 1868, and moved the office to Lawrence. The office was discontinued the 30th of last June. The field-notes, plats and records of the office were turned over to the Auditor of State, under a law enacted last winter creating the State Land Office, and an act of Congress authorizing the same." The appropriations made by the Government for the office, beginning in 1854 and ending in 1875, amount to \$1,488,659.22.

JULY 1.—The State Historical Society records are removed from the Auditor's office to a newly-made room under the stairway to the Senate gallery.

JULY 1.—Opinions written by Supreme Court Judges up to this time: Cobb, one year, 16; Ewing, two years, 9; Crozier, three years, 45; Bailey, eight years, 45; Safford, six years, 82; Kingman, thirteen and one-half years, 226; Valentine, seven and one-half years, 417; Brewer, five and one-half years, 405; total, 1,245.

JULY 4.—Edmund N. Morrill, of Hiawatha, reads a history of Brown county, at a celebration. It is published, and makes a pamphlet of 82 pages.

JULY 4.—Mr. Eugene Ware discourses at Fort Scott:

"He who has lived in Kansas, though he roam,
Can find no other spot and call it home;
As Ingalls says, a Kansas man may stray—
May leave—perchance depart or go away—
In short may roam—but, be it anywhere,
He must return, if he can raise the fare.

On July Fourth, we always float the flag,
And push the old bald eagle from the crag,
Fly him the length and breadth of this fair land,
From the Penobscot to the Rio Grande;
Then without rest we quickly start him on
A trip from Florida to Oregon;
Then bring him back, and boost him to the sky,
And let him stay there till the next July.
Oh, grand old bird! o'er many a weary mile
They've made you sail in oratoric style,
While fledgling speakers, in refulgent prose,
Capped many a gorgeous climax as you rose.
To-day, our choicest colors are unfurled:
Soar up, proud bird, and circle round the world,
And we predict that nowhere will you find
A place like Kansas, that you left behind."

—The day is universally celebrated in Kansas, and usually a county history is prepared. Seventy-five newspapers in the State publish local histories.

—Jack Downing says that on the Fourth, the proprietor of the Manning House, at Ellis, "treated his customers to a Centennial dinner, consisting of thirteen flags, thirty-eight regiments of flies, some red, white and blue coffee, and a chicken just one hundred years old."

JULY 6.—The Commonwealth publishes a history of Shawnee county, written by F. W. Giles.

JULY 11.—Samuel Lappin escapes from the Shawnee county jail. "Filibuster" Walter Stanley goes with him.

JULY 16.—The Leavenworth Times says: "The Turners last night celebrated the nineteenth anniversary of the organization of the Leavenworth Turnverein. This society, when first organized, July 15, 1857, numbered seventeen members, with the following officers: President, Henry Deckelman; Secretary, Hugh Taffel; Teacher, Col. Henry C. Haas. The organization soon numbered over a hundred members, and continued to flourish until the war broke out, when a company of volunteers was organized from its ranks and sent into service, under Capt. Zesch."

JULY 18.—John Speer publishes in the Lawrence Tribune a sketch of affairs in and around Lawrence in the summer of 1856. It is copied in the Leavenworth Times of July 22.

—The Kansas exhibit at Philadelphia attracts national attention. John A. Martin, George A. Crawford, Alfred Gray and Albert W. Walburn devote much of their time to our affairs in the Exposition.

JULY 25.—Independent Greenback Convention, for the Second District, at Lawrence. W. L. Parkinson, Temporary Chairman; U. F. Sargent, Secretary. F. Sanford of Wyandotte, J. E. Riggs of Douglas, and J. H. Waterman of Crawford, Committee on Credentials. W. B. Pearsall of Bourbon, Wm. Roe of Douglas, and J. T. Little of Johnson, Committee on Permanent Organization. The chairman appointed the following Committee on Resolutions: C. B. Mason of Franklin, W. H. Toothaker of Johnson, Senator Bartlett of Allen, N. B. Blanton of Montgomery, J. N. Lee of Cherokee, and Mr. Jennings of Douglas. The Committee on Permanent Organization reported for Chairman, Hon. W. L. Parkinson; for Secretary, J. H. Richards, of Allen county. While the Committee on Resolutions were deliberating, Mr. Pierce, of Franklin, was called on to read the late speech of Hon. J. R. Goodin, on the Silver Bill, delivered in Congress. Mr. Ridge, of Johnson county, offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we indorse heartily the manly and able speech of Hon. J. R. Goodin, and recognize in him an able defender of the rights of our people in the Congress of the United States against the insolent demands of the bullionists and gold gamblers."

The Committee on Resolutions reported the following:

Resolved, That we recognize in the platform adopted by the late National Independent Reform Convention at Indianapolis the only true exponent of financial principles, and that we pledge them our unanimous support."

This resolution was adopted unanimously. The following resolution was also adopted:

"Resolved, That we will support no man for Congress who does not indorse the platform of the National Greenback party."

John R. Goodin was nominated for Congress by acclamation.

JULY 27.—Smuggler, a Kansas horse, from Franklin county, makes 2:16½, at Cleveland, beating Goldsmith Maid, Lucille, and Fullerton.

—A Republican exchange says: "An ingenious cuss in southern Kansas has discovered a new remedy for driving away the potato bug. He comes out every morning at sunrise, with Tilden's letter of acceptance, and begins to read aloud, and in fifteen minutes the last bug is seen climbing over the fence with a finger in each ear."

JULY 27.—Independent Reform State Convention, at Topeka. The Convention was called to order by U. F. Sargent, Chairman of the State Central Committee. John G. Otis, of Shawnee, was elected temporary chairman, and John T. Little, Secretary. The chair appointed the following committees: *Credentials*: J. H. Moss, John S. Stockton, Lee Hamilton, S. A. Riggs, and J. T. Jones. *Organization*: J. A. Washburn, Geo. Robinson, U. F. Sargent, W. L. Parkinson, and J. M. Williams. The Committee on Permanent Organization reported the following officers: J. S. Stockton, President; J. G. Little and J. M. Williams, Secretaries. The Committee on Credentials reported delegates present from the following counties: Allen, Bourbon, Crawford, Cherokee, Coffey, Davis, Douglas, Doniphan, Franklin, Jefferson, Johnson, Montgomery, Marshall, Osage, Pottawatomie, Riley, Shawnee, Wyandotte, and Wilson.

S. A. Riggs, J. F. Timmons, U. F. Sargent, J. H. Waterman and W. L. Parkinson were appointed a Committee on Resolutions and Platform. The Committee on Platform reported the following, which was adopted:

"The Independent Reform Party of Kansas makes the following declaration of principles:

"1. That we are opposed to all banks of issue, whether chartered by Congress or the State Legislatures; and we desire that banking on the part of corporations or private individuals shall be confined by law exclusively to exchange, discount, and deposit.

"2. We demand that the act of Congress creating the National Banking System be repealed; that the notes of the National Banks be withdrawn from circulation, and in lieu thereof the paper of the Government of the United States be substituted.

"3. That as Congress has the sole power to coin money, and to regulate the value thereof, that it should also have the sole power to provide a paper currency for the people.

"4. That such paper currency be made a legal paper in the payment of debts, public and private, and that the same be receivable for all demands of the Government, including duties on imports, and immediately placed on a specie basis interchangeable, at the option of the holder, with United States bonds bearing a rate of interest not exceeding 3.65 per cent. per annum.

"5. That we regard the act of Congress requiring the resumption of specie payment in 1879, the retirement of legal tenders, and the substitution of the inferior currency of the National Banks in its stead, as a fraud and an outrage, and we demand that Congress immediately pass a bill for its unconditional repeal.

"6. That the legislation of the Republican Congress of 1873, which took away the

legal-tender power of silver coin, was a gross outrage upon the people, adding at least twenty per cent. to the aggregate of public and private indebtedness, and we demand the immediate restoration of silver as a standard of value and a legal tender.

"7. That we demand that Congress shall place a tax upon all incomes of over fifteen hundred dollars per annum.

"8. *Resolved*, That we hereby indorse the platform of the Independent Indianapolis Convention, and the nominees.

"9. We demand reform in the administration of public affairs in the State of Kansas.

"10. That the school fund of our State shall forever be preserved inviolate, and that such legislation be henceforth had as will put it beyond the reach of speculators, and preclude the possibility of a precarious investment. We demand also that immediate steps be taken to collect from the School Fund Commissioners of the State the money of the State which they with such culpable recklessness invested in fraudulent school bonds.

"11. That we deplore the fact that the dominant party has unhappily permitted so many public criminals of our State to go unwhipped of justice.

"12. That we urge upon Congress, and especially our representatives in the United States Senate, the necessity of immediate legislation to the end of affording relief to the settlers upon the Osage Ceded Lands, and placing their lands and homes in the market."

Nomination of candidates for State officers: For Governor, M. E. Hudson, of Bourbon county; Lieutenant Governor, J. A. Beal, of Pottawatomie county; Secretary of State, Wm. M. Allison, of Cowley county; Auditor of State, H. F. Sheldon, of Franklin county; State Treasurer, Amos McLouth, of Jefferson county; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Thomas Bartlett, of Allen county; Associate Judge, Wilson Shannon, of Douglas county; Presidential Electors, J. M. Limbocker of Riley county, A. G. Barret of Marshall county, S. A. Riggs of Douglas county, S. J. Crawford of Lyon county, John Ritchie of Shawnee county.

State Central Committee: First District, H. G. Evans, J. L. Williams, and S. B. Todd; Second District, U. F. Sargent, J. H. McMahan, and J. H. Waterman; Third District, S. H. Downs, Ellis Lewis, and R. E. La Fetra.

AUGUST 6, 8.—Salmon S. Prouty contributes two valuable historical articles to the Topeka Commonwealth. They relate to Lecompton and the events of 1856 and 1857. They contain sketches of H. T. Titus, John Calhoun, his clerk L. A. McLean, and Sterling G. Cato.

AUGUST 16.—The Kansas State Christian Anti-Secresy Association meet, in Winchester. The President not being present, Rev. F. M. Spencer was called to preside as temporary chairman. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Rev. H. T. Bessie; Vice Presidents, Rev. F. M. Spencer, of Leavenworth; Rev. J. A. Richards, Fort Scott; Rev. J. T. T. Milligan, North Cedar; Rev. R. Loggan, Lecompton; Rev. H. A. Bell, Peoria; Secretary, Rev. J. Dodd, Winchester; Assistant Secretary, Rev. G. L. Shepardson, Topeka; Treasurer, C. A. Sexton, Esq., Topeka. The Committee on Resolutions reported the following preamble and resolutions, which, after a lively, earnest, and somewhat protracted discussion, were unanimously adopted:

"Believing that secret, oath-bound societies are in their spirit and nature essentially antagonistic to both church and state, and to society at large, therefore,

Resolved, That it is the imperative duty of the church of Christ to exclude from

membership and from sacramental privileges, all who refuse to sever their connection with such organizations.

Resolved, That every American citizen should discountenance all secret societies as dangerous to our free government, and a prolific source of the corruption and frauds practiced, from the cabinet down to the lowest offices of trust.

Resolved, That we regard the influence of the said secret orders to be highly injurious to the private character of their members, and we would exhort them to sever such connection in order to a more intimate union with Christ.

Resolved, That, depending upon God for his blessing, our only hope of any permanent reformation rests in a thorough exposure of the inherent vices and disastrous tendencies of such societies."

AUGUST 16.—Republican State Convention at Topeka. Called to order by W. C. Webb, Chairman of the State Central Committee. John W. Scott, of Allen, was elected Temporary Chairman, and W. W. Walton, of Cowley, Temporary Secretary. The Committee on Permanent Organization submitted the following report, which was adopted: President, A. H. Horton; Vice Presidents, E. L. Brown, L. C. Wasson, and C. W. Ellis; Secretary, I. J. Perry; Assistant Secretaries, Frank Doster and W. W. Walton; Sergeant-at-Arms, William Higgins. Messrs. Darlow, Thacher, Waters, Johnson, Barnett, Jenkins, Murdock, Martindale and Finney were appointed a Committee on Resolutions. At 10 o'clock P. M. the Committee on Credentials made a majority and minority report. The Convention adopted the majority report. The Convention then proceeded to nominate a candidate for Governor, with the following result:

First ballot: John P. St. John 54, Stephen A. Cobb 46, George T. Anthony 46, N. A. Adams 39, John Guthrie 38, O. A. Bassett 15, John A. Halderman 12.

Second ballot: Anthony 53, St. John 52, Cobb 45, Guthrie 38, Adams 31, Bassett 14, Halderman 8.

Third ballot: St. John 55, Anthony 54, Cobb 47, Guthrie 39, Adams 23, Bassett 16, Halderman 7.

Fourth ballot: Anthony 60, St. John 59, Cobb 48, Guthrie 48, Bassett 13, Adams 12, Halderman 1.

Fifth ballot: Guthrie 64, Anthony 63, St. John 58, Cobb 38, Adams 9, Bassett 8.

Sixth ballot: Anthony 81, Guthrie 78, St. John 55, Cobb 27, Bassett 3, Adams 1.

Seventh ballot: Anthony 127, Guthrie 107, Cobb 6.

George T. Anthony was declared the nominee of the Convention for Governor.

Reassembled on the 17th. First ballot for Lieutenant Governor: Salter 88, Whiteman 46, Eldridge 38, Pilkenton 42, Voris 2.

Second ballot: Salter 107, Whiteman 60, Eldridge 16, Pilkenton 45, Voris 3.

Third ballot: Salter 140, Whiteman 67, Pilkenton 27.

Secretary of State: Cavanaugh 170, Booth 48, Springer 14, Langston 1, Smith 1.

Ballot for Auditor: Wilder 100, Ed. R. Smith 68, Bonebrake 65.

Second ballot: Wilder 86, Bonebrake 85, Smith 60.

Third ballot: Bonebrake 162, Wilder 51, Smith 22.

John Francis was nominated for State Treasurer by acclamation.

For Attorney General: Hopkins 7, Randolph 43, Davis 99, Price 63, Wilson 9.

Second ballot: Davis 135, Price 73.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction: John Fraser, Peter McVicar, A. B. Lemmon and Philetus Fales were voted for, but before the result was declared, the rules were suspended, and Allen B. Lemmon, of Cowley, nominated by acclamation.

Associate Justice: D. J. Brewer 131, D. P. Lowe 51, James Rogers 13.

Electors at Large: Walter L. Simons and H. Vernon. First District, Thos. Hughes; Second District, W. A. Johnson; Third District, R. W. P. Muse.

The following platform was adopted:

"The representatives of the Republican party of Kansas, in convention assembled, renew the pledge of their devotion to that grand political organization under whose auspices so many triumphs have been secured, and which, in war and in peace, has faithfully battled for those cardinal principles which distinguish free governments. As a further pledge of the fidelity of the Republicans of Kansas, it is hereby—

"1. *Resolved*, That the platform of principles laid down by the National Convention at Cincinnati meets with our hearty and enthusiastic indorsement, and it is our earnest belief that in their practical application to the affairs of government lies the surest hope of reform, a faithful discharge of honorable obligations, and a steadfast adherence to the fundamental doctrines established by the results of the war, and the vital legislation incident thereto.

"2. *Resolved*, That in Rutherford B. Hayes and William A. Wheeler, our candidates for President and Vice President of the United States, we recognize statesmen of tried experience, commanding ability, and spotless integrity; their letters of acceptance commend them to all sincere lovers of reform, and pledge to such reformatory work a faith which has never yet been violated or impugned.

"3. *Resolved*, That we should regard with apprehension the return of the Democratic party to power, as a practical surrender of that ascendancy of liberty which was secured by so much blood and treasure, and a welcome to the control of the Government of the malign influences which for four years sought its overthrow in the field.

"4. *Resolved*, That in the administration of both the National and State governments, we are in favor of the most rigid economy and the strictest accountability, and that in view of the depression of the times, it is peculiarly incumbent upon us to husband our resources, and to postpone such public enterprises of a costly character as are not absolutely essential to our immediate wants, to a season of renewed prosperity.

"5. *Resolved*, That in George T. Anthony, our nominee for Governor, we recognize a man of preëminent fitness for the station—earnest, capable, and of unquestioned integrity; tried in positions of trust, no just reproach has ever reached him; and we rely upon his vigor and eloquence for a substantial increase to our assured overwhelming majority. His associates on the ticket are men whom the Republicans of Kansas will delight to honor, and by whom their several trusts will be faithfully administered.

"6. *Resolved*, That we invite the coöperation of all men, whether 'Liberal' or 'Independent,' to whom 'Reform' is something more than an empty name, offering them the guarantee of candidates, National and State, whose character and history are an unqualified assurance that under their guidance every vital reform will be advanced by their efforts and influence."

State Central Committee: First District, H. M. Insley, Leavenworth; Second District, John M. Price, Atchison; Third District, Joseph C.

Wilson, Topeka; Fourth District, A. W. Blair, Ottawa; Fifth District, A. D. Brown, Burlington; Sixth District, John P. Kenea, La Cygne; Seventh District, J. S. Gilmore, Fredonia; Eighth District, J. W. Hart, Abilene; Ninth District, W. A. Morgan, Cottonwood Falls; Tenth District, R. F. Stevenson, Olathe; Eleventh District, L. U. Humphrey, Independence; Twelfth District, M. M. Miller, Clay Center; Thirteenth District, M. W. Levy, Wichita; Fourteenth District, P. Q. Bond, Salina; Fifteenth District, A. D. Wilson, Phillipsburg, Joseph C. Wilson, Chairman, and P. Q. Bond, Secretary.

AUGUST 18.—Republican Convention of the Third Congressional District, at Wichita. R. H. Nichols, of Elk, temporary Chairman; Henry Booth, of Pawnee, Secretary.

Committee on Credentials: Hanback of Shawnee, Bunker of Harvey, Williams of Marion, Wood of Sumner, Worton of Chase, Guy of Chautauqua, and Rizer of Greenwood.

On Permanent Organization: Hubbs of Edwards, Wheeler of Reno, Finch of Osage, Loy of Lyon, Troup of Cowley, Richardson of Harvey, and Coffin of Morris.

E. C. Manning, of Cowley, was elected Chairman, and Henry Pierce, of Rush, Secretary.

Lewis Hanback nominated Hon. Thomas Ryan. Mr. Kellogg nominated J. Jay Buck. Mr. Nichols nominated W. R. Brown. Mr. Martin nominated S. N. Wood. Mr. Finch nominated C. S. Martin. An informal ballot was then taken, as follows: Brown 34, Ryan 32, Buck 15, Martin 7, Wood 6. Mr. Finch withdrew the name of Mr. Martin, in favor of Mr. Ryan. Mr. Martin withdrew the name of Mr. Wood, in favor of Mr. Ryan. A formal ballot was then commenced, but before it was completed, Mr. Ryan having received a large majority, Capt. Booth moved to suspend the rules, and make the nomination of Mr. Ryan unanimous. This motion prevailed, amidst immense cheering and enthusiasm.

Congressional Committee: Lewis Hanback, Shawnee; J. McDermott, Cowley; R. H. Nichols, Elk; W. W. Sain, Woodson; J. Stotler, Lyon; L. E. Finch, Osage; T. S. Huffaker, Morris; M. B. Simpson, McPherson; M. Stewart, Sedgwick; H. W. Bunker, Harvey; C. L. Hubbs, Edwards.

AUGUST 22.—The Commonwealth publishes a sketch of George T. Isbell, of Atchison, printer and editor, who died at Pueblo on the 18th.

AUGUST 23.—Democratic State Convention, at Topeka. Called to order by John Martin. B. P. Waggener, Temporary Chairman; H. C. Hollister, Secretary.

Committee on Credentials: Miles Moore, of 1st District; T. J. Vander-slice, 2d; E. K. Townsend, 3d; Henry Bogen, 4th; S. N. Berry, 5th; J. B. Britton, 6th; J. C. Murray, 7th; J. M. Hughes, 8th; G. M. Hoover, 9th; Sanford Haff, 10th; J. B. Lamb, 11th; M. Patrick, 12th; Jas. G. Hope, 13th; M. Newton, 14th; J. J. McClimont, 15th.

Committee on Permanent Organization: T. P. Fenlon, of 1st District; James Martin, 2d; W. D. Embley, 3d; Osbun Shannon, 4th; W. L. McConnell, 5th; A. A. Harris, 6th; D. B. Brown, 7th; J. R. McClure, 8th; J. Bowman, 9th; Thos. Pence, 10th; Dr. Scammon, 11th; T. W. Waterson, 12th; J. Dusenberry, 13th; Uriah Prater, 14th; R. W. Hill, 15th.

The Committee on Permanent Organization reported for Permanent Chairman, C. W. Blair, with the following Vice Presidents: Charles S. Thompson, of 1st District; Robert Nelson, 2d; J. L. Price, 3d; E. G. Ross, 4th; H. E. Norton, 5th; B. P. McDonald, 6th; J. W. Simpson, 7th; James Ketner, 8th; R. A. Trimble, 9th; W. R. Wagstaff, 10th; Angell Matthewson, 11th; Judge Wm. Thompson, 12th; C. A. Gilchel, 13th; S. N. Palmer, 14th; J. C. Postwaite, 15th. H. Miles Moore was made Secretary, with the following assistants: H. Clay Park, Charles Horden, W. L. Reese, J. H. Couch, A. J. Hughes, L. F. Allen, V. P. Lane, G. W. Tipton, J. G. Lowe, Amos Harris, E. M. Harris, and R. W. Hill.

Committee on Resolutions: T. P. Fenlon, of 1st District; Thomas Metcalf, 2d; Hugh S. Walsh, 3d; W. H. Maxwell, 4th; R. A. Best, 5th; A. A. Harris, 6th; W. J. Haughwout, 7th; C. G. Cox, 8th; J. D. Hanstodt, 9th; W. R. Wagstaff, 10th; Wm. Duncan, 11th; J. G. Love, 12th; A. J. Pitburn, 13th; S. M. Palmer, 14th; John McClymont, 15th.

Committee on Conference: The Committee retired, and W. R. Wagstaff offered the following resolution:

"*Resolved,* That a committee be appointed to confer with the Independents, to ascertain upon what terms a union of the opposition elements to the Republican party can be effected."

On motion of A. A. Hines, it was amended, and a committee of three was appointed to confer with the Independent Committee, to ascertain whether they had any proposition to make to the Convention. E. G. Ross, Judge McClure and G. W. Glick were appointed such committee.

The Committee on Resolutions, through T. P. Fenlon, reported the following, which was unanimously adopted:

"*Resolved,* That we heartily indorse the declaration of principles, policies and purposes made by the Democratic Convention at St. Louis, as interpreted by the letters of Tilden and Hendricks. That in the nomination of Samuel J. Tilden and Thomas A. Hendricks, the Democratic National Convention has placed before the electors of the country the names of men whose private and public career assures the people that, if elected, economy, purity, ability and statesmanship will characterize their administration; that the highest offices in the Nation are public trusts, and not private perquisites. That in the support of these candidates we will cordially coöperate with all men who desire a change and reform in the administration of the political affairs of the Nation. That we invite the coöperation of all good citizens in the election of this ticket, who desire that capacity, industry and honesty shall supplant ignorance, idleness and dishonesty in the management of our State affairs, and ask the aid of all good citizens for the protection of the honor of our State, stained as it has been by peculation and corruption of many of its officers, to the end that the taxes drawn from the toiling people shall be applied to the purpose for which they are collected, and not filched from the treasury to enrich thieves to whom they have been intrusted."

The following ticket was made: For Governor, John Martin, of Shawnee; Lieutenant Governor, J. A. Beal, of Pottawatomie; Secretary of

State, S. M. Palmer, of Saline; Auditor of State, H. F. Sheldon, of Franklin; State Treasurer, Amos McLouth, of Jefferson; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Thomas Bartlett, of Allen; Associate Justice, James Humphrey, of Davis; Attorney General, W. H. McConnell, of Coffey; Presidential Electors, Gottlieb Schaubel of Republic and E. G. Ross of Douglas, at large; H. Clay Park of Atchison, Geo. A. Reynolds of Labette, and Geo. H. English of Sedgwick.

State Central Committee: John Martin of Shawnee, Isaac E. Eaton of Leavenworth, Richard B. Morris of Atchison, Alfred Ennis of Shawnee, Angell Matthewson of Labette, Edward Carroll of Leavenworth. John Mileham of Shawnee, H. Miles Moore of Leavenworth, Thomas Henshall of Doniphan, Hugh S. Walsh of Jefferson, E. G. Ross of Douglas, H. E. Norton of Lyon, A. A. Harris of Bourbon, N. S. Goss of Woodson, J. R. McClure of Davis, Charles Barker of Marion, Sanford Haff of Wyandotte, M. V. B. Bennett of Cherokee, Thomas W. Waterson of Marshall, James G. Hope of Sedgwick, J. W. Powers of Ellsworth, and John J. McClimont, Phillips.

AUGUST 24.—The Independent Greenback Convention of the Third District, at Emporia, nominates Samuel J. Crawford for Congress.

AUGUST 24.—Death, in Paris, of Mrs. Minnie Beals Reade, a Topeka vocalist.

AUGUST 25.—Democratic Convention of the Third District, at Emporia. President, George S. Brown, of Shawnee; Vice Presidents, L. P. Martin of Chase, R. C. Cobb of Marion, N. A. English of Sedgwick, Archibald Ellis of Butler, J. D. Ronstadt of Barton; Secretaries, John Maloy of Council Grove, W. E. Timmons of Chase. S. J. Crawford, of Emporia, and T. L. Davis, of Eureka, were candidates for the Congressional nomination, and Mr. Davis was nominated by a vote of 62 to 22. The following persons were then appointed as the Democratic Congressional Committee: W. A. Randolph of Lyon, D. Dickson of Woodson, T. F. Allen of Pawnee, J. R. Blackshire of Chase, J. D. Ronstadt of Barton, Dr. Stringfield of Shawnee.

AUGUST 31.—First District Republican Convention, at Abilene. A dispute arose between the friends of Wm. A. Phillips and W. W. Guthrie, as to the temporary organization. The Guthrie men, about 24, withdrew; the Phillips men, 68, held the hall and the Convention. The seceders elected A. S. Wilson for Chairman, and nominated W. W. Guthrie for Congress; Mr. Guthrie did not accept. D. R. Anthony called the regular convention to order. A. Larzelere, of Doniphan, was elected Chairman, and D. B. Moore, of Cloud, Secretary. The following committees were then appointed by the Chair:

On Credentials: W. H. Bond of Leavenworth, J. C. Price of Republic, G. W. Wellman of Lincoln, A. Campbell of Mitchell, and E. Aldrich of Pottawatomie county.

On Permanent Organization: C. Leland jr. of Doniphan, D. A. Hook

of Leavenworth, J. Beaumont of Norton, M. Schultz of Ellsworth, and G. Payson of Ellis county.

On Resolutions: J. A. Blackman of Leavenworth, Nathan Price of Doniphan, R. S. Craft of Marshall, H. D. Baker of Saline, and D. C. Gamble of Republic county.

The Committee on Permanent Organization, through its Chairman, reported as follows: President, Dr. R. S. Craft of Marshall county; Secretary, D. B. Moore, of Cloud county; Assistant Secretary, L. C. Smith, of Rooks county.

A committee of five from each party held a conference, but did not come to an agreement. Each of the 68 delegates then signed his name and gave his written choice for Phillips for Congress. The Committee on Resolutions then reported as follows:

"Resolved, That the Republican party of the First Congressional District of the State of Kansas heartily indorses the platforms of the National and State Republican party, and feels confident that we shall march to victory under their banners.

"Resolved, That we heartily indorse the course of Hon. W. A. Phillips, our nominee, in Congress, as a champion of the people."

The Chair then appointed the following gentlemen as members of the District Central Committee: D. R. Anthony, Chairman; Cyrus Leland, C. E. Granger, J. W. Pipher, D. C. Gamble, G. M. Lewis, and J. A. Scott.

The Phillips committee of conference consisted of D. R. Anthony, A. Larzelere, W. C. Cornforth, E. Aldrich, and T. C. Henry.

The Guthrie convention was called to order by A. S. Wilson, temporary chairman. T. J. Hume, of Washington county, moved the appointment of a Committee on Credentials. The Committee consisted of T. J. Hume of Washington, L. A. Myers of Jefferson, G. W. Higinbotham of Riley, F. J. Wendell of Atchison, and Ira F. Collins of Nemaha. E. N. Morrill, of Brown, moved that a Committee on Permanent Organization be appointed by the Chair. As such committee the Chair appointed E. N. Morrill of Brown, R. S. Newell of Marshall, J. R. Gearhart of Osborne, A. C. Low of Atchison, and George R. Parker of Smith. C. H. Krebs of Atchison and Wm. Kennedy of Clay were elected temporary Secretaries.

The Committee on Permanent Organization reported as follows: For President, A. S. Wilson, of Washington county; Secretaries, Wm. Kennedy of Clay, and A. B. Smith of Jewell.

Moved that a Committee on Rules and Order of Business be appointed. The President appointed as such Committee, E. B. Doane of Osborne, W. H. Collins of Washington, G. W. Higinbotham of Riley, B. F. Killey of Brown, and A. B. Smith of Jewell.

E. N. Morrill moved that a committee of five be appointed to meet a similar committee on the part of the other convention, with a view to reconciling all differences of opinion between them. Motion prevailed unanimously. The Chair appointed the following committee: E. N. Morrill, J. A. Dixon, F. J. Wendell, M. R. Mudge, and G. W. Higinbotham.

On motion, the Chair appointed a Committee on Resolutions, as follows: Hogeboom of Jefferson, Brown of Nemaha, Van Winkle of Atchison, Myers of Jefferson, and Hume of Washington.

The committee to confer with a committee of the other convention reported, in substance, that they had met a similar committee, but nothing would satisfy them but an entire surrender, and the nomination of Col. Wm. A. Phillips. On motion, the committee was discharged.

Wherenpon, on motion of L. A. Myers, of Jefferson, the rules were suspended, and W. W. Guthrie, of Atchison, was unanimously nominated as the candidate for Member of Congress from the First Congressional District. A committee, consisting of Messrs. Morrill and Auld, was appointed to wait upon Mr. Guthrie, and inform him of his nomination. In the absence of the committee, speeches were made by Dr. Hodge, Mr. Montgomery, and others, heartily indorsing the nomination. Mr. Guthrie appeared before the Convention and thanked them for the honor conferred. He intimated to the Convention that he should use all honorable means to reconcile the unhappy differences that had arisen in the Convention, before he would unqualifiedly accept or decline the nomination.

The resolutions were to the effect that "the ring of Federal officeholders, with their hired associates, have refused to participate in this, the regularly organized Convention."

SEPTEMBER 1.—The ladies of Wyandotte have invested their Centennial funds, to the amount of about two hundred dollars, in a grand vase, to be sent to the Kansas Building, at Philadelphia.

SEPTEMBER 5.—Henry Vernon withdraws as a Republican elector, and J. B. Johnson is placed on the ticket.

SEPTEMBER 6.—The A. T. & S. F. R. R. Co. publish "The Iron Trail," a graphically written book from the pen of A. C. Wheeler, of New York. It describes Kansas and New Mexico, and is suitably illustrated.

SEPTEMBER 6.—John Davis, of Junction City, announces that the Independent Greenback party of the First District will make no nomination against Colonel Phillips.

SEPTEMBER 6.—Democratic Congressional Convention, for the First District, at Atchison. Marcus J. Parrott, Chairman; F. L. Vandegrift and W. W. Embry, Secretaries. Committee on Resolutions: Sherry of Leavenworth, Benton of Atchison, Lowe of Washington, Harrington of Brown, and Townsend of Jefferson. Mr. Tomlinson, of Atchison, offered a resolution that it was inexpedient to make a nomination; it was supported by Cochrane and Griffin of Atchison and Edgar of Nemaha, and opposed by Eaton of Leavenworth and Harrington of Brown, and tabled by a vote of 43 to 27. Thos. P. Fenlon was nominated by acclamation. A ratification meeting in the evening was addressed by Geo. W. Glick, Byron Sherry, E. Harrington, J. W. Taylor, M. J. Parrott, and Thos. P. Fenlon.

Congressional Committee: E. C. Chapin, Leavenworth; E. K. Townsend, Jefferson; M. Quigg, Atchison; E. Harrington, Brown; and Chas. Hayden, Jackson.

The Convention unanimously adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That we, the delegates of the First Congressional District of the State of Kansas, in convention assembled, at Atchison, September 6th, do fully indorse the platform and principles of the National Democratic Convention, held at St. Louis, June 27, 1876, and also the platform and principles of the State Convention, held at Topeka, Kansas, August 23, 1876; and we hereby pledge ourselves to support and use all honorable means to secure the election of the nominees of said conventions."

E. Harrington offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That it is the duty of Congress to restore silver coin to its former status as a legal tender for the payment of all debts, public and private."

SEPTEMBER 8.—A sketch of Father Defouri in the Commonwealth gives important facts relating to Catholic history in the State.

SEPTEMBER 8.—Annual Convention, at Topeka, of the Episcopal Church of the Diocese of Kansas. Address by J. H. Lee, of Manhattan. The following officers were elected: Treasurer, J. W. Farnsworth; Registrar, Rev. C. W. Coxe; Standing Committee, Rev. Charles Reynolds, D. D., Rev. J. N. Lee, Rev. A. Beatty, Rev. C. E. Butler, and Messrs. F. W. Giles, C. C. Kellam, J. W. Farnsworth, and S. W. Stone. A special committee reported a resolution expressive of the regret of the Convention at the decease of the Rt. Rev. H. W. Lee, D. D., late Bishop of Iowa, and formerly Provisional Bishop of Kansas.

SEPTEMBER 9.—W. W. Guthrie, in the Atchison Champion, declines the nomination, making a long statement.

SEPTEMBER 11.—The trotter "Ethan Allen," age 27, dies at Lawrence, on the Ben. Akers stock farm. With a running mate he had made a record of 2:15.

SEPTEMBER 12.—The Leavenworth Times publishes a sketch of Thos. P. Fenlon. He was born in Cambria county, Pennsylvania; he came to Kansas in 1859.

SEPTEMBER 14.—Jefferson Davis is present at the Kansas City, Mo., Exposition, and makes an address. He sees that the great commercial need of this valley is water transportation, to compete with the railways.

—SEPTEMBER 15.—The Comanche county school-bond forgery case comes up in the District Court, at Topeka. The case was dismissed on the 18th.

—J. C. Hebbard has written an elaborate history of Nemaha county.

SEPTEMBER 15.—The Kansas River Baptist Association holds its twentieth annual session, at Dover, Shawnee county; J. Barrett, Moderator; Andrew Stark, Clerk; nine churches represented.

SEPTEMBER 20.—D. W. Wilder writes a letter to Governor Osborn re-

signing his office of State Auditor, and removes to St. Joseph to edit the Herald. P. I. Bonebrake is appointed Auditor.

SEPTEMBER 26.—The Republican State Committee unanimously declines to remove Geo. T. Anthony from the State ticket, declaring by resolutions that he has completely vindicated himself from the charges made against him.

SEPTEMBER 26.—Cole and Bob Younger, the Northfield bank robbers, are committed to jail, at Faribault, Minn. They were probably members of Quantrill's band of assassins.

SEPTEMBER 30.—Right Rev. Innocent Wolfe, O. S. B., is elected Abbot of St. Benedict's Priory, at Atchison.

OCTOBER 2.—P. I. Bonebrake commissioned as State Auditor.

OCTOBER 3.—The Presbytery of Topeka, including the churches from Leavenworth, west to Hays City, meets, and continues in session two days. It consists of thirty-three ministers and forty-nine churches.

The Synod of Kansas met on the 5th, and was opened with an elaborate sermon by the retiring Moderator, Rev. William Bishop, D. D., of Independence. The Synod includes five Presbyteries, covering Kansas, Indian Territory and Texas, 109 ministers and 161 churches. The delegation consists of the ministers, and a lay delegate from each church.—The organization was perfected by the election of Rev. William N. Page, of Leavenworth, as Moderator, with Rev. F. S. McCabe, D. D., of Topeka, Stated Clerk; Rev. J. P. Harsen, of Wichita, Permanent, and Revs. J. M. Calkins and J. C. Miller, Temporary Clerks.

OCTOBER 4.—John M. Price, George W. Glick, and other citizens of Atchison, "propose to have a grand real-estate distribution, and sell shares therein to the amount of one million dollars."

OCTOBER 4.—Meeting of the Grand Lodge of Good Templars, at Lawrence. John B. Campbell, of Fort Scott, was reelected G. W. C. T.; L. Ricker, of Lawrence, G. W. V. T.; N. H. Wood, of Leavenworth, G. C.; D. C. Beach, of Lawrence, Grand Secretary; L. W. Burbank, of Leavenworth, Treasurer; J. W. Cloek, of Centropolis, Superintendent. Junior Templars: Rev. G. S. Dearborn, of Salina, Grand Chaplain; G. S. Mansur, of Winfield, Grand Marshal. The secret movement of the British Grand Lodge was condemned by an unanimous vote. J. B. Campbell, H. C. Meecham and Jno. Paulson were elected delegates to the Right Worthy Grand Lodge.

OCTOBER 6.—The Missouri River Baptist Association meets at Hiawatha. Rev. J. B. Hardwicke declined a reelection as Moderator. Rev. George Mitchell was elected Moderator, and Rev. R. S. Cook, Clerk.

OCTOBER 7.—The Kansas wagon receives the medal at the Centennial Exposition, as the best farm wagon.

OCTOBER 16.—Track-laying begun on the Waterville & Washington Railroad.

OCTOBER 17.—T. L. Davis withdraws as a candidate for Congress.

OCTOBER.—Kansas fruit is awarded the first premium at the Centennial.

NOVEMBER 3.—Judge John T. Morton appoints C. S. Greeley and Henry Villard Receivers of the Kansas Pacific Road.

—William Crozier, son of Judge Crozier, has been transferred to the Engineer Corps, by President Grant. Young Crozier graduated at the head of his class at West Point.

NOVEMBER 7.—State and Presidential election; Hayes and Tilden are both in doubt as to the result.

VOTE FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.				
	W. L. Simons...	J. B. Johnson...	Thos. Hughes...	W. A. Johnson..	R. W. P. Muse..
Allen.....	1,040	1,038	1,038	1,037	1,038
Anderson.....	760	760	761	748	761
Atchison.....	1,863	1,864	1,862	1,863	1,865
Barber.....	73	73	73	73	71
Barton.....	604	604	604	604	604
Bourbon.....	1,966	1,966	1,963	1,966	1,966
Brown.....	1,255	1,253	1,251	1,247	1,255
Buller.....	1,563	1,562	1,562	1,562	1,562
Chase.....	593	594	594	594	594
Chautauqua.....	1,046	1,046	1,046	1,046	1,046
Cherokee.....	1,339	1,339	1,339	1,339	1,339
Clay.....	1,184	1,184	1,178	1,182	1,183
Cloud.....	1,184	1,184	1,183	1,184	1,184
Coffey.....	945	946	945	945	945
Cowley.....	1,669	1,670	1,670	1,668	1,670
Crawford.....	1,269	1,269	1,269	1,269	1,269
Davis.....	472	472	472	472	472
Dickinson.....	1,342	1,342	1,343	1,342	1,342
Doniphan.....	1,644	1,644	1,644	1,644	1,644
Douglas.....	2,322	2,323	2,323	2,324	2,324
Edwards.....	183	183	183	183	183
Elk.....	1,006	1,006	1,006	1,006	1,006
Ellis.....	210	210	210	210	209
Ellsworth.....	418	418	418	418	418
Ford.....	132	132	132	132	131
Franklin.....	1,499	1,499	1,499	1,499	1,500
Greenwood.....	977	976	977	977	977
Harvey.....	1,006	1,006	1,006	1,006	1,004
Jackson.....	885	884	885	885	884
Jefferson.....	1,395	1,393	1,395	1,395	1,396
Jewell.....	1,281	1,280	1,282	1,282	1,282
Johnson.....	1,688	1,690	1,690	1,690	1,690
Kingman.....	17	17	.....	.....	17
Labette.....	2,092	2,094	2,093	2,093	2,092
Leavenworth.....	2,821	2,821	2,821	2,821	2,821
Lincoln.....	479	479	479	479	479
Linn.....	1,647	1,647	1,647	1,646	1,647
Lyon.....	1,579	1,579	1,529	1,528	1,580
Marion.....	860	860	860	860	860
Marshall.....	1,604	1,605	1,475	1,605	1,605
McPherson.....	1,394	1,394	1,394	1,394	1,395
Miami.....	1,578	1,578	1,578	1,578	1,578
Mitchell.....	1,010	1,010	1,010	1,010	1,010
Montgomery.....	1,824	1,823	1,824	1,823	1,824
Morris.....	707	707	707	707	707
Nemaha.....	1,136	1,136	1,136	1,136	1,137

VOTE FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS — CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.				
	<i>W. L. Simons</i> ...	<i>J. B. Johnson</i> ...	<i>Thos. Hughes</i> ...	<i>W. A. Johnson</i> ...	<i>R. W. P. Muse</i> ...
Neosho.....	1,370	1,367	1,367	1,367	1,367
Norton.....	194	194	194	194	194
Osage.....	1,984	1,984	1,984	1,984	1,984
Osborne.....	661	661	661	661	661
Ottawa.....	837	837	837	837	837
Pawnee.....	369	369	369	369	369
Phillips.....	479	479	479	479	479
Pottawatomie.....	1,335	1,355	1,335	1,335	1,335
Reno.....	1,117	1,117	1,117	1,117	1,117
Republic.....	1,390	1,390	1,390	1,390	1,390
Rice.....	595	595	595	594	594
Riley.....	1,133	1,133	1,133	1,133	1,132
Rooks.....	116	116	116	116	116
Rush.....	141	141	141	141	141
Russell.....	328	328	328	328	328
Saline.....	1,314	1,314	1,314	1,314	1,315
Sedgwick.....	1,774	1,774	1,772	1,773	1,771
Shawnee.....	2,549	2,546	2,546	2,547	2,548
Smith.....	731	731	731	731	731
Sumner.....	1,009	1,009	1,009	1,009	1,009
Wabauasee.....	728	728	728	728	728
Washington.....	1,191	1,192	1,192	1,192	1,190
Wilson.....	1,482	1,481	1,482	1,482	1,482
Woodson.....	673	673	673	673	673
Wyandotte.....	1,260	1,260	1,260	1,260	1,260
Total.....	78,354	78,315	78,109	78,227	78,318

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.				
	<i>E. G. Ross</i>	<i>G. Schaubel</i>	<i>H. C. Park</i>	<i>G. A. Reynolds</i>	<i>G. H. English</i>
Allen.....	382	382	382	382	382
Anderson.....	245	247	247	244	244
Atchison.....	1,512	1,512	1,515	1,512	1,512
Barber.....	97	94	96	97	97
Barton.....	289	289	289	289	289
Bourbon.....	817	817	817	817	817
Brown.....	593	595	595	595	595
Butler.....	712	710	712	712	712
Chautauqua.....	536	536	536	536	536
Chase.....	214	214	214	214	214
Cherokee.....	1,043	1,043	1,043	1,043	1,043
Clay.....	268	272	267	267	267
Cloud.....	489	489	489	489	489
Coffey.....	550	550	550	550	550
Cowley.....	955	955	951	954	951
Crawford.....	874	874	874	874	874
Davis.....	321	321	321	320	321
Dickinson.....	469	468	469	469	469
Doniphan.....	1,024	1,023	1,023	1,023	1,023
Douglas.....	934	933	933	933	933
Edwards.....	155	155	155	155	155

VOTE FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.				
	<i>E. G. Ross</i>	<i>G. Schaubel</i>	<i>H. C. Park</i>	<i>G. A. Reynolds</i> ..	<i>G. H. English</i> ...
Elk.....	428	428	428	428	428
Ellis.....	142	140	140	140	140
Ellsworth.....	181	181	181	181	181
Ford.....	180	180	180	180	181
Franklin.....	513	513	513	513	513
Greenwood.....	471	471	471	471	471
Harvey.....	351	351	351	351	351
Jackson.....	592	592	592	592	592
Jefferson.....	864	864	864	864	864
Jewell.....	448	448	448	448	448
Johnson.....	759	759	759	759	759
Kingman.....	3	3			3
Labette.....	1,373	1,372	1,372	1,373	1,371
Leavenworth.....	2,564	2,564	2,564	2,564	2,564
Lincoln.....	201	201	201	201	201
Linn.....	545	545	545	545	545
Lyon.....	430	431	431	430	431
Marion.....	369	369	369	369	369
Marshall.....	789	711	708	710	711
McPherson.....	334	333	334	333	333
Miami.....	833	833	833	833	833
Mitchell.....	395	395	395	395	395
Montgomery.....	1,177	1,177	1,177	1,177	1,177
Morris.....	370	370	370	370	370
Nemaha.....	638	638	637	638	638
Neosho.....	955	956	956	956	956
Norton.....	48	48	48	48	48
Osage.....	520	520	520	520	520
Osborne.....	180	180	180	180	180
Ottawa.....	246	246	246	246	246
Pawnee.....	119	119	119	119	119
Phillips.....	197	197	197	197	197
Pottawatomie.....	720	717	720	720	721
Reno.....	343	343	345	346	345
Republic.....	408	408	408	408	408
Rice.....	114	113	115	118	114
Riley.....	223	223	223	223	223
Rooks.....	49	49	49	49	49
Rush.....	10	10	10	10	10
Russell.....	75	75	75	75	75
Saline.....	370	370	370	369	369
Sedgwick.....	975	974	975	976	978
Shawnee.....	1,044	1,045	1,044	1,045	1,045
Smith.....	276	276	276	276	276
Sumner.....	766	764	766	766	766
Wabaunsee.....	274	274	275	275	275
Washington.....	497	490	489	490	490
Wilson.....	765	765	759	764	759
Woodson.....	306	306	306	306	306
Wyandotte.....	993	993	975	995	995
Total.....	37,902	37,799	37,810	37,817	37,815

VOTE FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.				
	<i>J. N. Lambcker.</i>	<i>A. G. Barrett.</i>	<i>S. A. Riggs.</i>	<i>S. J. Crawford.</i>	<i>John Ritchie.</i>
Allen.....	140	140	140	140	140
Anderson.....	224	223	223	223	223
Achison.....	2	2	2	2	2
Barber.....					
Barton.....	43	43	43	43	43
Bourbon.....	690	690	690	690	690
Brown.....	230	230	229	230	492
Butler.....					
Chautauqua.....	252	251	252	252	252
Chase.....	40	40	40	40	40
Cherokee.....	221	221	221	221	221
Clay.....					
Cloud.....	7	7	7	7	7
Coffey.....	69	69	69	69	69
Cowley.....	5	5	5	5	5
Crawford.....	257	257	257	257	257
Davis.....	146	146	146	146	146
Dickinson.....	50	50	50	50	50
Doniphan.....	1,015	1,015	1,015	1,015	1,015
Douglas.....	494	493	494	494	493
Edwards.....					
Elk.....	39	39	39	39	39
Ellis.....					
Ellsworth.....					
Ford.....					
Franklin.....	419	419	419	419	419
Greenwood.....	1	1	1	1	1
Harvey.....					
Jackson.....	9	9	9	9	7
Jefferson.....	213	213	213	213	213
Jewell.....	130	130	130	130	130
Johnson.....	615	615	615	615	615
Kingman.....					
Labette.....	8	8	8	8	8
Leavenworth.....	56	56	56	56	56
Lincoln.....					
Linn.....	221	221	221	221	221
Lyon.....	67	67	67	67	67
Marion.....	24	24	24	24	24
Marshall.....	172	191	172	173	111
McPherson.....					
Miami.....	334	331	334	334	334
Mitchell.....					
Montgomery.....	353	353	353	353	353
Morris.....	24	19	29	28	25
Nemaha.....	12	12	12	12	12
Nosho.....	168	168	168	168	168
Norton.....	3	3		3	3
Osage.....	291	292	292	292	292
Osborne.....	1	1	1	1	1
Ottawa.....	11	11	11	11	11
Pawnee.....	9	9	9	9	9
Phillips.....					
Pottawatomie.....	73	68	67	68	66
Reno.....					
Republic.....	11	11	11	11	11
Rice.....	41	41	41	45	41
Riley.....	65	65	65	65	65
Rooks.....	7	7	7	7	7
Rush.....					
Russell.....					
Saline.....	29	29	29	29	29
Sedgwick.....	4	4	4	4	4
Shawnee.....	29	29	29	29	29
Smith.....	98	98	98	98	98
Sumner.....	27	26	27	27	26

VOTE FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS—CONCLUDED.

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.				
	<i>J. N. Limbocker.</i>	<i>A. G. Borel.....</i>	<i>S. A. Riggs.....</i>	<i>S. J. Crawford...</i>	<i>John Ritchie.....</i>
Wabaunsee.....	5	5	5	5	5
Washington.....	33	33	30	32	40
Wilson.....	40	40	40	40	40
Woodson.....					
Wyandotte.....	243	243	243	243	243
Total.....	7,770	7,776	7,767	7,773	7,668

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.				
	<i>Joel Grover.</i>	<i>A. C. Pierce.</i>	<i>W. H. Bower</i>	<i>S. A. Bliss..</i>	<i>Asher Mott..</i>
Allen.....	3	3	3	3	3
Bourbon.....	16	16	16	16	16
Brown.....	4	4	4	4	4
Cowley.....	4	4	4	4	4
Douglas.....	34	33	33	33	33
Jackson.....	1	1			
Labette.....	17	17	17	17	18
Marion.....	12	12	12	12	12
Morris.....	1	1	1	1	1
Nemaha.....	1	1	1	1	1
Pawnee.....	1	1	1	1	1
Pottawatomie.....	2	2	2	2	2
Rice.....	4	4	4	4	4
Russell.....	3	3	3	3	3
Sedgwick.....	3	3	3	3	3
Shawnee.....	1	1			
Woodson.....	3	3	3	3	3
Total.....	110	109	107	107	108

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.					
	<i>F. M. Spencer...</i>	<i>J. A. Richards..</i>	<i>L. Prentice.....</i>	<i>Geo. F. Crane...</i>	<i>G. A. Scaton.....</i>	<i>Scattering.....</i>
Chase.....	6	6	6	6	6	.....
Douglas.....	1	1	1	1	1	.....
Jefferson.....	1	1	1	1	1	.....
Labette.....	2	2		2		.....
McPherson.....	1	1	1	1	1	.....
Mitchell.....	1	1	1	1	1	.....
Rice.....	9	9				.....
Shawnee.....	2	2			2	5
Total.....	23	23	10	12	12	5

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.				
	William A. Phillips..	J. Weisbach.....	Thomas P. Fenton...	Richard Wake.....	Scattering.....
Atchison.....	1,789		1,557		
Brown.....	1,233	80	721	12	
Cloud.....	1,058		500	6	
Clay.....	1,068		286		
Davis.....	600		347		
Dickinson.....	1,352		504	5	
Doniphan.....	1,722		1,048	4	
Ellis.....	206		149		
Ellsworth.....	389		208		
Jewell.....	1,373		453	4	
Jackson.....	861		596	15	1
Jefferson.....	1,514		927		4
Leavenworth.....	2,556		2,788		
Lincoln.....	467		239		
Marshall.....	1,720		634		
Mitchell.....	999		399		
Nemaha.....	1,110		656	1	1
Norton.....	195		46		
Osborne.....	637		186	2	3
Ottawa.....	803		275	5	
Phillips.....	455		204		
Pottawatomie.....	1,386		721	15	
Republic.....	1,395		422		
Riley.....	940		339	125	
Rooks.....	99		67		
Russell.....	254		98	3	
Saline.....	1,349		410	4	
Smith.....	684	5	304		
Washington.....	1,138		548		
Total.....	29,352	85	15,642	201	9
Majority.....	13,415				

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.		
	D. C. Haskell..	J. R. Goodin..	M. V. B. Knorr..
Allen.....	890	667	1
Anderson.....	707	518	
Bourbon.....	1,884	1,581	16
Cherokee.....	1,297	1,279	
Crawford.....	1,220	1,171	
Douglas.....	2,176	1,518	28
Franklin.....	1,465	962	
Johnson.....	1,601	1,462	1
Labette.....	2,025	1,453	15
Linn.....	1,614	799	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS—CONCLUDED.

SECOND DISTRICT—CONCLUDED.

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.		
	<i>D. C. Haskell.</i>	<i>J. R. Goodin.</i>	<i>M. V. B. Knox.</i>
Montgomery.....	1,806	1,533	.....
Miami.....	1,534	1,188	.....
Neosho.....	1,255	1,238	1
Wilson.....	1,427	854	.....
Wyandotte.....	1,187	1,295	.....
Total.....	22,088	17,518	62
Majority.....	4,508	.....	.....

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.				
	<i>Thos. Ryan.....</i>	<i>S. J. Crawford.</i>	<i>F. L. Davis.....</i>	<i>Pussy Graves...</i>	<i>Scaldring.....</i>
Barber.....	75	85	.....	.....	.....
Barton.....	582	351	.....	.....	.....
Butler.....	1,562	712	.....	.....	4
Chautauqua.....	1,050	775	.....	.....	.....
Chase.....	598	246	.....	.....	.....
Coffey.....	948	616	.....	.....	.....
Cowley.....	1,655	970	.....	4	.....
Edwards.....	184	147	6	.....	.....
Elk.....	944	460	.....	.....	.....
Ford.....	131	174	.....	.....	.....
Greenwood.....	960	484	.....	.....	1
Harvey.....	1,002	354	.....	.....	.....
Kingman.....	6	.....	.....	.....	1
Lyon.....	1,477	565	.....	.....	.....
Marion.....	857	396	.....	12	.....
McPherson.....	1,385	343	.....	.....	.....
Morris.....	897	190	.....	.....	.....
Osage.....	1,974	803	.....	.....	2
Pawnee.....	369	46	.....	1	.....
Reno.....	1,005	356	.....	.....	.....
Rush.....	135	1	1	.....	.....
Rice.....	597	184	.....	4	11
Sedgwick.....	1,783	985	.....	8	.....
Shawnee.....	2,594	1,006	.....	.....	1
Sumner.....	1,011	790	.....	.....	.....
Wabunsee.....	725	284	.....	.....	.....
Wallace.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Woodson.....	665	311	.....	6	.....
Total.....	25,171	11,634	7	35	20
Majority.....	13,475	.....	.....	.....	.....

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS.

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR.					LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.				
	Geo. T. Anthony	John Martin	M. F. Hudson	J. Pankson	Scattering	M. J. Siler	J. A. Bond	Wm. Kutschid	Scattering	
Allen	939	171	125	10	.....	1,011	538	6	.....
Anderson	688	365	157	.....	.....	758	472	.....	.....
Atchison	1,539	1,801	7	.....	.....	1,857	1,525	.....	.....
Barber	63	133	.....	.....	.....	88	101	.....	.....
Barton	542	387	26	.....	.....	610	338	.....	.....
Bourbon	1,829	919	652	72	.....	1,958	1,508	21	.....
Brown	1,123	763	117	9	1	1,257	810	7	.....
Butler	1,495	765	.....	.....	3	1,558	726	.....	1
Chautauqua	952	795	58	.....	.....	970	785	.....	.....
Chase	470	336	26	.....	.....	591	259	2	.....
Cherokee	1,163	1,343	31	13	.....	1,342	1,248	4	.....
Clay	934	491	76	58	.....	1,166	273	52	.....
Cloud	1,054	561	3	.....	.....	1,176	496	4	.....
Colley	837	648	55	.....	.....	941	624	.....	.....
Cowley	1,404	1,174	4	5	.....	1,657	961	4	.....
Crawford	1,211	1,076	108	3	.....	1,276	1,125	.....	.....
Davis	364	420	158	.....	.....	471	475	.....	.....
Dickinson	1,232	561	61	2	.....	1,348	529	2	.....
Doniphan	1,503	1,219	26	3	.....	1,636	1,180	2	.....
Douglas	1,947	1,171	560	62	.....	2,257	1,456	50	.....
Edwards	178	156	.....	.....	.....	180	156	.....	.....
Elk	923	503	.....	.....	.....	1,007	454	.....	.....
Ellis	206	147	.....	.....	.....	212	141	.....	.....
Ellsworth	339	252	.....	.....	.....	410	188	.....	.....
Ford	96	210	.....	.....	.....	131	180	.....	.....
Franklin	1,373	598	422	.....	.....	1,480	941	2	.....
Greenwood	910	524	14	.....	.....	975	483	.....	.....
Harvey	939	490	.....	.....	1	991	357	.....	.....
Jackson	782	684	.....	1	1	876	612	1	1
Jefferson	1,121	1,215	90	.....	1	1,357	1,111	.....	.....
Jewell	1,115	465	262	.....	.....	1,275	578	.....	.....
Johnson	1,467	881	651	29	.....	1,649	1,401	16	.....
Kingman	5	8	.....	.....	.....	10	2	.....	.....
Labette	1,984	1,468	12	28	.....	2,129	1,357	21	.....
Leavenworth	2,023	3,139	115	6	.....	2,746	2,635	9	.....
Lincoln	437	268	.....	.....	.....	487	222	.....	.....
Linn	1,543	616	239	.....	.....	1,641	769	.....	.....
Lyon	1,404	550	43	.....	.....	1,520	501	.....	.....
Marion	788	440	18	12	.....	858	395	11	1
Marshall	1,279	928	253	12	.....	1,570	894	10	.....
McPherson	1,189	442	13	1	.....	1,395	344	.....	.....
Miami	1,454	938	320	.....	.....	1,561	1,189	.....	.....
Mitchell	985	419	.....	.....	.....	1,012	399	.....	.....
Montgomery	1,700	1,286	342	.....	.....	1,816	1,538	.....	.....
Morris	598	448	54	.....	.....	706	394	.....	.....
Nemaha	950	808	8	1	.....	1,134	656	1	.....
Neosho	1,300	1,180	15	7	.....	1,372	1,088	5	2
Norton	189	52	3	.....	.....	192	52	.....	.....
Osage	1,711	751	308	.....	8	1,961	830	.....	2
Osborne	652	183	4	.....	4	664	179	.....	.....
Ottawa	800	275	7	1	.....	834	260	1	.....
Pawnee	355	129	9	1	.....	367	129	1	.....
Phillips	463	212	.....	.....	.....	477	201	.....	.....
Pottawatomie	1,041	966	59	3	.....	1,297	805	4	.....
Reno	1,072	390	.....	.....	.....	1,121	354	.....	.....
Republic	1,318	462	16	.....	.....	1,388	421	.....	.....
Rice	501	221	21	10	1	603	187	7	3	
Riley	829	492	68	16	5	1,119	279	20	5	
Rooks	112	50	.....	.....	.....	114	55	.....	.....
Rush	130	10	.....	2	1	134	10	2	.....
Russell	259	142	.....	3	.....	326	72	3	.....
Saline	1,278	481	10	2	.....	1,392	376	3	.....
Sedgwick	1,611	1,112	4	10	.....	1,755	992	9	.....
Shawnee	2,085	1,454	18	.....	7	2,531	1,067	.....	.....
Smith	721	278	67	1	.....	726	341	1	.....
Summer	982	805	15	.....	.....	1,017	788	.....	.....

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR.					LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.			
	<i>George T. Anthony</i>	<i>John Martin</i>	<i>M. E. Hudson</i>	<i>J. Putnam</i>	<i>Scotter</i>	<i>M. J. Satter</i>	<i>J. A. Deal</i>	<i>William Fairchild</i>	<i>Scotter</i>
Wabaunsee.....	550	434	7	.....	.....	721	291	.....	.....
Washington.....	1,012	649	45	.....	.....	1,180	514	.....	.....
Wilson.....	1,428	839	10	.....	.....	1,483	797	.....	.....
Woodson.....	607	351	.....	10	4	669	311	4	.....
Wyandotte.....	1,100	1,181	195	.....	.....	1,252	1,226	.....	.....
Total.....	69,173	46,204	6,020	393	37	77,774	44,957	228	15
Majority.....	16,519	.....	.....	.....	.....	32,574	.....	.....	.....

COUNTIES.	SECRETARY OF STATE.					AUDITOR OF STATE.				
	<i>Thos. H. Orran</i>	<i>S. M. Palmer</i>	<i>W. M. Allison</i>	<i>William Crosby</i>	<i>Scotter</i>	<i>P. I. Bonebrake</i> (to fill vacancy).....	<i>P. I. Bonebrake</i> (regular term).....	<i>H. E. Sheldon</i> (to fill vacancy).....	<i>H. E. Sheldon</i> (regular term).....	<i>Scotter</i>
Allen.....	1,039	400	.....	4	.....	1,038	1,043	69	440	.....
Anderson.....	754	244	228	.....	.....	760	761	467	468	.....
Atchison.....	1,858	1,522	.....	.....	.....	1,861	1,862	.....	1,521	.....
Barber.....	81	99	.....	.....	.....	59	73	13	107	.....
Barton.....	613	318	17	.....	.....	501	613	165	175	.....
Bourbon.....	1,962	1,502	.....	17	.....	1,971	1,982	1,507	1,507	.....
Brown.....	1,249	815	.....	10	1	1,031	1,261	.....	816	.....
Butler.....	1,560	722	.....	.....	.....	1,525	1,565	706	718	.....
Chautauqua.....	1,050	779	.....	.....	.....	844	999	.....	780	.....
Chase.....	600	263	.....	.....	1	595	594	257	263	1
Cherokee.....	1,343	1,245	.....	3	.....	894	1,350	.....	1,244	.....
Clay.....	1,169	271	.....	44	.....	1,172	1,213	270	271	.....
Cloud.....	1,180	493	.....	3	.....	785	1,181	.....	496	.....
Coffey.....	941	558	3	.....	.....	689	949	.....	615	.....
Cowley.....	1,676	958	.....	4	.....	1,392	1,673	1	959	.....
Crawford.....	1,264	1,137	.....	.....	.....	1,246	1,266	148	1,232	.....
Davis.....	477	325	145	.....	.....	479	479	467	467	.....
Dickinson.....	1,347	497	31	2	.....	1,357	1,359	29	523	.....
Doniphan.....	1,640	1,028	109	3	.....	1,645	1,636	.....	1,128	.....
Douglas.....	2,301	893	549	45	.....	2,323	2,346	1,440	1,443	.....
Edwards.....	187	149	.....	.....	.....	120	182	127	150	.....
Elk.....	1,006	454	.....	.....	.....	954	1,007	2	450	.....
Ellis.....	211	143	.....	.....	.....	185	211	.....	142	.....
Ellsworth.....	410	189	.....	.....	.....	410	415	.....	185	.....
Ford.....	136	171	.....	.....	.....	74	133	.....	175	.....
Franklin.....	1,490	522	422	.....	.....	1,478	1,477	933	946	.....
Greenwood.....	976	480	.....	.....	.....	950	975	1	481	.....
Harvey.....	1,003	355	.....	.....	.....	1,002	1,003	.....	355	.....
Jackson.....	882	607	.....	1	.....	807	884	498	606	1
Jefferson.....	1,363	142	969	.....	.....	1,364	1,364	1,007	1,109	.....
Jewell.....	1,274	445	76	.....	.....	1,096	1,276	.....	535	6
Johnson.....	1,667	1,384	.....	11	.....	1,673	1,676	.....	1,395	.....
Kingman.....	5	3	.....	.....	1	7	7	2	2	.....
Labette.....	2,100	1,385	.....	22	.....	1,793	2,117	288	1,383	.....
Leavenworth.....	2,664	2,573	.....	7	5	2,053	2,797	45	2,565	.....
Lincoln.....	483	207	.....	.....	.....	338	491	.....	218	.....

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS — CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	SECRETARY OF STATE.					AUDITOR OF STATE.				
	T. H. Carroughan.	S. M. Palmer.....	W. M. Allison.....	William Crosby...	Scattering.....	P. I. Bonbrake, (to fill vacancy).	P. I. Bonbrake, (regular term)...	H. E. Sheldon, (to fill vacancy).	H. E. Sheldon, (regular term)...	Scattering.....
Linn.....	1,644	767	.....	.....	.....	1,645	1,646	769	770	.....
Lyon.....	1,571	462	.....	.....	.....	1,480	1,543	.....	480	.....
Marion.....	859	393	.....	12	.....	861	866	67	394	.....
Marshall.....	1,592	727	161	9	.....	1,392	1,595	232	885	.....
McPherson.....	1,395	340	.....	.....	.....	1,400	1,400	340	340	3
Miami.....	1,564	1,178	.....	.....	.....	1,577	1,577	1,169	1,169	.....
Mitchell.....	1,012	397	.....	.....	.....	1,013	1,013	397	397	.....
Montgomery.....	1,826	1,212	.....	.....	.....	1,819	1,819	1,486	1,529	.....
Morris.....	708	378	.....	.....	.....	708	708	.....	390	.....
Nemaha.....	1,136	652	3	1	.....	1,034	1,139	.....	656	.....
Neosho.....	1,364	1,115	.....	5	.....	1,269	1,365	161	1,131	.....
Norton.....	194	47	.....	.....	.....	.....	194	.....	50	.....
Osage.....	1,973	816	.....	3	.....	1,981	1,985	807	808	.....
Osborne.....	665	177	.....	1	.....	666	666	.....	165	.....
Ottawa.....	831	259	.....	1	.....	837	837	257	257	.....
Pawnee.....	365	122	8	1	.....	326	368	25	124	.....
Phillips.....	477	201	.....	.....	.....	202	477	.....	201	.....
Pottawatomie.....	1,346	779	.....	3	.....	1,203	1,344	1	787	.....
Reno.....	1,118	350	.....	.....	.....	1,088	959	342	341	.....
Republic.....	1,304	419	.....	.....	.....	886	1,395	.....	419	.....
Rice.....	612	154	.....	7	2	572	620	.....	174	1
Riley.....	1,122	222	59	18	.....	1,122	1,141	62	280	.....
Rooks.....	108	48	7	.....	.....	114	113	38	17	.....
Rush.....	134	9	.....	2	.....	134	134	.....	10	.....
Russell.....	326	88	.....	3	.....	155	329	13	63	3
Saline.....	1,140	611	.....	3	.....	1,404	1,407	359	374	.....
Sedgwick.....	1,761	989	.....	8	.....	1,763	1,773	989	981	.....
Shawnee.....	2,461	1,138	.....	2	.....	2,382	2,580	.....	1,029	.....
Smith.....	727	279	65	.....	.....	.....	727	.....	344	.....
Sumner.....	1,016	783	.....	.....	.....	628	1,011	.....	787	.....
Wabaunsee.....	729	284	.....	.....	.....	684	730	.....	282	.....
Washington.....	1,133	498	4	.....	.....	1,189	1,189	.....	511	.....
Wilson.....	1,486	797	.....	.....	.....	1,484	1,484	.....	801	.....
Woodson.....	669	311	.....	3	.....	651	672	312	311	.....
Wyandotte.....	1,260	1,233	.....	.....	.....	1,282	1,270	1,011	1,242	.....
Total.....	77,679	41,513	2,856	252	16	71,372	78,302	17,279	41,373	15
Majority.....	33,042	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

COUNTIES.	TREASURER OF STATE.					ATTORNEY GENERAL.						
	John Francis, (to fill vacancy)....	John Francis, (regular term).....	Amos McLouth, (to fill vacancy)....	Amos McLouth, (regular term).....	W. S. Hendricks, (to fill vacancy)....	Scattering.....	W. S. Hendricks, (regular term).....	Willard Davis.....	W. I. McConnell.....	D. B. Huddle.....	A. M. F. Randolph.....	Scattering.....
Allen.....	1,015	1,075	59	421	2	18	.....	1,033	388	.....	4	.....
Anderson.....	763	765	460	459	.....	.....	.....	760	245	232	1	.....
Atchison.....	1,865	1,866	.....	1,515	.....	.....	.....	1,864	1,518	.....	.....	.....
Barber.....	65	65	102	102	.....	.....	.....	73	104	.....	.....	.....
Barton.....	462	614	.....	335	.....	.....	.....	624	319	17	.....	.....
Bourbon.....	1,970	1,970	1,509	1,509	.....	17	.....	1,964	816	690	17	.....
Brown.....	1,032	1,261	.....	809	.....	7	.....	1,254	726	90	11	.....
Butler.....	1,526	1,565	697	718	.....	1	.....	1,562	721	.....	.....	1
Chautauqua.....	894	1,050	.....	772	.....	.....	.....	1,053	535	248	.....	.....

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	TREASURER OF STATE.					ATTORNEY GENERAL.						
	John Francis, (to fill vacancy)...	John Francis, (regular term)...	Amos McTough, (to fill vacancy)...	Amos McTough, (regular term)...	W. S. Hendricks, (to fill vacancy)...	Willard Davis.....	W. L. McConnell...	D. B. Hudley.....	A. M. F. Randolph.	Scadling.....		
Chase.....	604	604	246	246	1	596	256	.....	1	.....	
Cherokee.....	846	1,349	.....	1,237	3	1,837	1,250	.....	3	.....	
Clay.....	1,159	1,162	279	280	42	1,148	265	.....	.....	26
Cloud.....	779	1,179	.....	494	3	1,177	492	.....	5	.....	
Coffey.....	689	952	.....	612	.....	940	534	55	.....	.....
Cowley.....	1,388	1,672	.....	959	4	1,675	958	.....	4	.....	
Crawford.....	1,173	1,271	97	1,131	.....	1,271	1,013	120	.....	.....
Davis.....	489	489	457	457	.....	511	432	.....	.....	.....
Dickinson.....	1,359	1,359	49	524	1	1,352	522	4	3	.....	
Doniphan.....	1,640	1,651	.....	1,130	2	1,640	1,031	108	2	.....	
Douglas.....	2,322	2,330	1,423	1,422	8	2,300	912	556	44	.....	
Edwards.....	120	183	.....	154	.....	183	155	.....	.....	.....
Elk.....	954	1,008	.....	453	.....	1,007	454	.....	.....	.....
Ellis.....	174	209	.....	142	.....	207	143	.....	.....	.....
Ellsworth.....	402	417	.....	183	.....	414	185	.....	.....	.....
Ford.....	.....	134	.....	176	.....	132	174	.....	.....	.....
Franklin.....	1,489	1,494	932	931	.....	1,494	500	422	.....	.....
Greenwood.....	954	975	.....	479	.....	973	481	1	.....	.....
Harvey.....	1,003	1,004	16	165	120	1,003	212	.....	140	.....	
Jackson.....	833	843	607	607	1	880	600	1	1	.....	
Jefferson.....	1,286	1,273	1,074	1,197	.....	1,362	1,067	37	.....	.....
Jewell.....	787	1,274	.....	556	.....	1,274	449	109	.....	.....
Johnson.....	1,672	1,677	.....	1,387	1	1,671	750	659	5	.....	
Kingman.....	7	2	2	2	.....	7	2	.....	2	.....	
Labette.....	1,968	2,103	1,273	1,384	19	2,090	1,370	.....	25	.....	
Leavenworth.....	2,051	2,790	2	2,608	.....	2,783	2,553	55	40	.....	
Lincoln.....	241	491	.....	217	.....	491	219	.....	.....	.....
Linn.....	1,651	1,651	763	762	.....	1,645	550	217	.....	.....
Lyon.....	1,480	1,547	.....	426	.....	1,534	465	37	.....	.....
Marion.....	759	858	67	394	12	857	390	.....	12	1	
Marshall.....	1,392	1,600	331	882	.....	1,589	714	170	9	.....	
McPherson.....	1,403	1,403	340	340	.....	1,400	339	.....	.....	3
Miami.....	1,579	1,579	1,165	1,165	.....	1,574	841	336	.....	.....
Mitchell.....	1,015	1,014	394	396	.....	1,013	397	.....	.....	.....
Montgomery.....	1,820	1,821	1,482	1,523	.....	1,821	1,168	345	.....	.....
Morris.....	715	715	.....	381	.....	706	376	.....	.....	.....
Neenaha.....	1,030	1,144	.....	647	1	1,137	651	2	1	.....	
Neosho.....	1,265	1,369	1,033	1,125	5	1,345	1,132	.....	3	.....	
Norton.....	.....	195	.....	50	.....	194	47	.....	.....	.....
Osage.....	1,986	1,982	810	812	.....	1,981	815	.....	4	.....	
Osborne.....	666	666	.....	165	.....	666	177	.....	.....	.....
Ottawa.....	837	837	256	255	1	836	250	1	1	.....	
Pawnee.....	125	368	.....	126	.....	365	120	8	1	.....	
Phillips.....	202	477	.....	201	.....	476	201	.....	.....	.....
Pottawatomie.....	1,202	1,348	17	762	3	1,340	727	62	3	.....	
Reno.....	1,127	1,124	333	343	.....	1,024	341	.....	.....	.....
Republic.....	884	1,394	.....	419	.....	1,395	418	.....	.....	.....
Rice.....	570	614	.....	146	2	611	140	11	7	.....	
Riley.....	1,120	1,125	62	281	20	1,120	284	.....	20	.....	
Rooks.....	114	114	28	56	.....	114	42	.....	.....	7
Rush.....	134	134	.....	10	2	134	10	.....	2	.....	
Russell.....	156	329	.....	78	3	329	76	.....	8	.....	
Saline.....	1,400	1,395	361	376	2	1,403	373	.....	3	.....	
Sedgwick.....	1,766	1,765	984	982	8	1,760	987	.....	8	.....	
Shawnee.....	2,398	2,588	.....	1,033	1	2,542	1,050	26	.....	1
Smith.....	.....	727	.....	344	.....	729	279	.....	1	.....	
Sumner.....	574	1,019	.....	784	.....	1,017	763	14	.....	.....
Wabauusee.....	685	735	.....	278	.....	730	282	.....	.....	.....
Washington.....	1,190	1,190	.....	513	.....	1,186	502	7	.....	.....
Wilson.....	1,487	1,492	.....	794	.....	1,478	807	.....	.....	.....
Woodson.....	674	671	306	308	3	664	309	.....	4	.....	
Wyandotte.....	1,235	1,263	1,012	1,230	.....	1,258	1,094	239	.....	.....
Total.....	70,390	78,451	19,005	44,160	65	304	135	78,078	39,477	4,889	246	179

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.				ASSOCIATE JUSTICE SUPREME COURT.				
	A. B. Lennox.	Thos. Bartlett...	C. W. Harvey...	Scattering.....	D. J. Brewer...	J. Humphrey...	H. G. Reynolds.	W. Shannon.....	Scattering.....
Allen.....	1,043	512	4	1	1,045	385	134		
Anderson.....	752	476			756	245	224		
Atchison.....	1,863	1,518			1,860	1,518			
Barber.....	73	102			71	102			
Barton.....	615	327			611	317	17		
Bourbon.....	1,960	1,411	16		1,978	802	691		
Brown.....	1,243	803	10	4	1,266	734	88		
Butler.....	1,545	720		1	1,564	721			1
Chautauqua.....	1,051	780			1,049	456	246		
Chase.....	592	259	1		591	258			
Cherokee.....	1,343	1,240	5		1,350	1,243			
Clay.....	1,170	270	27		1,214	270			
Cloud.....	1,178	495	3		1,180	492			
Colley.....	946	618			947	560	55		
Cowley.....	1,661	939	5		1,676	962			
Crawford.....	1,265	1,125			1,267	1,004	123		
Davis.....	475	466			443	468		33	
Dickinson.....	1,352	524	2		1,311	562	4	2	
Doniphan.....	1,640	1,139	2		1,645	1,035	108		
Douglas.....	2,287	1,457	44		2,354	1,430			
Edwards.....	183	153			183	155			
Elk.....	1,005	454			1,007	456			
Ellis.....	211	141			210	142			
Ellsworth.....	413	185			416	181			
Ford.....	134	167			132	174			
Franklin.....	1,489	919			1,496	521	423		
Greenwood.....	972	481			977	475	1		
Harvey.....	1,002	354			1,003	354			
Jackson.....	880	565	1		878	607			
Jefferson.....	1,364	1,107			1,358	1,075	37		
Jewell.....	1,271	580			1,275	449	121		
Johnson.....	1,671	1,379	4		1,678	749	643		
Kingman.....	7	2				2	1		
Labette.....	2,094	1,384	21		2,114	1,386			
Leavenworth.....	2,757	2,622	16		2,884	2,507	52		
Lincoln.....	491	218			492	218			
Linn.....	1,644	766			1,646	550	217		
Lyon.....	1,536	498			1,545	453	38		
Marion.....	852	389	21	3	870	391	1		
Marshall.....	1,545	884	10		1,599	673	217		
McPherson.....	1,386	339	2	7	1,399	341			2
Miami.....	1,571	1,171			1,570	830	336		
Mitchell.....	1,013	396			1,013	394			
Montgomery.....	1,824	1,486			1,817	1,186	352		
Morris.....	705	391			701	384			
Nemaha.....	1,137	652	1	1	1,145	642	2	1	
Neosho.....	1,364	1,128	4		1,367	1,125			
Norton.....	191	51			45	19	3		
Osage.....	1,978	813		1	1,951	827			2
Osborne.....	666	177			666	177			
Ottawa.....	835	256	2		835	252	8		1
Pawnee.....	367	129	1		368	122	8		
Phillips.....	477	204			411	201			
Pottawatomie.....	1,337	788	3		1,337	717	61		
Reno.....	1,111	356			1,038	343			
Republic.....	1,391	418			1,395	418			
Rice.....	599	177	7	1	622	152	14		
Riley.....	1,121	284	20		1,133	293			
Rooks.....	114	55			114	48	7		
Rush.....	134	10	2		135	10			
Russell.....	327	80	3		332	76			
Saline.....	1,391	378	12		1,402	376			
Sedgwick.....	1,772	991	8		1,770	985	1		

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONCLUDED.

COUNTIES.	SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCT'N.				ASSOCIATE JUSTICE SUPREME CT.				
	A. B. Lennon.	Thos. Bartlett.	C. W. Henry.	Scattering.....	D. J. Brewer.....	J. Humphrey.....	H. G. Reynolds.	W. Shannon.....	Scattering.....
Shawnee.....	2,548	1,060	.....	9	2,548	1,040	21	.....	1
Smith.....	727	343	.....	.....	728	277	.....	65	.....
Sumner.....	1,018	786	.....	.....	1,017	773	15	.....	.....
Wabaunsee.....	724	287	.....	.....	724	287	.....	.....	.....
Washington.....	1,184	511	.....	.....	1,187	501	.....	.....	.....
Wilson.....	1,479	803	.....	.....	1,480	798	.....	.....	.....
Woodson.....	665	314	4	1	670	311	.....	.....	1
Wyandotte.....	1,260	1,232	.....	.....	1,296	1,001	236	.....	.....
Total.....	77,997	44,495	236	45	78,157	39,991	4,505	101	8

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF DISTRICT COURTS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Leavenworth.	Total	Majority.....
Robert Crozier.....	2,735	2,735	47
J. W. English.....	2,688	2,688	

SECOND DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Nemaha.....	Brown.....	Doniphan...	Atchison.....	Total	Majority.....
A. G. Otis.....	862	822	1,584	2,080	5,348	776
P. L. Hubbard.....	909	1,240	1,149	1,273	4,571	
Scattering.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	

THIRD DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Wichitawsee....	Shawnee.....	Pottawatomie.	Jefferson.....	Jackson.....	Total	Majority.....
John T. Morton.....	1,005	3,348	2,114	2,390	1,471	10,328	10,292
Scattering.....	.....	35	.....	.....	1	36	

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF DISTRICT COURTS—CONTINUED.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Anderson</i>	<i>Franklin</i>	<i>Douglas</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority</i>
N. T. Stephens.....	617	1,213	2,313	4,143	1,115
W. L. Parkinson.....	588	1,050	1,390	3,028	

FIFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Greenwood</i>	<i>Coffey</i>	<i>Osage</i>	<i>Lyon</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority</i>
E. B. Peyton.....	1,446	1,498	2,752	1,980	7,676	7,647
Scattering.....		23	6		29	

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Clay</i>	<i>Cloud</i>	<i>Republic</i>	<i>Washington</i>	<i>Marshall</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority</i>
Andrew S. Wilson.....	1,470	1,529	1,482	1,616	2,317	8,414	8,397
Scattering.....		7			10	17	

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Sedgwick</i>	<i>Sumner</i>	<i>Cowley</i>	<i>Chautauque</i>	<i>Elk</i>	<i>Butler</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority</i>
W. P. Campbell.....	1,681	1,005	1,638	1,009	984	1,284	7,601	2,685
Amos Harris.....	1,045	787	980	793	461	850	4,916	

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Russell</i>	<i>Ellsworth</i>	<i>Ellis</i>	<i>Lincoln</i>	<i>McPherson</i>	<i>Saline</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority</i>
J. H. Prescott.....	383	380	159	482	678	1,125	3,207	1,994
T. F. Garver.....	18	213	189	217	958	618	1,213	

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF DISTRICT COURTS—CONCLUDED.

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Rooks.....</i>	<i>Smith.....</i>	<i>Phillips...</i>	<i>Norton.....</i>	<i>Osborne...</i>	<i>Jewell.....</i>	<i>Mitchell...</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
Joel Holt.....	121	1,090	674	244	670	1,833	1,401	6,033	6,032
Scattering.....						1		1	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

FIRST DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Doniphon</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
R. M. Williams.....	1,568	1,568	385
J. Leigh.....	1,183	1,183	

SECOND DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Atchison..</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
Albert H. Horton.....	1,865	1,865	315
C. A. Woodworth jr.....	1,796	1,796	282
Wm. Hetherington.....	1,550	1,550	
W. J. Young.....	1,514	1,514	

THIRD DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Nemaha...</i>	<i>Brown.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
E. N. Morrill.....	1,068	1,174	2,242	678
R. J. Young.....	721	842	1,563	
Scattering.....		1	1	

FOURTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Jackson...</i>	<i>Pollard-ome.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
Welcome Wells.....	869	1,324	2,193	729
George H. Everett.....	612	782	1,394	

FIFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Jefferson..</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
Louis A. Myers.....	1,350	1,350	263
Terry Critchfield.....	1,087	1,087	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONTINUED.
SIXTH AND SEVENTH DISTRICTS.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Lareneworth..</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
<i>Sixth District.</i>			
J. H. Gillpatrick.....	1,380	1,380	6
Thomas Moonlight.....	1,371	1,371	
<i>Seventh District.</i>			
R. D. Evans.....	1,352	1,352	77
M. J. Parrott.....	1,275	1,275	

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Wynndotte</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
W. J. Buchan.....	1,139	1,139	267
Sanford Haif.....	872	872	
J. P. Root.....	470	470	

NINTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Johnson...</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
J. M. Hadley.....	1,722	1,722	392
D. G. Campbell.....	1,330	1,330	

TENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Miami....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
Benjamin F. Simpson.....	1,541	1,541	385
William Jones.....	1,156	1,156	

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Linn.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
George F. Hamlin.....	1,650	1,650	928
David Linton.....	722	722	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONTINUED.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Bourbon.....</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority....</i>
W. R. Griffin.....	1,653	1,653	420
John R. Antram.....	1,233	1,233	

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Crawford.....</i>	<i>Bourbon.....</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority....</i>
P. L. B. Ping.....	1,215	273	1,488	23
B. F. Pursel.....	1,050	216	1,266	
F. H. Dumbauld.....	130	69	199	

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Cherokee..</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
J. R. Hallowell.....	1,383	1,383	196
H. H. Angel.....	1,187	1,187	

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Labette....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
Angell Matthewson.....	1,808	1,808	176
James H. Crichton.....	1,597	1,597	
M. G. Brown.....	35	35	

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Neosho....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
J. C. Carpenter	1,286	1,286	116
T. F. Rager.....	1,170	1,170	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONTINUED.
SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Anderson.</i>	<i>Allen</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.</i>
L. K. Kirk.....	740	1,034	1,774	777
J. Y. Campbell.....	488	509	997	

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Franklin</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
John P. Harris.....	1,519	1,519	619
Isaiah Pile.....	632	632	
H. M. Robb.....	268	268	

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Douglas.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.</i>
H. M. Greene	2,176	2,176	727
Charles Robinson	1,885	1,885	59
John Speer.....	1,826	1,826	
Robert Morrow.....	1,449	1,449	

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Shawnee</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.</i>
D. C. Metsker.....	2,326	2,326	1,064
J. H. Moss.....	1,258	1,258	
Scattering.....	4	4	

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Wabanssee.....</i>	<i>Osage.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
O. H. Sheldon.....	544	1,729	2,273	834
D. B. Burdick.....	457	982	1,439	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONTINUED.
 TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Woodson..	Coffey.....	Total.....	Majority..
D. W. Finney.....	566	736	1,302	148
Jno. A. Kennedy.....	382	772	1,154	

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Wylson....	Total.....	Majority..
S. S. Benedict	1,359	1,359	502
G. F. Jackson.....	857	857	

TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Greenwood..	Lyon.....	Total.....	Majority....
Almerin Gillett.....	859	1,347	2,206	954
P. B. Maxson.....	596	655	1,251	
C. H. Shoemaker.....	1	.....	1	

TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Montgomery	Total.....	Majority....
Daniel Grass.....	1,591	1,591	472
B. F. Devore.....	1,119	1,119	
A. M. York.....	619	619	

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Chautauqua...	Elk.....	Total.....	Majority.....
Reuben H. Nichols.....	899	924	1,823	447
Ed. Jaquins.....	893	483	1,376	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONTINUED.

TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>County.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
A. J. Pyburn.....	1,318	1,318	178
E. C. Manning.....	1,140	1,140	

TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Hareey... ..</i>	<i>Butler... ..</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
T. B. Murdock.....	923	1,177	2,100	656
J. E. Neal.....	422	1,022	1,444	

TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Morris... ..</i>	<i>Murton... ..</i>	<i>Chase... ..</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
J. T. Bradley.....	909	869	612	2,390	1,672
C. G. Allen.....	146	345	225	716	
S. N. Wood.....			2	2	

THIRTIETH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Dickinson... ..</i>	<i>Davis... ..</i>	<i>Riley... ..</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
H. P. Dow.....	1,350	329	1,014	2,693	1,170
John T. Price.....	525	606	392	1,523	

THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Marshall..</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
C. J. Brown.....	1,595	1,595	784
X. Guittard.....	811	811	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONTINUED.

THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Clay.....</i>	<i>Washington.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
C. M. Kellogg.....	1,156	809	1,965	793
J. G. Lowe.....	303	869	1,172	

THIRTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Cloud.....</i>	<i>Republic.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
Isaac O. Savage.....	205	1,121	1,326	14
James Strain.....	978	334	1,312	
L. W. Borton.....	473	310	783	

THIRTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Norton.....</i>	<i>Smith.....</i>	<i>Phillips.....</i>	<i>Jewell.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
T. B. Carpenter.....	185	722	448	1,175	2,530	1,255
J. J. McClimont.....	61	284	217	478	1,040	
C. H. Moody.....		64		163	227	
Scattering.....				8	8	

THIRTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Books.....</i>	<i>Osborne.....</i>	<i>Michell.....</i>	<i>Ottawa.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
W. A. Johnston.....	117	669	1,005	861	2,652	2,641
John Doty.....				10	10	
James McHenry.....				1	1	

THIRTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>McPherson.....</i>	<i>Satine.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
John Richey.....	1,514	320	1,834	287
M. D. Sampson.....	119	1,407	1,526	
R. M. Champlin.....	21		21	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONCLUDED.

THIRTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Parsons</i>	<i>Ford</i>	<i>Barton</i>	<i>Kush</i>	<i>Ellis</i>	<i>Edwards</i>	<i>Russell</i>	<i>Reno</i>	<i>Rice</i>	<i>Ellsworth</i>	<i>Lincoln</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority</i>
T. T. Taylor.....	427	254	586	113	214	154	287	811	399	524	566	4,335	2,538
C. C. Hutchinson.....	52	36	320	24	80	180	121	618	282	12	72	1,797	

THIRTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Kingman</i>	<i>Stafford</i>	<i>Prull</i>	<i>Barber</i>	<i>Happer</i>	<i>Sedgwick</i>	<i>Sumner</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority</i>
John Kelley.....	6			31		1,636	1,017	2,690	656
V. C. Cartwright.....				85		1,064	785	1,934	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Districts</i> ..	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes.</i>	<i>Majority.</i>	<i>Plurality.</i>	<i>Total in district.</i>
1	Doniphan.....	J. S. Long.....	681	153		
		E. Snyder.....	528			1,209
2	.....	Robert Tracy.....	484	100		
		Thomas Henshall.....	378			
3	.....	Thos. W. Heatly.....	6		67	868
		Peter Manville.....	264			
		A. J. Mowry.....	197			
		Chas. Kearny.....	194			
		Scattering.....	1			653
4	Athens.....	George Storeh.....	409	67		
		George W. Glick.....	342			751
5	.....	A. B. Bradish.....	324	20		
		R. B. Morris.....	304			628
6	.....	T. J. Emlen.....	525	13		
		L. M. Briggs.....	512			1,037
7	.....	Joseph Donahue.....	466	34		
		John King.....	432			898
8	Jefferson.....	G. W. Hogeboom.....	658	157		
		A. V. Barnes.....	501			1,159
9	.....	Jerome Kunkel.....	667	92		
		L. H. Gest.....	575			1,242
10	Leavenworth.....	E. Stillings.....	520	431		
		Julius Hang.....	89			609
11	.....	Joseph Clarke.....	291	98		
		T. A. Hurd.....	193			484
12	.....	Josiah Kellogg.....	562	258		
		G. W. Gardiner.....	304			866
13	.....	L. B. Wheat.....	468	178		
		H. W. Gillett.....	290			758
14	.....	C. D. Oliphint.....	347	37		
		Jno. Duffin.....	310			657
15	.....	Aaron Huddleston.....	549	89		
		John Howell.....	460			1,009
16	.....	Joel Willis.....	456	7		
		C. C. Duncan.....	449			905
17	Wyandotte.....	H. L. Alden.....	418	143		
		N. McAlpine.....	275			693
18	.....	L. E. James.....	527	101		
		Joshua Thorne.....	426			953
19	.....	G. W. Greever.....	423	48		
		E. S. Menager.....	375			798

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. of votes.....</i>	<i>Majority.</i>	<i>Plurality.</i>	<i>Total in district.</i>
20	Johnson	George W. Ridge.....	594	121		
		Thomas Hancock.....	473			1,067
21		Henry Perley.....	634	111		
		Hiram Mitchell.....	523			1,157
22		E. Clark.....	403	19		
		George F. Rogers.....	384			787
23	Douglas	William Roe.....	380	19		
		S. A. Stonebraker.....	211			
		D. G. Kennedy.....	150			741
24		Alexander Love.....	458		187	
		E. G. Ross.....	253			
		W. G. Melville.....	271			982
25		E. A. Smith.....	519	59		
		J. E. Riggs.....	442			
		H. H. Thomas.....	82			979
26		Moses McMillan.....	477	56		
		William Ingersoll.....	421			898
27	Franklin	R. E. Jenness.....	644	291		
		S. W. Case.....	353			997
28		P. P. Elder.....	843	591		
		G. F. Appleton.....	252			1,095
29	Miami	Eli Davis.....	584	184		
		Robert Dunn.....	400			984
30		L. Hendrickson.....	502	147		
		Thomas Roberts.....	355			857
31		C. F. Tracey.....	432	2		
		Jacob Keiser.....	430			862
32	Linn	B. Campbell.....	458	129		
		H. Robinson.....	329			787
33		W. R. Riddle.....	495	282		
		D. S. Conkle.....	213			708
34		A. F. Ely.....	585	264		
		William Worden.....	321			906
35	Bourbon	John J. Stewart.....	415	112		
		John C. Hanna.....	303			718
36		Robert Geffs.....	570	164		
		B. R. Wood.....	406			976
37		Silas A. Day.....	585	177		
		W. H. Spencer.....	408			993
38		Samuel D. Hart.....	329		30	
		E. J. Boring.....	299			
		John Buck.....	77			706
		Scattering.....	1			
39	Crawford	Edward Ballaine.....	597	104		
		T. B. Wells.....	491			1,090
		P. I. B. Ping.....	2			
40		W. H. Magie.....	623		46	
		E. B. Hoyt.....	577			1,250
41	Cherokee	A. J. Crites.....	50			
		A. F. Harreld.....	287		8	
		J. B. May.....	279			666
42		J. Skidmore.....	100			
		S. W. Smith.....	486	86		886
		R. D. Ellis.....	400			
43		A. R. Crowell.....	527	66		
		S. Goodner.....	461			988
44	Labette	George W. Gabriel.....	722	30		
		Milton W. Reynolds.....	692			1,414
45		F. A. Bettis.....	495	84		
		R. W. Wright.....	384			906
		Noah Guymann.....	27			
46		J. H. Hibbetts.....	578	118		
		George E. Stone.....	460			1,038
47	Montgomery	O. F. Carson.....	666	225		
		J. R. S. D. Kelley.....	268			
		J. B. Rowley.....	173			1,107
48		L. U. Humphrey.....	625	155		
		W. A. McCulley.....	373			
		L. D. Hosford.....	87			1,097

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes.</i>	<i>Majority.</i>	<i>Plurality.</i>	<i>Total in district.</i>
49	Montgomery (concluded)...	W. C. Mastin.....	491		89	
		J. P. Rood.....	402			
		Levi Gladfelter.....	213			1,106
50	Neosho.....	L. Stillwell.....	667	90		
		Ira Steinberger.....	577			1,244
51	.....	John Stall.....	696	176		
		S. W. Foster.....	520			1,216
52	Allen.....	J. L. Arnold.....	569	346		
		M. Main.....	223			792
53	.....	L. W. Keplinger.....	405	65		
		Wm. Rath.....	340			745
54	Wilson.....	John S. Gilmore.....	733	304		
		A. S. Holmburg.....	429			1,162
55	.....	T. B. Woodard.....	730	371		
		L. Adams.....	368			1,107
56	Woodson.....	S. R. Kellogg.....	556	145		
		H. D. Dickson.....	259			
		J. W. Turner.....	151			
		Scattering.....	1			967
57	Anderson.....	R. H. Cunningham.....	693	182		
		J. C. Wooster.....	481			
		Zarr Bennett.....	30			1,204
58	Coffey.....	Jacob Baer.....	451	105		
		George Hamman.....	346			797
59	.....	Butler Wood.....	309		38	
		T. M. Saunders.....	271			
		John Browning.....	112			692
60	Osage.....	D. H. Danhauer.....	881	438		
		George W. Metzler.....	443			1,324
61	.....	Sol. Bower.....	1,001	641		
		E. H. Marcy.....	358			
		Scattering.....	2			1,361
62	Shawnee.....	M. T. Campbell.....	525	19		
		A. Wilson.....	506			1,031
63	.....	G. W. Veale.....	1,066	693		
		A. L. Williams.....	370			
		Scattering.....	3			1,439
64	.....	Thomas Buckman.....	759	461		
		Charles D. Bush.....	298			1,057
65	Wabaunsee.....	E. N. Morehouse.....	534	84		
		Joseph Treu.....	450			984
66	Jackson.....	G. T. Watkins.....	463	137		
		J. W. Taylor.....	326			789
67	.....	W. H. Chase.....	422	170		
		C. R. Burns.....	252			674
68	Pottawatomie.....	Thomas Huey.....	663	364		
		Constantine Umscheid.....	299			962
69	.....	J. S. Merritt.....	671	251		
		Theodore Saxon.....	420			1,091
70	Brown.....	John P. Davis.....	748	424		
		D. C. Nutting.....	323			
		Scattering.....	1			1,072
71	.....	Henry A. Parsons.....	483	9		
		George Pierce.....	438			
		R. D. Bartlow.....	36			257
72	Nemaha.....	Ira F. Collins.....	477	77		
		S. B. Murphy.....	400			877
73	.....	L. C. Preston.....	471	57		
		James Martin.....	414			885
74	Marshall.....	John Lockwood.....	541	24		
		J. J. Sheldon.....	517			1,058
75	.....	W. W. Smith.....	664		175	
		John B. Webster.....	489			
		S. B. Todd.....	224			1,377
76	Riley.....	P. S. St. John.....	155		8	
		Thomas Dixon.....	147			
		W. H. Fagley.....	132			
		W. J. Hunter.....	124			
		C. F. Little.....	116			
		Charles W. Kimball.....	60			734

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes.</i>	<i>Majority.</i>	<i>Plurality.</i>	<i>Total in District.</i>
77	Riley (concluded).....	A. S. Edgerton.....	625	620		
		Wm. Condray.....	2			
		H. Hatfield.....	3			630
78	Davis.....	Bennett R. Kiehl.....	486	31		
		Robert Henderson.....	455			941
79	Clay.....	W. H. Fletcher.....	851	241		
		M. H. Ristine.....	610			1,461
80	Dickinson.....	J. S. Hollinger.....	1,351	909		
		A. J. Markley.....	442			1,793
81	Morris.....	R. D. Adams.....	618	142		
		G. M. Simcock.....	476			1,094
82	Lyon.....	L. B. Kellogg.....	896	896		896
83	.....	A. W. Plumb.....	680	378		
		R. M. Gilliland.....	302			982
84	Lyon and Greenwood.....	J. W. Johuson,				
		Lyon Co. port'n Dist.....23				
		Greenwood Co. p'n Dist.259	282	45		
		E. Dodge,				
		Lyon Co. port'n Dist.....56				
		Greenwood Co. p'n Dist.179	234			
		Scatt'g in Greenw'd p. of Dist.	3			519
85	Greenwood.....	J. L. Baker.....	572	160		
		O. P. Smith.....	412			984
86	Chase.....	S. N. Wood.....	420	5		
		S. T. Bennett.....	415			835
87	Marion.....	J. N. Rogers.....	615		9	
		P. H. Kollock.....	606			
		C. H. Wareham.....	31			1,252
88	Cowley.....	L. J. Webb.....	855	378		
		Wm. Martin.....	477			1,332
89	.....	C. R. Mitchell.....	772	302		
		Ed. Greene.....	470			1,242
90	Butler.....	M. A. Palmer.....	616	193		
		John Riffe.....	423			1,039
91	.....	H. W. Beck.....	831	482		
		Archibald Ellis.....	349			1,180
92	Sedgwick.....	Wm. Baldwin.....	742	71		
		Wm. Gritflinstein.....	671			1,413
93	.....	Wm. Ross.....	824	357		
		C. C. Phillips.....	467			1,291
94	Chautauqua.....	W. H. Guy.....	415	131		
		Jason Helmick.....	284			699
95	.....	E. M. Hewins.....	593	79		
		J. L. Cox.....	514			1,107
96	Elk.....	Joseph B. Dobyms.....	910	378		
		G. B. Dusenberre.....	532			1,442
97	Sumner.....	T. A. Hubbard.....	1,038	293		
		J. L. McCammon.....	745			1,783
98	Harvey.....	W. M. Congdon.....	928	503		
		Chas. Schaefer.....	425			1,353
99	McPherson.....	A. W. Smith.....	835	19		
		P. F. Lindh.....	789			
		Scattering.....	27			1,651
100	Saline.....	J. G. Mohler.....	846		469	
		H. L. Jones.....	377			
		James H. Snead.....	278			
		J. K. Lull.....	120			1,621
101	Ottawa.....	H. H. Blair.....	634	212		
		R. E. Baldwin.....	422			1,056
102	Cloud.....	D. C. McKay.....	562	313		
		N. Z. Barnes.....	249			811
103	.....	C. W. McDonald.....	408	3		
		J. M. Hagaman.....	270			
		Albert Nichols.....	135			813
104	Washington.....	S. J. Ellison.....	493	163		
		H. E. Billings.....	330			823
105	.....	T. J. Humes.....	609	397		
		William Hoff hire.....	212			821

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

<i>District...</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes.</i>	<i>Majority.</i>	<i>Plurality.</i>	<i>Total in district...</i>
106	Republic.....	W. H. Pilkenton.....	625	390		
		Milton Grim.....	235			860
107	.....	George L. White.....	354		94	
		D. C. Gamble.....	260			
		A. J. Beers.....	169			
108	Jewell.....	R. P. West.....	104	390		887
		George S. Bishop.....	648			
		George S. Vilott.....	258			906
109	.....	D. L. Palmer.....	407		181	
		J. C. Postlethwaite.....	226			
		John M. Hutchinson.....	216			
		Scattering.....	4			853
110	Smith.....	E. W. Smith.....	639	193		
		W. D. Covington.....	370			
		E. H. Fleisher.....	76			1,085
111	Mitchell.....	Horace Cooper.....	929	475		
		W. C. Ingram.....	454			1,383
112	Lincoln.....	Reuben Williams.....	493	286		
		S. M. Wright.....	207			700
113	Ellsworth.....	D. B. Long.....	299	12		
		A. Larkin.....	287			586
114	Rice.....	G. Bohrer.....	324		7	
		C. J. Ballard.....	317			
		C. J. Jones.....	101			
		Scattering.....	1			743
115	Reno.....	J. V. Clymer.....	811	245		
		W. J. Ross.....	566			1,377
116	Phillips.....	B. F. Lozier.....	345	49		
		J. D. Bradley.....	296			641
117	Osborne.....	H. C. Bull.....	377		35	
		C. Reasoner.....	342			
		Charles F. Laman.....	105			
		Scattering.....	1			825
118	Russell.....	J. J. A. T. Dixon.....	232	60		
		George A. Exline.....	166			398
119	Ellis.....	A. D. Gilkeson.....	180	17		
		F. Danford.....	163			343
120	Barton.....	C. J. Fry.....	551	160		
		C. F. Diefenbacher.....	347			
		S. S. Dennis.....	44			942
121	Pawnee.....	Nelson Adams.....	239	2		
		F. C. Hawkins.....	236			
		Scattering.....	1			476
122	Ford.....	R. M. Wright.....	203	118		
		D. M. Frost.....	85			288
123	Norton.....	John R. Hamilton.....	138	39		
		S. L. Green.....	98			
		A. Graves.....	1			237
124	Edwards.....	Taylor Flick.....	180	24		
		C. L. Hubbs.....	154			
		Scattering.....	2			336

REJECTED VOTES.

Barber.....	H. S. Cochran.....	111	30		
	Wm. L. Murdock.....	81			192
Rush.....	Wm. P. Tomlinson.....	100	59		
	E. N. Gunn.....	39			
	W. S. Wood.....	2			141
Kingman.....	W. D. Sugar.....	10	10		10
Rooks.....	Samuel L. Boggs.....	87	13		
	John Shorthill.....	74			161

VOTES CAST FOR AND AGAINST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

COUNTIES.	PROPOSITION I.		PROPOSITION II.	
	For.	Against.	For.	Against.
Allen.....	1,197	32	760	129
Anderson.....	796	57	583	30
Atchison.....	3,195	3	3,197	3
Barber.....	19	2	21	1
Barton.....	931	17	932	19
Bourbon.....	1,739	13	1,723	18
Brown.....	1,859	4	1,859	4
Butler.....	2,099	11	2,095	12
Chase.....	493	16	459	47
Chautauqua.....	1,526	116	1,569	105
Cherokee.....	1,261	22	1,258	25
Clay.....	673	25	668	33
Cloud.....	1,537	39	1,531	23
Coffey.....	856	19	808	37
Cowley.....	2,515	17	2,508	23
Crawford.....	2,114	6	2,114	5
Davis.....	924	1	922	3
Dickinson.....	1,756	8	1,757	8
Doniphan.....	2,410	49	2,405	52
Douglas.....	2,349	46	2,324	40
Edwards.....	117	140	150	103
Elk.....	1,349	3	1,347	2
Ellis.....	338	1	338	.....
Ellsworth.....	545	34	556	22
Ford.....	47	3	44	3
Franklin.....	2,324	8	2,406	7
Greenwood.....	1,302	14	1,301	15
Harvey.....	1,344	1	1,343	3
Jackson.....	1,452	20	1,452	27
Jefferson.....	2,433	7	1,548	4
Jewell.....	688	3	687	3
Johnson.....	1,949	7	1,939	7
Kingman.....	2	.....	2	.....
Labette.....	3,239	81	3,087	94
Leavenworth.....	1,780	110	1,777	110
Lincoln.....	670	1	667	1
Linn.....	1,968	3	1,980	4
Lyon.....	1,814	13	1,815	13
Marion.....	1,054	8	1,052	9
Marshall.....	2,163	58	1,918	57
McPherson.....	1,483	5	1,476	10
Miami.....	1,895	382	1,901	314
Mitchell.....	808	45	817	43
Montgomery.....	3,016	9	3,014	8
Morris.....	1,066	6	1,065	6
Nemaha.....	1,740	3	1,741	3
Neosho.....	2,427	9	2,341	9
Norton.....	190	7	120	9
Osage.....	2,128	85	2,094	85
Osborne.....	834	1	817	1
Ottawa.....	1,085	.....	1,084	.....
Pawnee.....	372	.....	370	.....
Phillips.....	352	24	381	84
Pottawatomie.....	2,064	14	2,051	16
Reno.....	605	13	589	9
Republic.....	1,318	14	1,310	10
Rice.....	631	7	623	6
Riley.....	1,238	3	1,238	3
Rush.....	143	.....	143	.....
Russell.....	295	.....	296	.....
Saline.....	1,685	17	1,675	15
Sedgwick.....	1,824	47	1,818	39
Shawnee.....	3,352	12	3,349	12
Smith.....	596	27	574	44
Sumner.....	1,789	.....	1,790	.....
Wabaunsee.....	1,009	2	1,009	2
Washington.....	1,378	2	1,378	2
Wilson.....	985	94	887	110
Woodson.....	965	5	965	5
Wyandotte.....	1,330	17	1,311	39
Total.....	95,430	1,768	93,138	1,985

The amendments adopted:

Proposition One. Section twenty-four of article two shall be so amended as to read as follows: SECTION 24. No money shall be drawn from the treasury except in pursuance of a specific appropriation made by law, and no appropriation shall be for a longer term than two years.

Proposition Two. Section three of article nine shall be amended so as to read as follows: SECTION 3. All county officers shall hold their offices for the term of two years and until their successors shall be qualified, except County Commissioners, who shall hold their offices for the term of three years: *Provided*, That at the general election in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-seven the Commissioner elected from district number one in each county shall hold his office for the term of one year; the Commissioner elected from district number two in each county shall hold his office for the term of two years; and the Commissioner elected from district number three in each county shall hold his office for the term of three years; but no person shall hold the office of Sheriff or County Treasurer for more than two consecutive terms.

NOVEMBER 10.—The Centennial Exposition formally closed by President Grant.

NOVEMBER 13.—Death of George H. Keller, a Free-State pioneer. He was born at Harrodsburg, Kentucky, in 1806, and came to Leavenworth in 1854. John Speer says, in the Lawrence Tribune:

"Mr. Keller was one of the founders of Leavenworth, and his hotel, near the corner of Main and Delaware, was the second house in Kansas in which we slept—the first being that of Mr. Stinson, at Tecumseh. The hotel was unfinished, and about forty men, all bristling with pistols and bowie-knives, slept in the large room in the second story."

NOVEMBER 15.—Meeting of the Academy of Science, in Topeka; Prof. C. V. Riley is present.

NOVEMBER 27.—Meeting of the State Board of Canvassers.

NOVEMBER 30.—Statement showing the appropriations by the Legislature of 1876, for what purpose, the amount drawn, and amount undrawn:

<i>For what purpose.</i>	<i>Amount of appropriations.</i>	<i>Amount drawn.</i>	<i>Amount undrawn.</i>
Legislative Department.....	\$42,500 00	\$37,578 00	\$4,922 00
Governor's Department.....	8,200 00	8,052 11	147 89
Secretary of State's Department.....	14,050 00	13,974 40	75 60
Auditor's Department.....	5,100 00	5,100 00	
Treasurer's Department.....	8,841 73	8,049 80	791 93
Superintendent of Public Instruction.....	3,800 00	3,800 00	
Attorney General.....	2,000 00	1,871 54	128 46
Librarian.....	2,050 00	2,050 00	
Supreme Court Department.....	10,100 00	10,100 00	
District Judges' Department.....	38,125 00	38,125 00	
State Board of Agriculture.....	9,324 28	9,324 28	
State University.....	22,519 07	22,510 04	9 03
Agricultural College.....	15,300 00	15,300 00	
State Printing.....	39,932 30	35,565 40	4,366 90
Penitentiary.....	56,626 84	51,537 88	5,088 96
Insane Asylum (Osawatimie).....	64,574 90	64,574 90	
Blind Asylum.....	10,600 00	10,599 72	28
Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	15,050 00	15,030 71	19 29
Insane Asylum Buildings (Topeka).....	7,999 25	7,999 25	
Centennial Board of Managers.....	33,625 00	33,625 00	
Regents and Trustees State Institutions.....	5,159 40	4,670 80	488 60

APPROPRIATIONS, &c.—CONCLUDED.

<i>For what purpose.</i>	<i>Amount of appropriations.</i>	<i>Amount drawn.</i>	<i>Amount undrawn.</i>
Conveying prisoners to Penitentiary	\$5,412 80	\$4,708 45	\$704 35
Constitutional amendment.....	6,251 00	6,239 50	11 50
Permanent School Fund Commissioners.....	1,500 00	1,499 05	95
Miscellaneous appropriations.....	23,133 41	23,097 41	36 00
Total	\$451,774 98	\$434,983 24	\$16,791 74
Insurance Department.....	4,502 20	4,501 84	36
Library fund.....	1,200 00	1,200 00	
Total	\$457,477 18	\$440,685 08	\$16,792 10

Total valuation of taxable property for the year, as fixed by the Board of Equalization, \$133,832,316.35 — an increase of \$19,595,737.88 in one year.

DECEMBER 5.—State Sunday-School Convention, at Wyandotte; Frank T. Ingalls, President; H. H. Wilcox, Secretary.

DECEMBER 6.—Meeting of the Electoral College, at Topeka. R. W. P. Muse elected President, and Thos. Hughes Secretary. Rutherford B. Hayes received five votes for President of the United States, and Wm. A. Wheeler five votes for Vice President. J. B. Johnson was elected Messenger, to carry the result to Washington.

DECEMBER 12.—The St. Joseph Herald publishes a sketch of Judge Kingman.

DECEMBER 14.—Meeting of the State Grange, in Manhattan.

DECEMBER 15.—The first train on the Missouri & Western road arrives in Oswego.

DECEMBER 19.—Death of Augustus Wattles, at his home in Linn county. He was a prominent Free-State pioneer, and a man of spotless character.

DECEMBER 21.—A great meteor passes over Lawrence; it is seen in Missouri, and along a distance of a thousand miles, into the State of New York.

DECEMBER 25.—Henry King's story, "A Kansas Pilgrim," receives the prize of \$250 offered by the Kansas City Times.

DECEMBER 26.—Meeting of the State Teachers' Association, in Topeka. L. B. Kellogg is elected President.

DECEMBER 27.—The Commonwealth publishes histories of the University, the Osawatimie Asylum, the Agricultural College, Washburn College, and the Emporia Normal School.

DECEMBER 30.—Chief Justice Samuel A. Kingman resigns, and Albert H. Horton is appointed as his successor.

DECEMBER.—The report of A. M. F. Randolph, Attorney General, contains a history of the Barber, Harper and Comanche county bond cases;

the bond fraud on School District No. 8, Rice county; the Comanche school-district bonds bought of Andrew J. Mowry; and of the school-district-bond forgeries of Samuel Lappin and Charles G. Scrafford. It is a remarkable chapter in our history.

DECEMBER 31.—The report of Superintendent John Fraser fills 215 pages. Institutes have been held in fifteen judicial districts. The State Teachers' Association asks for the adoption of a uniform system of normal institutes.

1877.

JANUARY 3.—The people of Topeka give a benefit to Prof. Henry Worrall. His taste and skill contributed largely to the success of the Kansas exhibit at Philadelphia.

JANUARY.—A. M. Blair succeeds G. T. Anthony as Revenue Collector. —Since Horton became Judge, all briefs in Supreme Court cases are bound and preserved in the State Library.

JANUARY 8.—Formal installation of the State officers. —Meeting of the Democratic State Committee. Hugh S. Walsh, Chairman; W. H. Rossington, Secretary.

JANUARY 9.—Formation of a State Judicial Association. S. A. Kingman, President; S. R. Peters, Secretary.

JANUARY 9.—Meeting of the Legislature. P. P. Elder is elected Speaker on the fifth ballot.

STATE OFFICERS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Geo. T. Anthony, Governor.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.
M. J. Salter, Lieutenant Governor.....	Thayer.....	Neosho.
Thomas H. Cavanaugh, Secretary of State.....	Salina.....	Saline.
P. I. Bonebrake, Auditor of State.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
John Francis, Treasurer of State.....	Iola.....	Allen.
A. B. Lemmon, Superintendent Public Instruction.....	Winfield.....	Cowley.
Willard Davis, Attorney General.....	Oswego.....	Labette.
George W. Martin, State Printer.....	Junction City..	Davis.
Alfred Gray, Secretary State Board of Agriculture.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Orrin T. Welch, Superintendent of Insurance.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
D. Dickinson, State Librarian.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Hiram T. Beman, Adjutant General.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
B. Gray, Governor's Private Secretary.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.

JUDGES AND OFFICERS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Albert H. Horton, Chief Justice.....	Athlison.....	Athlison.
Daniel M. Valentine, Associate Justice.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
David J. Brewer, Associate Justice.....	Leavenworth..	Leavenworth.
A. Hammett, Clerk.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
William C. Webb, Reporter.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.

JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURTS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>District.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Robert Crozier.....	First.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Alfred G. Otis.....	Second.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
John T. Morton.....	Third.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
N. T. Stephens.....	Fourth.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
E. B. Peyton.....	Fifth.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
W. C. Stewart.....	Sixth.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
H. W. Talcott.....	Seventh.....	Iola.....	Allen.
James H. Austin.....	Eighth.....	Junction City.....	Davis.
S. R. Peters.....	Ninth.....	Marion Center.....	Marion.
Hiram Stevens.....	Tenth.....	Paola.....	Miami.
B. W. Perkins.....	Eleventh.....	Oswego.....	Labette.
A. S. Wilson.....	Twelfth.....	Washington.....	Washington.
W. P. Campbell.....	Thirteenth.....	El Dorado.....	Butler.
J. H. Prescott.....	Fourteenth.....	Salina.....	Saline.
Joel Holt.....	Fifteenth.....	Beloit.....	Mitchell.

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Age</i>	<i>Politics.</i>	<i>Post Office.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
1	R. M. Williams.....	47	Rep.....	White Cloud...	Doniphan.....	Real estate agt.
2	W. W. Guthrie.....	42	Rep.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Lawyer.
3	C. A. Woodworth jr.,	38	Rep.....	Muscotah.....	Atchison.....	Farmer.
4	E. N. Morrill.....	43	Rep.....	Hiawatha.....	Brown.....	Banker.
5	Welcome Wells.....	68	Rep.....	Manhattan.....	Pottawatomie..	Farmer.
6	Louis A. Myers.....	33	Rep.....	Valley Falls.....	Jefferson.....	Attorney.
7	J. H. Gillpatrick.....	37	Rep.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth...	Attorney.
8	R. D. Evans.....	47	Rep.....	Fairmount.....	Leaven worth...	Farmer.
9	Wm. J. Buchan.....	33	Rep.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.....	Lawyer.
10	J. M. Hadley.....	42	Rep.....	Olathe.....	Johnson.....	Farmer.
11	Benj. F. Simpson.....	40	Rep.....	Paola.....	Miami.....	Attorney.
12	Geo. F. Hamlin.....	52	Rep.....	La Cygne.....	Linn.....	Banker.
13	W. R. Griffin.....	45	Rep.....	Marmaton.....	Bourbon.....	Farmer.
14	P. I. B. Ping.....	34	Rep.....	Girard.....	Crawford.....	Attorney.
15	J. R. Hallowell.....	35	Rep.....	Columbus.....	Cherokee.....	Attorney.
16	A. Matthewson.....	39	Rep.....	Parsons.....	Labette.....	Banker.
17	John C. Carpenter.....	37	Rep.....	Chanute.....	Neosho.....	Lawyer.
18	L. K. Kirk.....	35	Rep.....	Garnett.....	Anderson.....	Attorney.
19	J. P. Harris.....	37	Rep.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.....	Farmer.
20	H. M. Greene.....	43	Rep.....	Lecompton.....	Douglas.....	Minister.
21	Chas. Robinson.....	58	C. Ref.	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
22	D. C. Metsker.....	45	Rep.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Attorney.
23	O. H. Sheldon.....	43	Rep.....	Burlingame.....	Osage.....	Merchant.
24	D. W. Finney.....	37	Rep.....	Neosho Falls...	Woodson.....	Merchant.
25	S. S. Benedict.....	32	Rep.....	Guilford.....	Wilson.....	Farmer.
26	Almerin Gillett.....	38	Rep.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Lawyer.
27	D. Grass.....	52	Rep.....	Independence,	Montgomery...	Attorney.
28	R. H. Nichols.....	33	Rep.....	Elk Falls.....	Elk.....	Attorney.
29	A. J. Pyburn.....	39	Dem.....	Arkansas City,	Cowley.....	Attorney.
30	T. B. Murdock.....	35	Rep.....	El Dorado.....	Butler.....	Editor.
31	John T. Bradley.....	34	Rep.....	Council Grove,	Morris.....	Lawyer.
32	H. P. Dow.....	37	Rep.....	Berlin.....	Riley.....	Farmer.
33	C. J. Brown.....	29	Rep.....	Blue Rapids.....	Marshall.....	Lawyer.
34	C. M. Kellogg.....	34	Rep.....	Clay Center.....	Clay.....	Lawyer.
35	I. O. Savage.....	43	Rep.....	Belleville.....	Republic.....	Farmer.
36	T. B. Carpenter.....	47	Rep.....	Burr Oak.....	Jewell.....	Farmer.
37	W. A. Johnston.....	28	Rep.....	Minneapolis...	Ottawa.....	Lawyer.
38	John Richey.....	34	Rep.....	McPherson.....	McPherson.....	Farmer.
39	T. T. Taylor.....	40	Rep.....	Hutchinson.....	Reno.....	Farmer.
40	John Kelly.....	43	Rep.....	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.....	Farmer.

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Pol.</i>	<i>Post Office.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
M. J. Salter, President.....	42	Rep.	Thayer.....	Neosho.....	Farmer.
H. Brandle, Secretary.....	36	Rep.	Matfield Green	Chase.....	Farmer.
Lewis Hanback, Assist. Secret'y.	38	Rep.	Topcka.....	Shawnee.....	Attorney.
A. P. Riddle, Journal Clerk.....	30	Rep.	Girard.....	Crawford.....	Editor.
C. H. Graham, Docket Clerk.....	42	Rep.	Leroy.....	Coffey.....	Farmer.
Mrs. R. Flower, Engross. Clerk..	37	Rep.	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Seamstress.
Mrs. Carrie Anderson, En. Clk....	29	Ind.	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Clerk.
Jefferson Fleming, Ser.-at-Arms..	.....	Rep.	Mound City....	Linn.....	Farmer.
A. H. McWhorter, Ast. S.-at-Arms.	38	Rep.	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Real es. agt.
D. W. Acker, Doorkeeper.....	54	Rep.	Vermillion.....	Marshall.....	Farmer.
W. B. Townsend, Asst. Doork'r....	.....	Rep.	Leavenworth..	Leavenw'th..	Teacher.
W. B. Hogue, Postmaster.....	53	Rep.	Neosho Falls..	Woodson.....	Farmer.
J. F. Nessley, Chaplain.....	53	Rep.	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.....	Minister.
Frank Short, Page.....	10	Rep.	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Student.
Willie Anderson, Page.....	14	Rep.	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte...	Student.
Freddie Jewell, Page.....	14	Rep.	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Student.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Pol.</i>	<i>Post Office.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
1	J. S. Long.....	45	Rep.	Highland.....	Doniphan.....	Farmer.
2	Robert Tracy.....	35	Rep.	Troy.....	Doniphan.....	Farmer.
3	Peter Manville.....	34	Rep.	Wathena.....	Doniphan.....	Farmer.
4	Geo. Storeh.....	41	Rep.	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Banker.
5	A. B. Bradish.....	43	Rep.	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Lumberman.
6	T. J. Emlen.....	35	Dem.	Atchison.....	Atchison.....	Farmer.
7	Joseph Donahue..	28	Dem.	Farnington.....	Atchison.....	Farmer.
8	G. W. Hogeboom..	44	Rep.	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.....	Physician.
9	Jerome Kunkel...	49	Rep.	Medina.....	Jefferson.....	Farmer.
10	E. Stillings.....	53	Rep.	Leavenworth..	Leavenworth..	Lawyer.
11	Joseph Clarke.....	.....	Rep.	Leavenworth..	Leavenworth..	Printer.
12	Josiah Kellogg..	46	Rep.	Leavenworth..	Leavenworth..	Attorney.
13	L. B. Wheat.....	45	Dem.	Leavenworth..	Leavenworth..	Attorney.
14	C. D. Oliphint.....	36	Dem.	Easton.....	Leavenworth..	Farmer.
15	A. Huddleston...	45	Rep.	Springdale.....	Leavenworth..	Farmer.
16	Joel Willis.....	55	Rep.	Tonganoxie.....	Leavenworth..	Druggist.
17	H. L. Alden.....	29	Rep.	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.....	Attorney.
18	L. E. James.....	24	Dem.	Kansas City...	Wyandotte.....	Attorney.
19	G. W. Greever.....	46	Dem.	Maywood.....	Wyandotte.....	Farmer.
20	Geo. W. Ridge.....	34	Dem.	Stanley.....	Johnson.....	Politician.
21	H. Perley.....	56	Rep.	Spring Hill.....	Johnson.....	Farmer.
22	E. Clark.....	40	Rep.	Gardner.....	Johnson.....	Farmer.
23	Wm. Roe.....	46	Ref.	Vinland.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
24	A. Love.....	41	Rep.	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Contractor.
25	E. A. Smith.....	43	Rep.	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Stock breeder.
26	M. McMillen.....	48	Rep.	Marion.....	Douglas.....	Farmer.
27	R. E. Jenness.....	41	Rep.	Ottawa.....	Franklin.....	Farmer.
28	P. P. Elder.....	53	Rep.	Ottawa.....	Franklin.....	Farmer.
29	E. Davis.....	36	Rep.	Spring Hill.....	Miami.....	Farmer.
30	L. Hendrickson..	46	Rep.	Osawatomie.....	Miami.....	Farmer.
31	C. F. Tracey.....	37	Rep.	New Lancaster..	Miami.....	Farmer.
32	B. Campbell.....	53	Rep.	La Cygne.....	Linn.....	Farmer.
33	W. R. Biddle.....	36	Rep.	Pleasanton.....	Linn.....	Lawyer.
34	Andrew F. Ely....	38	Rep.	Mound City.....	Linn.....	Lawyer.
35	J. J. Stewart.....	36	Rep.	Mill Creek.....	Bourbon.....	Farmer.
36	Robert Geffs.....	26	Rep.	Hiattville.....	Bourbon.....	Farmer.
37	Silas A. Day.....	34	Rep.	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.....	Lawyer.
38	S. D. Hart.....	42	Ref.	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.....	Farmer.
39	Edward Ballaine..	46	Rep.	Walnut Station..	Crawford.....	Farmer.
40	W. H. Magie.....	54	Rep.	Girard.....	Crawford.....	Farmer.
41	A. F. Harreld.....	52	Dem.	New Memphis...	Cherokee.....	Farmer.
42	S. W. Smith.....	28	Rep.	Columbus.....	Cherokee.....	Farmer.
43	H. R. Crowell.....	38	Rep.	Baxter Springs..	Cherokee.....	Banker.
44	Geo. W. Gabriel...	34	Dem.	Parsons.....	Labette.....	Physician.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Age.</i>	<i>Politics.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
45	F. A. Bettis.....	40	Repub....	Oswego.....	Labette.....	Lawyer.
46	J. H. Hibbetts.....	38	Repub....	Chetopa.....	Labette.....	Editor.
47	O. F. Harmon.....	32	Repub....	Cherryvale.....	Montgomery.....	Druggist.
48	L. U. Humphrey.....	32	Repub....	Independence.....	Montgomery.....	Lawyer.
49	W. C. Masten.....	42	Repub....	Coffeyville.....	Montgomery.....	Merchant.
50	L. Stillwell.....	33	Repub....	Osage Mission.....	Neosho.....	Lawyer.
51	J. Stall.....	47	Repub....	Thayer.....	Neosho.....	Farmer.
52	J. L. Arnold.....	39	Repub....	Iola.....	Allen.....	Farmer.
53	L. W. Keplinger.....	35	Repub....	Humboldt.....	Allen.....	Lawyer.
54	John S. Gilmore.....	28	Repub....	Fredonia.....	Wilson.....	Printer.
55	T. B. Woodard.....	46	Repub....	Neodesha.....	Wilson.....	Physician.
56	S. R. Kellogg.....	31	Repub....	Toronto.....	Woodson.....	Merchant.
57	R. H. Cunningham.....	59	Repub....	Garnett.....	Anderson.....	Farmer.
58	Jacob Baer.....	44	Repub....	Burlington.....	Coffey.....	General bus.
59	E. Wood.....	29	Demr....	Le Roy.....	Coffey.....	Stock dealer.
60	D. H. Danhauer.....	46	Repub....	Lyndon.....	Osage.....	Farmer.
61	Sol. Bower.....	44	Repub....	Olivet.....	Osage.....	Farmer.
62	M. T. Campbell.....	49	Repub....	North Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Lawyer.
63	G. W. Veate.....	43	Repub....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	Banker.
64	Thomas Buckman.....	52	Repub....	Dover.....	Shawnee.....	Farmer.
65	E. N. Morehouse.....	44	Repub....	Dover.....	Wabaunsee.....	Farmer.
66	G. T. Watkins.....	56	Repub....	Whiting.....	Jackson.....	Farmer.
67	W. H. Chase.....	53	Repub....	Rossville.....	Jackson.....	Farmer.
68	Thomas Huey.....	43	Repub....	Louisville.....	Pottawatomie.....	Farmer.
69	J. S. Merritt.....	32	Repub....	Wamego.....	Pottawatomie.....	Lawyer.
70	John P. Davis.....	38	Repub....	Hiawatha.....	Brown.....	Farmer.
71	H. A. Parsons.....	32	Dem....	Robinson.....	Brown.....	Lawyer.
72	Ira F. Collins.....	33	Repub....	Sabetha.....	Nemaha.....	Merchant.
73	L. C. Preston.....	47	Repub....	Centralia.....	Nemaha.....	Farmer.
74	John Lockwood.....	40	Dem....	Marysville.....	Marshall.....	Farmer.
75	W. W. Smith.....	33	Repub....	Waterville.....	Marshall.....	Lawyer.
76	T. S. St. John.....	42	Repub....	Manhattan.....	Riley.....	Farmer.
77	A. S. Edgerton.....	45	Repub....	May Day.....	Riley.....	Farmer.
78	Bennet R. Kiehl.....	39	Dem....	Junction City.....	Davis.....	General bus.
79	W. H. Fletcher.....	40	Repub....	Clay Center.....	Clay.....	Farmer.
80	J. S. Hollinger.....	47	Repub....	Chapman.....	Dickinson.....	Farmer.
81	R. D. Adams.....	36	Repub....	Skiddy.....	Morris.....	Physician.
82	L. B. Kellogg.....	35	Repub....	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Lawyer.
83	A. W. Plumb.....	27	Repub....	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Farmer.
84	J. W. Johnson.....	35	Repub....	Hamilton.....	Greenwood.....	Farmer.
85	J. L. Baker.....	42	Repub....	Eureka.....	Greenwood.....	Merchant.
86	S. N. Wood.....	52	Repub....	Cottonwood.....	Chase.....	Farmer.
87	J. N. Rogers.....	35	Dem....	Marion Center.....	Marion.....	Physician.
88	L. J. Webb.....	30	Repub....	Winfield.....	Cowley.....	Lawyer.
89	C. R. Mitchell.....	30	Repub....	Arkansas City.....	Cowley.....	Attorney.
90	M. A. Palmer.....	39	Repub....	El Dorado.....	Butler.....	Farmer.
91	H. W. Beck.....	32	Repub....	Indianola.....	Butler.....	Farmer.
92	William Baldwin.....	43	Repub....	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.....	Lawyer.
93	William Ross.....	46	Repub....	Clearwater.....	Sedgwick.....	Farmer.
94	W. H. Guy.....	39	Repub....	Canola.....	Chautauqua.....	Farmer.
95	E. M. Hewins.....	38	Indep....	Cedarvale.....	Chautauqua.....	Farmer.
96	Joseph B. Dobyus.....	31	Repub....	Union Center.....	Elk.....	Farmer.
97	T. A. Hubbard.....	33	Repub....	Rome.....	Sumner.....	Farmer.
98	W. M. Congdon.....	46	Repub....	Sedgwick City.....	Harvey.....	Banker.
99	A. W. Smith.....	33	Repub....	McPherson.....	McPherson.....	Farmer.
100	J. G. Mohler.....	33	Repub....	Salina.....	Saline.....	Lawyer.
101	H. H. Blair.....	44	Repub....	Minneapolis.....	Ottawa.....	Farmer.
102	D. C. McKay.....	51	Repub....	Carmel.....	Cloud.....	Farmer.
103	C. W. McDonald.....	28	Repub....	Concordia.....	Cloud.....	Lawyer.
104	S. J. Ellison.....	53	Repub....	Chepstow.....	Washington.....	Farmer.
105	T. J. Humes.....	26	Repub....	Washington.....	Washington.....	Lawyer.
106	W. H. Pilkenton.....	43	Repub....	Belleville.....	Republic.....	Lawyer.
107	George L. White.....	43	Repub....	Seapo.....	Republic.....	Stock dealer.
108	George S. Bishop.....	31	Repub....	Jewell Center.....	Jewell.....	Surveyor.
109	D. L. Palmer.....	43	Repub....	Jewell City.....	Jewell.....	Lawyer.
110	E. W. Smith.....	35	Repub....	Salem.....	Smith.....	Farmer.
111	Horace Cooper.....	35	Repub....	Beloit.....	Mitchell.....	Attorney.
112	Reuben Williams.....	57	Repub....	Pottersburg.....	Lincoln.....	Farmer.
113	D. B. Long.....	37	Repub....	Ellsworth.....	Ellsworth.....	Farmer.
114	G. Bohrer.....	43	Repub....	Raymond.....	Rice.....	Physician.
115	J. V. Clymer.....	40	Repub....	Hutchinson.....	Reno.....	Attorney.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

Dist.	Names.	Age	Politics.	Post Office.	County.	Occupation.
116	B. F. Lozier.....	33	Rep.....	Kirwin.....	Phillips.....	Miller.
117	H. C. Bull.....	56	Rep.....	Bull City.....	Osborne.....	Merchant.
118	J. A. T. Dixon.....	48	Rep.....	Bunker Hill.....	Russell.....	Minister.
119	A. D. Gilkeson.....	36	Dem.....	Hays City.....	Ellis.....	Lawyer.
120	Cyrus J. Fry.....	26	Rep.....	Great Bend.....	Barton.....	Farmer.
121	Nelson Adams.....	27	Rep.....	Larned.....	Pawnee.....	Lawyer.
122	R. M. Wright.....	36	Rep.....	Dodge City.....	Ford.....	Merchant.
123	J. R. Hamilton.....	35	Rep.....	Norton.....	Norton.....	Lawyer.
124	Taylor Flick.....	42	Rep.....	Kinsley.....	Edwards.....	Lawyer.
125	H. S. Cochran.....	45	Rep.....	Sun City.....	Barber.....	Farmer.
126	S. S. Boggs.....	37	Rep.....	Rooks Center.....	Rooks.....	Farmer.
127	W. P. Tomlinson.....	38	Rep.....	Rush Center.....	Rush.....	Editor.

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE.

Names.	Age	Pol.	Post Office.	County.	Occupation.
P. P. Elder, Speaker *.....	53	Rep..	Ottawa.....	Franklin...	Farmer.
S. N. Wood, Speaker †.....	52	Rep..	Cot'nw'd Fl's	Chase.....	Farmer.
G. W. Hogeboom, Speaker <i>pro tem.</i>	44	Rep..	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson...	Physician.
Wirt W. Walton, Chief Clerk.....	24	Rep..	Winfield.....	Cowley.....	Printer.
Ed. W. Waynant, Asst. Chief Clerk.....	22	Rep..	Blue Rapids.....	Marshall...	Law student.
Jas. J. Chatham, Sergeant-at-Arms.....	28	Rep..	Coffeyville...	Montgo'ry.	Printer.
Jacob B. Moon, Asst. Ser.-at-Arms.....	35	Rep..	Emporia.....	Lyon.....	Farmer.
J. C. Hebbard, Journal Clerk.....	46	Rep..	Seneca.....	Nemaha.....	Statistician.
Dennis Barton, Docket Clerk.....	26	Rep..	Alma.....	Wabaun'se	Clerk.
C. W. Clark, Minute Clerk.....	26	Rep..	Wichita.....	Sedgwick...	Clerk.
Emma Ferguson, Enrolling Clerk.....	Rep..	Topeka.....	Shawnee...	—	—
Gertie Piper, Asst. Enroll'g Clerk.....	24	Rep..	Lawrence.....	Douglas.....	Copyist.
Mrs. C. Whittaker, As. Enroll'g Cl'k.....	Rep..	Topeka.....	Shawnee...	—	—
G. M. McMillan, Asst. Enroll'g Cl'k.....	Rep..	Silver Lake...	Shawnee...	—	Musicteachr.
Maria Cheney, Engrossing Clerk.....	Rep..	Topeka.....	Shawnee...	—	—
N. K. Wintrobe, Asst. Eng. Clerk.....	Rep..	Belleville.....	Republie...	—	Teacher.
Jennie Schofield, Asst. Eng. Clerk.....	Rep..	Topeka.....	Shawnee...	—	—
Ella Johnson, Asst. Eng. Clerk.....	37	Rep..	Mar'n Center	Marion.....	Plasterer.
David Lucas, Postmaster.....	28	Rep..	Gaylord.....	Smith.....	Farmer.
Webb McNall, Doorkeeper.....	47	Rep..	Topeka.....	Shawnee...	Expressman.
John Carter, 1st Asst. Doorkeeper.....	26	Dem	Hillsdale.....	Miami.....	Farmer.
J. B. Lyon, 2d Asst. Doorkeeper.....	11	Rep..	Atchison.....	Atchison...	Student.
Inez Lincoln, Page.....	15	Rep..	Douglas.....	Butler.....	Student.
Jessie True, Page.....	13	Rep..	Topeka.....	Shawnee...	Student.
F. Wallingford, Page.....	13	Rep..	Topeka.....	Shawnee...	Student.
G. W. Stafford, Page.....	14	Rep..	Topeka.....	Shawnee...	Student.
Frank Holmes, Page.....	13	Rep..	Topeka.....	Shawnee...	Student.

* Resigned, February 6, 1877. † Elected to succeed P. P. Elder.

JANUARY 10.—Meeting of the State Board of Agriculture. John Kelly, of Sedgwick, is elected President, and Alfred Gray, Secretary.

JANUARY 12.—Special election for Senator in Atchison county. Warren W. Guthrie has 1,033 votes; George W. Glick, 806; Guthrie's majority, 227. He is given the certificate of election, January 16.

JANUARY 16.—George W. Martin elected State Printer for the third time.

—W. W. Guthrie sworn in as State Senator in place of A. H. Horton.

JANUARY 18.—The Commonwealth publishes biographies of the State Senators. Later, George W. Martin published a "Directory of the State

Government," with biographies of all of the members and officers of both houses; 85 pages.

JANUARY 18.—Annual meeting, at Leavenworth, of the Kansas and Missouri Associated Press. Directors: John A. Martin, D. W. Wilder, Isaac P. Moore, M. Munford, S. A. Gilbert, F. P. Baker, T. D. Thacher, D. T. Elmer, and D. R. Anthony. John A. Martin, President, and D. R. Anthony, Secretary and Treasurer, were unanimously reelected.

JANUARY 22.—All of the candidates for the Senate write letters to Welcome Wells in favor of the productive industries of the West and against the money power of the East. Taffy for Greenbackers.

JANUARY 23.—Editorial meeting in Topeka. B. J. F. Hanna, Chairman; Wirt W. Walton, Secretary. Action was taken in regard to legislation and an excursion.

JANUARY 23.—First vote for U. S. Senator. *In the Senate:* Osborn 6, Harvey 6, Plumb 7, Sears 4, Simons 6, Simpson 1, St. John 3, Stillings 2, John Martin 2, Phillips 1, Lowe 1, Elder 1. *In the House:* Osborn 17, Harvey 20, Plumb 17, Sears 12, Simons 17, Simpson 9, St. John 3, Stillings 5, John Martin 13, Phillips 4, Root 3, Eaton 1, Tucker 1.

JANUARY 24.—Two ballots in joint convention for Senator.

First ballot: Harvey 27, Osborn 26, Plumb 25, Simons 25, Sears 20, Simpson 9, Martin 14, Stillings 12, Elder 1, Pomeroy 1, Root 4, Lowe 1, Blair 2.

Second ballot: Simons 24, Harvey 27, Sears 22, Plumb 25, Stillings 12, Osborn 25, Martin (Dem.) 13, Root (Greenbacker) 3, Blair (Dem.) 2, Robinson 1.

JANUARY 25.—The United States Senate passes the Electoral Commission Bill; Judge David Davis is elected United States Senator from Illinois. The House passed the bill the next day. President Grant signed it January 29.

JANUARY 25.—Third and fourth ballots for Senator. Harvey 23, Plumb 30, Sears 23, Martin 15, Osborn 36, Simons 26, Stillings 7. Harvey 22, Osborn 36, Plumb 31, Simons 28, Sears 23, Martin 15, Stillings 7, Elder 3, Fenlon 1.

JANUARY 25.—An outsider from Doniphan county is elected Senator by outsiders.

JANUARY 26.—Fifth and sixth ballots for Senator: The fifth ballot resulted as follows: Osborn 36, Plumb 33, Simons 26, Sears 25, Harvey 22, Blair 12, Stillings 5, Elder 4, Phillips 2, Martin 1. On the sixth ballot Harvey gained one, Plumb lost one, Simons gained one, and Stillings lost one.

JANUARY 27.—Seventh, eighth and ninth ballots for Senator, nearly alike: Harvey 22, Sears 26, Plumb 34, Osborn 35, Simons 29, Martin 11, Stillings 4, Blair 1, Fenlon 1.

JANUARY 29.—Tenth, eleventh and twelfth ballots for Senator, nearly

the same. The twelfth stands: Osborn 44, Plumb 32, Simons 25, Sears 25, Harvey 23, Martin 7, Stillings 3, Shannon 2, Fenlon 1.

JANUARY 30.—Thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth ballots for Senator: Osborn 43, Plumb 49, Simons 31, Sears 28, Martin 9, Shannon 1, Harvey withdrawn. Osborn 43, Plumb 53, Simons 32, Sears 26, Martin 9, Shannon 1. Osborn 41, Plumb 57, Simons 29, Sears 27, Martin 8, Shannon 1.

JANUARY 31.—The sixteenth ballot elects P. B. Plumb to the Senate.

For P. B. Plumb—(Senators:) Carpenter of Neosho, Dow, Gillett, Gillpatrick, Guthrie, Kellogg, Kelly, Metsker, Morrill, Murdock, Richey, Savage, Sheldon, Simpson, Taylor. (Representatives:) Adams of Pawnee, Baker, Beck, Bishop, Bohrer, Bower, Bradish, Buckman, Campbell of Shawnee, Carson, Chase, Clarke of Leavenworth, Coehran, Congdon, Danhauer, Davis of Miami, Dobyms, Donahue, Edgerton, Ellison, Fletcher, Flied, Fry, Gilmore, Guy, Harreld, Hendrickson, Hewins, Hogeboom, Hollinger, Hubbard, Huddleston, Huey, Humes, Humphrey, Kellogg of Leavenworth, Kellogg of Lyon, Kiehl, Kunkel, Long of Doniphan, Long of Ellsworth, Lozier, Manville, McDonald, Mitchell, Morehouse, Oliphint, Palmer of Butler, Palmer of Jewell, Pilkenton, Plumb, Preston, Ridge, Rogers, Ross, Smith of Douglas, Smith of Marshall, Smith of McPherson, Smith of Smith, Stall, St. John, Storeh, Tomlinson, Tracy of Miami, Veale, Watkins, Webb, White, Willis, Williams, Wood of Coffey, Wood of Chase, Wright—89.

For D. P. Lowe—(Senators:) Benedict, Bradley, Brown, Buchan, Carpenter of Jewell, Evans, Grass, Green, Griffin, Hadley, Hallowell, Hamlin, Harris, Johnston, Kirk, Morrill, Myers, Nichols, Ping, Robinson, Wells, Williams, Woodworth. (Representatives:) Adams of Morris, Alden, Arnold, Baer, Baldwin, Ballaine, Bettis, Biddle, Blair, Boggs, Bull, Campbell of Linn, Clark of Johnson, Clymer, Collins, Cooper, Crowell, Cunningham, Davis of Brown, Day, Dixon, Ely, Hibbetts, Jenness, Johnson, Kellogg of Woodson, Keplinger, Love, Magie, Mastin, Merritt, Mohler, Perley, Rose, Smith of Cherokee, Stewart, Stillings, Stillwell, Tracy of Doniphan, Woodward—63.

For John Martin—(Senator:) Pyburn. (Representatives:) Fletcher, Gabriel, Gilkeson, Greever, James, Parsons, Wheat—8.

For George A. Crawford—(Senator:) Finney. (Representative:) Hart—2.

For Wilson Shannon—(Representative:) McMillan.

FEBRUARY 1.—The Commonwealth gives Preston B. Plumb a biographical column.—A Senatorial excursion to Emporia in honor of Plumb.

FEBRUARY 2.—George H. Hoyt dies, in Athol, Mass., his native town. He had become an able advocate of the Temperance cause, and died universally esteemed.

FEBRUARY 2.—James M. Winchell dies, at Hyde Park, New York, aged 53. He came to Council City, now Burlingame, in 1854. He was one of the editors of the New York Times, as he had been its correspondent while in Kansas.

FEBRUARY 2.—The Leavenworth Times says: "Preston B. Plumb was born in Delaware county, Ohio, October 12, 1837. His father was a farmer, and being in but ordinary circumstances, was enabled to give the future Senator but such an education as could be obtained in the common schools of that time. He entered the office of the Western Episcopalian, at Gambier, Ohio, when twelve years of age, and in 1852 established the Xenia News. He came to Kansas in 1856, landing at Leavenworth in June. On the 4th of July he moved westward, locating near Salina. In 1857 he went to Emporia, being one of the town incorporators. He studied law with Col. Lowe at Xenia, Ohio, in 1855 and 1856, and attended the Cleveland Law School in 1858 and 1859, and was admitted to the bar in Burlington in 1861. He established the Emporia News in 1857, of which Jacob Stotler, the present proprietor, was the first foreman. He was a member of the Leavenworth Constitutional Convention in 1858, a delegate to the State Convention in the same year, was Secretary of the State Convention at Lawrence in 1859, was a member of the House of Representatives in the State Legislature in 1862, entered the Eleventh Kansas in August of that year as Second Lieutenant, was promoted to a Captaincy, was then Major, and afterwards advanced to the rank of Lieutenant Colonel. He was Speaker of the House in 1867, and a member of the House in 1868. Four years ago he retired from the practice of law, and since that time has been engaged in the banking business. He was a Greeley man in 1872, but voted, and stumped the southwestern part of the State, for Hayes, last fall. He is a successful business man, and is worth over a hundred thousand dollars." A more complete sketch, from the Emporia News, is copied in the Times of February 11.

FEBRUARY 5.—Episcopal Convocation in Topeka.

—The telephone talked about in the papers.

FEBRUARY 6.—Speaker Elder resigns, on account of ill-health.

FEBRUARY 7.—S. N. Wood is elected Speaker.

—Grasshoppers are hatching in various parts of the State.

FEBRUARY 8.—Reception given to Senator Plumb in Lawrence.

FEBRUARY 16.—James C. Horton appointed Regent of the University; M. J. Salter, Regent of the Agricultural College; J. L. Wever and Edwin Knowles, Trustees of Charitable Institutions; and O. J. Grover, Director of the Penitentiary.

FEBRUARY 16.—Nebraska Legislative visit to Kansas.

FEBRUARY 17.—Death of Dr. W. H. Grimes, in Atchison; age 75.

FEBRUARY 19.—Noble L. Prentiss delivers a lecture on Zebulon M. Pike.

FEBRUARY 23.—B. W. Woodward appointed Regent of the University, *vice* J. C. Horton, declined, and R. N. Hershfield, to succeed Wm. Fairchild; Stephen M. Wood, Regent of the Agricultural College, to succeed John H. Folks.

FEBRUARY 26.—Chas. Robinson delivers a lecture before the Historical Society, on "Topeka and her Constitution."

FEBRUARY.—The St. Louis Times, Democratic, publishes an article justifying the Lawrence massacre, and giving the names of some of Quantrill's band; among them are Cole Younger and Jesse James.

—The Masonic Mutual Benefit Society, organized in March, 1873 now has 622 members.

—The Kansas Insurance Company, of Leavenworth, dies.

MARCH 2.—The election of Hayes declared by Congress, he having 185 electoral votes, to 184 for Tilden. The Electoral Commission had voted on test questions, 8 to 7.

MARCH 4.—Bishop Matthew Simpson preaches in Topeka.

MARCH 5.—Appointment of John H. Crichton, of Chetopa, and C. D. Lawrence, of Hiawatha, Directors of the Emporia Normal School; of C. B. Pierce and W. H. Butterfield, of the Leavenworth Normal School; of James Strain and Theodore Laing, of the Concordia Normal School; and of Samuel J. Crawford as State Agent at Washington, under the act of March 3.

MARCH 7.—Adjournment of the Legislature. Legislative excursion to Denver.

—Among the acts of this Legislature were these: Creating the office of Fish Commissioner; two acts providing for the destruction of grasshoppers; changing the names of the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind Asylums to Institutions; providing for county normal institutes, the expenses to be paid by fees and by a county and a State appropriation; making the County Clerk, as well as the Register, make a record of all transfers of real estate; making three amendments of the Legislative apportionment law of last year; for the revision of the laws, and the appointment of commissioners; for the appointment of an agent to prosecute the claims of the State against the United States; for the erection of a State armory; for the sale of the Normal School land; relating to the reports of State officers, paying salaries monthly, and making the fiscal year begin with the first day of July; for the distribution and sale of Supreme Court Reports.

MARCH 8.—Destructive fire in Ellsworth.

MARCH 12.—The Methodist Conference at Wichita selected as Presiding Elders, Bernard Kelly, for the Fort Scott District; D. P. Mitchell, Emporia; S. E. Pendleton, Independence; G. W. Pye, Wichita; and J. W. Fox, Hutchinson.

MARCH 13.—Judge Kingman presents to the Historical Society a fountain pen given to him by Wm. Blair Lord in 1871. With this pen Mr. Lord, as the reporter, wrote the testimony, in 1856, of the Kansas Congressional Investigating Committee, Messrs. Howard, Sherman, and Oliver.

MARCH 14.—M. E. Conference, at Holton. *Presiding Elders:* Leaven-

worth, J. M. Sullivan; Topeka, W. R. Davis; Atchison, J. Holman; Salina, Geo. S. Dearborn; Beloit, W. J. Mitchell.

MARCH 15.—Henry W. Cook, of Wyandotte, has become insane, and is taken to Mt. Pleasant, Ia.

MARCH 16.—Miss Emma R. Bristol is appointed a Notary Public; it is said to be the first appointment of a woman to that office in this State.

—M. M. Murdock, Edwin Tucker and J. J. Wright appointed Regents of the Normal School.

MARCH 21.—Elevation of St. Benedict's Priory, at Atchison, to an Abbey, with Rev. Dr. Innocent Wolfe as Abbot. Bishop Fink conducted the ceremonies.

MARCH 23.—John D. Lee, shot in Salt Lake, Utah, for his connection with the Mountain Meadow Massacre, a wholesale murder of emigrants by Mormons, in 1858. Lee confessed his guilt.

MARCH 23.—Alfred Gray issues a pamphlet descriptive of the grasshopper, and telling how to kill him. They are numerous this spring. Mr. Gray sums up the means of destruction, given in his compilation, as follows:

“Ditches and pits, rolling, nets and seines, various devices for burning, Chinese plan, guard in form of letter V, with a pit at point of intersection, constant stirring of soil, burning prairie at intervals, dragging ropes over fields of grain where lodgment has been had. A constant annoyance of this kind will often cause them to abandon the field in disgust. Protection of fruit and shade trees by encircling the trunk with bright tin or bands of raw cotton; concussion theory.”

MARCH 26.—Death of R. B. Taylor, of the Wyandotte Gazette. Mrs. Cora M. Downs says: “He was born at Buckland, Franklin county, Mass., on the 29th of March, 1822. He was fifty-five years of age at the time of his death. At twenty-one years of age he removed to New York, and was editor of the Ellenville Journal a number of years before coming to Kansas. In 1858 he came to Wyandotte, and has since resided here. He was a man whose good name was better than great riches. A man whose purity of conscience and integrity of soul were never doubted, full of enthusiasm, zealous, earnest, a despiser of shams and frauds, a friend to the oppressed, a man who was just before he was generous, yet benèvolent and humane, gentle as a child to those he loved, yet severe and stern in his denunciation of wrong-doing.”

MARCH 27.—J. Clarke Swayze, editor of the Topeka Blade, shot and killed by John W. Wilson, recently of the Topeka Times. Wilson was tried before John T. Morton and a jury, and acquitted, May 30.

MARCH 28.—The Judges of the Supreme Court appoint as commissioners to revise the laws, Benj. F. Simpson, E. Stillings, and William C. Webb.

MARCH 29.—The Commonwealth says: We are in receipt, from the publishing house of Geo. W. Martin, of a copy of a Historical Sketch of the Presbyterian Church in Kansas, read before the Synod of Kansas,

at its meeting at Topeka, October 6, 1876. The "sketch" proper occupies twenty-six pages, and is vigorously written. We learn from it that "the first regular preaching of the gospel on the soil of Kansas was by the Baptists, who established a mission among the Shawnees in the year 1831," within the present county of Wyandotte. The Presbyterian Church began her work in Kansas in 1835, when the Western Foreign Missionary Society, which had its headquarters in Pittsburgh, sent the Rev. Joseph Kerr and Rev. Wells Bushnell to the Wea Indians, living near where Ottawa now is. Mr. Bushnell remained but a few months, but Mr. Kerr remained, and in 1836 he gathered a church of eight or ten Indians. This was the first Presbyterian church on Kansas soil.

MARCH 31.—Chas. C. Manley, a saloon-keeper and horse thief, of Netawaka, is hanged by masked men, at Granada, Nemaha county.

APRIL 5.—Meeting of the Presbytery of Emporia; sermon by W. W. Curtis, Moderator.

—Prof. John B. Dunbar, of Washburn College, proposes to write a grammar and vocabulary of the Pawnee language.

APRIL 6.—The Hull baby in court, in Leavenworth, before Judge Brewer, on *habeas corpus*. Is it the child of Chas. A. and Carrie E. Hull, of Independence, or of Mrs. Hester A. Wiley, of the Home for the Friendless? Judge Brewer, April 26, gives it to Mrs. Wiley.

APRIL 10.—F. G. Adams publishes a report of the State Historical Society and a list of one hundred and fifty-six Kansas newspapers.

—Sidney Clarke delivers a lecture in Topeka on James H. Lane.

—Walter C. Dunton, formerly of Manhattan, is a Judge of the Supreme Court of Vermont.

APRIL 11.—Death, in Wilmington, Del., of Rev. Chas. M. Callaway. He founded, at Topeka, the Female Seminary, now known as the College of the Sisters of Bethany.

APRIL 12.—Sunday School Institute at Lawrence.

APRIL 12.—Meeting of the Presbytery of Topeka, at Olathe. J. M. Cockins, of Lawrence, Moderator.

APRIL 14.—Senator Plumb succeeds in obtaining an order allowing actual settlers to enter Osage ceded lands covered by railroad contracts.

APRIL 15.—Kansas is great, because it is cosmopolitan. Of the city officers of Leavenworth, Geo. Ummethun, the Mayor, is a German; Col. Moonlight, the City Marshal, a Scotchman; Con Cartan, the Weighmaster, an Irishman; Christian Beck, the Street Commissioner, a Dane; Dr. Victor Bicert, the City Physician, a Frenchman. Of the Councilmen elected, S. F. Burdett is an Englishman, M. A. Wohlfrom an Alsatian, John O'Boren and Owen Duffy Irishmen, and Martin Smith a Prussian.

APRIL 23.—Death of Hugh S. Walsh, at Grantville. His age was sixty-seven years. He was born in New Windsor, N. Y.; came to Kansas, from the South, in 1858, and was Secretary of the Territory.

APRIL 24.—S. S. Prouty's lecture, "The Kansas Emigrant," is published in the Commonwealth.

APRIL.—Prof. B. F. Mudge finds in Jewell county the bones of elephants of much greater size than the largest Asiatic elephants of our time.

APRIL 26.—Meeting of the Solomon Presbytery, at Concordia; W. A. Simkins, of Salina, elected Moderator. The Presbyterian and Congregational churches form a union for missionary work.

—Rev. J. Meeker brought the first printing press to Kansas, in 1834. In 1857, Col. Prouty owned this press, at Prairie City, and on it printed his *Freemen's Champion*. The last known owner of the press was E. C. Manning, of Winfield.

—A large number of the grasshoppers now hatched are killed by insects, or die.

—Topeka has a population of 8,494.

APRIL 29.—Death of "Parson" William G. Brownlow, in Tennessee.

MAY 1.—Conclave of the Commanderies of Knights Templar. Sermon by Rev. John A. Anderson.

MAY 1.—Meeting of the Grand Lodge Knights of Pythias, in Leavenworth. J. W. Wheeler is elected Grand Chancellor.

MAY 4.—The Leavenworth Times says Charles E. Jones, of Chicago, wrote the Tuttle History of Kansas.—Thomas J. Anderson publishes "The Rocky Mountain Tourist," Joseph G. Pangborn, author.—Milton W. Reynolds resumes the publication of the Parsons Sun.

MAY 15.—F. G. Adams issues the first Report of the State Historical Society; it is a pamphlet of eighteen pages.

—N. B. Wood, near Troy, has an orchard of 12,000 apple trees.

MAY 16.—Meeting of the State Medical Society, at Lawrence. The following officers were elected: W. L. Schenck, Osage City, President; C. C. Furley, Wichita, Vice President; J. H. Stuart, Lawrence, Secretary; V. Biart, Leavenworth, Assistant Secretary; W. W. Cochran, Atchison, Treasurer; Board of Censors: H. O. Hanawalt, Arvonja; H. S. Roberts, Manhattan; Dr. Baldwin, Ft. Scott; G. L. Lewis, Atchison; Dr. O'Brien, Topeka.

—Sol. Miller, in the Troy Chief: "Eastern correspondents have asked us to describe the terrible grasshopper of the West. We cannot do so better than by saying that the map of Florida might be readily mistaken for the photograph of a grasshopper in the act of depositing its eggs. Consider that the Ocean and the Gulf represent the ground. That portion of the State above the 30th degree of latitude is the upper part of the body; that below is the tail end; the point below the 26th degree is bored into the ground; and the string of little islands called the Keys and Tortugas represent the eggs."

MAY 21.—The Santa Fé Directors reelect Thos. Nickerson, F. H. Peabody, Edward Wilder, and G. S. Goodwin.

MAY 29.—Prof. Wm. G. Kedzie, of Manhattan, is the author of a book called "The Elements of Agricultural Geology for the Schools of Kansas." pp. 96. Wilson, Hinkle & Co., publishers.

—Gen. Grant is cordially received in England.

—J. C. Hebbard is writing Kansas reminiscences for the Atchison Champion.

—Universalist convention at Junction City. Mrs. S. M. Barnes, V. P. Wilson and C. C. Whitson are elected to the National Convention.

MAY 30.—Thos. A. Osborn is appointed Minister to Chili.

JUNE 1.—J. D. Shafer, of Leavenworth, is the author of an "Index to the Laws of Kansas."

JUNE 6.—The Commonwealth copies from the Easton (Penn.) Free Press, of May 1, a long chapter of Kansas reminiscences written by Mrs. M. Augusta Torbert. They relate to scenes in 1856, and especially to the escape of Gov. Reeder.

—The new lead mines in Cherokee county are attracting much attention.

JUNE 7.—Baptist State Convention in Topeka: Elihu Gunn, President; J. Clarke Cline, Secretary.

—Death of Alfred Larzelere, in Doniphan county.

JUNE 8.—Eighteenth session of the Baptist Convention, at Topeka; J. B. Hardwieke, President.

JUNE 10.—Death of John Hudson, father of Joseph K. Hudson. He had been a printer, publisher, and prominent anti-slavery man in Ohio.

JUNE 12.—Commencement week at Lawrence. George R. Peek delivers the literary address.

JUNE 12.—Convention of County Attorneys, in Topeka. Present: Allen, P. Bell; Anderson, J. G. Lindsay; Bourbon, S. S. Brinkerhoff; Clay, M. M. Miller; Crawford, J. T. Voss; Davis, James Ketner; Dickinson, T. J. Fording; Doniphan, F. P. Armstrong; Ellis, D. C. Nellis; Leavenworth, Joseph W. Taylor; Lincoln, S. O. Hind; Marshall, F. W. Love; Republic, W. T. Vanatta; Russell, W. J. Eastman; Saline, John Foster; Shawnee, A. H. Vance; Wilson, J. A. McHenry.

JUNE 13.—Meeting of the Editorial Association, at Leavenworth; D. R. Anthony, President. The address by Henry King is historical and very happy. Robert Crozier delivered the address of welcome, and John A. Anderson made the response. An excursion through Colorado follows. Officers elected: President, John A. Martin, of Atchison; Vice President, B. J. F. Hanna, of Saline; Secretary, E. A. Wasser, of Girard; Treasurer, J. S. Collister, of Newton; Orator, next meeting, Senator Ingalls, with Senator Plumb as alternate; Poet, Eugene Ware, of Fort Scott.

JUNE 16.—The Leavenworth Times publishes Samuel N. Wood's address before the Historical Society on "Early Kansas."

JUNE 16.—Chas. S. Glead, of the Lawrence Journal, gives to the His-

torical Society the MS. copy of the Leavenworth Constitution, nearly complete. It was found in a house where M. F. Conway once lived.

JUNE 17.—Judge John Pettit, formerly of Kansas, dies, at his home in Indiana.

JUNE 20.—W. D. Webb, of Atchison, delivers the annual address at the Sisters of Bethany College.

JUNE 21.—EX-Gov. Osborn leaves Topeka for Chili.

JUNE 27.—State Teachers' Association, at Emporia. Address by L. B. Kellogg. The following persons were elected officers: A. B. Lemmon, President; Wm. Wheeler, of Ottawa, Secretary; Peter McVicar, of Topeka, Treasurer; L. A. Thomas, of Topeka, Chairman of the Executive Committee. C. R. Pomeroy of Emporia, E. Miller of Lawrence, C. H. Martin of Atchison, O. F. McKim of Wichita, and R. B. Bryan of Mound City, were elected as a Board of Directors.

JUNE 29.—Convention of County Superintendents, at Emporia.

JUNE 30.—The fiscal year closes to-day, for the first time, in this month.

JUNE 30.—Assessed valuation of all property in the State, \$137,480,-529.83. Assessed value of railroad property, \$15,526,305.40; number of miles, 2,198; average per mile, \$7,060. Levy: General revenue, $3\frac{1}{2}$ mills, sinking fund, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill; interest fund, $\frac{2}{3}$ mill; school fund, 1 mill; this would raise \$756,137.91.

JUNE 30.—Statement showing amount of appropriations for the seven months ending June 30th:

<i>For what purpose.</i>	<i>Appropriation.</i>	<i>Amount drawn.</i>	<i>Balance.</i>
Legislative expenses.....	\$43,908 75	\$43,908 75	.....
Constitutional amendment.....	3,185 00	3,162 50	\$22 50
Visiting committees of Legislature.....	556 90	529 20	27 70
Conveying prisoners to the Penitentiary.....	2,878 40	2,874 85	3 55
Regents and Directors of State institutions....	4,923 70	3,738 30	1,185 40
Executive Department.....	4,500 00	4,242 82	257 18
Secretary of State's Department.....	7,970 37	7,403 60	566 77
Auditor's Department.....	3,883 28	3,450 00	433 28
Treasury Department.....	4,299 86	3,411 27	888 59
Attorney General's Department.....	1,275 00	1,057 50	217 50
Supt. of Public Instruction's Department.....	2,291 62	2,124 95	166 67
State Librarian.....	1,625 00	1,494 80	130 20
Supreme Court.....	5,900 00	5,880 00	20 00
District Judges.....	18,750 00	18,750 00	.....
Insurance Department.....	2,684 79	2,684 79	.....
Blind Asylum.....	7,130 50	7,130 50	.....
Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	12,908 00	12,908 00	.....
Insane Asylum.....	42,624 50	42,624 50	.....
State University.....	11,350 00	11,337 94	12 06
State Penitentiary.....	52,532 96	42,357 95	10,175 01
State printing.....	21,648 55	21,647 53	1 02
Saline county.....	932 95	932 95	.....
State Historical Society.....	495 00	495 00	.....
State Horticultural Society.....	1,250 00	1,250 00	.....
Rent of Armory (at Leavenworth).....	60 00	60 00	.....
Commissioners to revise General Statutes.....	1,400 00	1,400 00	.....
Maintenance of destitute insane persons.....	8,746 94	8,746 94	.....
Miscellaneous appropriations.....	11,305 48	11,305 48	.....
State Board of Agriculture.....	11,567 51	11,567 31	20
Emporia Normal School.....	510 00	510 00	.....
Total.....	\$293,095 06	\$278,987 43	\$14,107 63

JULY 2.—Excursion from Manhattan to Colorado, of citizens of Riley, Clay and Pottawatomie counties.

—Gen. John Fraser elected Professor of Law and Literature in the University of Pittsburgh.

—Speech of Jim Lane in the '50s: "God, my friends, has done much, very much, for your town; more, I may say, than man."

JULY 3.—Grasshoppers flying over Topeka. They have been abundant in the unsettled counties.

JULY 4.—N. L. Prentis sails from New York for Liverpool.

—County Normal Institutes are generally held.

—W. A. Johnson's History of Anderson County issued; 34 chapters, and 290 pages; the most complete of our county histories.

JULY 15.—C. B. Schmidt says that more than 6,000 Mennonites are now living in the Arkansas Valley.

JULY 19.—Melville J. Salter resigns as Lieutenant Governor to go into the Independence Land Office.

JULY 20.—The great strike of railroad men in Pittsburgh and many other places.

—William W. Cone publishes a very valuable "Historical Sketch of Shawnee County;" 15 double-column pages.

JULY 22.—A. S. Packard jr. has made an extended journey through the West for the purpose of reporting the States and Territories visited by grasshoppers.

—The John Brown monument, at Osawatomie, is completed.

—Ex-Gov. J. W. Denver sends pictures of himself to the Historical Society.

JULY 24.—The great railroad strike reaches Kansas.

—James W. Steele, Consul at Matanzas, lectures in Topeka on the Spaniard in Cuba.

JULY 25.—Prof. James H. Canfield, of the University, lectures in Topeka.

—Geo. A. Crawford, one of the founders of Empire City, reports a population of 2,337.

—The U. S. Pension Office is removed from Topeka to St. Louis.

JULY 27.—Death of Rev. Eben Blachley, at Quindaro. He had had charge of the Freedmen's University since its first organization.

—The Topeka Library has 3,022 volumes; it issues a new catalogue; Edward Wilder, President.

JULY 31.—The railroad from Florence to El Dorado is completed. A. A. Robinson, Chief Engineer of the Santa Fé, has had it in charge.

—The strike nearly at an end.

AUGUST 5.—The Kansas Cook Book, prepared by the ladies of the Leavenworth Home for the Friendless, and printed by John C. Ketcheson, meets the popular favor, and sells rapidly.

AUGUST 8.—George W. Martin receives the medal, weight nine ounces, awarded to him by the Centennial Exposition for the bound record book.

AUGUST 9.—Serious railroad accident on the St. Joseph & Western, at Troy.

AUGUST 10.—The Commonwealth publishes a history of the various attempts to navigate the Kaw, beginning in 1853 and ending in 1865.

AUGUST 12.—Father Galland, the founder of St. Mary's Mission, dies at that place; age 63.

AUGUST 14.—Departure of the Legislative excursion from Topeka for Colorado.

AUGUST 15.—A County Commissioners' Bond Convention held in Lawrence for the purpose of effecting a compromise with the holders of municipal bonds.

AUGUST 16.—Contract made for building a State Armory on the State House grounds.

AUGUST 17.—S. J. Crawford telegraphs that the Secretary of the Interior will give the State lands in lieu of school sections on all Indian reservations.

—Gov. Anthony declines to appoint a Lieutenant Governor, holding that the present President *pro tem.* of the Senate, Carpenter, is the President of the Senate, and would become Governor in case of the death of the Governor.

—James A. Carruth, printer, receives a patent for a perforator.

—W. W. Fagan is superintendent of the Hannibal & St. Joseph road.

AUGUST 19.—Robert Scruggs, son of Simeon Scruggs, who lives near Oak Mills, Atchison county, kills his father-in-law, Jasper Oliphant, and John Groff. Scruggs gives himself up to Constable Wright, but is taken by a body of men and hanged. "Whisky did it."

AUGUST 21.—Kansas Millers' Association formed, at Topeka. Robert Atkinson, Wyandotte, President; Wm. Bowman, Atchison, J. P. Griswold, Topeka, and H. C. Hall, Oswego, Vice Presidents; Frank H. Pope, Ottawa, Secretary and Treasurer.

AUGUST 24.—Fifth Biennial Sangerfest of the Pioneer Sangerbund of the Missouri Valley held in Atchison.

—Suit brought in Leavenworth by Mrs. C. A. Hull for damages for the abduction of Charles A. Hull and the baby.

AUGUST 26.—Prof. C. V. Riley is the author of a book of 236 pages on "The Locust Plague in the United States," etc.

—E. C. Manning sells the Winfield Courier to D. A. Millington and A. B. Lemmon.

AUGUST 30.—Dedication of the monument erected in memory of John Brown, at Osawatomie. The oration is delivered by John J. Ingalls. Senator Ingalls's oration is the most fitting tribute yet made to the name

and character of John Brown. Of the Liberator of Kansas he said: "In any age or country, or under any system where abuses existed that needed correction, he would have been a reformer in politics and a Puritan in religion. He would have gone with Huss to the stake, or with Sidney to the scaffold." The following were the officers of the day: Ex-Governor Robinson, President; and the following Vice Presidents: P. B. Plumb, D. C. Haskell, Wm. A. Phillips, George A. Crawford, John A. Martin, S. A. Cobb, James D. Snoddy, John Guthrie, W. R. Wagstaff, W. A. Johnson, P. P. Elder, J. M. Harvey, Milton W. Reynolds, T. Dwight Thacher, and J. P. St. John. Samuel Walker and H. H. Williams were Marshals. James Hanway gave a history of the monument fund. Prayer by Rev. S. D. Adair. W. W. Updegraff was the chairman of the Committee of Arrangements.

AUGUST 30.—Fifteenth Annual Session, at Leavenworth, of the Colored Baptist Association; Moderator, T. Morton, of Atchison.

—Death of ex-Gov. Wilson Shannon, at Lawrence; the Journal publishes a biography.

SEPTEMBER 4.—S. A. Felter, of Topeka, writes, and G. W. Martin publishes, a small book on the "Elements of Book-keeping."

SEPTEMBER 7.—The Standard publishes Eli Thayer's speech at Lawrence, and the Journal, the letter of Amos A. Lawrence, relating to early Kansas history.

SEPTEMBER 10.—Reception of Eli Thayer in Topeka. C. K. Holliday presides; Vice Presidents, John T. Morton, Jacob Safford, Sidney Clarke, F. P. Baker, Jacob Smith, F. W. Giles, and John Ritchie. Mr. Thayer made an able speech. He said:

"Long before the passage of the Kansas-Nebraska bill I had the charter of the Emigrant Aid Society written. I looked at the *possibilities* of that bill, and saw that it would give us a chance to move the battle-field from Congress to Kansas. I saw that free labor never need submit to slave labor. Before this, all aggressions had been made according to law. In this case I saw it to be the purpose of the slave power to make Kansas a slave state—by law if possible, by lawlessness if need be. The slave power objected to the Emigrant Aid Society because it was an organization. The slave power was always a perfect organization. I always told emigrants that Kansas was to be a battle-field. I devoted myself to the emigration cause as I never devoted myself to any other. I did it to save my life, for the conviction that that was the way out never for a moment left me."

SEPTEMBER 14.—The Leavenworth Press says: "Hon. Len. T. Smith, of this city, has shown us a sample of wheat from his farm in this county, which is the largest and best-looking grain we have seen this season. It is the Pennsylvania White, the seed of which he purchased last year in Philadelphia—the same having been on exhibition at the Centennial. He harvested this season from eleven acres, 400 bushels, being a little more than 36½ bushels to the acre."

—Henry Worrall makes sketches of the Osawatomie monument meeting for Harper's Weekly.

—S. S. Pronty leases the Junction City Union.

SEPTEMBER 19.—Greenback State Convention, at Wyandotte. The convention was called to order by U. F. Sargent, Chairman of the State Central Committee, who read a paper giving a history of the party, and a report of the work done by the Executive Committee.

The Convention then organized by electing E. R. Ridgely, of Crawford, as Temporary Chairman, and G. W. Miller, of Osage, as Temporary Secretary.

On motion of Mr. Stockton, the Convention returned a vote of thanks to the State Executive Committee for their faithful services.

The following committee was appointed on Permanent Organization: J. S. Stockton of Wyandotte, T. W. Struttered of Cherokee, S. D. Hart of Bourbon.

The following committee was appointed on Platform: D. P. Mitchell of Lyon, J. P. Root of Wyandotte, M. Bowman of Pawnee, S. H. Downs of Shawnee, U. B. Pearsall of Bourbon, W. Harris of Chase, D. B. Hadley of Wyandotte.

The following committee was appointed on Credentials: L. P. Hamilton of Marshall, L. D. Bailey of Douglas, W. M. Jeffry of Chase.

The Committee on Credentials reported the names of ninety-three persons as entitled to seats in the Convention.

The Committee on Organization reported in favor of U. F. Sargent, of Bourbon, for Chairman, and S. H. Downs, of Shawnee, for Secretary. The report was unanimously adopted.

A State Central Committee was appointed, consisting of the following persons: First District—John Davis of Davis county, L. P. Hamilton of Marshall, W. D. Rippey of Doniphan; Second District—U. F. Sargent of Bourbon, H. F. Sheldon of Franklin, F. Sanford of Wyandotte; Third District—S. H. Downs of Shawnee, D. P. Mitchell of Lyon, J. W. Adams of Newton.

The following resolutions were reported, and, after some amendments, were adopted:

"Resolved, 1. That we demand a law of Congress making greenbacks a full legal tender for the payment of all debts, both public and private, which shall be of a constant supply, and of a sufficient amount in volume of such full legal-tender money, to be issued solely by the Government, to meet the requirements of the people in developing the various industries of the country.

"2. The repeal of the National Bank law.

"3. The remonetizing and coinage of silver; but we are opposed to issuing United States bonds to purchase bullion, thus increasing our interest-paying debt.

"4. The immediate repeal of the so-called resumption act.

"5. The repeal of the resolution of Congress of 1869, saying that all our United States bonds shall be payable in coin.

"6. A law of Congress providing for arbitration in all disputes between the corporations of the country and their employés, on such equitable terms as shall do justice to both parties.

"7. A law making it a penal offense for any corporation to create fictitious capital by issuing so-called 'watered stock.'

"8. We are opposed to the Government granting any more subsidies to corporations in bonds or lands.

"9. We are in favor of the postal money-deposit system, making the National Gov-

ernment, through its post offices, a safe deposit or savings bank for the security of the depositors of small sums of money.

"10. Labor should receive its just reward, and we believe the same may be brought about through the adoption by Congress of the principles of the Independent Green-back party, which will restore confidence in all business circles, and thereby unlock and put to work the dormant capital which has so long lain idle.

"10. We demand the repeal in the tax law of Kansas which provides for collecting fifty per cent. interest on unpaid taxes, and the substitution of a lower rate of interest not to exceed twenty-five per cent."

S. A. Riggs, of Lawrence, was nominated for Chief Justice, and D. B. Hadley, of Wyandotte, for Lieutenant Governor.

SEPTEMBER 23.—The first train on the Kansas Central reaches Circleville.

SEPTEMBER 27.—Two of the Union Pacific express car robbers killed near Buffalo Station, and two sacks of gold, \$20,000, recovered. The robbery took place at Big Springs, Neb., September 18.

SEPTEMBER 28.—"Corporate Securities," by G. C. Clemens, of Topeka, published.

SEPTEMBER 29.—A strike on the extension of the Kansas Central, in Jackson county, is put down by the sheriff. Wm. Hartman is killed.

SEPTEMBER 29.—A letter to D. R. Anthony from Eli Thayer, Worcester, Mass., concludes as follows:

"All my work in securing the early colonies for that State [Kansas] has been paid for a thousand times by the sight of her happy and prosperous people. Kansas is a State unrivaled in soil and climate, but her highest honor is her population. Their intelligence, enterprise and character make them worthy of the Grand Middle State and of her history."

SEPTEMBER.—Grand Lodge of Kansas of the Knights of Honor instituted, at Winfield. A. Howland, Past Grand Dictator; W. G. Graham, Grand Dictator. There are now twelve lodges in Kansas; the first was instituted at Winfield, February 20, 1877.

OCTOBER 2.—The Republican State Committee meet, and nominate A. H. Horton for Chief Justice and L. U. Humphrey for Lieutenant Governor.

OCTOBER 3.—The Commonwealth publishes the muster-roll of a Free-State Company formed in Quindaro in August, 1857. It contains many historic names.

OCTOBER '3.—The Solomon Presbytery in session at Abilene; John Wilson, of Beloit, Moderator.

OCTOBER 5.—Kansas Presbyterian Synod at Fort Scott; Rev. Dr. Wright, of Austin, Texas, Moderator. A correspondent says J. Kerr and M. Bushnell, of this church, preached to the Weas in 1835, near the present town of Ottawa. Samuel Irvin began his work at Highland in 1837.

—Rev. S. D. Storrs has removed from Quindaro to Topeka.

OCTOBER 6.—The Bourbon county Republicans denounce the State Committee for assuming the power of the party in making State nominations.

OCTOBER 9.—The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows meets in Topeka. J. Jay Buck is elected Grand Master; W. H. Pilkenton, D. G. M. Ex-Vice President Schuyler Colfax installed Mr. Buck, and lectured in the evening on Abraham Lincoln.

OCTOBER 9.—The United Presbyterian Synod of Kansas meets in Kansas City, Missouri. W. R. Hutchinson, of Ottawa, is elected Moderator.

OCTOBER 9.—Meeting of the Democratic State Committee in Leavenworth. They nominate Wm. R. Wagstaff, of Miami county, for Chief Justice, and Thos. W. Waterson, of Marshall county, for Lieutenant Governor. They adopted the following resolutions:

“Whereas, Since the last meeting of this Committee, death has visited our organization, and called from the field of their earthly labors two of the oldest, the ablest and truest members of our political organization, namely, the Honorable Wilson Shannon, of Douglas county, and the Honorable Hugh S. Walsh, of Jefferson county; and

“Whereas, These two citizens, by reason of their relation to the Territorial Government of Kansas, their long and faithful services to their country and party in other respects, as well as by their acknowledged moral worth and personal integrity, public and private, demand something more than a mere announcement of their deaths: therefore,

“Resolved, That in the deaths of Wilson Shannon and Hugh S. Walsh, the State of Kansas has sustained the loss of two of its worthiest and ablest citizens, men who were under all circumstances and on all occasions faithful and true to all their duties and obligations, as public officers and as citizens.

“Resolved, That on behalf of the Democrats of the State of Kansas, we acknowledge their fidelity to our political organization, their wise counsel, and faithful devotion to Democratic doctrines and principles, as well in the hour of triumph as in the day of adversity.

“Resolved, That to the Democrats of the United States, and the lovers of free constitutional government everywhere, we commend the lives and the faithful devotion to duty of these men, as examples worthy of imitation by all good men everywhere.

“The Democratic State Central Committee of the State of Kansas, being now in session, by virtue of the authority in it vested for and in behalf of the Democratic party of the State of Kansas do declare:

“First, That we congratulate the people of the United States, and the friends of free government everywhere, upon the happy results of restored public order, reviving industrial prosperity, and the inauguration of domestic peace and liberty, regulated by law, in the Southern States of the Federal Union, that have ensued on the adoption and enforcement of Democratic principles and measures by the President of the United States. We recognize in these auspicious results the signal indication and practical triumph of the constitutional doctrines so long and faithfully contended for by the Democratic party, of the United States, and we commend the President for the wisdom exhibited by him in accepting and enforcing the cardinal doctrines of the Democratic party on the subjects of *local self-government* and *civil-service reform*; and we believe that it is the duty of all good citizens who prefer peace to war, and who choose public order in preference to violence and revolution, to give the President a hearty support in his efforts to give practical effect to the vital doctrines of the Democratic party; and we deeply regret that the Republican party, its teachers and organs in the State of Kansas, are not in accord with the President and the Democratic party upon the leading Democratic features of his administration.

"*Second*, That we view with deep concern the depression under which the laboring interest of the country has and is now suffering. We recognize the fact that the condition of labor, and the welfare of the laboring man, and the just relation of capital and labor, are grave questions, demanding a fair and candid consideration; and we favor such legislation as will tend to the elevation of labor and the improvement of the condition of laboring men, and we are opposed to all legislation in favor of monopolies, or which gives an unjust preference to capital or labor, or that tends to make labor dishonorable or capital unsafe. And we believe that the destruction of the industries of the country, and the pauperism of labor, are the fruits of a vicious system of laws enacted and enforced by the Republican party.

"*Third*, We are in favor of a tariff for revenue only; for economy and honesty in the administration of public officers in the counties, State, and Nation; the supremacy of the civil over the military power; the unqualified and absolute separation of Church and State in all respects; a uniform, general and impartial system of free public schools; the political equality of all men before the law—white or black, native or foreign-born; the immediate and unconditional repeal of the so-called resumption law; the restoration of the silver coin to its former place *as money*, and that it may be made full legal tender for the payment of all debts, public and private; for the repeal of all National banking laws at the earliest practicable day, and the institution of treasury notes for National-Bank notes as far as possible. We are opposed to the granting of subsidies of any kind by the Federal Government, or by the State, to any company or corporation for any purpose whatever; and we are opposed to further withdrawal or contraction of the greenback currency of the country, but are in favor of removing all restrictions and limitations now imposed by law upon such currency."

OCTOBER 10.—The Kansas Millers' Association meets in Lawrence.

OCTOBER 11.—Tenth annual meeting of the Academy of Science, held in Topeka. F. H. Snow, President.

OCTOBER 11.—The following appointments of the Kansas Conference of the African M. E. Church, which has just closed its second annual session at Wyandotte, have been made: Fort Scott, Kansas, Rev. J. C. Embry; Omaha, Nebraska, B. F. Watson; Wyandotte, Kansas, J. H. Fouche; St. Joseph, Missouri, Wm. L. Harrad; Kansas City, Missouri, Richard Rickett; Leavenworth, Kansas, P. A. Hubbard; Atchison, Kansas, James H. Hubbard; Lawrence, Kansas, J. W. Braxton; Topeka, Kansas, T. W. Henderson; Denver, Colorado, B. F. Bates; Garnett, Kansas, J. W. Wilson; White Cloud, Kansas, A. H. Carr; Baxter Springs, Kansas, John Nichols; North Lawrence, Kansas, W. W. Weir; Platte City, Missouri, J. B. Wallace; Cheyenne, Wyoming, J. R. Howard; Paola, Kansas, D. C. Carter; Emporia, Kansas, Wm. Harwell; West Kansas City, Missouri, Jordan Allen; Quindaro, Kansas, H. H. Lucas; Mound City, Kansas, Rufus Parks; Humboldt, Kansas, Thomas Whitlock; Junction City, Kansas, C. H. Brown; Lincoln, Nebraska, R. Seymour; Colorado Springs, Colorado, A. W. Ramsey; Parsons, Kansas, W. F. Hedgeman; Delaware, Kansas, J. Myers; Tonganoxie, Kansas, J. Brewer; Oskaloosa, Kansas, A. Pettiford. Left without appointments: S. F. Frister, Matthew Jones, White Cloud P. O.; Wyandotte county, Kansas, A. Buchanan, G. W. Thatcher. Superannuated: John H. Hubbard. The following are the standing committees: To publish the minutes, Secretaries T. W. Henderson and B. F. Watson; to preach the annual sermon, Rev. James W. Wilson; on admissions

and orders, B. F. Watson, T. W. Henderson, P. A. Hubbard; on first and second years' studies, James W. Braxton, J. W. Wilson, Wm. L. Harrad; on third and fourth years' studies, James H. Hubbard, J. A. Fouche, J. C. Embry.

OCTOBER 12.—Annual meeting of the Friends, at Lawrence. The following are the representatives: Hiram Pickett, J. B. Parker, Mahlon Stubbs, Jas. Hirst, E. O. Toneblood, E. J. Moore, Benj. Morris, Quincy Baldwin, E. Spray, Jesse Blair, Benj. Jay, James M. Vestal, Jas. Pitts, Richard A. Cox, J. H. Stuart, Benj. Chicoloon, Jesse Blairs, J. Wilson, Samuel Weeks, E. Haworth, Thos. A. Smith, Benj. Pickett, Dempsey S. Mills, C. W. Harvey, E. W. Wilson, E. Folger, Andrew Wooter, Nathan Morris, E. Mardock, and Jas. K. Mendenhall.

OCTOBER 15.—Twelfth Annual Sabbath School Convention, at Ottawa; Harrison Clarkson, Secretary.

OCTOBER 16.—Special session of Congress to make appropriations. Senator Ingalls introduces a bill granting arrears of pensions.

OCTOBER 16.—Meeting of Masonic Grand Council and Chapter, in Topeka.

OCTOBER 17.—In Judge Foster's U. S. Court, at Leavenworth, J. C. Fraker, President of the First National Bank, of Wichita, was sentenced to five years in the Penitentiary for embezzlement of bank funds; J. G. Wright, bookkeeper, was also convicted.

OCTOBER 20.—A pamphlet published, "A Statement Relating to the Claims of the State of Kansas, for Money Expended for the United States, for which Reimbursement is Asked."

OCTOBER 25.—A. P. Tenney becomes Superintendent of the Osawatimie Asylum.

OCTOBER 31.—The law-revision committee has had forty-nine pages printed, for the examination of lawyers.

—A. G. Patrick becomes the editor of the Valley Falls New Era.

NOVEMBER 1.—Death of Oliver P. Morton, at Indianapolis, aged 54.

—Educational Calendar; Geo. W. Martin, publisher; S. A. Felter, editor.

—The telephone has reached the Agricultural College.

NOVEMBER.—Jos. B. McCullagh, manager of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, first uses the word "boom" as a verb, and afterwards as a noun, in connection with the third term for Grant, which he was the first to propose. Kansas and the country speedily adopted boom; we boom the State, counties, cities, and men; there is progress and prosperity in the word.

NOVEMBER 6.—Election.

VOTE FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR AND CHIEF JUSTICE.

COUNTIES.	LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.				CHIEF JUSTICE.			
	<i>L. T. Humphrey</i>	<i>D. B. Hadley</i>	<i>Thos. W. Waterson</i>	<i>Scattering</i>	<i>A. H. Horton</i>	<i>S. A. Riggs</i>	<i>W. R. Wagstaff</i>	<i>Scattering</i>
Allen	843			*311	860			†316
Anderson	729	211	235		700	263	211	
Atchison.....	1,484		1,139		1,660		955	
Barber	80		56		74		63	
Barton	673				671		377	
Bourbon	1,321	1,005	224		1,224	1,035	248	
Brown	1,001	148	447	3	1,004	153	447	
Butler.....	1,644		57	*164	1,703	3	62	†161
Chase	471	148	179	1	474	146	179	1
Chautauqua.....	884	648	6		886	641	14	
Cherokee.....	1,183	356	1,267		1,165	353	1,283	
Clay	1,038	135	24	1	1,036	137	24	1
Cloud	1,067		6		1,076		7	
Colley	675	381	331		682	392	293	
Cowley	1,432	3	728		1,429	4	731	
Crawford.....	1,041	226	789		1,033	229	793	
Davis	306	383	146	2	327	347	176	2
Dickinson.....	1,226		403	14	1,220		409	13
Doniphan.....	1,518	45	857		1,525	45	854	
Douglas.....	1,159	1,417	299		1,038	1,455	364	
Edwards.....	212		26		210		26	1
Elk	1,033	5	19		1,028	5	23	
Ellis	315		216	1	312		218	1
Ellsworth.....	539	12	12	2	542	12	12	
Ford	185		145		188		140	
Franklin.....	1,203	408	330		1,186	412	374	
Greenwood.....	757		438		754		440	
Harvey	832	10	299		938	10	293	
Jackson.....	795		573		794		571	
Jefferson.....	1,251		1,167	1	1,258	2	1,160	1
Jewell.....	799		9		789		10	
Johnson.....	767	972	424		755	742	650	
Labette.....	1,554	848	215		1,562	824	253	
Leavenworth.....	2,153	23	2,327		2,114	23	2,334	
Lincoln	408		165		406		166	
Linn	1,110	80	79	1	1,092	123	160	
Lyon	1,494	191	343		1,491	194	346	
Marion.....	752	262	154		751	263	157	
Marshall.....	690	74	1,466		1,967	76	248	
McPherson.....	807		261		806		261	
Miami.....	1,126	482	512		683	129	1,311	
Mitchell.....	651			*255	645	1		†256
Montgomery.....	1,529	145	1,251		1,100	199	1,407	
Morris.....	926		22	1	128	8	806	
Neuhaha.....	906		712		955	651	1	
Neosho.....	1,099	4	865		1,084	4	882	2
Norton.....	175				175			
Osage.....	1,655	238	5	2	1,756	272	18	
Osborne.....	668				668			
Ottawa.....	549		4		548		3	3
Pawnee.....	563	2	82		559	3	95	
Phillips.....	359			1	361			
Pottawatomie.....	1,085	48	619	37	1,106	54	637	1
Reno.....	1,057	9	7	*217	1,057	9	15	†224
Republic.....	1,342		22		1,348		17	
Rice.....	568		196		563		201	
Riley.....	444	6	111	2	1,062	5	113	3
Rooks.....	170				170			
Rush.....	170		31		169		31	

* These votes were cast for W. R. Wagstaff for Lieutenant Governor.
 † These votes were cast for Thos. W. Waterson for Chief Justice Supreme Court.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR AND LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR—CONCLUDED.

COUNTIES.	LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.				CHIEF JUSTICE.			
	<i>L. U. Humphrey</i>	<i>D. B. Hodley</i>	<i>Thos. W. Waterson</i>	<i>Scattering</i>	<i>A. H. Horton</i>	<i>S. A. Riggs</i>	<i>W. R. Wagstaff</i>	<i>Scattering</i>
Russell.....	243	247	14	.....	242	246	16	.....
Saline.....	1,297	.....	269	.....	1,297	.....	275	.....
Sedgwick.....	1,456	.....	738	.....	1,456	.....	731	.....
Shawnee.....	1,549	123	480	1	1,544	118	484	1
Smith.....	496	.....	62	.....	496	.....	62	.....
Sumner.....	1,027	80	678	.....	1,025	78	685	.....
Wabaunsee.....	6	.....	16	2	898	10	50	7
Washington.....	1,011	.....	496	*19	1,014	.....	492	†18
Wilson.....	1,116	5	619	.....	1,114	5	621	.....
Woodson.....	783	15	90	1	780	9	95	4
Wyandotte.....	1,115	195	978	.....	1,117	193	1,000	.....
Total.....	62,570	9,590	24,740	1,039	63,850	9,880	25,378	1,016
Majorities.....	27,201	.....	.....	.....	27,576	.....	.....	.....

* These votes were cast for W. R. Wagstaff for Lieutenant Governor.

† These votes were cast for Thos. W. Waterson for Chief Justice Supreme Court.

—The following is the vote of Rush county for Member of the House of Representatives, to fill vacancy: A. Mott, 146; J. C. Young, 134; scattering, 4; majority for A. Mott, 8.

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF DISTRICT COURT.

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	<i>Hiram Stevens</i>	<i>James H. Connelly</i>
Johnson.....	1,196	1,069
Miami.....	1,567	539
Wyandotte.....	1,297	966
Total.....	4,060	2,574
Majority.....	1,486	.....

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	<i>Joel Hall</i>	<i>A. J. Banta</i>
Mitchell.....	653	.....
Jewell.....	806	6
Norton.....	151	.....
Osborne.....	670	.....
Phillips.....	593	.....
Rooks.....	168	.....
Smith.....	487	.....
Total.....	3,528	6
Majority.....	3,522	.....

NOVEMBER 9.—Alfred Gray receives the certificate of the Centennial Commissioners, awarded to Kansas for the best collective exhibit.

NOVEMBER 15.—A slight earthquake; it empties a few cisterns in Lawrence.

NOVEMBER 15.—Mrs. S. E. Chase Jones has written a history of Coffey county; the MS. is given to the Historical Society.

NOVEMBER 21.—The Rock Island train is robbed, at Wilton, Iowa.

NOVEMBER 22.—The State University building dedicated. Addresses by Gov. Anthony, Chancellor Marvin. Solon O. Thacher, Allen B. Lemmon, Frank T. Ingalls, T. Dwight Thacher, T. C. Henry, and Prof. Jas. H. Canfield.

NOVEMBER 26.—Chief Joseph and the Nez Perce Indians arrive at Fort Leavenworth.

NOVEMBER 28.—Samuel K. Forsyth sends to the Historical Society sketches of Capt. H. T. Shombre and Col. James A. Harvey. Capt. Shombre came here from Richmond, Indiana, through Iowa, arriving at Topeka in August, 1856. He was killed on the 16th of that month, at the capture of Fort Titus. Harvey was Captain of the Chicago Company with which S. S. Prouty and Albert Griffin came here, in 1856. He took part in the march on Lecompton, September 5th, and successfully fought the battle of Hickory Point, Jefferson county, September 14, 1856. He settled at Hyatt, and died there in 1857.

NOVEMBER 29.—Gov. Anthony learns from Secretary Evarts that Chas. G. Scrafford is in Callao, Peru.

—The Francis Murphy temperance movement organized in Topeka.

DECEMBER 1.—L. U. Humphrey sworn in as Lieutenant Governor.

—Mrs. J. Hodgkinson, Matron of the Kansas Orphan Asylum, at Leavenworth, is endeavoring to form branch Asylums. The Leavenworth Asylum was founded by the ladies of that city in 1866. The State gave it \$9,500 for a building, in 1873.

DECEMBER 2.—The Murphy movement is in Leavenworth and Lawrence.

—Publication of "The Plains of the Great West and Their Inhabitants," by Col. Richard I. Dodge, New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. The book relates largely to Kansas.

DECEMBER 5.—The old settlers of Topeka celebrate the twenty-third anniversary of their town.

—John F. Dillon, of the U. S. Circuit Court, gives a decision as to the rights of the settlers on the Cherokee Neutral Lands.

DECEMBER 10.—The Simpson bank, of Lawrence, suspends.

DECEMBER 11.—The case of *La Venture vs. Jacob Smith*, to settle the title of occupants of the Kaw Half-Breed Reserves, goes back to the beginning of the century, and is historically narrated in the Commonwealth. (See also *Brown vs. Belmarde*, 3 Kan. 42.)

DECEMBER 12.—There are 874 Granges in the State, with 24,658 members, but the organization, "The Patrons of Husbandry," is declining.

—S. S. Prouty says that Charley Lenhart, wounded at Doniphan, in 1858, died at Bentonville, Ark., in 1863, while First Lieutenant in John Ritchie's Second Indian Regiment.

DECEMBER 14.—The Kansas Central open to Onaga.

DECEMBER 20.—Fall of the Clyde Central Branch railroad bridge over the Republican; several persons badly injured.

DECEMBER 20.—The Commonwealth publishes a letter of Gen. W. T. Sherman to F. G. Adams, speaking of his residence in Leavenworth, in 1859, and of his starting a farm for Henry Clark, seven miles from Topeka, on Indian creek, in '59.

DECEMBER 23.—W. B. Strong, Vice President, becomes General Manager of the Santa Fé road.

DECEMBER 23.—Marcus J. Parrott is found insane, wandering in the streets of Cincinnati, Ohio.

DECEMBER 28.—The hall of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, in Topeka, is dedicated; S. E. Sheldon, Deputy Supreme Director.

—Recent death, at Keokuk, Iowa, of John W. Smith, age 89; he organized the first Masonic Lodge in Kansas, in 1854, at Iowa Point.

DECEMBER 31.—It is found that the Government owes Kansas \$190,800, under section five of the organic act (five per cent. of the proceeds of sales of public lands), and the Secretary of the Treasury is asked to pay it.

1878.

JANUARY 1.—A remarkable temperance movement is sweeping over the State.

—Alfred Gray is appointed by Secretary Evarts Commissioner to the Paris Exposition.

—Wakeeney is the name of a new town in Trego county.

—Leslie J. Perry and Thomas S. Krutz are starting an auxiliary publishing house.

JANUARY 8.—J. P. Johnson, of Highland, Doniphan county, says he is the person who ran the first Kansas survey line. That was the 40th parallel line—the line separating Kansas and Nebraska, surveyed in 1854, from the Missouri river to the sixth principal meridian. Associated with Mr. Johnson in making the astronomical calculations for this survey was Capt. Robert E. Lee, then of the United States army, afterwards of the Confederacy. Mr. Johnson has been a resident of Kansas since 1854.

—J. H. Bonebrake gives the Historical Society the seal of the Leecompton Town Company, made in 1859.

—Annual meeting of the Judiciary Society; S. A. Kingman, President; Judge Talcott, Secretary.

JANUARY 9.—German Immigration Convention in Topeka. Edward Fleischer, President; Julius Haug and C. B. Schmidt, Secretaries.

—J. S. Boughton, of Lawrence, publishes the *Kansas Hand Book* for 1878.

—Meeting of the State Board of Agriculture. John Kelly, of Wichita, reelected President; Levi Wilson, Vice President; Wm. Sims, Treasurer.

—A brick found in a Topeka chimney marked "June 8, '56, Sunday. A. & G." It was made by Allen & Gordon at that time—Copeland Gordon.

JANUARY 9.—H. W. Cook, of Wyandotte, dies, at Mt. Pleasant, Iowa. He came to Kansas in 1864; removed to Wyandotte in 1865. He had been two terms in the Legislature; was a candidate for Congress in 1876; age 44.

JANUARY 10.—The Historical Society receives the MS. vocabulary of the Pottawatomie language, made by Robert Simerwell. He came to Kansas in 1833, as a Baptist Missionary to the Indians.

—Marriage of Fred. L. Vandegrift, of the Atchison Patriot, and Nannie Price.

JANUARY 15.—The Central Branch road reaches Concordia.

JANUARY 17.—Death of Jeremiah Clark, a Leavenworth pioneer.

JANUARY 17.—J. B. Moore, of Clay Center, issues a pamphlet devoted to a description of the Republican Valley.

—Ward Burlingame becomes the Washington correspondent of the *Atchison Champion*.

—The drive or driven well is at home in Kansas.

—John E. Rastall is publishing the *Osage Chronicle*.

JANUARY 18.—The *Leavenworth Times* gives an incident in the life of Sheriff P. G. Lowe. He came to Kansas in 1849, from New Hampshire, and was at Fort Riley during the cholera scourge, in 1855, when Major Ogden, Q. M., died. The Post Surgeon fled, and Lowe defended the Government property at the risk of his life, against a mob of panic-stricken and drunken soldiers.

—An atlas map of Leavenworth county issued.

—John C. Carpenter nominated for Revenue Collector, and Henry M. Waters for Receiver, at Independence.

JANUARY 22.—Meeting of the Historical Society. President George A. Crawford presents a picture of Governor Reeder, disguised as an Irishman, as he escaped from Kansas. It was taken in Chicago, and is given to the Society by E. L. Pierce, Boston, author of a life of Chas. Sumner. The Society has 729 books. John A. Martin was elected President, and F. P. Baker Vice President.

JANUARY 23.—The Senate confirmed the following nominations: George R. Peck, United States Attorney, District of Kansas; John C. Carpenter, Collector of Internal Revenue, District of Kansas; H. M. Waters, Receiver of Public Moneys, at Independence; Postmasters—W. H. Keeney, Great Bend, and Ira Harris, Rosedale.

JANUARY 23.—Senator Plumb writes a letter to the President on the subject of the Civil Service.

—The Santa Fé runs a train from Topeka to Pueblo, 568 miles, in sixteen hours and twenty-five minutes.

JANUARY 24.—The Atchison Champion recites the facts of the Senatorial election and count of 1861, with letters of G. A. Colton and D. B. Emmert.

—Trains running from Junction City to Clifton.

JANUARY 25.—The Commonwealth publishes "Reminiscences of Early Kansas," by James Hanway. They relate chiefly to John Brown, John H. Kagi, and James Montgomery.

JANUARY 25.—It is learned that two sections of salt springs land, in Saline county, have been illegally sold.

JANUARY 26.—The Governor of Ohio refuses a requisition for one Geo. I. Hopkins. On the 6th of April there was a second refusal. On the 8th of November the Governor of Kansas refuses a requisition from Ohio. On the 20th of November the Attorney General of Ohio admits that he has made a mistake, and explains it.

JANUARY 27.—A gang of outlaws make a daring attempt to rob a train, at Kinsley, on the Santa Fé.

JANUARY 30.—Failure of the First National Bank, at Kansas City, the Topeka Bank, and the Merchants' National, of Fort Scott.

FEBRUARY 1.—The "L. T. Smith" engine put on the Kansas Central track.

—The Citizens' Bank, North Topeka, closes its doors.

FEBRUARY 6.—F. G. Adams, in the Commonwealth, gives the time served by each Governor and Acting Governor of the Territory and State.

FEBRUARY 9.—Death of Pope Pius IX, at Rome. A Pontifical Mass of requiem was celebrated at the Leavenworth Cathedral February 14, Bishop L. M. Fink officiating, assisted by James H. Defouri, Vicar General, and other clergy.

FEBRUARY 11.—Lecture by J. C. Hebbard before the Historical Society. It touched upon the Rock Creek, Nemaha county, settlement, the "Lane Road" into the Territory, in 1856, and John Brown's last journey out of Kansas. The Rock Island Railroad, in 1886, followed the Lane Trail from Sabetha to Topeka.

FEBRUARY 15.—The Commonwealth says: "The oldest publication, in English, printed west of Missouri, is in the collections of the Kansas State Historical Society. It is the Annual Register of Indian Affairs within the Indian or Western Territory, published by Isaac McCoy, and printed by Jotham Meeker, at the Shawnee Baptist Mission House, Indian Territory, January 1st, 1835. The Baptist Mission was probably three miles from the Methodist Mission, and about six miles west of Kansas City, Mo. It is a publication of 48 pages, pamphlet form. It

was published annually for years, No. 3 being also in the collection of the Society, and printed by J. G. Pratt, at the same place, in 1837. These publications were contributed to the Society by Wm. H. R. Lykins, of Kansas City, formerly of Lawrence, a grandson of Isaac McCoy."

FEBRUARY 16.—Treasurer Francis buys \$140,000 in U. S. bonds, for the permanent school fund.

FEBRUARY 16.—Benj. F. Simpson is nominated for U. S. Marshal.—Floyd P. Baker, of Topeka, and Eugene L. Meyer, of Hutchinson, have been appointed Commissioners to the Paris Exhibition.

FEBRUARY 20.—Twentieth anniversary of the publication of the Atchison Champion, by John A. Martin.

FEBRUARY 22.—Manhattan has a large old settlers' meeting. Judge Pipher, Mayor in '55, presided. Mrs. James Humphrey wrote a reunion song.—At a new settlers' meeting, George C. Wilder presided.

FEBRUARY 26.—George W. Reed buys the Topeka Blade.

MARCH 1.—Scribner's Monthly publishes a sketch, "Concerning a Certain Prodigal," by Henry King. It is the western tramp printer admirably painted.

MARCH 2.—Death of Benj. F. Wade, at Jefferson, Ohio. In the United States Senate he was the brave and constant friend of Kansas.

MARCH 2.—E. P. Bancroft, of Emporia, is reported to have sold \$8,000 worth of Normal School lands, and to have kept the purchase-money.

—The Junction City Union publishes the argument in the case of Martin Mullins, begun in August, 1877, against the Kansas Pacific road.

—J. M. Walden, who started the Quindaro Chindowan, in May, 1857, is at the head of the Methodist Book Concern, at Cincinnati.

MARCH 4.—Governor Anthony addresses letters to Attorney General Davis and Almerin Gillett in regard to suits against E. P. Bancroft.

MARCH 9.—A State Temperance Society organized in Topeka. John A. Anderson, President.

MARCH 9.—Southern Kansas M. E. Conference at Garnett. Appointments of Presiding Elders: Fort Scott District, B. Kelly; Emporia, D. P. Mitchell; Independence, S. E. Pendleton; Wichita, A. H. Walter; Hutchinson, A. Buckner; Larned, J. W. Fox.

MARCH 12.—Grand Encampment, I. O. O. F., meets in Topeka. Samuel Black is elected Grand Patriarch.

MARCH 13.—Kansas Conference, at Salina. Bishop Bowman presiding. Appointments of Presiding Elders: Leavenworth, J. M. Sullivan; Topeka, W. R. Davis; Atchison, C. Holman; Salina, G. S. Dearborn; Beloit, W. J. Mitchell; Kirwin, R. A. Caruthers.

MARCH 15.—A. T. Sharpe and C. E. Faulkner appointed on the State Board of Charities, and Wm. Martindale Director of the Penitentiary.

MARCH 16.—Osage City is declared the county seat of Osage county; the vote of the county was about 9,000.

—The Scientific American commends J. Lee Knight's device for calculating percentage and computing taxes.

MARCH 19.—Peter O. Conver, a printer here in 1855-6, dies in Tionesta, Pa. John Speer says:

"There is a story told of him that he was once setting up an obituary notice where the editor had used the common expression, 'We must drop a tear to the memory of our deceased friend,' and the proprietor changed the expression so as to read 'a tear or two,' on which a question of dispute arose as to good taste, which was referred to Conver. That was too good a joke for him, and he gravely declared that 'or two' was a great improvement; he said, 'nobody but a d-d stingy cuss would think of shedding only one tear!' It was finally referred to F. B. Swift, now foreman of the Lawrence Journal, who concurred with Conver, but added that he thought 'perhaps three,' in parenthesis, would add to the force of the phraseology, and it was accordingly amended to read: 'We must shed a tear or two (or perhaps three) to the memory of our deceased friend.' The truth of history must be preserved."

MARCH 19.—Benj. F. Simpson confirmed as Marshal.

MARCH 20.—Judge Foster, at Atchison, issues an order to the Receiver of the L. L. & G. road, B. S. Henning, to repair the bridge at Lawrence and to run trains to Leavenworth.

—There are 180 papers published in the State.

—Geo. H. Nettleton is the Receiver of the K. C. Ft. S. & G. road.

MARCH 23.—D. R. Anthony's confirmation on being reappointed Postmaster of Leavenworth is celebrated by his friends.

—Albert Griffin, of the Nationalist, has instituted a new Temperance Order, and Pioneer Phalanx, No. 1, is formed at Manhattan.

MARCH 25.—"A Kansan Abroad," by Noble L. Prentis, is published by George W. Martin, Topeka. pp. 234. It contains the letters Mr. Prentis wrote for the Commonwealth while he was in Europe, his Agricultural College lecture, "The World a School," and the lecture on "Pike of Pike's Peak." It is the book of a wise, witty, and warm-hearted man.

—The Kansas Educational Collection is shipped to Paris.

MARCH 26.—Superintendent Lemmon has issued a "Course of Study" for the Normal Institutes. Prof. A. W. Smith, of Lawrence, outlined the subject of Reading; Prof. M. L. Ward, of Manhattan, the English Language; Prof. E. Miller, of Lawrence, English Grammar; Prof. Felter, of Topeka, Industrial Drawing, Penmanship, and Book-keeping; Prof. D. C. Scott, of Atchison, Political Geography; Prof. H. C. Speer, of Junction City, Arithmetic; Chancellor Marvin, of the University, Higher Arithmetic; Prof. P. J. Williams, of Ottawa, United States History; and Prof. Wherrell, of Leavenworth, the subject of Didactics.

—The Kaw land in Morris county appraised.

—Henry Ward Beecher lectures in Topeka.

—The "Rocky Mountain Tourist," issued by Wm. F. White, of the Santa Fé road, contains drawings by Thomas Moran, Joseph Beard, and Henry Worrall.

MARCH 28.—The Commonwealth has a letter from Col. Thomas W. Higginson to the Historical Society.

MARCH 31.—Henry Ward Beecher preaches in Leavenworth.

APRIL 1.—Wm. Martindale appointed Director of the Penitentiary; W. L. Challiss and L. J. Best, Regents of the Agricultural College; A. Beatty and V. P. Wilson, Regents of the University.

APRIL 2.—Large Temperance meetings in various parts of the State, the best-known citizens taking part in them.

—Death, at Topeka, of Col. Edgar W. Dennis, Attorney of the Kansas Pacific Railroad.

—D. W. Wilder buys of the widow of Gen. L. J. Eastin, for the Historical Society, the files of the first Kansas newspaper, the *Leavenworth Herald*.

APRIL 3.—William H. Schofield gives an excursion from Kansas City to Burlington.

—Large sales of land in Ellsworth, Russell and Ellis counties.

—James C. McQuary and O. E. Morse, Commissioners, are selecting school-indemnity lands.

APRIL 4.—Edwin Knowles elected President, C. E. Faulkner Secretary, and A. T. Sharpe Treasurer of the Board of State Charities.

—Strike of Santa Fé Railroad employés.

APRIL 5.—E. B. Reynolds, in Lawrence, says he has been engaged in the Murphy Temperance movement in the State five months, and that he believes 100,000 names have been signed to pledges.

APRIL 5.—Superintendent C. F. Morse informs the Governor that there is a large mob about the Santa Fé depot, at Topeka. Manager W. B. Strong, at Pueblo, says most of the engineers refuse to work. Governor Anthony informs the officers of the principal cities on the line that they must enforce the laws.

APRIL 6.—Governor Anthony asks the Sheriff of Lyon county to muster fifty men as State Militia. The Sheriff replies that he will swear in twenty men as deputies. Governor Anthony calls upon Captain Ziegler, at Independence, and Captain Walkinshaw, at Leavenworth, to have their companies ready to move.

APRIL 7.—Jacob Schaefer, billiardist, arrives in Leavenworth.

—The State has its largest immigration this year.

APRIL 7.—The troops ordered from Leavenworth and Independence; they reach Topeka on the morning of the 8th.

APRIL 8.—Capt. Walkinshaw leaves Topeka at 8:25 with a command of fifty State troops. The Mayor and four county officers wire Gov. Anthony, from Emporia, that they consider the presence of this armed force an insult. A second telegram asks the Governor to recall his armed men.

APRIL 8.—Gov. Anthony issues a proclamation "calling into service a military force" to put down the Santa Fé strike. His action is con-

demned by a public meeting in Emporia. There is a Topeka company on duty in Topeka. Two car-loads of militia arrive in Emporia. A meeting in the Governor's office forms a company, with C. F. Morse as Captain; he is the General Superintendent of the Santa Fé.

—B. F. Simpson sworn in as U. S. Marshal; John H. Smith and Spencer P. Wade, Deputies.

APRIL 9.—Rev. O. J. Shannon accidentally shot and killed, at Emporia, by a militiaman.

—“Morse's Guards” drill in the halls of the State House.

—The Governor orders Walkinshaw to withdraw his men. Supt. Morse wires the Governor that he has taken the responsibility of moving Capt. Walkinshaw's company to Reading.

APRIL 13.—Gold sells in Wall street for \$1.00 $\frac{1}{4}$, the lowest price since the premium began, seventeen years ago. Banks begin paying out gold for paper.

—The Government depots at Fort Harker to be removed to Fort Leavenworth.

—President Hayes appoints F. P. Baker as the Kansas Commissioner to the Paris Exposition, Alfred Gray having declined.

—Destructive wind and rain storm in the Cottonwood Valley; four lives lost.

APRIL 15.—Death in Topeka of Rev. C. S. Martindale, agent of the Bible Society.

—E. A. Smith says that the first paper published in Fort Scott appeared in August, 1855, was called the Southern Kansan, and was Pro-Slavery.

—Supt. Lemmon has a “Historical Sketch of the State School System of Kansas” in the last volume of Messages and Documents published by the National Bureau of Education, in Washington.

—Lippincott's Magazine for May contains an article by Henry King, “A Mountain Holiday.” It treats of the Editorial Excursion to Colorado.

—V. J. Lane, of the Wyandotte Herald, gives the Historical Society the registry of voters in Quindaro, in 1859.

—T. C. Henry, of Abilene, has 2,000 acres of wheat.

APRIL 25.—Southern Colorado railroad war between the Santa Fé and the Denver & Rio Grande.

—The Atchison Champion publishes an article by Wm. A. Phillips, on the manufacturing resources of the State.

APRIL 26.—Death of George Grant, at Victoria Villa, near Hays City. He bought 42,000 acres of land of the Kansas Pacific Company, in 1873; he had large herds of cattle and sheep; age 64.

—A. Whitcomb, of Lawrence, gives the Historical Society many specimens of Herald of Freedom job printing, in early days, among them thirty-seven certificates of stock in town and city companies.

APRIL 27.—Fritz Meyers, a horse thief, lynched at Belleville.

—W. F. Boyakin writes a history of Marshall county for the Marysville News.

APRIL 30.—The St. Joseph Herald comes out for John A. Martin for Governor.

MAY.—This year is distinctively marked in this State as the beginning of the great Francis Murphy temperance movement. The people heard this gospel gladly, and the lawyers and politicians went with the crowd. So Kansas conquers ruffianism, rebellion, and rum—having begun on "roughness," or *aspera*—accent on the first syllable.

This is the Murphy pledge:

"With malice toward none, with charity for all, I, the undersigned, do pledge my word and honor, God helping me, to abstain from all intoxicating liquors as a beverage, and that I will, by all honorable means, encourage others to abstain."

The badges worn by the signers are red or blue ribbons.

MAY 1.—M. Winson and Jas. Scarbrough write a history of Jewell county.

—Thos. Ryan is selected by the Speaker as a member of the Committee to Revise the Laws of the United States.

MAY 3.—Contracts let, at Pueblo, for the extension of the Santa Fé road from La Junta, to Clifton, New Mexico.

—Sol. Miller, of the Troy Chief, Frank A. Root, of the North Topeka Times, Jacob Stotler, of the Emporia News, and M. M. Murdock, of the Wichita Eagle, have all been in Kansas more than twenty-one years.

MAY 8.—The State Dental Association, at Lawrence, elected the following officers: President, J. R. Boyd, Leavenworth; Vice President, A. M. Callahan, Topeka; Second Vice President, A. Doud, Olathe; Secretary, W. H. Shulze, Atchison; Treasurer, L. C. Wasson, Ottawa; Member of the Board of Censors, J. D. Patterson, Lawrence.

MAY 8.—State Medical Association, at Topeka. Officers elected: C. C. Furley, President; J. H. Stuart and J. M. Linley, Vice Presidents; J. D. Morse, Secretary; W. B. Gibson, Assistant Secretary; W. W. Cochran, Treasurer; D. C. Jones, G. R. Baldwin, Tiffin Sinks, H. P. Woodward and G. W. Haldeman, Censors.

MAY 11.—The Commonwealth publishes a sketch of the sacking of Lawrence, May 21, 1856.

—The K. P. branch road from Kit Carson to La Junta is sold, and will be abandoned.

MAY 14.—Contracts let for extending the Central Branch from Concordia to Beloit.

—Marriage of F. H. Roberts and Emma L. Wilkins.

—Wm. B. Hutchison, of the Wichita Herald, tells how he arrived in Kansas. He came ashore at Leavenworth, February 22, 1857, with Judge Crozier, Archie Sevier, and a printing office. The "address of welcome"

was delivered by a man in a red shirt, who said: "There go the d—d scoundrels that are going to start that d—d Abolition sheet."

—Rev. Jas. D. Liggett leaves Hiawatha for Detroit, Michigan.

MAY 15.—State Temperance Convention at Olathe. The meeting voted not to mingle in politics. A permanent association was formed, to be known as the Kansas Temperance Union. J. P. St. John was elected President, and W. H. Harris Secretary.

—Second session of the Colored State Sunday School Convention, at Atchison. Officers elected: Rev. B. F. Watson, President and General Superintendent; Mrs. B. F. Bates, First Vice President; Rev. J. A. Fouche, Second Vice President; Mrs. Josephine Hubbard, Secretary; Miss Sarah R. Scott, Assistant Secretary; Rev. Jordan Allen, Treasurer; George L. Fouche, reporter to the Champion and the Christian Recorder; Mr. Charles Pierson, Marshal.

MAY 16.—The Leavenworth Home for the Friendless is ten years old.

—Election in Topeka of the Santa Fé Directors. D. L. Lakin declines a reëlection. Thomas Nickerson is elected President, Wm. B. Strong, Manager, and E. Wilder, Secretary and Treasurer.

MAY 17.—Meeting of Veteran Soldiers in Leavenworth.

MAY 18.—The Junction City Union publishes sketches of the early life in Kansas of S. S. Prouty and George W. Martin.

—John A. Anderson and Henry Inman labor to get the Kansas creeping vine, the ampelopsis, on the walls of our churches.

MAY 19.—J. C. Hebbard writes for the Commonwealth a sketch of John Brown's compatriot, Aaron Dwight Stevens. He was born in Lisbon, Conn., served in the Mexican War, and was hanged in Virginia, in the spring of 1860.

—Barbed-wire fence is stretching through the State.

—A colony of colored people, from Tennessee, settles in Morris county.

MAY 21.—Dudley C. Haskell writes for the Atchison Champion on the resources of southwestern Kansas.

—Clifford C. Baker and Wirt W. Walton have a joint birthday celebration.

MAY 21.—Seventh Annual Meeting of the State Grand Lodge of Knights of Pythias, in Leavenworth. Grand officers present: Frank H. Betton, P. G. C.; John W. Wheeler, Grand Chancellor; H. M. Fraizer, Grand Vice Chancellor; Al. Leck, Grand Prelate; G. J. Neubert, Grand Keeper of Records and Seal; George Sinck, Grand Master of Exchequer; T. A. Cullinan, G. M. at A.; E. Chapin, G. O. G.; William Priestly, G. J. G.

MAY 23.—Formation of the Marais des Cygnes Memorial Association. James D. Snoddy is the first of the eleven Trustees.

MAY 26.—The Commonwealth prints an account of the battle of Hickory Point, Jefferson county, Sept. 14, 1856, and a copy of the pardon issued by Gov. Geary, March 2, 1857, to Milton Kinzler, a Free-

State soldier imprisoned at Lecompton for his patriotism. The printed blank for the pardon was the work of Printer P. B. Plumb; it is now in the Historical Society rooms.

—The Barber County Mail is published at Medicine Lodge, by M. J. Cochran.

—Kansas State officers are wined in Texas.

MAY 30.—James E. Watson, Treasurer of Douglas county, is reported a defaulter, in \$20,000. Robert Morrow is appointed to succeed him.

—There are fifteen houses in Kingman City, a paper (the Mercury), and 1,500 people in the county.

—S. M. Wood is elected President, W. L. Challiss Vice President, and John A. Anderson Secretary, of the Agricultural College Board.

—T. Dwight Thacher is said to be writing a history of Kansas, and the St. Joseph Herald says: "The facts for such a history are now collected in books, newspapers, the collection of the Historical Society, and in the county histories. What is needed is the telling of the story by a skillful and just writer. The books of Hale, Mrs. Robinson and Col. Phillips were good in their day. The Geary and Brewerton books have some value, but not very much. The Boynton and Mrs. Ropes books are well written, and have left pictures worthy of permanent preservation. The Gladstone book is also admirably done, and has pages of perennial interest. Richardson's sketches have very little value; he was a sensational man without genius, who wrote for pay; was painfully penurious, and had no conscience in appropriating the thoughts of others. The character sketches of Ingalls are masterpieces; no man has ever lived in Kansas who is his equal as a literary man. Sanborn's John Brown book and Atlantic sketches leave nothing wanting on the real hero of the State. The so-called books of the alleged historians Holloway and Tuttle are the work of strangers who knew nothing of Kansas, and had no power of describing either men or events. The history of the State or people is always written by the conqueror. Had Rives Pollard or Gen. Eastin lived, their Pro-Slavery narratives would not have been accepted as history. Thacher not only belonged to the triumphant party, but he was placed there morally and by his conscience. Jim Lane was a Democrat until that party began to lose. The history will be written by a man like Thacher, and he can do the work if he will and gain lasting honor. We hope he will regard it as his religious duty. If he looks over the field and sees how the old ranks have been thinned out by death, he will feel that this work is left for him to do."

MAY 31.—John S. Gilmore gives the Historical Society a complete file of his Wilson County Citizen. W. P. Campbell gives the Waterville Telegraph.

JUNE 1.—The Commonwealth publishes a letter of Wm. A. Phillips to J. C. Hebbard on Stevens, Brown, Cook, Kagi and Redpath, with the particulars of Kagi's death; he was a Virginian.

—M. D. Sampson, Assistant Commissioner, sails for England.

JUNE 2.—Henry Inman writes, for the Commonwealth, "A Legend of Pawnee Rock." He says the first train over the Plains to New Mexico left Boonville, Missouri, in 1823.

JUNE 3.—The remains of 190 soldiers, from Fort Harker, interred in the National Cemetery, at Fort Leavenworth.

—H. P. Dow, of Manhattan, is Deputy Revenue Collector.

JUNE 4.—Chas. W. Blair delivers the annual address at the University. Frank T. Ingalls gives the baccalaureate sermon. Gov. Robinson unveiled the bust of Amos Lawrence.

JUNE 5.—Annual Episcopal Convention at Emporia. J. W. Farnsworth was reelected Treasurer, D. W. Coxe was reelected Registrar, and the following persons were elected members of the Standing Committee: A. Beatty, Rev. Charles Reynolds, H. H. Loring, Paul Ziegler, John A. Halderman, A. G. Otis, J. W. Farnsworth, and F. E. Stimpson. An Executive Missionary Committee, and a Board of Visitors and Examiners of Bethany College, were also elected.

—E. G. Ross says he and John E. Rastall left Milwaukee, June 20, 1856, and drove an ox team 700 miles, reaching Topeka August 10th. Went to work on the Kansas Tribune with his brother, W. W. Ross.

—Jay Gould now controls the Kansas Pacific.

—The Collegiate gives a sketch of the graduates of the University.

JUNE 5.—Insurance report of Superintendent Welch. The names of the local agents are published. The Alliance Mutual Life, Leavenworth, ceased business, in February, 1877. The Missouri Valley Life, Leavenworth, has made up its deficiency of \$61,670.13, but is "not making any effort to procure new business."

JUNE 6.—Meeting of the Kansas Academy of Science, in Kansas City. Addresses by Robert T. Van Horn, F. H. Snow, and B. F. Mudge. At the conclusion of Prof. Mudge's remarks, F. G. Adams, Secretary of the Kansas State Historical Society, spoke of the fact that so far as yet discovered the Missouri mounds are on the western confines of structures of this character. It had been supposed that no such mounds existed on the Kansas side of the Missouri river. He had, however, recently discovered in an old book in the Kansas historical collections an account of some mounds in Kansas. The book is, McCoy's History of Baptist Indian Missions, published in 1840. Fifty years ago Rev. Isaac McCoy was employed by the United States Government to select the locations of the most of the emigrant Indian tribes, till recently living in Kansas—the Pottawatomies, Wyandottes, Ottawas, etc.—and to survey the boundary lines of their reservations. In 1830 he surveyed the lines of the Delaware reservation, starting out from Fort Leavenworth as the initial point of survey. Of his observations while making that survey, he gives an account in the book referred to.

JUNE 7.—The Lawrence Standard publishes a life of the late General John Fraser.

JUNE 7.—Universalist Convention, at Concordia. Abijah Wells, President; Mrs. A. C. Pierce, Treasurer; S. W. Pierce, Secretary.

JUNE 7.—The number of pupils at the Blind Asylum is 45. Officers: Geo. H. Miller, Superintendent; Mrs. Julia A. Miller, Matron; Miss May Miller, Teacher; Miss M. A. Lilly, Teacher; Miss E. L. Houser, Teacher; Prof. Jacob Mays, Music Teacher; S. S. Moore, Master of Handicraft; Fred. Speck, M. D., Physician.

—The State Board of Charities consists of: Edwin Knowles, Sabetha; J. L. Wever, Leavenworth; Thomas T. Taylor, Hutchinson; Charles E. Faulkner, Salina; Amasa T. Sharpe, Ottawa. Officers: E. Knowles, President; A. T. Sharpe, Treasurer; C. E. Faulkner, Secretary.

JUNE 8.—F. P. Baker, at Paris, has been assigned to report on Forestry.

JUNE 10.—The Atchison Champion publishes ten columns on early Kansas editors, the facts originally collected by R. B. Taylor, and now prepared by F. G. Adams. The following is a list of Mr. Taylor's correspondents: William Austin, D. R. Anthony, George T. Anthony, F. G. Adams, Lawrence D. Bailey, J. D. Bryan, F. P. Baker, Nat. G. Barter, E. P. Bancroft, J. S. Boughton, A. D. Brown, C. G. Bridges, J. E. Clardy, A. S. Corey, John P. Cone, D. D. Cone, M. W. Delahay, D. B. Emmert, John H. Edwards, Lucien J. Eastin, L. R. Elliott, Philetus Fales, C. A. Faris, W. F. Goble, O. H. Gregg, Charles W. Goodin, James Humphrey, B. J. F. Hauna, Richard J. Hinton, J. W. Horner, James Hanway, Oscar Haeberlein, W. H. Johnson, H. W. Kastor, John H. Kitts, M. M. Lewis, W. E. C. Lyons, M. W. Coulter, John A. Martin, John MacReynolds, E. C. Manning, George W. McLane, S. D. Macdonald, George W. Martin, S. E. McKee, A. W. Moore, M. M. Murdock, S. G. Mead, Sol. Miller, P. B. Plumb, R. D. Parker, Josiah Pillsbury, George F. Prescott, S. S. Prouty, Frank A. Root, James Redpath, M. W. Reynolds, Adrian Reynolds, J. W. Roberts, John H. Scott, H. B. Stebbins, A. Sellers, John Speer, R. B. Taylor, H. W. Talcott, James F. Tallman, T. D. Thacher, D. W. Wilder, L. Weil, S. Weaver, B. R. Wilson.

JUNE 11.—Editorial Convention in Atchison. John A. Martin, President; E. A. Wasser, of the Girard Press, Secretary. Speeches by A. H. Horton, Jacob Stotler, John A. Anderson, Geo. A. Crawford, R. T. Van Horn, and T. Dwight Thacher. Henry King is elected President; H. Clay Park, Secretary; Albert Griffin, Treasurer; and T. Dwight Thacher, Orator. There is an excursion to Put-in Bay.

JUNE 11.—The State Baptist Association meets at Ottawa.

JUNE 12.—Chas. S. Glead, of the Lawrence Journal, retires from the Collegiate, and is succeeded by W. H. Carruth.

JUNE 13.—Alonzo F. Callahan, of Leavenworth, gives the Historical Society letters written by Henry Clay and Henry A. Wise.

JUNE 13.—A portion of the State Editors go to Concordia, and are entertained there. They return thanks to Maj. W. F. Downs.

—The Troy Chief is twenty-one years old. Editor Miller gives four columns to a history of the Doniphan county editors and papers.

—The Champion publishes an article by Thomas Ryan, on the manufacturing resources of the State.

—There are 152 Congregational churches in the State. The twenty-fourth annual meeting, in Lawrence, was addressed by F. T. Ingalls, C. B. Lines, Harvey Jones, W. C. McCune, J. C. Bodwell, S. G. Wright, and S. P. Dunlap.

JUNE 14.—Death of Moses R. Grinter, at Wyandotte; he came there in 1829.

JUNE 15.—St. Benedict's College, Atchison, incorporated; Innocent Wolfe, Boniface F. Verhegan, and Timothy M. Lubber, Directors.

JUNE 19.—Commencement at Lane University, at Leecompton.

—J. Jay Buck delivers the annual address at Bethany College.

JUNE 20.—Ingalls and Ryan telegraph that Congress has voted \$40,000 for a public building at Topeka.

JUNE 22.—The Commonwealth contains an important historical article on the Mexican war, and one on Geo. L. Stearns, of Medford, Mass. Gen. S. W. Kearny, with the advance of the "Army of the West," left Fort Leavenworth for New Mexico, June 26, 1846. Col. A. W. Doniphan's regiment was in the advance; Col. Sterling Price's was a few weeks later. George L. and his wife, Mary E. Stearns, in 1856, raised and sent to Kansas over \$80,000 in money and supplies. Mrs. Stearns and Senator Ingalls have been in correspondence relative to a statue of John Brown, to be placed, by Kansas, in the National Capitol.

JUNE 24.—State Teachers' Association, at Atchison. Address of welcome by John Seaton. Annual address by A. B. Lemmon.

—The Solomon Valley branch of the Kansas Pacific reaches Minneapolis.

—Gen. Pope announces that Fort Larned is to be discontinued.

—Mr. Schaeffer, of Montgomery county, Iowa, says he has found a new Garden of Eden, in Decatur county. He will take a colony there.

—John G. Haskell is appointed Superintendent of the United States building at Topeka.

—Chancellor Marvin, Edwin Philbrook, H. C. Speer, R. C. Story and Wm. Wheeler elected Directors of the Teachers' Association; James Marvin, President; B. T. Davis, Secretary; P. McVicar, Treasurer.

JUNE 30.—Secretary Cavanaugh's report gives the vote for Secretary of State in 1876, 122,316; in 1878, 138,443; increase, 17,336; decrease, in counties named, 1,288; population, counting $5\frac{1}{2}$ persons to each voter, 761,436.

—Librarian Dickinson reports 14,574 books in the State Library.

—The report of Fish Commissioner Long shows that an attempt has been made to bring new fish to our waters. John T. Morton says he has caught cruppy and black bass in the Wakarusa. The cruppy, he says,

used to be called the "Campbellite," because it came to Ohio about the time that Alexander Campbell made his reputation.

JUNE 30.—The officers of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum are: Superintendent, Theo. C. Bowles; Teachers, Linnaeus Roberts, George L. Wyckoff, Richard T. Thompson, Jennie Burris, Mary E. Thompson; Edward Winthrop Bowles, Foreman of Printing; Charles H. Hyer, Foreman of Shoemaking; Tillie Sarchet, Teacher of Sewing; Mary Emma Bowles, Matron; Frank R. Lanter, Clerk; C. G. McKinley, Physician; Amni A. Brown, Engineer. Pupils, in nineteen months, 109.

JUNE 30.—Officers Kansas Insane Asylum: A. P. Tenney, M. D., Superintendent; C. A. Hayes, Assistant Superintendent; Reuben Smith, Steward; Mrs. E. J. Boone, Matron. Number of patients, 230. Expended on the Topeka Asylum, \$61,680.15.

JUNE 30.—Auditor Bonebrake's Report shows that the receipts for the fiscal year were \$1,585,721.99, including the balance of \$379,046.69; expenses, \$1,272,910.92; now in the Treasury, \$312,811.07.

Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, the amounts drawn, and undrawn:

<i>For what purpose.</i>	<i>Amount of appropriations.</i>	<i>Amounts drawn.</i>	<i>Balances undrawn.</i>
Legislative expenses, balance from 1877.....	\$2,275 25	\$34 00	\$2,241 25
Miscellaneous items, from 1877.....	1,000 90	400 00	600 90
State Historical Society, from 1877.....	1,842 45	1,842 45	.....
State Normal School, Emporia, from 1877.....	370 00	240 60	129 40
Maintenance destitute insane, from 1877.....	6,253 06	6,227 98	25 08
Revising Commission, from 1877.....	4,100 00	4,100 00	.....
State Horticultural Society.....	1,250 00	1,250 00	.....
Rent of armory at Leavenworth.....	60 00	60 00	.....
Executive Department.....	8,850 00	8,517 92	332 08
Secretary of State's Department.....	12,800 00	12,531 30	268 70
Auditor of State's Department.....	6,900 00	6,142 30	757 70
Treasurer of State's Department.....	7,300 00	6,884 43	415 57
Attorney General's Department.....	2,300 00	2,156 25	143 75
Superintendent Public Instruction's Dept.....	3,900 00	3,898 75	1 25
Librarian's Department.....	2,600 00	2,600 00	.....
Supreme Court Department.....	11,200 00	11,200 00	.....
District Judges.....	37,500 00	37,500 00	.....
Insurance Department.....	5,300 00	5,300 00	.....
State Printing.....	18,200 00	18,199 78	22
State University.....	29,850 00	29,747 86	102 14
State Agricultural College.....	7,774 46	7,774 46	.....
State Board of Agriculture.....	7,800 00	7,800 00	.....
Insane Asylum at Osawatimie.....	65,485 00	60,206 94	5,278 06
Insane Asylum building, Topeka.....	61,680 15	61,680 15	.....
State Penitentiary.....	102,345 00	100,673 09	1,671 91
Blind Asylum.....	10,435 00	10,170 17	264 83
Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	16,150 00	15,820 74	329 26
Conveying prisoners to penitentiary.....	5,000 00	4,996 45	3 55
Regents and trustees, and directors penitentiary,	6,400 00	3,974 00	2,426 00
State armory building.....	2,000 00	2,000 00	.....
Commissioner of Fisheries.....	500 00	330 55	169 45
Normal institutes.....	3,000 00	2,850 00	150 00
Agricultural College tax fund.....	3,399 48	3,399 48	.....
State Agent at Washington, D. C.....	207 33	207 33	.....
Total.....	\$456,028 08	\$440,716 98	\$15,311 10

The total valuation of all property in the State is \$138,698,810.98. Average assessment of land, \$3.98 an acre. Valuation of railroads, \$15,525,023.92. Miles of railroad, 2,302.70. State debt, \$1,181,975; of

this the sinking fund owns \$94,275, and the school funds \$713,700. The Report gives a detailed list of the debts owed by all municipalities in the State, \$13,473,197.51.

JULY 2.—Second edition of "A Kansan Abroad."

—Washburn College adds to its library the Colonial Records of New England.

—J. Schaefer, a Leavenworth boy, is a champion billiardist.

—Blanche K. Bruce, colored Senator from Mississippi, lived in Lawrence in 1862 and '63.

JULY 3.—Greenback State Convention, at Emporia. The Convention was called to order by U. F. Sargent, Chairman of the State Central Committee. On motion, M. E. Hudson, of Bourbon county, was elected Temporary Chairman. On motion, T. D. Maher, U. F. Sargent, B. Armstrong, were elected Temporary Secretaries.

Committee on Credentials: First Congressional District, L. P. Hamilton; Second Congressional District, E. H. Snow, of Franklin; Third Congressional District, Whitelsy, of Lyon.

Committee on Permanent Organization: S. H. Downs, T. Piggett, J. R. Dailey, A. G. Wolcott.

Committee on Resolutions: U. F. Sargent of Wyandotte, J. W. Campbell of Montgomery, T. P. Leach of Neosho, H. L. Forrest of Anderson, B. O'Driscoll of Doniphan, G. Exline of Russell, A. Taylor of Johnson, S. H. Downs of Shawnee, Charles Sears of Franklin, R. C. Bates of Marion, B. D. Saunderson of Crawford, J. B. Britton of Bourbon, F. W. Potter of Coffey, T. H. Briggs of Labette, J. E. Dunlap of Greenwood, J. H. Martin of Miami, L. D. Bailey of Douglas, J. S. Payne of Lyon, G. W. Miller of Osage.

Permanent Organization: P. B. Maxson, of Emporia, Chairman; Alfred Taylor, of Johnson county, Vice President; D. T. Maher, of Franklin county, Secretary; J. F. Rhoades, of Wyandotte, Assistant Secretary.

The following resolutions were adopted:

"Whereas, The Republican and Democratic parties have squandered the public money, impoverished the country, and neglected national legislation for the purpose of investigating their own corruption and perpetuating their power and party organizations, destroying industry, paralyzing trade, inflicting on the poor and industrial classes bankruptcy, suffering, and crime; who have shrunk agricultural and mechanical values by the contraction of the currency; who have changed a non-interest into an interest-bearing debt; who have increased their own salaries, incomes and purchasing power of money; and

"Whereas, The administration of National, State, county and city governments have become so extravagant, expensive and corrupt as to destroy the profits and value of frugal industry: therefore,

"Resolved, That we heartily indorse the union between the Greenback party and Labor organizations, and we cordially invite all patriotic citizens of this State to abandon all old parties, and unite with us in the National Greenback-Labor party—the party of the people—to deliver this country from slavery to money and corporate despotism, revive industry, restore prosperity, reward labor, remove the burdens of excessive taxation, inaugurate a system of American absolute money, and secure to the

people and their posterity the blessing of free government. We proclaim the following platform of principles:

"1. That money is a creation of law, a convenience of trade and commerce, and it is the duty of the Government to provide all the money needed by the people—a full legal-tender paper money, based on the power, perpetuity and credit of the Government, needing no other redemption than that it be received by the Government in full payment for all debts and taxes, including duties on imports.

"2. That all the expenses and debts of the Government, including the bonds, should be discharged in greenbacks, made a full legal tender, and the Government, National and State, by constitutional provisions, should be forever prohibited from issuing interest-bearing bonds.

"3. That as usury is the means whereby accumulated capital robs industry, it should be prohibited by law, and the Government should issue money directly to the people without the intervention of banking corporations.

"4. That the claims of humanity should be considered first, and the claims of mere property second; that labor is the active and productive capital of the country, and should be protected and fostered rather than idle money.

"5. That we emphatically condemn the unfair discrimination made between the wages paid to laboring men and the fees and salaries of office-holders and professional men.

"6. That we are opposed to selling the homes of the people, or dooming them to perpetual serfdom, for the purpose of securing the payment of fraudulent municipal bonds.

"7. That we demand the enactment of such laws as will permit a reasonable time for the redemption of property sold under execution.

"8. That each sex shall receive equal pay for equal work.

"9. That an income tax be established on all incomes exceeding one thousand dollars per year.

"10. That, as all property is equally protected by the Government, therefore, each class of property (including Government bonds) should bear its just portion of tax.

"11. That we demand the unconditional repeal of the specie-resumption act and the National-Banking law, and that the currency be increased instead of contracted.

"12. That we demand the improvement of the navigable rivers of the United States, and that the General Government shall control all channels of domestic commerce, and prevent the robbery of the people by transportation companies and corporations.

"13. That we are opposed to granting our public lands to corporations, and any further subsidies of money or public credit.

"14. That equivalent for equivalent is the natural law of exchange, and we are equally hostile to any form of Communism which seeks to appropriate the wealth of others without giving an equivalent, whether it be at once, and with violence, or gradually at the rate of ten to twenty per cent. a year—both modes are violations of natural and moral law, and should be abolished."

The following resolution was introduced, and adopted by the convention:

"*Resolved*, That the present movement in favor of temperance in this State has been productive of great good, and meets with our unqualified approval."

The following nominations were then made: For Governor, D. P. Mitchell, of Lyon county; Lieutenant Governor, Alfred Taylor, of Johnson; Secretary of State, T. P. Leach, of Neosho; State Auditor, A. B. Cornell, of Russell; State Treasurer, A. G. Wolcott, of Wyandotte; Attorney General, Frank Doster, of Marion; State Superintendent of Public Instruction, I. T. Foot, of Linn; Chief Justice of Supreme Court, H. V. Vrooman, of Greenwood. Motion prevailed that the Central Committee consist of fifteen persons, five from each Congressional district, to be selected by the delegates from the respective districts. The following-named gentlemen were selected: First District, J. N. Limbocker, Mau-

hattan; W. D. Rippey, Severance, Doniphan county; L. P. Hamilton, Beattie, Marshall county; John Dodge, Windsor, Ellsworth county; J. N. Willis, Oskaloosa, Jefferson county. Second District: U. F. Sargent, Wyandotte; E. R. Ridgely, Girard, Crawford county; J. W. Campbell, of Montgomery county; F. H. Briggs, Parsons, Labette county; E. H. Snow, Ottawa, Franklin county. Third District: P. B. Maxson, Emporia; John Ritchie, Topeka; Dr. John Miller, Lyndon, Osage county; William Jeffries, Elmdale, Chase county; M. H. Harkin, Empire, McPherson county.

JULY 6.—The Historical Society has bought and received the Kansas historical collection, made by Dr. Thomas H. Webb, Secretary of the New England Emigrant Aid Society.

—The Baker University Faculty consists of: Rev. J. Denison, President, and Professor of Mental and Moral Science and Political Economy; Rev. S. S. Weatherby, A. M., Professor of Ancient Languages; Charles A. Weaver, B. S., Professor of Natural Science and Mathematics; Miss Mary M. Hammond, Preceptress, and Professor of English Literature; W. L. Frende, Professor of Commercial Science; Rev. A. V. Stout, Teacher of German; Miss Emma L. Dennis, Teacher of Instrumental Music; L. B. Kefer, Teacher of Vocal Music and Telegraphy.

JULY 9.—A. D. Searl, of Lawrence, gives to the Historical Society an early map of Lawrence. A later one has portraits of Amos A. Lawrence, Jas. H. Lane, Wesley H. Duncan, C. W. Babcock, Frank B. Swift, George W. Smith, John Speer, and Alonzo Fuller.

JULY 10.—The steamer Grand Lake No. 2, with her tow of barges and 90,000 bushels of Kansas wheat, arrives in St. Louis, from Kansas City.

—G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York, publish a work by Prof. F. W. Bardwell, of the University, entitled "An Essay on Methods of Arithmetical Instruction."

JULY 10.—Convention of the National Greenback-Labor party of the Second Congressional District, at Fort Scott. D. G. Campbell, of Johnson county, was elected Temporary Chairman, and J. H. York, of Bourbon county, Temporary Secretary. *Committee on Credentials:* I. F. Coe of Linn, Jasper Robinson of Franklin, Wm. Simpson of Bourbon, Frank Sanford of Wyandotte, Dr. A. H. Arter of Montgomery. *Committee on Resolutions:* J. W. Stroud of Bourbon, H. Bronson of Linn, J. F. Rhoades of Wyandotte, J. M. Barnes of Neosho, Wm. Brady of Johnson, E. R. Ridgely of Crawford, H. L. Forrest of Anderson. Committee on Permanent Organization reported: U. B. Pearsoll, Chairman; J. F. Rhoades, Secretary; I. E. Coe, Assistant Secretary.

The platform of the Emporia Convention of July 3 was adopted.

On motion by Franklin Sanford, it was determined to indicate the candidates before the Convention by informal ballot. The following was the result of the informal ballot: P. P. Elder 27 votes. U. F. Sargent 12½, A. M. York 9, Alfred Taylor 7, Henry Bronson, 6, H. C.

Clay 6, E. R. Ridgely 4, J. L. Burris 3, John R. Goodin 1½, G. H. Brady 1. The names of all candidates except P. P. Elder were, after some discussion, withdrawn.

The formal ballot resulted in seventy-two votes for P. P. Elder, of Franklin county.

Members of the Central Committee: John T. Little, Chairman, Johnson county; Frank Sanford, Wyandotte county; E. R. Ridgely, Crawford county; J. L. Scott, Montgomery county; H. L. Forrest, Anderson county.

JULY 11.—Ward Burlingame is editing the Atchison Champion.

JULY 12.—F. P. Baker writes from Paris that Emile H. Chevalier has written a novel founded upon the life of John Brown. Thomas H. Bartlett, the artist, residing in France, writes to F. G. Adams: "John Brown is remembered in America, but here, with intelligent Frenchmen, he is thought a god."

JULY 15.—Governor Anthony writes to Attorney General Davis that the State Board of Charities have "misappropriated to their own use" public money, and, if they are liable, to bring suit against them. The amount alleged is \$3,767.21.

—E. C. Manning's building, at Winfield, is to have another story, and to tower on high as "the only three-story building in southern Kansas, except the Occidental Hotel, at Wichita."

JULY 16.—The Labette County Historical Society organized; Nelson Case, President; J. S. Waters, Secretary. Papers on county history are written, and published in the county papers. Mr. Case is President eight years.

JULY 17.—The Commonwealth speaks of Horace L. Dunlap's account, in the Valley Falls New Era, of Harvey's expedition, in 1856, and publishes letters of E. B. Whitman and Edward E. Hale relative to the flag captured at Slough Creek, Sept. 11, 1856. Mr. Hale will give it to the Historical Society.

JULY 18.—A State Shooting Club organized at Topeka, with Willis Kessler, of Salina, President.

JULY 19.—Two members of the State Board reply to Governor Anthony, that no money has been misappropriated.

JULY 20.—In the Webb collection is the John Calhoun candle-box, bearing this inscription:

"This box was first buried under a wood-pile adjoining the Surveyor General (Calhoun's) office, Leocompton, February 2d, 1858. It contained the returns of the election of December 21, 1857, for the Leocompton Constitution, also the result of the election of January 4, 1858, under said Constitution, (and fully identified,) as sworn to by General Samuel Walker, Sheriff of Douglas county; by Governor Denver, G. W. Deitzler, Speaker of the House of Representatives, and C. W. Babcock, President of the Council of the Territorial Legislature of Kansas. This discovery is but one of the many important objects gained through the exertions of the Board of Commissioners for the investigation of election frauds. The Board consisted of Messrs. H. J. Adams, J. B. Abbott, Thomas Ewing jr., D. Pickering, and H. T. Green. Information had been received that the returns were under a wood-pile, instead of having been sent to John Calhoun by a

messenger from Platte county, Missouri, as testified to under oath, on the 30th of January, by Gen. L. A. Maclean, Chief Clerk in the Surveyor General's office. The Board applied to J. Miller, Judge of Probate, who instructed Sheriff Walker to obtain the necessary assistance and search for said returns. Having obtained the assistance of George Foote, Lewis N. Tappan, Levi Gates, A. Gunther, S. Hansecomb, J. R. White, J. S. Stoner, R. Hutchins, J. Shepherd, S. Gerrold, W. J. King, J. B. Haines and — Webster, they proceeded from Lawrence to Lecompton, where they arrived at 12 o'clock M., and prepared this box and contents as above stated."

JULY 21.—The Champion copies from Wilkes's Spirit an article on "Prairie Chickens in Kansas," by Joseph G. Pangborn, the journalist and railroad man. He writes other articles on Kansas game.

JULY 27.—Chas. G. Scrafford writes from St. Louis that he will return to Topeka and answer all charges against him.

—Henry Worrall makes a picture of Topeka for a geography.

JULY 30.—C. G. Scrafford surrenders to Sheriff Disbrow; is released on bond given by John Hornbeck, Chas. Palmer, Richard Johnson, Abijah Wells, D. B. McKay, John P. Cone, H. C. Settle, and Sol. Miller.

—The steamer "Aunt Sally" has completed her trip from Arkansas City to Little Rock.

AUGUST 2.—The Mastin Bank, at Kansas City, Mo., suspends.

—G. A. Huron says he composed "And we'll hang Jeff. Davis on a sour apple tree," in the Shenandoah Valley, in 1862. It was printed in Boston, in 1861.

AUGUST 4.—The Historical Society has received from the widow of Wm. A. Heiskell, of Paola, the original agreement for an exchange of prisoners, made after the battle of Black Jack, June 2, 1856, by John Brown, Samuel T. Shore, H. C. Pate, and W. B. Brockett. Published in the Commonwealth.

—The 19th volume of Supreme Court Reports is out; it is the fourteenth issued by Wm. C. Webb.

AUGUST 5.—The Topeka National Bank closes.

AUGUST 7.—The Holton Signal publishes a statistical article on the Pottawatomie Indians, the Reserve, and the School.

AUGUST 7.—Republican Congressional Convention, Second District, at Garnett.

The Convention was called to order by W. H. Clark, Secretary of the Congressional Central Committee.

On motion of W. J. Buchan, Hon. S. S. Benedict, of Wilson county, was elected Temporary Chairman, and Wm. Albright, of Wyandotte, Temporary Secretary.

Mr. Waters moved that a committee of five be appointed as a Committee on Credentials. Carried.

The chair appointed as such committee, B. J. Waters, W. J. Buchan, J. B. Torbert, C. Yoe, and B. P. Noteman.

Committee on Permanent Organization: A. F. Ely, Cyrus Shaw, A. L. Rivers, T. F. C. Dodd, and E. A. Wasser.

Committee on Resolutions: A. T. Lea, A. H. Ayres, P. T. Rhodes, S. W. Brewster, and S. J. Stewart.

Mr. Buchan moved that a committee of five be appointed to select a Congressional Central Committee.

Mr. Ely moved that the committee consist of one member from each county. Carried.

The Committee on Permanent Organization reported as follows: For President, S. S. Benedict; for Secretary, Thos. L. Darlow. Report was adopted.

The resolutions, as adopted, read as follows:

"The Republican party of the Second Congressional District, in convention assembled, sets forth the following declaration of principles:

"1. We reaffirm our devotion to those great principles of civil liberty which have ever formed the inspiring motive of the Republican organization, and for the full realization of which the Nation has recently passed through the great civil war of the Rebellion.

"2. That equality before the law—the full enjoyment of all personal and political rights—is the distinguishing and paramount characteristic of American citizenship, and must be maintained at whatever cost, South as well as North, wherever the flag of the Nation floats. A government that cannot, or will not, protect its citizens, has no demand upon their allegiance.

"3. That the best protection that a free government can give to the industry of its citizens is by wise and impartial laws to guarantee to each individual all his rights, thus securing to labor the full enjoyment and the free disposal of all its products; and resolved that it is the bounden duty of every member of Congress to see to it that proper legislation in this behalf is assured and perfected.

"4. That experience having shown that United States notes—commonly called the greenbacks, originally issued by a Republican administration during the war—are admirably adapted to all the purposes of a permanent paper circulation, we hereby declare ourselves in favor of retiring the notes of the National banks, and making greenback currency the sole paper currency of the country; and demand that it be issued in sufficient volume to fully accommodate all the wants of business, without depreciation in value, and that they be made receivable as for all debts and dues, whether public or private.

"5. That we denounce the proposed issue of irredeemable fiat scrip as a departure from the original and true greenback doctrine, as a measure of undisguised repudiation of solemn contracts and obligations, and as sure to result, if carried out, in universal bankruptcy, and the total ruin of the producing classes.

"6. That the vast extension and universal use of railroads as a means of transportation, incident to the growth of the country and its increased commerce, has given to railroad corporations a practical power over the industry of the country, not contemplated in the inception of these organizations, and which loudly calls for such interference, both by the National Government and by the State governments, as shall more fully protect the rights of the people against these monopolies.

"7. That the policy of improving our navigable rivers, as the great natural highways of our interior commerce, meets with our full approval.

"8. That we approve of the internal revenue tax upon whisky and tobacco, and denounce the Democrats in Congress for attempting to reduce it.

"9. We denounce the attempt of the Democratic House of Representatives to reopen the question of the President's title, as dishonest and revolutionary, and an attempt to Mexicanize our Government.

"10. That the rising spirit of Communism displayed in recent attacks upon the farming industry of the country, and in the enunciation of doctrines of agrarianism, spoliation and robbery, meets with our unqualified condemnation. It is a spirit foreign to our institutions, and opposed to the foundation principles of free government.

"11. That rigid economy is demanded in all public expenditures; strict accountability on the part of all officers, and faithfulness, efficiency and purity in every department of the public service.

"12. That upon a review of the record of our present Representative in Congress upon questions of national finance, the improvement of the navigation of our Western

rivers, and his fostering care of the agricultural interests of the West, we have only to say: 'Well done, good and faithful servant.'"

On motion of W. R. Biddle, of Linn, the Convention proceeded to put in nomination a candidate for Congress. Mr. Horner, of Cherokee, placed in nomination D. C. Haskell. Capt. Annable, of Fort Scott, was placed in nomination by Thomas Gowdy, of Anderson. Hon. D. C. Haskell received 70 votes; Capt. Annable 12 votes. Hon. D. C. Haskell was declared the nominee.

Congressional Central Committee: Allen, S. J. Cowan; Anderson, S. H. Dodge; Bourbon, J. H. Lawhead; Crawford, Sol. Smith; Cherokee, J. F. Sherman; Douglas, J. K. Rankin; Franklin, L. C. Wasson; Labette, A. H. Ayres; Linn, W. R. Biddle; Johnson, J. M. Hadley; Miami, Cyrus Shaw; Montgomery, J. D. Hinkle; Neosho, J. H. Scott; Wilson, T. F. C. Dodd; Wyandotte, W. J. Buchan. Chairman, W. J. Buchan, of Wyandotte; Secretary, J. F. Sherman, of Cherokee.

AUGUST 8.—Meeting of the Kansas Synod of the Lutheran Church, at Peabody; addresses by A. J. Hartsook, Prof. Richards, Mr. Altman, and J. W. Goodwin.

—Noble L. Prentis re-visits the Solomon Valley, and describes the progress made since March, 1870.

—Lee Sam, a Chinaman, opens a laundry in Topeka; Chum Ming, the first one in California, arrived in 1847.

AUGUST 9.—The L. L. & G. R. R. sold in Topeka for \$760,000; the purchasers represent the bondholders of the road.

AUGUST 13.—O. H. Sheldon dies, at Burlingame. He is a State Senator, and an honored pioneer.

AUGUST 14.—First District Republican Convention, at Manhattan. Called to order by Cyrus Leland jr. Jas. L. McDowell, Temporary Chairman; Chas. H. Krebs and A. Saxey, Secretaries.

Committee on Credentials: A. E. Parks, G. W. Higinbotham, A. B. Keller, B. F. Hudson, H. J. Aten, Z. Jackson, J. M. Hodge.

Committee on Permanent Organization: H. B. Cox, R. R. Hayes, J. S. Van Winkle, W. T. Dollison, R. M. Williams, Geo. Wells, and J. W. Hamilton.

Committee on Order of Business: G. W. Barr, Thomas Plowman, John Schilling, J. B. Kennedy, T. J. Humes, W. C. Davidson, and J. S. McDowell.

Committee on Resolutions: N. Green, W. T. S. May, John M. Price, Willis Brown, W. W. Smith, John McKee, and T. F. Garver.

The Committee on Permanent Organization reported H. M. Aller, of Leavenworth, as Permanent Chairman; C. Chandler, W. T. Dollison, W. C. Davidson, John Schilling, and W. B. Craig, as Vice Presidents; Willis Brown and A. Saxey as Secretaries.

First ballot: Phillips 37, Guthrie 21, Baker 11, Morrill 8, Anderson 16, Leland 15, Palmer 3.

On the following morning the Convention met at 9 o'clock, Judge

Aller in the chair, and after roll-call the balloting was begun, the various votes standing as follows:

First ballot: Phillips 40, Guthrie 22, Baker 11, Morrill 9, Anderson 17, Leland 14.

Second ballot: Phillips 40, Guthrie 22, Baker 9 (two of his men going to Anderson), Morrill 9, Anderson 19, Leland 14.

The third, fourth, fifth, sixth, and seventh were the same as the second.

Eighth ballot: Phillips 40, Baker 11 (regaining what he lost on the second), Guthrie 22, Morrill 9, Anderson 17, Leland 14. This ballot, owing to an error upon the part of the tellers, was taken over again, with the same result, with the exception that it gave Phillips 40, Guthrie 21, Leland 15.

The ninth and tenth ballots were the same as the eighth, with the exception that in the latter Guthrie rose to 22 and Leland fell to 14.

Of the votes in the caucus the Valley Falls New Era says:

"On the twenty-third ballot the Guthrie men could have made Morrill the nominee, as the Baker men voted for him, but the opportunity was lost, the next ballot the Leavenworth boys going for Anderson, giving him 36, while the next and last ballot gave him 55, five more than necessary for a choice. Thus ended the four-hours caucus struggle, and with the announcement of the result went up one deafening cheer."

At 8 o'clock P. M. the convention again met, a motion to adjourn until 9 o'clock the next morning being voted down. Another motion to adjourn until 10 o'clock that night was also voted down, and the final vote called for. Atchison, Brown and Clay counties voted solid for Anderson; Cloud, for Phillips; Davis, Dickinson, Doniphan and Ellis, for Anderson; Ellsworth, one vote for Phillips and one for Anderson; Jackson, solid for Anderson; Jefferson, four votes for Anderson and one for Phillips; Jewell, solid for Phillips; Leavenworth, ten for Anderson and one for Phillips; Lincoln, solid for Phillips; Marshall, four for Anderson and one for Phillips; Mitchell, solid for Phillips; Nemaha, Norton and Osborne, for Anderson; Ottawa, for Phillips; Phillips county, for Anderson; Pottawatomie and Republic, solid for Phillips; Riley, for Anderson; Rooks, Saline and Smith, for Phillips; Russell and Washington, for Anderson. After the vote, 72 to 41 in favor of Anderson, was announced, Capt. Mohler, the leader of the Phillips men, moved that the nomination be made unanimous, which motion prevailed amid cheers.

A Congressional Committee for the ensuing two years was appointed: A. Saxey, W. B. Craig, J. Schilling, A. O. Spalding, C. M. Kellogg, W. W. Smith, and J. M. Hodge.

The following is the platform adopted:

Resolved, That we reaffirm and declare our devotion to the principles of the Republican party, and to its administration of the National Government under which the Union has been preserved, its institutions developed, and our State made to take a front rank among the most prosperous States in the Union.

Second. That as experience has indorsed the greenback currency originated and maintained by the Republican party, as well adapted to the purposes of a permanent circulating medium, we hereby declare ourselves in favor of a repeal of the National-Banking law, and a substitution of the currency issued by the Government on the security of a deposit of Government bonds, on which no interest shall be allowed while

so used, and demand that it be issued in sufficient volume to fully accommodate the wants of business, without depression in value, and that it be made receivable for all debts, whether public or private, unless otherwise specified.

"*Third.* That all property, real or personal, according to its true value, shall equally bear the burdens of taxation, and that we favor the abolition of all internal revenue taxation except on tobacco and intoxicating liquors.

"*Fourth.* That the public patronage should be distributed solely with a view to the public interest, and not used to secure perpetuation of power to our public servants against the welfare of the people, and that in the distribution thereof the people of the localities to be affected should be consulted."

AUGUST 15.—Third District Republican Convention, at Wichita; called to order by James McDermott. William Thompson, Temporary Chairman; Z. Harlan and W. A. Morgan, Secretaries. On motion, the chair appointed C. H. Kurtz of Butler, M. W. Levy of Sedgwick, G. W. Watson of Wabaunsee, E. Mahan of Greenwood, and C. E. Pierce of McPherson, a Committee on Credentials. C. J. Jones of Rice, A. D. Brown of Coffey, S. B. Riggs of Lyon, T. A. Hubbard of Sumner, and E. Henthorn of Cowley, were appointed a Committee on Permanent Organization. On Resolutions and Platform, a committee was appointed, consisting of Dr. G. Brown of Pawnee, J. B. Johnson of Shawnee, L. L. Turner of Chautanqua, Captain B. Evans of McPherson, and J. S. Edie of Osage. The Convention then adjourned till 1:30 P. M. On reassembling, the Committee on Permanent Organization reported for Chairman, H. T. Sumner, of Butler; for Secretaries, Messrs. Harlan and Morgan. The Committee on Platform reported the following:

"The Republican party of the Third Congressional District, in convention assembled, set forth the following declaration of principles:

"1. As the Republican party in the past has ever been the guardian of the principles of civil and religious liberty, upon which rest the foundations of the Republic, so in the future it will continue to be, and we here reaffirm our faith in it as the party of progress, the champion of the laboring masses of the country, and the unyielding foe of Communism, with all the attending evils.

"2. Under the Constitution of the United States, the citizens of each State are entitled to all the privileges and immunities of the citizens of the several States, and we hold it to be the primary and sacred duty of the National Government to protect and maintain to every citizen the exercise of those civil, political and public rights.

"3. We declare in favor of greenbacks as the money of the country, as being admirably adapted to meet the wants of trade. Their existence is due to the Republican party, and though denounced and stigmatized by the Democratic party as rag money, they have by the fostering care of the Republican party, and the faith of the loyal people of the country, been brought to par with coin. To the end that there shall be but one paper circulating medium as money, we demand the withdrawal of the National Bank circulation, substituting therefor greenback currency as the sole paper currency of the country; and we demand that it be issued in sufficient volume to fully meet the wants of business, without depreciating its value, and that it shall be received in payment of all debts and dues, public and private, except as otherwise expressly specified by contract. We believe the policy of taxing incomes to be the true principle of taxation, and demand the enactment of an income tax law, whereby the burden of taxation will fall on those best able to bear it. We heartily indorse the policy of improving not only our navigable rivers, but also of the tributaries thereto that can be made so, by a reasonable expenditure of public money.

"In view of the record of Hon. Thomas Ryan, our present Representative in Congress, upon all matters of legislation, National and State, we cordially express our approval of the same, indorsing him as a standard-bearer worthy of the confidence and support of the Republican party."

The platform was enthusiastically adopted. Nominations being in order, Taylor Flick, of Edwards, nominated Thos. Ryan, and Mr. Richie, of Morris, nominated Samuel R. Peters. The roll was called, and the vote stood: Ryan, 96; Peters, 33. On motion of Mr. Richie, of Morris, the vote was declared unanimous.

Central Committee: Taylor Flick, J. W. Ady, J. Jay Buck, T. P. Alexander, C. M. Folks, C. J. Peckham, R. L. Walker, J. M. Steele, Wm. Sims, A. D. Brown, and W. F. Hughes. Taylor Flick was elected Chairman, and J. W. Ady Secretary.

AUGUST 18.—The Lawrence Journal publishes a biography of the late Professor Frederick Bardwell.

AUGUST 20.—Greenback Convention of the Third Congressional District, at Florence. Frank Doster and Samuel N. Wood, candidates. Doster received, on the second ballot, forty votes out of sixty-nine. Fifteen counties were represented in the convention.

AUGUST 21.—Democratic Convention of the Third Congressional District meets in Emporia. Called to order by F. M. Stringfield, who appointed J. B. Fugate, of Great Bend, Temporary Chairman, and J. M. Davis, of Emporia, Secretary.

W. E. Timmons of Chase county, Solon Gray of Rice county, and N. E. English of Sedgwick county, were appointed a Committee on Credentials.

F. M. Stringfield of Shawnee county, John Courtney of Greenwood county, and W. J. Haughawout of Woodson county, were appointed a Committee on Permanent Organization.

The Committee on Permanent Organization reported as follows, and the report was adopted: Gen. G. C. Rogers, of Greenwood county, Chairman; J. M. Davis, of Lyon county, and W. E. Timmons, of Chase county, Secretaries.

On motion, Isaac Sharp of Morris county, F. M. Stringfield of Topeka, J. M. Davis of Emporia, A. H. Hamilton of Woodson county, and J. B. Fugate of Great Bend, were appointed a Committee on Resolutions.

Executive Committee: Amos Harris of Wichita, F. M. Stringfield of Topeka, Philip Schmitz of Barton county, Isaac Sharp of Morris county, J. M. Davis of Emporia, Geo. C. Rogers of Greenwood county, and H. D. Dickson of Woodson county.

On motion, the Convention proceeded to an informal ballot for a candidate for Congress, which resulted in J. B. Fugate of Great Bend, and J. Wade McDonald of Winfield, being placed before the Convention to be balloted for.

The first ballot resulted in a majority of one for Mr. Fugate, and on motion he was declared the unanimous choice of the Convention as a candidate for Congress.

After the adjournment of the Convention, the Executive Committee organized by electing J. M. Davis Chairman, and Philip Schmitz Secretary.

PLATFORM.

The Democratic party of the Third Congressional District of the State of Kansas, assembled in convention, declares its confidence in, and unshaken adherence to, the great principles of the Democratic party, its devotion to the National Union and Constitution, with amendments thereto, and its maintenance of the following principles:

1. We regard the National-Banking system as being oppressive and burdensome, and demand its abolition and the retirement from circulation of all National Bank notes, and the issue of legal-tender notes in lieu thereof, and in quantities from time to time sufficient to supply the wholesome and necessary business demands of the entire country, and that all greenbacks so issued shall be used in the purchase and retirement of bonds of the United States, so that the interest-bearing debt of the country may be lessened to the extent of the greenbacks thus put in circulation. Legal-tender notes, commonly called greenbacks, should be made legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, except such obligations as are in the terms of the original contract expressly made payable in coin.

2. That the right to coin money and regulate the value thereof can be exercised, under the Constitution, by Congress alone; that the possession of that power imposes the duty of its exercise to the extent of all gold and silver bullion offered for coinage at the mints of the United States; we regard the limitations and restrictions imposed by Congress upon the coinage of silver as impolitic and unjust, and should at once be removed.

3. That a return to specie payment is impossible in the present financial condition of the country, and we demand the immediate and unconditional repeal of the act of Congress of January 1, 1875, known as the resumption act, holding the same to be unwise, and ruinous to the interest of the people.

4. The policy inaugurated and maintained by the Republican party, of contracting the active circulating medium of the country, constitutes, as all admit it does, the standard of the value of property and products of the country, and regulating as well the prices paid for all labor, stands preëminent in the long lists of its oppressive measures, as the most stupid, inexcusable and oppressive of them all; being opposed to all monopolies and laws discriminating in favor of one class of our people at the expense and to the prejudice of all others, we declare an unqualified hostility to all protective tariffs, and demand that there shall be a tariff for revenue only.

5. The Democrats tender to the debtor and laboring classes of the country their warmest sympathy, and pledges itself at the earliest moment to reverse the cruel and destructive policy of the Republican party which brought ruin upon them. We demand that all legislation shall be so enacted and administered as to secure to each man a just reward for labor.

6. That in view of the large appropriations that have been made by the Federal Government for works of public improvement on the seaboard and lakes, justice to the people of Kansas demands that appropriations be made for the improvement of the Mississippi river and its tributaries commensurate with the commercial wants of this section of the country; and believing in the construction of national enterprises which serve to benefit large sections of the country, and which cannot be accomplished by individual enterprise or State action, we favor such legislation in their behalf as will not increase the national indebtedness or impose any additional burdens upon the people. Such a policy, in our opinion, would cheapen the cost of transportation, add to our agricultural wealth, and afford remunerative employment to the surplus labor of the country.

7. We demand that Congress exercise its constitutional powers in regulating rates on all inter-State railroads, therefore giving equitable rates to the people situated along the entire line of such roads, and promoting the exchange of the products of one State with those of another.

8. That we invite the coöperation of the laboring classes, oppressed people, and those in favor of honest government, and the punishment of all official criminals, regardless of party or position, from President down to the lowest office in the gift of the people.

AUGUST 26.—Death of Stephen A. Cobb, at Wyandotte. He was an earnest, faithful, honest man.

—Chas. W. Johnson, Esq., of Atchison, believes that he has invented a

process for arresting decay in vegetable and animal matter. His discovery is founded on the germ theory of decay propounded by Pasteur and Tyndall.

—The Kaw Indian Agency is abolished.

AUGUST 28.—Republican State Convention, at Topeka. Called to order by J. C. Wilson. W. R. Biddle, Temporary Chairman; John H. Folks, Secretary.

Committees: On Credentials—J. S. Merritt, C. Leland, H. D. Rush, John Horn, Theo. Botkin, E. H. Funston, J. W. Hart, Major W. F. Downs, H. H. Williams, W. H. Pilkenton, A. W. Smith, E. H. Brown, H. C. Sluss, A. W. Mann. On Permanent Organization—J. W. Ady, W. S. Harvey, J. M. Steele, H. C. Rizer, Webb McNall, W. B. Brayman, J. B. Bruner. On Resolutions—M. W. Reynolds, J. C. Wilson, E. S. Atwood, C. E. Faulkner, John Hutchings, E. W. S. Drought, J. A. Gardner. On Order of Business—N. F. Hewett, C. O. French, T. B. Murdock, T. B. Tomlinson, J. K. Wright, C. V. Eskridge.

The afternoon and evening were given to speech-making.

Reassembled August 29. Permanent Officers: President, W. R. Biddle, of Linn; Vice Presidents, C. Leland jr. of Doniphan, J. C. Brown of Crawford, A. L. Redden of Butler; Secretary, John H. Folks, of Sumner; Assistant Secretaries, C. E. Faulkner of Saline, and F. M. Sexton of Ottawa.

The following platform was adopted:

“The Republicans of Kansas, in delegate convention, declare—

“*First*, The United States of America is a nation, and not a federation. All power is inherent in the people. The National Government has the constitutional power, and it is its sworn duty, to enforce in every section and every State, recognition of the rights of every citizen. Any failure to enforce this constitutional obligation is a criminal neglect of sworn duty.

“*Second*, The Republican party, by its loyalty to liberty and law, has preserved, and promises upon the common altars of a country redeemed and saved by its sacrifices and fealty to the rights of all men, to perpetuate and hand down to posterity, the declarations of the fathers, that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends governments have been instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed, which consent is evidenced by a majority of the lawful suffrages of the citizens, determined in pursuance of law. Until these truths are universally recognized and cheerfully obeyed, the work of the Republican party is unfinished, and the Republican party of Kansas will stand by its colors and fight the good fight to the end.

“*Third*, The permanent pacification of Southern sections of the Union, and complete protection of all citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights, is a duty to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for an enforcement of the principles embodied in recent constitutional amendments, is vested by those amendments in the Congress of the United States; and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the legislative and executive departments of the Government, to put in immediate and vigorous exercise all their constitutional power for removing any just causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty, and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political, and public rights. To this end, we imperatively demand of Congress, and of the Chief Executive, a courage and fidelity to these duties which shall not falter until the results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

“*Fourth*, The public credit should be sacredly maintained, and all the obligations

honestly discharged; and that we denounce the issue of an irredeemable "absolute money," legal-tender scrip, as a species of repudiation, which would ruin the credit of the nation and the business interests of the country.

"*Fifth*, That experience has shown the greenback currency (the creation of the Republican party, and under whose fostering care it has been brought to a par with coin) to be admirably adapted to the wants of trade; and to the end that there may be but one class of paper currency, we favor the withdrawal of the National Bank notes, substituting therefor greenback currency issued directly by the Government, as the sole paper currency of the country. And we demand that it be issued in sufficient volume to fully meet the wants of business, without depreciating its value; and that it shall be received in payment of all debts and dues, public and private, except as otherwise specified by contract; that we are in favor of an honest greenback that shall always be worth its face in coin, and that it be issued in the largest volume that can be kept afloat at par with coin, to which end we favor a law of Congress by which the volume of greenback currency in circulation shall always obey the natural law of supply and demand.

"*Sixth*, That as we believe a double-coin standard of values is preferable to a single standard, we are in favor of placing the coinage of gold and silver on an equality, giving to neither one advantage or preference.

"*Seventh*, That we heartily indorse and approve of the late decision of the Secretary of the Interior, restoring to market lands unsold by certain land-grant railways, as a wise and just interpretation of the laws relating to land grants; and if any further legislation is necessary to confirm and ratify the same, we urge our Congressional delegation to do all in their power to secure this.

"*Eighth*, That railways are the creatures, and exist by the breath, of legislative enactment; that as servants of the people, they should be compelled to do their bidding, and obey the wholesome requirements and restrictions of the law; and we demand of the Legislature the establishment of such passenger and freight tariffs as shall advance the interests and promote the industries of the people.

"*Ninth*, That the investment of capital in this State should be encouraged by wise and liberal legislation; but we condemn the policy of granting subsidies at the public expense to either individuals or corporations for their private use.

"*Tenth*, That we demand the most rigid economy in all departments of the Government, and that taxation be limited to the actual wants of public expenditures.

"*Eleventh*, That we hold it to be a solemn obligation of the electors of Kansas to be earnest in securing election to all positions of public trust, of men of honesty and conscience, who will faithfully administer the laws; to the Legislature, men who will represent upon all questions the best sentiment of the people, and who will labor earnestly for the enactment of such laws as the best interest of society, temperance and good order shall demand.

"*Twelfth*, That we rejoice in the honorable name of Kansas; that we are proud of the State's achievements, of the degree of purity with which its public affairs have been conducted, and of the soundness of its credit at home and abroad; and we pledge to do whatever may be done to preserve unsullied the reputation of the State."

First ballot for Governor: John A. Martin 119, Geo. T. Anthony 116, John P. St. John 56. *Twelfth ballot:* Martin 115, Anthony 110, St. John 61. *Evening session—Sixteenth ballot:* Martin 123, Anthony 107. St. John 59. *Reassembled August 30—Seventeenth ballot:* St. John 156, Martin 128.

Lieutenant Governor—First ballot: T. W. Henderson 72, L. U. Humphrey 60, John Kelly 58, C. E. Faulkner 57, A. R. Clark 24. *Second ballot:* Humphrey 100, Faulkner 90, Kelly 50, Henderson 25. On the third ballot Mr. Henderson withdrew, and Mr. Humphrey got all the votes.

Secretary of State—First ballot: Thomas H. Cavanaugh 57, James Smith 51, S. M. Strickler 37, J. H. Brown 33, P. I. B. Ping 26, Ed. R. Smith 22, H. W. Bunker 21, John Ritchie 20, W. P. Campbell 5, W. H.

Johnson 4, Ed. Downard 1, N. E. Stevens 1, L. Weil 1. Before the second ballot was completed, all the votes were given to James Smith, of Marshall county.

John Francis, for Treasurer, and P. I. Bonebrake, for Auditor, were nominated unanimously.

For Attorney General: Willard Davis 103, Nathan Preece 94.

Albert H. Horton, for Chief Justice, and Allen B. Lemmon, for Superintendent, were nominated unanimously.

State Committee: Geo. A. Eddy of Leavenworth, C. Leland of Doniphan, J. C. Wilson of Shawnee, L. K. Kirk of Anderson, Wm. Thomson of Osage, Theo. Botkin of Linn, E. H. Funston of Allen, W. A. Johnston of Ottawa, A. J. Buckland of Barton, H. L. Alden of Wyandotte, S. O. McDowell of Cherokee, W. E. Reid of Cloud, A. L. Redden of Butler, Geo. A. Attwood of Ellsworth, S. B. Farwell of Osborne.

AUGUST 30.—National Temperance Camp Meeting at Bismarck.

AUGUST 31.—A. L. Williams, for the Kansas Pacific Railway Company, files a petition for the removal of Henry Villard, one of the Receivers.

—Henry Inman publishes "The Scout's Last Ride," in the Larned Chronoscope—a history of the Indian fight of November 27, 1868.

—George W. Martin publishes "Stepping-Stones to Singing," by E. M. Foote and J. S. Slie.

—Contributions raised all over the State for yellow-fever sufferers, at Memphis and New Orleans.

AUGUST 31.—A grand reception to Colonel Martin, at Atchison. The press report says: "At the conclusion of Colonel Everest's speech, Mayor Clement Rohr came forward, and proposed three cheers for Colonel John A. Martin, who would yet be Governor of Kansas, and they were given with a will that made the welkin ring."

SEPTEMBER 2.—Democratic Convention of the Second Congressional District, at Wyandotte. Called to order by the Chairman, E. G. Ross. Frank Bacon, of Neosho county, was elected Temporary Chairman, and Will. H. Warner, of Montgomery county, Temporary Secretary.

Credentials: A. Smith Devenney, of Johnson; A. J. Allen, of Franklin; M. Holmber, of Wilson; N. Cree, of Wyandotte; J. B. Lamb, of Labette.

Permanent Organization: J. C. Murray, of Allen; B. P. McDonald, of Bourbon; W. T. Johnson, of Miami; A. P. Brewer, of Neosho; J. B. Scroggs, of Wyandotte.

Resolutions: J. R. Goodin, of Allen; E. G. Ross, of Douglas; Mr. Purcell, of Crawford; M. V. B. Bennett, of Cherokee; A. A. Harris, of Bourbon; John Boyd, of Montgomery.

The Committee on Permanent Organization reported in favor of John Boyd, of Montgomery, for Permanent Chairman; V. J. Lane, of Wyandotte, for Secretary; and James Wilson, of Cherokee, Assistant Secretary. Report adopted.

B. P. McDonald, A. L. Taylor and J. C. Murray were appointed to conduct and introduce the Chairman.

The Committee on Resolutions reported the following, which were adopted:

"We, the representatives of the Democracy of the Second Congressional District of Kansas, in convention assembled, do declare:

"1. That the induction of Rutherford B. Hayes into the office of President, notwithstanding the election of Samuel J. Tilden thereto, was a high crime against free government which has not been condoned, and will not be forgotten. The same spirit of patriotism which forbore contest upon the first offense, will resist and punish any attempt at a second. "

"2. That the declaration to reform the civil service, which has been proclaimed by the present Administration, is like its adopted 'Southern policy,' a confession of the failure of Radicalism, and a just tribute to the Democracy, which has long and earnestly demanded the overthrow and punishment of corrupt officials.

"3. A cheerful obedience to and rigid enforcement of the forms of law are inseparable from a stable condition of society, and the due protection of private rights.

"4. That we accept the admonition of Jackson, in saying, concerning standing armies as dangerous to free governments in time of peace, 'I shall not seek to enlarge our present establishment, nor disregard the salutary lesson of political experience which teaches that the military should be held subordinate to the civil power.' Accordingly, the increase of the Federal army, or any attempt to employ it as a partisan agent of Federal authority, or for interference with the sovereign rights of the States, will receive the continued earnest opposition of the Democracy of the Second Congressional District.

"5. That the enforced idleness of hundreds of thousands of hitherto industrious, honest and patriotic laboring men, and the threatened spread of a dangerous spirit of Communism in this country, is the legitimate outgrowth of the vicious financial legislation of the Republican party, and that the only effectual guarantee to labor of its due and proper reward, and the correction of the manifold evils that are depressing labor, commerce, and all legitimate enterprise, is in a complete reversal of the policies that have for thirteen years held sway; that the remedy is not in a resort to the despotic forms of Grantism, but in the reestablishment of Democratic forms, and equal instead of class legislation.

"6. That it is the duty of the General Government to issue the money of the country in such volume as may be necessary for the convenient transaction of its business at all times, and in sufficient amounts, and to stimulate enterprise, secure a fair recompense to labor and its products, and promote a due development of the vast agricultural, mineral and mechanical resources of the country.

"7. That we favor the unconditional repeal of the Resumption Act of 1875: the full remonetization of silver, the removal of all restrictions on its coinage, placing it on an equal footing with gold; the repeal of the National Bank law, the retirement of National Bank notes, and the substitution of treasury notes, commonly called greenbacks, in their place, said notes to be made a legal tender for all purposes.

"8. That we are opposed to all forms of tariff taxation which levy tribute upon one branch of industry for the benefit of another.

"9. That upon the jealous preservation of the right of local self-government to the State and municipality, in all matters of local import, free from dictation or interference of Federal authority, in any form, political or judicial, depends the perpetuity of our form of government as a Democratic Republic.

"10. That it is the duty of the State, in protecting society against convicted criminals and performing its duty in teaching them useful vocations and fitting them for future usefulness, to provide for the protection of mechanical labor against the damaging competition involved in the present system for the employment of convict labor, and to provide that the profits arising from such labor shall inure to the State, and not to corporations or associations.

"11. That as a measure imperatively essential to the protection of the agricultural and commercial interests of the State, the Legislature should, at its next session, enact a law regulating the rates of charges for transportation and travel on all railroads within the State.

"12. That we favor the taxation of all incomes of one thousand dollars and upwards as the only just and practicable method of raising revenue for the support of the Government.

"13. That the setting apart, by the Government, of the large tract of fertile land on the border of Kansas, known as the Indian Territory, for the purpose of herding an army of wild Indians, menacing our homes, and blockading the channels of trade and commerce, is unwise, and we demand that said Indians be removed, and the land thrown open for settlement by white and colored men who are without homes.

"14. That we pledge our hearty coöperation to the settlers on the public lands within this State, in their struggle for their home, and we demand of the Democratic Congress such legislation as it is authorized to make, as will disclose all fraudulent sales and gifts of the public lands to railroads, and by proper legislation, subject all such lands to settlement under the homestead and preëmption laws.

"15. That for the purpose of developing the agricultural interests of the West, insuring to the producer the just reward of his industry, we are in favor of all proper measures for the improvement of our western rivers."

The Convention proceeded to take an informal ballot, as follows: G. P. Smith 6, C. W. Blair 70, M. V. B. Bennett 18, J. R. Goodin 16.

On the formal ballot, Chas. W. Blair was unanimously nominated.

Congressional Committee: J. R. Goodin of Allen, A. A. Harris of Bourbon, G. W. Brown of Crawford, J. H. Speer of Cherokee, Nicholas Hoysradt of Douglas, C. B. Mason of Franklin, A. S. Devenney of Johnson, J. T. Smith of Labette, W. T. Johnson of Miami, G. W. Burchard of Montgomery, F. Bacon of Neosho, T. J. Hudson of Wilson, and V. J. Lane of Wyandotte.

SEPTEMBER 2.—The Central Branch, W. F. Downs, Superintendent, completed to Beloit.

SEPTEMBER 4.—Democratic Congressional Convention, First District, at Leavenworth. Called to order by E. Chapin. *Temporary Officers:* Aaron S. Everest, Chairman; M. Quigg, Secretary. *Committee on Resolutions:* Thos. P. Fenlon, J. G. Lowe, J. C. Tomlinson, C. J. Bridges, and I. M. Clark. The Convention indorsed the platform of the State Convention.

On motion, the Convention then proceeded to ballot, the following gentlemen being placed in nomination: Everard Bierer, of Brown county, J. E. Taylor of Nemaha, F. W. Kroenke of Pottawatomie, E. Harrington of Brown, and J. R. McClure of Davis.

The following was the result of the first ballot: Bierer 23, Taylor 6, Kroenke 7, Harrington 5, McClure 22. Mr. Kroenke withdrew in favor of Judge McClure, and Mr. Harrington withdrew in favor of Colonel Bierer. Previous to the first ballot, Colonel Bierer made a few remarks, which were loudly applauded.

The following was the result of the second ballot: McClure 45, Bierer 31.

It was moved and seconded that if Judge McClure should decline, the Congressional Committee should have power to fill the vacancy.

Congressional District Committee: Chairman, Eugene Chapin; J. C. Tomlinson of Atchison, L. W. Borton of Clyde, J. G. Lowe of Washington, and S. M. Palmer of Salina.

SEPTEMBER 4.—State Beekeepers' Association, at Lawrence. N. Cameron, President; O. W. Carpenter, Secretary.

SEPTEMBER 4.—Democratic State Convention at Leavenworth. Called to order by John Martin. *Temporary officers:* E. G. Ross, Chairman; H. Miles Moore and P. B. Castle, Secretaries. *Committee on Permanent Organization:* F. W. Willard, H. Clay Park, B. Hogan, A. J. Allen, Geo. C. Rogers, C. W. Goodlander, O. I. Coffin, J. W. Gore, W. E. Timmons, E. L. Bartlett, G. W. Fox, J. M. Roach, V. Brown, S. M. Palmer, and J. H. Clark. *Committee on Credentials:* H. M. Moore, T. J. Vanderslice, W. C. Butts, Harry Cox, T. M. Berry, S. C. Perry, W. J. Haughawout, P. Z. Taylor, C. F. Diffenbacher, J. M. Giffen, W. H. Warner, A. A. Carnahan, Thomas George, John Foster, W. D. Carrington. *Committee on Resolutions:* I. E. Eaton, C. F. Cochran, M. Gephart, J. K. Goodin, Orlando Walking, A. A. Harris, J. C. Murray, Isaac Sharp, P. Prescott, A. S. Devenney, W. H. Warner, J. G. Lowe, A. Harris, A. Pierce, J. J. McClimont.

The following resolutions were adopted:

"We, the representatives of the Democracy of the State of Kansas, in convention assembled, do declare:

"1. That the induction of Rutherford B. Hayes into the office of President, notwithstanding the election of Samuel J. Tilden thereto, was a high crime against a free government, which has not been condoned and will not be forgotten. The same spirit of patriotism which forebore to contest upon the first offense, will resist and punish any attempt at a second.

"2. That the declaration to reform the civil service, which has been proclaimed by the present administration, is like its adopted Southern policy, a confession of the failure of Radicalism, and is a just tribute to the Democracy, which has long and earnestly demanded the overthrow and punishment of corrupt officials.

"3. A cheerful obedience to and rigid enforcement of the forms of law are inseparable from a stable condition of society and the due protection of private rights.

"4. That we accept the admonition of Jackson in saying, concerning standing armies, that 'they are dangerous to free governments in time of peace. I shall not seek to enlarge our present establishment, or disregard the salutary lesson of political experience, which teaches that the military should be held subordinate to the civil power.' Accordingly, the increase of the Federal army, or any attempt to employ it as a partisan agent of Federal authority, or for interference with the sovereign rights of the States, will receive the continued, earnest opposition of the Democracy of the State.

"5. That the enforced idleness of hundreds of thousands of heretofore industrious, honest and patriotic laboring men, and the threatened spread of a dangerous spirit of Communism in this country, is the legitimate outgrowth of the vicious financial legislation of the Republican party, and that the only effectual guarantee to labor of its due and proper reward, and the correction of the manifold evils that are depressing labor, commerce, and all legitimate enterprise, is in a complete reversal of the policy that has for thirteen years held sway; that the remedy is not in a resort to the despotic forms of Grantism, but in the reestablishment of Democratic forms, and equal, instead of class, legislation.

"6. That as Congress has the sole power to coin money and to regulate the value thereof under the Constitution, it should also exercise the sole power to provide a paper currency to be used as money; that such money be issued in sufficient volume as may be necessary for the convenient transaction of business at all times, and to stimulate labor and its products, and promote a due development of the vast agricultural, mineral and mechanical resources of the country.

"7. That we favor the unconditional repeal of the resumption act of 1875; the full remonetization of silver; the removal of all restrictions on its coinage, placing it on an equal footing with gold; the repeal of the National-Banking law; the retirement of National Bank notes, and the substitution of treasury notes, commonly called greenbacks, in their place; said notes to be made a legal tender for all purposes.

"8. That we are in favor of a tariff for revenue only.

"9. That upon the zealous preservation of the right of local self-government, to the State and the municipality, in all matters of local import, free from dictation or interference by Federal authority in any form, political or judicial, depends the perpetuity of our form of government as a Democratic republic.

"10. That it is the duty of the State, in protecting society against convicted criminals, and performing its duty in teaching them the usual vocations and of fitting them for future usefulness, to provide for the protection of mechanical labor against the damaging competition involved in the present system of the employment of convict labor, and to provide that the profits arising from such labor shall inure to the State, and not to the corporation or association.

"11. That as a measure imperatively essential to the protection of the agricultural and commercial interests of the State, the Legislature should, at its next session, enact a law regulating the rates of charges for transportation and travel on all railroads within the State.

"12. That for the purpose of developing agricultural interests of the West, and insuring the producer the just reward of his industry, we are in favor of all proper measures for the improvement of our Western rivers.

"13. We demand the repeal of the unjust and oppressive act of Congress of March 3d, 1875, which compels citizens of our State to travel hundreds of miles from their homes, at great expense, to attend in the Federal court, when the same cases could be tried in the State courts, and in the county wherein the defendant resides.

"14. We do hereby declare the Democracy of Kansas to be in favor of the liberty of individual conduct, unvexed by sumptuary laws.

"15. The action of the Democratic House of Representatives of the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Congresses is entitled to the highest commendation for the wise and economical legislation, whereby many millions of dollars were saved to the people of the Nation at large."

John R. Goodin, of Allen county, was nominated for Governor, and George Ummethun, of Leavenworth, for Lieutenant Governor. Secretary of State, L. W. Borton, of Cloud county; Treasurer, C. C. Black, of Cowley county; Attorney General, J. F. Cox, of Reno county; Superintendent of Public Instruction, O. F. McKim, of Sumner county; Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, R. M. Ruggles, of Lyon county; Auditor, Osburn Shannon, of Douglas county.

SEPTEMBER 5.—Meeting of the Democratic Committees, at Leavenworth. First District, Edward Carroll, of Leavenworth; Second District, Thomas Henshall, of Troy; Third District, Marshall Gephart, of Oskaloosa; Fourth District, Ely Moore, of Lawrence; Fifth District, G. C. Rogers, of Eureka; Sixth District, W. H. Spencer, of Fort Scott; Seventh District, N. S. Goss, of Neosho Falls; Eighth District, Isaac Sharp, of Council Grove; Ninth District, C. F. Dffenbacher, of Great Bend; Tenth District, J. B. Scroggs, of Wyandotte; Eleventh District, G. W. Fox, of Chetopa; Twelfth District, Thomas W. Waterson, of Marysville; Thirteenth District, Allen White, of El Dorado; Fourteenth District, John Foster, of Salina; Fifteenth District, J. J. McClimont, of Kirwin. The following members at large were appointed by the Chairman, pursuant to a resolution passed in convention: John Martin, Topeka; H. Miles Moore, Leavenworth; L. B. Wheat, Leavenworth; R. B. Morris, Atchison; Harry E. Gryden, Dodge City.

On motion, the following officers were elected for the ensuing term: John Martin, Chairman. H. Miles Moore, Secretary; Edward Carroll, Treasurer. John Martin, H. Miles Moore, Edward Carroll, Isaac Sharp

and R. B. Morris were appointed an Executive and Financial Committee.

Democratic Congressional Committee for the First Congressional District: E. Chapin of Leavenworth, Chairman; J. C. Tomlinson of Atchison, L. W. Borton of Clyde, J. G. Lowe of Washington, S. M. Palmer of Salina. Democratic Committee for the Second Congressional District: John R. Goodin of Allen, Preston Bowen of Anderson, A. A. Harris of Bourbon, George W. Brown of Crawford, J. H. Spear of Cherokee, N. Hoysradt of Douglas, C. B. Mason of Franklin, A. S. Devenney of Johnson, J. B. Lamb of Labette, W. T. Johnson of Miami, George W. Burchard of Montgomery, Frank Bacon of Neosho, T. J. Hudson of Wilson, V. I. Lane of Wyandotte. After the Convention adjourned, the Committee met, and organized by electing A. A. Harris, of Bourbon, Chairman; A. Smith Devenney, of Johnson, Secretary; and B. P. McDonald, of Bourbon, Treasurer.

SEPTEMBER 7.—John J. Ingalls sends to F. G. Adams the original tally-lists on the first election of Senators, in April, 1861.

—Geo. W. Martin designates the Topeka Blade as the State paper; the Commonwealth has been the official paper since July 5, 1875.

SEPTEMBER 9.—The Atchison & Nebraska Railroad runs a special car to collect contributions for the yellow-fever sufferers. Kansas has already given over \$30,000.

SEPTEMBER 9.—The Lawrence Spirit says of the National Temperance Camp Meeting, closed to-day: For twelve days the interest was kept up. Thousands of people, from all parts of the Union, were in attendance. Many prominent speakers were on hand, to wit: E. H. Campbell, originator Royal Purple movement; A. B. Campbell, of Illinois; J. B. Hill, Supreme Templar, Ancient Order United Templars; Mason Long and E. B. Reynolds, of Indiana; Fanny Woodbury McCormick, of Illinois; Amanda Way, of Kansas; Almira Losee, of New York; Dr. Gibbons, of Topeka; Luther Benson, G. W. Calderwood, originator of "Calderwood pledge;" Col. John P. St. John, Gov. Anthony, Judge Hanback, Rev. C. Monjeau, and Gen. John H. Rice. E. B. Reynolds, E. H. Campbell, Col. St. John and Miss Losee in turn led the meetings. The grand stand would seat about 400 persons, the amphitheater 800. Immediately over the speakers' stand were two hands clasped; above, "Kansas" was written, and beneath, "Welcome," "Raise the Fallen," and "Total Abstinence." On the right of this, "Prohibition," and "Save the Young;" on the left of this were mottoes in large blue letters, "Malice toward None," and "Charity for All," showing to good advantage. Back of the speakers' stand numerous small cards, with various mottoes, hung from posts and trees.

SEPTEMBER 10.—The Republican State Committee meets in Topeka, to organize. On the thirty-fifth ballot, Cyrus Leland jr. was elected Chairman; Wm. Thomson was elected Secretary; Redden, Wilson, Johnston, and the Chairman and Secretary, the Executive Committee.

—The Santa Fé road reaches Trinidad.

SEPTEMBER 11.—Greenback Convention of the First District, at Concordia. Prof. E. Gale, of Manhattan, nominated for Congress. Platform:

"1. *Resolved*, That we indorse the Emporia platform, and declare ourselves in accord with its declaration of principles.

"2. That we demand honesty and economy in the administration of the Government.

"3. That we demand the immediate and unconditional repeal of the resumption act.

"4. That we demand the repeal of the National-Banking law, and a substitution for its notes, a full legal-tender, greenback money, issued by the authority of the Government, and based on the entire national wealth.

"5. That we demand the unlimited coinage of silver by the Government.

"6. That we demand that all the expenses and debts of the Government, including bonds, should be discharged in a full, legal-tender money.

"7. That we demand that a just share of all the moneys expended for the improvement of water-courses be applied to the two great rivers of the West, the Mississippi and Missouri, and a ship canal from the lakes to the Atlantic.

"8. That we demand a definite pledge from our National and State representatives, now and hereafter nominated, to use their official influence to regulate and control freights and tariffs upon railroads and telegraphs, in such a manner as to promote the agricultural and business interests of the country."

SEPTEMBER 11.—The American Exchange National Bank, New York, is appointed Fiscal Agent for the State.

SEPTEMBER 12.—Capt. I. D. McKown starts from Junction to survey the Kaw.

—A Law School is established at the State University, with Prof. James W. Greene in charge.

—Marriage, at Lawrence, of Judge C. G. Foster and Angie V. Ludington, daughter of R. W. Ludington.

—The Junction City Tribune copies from the Lawrence Tribune a long article by Lawrence D. Bailey, entitled "The True Story of the Calhoun Candle-Box Affair."

SEPTEMBER 14.—In the trial of E. P. Bancroft, at Emporia, he is found guilty.

SEPTEMBER 17.—Roving bands of Cheyennes attack cattle camps south of Fort Dodge, and kill several men. Troops are on the way to Camp Supply.

—The Atchison Champion alludes to the arrest of J. N. O. P. Wood, and says he belonged to the party that attempted to capture John Brown. It gives the names of the Pro-Slavery men in "The Battle of the Spurs." in 1859.

SEPTEMBER 18.—Citizens of Dodge City inform the Governor that there is an Indian invasion. The Governor informs Gen. Pope, and he says it is a "scare."

SEPTEMBER 19.—Adjutant General Noble goes to Dodge City with arms.

SEPTEMBER 22.—Marriage of Dr. J. W. Madra and Mary Glenn; the first wedding in Harper county.

SEPTEMBER 23.—E. P. Bancroft is sentenced to five years in the penitentiary.

SEPTEMBER 24.—Samuel J. Crawford believes that Kansas is entitled to another Congressman, and announces himself as an independent candidate at large, and at great length. He says Maryland, with 780,000 people, has six members; Kansas, with 825,000 people, has three members.

—The Governor and Attorney General are trying to get rid of the fraudulent organization of Pratt county.

—Trains are running on the road from Cherokee to Parsons.

—The Dodge City Globe gives a full history of the recent Cheyenne Indian outbreak.

SEPTEMBER 25.—Mass meeting of Germans in Topeka. F. W. Kroenke elected Chairman; H. von Langen, Secretary; John Walruff, Vice President. *Committee on Platform:* W. V. Langen, E. Fleischer, George Tauber, J. Schmidt, and P. Schmitz. The meeting indorsed the candidates, J. R. Goodin, Geo. Ummethun, Jas. R. McClure, Chas. W. Blair, Thos. Ryan, and S. J. Crawford. *Central Committee:* John Baum of Leavenworth, Aug. Lang of Atchison, George Tauber of Shawnee, J. Walruff of Douglas, Ph. Gerlach of Osage, H. Neubauer of Bourbon, Wm. Rath of Allen, Th. Weichselbaum of Riley, Phil. Schmitz of Barton, Ph. Hescher of Wyandotte, F. Beyle of Labette, Wm. Kalhoefer of Washington, Fritz Schnitsler of Sedgwick, Oscar Zeitz of Salina, C. Hofmeister of Beloit. At large—Edward Fleischer and H. von Langen of Shawnee, and Phil. Rothman of Clay.

PLATFORM.

Whereas, We, German-born adopted citizens of the United States, have left our country to enjoy here, in a free country, and under the protection of liberal laws, unrestrained, the fruits of our labor; and

Whereas, We, on account of the oppressive demands of a monarchical State administration and superarrogating monopolies, left our own country, we are now determined at all times to give our support to those liberal laws, and to oppose every unworthy law incompatible with the Constitution of this country, and to battle emphatically against all monopolies, as the modern system of robbery, fattening itself by the fruits of the laboring classes and the husbandman, preventing prosperity and laying a fullness of power in the hands of a few. Eternal vigilance alone preserves liberty. Hand in hand with the liberal-minded citizens of other States, we will take up the fight against the above-mentioned abuses: and, therefore, be it to-day resolved—

1. That we, as loyal citizens, will work with all our strength for the sustenance of those laws according to their full meaning and purity, and that we will try to prevent every impure admixture of compulsory laws that are not compatible with the proper meaning of the Constitution of the United States.

2. That we will uphold the very proper separation of church and state, in all confessions and sects, and that we will oppose every attempted interference in State affairs and public administration by different sects.

3. That we will only elect such men as representatives, who shall work with all their strength against monopolies as oppressive, as unjust, and whose firm character is unapproachable by bribery through the too-rich representatives of this class.

4. That though we recognize in railroads the best supports of the pioneers of agriculture and civilization, we demand that they be put under a strict but just control of the State.

5. That we desire, from economical regards, that the paper money of the United States should be issued and guaranteed by the United States, and that we oppose private speculation by national banks.

6. That we are in favor of an issue of greenbacks guaranteed by the United States,

economically calculated, though sufficient to carry out the most necessary improvements on rivers, ways, and roads, as well as on buildings, whereby not only the commerce and universal prosperity are promoted, but also employment given to many unemployed laborers, giving them a chance to secure an existence befitting human beings.

7. That we disavow the present administration, and way of sale of school lands, as it is not competent to satisfy the considerable increase of children of the age to go to school, and are in favor of an amended law, as well as a more remunerative and faster disposition of school lands.

8. That all the educational institutions, in future so necessary to the State, as University, Agricultural, Normal, and public schools, be supported sufficiently by State means, as we see only in the able and honorable education of our youth the best guaranty of our Free-State institutions; that we demand that no obstacle be opposed to the introduction of the German language in the public schools; and that for the prevention of political manipulations, the Boards of Regents of those institutions be placed under particular control.

9. Looking with just pride upon the increased prosperity of our State by means of a sound and healthful immigration, we demand from our Legislature such laws and ordinances as are promotive of immigration, giving to the husbandman of small means the same chance to contribute to the cultivation of the State lands lying idle.

10. That we advocate that the Legislature enact a law limited to a certain time to promote, by the granting of premiums, the culture of beets and the manufacture of sugar and salt.

11. That we will give to the candidates preferred by us, at the next election, as, to our knowledge, the most honorable and able men, irrespective of party, at the polls, our most energetic support.

12. That we recommend our orators in this and all following campaigns to work for a firm and fast union of the German element, to advocate the laying aside of private and particular interests, and particularly for a cessation of the unpardonable indifference which endangers our best interests by staying away from the polls.

Delegates present, in addition to those from Shawnee county: Chas. Blume, Fredonia; Charles Fres, Parsons; P. Kaiser and A. Volk, Ottawa; Joseph Treu, Wabaunsee; C. Orloye, Alma; H. Kummerer, Humboldt; P. Miller, Wichita; G. H. Marke, V. Pfeferle, and P. Heilman, Emporia; J. Schmidt, Burlingame; P. Schmitz and C. F. Deifenbach, Great Bend; J. Hess, Ellinwood; A. Helte, H. Nolka, J. Schumaker, and H. Schumaker, Valley Falls; John Virchon, Alma; G. Schaubel, P. Rothman, and O. F. Lutt, Clay Center; G. K. Koehler and Wm. Schmidt, Coffeyville; C. Etz and J. Hebrank, Independence; C. Kuhnke, Fredonia; T. Weichselbaum, Ogden; G. L. Miller and P. Smidth, Junction City; John Delf, M. B. Hass, C. Besser, H. Matonet, John Baum, Ed. Rupert, Leavenworth; P. Gerlach and seven others, Osage City; John Walruff, Lawrence; Wm. Rath, Humboldt; Mr. Lafontaine, Valley Falls; F. W. Kroenke, Wamego.

SEPTEMBER 27.—J. F. Cummings, formerly Mayor of Topeka, dies at Memphis, of yellow fever.

—F. G. Adams and Robt. J. Brown find, near Fort Leavenworth, the mounds described by McCoy, in 1830.—Peat is found in Meade county.

SEPTEMBER 28.—Fight with the Indians in the cañon of Famished Woman's Fork; Lt. Col. Wm. H. Lewis killed.

—Jeff. C. Davis is at Fort Wallace.

—The Berlin "Magazine for Foreign Literature" has a paper on "The Literature of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé R. R."

SEPTEMBER 30.—The Indians appear on Sappa creek, in Decatur county. Not less than twenty-five men are killed, and many women outraged.

OCTOBER 2.—News from Ellis that the Cheyennes have killed eighteen white men, near Buffalo. Arms are sent. Gen. Pope does not credit the reported massacre.

OCTOBER 3.—A reunion of natives of Ohio at Troy; called by Sol. Miller and R. M. Williams, and well attended. Sol. Miller was elected President; B. F. Kiley, Mr. Watkins, B. F. Harpster, and A. Low, Vice Presidents; L. H. Miller and R. M. Williams, Secretaries; and Henry Boder, Treasurer.

OCTOBER 4.—The Republican State Committee nominate James R. Hallowell, of Columbus, for Congressman at Large.

—The Leavenworth Presbytery of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church is in session in Atchison county.

—C. G. Coutant, in the Detroit Free Press, describes the Santa Fé trail.

OCTOBER 5.—G. Webb Bertram writes for the Commonwealth, from Decatur county, an account of the Indian raid, with the names of the killed, outraged, and missing.

OCTOBER 7.—The Most Worshipful King Solomon Grand Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons installed, at Lawrence, the following newly-elected officers: W. D. Matthews, of Leavenworth, Grand Master; John F. Reddy, of Ottawa, Grand Senior Warden; Charles Anderson, Grand Junior Warden; Eli Brody, Grand Secretary; Emanuel Giklan, of Emporia, Grand Treasurer; G. W. Smith, of Wyandotte, Grand Tyler.

OCTOBER 8.—The Grand Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, meet, in Topeka. *Officers of Grand Lodge*: J. Jay Buck, No. 15, Emporia, Most Worthy Grand Master; W. H. Pilkenton, No. 96, Belleville, Right Worthy Deputy Grand Master; J. S. Coddling, No. 122, Louisville, Right Worthy Grand Warden; Samuel F. Burdett, No. 2, Leavenworth, Right Worthy Grand Secretary; Lewis Mayo, No. 27, Leavenworth, Right Worthy Grand Treasurer. *Representatives to Grand Lodge of United States*: John M. Price, No. 5, Atchison; John Charlton, No. 4, Lawrence.

—Meeting of the Academy of Science, in Topeka, in Dr. A. H. Thompson's office. In the evening, at the Baptist church, F. H. Snow presided. Lecture by B. F. Mudge on the Rocky Mountains and their Fossils. Officers chosen: President, B. F. Mudge; Vice Presidents, J. H. Carruth, Joseph Savage; Secretary, E. A. Popenoe; Treasurer, Robert J. Brown. The Report for 1877-8, 94 pages, is crowded with important information.

—State Shooting Tournament, at Ottawa.

—Meeting, at Centralia, of the Northern Congregationalist Association. Sermons by Frank T. Ingalls, Daniel Kloss, R. B. Guild, G. W. Skinner, and H. L. Howard.

OCTOBER 9.—The Odd Fellows elect J. G. Northcraft, G. M.; J. S. Coddling, D. G. M.; Chas. H. Krebs, G. W.; S. F. Burdett, G. S.; L. Mayo, G. T.; John M. Price, G. R.

—Academy of Science addressed by G. E. Patrick, E. A. Popenoe, J. H. Carruth, and F. H. Snow. Prof. Patrick said that the so-called "alkali" of western Kansas was Epsom salts, or magnesium sulphate.

OCTOBER 10.—The Academy elects the following officers: President, B. F. Mudge; Vice Presidents, J. H. Carruth and Joseph Savage; Secretary, Edward A. Popenoe; Treasurer, R. J. Brown; Curators, F. H. Snow, B. F. Mudge, E. A. Popenoe. The following Commissions were also appointed: Geology, B. F. Mudge, M. V. B. Knox; Chemistry and Mineralogy, W. K. Kedzie, G. E. Patrick, R. J. Brown; Physics, J. T. Lovewell, L. A. Thomas; Zoölogy, F. H. Snow, M. V. B. Knox, Annie E. Mozley; Botany, J. H. Carruth, E. A. Popenoe; Entomology, F. H. Snow, E. A. Popenoe. Geo. F. Gaumer, William Osborn, T. B. Ashton; Anthropology, A. H. Thompson, J. D. Parker, F. G. Adams; Philology, D. H. Robinson, George Stearns; Meteorology, J. D. Parker, J. T. Lovewell. Committee on Publications: B. F. Mudge, Chairman; Alfred Gray, F. H. Snow. Committee on Local Arrangements: E. A. Popenoe, F. G. Adams, A. H. Thompson, Mrs. N. C. McFarland. F. H. Snow has been President five years.

OCTOBER 11.—Yearly meeting of Friends, in Lawrence.

—The U. S. Circuit Court, at Omaha, decides that the K. P. lands cannot be preëmpted—reviewing the decision of Secretary Carl Schurz.

—Indians reported fifty miles west of Kirwin.

OCTOBER 13.—The Commonwealth gives a legal and financial history of the K. P. R. R. Villard and Greeley are discharged as receivers, October 17, by Judges Miller and Dillon.

OCTOBER 15.—Royal Arch Chapter, A. F. and A. M., at Atchison. The following officers were elected: D. W. Coxe, of Fort Scott, G. H. P.; O. T. Corn, of Leavenworth, H. P.; Geo. C. Kenyon, of Abilene, G. K.; Willis Brown, of Seneca, G. S.; C. Beck, of Leavenworth, G. T.; Jno. M. Price, of Atchison, G. S.

OCTOBER 17.—The Historical Society has a complete set of the Leavenworth Conservative and the Times. Four volumes were given by Matthew Weightman, and thirty-one by E. N. O. Clough. John Speer gives an autograph of W. C. Quantrill, the assassin, written October 22, 1857, in Miami county, and given to Harry Torrey.

OCTOBER 18.—The Atchison Champion publishes a letter from Oberlin, Decatur county, saying that twenty-nine persons were killed by the Indians, three wounded, three missing, two prisoners, and twenty-five women outraged.

OCTOBER 19.—News received that the K. P. train was to be robbed at Rock Spring. Supt. Oakes sent a party of men to capture the gang; a fight ensued. Mike Rourk was captured, and Dan Dement killed.

OCTOBER 21.—Albert Pike, of Arkansas, installs the officers of Lodge of Perfection, No. 4, at Leavenworth.

OCTOBER 22.—Sylvester T. Smith appointed receiver of the K. P. The order directs that the general offices shall be transferred to Kansas.

—John Francis has personally made the transfer of State funds to the new Fiscal Agent; amount, \$33,559.38.

OCTOBER 23.—Thirteenth Annual Convention of the State Sunday Schools, at Topeka. Opened by F. S. McCabe. John G. Haskell, President. Address of welcome by Rt. Rev. Thos. H. Vail. L. R. Elliott, of Manhattan, Secretary. J. H. Vincent delivers an address.

—Destructive prairie fire in the northwest counties.

OCTOBER 25.—Sunday School officers elected: President, J. G. Haskell; Recording Secretary, J. J. Thompson; Statistical Secretary, Sanford Topping; Vice Presidents—First District, F. T. Ingalls, Atchison; Second District, M. V. B. Parker, Olathe; Third District, E. Gunn, Fort Scott; Fourth District, Nelson Case, Oswego; Fifth District, E. W. Cunningham, Emporia; Sixth District, C. Monjeau, Topeka; Seventh District, W. S. White, Sabetha; Eighth District, L. R. Elliott, Manhattan; Ninth District, Moses Bush, Minneapolis; Tenth District, A. H. Lackey, Peabody; Eleventh District, Dr. E. Humble, Wichita; Twelfth District, O. W. Wright, Dodge City; Thirteenth District, R. B. Foster, Osborne City.

—Referring to the awards at the Paris Exposition, the Kansas City Journal, after stating that Anheuser took the second premium for his lager beer, manufactured at St. Louis, adds: "Among the silver medals is one to the State of Kansas, awarded to the State Department of Public Instruction for 'Reports and School Work.' Missouri thus gets a premium for lager beer, and Kansas for education. We believe that even the average Democrat will admit that Kansas is ahead at Paris."

OCTOBER 26.—State Normal School building, at Emporia, burned.

OCTOBER 28.—Death of the pioneer George W. Smith, at Lawrence. His last office was that of Police Judge.

—Henry King is appointed Disbursing Agent for the United States building in Topeka.

—Edward P. Harris, proof-reader, raises twenty apples on nineteen inches of stem; Rawle's Genet.

OCTOBER 28.—Richard Realf commits suicide, at Oakland, Cal. The following poem was written the day before his death:

"De mortuis nūl nisi bonum." When
 For me the end has come and I am dead,
 And little voluble, chattering daws of men
 Peck at me curiously, let it then be said
 By some one brave enough to speak the truth,
 Here lies a great soul killed by cruel wrong.
 Down all the balmy days of his fresh youth,
 To his bleak, desolate noon, with sword and song,
 And speech that rushed up hotly from the heart,
 He wrought for Liberty; till his own wound,
 (He had been stabbed,) concealed with painful art
 Through wasting years, mastered him, and he swooned,
 And sank there where you see him lying now,
 With that word "Failure" written on his brow.

But say that he succeeded. If he missed
 World's honors and world's plaudits, and the wage
 Of the world's deft lackeys, still his lips were kissed
 Daily by those high angels who assuage
 The thirstings of the poets— for he was
 Born unto singing, and a burden lay
 Mightily on him, and he moaned because
 He could not rightly utter to this day
 What God taught in the night. Sometimes, nathless,
 Power fell upon him, and bright tongues of flame,
 And blessings reached him from poor souls in stress;
 And benedictions from black pits of shame;
 And little children's love; and old men's prayers;
 And a Great Hand that led him unawares.

So he died rich. And if his eyes were blurred
 With thick films—silence! he is in his grave.
 Greatly he suffered; greatly, too, he erred—
 Yet broke his heart in trying to be brave.
 Nor did he wait till Freedom had become
 The popular shibboleth of courtiers' lips;
 But smote for her when God himself seemed dumb,
 And all his arching skies were in eclipse.
 He was a-weary, but he fought his fight,
 And stood for simple manhood; and was joyed
 To see the august broadening of the light,
 And new earths heaving heavenward from the void.
 He loved his fellows, and their love was sweet—
 Plant daisies at his head, and at his feet.

NOVEMBER 5.—State election. Several close votes. John S. Gilmore, of the Fredonia Citizen, is elected to the Legislature by one majority, running ahead of the State ticket.

NOVEMBER 11.—The Governor writes to the Secretary of War, saying that more than forty men have been murdered by Indians, and demands the surrender of the chiefs to the civil courts of Kansas.

NOVEMBER 13.—New college building completed at Manhattan.

NOVEMBER 19.—Death of Benj. F. Akers, at Lawrence. He settled in Leavenworth, in 1855. He was a well-known breeder of stock.

NOVEMBER 21.—The Emporia News appears as a daily.

NOVEMBER 22.—The sale of real estate of Lappin and Scrafford, at Seneca, amounted to about \$20,000—more than enough to pay the State's claim.

—D. B. Long is stocking our streams with salmon.

NOVEMBER 26.—Death of Maj. Benj. B. Gale, postmaster at Atchison.

—The organization of Harper county declared valid by the Supreme Court; that of Pratt county, fraudulent and void.

NOVEMBER 29.—The State Board of Canvassers declare the result of the election. The election tables will be found on pages following.

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	J. A. Anderson.	J. R. McClure	E. Gale.....	Scatterling.....
Atchison.....	1,927	1,537	9	7
Brown.....	1,139	489	393	7
Cloud.....	1,168	441	151	.....
Clay.....	1,141	281	171	.....
Davis.....	452	494	86	.....
Dickinson.....	1,488	554	129	.....
Doniphan.....	1,529	861	385	1
Ellis.....	655	295	18	.....
Ellsworth.....	725	249	4	1
Jewell.....	1,169	307	441	.....
Jackson.....	984	587	79	.....
Jefferson.....	1,409	1,093	200	.....
Leavenworth.....	2,298	2,327	228	.....
Lincoln.....	709	257	85	.....
Marshall.....	1,533	574	537	.....
Mitchell.....	1,049	550	.....	.....
Nemaha.....	1,007	676	51	.....
Norton.....	327	114	.....	.....
Osborne.....	1,113	54	.....	2
Ottawa.....	653	195	416	.....
Phillips.....	564	275	117	.....
Pottawatomie.....	1,172	831	457	.....
Republic.....	1,104	95	210	.....
Riley.....	873	246	416	.....
Rooks.....	297	90	72	.....
Russell.....	584	90	246	.....
Saline.....	1,493	586	170	.....
Smith.....	653	155	454	.....
Washington.....	1,242	616	156	.....
Total.....	30,457	14,919	5,716	18
Majority.....	9,804	.....	.....	.....

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	D. C. Haskell.	C. W. Blair.....	P. P. Elder.....	Scatterling.....
Allen.....	1,030	551	173	.....
Anderson.....	612	248	504	.....
Bourbon.....	1,512	1,226	676	.....
Cherokee.....	1,255	1,516	668	.....
Crawford.....	1,179	1,129	483	.....
Douglas.....	1,937	1,269	571	.....
Franklin.....	1,090	439	1,103	.....
Johnson.....	1,511	892	794	.....
Labette.....	1,632	938	811	.....
Linn.....	1,318	504	958	.....
Montgomery.....	1,268	1,087	991	.....
Miami.....	1,340	1,003	574	1
Neosho.....	1,072	826	572	1
Wilson.....	1,142	501	624	.....
Wyandotte.....	1,131	1,168	460	.....
Total.....	19,029	13,327	9,962	2
Plurality.....	5,702	.....	.....	.....

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS—CONTINUED.

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	<i>Thos. Ryan</i> ...	<i>J. B. Fugate</i> ...	<i>F. Foster</i>	<i>Scatterly</i>
Barber.....	173	127	15	.....
Barton.....	1,082	777	90	.....
Butler.....	1,488	108	1,012	.....
Chautauqua.....	882	165	855	.....
Comanche*.....				.....
Chase.....	489	230	241	.....
Colley.....	823	384	413	.....
Cowley.....	1,543	545	797	.....
Edwards.....	298	46	202	.....
Elk.....	696		736	.....
Ford.....	260	287		.....
Greenwood.....	883	286	433	.....
Harper.....	229	72	42	.....
Harvey.....	920	254	293	.....
Kingman.....	218	37	65	.....
Lyon.....	1,395	348	775	.....
Marion.....	803	179	595	.....
McPherson.....	945	57	664	.....
Morris.....	722	229	254	.....
Ness*.....				.....
Osage.....	1,378	292	1,076	.....
Pawnee.....	613	171	162	.....
Pratt*.....				.....
Reno.....	1,404	166	403	.....
Rush.....	576	126	42	.....
Rice.....	734	314	178	.....
Sedgwick.....	1,643	871	391	.....
Shawnee.....	2,447	788	413	1
Sumner.....	1,080	690	692	.....
Wabaunsee.....	820	262	109	.....
Wallace*.....				.....
Woodson.....	678	298	107	.....
Total.....	25,228	8,109	11,055	1
Majority.....	6,063			

* No returns.

CONGRESSMAN AT LARGE.

COUNTIES.	<i>J. R. Hallowell</i> ..	<i>S. J. Crawford</i> ..	<i>Scatterly</i>
Allen.....	955	811	.....
Anderson.....	667	704	.....
Atchison.....	1,938	1,533	.....
Barber.....	127	16	.....
Barton.....	1,095	845	2
Bourbon.....	1,725	1,669	.....
Brown.....	1,137	892	.....
Butler.....	1,458	1,001	2
Chase.....	481	478	1
Chautauqua.....	871	957	.....

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS—CONCLUDED.

CONGRESSMAN AT LARGE.

COUNTIES.	J. R. Inglewell	S. J. Crawford	Scotting.....
Cherokee.....	1,508	1,931	
Clay.....	1,195	349	
Cloud.....	1,174	582	
Coffey.....	816	801	
Comanche*.....			
Cowley.....	1,551	1,297	1
Crawford.....	1,233	1,129	
Davis.....	477	512	
Dickinson.....	1,512	129	
Doniphan.....	1,531	1,250	
Douglas.....	1,976	1,816	
Edwards.....	393	25	
Elk.....	696	741	
Ellis.....	677	271	
Ellsworth.....	735	248	
Ford.....	253	370	
Franklin.....	1,241	1,394	
Greenwood.....	880	715	
Harper*.....			
Harvey.....	878	573	
Jackson.....	945	666	
Jefferson.....	1,409	1,305	
Jewell.....	1,141	422	
Johnson.....	1,545	1,626	
Kingman.....	211	96	
Labette.....	1,675	1,630	
Leavenworth.....	2,238	2,627	
Lincoln.....	700	351	
Linn.....	1,362	1,393	
Lyon.....	1,185	1,114	
Marion.....	923	654	1
Marshall.....	1,536	1,107	
McPherson.....	939	721	
Miami.....	1,431	1,506	
Mitchell.....	1,056	539	
Montgomery.....	1,332	1,876	
Morris.....	721	481	
Nemaha.....	1,007	730	
Neosho.....	1,076	1,372	
Ness*.....			
Norton.....	327	113	
Osage.....	1,401	1,161	
Osborne.....	1,120	120	
Ottawa.....	518	770	
Pawnee.....	186	771	
Phillips.....	563	400	
Pottawatomie.....	1,092	1,210	
Reno.....	1,367	683	
Republic.....	1,150	250	
Rice.....	705	477	
Riley.....	986	577	
Rooks.....	296	162	
Rush.....	267	384	
Russell.....	578	234	
Saline.....	1,481	761	
Sedgwick.....	1,594	1,374	
Shawnee.....	2,255	1,372	1
Smith.....	647	608	
Sumner.....	1,045	1,364	
Wabaunsee.....	525	360	
Washington.....	1,240	778	
Wilson.....	1,183	1,069	
Woodson.....	680	331	
Wyandotte.....	1,160	1,574	
Total.....	73,978	60,158	8

* No returns.

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS.

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR.				LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.			
	<i>John P. St. John</i>	<i>John R. Goodin</i>	<i>D. P. Mitchell</i>	<i>Scattering</i>	<i>L. C. Humphrey</i>	<i>Geo. Timmahan</i>	<i>Alfred Taylor</i>	<i>Scattering</i>
Allen.....	944	648	173	.....	1,029	524	205	.....
Anderson.....	638	222	516	.....	671	214	495	.....
Atchison.....	1,870	1,559	37	.....	1,907	1,549	23	.....
Barber.....	171	133	11	.....	174	131	11	.....
Barton.....	1,067	801	77	.....	1,077	726	79	.....
Bourbon.....	1,667	800	944	.....	1,703	773	937	.....
Brown.....	1,127	492	410	.....	1,137	491	405	.....
Butler.....	1,506	653	459	.....	1,508	626	483	.....
Chase.....	473	246	240	.....	483	237	239	.....
Chautauqua.....	866	213	819	.....	872	198	832	.....
Cherokee.....	1,303	1,216	962	.....	1,358	1,172	950	.....
Clay.....	1,180	279	147	.....	1,201	256	144	.....
Cloud.....	1,164	427	167	.....	1,175	413	170	.....
Coffey.....*	800	398	424	.....	819	393	409	.....
Comanche*.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cowley.....	1,545	631	718	.....	1,562	604	725	.....
Crawford.....	1,190	1,012	589	.....	1,237	986	571	.....
Davis.....	477	402	148	.....	499	391	141	.....
Dickinson.....	1,464	564	141	.....	1,519	525	133	.....
Doniphan.....	1,493	875	409	.....	1,514	881	384	71
Douglas.....	1,907	1,075	805	2	2,034	986	776	.....
Edwards.....	413	99	33	.....	410	103	29	.....
Elk.....	686	56	695	.....	702	13	723	.....
Ellis.....	668	274	25	.....	681	272	14	.....
Ellsworth.....	664	311	4	.....	713	272	1	.....
Ford.....	247	309	87	.....	250	304	90	.....
Franklin.....	1,257	446	938	.....	1,292	436	916	.....
Greenwood.....	836	315	447	.....	879	293	429	.....
Harper.....	251	77	37	.....	250	78	44	.....
Harvey.....	907	295	260	.....	920	283	264	.....
Jackson.....	927	578	109	.....	938	578	99	.....
Jefferson.....	1,383	1,025	304	.....	1,408	1,013	365	.....
Jewell.....	1,219	300	429	.....	1,218	299	420	.....
Johnson.....	1,445	710	1,001	.....	1,543	699	929	.....
Kingman.....	211	43	66	.....	214	41	64	.....
Labette.....	1,594	968	804	.....	1,662	878	826	.....
Leavenworth.....	2,111	2,485	258	1	2,113	2,472	237	.....
Lincoln.....	639	251	99	.....	711	242	97	.....
Linn.....	1,303	264	1,198	3	1,365	232	1,188	1
Lyon.....	1,333	388	801	.....	1,407	376	749	.....
Marion.....	926	233	415	.....	932	236	414	.....
Marshall.....	1,455	653	539	.....	1,532	577	537	.....
McPherson.....	931	126	606	.....	945	110	610	.....
Miami.....	1,373	897	666	.....	1,446	877	616	.....
Mitchell.....	1,632	538	1	1	1,068	535	1	.....
Montgomery.....	1,287	1,054	999	.....	1,382	967	995	.....
Morris.....	690	276	236	.....	713	260	231	.....
Nemaha.....	96	710	61	.....	1,011	672	51	.....
Neosho.....	1,014	857	601	.....	1,094	782	605	.....
Ness*.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Norton.....	323	115	.....	.....	328	115	.....	.....
Osage.....	1,358	353	1,050	.....	1,414	303	1,041	1
Ottawa.....	655	189	445	.....	657	189	446	.....
Osborne.....	1,090	68	85	.....	1,095	55	82	2
Pawnee.....	647	196	133	.....	651	175	139	.....
Phillips.....	558	283	121	.....	564	279	119	.....
Pottawatomie.....	1,181	843	446	1	1,211	813	451	.....
Pratt*.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Reno.....	1,477	162	149	.....	1,484	459	148	.....
Republic.....	1,150	95	163	.....	1,179	79	172	.....
Rice.....	755	328	141	.....	745	332	146	.....
Riley.....	945	210	408	.....	956	205	405	.....
Rooks.....	297	74	78	.....	297	78	84	.....

* No returns.

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR.				LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.			
	<i>John P. St. John.</i>	<i>John R. Goodin.</i>	<i>D. P. Mitchell...</i>	<i>Scattering.....</i>	<i>L. T. Humphrey.</i>	<i>Geo. Farnethum.</i>	<i>Alfred Taylor...</i>	<i>Scattering.....</i>
Rush	564	143	37	.....	562	142	41	.....
Russell	566	95	258	.....	578	89	253	.....
Saline	1,429	651	171	1	1,507	598	153	.....
Sedgwick	1,572	1,137	354	.....	1,628	1,070	361	.....
Shawnee	2,340	853	455	.....	2,390	849	416	1
Smith	651	171	439	.....	653	171	438	.....
Sumner	1,048	735	677	.....	1,075	708	682	.....
Wabaunsee	640	424	93	2	781	323	89	1
Wallace* .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Washington	1,201	659	156	.....	1,223	641	156	.....
Wilson	1,145	442	683	.....	1,184	363	721	.....
Woodson	644	320	119	.....	677	302	103	1
Wyandotte	1,086	1,178	481	.....	1,125	1,133	493	.....
Total	74,020	37,208	27,057	11	76,242	35,447	26,735	78
Majority	9,744	.....	.....	.....	13,982	.....	.....	.....

COUNTIES.	SECRETARY OF STATE.				AUDITOR OF STATE.			
	<i>James Smith.....</i>	<i>L. W. Barton.....</i>	<i>T. P. Leach.....</i>	<i>Scattering.....</i>	<i>P. I. Bonebrake,</i>	<i>Osborn Shannon,</i>	<i>A. B. Cornell.....</i>	<i>Scattering.....</i>
Allen	1,045	517	199	.....	1,050	515	203	.....
Anderson	677	210	492	.....	679	209	490	.....
Atchison	1,942	1,530	11	.....	1,940	1,532	12	.....
Barber	174	129	11	.....	96	96	11	36
Barton	1,104	765	79	.....	1,105	768	79	.....
Bourbon	1,710	769	930	.....	1,713	771	929	.....
Brown	1,139	491	402	.....	1,138	491	403	.....
Butler	1,513	619	487	.....	1,507	569	489	51
Chase	484	238	238	.....	485	238	239	.....
Chautauqua	865	191	839	.....	870	190	840	.....
Cherokee	1,362	1,173	942	.....	1,362	1,179	940	.....
Clay	1,206	242	153	.....	1,203	243	154	.....
Cloud	1,177	410	170	.....	1,179	407	170	.....
Coffey	822	393	407	.....	824	392	406	.....
Comanche* .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cowley	1,558	606	728	1	1,563	596	726	10
Crawford	1,236	987	571	.....	1,240	988	571	.....
Davis	499	384	142	.....	500	382	143	.....
Dickinson	1,519	522	132	.....	1,523	521	136	.....
Doniphan	1,534	855	384	.....	1,531	860	385	.....
Douglas	2,045	979	770	.....	2,033	1,051	712	.....
Edwards	416	92	27	.....	418	93	29	.....
Elk	701	6	725	.....	703	11	722	.....
Ellis	683	278	14	.....	683	272	12	.....
Ellsworth	739	245	1	.....	738	245	1	1
Ford	257	298	94	.....	258	296	90	.....
Franklin	1,294	441	913	.....	1,291	437	905	.....
Greenwood	883	291	426	.....	882	289	424	.....
Harper	245	78	43	.....	243	77	44	.....
Harvey	922	278	267	.....	925	277	266	.....

* No returns.

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	SECRETARY OF STATE.				AUDITOR OF STATE.			
	<i>James Smith</i>	<i>L. W. Boyton</i> ...	<i>T. P. Leach</i>	<i>Scotter</i>	<i>P. J. Bonebrake</i> ...	<i>Osborn Shannon</i> ...	<i>A. B. Cornell</i> ...	<i>Scotter</i>
Jackson.....	950	587	79	.....	948	588	79	.....
Jefferson.....	1,414	1,020	309	.....	1,421	999	303	.....
Jewell.....	1,222	297	420	.....	1,219	304	420	.....
Johnson.....	1,556	704	927	.....	1,557	699	929	.....
Kingman.....	214	41	64	.....	213	41	64	.....
Labette.....	1,670	869	831	.....	1,679	833	821	.....
Leavenworth.....	2,282	2,337	229	.....	2,279	2,331	229	.....
Lincoln.....	711	242	97	.....	711	242	97	.....
Linn.....	1,374	232	1,179	.....	1,376	226	1,174	.....
Lyon.....	1,409	374	744	.....	1,410	368	739	.....
Marion.....	937	223	415	.....	938	228	415	.....
Marshall.....	2,448	107	90	.....	1,454	576	535	.....
Mel'herson.....	945	109	608	.....	945	109	612	.....
Miami.....	1,458	873	613	.....	1,455	869	613	.....
Mitchell.....	1,070	532	1	.....	1,068	536	.....	.....
Montgomery.....	1,322	1,005	1,009	.....	1,332	1,001	1,007	1
Morris.....	715	259	230	.....	717	259	229	.....
Neuhaha.....	1,014	669	51	.....	1,009	693	51	.....
Neosho.....	1,035	736	701	1	1,091	782	602	.....
Ness*.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Norton.....	328	115	.....	.....	328	115	.....	.....
Osage.....	1,415	303	1,037	.....	1,414	368	962	.....
Ottawa.....	661	185	448	.....	658	189	448	.....
Osborne.....	1,098	56	81	.....	1,091	52	74	.....
Pawnee.....	651	171	143	.....	658	170	.....	†139
Phillips.....	565	280	119	.....	563	279	120	.....
Pottawatomie.....	1,237	791	438	1	1,230	790	453	.....
Pratt*.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Reno.....	1,488	451	145	.....	1,490	452	146	.....
Republic.....	1,163	76	171	.....	1,158	78	171	.....
Rice.....	748	325	149	.....	751	323	148	.....
Riley.....	1,002	163	400	.....	999	159	401	1
Rooks.....	297	89	71	.....	282	90	71	17
Rush.....	561	143	41	.....	561	143	41	.....
Russell.....	581	87	252	.....	579	87	248	.....
Saline.....	1,526	577	151	.....	1,524	569	.....	†152
Sedgwick.....	1,657	1,042	361	.....	1,659	1,042	362	.....
Shawnee.....	2,410	829	415	.....	2,424	818	419	.....
Smith.....	653	171	437	.....	654	171	436	.....
Sumner.....	1,075	711	681	.....	1,075	708	679	.....
Wabaunsee.....	805	302	84	.....	811	301	81	.....
Wallace*.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Washington.....	1,274	606	155	.....	1,263	611	152	.....
Wilson.....	1,183	362	723	.....	1,184	369	719	.....
Woodson.....	679	301	103	.....	678	301	103	.....
Wyandotte.....	1,170	1,091	481	.....	1,170	1,094	484	.....
Total.....	77,734	34,420	26,286	3	76,708	34,958	26,168	408
Majority.....	17,025	.....	.....	.....	15,174	.....	.....	.....

* No returns. † Votes cast for A. G. Wolcott.

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	TREASURER OF STATE.				ATTORNEY GENERAL.			
	<i>John Francis</i> ...	<i>C. C. Black</i>	<i>A. G. Wolcott</i> ...	<i>Scatterling</i>	<i>Willard Danks</i> ...	<i>J. T. Orr</i>	<i>Frank Duster</i> ...	<i>Scatterling</i>
Allen.....	1,089	486	190	.....	1,043	568	159	.....
Anderson.....	681	208	498	.....	674	701	.....	.....
Atchison.....	1,943	1,529	11	.....	1,942	1,526	6	.....
Barber.....	174	96	11	39	171	95	11	94
Barton.....	1,106	768	79	.....	1,120	829	.....	.....
Bourbon.....	1,713	767	929	.....	1,706	1,700	.....	.....
Brown.....	1,138	491	403	.....	1,138	491	403	.....
Butler.....	1,507	571	488	51	1,513	1,087	.....	2
Chase.....	485	237	236	.....	484	460	.....	.....
Chautauqua.....	874	185	834	.....	876	211	.....	.....
Cherokee.....	1,360	1,174	938	.....	1,366	2,105	.....	.....
Clay.....	1,207	243	153	.....	1,205	242	153	.....
Cloud.....	1,179	407	170	.....	1,178	407	170	.....
Coffey.....	828	386	404	.....	821	392	.....	.....
Comanche*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cowley.....	1,377	870	639	3	1,582	678	.....	2
Crawford.....	1,238	984	572	.....	1,240	1,550	.....	.....
Davis.....	506	383	140	.....	505	485	.....	.....
Dickinson.....	1,523	519	134	.....	1,524	543	111	.....
Doniphan.....	1,533	864	379	.....	1,530	1,149	11	.....
Douglas.....	2,074	972	763	.....	2,050	1,747	.....	.....
Edwards.....	417	83	29	.....	510	129	.....	.....
Elk.....	702	13	724	.....	702	736	.....	.....
Ellis.....	683	271	13	.....	684	271	12	.....
Ellsworth.....	739	245	1	.....	739	246	.....	.....
Ford.....	306	297	90	.....	253	387	.....	.....
Franklin.....	1,288	436	911	.....	1,298	440	910	.....
Greenwood.....	886	288	368	.....	886	290	.....	†425
Harper.....	245	77	42	.....	147	79	.....	.....
Harvey.....	924	277	264	.....	920	315	.....	.....
Jackson.....	947	588	79	.....	948	591	72	.....
Jefferson.....	1,416	1,001	304	.....	1,410	1,301	.....	.....
Jewell.....	1,219	304	419	.....	1,219	305	421	.....
Johnson.....	1,562	692	932	.....	1,559	1,450	180	.....
Kingman.....	213	41	64	.....	210	49	58	.....
Labette.....	1,689	860	820	.....	1,676	1,567	86	.....
Leavenworth.....	2,270	2,319	221	.....	2,274	2,579	.....	35
Lincoln.....	711	244	97	.....	710	244	98	.....
Linn.....	1,378	223	1,177	7	1,372	1,406	.....	.....
Lyon.....	1,414	377	750	.....	1,405	1,119	.....	.....
Marion.....	942	227	411	.....	939	641	.....	.....
Marshall.....	1,455	575	535	.....	1,531	908	204	.....
McPherson.....	949	108	609	.....	938	706	.....	.....
Miami.....	1,455	872	614	.....	1,449	1,486	.....	.....
Mitchell.....	1,069	534	.....	1	1,069	535	.....	.....
Montgomery.....	1,340	999	972	1	1,337	1,899	49	.....
Morris.....	721	258	227	.....	717	477	.....	.....
Nemaha.....	1,011	673	51	.....	1,009	724	.....	.....
Neosho.....	1,098	775	601	1	1,076	1,375	18	.....
Ness*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Norton.....	328	115	.....	.....	328	115	.....	.....
Osage.....	1,420	305	1,031	.....	1,423	584	.....	6
Ottawa.....	658	188	445	.....	657	185	453	.....
Osborne.....	1,098	56	81	.....	1,098	132	.....	.....
Pawnee.....	659	173	.....	.....	653	314	.....	.....
Phillips.....	564	279	119	.....	563	398	.....	.....
Pottawatomie.....	1,238	786	451	.....	1,234	816	.....	.....
Pratt*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Reno.....	1,487	449	8	.....	1,168	904	.....	.....
Republic.....	1,160	78	173	.....	1,317	90	.....	.....
Rice.....	752	324	148	.....	755	358	.....	.....
Riley.....	998	166	401	.....	996	567	.....	1
Rooks.....	282	90	72	16	297	161	.....	.....

* No report. † Votes cast for A. J. Miller.

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	TREASURER OF STATE.				ATTORNEY GENERAL.			
	<i>John Francis</i>	<i>C. C. Black</i>	<i>A. G. Wolcott</i>	<i>Scotting</i>	<i>Willard Davis</i>	<i>J. T. Cox</i>	<i>Frank Doster</i>	<i>Scotting</i>
Rush.....	561	143	41	.....	356	374	.....	.....
Russell.....	585	86	250	.....	584	325	12	.....
Saline.....	1,539	578	.....	†150	1,520	721	10	.....
Sedgwick.....	1,663	1,044	359	.....	1,660	1,389	.....	.....
Shawnee.....	2,414	832	410	.....	2,395	1,244	.....	.....
Smith.....	654	171	437	.....	654	386	222	.....
Sumner.....	1,077	691	676	.....	1,075	1,371	.....	.....
Wabunsee.....	788	299	83	.....	802	385	.....	2
Wallace*.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Washington.....	1,260	606	153	.....	1,256	607	154	.....
Wilson.....	1,192	363	716	.....	1,185	896	183	.....
Woodson.....	684	294	103	.....	676	312	93	.....
Wyandotte.....	1,167	1,078	498	.....	1,175	1,562	.....	.....
Total.....	76,815	34,991	25,941	269	76,482	53,417	4,259	567
Majorities.....	15,614	.....	.....	.....	18,239	.....	.....	.....

COUNTIES.	SUPT PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.				CHIEF JUSTICE.			
	<i>Allen B. Lammon</i>	<i>O. F. McKim</i>	<i>J. I. Pool</i>	<i>Scotting</i>	<i>A. H. Horton</i>	<i>R. M. Ruggles</i>	<i>H. P. Wooman</i>	<i>Scotting</i>
Allen.....	1,050	508	195	.....	1,048	516	206	.....
Anderson.....	678	209	458	.....	677	211	489	.....
Atchison.....	1,941	1,525	11	.....	2,011	1,463	11	.....
Barber.....	173	40	11	35	175	130	11	.....
Barton.....	1,106	765	92	.....	1,089	763	79	.....
Bourbons.....	1,703	772	941	.....	1,710	764	926	.....
Brown.....	1,139	491	401	.....	1,137	491	404	.....
Butler.....	1,515	618	484	1	1,514	618	485	.....
Chase.....	486	237	237	.....	485	240	235	.....
Chautauqua.....	875	189	836	.....	869	193	838	.....
Cherokee.....	1,364	1,171	949	.....	1,362	1,173	863	.....
Clay.....	1,205	241	148	.....	1,206	243	153	.....
Cloud.....	1,179	407	170	.....	1,181	407	170	.....
Coffey.....	825	397	403	.....	821	395	406	.....
Comanche*.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cowley.....	1,598	576	720	.....	1,562	596	737	.....
Crawford.....	1,240	984	572	.....	1,235	988	572	.....
Davis.....	503	387	131	.....	507	381	141	.....
Dickinson.....	1,521	521	132	.....	1,524	521	131	.....
Doniphan.....	1,534	860	379	.....	1,536	855	384	.....
Douglas.....	2,055	973	765	.....	2,031	991	773	.....
Edwards.....	406	95	26	.....	415	96	27	.....
Elk.....	703	11	725	.....	701	11	728	.....
Ellis.....	683	273	12	.....	688	273	8	.....
Ellsworth.....	738	246	1	.....	739	245	1	.....
Ford.....	260	294	88	.....	262	290	91	.....
Franklin.....	1,299	437	911	.....	1,299	440	911	.....
Greenwood.....	886	287	426	.....	868	288	446	.....
Harper.....	245	77	42	.....	246	77	42	.....

* No returns. † Votes cast for A. B. Cornell.

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONCLUDED.

COUNTIES.	SUPT PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.				CHIEF JUSTICE.			
	A. B. Tammou...	O. F. McKim...	J. I. Ford.....	Scotting.....	A. H. Horton...	R. M. Ruggles...	H. P. Wooman...	Scotting.....
Harvey	919	278	268	.....	919	285	264	.....
Jackson	949	588	77	.....	950	587	78	.....
Jefferson	1,411	996	308	.....	1,411	1,000	307	.....
Jewell	1,219	304	423	.....	1,220	305	420	.....
Johnson	1,558	688	930	.....	1,551	635	939	.....
Kingman	213	41	64	.....	213	41	64	.....
Labette	1,675	820	819	.....	1,677	836	828	.....
Leavenworth.....	2,279	2,327	218	.....	2,280	2,317	219	.....
Lincoln	709	243	95	.....	711	243	98	.....
Linn	1,369	237	1,161	.....	1,372	231	1,177	.....
Lyon	1,413	396	741	.....	1,370	434	722	.....
Marion	937	232	447	.....	942	228	408	.....
Marshall	1,539	562	528	.....	1,546	576	523	.....
McPherson.....	929	119	614	.....	947	110	611	.....
Miami	1,435	873	643	.....	1,450	866	613	.....
Mitchell	1,066	533	1	.....	1,063	535	.....	.....
Montgomery.....	1,352	973	974	.....	1,213	1,019	1,024	2
Morris	717	256	226	.....	715	256	228	.....
Nemaha	1,009	674	.....	.....	1,008	673	51	.....
Neosho.....	1,065	776	603	.....	1,091	779	600	.....
Ness * .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Norton.....	328	115	.....	.....	328	114	.....	.....
Osage	1,416	302	1,032	.....	1,413	304	1,034	.....
Ottawa	661	189	443	.....	659	189	447	.....
Osborne	1,100	49	81	2	1,104	47	81	.....
Pawnee.....	654	172	140	.....	658	171	140	.....
Phillips.....	564	281	119	.....	564	279	119	.....
Pottawatomie.....	1,235	787	450	.....	1,231	786	455	.....
Pratt * .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Reno.....	1,490	445	143	.....	1,491	452	143	.....
Republic.....	1,163	79	173	.....	1,159	79	173	.....
Rice.....	753	323	140	.....	750	325	148	.....
Riley	997	160	401	.....	997	183	384	1
Rooks	297	90	72	.....	297	90	72	.....
Rush	566	142	40	.....	560	143	40	.....
Russell.....	584	85	251	.....	581	87	253	.....
Saline.....	1,527	583	147	.....	1,523	581	151	.....
Sedgwick.....	1,640	1,058	356	.....	1,656	1,042	349	.....
Shawnee.....	2,408	830	414	.....	2,411	830	412	.....
Smith	654	166	437	.....	654	171	437	.....
Sumner.....	1,055	725	664	.....	1,073	705	680	.....
Wabauwsee.....	801	299	85	1	806	305	81	1
Wallace * .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Washington.....	1,257	604	152	.....	1,255	609	155	.....
Wilson	1,188	363	720	.....	1,186	360	720	.....
Woodson	679	301	102	.....	681	298	103	.....
Wyandotte.....	1,174	1,086	479	.....	1,170	1,088	484	.....
Total.....	76,864	34,741	26,438	39	76,752	34,913	26,503	4
Majority	15,646	.....	.....	.....	15,332	.....	.....	.....

* No returns.

VOTE FOR JUDGE OF DISTRICT COURT.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Labette.....</i>	<i>Montgomery.....</i>	<i>Cherokee.....</i>	<i>Yanward.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
B. W. Perkins.....	1,438	1,666	1,764	1,336	6,204	750
W. B. Glasse.....	991	352	1,025	292	2,570	
J. F. Broadhead.....	757	1,017	330	777	2,881	
Scattering.....		3			3	

STATE SENATORS, TO FILL VACANCIES.

TENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Miami.....</i>	<i>Plurality.....</i>
Leonard Bradbury.....	1,381	512
John W. Gossett.....	869	
H. L. Phillips.....	671	

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Neosho.....</i>	<i>Plurality.....</i>
G. W. Spurgeon.....	1,241	69
L. Stillwell.....	1,172	
W. H. Morris.....	196	
Scattering.....	1	

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Osage.....</i>	<i>Wabanssee.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
L. E. Finch.....	1,366	788	2,154	543
D. B. Burdick.....	1,222	314	1,606	
Scattering.....	4	1	5	

THIRTIETH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Dickinson.....</i>	<i>Paris.....</i>	<i>Riley.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
T. C. Henry.....	1,369	268	809	2,446	233
O. F. Searl.....	742	745	721	2,208	
Scattering.....	5			5	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE, TO FILL VACANCIES—CONCLUDED.

THIRTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Proth*</i>	<i>Stuffed*</i>	<i>Kingman</i>	<i>Berber</i>	<i>Hooper</i> ...	<i>Sedgwick</i>	<i>Sumner</i> ...	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority</i> ..
H. C. Sluss	194	101	243	1,778	1,135	3,451	1,249
P. H. Massey	99	111	60	1,158	774	2,202	

* No returns.

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Districts</i> ..	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes</i> ..	<i>Majority</i> ..	<i>Plurality</i> ..
1	Doniphan.....	Philip Kelley.....	564		114
		B. A. Seaver.....	450		
2	.....	W. D. Rippey.....	208		108
		J. B. Kennedy.....	413		
3	.....	W. P. Symms.....	305		2
		X. K. Stout.....	123		
4	Atchison.....	A. J. Selover.....	212		
		E. F. Dixon.....	210		
5	.....	Warren Elliott.....	176		
		Scattering.....	56		
6	.....	John M. Price.....	753	753	
		John Seaton.....	392		
7	.....	C. W. Barker.....	242		36
		L. M. Briggs.....	560		
8	Jefferson.....	T. J. Emlen.....	524		55
		Joseph Donahue.....	477		
9	.....	D. G. Wilson.....	422		227
		J. W. Farris.....	761		
10	Leavenworth.....	G. W. Hogeboom.....	534		235
		W. C. Butts.....	803		
11	.....	Jerome Kunkel.....	568		34
		George T. Bevins.....	254		
12	.....	P. H. Coney.....	181		123
		S. Chapman.....	39		
13	.....	Thos. P. Gable.....	301		88
		H. M. Aller.....	178		
14	.....	James F. Legate.....	416		37
		Lorenzo Chapin.....	228		
15	.....	B. H. Oldfield.....	100		155
		Charles H. Miller.....	343		
16	.....	John C. Vogel.....	261		20
		Edward Jobson.....	45		
17	Wyandotte.....	Wm. Henderson.....	356		157
		B. F. Edwards.....	201		
18	.....	Frank M. Gable.....	444		66
		John M. M. Larimer.....	424		
		T. C. Duel.....	85		
		Scattering.....	1		
		J. A. Blackman.....	473	21	
		Crawford Moore.....	436		
		J. H. Bestel.....	16		
		Russell Armstrong.....	382		
		W. P. Overton.....	225		
		O. K. Serviss.....	212		
		L. E. James.....	396		
		C. H. Carpenter.....	330		
		J. F. Timmons.....	307		

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted.</i>	<i>No. votes.</i>	<i>Majority.</i>	<i>Plurality.</i>
19	Wyandotte (concluded).....	G. W. Greever.....	417	9	
		W. W. Dickinson.....	278		
		F. H. Betton.....	130		
20	Johnson.....	L. W. Breyfogle.....	443		118
		D. G. Campbell.....	325		
		S. A. Fry.....	259		
21	.....	Arch. Shaw.....	609	8	
		W. H. Toothaker.....	305		
		George H. Lawrence.....	296		
22	.....	J. B. Bruner.....	468	32	
		Thomas Rogers.....	436		
23	Douglas.....	Oscar G. Richards.....	311		4
		Wm. Roe.....	307		
		P. T. Rhodes.....	203		
24	.....	Sidney Clarke.....	648	383	
		James T. Stevens.....	265		
25	.....	Samuel A. Riggs.....	481		121
		Orlow Wolcott.....	360		
		H. B. Rogers.....	151		
26	.....	M. McMullen.....	514	64	
		Wm. Ingersoll.....	450		
27	Franklin.....	James Robb.....	611		201
		Thos. W. Harrison.....	410		
		A. A. Burney.....	218		
28	.....	J. A. Towle.....	601		25
		R. W. Krutz.....	576		
		James Johnson.....	177		
29	Miami.....	John W. Games.....	560	29	
		James Kingsley.....	387		
		Robert Dunn.....	144		
30	.....	Henderson Riee.....	467	26	
		Thomas Roberts.....	440		
		H. H. Williams.....	1		
31	.....	James G. Martin.....	347		1
		J. H. Randolph.....	346		
		G. W. Hand.....	205		
		H. L. Phillips.....	1		
32	Linn.....	J. D. Wait.....	465	32	
		S. Douglas.....	433		
33	.....	W. R. Biddle.....	466	138	
		J. M. Seright.....	328		
34	.....	Wm. B. Scott.....	568	92	
		Wm. P. Barnes.....	476		
35	Bourbon.....	John J. Stewart.....	415	42	
		M. Finnicum.....	373		
36	.....	W. I. Smith.....	524	54	
		J. M. Wilson.....	309		
		Robert Moore.....	161		
37	.....	J. H. Sallee.....	571	169	
		Silas A. Day.....	402		
38	.....	T. W. Tallman.....	261		59
		J. R. Greening.....	202		
		E. J. Boring.....	140		
39	Crawford.....	E. W. Majors.....	689	51	
		L. Brown.....	638		
40	.....	James A. Hossack.....	561		25
		E. Turkington.....	536		
		W. R. Reed.....	324		
41	Cherokee.....	H. T. Helmick.....	313		32
		E. C. Seammon.....	281		
		A. S. Brownsfield.....	138		
42	.....	T. P. Anderson.....	432		44
		E. A. Seammon.....	388		
		R. D. Ellis.....	202		
43	.....	J. S. Gillespie.....	720		174
		David Usrey.....	546		
		Wm. Blood.....	443		

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

Districts.....	Counties.	Names of persons voted for.	No. votes.....	Majority.....	Plurality.....
44	Labette.....	J. H. Martin.....	846	283	
		M. W. Reynolds.....	563		
45		H. C. Blanchard.....	475	59	
		F. A. Bettis.....	416		
46		T. J. Calvin.....	457		43
		A. D. Martin.....	414		
		J. M. Banan.....	84		
47	Montgomery.....	C. J. Corbin.....	422		39
		Orrin Barker.....	383		
		J. W. Campbell.....	377		
48		A. B. Clark.....	458		120
		A. I. Canary.....	338		
		M. S. Stahl.....	128		
49		James Delong.....	148		
		J. P. Rood.....	371		2
		T. L. Hafer.....	369		
		E. Reynolds.....	302		
50	Neosho.....	John Hall.....	686	52	
		C. N. Bacon.....	534		
51		R. D. Hartshorne.....	510		90
		E. C. Robinson.....	420		
		J. W. Stewart.....	272		
		Scattertug.....	1		
52	Allen.....	Wm. Hankins.....	564	241	
		Henry Strong.....	323		
53		Wm. Rath.....	542	238	
		J. B. Torbert.....	304		
54	Wilson.....	John S. Gilmore.....	581	1	
		W. B. Whitaker.....	580		
55		T. B. Woodard.....	588	104	
		J. Gist.....	484		
56	Woodson.....	Dexter E. Clapp.....	560	54	
		Seth R. Kellogg.....	506		
57	Anderson.....	R. H. Cunningham.....	687	15	
		W. A. F. Gear.....	672		
58	Coffey.....	A. M. F. Randolph.....	487	126	
		Enos Strawn.....	361		
59		M. L. Barber.....	386	46	
		A. V. Coffin.....	340		
60	Osage.....	D. H. Danhauer.....	661	86	
		J. A. Washburn.....	575		
61		Sol. Bower.....	668		33
		H. Kirby.....	635		
		James M. Wood.....	46		
62	Shawnee.....	Thomas M. James.....	532		170
		C. B. Kilmer.....	362		
		William Neiswender.....	149		
		M. M. Hale.....	233		
63		T. J. Anderson.....	826	356	
		G. G. Gage.....	284		
		J. M. Davies.....	186		
64		W. D. Alexander.....	391		25
		Thomas Buckman.....	366		
		George M. Kellam.....	266		
65	Wabaunsee.....	Lardner J. McCrumb.....	664	149	
		C. O. Kinne.....	427		
		G. S. Kneeland.....	88		
66	Jackson.....	J. H. Keller.....	481	87	
		J. H. Lowell.....	394		
67		W. H. Wilson.....	453	186	
		Henry Stanley.....	267		
68	Pottawatomie.....	E. Walker.....	541	24	
		M. B. Powers.....	323		
		M. D. Tenney.....	194		
69		L. C. Prunty.....	653		154
		J. L. Browne.....	499		
		L. B. Leach.....	230		

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes.</i>	<i>Majority.</i>	<i>Plurality.</i>
70	Brown	Johnson Beaty.....	571	148	
		Henry J. Aten.....	423		
71	.....	Henry A. Parsons.....	526	70	
		G. M. Stites.....	456		
72	Nemaha.....	E. G. Stitt.....	458	79	
		Wm. Becker.....	379		
73	.....	M. L. Wilson.....	460	74	
		Wm. Morris.....	386		
74	Marshall.....	L. P. Hamilton.....	589	70	
		A. E. Park.....	519		
75	.....	W. W. Smith.....	619		11
		R. M. Patterson.....	608		
		Wm. Pickett.....	243		
76	Riley	R. B. Spilman.....	403	3	
		J. M. Allen.....	400		
77	.....	J. J. Myers.....	287		12
		N. Green.....	275		
		A. S. Edgerton.....	186		
		Scattering.....	1		
78	Davis	A. W. Callen.....	530	40	
		J. C. Kennett.....	271		
		L. H. Keys.....	219		
79	Clay	George Taylor.....	885	165	
		W. H. Fletcher.....	595		
		J. C. McCurdy.....	125		
80	Dickinson.....	J. M. Hodge.....	1,179	243	
		E. Barber.....	918		
		J. W. Robson.....	18		
81	Morris	T. S. Huffaker.....	426		120
		R. D. Adams.....	306		
		Isaac Sharp.....	231		
		F. M. Hooton.....	222		
82	Lyon.....	John S. Watson.....	625	82	
		E. W. Cunningham.....	543		
83	.....	John W. Loy.....	615	52	
		P. B. Maxson.....	421		
		Charles Bucher.....	142		
84	Lyon and Greenwood.....	T. J. Raybell.....	309	12	
		L. Priest.....	248		
		J. R. Bullion.....	49		
85	Greenwood.....	J. B. Clogston.....	536	30	
		J. M. Seidle.....	506		
86	Chase.....	W. A. Morgan.....	485	34	
		W. P. Pugh.....	394		
		Wm. Jeffrey.....	57		
87	Marion.....	F. H. Kollock.....	790	9	
		B. Fanning.....	781		
88	Cowley.....	E. C. Manning.....	888	103	
		M. G. Troup.....	785		
89	.....	M. R. Leonard.....	584	13	
		A. A. Wiley.....	571		
90	Butler.....	U. A. Albin.....	608	2	
		A. D. Lee.....	597		
		Scattering.....	9		
91	.....	D. M. Bronson.....	766	179	
		I. V. Davis.....	563		
		Henry Betz.....	21		
		Scattering.....	3		
92	Sedgwick.....	William Griffenstein.....	802	4	
		L. N. Woodcock.....	797		
		Scattering.....	1		
93	.....	S. M. Tucker.....	736	40	
		Hugh Fortner.....	489		
		M. E. Morgan.....	207		
94	Chautauqua.....	H. Berry.....	380	79	
		R. W. Roe.....	301		
95	.....	E. M. Hewins.....	801	407	
		W. W. Jones.....	394		

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Districts.....</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes ...</i>	<i>Majority....</i>	<i>Plurality....</i>
96	Elk.....	K. H. Barackman.....	734	37	
		T. P. Fletcher.....	693		
		A. T. P. Fletcher.....	4		
97	Sumner.....	Clark R. Godfrey.....	1,148		487
		A. C. Lambe.....	633		
		A. T. Cross.....	661		
98	Harvey.....	William M. Congden.....	839	228	
		H. D. Markel.....	406		
		Isaac Gresham.....	205		
99	McPherson.....	George W. McClintick.....	653		96
		F. A. LaSourd.....	537		
		G. M. Summerville.....	432		
		Scattering.....	3		
100	Saline.....	Charles E. Faulkner.....	901		101
		John Foster.....	800		
		J. G. Mohler.....	546		
101	Ottawa.....	T. B. Ellison.....	699	116	
		B. F. Billingsley.....	575		
		Scattering.....	8		
102	Cloud.....	D. C. McKay.....	441	82	
		P. L. Montgomery.....	359		
103	.....	Joseph Cool.....	489	56	
		S. D. Houston sr.....	332		
		G. B. Vallandigham.....	101		
104	Washington.....	D. E. Ballard.....	453	3	
		J. E. Barrett.....	450		
105	.....	T. J. Humes.....	759	500	
		R. T. Kerr.....	259		
106	Republic.....	W. M. Moore.....	284	16	
		J. G. Arbuthnot.....	172		
		J. B. Pollard.....	96		
107	.....	George L. White.....	240		89
		A. D. Wilson.....	251		
		D. C. Gamble.....	199		
108	Jewell.....	George S. Bishop.....	499	105	
		L. D. Reynolds.....	394		
109	.....	J. M. Hutchison.....	491	111	
		John W. George.....	380		
110	Smith.....	Frank E. Baker.....	846	454	
		James A. Cotton.....	392		
111	Mitchell.....	Charles J. Brown.....	905	253	
		N. P. Simmons.....	652		
112	Lincoln.....	Walter S. Wait.....	529	51	
		John P. Harmon.....	478		
113	Ellsworth.....	H. T. Anderson.....	527	89	
		D. B. Long.....	437		
		Scattering.....	1		
114	Rice.....	J. G. Eckles.....	626	49	
		Solon Gray.....	356		
		Charles Rumsey.....	141		
		G. Bohrer.....	80		
115	Reno.....	J. H. Lawson.....	630		123
		W. J. Ross.....	507		
		W. R. Brown.....	479		
		D. J. Cole.....	103		
116	Phillips.....	John Bissell.....	447		175
		E. A. Preast.....	272		
		L. A. Potter.....	225		
117	Osborne.....	H. C. Bull.....	801	367	
		C. Reasoner.....	428		
		G. W. Creamer.....	6		
118	Russell.....	W. G. Eastland.....	635	370	
		J. W. Ellithorpe.....	265		
119	Ellis.....	L. F. Eggers.....	493	37	
		John H. Edwards.....	456		
120	Barton.....	G. L. Brinkman.....	1,036	129	
		G. W. Nimocks.....	882		
		A. Burgtorf.....	25		

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes.</i>	<i>Majority.</i>	<i>Plurality.</i>
121	Pawnee.....	Davis H. Waite.....	544	121	
		J. W. Adams.....	423		
122	Ford.....	R. M. Wright.....	407	208	
		R. W. Evans.....	199		
123	Norton.....	John R. Hamilton.....	260	76	
		George W. Hood.....	184		
124	Edwards.....	John E. Willey.....	347	148	
		Robert McCause.....	172		
125	Barber.....	D. Eldridge Monroe.....	27		10
		W. P. Ewing.....	136		
126	Rooks.....	A. B. Reynolds.....	126	104	
		J. T. Whitelaw.....	72		
127	Rush.....	S. S. Boggs.....	279	64	
		L. C. Smith.....	175		
128	Harper.....	F. S. Stumbaugh.....	400	10	
		S. W. Taylor.....	336		
129	Kingman.....	H. C. Fisler.....	187	6	
		S. S. Sisson.....	177		
		I. P. Campbell.....	53		
		J. C. Martin.....	139		
		Wm. White.....	133		
		S. W. Smith.....	47		

Secretary Cavanaugh's Report gives the vote of the State on Governor, Secretary of State, and Congressmen, by townships. It also gives all the commissions issued by the Governor, and the county officers now in, and those just elected.

DECEMBER 1.—Bishop T. H. Vail has written, and the Appletons have published, a book entitled "The Comprehensive Church." The Philadelphia Register says it is "able and excellent, and admirably adapted to hold in true fellowship all who profess and call themselves Christians."

—Report of Superintendent Lemmon: There are 5,136 school districts in the State; 4,520 school houses; value of property, \$4,527,227; school population, 266,575; number of teachers, 6,359; school expenses, \$1,541,417.12.

Sixty-three counties have held Normal Institutes, under the law of 1877. The examination of candidates for State certificates began in January, 1877, and has been continued this year in several cities. The report gives a summary of our Educational Exhibit at Paris. A sketch is given of the State school system. James N. Noteware was the first Superintendent, appointed February 12, 1858. Samuel W. Greer was elected October 4, 1858, and held from December 2, 1858, to January 1, 1861. John C. Douglass was elected in November, 1860. Wm. R. Griffith was the first State Superintendent. He died February 12, 1862, and Simeon M. Thorp was appointed. Isaac T. Goodnow held office from January, 1863, four years. The first Teachers' Institute was held at Emporia, in 1863. The State Teachers' Association was organized at Leavenworth, September 29, 1863. The Agricultural College was opened September 2, 1863; the Emporia Normal School, February 15, 1865; the

State University, September 12, 1866. Peter McVicar was Superintendent from January, 1867, four years. H. D. McCarty was Superintendent four years. The law creating a State Board of Education was passed in 1873. The new University building was begun in 1871. The appropriation for the new Normal building, at Emporia, was made in 1872.

Gen. John Fraser was elected Superintendent in 1874, and held one term. He was Chancellor of the University from 1868 to 1874. He became Professor in the Western University, at Pittsburgh, in July, 1877, and died June 4, 1878. No finer spirit ever came to Kansas; no one ever labored for her with a more zealous and unselfish heart; and no man was ever before so murdered by one of her political conventions. Gen. Fraser was a native of Scotland; he was a gallant Pennsylvania soldier in the Army of the Potomac; Kansas must always blush when she remembers him.

This Report contains a map of each county, and school statistics from 1861. It is the most complete Report thus far issued. Superintendent Lemmon returns his thanks to his efficient assistant, Wirt W. Walton.

The Emporia Normal has been struck by a tornado, embezzlement, and fire, but is cheerful: the stars still in sight. The Regents are Edwin Tucker, J. H. Crichton, M. M. Murdock, A. Sellers, and C. B. Lawrence; J. J. Wright, Secretary. Number of students, 232. C. R. Pomeroy, President.

The Regents of the Agricultural College are Stephen M. Wood, W. L. Challiss, B. L. Kingsbury, J. R. Hallowell, T. C. Henry, E. B. Purcell, John A. Anderson, Secretary, and President of the College. Faculty: M. L. Ward, George H. Failyer, Edward M. Shelton, H. E. Van Deman, J. E. Platt, John D. Walters, Mrs. M. E. Cripps, T. T. Hawkes, A. A. Stewart, W. C. Stewart, S. A. Hayes, W. L. Hofer. Students, 238. The north wing of the College building is nearly completed. L. R. Elliott is the Land Agent. The Library has 2,750 books.

The Regents of the University make their Thirteenth Annual Report. University Hall was dedicated, November 23d. James H. Canfield is elected to the Chair of English Literature; Miss A. L. Morrow, Assistant in the English Department; James A. Wickersham is continued in the Greek Chair; James S. Crew elected Treasurer; Kate Stephens, Assistant in Greek. Prof. Bardwell observed the solar eclipse, in Colorado, July 29. Profs. Snow and Mudge geologize in western Kansas. Number of students, 361. James Marvin, Chancellor; E. Miller, Librarian. Reports are made by F. H. Snow, D. H. Robinson, F. W. Bardwell, (who died August 17,) E. Miller, Geo. E. Patrick, James H. Canfield, Frances Schlegel, and A. L. Morrow.

P. McVicar, President of Washburn College, reports the building as completed. Various funds, \$50,000. Library, 3,000 books: Topeka.

J. Denison, President of Baker University, reports 193 students. Value of property, \$40,200. Chartered in 1858; Baldwin City.

Thomas H. Vail, President of the College of Sisters of Bethany, Topeka, reports 80 students. Founded, 1861. Value of property, \$112,000. Faculty: Bishop Vail, C. E. Butler, Miss Julia E. Blakelee, Mrs. A. M. Henderson, Miss Emma H. Root, Miss Mary Stewart, Mrs. M. A. Kliffmuller, Mrs. H. T. Stone, Mrs. H. A. McKay, Mrs. Butler.

Innocent Wolf, President of St. Benedict's College, Atchison, founded in 1859, reports 68 students. Value of property, \$26,500. Faculty: I. Wolf, Boniface Verheyen, Peter Kassens, Raymond Daniel, Albert Robrecht, Winfield Smith, John B. Stader, Matthew Bradley.

Mrs. H. E. Monroe, Principal of the Atchison Institute, founded in 1870, reports 156 students. Value of property, \$10,600. Faculty: H. E. Monroe, C. B. Ridgaway, E. B. Hall, M. J. Teazdale, O. L. Ford, Oscar Harge, and Carrie J. Stocks.

DECEMBER 3.—Twelfth annual meeting of the State Horticultural Society, at Ottawa. The Annual Report is a very valuable book, of 339 pages. *Officers:* President, E. Gale; Vice President, Wm. M. Howsley; Secretary, G. C. Brackett; Treasurer, Fred. Wellhouse; Trustees, H. E. Van Deman, M. B. Newman, W. E. Barnes. The Society was incorporated December 20, 1869, by Wm. Tanner, C. B. Lines, Wm. M. Howsley, S. T. Kelsey, G. C. Brackett, Geo. T. Anthony, and J. Stayman. The semi-annual meeting is held this year at Garnett, June 19. Reports from many counties and local societies are included in the volume.

DECEMBER 4.—State Convention, at Topeka, of County Clerks. J. H. Brown, Chairman; J. W. Niehaus, Secretary. Report of the General Committee, J. Lee Knight, Chas. H. Krebs, and D. R. Emmons.

—Work on the Narrow Gauge between Emporia and Eureka.

—Leadville, Col., a great silver camp.

DECEMBER 10.—A. D. Brown, of the Patriot, appointed postmaster at Burlington.

DECEMBER 16.—E. B. Purcell appointed Regent of the Agricultural College, and elected Treasurer. He places it, financially, at the head of our State Institutions.

—The United States Supreme Court affirms the decision of the Kansas Supreme Court, involving 90,000 acres of land, in favor of the K. P. R. R. and against the M. K. & T.

—Forty-nine operatives are employed in the Blue Rapids woolen mill.

DECEMBER 17.—W. S. Tough acquitted of the charge of murder of W. B. Hartman; trial in Topeka.

—Eleventh annual session of the State Grange, at Lawrence. Master Wm. Sims made an address, and Secretary P. B. Maxson a report. About 1,000 members have joined during the year.

DECEMBER 18.—Jacob Stotler, of Emporia, and C. G. Hawley, of Girard, confirmed as postmasters.

—Marriage of C. C. Burnes, of Atchison, and Fannie Byram.

—The C. G. Scrafford case called, in Topeka.

DECEMBER 20.—M. M. Murdock confirmed as postmaster at Wichita.

DECEMBER 24.—The Commonwealth publishes a letter from Senator Plumb to Secretary Schurz, dissenting from his recent report on the Cheyenne raid, in September, through Kansas and Nebraska.

—The Grange elected the following officers: Master, Wm. Sims, Topeka; Overseer, J. F. Willets, Jefferson county; Lecturer, J. T. Martin, Miami county; Steward, Mr. St. John, Riley county; Assistant Steward, John Rehrig, Osage county; Secretary, P. B. Maxson, Emporia; Treasurer, W. Popenoe, Topeka; Chaplain, Mrs. George Y. Johnson, Lawrence; Gatekeeper, J. W. Jenkins, Lawrence; Ceres, Mrs. Hannah Sims, Topeka; Pomona, Mrs. Helen M. Barnes, Manhattan; Flora, Mrs. B. A. Otis, Topeka; Lady Assistant Steward, Mrs. Amanda C. Rippey, Doniphan county.

—The Santa Fé has purchased the Emporia Narrow Gauge, through L. H. Severy.

—Milton W. Reynolds is succeeded by H. H. Lusk, on the Parsons Sun.

DECEMBER 26.—The Historical Society, by resolution of Chas. Robinson, takes measures to secure a bust of Eli Thayer.

—Cowley county votes bonds for the Santa Fé road.

DECEMBER 28.—G. W. Bertram writes early Decatur county history for the Commonwealth.

DECEMBER 29.—The Commonwealth gives a sketch of the Kinsley train robbery, of January 27, and the Winthrop robbery, of August 13.

DECEMBER 30.—D. A. Millington, of the Courier, appointed postmaster at Winfield. He has been a merchant in Leavenworth and Fort Scott.

—Ninth day of the Scrafford case. It is a complete history of the school-bond transaction.

DECEMBER 31.—Gen. Pope writes to the Governor that the War Department orders him to turn over to the civil officers of Kansas, such Cheyenne prisoners as can be identified as the criminals who committed crimes during the recent raid.

DECEMBER 31.—The report of Adjutant General Noble, of January, 1879, covers the years 1876-7-8. The last previous report was that of Chas. A. Morris, in 1875. The present report contains the account of Kansas with the United States, from 1855. The Indian Raid correspondence is given. As to the strike, the Adjutant says no orders passed through his hands.

DECEMBER 31.—Report of the State Board of Agriculture for 1877-8; pp. 632. Kansas has the best agricultural reports that the mind of

man has ever achieved. *Officers:* President, John Kelly; Vice President, Levi Wilson; Treasurer, William Sims; Secretary, Alfred Gray. *Members of the Board:* Joshua Wheeler, H. C. St. Clair, S. J. Carter, I. O. Savage, W. P. Popenoe, J. W. Johnson, M. Mohler, R. W. Jenkins, S. M. Palmer, O. D. Harmon, and the Governor and Secretary of State. Geologist, B. F. Mudge; Entomologists, E. A. Popenoe and George F. Gaumer; Meteorologist, Frank H. Snow; Botanist, J. H. Carruth; Chemist, W. K. Kedzie.

Annual reports were issued from 1872 to 1876. This is the first biennial report. Kansas now stands at the head of the wheat States, with 32,315,358 bushels. This Report has a valuable paper on the geology of the State, by Prof. Mudge. Engravings are given of the French gold medal commemorative of John Brown, and of the monument at Osawatomie.

With the statistics of each county a history is given of the early settlements, and there is a sketch of all the county newspapers, written by Franklin G. Adams. Under Cowley county comes a picture of the "Aunt Sally," which arrived in Arkansas City, from Little Rock, June 30. Under Douglas county is an historical sketch of Lawrence—named October 1, 1854, for Amos A. Lawrence—and a *fac simile* of John Speer's famous newspaper page, "The Day of Our Enslavement," copied from the Lawrence Tribune of September 15, 1855. With Jefferson county, there is a sketch of the battle of Hickory Point, September 14, 1856.

The population of the State is 708,497; increase from 1875, 178,776. Taxes, for State purposes, \$762,843, or \$1.07 to each person. The corn product is 89,324,971 bushels. Value of all farm products, \$300,841,752. Many useful diagrams, illustrating agriculture, religion, debt, Texas-cattle dead-lines, geology, rainfall, &c.

—L. D. Burch writes and C. S. Burch & Co., Chicago, publish a book of 142 pages, "Kansas As It Is." It is an excellent immigration document.

1879.

JANUARY 1.—The Central Branch is operating to Scandia; W. W. Fagan is Assistant Superintendent.

JANUARY 4.—Formation, at Hutchinson, of the Arkansas Valley Editorial Association, by C. G. Contant, F. Meridith, J. W. Sargent, N. B. Klaine, and others.

JANUARY 9.—Chas. G. Scrafford, tried before Judge Morton, at Topeka, for complicity with Samuel Lappin in the forgery of school bonds, is found guilty by the jury. His attorney, Wm. C. Webb, asks for a new trial. The State has recovered all of its money, from the estate of Lappin & Scrafford.

JANUARY 11.—The Commonwealth prints the letter of E. B. Whitman, of Cambridge, Massachusetts, which he sends to the Historical Society, with the flag brought from South Carolina to Kansas, used at Lawrence.

May 21, 1856, and captured by Capt. Jas. A. Harvey, at Slough Creek, September 11, 1856. F. G. Adams, present at the engagement, writes its history. Edward E. Hale has long been the keeper of this historic flag.

JANUARY 13.—Gov. St. John, and the other State officers, formally inaugurated on the eastern stairway of the State House.

JANUARY 13.—W. H. Ward, of Humboldt, appointed Private Secretary by Gov. St. John.

JANUARY 14.—Meeting, at Topeka, of the officers of the State Temperance Union: J. P. St. John, Albert Griffin, L. Brown, J. H. Rice, J. B. Abbott, and W. A. H. Harris.

JANUARY 14.—Meeting of the Legislature.

STATE OFFICERS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
John P. St. John, Governor.....	Olathe	Johnson.
Lyman U. Humphrey, Lieutenant Governor.....	Independence..	Montgomery.
James Smith, Secretary of State.....	Marysville.....	Marshall.
P. I. Bonebrake, Auditor of State.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
John Francis, Treasurer of State.....	Iola.....	Allen.
A. B. Lemmon, Superintendent Public Instruction.....	Winfield	Cowley.
Willard Davis, Attorney General.....	Oswego.....	Labette.
George W. Martin, State Printer.....	Junction City..	Davis.
Alfred Gray, Secretary State Board Agriculture.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Orrin T. Welch, Superintendent of Insurance.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
D. Dickinson, State Librarian.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Peter S. Noble, Adjutant General.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
W. H. Ward, Governor's Private Secretary.....	Humboldt.....	Allen.
George T. Gilmore, Assistant Secretary of State.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
F. G. Adams, Secretary State Historical Society.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.

JUDGES AND OFFICERS OF U. S. COURTS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Hiram Griswold, Register in Bankruptcy.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.
C. O. French, Register in Bankruptcy.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
J. Jay Buck, Register in Bankruptcy.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
George R. Peck, U. S. District Attorney.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
A. S. Thomas, Clerk of Circuit Court.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Joseph C. Wilson, Clerk of District Court.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Benj. F. Simpson, U. S. Marshal.....	Paola.....	Miami.

JUDGES AND OFFICERS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Albert H. Horton, Chief Justice.....	Atchison	Atchison.
Daniel M. Valentine, Associate Justice.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
David J. Brewer, Associate Justice.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.
A. Hammatt, Clerk.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
A. M. F. Randolph, Reporter.....	Burlington.....	Coffey.
D. Dickinson, Librarian.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.

JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURTS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>District.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Robert Crozier.....	First.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
Alfred G. Otis.....	Second.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
John T. Morton.....	Third.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
N. T. Stephens.....	Fourth.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
E. B. Peyton.....	Fifth.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
W. C. Stewart.....	Sixth.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
H. W. Talcott.....	Seventh.....	Iola.....	Allen.
James H. Austin.....	Eighth.....	Junction City.....	Davis.
S. R. Peters.....	Ninth.....	Marion Center.....	Marion.
Hiram Stevens.....	Tenth.....	Paola.....	Miami.
B. W. Perkins.....	Eleventh.....	Oswego.....	Labette.
A. S. Wilson.....	Twelfth.....	Washington.....	Washington.
W. P. Campbell.....	Thirteenth.....	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.
J. H. Prescott.....	Fourteenth.....	Salina.....	Saline.
Joel Holt.....	Fifteenth.....	Beloit.....	Mitchell.

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>Post Office.</i>	<i>County.</i>
1	R. M. Williams.....	White Cloud.....	Doniphan.
2	W. W. Guthrie.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
2	C. A. Woodworth jr.....	Muscotah.....	Atchison.
3	E. N. Morrill.....	Hiawatha.....	Brown.
4	Welcome Wells.....	Manhattan.....	Pottawatomie.
5	Louis A. Myers.....	Valley Falls.....	Jefferson.
6	J. H. Gilpatrick.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
7	B. D. Evans.....	Fairmount.....	Leavenworth.
8	Wm. J. Buchan.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
9	J. M. Hadley.....	Olathe.....	Johnson.
10	Leonard Bradbury.....	Paola.....	Miami.
11	Geo. F. Hamlin.....	La Cygne.....	Linn.
12	W. R. Griffin.....	Marmaton.....	Bourbon.
13	P. I. B. Ping.....	Girard.....	Crawford.
14	J. R. Hallowell.....	Columbus.....	Cherokee.
15	A. Matthewson.....	Parsons.....	Labette.
16	Geo. W. Spurgeon.....	Jacksonville.....	Neosho.
17	L. K. Kirk.....	Garnett.....	Anderson.
18	J. P. Harris.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
19	H. M. Greene.....	Lecompton.....	Douglas.
19	Chas. Robinson.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
20	D. C. Metsker.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
21	L. E. Finch.....	Burlingame.....	Osage.
22	D. W. Finney.....	Neosho Falls.....	Woodson.
23	S. S. Benedict.....	Guilford.....	Wilson.
24	Almerin Gillett.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
25	D. Grass.....	Independence.....	Montgomery.
26	R. H. Nichols.....	Elk Falls.....	Elk.
27	A. J. Pyburn.....	Arkansas City.....	Cowley.
28	T. B. Murdock.....	El Dorado.....	Butler.
29	John T. Bradley.....	Council Grove.....	Morris.
30	T. C. Henry.....	Abilene.....	Dickinson.
31	C. J. Brown.....	Blue Rapids.....	Marshall.
32	C. M. Kellogg.....	Clay Center.....	Clay.
33	L. O. Savage.....	Belleville.....	Republic.
34	T. B. Carpenter.....	Burr Oak.....	Jewell.
35	W. A. Johnston.....	Minneapolis.....	Ottawa.
36	John Richey.....	McPherson.....	McPherson.
37	T. T. Taylor.....	Hutchinson.....	Reno.
38	H. C. Sluss.....	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Lyman U. Humphrey.....	President.....	Independence....	Montgomery.
Henry Brandley.....	Secretary.....	Matfield Green...	Chase.
S. M. Strickler.....	Assistant Secretary.....	Junction City.....	Davis.
A. P. Riddle.....	Journal Clerk.....	Girard.....	Crawford.
C. H. Graham.....	Docket Clerk.....	Leroy.....	Coffey.
Mrs. R. Flower.....	Engrossing Clerk.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Mrs. Carrie Anderson.....	Enrolling Clerk.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Ed. R. Smith.....	Sergeant-at-Arms.....	Mound City.....	Linn.
A. H. McWhorter.....	Ass't Sergeant-at-Arms.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
D. W. Acker.....	Doorkeeper.....	Vermillion.....	Marshall.
W. B. Townsend.....	Assistant Doorkeeper.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
W. B. Hoagland.....	Postmaster.....	Neosho Falls.....	Woodson.
Leonard Short.....	Page.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
Willie Anderson.....	Page.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
Freddie Jewell.....	Page.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Dist.....</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
1	Philip Kelley.....	White Cloud.....	Doniphan.
2	J. B. Kenedy.....	Troy.....	Doniphan.
3	A. J. Selover.....	Wathena.....	Doniphan.
4	John M. Price.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
5	John Seaton.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
6	L. M. Briggs.....	Muscotah.....	Atchison.
7	Joseph Donahue.....	Farmington.....	Atchison.
8	J. W. Farris.....	Winchester.....	Jefferson.
9	W. C. Butts.....	Valley Falls.....	Jefferson.
10	George T. Beven.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
11	Thomas P. Gable.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
12	James F. Legate.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
13	Charles H. Miller.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
14	W. B. Henderson.....	Pleasant Ridge.....	Leavenworth.
15	Frank M. Gable.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
16	J. A. Blackman.....	Loring (Wyandotte Co.).....	Leavenworth.
17	Russell B. Armstrong.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
18	L. E. James.....	Kansas City, Kansas.....	Wyandotte.
19	G. W. Greever.....	Maywood.....	Wyandotte.
20	L. W. Breyfogle.....	Lenexa.....	Johnson.
21	Arch. Shaw.....	Olathe.....	Johnson.
22	J. B. Bruner.....	Gardner.....	Johnson.
23	O. G. Richards.....	Eudora.....	Douglas.
24	Sidney Clarke.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
25	Samuel A. Riggs.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
26	M. McMillen.....	Marion.....	Douglas.
27	James Robb.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
28	J. A. Towle.....	Williamsburg.....	Franklin.
29	John W. Games.....	Paola.....	Miami.
30	Henderson Rice.....	Mound Creek.....	Miami.
31	James G. Martin.....	Louisburg.....	Miami.
32	J. D. Wait.....	Greeley (Anderson Co.).....	Linn.
33	W. R. Biddle.....	Pleasanton.....	Linn.
34	W. B. Scott.....	Oakwood.....	Linn.
35	John J. Stewart.....	Mill Creek.....	Bourbon.
36	W. I. Smith.....	Redfield.....	Bourbon.
37	J. H. Sallee.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
38	T. W. Tallman.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
39	E. W. Majors.....	Girard.....	Crawford.
40	James A. Hossack.....	Girard.....	Crawford.
41	H. T. Helmick.....	Weir City.....	Cherokee.
42	T. P. Anderson.....	Columbus.....	Cherokee.
43	J. S. Gillespie.....	Keelville.....	Cherokee.
44	J. H. Martin.....	Parsons.....	Labette.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
45	H. C. Blanchard.....	Oswego.....	Labette.
46	T. J. Calvin.....	Chetopa.....	Labette.
47	C. J. Corbin.....	Cherryvale.....	Montgomery.
48	A. B. Clark.....	Independence.....	Montgomery.
49	J. P. Rood.....	Fawn Creek.....	Montgomery.
50	Jno. Hall.....	Osage Mission.....	Neosho.
51	R. D. Hartshorne.....	Thayer.....	Neosho.
52	Wm. Hankins.....	Iola.....	Allen.
53	Wm. Rath.....	Humboldt.....	Allen.
54	Jno. S. Gilmore.....	Fredonia.....	Wilson.
55	T. B. Woodard.....	Neodesha.....	Wilson.
56	D. E. Clapp.....	Yates Center.....	Woodson.
57	R. H. Cunningham.....	Garnett.....	Anderson.
58	A. M. F. Randolph.....	Burlington.....	Coffey.
59	M. L. Barber.....	Baneroit.....	Coffey.
60	D. H. Danhauer.....	Lyndon.....	Osage.
61	Sol. Bower.....	Olivet.....	Osage.
62	Thos. M. James.....	North Topeka.....	Shawnee.
63	Thos. J. Anderson.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
64	W. D. Alexander.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
65	Lardner J. Met rumb.....	Alma.....	Wabauusee.
66	J. H. Keller.....	Holton.....	Jackson.
67	W. H. Wilson.....	Smithland.....	Jackson.
68	E. Walker.....	St. George.....	Pottawatomie.
69	L. C. Prunty.....	Laclede.....	Pottawatomie.
70	Johnson Bealy.....	Hiawatha.....	Brown.
71	Henry A. Parsons.....	Robinson.....	Brown.
72	E. G. Stitt.....	Sabetha.....	Nemaha.
73	M. L. Wilson.....	America City.....	Nemaha.
74	L. P. Hamilton.....	Beattie.....	Marshall.
75	W. W. Smith.....	Waterville.....	Marshall.
76	R. B. Spilman.....	Manhattan.....	Riley.
77	J. J. Myers.....	Alert.....	Riley.
78	A. W. Callen.....	Junction City.....	Davis.
79	George Taylor.....	Bala (Riley Co.).....	Clay.
80	J. M. Hodge.....	Abilene.....	Dickinson.
81	T. F. Huffaker.....	Council Grove.....	Morris.
82	John S. Watson.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
83	J. W. Loy.....	Americus.....	Lyon.
84	T. J. Raybell.....	Virgil.....	Greenwood.
85	J. B. Clogston.....	Eureka.....	Greenwood.
86	W. A. Morgan.....	Cottonwood Falls.....	Chase.
87	F. H. Kollock.....	Peabody.....	Marion.
88	E. C. Manning.....	Winfield.....	Cowley.
89	M. R. Leonard.....	Arkansas City.....	Cowley.
90	U. A. Albin.....	Augusta.....	Butler.
91	D. M. Bronson.....	El Dorado.....	Butler.
92	Wm. Griffenstein.....	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.
93	S. M. Tucker.....	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.
94	H. Berry.....	Boston.....	Chautauqua.
95	E. M. Hewins.....	Cedarvale.....	Chautauqua.
96	K. H. Barackman.....	Union Center.....	Elk.
97	Clark R. Godfrey.....	Wellington.....	Sumner.
98	Wm. M. Congden.....	Sedgwick.....	Harvey.
99	Geo. W. McClintick.....	McPherson.....	McPherson.
100	Chas. E. Faulkner.....	Salina.....	Saline.
101	T. B. Ellison.....	Minneapolis.....	Ottawa.
102	D. C. McKay.....	Ames.....	Cloud.
103	Joseph Cool.....	Delphos (Ottawa Co.).....	Cloud.
104	D. E. Ballard.....	Ballard Falls.....	Washington.
105	T. J. Humes.....	Washington.....	Washington.
106	W. M. Moore.....	Ida.....	Republic.
107	Geo. L. White.....	Belleville.....	Republic.
108	Geo. S. Bishop.....	Jewell Center.....	Jewell.
109	John M. Hutcheson.....	Jewell City.....	Jewell.
110	Frank E. Baker.....	Smith Center.....	Smith.
111	C. J. Brown.....	Beloit.....	Mitchell.
112	Walter S. Wait.....	Lincoln.....	Lincoln.
113	H. T. Anderson.....	Keever.....	Ellsworth.
114	J. G. Eckles.....	Raymond.....	Rice.
115	J. H. Lawson.....	Hutchinson.....	Reno.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
116	Jno. Bissell	Phillipsburg	Phillips.
117	H. C. Bull	Bull City	Osborne.
118	W. G. Eastland	Russell	Russell.
119	L. F. Eggers	Hays City	Ellis.
120	G. L. Brinkman	Great Bend	Barton.
121	Davis H. Waite	Larned	Pawnee.
122	R. M. Wright	Dodge City	Ford.
123	John R. Hamilton	Norton	Norton.
124	John E. Willey	Kinsley	Edwards.
125	Washington P. Ewing	Medicine Lodge	Barber.
126	Samuel S. Boggs	Rooks Center	Rooks.
127	F. S. Stumbaugh	Walnut City	Rush.
128	H. C. Fisler	Anthony	Harper.
129	J. C. Martin	Kingman	Kingman.

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Sidney Clarke	Speaker	Lawrence	Douglas.
Jno. M. Price	Speaker <i>pro tem</i>	Atchison	Atchison.
Wirt W. Walton	Chief Clerk	Winfield	Cowley.
Ed. W. Waynant	Asst. Chief Clerk	Blue Rapids	Marshall.
Wm. Higgins	Sergeant-at-Arms	Columbus	Cherokee.
I. V. Pratt	Asst. Sergeant-at-Arms	Hays City	Ellis.
C. E. Westling	Docket Clerk	Salina	Saline.
J. C. Hebbard	Journal Clerk	Seneca	Neuhau.
D. B. Emmert	Minute Clerk	Wichita	Sedgwick.
Emma Ferguson	Enrolling Clerk	Topeka	Shawnee.
Maria Cheney	Engrossing Clerk	Silver Lake	Shawnee.
David Lucas	Postmaster	Marion Center	Marion.
Jno. Donahue	Doorkeeper	Farmington	Atchison.
W. S. Eagleson	Asst. Doorkeeper	Topeka	Shawnee.

JANUARY 15.—R. W. Jenkins elected President of the State Board of Agriculture; Levi Wilson, Vice President; Alfred Gray, Secretary; and Wm. Sims, Treasurer.

JANUARY 16.—Ingalls pushes the Arrears-of-Pensions bill through the Senate.

JANUARY 21.—H. Clay Park and Thos. Stivers succeed F. L. Vandegrift and E. W. Beall on the Atchison Patriot.

—Geo. W. Martin elected State Printer for the fourth time: Martin 87, Samuel Dodsworth 51, F. P. Baker 28, John E. Rastall 2.

JANUARY 22.—Convention of County Clerks, in Topeka. B. F. Diggs, Chairman; Wm. F. Ewing, Secretary.

JANUARY 23.—Meeting of the Historical Society. Officers elected: President, Chas. Robinson; Vice Presidents, C. K. Holliday and D. R. Anthony; Secretary, F. G. Adams; Treasurer, John Francis.

JANUARY 25.—Appointments: Regents of Agricultural College—T. C. Henry, W. L. Challiss, E. B. Purcell; Trustee of Charitable Institutions—Amasa T. Sharpe; Regents of Normal School—A. Sellers, J. H. Crichton, C. D. Lawrence, J. J. Wright, Edwin Tucker, M. M. Murdock; Commissioner of Fisheries—D. B. Long; Director State Peni-

tentary—Wm. Martindale: Regent of State University—Archibald Beatty.

JANUARY 28.—Vote for U. S. Senator: John J. Ingalls 47, George T. Anthony 20, Benjamin F. Simpson 10, William A. Phillips 7, D. P. Mitchell 18, John R. Goodin 20, W. P. Campbell 3, A. H. Horton 1, S. C. Pomeroy 2.

JANUARY 29.—Vote for Senator: Ingalls 63, Anthony 26, Simpson 17, Phillips 14, Mitchell 18, Goodin 22, Campbell 4, Pomeroy 2, Horton 3. Aggregate vote cast, 169; necessary to a choice, 85.

JANUARY 30.—Vote for Senator: Ingalls 72, Anthony 25, Simpson 17, Phillips 13, Mitchell 18, Goodin 17, Campbell 1, Horton 2, Pomeroy 3.

JANUARY 31.—Vote for Senator: For J. J. Ingalls—Senators Benedict, Buchan, Carpenter, Finch, Grass, Greené, Griffin, Hallowell, Hamlin, Harris, Johnston, Kirk, Matthewson, Metsker, Murdock, Ping, Pyburn, Robinson, Savage, Slass, Taylor, and Woodworth—22.

For A. H. Horton—Senators Bradbury, Bradley, Brown, Evans, Finney, Gillett, Gillpatrick, Guthrie, Hadley, Henry, Kellogg, Morrill, Myers, Nichols, Richey, Spurgeon, Wells, and Williams—18. Recapitulation: Ingalls 22, Horton 18; total, 40.

In the House, those voting for J. J. Ingalls were: Messrs. Albin, Alexander, Anderson of Cherokee, Anderson of Ellsworth, Anderson of Shawnee, Ballard, Berry, Biddle, Bishop, Blackman, Blanchard, Boggs, Bower, Breyfogle, Briggs, Brinkman, Bronson, Brown, Bruner, Calvin, Clark of Montgomery, Cool, Corbin, Cunningham, Danhauer, Donahue, Eckles, Gillespie, Gilmore, Godfrey, Greever, Hamilton of Marshall, Hartshorne, Hankins, Hewins, Hossack, Humes, James of Shawnee, James of Wyandotte, Keller, Kollock, Lawson, Leonard, Manning, McCrumb, Myers, Price, Richards, Robb, Rood, Seaton, Shaw, Smith of Bourbon, Smith of Marshall, Stewart, Stitt, Towle, Tucker, Waite of Pawnee, Walker, Willey, Wilson of Jackson, Wilson of Nemaha, and Wright—64.

For A. H. Horton: Messrs. Armstrong, Baker, Barber, Barackman, Beaty, Bevins, Bissell, Bull, Butts, Callen, Clapp, Clarke of Douglas, Clogston, Congden, Eastland, Eggers, Ellison, Ewing, Farris, Faulkner, Fisler, Frank M. Gable, Thomas P. Gable, Games, Griffenstein, Hall, Hamilton of Norton, Helmick, Hodge, Huffaker, Hutchison, Kelly, Kennedy, Legate, Loy, Majors, Martin of Kingman, Martin of Labette, McClintick, McKay, Miller, Moore, Morgan, Parsons, Prunty, Randolph, Raybell, Rath, Rice, Riggs, Sallee, Scott, Selover, Spilman, Stumbaugh, Tallman, Taylor, Wait of Lincoln, Wait of Linn, Watson, White, and Woodard—62.

For J. R. Goodin: Messrs. Henderson and Martin, of Miami—2.

Mr. McMillen voted for D. P. Mitchell.

Recapitulation: Ingalls 64, Horton 62, Mitchell 1; total, 129.

Aggregate vote: Ingalls 86, Horton 80, Goodin 2, Mitchell 1; total, 169; necessary to a choice, 85.

FEBRUARY 1.—Public reception of Senator Ingalls, in Atchison.—John James Ingalls, of Atchison, was born at Middletown, Massachusetts, December 29, 1833. Graduated at Williams College, Williamstown, Massachusetts, in the class of 1855; studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1857; removed to Kansas in October, 1858; was a member of the Wyandotte Constitutional Convention in 1859; Secretary of the Territorial Council in 1860; Secretary of the Senate in 1861; member of the State Senate of Kansas from Atchison county in 1862; editor of the Atchison Champion in 1863, '64, and '65; defeated as "anti-Lane" candidate for Lieutenant Governor in 1861, and again in 1864; has since been engaged in the practice of law; was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed S. C. Pomeroy, Republican, and took his seat March 4, 1873.

FEBRUARY 3.—Burning of the College building, at St. Marys.

FEBRUARY 3.—P. W. Peak shot and killed in a church, in Manhattan, by C. W. Bates.

FEBRUARY 4.—J. C. McCoy writes to the Kansas City Journal, of Kansas in 1831, and later.

FEBRUARY 6.—Dexter E. Clapp, in the House, offers a resolution in favor of investigating the election of Senator; passed, 68 to 50. On the 7th, the Speaker appointed the committee: A. M. F. Randolph, A. W. Callen, John Hall, R. D. Hartshorne, and J. H. Keller. On the 8th, the Senate committee was appointed: Buchan, Johnston, Gillpatrick, Pyburn, and Williams.

FEBRUARY 12.—Rev. Samuel M. Irvin, of Highland, delivers a lecture before the Historical Society, in Topeka. In 1837 his nearest post office was Liberty, Mo.

—Gen. Blunt is placed in an insane asylum, in Washington.

FEBRUARY 12.—Death of Wm. Tholen, in Leavenworth. He was elected as the first State Treasurer under the present Constitution, and was a Captain in the Second Kansas.

FEBRUARY 15.—The Cheyenne Indians engaged in the raid last fall, are removed from Fort Leavenworth to Dodge City for trial.

FEBRUARY 16.—Sol. Miller gives to the Historical Society a complete set of the Kansas Weekly Chief.

FEBRUARY 20.—The Atchison Champion reaches its twenty-first birthday, under John A. Martin. In it Ward Burlingame describes the first election of U. S. Senators.

—John D. Knox and J. E. Gilbert are publishing the Kansas Methodist.

FEBRUARY 24.—Judge S. D. Lecompte delivers an address before the Historical Society. The first biennial report of the Society is issued; pp. 63.

MARCH 1.—Population, by the State census, 849,978.

MARCH.—John A. Anderson, President of the Agricultural College, resigns.

MARCH 5.—The House Journal, p. 998, says: "Senate joint resolution No. 3, proposing an amendment to article 15 of the Constitution of the State of Kansas, relating to the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors, by adding section 10 to said article, was read the third time, and the question being, Shall the joint resolution pass? the roll was called, with the following result: Whole number of votes cast, 119; constitutional majority, 86. Yeas, 88; nays, 31; absent or not voting, 10."

MARCH 6.—Geo. Butler gives the early history of Rush county, in the Commonwealth.

—A new trial is granted in the Scrafford case, and he is released on bail.

MARCH 7.—Three reports are made by the House Senatorial Investigating Committee. It was voted to send them to Washington.

MARCH 8.—Appointments: Regents of State Agricultural College—D. C. McKay, of Cloud county, to succeed B. L. Kingsbury; A. L. Redden, of Butler county, to succeed J. R. Hallowell.

Regents of State University—N. C. McFarland, of Shawnee county, to succeed M. W. Reynolds; Rev. F. T. Ingalls, of Atchison county, to be his own successor; J. W. Scott, of Allen county, to fill the unexpired term of R. N. Hershfield, resigned.

Commissioner of Fisheries—D. B. Long, of Ellsworth county, his own successor.

Regents State Normal School—Wm. Goss, of Linn county, to succeed A. Sellers; J. H. Crichton, of Labette county, as his own successor; D. E. Clapp, of Woodson county, to succeed C. D. Lawrence.

Trustee of State Charitable Institutions—T. T. Taylor, of Reno county, his own successor.

For Commissioner of Insurance—Orrin T. Welch, of Shawnee county, his own successor.

Members Board of State House Commissioners—J. B. Anderson, of Davis County, H. H. Williams, of Miami county, and John Hammond, of Lyon county.

MARCH 8.—The report of the majority of the committee, fully exonerating Senator Ingalls, is adopted by the House, 60 to 44. The House also adopted a resolution (51 to 48) that certain members wanted to receive money for their votes, and did, "though not from either of the Senatorial candidates," and "administering upon them its severest censure." The committee of United States Senators subsequently investigated the charges against Senator Ingalls, and made a report entirely exonerating him. The House committee summoned the telegraph operator to appear before them, and bring original messages in his possession. The telegraph company instructed him to disobey, and he was arrested for contempt. He was released without the production of the messages.

MARCH 9.—Francis Murphy, the Temperance apostle, speaks in Topeka.

MARCH 12.—The Legislature adjourns.

Important acts of the Legislature: Paying Registers and Receivers for locating indemnity school lands; for rebuilding the Normal School building, provided that Emporia or Lyon county pay the State \$20,800; paying expenses for suppressing the railroad strike, in April, 1878; appropriation for testing the title to the Cherokee Neutral Lands; twenty thousand dollars for a military contingent fund, and patrol guard on the frontier; changing the fifty per cent. interest on tax redemption of the law of 1876 to twenty-four per cent.; defining the boundaries of the counties of Decatur, Rawlins, Sheridan, Thomas, Gove, Wallace, Lane, Buffalo, Foote, Meade, Scott, Sequoyah, Arapahoe, Seward, Wichita, Kearney, Grant, Stevens, Greeley, Hamilton, Stanton, Kansas, Cheyenne, and Sherman; boundaries of Harper and Kingman; for registration of voters in cities of the first and second class; for the sinking of a coal shaft at the Penitentiary; correcting the transfer of funds of Treasurer Lappin; engrossing and enrolling bills put in charge of Secretary of State; creating a Commission to audit the Indian-Raid claims of 1878; requiring insurance companies to make deposits; to regulate the practice of medicine; for the inspection of illuminating oils; for the allowance of Price-Raid claims; submitting three constitutional amendments; providing for the erection of the west wing of the State House; authorizing the appointment of stenographers by district courts; the erection of a State Reform School; changing township elections from November to February; the creation of an Executive Council; creating the 16th and 17th Judicial Districts, and purchasing Dassler's Compiled Laws; requiring school boards to select school books, and make no changes for five years; providing that school lands shall be sold, on twenty years' time, with seven per cent. interest on amount unpaid; extending for seventy-nine years the charters of railroads granted by Territorial Legislatures, and five other charters; dissolving the county organization of Wallace—after certain things are done. These things are not done, but the county ceases to act as a county—takes a nap.

—Appointment of S. F. Burdett as Penitentiary Director.

MARCH 13.—Destructive fire in Abilene.

MARCH 17.—M. E. Presiding Elders: Fort Scott, Bernard, Kelly; Independence, D. P. Mitchell; Emporia, S. E. Pendleton; Wichita, A. H. Walter; Hutchinson, A. Buckner; Larned, J. W. Fox; Leavenworth, J. W. Baldwin; Topeka, W. R. Davis; Atchison, C. Holman; Salina, G. S. Dearborn; Beloit, W. J. Mitchell; Kirwin, R. A. Caruthers.

MARCH 18.—Commissioners to audit claims growing out of the Indian raid of 1878: R. E. Stevenson, A. W. Mann, W. R. Adams.

MARCH 20.—S. T. Smith, Receiver, is made Superintendent of the K. P. road, now controlled by the Union Pacific.

—An "exodus" of colored people from the South to Kansas. Benj.

Singleton, of Morris county, is President of the Invitation Committee in "Sunny Kansas."

MARCH 20.—McNeale & Iliff start the Medicine Lodge Cresset.
—Large colored immigration from Tennessee to Kansas.

MARCH 22.—Meeting of the Arkansas Valley Editorial Association, at Hutchinson. J. S. Collister, President; C. G. Contant, Vice President; E. B. Cowgill, Treasurer; H. D. Morgan, Secretary.

MARCH 25.—Wm. Lloyd Garrison writes a letter to the Historical Society, in which he says: "The formation of such a society is cause for special congratulation, and an event of historical importance far beyond the limits of the State; for there is nothing more thrilling in American history than the struggle against 'Border-Ruffianism,' (alias the slave power,) to secure freedom and free institutions to Kansas—a struggle which, if it had terminated otherwise than it did, would have been fraught with appalling consequences, not only to the State itself, but to the whole country, and postponed the abolition of the dreadful system of chattel slavery to an indefinite period. . . . How different would have been the fate of Kansas, if slavery had been successfully established upon her soil! Under the plastic hand of freedom, how astonishing has been her growth in intelligence, industry, enterprise, population, and material prosperity, and at the present time, what strides she is making in developing her ample resources, and how irresistible is the magnetism by which she is drawing to herself from all quarters a mighty immigration that can scarcely fail to place her, ere long, in the front rank of States. This is her fitting recompense for having gone through a baptism of blood, and an ordeal of fire, with such firmness and devotion in the sacred cause of human freedom. May her 'peace be as a river,' and her 'prosperity as the waves of the sea.'"

MARCH 25.—George R. Peck resigns as United States Attorney, and James R. Hallowell is appointed, April 7.

—Frederick Douglass writes to F. G. Adams: "I regard the conflict there [in Kansas] as the turning-point in the civil and political history of the United States. Free Kansas meant a Free West, a Free South, and a Free Nation," &c.

MARCH 26.—Bill Howard, colored, guilty of rape, is taken from the jail in Fort Scott, hanged to a lamp-post, and the body burned. The leaders of the mob are miners.

—John B. True, who murdered Rev. Samuel Woolpert, in Pottawatomie county, in November, 1877, pleads guilty, and is sentenced to life imprisonment.

—"Gold" found in Cowley county.

MARCH 27.—First meeting of the State House Commissioners, namely: John B. Anderson of Junction City, H. H. Williams of Osawatomie, and John Hammond of Emporia. Mr. Anderson is elected President, E. T. Carr appointed Architect and Superintendent, and George Ropes Assistant Architect.

MARCH 29.—Hodgeman county organized; named for Captain Amos Hodgman (as he spelled his name), of the Seventh Kansas.

—Robert Hay gives an outline, in the Commonwealth, of the French romance of which John Brown is the hero.

—Charles H. Miller sells the Leavenworth Press to James F. Legate and Joseph Clarke.

—Dr. B. D. Eastman, Superintendent of the Insane Asylum, arrives in Topeka. He has been an officer in asylums in Concord, N. H., Washington, D. C., and Worcester, Mass.

APRIL 1.—The Commonwealth made the "official State paper."

—Severe fire at Cawker City.

—Jas. M. Matheny settles in Atwood, Rawlins county.

—"On to Oklahoma" becomes a newspaper catch-phrase.

—John P. Usher elected Mayor of Lawrence, and Wm. Fortescue of Leavenworth.

APRIL 3.—A large salt well is discovered in Meade county.

APRIL 5.—The Historical Society has received the Lawrence Tribune of August 27, 1864, containing the details of the Quantrill massacre.

APRIL 11.—The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society, of the M. E. Church, meets in Atchison.

—A. Byram, of Atchison, makes a fortune by the sale of Utah mines.

—The Leavenworth Times publishes an account of the Hillman case. John W. Hillman left Lawrence to go to the southwestern part of the State on a hunting trip. He was accompanied by Mr. John H. Brown. Hillman's life had been insured for \$25,000 in the New York Life Insurance Company. In Barber county, near Medicine Lodge, it is claimed that Hillman was killed, just after breakfast, by the accidental discharge of a gun which Brown was taking from the wagon belonging to the parties. The inquest now in session has two points to settle which have been raised—the identity of the body claimed to be that of Hillman, and as to whether or not he was murdered. The Lawrence jury found that the body was not Hillman's, and that the unknown person was murdered by Brown.

APRIL 13.—The Commonwealth publishes, from the Troy Chief, Sol. Miller's account of the election of Thomas Carney to the Senate, and gives a reply by John Speer.

APRIL 14.—Leonard T. Smith and C. K. Garrison buy the Leavenworth Narrow-Gauge Railroad—the Kansas Central.

—Edison's phonograph is exhibited in Topeka.

—Kenneth, Sheridan county, founded.

—A. M. F. Randolph appointed Reporter of the Supreme Court.

—The New York Churchman has an article on Bishop Vail and his church work.

APRIL 20.—Half of Kinsley destroyed by fire.

APRIL 21.—E. C. Boudinot, in the Kansas City Journal, claims that there is a large amount of Government land in the Indian Territory

open to white settlement; the probable origin of the "Oklahoma" movement, of squatters from Kansas.

—E. B. Cowgill publishes a map of Rice county.

—F. H. Barnhart, of the Osborne County Farmer, sends the Historical Society a photo of a sod school house, with forty-one children in the foreground.

—Meetings are held in Lawrence, Wyandotte, Leavenworth and Topeka to take measures to relieve the colored immigrants.

—The Kaw Trust Lands will soon be placed in the market.

—The Executive Committee of the Freedmen's State Central Organization consists of: John P. St. John, L. U. Humphrey, P. I. Bonebrake, Allen B. Lemmon, John Francis, James Smith, Albert H. Horton, D. M. Valentine, David J. Brewer, Orrin T. Welch, Alfred Gray, F. G. Adams, C. G. Foster, Willard Davis, B. F. Simpson, Geo. W. Reed, J. K. Hudson, M. Bosworth; J. C. Hebbard, Secretary.

APRIL 21.—Hudson & Ewing, of the Kansas Farmer, begin the publication of the Topeka Daily Capital.

—The Presbytery of Topeka, at its session held at Perryville, appointed delegates to the General Assembly as follows: Ministers, Rev. F. S. McCabe, D. D., of Topeka, and Rev. C. F. Mussey, of Leavenworth; Laymen, Mr. E. P. Willson, of Leavenworth, and Mr. G. W. E. Griffith, of Lawrence.

APRIL 25.—Death of Judge Robert M. Ruggles, at Emporia. He was an able lawyer and judge, and an honest man. As a printer he had worked with Charles F. Brown ("Artemus Ward") and Samuel G. Clemens ("Mark Twain").

—The Supreme Court decides that Stafford county still exists, and that "the attempt to carve it up," by the Legislature, was unconstitutional.

—Money and goods are sent from other States for the "exodus" freedmen; \$2,000 raised in Chicago.

—Alfred Gray says: "It has been demonstrated every day that the wild soil of the 'Plains' is subject to culture, and capable of utilization. The advance-line of settlements is now over three hundred miles west of the Missouri river, and the entire area east of that line is productive, and keeping pace with it, on its steady and inevitable march toward the Occident, in soil-productiveness. This 'One-Hundredth Meridian' idea—that all west of it is a desert—is as fallacious as was the 'isothermal'-line fancy on the slavery question, and is entitled to no more consideration than the latter."

—The telephone is becoming a Topeka fact.

MAY 1.—The militia companies elect Willis Brown, of Seneca, Colonel.

—H. Inman issues the New West, in Cimarron, Foote county.

—The Frontier Patrol is stationed in Barber county, and consists of Capt. J. H. Hibbetts, Dr. Riggs, and twenty-three men.

—F. P. Baker, Commissioner to the Paris Exposition, issues his report, showing how the science of forestry is practiced in Europe.

—Miles of railroad, 2,443; increase during the year, 141; assessed, \$16,153.018; per mile, \$6,610.

MAY 5.—Thomas Nickerson, President of the Santa Fé road, visits Topeka.

MAY 7.—F. G. Adams, in the Commonwealth, gives an account of the colored colony in Hodgeman county.

MAY 15.—Conference of Seventh-Day Adventists, at Emporia.

—Prohibition is generally discussed in the papers.

MAY 8.—Death of Judge Mark W. Delahay; age 61. He took a prominent part in the Territorial affairs of Kansas, and was always on the Free-State side. One of his daughters, Julia, is the wife of Governor Osborn; a son, Edward Baker, is an officer in the navy, and was appointed to Annapolis by Carter Wilder. Mrs. Delahay is a relative of the late President Lincoln.

—The Kansas Freedmen's Aid Association is incorporated.

MAY 13.—The Central Branch is completed to Cawker City.

—The State is receiving from the Government, patents of indemnity school lands in Rooks, Graham, Norton and Decatur counties.

—Chas. S. Glead, of the Lawrence Journal, becomes the secretary of Peter B. Groat.

—N. L. Prentis is associate editor of the Atchison Champion.

MAY 24.—Death of Wm. Lloyd Garrison. He became an agitating Abolitionist in 1828.

MAY 25.—The Commonwealth publishes a history of Shawnee county papers, with an engraving—a graveyard and tombstones. There have been twenty-nine papers and periodicals started in the county.

MAY 26.—John F. Dillon, U. S. Judge of the Eighth circuit, resigns.

MAY 30.—At the Decoration Day exercises, in Topeka, original poems were read by Mary E. Humphrey, wife of James Humphrey, of Junction City, and Eugene F. Ware, of Fort Scott.

MAY 31.—Destructive tornadoes in Irving, Frankfort, Centralia, Delphos, and other Kansas towns; at Blue Springs and Lee's Summit, in Missouri; and at Dawson's Mills, in Nebraska. Twelve persons were killed at Irving; forty deaths reported in the State. Atchison and St. Joseph, Mo., are prompt in sending relief.

JUNE 1.—The Topeka Insane Asylum opened for the reception of patients.

JUNE 2.—Contract awarded for building the west wing of the State House, to Wm. Tweeddale & Co., for \$134,883.

JUNE 2.—Joel K. Goodin gives the Historical Society the records of the Free-State Provisional Government, organized at Big Springs, Sept. 5, 1855, under the name of the Free-State Executive Committee. Chas. Robinson was its first, and James H. Lane its second, Chairman, and Mr. Goodin its Secretary. The Committee expended, in scrip, \$15,265.

JUNE 6.—Annual Sangerfest, at Leavenworth; delegations from the river cities.

JUNE 7.—John Sherman, Secretary of the Treasury, writes to F. G. Adams a letter on his experience in Kansas in 1856. The early events, he says, "fixed firmly upon your history an irreconcilable hostility to slavery and lawless violence, and implanted a love of liberty and social progress which must contribute to make Kansas one of the most prosperous, populous, and wealthy States of the Union."

—George W. Martin gives to the Historical Society Stuck's Map of Douglas county in 1857, and Whitman & Searle's Map of Kansas in 1856.

JUNE 10.—Judge Miller, in Leavenworth—Dillon and Foster sitting with him—commits for contempt, into the hands of the U. S. Marshal, the Commissioners of Leavenworth and Douglas counties, and the Councilmen of Leavenworth, for not levying taxes to pay railroad bonds. The officers in several counties are compromising—issuing new bonds at a much smaller face value.

JUNE 11.—Channing J. Brown is appointed Clerk of the Supreme Court, *vice* A. Hammatt, resigned.

JUNE 12.—State Editorial Convention, Henry King, President, in Topeka. The address is delivered by T. Dwight Thacher, of the Lawrence Journal. Officers elected: President, Capt. Henry King, of Topeka; Vice Presidents, H. Clay Park of Atchison, John S. Gilmore of Fredonia, M. M. Murdock of Wichita, and H. E. Smith of Concordia; Treasurer, W. A. Peffer, of Coffeyville; Secretary, S. S. Prouty, of Junction City. There is an excursion to Chicago and Mackinac.

JUNE 16.—Meeting of the State Teachers' Association, at the University.

—Supt. Lemmon, in his report, says of the educational exhibit of the State, at the Paris Exposition of 1878: "Concerning the exhibit, Hon. F. P. Baker, one of the Commissioners, wrote in a letter to his paper, the Topeka Commonwealth: 'I am glad to be able to say that Kansas, so far as *new* work of her schools is concerned, makes the best display of any State. Some other States, especially Massachusetts and Wisconsin, have a larger display, sending specimens which were exhibited at Philadelphia.' Commissioner Philbrick, of Massachusetts, makes favorable mention of the exhibit in his report, and the Kansas State Department of Public Instruction was awarded a silver medal on account of it, the diploma of which was received some time ago. It has been framed, and placed in the office of the State Superintendent." Mr. Lemmon says of the school law of this year: "Most school districts adopted and introduced a uniform series of text-books."

JUNE 17.—The U. P. road gets legal title to the K. P.

—Lewis Hanback is appointed Receiver of the Salina Land Office.

—There are 400 students at the State University.

JUNE 20.—Spiritual wedding in Leavenworth of Benj. Pierce, son of President Pierce, and Katie Eaton, daughter of Col. Isaac Eaton. The groom has been dead twenty-five years and the bride thirty years. Prof. Mott is the “materializing medium.” The Times says: “Both spirits materialize themselves, and converse with the company.” The parents are Democrats, and no Kansas Republicans, on high, appear to have received invitations.

JUNE 21.—Trego county organized; named for Capt. Edgar P. Trego, of the Eighth Kansas.

JUNE 26.—First meeting of the Commissioners of Trego county. J. R. Snyder, in 1877, was the first settler in the county. Wakeeney was started April 3, 1878.

JUNE 28.—A letter of Eli Thayer, in the Commonwealth, pays his tribute to the New England clergymen who aided early Kansas. Henry Ward Beecher’s church contributed the most, one member, Horace B. Clafin, giving \$5,000. He also mentions Horace Bushnell, Leonard Bacon, E. E. Hale, and O. B. Frothingham. “Among the clergymen of the Free States I never found a man who was not an ardent, working friend of our cause.”

JUNE 30.—Appropriation for the west wing, \$60,000; half-mill on the dollar, \$72,465.—Auditor Bonebrake says the claim of the State for indemnity school lands is allowed, 243,955 acres.—Ninety-five per cent. of the tax levy has been collected.

JUNE 30.—Total valuation of all property, \$144,930,279. Levy: General revenue, $4\frac{1}{2}$ mills; State House, $\frac{1}{2}$ mill; sinking fund, $\frac{1}{16}$ mill; interest fund, $\frac{4}{16}$ mill; school fund, 1 mill— $6\frac{1}{2}$ mills.

JUNE 30.—E. B. Purcell buys the Blue Valley Railroad, for the benefit of the bondholders.

—Sergeant John P. Finley, of the Signal Bureau, goes over the track of the recent tornadoes, five in number, and writes a detailed report, which is subsequently published. The Kansas people call these storms “twisters” and “cyclones.”

—E. J. Jenkins is confirmed as Register at Concordia.

JUNE.—Publication of “Entertainments for Holiday Merry-makings, etc.” Edited by Lizzie W. Champney, assisted by a committee of six, one of which is Mrs. C. F. Wilder. D. Lothrop & Co., Boston.

Mrs. Wilder is the wife of Geo. C. Wilder, of Manhattan. The Nationalist says: “Within the last three years Mrs. Wilder has written a connected series of articles for three different church papers. For many years she has written for children’s magazines and papers, and is a regular correspondent for some of the leading religious papers in the country, doing, perhaps, more literary work than any other woman in the State. She came from Massachusetts to Kansas in 1868, and of the work she has done, her adopted State is very proud.”

JUNE 30.—Statement showing the aggregate appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30:

<i>For what purpose.</i>	<i>Amount of appropriations.</i>	<i>Amounts drawn.</i>	<i>Balances undrawn.</i>
Legislative expenses.....	\$47,229 40	\$47,229 40	.....
Miscellaneous items.....	18,550 72	18,550 72	.....
Executive Department.....	10,350 00	10,301 70	\$48 30
Secretary of State's Department.....	15,125 00	14,972 40	152 60
Auditor of State's Department.....	6,900 00	6,345 10	554 90
Treasurer of State's Department.....	7,300 00	6,977 50	322 50
Attorney General's Department.....	2,580 00	2,580 00	.....
Superintendent Public Instruction's Dept.....	4,415 05	4,328 95	86 10
Librarian's Department.....	2,600 00	2,600 00	.....
Supreme Court Department.....	11,200 00	11,200 00	.....
District Judges' salaries.....	37,500 00	37,500 00	.....
Insurance Department.....	6,210 00	6,210 00	.....
State University, current expenses.....	18,900 00	18,707 51	192 49
State Agricultural College building.....	12,500 00	12,500 00	.....
State Board of Agriculture.....	15,648 91	15,648 91	.....
Insane Asylum at Osawatimie, current ex- penses.....	64,835 00	64,341 13	493 87
Insane Asylum building, Topeka.....	14,319 85	14,319 45	40
Blind Asylum, current expenses.....	10,485 00	10,483 86	1 14
Deaf and Dumb Asylum, current expenses.....	17,150 00	17,091 41	58 59
Penitentiary, current expenses.....	95,495 00	92,341 70	3,153 30
Conveying prisoners to penitentiary.....	10,630 16	10,630 16	.....
Regents and trustees, and directors penitentiary, County Normal Institutes.....	9,800 00	*9,027 60	772 40
Commissioner of Fisheries.....	3,000 00	3,000 00	.....
State Horticultural Society.....	500 00	485 00	15 00
State Printing.....	1,250 00	1,250 00	.....
State Historical Society.....	36,693 94	35,136 59	1,557 35
State Historical Society.....	1,000 00	1,000 00	.....
State Historical Society.....	662 55	662 55	.....
Agricultural College tax fund.....	30 95	30 95	.....
Criminal prosecutions in unorganized counties	2,000 00	1,196 10	803 90
House Investigating Committee, fees.....	258 90	258 90	.....
Ford county, relief of.....	1,600 00	1,511 30	88 70
Pawnee county, relief of.....	1,000 00	929 94	70 06
Ellis county, relief of.....	1,100 00	422 91	677 09
Kansas State Militia, transportation.....	2,504 75	2,504 75	.....
Home for Friendless Women, building.....	6,000 00	6,000 00	.....
Orphan Asylum, building.....	2,500 00	2,500 00	.....
Neosho county, relief of.....	618 30	618 30	.....
Indemnity school lands, selecting.....	3,098 29	3,092 73	5 56
Registers and Receivers, U. S. lands, fees.....	3,500 00	3,334 64	165 36
McFadden, S. S., money refunded.....	250 00	250 00	.....
Weightman, M., money refunded.....	250 00	250 00	.....
Neutral Land Defense Committee.....	2,000 00	2,000 00	.....
Military contingent fund.....	6,845 66	6,845 66	.....
Insane Asylum, furniture, sewerage and ex- penses.....	21,780 00	20,864 27	915 73
Coal shaft at Penitentiary.....	7,000 00	7,000 00	.....
State University, interest.....	165 00	165 00	.....
State Agent at Washington, D. C.....	10,025 09	10,025 09	.....
Indian Raid Commission.....	1,200 00	1,197 80	2 20
Normal School building (local fund).....	885 26	885 26	.....
Military expenditures, preparing vouchers.....	228 50	228 50	.....
Maintenance destitute insane.....	18,000 00	18,000 00	.....
Rent of armory at Leavenworth.....	120 00	120 00	.....
Building Blind Asylum.....	736 76	736 76	.....
Total.....	\$576,525 04	\$566,387 50	\$10,137 54

* \$1,500 of this amount is transferred to appropriations for Regents and Trustees, as deficiency, act March 11, 1879.

JULY 1.—The Kansas Pacific is completed from Salina to Lindsborg.
—Chas. W. Johnson, of Hiawatha, writes a history of the potato beetle, for the Agricultural Board. Its home is in the Rocky Mountains, and it first overran Kansas between 1861 and 1863.

—The *Wichita Eagle* says the body of the alleged Hillman was really that of the murdered Frank Nichols.

—John C. McCoy, of Wilder, dates his residence in Kansas from 1830. In that year he assisted his father, Rev. Isaac McCoy, in surveying the Delaware Reservation.

JULY 2.—Stafford county organized; named for Capt. Lewis Stafford, of the First Kansas. The first meeting of the Commissioners was held July 14.

JULY 8.—Indian Commissioners Stevenson, Adams and Mann make their report; they have audited claims to the amount of \$182,646. The report is published in a pamphlet of 58 pages.

JULY 11.—The second trial of Chas. G. Scrafford begins.

JULY 12.—The *Fort Scott Monitor* publishes Ware's poem, "Quivira"—Coronado beaten by the desert, and the subsequent beating of the desert by the Saxons:

"We have made the State of Kansas,
And to-day she stands complete—
First in freedom, first in wheat;
And her future years will meet
Ripened hopes and richer stanzas."

JULY 19.—Edward Russell, of Lawrence, gives the Historical Society files of Elwood, Doniphan county, papers.

JULY 22.—Disastrous fire at Great Bend.

JULY 23.—The jury in the Scrafford case fail to agree; on the 25th they rendered a verdict of not guilty.

JULY 24.—The Commonwealth publishes a list of the first Free-State settlers in Lawrence. The town is named, October 1, 1854. First steps taken for founding a college, January 1, 1855. E. P. Fitch opened the first free school, January 10, 1855.

JULY 25.—Pratt county is organized for the third time. First meeting of the Commissioners, July 29, at Iuka. At the time of the "organization" in 1873, there were no settlers in the county. It is named for Lieut. Caleb Pratt, of the First Kansas.

JULY 28.—Attorney General Davis writes to the State Board of Equalization: "You ask, 'Is it the duty of the State Board of Equalization to apportion with other taxes the one-mill school tax, as levied by section 1, article 16, chapter 122, Laws of 1876, to the several counties as provided by section 79, article 12, chapter 134, Laws of 1876?' To this I answer, yes."

W. F. Ewing, County Clerk of Lyon county, refused to extend this one-mill tax on the rolls of his county. An action in mandamus was brought against Ewing in the Supreme Court by Attorney General Davis. Brewer gave the opinion, Valentine concurring and Horton dissenting, that the intent of the Legislature was to do away with this one-mill school tax.

AUGUST 1.—The August number of Scribner's Monthly publishes Henry King's story, "The Man with a Hobby." It is the late John Grable, of Doniphan county, that Capt. King rescues from oblivion and gives forever to Kansas literature.

AUGUST 1.—The Atlantic Monthly publishes Henry King's sketch, "At Kawsmouth Station"—a poetic and humorous Kansas advertisement; bright, graceful, vigorous; it is copied very extensively.

AUGUST 3.—The Emporia & Eureka road changed from narrow to standard gauge.

AUGUST 4.—The amount given by other States to the Kansas freedmen is \$13,916.

AUGUST 6.—C. R. Pomeroy, President of the Normal School, resigns.

AUGUST 7.—The Central Branch is completed to Gaylord.

—C. G. Coutant is editing the Newton Republican.

AUGUST 12.—Completion of the branch road from Florence to Marion.

AUGUST 14.—National Temperance Camp Meeting, at Bismarck; Francis Murphy present.

AUGUST 15.—A Paris letter in the Commonwealth says the John Brown romance, *Un Drame Esclavagiste*, was written by H. Emile Chevalier, formerly one of the Municipal Council of the city of Paris.

AUGUST 17.—Wm. W. Cone gives the Commonwealth a list of twenty-three persons who came to Kansas, or were born here, between 1830 and 1851.

AUGUST 20.—Dassler's Compiled Laws issued.

AUGUST 20.—Rudolph B. Welch elected President of the Emporia Normal School.

AUGUST 23.—John M. S. Williams, of Boston, writes to Judge Adams that he gave "personally more than \$10,000 to save Kansas from the slave power," and that it was "a good investment."

AUGUST 26.—Church Encampment at Bismarck, lasting ten days.

SEPTEMBER 1.—James Smith, Secretary of State, says of the west wing, in his report: "Much credit is due Messrs. Anderson, Williams and Hammond, Commissioners, as also to Mr. E. T. Carr, Architect, and Mr. Geo. Ropes, Assistant Architect, for their untiring efforts to erect the best possible building at the least possible cost."

SEPTEMBER 4.—The Wichita pioneer, Wm. Griffenstein, is elected Mayor of that city.

—T. Dwight Thacher gives to the Historical Society important papers, relating to Baptist missions among Indians in Kansas. The Shawnee Baptist Mission was established in 1831; the Delaware in '32; the Ottawa in '37. Rev. Francis Barker came here in '30; Rev. John G. Pratt in '37. Other Baptist missionaries were Ira D. Blanchard, Johnston Lykins, Jotham Meeker, Robert Simerwell, Miss Webster, I. S. Bacon, John T. Jones, and Miss Harriet H. Morse. These missions had their origin in the zeal and devotion of Rev. Isaac McCoy.

—Geo. T. Fairchild, of Michigan, elected President of the Agricultural College.

—J. D. Shafer, of Leavenworth, has compiled an Index to the Laws of Kansas; pp. 315.

SEPTEMBER 5.—Liberal camp meeting, at Bismarck, lasting one week.

SEPTEMBER.—F. P. Baker & Sons publish an Index to Judgments in the United States District and Circuit Courts for Kansas, by H. J. Page.

SEPTEMBER 7.—The Kansas City Journal publishes the reminiscences of Colonel Samuel Walker, written by Charles S. Glead. The Kansas City Times publishes a Kansas history, from '54 to '58, by John Speer, and an article by Milton W. Reynolds on the Public Men of Kansas, Senators, Governors, and a few others.

SEPTEMBER 9.—Central Branch trains running to Osborne.

—The Liberal meetings, at Bismarck, are addressed by Spiritualists, agnostics, and those who believe, as Lowell says of Parker, that "all religions not orthodox may be inspired." They unanimously adopt a platform:

"Whereas, Advancing civilization has changed our conditions, and more general education has enlarged our views, given us a greater comprehension of natural law; and

"Whereas, The teachings of the remote past have been found incompatible with modern science, and positive knowledge has been substituted for the assumptions of ignorance; and

"Whereas, We, a body of free American citizens, wishing to unite for mutual aid, encouragement, advancement, and protection, with no desire to abridge any person's honest thought or free expression of the same, to the end that all mankind may know our sentiments, do solemnly agree:

"1. That the universe is governed by fixed and unchanging laws.

"2. That inspiration is as widely diffused as mind.

"3. That each individual is responsible for his own acts, and must suffer for his own wrong-doing.

"4. That change and progression is the universal law of nature.

"5. That man now occupies a higher plane, morally, socially, and intellectually, than at any other period since he has been an occupant of this earth.

"6. That we hail with delight the dawning of a brighter day for humanity, when, absolved from enslavement to delusive creeds and barbarous deities, the race can emerge into the full light of illumined truth.

"7. That freedom, fellowship, toleration and character shall be our watchwords.

And for further expression of our convictions—

"Resolved, That as here, in Kansas, were laid by the pioneers, in her early settlement, the principles of 'free thought, free speech, a free press, and free men,' we to-day re-enuciate their views, and insist that legislation shall everywhere, among all people and in all lands, be employed to subserve these great ends.

"Resolved, That while we deem it inadvisable to organize a political party for the security of our religious liberty, yet, as independent freemen, we will hold ourselves in such condition that we can act unitedly at any time; that we do recommend all persons to aid in the election of only such men to office as will ever labor to prevent the enforcements of law, the interpretation of the same, no amendment of basic acts, which will in any manner abridge the above fundamental principles.

"Resolved, That we recognize woman an equal with man in the world of mind, with equal rights on the rostrum, in the pulpit, at the polls, in all our educational departments and professions, as well as avenues of business and labor, and that she is entitled with him to equal pay for equal service.

"Resolved, That capital is the product of labor, and as such there should be no conflict between them, but that each in its respective sphere should labor for the emancipation of humanity from every enthralment.

"Resolved, That intemperance is an evil of gigantic magnitude, and that every true reformer, of whatever shade of opinion, is necessarily desirous that its sway shall speedily cease; that to this end his greatest hope is in the proper generation and education of those who shall succeed him, with wise legislation to prohibit the importation and manufacture of intoxicating beverages.

"Resolved, That we revere the Declaration of American Independence, the Constitution of the United States, and the national flag, while they guard with jealous care universal toleration and religious freedom.

"Resolved, That our system of government is an offspring of the people, by the people; that the security of free institutions is contingent on the maintenance of this system as our fathers left it; that come from what source it may, we will antagonize any and every attempt to engraft upon it any form of religious faith.

"Resolved, That the entire press of Kansas, and the liberal journals of the world, be requested to publish the above resolutions, with such portions of the proceedings of this meeting as they can spare space.

"Resolved, That we extend our hearty thanks to the press of Kansas for their kind notices of this meeting, both in advance of our assembling, as well as during its session.

CHAS. ROBINSON, Chairman,
GEO. W. BROWN, Rockford, Ill.,
G. H. WALSER, Lamar, Mo.,
WM. E. COLEMAN, Ft. Leavenworth,
C. P. SANFORD, Minneapolis, Kan.,
W. E. COPELAND, Omaha,
O. A. PHELPS, Kansas City,

Committee."

SEPTEMBER 12.—The Freedmen's Relief Association elects new officers: A. B. Jetmore, President; C. E. Wheeler, Secretary; John D. Knox, Treasurer.

— Cottonwood stone is to be used for the west wing.

SEPTEMBER 13.—The portrait of Governor Reeder is formally received by the Historical Society; addresses by Dr. F. L. Crane, F. P. Baker, Governor St. John, James Hanway, F. W. Giles, and Willard Davis. President Lincoln appointed Governor Reeder a Brigadier General in the regular army; he was 53 years old, and declined; three of his sons were Union soldiers.

SEPTEMBER 14.—The Commonwealth publishes a speech made by John W. Forney, at Philadelphia, in September, 1876, in which he said:

"Kansas was the field on which the first modern battle was fought in favor of the Declaration of Independence. Kansas was the key that unlocked the tremendous future. Kansas was the magician that solved the hard problem of human slavery. Kansas was the apostle that liberated the white party slaves of the North, and the black chattels of the South; and to Kansas I owe my own emancipation from the thralldom of slavery in our politics. Recollect that it is the map, the photograph, the condensation, the history of the unspeakable value of Republican principles. It is only twenty-one years of age, and it is already a giant."

SEPTEMBER 15.—First day of the Quarter-Centennial Celebration, at Lawrence, of the settlement of Kansas; prayer by Richard Cordley; speeches by Chas. Robinson, J. P. Usher, C. K. Holliday, Governor St. John, Geo. A. Crawford, John W. Forney, Geo. W. Brown, James F. Legate, Samuel N. Wood, and Wm. Hutchinson. Walt Whitman is present, and writes a song for the occasion.

SEPTEMBER 16.—Speeches at Lawrence by D. R. Anthony, Sidney Clarke, Geo. W. Julian, Gen. John Pope, Chas. B. Lines, Edward E. Hale, Jas. S. Emery, T. D. Thacher, Richard Cordley, D. W. Wilder, James Rogers, John Ritchie, J. W. Clock, Mrs. Armstrong of Wyandotte, Mrs. C. H. Lovejoy, Capt. Thos. Bickerton, Daniel H. Horne, Dudley Haskell, F. L. Crane, Jas. B. Abbott. Twenty thousand people present.

SEPTEMBER 20.—Gen. Grant arrives in San Francisco, from Japan.

—Senators Eli Saulsbury, E. B. Vance and Angus Cameron arrive in Topeka, to investigate the Senatorial election.

—John Speer's Kansas Biographical Dictionary is issued; 883 pages and many portraits.

—The "exodus" of colored people from the South to Kansas continues.

SEPTEMBER 23.—The Santa Fé is completed to McPherson.

—A hearing before the "Sub-Committee on Privileges and Elections."

SEPTEMBER 24.—President Hayes and Gen. Sherman arrive in Fort Scott, and make speeches. At Parsons President Hayes said that Kansas was the best advertised State in the Union, "and you come up to the advertisement. When you go anywhere the people naturally show you the best thing they have. In some cities it is fashionable to take you to the cemetery. I was in a city a few weeks ago where they took me to see the pin factory. I wondered what would be the best thing you would show me here. You took me to see your school house. There is no better advertisement for a city or State." Gen. Sherman said: "I don't know what mystery has brought about the rapid development of Kansas, except the mystery of education and industry."

SEPTEMBER 25.—Fair at Neosho Falls. Speeches by President Hayes, Gen. Sherman, Gov. St. St. John, and Geo. A. Crawford.

SEPTEMBER 26.—The Presidential party at Hutchinson, Larned, Kinsley, Dodge, and Emporia; reception in the evening, at Topeka.

SEPTEMBER 27.—The President and Gen. Sherman at Lawrence and Leavenworth. A Leavenworth telegram says:

"This is the old home of Sherman; he lived here and practiced law—that is, he put out a shingle and waited very patiently and dismally for clients. He got a case in court once, the only one he ever tried in his life. It was a legal controversy about a little bull, worth about \$15. The law and the facts were all on Sherman's side, and he went into court with a large number of law books and a long brief, prepared with sleepless care and great diligence. A little spike-haired lawyer, with a complexion like a sand-hill, and a breath laden with the fumes of stale grog, came in on the other side and won the case. Sherman picked up his books and walked out of court, swearing he would never try another law suit in Kansas; and he never did."

—Contracts awarded for a union depot at Atchison.

SEPTEMBER 29.—The President at Atchison and St. Joseph.

—Amasa T. Sharpe issues the Ottawa Republican as a daily.

SEPTEMBER 30.—Second annual session of the State Temperance Union, at Topeka.

SEPTEMBER 30.—Closing of the Hays City Land Office; it opens at Wakeeney October 20.

OCTOBER 1.—Platform adopted by the Temperance Union:

"Resolved, That the traffic in intoxicating drinks is detrimental to every human interest, and therefore always and everywhere wrong

"2. That all license laws are framed in iniquity, because they attempt to legalize crime, and thus render the State *particeps criminis*.

"3. That we believe absolute legal prohibition to be right in principle and safe in practice, and that it is the duty of all good citizens to put forth their best efforts to secure the adoption of the constitutional amendment in 1880.

"4. That we believe there can be no other issue so vital to the welfare of our commonwealth as that embodied in this proposition, and that we appeal to all men, irrespective of party claims, to vote for the proposed amendment.

"5. That we believe the Christian and temperance people of our State have only to rally to the support of this amendment, and pray, labor and vote for the prohibition of the liquor traffic, and it must and will be prohibited.

"6. That the first and most important work in this campaign is to thoroughly organize the temperance people in every county, township and school district in the State, for the purpose of securing unity, harmony and efficiency in our action."

Officers elected: President, John P. St. John; Vice Presidents—First, A. M. Richardson of Lawrence; Second, A. Griffin of Manhattan; Third, J. C. Rood, of Newton; Fourth, Rev. H. P. Case, of Olathe; Fifth, Hon. John P. Brown, of Shawnee county; Sixth, Mrs. J. S. Wilson; Seventh, G. F. Hamblin; Eighth, Rev. J. H. Lockwood; Ninth, Rev. Wm. Friend; Tenth, H. P. Dow; Eleventh, Rev. C. Monjeau. Secretary, W. H. H. Harris, of Lawrence; Treasurer, J. S. Wilson, of Lawrence; Executive Committee, Gov. St. John, A. M. Richardson, A. Griffin, W. H. H. Harris, J. S. Wilson, Gen. J. H. Rice of Paola, Miss Amanda Way, D. Shelton.

OCTOBER 1.—Soldiers' Reunion at Topeka.

OCTOBER 5.—Death of Dr. David Dickinson, State Librarian. He was born in Kentucky, in 1806. He came to Oskaloosa in 1860, and was a Methodist clergyman there, at White Cloud, at Wyandotte, and in North Topeka; was appointed Librarian in 1870. A very noble man. The Troy Chief copies tributes paid to his memory by N. L. Prentis and D. W. Wilder.

OCTOBER 7.—Convention of sportsmen at Salina.

—Atchison has erected 693 buildings in twelve months.

OCTOBER 8.—Close of the Senatorial trial in Topeka.

OCTOBER 10.—Gov. W. F. M. Army sends from New Mexico to the Historical Society the letters of the National Kansas Committee, of which Thaddeus Hyatt was President, and pictures of Barclay Coppie, Osborne P. Anderson, Owen Brown, and Augustus Wattles. (See Commonwealth.)

OCTOBER 10.—The Hull baby case settled, at Independence; Mrs. Hull granted a divorce.

OCTOBER 12.—Hiram C. Bull killed by a pet elk. He came to Osborne county in 1871.

OCTOBER 14.—Samuel A. Kingman appointed State Librarian.

OCTOBER 15.—Wild Hog and the other Cheyenne prisoners released by Judge Stephens, at Lawrence.

OCTOBER 17.—The Commonwealth prints E. E. Hale's speech at Bismarck.

"Let me, then, in a few words, describe the methods of the work of the Emigrant Aid Company. I have often heard it described, but almost always it was misrepresented. In the first place, it never hired a man to go to Kansas, or offered any inducement under Heaven to tempt him to go, if he did not mean to. All that stuff of the time about shipping paupers to Kansas was so much clear falsehood. Good Heavens, we had no need! The whole of the East, and North and Northwest was on the alert. It was wild to go. We never paid any man's passage. We never gave a cent towards any man's passage; nor so much as a paper of pop-corn to feed him on the way. If he went, he bought his own ticket, and when he came he selected his own home. Only we kept our traveling agents coming and going. Where one of them went, we found a party of settlers. These parties were apt to hold together, and from such parties grew such towns as Lawrence, Topeka, Manhattan, Osawatomie, and more. All we had to do with the settlers was to induce them to keep together. *Together* ought to be the motto of Kansas. New England has long since rejoiced in the flow of the great Northwestern wave over these beautiful prairies. To that wave she contributed four or five thousand of her sons and daughters in the very years of battle. She never has been ashamed of them or their record. The Emigrant Aid Company, which I represent here, placed \$125,000 in this Territory. No subscriber to that fund ever received back one cent from the investment. But we had our dividends long ago. They came in Kansas free; a nation free; in the homes of four million freedmen here, and in the virtual abolition of slavery over the world."

OCTOBER 21.—The Reform School is located three miles north of Topeka.

OCTOBER 22.—Meeting of the Grand Division of Sons of Temperance, at Salina; L. R. Elliott, G. W. P.

OCTOBER 22.—The Commonwealth prints a letter written by R. J. Hinton, in December, 1856. His party crossed the Missouri at Nebraska City, July 17, 1856; entered Kansas August 7, naming a town Plymouth, on Pony creek, Brown county; twelve miles below they called a site Lexington; entered Topeka August 30. Col. Dickey and Capt. Cutler led the party, about 500. A second train, 150 persons, under James Redpath, arrived in October; a third, under Shaler W. Eldridge, 250, arrested at Plymouth, and brought to Topeka as prisoners; Richard Realf is with them.

NOVEMBER 3.—The Kaw lands in the market, at the Topeka office.

NOVEMBER 4.—Election.

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF DISTRICT COURTS.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Lincoln.....</i>	<i>Bourbon.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
D. P. Lowe.....	1,311	1,511	2,822	476
W. C. Stewart.....	1,046	1,230	2,276	
J. D. Snoddy.....	65	2	67	
Scattering.....		3	3	

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF DISTRICT COURTS—CONCLUDED.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Allen.....</i>	<i>Neesho.....</i>	<i>Watson.....</i>	<i>Woodson.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
H. W. Talcott.....	953	786	1,444	510	3,393	83
L. W. Keplinger.....	570	1,380	851	509	3,310	

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Riley.....</i>	<i>Davis.....</i>	<i>Dickinson.....</i>	<i>Oliver.....</i>	<i>Morris.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
James H. Austin.....	1,618	1,169	2,009	1,776	1,450	8,022	7,942
James Humphrey.....			35			35	
Scattering.....	17		15	2	11	45	

NINTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Barton.....</i>	<i>Chase.....</i>	<i>Harvey.....</i>	<i>Marion.....</i>	<i>Reno.....</i>	<i>Rice.....</i>	<i>Paunee.....</i>	<i>Barber.....</i>	<i>Ford.....</i>	<i>Edwards.....</i>	<i>Rush.....</i>	<i>Seaford.....</i>	<i>Kingman.....</i>	<i>Prahl.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
S. R. Peters...	1,872	511	1,870	1,378	1,970	1,381	734	389	670	494	816	591	497	339	13,512	13,426
Scattering...	5	61		16					2	1		1			86	

NOTE.—No returns from Hodgeman and Harper counties.

VOTE FOR STATE SENATOR.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Bowman.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
Eugene F. Ware.....	1,304	1,295
Scattering.....	9	

NOVEMBER 5.—C. W. Babcock gives up his State-House contract.

NOVEMBER 6.—Meeting of the Academy of Science, at Topeka. B. F. Mudge, President; E. A. Popenoe, Secretary; Robert J. Brown, Treasurer.

—A Philadelphia firm publishes a novel, "Past Thirty," written by Mrs. H. E. Monroe, of the Atchison Institute.

NOVEMBER 8.—Meeting of the Arkansas Valley Editorial Association, at Great Bend. C. G. Coutant, President; C. L. Hubbs, Secretary.

NOVEMBER 17.—Death of Lewis Burnes, a Leavenworth pioneer, in St. Joseph. He came to Platte county, Mo., in 1838, and was a brother of Calvin F., Fielding, and James N. Burnes.

—Jay Gould becomes the leading owner of the Missouri Pacific and the Central Branch. He controls half of the railway mileage in the State.

NOVEMBER 19.—A book printed in Topeka, containing a poem by Dr. F. L. Crane, and “two pictures drawn by Worrall, representing the prophetic scenes witnessed by Dr. Crane in Topeka, in May, 1856.”

NOVEMBER 21.—Death of B. F. Mudge, at Manhattan. He has been State Geologist, a Professor at Manhattan and at Lawrence, and has made collections in Kansas for Yale College. His age was 62.

NOVEMBER 22.—James A. Troutman issues the *Temperance Palladium*, at Topeka.

NOVEMBER 24.—The Central Branch completed to Kirwin.

NOVEMBER 28.—Wirt W. Walton has bought a half-interest in the Clay Center Dispatch.

—E. G. Ross is editing the *Lawrence Standard*.

DECEMBER 1.—George T. Fairchild enters upon his duties as President of the Agricultural College.

DECEMBER 10.—The *Lawrence Journal* publishes James Townsley's account of the Pottawatomie massacre, in May, 1856. The investigation was instituted by John Hutchings, of Lawrence.

—Theo. S. Case is publishing the *Kansas City Review of Science and Industry*; it has many articles relating to Kansas, and written by our citizens.

DECEMBER 11.—Organization of Decatur county. It is named for Com. Stephen Decatur.

DECEMBER.—The Adjutant General's report continues the history of the Indian raid of 1878, and gives the names of twenty-six persons killed; the names of five are unknown. Seven Indian prisoners were delivered to him by Gen. Pope, February 14. They were tried in Ford and Douglas counties.

DECEMBER 20.—The Santa Fé is completed from Eureka to Howard.

DECEMBER 21.—The Santa Fé is completed from Wichita to Arkansas City.

—David G. Lett, a prominent colored clergyman, dies, in Atchison.

DECEMBER.—Supt. Lemmon reports 5,575 school districts in the State, and 311,310 persons of the school age; school revenue, \$1,878,563; sixty-six normal institutes have been held.

DECEMBER 29.—State Normal Institute, at Topeka.

1880.

JANUARY 1.—The Santa Fé land grant amounted to about three million acres; the sales began in 1871; one million acres have been sold, at an average price of five dollars an acre.

—Thos. C. Thurston kills his newspaper partner, Wm. W. Embry, in a saloon, in Leavenworth.

—Close of the State Normal Institute.

—Convention of County Superintendents, at Topeka; P. Fales, Chairman; O. Wharton, Secretary. The State Board of Education asked to prepare all questions for county examinations.

—Drive Well Defense Associations formed in several counties to resist the patent of N. W. Green.

JANUARY 7.—The Commonwealth publishes an account of the burial, near Holton, of the cannon given by citizens of Milwaukee to the Free-State men of Kansas; later, it was sent to Topeka.

—The Kansas Pacific Company sold 176,885 acres of land in 1879.

—The First Comptroller of the Treasury has decided that Kansas is entitled to five per cent. on the sale of lands in Kansas, which, at the time of the admission of the State, were Indian reservations.

JANUARY 8.—Death of Dr. Erastus Tefft, at Topeka. He built the Tefft House, and was a practical prohibitionist.

JANUARY 10.—The editor of the London Times thanks Alfred Gray for an Agricultural Report: "The resources the book describes fill the English mind with astonishment and envy."

—Campbell University, at Holton, chartered.

JANUARY 12.—The St. Louis & San Francisco road reaches Severy.

JANUARY 13.—Meeting of the District Judges, at Topeka.

JANUARY 14.—State Militia meeting. Officers elected: Maj. Gen. Willis Brown, President; Col. J. T. Bradley, Vice President; Capt. H. A. Needham, Secretary; Chaplain C. Monjeau, Treasurer.

JANUARY 14.—Meeting of the State Board of Agriculture. R. W. Jenkins elected President.

—F. H. Barnhart, of the Osborne County Farmer, gives to the State Historical Society the first thirty-eight numbers of the Lincoln County News—the first paper started in Lincoln county, the date of the first issue being March 5, 1873. The paper was started by Mr. Barnhart.

JANUARY 19.—The President appoints T. Dwight Thacher, David J. Evans and Chas. M. Kellogg as Census Supervisors.

—Jay Gould gives \$5,000 for the needy settlers on the line of the Kansas Pacific Road.

—Colored people continue to arrive from the South, principally at Wyandotte, Topeka, and Parsons.

—Henry Hopkins appointed Warden of the Penitentiary for four years.

JANUARY 20.—Annual meeting of the State Historical Society.

JANUARY 21.—The Cherryvale Globe office burned; three men perish in the flames.

—Alleged robbery of Paymaster Broadhead, near Leavenworth.

—Death, at Lawrence, of Turner Sampson, a pioneer of '54.

JANUARY 21.—Formation, at Topeka, of the People's Grand Protective Union. Officers elected: President, T. W. Cochran; Vice Presidents—First District, M. Hoffman and M. Marcus; Second District, R. W. Ludington and J. Walruff; Third District, A. Weigand and John Trump; Treasurer, C. Kreipe; Recording Secretary, L. W. Head; Corresponding Secretary, C. R. Jones.

Article VII of the Constitution is as follows:

“The Grand Union shall be the supreme authority of the People's Protective Union in Kansas, and shall have power—

“1st. To make and enforce laws for the government of Subordinate Unions.

“2d. To institute new Unions, and for good cause to annul the same at will.

“3d. To assess and collect from the several Unions under its jurisdiction, such sums of money as may be deemed necessary for the benefit of the Union.”

The following was unanimously adopted:

“Resolved, That the Prohibition Amendment to the Constitution of the State of Kansas, if adopted, would be a law, in its practical application, far beyond the public sentiment of the people, and would be inoperative; that its adoption would take the whole subject of temperance out of the power of the Legislature, leaving the people without a remedy; laws so stringent that they cannot be enforced, and destructive of all good, because it teaches men not to respect the restraining power of law. The laws now upon the statutes of the State are as stringent as can be enforced, and may be amended or repealed, as public interest and public sentiment shall demand. The amendment, if adopted, would do what no Constitution in any State of this Union does: it would legalize the manufacture and sale of liquor, unrestrained by law, and the liquor once purchased, and in the hands of the purchaser, its use cannot be controlled—thereby offering a premium to falsehood, perjury, and intemperance.”

—The Topeka Capital takes decided ground for the Prohibition amendment.

JANUARY 23.—James A. Troutman leaves Topeka to become the publisher of the Lawrence Palladium.

JANUARY 23.—Death of Alfred Gray. He was born in Erie county, New York, December 5, 1830; came to Quindaro in March, 1857; was First Lieutenant in the Fifth Kansas, and Brigade Quartermaster; became a member of the Agricultural Society in 1866, and has been its Secretary since September 15, 1871. The Commonwealth says: “His reports as Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture have become known in every corner of the State; have been the best immigration documents Kansas has ever had, circulating largely from here eastward to the Alleghanies, and in fact, more or less over the civilized world.” The pall-bearers at the funeral, on the 25th, were Governor St. John, Chief Justice Horton, Mr. Justice Valentine, ex-Chief Justice Kingman, Judge F. G. Adams, Assistant Auditor S. S. McFadden, Secretary of State James Smith, and State Superintendent of Insurance O. T. Welch.

JANUARY 24.—Consolidation of the U. P., K. P. and Denver Pacific railroad companies.

JANUARY 31.—Thomas Nickerson elected President of the Santa Fé Company.

—The total taxes in the State last year were \$4,982,038; of this, the county taxes were \$1,680,025; the school tax comes next, \$1,615,815.

—J. K. Hudson becomes the sole owner of the Topeka Capital, and E. E. Ewing of the Farmer.

—W. T. McElroy is appointed postmaster at Humboldt, and John S. Gilmore at Fredonia.

—John G. Shea, New York, edits and publishes "A Description of Louisiana, by Father Louis Hennepin, Recollect Missionary. Translated from the edition of 1683, and compared with the Nouvelle Decouverte, the LaSalle Documents, and other Contemporaneous Papers."

FEBRUARY 1.—The office of the consolidated U. P. and K. P. R. W. Co. is located at Omaha. Sylvester T. Smith is General Superintendent of the Kansas Division, at Kansas City.

FEBRUARY 4.—Meeting of the State Temperance Union, at Lawrence, to arrange for an active campaign.—A. L. Williams, of Topeka, is making strong speeches for Prohibition. Mrs. Drusilla Wilson has held forty-five Temperance meetings in Douglas county.

FEBRUARY 5.—Second Annual Session of the Grand Lodge, A. O. U. W., at Parsons. Officers elected: G. M. W., E. M. Forde, of Emporia; G. F. A., J. Locke, of Nickerson; G. O., J. A. Polley, of Topeka; G. R., W. A. Cooper, of Topeka; G. R., J. H. Brown, of Fort Scott; G. G. R., D. Talbot, of Parsons; G. W., E. C. Weilep, of Galena; Grand Trustee for three years, John Seaton, of Atchison; Representatives to the Supreme Lodge, J. M. Price of Atchison, E. S. Bertram of Council Grove, and W. D. Stone of Galena.

—Death, at Elmira, N. Y., of W. R. Judson, who was Colonel of the Sixth Kansas.

—Joseph K. Hudson elected Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture.

—"Exodusters" continue to arrive. Rations are served to 400 in North Topeka. At Parsons, the arrivals are from Texas.

FEBRUARY 7.—E. G. Ross has bought the Leavenworth Press, and will merge it in the Standard.

FEBRUARY 9.—The St. L. K. & W. R. R. completed to Winfield.

—The Atchison Globe, edited by E. W. Howe, is quoted in the papers.

—Ottawa has a city library.

FEBRUARY 12.—L. Severy is securing the right-of-way for the Burlingame, Alma & Manhattan road.

—First public school opened in Wakeeney.

FEBRUARY 13.—"The Heart of the New Kansas." By Bernard Bryan Smyth, Great Bend, Kansas. pp. 168. The book is political and his-

torical, and has valuable chapters on the early history of Barton county and the Arkansas Valley.

FEBRUARY.—Jay Gould's American Union Telegraph Company take possession of the wires along the line of the Kansas Pacific road.

FEBRUARY 14.—Death of Golden Silvers, in Shawnee county.

FEBRUARY 16.—Serious fire at Sterling.

—The basement story of the west wing of the State House is done.

FEBRUARY 18.—The Senate having taken final action favorable to Senator Ingalls, the Commonwealth publishes a full review of the case.

—A. S. Corey printed the first number of the *Quindaro Chindowan*, in 1857; later he had charge of the *Family Visitor*, at Baldwin, and started the *Chetopa Advance*, in 1867.

—The Children's Aid Society, of New York, sends many children to Kansas.

—The New-Mexican Legislature comes to Kansas by rail, over the Santa Fé "trail."

—O. E. Morse gives the Historical Society a book, "Cotton is King," published in Augusta, Ga., in 1860, in which the Southern view of Kansas history is exhibited.

FEBRUARY 21.—The decision of the Supreme Court leaves the county seat of Harper county at Anthony. In 1879, in the Harper county county-seat election, 2,957 votes were cast, or many more than the number of voters. The Commissioners refused to declare the result. The Supreme Court refused the application for a mandamus, on the ground that the election was manifestly fraudulent.

FEBRUARY 21.—Death of George Graham, ex-State Treasurer, at Seneca; age, 61. He came to Kansas in '57; assisted in organizing the first Sunday School and Congregational Church in Nemaha county; was a Captain in the Seventh Kansas. His brother, Captain John L. Graham, of the Eighth, was killed at Lookout Mountain.

FEBRUARY 22.—The fire insurance premiums paid in Kansas, during the last five years, amounted to \$1,813,279; the companies paid in losses \$595,687, or about 33 per cent.

FEBRUARY 23.—The Santa Fé trains run to Santa Fé.

FEBRUARY.—F. H. SNOW: "The month was warm, dry, and clear. Several Februaries of our thirteen years' record have given higher mean and maximum temperatures, but the extraordinary warmth of January this year, forced vegetation to a more advanced condition than in any previous year. Maples were in bloom February 11th, elms on the 21st, and adder tongues on the 26th."

FEBRUARY.—Oberlin becomes, by vote, the county seat of Decatur county.

—Judge Kingman secures for the State Library 137 volumes of the *Edinburgh Review*.

—Henry King lectures, at Lawrence, on the early explorers of Kansas; "The Genesis of Kansas."

—Bishop Fink sends \$3,000 to suffering Irishmen, the gift of Kansas Catholics.

FEBRUARY 28.—REV. H. H. JOHNSON, of Lawrence, secures for the Historical Society a manuscript book containing the surveys and maps of Indian Reservations, in Kansas, made between 1830 and 1838, by Isaac McCoy, John C. McCoy, Nathan Boone, James Craig, and others.

MARCH 1.—Jacob Stotler, Alex. Butts, and Frank P. MacLennan are the publishers of the Emporia News.

—Judge Foster, at Topeka, refuses to grant an injunction to restrain J. Q. A. Peyton from using his drive well—an alleged infringement on the Green patent.

—John K. Wright begins work on the Burlingame & Manhattan road.

MARCH 2.—Jay Gould is elected President of the Missouri Pacific.

—Dodge City is described by Henry King, in "Over Sunday at New Sharon," in Scribner's Monthly.

—The U. P. R. R. is carrying on a contest in the State against the W. U. Telegraph Co.

MARCH 5.—The Golden Belt Editorial Association meets, at Abilene. Called to order by A. G. Stacey, of the Salina Herald. Geo. W. Martin, of the Kansas Publishing House, was chosen Temporary Chairman, and L. E. Sampson, of the Salina Journal, Secretary.

The chair announced the following committees:

Permanent Organization: V. P. Wilson, of the Abilene Gazette; Chas. Davis, of the Junction City Tribune; and W. P. Campbell, of the Wamego Tribune.

Constitution and By-Laws: J. H. Downing, of the Ellis County Star; A. G. Stacey, of the Salina Herald; and Albert Griffin, of the Manhattan Nationalist.

Programme: J. W. Hart, of the Abilene Chronicle; A. C. Runyan, of the Manhattan Enterprise; and J. C. Hill, of the Solomon City Sentinel.

W. P. Campbell, Chairman of the Committee on Permanent Organization, made the following report, which was adopted: President, V. P. Wilson, of the Abilene Gazette; Vice President, John Davis, of the Junction City Tribune; Secretary, J. H. Downing, of the Ellis County Star; Treasurer, L. E. Sampson, of the Saline County Journal.

At a banquet, speeches were made by T. C. Henry, C. F. Mead, Albert Griffin, J. R. Burton, V. P. Wilson, F. P. Baker, Al. R. Greene of the Kansas City Journal, and others.

MARCH 8.—A fire entirely consumes the interior of the "executive building" of the Osawatomie Asylum; loss, \$35,000.

—Fire at Oswego; loss, \$9,000.

—The passage of Thomas Ryan's Kansas Indian Trust-Land bill opens the whole Kaw Reserve to actual settlers.

—The new Normal School building is done, and will soon be in use.

—M. E. Conference at Ottawa. Presiding Elders: Fort Scott, Bernard Kelly; Emporia, C. R. Rice; Independence, A. T. Burris; Wichita, C. A. King; Hutchinson, Noah Asher; Larned, N. S. Buckner.

—The people of the country give much attention to the "fifteen puzzle," base ball, and bicycles.

MARCH 9.—Grand Encampment, I. O. O. F., at Atchison. S. H. Burch, of Olathe, elected G. P.

MARCH 10.—M. E. Conference at Topeka. Bishop, Randolph S. Foster. Presiding Elders: Leavenworth, J. M. Sullivan; Topeka, P. T. Rhodes; Atchison, Richard Wake; Salina, W. Smith; Beloit, J. H. Lockwood; Kirwin, R. A. Caruthers; Kansas, W. O. Lynch. This is the twenty-fifth annual session.

MARCH 11.—Death of Dr. William M. Howsley, the Leavenworth horticulturist, at Hastings, Neb.

MARCH 13.—First anniversary of the Kansas Methodist Historical Society. J. Denison reelected President, and N. Green, Secretary. Papers by Mrs. Lucy B. Armstrong, J. D. Knox, James Shaw, J. S. Griffin, and B. F. Bowman.

MARCH 17.—"Patrick O'Monighan; or the Hidden Treasure of Old Uzarro." By Geo. A. Kirkland, of Pottawatomie county. Topeka: Geo. S. Irwin. pp. 336.

MARCH 18.—Opinion of Attorney General Davis that the law defining the boundaries of Wallace, Thomas, Sheridan, Lane and other counties is invalid.

MARCH 19.—John A. Halderman appointed Minister to Bangkok, Siam.

MARCH 20.—Fire at Russell; loss, \$10,000.

MARCH 24.—Death of Thomas Murphy, ex-Mayor of Atchison.

—Movements are on foot to build monuments to B. F. Mudge and Alfred Gray.

MARCH 31.—Appointments: T. D. Thacher and John W. Scott, Regents University; H. E. Richter, Director Penitentiary.

MARCH 31.—State Republican Convention. Called to order by C. Leland jr.

A. L. Redden, of Butler county, and John Edwards, of Ellis county, were put in nomination for Temporary Chairman. Redden received 190 votes, and Edwards 111 votes.

W. W. Walton, D. B. Ashley and A. Saxey were elected Secretaries.

The Chair announced as Committee on Credentials: E. N. Morrill, A. W. Gray, L. J. Perry, W. H. Caldwell, W. R. Brown, and Wm. Conner.

On Permanent Organization: N. A. Adams, A. J. Huntoon, J. W. George, A. F. Ely, F. Gillett, L. Keplinger, and A. B. Bradish.

On Rules and Order of Business: S. A. Day, D. E. Clapp, W. R. Biddle, George W. Reed, C. R. Mitchell, S. S. Benedict, and Webb McNall.

On Resolutions: J. D. Snoddy, C. Leland, J. F. Legate, E. J. Donnell, S. B. Bradford, S. E. Jocelyn, and E. B. Brainard.

The Committee on Permanent Organization reported that the temporary organization be made permanent, with the addition of J. L. McDowell, S. A. Day and J. J. Buck as District Vice Presidents.

The Committee on Rules and Order of Business reported: The election by this Convention of ten delegates and ten alternates; four from the First District, and three each from the Second and Third Districts. Adopted, by 184 to 130.

Mr. Biddle, of Linn county, offered the following resolution, and moved the previous question on its adoption:

Resolved, That the following-named gentlemen be elected by this Convention as delegates to the National Republican Convention, to wit: John A. Martin, Perry Hutcheson, George H. Case, S. Motz, S. S. Benedict, B. F. Simpson, B. W. Perkins, P. B. Plumb, H. P. Woleott, William Thompson; and the following alternates, to wit: N. A. Adams, W. B. Townsend, W. H. Barnes, C. F. Johnson, W. J. Buehan, L. K. Kirk, E. A. Howard, R. W. P. Muse, C. T. Daniels, J. C. Long."

Adopted, by 178 to 128.

Mr. Morrill, of Brown county, offered the following resolution, and moved its adoption:

Resolved, That the following-named gentlemen be the nominees for Presidential Electors of the Republican party of the State of Kansas, to wit: John Schilling, W. A. Peller, Jas. D. Snoddy, R. W. P. Muse, Henderson Ritchie."

The previous question being ordered, the resolution was adopted without an opposing vote.

Mr. Snoddy reported, from the Committee on Resolutions, as follows:

"The Republicans of Kansas, in convention assembled, declare—

First, The first and paramount duty of the citizen, is allegiance to the Government of the United States.

Second, That the true test of the faithful discharge of that duty, is long-continued and uninterrupted devotion to and service of the Republic, and that no one who has wavered in his fealty to the Union is a safe counselor in the affairs of the Nation, nor one in whose hands any of the powers of the Government can be safely lodged for any time, however brief.

Third, That under the name of Democracy are arrayed against the civilization of the age, men who having striven by rebellion and open war to destroy the Nation, and are now endeavoring to seize the Government by force or fraud.

Fourth, That we are a Nation, and that the mission of the Republican party will not be completed until under one flag every citizen, however humble, is secure in the honest expression of his opinions in all parts of our dominion, and is fully protected in his life and liberty, and in the full enjoyment of all the political rights of an American citizen.

Fifth, That the unhappy cause of the migration of the colored people from the South to the North, is the apprehension, persecution and robbery of them by the white people, their former masters and present owners of the soil, and it is the duty of the Government of the United States to extend to the colored people of the South such protection that their removal from their native land shall cease to be a necessity.

Sixth, That in the approaching Presidential campaign there will be no middle ground upon which timid patriots can stand, and those who are in favor of the perpetuity of the Union and the preservation of liberty, and the promotion of civilization, are Republicans, and of necessity must vote for the success of the Republican candidates; and those who are in favor of violence and anarchy, desolation, and the utter destruction of republican government, will vote for the success of the Democratic candidates.

"*Seventh*, That James G. Blaine has the confidence of the Republicans of Kansas; that we recognize in him a statesman worthy to lead the National Republican party to victory; that he is the choice of the Republicans of Kansas for President of the United States, and that we pledge him our united support."

APRIL 1.—Appointments: D. E. Barnes, census taker in Sheridan county for the purpose of organization; J. M. Hogue and Edwin Knowles, Charitable Trustees; A. J. Hoisington and Stephen M. Wood, Agricultural Regents.

APRIL 1.—Graham county organized, with Millbrook as the county seat. The first election is held June 1. It is named after Capt. John L. Graham, of the Eighth Kansas. The appointed officers are: County Commissioners, A. E. Moses and O. G. Nevins; County Clerk, E. P. McCabe.

—The report of the Kansas Freedmen's Relief Association shows the amount of donations received by the Association from October 17, 1879, the date of the last report, up to March 31, to be \$29,495.71, while the expenditures during the same period have been \$23,488.79. Mrs. Elizabeth L. Comstock, who came to Topeka last fall to look after the interests of the refugees, has raised \$23,000 of the above, besides several car loads of lumber and agricultural implements, and boxes and barrels of clothing, crockery ware, garden seeds, &c. More than \$3,000 has been sent from England in cash; also, a large lot of crockery and clothing.

APRIL 4.—Anniversary of Spiritualism celebrated in Topeka.

—Greene Campbell has given \$10,000 for a normal school building in Holton.

—Rev. Lewis Bodwell was the first Congregationalist preacher in Topeka, in October, 1856; he is now invited to deliver the last sermon in the church before it is taken down to make way for a larger one.

—V. P. Wilson is President of the Golden Belt, W. H. Caldwell of the Northwestern, and A. J. Hoisington of the Arkansas Valley Editorial Association.

APRIL 6.—The Temperance ticket elected in Concordia, Ottawa, Lawrence, Newton, Hutchinson, Burlington, and in many other cities.

—Lester M. Crawford, a printer, buys the Topeka Opera House.

APRIL 8.—E. J. Dallas, of the Post-Office Department, gives the Historical Society the Post-Office Directories of 1811 and 1831, and writes a history of all of the early post offices in Kansas. The office at Leavenworth Cantonment was established May 29, 1828, with Philip G. Raud P. M.; Hiram Rich, Oct. 19, 1841, was the first P. M. of Fort Leavenworth, and remained in office through Territorial days. Michael L. Dunn, Gen. Grant's servant, was appointed Aug. 10, 1866; David L. Payne, March 19, 1867. John A. Bugg, March, 1843, was the first P. M. of Fort Scott; Marysville, the third office, Nov. 11, 1854, Francis J. Marshall, P. M.; Atchison, March 15, 1855; Council City changed to Burlingame, Jan. 30, 1858; Centropolis, March 3, 1855, changed to Minneola, Nov. 25, 1858, and back to Centropolis, Feb. 23, 1863; Bloomington, July 11, 1855, changed to Clinton, Aug. 30, 1858; Lawrence, Jan. 13, 1855,

Carmi W. Babcock, P. M.; Leavenworth City, March 6, 1855. Lewis N. Rees, P. M.; Paola, as Peoria Village, Dec. 31, 1855; Topeka, March 3, 1855, Fry W. Giles, P. M. In 1855, fifty-seven offices were established; twenty-one of these have been discontinued.

The number of offices established between January 1 and June 30, 1856, was eighteen, while four were abolished during the same period.

The following table shows the number of offices established and discontinued each fiscal year, beginning with that ended June 30, 1857:

Year.	Estab-lished.	Abol-ished.	Year.	Estab-lished.	Abol-ished.	Year.	Estab-lished.	Abol-ished.
1857.....	72	9	1865.....	18	8	1873.....	178	52
1858.....	65	7	1866.....	23	17	1874.....	139	45
1859.....	20	19	1867.....	49	36	1875.....	133	50
1860.....	46	15	1868.....	48	20	1876.....	78	38
1861.....	31	9	1869.....	70	18	1877.....	73	38
1862.....	29	8	1870.....	129	17	1878.....	123	36
1863.....	30	17	1871.....	197	40	1879.....	212	49
1864.....	18	16	1872.....	176	72	Total.....	1,957	636

APRIL 8.—Cowley county stone is accepted for the U. S. building at Topeka.

APRIL 10.—Wm. A. Howard, of Michigan, Governor of Dakota, dies, in Washington, aged 67. John Sherman, of Ohio, and M. Oliver, of Missouri, his associates on the Kansas Commission, 1856, still live.

—The Sells Brothers' Circus has wintered in Topeka.

—The Troy Chief says the railroad influence in the Republican Convention was for Grant and a third term.

APRIL 12.—Convention of colored men, in Topeka. Officers: President, C. H. Langston; Vice President, H. C. Bruce; L. W. Pulies, Secretary; J. W. Wilson, First Assistant Secretary; H. Rogers, Second Assistant Secretary.

Committee on Resolutions: Messrs. White, J. H. Stuart, Matthews, Pulies, A. Williams, Wm. Gray, Solomon Frister, N. S. Mitchell, and J. C. Stewart.

Resolutions adopted:

"Whereas, Thousands of colored persons have been and are steadily emigrating to the State of Kansas, and other States, from southern sections of the Union, under such circumstances as render them poverty-stricken and fit objects of charity and compassion; and

"Whereas, The humane people throughout the length and breadth of this country and Europe have been and are contributing largely in money, clothing, merchandise and lumber, with the belief and hope that it will be used for the alleviation of their sufferings, and so further invested as to enable them in time to become self-supporting and thereby a useful and prosperous element of the population; and

"Whereas, We believe that the present mode of applying such contributions by the Refugee Relief Board tends to encourage pauperism and foster a non-producing dependence: therefore,

"Be it resolved, That we respectfully suggest that the Refugee Relief Board do use said moneys and contributions for settling said refugees on the public and school lands in this and other States, making first payment on the same, and aid in supporting them until they shall have raised their first crop.

"Resolved, That in justice to the donors and others interested, that the said Refugee

Relief Board do make regular monthly statements, through the public press, of their receipts and disbursements.

Resolved, That we heartily indorse all the different agencies, religious, moral, educational, as well as political, which tend to lift us up and place us on a higher plane of American citizenship.

Resolved, That we hereby offer our profound appreciation and gratitude to the benevolent of this and other countries who have contributed, and still continue to contribute, so generously to the relief of our fleeing brethren, as well as to those who so disinterestedly and satisfactorily administered their benefactions in the inception of the great relief work.

Resolved, That we consider ourselves entitled to representation on the ticket in the approaching State election next autumn, and we pledge ourselves to then present to the consideration of the assembled delegates of the Republican party a man whose fitness and ability will command the respect and support of every candid Republican.

Resolved, That we cannot suffer this opportunity to pass by without expressing our approval and gratitude for the fair treatment our fleeing brethren have received at the hands of the people and present administration of the State of Kansas.

Resolved, That as in the past, so in the future, we pledge ourselves to an uncompromising support of the principles of the National Republican party, so long as they advocate for us that complete liberty and exact equality in our civil and political rights guaranteed to us by the late amendments.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this convention be published in the Herald of Kansas, and such other papers as are favorable to our cause.

Resolved, That this convention create a State Executive Committee, apportioned as follows: One delegate from each county, appointed from the delegates present. Counties, not here represented, to be requested to elect a member of said Executive Committee, and report the same."

The Chair made the following appointments: J. Allen, Lyon county; James Parris, Atchison county; L. W. Pulies, Morris county; John Waller, Douglas county; Wm. Eagleson, Shawnee county; W. D. Matthews, Leavenworth county; — Davis, Dickinson county; William Gray, Coffey county; Thos. P. Moore, Hodgeman county; Isaac Lee, Greenwood county; Wallace Arthur, Wyandotte county; J. W. French, Labette county; A. T. Hall, Graham county.

—"The Northern Tier; or Life Among the Homestead Settlers." By E. J. Jenkins, Receiver of the Land Office at Concordia. Topeka: Geo. W. Martin. pp. 205. Dedicated to Sol. Miller, "the pioneer editor of the Kansas Chief." Sixteen chapters, giving the experience of a Kansas pioneer, chiefly in Doniphan and Cloud counties. It contains some important historical facts, and many pleasant reminiscences.

APRIL 14.—Organization of Ness county. It had been first organized Oct. 23, 1873, and was afterward disorganized. It is named for Corporal Noah V. Ness, of the Seventh Kansas.

—Prof. Wm. K. Kedzie, recently of Manhattan, dies, at Lansing, Mich.

—Martin F. Conway and Jas. G. Blunt are inmates of the Washington Insane Asylum.

—Jasper H. Moss, of Topeka, writes a war story, "Unfortunate Entanglements," for the St. Joseph Herald.

—There are 319 newspapers and periodicals in the State; Miss Zu Adams makes the list, and preserves them all in the Historical Library.

APRIL 15.—S. N. Wood describes in the Commonwealth an interview with Dr. Henry Slade, the "writing medium."

—An order signed by Chief Justice Waite says the President commands the K. P. R. R. to desist in preventing the W. U. Telegraph Co. from restoring its lines along the K. P. road, until the court shall make orders to the contrary.

—Thos. Ryan introduced a bill in the House asking the Attorney General to bring a suit to set aside the "drive wells" patent, granted to Nelson W. Green, in 1868, and reissued in 1871. The owners of the patent ask a royalty of \$5 for each well.

—Meeting of the Presbytery of Topeka. Delegates to the Grand Assembly to meet next May in Madison, Wisconsin, were elected as follows: *Ministers*, J. O. Jennings, W. S. Davis; alternates, A. V. Stout, J. H. Miller. *Elders*, J. T. Clark of Topeka, J. T. Rankin of Olathe; alternates, S. A. Halderman of Clinton, N. B. McClure of Perry.

APRIL 16.—Fire in Galena; loss \$20,000.

—Fifty persons from Kansas have testified before the Exodus Committee, in Washington.

APRIL 19.—Assessment of railroad property: Total valuation, \$20,547,802.55; miles of main track, 3,104.21; of side track, 247.04; average per mile of all property, \$6,619.33.

APRIL 20.—Adjutant General Richard C. Drum, U. S. A., gives the Historical Society the Army Register from 1827 to date, 41 volumes.

APRIL 21.—The Topeka Capital is one year old.

—The Sheriff of Cherokee county informs Gov. St. John of a coal miners' strike at Stilson and Scammonville. Adjutant General Noble orders Gen. Willis Brown to hold his command in readiness for service, and proceeds to the scene of the disturbance. Quiet is restored without calling out the militia.

APRIL 25.—From a sermon by Peter McVicar: "On Saturday, December 29th, 1854, Rev. Samuel Y. Lum, then pastor of the Plymouth Congregational Church of Lawrence, and now pastor of a church in Connecticut, preached at the house of the late Mr. A. A. Ward, near the river bank, the first sermon ever preached at Topeka. On the 14th day of October, 1855, nine persons—Rev. Paul Shepherd, William Scales, John Ritchie, William E. Bowker, Milton C. Dickey, A. H. Barnard, Charles A. Sexton, H. H. Cowles, and James Cowles—met in a small cabin, constructed of boards and bark. The object of the meeting, as gathered from the early records, was to consult in reference to the formation of an Anti-Slavery Congregational Church. This was the first step towards the first church organization in the city."

APRIL 25.—Rev. Felix Swenbergh, of Newton, writes a pamphlet, "Catholic Colonization in Kansas."

APRIL 26.—The sixty-first anniversary of Odd-Fellowship generally celebrated.

APRIL 28.—The Capital publishes a history of the Penitentiary, and a list of its officers, beginning in 1861.

—The Protective Union is laboring with brewers and distillers in other States, and raising money to defeat Prohibition.

—A Grand Lodge of Colored Good Templars organized at Lawrence, with Mrs. Mary E. Griffith and Chas. H. Langston as the chief officers.

—Mrs. M. B. Smith, State Temperance Missionary, is going through the State.

—S. H. Dodge becomes the editor of the Beloit Gazette.

APRIL 29.—The Commonwealth says: "Secretary Adams found residing at Freeport, Mo., Mr. Frederick Chouteau, a grandson of Colonel Auguste Chouteau, who on the 15th day of February, 1764, made the first settlement on the site of St. Louis. From that early day, the Chouteaus have been prominent as pioneer men, and as founders of trade throughout the West. Frederick Chouteau first came to Kansas in 1825. He witnessed the first payment made by the Government to the Kaws, under the treaty of cession of that year. In 1828 he traded with the Kaws at Horseshoe Lake, now in Douglas county, Kansas. In 1830, he built trading-houses on Mission creek, twelve miles above Topeka, and there traded with the Kaws for many years."

APRIL 30.—Fire at Winfield; loss, \$30,000.

MAY 1.—Thos. Nickerson, for six years President of the Santa Fé, declines a reëlection.

—Comptroller Porter, of the Interior Department, allows the claim of Kansas, \$190,566, for 5 per cent. of the net proceeds of the sales from the 29th of January, 1861, to the 30th of January, 1877, inclusive, of the lands within the bounds of the State, heretofore embodied in the Indian Reservations.

MAY 2.—Colored convention, in Topeka; J. W. Turner, Chairman. Addresses by J. M. Brown, Rev. B. F. Watson, Rev. W. O. Lynch, Mrs. Elizabeth L. Comstock, Mrs. Laura L. Haviland, and others. Among the resolutions adopted, were the following:

"Resolved, That we are opposed to all colored conventions of a political nature, or all colored State Central Committees, or drawing the color-line in any way whatever, in the State of Kansas.

"Resolved, That we believe in colored men holding office in *pro rata* to their number of voters in both the National, State and municipal governments. But we are Republicans from principle, and do not vote the Republican ticket for office.

"Resolved, That we are members of the great Republican party, and not simply attached to it, as claimed by the State Colored Convention, and that we will stand by said party in the ensuing campaign, both State and National, representation or no representation.

"Resolved, That we believe that the principles of the Democratic party are detrimental to the best interest and progress of our people throughout the United States, and we ourselves do offer that party stern opposition, until they are willing to grant us complete equality before the law, in every State in the Union."

MAY 4.—Atchison Champion: "It is rather interesting, in view of the present colossal proportions of the Santa Fé road, to sit down and talk with M. L. Sargent, now of the Central Branch and Missouri Pacific, and speak of the days when he first came west, and joined Col. T. J. Peter, at Topeka, in the administration of the A. T. & S. F. At the

time of the arrival of Mr. Sargent, the only furniture in the 'general office' was a pine table and two split-bottom chairs: there were no books except a section boss's time-book, and Mr. Sargent brought with him the first regular set of books kept for the company. The financial management was, however, very easy for a long time. The road never had any income till it reached Carbondale, when it commenced to haul coal at \$10 a car. Mr. Sargent, by stepping to the door and counting the coal cars brought in by the road's only daily train, could tell what were the total receipts of the company for the day."

MAY 4.—Topeka Capital: "Judge Adams, Secretary of the State Historical Society, brought with him from Kansas City, a few days ago, an elementary primer of the Shawnee language, the title-page of which reads as follows: 'Wa-fa-fe Wa-gry-sy Laekens Wa-Kaxa Peo, Shawanoe Mission; J. G. Pratt, printer, 1837.' The primer was printed on the first printing press brought within the limits of Kansas, and which was put up in the year 1832, by Mr. Meeker, at the Shawnee Baptist Mission, near Westport Mission, but in Johnson county, Kansas, about two miles over the line. Mr. Pratt, the printer, is still living in Wyandotte county, while Rev. Johnson Lykins, the compiler—the word 'Laekens' standing for his name in the title-page—has been dead for several years. He established the Baptist Mission that is now the farm of Mr. Robt. Lee, three miles west of Topeka."

—Election of Directors of the Freedmen's Relief Association: George W. Carey, Laura S. Haviland, A. B. Whiting, W. P. Ewing, John D. Knox, Samuel P. Dunlap, George W. Henning, John M. Brown, W. O. Lynch, J. W. Braxton, J. E. Gilbert, W. D. Alexander, C. A. Sperry, and T. A. Beck. The Society has \$6,136 in bank. There are now 150 refugees at the barracks; daily arrivals and departures.

MAY 5.—Meeting, at Leavenworth, of the Directors of the Kansas Orphan Asylum. The annual report of John Wilson, Treasurer, shows a balance on hand of \$376.23. The Business Manager of the Orphan's Friend reported the net profits of the paper during the past year to have been \$423.35. As there were four vacancies in the list of corporators, an election was held, which resulted in the selection of Mrs. Gable, Mrs. Geo. Neely, Mrs. Henry Clark, and Mrs. Henry Garrett for the ensuing year. The Trustees elected for the ensuing year were: Mrs. T. A. Hurd, Mrs. Geo. W. Nelles, Mrs. Thos. Carney, Mrs. Geo. Weaver, and Mrs. D. N. Barnes. Among the ladies from abroad who were present: Mrs. G. W. Veale, President of the Auxiliary Society of Topeka; Mrs. Dr. Huntoon, Vice President; and Miss Ada Douthitt, Recording Secretary; Mrs. Dr. Smith, Mrs. Col. Seudder, Mrs. Dr. Sheldon, Mrs. Judge Spencer, and Mrs. Dr. Eastman.

MAY 5.—Ninth annual meeting of the State Dental Association, at Emporia. W. H. Schulz, President; A. H. Thompson, Vice President.

MAY 8.—John A. Anderson labors in Congress to compel the U. P. R. R. Co. to complete the title to, and to pay taxes on, its lands.

MAY 10.—Augusta is the terminus of the Frisco road.

—Land frauds in Kingman county; Government land sold on forged abstracts of title.

MAY 11.—Capt. Henry King delivers the annual address before the Missouri Editorial Association, at Sedalia.

—Death of S. N. Latta, a Leavenworth pioneer.

—David L. Payne is in the Indian Territory, with many followers, attempting to form a settlement.

MAY 12.—Convention of County Attorneys, in Topeka. E. N. Smith, President; Levi Cooper, Vice President; J. C. Hebbard, Secretary.

—The Grand Commandery, Knights Templar, at Ottawa, elect Dwight Byington Grand Commander.

—Meeting of the State Medical Society, at Leavenworth. Officers: President, B. E. Fryer; First Vice President, F. M. Dailey; Second Vice President, J. Grass; Secretary, F. M. Morse; Assistant Secretary, W. B. Gibson; Treasurer, W. W. Cochrane. Board of Censors, C. C. Furley of Wichita, Lamphear of Atchison, Schenck of Osage, Lyman of Manhattan, and Shoyer of Leavenworth.

MAY 13.—Meeting of the stockholders of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad. Directors and officers elected: *Directors*—T. Jefferson Coolidge, Alden Speare, I. T. Burr, C. W. Pierce, B. P. Cheney, C. J. Paine, S. L. Thorndike, G. A. Gardner, all of Boston; W. Powell Mason of Walpole, N. H., S. A. Kent of Chicago, C. K. Holliday of Topeka, B. F. Stringfellow of Atchison, L. Severy of Emporia. *Officers*—T. J. Coolidge, President; W. B. Strong, Vice President and General Manager; E. Wilder, Secretary and Treasurer; G. L. Goodwin, Assistant Secretary and Assistant Treasurer; J. P. Whitehead, General Auditor; E. Young, Auditor; S. L. Thorndike, Comptroller; A. S. Johnson, Land Commissioner.

MAY 15.—The Commonwealth says: "The Governor returned yesterday from a trip to the western part of the State. He visited Wallace, Gove, Ellis and Trego counties. The country is as bare of vegetation as in the winter. Not a green thing visible. There are a great many cases of severe suffering, and many hollow-eyed women and children."

MAY 18.—Meeting, at Parsons, of the Neosho Valley Editorial Association. W. T. McElroy, President.

—Ninth Annual Session of the Grand Lodge of Knights of Pythias of Kansas, at Atchison. Officers elected: Wm. J. Ewing, of Emporia, Grand Chancellor; Joseph H. Lyon, of Leavenworth, G. V. C.; James H. Sherman, of Solomon City, P.; G. J. Neubert, of Wyandotte, G. K. of R. and S.; George Linck, of Leavenworth, G. M. of E. The appointive offices were filled by the following selections: Grand Master at Arms, F. E. Holliday, of Topeka, reappointed; Grand Inner Guard, W. H. McNeil, of Atchison; Grand Outer Guard, Max Alwen, of Beloit.

MAY 19.—Temperance Convention, at Independence.

MAY 21.—The Commonwealth publishes the census enumerators appointed in C. M. Kellogg's district.

MAY 22.—Matthew Howell appointed Penitentiary Director.

—Thos. Ryan's bill for the relief of the Osage land settlers becomes a law.

MAY 23.—The Commonwealth publishes an article on the first white traders and soldiers in Kansas, alluding to Fort Osage (1808), Jacob and Dr. Josiah Gregg (brothers), Black Jack, Doniphan's Expedition, Wm. and John McCoy, Council Grove, and to Uniontown, in Shawnee county.

—Senator Plumb has secured postal-car service on the K. P. road, and on the Frisco, from St. Louis to Wichita, beginning July 1. The Santa Fé already has it.

—A new Kansas Digest published, by Mills & Co., Des Moines, Ia.; nearly 800 pages.

MAY 24.—Abram Hammatt dies, at Aiken. S. C.

MAY 25.—The Greenback Third District Convention, at Newton, elects as delegates to the Chicago Convention, H. P. Vrooman, Mr. Cole of Reno, and F. B. Webster of McPherson.

MAY 26.—Greenback Convention, at Manhattan. Delegates elected: N. A. Arnott, J. N. Limbocker, and Jesse Pigget. Alternates: J. W. Ellithorpe, L. P. Hamilton, and O. W. Bill.

—Thos. C. Thurston, at Leavenworth, in shooting at D. R. Anthony, hits John C. Douglass, and seriously wounds Lucien Baker.

—Judge L. D. Bailey, in the Garden City Cultivator, of July 24, 1886, gives a biography of Sequoyah, who invented the Cherokee alphabet, and for whom a Kansas county was named.

MAY 26.—Democratic Convention at Topeka. Called to order by John Martin. Thomas Moonlight, Chairman: H. Miles Moore, Secretary; C. O. Stockslager, W. C. Emerson and H. C. Burnett, Assistant Secretaries. Committees:

Permanent Organization—C. D. Buckingham, Joseph Donahue, Dennis Ryan, H. C. Burnett, G. C. Rodgers, W. C. Heckman, N. F. Acers, J. Q. A. Sheldon, W. E. Timmons, J. C. Sheridan, G. W. Burchard, Charles E. Gifford, W. M. Allison, J. W. Powers, W. D. Covington. Mr. Rodgers, Chairman.

Credentials—Thomas P. Fenlon, Thomas Henshall, B. Hagan, J. K. Goodin, Isaac Sharp, J. Mayberry, J. S. Bentley, C. F. Hutchings, C. F. Diffenbacher, J. T. Burris, J. M. Mahr, T. W. Waterson, C. A. Leland, Wm. O'Connor, W. T. Donnell. Mr. Sharp, Chairman.

Resolutions—Ed. O'Connor, J. E. Smith, W. N. Allen, P. Bowen, H. E. Norton, E. M. Hulett, C. S. Goodrich, J. R. McClure, E. W. Wood, A. Smith Devenney, G. W. B. Hoffman, Martin Patrie, A. Harris, Lon. A. Minx, H. P. Churchill.

Order of Business—John Hannon, Marshal Gephart, G. W. Fox, J. J. Hitt, Col. Neal.

Mr. Rodgers, of the Committee on Permanent Organization, reported as follows:

For Permanent Chairman—Col. Thomas Moonlight.

For Vice Presidents—Isaac Eaton, H. Clay Park, Wm. Butts, E. G. Ross, John Seidel, M. L. Brown, O. S. Coffin, Joseph T. Ellicott, C. Barker, J. G. Martin, John Boyd, J. P. Stewart, A. J. Pyburn, S. M. Palmer.

For Permanent Secretary—Henry C. Burnett, of Lawrence.

For Assistants—W. E. Timmons, Frank T. Lynch, W. E. Doud, W. W. Sargent, W. R. Leonard, J. R. Chapman, Frank Peacock.

The minority report, on resolutions, was adopted by 197 to 163, and is as follows:

Resolved, That we place entire confidence in the action of the National Democratic Convention, and hold that its action will be such as to commend itself to the approval of the great Democratic masses; and to the end that our delegation will be in such a situation as to exert the greatest influence to such a desirable accomplishment, we hereby declare it to be the sense of this convention that they go wholly uninstructed as to any particular candidate for the Presidency."

The Chairman of the district caucus reported the following delegates:

First District—R. B. Morris of Atchison, Ed. Carroll of Leavenworth, and J. B. Chapman of Beloit; alternates, M. Patrie, W. D. Covington, and Chas. E. Gifford. The committee recommended T. P. Fenlon for delegate at large. They were declared elected by acclamation.

Second District—Jno. R. Goodin of Allen, Thos. M. Carroll of Miami, M. V. B. Bennett of Cherokee; alternates, W. J. Kerri, W. C. Jones, and G. A. Reynolds. The caucus recommended that Thos. M. Carroll be elected delegate at large. The report was adopted by acclamation.

Third District—John Martin of Topeka, Thomas George of Sumner county, John C. Rogers of Eureka; alternates, J. B. Fugate of Barton county, F. B. Smith of Sedgwick county, J. E. Veale of Harvey county. The committee recommended John Martin for delegate at large. The report was adopted by acclamation.

Mr. Fenlon declined the nomination of delegate at large, and recommended and moved the unanimous election of Gen. C. W. Blair. It was unanimously carried.

MAY 28.—The Commonwealth publishes the census takers appointed by D. J. Evans.

—The Frisco road is now completed to Wichita.

—Prof. O. St. John is making geological surveys in the Kansas valley.

MAY 31.—Passage of the bill granting leave of absence to settlers in western Kansas; up to October 1 they lose no rights. The Union Pacific road is selling grain and provisions to the settlers at cost. A Relief Committee is formed in Topeka, consisting of Wm. Sims, Wm. Wellhouse, G. W. Veale, H. R. Hilton, A. Washburn, W. P. Popenoe, John Martin, F. S. McCabe, D. D., and Joab Mulvane.

—The Kansas City Times publishes a Monday-morning paper, the first in the field.

—The Santa Fé Directors give \$2,800 to the Topeka Library.

JUNE 1.—U. S. Census. Population by counties and Congressional Districts:

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Population.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Population.</i>
Atchison.....	26,488	Nemaha.....	12,468
Brown.....	12,830	Norton.....	7,094
Cheyenne.....	37	Osborne.....	12,472
Clay.....	12,320	Ottawa.....	10,325
Cloud.....	15,348	Phillips.....	12,042
Davis.....	6,996	Pottawatomie.....	16,317
Decatur.....	4,180	Rawlins.....	1,626
Dickinson.....	15,261	Riley.....	10,428
Doniphan.....	14,264	Rooks.....	8,062
Ellis.....	6,183	Republic.....	14,945
Ellsworth.....	8,529	Russell.....	7,357
Graham.....	4,262	Saline.....	13,861
Jackson.....	10,722	Smith.....	13,904
Jefferson.....	15,574	Sheridan.....	1,574
Jewell.....	17,524	Sherman.....	9
Lincoln.....	8,586	Thomas.....	161
Leavenworth.....	32,345	Washington.....	15,145
Marshall.....	16,147		
Mitchell.....	14,917	Total.....	400,243

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Population.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Population.</i>
Allen.....	11,463	Linn.....	15,326
Anderson.....	8,991	Miami.....	17,806
Bourbon.....	20,518	Montgomery.....	18,127
Cherokee.....	22,075	Neosho.....	15,136
Crawford.....	16,642	Wilson.....	12,764
Douglas.....	21,773	Wyandotte.....	19,152
Franklin.....	16,852		
Johnson.....	16,958	Total.....	256,336
Labette.....	22,753		

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Population.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Population.</i>
Arapahoe.....	3	Greeley.....	3
Barber.....	2,661	Greenwood.....	10,560
Barton.....	10,326	Hamilton.....	68
Buffalo.....	191	Harper.....	4,139
Butler.....	18,591	Harvey.....	11,478
Chase.....	6,089	Hodgeman.....	1,708
Chautauqua.....	11,078	Kansas.....	9
Clark.....	163	Kearney.....	159
Coffey.....	11,456	Kingman.....	3,730
Comanche.....	372	Lane.....	634
Cowley.....	21,561	Lyon.....	17,376
Edwards.....	2,419	Marion.....	12,471
Elk.....	10,665	Melpherson.....	17,145
Foote.....	411	Meade.....	296
Ford.....	3,123	Morris.....	9,228
Gove.....	1,197	Ness.....	3,322
Grant.....	10	Osage.....	19,654

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—CONCLUDED.

<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Population.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Population.</i>
Pawnee.....	5,349	Stanton.....	5
Pratt.....	1,890	Stevens.....	12
Reno.....	12,776	Sumner.....	20,944
Rice.....	9,297	Trego.....	2,535
Rush.....	5,498	Wabauisee.....	8,761
Scott.....	43	Wallace.....	686
Sedgwick.....	18,928	Wichita.....	14
Sequoyah.....	568	Woodson.....	6,539
Seward.....	5		
Shawnee.....	29,120	Total.....	340,037
Stafford.....	4,768		

RECAPITULATION.

First District.....	400,243
Second District.....	256,336
Third District.....	340,037

Total population of the State..... 996,616

JUNE 1.—The Marion & McPherson Railroad opened to Lyons.

—Scribner's Monthly publishes "A Year of the Exodus in Kansas," by Henry King.

JUNE 2.—Sheridan county organized; named for Gen. Philip H. Sheridan.

JUNE 2.—Death of Thomas W. Peacock, editor of the Topeka Democrat; age, 64. He came to Independence in 1872.

—Laura S. Haviland reports \$1,088 received for the Exodusters in May. Number of persons in the barracks, 119. Elizabeth L. Comstock reports to the Chicago Inter Ocean that she has received \$22,371 for the same purpose.

JUNE 7.—A law passed, loaning tents and artillery for the soldiers' reunion, at Wichita.

JUNE 7.—Rev. Frank T. Ingalls, of Atchison, delivers the address at Washburn College.

JUNE 8.—The Republicans, at Chicago, nominate James A. Garfield for President, and Chester A. Arthur for Vice President. The four contesting (Grant) delegates from Kansas were admitted to seats, but the whole ten delegates were granted but six votes.

—State Congregationalists' Convention, at Sterling. The Capital report says: "Perhaps the matter of most general importance to the public was an unanimous vote, enthusiastically delivered, in favor of the constitutional prohibitory amendment now exciting so much interest. The resolution so willingly adopted by this illustrious body, included a pledge to vote and work for this temperance plan. It also indorsed the work of the State Temperance Union."

JUNE 9.—Twenty-six students graduate at the State University.

—A convention of Sheriffs at Junction City. P. G. Lowe, President; H. D. Baker, Secretary.

JUNE 10.—Twenty-first anniversary of Baker University, at Baldwin City. Annual address by A. B. Jetmore, of Topeka. Rev. P. T. Rhodes and Rev. W. H. Sweet have placed the University in a flourishing condition.

—Reporter Randolph has finished the 23d Kansas.

JUNE 11.—Baptist Ministerial Meeting, at Emporia; address by Rev. P. J. Williams. The following adopted:

"Whereas, A crisis of vast importance in the cause of temperance is fast approaching in this State; therefore,

"Resolved, That indifference on this question, always a crime, is now a sin of special magnitude.

"Resolved, That every member of our body and every member of our churches should work diligently and persistently for the adoption of the prohibitory constitutional amendment to be submitted this fall to the people of Kansas."

—Fire at Kinsley; loss, \$22,000.

—Syvester H. Clarke, of Clyde, New York, and Everett J. Dallas, of Washington, are generous donors to the Historical Society.

—Officers of the State Sportsmen, elected at Lawrence: President, Dr. L. C. Wasson, of Ottawa; Vice Presidents, F. G. Smyth, of Wichita, and E. D. Thompson, of Lawrence; Secretary, N. R. Baker, of Topeka; Assistant Secretary, W. T. Irwin, of Topeka; Treasurer, G. W. Bragunier, of Emporia.

JUNE 12.—Officers of the Baptist Association: President, M. J. Salter; First Vice President, E. J. Nugent; Second Vice President, Rev. A. L. Vail; Secretary, M. L. Wand; Treasurer, H. M. Billingsley.

JUNE 13.—The Cowley, Sumner & Fort Smith R. R. opened to Caldwell. It was opened to Arkansas City December 31, 1879.

—Universalist Convention, at Junction City. Officers: President, Rev. A. Barnes, Junction City; Vice President, Abijah Wells, Seneca; Secretary, Charles S. Davis, Junction City; Treasurer, Mrs. A. C. Pierce; Trustees, E. J. Emery of Seneca, S. W. Pierce of Junction City, E. B. Crew of Delphos, Mr. Volk of Abilene, E. M. Burr of Smith. Committee on Fellowship, Ordination and Discipline, Rev. Josiah Davis of Cedarvale, Rev. J. Wibon of Frankfort, L. M. Sage of Junction City. Delegates to the United States General Convention, Rev. J. F. Rhodes, Abijah Wells, A. C. Pierce.

JUNE 17.—Water works completed at Emporia.

JUNE 18.—Oswego made a city of the second class.

—The cars reach Eskridge.

JUNE 22.—Seventeenth Annual Meeting of the State Teachers' Association, at Topeka. Officers elected: President, Wm. Wheeler, of Ottawa; Vice President, John MacDonald, of Shawnee; Recording Secretary, F. W. Parsons, of Osborne; Corresponding Secretaries, Miss W. Spencer of Florence, Miss Sarah Brown of Douglas; Executive Committee, F. A. Fitzpatrick of Leavenworth, O. B. Wharton of Emporia, Mrs. Olive Stout of Holton; Associate Editors of the Educationalist, F. A. Fitzpatrick of Leavenworth, Miss Ida A. Ahlborn of Custer, B. T. Davis of Emporia.

JUNE 23.—S. Nugent Townsend, of the London Field, writes a book on Kansas. "Our Indian Summer."

—Meeting, at Topeka, of the State Pharmaceutical Association. Officers: President, R. J. Brown, Leavenworth; First Vice President, B. W. Woodward, Lawrence; Second Vice President, W. C. Johnston, Manhattan; Secretary, G. A. Chapman, Atchison; Assistant Secretary, F. E. Holliday, Topeka; Treasurer, J. G. Northcraft, Abilene; Executive Committee, Geo. A. Eddy of Leavenworth, J. W. Scott of Iola, H. K. Rowley of Topeka, W. A. Stamford of Florence; Delegates to American Pharmaceutical Association, G. A. Chapman, Geo. A. Ferdinand, H. D. Trickey, Oscar Seitz, T. F. Sturtevant.

JUNE 24.—The Democrats, at Cincinnati, nominate Winfield S. Hancock for President, and Wm. H. English for Vice President.

—Third District Republican Convention, at Newton. D. A. Millington Temporary Chairman, H. C. Sluss Permanent Chairman, and A. J. Hoisington Secretary. Thos. Ryan was renominated for Congress by acclamation. Speeches by J. J. Ingalls, Judge Peters, J. B. Johnson, and others.

JUNE 25.—E. N. Morrill writes to John A. Martin that he will not be a candidate for Congress.

JUNE 29.—Twenty-first Annual Diocesan Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, at Topeka. Chaplain J. Woart, of Leavenworth, delivered the discourse. Rev. A. Brown reelected Secretary, and Rev. Thos. Burrows reappointed Assistant Secretary. The Chair appointed the following Standing Committees:

On Admission of New Parishes, Rev. H. H. Hiccocks, Rev. J. T. Carpenter, Rev. Jos. S. Cotton, Messrs. A. Todd, and Chas. F. Alloth; On the State of the Church, Rev. G. P. Comings, Rev. Thos. Burrows, Rev. R. C. Talbott, D. P. Blish; On Unfinished Business, Messrs. Geo. Vanderworker, I. W. Donalds; On Finance, Rev. F. O. Osborne, Messrs. F. E. Stimpson, Judge Buck; On Constitution and Canons, Rev. Chas. Reynolds, Rev. A. Beatty, Rev. Thos. Burrows, Messrs. F. W. Giles, and J. R. McClure.

JUNE 30.—The American Exchange National Bank, of New York city, made the State Fiscal Agent.

—The report of James Smith, Secretary of State, contains the list of charters filed during the past two years, and of all commissions issued.

—Assessed valuation of the property of the State, \$160,570,761.43; acres of taxable lands, \$22,386,435, assessed at \$3.90 per acre: total tax levy, \$883,139.06. State debt, \$1,181,975; all the bonds owned by State funds, except \$466,275. Municipal debt, \$13,998,604.

State Treasurer Francis says: "The receipts over expenditures for the two years ending June 30, 1880, are \$132,717.58, to which add the balance in the Treasury July 1, 1878, \$311,980.18; making actual balance now in the Treasury of \$444,697.76."

—D. B. Long, Commissioner of Fisheries, makes his report. He has distributed carp, salmon, shad, and lake trout in various localities.

—The number of pupils at the Blind Asylum is sixty-nine. The officers are: George H. Miller, Superintendent; Mrs. Julia A. Miller, Matron; Mrs. E. A. Cameron, Teacher; Miss Jennie McKinstrey, Teacher; Frank W. Syler, Teacher; Miss Emma Hamblin, Teacher of Music; Samuel S. Moore, Teacher of Handicraft; Fred. Speck, M. D., Physician. The cost per capita is \$207.30.

—The pupils at the Deaf and Dumb Asylum number 109; average annual cost for each, \$180.77; Superintendent, J. W. Parker.

—The report on the Reform School includes the report of Dr. J. L. Wever, A. T. Sharpe, and C. E. Faulkner, who visited schools in other States. The site for the school, 160 acres of land, near Topeka, was bought by Shawnee county and the city of Topeka; price, \$4,000.

JUNE 30.—Summary of appropriations for the year ending June 30.

<i>For what purpose appropriated.</i>	<i>Amount appropriated</i>	<i>Amount drawn.</i>	<i>Balance undrawn.</i>
Legislative expenses.....	\$412 80	\$412 80	.....
Miscellaneous	685 30	538 15	\$147 15
Witness fees, House Investigating Committee.....	139 30	92 50	46 80
Fire apparatus, Capitol building.....	1,200 00	1,169 02	30 98
Rooks county, for relief of.....	800 00	.....	800 00
Norton county, for relief of.....	800 00	.....	800 00
Orphan Asylum, Leavenworth.....	2,500 00	2,500 00	.....
Military contingent fund.....	10,188 34	10,188 34	.....
State Agent at Washington, D. C.....	9,635 50	9,635 50	.....
Normal School building (county and city bonds).....	19,914 74	19,914 74	.....
Military expenditures.....	2,271 50	674 15	1,600 35
Executive Department.....	10,850 00	10,847 50	2 50
Secretary of State's Department.....	12,475 00	11,977 61	497 39
Auditor of State's Department.....	7,000 00	6,106 60	893 40
Treasurer of State's Department.....	7,550 00	6,993 31	556 69
Attorney General's Department.....	3,400 00	3,399 00	1 00
Superintendent of Public Instruction's Department.....	4,800 00	4,769 86	30 14
State Librarian's Department.....	2,950 00	2,448 05	501 95
State Historical Society.....	2,500 00	2,500 00	.....
Insurance Department.....	6,750 00	6,750 00	.....
State Board of Agriculture.....	26,564 01	26,540 91	23 10
District Judges.....	37,500 00	37,500 00	.....
Building Blind Asylum.....	5,363 24	5,350 00	13 20
Blind Asylum, current expenses.....	12,482 50	11,816 26	666 24
Deaf and Dumb Asylum, current expenses.....	19,880 00	19,643 91	236 09
Supreme Court.....	11,350 00	11,350 00	.....
Insane Asylum at Topeka, current expenses.....	36,010 00	35,224 47	785 53
Building Insane Asylum at Osawatomic.....	75,000 00	75,000 00	.....
Insane Asylum at Osawatomic, current expenses.....	56,050 00	55,856 24	193 79
Building Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	16,000 00	15,993 05	6 95
Normal School building, Emporia.....	25,000 00	24,779 61	220 39
State Horticultural Society.....	2,500 00	2,500 00	.....
Trustees State Charitable Institutions.....	4,000 00	4,000 00	.....
Regents State Agricultural College.....	1,800 00	1,471 20	328 80
Regents State University.....	500 00	494 80	5 20
Regents State Normal School.....	900 00	900 00	.....
Directors State Penitentiary.....	1,200 00	1,150 50	49 50
State University.....	28,600 00	28,016 67	583 33
Penitentiary and coal shaft.....	147,106 00	147,106 00	.....
State printing.....	24,000 00	20,420 74	3,579 26
West wing State House.....	60,000 00	60,000 00	.....
West wing State House (half-mill tax).....	31,592 43	31,592 43	.....
State University interest (interest on bonds).....	1,893 80	1,893 80	.....
State Reform School building.....	6,078 52	6,078 52	.....
Commissioner of Fisheries.....	500 00	500 00	.....
Maintenance of destitute insane persons.....	10,000 00	10,000 00	.....
Conveying prisoners to the Penitentiary.....	7,469 84	7,469 84	.....
Dassler's Statutes of Kansas.....	10,500 00	10,500 00	.....
County normal institutes.....	3,500 00	3,200 00	300 00
Criminal prosecutions in unorganized counties.....	2,000 00	1,429 20	570 80
Total.....	\$772,462 82	\$758,995 29	\$13,467 53

JULY.—The telegraph question comes before the United States Circuit Court, at Topeka. The injunction is continued in force.

JULY 2.—Public reception to General Grant, at Merriam Park, Johnson county; welcome by Governor St. John. In his reply, General Grant said: "This young State, which I visit to-day, I have frequently visited before, and I have seen it grow up from having but one delegate in Congress till it has now three, and is entitled probably to seven. Congratulating you upon the growth of your State, the intelligence of its people, and its bright prospective future, I thank you for the welcome you have so generously accorded me."

—J. B. Weaver, of Iowa, accepts the National, or Greenback, nomination for President.

JULY 2.—The railroad done to Alma.

—Severe wind-storm in Clay county; two persons killed.

JULY 5.—General Grant welcomed to Topeka by Chief Justice Horton; to Emporia by H. C. Cross. In his reply, at Emporia, General Grant said: "In our whole beautiful country we have none that looks to be more productive than the very land I see around me here. I wish for all of you continued prosperity in your new homes; may they continue productive in all industries. I like Kansas; I like the Kansas people; they implanted in our soil the principle of universal liberty. If all the population of our country was like the population of Kansas, our noble institutions would have nothing to fear. You were born in the struggle for freedom, when civil war overran our land. If all our people were like the people of noble Kansas, we should always be a free Nation."

JULY 6.—Death of George A. Reynolds, of Parsons, in St. Louis.

JULY 11.—William Barker gives the Historical Society "John's Gospel," rendered in Shawnee by Rev. Francis Barker, and published in Stockbridge, Indian Territory, in 1846, by the Baptist Board of Foreign Missions.

JULY 13.—Fire in Sterling; loss, \$28,000.

—Conventions of Sheriffs and County Attorneys, in Topeka. The Sheriffs elected the following officers: W. D. Disbrow, of Shawnee county, President of the Association; J. B. Moon, of Lyon county, Vice President; George Hoisington, of Dickinson county, Secretary; H. B. Asher, of Douglas county, Treasurer; B. R. Kiehl of Davis county, H. B. Asher of Douglas county, and M. J. Verner of Greenwood county, Finance Committee.

JULY 14.—Republican First District Convention, at Beloit. Called to order by C. M. Kellogg. J. L. McDowell, of Jefferson county, Temporary Chairman, and Frank Strain of Phillips, C. F. Johnson of Decatur, Geo. W. Anderson of Lincoln, and J. M. Patterson of Marshall, Temporary Secretaries.

Committee on Credentials—Dr. J. W. Hamilton of Dickinson, Hill P. Wilson of Ellis, S. B. Farwell of Osborne, R. Davis of Riley, Fred. J.

Close of Doniphan, S. A. Stauffer of Pottawatomie, M. C. Reville of Rooks, J. M. Matheny of Rawlins, and W. S. Greenlee of Atchison.

On Resolutions—Geo. S. Green of Riley, W. D. Thompson of Ottawa, Thomas Moody of Leavenworth, Thomas M. Pierce of Atchison, M. M. Miller of Clay, J. B. Besack of Washington, W. A. Gebhardt of Ellsworth.

The temporary were made the permanent officers.

The Convention then proceeded to the nomination, when Gov. Green put in nomination John A. Anderson.

Dr. A. Patten, of Mitchell, at the request of Judge Joel Holt, seconded the nomination.

C. W. Johnson, of Brown, explained the candidacy of E. N. Morrill, withdrew his name, and seconded the nomination of Anderson.

The Secretary called the roll, with the following result: John A. Anderson 116, W. W. Guthrie 8, Chas. E. Faulkner 6.

The Atchison county delegation voted for W. W. Guthrie, as did one delegate from Brown county.

The delegation from Saline county cast the vote of that county for Chas. E. Faulkner.

Upon motion of a delegate from Atchison, the nomination of Mr. Anderson was made unanimous.

The Committee on Resolutions reported the following, which was unanimously adopted:

“Resolved, That we ratify and indorse the declaration of principles set forth by the Republican National Convention at Chicago, and that we recognize in the candidates then selected—James A. Garfield, of Ohio, and Chester A. Arthur, of New York—those sterling qualities of statesmanship which eminently fit them to lead us to triumphant victory in November next, and enable them to safely discharge the duties of President and Vice President, which most surely will be committed to them by the people of the American Republic.”

The following committee was appointed for the ensuing year: E. B. Purcell of Riley, Dr. A. G. Edwards of Marshall, J. D. Robinson of Jewell, R. Flickinger of Doniphan, Alex. Caldwell of Leavenworth, F. M. Johnson of Jefferson, C. E. Chandler of Pottawatomie, John Bissell of Phillips, H. J. Aten of Brown, W. C. Davidson of Dickinson, W. H. Pilkenton of Republic, W. W. Guthrie of Atchison, M. M. Miller of Clay, W. S. Search of Mitchell.

JULY 16.—Henry Inman retires from the Larned Chronoscope.

JULY 27.—Death of James Rogers, at Burlingame; he was a prominent citizen and a pioneer.

JULY 28.—Greenback-Labor State Convention, at Topeka. Called to order by P. B. Maxson. P. P. Elder, Temporary Chairman; H. H. Wright and I. P. Barnes, Secretaries.

Committee on Credentials—D. M. Waugh of Johnson county, D. J. Cole of Reno, and H. S. Baker of Atchison.

On Organization—J. M. Limbocker of Riley county, H. L. Phillips of Miami, H. P. Vrooman of Greenwood.

On Resolutions—First District, —; Second District, Jesse Piggott; Third District, S. H. Downs; Fourth District, C. H. Lowry; Fifth Dis-

trict, F. A. Singletary; Sixth District, P. M. Wilson; Seventh District, Wm. George; Eighth District, John Davis; Ninth District, S. N. Wood; Tenth District, J. T. Little; Eleventh District, B. S. Henderson; Twelfth District, A. G. Barrett; Thirteenth District, R. Charldon; Fourteenth District, T. N. Kyle; Fifteenth District, —.

The Committee on Resolutions made the following report, which was adopted:

"The Greenback-Labor Party of Kansas, in delegate convention assembled, do hereby adopt the following resolutions:

"Resolved, 1. That we approve of the National Greenback-Labor Platform adopted at Chicago on the 9th of last June, and that we heartily indorse the nomination of Gen. J. B. Weaver, of Iowa, for President, and Col. B. J. Chambers, of Texas, for Vice President, and heartily indorse the letter of Gen. Weaver accepting the nomination of President of the United States.

"2. That we condemn the course of the Republican Representatives of Kansas in Congress on the finance question, as shown by their votes on the 'Weaver resolutions,' submitted in the National House of Representatives, April 5th, 1880, relating to the issue of money and the payment of the United States bonds as they fall due.

"3. That we favor an equitable appraisal of all lands sold under mortgage or legal process, and an equitable stay or redemption law on forced sales of real estate by process of law.

"4. That we oppose any modification of the present constitutional tax-exemption law; and that we are unable to perceive any good and sufficient reasons for holding a State Constitutional Convention at this time.

"5. That the act of the last Legislature, in abolishing the one-mill State school tax, which has been levied from the beginning of our State's existence, merits our unqualified condemnation, from the fact that it was a blow struck at the people's colleges — the common schools of our State — in the interest of corporations.

"6. That we are in favor of the regulation of common carriers, so as to prevent extortion and discrimination in rates of freight.

"7. That we condemn the extravagance of our last Legislature in the expenditures of public money, adding about \$150,000 to the annual expense of the State, and raising our State tax one mill on the dollar, and we demand in future the most rigid economy in all State, county and municipal affairs.

"8. That we are in favor of taxing the mortgages of non-residents recorded in this State, the same as residents, and the strict enforcement of our State tax laws so as to include all property subject to taxation.

"9. That the rate per cent. just fixed by law in Kansas, is ruinously high, and is fast swallowing up the wealth of this State, and that we demand of the next Legislature a law fixing a low rate of interest, and a penalty, forfeiture of all interest and principal, for its violation.

"10. That we are opposed to the employment of convict labor, in competition with the free labor of the State, and we demand appropriate legislation to protect the lives of employés in the mines of Kansas, and to secure miners their wages.

"11. That, regardless of past political alliances, we most cordially invite the coöperation of all good citizens, in harmony with our principles, to give effect to them at the ballot-box, on the second of next November.

"12. That the right of self-government inheres in the individual as the fundamental principle of our government, and we hereby pledge ourselves to securely give the right of suffrage to the women citizens of the Nation.

"13. That we heartily indorse the course of Gen. J. B. Weaver in Congress, and believe that he earned the eternal gratitude of every soldier, by his efforts to put him on an equal footing with the bondholder."

The Convention then proceeded to the nomination of State officers, and the following names were announced for the office of Governor: Judge H. P. Vrooman, of Greenwood county; Charles Robinson, of

Douglas county; Hon. Jacob Weisbach, of Marshall county; H. L. Phillips, of Miami county; P. B. Maxson, of Emporia.

An informal ballot resulted as follows: Vrooman, 111; Maxson, 27; Phillips, 32; Davis, 4; Robinson, 2.

The nomination of Vrooman was then made unanimous.

The nomination of Phillips, of Miami, for the office of Lieutenant Governor, was then made unanimous.

A. B. Cornell was then unanimously made the nominee of the Convention for the office of Secretary of State.

The ballot for State Treasurer resulted as follows: Dr. S. A. Marshall, of Leavenworth, 101; D. J. Cole, 68; A. G. Barrett, 4; O. H. Drinkwater, 2.

Dr. Marshall was declared the unanimous choice of the Convention.

Judge L. D. Bailey, of Douglas, was nominated by acclamation for Associate Justice of the Supreme Court.

Judge D. B. Hadley, of Wyandotte, was nominated in the same manner for Attorney General.

Prof. E. Gale, of Riley, was nominated for State Superintendent of Public Instruction; Charles Smith of Jefferson, Prof. F. W. Bartlett of Douglas, and Prof. Sparhawk of Osage, were put in nomination. Mr. Smith was nominated by acclamation, the other candidates having been withdrawn.

Nominations for Electors at Large were now made: James G. Bayne, of Harper; S. N. Wood, of Chase; Barney O'Driscoll, of Mitchell; J. J. McFeeley, of Labette; G. W. Miller, of Osage; J. L. Beals, of Pottawatomie.

Electors: Messrs. Wood and McFeeley were nominated by acclamation as the two Electors at Large. First District, B. O'Driscoll, of Mitchell; Second District, Henry Bronson, of Linn; Third District, James G. Bayne, of Harper.

An Executive Committee was appointed of one from each organized county of the State, and a State Central Committee of five was chosen, as follows: At Large, T. C. Duel, of Leavenworth, and B. S. Henderson, of Montgomery; First Congressional District, J. N. Limbocker, of Pottawatomie; Second Congressional District, Hugh Cameron, of Douglas; Third Congressional District, P. B. Maxson, of Lyon.

JULY 28.—Greenback-Labor Congressional Convention, Third District, at Topeka.

R. A. Miller, Temporary Chairman, and O. H. Drinkwater, Secretary.

Committee on Credentials—N. Allen, of Sedgwick; Watson, of Lyon; and Blackman.

On Permanent Organization—C. C. Watson, E. B. Cowgill, and A. Jones.

On Resolutions—A. J. Utley, W. D. Atkinson, W. P. Douthitt, H. H. Hart, P. A. Young, J. B. Welch, J. G. Bayne, S. H. Dillon, D. J. Cole, J. S. McGazey.

J. G. Bayne was made Permanent Chairman.

The Committee on Resolutions offered the following report, which was received and adopted:

"Resolved, That we, the Greenbackers of the Third Congressional District of the State of Kansas, in convention assembled, heartily indorse the platform of the National Greenback-Labor Party, adopted in Chicago, June 9th, last, and the platform of the State Greenback-Labor Party, adopted at Topeka, July 28th, and pledge our hearty support to the nominees of the convention, and also the nominee of this convention."

The Convention then proceeded to the nomination of Congressman. D. P. Mitchell was declared, by acclamation, the choice of the Convention.

Executive Committee—Chairman, Colonel John Ritchie, of Shawnee county; Secretary, E. B. Cowgill, of Rice county; A. H. Dillon, of Sycamore Springs; John Parkhurst, of Emporia; F. S. Singletary, of Osage county; J. G. Bayne, of Harper county; E. B. Hibbard, of Chautauqua county.

Committee on Finance—Shawnee county, John Ritchie; Wabaunsee, Ellis Thompson; Osage, F. S. Singletary; Lyon, N. Lockerman; Morris, Dr. J. H. Bradford; Coffey, L. C. Knight; Woodson, S. Finley; Elk, John Hagg; Chautauqua, H. Kilworth; Cowley, J. E. Allen; Sumner, J. B. Beck; Sedgwick, J. N. Stearns; Butler, J. B. Hite; Chase, E. C. Watson; Marion, R. C. Bates; Harvey, J. J. Hunt; Reno, W. D. Modson; Greenwood, H. H. Hand; McPherson, M. L. Gregg; Barton, H. V. Bissell; Rush, J. H. Stockwell; Kingman, D. B. Kinsley; Barber, L. Curtis; Pratt, J. S. Weeks; Harper, A. J. DuBois; Stafford, K. C. Better; Lane, S. S. Dennis; Ford, S. H. Myton.

JULY 28.—The Burlingame road done to Manhattan.

JULY 29.—Medicine Lodge rejoices in the decision of Judge McCrary releasing Harper county from the payment of \$200,000 in bonds.

—Completion of the Methodist church building in Topeka, one of the finest in the West; A. S. Johnson, P. I. Bonebrake, T. B. Sweet, Joab Mulvane, J. P. Griswold, and John D. Knox, Building Committee.

—Completion of the Union Depot in Atchison, the largest in the State.

JULY 31.—Park & Stivers formally invite B. P. Waggener to accept the Democratic nomination for Congress, in the First District. Aug. 3, Mr. Waggener declines.

AUGUST 1.—Regular trains on the Manhattan, Alma & Burlingame.

—John H. Rice & Sons buy the Fort Scott Monitor.

AUGUST 4.—Second District Congressional Republican Convention, at Paola. Called to order by W. J. Buchan. Walter L. Simons, Chairman; J. F. Sherman and Leslie Winter, Secretaries.

Committee on Credentials: John Hutchings, Douglas; E. F. Ware, Bourbon; L. S. Crum, Labette; S. S. Benedict, Wilson; W. H. Horner, Cherokee; B. F. Hollenbeck, Johnson; Cyrus Shaw, Miami.

Upon motion of E. F. Ware, of Bourbon county, the rules were sus-

pended, when D. C. Haskell was nominated as the candidate for Congress by acclamation.

The Convention elected the following-named persons to constitute the District Central Committee: T. C. Sherman, Allen; William Spriggs, Anderson; Eugene F. Ware, Bourbon; J. F. Sherman, Cherokee; A. J. Vickers, Crawford; John Hutchings, Douglas; A. T. Sharpe, Franklin; B. F. Hollenbeck, Johnson; L. S. Crum, Labette; Ed. C. Lane, Linn; Cyrus Shaw, Miami; F. B. Heckman, Montgomery; W. F. Henderson, Neosho; S. S. Benedict, Wilson; W. H. Bridges, Wyandotte.

The following resolutions, offered by T. Dwight Thacher, were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That this Convention ratifies the platform adopted by the Republican National Convention, at Chicago, and makes it its own.

Resolved, That in Hon. D. C. Haskell, whom we have this day, for the third time, placed in nomination for member of the House of Representatives, we recognize an industrious, able, experienced and faithful public servant, and we cordially commend him to the people of this Congressional District."

AUGUST 4.—The Greenback First District Convention, at Beloit, nominates for Congress John Davis.

AUGUST 5.—Number of patients in the Osawatomie Asylum, 221; Superintendent, A. H. Kuapp. Number at Topeka, 121; Superintendent, B. D. Eastman.

—Larned is to have a sorghum sugar mill.

—H. L. Wooden gives the Historical Society the Minneapolis Independent of October 25, 1870, the first paper published in Ottawa county.

AUGUST 10.—W. H. Pilkenton appointed Receiver at Wakeeney, to succeed the late Capt. Hunter.

AUGUST 10.—The Kansas Memorial; a Report of the Old Settlers' Meeting at Lawrence, September 15, 1879. Charles S. Glead, editor. Kansas City: Ramsey, Millett & Hudson. pp. 261. An imperishable record of a great historic occasion.

AUGUST 11.—Democratic Third District Congressional Convention, at Wichita. Platform:

"The Democrats of the Third Congressional District of the State of Kansas, through their representatives assembled at Wichita, declare:

"1. That they hereby affirm their devotion to the principles of the Democratic party, as declared and contained in the resolution adopted by the Democratic National Convention, held at Cincinnati, Ohio, on the 26th day of June, 1880, and that they hereby pledge their hearty and united support of the candidates nominated by said convention, viz.: Winfield Scott Hancock, and William H. English.

"2. That it is the duty of the General Government to open up for settlement, by the citizens of the United States, that portion of the public land lying in the Indian Territory, ceded to the Government by the Indians, in 1866.

"3. That it is the duty of the General Government to appropriate money for the purpose of ascertaining by actual survey, by a competent engineer, whether it is practicable to establish water communication between Fort Smith, Arkansas, and Fort Dodge, by improving the Arkansas river, and where such improvement is not possible, to construct a ship canal, to be fed by the waters of said river.

"4. That they require the candidate nominated by this convention to pledge his support of the principles of the Democratic party, and that if elected he will use his

influence and means to secure the necessary legislation to carry into practical effect the second and third of the foregoing resolutions.

"5. That they hereby pledge their support to the candidate for Representative in Congress nominated by this convention."

J. Wade McDonald was nominated for Congress.

AUGUST 11.—Second District Greenback Congressional Convention, at Garnett. D. B. Hadley, of Wyandotte, Chairman; A. G. McCormick, of Wyandotte, and Hugh Cameron, of Douglas, Secretaries. Louis F. Green, of Baldwin City, nominated. The resolutions adopted indorse the National and State platforms, and declare: "That D. C. Haskell, present member of Congress from this district, pledged his support in favor of money reform as advocated by the Greenback-Labor party of Kansas, and that he has violated his pledges made; therefore we denounce him as unworthy of the support of the people." A resolution was also adopted, instructing the Congressional Committee to challenge D. C. Haskell to a joint debate with Capt. L. F. Green, in at least one place in each county in the district.

AUGUST 12.—Maud S., at Rochester, New York, makes the best trotting time on record. 2:11 $\frac{3}{4}$.

—On the 8th, Dr. Tanner, in New York, ended a forty-days fast.

—State Sunday School Convention, at Bismarck Grove. J. E. Gilbert was elected fraternal delegate to the Missouri State Sunday School Association, and the following delegates to the International Sunday School Association: T. B. Sweet, A. H. Lackey, D. C. Milner, H. C. Rash, R. B. Foster. Alternates: D. C. Haskell, N. Case, C. E. Faulkner, L. R. Elliott, C. H. Humble.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, T. B. Sweet, Topeka; Recording Secretary, H. F. Chaffer, Burlington; State Secretary and Treasurer, Sanford Topping, Ottawa. Vice Presidents—First District, J. B. McClary, Leavenworth; Second, C. N. DeWolf, Garnett; Third, John Cassell, Fort Scott; Fourth, N. Case, Oswego; Fifth, E. N. Cunningham, Emporia; Sixth, O. C. Rounds, Topeka; Seventh, Mrs. N. D. Rippey, Severance; Eighth, L. R. Elliott, Manhattan; Ninth, M. L. Price, Salina; Tenth, Rev. A. H. Lackey, Peabody; Eleventh, C. H. Humble, Wichita; Twelfth, Rev. M. L. Gates, Great Bend; Thirteenth, R. B. Foster, Osborne; Fourteenth, F. E. Sherman, Stockton.

Executive Committee: T. B. Sweet, S. Topping, Judge J. F. Culver, J. G. Haskell, Rev. D. C. Milner.

AUGUST 12.—Democratic First District Convention, at Beloit. Joseph G. Lowe, of Washington, Chairman; Tully Scott, of Mitchell, Secretary; A. L. Hereford, of Norton, and Thomas Stivers, of Atchison, Assistant Secretaries.

The following-named gentlemen constituted the several committees: Credentials—Thos. Stivers of Atchison, J. W. Foster of Saline, J. D. Flannery of Marshall, O. W. Pugh of Clay, and B. A. Seaver of Doniphan. Permanent Organization—J. R. McClure of Davis, W. D. Covington of Phillips, E. Caywood of Clay, J. C. Tomlinson of Atchison,

R. E. Allen of Cloud, and J. C. Postlethwaite of Jewell. Resolutions—T. P. Fenlon of Leavenworth, M. Gephart of Jefferson, J. B. Chapman of Mitchell, W. T. Hoffman of Abilene, and J. F. Roehm of Brown.

The Committee on Resolutions reported the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Democrats of the First Congressional District do hereby indorse the nomination of Hancock and English by the National Democratic Convention at Cincinnati, and the platform of principles adopted by that convention, and pledge the united and enthusiastic support of the Democracy of the district to the distinguished gentlemen who, under the providence of God and the will of the American people, will be the next President and Vice President of the United States."

John C. Tomlinson was nominated by J. R. McClure, of Davis. The nomination was seconded by T. P. Fenlon of Leavenworth, Messrs. Gephart of Jefferson, Foster of Saline, Postlethwaite of Jewell, Flannery of Marshall, Hereford of Norton, and many others. The nomination of Mr. Tomlinson was made by acclamation.

The following resolution was offered, and passed by a unanimous vote:

Resolved, That in presenting the name of John C. Tomlinson to this convention as our candidate from the First Congressional District, we feel that we present a gentleman in every way capable of filling the trust with honor and integrity, and in whom the people can place the most implicit faith and confidence."

The convention then proceeded with the election of a Congressional Central Committee. The Committee is as follows: B. P. Waggener, of Atchison, Chairman; H. Miles Moore, of Leavenworth, Secretary; First District, Robert Wilson, of Doniphan; Second, B. P. Waggener and Thomas Stivers, of Atchison; Third, E. Harrington, of Brown; Fourth, C. Dayton, of Jackson; Fifth, M. Gephart, of Jefferson; Sixth, P. G. Lowe and H. Miles Moore, of Leavenworth; Thirtieth, W. T. Hoffman, of Dickinson; Thirty-first, T. J. Cuhn, of Marshall; Thirty-second, O. M. Pugh, of Clay; Thirty-third, R. E. Allen, of Cloud; Thirty-fourth, W. D. Covington, of Phillips; Thirty-fifth, W. S. Barbour, of Osborne; Thirty-sixth, John Foster, of Saline; Thirty-seventh, Ed. M. Harris, of Lincoln.

AUGUST 19.—John C. Tomlinson, of Atchison, declines the nomination for Congress.

—Mrs. Sarah Baxter and Mrs. Elizabeth Carter, daughters of Robert Simerwell, give to the Historical Society his diary and correspondence, from 1824.

AUGUST 20.—National Temperance Encampment at Bismarek Grove.

AUGUST 26.—Democratic State Convention at Topeka. Called to order by John Martin. J. B. Scroggs, Chairman; Frank T. Lynch, Secretary.

Committee on Credentials—H. Miles Moore, Leavenworth; James Martin, Nemaha; A. C. Merritt, Pottawatomic; W. G. Kerr, Anderson; J. Maherny, Osage; S. V. Atlin, Linn; C. F. Hutelings, Neosho; J. W. Gow, Dickinson; J. W. McKinstry, Reno; Ed. Bartlett, Wyandotte; F. C. Scott, Montgomery; A. Nichols, Cloud; John DeCon, Butler; J. B. Goff, Lincoln; J. M. Maxey, ———.

On Permanent Organization—J. S. Emery, Douglas; Edward Carroll,

Leavenworth; R. B. Morris, Atchison; Charles Hayden, Jackson; H. E. Norton, Lyon; W. C. Perry, Bourbon; W. C. Jones, Allen; James Ketter, Davis; W. S. Brown, Rice; W. R. Wagstaff, Miami; A. Matthewson, Labette; Charles E. Gifford, Clay; Frank Dale, Sedgwick; E. M. Clark, McPherson; A. L. Hereford, Norton.

On Order of Business—Thos. Moonlight, J. R. Goodin, Thos. George, M. V. B. Bennett, D. E. Hardeman.

On Resolutions—A. S. Devenney, Johnson; Thos. P. Fenlon, Leavenworth; A. W. Waters, Doniphan; Edward Haren, Shawnee; Joel K. Goodin, Franklin; Samuel J. Carter, Coffey; J. D. McCleverty, Bourbon; N. S. Goss, Woodson; Isaac Sharp, Morris; J. B. Fugate, Barton; James Wilson, Cherokee; T. W. Waterson, Marshall; S. S. Gilbert, Cowley; R. A. Lovitt, Saline; A. S. Richards, Phillips.

Mr. Emery presented the following report, which was adopted: President, C. W. Blair; Vice Presidents—Col. Thomas Moonlight of Leavenworth, E. Harrington of Brown, James H. Lowell of Jackson, J. C. Watts of Douglas, Judge Pettingill of Lyon, S. H. Allen of Linn, C. F. Hutchings of Neosho, Thomas Weichselbaum of Riley, E. G. Smith of Edwards, B. Sheridan of Miami, G. S. King of Labette, J. G. Lowe of Washington, C. C. Black of Cowley, P. Schemerhorn of McPherson, W. D. Covington of Phillips; Secretary, H. Miles Moore; Assistant Secretaries—F. T. Lynch, P. F. Bird, A. Shamleffer, B. M. Brake, Thomas Stivers, P. V. Trovinger, W. C. Heckman.

Mr. Devenney, Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, reported as follows, which report was adopted:

Resolved, That the Democracy of Kansas do hereby heartily indorse the nominees and platform made and adopted at Cincinnati; that in the nomination of Winfield Scott Hancock for President of the United States, we recognize a man distinguished in military life; one who in that capacity has written his name, by his own deeds, high on the scroll of fame; one upon whose splendid record there is no stain; one who, when called to the administration of civil affairs, knew and appreciated the rights of the people, and, clothed with almost imperial power, recognized those rights, and enforced them; and because of his stainless reputation, his fidelity to the principles of constitutional liberty, to the rights of the people of every section, we pledge to him and his distinguished associate, William H. English, the enthusiastic support of the Democracy of Kansas, believing that, under the providence of God and by the will of the American people, he will be the next President of the United States."

Nominations: Governor, E. G. Ross, of Douglas county; Lieutenant Governor, Thos. George, of Sumner; Secretary of State, John M. Giffen, of Johnson; Auditor, J. G. Neumueller, of Saline; Treasurer, Theodore Weichselbaum, of Riley; Attorney General, A. L. Hereford, of Norton; State Superintendent, Miss Sarah A. Brown, of Douglas; Associate Justice, W. R. Wagstaff, of Miami.

Col. Mason offered the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the State Democratic Committee is empowered to fill vacancies that may occur in the State ticket this day nominated, and in such manner as in the wisdom of the committee may be deemed best to promote a consolidation of the opposition in the State of Kansas."

Mr. Fenlon offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the proposition made and submitted by the last Republican Legislature, to the people, to amend the Constitution of the State, affecting the repeal of the

constitutional exemption of \$200, is not in the best interests of the State, and is an outrage upon the poor people of the commonwealth; and we pledge every honorable effort to defeat said proposition."

Electoral Ticket: First District, Thomas Mounlight; Second District, J. B. Scroggs; Third District, G. C. Rogers, of Greenwood; At Large, T. P. Fenlon and A. A. Harris.

State Central Committee: First District, Edward Carroll, of Leavenworth; Second District, Thomas Henshall, of Doniphan county; Third District, M. Gephart, of Jefferson county; Fourth District, Ely Moore, of Douglas county; Fifth District, H. E. Norton, of Lyon county; Sixth District, W. C. Heckman, of Bourbon county; Seventh District, N. F. Acers, of Allen county; Eighth District, James Ketner, of Davis county; Ninth District, R. A. Trimble, of Pawnee county; Tenth District, John T. Burris, of Johnson county; Eleventh District, G. W. Fox, of Labette county; Twelfth District, T. W. Waterson, of Marshall county; Thirteenth District, Frank Dale, of Sedgwick county; Fourteenth District, John Foster, of Saline county; Fifteenth District, W. D. Covington, of Phillips county. Members at large: John Martin, H. Miles Moore, R. B. Morris, W. M. Allison, W. F. Petillon, Chas. E. Gifford.

AUGUST 27.—Officers National Christian Temperance Union: President, John P. St. John; Chairman of Board of Managers, Frank Beard, of Canton, Ohio; Corresponding Secretary, J. S. Clarkson, of Dayton, Ohio; Recording Secretary, James A. Troutman, of Lawrence, Kansas; Treasurer, Fred. Shomaecher, of Akron, Ohio.

SEPTEMBER 1.—The report of Attorney General Davis contains a legal history of the counties fraudulently organized in 1873-4, namely, Pratt (see 21 Kan. 207), where the organization is held to be fraudulent and void; Harper (21 Kan. 210), the organization made valid by the Legislature.

In The State v. W. P. Tomlinson, elected Representative from Rush county, from District 127, the court decided (20 Kan. 692) that it had no authority to determine the right of any one claiming a seat in the Legislature, and dismissed the case.

The report of the Attorney General gives a report of the trial of Charles G. Scrafford, of the Convention of County Attorneys, the county-printing question, and the one-mill school tax.

SEPTEMBER 1.—The statue of ex-Governor Geary, authorized by the Pennsylvania Legislature, is erected over the grave, at Harrisburg.

SEPTEMBER 1.—Republican State Convention, at Topeka. Called to order by Cyrus Leland jr. For Temporary Chairman: E. N. Morrill, 194 votes; W. P. Campbell, 100. Thomas H. Cavanaugh, L. A. Myers, and H. T. Sumner, Secretaries.

Committee on Credentials—C. E. Faulkner, of Saline county; John McKee, of Leavenworth county; J. H. Johnston, of Nemaha county; J. B. McAfee, of Shawnee county; A. T. Sharpe, of Franklin county; J. B. Clogston, of Greenwood county; S. A. Day, of Bourbon county; R. D.

Hartshorne, of Neosho county; Lyman Field, of Dickinson county; W. R. Hoole, of Stafford county; Sperry Baker, of Miami county; T. C. Corey, of Labette county; J. H. Huff, of Cloud county; M. G. Troup, of Cowley county; L. S. Tucker, of Mitchell county.

On Resolutions—G. W. Veale, John A. Martin, Lucien Baker, W. H. H. Whitney, E. M. Forde, J. J. Stewart, John S. Gilmore, E. B. Purcell, John Puterbaugh, C. W. Litchfield, E. A. Wasser, N. D. Little, T. F. Henderson, M. P. Simpson, S. P. Kelso.

On Permanent Organization—E. Knowles, Oscar Haerberlein, J. S. Scott, L. K. Kirk, C. H. Graham, Henry Plumb, I. N. Holloway, H. E. Richter, J. W. Kanaga, W. M. Shean, D. R. Martin, S. E. Brown, W. W. Jones, G. R. Head, E. F. Kornis.

On Order of Business—J. S. Coddling, Sidney Clarke, Taylor Flick, L. C. Carpenter, J. E. Stone, A. E. Parks, A. C. Campbell, L. W. B. Johnson.

The report of the Committee on Credentials favored the seating of four St. John and five anti-St. John delegates from Leavenworth county, J. W. Flora and W. Lockwood of Linn county, John Farnsworth of Ness, Thomas Beaumont of Graham, I. P. Campbell of Harper.

A resolution was submitted in favor of district representation to the State Convention.

On motion of Mr. Kelley, the report was adopted.

Mr. Knowles, of the Committee on Permanent Organization, reported as follows: For President, E. N. Morrill; Vice Presidents, Sol. Miller, A. L. Redden, O. G. Richards, A. S. Wilson, Wm. Sims; Secretary, Thos. Cavanaugh; First Assistant Secretary, L. A. Myers; Second Assistant Secretary, H. L. Sumner.

The Committee on Resolutions made the following report, which was adopted:

"The Republicans of Kansas, in delegate convention assembled, heartily indorse the declaration of principles embodied in the National Republican platform, and pledge their united and zealous support to the nominees of the Chicago convention, Gen. James A. Garfield and Gen. Chester A. Arthur.

"We point with satisfaction to the rapid and substantial growth of Kansas under the unbroken Republican administration, extending through two decades. We congratulate the people of the State that general education has gone hand in hand with material development. We take especial pride in the fact that the revenues of the State have been honestly collected, and wisely and securely invested. We affirm that the United States is a nation, and that it is alike the right and duty of the General Government to secure to all of its citizens full and complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of their civil and political rights. A free ballot, uninfluenced by force or intimidation, and fair count of such ballots, is necessary for the preservation of free institutions. The republic cannot endure if shot-guns or tissue ballots, intimidation or false counting, control the choice of officers and the policy of legislation or administration. The change most needed in this country, is one which will abolish the system by which a vast section of the country has been made, and is kept, solid for the Democratic party.

"We congratulate the people upon the fact that the resumption of specie payments has brought in its train general prosperity and universal confidence, and that our currency (coin and paper) has a fixed value, and is convertible, secure, and equivalent.

"We declare that inasmuch as the Republican party of this State is justly held responsible for the officers whom it or its representatives elect, and inasmuch as experience has shown the grave evils resulting from purely personal canvasses, it is the duty

of the Republican members of the Legislature, in the election of the various officers within their choice, to act in concert, and in accordance with the determination of a fairly expressed majority of the Republican members in caucus or convention assembled."

Mr. Welsh, of Franklin county, nominated D. M. Valentine for Associate Justice, and upon motion he was unanimously chosen.

Nominations for Governor being in order, Major I. O. Pickering nominated John P. St. John. Lucien Baker nominated John C. Carpenter. Messrs. T. C. Henry, H. Inman, Willard Davis, and J. M. Steele, were also nominated.

The ballot resulted as follows: St. John 220, Carpenter 39, Henry 40, Inman 3, Davis 5, Steele 7, John A. Martin 1, Henry King 4, George T. Anthony 1, Thacher 2. Total, 322. John P. St. John was declared nominated.

Ballot for Lieutenant Governor: Chas. H. Langston 51, T. T. Taylor 118, Wm. March 7, D. W. Finney 67, A. W. Smith 31, Ansel R. Clark 49, D. R. Anthony 1. Total, 324.

Second ballot: Taylor 126, Finney 68, Clark 43, Langston 38, Smith 37, March 4. Total, 316.

SEPTEMBER 2.—Second day of the Republican Convention.

Fifth ballot for Lieutenant Governor: Finney 166, Taylor 158, Langston, 2.

James Smith nominated for Secretary of State, by acclamation.

For Auditor: Total vote, 321; necessary for a choice, 161. P. I. Bonebrake 223, Ed. R. Smith 62, O. E. Morse 29, T. T. Taylor 7.

For Treasurer: John Francis 227, E. P. Brainard 92.

For Attorney General: Number of votes, 316; necessary for a choice, 159; William A. Johnston 91, John S. Wilson 13, John T. Bradley 55, R. S. Hick 17, Thomas J. Humes 49, James McDermott 11, J. H. Gillpatrick 26, William A. Thomson 24, W. C. Webb 2, H. L. Alden 25, R. A. Freidrich 2, C. J. Jones 2.

Second ballot: Whole number of votes, 322; necessary for a choice, 162; Bradley 105, Gillpatrick 23, Johnston 148, Alden 16, Thompson 19, Jones 2, McDermott 9.

On the third ballot, W. A. Johnston was nominated, receiving 168 votes, to 110 for J. T. Bradley, the Leavenworth men still voting for Col. Gillpatrick.

State Superintendent.—The following were placed in nomination: William Bishop, L. A. Thomas, P. J. Williams, J. H. Lawhead, F. A. Norton, H. C. Speer, L. G. Copley, D. J. Evans, Dr. David Gochenauer, George W. Botkin.

First ballot: Bishop 30, Thomas 18, Williams 17, Lawhead 38, Norton 10, Speer 85, Copley 3, Evans 47, Gochenauer 46, Botkin 1; total, 298.

There being no election, another ballot was ordered. The names of Profs. Thomas and Bishop and P. J. Williams were withdrawn in favor of Prof. Speer, and it was moved that Prof. Speer be declared the nominee, but the motion was withdrawn.

The roll was called, with the following result: Lawhead 39, Norton 9, Speer 167, Evans 52, Gochenauer 49; total, 314.

Mr. Speer was declared the nominee.

The following State Central Committee was chosen: First District, George DeSano, of Leavenworth; Second District, Sol. Miller, of Doniphan; Third District, J. B. Johnson, of Shawnee; Fourth District, J. P. Harris, of Franklin; Fifth District, J. B. Clogston, of Greenwood; Sixth District, S. A. Day, of Bourbon; Seventh District, John H. Scott, of Neosho; Eighth District, N. A. Adams, of Riley; Ninth District, A. J. Buckland, of Barton; Tenth District, C. W. Litchfield, of Wyandotte; Eleventh District, J. T. Parker, of Crawford; Twelfth District, Wirt W. Walton, of Clay; Thirteenth District, John G. Wood, of Sumner; Fourteenth District, A. W. Smith, of McPherson; Fifteenth District, T. B. Carpenter, of Jewell county. John L. Waller, of Douglas, Member at Large.

SEPTEMBER 2.—Jack Downing's Independent Convention, held at the Tefft House, in the evening. Dr. Stringfield, for Governor, and a whole ticket, nominated. Mr. Van Winkle was nominated unanimously for Attorney General, a delegate from Ford county having pledged him as a man who had money and would put up. Mr. Van Winkle came forward, and asked the chair if a nominee for Attorney General must be a regular practicing lawyer. The chair replied that as the State had never yet had one, he concluded no such qualification was necessary. Mr. Van Winkle then made a short address, in which he accepted the nomination, expressing the honor he felt in doing so, with so distinguished a gentleman on the head of the ticket.

SEPTEMBER 2.—N. L. Prentiss, in the Champion: "The Capitol square is surrounded by a dense growth, rods in width, of rampant sunflowers. They grow as big, rank, and yellow as if they were forty miles from a house. The sunflower ought to be made the emblem of our State. Nothing checks it or kills it. It is always 'happy as a big sunflower.' Grasshoppers have never held the edge on it; and in drouthy times when everything else wilts and throws up its hands, the sunflower continues business at the old stand. It probably has some private arrangement with nature for securing 'aid.'"

—Liberal Encampment at Bismarck. *Officers:* President, George W. Brown, of Rockford, Ill. Vice Presidents—J. F. Hergley, Paola; Dr. G. W. May, London, Mo.; Frank Shelton, Ness county; Dr. F. L. Crane, Topeka; James Hanway, Lane; Mrs. J. E. Ball, Melvern; Mrs. L. Combs, Indianapolis; Mrs. Susan Richarter, Jefferson county; C. B. Hoffman, Enterprise. Secretary, Dr. G. W. May, London, Mo.

SEPTEMBER 3.—The statement is frequently made that the Benders were murdered by the citizens of Kansas soon after the discovery of the crimes. To this the Labette County Commissioners reply:

"A reward of \$500 will be given to any person or persons who can and will give satisfactory proof to the legal authorities of Labette county that the Bender family, known as John Bender sr., and his wife, Kate Bender his daughter, and John Bender jr., were

ever captured by any party of men and put to death; and for the payment of this reward, on the proof of facts asked for, we pledge the credit of Labette county.—BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS. J. S. WATERS, County Attorney."

—Great Stringfield demonstration in Topeka.

SEPTEMBER 4.—Col. A. S. Johnson, Land Commissioner of the A. T. & S. F. road, has issued a circular stating that the company he represents will sell seed wheat at cost and free of transportation to all settlers able to buy, and loan seed wheat to those not able to purchase, for one year at 7 per cent., taking notes for cost of seed and transportation. Wheat loan limited to twenty-five bushels.—*Atchison Champion*.

—M. L. Sargent, of the Central Branch, has received authority from headquarters to distribute twenty-thousand bushels of seed wheat to settlers west of Logan. He left this morning on a special with Col. Deane, of the Land Department, to make arrangements for the distribution.—*Atchison Globe*.

—Another ovation to Dr. F. M. Stringfield.

SEPTEMBER 7.—Celebration at Atchison on the completion of the Union Depot. Gen. B. F. Stringfellow delivered the address.

SEPTEMBER 7.—Meeting of the Democratic Congressional Committee, in Atchison. The declination of John C. Tomlinson, nominated at Beloit, was received and accepted.

Nominations being in order, the names of C. C. Burnes of Atchison, John Davis of Junction City, H. Miles Moore of Leavenworth, and E. Bierer of Brown county, were presented. Subsequently, the names of Davis, Moore and Bierer were withdrawn.

On motion, the nomination of Mr. Burnes was made unanimous.

The chair appointed as a committee to wait upon Mr. Burnes and notify him of his nomination, J. G. Lowe, John Foster, and Thomas Stivers. His acceptance is tendered in writing. Calvin C. Burnes is a son of Col. James N. Burnes, of St. Joseph, and was born at Weston, Mo., May 17, 1855.

SEPTEMBER 8.—Democratic Second District Convention, at Fort Scott. Called to order by A. A. Harris. J. S. Emery, of Douglas, Temporary Chairman; G. W. B. Hoffman, Frank C. Scott, and W. C. Hickman, Secretaries. They were made the permanent officers. M. V. B. Bennett moved the appointment of committees.

The Committee on Resolutions reported the following, which was unanimously adopted:

"The Democratic party of the Second Congressional District of the State of Kansas hereby heartily indorse the platform adopted at Cincinnati, and pledge its unswerving support to the noble standard-bearers nominated by the Democratic National Convention in the persons of Winfield Scott Hancock and Wm. H. English, and in the language of Gen. Hancock, declare 'that the great principles of American liberty still are the inheritance of the people, and ever should be.'

"That we indorse the platform, and will give to the State ticket nominated at Topeka on the 26th day of August our most hearty support; and we

Resolve, That we demand of our Representatives and Senators in Congress, immediate legislation for the opening of the Indian Territory by the establishment of a territo-

rial government for that Territory, to the end that the public lands thereof may be occupied by the laboring and producing classes, under the preëmption and homestead laws of the United States.

"We declare our unaltered opposition to a tariff for protection, and demand of our Representatives and Senators such national legislation as will at the earliest day lead to absolute free trade."

Chas. W. Blair nominated Louis F. Green for Congress; seconded by H. H. Hamilton, John R. Goodin, and M. V. B. Bennett. John M. Galloway opposed the motion. Green was enthusiastically nominated.

Central Committee: A. A. Harris of Bourbon, Chairman; F. Mayton Snook of Douglas, Geo. W. Brown of Crawford, M. V. B. Bennett of Cherokee, Ben DeVora of Montgomery, Samuel A. Fry of Johnson, A. Matthewson of Labette, W. C. Jones of Allen, W. T. Johnston of Miami, S. H. Allen of Linn, Ira Steinberger of Neosho, L. H. Wood of Wyandotte, D. McMillan of Franklin, P. Brown of Anderson, and T. J. Hudson of Wilson.

SEPTEMBER 9.—Election of officers of the State Republican Committee. J. B. Johnson, Chairman; J. P. Harris, Secretary; Wirt W. Walton, C. W. Litchfield, and A. J. Buckland, Executive Committee.

SEPTEMBER 11.—F. G. Adams addresses the Old Settlers' Society of Marshall county; the Atchison Champion reports the speech.

SEPTEMBER 12.—Opening of the Rich Hill Junction, Linn county, Railroad to Rich Hill, Mo. It is a branch of the Fort Scott & Gulf.

SEPTEMBER 14.—Thos. C. Thurston pleads guilty to the charge of attempting to murder D. R. Anthony, and is sentenced to eighteen years in the penitentiary.

SEPTEMBER 16.—Hays City Sentinel: "The drive of Texas cattle to Kansas this season, from the most authentic data than can be procured, is 359,784. In addition to this number, from 30,000 to 40,000 have been driven from the Pan-Handle of Texas to the neighborhood of Caldwell and Hunnewell. Altogether the total drive, in round numbers, is not far from 400,000."

—Landis & Hollinger write to the Capital: "About a year ago we first conceived the project of irrigating in western Kansas as a certain means of raising grain and vegetables, and at once went to work to tap the Arkansas river three and a half miles west of Garden City, and dig a ditch to and through the city. It has this year been but an experiment, and has proved successful beyond our expectations."

SEPTEMBER 20.—State Convention of colored men in Lawrence. A. Williams Temporary Chairman, and James Smith Temporary Secretary.

A Committee on Credentials was appointed, and delegates from Douglas, Leavenworth, Shawnee and Labette counties were admitted. The following is a list of admitted delegates: Douglas county, A. Williams, S. Fuster, J. Davis, Chas. Anderson, H. H. Brooks, A. Lewis, A. Clay, T. Strode, J. M. Mitchell, B. Blunt, G. B. McCulloch, W. H. Hickerson, P. Baker, Jas. Smith, Doc. McWilliams, Mark Anthony, James Gross, W. H. Pembleton; Leavenworth county, W. D. Matthews; Shaw-

nee county, W. L. Eagleson, J. J. Jennings, F. H. White; Labette county, Turner Duncan.

Capt. W. D. Matthews was made Permanent Chairman, A. Williams, Vice Chairman, E. H. White, Secretary. A Committee on Resolutions, consisting of J. J. Jennings, A. Williams, Turner Duncan, E. W. Ramsey, and W. L. Eagleson, was appointed.

At 7:30 P. M. the convention reassembled, and listened to a speech from Capt. W. D. Matthews, strongly condemning the action of the Republican party for refusing to recognize the colored vote. This speech was followed by the report of the Committee on Resolutions. The following were adopted:

"Whereas, We, the colored Republicans of the State of Kansas, have, since our enfranchisement, strenuously and earnestly supported the Republican party; and

"Whereas, In the years 1878 and 1880 we presented the State conventions, held in those years, the names of two colored Republicans, whose ability, integrity and Republican allegiance stand unquestioned, for nomination to the position of Lieutenant Governor; and

"Whereas, We believe that they were rejected on account of an ignoble prejudice which obtains in the party, and that it would be unmanly and detrimental to the true interests of our race to further submit without a solemn protest: therefore, be it

"Resolved, That we earnestly urge our people to respectfully but persistently agitate the question of just and proportionate recognition on municipality, county and State tickets, until our rights are conceded. Furthermore, be it

"Resolved, That the State Central Committee of colored men be instructed to issue an address, which shall better instruct every colored voter as to the true aims, objects and plans of our efforts.

"Resolved, That we, the delegates of the several counties in convention assembled, do recommend and urge the colored voters of this State, in every county and district, wherever there be a sufficient number, to nominate and run a colored man, if competent for the office, for the State Senate or Representative to the Legislature, or any other office, and to combine honorably with any set of men to secure his or their election."

A long and heated debate was had on the resolution proposing to nominate C. H. Langston for Lieutenant Governor. Mr. Langston's name was finally withdrawn, when the substitute was almost unanimously adopted.

The following gentlemen were appointed members of the State Central Committee: J. J. Jenkins of Shawnee, Judge Robert Lee of Cherokee, Turner Duncan of Labette, Capt. W. D. Matthews of Leavenworth. At Large: E. H. White of Shawnee, Doc. McWilliams and C. H. Langston of Douglas, Jno. Moore of Leavenworth, J. H. Stewart of Shawnee.

The Executive Committee were ordered to meet at Topeka on the second Wednesday in December, to call a State Convention.

SEPTEMBER 21.—The Supreme Court decides that D. A. Millington and W. M. Allison were wrongly sentenced and illegally restrained, because the court restraining them was held in Cowley county on a day (May 17) when it ought to have been held in Sedgwick county, though it wasn't. The two editors had been arrested for contempt of the District Court.

SEPTEMBER 24.—Silver wedding of Rev. Dr. F. S. and Mrs. Eleanor McCabe celebrated in Topeka.

SEPTEMBER 30.—The Kansas City, Leavenworth & Atchison Railroad consolidated with the Missouri Pacific.

—Opening of the sorghum sugar factory, at Larned.

—During the past few months the Kansas Pacific Railroad has purchased 60,000 bushels of wheat, a large portion in this county, and distributed it among the farmers on the frontier, taking notes payable "after harvest" for the same. Russell county received 23,000 bushels; Ellis, 21,000; Trego, 9,000; Gore, 4,000; and Graham and Sheridan, 4,000.—*Abilene Chronicle*.

SEPTEMBER 30.—In accepting the Democratic nomination for State Superintendent of Public Instruction, Miss Sarah A. Brown, of Lawrence, says: "In making this nomination, the Democratic party of Kansas has, with a liberal and enlightened spirit, and with a generous purpose, yielded to the tendency of the times which demands equal rights and equal opportunities for all the people, and it has thus shown itself to be a party of progress. It has placed itself squarely and unequivocally before the people upon this great and vital question of giving to woman the right to work in any field for which she may be fitted, thus placing our young and glorious State in the foremost rank on this as well as on the question of reform."

—The church conventions are all in favor of Prohibition.

OCTOBER 1.—Chicago Tribune: "Negotiations have been concluded between the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé and the Kansas City, Lawrence & Southern (formerly the Leavenworth, Lawrence & Galveston), by which the former is to take possession at once of the latter road."

OCTOBER 4.—A portrait of Governor Robinson presented to the Historical Society by his wife, Mrs. Sara T. L. Robinson, is formally received.

OCTOBER 6.—The Grand Lodge of Good Templars, at Topeka, elects its officers: G. W. C. T., J. Q. Detwiler, Wamego; G. W. Coun., Theo. F. C. Dodd, Altoona; G. W. V. T., Sarah E. Hughes, Lawrence; G. W. Sec., J. A. Troutman, Topeka; G. W. Treas., James Grimes, Parsons; G. W. Chap., J. W. Blandon, Salina; G. W. M., J. W. Naylor, Tecumseh.

OCTOBER.—The Presbyterian Synod, at Atchison, adopts the following:

"The Synod of Kansas, recognizing intemperance as one of the greatest hindrances to the progress of the church of Christ, and that the prohibition of the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquor as a beverage is the great reform of the hour; and that the church of the Lord Jesus Christ should take the lead in all moral reforms; while expressing gratification at the active efforts of our ministers and churches, adopt the following resolutions:

"Resolved, That we urge upon the ministers and members of our churches the duty of active effort for the success of the constitutional amendment, prohibiting the manufacture and sale of alcoholic liquors.

"Resolved, That every minister be urged to preach at least once in each of the charges on the subject, and that these resolutions be read from the pulpit."

OCTOBER 10.—W. W. Guthrie, in the Atchison Patriot, gives the rea-

sons why a constitutional convention should be ordered. W. C. Webb elaborates the theme in the Commonwealth of the 24th.

OCTOBER 13.—Soldiers' Rennon, at Wichita.

—Wool Growers' and Sheep Breeders' Association organized at Junction City; John K. Wright, President; D. A. Beckwith, Secretary.

—A. M. E. Conference at Atchison, Bishop Thos. M. D. Ward presiding. The *Champion* says: "The African Methodist Episcopal Church has scattered over the country five theological schools, maintains a regular ministry, keeps up the ordinances of religion, and builds churches, one of which, in Boston, cost \$75,000, and the larger part of the money required to do this is given by people who a few years ago could not legally own any property, and who didn't even own themselves."

—"The Rhyme of the Border War." By Thos. B. Peacock, of Topeka. New York: G. W. Carleton & Co. pp. 162. It is the Kansas Jayhawkers and the Missouri Bushwhackers, done up in rhyme.

OCTOBER 13.—Meeting of the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F., at Topeka. Chas. H. Krebs, elected Grand Master; E. S. Bertram, Deputy; G. W. Jones, Grand Warden; S. F. Burdett, Secretary, for the twentieth time; L. Mayo, Treasurer; Representative, John M. Price. Appointments: W. A. Shannon, Marshal; W. A. Cormany, Conductor; A. H. Dow, Chaplain.

OCTOBER 14.—Meeting of the United Presbyterian Synod, at Americus. The finances of the Synod are found to be in an unusually favorable condition, and the entire financial report is encouraging, although an earnest call comes for the support of all the boards and institutions of the Church. The work of all these is found to be energetically prosecuted. The Synod directs the organization of a new Presbytery from the western portion of Neosho Presbytery, to be called the Arkansas Valley Presbytery.

—Emporia News: "The Northern Congregational Association has been in session in this city for the past two days. Rev. I. N. Locke, of Severy, was Moderator, and Rev. H. C. Scotford, of Eureka, Secretary. In the whole State there are seven such associations, comprising nearly 200 churches and nearly 7,000 members. These are named Northern-Southern, Eastern, Western, Central, Southwestern, and Northwestern. These meet twice a year, and are formed in a State Association, which meets annually. Superintendent Storrs reported a good degree of progress in the home-missionary work on the frontier. Thirty-four ministers had come into the State within the year."

OCTOBER 15.—Burning of the Leader office, at Kinsley.

OCTOBER 17.—Death of W. H. Walker, of the Peabody Gazette.

OCTOBER 20.—Convention of County Surveyors, at Junction City. R. S. McCrary, President; M. J. Wells, Vice President; J. H. Hibben, Secretary.

—Mrs. Delahay gives to the Historical Society a banner presented to Judge Delahay by Mr. Lincoln, in 1860. It is a silk banner, elaborately

worked. Upon one side is the inscription, "To Abraham Lincoln, the Champion of Liberty, by the students of Lombard, October 7, 1858." On the other side, in the center, the American eagle with the motto of the United States, surrounded with thirty-two stars—the number of States then in the Union—worked in saffron, and one additional star in gray, representing Kansas, then entitled to be in the Union, but kept out for political reasons.

OCTOBER 22.—Thos. A. Osborn presides over the Peace Conference, held on the U. S. steamship Lackawanna, to secure peace between Chili, and the governments of Peru and Bolivia.

OCTOBER 25.—Fire at Clyde, burning the horses of forty men who were attending a political meeting.

OCTOBER 27.—Annual Session of the Sons of Temperance, at Manhattan. Officers elected: Rev. W. S. Davis, Clay Center, G. W. P.; Mrs. F. A. James, Cedar Creek, G. W. A.; B. F. Flenniken, Clay Center, G. S.; J. A. Allen, Manhattan, G. T.; Rev. F. Rice, Valley Falls, G. Chap.; R. D. Williams, Bala, G. C.; W. A. Avery, North Exeter, G. S.; L. R. Elliott, Manhattan, P. G. W. P.

NOVEMBER 2.—James A. Garfield elected President, and Chester A. Arthur Vice President.

—General election.

VOTE FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.				
	<i>John Schilling</i>	<i>James D. Snoddy</i>	<i>Henderson Ritchie</i> ...	<i>W. A. Peffer</i>	<i>R. W. P. Moses</i>
Allen	1,576	1,576	1,576	1,576	1,576
Anderson	1,127	1,127	1,127	1,127	1,127
Atchison	2,834	2,835	2,834	2,835	2,835
Barber	262	262	262	262	262
Barton	1,172	1,172	1,172	1,172	1,172
Bourbon	2,320.	2,317	2,321	2,320	2,319
Brown	1,850	1,875	1,876	1,875	1,875
Butler.....	2,398	2,398	2,398	2,398	2,382
Chase	716	717	716	716	716
Chautauqua	1,321	1,320	1,321	1,321	1,321
Cherokee.....	2,374	2,373	2,374	2,374	2,374
Clay	1,765	1,765	1,765	1,765	1,765
Cloud.....	2,156	2,156	2,156	2,156	2,155
Coffey	1,422	1,421	1,421	1,420	1,421
Cowley	2,630	2,630	2,630	2,630	2,630
Crawford.....	1,902	1,902	1,902	1,902	1,902
Davis	702	702	702	702	702
Decatur.....	307	307	307	307	307
Dickinson	1,954	1,954	1,955	1,954	1,954
Doniphan	2,067	2,067	2,067	2,067	2,067
Douglas.....	3,048	3,047	3,050	3,049	3,050
Edwards.....	313	312	313	313	313
Elk	1,274	1,274	1,274	1,274	1,274
Ellis.....	680	680	680	680	680
Ellsworth.....	1,077	1,077	1,077	1,077	1,077
Ford.....	370	370	370	370	371
Franklin.....	2,108	2,109	2,108	2,108	2,108

VOTE FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.				
	<i>John Schelling</i>	<i>James D. Snoddy</i>	<i>Henderson Ritchie</i> ..	<i>W. A. Puffer</i>	<i>R. W. P. Muse</i>
Graham	494	494	494	494	494
Greenwood	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
Harper.....	546	546	546	546	546
Harvey.....	1,554	1,554	1,554	1,554	1,552
Hodgeman.....	176	176	176	176	176
Jackson.....	1,504	1,504	1,504	1,504	1,504
Jefferson.....	1,976	1,976	1,976	1,976	1,976
Jewell.....	2,199	2,199	2,199	2,199	2,199
Johnson.....	2,132	2,132	2,132	2,132	2,132
Kingman.....	436	436	436	436	436
Labette.....	2,721	2,721	2,621	2,720	2,721
Leavenworth.....	3,188	3,187	3,188	3,186	3,188
Lincoln.....	957	957	957	957	957
Linn.....	1,990	1,979	1,990	1,990	1,989
Lyon.....	2,398	2,397	2,398	2,398	2,398
Marion.....	1,239	1,239	1,240	1,239	1,240
Marshall.....	2,276	2,276	2,273	2,276	2,276
McPherson.....	2,225	2,225	2,226	2,225	2,225
Miami.....	2,010	2,009	2,010	2,010	2,009
Mitchell.....	1,728	1,728	1,728	1,728	1,728
Montgomery.....	1,773	1,774	1,774	1,776	1,774
Morris.....	1,281	1,282	1,282	1,282	1,282
Nemaha.....	1,755	1,755	1,755	1,755	1,755
Neosho.....	1,471	1,471	1,471	1,471	1,471
Ness.....	315	315	315	315	315
Norton.....	761	761	761	761	761
Osage.....	2,704	2,703	2,703	2,704	2,704
Osborne.....	1,446	1,446	1,446	1,446	1,446
Ottawa.....	1,443	1,443	1,433	1,443	1,443
Pawnee.....	697	697	697	697	697
Phillips.....	1,261	1,261	1,254	1,261	1,261
Pottawatomie.....	2,138	2,138	2,138	2,139	2,139
Pratt.....	196	196	196	196	196
Reno.....	1,384	1,384	1,384	1,384	1,384
Republic.....	1,875	1,875	1,875	1,875	1,875
Rice.....	1,108	1,108	1,108	1,108	1,106
Riley.....	1,484	1,484	1,483	1,484	1,484
Rooks.....	805	805	805	805	805
Rush.....	542	542	542	542	542
Russell.....	932	932	932	932	932
Saline.....	1,950	1,950	1,950	1,950	1,950
Sedgwick.....	2,288	2,288	2,288	2,288	2,288
Shawnee.....	4,403	4,403	4,403	4,403	4,404
Sheridan.....	93	93	93	93	93
Smith.....	1,524	1,525	1,524	1,525	1,524
Stafford.....	530	530	530	530	530
Sumner.....	2,073	2,073	2,072	2,073	2,072
Trego.....	332	332	332	332	332
Wabaunsee.....	1,279	1,279	1,279	1,279	1,279
Washington.....	1,957	1,957	1,958	1,957	1,957
Wilson.....	1,627	1,627	1,627	1,628	1,627
Woodson.....	898	898	898	898	898
Wyandotte.....	2,410	2,410	2,408	2,410	2,410
Total.....	121,520	121,528	121,530	121,549	121,508

VOTE FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.				
	<i>Thos. P. Fenelon.</i>	<i>Thos. Moonlight.</i>	<i>Geo. B. Scroggs.</i>	<i>A. A. Harris.....</i>	<i>Geo. C. Rogers....</i>
Allen.....	803	803	803	803	803
Anderson.....	497	497	497	497	497
Atchison.....	2,132	2,130	2,131	2,131	2,131
Barber.....	175	175	175	175	175
Barton.....	714	714	714	714	714
Bourbon.....	1,161	1,161	1,161	1,161	1,161
Brown.....	896	898	898	898	897
Butler.....	1,119	1,119	1,120	1,118	1,089
Chase.....	324	324	324	324	324
Chautauqua.....	655	655	655	653	655
Cherokee.....	1,681	1,681	1,681	1,681	1,681
Clay.....	531	531	531	531	531
Cloud.....	888	888	888	887	888
Coffey.....	851	852	851	851	851
Cowley.....	1,557	1,557	1,557	1,557	1,557
Crawford.....	1,356	1,357	1,356	1,356	1,356
Davis.....	399	399	399	399	399
Decatur.....	163	163	163	163	163
Dickinson.....	886	886	886	886	886
Doniphan.....	1,143	1,143	1,143	1,143	1,143
Douglas.....	1,463	1,462	1,462	1,462	1,462
Edwards.....	102	102	102	102	102
Elk.....	458	458	458	458	458
Ellis.....	420	420	420	420	420
Ellsworth.....	483	483	483	483	483
Ford.....	288	287	287	288	288
Franklin.....	728	728	728	727	728
Graham.....	104	104	104	104	104
Greenwood.....	667	667	667	667	667
Harper.....	294	294	294	294	294
Harvey.....	585	585	584	581	585
Hodgeman.....	52	52	52	52	52
Jackson.....	853	852	852	852	852
Jefferson.....	1,397	1,397	1,397	1,397	1,397
Jewell.....	883	883	883	883	883
Jolinson.....	1,182	1,180	1,180	1,179	1,180
Kingman.....	200	200	200	200	200
Labette.....	1,462	1,462	1,462	1,462	1,461
Leavenworth.....	2,489	2,508	2,508	2,493	2,508
Lincoln.....	419	419	419	419	419
Linn.....	745	744	745	745	745
Lyon.....	869	869	870	869	869
Marion.....	539	539	538	539	538
Marshall.....	997	998	998	997	997
Mel'herson.....	564	564	564	564	564
Miami.....	1,324	1,324	1,324	1,324	1,323
Mitchell.....	797	797	797	797	797
Montgomery.....	1,294	1,295	1,295	1,294	1,295
Morris.....	550	550	550	550	550
Nemaha.....	934	934	934	934	934
Neosho.....	948	948	948	948	948
Ness.....	129	129	129	129	129
Norton.....	337	337	337	337	337
Osage.....	907	907	907	907	907
Osborne.....	589	589	589	589	589
Ottawa.....	524	524	524	524	524
Pawnee.....	235	235	235	235	235
Phillips.....	553	553	553	553	553
Pottawatomie.....	1,179	1,178	1,178	1,178	1,179
Pratt.....	97	97	97	97	96
Reno.....	536	536	536	536	536
Republic.....	661	661	661	661	661
Rice.....	496	496	496	496	496
Riley.....	376	376	377	377	367

VOTE FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.				
	<i>Thos. P. Fenton.</i>	<i>Thos. Montgilt.</i>	<i>Geo. B. Spriggs.</i>	<i>A. A. Harris.....</i>	<i>George C. Rogers.</i>
Rooks.....	338	338	338	338	338
Rush.....	238	238	238	238	238
Russell.....	317	317	317	317	317
Saline.....	838	838	838	838	838
Sedgwick.....	1,354	1,354	1,354	1,354	1,351
Shawnee.....	1,548	1,548	1,548	1,548	1,548
Sheridan.....	52	52	52	52	52
Smith.....	517	517	517	517	517
Stafford.....	192	192	192	192	192
Sumner.....	1,419	1,418	1,419	1,419	1,417
Trego.....	107	107	107	107	106
Wabauasee.....	810	810	810	810	810
Washington.....	827	827	827	827	827
Wilson.....	722	722	721	722	722
Woodson.....	437	437	437	437	437
Wyandotte.....	1,733	1,734	1,729	1,734	1,734
Total.....	59,789	59,548	59,801	59,781	59,757

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.				
	<i>B. O. Driscoll.....</i>	<i>Henry Bronson.</i>	<i>James G. Bogue.</i>	<i>L. T. McFarley.....</i>	<i>S. N. Wood.....</i>
Allen.....	44	44	44	44	44
Anderson.....	370	370	370	370	370
Atchison.....	71	71	71	71	62
Barber.....	63	63	63	63	63
Barton.....	62	62	62	62	62
Bourbon.....	364	363	364	363	364
Brown.....	107	107	107	107	107
Butler.....	433	435	434	435	433
Chase.....	409	409	409	408	405
Chautauqua.....	333	333	333	333	331
Cherokee.....	855	855	855	855	855
Clay.....	369	369	369	369	369
Cloud.....	65	65	65	65	65
Coffey.....	189	190	190	189	189
Cowley.....	190	190	190	189	190
Crawford.....	450	450	450	450	450
Davis.....	335	335	335	335	336
Decatur.....	28	28	28	28	28
Dickinson.....	292	292	292	292	292
Doniphan.....	51	51	51	51	35
Douglas.....	246	247	247	247	245
Edwards.....	486	486	486	486	486
Elk.....	54	54	54	54	54
Ellis.....	32	32	32	32	32
Ellsworth.....	20	20	20	20	20
Ford.....	20	20	20	20	20
Franklin.....	898	898	898	898	897
Graham.....	210	210	210	210	210
Greenwood.....	347	347	347	347	347
Harper.....	170	170	170	170	170

VOTE FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.				
	<i>B. O. Driscoll</i>	<i>Henry Bronson</i> ...	<i>James G. Boyne</i> ...	<i>J. J. McFeeley</i>	<i>S. N. Wood</i>
Harvey.....	136	139	135	139	139
Hodgeman.....	13	38	38	38	38
Jackson.....	14	14	14	14	14
Jefferson.....	78	78	78	78	78
Jewell.....	399	399	399	399	399
Johnson.....	354	354	354	354	354
Kingman.....	85	85	85	85	85
Labette.....	420	420	420	419	421
Leavenworth.....	171	175	175	166	175
Lincoln.....	154	154	154	154	154
Linn.....	577	576	575	578	578
Lyon.....	402	402	402	402	401
Marion.....	271	271	271	271	271
Marshall.....	427	427	427	427	426
McPherson.....	545	545	545	545	543
Miami.....	454	454	454	454	454
Mitchell.....	235	235	235	235	235
Montgomery.....	693	694	694	694	695
Morris.....	179	179	179	179	179
Nemaha.....	5	5	5	5	5
Neosho.....	461	461	461	461	461
Ness.....			90	90	90
Norton.....	198	198	198	198	198
Osage.....	793	793	793	792	791
Osborne.....	61	61	61	61	61
Ottawa.....	333	333	333	333	333
Pawnee.....	17	17	17	17	17
Phillips.....	221	221	221	221	221
Pottawatomie.....	224	224	224	224	223
Pratt.....	34	34	33	34	34
Reno.....	252	252	252	252	252
Republic.....	151	151	151	151	151
Rice.....	313	313	314	313	312
Riley.....	347	347	347	347	347
Rooks.....	326	326	326	326	326
Rush.....	24	25	25	25	22
Russell.....	110	110	110	110	110
Saline.....	95	95	95	95	95
Sedgwick.....	364	364	364	364	364
Shawnee.....	123	123	123	123	123
Sheridan.....	64	64	64	64	64
Smith.....	406	405	405	405	405
Stafford.....	60	60	60	60	60
Sumner.....	529	529	529	529	529
Trego.....	28	28	28	28	28
Wabauunsee.....	39	39	39	39	39
Washington.....	230	231	231	231	231
Wilson.....	527	527	527	527	527
Woodson.....	9	9	9	9	9
Wyandotte.....	236	235	236	235	235
Total.....	19,710	19,356	19,851	19,843	19,813

VOTE FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS—CONCLUDED.

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.				
	<i>J. P. Richards..</i>	<i>J. Knight.....</i>	<i>J. P. Rogers....</i>	<i>Alvin Aker.....</i>	<i>G. W. Keller.....</i>
Brown.....	4	4	4	4	4
Cloud.....	4	4	4	4	4
Jefferson.....	3	3	3	3	3
Johnson.....	5	5	5	5	5
Rice.....	5	5	5	4	4
Russell.....	4	4	4	4	4
Total.....	25	25	25	24	24

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.				
	<i>A. M. Richardson.</i>	<i>H. Clay Needham.</i>	<i>R. Wake.....</i>	<i>W. S. Newton.....</i>	<i>Geo. Hoffmberg..</i>
Cherokee.....	1	1	1	1	1
Crawford.....	7	7	7	7	7
Johnson.....	1	1	1	1	1
Labette.....	1	1	1	1	1
Total.....	10	10	10	10	10

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS.

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR.					LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.				
	<i>John P. St. John.</i>	<i>Ethmund G. Ross</i>	<i>H. P. Vrooman..</i>	<i>F. M. Stringfield</i>	<i>J. P. Culver.....</i>	<i>Scatterling.....</i>	<i>D. W. Finney...</i>	<i>Thomas George.</i>	<i>H. L. Phillips...</i>	<i>Scatterling.....</i>
Allen.....	1,530	822	41				1,581	795	41	
Anderson.....	1,111	509	362			1	1,138	490	370	
Athison.....	2,416	2,346	80		61		2,819	2,147	69	
Barber.....	267	175	59				261	178	62	
Barton.....	1,047	827	71				1,151	747	59	
Bourbon.....	2,284	1,259	272				2,328	1,161	355	
Brown.....	1,795	931	105				1,874	901	108	
Butler.....	2,386	1,107	411				2,405	1,110	436	
Chase.....	693	331	407	1			710	322	418	
Chautauqua.....	1,325	651	327				1,328	654	328	
Cherokee.....	2,382	1,687	814				2,372	1,671	851	
Clay.....	1,727	560	353			5	1,768	533	371	1
Cloud.....	2,117	906	68		27		2,164	887	63	
Coffey.....	1,367	885	168				1,422	852	190	
Cowley.....	2,630	1,550	176			5	2,635	1,552	182	
Crawford.....	1,864	1,387	446				1,907	1,357	451	
Davis.....	657	418	346				700	396	344	
Deatur.....	297	171	25				308	163	29	

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR.					LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.				
	John P. St. John.	Edmund G. Ross	H. P. Wyoman.	F. M. Stringfield.	T. P. Culver.....	Scudder.....	D. W. Finney.....	Thomas George.	H. L. Phillips.....	Scudder.....
Dickinson.....	1,872	948	287	.....	.....	1	1,962	884	292	3
Doniphan.....	1,714	1,372	40	.....	.....	.....	2,055	1,154	48	.....
Douglas.....	2,894	1,609	191	1	.....	.....	3,049	1,476	238	.....
Edwards.....	.....	306	108	.....	.....	.....	313	102	.....	.....
Elk.....	1,265	462	485	.....	.....	.....	1,277	452	489	.....
Ellis.....	.....	669	436	41	.....	.....	679	427	45	.....
Ellsworth.....	954	615	10	.....	.....	.....	1,078	508	9	.....
Ford.....	312	335	20	.....	.....	.....	367	288	21	.....
Franklin.....	2,017	811	876	.....	.....	.....	2,104	725	900	.....
Graham.....	482	100	161	.....	33	.....	488	104	210	.....
Greenwood.....	1,257	662	388	.....	.....	.....	1,304	669	350	.....
Harper.....	546	306	183	.....	.....	.....	569	300	183	.....
Harvey.....	1,494	584	141	.....	.....	.....	1,554	582	143	.....
Hodgeman.....	177	54	32	.....	.....	.....	179	55	33	.....
Jackson.....	1,418	888	11	.....	.....	.....	1,494	859	15	.....
Jefferson.....	1,845	1,448	74	9	.....	.....	1,971	1,422	77	.....
Jewell.....	2,208	833	402	.....	2	.....	2,206	841	418	.....
Johnson.....	1,906	1,305	342	.....	.....	.....	2,136	1,165	364	.....
Kingman.....	430	197	91	.....	.....	.....	435	198	87	.....
Lafayette.....	2,630	1,496	417	.....	.....	.....	2,701	1,457	422	.....
Leavenworth.....	2,747	2,712	188	.....	71	3	3,158	2,505	176	.....
Lincoln.....	.....	993	462	141	.....	.....	963	416	147	.....
Linn.....	1,910	783	561	.....	.....	.....	1,983	750	573	.....
Lyon.....	2,259	917	379	.....	.....	.....	2,396	874	401	.....
Marion.....	1,219	532	273	2	.....	2	1,233	531	282	.....
Marshall.....	1,974	1,234	414	.....	.....	16	2,278	993	398	.....
McPherson.....	2,186	581	579	.....	.....	.....	2,218	565	546	.....
Miami.....	1,912	1,371	451	.....	.....	.....	2,004	1,294	495	.....
Mitchell.....	1,547	910	241	.....	32	1	1,729	801	233	.....
Montgomery.....	1,754	1,330	680	.....	.....	.....	1,776	1,297	697	.....
Morris.....	1,271	573	160	.....	.....	.....	1,287	549	174	.....
Nemaha.....	1,595	1,054	6	.....	.....	.....	1,755	947	5	.....
Neosho.....	1,550	1,049	480	2	.....	.....	1,559	1,043	487	.....
Ness.....	320	122	95	.....	.....	.....	317	125	97	.....
Norton.....	759	328	192	.....	11	.....	764	336	202	.....
Osage.....	2,592	955	799	2	.....	.....	2,699	888	794	.....
Osborne.....	1,271	617	56	.....	97	.....	1,455	588	58	3
Ottawa.....	1,411	532	327	.....	.....	.....	1,436	523	336	.....
Pawnee.....	689	243	14	.....	.....	.....	699	265	15	.....
Phillips.....	1,199	571	211	.....	36	.....	1,248	568	213	.....
Pottawatomie.....	1,997	1,299	199	.....	.....	4	2,097	1,178	221	.....
Pratt.....	174	119	35	.....	.....	.....	197	99	33	.....
Reno.....	1,320	582	250	5	.....	.....	1,392	523	253	.....
Republic.....	1,806	706	139	.....	7	.....	1,888	661	141	.....
Rice.....	1,095	522	284	.....	.....	.....	1,114	500	310	.....
Riley.....	1,387	436	359	.....	.....	.....	1,477	374	351	.....
Rooks.....	748	332	325	.....	51	.....	804	337	328	.....
Rush.....	523	246	24	.....	.....	.....	533	241	24	.....
Russell.....	808	457	143	.....	1	.....	969	343	119	.....
Saline.....	1,879	886	83	.....	.....	.....	1,943	846	92	.....
Sedgwick.....	2,218	1,374	361	.....	.....	.....	2,291	1,345	370	.....
Shawnee.....	3,861	1,068	129	197	.....	.....	4,403	1,555	129	.....
Sheridan.....	191	26	58	.....	1	.....	93	52	63	.....
Smith.....	1,509	511	402	.....	2	.....	1,528	516	404	.....
Stafford.....	594	205	55	.....	.....	.....	531	204	58	.....
Sumner.....	2,074	1,428	520	.....	.....	.....	2,050	1,409	528	.....
Trego.....	341	101	26	.....	.....	.....	334	107	27	.....
Wabauwsee.....	1,032	697	32	.....	.....	.....	1,226	430	33	.....
Washington.....	1,718	960	229	.....	.....	.....	1,950	836	227	.....
Wilson.....	1,619	725	517	.....	4	.....	1,636	718	525	.....
Woodson.....	856	466	62	.....	3	.....	937	412	57	3
Wyandotte.....	2,275	1,844	221	.....	.....	.....	2,404	1,738	233	.....
Total.....	115,204	63,557	19,477	219	435	48	121,551	59,847	19,917	10

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	SECRETARY OF STATE.				AUDITOR OF STATE.			
	<i>James Smith</i>	<i>John M. Giffen</i>	<i>A. B. Cornell</i>	<i>Scattering</i>	<i>P. I. Bonebrake</i>	<i>H. T. G. Nunnally</i>	<i>D. J. Cole</i>	<i>Scattering</i>
Allen.....	1,581	797	.....	.....	1,578	798	42	.....
Anderson.....	1,135	493	370	.....	1,135	493	368	.....
Atchison.....	2,828	2,137	69	.....	2,827	2,138	69	.....
Barber.....	264	174	63	.....	263	174	62	.....
Barton.....	1,154	745	61	.....	1,153	748	61	.....
Bourbon.....	2,325	1,162	381	.....	2,302	1,159	360	.....
Brown.....	1,878	899	108	.....	1,867	900	107	.....
Butler.....	2,405	1,113	434	.....	2,402	1,114	435	.....
Chase.....	713	321	414	.....	713	301	134	.....
Chautauqua.....	1,325	653	331	.....	1,324	652	334	.....
Cherokee.....	2,372	1,673	857	.....	2,379	1,676	857	.....
Clay.....	1,770	527	371	.....	1,770	527	371	.....
Cloud.....	2,169	885	63	.....	2,165	887	63	.....
Coffey.....	1,421	853	192	.....	1,424	848	191	.....
Cowley.....	2,640	1,557	182	.....	2,638	1,557	182	.....
Crawford.....	1,906	1,356	450	.....	1,908	1,356	452	.....
Davis.....	709	396	340	.....	709	393	338	.....
Decatur.....	308	163	29	.....	308	163	29	.....
Dickinson.....	1,973	874	290	.....	1,964	885	290	.....
Doniphan.....	2,071	1,144	48	.....	2,073	1,145	48	.....
Douglas.....	3,066	1,463	212	.....	3,071	1,459	242	.....
Edwards.....	313	102	.....	.....	315	101	.....	.....
Elk.....	1,278	456	485	.....	1,273	453	485	.....
Ellis.....	678	429	44	.....	678	429	45	.....
Ellsworth.....	1,092	498	4	.....	1,087	501	8	.....
Ford.....	373	284	20	.....	368	286	21	.....
Franklin.....	2,107	730	901	.....	2,108	727	901	.....
Graham.....	500	105	210	.....	499	104	212	.....
Greenwood.....	1,309	665	350	.....	1,309	666	349	.....
Harper.....	570	289	188	.....	572	290	187	.....
Harvey.....	1,556	581	138	.....	1,559	579	139	.....
Hodgeman.....	179	55	33	.....	178	56	33	.....
Jackson.....	1,508	851	14	.....	1,486	852	14	.....
Jefferson.....	1,981	1,395	76	.....	1,983	1,399	75	.....
Jewell.....	2,210	827	405	.....	2,205	840	418	.....
Johnson.....	2,053	1,316	275	.....	2,142	1,163	367	.....
Kingman.....	435	198	87	.....	436	195	87	.....
Labette.....	2,722	1,458	419	.....	2,720	1,456	420	.....
Leavenworth.....	3,206	2,493	173	.....	3,186	2,491	163	.....
Lincoln.....	960	413	147	.....	960	412	147	.....
Linn.....	1,992	748	574	.....	1,992	748	575	.....
Lyon.....	2,401	869	402	.....	2,403	870	400	.....
Marion.....	1,235	536	291	.....	1,235	538	271	.....
Marshall.....	2,571	745	349	.....	2,287	993	400	1
Melpherson.....	2,217	555	549	.....	2,217	563	549	.....
Miami.....	2,016	1,322	461	.....	2,019	1,322	456	.....
Mitchell.....	1,735	789	227	.....	1,730	799	227	.....
Montgomery.....	1,781	1,293	678	.....	1,780	1,295	695	.....
Morris.....	1,290	547	174	.....	1,292	545	174	.....
Nemaha.....	1,758	911	5	.....	1,754	915	5	.....
Neosho.....	1,563	1,031	484	.....	1,565	1,031	483	.....
Ness.....	316	126	95	.....	316	126	94	.....
Norton.....	763	336	195	.....	763	336	202	.....
Osage.....	2,713	896	797	.....	2,711	899	796	.....
Osborne.....	1,453	590	57	2	1,449	567	57	1
Ottawa.....	1,438	527	335	.....	1,438	526	335	.....
Pawnee.....	698	237	15	.....	699	236	15	.....
Phillips.....	1,262	556	213	.....	1,262	555	210	.....
Pottawatomie.....	2,139	1,182	222	.....	2,137	1,183	223	.....
Pratt.....	197	99	25	.....	197	98	33	.....
Reno.....	1,389	530	225	.....	1,390	527	258	.....
Republic.....	1,884	658	149	.....	1,881	659	149	.....
Rice.....	1,119	494	311	.....	1,119	493	313	.....

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	SECRETARY OF STATE.				AUDITOR OF STATE.			
	<i>James Smith</i>	<i>John M. Giffen</i>	<i>A. B. Cornell</i>	<i>Scattering</i>	<i>P. J. Bonebrake</i>	<i>H. J. G. Neunuller</i>	<i>D. J. Cole</i>	<i>Scattering</i>
Riley	1,491	364	349	.....	1,490	367	350	.....
Rooks.....	803	338	325	.....	803	336	329	.....
Rush.....	541	242	24	.....	540	243	23	.....
Russell.....	969	341	118	.....	969	344	116	.....
Saline.....	1,963	836	88	.....	1,936	860	92	.....
Sedgwick.....	2,282	1,342	369	.....	2,292	1,349	369	.....
Shawnee.....	4,431	1,545	121	.....	4,416	1,538	121	.....
Sheridan.....	93	52	63	.....	93	52	63	.....
Smith.....	1,527	518	403	.....	1,524	521	403	.....
Stafford.....	530	194	25	.....	529	195	59	.....
Sumner.....	2,078	1,420	526	.....	2,081	1,428	527	.....
Trego.....	333	94	28	.....	333	107	28	.....
Wabauasee.....	1,280	505	37	.....	1,245	509	40	.....
Washington.....	1,959	831	229	.....	1,959	832	229	.....
Wilson.....	1,632	720	526	.....	1,635	718	525	.....
Woodson.....	901	436	.....	1	901	437	64	1
Wyandotte.....	2,412	1,735	233	.....	2,412	1,732	234	.....
Total	122,198	59,650	19,567	3	121,840	59,795	19,901	3

COUNTIES.	TREASURER OF STATE.				ATTORNEY GENERAL.			
	<i>John Francis</i>	<i>Theo. Weichselbaum</i>	<i>S. A. Marshall</i>	<i>Scattering</i>	<i>W. A. Johnston</i>	<i>A. L. Hereford</i>	<i>D. B. Hodley</i>	<i>Scattering</i>
Allen.....	1,598	774	39	.....	1,575	799	41	.....
Anderson.....	1,137	491	368	.....	1,131	499	366	.....
Atechison.....	2,832	2,134	69	.....	2,824	2,138	69	.....
Barber.....	266	173	62	.....	266	173	63	.....
Barton.....	1,154	746	61	.....	1,144	745	61	.....
Bourbon.....	2,333	1,159	361	.....	2,330	1,162	360	.....
Brown.....	1,875	900	107	.....	1,865	900	107	.....
Butler.....	2,403	1,116	435	.....	2,404	1,112	434	.....
Chase.....	714	301	433	.....	712	320	414	.....
Chautauqua.....	1,326	653	331	.....	1,324	671	.....	.....
Cherokee.....	2,378	1,676	857	.....	2,375	1,676	857	.....
Clay.....	1,770	528	371	.....	1,770	528	371	.....
Cloud.....	2,165	887	63	1	2,166	883	63	.....
Coffey.....	1,425	849	192	.....	1,420	850	192	.....
Cowley.....	2,641	1,552	183	.....	2,637	1,555	180	.....
Crawford.....	1,910	1,356	452	.....	1,907	1,358	451	.....
Davis.....	702	399	338	.....	705	397	339	.....
Decatur.....	308	163	29	.....	308	163	29	.....
Dickinson.....	1,963	884	291	.....	1,961	884	293	.....
Doniphan.....	2,072	1,144	48	.....	2,068	1,147	43	.....
Douglas.....	3,070	1,454	242	.....	3,061	1,460	239	.....
Edwards.....	313	103	.....	.....	314	105	.....	.....
Elk.....	1,283	454	485	.....	1,278	456	.....	.....
Ellis.....	676	428	45	.....	678	429	45	.....
Ellsworth.....	1,087	501	9	.....	1,088	497	8	.....
Ford.....	368	287	21	.....	371	285	21	.....

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	TREASURER OF STATE.				ATTORNEY GENERAL.			
	<i>John Francis</i>	<i>Theo. Weichselbaum</i> ..	<i>S. A. Marshall</i>	<i>Scatterly</i>	<i>W. A. Johnson</i>	<i>A. L. Hereford</i>	<i>D. B. Haddy</i>	<i>Scatterly</i>
Franklin.....	2,111	726	901	.....	2,107	731	899	.....
Graham.....	499	104	212	.....	498	104	216	.....
Greenwood.....	1,311	665	348	.....	1,309	667	347	.....
Harper.....	571	291	188	.....	570	292	187	.....
Harvey.....	1,558	579	137	.....	1,557	580	139	.....
Hodgeman.....	178	56	33	.....	178	56	33	.....
Jackson.....	1,507	854	14	.....	1,512	854	14	.....
Jefferson.....	1,984	1,399	75	.....	1,985	1,402	75	.....
Jewell.....	2,208	840	419	.....	2,207	841	418	.....
Johnson.....	2,147	1,159	366	.....	2,136	1,164	363	.....
Kingman.....	436	197	87	.....	436	197	87	.....
Labette.....	2,723	1,456	419	.....	2,722	1,459	419	.....
Leavenworth.....	3,182	2,485	178	.....	3,207	2,488	180	.....
Lincoln.....	958	413	147	.....	960	412	147	.....
Linn.....	1,992	748	575	.....	1,992	749	573	.....
Lyon.....	2,405	870	401	.....	2,400	869	401	.....
Marion.....	1,233	521	282	.....	1,234	536	283	.....
Marshall.....	2,288	990	398	.....	2,278	993	403	1
McPherson.....	2,217	561	550	.....	2,216	562	546	.....
Miami.....	2,017	1,321	456	.....	2,012	1,320	457	.....
Mitchell.....	1,733	791	234	.....	1,734	795	228	.....
Montgomery.....	1,780	1,294	699	.....	1,779	1,295	693	.....
Morris.....	1,295	543	174	.....	1,289	548	174	.....
Nemaha.....	1,758	944	5	.....	1,755	944	4	1
Neosho.....	1,567	1,030	482	.....	1,560	1,033	486	.....
Ness.....	316	127	94	.....	316	127	94	.....
Norton.....	763	336	202	.....	763	340	201	.....
Osage.....	2,713	895	789	.....	2,707	899	791	.....
Osborne.....	1,446	567	57	13	1,444	641	57	1
Ottawa.....	1,440	524	337	.....	1,470	502	328	.....
Pawnee.....	699	235	15	.....	699	236	15	.....
Phillips.....	1,262	555	212	.....	1,262	553	213	.....
Pottawatomie.....	2,140	1,177	221	.....	2,125	1,178	224	.....
Pratt.....	197	98	33	.....	197	97	34	.....
Reno.....	1,389	531	254	.....	1,388	532	253	.....
Republic.....	1,882	658	148	.....	1,880	657	149	.....
Rice.....	1,119	494	310	.....	1,118	494	311	.....
Riley.....	1,435	428	342	.....	1,487	368	349	.....
Rooks.....	802	336	328	.....	804	334	339	.....
Rush.....	540	243	24	.....	540	242	24	.....
Russell.....	953	360	115	.....	974	340	115	.....
Saline.....	1,965	832	93	.....	1,959	836	93	.....
Sedgewick.....	2,292	1,350	369	.....	2,294	1,348	370	.....
Shawnee.....	4,427	1,538	122	.....	4,415	1,548	125	.....
Sheridan.....	93	52	63	.....	93	52	63	.....
Smith.....	1,522	522	401	1	1,527	517	402	.....
Stafford.....	530	194	60	.....	530	194	60	.....
Sumner.....	2,081	1,425	526	.....	2,080	1,417	523	.....
Trego.....	333	107	28	.....	334	106	28	.....
Wabaunsee.....	1,284	503	39	.....	1,280	510	39	.....
Washington.....	1,959	832	229	.....	1,960	830	229	.....
Wilson.....	1,636	717	523	2	1,630	717	.....	.....
Woodson.....	905	433	64	1	901	436	64	.....
Wyandotte.....	2,414	1,732	230	.....	2,410	1,735	225	.....
Total.....	121,964	59,750	19,891	18	121,905	59,869	18,541	3

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	SUPT. OF PUB. INSTRUCT'N.				ASSOC. JUSTICE SUPREME COURT.				
	<i>H. C. Speer</i>	<i>Sarah A. Brown</i> ,	<i>Charles Smith</i> ...	<i>Soderberg</i>	<i>D. M. Valentine</i> ..	<i>W. R. Wagstaff</i> ...	<i>L. D. Butler</i>	<i>D. E. Hatley</i> ...	<i>Soderberg</i>
Allen.....	1,575	779	40	.....	1,580	796	42	.....	.....
Anderson.....	1,129	476	380	.....	1,132	493	368	.....	.....
Atchison.....	2,828	2,098	69	.....	2,830	2,135	68	.....	.....
Barber.....	261	179	59	.....	265	174	63	.....	.....
Barton.....	1,209	617	61	.....	1,156	746	60	.....	.....
Bourbon.....	2,335	1,062	359	.....	2,332	1,158	361	.....	.....
Brown.....	1,877	867	105	4	1,877	899	107	.....	.....
Builer.....	2,396	1,096	434	.....	2,403	1,116	432	.....	.....
Chase.....	712	322	412	.....	712	321	415	.....	.....
Chautauqua.....	1,319	640	329	.....	1,324	653	.....	331	.....
Cherokee.....	2,375	1,648	843	.....	2,383	1,676	857	.....	.....
Clay.....	1,772	509	361	.....	1,768	529	371	.....	.....
Cloud.....	2,150	914	45	.....	2,156	888	63	.....	.....
Coffey.....	1,421	835	187	.....	1,423	849	192	.....	.....
Cowley.....	2,632	1,536	179	.....	2,633	1,555	182	.....	1
Crawford.....	1,909	1,347	447	.....	1,909	1,356	453	.....	.....
Davis.....	754	346	331	.....	702	395	340	.....	.....
Decatur.....	308	163	28	.....	308	163	29	.....	.....
Dickinson.....	1,938	907	290	.....	1,961	882	292	.....	.....
Doniphan.....	2,070	1,108	39	.....	2,072	1,146	42	.....	.....
Douglas.....	3,065	1,437	215	.....	3,061	1,457	236	.....	.....
Edwards.....	310	103	.....	.....	314	102	.....	.....	.....
Elk.....	1,271	453	483	.....	1,273	456	485	.....	.....
Ellis.....	670	456	45	.....	678	429	45	.....	.....
Ellsworth.....	1,080	506	7	.....	1,074	510	8	.....	.....
Ford.....	370	283	18	.....	371	283	21	.....	.....
Franklin.....	2,094	736	900	.....	2,117	711	893	.....	.....
Graham.....	482	114	208	.....	499	104	212	.....	.....
Greenwood.....	1,314	628	354	.....	1,307	666	350	.....	.....
Harper.....	575	323	60	.....	571	289	186	.....	.....
Harvey.....	1,558	576	141	.....	1,557	579	139	.....	.....
Hodgeman.....	176	58	32	.....	178	56	33	.....	.....
Johnson.....	1,505	802	12	.....	1,506	854	14	.....	.....
Jefferson.....	1,984	1,354	71	.....	1,974	1,403	76	.....	.....
Jewell.....	2,204	828	418	.....	2,207	843	396	.....	.....
Johnson.....	2,111	1,194	346	.....	2,142	1,164	363	.....	.....
Kingman.....	414	218	85	.....	436	197	89	.....	.....
Labette.....	2,713	1,466	413	.....	2,722	1,463	418	.....	.....
Leavenworth.....	3,228	2,425	178	1	3,202	2,394	173	.....	.....
Lincoln.....	953	384	157	.....	958	411	146	.....	.....
Linn.....	1,979	753	569	.....	1,996	748	574	.....	.....
Lyon.....	2,359	903	389	.....	2,363	866	401	.....	.....
Marion.....	1,236	532	280	.....	1,235	423	268	.....	.....
Marshall.....	2,304	971	392	2	2,281	998	402	.....	.....
McPherson.....	2,215	564	546	.....	2,219	561	550	.....	.....
Miami.....	2,069	1,333	449	.....	2,004	1,339	451	.....	.....
Mitchell.....	1,705	789	231	1	1,732	774	226	.....	.....
Montgomery.....	1,773	1,292	683	.....	1,777	1,292	692	.....	.....
Morris.....	1,290	536	167	.....	1,290	546	174	.....	.....
Nemaha.....	1,755	868	61	.....	1,758	943	5	.....	.....
Neosho.....	1,534	1,053	480	1	1,563	1,052	484	.....	.....
Ness.....	312	131	93	.....	316	127	94	.....	.....
Norton.....	767	333	201	.....	764	336	202	.....	.....
Osage.....	2,697	904	779	2	2,709	901	787	.....	.....
Osborne.....	1,445	587	56	5	1,448	590	56	.....	1
Ottawa.....	1,432	523	340	.....	1,441	525	335	.....	.....
Pawnee.....	694	234	15	.....	666	236	15	.....	.....
Phillips.....	1,256	561	212	.....	1,251	555	213	.....	.....
Pottawatomie.....	2,125	1,177	217	5	2,139	1,179	220	.....	2
Pratt.....	200	90	37	.....	198	97	34	.....	.....
Reno.....	1,376	533	232	.....	1,387	531	253	.....	.....
Republic.....	1,879	660	148	.....	1,882	658	149	.....	.....
Rice.....	1,114	708	99	.....	1,119	491	312	.....	.....
Riley.....	1,498	344	356	.....	1,489	368	350	.....	.....

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONCLUDED.

COUNTIES.	SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.				ASSOCIATE JUSTICE SUPREME COURT.				
	<i>H. C. Spear</i>	<i>Sarah A. Brown</i>	<i>Chas. Smith</i>	<i>Scatterling</i>	<i>D. M. Valentine</i>	<i>W. R. Wray</i>	<i>L. D. Bailey</i>	<i>D. B. Hodley</i>	<i>Scatterling</i>
Rooks.....	797	346	331	.....	801	332	326	.....	.....
Rush.....	534	271	.....	.....	536	243	23	.....	.....
Russell.....	965	347	113	.....	971	341	116	.....	.....
Saline.....	1,967	919	.....	.....	1,960	834	93	.....	.....
Sedgwick.....	2,307	1,284	394	.....	2,296	1,314	403	.....	.....
Shawnee.....	4,377	1,570	114	.....	4,440	1,544	124	.....	.....
Sheridan.....	95	50	62	.....	93	52	63	.....	.....
Smith.....	1,533	506	401	.....	1,527	518	402	.....	.....
Stafford.....	529	197	59	.....	530	193	60	.....	.....
Sumner.....	2,076	1,394	525	.....	2,079	1,418	525	.....	.....
Trego.....	332	103	28	.....	333	107	28	.....	.....
Wabausee.....	1,287	485	33	.....	1,287	510	39	.....	.....
Washington.....	1,959	823	229	.....	1,958	829	229	.....	.....
Wilson.....	1,631	705	534	.....	1,632	719	.....	539	.....
Woodson.....	899	423	63	2	901	435	64	.....	3
Wyandotte.....	2,399	1,744	204	.....	2,415	1,732	223	.....	.....
Total.....	121,628	59,319	19,264	23	121,864	59,558	18,500	1,355	7

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	PERSONS VOTED FOR.			
	<i>John A. Anderson</i>	<i>G. C. Barnes</i>	<i>John Davis</i>	<i>Scatterling</i>
Achison.....	2,666	2,283	71	.....
Brown.....	1,873	898	107	.....
Clay.....	1,741	563	567	1
Cloud.....	2,132	863	119	1
Davis.....	683	294	458	.....
Decatur.....	307	163	29	.....
Dickinson.....	1,924	796	412	.....
Doniphan.....	2,065	1,143	59	.....
Ellis.....	574	388	40	.....
Ellsworth.....	1,092	488	.....	13
Graham.....	529	73	205	.....
Jackson.....	1,504	853	.....	.....
Jefferson.....	1,980	1,400	78	.....
Jewell.....	2,175	798	453	.....
Leavenworth.....	3,316	2,336	155	.....
Lincoln.....	941	362	195	.....
Marshall.....	2,265	989	422	.....
Mitchell.....	1,726	729	292	.....
Nemaha.....	1,753	906	41	3
Norton.....	780	347	177	.....
Osborne.....	1,448	584	61	.....
Ottawa.....	1,429	166	701	.....

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS—CONTINUED.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	PERSONS VOTED FOR.			
	<i>John A. Anderson.</i>	<i>G. C. Barnes.</i>	<i>John Davis.</i>	<i>Scattering.</i>
Phillips	1,246	550	224	.....
Pottawatomie	2,151	1,090	198	.....
Republic	1,861	610	191	.....
Riley	1,310	277	604	.....
Rooks	771	273	401	1
Russell	972	341	120	1
Saline	1,830	801	254	.....
Sheridan	85	52	53	.....
Smith	1,520	514	469	.....
Washington	1,950	827	231	.....
Total	48,599	22,727	7,318	20

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	PERSONS VOTED FOR.		
	<i>D. C. Haskell.</i>	<i>Louis F. Green.</i>	<i>Scattering.</i>
Allen	1,549	862	.....
Anderson	1,107	881	.....
Bourbon	2,337	1,508	.....
Cherokee	2,389	2,514	.....
Crawford	1,906	1,799	.....
Douglas	2,920	1,791	.....
Franklin	2,130	1,582	.....
Johnson	2,132	1,494	.....
Labette	2,735	1,838	1
Linn	2,021	1,290	.....
Linn	2,044	1,682	19
Miami	1,854	1,903	.....
Montgomery	1,854	1,903	.....
Neosho	1,578	1,486	.....
Wilson	1,634	1,232	.....
Wyandotte	2,442	1,875	.....
Total	30,758	23,737	20

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS—CONCLUDED.

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	PERSONS VOTED FOR.			
	<i>Thos. Ryan</i>	<i>J. Wade McDonald</i>	<i>D. P. Mitchell</i>	<i>Scattering</i>
Barber.....	255	169	76	.....
Barton.....	1,156	741	63	.....
Butler.....	2,360	1,097	490	.....
Chase.....	697	291	458	.....
Chautauqua.....	1,319	608	382	.....
Coffey.....	1,396	739	350	.....
Cowley.....	2,608	1,530	221	.....
Edwards.....	312	103	.....	.....
Elk.....	1,252	382	528	.....
Ford.....	380	278	20	.....
Gove (attached to Ellis).....	102	40	15	.....
Greenwood.....	1,275	614	422	.....
Harper.....	515	296	229	.....
Harvey.....	1,532	541	190	.....
Hodgeman.....	180	54	33	.....
Kingman.....	392	197	123	.....
Lyon.....	2,369	841	462	.....
Marion.....	1,221	529	298	.....
McPherson.....	2,151	523	615	.....
Morris.....	1,287	551	192	.....
Ness.....	321	120	93	.....
Osage.....	2,637	816	921	.....
Pawnee.....	692	239	18	.....
Pratt.....	168	93	70	.....
Reno.....	1,308	472	283	.....
Rice.....	1,113	492	316	.....
Rush.....	536	239	23	.....
Sedgwick.....	2,148	265	1,487	.....
Shawnee.....	4,411	1,499	153	.....
Stafford.....	527	190	64	.....
Sumner.....	2,033	1,443	542	.....
Trego.....	334	80	23	.....
Wabaunsee.....	1,250	502	44	.....
Woodson.....	867	419	112	1
Total.....	41,094	16,976	9,396	1

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

FIRST DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Dunphy</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority</i>
R. M. Williams.....	1,967	1,967	742
B. A. Seaver.....	1,225	1,225	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONTINUED.

SECOND DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>McKissock.</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Plurality.</i>
L. M. Briggs.....	2,703	2,703	329
A. S. Everest.....	2,540	2,540	166
A. H. Lamphear.....	2,374	2,374	
T. J. Emlin.....	2,160	2,160	
Jesse Piggott.....	81	81	

THIRD DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Brown.....</i>	<i>Nemaha.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.</i>
Ira F. Collins.....	1,902	1,663	3,565	1,801
T. B. Collins.....	791	968	1,759	
Scattering.....	5		5	

FOURTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Jackson.....</i>	<i>Polk and Omaha.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.</i>
Case Broderick.....	1,486	1,909	3,395	1,168
J. G. Nichols.....	769	1,171	1,943	
J. H. Keller.....	80	199	279	
Scattering.....		5	5	

FIFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Jefferson.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.</i>
A. McLouth.....	1,743	1,743	23
Val. Brown.....	1,720	1,720	

SIXTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Leavenworth.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
H. M. Aller.....	1,399	1,399	12
C. F. W. Dassler.....	1,340	1,340	
E. T. Latta.....	47	47	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONTINUED.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Leavenworth.</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority</i>
T. G. V. Boling.....	1,726	1,726	365
F. M. Gable.....	1,308	1,308	
T. C. Duel.....	52	52	
H. R. Mullins.....	1	1	

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Wynandotte</i> ...	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority</i>
W. J. Buchan	2,226	2,226	122
Byron Judd.....	2,024	2,024	
A. G. McCormack	80	80	

NINTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Johnson</i> ...	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority</i> ..
L. W. Breyfogle.....	2,125	2,125	622
John J. Evans.....	988	988	
D. G. Campbell.....	515	515	

TENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Miami</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority</i> ..
L. Bradbury.....	1,943	1,943	131
J. W. Gossett.....	1,335	1,335	
Robert Dunn.....	477	477	

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Linn</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority</i> ..
R. W. Blue.....	1,750	1,750	281
Henry Bronson.....	1,469	1,469	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONTINUED.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Bourbon.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
E. F. Ware.....	2,050	2,050	868
A. Shinn.....	1,182	1,182	

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Crawford.....</i>	<i>Bourbon.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
A. P. Riddle.....	1,882	307	2,189	111
Dwight Corning.....	1,812	266	2,078	

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Cherokee.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
B. F. Hogg.....	2,491	2,491	132
T. P. Anderson.....	2,352	2,352	
Scattering.....	7	7	

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Labette.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
W. B. Glasse.....	2,675	2,675	793
George Campbell.....	1,882	1,882	

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Neosho.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
M. T. Jones.....	1,568	1,568	132
James M. Allen.....	1,434	1,434	
Scattering.....	2	2	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONTINUED.

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Anderson.	Allen.....	Total.....	Majority..
E. H. Funston	1,098	1,574	2,672	964
G. J. Rogers.....	889	819	1,708	

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Pyonkkn.	Total.....	Majority..
A. W. Benson	1,949	1,949	201
W. L. Parkinson.....	1,748	1,748	

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Douglas..	Total.....	Majority..
Solon O. Thacher.....	2,398	2,398	624
Albert R. Greene.....	2,470	2,470	696
J. C. Watts.....	1,774	1,774	
C. M. Sears.....	1,244	1,244	
Sidney Clarke.....	1,042	1,042	

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Shannon..	Total.....	Majority..
D. C. Metsker	3,606	3,606	1,285
W. H. Rossington.....	2,287	2,287	
Columbus Johnson.....	34	34	

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Wabarrasse..	Osage.....	Total.....	Majority....
L. E. Finch.....	748	2,387	3,135	159
H. D. Shepart.....	1,022	1,953	2,975	
Scattering.....		1	1	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONTINUED.

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Woodson..</i>	<i>Coffey.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
Harrison Kelley.....	1,165	1,459	2,624	1,872
Pusey Graves.....	151	593	744	
H. D. Dickson.....	8		8	

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Wilson....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
S. S. Benedict	1,583	1,583	335
J. L. Shinn.....	1,248	1,248	

TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Greenwood..</i>	<i>Lyon.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority....</i>
A. P. Cogswell.....	1,625	1,388	3,013	109
Almerin Gillett.....	650	2,254	2,904	

TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Montgomery</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority....</i>
A. B. Clark.	1,726	1,726	385
J. R. Baldwin.....	1,341	1,341	
J. E. Greer.....	652	652	

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Chautauqua...</i>	<i>Elk.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
J. C. Long.....	1,210	1,063	2,273	60
E. M. Hewins.....	1,073	1,140	2,213	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONTINUED.

TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Barley.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
Wm. P. Hackney.....	2,409	2,409	768
Chas. C. Black.....	1,635	1,635	
Scattering.....	6	6	

TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Harvey.....</i>	<i>Butler.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Plurality..</i>
Neil Wilkie.....	1,064	1,030	2,094	299
J. E. Neal.....	750	1,045	1,795	
T. B. Murdock.....	331	1,413	1,744	
A. H. Dillon.....	126	410	536	

TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Morris.....</i>	<i>Marion.....</i>	<i>Chase.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
R. M. Crane.....	1,405	1,008	663	3,076	731
R. C. Bates.....	599	971	775	2,345	

THIRTIETH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Dickinson</i>	<i>Davis.....</i>	<i>Riley.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
F. H. Burris.....	1,763	679	1,447	3,889	1,054
J. T. Ellicott.....	642	411	368	1,421	
S. Wilson.....	696	337	381	1,414	

THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Marshall.</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
Perry Hutchinson.....	2,287	2,287	979
T. W. Waterson.....	1,307	1,307	
Scattering.....	1	1	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONTINUED.

THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Clay.....</i>	<i>Washington...</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
J. W. Rector.....	1,660	2,024	3,684	1,702
C. E. Gifford.....	961	812	1,773	
F. W. Thrasher.....		209	209	

THIRTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Cloud.....</i>	<i>Republica..</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Plurality..</i>
N. B. Brown.....	1,509	477	1,986	68
R. P. West.....	573	1,345	1,918	
L. J. Crans.....	938	728	1,616	

THIRTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Norton.....</i>	<i>Smith.....</i>	<i>Phillips...</i>	<i>Jewell.....</i>	<i>Deatur... ..</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
George H. Case.....	792	1,505	1,222	2,082	309	5,910	2,319
W. D. Covington.....	353	529	601	929	164	2,576	
M. E. Wells.....		405	191	392	27	1,015	

THIRTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Kooks.....</i>	<i>Osborne ..</i>	<i>Mitchell...</i>	<i>Okunna.....</i>	<i>Sheridan..</i>	<i>Graham... ..</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
A. L. Patchin.....	732	1,334	1,525	1,435	94	582	5,702	2,117
J. B. Chapman.....	686	709	1,184	863	50	82	3,574	
Scattering.....		9	1			1	11	

THIRTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>McPherson..</i>	<i>Saline.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
Thomas Anderson.....	2,143	1,970	4,113	2,079
D. H. Page.....	1,127	907	2,034	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONCLUDED.

THIRTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Persons voted for.	Trego.....	Ness.....	Parnece.....	Port.....	Barton.....	Rush.....	Edwards.....	Ellis.....	Russell.....	Pano.....	Rice.....	Ellsworth.....	Linch.....	Hodgeman.....	Total.....	Majority.....
J. C. Strang.....	373	363	630	372	1,143	525	274	574	982	1,385	1,109	1,151	968	177	10,029	5,598
E. G. Smith.....	38	13	273	286	748	243	139	391	340	525	455		19	56	3,526	
Noah Allen.....				18										32	50	
J. H. Bailey.....			15		59			28	116	253	347				818.	
Scattering.....	32	2			1								2		37	

THIRTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Persons voted for.	Sedgwick.....	Sumner.....	Barber.....	Harper.....	Kingman.....	Stafford.....	Pratt.....	Total.....	Majority.....
H. C. Sluss.....	2,051	1,956	242	421	389	546	187	5,792	504
D. W. Johnson.....	906	1,488	176	274	189	123	94	3,250	
Noah Allen.....	989	537	74	198	137	43	36	2,034	
Scattering.....			2			2		4	

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

Districts..	Counties.	Names of persons voted for.	No. votes..	Majority..	Plurality..
1	Doniphan.....	J. F. Dunwoody.....	921	269	
		T. J. Armstrong.....	652		
2		George V. Hagaman.....	524	69	
		R. M. Steele.....	455		
3		Joseph Davis.....	264		59
		R. H. Larzelere.....	205		
		C. Poirier.....	204		
4	Atchison.....	George W. Glick.....	657	24	
		H. C. Bruce.....	628		
		N. S. Mitchell.....	5		
5		John Seaton.....	606	506	
		H. S. Baker.....	83		
		James Anderson.....	17		
6		Frank E. Cloyes.....	813	159	
		F. L. Vandegrift.....	622		
		W. G. Meredith.....	32		
7		Joseph Potter.....	594	13	
		A. J. Reed.....	528		
		James Stalons.....	53		
8	Jefferson.....	Edwin Snyder.....	935	268	
		O. W. Glynn.....	667		
9		John M. Puderbaugh.....	907	1	
		W. C. Butts.....	906		
10	Leavenworth.....	Oscar Haberlein.....	308		65
		W. D. Matthews.....	243		
		I. G. Losee.....	67		
11		P. Geraughty.....	260	26	
		W. H. Bond.....	222		
		M. F. Green.....	12		
12		James F. Legate.....	483	74	
		J. P. Bauseman.....	395		
		John McCarty.....	14		

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes.</i>	<i>Majority.</i>	<i>Priority.</i>
13	Leavenworth (concluded)..	John Schott.....	243		17
		R. V. Flora.....	214		
		John C. Vogel.....	226		
		Joseph McGonigle.....	78		
14	.....	W. T. Marvin.....	359	118	
		J. F. Hathaway.....	241		
15	.....	M. C. Harris.....	610	33	
		R. H. Mullins.....	542		
		T. F. Coffey.....	34		
		F. M. Gable.....	1		
16	.....	John Divelbess.....	704	238	
		W. H. Fox.....	432		
		Charles Collins.....	33		
		P. W. Gowell.....	1		
17	Wyandotte.....	E. S. W. Drought.....	779	334	
		C. R. Yeomans.....	48		
		John A. Kennedy.....	397		
18	.....	B. L. Stine.....	1,108	143	
		J. F. Timmons.....	965		
19	.....	T. J. Barker.....	512	64	
		M. S. Dennison.....	440		
		R. P. Twist.....	2		
		J. W. Hedrick.....	6		
20	Johnson.....	J. B. Hutchison.....	577		128
		J. J. Dawson.....	136		
		George W. Blanton.....	449		
21	.....	Austin Brown.....	798	308	
		Nich. Reitz.....	490		
22	.....	Rezin Addy.....	443		16
		J. W. Thomas.....	427		
		Alex. R. Miller.....	181		
23	Douglas.....	J. G. Schnebly.....	643	239	
		Joseph Iliff.....	404		
24	.....	Edward Russell.....	849	733	
		A. Williams.....	116		
25	.....	Wm. Nicholson.....	660	145	
		John Hutchings.....	439		
		C. H. Langston.....	76		
26	.....	Robert A. Steele.....	683	124	
		Carson Wicks.....	559		
27	Franklin.....	C. P. Crouch.....	1,044	324	
		A. C. Shinn.....	720		
28	.....	W. B. Bass.....	998	109	
		J. R. Daily.....	889		
29	Miami.....	J. W. Games.....	722	88	
		George Kingsley.....	550		
		A. D. Gruber.....	84		
30	.....	H. Rice.....	672	147	
		Alpheus Lane.....	525		
31	.....	Henry Post.....	541		70
		J. G. Martin.....	471		
		J. M. Gassaway.....	193		
32	Linn.....	J. D. Snoddy.....	626	227	
		J. D. Wait.....	399		
33	.....	Henry Carpenter.....	589	191	
		A. L. Humphrey.....	398		
34	.....	Joel Moody.....	624	36	
		G. H. B. Hopkins.....	588		
35	Bourbon.....	Wiley Bollinger.....	459	113	
		E. P. Shaffer.....	346		
36	.....	Oscar Strait.....	621	58	
		George Richardson.....	563		
37	.....	J. H. Lawhead.....	617	219	
		W. C. Perry.....	398		
38	.....	Thomas Cochran.....	434	118	
		T. Woodard.....	316		
39	Crawford.....	S. C. Millington.....	834		351
		A. A. Phillips.....	483		
		Isaac McCune.....	410		

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Districts...</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes.</i>	<i>Majority.</i>	<i>Plurality.</i>
40	Crawford (concluded).....	W. B. Cochran.....	983	2	
		Jacob Miller.....	981		
41	Cherokee.....	V. L. Browning.....	645	264	
		J. H. C. Gross.....	381		
42	.....	C. R. Webbert.....	720	150	
		S. O. McDowell.....	570		
43	.....	H. R. Hubbard.....	1,341	215	
		J. N. Sweeney.....	1,129		
44	Labette.....	J. B. Swartz.....	1,193	313	
		W. H. Morris.....	880		
45	.....	J. S. Waters.....	702	192	
		J. C. Murphy.....	510		
46	.....	T. J. Calvin.....	700	176	
		A. D. Martin.....	524		
47	Montgomery.....	J. H. Norris.....	630		145
		L. W. Myers.....	485		
		J. R. Littleton.....	278		
48	.....	Alexander Moore.....	535		138
		C. M. Ralstin.....	397		
		I. M. Fletcher.....	155		
49	.....	J. P. Rood.....	630	33	
		W. A. Peder.....	597		
50	Neosho.....	John Hall.....	813	272	
		J. W. Stewart.....	683		
51	.....	H. F. Cory.....	971	288	
		W. T. Dutton.....	541		
52	Allen.....	R. B. Stevenson.....	710	225	
		W. S. Hendricks.....	485		
53	.....	J. W. Cox.....	569	27	
		William Rath.....	542		
54	Wilson.....	J. Z. Sexton.....	839	228	
		J. Butts.....	608		
		Scattering.....	3		
55	.....	T. F. C. Dodd.....	798	190	
		S. W. Sturdevant.....	608		
56	Woodson.....	Dexter E. Clapp.....	880	451	
		Seth R. Kellogg.....	424		
		H. D. Dickson.....	3		
		Scattering.....	2		
57	Anderson.....	D. W. Houston.....	981	26	
		C. H. Lowry.....	953		
		R. M. Slonaker.....	2		
58	Coffey.....	A. W. Jones.....	647	109	
		Wm. Manson.....	486		
		Geo. W. Keever.....	52		
59	.....	John Giesy.....	596	14	
		S. B. Griggs.....	495		
		A. V. Coffin.....	87		
60	Osage.....	John E. Rastall.....	1,034		345
		Joseph Drake.....	689		
		W. F. Coffman.....	538		
61	.....	H. J. McMaster.....	1,329	605	
		H. Kirby.....	724		
62	Shawnee.....	J. H. Foucht.....	1,192	479	
		C. B. Kilmer.....	713		
63	.....	T. J. Anderson.....	2,360	2,360	
64	.....	J. B. Johnson.....	1,165	761	
		L. J. Grubbs.....	491		
65	Wabaunsee.....	L. J. McCrumb.....	1,254	746	
		G. W. Thompson.....	423		
		A. H. Stiles.....	85		
66	Jackson.....	G. T. Watkins.....	631	11	
		James H. Lowell.....	620		
67	.....	W. H. Wilson.....	711	338	
		C. R. Burns.....	373		
68	Pottawatomie.....	H. F. Robbins.....	971	374	
		C. Umscheld.....	504		
		Robert Thompson.....	93		

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Distric</i> ts.....	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. of votes.</i>	<i>Majority</i>	<i>Plurality</i>
69	Pottawatomie (concluded)..	C. N. Points.....	998	118	
		L. C. Prunty.....	879		
70	Brown.....	J. W. Estep.....	1	582	
		J. M. Cannon.....	1,021		
		Johnson Beaty.....	382		
		G. S. Waite.....	57		
71	.....	N. F. Leslie.....	752	139	
		H. A. Parsons.....	584		
		D. A. Smith.....	29		
72	Nemaha.....	N. F. Beuson.....	755	124	
		R. E. Nelson.....	631		
73	.....	A. W. Cracraft.....	879	872	
		A. J. Birchfield.....	6		
		Ed. Byrne.....	1		
74	Marshall.....	George W. Kelley.....	990	277	
		John Balderson.....	712		
		Scattering.....	1		
75	.....	S. W. Hazen.....	1,285	678	
		F. B. Taylor jr.....	605		
		Scattering.....	2		
76	Riley.....	George S. Green.....	560	251	
		Samuel Long.....	212		
		E. Gale.....	97		
77	.....	N. Green.....	525		1
		P. G. Johnson.....	524		
		D. Printner.....	97		
78	Davis.....	A. C. Pierce.....	555	114	
		James Humphrey.....	441		
		John S. Coryell.....	434		
79	Clay.....	George Taylor.....	1,575	520	
		W. D. Vincent.....	1,055		
80	Dickinson.....	C. H. Lebold.....	1,739	409	
		L. Swigart.....	995		
		N. Thurston.....	335		
81	Morris.....	O. S. Munsell.....	1,091	227	
		M. B. Nicholson.....	864		
82	Lyon.....	James Miles.....	968	317	
		C. V. Eskridge.....	651		
83	.....	George W. Sutton.....	1,072	338	
		S. P. Elliott.....	734		
84	Lyon and Greenwood.....	W. F. Osborn (Lyon).....	37		
		W. F. Osborn (Greenwood)..	276		33
		L. O. Priest (Lyon).....	47		
		L. O. Priest (Greenwood)....	233	280	
		T. Hathaway (Lyon).....	42		
		T. Hathaway (Greenwood)...	208	250	
		Scattering.....	1		
85	Greenwood.....	J. B. Clogston.....	763	182	
		T. A. Fanshier.....	581		
		H. H. Hart.....	199		
86	Chase.....	J. S. Doolittle.....	644	75	
		S. N. Wood.....	569		
		Arch. Miller.....	222		
		Scattering.....	2		
87	Marion.....	W. W. Waring.....	1,145	197	
		R. C. Coble.....	798		
		Daniel Reder.....	149		
		L. T. Webster.....	1		
88	Cowley.....	Allen B. Lemmon.....	1,595	687	
		R. H. Schofield.....	907		
		Scattering.....	1		
89	.....	C. R. Mitchell.....	1,089	329	
		M. R. Leonard.....	760		
90	Butler.....	G. A. Sears.....	1,049	177	
		L. Shamleffer.....	667		
		A. K. Brown.....	204		
		Scattering.....	1		

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes.</i>	<i>Majority.</i>	<i>Plurality.</i>
91	Butler (concluded).....	H. D. Hill.....	1,082	226	
		W. J. Gault.....	637		
		W. H. Litson.....	215		
		Scattering.....	4		
92	Sedgwick.....	W. E. Stanley.....	895		238
		John B. Carey.....	657		
		C. S. Eichholtz.....	170		
		T. L. Nixon.....	162		
93	.....	F. M. Dofflenmyre.....	1,056	105	
		J. F. Majors.....	694		
		B. W. Ross.....	257		
94	Chautauqua.....	W. A. Hogan.....	481	84	
		George Hurst.....	54		
		J. H. Rodman.....	343		
95	.....	C. H. Inglesfield.....	774	127	
		E. B. Hibbard.....	572		
		Alexander Bell.....	75		
96	Elk.....	J. W. Brewster.....	1,227	250	
		John Gambel.....	977		
97	Sumner.....	A. B. Mayhew.....	2,088	171	
		William Carter.....	1,395		
		H. N. White.....	522		
98	Harvey.....	J. W. Ady.....	1,345	455	
		Charles Schaffer.....	890		
99	McPherson.....	J. M. Vannordstrand.....	2,150	991	
		M. L. Drake.....	1,159		
100	Saline.....	Nels Peterson.....	1,174		297
		R. H. Buel.....	877		
		Samuel Carlin.....	825		
101	Ottawa.....	R. P. Blain.....	1,414	538	
		L. F. Smith.....	876		
102	Cloud.....	W. S. Crump.....	940	432	
		J. J. McFarlan.....	508		
103	.....	Joseph Cool.....	1,069	552	
		E. D. Jones.....	517		
104	Washington.....	O. M. Osbon.....	742	28	
		J. M. Hood.....	635		
		John R. Ash.....	79		
105	.....	O. H. Beeson.....	1,026	571	
		Thos. Dolan.....	136		
		M. D. Tenny.....	319		
106	Republic.....	W. H. Leigh.....	725	292	
		S. F. Vinton.....	332		
		S. M. Edwards.....	101		
107	.....	W. P. Peake.....	689		301
		D. C. Gamble.....	388		
		W. C. Shull.....	275		
		F. N. Hart.....	40		
108	Jewell.....	David Heron.....	1,138	455	
		C. H. Moody.....	683		
109	.....	M. F. Knappenberger.....	828	95	
		J. M. Hutchinson.....	703		
		N. Gishwiler.....	30		
110	Smith.....	J. A. Rossman.....	1,439	455	
		G. T. Ketchum.....	571		
		F. E. Baker.....	413		
111	Mitchell.....	F. Charlesworth.....	1,606	496	
		H. P. Churchill.....	788		
		I. M. Temple.....	324		
		I. D. Young.....	1		
112	Lincoln.....	George W. Anderson.....	761	54	
		A. S. Sutton.....	707		
113	Ellsworth.....	J. B. Hoag.....	775	45	
		A. N. McLennan.....	730		
114	Rice.....	J. G. Eckles.....	964	54	
		Chas. Rumsey.....	908		
		Scattering.....	2		
115	Reno.....	John H. Lawson.....	1,001		131
		Wm. M. Ingham.....	870		
		Henry Hegwer.....	210		

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

<i>District.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes.</i>	<i>Majority.</i>	<i>Plurality.</i>
116	Phillips.....	W. L. Morgan.....	1,197	382	
		J. T. Schultz.....	799		
		Jos. E. Beedy.....	16		
117	Osborne.....	A. W. Gowan.....	1,306	571	
		W. S. Barbour.....	723		
		Scattering.....	12		
118	Russell.....	Ira S. Fleck.....	753	104	
		H. F. McKinney.....	557		
		W. H. Beers.....	92		
119	Ellis.....	Martin Allen.....	500	10	
		W. W. Loveless.....	443		
		Walter Martin.....	47		
120	Barton.....	D. N. Heizer.....	944		313
		F. A. Steckel.....	631		
		P. G. Bonewitz.....	236		
		C. Coughlin.....	126		
121	Pawnee.....	John Bennyworth.....	511	84	
		J. W. Rush.....	427		
122	Ford.....	R. M. Wright.....	406	267	
		Geo. B. Cox.....	139		
123	Norton.....	Albert Graves.....	562	16	
		A. S. Burroughs.....	370		
		John Gishwiller.....	176		
124	Edwards.....	C. H. Kirkpatrick.....	220	33	
		Taylor Flick.....	187		
125	Barber.....	George D. Orner.....	251	10	
		T. L. O'Bryan.....	171		
		N. B. Blanton.....	70		
	Rooks.....	A. B. Montgomery.....	758	71	
		E. J. Donnell.....	687		
	Rush.....	John Hargrave.....	245		55
		James H. Johnson.....	190		
		J. E. Ruhl.....	185		
		F. S. Stumbaugh.....	144		
		Wm. Jessup.....	34		
	Harper.....	G. W. Francis.....	580	179	
		H. C. Fislcr.....	400		
		H. C. Sluss.....	1		
	Kingman.....	S. G. Babcock.....	283		52
		F. E. Gillett.....	231		
		S. A. Hunt.....	182		
	Hodgeman.....	Alex. Newby.....	167	77	
		C. E. Roughton.....	69		
		Samuel Townsend.....	21		
	Trego.....	J. F. Keeney.....	261	60	
		T. W. Miller.....	201		
	Pratt.....	M. C. Davis.....	191	56	
		A. H. Hubbs.....	135		
	Stafford.....	J. C. Tousley.....	335		36
		M. V. Lamereaux.....	299		
		C. B. Cline.....	135		
	Decatur.....	D. B. Stone.....	277	59	
		W. B. Mead.....	218		
	Graham.....	J. L. Walton.....	424	45	
		Albert Woodin.....	183		
		C. Westover.....	171		
		C. H. Cole.....	25		
	Ness.....	Horatio Gates.....	317	120	
		Cyrus Corning.....	197		
	Sheridan.....	E. J. Turner.....	183	177	
		W. P. Harrison.....	4		
		Scattering.....	2		

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF DISTRICT COURTS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Leavenworth..</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
Robert Crozier.....	3,095	3,095	108
T. A. Hurd.....	2,686	2,686	
Oliver Diefendorf.....	1	1	

SECOND DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Menasha...</i>	<i>Brown....</i>	<i>Doniphan</i>	<i>Atchison..</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
David Martin.....	2,683	2,667	3,118	4,892	13,360	13,360

THIRD DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Wichitansaw...</i>	<i>Shawnee.....</i>	<i>Pottawatomie..</i>	<i>Jefferson.....</i>	<i>Jackson.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
John T. Morton.....	910	3,325	2,098	1,922	1,752	10,007	3,959
Jacob Safford.....	831	2,267	1,295	1,235	420	6,048	

FOURTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Anderson..</i>	<i>Franklin..</i>	<i>Douglas...</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
N. T. Stephens.....	1,072	2,317	3,027	6,416	2,693
S. A. Riggs.....	796	1,191	1,711	3,698	
O. A. Bassett.....	23			23	
Charles Smith.....	2			2	

FIFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Greenwood..</i>	<i>Coffey.....</i>	<i>Osage.....</i>	<i>Lyon.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
Charles B. Graves.....	1,261	1,336	2,610	1,868	7,078	1,524
J. W. Lynn.....	1,017	1,038	1,716	1,753	5,554	

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURTS—CONCLUDED.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Clay</i>	<i>Clout</i>	<i>Republic</i>	<i>Washington</i> ...	<i>Marshall</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority</i>
A. S. Wilson.....	2,580	3,087	2,119	1,988	2,834	12,608	11,167
C. M. Kellogg.....	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	14	.....
Cal. T. Mann.....	14	5	.....	827	581	1,427	.....

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Sedgwick</i>	<i>Sumner</i>	<i>Cowley</i>	<i>Chautauque</i> ...	<i>Elk</i>	<i>Butler</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority</i>
E. S. Torrance.....	2,261	2,113	4,004	1,332	1,276	2,451	13,437	12,046
J. C. Cannon.....	.....	.....	.....	947	429	.....	1,376	.....
Scattering.....	.....	.....	12	.....	.....	3	15	.....

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Irego</i>	<i>Russell</i>	<i>Ellsworth</i>	<i>Ellis</i>	<i>Lincoln</i>	<i>McPherson</i>	<i>Saline</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority</i>
J. H. Prescott.....	372	995	1,081	629	1,118	2,279	1,923	8,397	5,246
John Foster.....	39	295	492	351	393	639	942	3,151	.....

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Gradiah</i>	<i>Declar</i>	<i>Sheridan</i>	<i>Rooks</i>	<i>Smith</i>	<i>Phillips</i>	<i>Norton</i>	<i>Osborne</i>	<i>Jewell</i>	<i>Michell</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Majority</i>
Clark A. Smith...	543	324	94	799	1,540	1,239	790	1,466	2,236	1,744	10,775	5,768
W. C. Don Carlos..	96	170	52	568	608	725	355	586	928	885	4,973	.....
Scattering.....	1	.....	.....	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	34	.....

VOTE ON PROPOSITIONS TO AMEND THE CONSTITUTION.

PROPOSITION I.—To prohibit the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors.

PROPOSITION II.—To strike out the clause exempting two hundred dollars personal property from taxation.

COUNTIES.	PROPOSITION I.		PROPOSITION II.	
	For.....	Against.....	For.....	Against.....
Allen.....	1,305	951	573	1,571
Anderson.....	909	870	329	1,437
Atchison.....	1,343	3,147	435	4,059
Barber.....	220	213	83	322
Barton.....	490	1,058	63	1,602
Bourbon.....	1,410	1,964	866	2,442
Brown.....	1,345	1,288	266	2,371
Butler.....	2,211	1,141	731	2,575
Chase.....	597	660	111	1,174
Chautauqua.....	1,051	819	1,130	739
Cherokee.....	2,421	1,914	1,086	3,264
Clay.....	1,296	907	592	1,717
Cloud.....	1,454	1,261	1,072	1,673
Coffey.....	1,025	1,209	215	2,088
Cowley.....	3,243	870	346	3,851
Crawford.....	1,655	1,469	1,435	1,753
Davis.....	628	607	115	1,164
Decatur.....	146	251	121	298
Dickinson.....	1,477	1,222	421	2,267
Doniphan.....	821	2,150	263	2,662
Douglas.....	2,711	1,602	310	3,964
Edwards.....	121	194	38	269
Elk.....	1,232	564	1,143	656
Ellis.....	355	463	113	859
Ellsworth.....	611	781	387	1,002
Ford.....	125	488	24	516
Franklin.....	1,967	1,293	566	2,728
Graham.....	207	358	96	565
Greenwood.....	1,059	941	762	1,203
Harper.....	424	316	65	687
Harvey.....	1,148	858	305	1,758
Hodgeman.....	147	65	56	169
Jackson.....	1,056	1,098	642	1,526
Jefferson.....	1,306	1,723	378	2,749
Jewell.....	1,557	1,256	1,282	1,576
Johnson.....	1,545	1,787	631	2,654
Kingman.....	265	346	58	592
Labette.....	2,082	2,123	1,104	3,039
Leavenworth.....	1,486	3,882	245	5,132
Lincoln.....	613	733	773	604
Linn.....	1,494	1,292	1,212	1,573
Lyon.....	2,337	877	589	2,805
Marion.....	1,020	825	151	1,719
Marshall.....	1,428	1,853	221	3,110
McPherson.....	2,134	912	332	2,707
Miami.....	1,488	1,751	550	2,693
Mitchell.....	1,348	1,178	691	1,811
Montgomery.....	1,939	1,250	1,209	1,972
Morris.....	895	885	316	1,478
Nemaha.....	1,213	1,185	308	2,056
Neosho.....	1,528	1,164	1,109	1,492
Ness.....	200	216	77	348
Norton.....	575	491	466	652
Osage.....	2,287	1,684	593	3,406
Osborne.....	1,035	873	628	1,307
Ottawa.....	1,163	835	884	1,152
Pawnee.....	604	218	109	731
Phillips.....	978	708	996	875
Pottawatomie.....	1,549	1,475	387	2,945
Pratt.....	151	142	37	272
Reno.....	1,006	932	265	1,678
Republic.....	1,350	919	1,004	1,231

VOTE ON PROPOSITIONS TO AMEND THE CONSTITUTION—CONCLUDED.

COUNTIES.	PROPOSITION I.		PROPOSITION II.	
	For.....	Against...	For.....	Against...
Rice.....	1,087	625	142	1,593
Riley.....	1,178	828	258	1,731
Rooks.....	503	696	288	952
Rush.....	315	305	179	449
Russell.....	443	655	282	960
Saline.....	1,410	1,207	377	2,293
Sedgwick.....	1,868	1,716	504	3,108
Shawnee.....	3,159	2,513	785	4,999
Sheridan.....	101	69	27	150
Smith.....	1,274	851	1,040	1,165
Stafford.....	393	301	168	538
Sumner.....	2,394	1,201	350	3,345
Trego.....	220	120	79	301
Wabaunsee.....	622	990	300	2,257
Washington.....	1,112	1,610	421	2,286
Wilson.....	1,487	1,069	1,202	1,315
Woodson.....	748	530	533	758
Wyandotte.....	1,222	2,481	242	3,530
Total.....	92,302	84,304	38,442	140,020

The State Board of Canvassers certify, Nov. 23, that the following proposition is adopted:

"Article fifteen shall be amended by adding section ten thereto, which shall read as follows: 'The manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors shall be forever prohibited in this State, except for medical, scientific and mechanical purposes.'"

VOTE ON PROPOSITION FOR A CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

COUNTIES.	For.....	Against...	COUNTIES.	For.....	Against...
Allen.....	287	1,892	Ford.....	156	328
Anderson.....	177	1,455	Franklin.....	430	2,598
Atchison.....	805	3,541	Graham.....	104	511
Barber.....	45	381	Greenwood.....	187	1,703
Barton.....	156	799	Harper.....	31	178
Bourbon.....	403	2,735	Harvey.....	178	566
Brown.....	133	2,459	Hodgeman.....	623	1,351
Butler.....	1,069	2,057	Jackson.....	171	1,971
Chase.....	72	952	Jefferson.....	168	2,838
Chautauqua.....	476	1,224	Jewell.....	253	2,320
Cherokee.....	769	3,204	Johnson.....	422	2,768
Clay.....	381	1,711	Kingman.....	42	551
Cloud.....	499	2,025	Labette.....	427	3,522
Coffey.....	77	2,171	Leavenworth.....	208	5,150
Cowley.....	446	3,578	Lincoln.....	83	1,254
Crawford.....	335	2,713	Linn.....	447	2,193
Davis.....	67	1,213	Lyon.....	168	3,114
Decatur.....	103	298	Marion.....	375	1,428
Dickinson.....	167	2,472	Marshall.....	250	3,051
Doniphan.....	609	2,314	McPherson.....	815	1,979
Douglas.....	198	3,984	Miami.....	705	2,416
Edwards.....	37	271	Mitchell.....	184	2,288
Elk.....	354	1,354	Montgomery.....	533	2,467
Ellis.....	187	704	Morris.....	150	1,536
Ellsworth.....	153	1,195	Nemaha.....	228	2,103

VOTE ON PROPOSITION FOR A CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION — CONCLUDED.

COUNTIES.	For.....	Against...	COUNTIES.	For.....	Against...
Neosho.....	476	2,005	Russell.....	386	773
Ness.....	32	383	Saline.....	228	2,407
Norton.....	168	736	Sedgwick.....	386	3,130
Osage.....	216	3,665	Shawnee.....	546	5,070
Osborne.....	191	1,685	Sheridan.....	56	163
Ottawa.....	175	1,811	Smith.....	434	1,589
Pawnee.....	406	349	Stafford.....	69	614
Phillips.....	236	642	Sumner.....	719	2,725
Pottawatomie.....	177	3,075	Trego.....	146	201
Pratt.....	114	188	Wabaunsee.....	52	1,552
Reno.....	146	1,805	Washington.....	406	2,151
Republic.....	471	1,500	Wilson.....	358	1,911
Rice.....	116	1,588	Woodson.....	109	1,162
Riley.....	111	1,862	Wyandotte.....	306	3,236
Rooks.....	131	1,996			
Rush.....	180	376	Total.....	22,870	146,279

The report of Secretary Smith also gives the official vote of the State by counties, townships and wards, for President and Vice President, at the general election of November 2d, 1880, the same being the vote reported by County Clerks for the following Electors, viz.: Wm. A. Peffer, Republican. John B. Scroggs, Democrat, and James G. Bayne, Greenbacker.

NOVEMBER 2.—The Senate has 37 Republicans, 2 Democrats, and 1 Greenback; the House 120, 13, and 4 each.

NOVEMBER 10.—Joel Holt appointed University Regent, Rev. F. T. Ingalls having resigned.

NOVEMBER 11.—Meeting of the Academy of Science, at Topeka. Officers elected: J. T. Lovewell, of Washburn College. President; J. H. Carruth and Joseph Savage, of Lawrence, Vice Presidents; R. J. Brown, of Leavenworth, Treasurer; E. A. Popenoe, of Manhattan, Secretary.

NOVEMBER 13.—Publication, in the Junction City Union, of an "Owl Club" letter from Geo. W. Martin: "I want to say to the boys of Junction City, under the age of twenty-five, for God's sake don't follow your seniors into Owl Clubs. The sociability and conviviality they furnish is a fraud; it is a matter of taste, and the Owl Club taste is a very bad taste. The Owl Club weakens; most any other form of sociability strengthens. The doggery will never make a drunkard of you, young man, because there is something repulsive about it; but the Owl Club, and similar 'social' and glittering institutions, will."

—John E. Remsburg, of Atchison county, writes a book defending Thomas Paine; J. P. Mendum, Boston, publisher.

—Chas. S. Gleed edits a paper called "The Santa Fé Trail."

NOVEMBER 16.—Chas. E. Faulkner advocates a Reform School and an Industrial Reformatory.

—The State Aid Committee, T. L. Stringham, Secretary, is sending supplies to western counties.

NOVEMBER 18.—Samuel J. Crawford, State Agent, reports to the Governor his successful labors in Washington.

NOVEMBER 24.—Meeting of the National Guard Association, at Topeka; Willis Brown, President, H. A. Needham, Secretary.

—Reunion of New-Englanders, in Atchison: John J. Ingalls, presides.

NOVEMBER 27.—Topeka Capital: "E. N. Morrill, of Brown county, according to the Troy Chief, is giving fifty sacks of flour per week to the frontier sufferers, as his individual donation. That story has a good Morrill connected with it, certainly."

NOVEMBER 28.—The Fort Scott, Southeastern & Memphis Railroad (organized April 29) completed to the west line of Dade county, Missouri.

NOVEMBER 30.—Bar banquet, in Topeka, to Judges Geo. W. McCrary and Cassius G. Foster.

DECEMBER 1.—The School Report of Superintendent Allen B. Lemmon is very full, containing 451 pages. The school progress of the State is shown in two tables. Reports are given of the Teachers' Association, and the State Board of Education; the State certificates issued, now 156; names of conductors of Teachers' Institutes, and statistics for three years; the school exhibit at Paris, France, and at Lawrence. Mr. Lemmon gives special thanks to his Assistant, Wirt W. Walton, now of Clay Center. There are special papers by County Superintendents, and county statistics, with maps.

The State University has closed its fourteenth year, with 438 students and 14 instructors. In all it has had 1,936 students. The library has 5,500 books. The Law Department opened in 1879, with Prof. James W. Green in charge; eight degrees were given, June 9. Reports are made by James Marvin, Chancellor; E. Miller, Librarian; and by Professors F. H. Snow, D. H. Robinson, E. Miller, G. E. Patrick, James H. Canfield, J. W. Gleed, Frances Schlegel, Kate Stephens, H. S. S. Smith, G. W. F. Smith, and Jas. W. Green.

George T. Fairchild is the President of the Agricultural College. The professors are M. L. Ward, E. M. Shelton, G. H. Failyer, E. A. Popenoe, J. E. Platt, J. D. Walters, T. T. Hawkes, A. A. Stewart, I. D. Graham, Mrs. M. E. Cripps, and W. L. Hofer. Number of students, 276. A full list of graduates and officers, beginning in 1863, has been published. L. R. Elliott, Land Agent, makes a report.

The State Normal School building has been rebuilt. R. B. Welch was made President, August 20, 1879. The teachers are Geo. Fowler, Martha Joy, B. T. Davis, Thyge Sogard, H. E. Sadler, Florence C. Wheat, Geo. W. Hoss, Susan E. Crichton, and Asenath E. Dixon. Number of students, 199.

W. H. Sweet is President of Baker University. The Professors are: W. I. Graham, C. A. Weaver, Mary M. Hammond, and Edwin R. Snyder. Number of students, 77.

Robert Cruikshank is President of Highland University. Professors:

H. D. McCarty, R. A. Lehmann, D. A. Emery, and V. F. Partch. Number of students, 54.

Peter McVicar is President of Washburn College. Professors: George M. Stearns, J. T. Lovewell, Orestes H. St. John, James H. Carruth, Caroline L. White, Mary Johnson, M. A. Pond, and O. W. Fox. Library, 4,000 books; students, 130.

Innocent Wolf is President of St. Benedict's College. Professors: Peter Kassens, Boniface Verheyen, Ambrose Huebner, Raymund Daniel, Albert Robrecht, Winfried Schmidt, Matthew Bradley, Odilo Schels, William Retelle, Charles Stöckle, Herman Mengwasser, and J. M. Linley.

N. B. Bartlett is President of Lane University. Professors: D. Shuck, J. H. Hoover, Corina F. Harris, Julia Kerns, J. C. Witt, W. H. Sprout, and A. J. May. Students, 101.

Bishop Vail is President of the College of the Sisters of Bethany. Students, 132.

Kansas Normal College, at Fort Scott, founded in 1878. Professors: S. M. Cutler, D. E. Sanders, Lewis Scott, O. P. Lee, E. L. Ingham, and Mrs. E. B. Cutler. Number of graduates, 24.

DECEMBER 1.—The Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway becomes a part of the Missouri Pacific.

—F. P. Baker & Sons publish a volume of Reports, made up of the 1st Kansas, McCahon's Reports, and some other cases, edited by C. F. W. Dassler.

DECEMBER 1.—Meeting of the Electoral College for the State—R. W. P. Muse, John Schilling, Henderson Ritchie, James D. Snoddy, and W. A. Pepper. All the votes cast for Garfield and Arthur. Mr. Snoddy, Chairman; Mr. Ritchie, Secretary; and Mr. Muse elected as messenger to carry the vote to Washington. The messenger was directed to deliver one copy of the ballot to C. G. Foster, Judge of the United States Court for the District of Kansas; to mail one copy to the President of the Senate of the United States, at Washington, D. C., and to deliver, in person, one copy to the President of the United States Senate, at Washington.

DECEMBER 2.—Burning of Crawford's Opera House, Topeka.

DECEMBER 3.—Indiana reunion, at Topeka. Addresses by Dr. F. S. McCabe, J. P. Usher, John Guthrie, D. W. Finney, and others. Officers of the Indiana Society: President, F. S. McCabe, of Shawnee county; Vice Presidents, John P. Usher of Douglas county, James M. Harvey of Riley county, D. W. Finney of Woodson county, J. W. Ady of Harvey county, and Judge Beal of Pottawatomie county; Secretary, E. A. Austin, Topeka; Treasurer, J. C. Wilson, Topeka.

—Burning of the U. P. depot, in Salina.

DECEMBER 8.—The Senate passes Senator Plumb's bill for the sale of the Fort Larned Reservation.

DECEMBER.—The Report of P. S. Noble, Adjutant General, gives the roster of officers, beginning with: Major General—Willis Brown, Seneca,

November 1, 1879. Brigadiers General—A. H. Green, Winfield, May 7, 1879; R. A. Friedrich, Topeka, June 24, 1879; I. V. Pratt, Hays, November 1, 1879. Colonels—Thos. P. Anderson, July 21, 1879; D. C. Jones, December 10, 1879; H. A. Louis, June 19, 1880; W. S. Tilton, September 23, 1880. Lieutenant Colonels—H. E. Richter, November 3, 1878; T. J. Tilley, January 8, 1879; J. H. Phillips, December 16, 1879; L. N. Woodcock, January 14, 1880; S. L. Patrick, June 19, 1880. Majors—Wallace D. Dickinson, January 8, 1879; H. W. Gilley, May 19, 1879; R. M. Emery, December 19, 1879; James Moore, December 23, 1879; A. S. Ashmead jr., December 23, 1879; W. H. Nelson, January 2, 1880; J. M. Hadley, January 14, 1880; E. S. W. Drought, June 19, 1880; W. E. Reid, February 16, 1880; T. C. Cole, February 16, 1880.

There is a brief biography of seventy-three militia officers. Capt. C. M. Scott, Special Scout, gives a report of his service from April 14, 1879, in southeastern Kansas and the Territory. The amount expended for the frontier patrol has been \$19,009.52. The report gives an account of the coal miners' strike in Cherokee county, in April; of the Indian raid of 1878; and the proceedings of the National Guard Association, January 14, 1880.

DECEMBER 9.—Atchison celebrates the completion of her water works.

DECEMBER 14.—Report of G. C. Brackett, Secretary of the Horticultural Society. The volume giving the Fourteenth Annual Meeting contains 497 pages. The officers are: President, E. Gale; Vice President, M. B. Newman; Secretary, G. C. Brackett; Treasurer, F. Wellhouse; Trustees, C. H. Graham, G. Y. Johnson, and Chas. Williamson.

DECEMBER 17.—Old Settlers' Reunion, at Lawrence.

DECEMBER 23.—Meeting at Fort Scott to secure the holding of U. S. Courts in that city; speeches by E. F. Ware, David Kelso, W. C. Perry, A. A. Harris, and Jno. H. Brown.

DECEMBER 30.—The Second Biennial Agricultural Report, for 1879-80, contains 640 pages. The editor, and the Secretary of the Board, is Joseph K. Hudson. R. W. Jenkins, of Onaga, is the President, H. C. St. Clair, of Belle Plaine, is the Vice President, and Wm. Sims, of Topeka, the Treasurer. The volume contains a biography and a steel engraving of the late Alfred Gray. Special articles are: "Experiments at the Agricultural College," by Prof. E. M. Shelton; "Fish Culture," by D. B. Long; "Botany of Kansas," by Prof. J. H. Carruth; "The Climate of Kansas," by Prof. Frank H. Snow, and "Entomology," by Prof. E. A. Popenoe. The topography and the agricultural statistics, the assessed and true value, the debt, and the church membership of each county, are given; also the school, the press, and railroad statistics. Prof. Snow finds that the average rainfall at Lawrence, for thirteen years, has been 34.83 inches. Prof. Shelton also writes of the tame grasses of the State.

1881.

JANUARY.—Publication of the "Transactions of the Kansas State Historical Society. First and Second Biennial Reports." pp. 328. It contains Gov. Robinson's address on Kansas Governors; Col. S. S. Prouty's "Kansas as a Factor;" a biography of Gov. Reeder; a biography of Richard B. Taylor, with Mr. Taylor's history of early Kansas editors and newspapers; a biography of George Graham, of Nemaha county; a sketch of Eli Thayer (the first Kansas man who "got there"); the circular and letters of New England clergymen, July 2, 1855; these include Lyman Beecher (the father of Henry Ward and Mrs. Stowe), Charles Lowell (the father of James Russell Lowell), T. Starr King, Hosea Ballou 2d, Leonard Bacon, H. L. Wayland, and Horace Bushnell; selections from the letters of Kansas settlers to Thaddeus Hyatt, including Samuel F. Tappan, Capt. Thomas Bickerton, Maj. James B. Abbott, and Fred. Law Olmsted; quotations from the Thos. H. Webb scrap-books, giving accounts of the battle of Franklin, August 12, 1856, and the capture of Col. Titus, August 16, 1856; a letter of Col. James Montgomery; a tribute (page 232) to Geo. L. Stearns and his wife; Maj. Benj. F. Simpson's "Recollections of the Wyandotte Constitutional Convention;" the capture of the Iatan flag, by Col. Frank M. Tracy; the Indian raid in Decatur county, by A. W. Bariteau; Kansas Postal history, by Everett J. Dallas; movements to form a Territory, in the spring of 1852, at Uniontown, now in Shawnee county, at Wyandotte, October 12, 1852, and at Kickapoo, September 20, 1853; early military posts, missions, and camps; a biography of Rev. Isaac McCoy, by F. G. Adams; the first Kaw Indian mission, by Wm. W. Cone; a sketch of the Kansas Indians, from Maj. Stephen H. Long's Report, with two maps, and notes by F. G. Adams. The largest letters on Maj. Long's map are given to the words "Great American Desert;" this was in 1819; it took about sixty years to erase them from the maps and minds of the American people.

JANUARY.—There have been 79,961 homestead entries in the State, embracing 10,762,353 acres. The lands granted to railroads amount to 8,223,380 acres.

JANUARY 2.—The Commonwealth publishes an article on the Wyandotte Convention, by Benjamin F. Simpson. It is a paper of enduring interest.

—Dedication of the new Congregational church, at Topeka; sermon by Dr. Richard Cordley.

—Bone-hauling (of buffalo bones) is an occupation in western Kansas.

JANUARY 4.—Champion whist games. William C. Webb and Samuel Ridges defeat Amasa T. Sharpe and Owen A. Bassett.

JANUARY 5.—Death, at Lawrence, of Mrs. Wilson Shannon.

—Meeting of the Executive Committee of the State Temperance Union. at Topeka.

JANUARY 6.—Judge A. G. Otis, on retiring from the bench, makes a speech on our civil and criminal codes.

—George B. Jenness writes to F. G. Adams that he kept diaries of the Nineteenth Kansas, the First Kansas Battalion, and the Eighteenth Kansas Cavalry.

—Frank Wilkeson, of Gypsum Creek, Saline county, becomes a frequent writer on Kansas topics, chiefly in the New York Sun.

JANUARY 10.—State officers sworn in.

STATE OFFICERS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
John P. St. John, Governor.....	Olathe.....	Johnson.
D. W. Finney, Lieutenant Governor.....	Neosho Falls...	Woodson.
James Smith, Secretary of State.....	Marysville.....	Marshall.
P. I. Bonebrake, Auditor of State.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
John Francis, Treasurer of State.....	Iola.....	Allen.
H. C. Speer, Superintendent Public Instruction.....	Junction City..	Davis.
W. A. Johnston, Attorney General.....	Minneapolis...	Ottawa.
George W. Martin, State Printer.....	Junction City..	Davis.
J. K. Hudson, Secretary State Board Agriculture.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Orrin T. Welch, Superintendent of Insurance.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Hamilton J. Dennis, State Librarian.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.
Peter S. Noble, Adjutant General.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
W. H. Ward, Governor's Private Secretary.....	Humboldt.....	Allen.
George T. Gilmore, Assistant Secretary of State.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
F. G. Adams, Secretary State Historical Society.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.

JUDGES AND OFFICERS OF U. S. COURTS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
George W. McCrary, Judge of the Circuit Court.....	Keokuk, Iowa.	
Cassius G. Foster, Judge of the District Court.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Hiram Griswold, Register in Bankruptcy.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.
Fred. Scoville, Register in Bankruptcy.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
J. Jay Buck, Register in Bankruptcy.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
J. R. Hallowell, U. S. District Attorney.....	Columbus.....	Cherokee.
T. J. Humes, Assistant District Attorney.....	Washington....	Washington.
A. S. Thomas, Clerk of Circuit Court.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Joseph C. Wilson, Clerk of District Court.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Benj. F. Simpson, U. S. Marshal.....	Paola.....	Miami.

JUDGES AND OFFICERS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Albert H. Horton, Chief Justice.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
Daniel M. Valentine, Associate Justice.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
David J. Brewer, Associate Justice.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.
C. J. Brown, Clerk.....	Blue Rapids...	Marshall.
A. M. F. Randolph, Reporter.....	Burlington....	Coffey.
Hamilton J. Dennis, Librarian.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.

JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURTS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>District.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Robert Crozier.....	First.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
David Martin.....	Second.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
John T. Morton.....	Third.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
N. T. Stephens.....	Fourth.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
Charles B. Graves.....	Fifth.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
D. P. Lowe.....	Sixth.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
H. W. Taleott.....	Seventh.....	Iola.....	Allen.
James H. Austin.....	Eighth.....	Junction City.....	Davis.
S. R. Peters.....	Ninth.....	Marion Center.....	Marion.
Hiram Stevens.....	Tenth.....	Paola.....	Miami.
B. W. Perkins.....	Eleventh.....	Oswego.....	Labette.
A. S. Wilson.....	Twelfth.....	Washington.....	Washington.
E. S. Torrance.....	Thirteenth.....	Winfield.....	Cowley.
J. H. Prescott.....	Fourteenth.....	Salina.....	Saline.
Joel Holt.....	Fifteenth.....	Beloit.....	Mitchell.
J. C. Strang.....	Sixteenth.....	Larned.....	Pawnee.
DeWitt C. Nellis.....	Seventeenth.....	Hays City.....	Ellis.

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>District.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
1	R. M. Williams.....	White Cloud.....	Doniphan.
2	L. M. Briggs.....	Muscotah.....	Atchison.
3	A. S. Everest.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
4	Ira F. Collins.....	Sabetha.....	Nemaha.
5	Case Broderick.....	Holton.....	Jackson.
6	A. McLouth.....	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.
7	H. M. Aller.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
8	T. G. V. Boling.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
9	Wm. J. Buchan.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
10	L. W. Breyfogle.....	Lenexa.....	Johnson.
11	Leonard Bradbury.....	Paola.....	Miami.
12	R. W. Blue.....	Mound City.....	Linn.
13	E. F. Ware.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
14	A. P. Riddle.....	Girard.....	Crawford.
15	B. F. Hogg.....	Weir City.....	Cherokee.
16	W. B. Glasse.....	Oswego.....	Labette.
17	M. T. Jones.....	Chanute.....	Neosho.
18	E. H. Funston.....	Carlyle.....	Allen.
19	A. W. Benson.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
20	Solon O. Thacher.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
21	Albert R. Greene.....	Lecompton.....	Douglas.
22	D. C. Metsker.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
23	L. E. Finch.....	Burlingame.....	Osage.
24	Harrison Kelley.....	Ottumwa.....	Coffey.
25	S. S. Benedict.....	Guilford.....	Wilson.
26	A. P. Cogswell.....	Eureka.....	Greenwood.
27	A. B. Clark.....	Independence.....	Montgomery.
28	J. C. Long.....	Sedan.....	Chautauqua.
29	Wm. P. Haekney.....	Winfield.....	Cowley.
30	Neil Wilkie.....	Douglas.....	Butler.
31	R. M. Crane.....	Marion Centre.....	Marion.
32	F. H. Burris.....	Abilene.....	Dickinson.
33	Perry Hutchinson.....	Marysville.....	Marshall.
34	J. W. Rector.....	Washington.....	Washington.
35	N. B. Brown.....	Concordia.....	Cloud.
36	Geo. H. Case.....	Mankato.....	Jewell.
37	A. L. Patchin.....	Stockton.....	Rooks.
38	Thomas Anderson.....	Salina.....	Saline.
	J. C. Strang.....	Larned.....	Pawnee.
	H. C. Sluss.....	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
D. W. Finney.....	President.....	Neosho Falls.....	Woodson.
Henry Brandley.....	Secretary.....	Matfield Green.....	Chase.
Ed. W. Waynant.....	Assistant Secretary.....	Blue Rapids.....	Marshall.
Ed. R. Smith.....	Sergeant-at-Arms.....	Mound City.....	Linn.
John A. Fulton.....	Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms.....		Brown.
W. O. Kretsinger.....	Journal Clerk.....	Fontana.....	Miami.
C. H. Graham.....	Docket Clerk.....	Leroy.....	Coffey.
Emma Ferguson.....	Chief Enrolling Clerk.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Mrs. Carrie Anderson.....	Chief Engrossing Clerk.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
H. C. Bruce.....	Doorkeeper.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
J. H. Finch.....	Assistant Doorkeeper.....		Cowley.
W. B. Garlick.....	Postmaster.....		Wyandotte.
Rev. Allen Buckner.....	Chaplain.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
Clarence Fleischer.....	Page.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
Earl Van D. Brown.....	Page.....	Concordia.....	Cloud.
Sid. Matheny.....	Page.....	Atwood.....	Rawlins.
W. E. Douglas.....	Page.....		Butler.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
1	J. F. Dunwoody.....	Severance.....	Doniphan.
2	George V. Hagaman.....	Brenner.....	Doniphan.
3	Joseph Davis.....	Wathena.....	Doniphan.
4	George W. Gilck.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
5	John Seaton.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
6	Frank E. Cloyes.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
7	Joseph Potter.....	Mt. Pleasant.....	Atchison.
8	Edwin Snyder.....	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.
9	John M. Puderbaugh.....	Osawkee.....	Jefferson.
10	Oscar Haberlein.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
11	P. Geranghty.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
12	James F. Legate.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
13	John Schott.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
14	William T. Marvin.....	Pleasant Ridge.....	Leavenworth.
15	M. C. Harris.....	Maria.....	Leavenworth.
16	John Divelbess.....	Reno.....	Leavenworth.
17	E. S. W. Drought.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
18	B. L. Stine.....	Rosedale.....	Wyandotte.
19	Thomas J. Barker.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
20	J. B. Hutchison.....	Stanley.....	Johnson.
21	Austin Brown.....	Wilder.....	Johnson.
22	Rezin Addy.....	Edgerton.....	Johnson.
23	J. G. Schnebly.....	Baldwin City.....	Douglas.
24	Edward Russell.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
25	William Nicholson.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
26	Robert A. Steele.....	Clinton.....	Douglas.
27	C. P. Crouch.....	Rantoul.....	Franklin.
28	W. B. Bass.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
29	John W. Games.....	Paola.....	Miami.
30	Henderson Rice.....	Mound Creek.....	Miami.
31	Henry Post.....	Somerset.....	Miami.
32	James D. Snoddy.....	La Cygne.....	Linn.
33	Henry Carpenter.....	Blooming Grove.....	Linn.
34	Joel Moody.....	Mound City.....	Linn.
35	Wiley Bollinger.....	Mill Creek.....	Bourbon.
36	Oscar Strait.....	Hepler (Crawford county).....	Bourbon.
37	J. H. Lawhead.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
38	Thomas Cochran.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
39	S. C. Millington.....	Mt. Carmel.....	Crawford.
40	W. B. Cochran.....	Cherokee.....	Crawford.
41	V. L. Browning.....	Sherman City.....	Cherokee.
42	C. R. Webb.....	Crestline.....	Cherokee.
43	H. R. Hubbard.....	Boston Mills.....	Cherokee.
44	J. B. Swart.....	Cherryvale.....	Labette.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
45	J. S. Waters.....	Oswego.....	Labette.
46	T. J. Calvin.....	Chetopa.....	Labette.
47	J. H. Norris.....	Cherryvale.....	Montgomery.
48	Alexander Moore.....	Independence.....	Montgomery.
49	J. P. Rood.....	Fawn Creek.....	Montgomery.
50	John Hall.....	Osage Mission.....	Neosho.
51	H. F. Cory.....	Vietsburg.....	Neosho.
52	R. B. Stevenson.....	Iola.....	Allen.
53	J. W. Cox.....	Elsinore.....	Allen.
54	J. Z. Sexton.....	Fredonia.....	Wilson.
55	T. F. C. Dodd.....	Altoona.....	Wilson.
56	Dexter E. Clapp.....	Yates Center.....	Woodson.
57	D. W. Houston.....	Garnett.....	Anderson.
58	A. W. Jones.....	Burlington.....	Colley.
59	John Giesy.....	Burlington.....	Colley.
60	John E. Rastall.....	Barlingame.....	Osage.
61	H. J. McMaster.....	Osage City.....	Osage.
62	J. H. Foucht.....	North Topeka.....	Shawnee.
63	Thos. J. Anderson.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
64	J. B. Johnson.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
65	Lardner J. McCrumb.....	Alma.....	Wabauincee.
66	George T. Watkins.....	Whiting.....	Jackson.
67	W. H. Wilson.....	Smithland.....	Jackson.
68	H. F. Robbins.....	Blaine.....	Pottawatomie.
69	C. N. Points.....	Havensville.....	Pottawatomie.
70	J. M. Cannon.....	White Cloud (Donip'n Co.).....	Brown.
71	N. F. Leslie.....	Robinson.....	Brown.
72	N. F. Benson.....	Oneida or Sabetha.....	Nemaha.
73	A. W. Craeraff.....	Capioma.....	Nemaha.
74	George W. Kelley.....	Beattie.....	Marshall.
75	S. W. Hazen.....	Frankfort.....	Marshall.
76	George S. Green.....	Manhattan.....	Riley.
77	N. Green.....	Stockdale.....	Riley.
78	A. C. Picree.....	Junction City.....	Davis.
79	George Taylor.....	Bala (Riley Co.).....	Clay.
80	C. H. Lebold.....	Abilene.....	Dickinson.
81	O. S. Munsell.....	Council Grove.....	Morris.
82	James Miles.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
83	George W. Sutton.....	Hartford.....	Lyon.
84	W. F. Osborn.....	Virgil.....	{Lyon and Greenwood.
85	J. B. Clogston.....	Eureka.....	Greenwood.
86	J. S. Doolittle.....	Cottonwood Falls.....	Chase.
87	W. W. Waring.....	Peabody.....	Marion.
88	Allen B. Lemmon.....	Winfield.....	Cowley.
89	C. R. Mitchell.....	Arkansas City.....	Cowley.
90	G. A. Sears.....	Sunny Side.....	Butler.
91	H. D. Hill.....	Augusta.....	Butler.
92	W. E. Stanley.....	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.
93	F. M. Dofflemyre.....	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.
94	W. A. Hogan.....	Farmersburg.....	Chautauqua.
95	C. H. Inglefield.....	Peru.....	Chautauqua.
96	J. W. Brewster.....	Indian Creek.....	Elk.
97	A. B. Mayhew.....	Wellington.....	Sumner.
98	Joseph W. Ady.....	Newton.....	Harvey.
99	J. M. Vannordstrand.....	Wheatland.....	McPherson.
100	Nels Peterson.....	Salina.....	Saline.
101	R. P. Blain.....	Lamar.....	Ottawa.
102	W. S. Crump.....	Clyde.....	Cloud.
103	Joseph Cool.....	Delphos (Ottawa Co.).....	Cloud.
104	O. M. Osbon.....	Greenleaf.....	Washington.
105	O. H. Beeson.....	Clifton.....	Washington.
106	W. H. Leigh.....	White Rock.....	Republic.
107	W. P. Peake.....	Belleville.....	Republic.
108	David Heron.....	Mankato.....	Jewell.
109	M. F. Knappenberger.....	Jewell City.....	Jewell.
110	James A. Rossman.....	Twelve-Mile.....	Smith.
111	F. Charlesworth.....	Beloit.....	Mitchell.
112	George W. Anderson.....	Lincoln.....	Lincoln.
113	J. B. Hoag.....	Ellsworth.....	Ellsworth.
114	John G. Eckles.....	Raymond.....	Rice.
115	J. H. Lawson.....	Burrton (Harvey Co.).....	Reno.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
116	W. L. Morgan.....	Phillipsburg	Phillips.
117	A. W. Gowau.....	Osborne	Osborne.
118	Ira S. Fleck.....	Bunker Hill.....	Russell.
119	Martin Allen.....	Hays City.....	Ellis.
120	D. N. Heizer	Great Bend	Barton.
121	John Bennyworth.....	Larned.....	Fawnee.
122	R. M. Wright.....	Dodge City	Ford.
123	Albert Graves.....	Norton.....	Norton.
124	C. H. Kirkpatrick.....	Kinsley.....	Edwards.
125	Geo. D. Orner.....	Medicine Lodge.....	Barber.
.....	A. B. Montgomery.....	Stockton.....	Rooks.
.....	John Hargrave.....	La Crosse.....	Rush.
.....	G. W. Francis.....	Runnymede.....	Harper.
.....	S. G. Babcock.....	Kingman.....	Kingman.
.....	Alex. Newby.....	Kidderville.....	Hodgeman.
.....	James F. Keeney.....	Wakeeney.....	Trego.
.....	M. C. Davis.....	Iuka.....	Pratt.
.....	Joseph C. Tousley.....	Inman.....	Stafford.
.....	D. B. Stone.....	Oberlin.....	Decatur.
.....	J. L. Walton.....	Houston.....	Shraham.
.....	Horatio Gates.....	Ness.....	Ness.
.....	E. J. Turner.....	Kenneth.....	Sheridan.

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
J. B. Johnson	Speaker.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
N. Green.....	Speaker <i>pro tem</i>	Stockdale.....	Riley.
Wirt W. Walton.....	Chief Clerk.....	Clay Center.....	Clay.
C. L. Hubbs.....	Asst. Chief Clerk.....	Kinsley.....	Edwards.
Wm. Higgins.....	Sergeant-at-Arms.....	Parsons.....	Labette.
Webb McNall.....	Asst. Sergeant-at-Arms.....	Gaylord.....	Smith.
Fred. C. Hunt.....	Journal Clerk.....	Winfield.....	Cowley.
C. F. Hostetler.....	Docket Clerk.....	Concordia.....	Cloud.
Emma Ferguson.....	Chief Enrolling Clerk.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Mrs. Carrie Anderson.....	Chief Engrossing Clerk.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
O. H. Smith.....	Doorkeeper.....	Clay Center.....	Clay.
John Carter.....	Asst. Doorkeeper.....	.....	Wabaussee.
James Smith.....	Second Asst. Doorkeeper.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
David Lucas.....	Postmaster.....	Marion Center.....	Marion.
Rev. James Lawrence.....	Chaplain.....	North Topeka.....	Shawnee.

JANUARY 10.—Convention of County Surveyors. R. S. McCrary, President; J. H. Hibben, Secretary.

JANUARY 11.—Meeting of the nineteenth session of the Legislature; election of the officers nominated by the Republican caucus.

—R. F. Bond placed on the Republican Committee, *vice* A. J. Buckland.

JANUARY 11.—State Convention of Farmers, at Topeka. Committee on Order of Business: David Blosser, W. H. Rauson, Wm. Keys, J. M. Limbocker, L. H. Tuttle, H. C. St. Clair, I. J. Miller, Wm. Hood, J. L. Seitz, S. C. Robb, T. Buckman, D. D. Olmstead, A. S. Sutton, A. H. Dillon, J. L. McDowell, Joseph Donahue, Dr. T. B. Bolin, T. H. Cavanaugh, G. F. Tassel, W. O. Atkinson, W. H. Cole, J. S. Coddling, J. M. Matheny, W. P. Hoagland, and U. D. Settle.

JANUARY 11.—Meeting of the Judicial Association. Addresses by

Solon O. Thacher and Aaron S. Everest. A. H. Horton is elected President.

JANUARY 11.—Meeting of the National Guard Association. Officers elected: President, Maj. Gen. Willis Brown; Vice President, Brig. Gen. D. E. Cornell; Secretary, Capt. H. A. Needham; Treasurer, First Lieut. Chas. P. Drew.

JANUARY 12.—Meeting of the State Board of Agriculture. R. W. Jenkins elected President; John Kelly, Vice President.

JANUARY 12.—Farmers' Convention. The number of delegates is between 200 and 300. The meeting effected a temporary organization by the election of Thos. H. Cavanaugh, Chairman, and J. M. Foy and J. L. McDowell, Secretaries.

The recommendation of the committee in regard to railroads, is as follows:

The passage of a law creating a Board of three Railroad Commissioners for the State, who shall be appointed by the Governor, and confirmed by the Senate, whose duty it shall be, and who shall have full power to ascertain—*First*, The actual cost of the construction of every line of road in the State. *Second*, The actual cost of such construction and equipment. *Third*, The actual amount of stock issued by each company. *Fourth*, To investigate fully the system adopted and pursued by each road of passenger and freight charges, local and transient, the difference charged between the occasional and the warehouse dealer and shipper, and each and every other thing connected with the operations of said roads, and that they be clothed with power to administer oaths, and to compel the production of all books and papers in any way pertaining to the construction, management and operation of said roads, and make a full report to the Governor of the State, with recommendations as to the necessary legislation.

JANUARY 12.—Meeting of the Farmers' Alliance. Officers: President, W. S. Curry, of Shawnee county; Vice President, M. P. Gill, of Lyon county; Secretary, L. A. Mulholland, of Shawnee county; Treasurer, Geo. E. Hubbard, of Pawnee county.

JANUARY 12.—Meeting of the State Association of County Clerks. President, J. O. Young, of Washington county; Vice President, C. H. Krebs, of Atchison county; Secretary and Treasurer, J. Lee Knight, of Shawnee county; Executive Committee, E. A. Dorsey of Sedgwick county, J. W. Niehaus of Leavenworth county, P. V. Trovinger of Davis county, W. H. Hamilton of Marion county, W. F. Ewing of Lyon county.

JANUARY 13.—Meeting of the Board of Directors of the Kansas Pharmaceutical Association. Organized by the election of B. W. Woodward Temporary Chairman, and W. A. Stamford Temporary Secretary. Mr. Woodward then called the meeting to order, and the Association proceeded to elect officers, to serve until the June meeting, as follows: President, Robt. J. Brown, Leavenworth; First Vice President, B. W. Woodward, Lawrence; Second Vice President, W. C. Johnson, Man-

hattan: Secretary, F. E. Holliday, Topeka; Assistant Secretary, W. W. Naylor, Holton; Treasurer, J. G. Northcraft, Abilene.

JANUARY 13.—Farmers' Convention. Resolutions introduced by Samuel N. Wood, adopted:

"Resolved, That we ask the Legislature to repeal all laws allowing municipalities to take stock, issue bonds, or make donations to railroads or other private corporations.

"Resolved further, That we ask the Legislature to submit an amendment to the constitution, prohibiting municipalities making donations, or becoming stockholders in any railroad company, or other private corporation, or issuing bonds for any like purpose."

S. A. Riggs, of Lawrence, offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

"Resolved, That the combination and consolidation of the railroad capital and influence of the State in the maintenance of an oppressive and tyrannical transportation system is an accomplished fact, demanding immediate, vigorous and unceasing action on the part of the producers of Kansas to remedy the same; and we earnestly urge all farmers of the State of Kansas to organize themselves, through Farmers' Alliances or other convenient organizations, for systematic and persistent political action, and to subordinate all other political questions to the emancipation of the people from this terrible oppression."

JANUARY 13.—Conference of Greenback, or National men. P. P. Elder presides. Speeches by D. P. Mitchell and S. N. Wood, and a platform adopted.

JANUARY 13.—Farmers' Alliance. J. T. Finley offered the following, which was adopted:

"Resolved, That we recommend to the subordinate Alliances of this State that they patronize only those journals which advocate our interests before the people, without fear of any chartered combination of capital."

J. M. Foy received the thanks of the State Alliance for his services.

The following resolution, offered by A. H. Dillon, was adopted:

"Resolved, That each delegate of this Alliance be a self-appointed committee to organize subordinate Alliances in his county."

JANUARY 13.—The Governor's Private Secretary appeared, and announced a message from the Governor, in writing, as follows:

"To the Legislature: Desiring to read my biennial message to the Legislature, I have the honor to request a joint session of the House and Senate for that purpose.

JOHN P. ST. JOHN, Governor."

The Senate refused the request. The message was read by the Secretary. In the House, while Mr. Legate and Mr. Snoddy were opposing the request, a copy of the message was sent in.

JANUARY 16.—The Penitentiary coal shaft is 710 feet deep, and coal is found.

JANUARY 17.—The new Hall of the House, in the west wing, is first occupied by the members.

—Last meeting of the State Central Committee of the "Stringfield boom," at the Burtis House.

JANUARY 17.—Republican caucus. Vote on State Printer: T. Dwight Thacher received 114 votes, W. H. Caldwell 14 votes, and C. B. Hamilton 12 votes.

JANUARY 18.—A writer in the Commonwealth favors a Kansas Horse Association: "Kansas horses are not unknown to fame and the turf. Smuggler, the king of trotting stallions (2:15 $\frac{1}{4}$), was sold from Kansas; Henry (Eastman's horse), 2:20 $\frac{1}{4}$; Banquo, 2:21; Kansas Chief, 2:21 $\frac{1}{4}$; Robert McGregor, 2:17 $\frac{1}{2}$; Monroe, 2:27 $\frac{1}{2}$; Sooner, 2:29 $\frac{1}{2}$. Musette, Col. Dawes, Iona, Kansas Rattler, Happy, John Dunning, and others that I cannot now recall, have all gained a national reputation."

JANUARY 18.—Election of State Printer. The roll of the Senate being called, resulted: Whole number of votes, 40; for T. D. Thacher, 38; for H. Clay Park, 2. The roll of the House being called, resulted: Whole number of votes, 131; for T. D. Thacher, 122; for H. Clay Park, 9. Result of the vote of the joint convention: Whole number of votes, 171; for Thacher, 131; for Park, 11.

Mr. Legate, of the House, offered the following:

"Resolved, That George W. Martin, the retiring State Printer, is entitled to, and we tender him, the warmest commendations of the Legislature of the State of Kansas, in joint convention assembled, for the high standard to which he has raised the State printing; for his integrity of character as State Printer, being ever watchful for the rights of the people, even at his own expense. He commenced his career eight years ago with an untarnished character, and leaves it to-day with a character unblemished even by the severest criticism.

"Resolved, That an enrolled copy of the foregoing resolution, properly certified by the officers of the two houses, shall be presented to the Hon. George W. Martin, and it shall also be spread upon the journal of each house."

JANUARY 18.—Fifth annual meeting of the Historical Society, Gov. Robinson in the chair. *Directors*: John P. St. John, Albert H. Horton, John Francis, Charles Robinson, D. R. Anthony, Ira F. Collins, Allen B. Lemmon, James F. Legate, Henry Inman, A. P. Riddle, George H. Case, J. S. Waters, Edward Russell, F. P. Baker, E. N. Morrill, Sol. Miller, John A. Martin, N. Green, B. F. Simpson. *Officers elected*: T. Dwight Thacher was unanimously elected President; C. K. Holliday and James F. Legate were elected Vice Presidents; John Francis was again elected Treasurer; F. G. Adams was again elected Secretary.

JANUARY 18.—Meeting of State Wool Growers, continued from the meeting of October 12, at Junction City. J. S. Coddling, President; E. T. Frowe, Vice President; J. B. Bartholomew, Secretary.

JANUARY 19.—The Trans-Mississippi Press Association elects George W. Reed President, H. Clay Park Vice President, and John C. Shea Treasurer.

JANUARY 23.—The Commonwealth publishes the names of the members of the Topeka Constitutional Convention of 1855.

JANUARY 25.—The Champion publishes a history of the Historical Society.

—John G. Shea, New York, publishes "First Establishment of the Faith in New France. By Father Christian Le Clercq, Recollect Missionary. Now First Translated, with Notes, by John Gilmary Shea."

—"Songs of the Southwest," by Theo. F. Price. Topeka; George W. Crane & Co. pp. 191.

—Publication of the Industrial Gazetteer and Hand-Book of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé R. R., by Geo. Lee Brown. Topeka: Hamilton, Curl & Co. pp.284. It contains a history of the railroad, a sketch and business directory of each town, and several special articles.

JANUARY.—List of appointments made by the Governor:

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Date of commission.</i>	<i>Office.</i>
Joel Holt.....	Nov. 9, 1880	Regent of the State University, <i>vice</i> F. T. Ingalls, resigned.
Hamilton J. Dennis,	Feb. 5, 1881	State Librarian, to take effect March 1, 1881.
J. C. Strang.....	Mar. 8, 1881	Judge of the District Court for Sixteenth Judicial District.
DeWitt C. Nellis.....	Mar. 15, 1881	Judge of the District Court for Seventeenth Judicial District.
V. P. Wilson.....	Mar. 31, 1881	Regent of the State University, for three years, commencing April 1, 1881.
Chas. E. Faulkner...	Mar. 31, 1881	Trustee for State Charitable Institutions, for three years, commencing April 1, 1881.
Amasa T. Sharpe....	Mar. 31, 1881	Trustee for State Charitable Institutions, for three years, commencing April 1, 1881.
Edwin Tucker.....	Mar. 31, 1881	Regent of the State Normal School, for four years, commencing April 1, 1881.
John Elliott.....	Apr. 2, 1881	Regent of the State Agricultural College, for three years, commencing April 1, 1881.
E. Nisbet.....	Apr. 4, 1881	Regent of the State University, for three years, commencing April 1, 1881.
V. V. Adamson.....	Apr. 6, 1881	Regent of the State Agricultural College, for three years, commencing April 1, 1881.
John Loy.....	Apr. 6, 1881	Regent of the State Normal School, for four years, commencing April 1, 1881.
D. B. Long.....	Apr. 6, 1881	Fish Commissioner, for two years, commencing March 10, 1881.
Geo. D. Orner.....	Apr. 8, 1881	Regent of the State Normal School, for four years, commencing April 1, 1881.
W. W. Guthrie.....	Apr. 28, 1881	Director of the State Penitentiary; term expires April 1, 1884.
Geo. R. Peck.....	Aug. 11, 1881	Regent of the State University, <i>vice</i> N. C. McFarland, resigned; term expires April 1, 1882.
Cora M. Downs.....	Dec. 27, 1881	Regent of the State University, <i>vice</i> E. Nisbet, resigned; term expires April 1, 1884.

FEBRUARY 5.—Report of Attorney General Johnston on The State *vs.* Francis:

"This cause was instituted by my predecessor in the District Court of Shawnee county, on December 25, 1880, to restrain the defendant, as State Treasurer, from paying a certain warrant for \$34.15, drawn by the Auditor of State in favor of the State Fish Commissioner, the same being an unexpended balance of an appropriation made by the Legislature of 1879 for the years 1880 and 1881 to the State Fish Commissioner. The claim was made by the State that the act making the appropriation received but 66 affirmative votes on its final passage in the House of Representatives, and that of these votes, four were cast by persons who were not legal members of the House, and the bill not having received 63 legal votes, a majority of all the members elected to the House, was not legally passed, and therefore did not become a law. At the session of the Legislature of 1879, there were 129 persons admitted to the House of Representatives, and the real purpose of this proceeding was to obtain an interpretation of section 2, article 2 of the State Constitution; the principal question being, Can the House of Representatives consist of more than 125 members? The District Court held the law valid, and gave judgment in favor of the defendant. On February 5, 1881, I caused the case to be taken to and filed in the Supreme Court, and it was submitted to that court for its decision June 7, 1881, where I was ably assisted in the brief and argument prepared and made in behalf of the plaintiff by the Hon. W. C. Webb. The Supreme Court subsequently decided that the House of Representatives can never, under the Constitution as

it exists, consist of more than 125 members; that four of the persons who voted for the act in question were not entitled to seats in the House of Representatives as members, and therefore held the act void. The case is reported in 26 Kan. 725."

FEBRUARY 6.—Robt. McBratney, of Junction City, dies, at Santa Fé.

—John Brown jr. sends to A. H. Horton and Geo. R. Peck pictures of his father.

—The State paid last year for fire insurance \$650,032, and for life insurance over \$900,000.

FEBRUARY 9.—Death of Mrs. Thos. W. Waterson, in Marysville; she came to Doniphan county in 1854.

FEBRUARY 16.—New York Tribune: "The joint resolution introduced in the Senate to-day by Mr. Plumb relative to the sale of alcoholic beverages, proposes to amend the Constitution so as to prohibit the manufacture, sale and importation of all intoxicating liquors, except for scientific, medical and mechanical purposes, in any portion of the United States and Territories."

FEBRUARY 16.—I. N. Holloway appointed to distribute the appropriation of \$25,000 for the relief of the destitute in western Kansas.

FEBRUARY 17.—Passage of the Temperance bill, to enforce the prohibitory amendment. It is signed February 19, and is to take effect May 1st. This bill was passed by the following vote:

Gentlemen voting in the affirmative were: Messrs. Ady, Anderson of Lincoln, Anderson of Shawnee, Barker, Bass, Bennyworth, Benson, Blain, Bollinger, Brewster, Browning, Calvin, Cannon, Carpenter, Charlesworth, Clapp, Clogston, Cochran of Crawford, Cool, Cory, Cox, Cracraft, Crouch, Crump, Davis of Pratt, Divilbess, Dodd, Dofflemyre, Doolittle, Dunwoody, Eckles, Fleck, Foucht, Francis, Games, Gowan, Graves, George S. Green, N. Green, Hargrave, Harris, Heizer, Heron, Hill, Hogan, Houston, Hubbard, Hutchison, Inglefield, Speaker Johnson, Jones, Keeney, Kirkpatrick, Knappenberger, Lawhead, Lawson, Lebold, Leigh, Lemmon, Leslie, Mayhew, McCrumb, McMaster, Miles, Millington, Mitchell, Moore, Morgan, Munsell, Norris, Orner, Osborn of Washington, Osborn of Greenwood, Peake, Peterson, Pierce, Points, Post, Potter, Puderbaugh, Rastall, Robbins, Rossman, Schnebly, Sexton, Snyder, Stanley, Stevenson, Stine, Stone, Sutton, Swart, Tousley, Turner, Van-nordstrand, Walton, Waring, Waters, Webbert, and Wilson—100.

Gentlemen voting in the negative were: Messrs. Addy, Allen, Babcock, Cloyes, Davis of Doniphan, Drought, Gates, Geraughty, Glick, Haberslein, Hagaman, Hazen, Hoag, Kelley, Legate, Marvin, Rood, Russell, Schott, Seaton, Steele, Taylor, and Wright—23.

Gentlemen absent or not voting were: Messrs. Beeson, Brown, Cochran of Bourbon, Geisey, Hall, Montgomery, Moody, Newby, Nicholson, Rice, Sears, Snoddy, Straight, and Watkins—14.

FEBRUARY 19.—Meeting of the Golden Belt editors, in Topeka. V. P. Wilson, President; Geo. Huycke, Secretary.

—Signing of the Temperance bill, in the presence of a number of women.

FEBRUARY 22.—The Commonwealth gives a history of the twelve-pound howitzer given to the Historical Society by Major James B. Abbott. It was a present from Free-State men in New York, in 1855; it was brought from Kansas City, boxed, in November; was given to the Ruffians, at Lawrence, in 1856; recaptured by Captain Samuel Walker, in August, the day after the battle at Titus's.

FEBRUARY 22.—The Supreme Court holds that the Prohibition amendment was legally adopted.

FEBRUARY 24.—Opening of the new Santa Fé depot in Topeka.

—An irrigating canal, fifteen miles long, is soon to be dug, near Lakin.

—J. V. Admire buys the Osage City Free Press. T. B. Murdock sells the El Dorado Times.

—Many arrests of saloon keepers.

MARCH 2.—South Kansas M. E. Conference, at Wellington, Bishop Hurst presiding.

MARCH 4.—Inauguration of President Garfield.

MARCH 5.—Adjournment of the Legislature. Important acts: Legislative apportionment; to establish an Asylum for Imbeciles in the old University building, at Lawrence; creating the county of St. John, and defining the boundaries of Sheridan, Thomas, Gove, Wallace, Lane, and Gray; for the registration of voters in county-seat elections; changing the limits of the First, Third and Eighth Judicial Districts; creating the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Judicial Districts; to accept the ornithological collection of Col. N. S. Goss; prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors; for the management of the Reform School; to provide for the erection of the State House, and the completion of the west wing; the protection of cattle and sheep from contagious disease; allowing the Topeka Library Association to erect a building on the State House grounds.

MARCH 8.—Death of Josiah E. Hayes, at Eureka Springs, Ark. In April, 1864, he was wounded at the battle of Jenkins's Ferry, and taken prisoner.

MARCH 10.—Kansas M. E. Conference, at Concordia. Presiding Elders, John R. Madison, Leavenworth; P. T. Rhodes, Topeka; J. A. Simpson, Manhattan; R. Wake, Atchison; Wm. Smith, Salina; J. H. Lockwood, Beloit; R. A. Caruthers, Kirwin; Kansas District, W. O. Lynch; South Kansas, E. W. S. Hammond.

MARCH 13.—Alexander II, Emperor of Russia, assassinated by Nihilists, in the streets of St. Petersburg.

MARCH 14.—Topeka proclaimed a city of the first class.

MARCH 15.—John W. Day, in the Commonwealth, gives a history of the fight at Slough Creek, Sept. 11, 1856.

—D. C. Nellis appointed Judge of the Seventeenth District.

MARCH 16.—Thos. J. Anderson appointed Postmaster at Topeka.

MARCH 17.—Opening of communication with California by the Santa Fé road.

MARCH 18.—E. C. Culp and W. A. Gebhardt appointed Aides-de-Camp.
—Convention of Stockmen at Caldwell.

MARCH 23.—A large public meeting in Leavenworth takes formal action against the prohibitory law.

—President Welch, of the Normal, is the author of a mathematical text-book.

APRIL 1.—Meeting, in Topeka, of the State Association of Commercial Travelers; Porter B. Smith, President.

—M. M. Beck becomes the publisher of the Holton Recorder.

—Railroad valuation, \$22,671,999; miles of main track, 3,478; average per mile, 6,518.

APRIL 4.—D. A. Valentine becomes one of the publishers of the Clay Center Dispatch.

—David N. Heizer edits the Great Bend Register.

—The State Freeman's League is organized to defeat prohibition.

APRIL 6.—Orrin T. Welch, Insurance Superintendent, reappointed.

—Henry N. Farey leaves the State Publishing House for Kansas City.

—Death of Dr. M. A. Campdoras, a French patriot, in Shawnee county.

APRIL 7.—Burning of the Topeka Rolling Mills.

—Miss Eva Kinney edits the Ellis Headlight.

—J. B. Fugate buys the Topeka Democrat.

APRIL 8.—The Executive Council assigns offices in the west wing to the Treasurer, Auditor, and School Superintendent.

APRIL 13.—The State Pharmaceutical Association unanimously adopts the following:

Resolved, That we recommend to the druggists of the State that no application for permits covering the sale of intoxicating liquors be made, except for test cases, until the law shall have been so interpreted by the Supreme Court of this State as to make plain our status under it, particularly with reference to the provisions of section 10, and that in the meantime, no sale of liquors be made.

Resolved, That the Executive Committee of this Association are hereby instructed to take such measures as shall most speedily result in a legal test of the provisions of section 10, and of such other portions of the present temperance law as may be necessary for a clear and final interpretation of the law."

APRIL 14.—Fifth Annual Session of the Grand Lodge of Knights of Honor, at Junction City. The officers elected for the ensuing year were as follows: M. M. Miller, Clay Center, Grand Dictator; N. Donaldson, La Cygne, Grand Vice Dictator; O. D. Pinkston, Leavenworth, Grand Assistant Dictator; R. B. Welch, Emporia, Grand Reporter; C. T. Ewing, Hays City, Grand Treasurer; C. C. Frazier, Coffeyville, Grand Chaplain; E. H. Leutwieler, Atchison, Grand Guide; J. W. Patterson, Humboldt, Grand Guardian; T. Bowman, Augusta, Grand Sentinel.

APRIL 22.—The Golden Belt Editorial Association holds its annual meeting, at Salina. The following officers elected: President, Albert

Griffin; Vice President, J. H. Downing; Secretary, W. A. Gebhart; Treasurer, T. J. Hill.

APRIL 25.—At noon Fort Scott drives the first spike in a railroad to Wichita.

—Patrick H. Coney, of Topeka, enlisted in the 111th New York when fourteen years old.

APRIL 26.—The Missouri river flood equals that of 1844. It began to fall at St. Joseph, April 28. The highest mark in 1844 was reached June 14.

—The west wing of the Osawatomie Asylum nearly finished.

APRIL 30.—The Elwood bottom, from Bellemont to Palermo, is covered with water. Boats run from Wathena to St. Joseph.

—Judge John T. Morton deposits with the Historical Society a certified copy of the proceedings of the Council of the Wyandotte Indian Nation from 1855 to 1862. It was used in the Emporia land trial—a Wyandotte float case.

—The Historical Society is raising a fund for the widow of John Brown.

—This is the last day in Kansas for saloons, or places for the sale of liquors for the purpose of intoxication; most of these places close to-night—a large majority never to reopen.

MAY 1.—The Prohibitory law, under the amended Constitution, takes effect.

—The New Testament appears in a revised translation.

MAY 5.—Officers elected by the Homœopathic Society: President, H. W. Roby, of Topeka; Vice President, W. D. Gentry, of Wyandotte; Secretary, J. H. Mosely, of Olathe; Corresponding Secretary, T. J. Patchin, of Topeka; Treasurer, G. H. T. Johnson, of Atchison.

MAY.—“Stories of the Old Santa Fé Trail.” By Col. Henry Inman, of Kansas. Kansas City: Ramsey, Millett & Hudson. pp. 287. Dedicated to Capt. Henry King, of Topeka, C. C. Sprigg, of Ellsworth, and Capt. Henry Booth, of Larned. These fifteen stories of early western Kansas are graphically told, and will be many times reprinted.

MAY 6.—Fire in Green’s coal shaft, near Carbondale; about twenty men in the mine; sixteen taken out, three of them dead.

MAY 7.—Five miners from Scranton went down the shaft, and three perished; ten deaths in the mine.

—Geo. T. Anthony is General Superintendent of the Mexican Central Railway.

MAY 10.—Thirteenth Annual Conclave of the Grand Commandery of Knights Templar of Kansas. Officers present: R. E. Sir D. Byington, G. P.; V. E. Sir A. M. Callahan, D. G. C.; E. Sir S. E. W. Johnson, G. G.; E. Sir S. R. Peters, G. C. G.; Sir James Clemow, as G. P.; E. Sir J. C. Greenawalt, G. S. W.; E. Sir H. M. Waters, G. J. W.; E. Sir J. V. Ellard, as G. Treas.; R. E. Sir John H. Brown, G. Rec.; E. Sir B. E. Langdon,

G. Std. B.; E. Sir John Schilling, G. Swd. B.; E. Sir Jacob Dewitt, G. W.; Sir Robert Edwards, G. S.

MAY 11.—State Medical Society, at Topeka. Officers elected: President, J. H. Stuart. Lawrence; First Vice President, G. W. Haldeman. Paola; Second Vice President, G. H. Guibor. Beloit; Secretary, F. D. Morse, Lawrence; Assistant Secretary, L. J. Kunkle; Treasurer, W. W. Cochrane, Atchison; Board of Censors—W. L. Schenck, John Grass. L. D. Jacobs, M. A. Baldwin, and G. Boyd.

The following was adopted:

"Resolved, That the views of the President [B. E. Fryer] on the temperance law, as expressed in his address, be adopted by this Society, as follows:

"The State temperance law lately passed by the Legislature has one requirement objectionable to many physicians, viz., the taking of an oath prior to prescribing alcoholic stimulants. This alone, it seems to me, should not be objected to, for while it may seem at first sight to reflect upon those who are beyond suspicion, it is well to remember that laws are made not for the ruly and those obedient to the law, but for law-breakers. Let us as physicians study the effect of the law, and be the earnest workers in obedience to it."

MAY 15.—Death of John R. Swallow, in Topeka. He was born in New Jersey, in 1821, and came to Lyon county in 1857.

MAY 16.—Senators Conkling and Platt, of New York, resign. The causes of the resignation and the results are stories of tragedy and political disaster.

—Sandys & Nickle are building a sorghum-sugar mill, at Sterling.

MAY 17.—Meeting of the Grand Lodge of Knights of Pythias, in Topeka. Officers elected: G. C., J. H. Lyon, of Leavenworth; G. V. C., D. J. Holland, of Atchison; G. P., L. M. Havens, of Fort Scott; G. K. of R. and S., G. J. Neubert, of Wyandotte; G. M. of E., Geo. Link, of Leavenworth; D. G. C. for Germ. L., Wm. Wissler, of Leavenworth; Supreme Representative, H. M. Frazier, of Clay Center.

MAY 18.—Thos. A. Osborn nominated for Minister to Brazil.

—Troy Chief: "The temperance law seems to have a good effect to start off with, if it only holds out in the same way. Last Saturday evening a number of persons were seen, for the first time in any one's recollection, to carry home packages and bundles from the stores, and a number of others from the country came in, and went out sober—a thing heretofore unknown. It is probable that many families will now enjoy necessaries of life, and even occasional luxuries, to which they had previously been strangers."

MAY 19.—Meeting of the Neosho Valley Press Association, at Emporia; Jacob Stotler, President, Leroy Armstrong, Secretary.

MAY 19.—The State has eighty organized counties, sixty-seven of which have railroads. The total railroad mileage of the State amounts to 3,478.36 miles, at an aggregate assessed value of \$22,671,999.59, an average value per mile of \$6,578.01. There were built in the State, between March 1, 1880, and March 1, 1881, 374.15 miles.

MAY 21.—Death of J. P. Devereux, of the Union Pacific road, at Lawrence. He came to Lawrence when it was the western terminus of the K. P. road.

MAY 21.—The Arkansas Valley editors return from New Mexico. D. A. Millington, Thos. A. McNeal and T. F. Leftwich return thanks to the Santa Fé road. H. C. Ashbaugh is President, and Lloyd Shinn Secretary of the Association.

MAY 23.—A test case under the prohibitory law brought in Leavenworth against S. H. Holmes, a druggist. May 27, Judge Crozier declares the law unconstitutional.

MAY 24.—Meeting in Topeka of the Right Worthy Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Good Templars, in its twenty-seventh annual session.

MAY 25.—Wm. A. Phillips writes that three books written by him in early life, were published anonymously.

MAY 25.—Rawlins county organized; named for Gen. John A. Rawlins, Grant's Adjutant.

—The Atwood Pioneer was started October 23, 1879.

MAY 26.—The Indian Territory is added to the Kansas revenue district of Collector John C. Carpenter.

MAY 26.—The State Reform School is now open; J. G. Eckles, Superintendent.

—O. S. Munsell buys the Council Grove Republican.

MAY 30.—A store in Nortonville robbed of \$1,200 by masked men.

JUNE 1.—Report on Forestry issued by Floyd P. Baker, Commissioner to the Paris Exposition.

JUNE 1.—Semi-Annual Meeting of Wool Growers, at Emporia.

—Number of students at University, 466.

JUNE 8.—Annual address at Bethany College by A. H. Horton.

—The ladies of Topeka are raising a fund to secure a portrait of Mrs. C. I. H. Nichols.

—Rev. J. B. Richardson, of Hiawatha, delivers the annual address at Washburn College.

—Organization of the M. P. R. R. of Nebraska, (from Atchison to Omaha,) by Jay Gould and others.

—N. C. McFarland delivers the address at the University Law School.

—T. B. Murdock describes the West in the Commonwealth.

—A. B. Lemmon buys the Newton Republican.

JUNE 12.—Very destructive wind storms in Osage, Cowley, Ottawa, and other counties.

JUNE 16.—Noah C. McFarland, of Topeka, appointed Commissioner of the General Land Office.

—Supt. H. C. Speer delivers the address at the Normal.

JUNE 16.—The following is a clause in a Topeka ordinance: "20. Persons dealing in soda water, seltzer water, German mineral water, or other drinks, shall pay, for each and every place where such drinks are sold, six hundred dollars per annum; provided, that this shall not apply to peanut venders, confectioners, or drug stores." "Other drinks"

include whisky; it is thus licensed in Topeka, and in some other cities, the ordinance continuing in force several years.

JUNE 21.—Decision of the Supreme Court in the druggist test cases. The Legislature has the power to cast upon probate judges the duty of issuing liquor licenses. The law (chapter 128) is not in conflict with the constitution because it restricts the right to sell to druggists. The sale of intoxicating liquors may be prohibited, but not of articles known as medicines, or for the toilet, or for culinary purposes. If intoxicating liquor is the distinctive force in a compound, then the compound is within the statute. Opinion by Brewer.

—C. G. Coutant issues the Advance, at Grainfield.

—Convention of County Superintendents, at Manhattan.

JUNE 22.—Soldiers' Reunion, at Logan.

—Three persons were killed in the Osage county wind storm.

JUNE 28.—John B. Merrill is investigating the recent tornado. It appeared in the Solomon and Smoky Hill valleys, in Mitchell, Dickinson, Marion, Chase, Lyon and Osage counties, and jumped to north-west Missouri. There was an attendant storm in Cowley county, in the Arkansas valley.

JUNE 30.—Valuation of all property, \$170,813,373; tax levy, \$854,066.

JUNE.—Auditor Bonebrake's Report for '82: The total amount received from the General Government within the last two fiscal years, on account of sales of public lands, is as follows:

July 10, 1880.....	\$38,760 56
July 10, 1880.....	3,304 16
February 1, 1881.....	31,058 00
July 2, 1881.....	154,489 81
September 4, 1881.....	1,872 08
March 24, 1882.....	39,612 76
June 15, 1882.....	5,099 71
Total.....	\$274,197 08

In the two years ending June 30, 1880, indemnity school lands had been certified to the State to the amount of 243,955 $\frac{64}{100}$ acres. Since that time 5,035 $\frac{89}{100}$ additional acres have been certified, making a total of 248,991 $\frac{53}{100}$ acres of land granted to the State in the last four years, and being within 1,620 acres of the full amount claimed by the State.

JUNE 30.—Appropriations for the year ending June 30:

<i>For what purpose.</i>	<i>Amount of appropriations.</i>	<i>Amounts drawn.</i>	<i>Balances undrawn.</i>
Executive Department.....	\$10,950 00	\$10,748 13	\$201 87
Secretary of State's Department.....	13,500 00	13,468 50	31 50
Auditor of State's Department.....	6,900 00	6,420 95	479 05
Treasurer of State's Department.....	7,550 00	6,936 00	614 00
Attorney General's Department.....	3,952 18	3,892 86	59 32
Superintendent Public Instruction's Dept.....	4,800 00	4,763 80	36 20
Executive Council.....	1,162 80	1,150 07	12 73
State Printing.....	41,500 00	41,499 87	13
State Printing, deficiency.....	31,893 76	31,186 43	707 33
State Board of Agriculture.....	9,935 99	8,927 76	1,008 23
State Librarian.....	2,950 00	2,673 81	276 19

APPROPRIATIONS—CONCLUDED.

<i>For what purpose.</i>	<i>Amount of appropriations</i>	<i>Amounts drawn.</i>	<i>Balances undrawn.</i>
State Historical Society	\$2,500 00	\$2,500 00	.....
Insurance Department.....	6,450 00	6,488 00	\$2 00
State Horticultural Society.....	2,500 00	2,500 00	.....
Legislative expenses, session 1879.....	1,002 80	996 16	6 64
Legislative expenses, session 1881.....	51,930 00	46,934 65	4,995 35
Supreme Court.....	11,495 56	11,495 56	.....
District Judges.....	37,500 00	37,437 40	62 60
District Judge, Seventeenth District.....	2,500 00	729 15	1,770 85
State University.....	33,250 00	33,100 00	150 00
State Agricultural College.....	20,729 09	20,729 09	.....
Blind Asylum.....	12,932 50	12,921 79	10 71
Deaf and Dumb Asylum, current expenses.....	19,300 00	19,299 26	74
Deaf and Dumb Asylum, building.....	1,000 00	1,000 00	.....
Insane Asylum, Topeka, current expenses.....	35,110 00	35,110 00	.....
Insane Asylum, Topeka, additional grounds.....	13,000 00	12,705 05	294 95
Insane Asylum at Osawatomie, current expenses.....	61,550 00	61,550 00	.....
Insane Asylum, Osawatomie, deficiency.....	6,000 00	5,999 99	01
Insane Asylum, Osawatomie, building.....	75,000 00	75,000 00	.....
Furnishing, etc., Insane Asylum at Osawatomie.....	14,800 00	14,800 00	.....
Home for Friendless Women.....	500 00	500 00	.....
St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum.....	2,400 00	960 00	1,440 00
Kansas Orphan Asylum.....	500 00	500 00	.....
Maintenance of destitute insane.....	10,000 00	10,000 00	.....
Maintenance of destitute insane, deficiency.....	15,000 00	8,104 17	6,895 83
Reform School.....	7,130 00	7,117 02	12 98
Reform School building.....	28,921 48	28,761 63	159 85
Penitentiary and coal shaft.....	141,321 97	138,593 97	2,728 00
Trustees of Charitable Institutions.....	3,335 00	3,335 00	.....
Regents State University.....	962 80	864 60	98 20
Regents Agricultural College.....	1,800 00	1,251 40	548 60
Regents State Normal School.....	1,656 90	1,511 10	145 80
Directors State Penitentiary.....	1,200 00	1,197 00	3 00
Capitol extension, west wing.....	125,839 30	118,793 69	7,045 61
Agent State University lands.....	5,351 65	5,351 65	.....
University interest fund.....	2,821 61	2,821 61	.....
Military contingent fund.....	2,966 00	1,072 83	1,893 17
Commissioner of Fisheries.....	700 00	700 00	.....
County Normal Institutes.....	3,500 00	3,300 00	200 00
Publishing Constitutional Amendment.....	17,750 00	17,469 25	280 75
Relief of destitute in western Kansas.....	25,000 00	16,511 05	8,488 95
Conveying prisoners to penitentiary.....	8,000 00	7,951 18	48 82
Conveying prisoners to the penitentiary, deficiency.....	8,000 00	4,828 17	3,171 83
Criminal prosecutions in unorganized counties.....	2,000 00	585 40	1,414 60
Miscellaneous appropriations.....	24,411 15	16,985 72	7,425 43
Relief of Rooks county.....	800 00	472 41	327 59
State Agent at Washington, D. C.....	36,939 41	17,816 28	19,123 13
Total.....	\$1,032,451 95	\$950,279 41	\$72,172 54

JULY 2.—President Garfield shot in the railroad depot at Washington, by Charles J. Guiteau. The news received in Kansas at 9 A. M.

JULY 5.—Wm. G. Griffing gives the Historical Society the articles found in the Mound at the mouth of Carnahan's creek, nine miles north of Manhattan.

—Church encampment at Bismarck.

—W. W. Guthrie places to the credit of the late St. Clair Graham's child, \$3,700, the amount of an insurance policy that he had kept paid up on the life of the father.

JULY 12.—General Manager W. B. Strong elected President of the Santa Fé.

—Appearance of "The Spy of Osawatomie," by Mary E. Jackson; 436 pages.

—F. H. Snow receives the degree of Ph. D. from Williams College.

JULY 17.—A. B. Campbell is appointed Chaplain at the Penitentiary.

—X. K. Stout, of Troy, has a hundred-acre field of sorghum.

JULY 22.—Thos. A. Osborn, American Minister, receives the public thanks of the Government of Chili for having settled the question of the boundaries of Chili and the Argentine Republic.

JULY 26.—Death of Dr. Arminius Ashbaugh, a Topeka pioneer.

—Mrs. E. E. Winchell, of Albany, N. Y., gives to the Historical Society important papers left by her husband, James M. Winchell.

JULY 27.—Death of Gen. James G. Blunt, in Washington.

AUGUST 1.—Formation of a German Immigration Society for Kansas, in Atehison. The platform adopted declares that prohibition has turned all foreign immigration away from Kansas.

AUGUST 2.—L. R. Elliott, in the Commonwealth: "It is my firm conviction that Kansas does not stand in need of citizens, either native or foreign-born, who cannot conform to the laws of the State. Some of us have lived here a good many years, and have worked hard to make the State what it is; and whatever the institutions are, they have been made by a recognized majority, and will be changed, if changed at all, by action of a majority."

—E. G. Ross's *Leavenworth Standard* says of Gen. Blunt:

"His determined courage was never more conspicuous than at the battle of Prairie Grove, on the 7th day of December, 1862, where, with his little army of 3,000 Kansans, he saved from annihilation the force of 7,000 men under Gen. Herron, and beat back the Rebel army of 28,000 men, after probably one of the most desperate and deadly hand-to-hand conflicts that characterized the entire war. The fight lasted from 9 o'clock in the morning till shortly after dark, and at that hour, on the battle-field, within the space of a mile, lay 4,000 dead and wounded men.

"His armed reconnoissance to, and retreat from Lexington, in 1864, with a little force of 2,000 cavalry (the Eleventh and Fifteenth Kansas, and Second Colorado), during which he practically held at bay Price's army of 32,000 men, for three days, giving time for the Kansas militia to rally at the State line, was one of the most daring and masterly performances of the time. The retreat covered a space of sixty miles. Every foot of the road was contested through three days of hard fighting, and he reached the Kansas line and the militia with the loss of less than fifty men.

"It is but just to Gen. Blunt, but a vindication of the truth of history, and a fact which the people of Kansas should never forget, that it was Gen. Blunt's arbitrary and heroic assumption of the command of the forces resisting Price's advance, that saved the eastern portion of the State of Kansas from spoliation by the Confederate forces, and that if Gen. Blunt had been consulted in the methods of the pursuit after the fight and victory of Sunday, at Westport, not ten thousand of Price's whole army would have escaped. Kansas owes more to the resolute courage and determination of Gen. Blunt, than to any or all other of the commanding Generals of the Union army, on the two occasions of which we have spoken, especially the latter, for her escape from the ravages of a hostile army."

—Douglass celebrates the arrival of the railroad.

—N. L. Prentis's *Southern Letters* are published by Geo. W. Martin.

—Meeting of ex-Prisoners of War, in Topeka: W. H. Ward, Chairman; F. B. Colver, Secretary.

—The Government publishes a Street Directory of the United States, prepared by E. J. Dallas, a Kansan.

AUGUST 5.—Death, in Kansas City, of Gen. John A. Clark, Land Commissioner of the Fort Scott Railroad.

AUGUST 8.—Col. H. H. Titus dies, in Florida; he left Kansas for the Rebel army.

—E. J. Dallas: "The estimated total number of letters mailed in the State of Kansas, during the year 1880, was 18,380,908; postal cards, 5,631,184; newspapers, 13,703,924; total of all mail matter, 40,120,116."

—Robert R. Moore gives the Historical Society several pieces of Confederate money.

—Commonwealth: "The 'Red-Legs,' or border scouts, as they were sometimes called, were organized in June, 1862, with the late Geo. H. Hoyt as Colonel. They numbered 163."

AUGUST 12.—A pamphlet published, "Prohibition in Kansas;" 32 pp.

—Meeting in Lawrence of the Executive Committee of the State Temperance Union: Richard Wake, S. L. North, Albert Griffin, I. O. Pickering, Charles E. Faulkner, J. Jay Buck, E. H. Funston, H. M. Glancy, James A. Troutman, Secretary; George M. Stearns, Treasurer. Adoption of resolutions.

AUGUST 15.—The Bismarck Temperance meeting is very largely attended; many speakers from this and other States.

—Numerous prosecutions under the liquor law, all over the State.

AUGUST 16.—Suits brought against Pratt county officers on charges of embezzlement, forgery, etc., and they resign. Over \$60,000 in scrip had been issued, and the books of the county stolen.

—Survey made of the Leavenworth, Topeka & Southwestern road.

AUGUST 18.—Prof. C. E. Leslie opens a Musical Jubilee, at Bismarck.

AUGUST 19.—Lieutenant Geo. W. Smith, son of the late Judge Geo. W. Smith, of Lawrence, killed by Apaches, near Fort Bayard.

—State Musical Association formed at Bismarck. President, W. H. White, of Sabetha; Vice President, M. L. Stone, of Wamego; Secretary, O. W. Fox, of Topeka; Treasurer, J. J. Tabor, of Holton; Corresponding Secretary, S. J. Churchill, of Lawrence; Board of Directors, E. S. Waterbury, of Emporia; A. M. Lamphorn, of Rosedale; R. C. Meade, of Atchison; H. Trask, of Williamsburg; J. E. Platt, of Manhattan.

AUGUST 24.—The condition of President Garfield continues to be the sole topic of national interest. Deep sympathy is manifested for him and the Nation all over the civilized world.

AUGUST 24.—Rev. D. P. Mitchell dies on the train, west of Newton, of heart disease. He came to Kansas in 1863, and has been very prominent as a Methodist clergyman and presiding elder, and as a Greenback orator and candidate, and editor of the Topeka Journal. One of his daughters is the wife of L. B. Kellogg; his sons, Henry and Rev. Charles B. Mitchell, are well-known citizens.

—C. L. Hubbs sells the Kinsley Republican to M. C. Davis.

—Richard Cordley is writing the history of the Quantrill Raid for the Lawrence Republican.

SEPTEMBER 3.—J. K. Hudson ceases to be the sole owner of the Capital; he forms a company. E. B. Purcell is President; W. A. Johnston, Secretary; John R. Mulvane, Treasurer. November 1, the Capital appears in a new dress: is published every day; Henry King, editor; Prohibition-Republican.

SEPTEMBER 6.—President Garfield taken to Long Branch, New Jersey.

SEPTEMBER 10.—Marriage of C. J. Brown and Mrs. Julia Greer, in Topeka.

SEPTEMBER 12.—Opening of the Fair and Soldiers' Reunion, at Topeka. —The Kansas City Journal issues a Monday-morning paper.

SEPTEMBER 14.—Meeting of the Farmers' Alliance, at Topeka. W. S. Curry, President; L. K. Mulholland, Secretary.

SEPTEMBER 15.—Meeting of the State Poultry Association. Officers: George H. Hughes, Topeka, President; B. L. Bear, Wichita, Permanent Secretary; O. Badders, Topeka, Assistant Secretary; F. E. Marsh, Manhattan, Treasurer.

—The largest gathering of old soldiers, at Topeka, ever seen in the State. Principal address by P. B. Plumb.

SEPTEMBER 18.—Death of W. F. M. Army, in Topeka. He was a prominent Free-State pioneer, and later an Indian Agent in and Secretary and Governor of New Mexico.

SEPTEMBER 19.—Death of James A. Garfield, twentieth President of the United States. The members of the Cabinet ask Vice President Arthur to take the oath of office and come to Washington.

SEPTEMBER 21.—Consolidation of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy and the Kansas City & Council Bluffs roads.

SEPTEMBER 23.—W. S. Tilton appointed Inspector General.

OCTOBER 6.—The Grand Lodge of Good Templars in session, at Topeka. J. Q. Detwiler, G. W. C. T., reports a membership of 4,000. Officers elected: Grand Worthy Chief Templar, L. Brown, Girard; Counselor, Rev. G. S. Dearborn, Vinland; Vice Templar, Mrs. Clara T. Beach, Winfield; Secretary, Jas. A. Troutman, Topeka; Treasurer, Jas. Grimes, Parsons; Chaplain, Rev. J. T. Mayor, Whiting; Marshal, D. C. Beach, Winfield; Assistant Secretary, Miss Marcia Gordon, Topeka; Deputy Marshal, Mrs. E. T. Trimble, Winfield; Messenger, J. G. Crawford, Girard; Guard, H. B. Cox, Netawaka; Sentinel, Mrs. K. E. Grimes, Parsons. Representatives to the R. W. G. L., to be held at Charleston, S. C., Rev. G. S. Dearborn and L. Brown; alternates, James Grimes and W. R. Johnson.

OCTOBER 11.—State Sunday School Convention, at Emporia: T. B. Sweet, President; W. M. Page elected President for the ensuing year.

OCTOBER 12.—Officers elected Grand Lodge I. O. O. F., at Topeka:

Grand Master, A. H. Dow, of Ottawa; Deputy Grand Master, G. W. Jones, of Pleasanton; Grand Warden, John Dick Blair, of Hiawatha; Secretary, S. F. Burdett; Treasurer, L. Mayo; Representative, E. Pilkenton.

OCTOBER 13.—Action of the Neosho Presbytery, and a fair sample of all church action in the State:

"*Whereas*, The members of this Presbytery recognize with great satisfaction the grand results already accomplished by the temperance law of our State; and whereas, its success in the future largely depends on the earnest efforts of the people to enforce it; and whereas, the greatest efforts have been and are still being made by the liquor interest to bring the law into contempt, and render it a nullity: therefore,

"*Resolved*, That we earnestly recommend to all of our churches and congregations that they exercise all diligence and use every means to educate the people on the subject of temperance, and to defend and enforce the law."

OCTOBER 16.—Wm. Blair Lord, stenographer, sends the Historical Society a photo of the Kansas Investigating Commission that organized in Washington, March 27, 1856.

OCTOBER 18.—Centennial celebration at Yorktown, Va.; descendants of La Fayette and Steuben present.

OCTOBER 21.—Edward Carroll presides over a Leavenworth meeting that denounces the arrest of Chas. S. Parnell, the Irish statesman.

OCTOBER 28.—The Commonwealth publishes a letter from Arny to Hyatt, October 28, 1856, in which he gives the names of the reorganized Kansas Central Committee.

NOVEMBER 1.—"Cuban Sketches." By James W. Steele. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. Dedicated to John James Ingalls. pp. 220. Captain Steele was an American Consul on the Island several years, and his book is one of the most graphic ever written on life and manners in Cuba.

NOVEMBER 3.—Fire in Wellington; loss, \$75,000.

—The Pension Agency to be removed from St. Louis to Topeka, with N. A. Adams as the new Agent.

NOVEMBER 5.—Atchison letter in the Capital: "In May last, a number of ladies living in Kansas and Missouri, met at Leavenworth and organized a society, to be known as the 'Social Science Club of Kansas and Western Missouri,' to have for its object the discussion of topics affecting the education and opportunities of women. The following officers were elected: President, Mrs. B. Gray, Wyandotte; Vice Presidents, Mrs. H. E. Monroe, Atchison, Mrs. E. H. Allen and Mrs. Kersey Coates, Kansas City, Mrs. Thos. Tootle, Mrs. D. H. Winton and Mrs. James Runcie, St. Joseph; Mrs. G. F. Parmelee, Topeka; Directors, Mrs. C. H. Cushing, Mrs. E. Mayo, Mrs. H. C. Henry, Mrs. J. C. Ketcheson, Mrs. DeForest Fairchild, Leavenworth, Mrs. O. C. Day, Kansas City, and Mrs. S. O. Thacher, Lawrence; Secretary, Mrs. Henry Hopkins, Lansing; Treasurer, Mrs. C. B. Brace, Leavenworth. This Club assembled here to day in semi-annual convention, in the Congregational church."

NOVEMBER 7.—Two cowboys sentenced, in Hunnewell, for killing Sadie Colder.

NOVEMBER 8.—Election.

VOTE FOR STATE SENATOR—TO FILL VACANCY.

THIRTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	PERSONS VOTED FOR.	
	Simon Madsen	Scotter Ing...
Trego.....	312	.....
Ness.....	528	.....
Pawnee.....	695	1
Ford.....	695	7
Barton.....	1,240	5
Rush.....	803	.....
Edwards.....	373	5
Ellis.....	996	.....
Russell.....	604	.....
Reno.....	1,026	.....
Rice.....	804	.....
Ellsworth.....	1,205	20
Lincoln.....	654	.....
Hodgeman.....	191	58
Total.....	10,126	96
Majority.....	10,030	.....

VOTE FOR MEMBER HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—TO FILL VACANCY.

Counties.	District.....	Names of persons voted for.	No. of votes..	Majority.....
Ness.....	J. N. Venard..... W. H. Yates.....	325 195	130

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF DISTRICT COURTS.

TENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	PERSONS VOTED FOR.		
	W. R. Wingstaff.	Irwin Stevens.	Henry L. Allen
Wyandotte.....	868	1,074	835
Miami.....	1,310	617	882
Johnson.....	830	1,204	838
Total.....	3,008	2,895	2,555
Plurality.....	113	.....	.....

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF DISTRICT COURTS—CONCLUDED.
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	PERSONS VOTED FOR.		
	<i>Clark A. Smith...</i>	<i>Clinton Angerine</i>	<i>L. C. Uhl.....</i>
Smith.....	448	455	954
Osborne.....	345	417	519
Jewell.....	1,130	1,034	365
Mitchell.....	748	610	650
Total.....	2,674	2,516	2,486
Plurality.....	155		

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	PERSONS VOTED FOR.		
	<i>J. C. Strong.</i>	<i>S. W. Taylor.</i>	<i>Scottering...</i>
Ness.....	336	197	.....
Hodgeman.....	152	96	.....
Pratt.....	324	4	1
Stafford.....	699	9	.....
Barber.....	273	182	2
Rush.....	366	424	5
Ford.....	532	174	7
Edwards.....	371	2	.....
Pawnee.....	584	76	4
Barton.....	808	743	3
Total.....	4,445	1,907	22
Majority.....	2,516		

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	PERSONS VOTED FOR.		
	<i>W. H. Paul.....</i>	<i>D. M. Johnson...</i>	<i>G. Webb Bertram</i>
Rawlins.....	146	.....	32
Trego.....	311	7	9
Ellis.....	558	491	.....
Graham.....	386	93	.....
Sheridan.....	112	.....	12
Decatur.....	361	19	158
Norton.....	809	46	12
Rooks.....	517	418	.....
Phillips.....	912	165	1
Total.....	4,112	1,239	224
Majority.....	2,649		

NOVEMBER 9.—Death of Asa Hairgrove, at Del Norte, Col. He moved to Colorado in 1874.

NOVEMBER 10.—The Missouri Pacific finished from Falls City, Neb., to Hiawatha.

—The Fort Scott & Wichita road reaches Toronto.

NOVEMBER 11.—Dedication of the monument erected to Benj. F. Mudge, at Manhattan. The Academy of Science raised the fund, and Joseph Savage and I. T. Goodnow took charge of the work.

—Geo. W. Martin returns to the Junction City Union, and issues the handsomest paper in the State.

Mrs. Helen Ekin Starrett edits the Western Magazine, Chicago.

NOVEMBER 12.—The Kansas Central reaches Clay Center.

NOVEMBER 15.—Death of J. F. Broadhead, formerly of Linn county, at Independence.

—Job B. Stockton, formerly of Leavenworth, is one of the owners of the town of Toronto.

—Ira F. Collins has a coal mine, near Sabetha.

NOVEMBER 25.—First exhibition of the Brush electric light in Topeka.

—Closing of the J. S. Danford banks, in Hunnewell and Caldwell.

NOVEMBER 26.—The Commonwealth publishes a history of the John W. Hillman insurance case.

NOVEMBER 28.—Danford in the hands of the people, at Wellington. His bank at Osage City is closed.

NOVEMBER 30.—John J. Ingalls President of the River Convention, at St. Joseph. F. P. Baker and E. N. Morrill, Vice Presidents.

DECEMBER 5.—John S. Danford is released.

DECEMBER 10.—Governor St. John issues a proclamation offering rewards for convictions under the prohibitory law.

—T. B. Murdock is one of the editors of the Commonwealth.

DECEMBER 17.—At Caldwell, an ex-Mayor and a cowboy are killed in a drunken row.

DECEMBER 21.—Reorganization of the Modoc Club, in Topeka. President, T. J. Anderson; Vice President, L. S. Frary; Secretary, W. J. Stagg; Treasurer, W. H. Rowles; Musical Director, O. W. Fox.

DECEMBER 23.—Atchison founds a New England Club. Addresses by W. W. Guthrie, N. L. Prentis, D. J. Brewer, F. T. Ingalls, W. H. Haskell, and D. W. Wilder.

DECEMBER 24.—Annual dinner of the British Association, at Florence. S. Nugent Townshend, President.

DECEMBER 25.—Railroad done from Halstead to Wichita.

DECEMBER 27.—Meeting of the State Teachers' Association. Annual address by Wm. Bishop.

1882.

JANUARY 2.—The U. S. pension office opened in Topeka.

JANUARY 3.—The Topeka Democrat changed to Daily State Press. Directors: J. B. Fugate, J. B. Chapman, John Martin, W. F. White, Geo. S. Brown, Alfred Ennis, and Walter N. Allen.

—J. H. Downing publishes the consolidated Hays City Star-Sentinel.

—Bishop Fink appoints Rev. John F. Cunningham administrator of the diocese during the Bishop's absence in Europe.

—D. O. McAllister starts the Ottawa Herald.

JANUARY 7.—Geo. T. Gilmore resigns as Assistant Secretary of State, to become Clerk of Shawnee county; Edward Downard succeeds him.

JANUARY 10.—Secretary Smith and House Clerk Walton find that only two bills failed to become laws under the decision in the Fish Commissioner case; these two are acts "to legalize acts," and received only sixty-two votes in the House.

JANUARY 11.—Meeting of the State Board of Agriculture. R. W. Jenkins elected President; Wm. Sims, Secretary; John Francis, Treasurer.

—The Winfield Courier is ten years old.

JANUARY 12.—Emporia lighted with gas.

JANUARY 16.—Henry Booth is appointed Receiver, at Larned; B. J. F. Hanna, Register, at Wakeeney.

JANUARY 17.—Richard Cordley speaks before the Historical Society on "The Convention Epoch in Kansas History."

—Fire at Abilene; burning of the court house; loss, \$60,000.

—Convention of Wool Growers, at Topeka.

JANUARY 18.—Grand Encampment G. A. R., in Topeka. Officers elected: J. C. Walkinshaw, Department Commander; H. L. Millard, V. S. Department Commander; H. W. Pond, V. Jr. Department Commander. Comrades S. E. Sheldon, of Topeka, and Henry Booth, of Larned, delegates to the National Encampment, in Baltimore, and Comrades T. J. Anderson and J. M. Steele, as alternates.

JANUARY 24.—Confirmations: Registers, John J. Fisher, at Topeka, M. J. Salter, at Independence; Receiver, Henry M. Waters, at Independence.

JANUARY 25.—The assassin, Guiteau, tried at Washington, found guilty by the jury; sentenced, February 4, to be hanged June 30.

JANUARY 26.—Death of Gen. Robt. B. Mitchell, in Washington. He was born in Ohio, in 1823; came to Paris, Linn county, to live, in 1857; was a volunteer in the Mexican war. Since serving as Governor of New Mexico he has lived in Washington. Kansas had these Generals: Blunt, Mitchell, Deitzler, Lee, Ewing, and Clayton, with Lane occasionally acting as a General.

JANUARY 26.—S. B. Bradford, County Attorney of Osage county, re-

plies to a letter of Gov. St. John, asking for the enforcement of the prohibition law.

JANUARY 29.—Kansas Day is celebrated in the schools of Wichita and Junction City; essays, poems, recitations, on Kansas history.

—Publication of the Expedition of Don Diego Dionisio De Penalosa, Governor of New Mexico, from Santa Fé to the river Mischipi and to Quivira, in 1662, as described by Father Nicholas De Freytas, O. S. F., with an account of Penalosa's projects to aid the French to conquer the mining country in northern Mexico, and connection with Cavalier De La Salle. By John Gilmary Shea. New York: John G. Shea. 8vo., pp. 101.

FEBRUARY 1.—Meeting, at Manhattan, of the Kansas Short-Horn Breeders' Association. Officers: President, J. C. Stone, Leavenworth; Vice President, O. W. Bill, Manhattan; Secretary and Treasurer, E. M. Shelton, Manhattan; Executive Committee, W. A. Harris, Lawrence; G. W. Glick, Atchison; C. E. Allen, Manhattan.

—Opening of the Windsor Hotel, formerly Tefft House, Topeka. Rebuilt by Allen Sells. Joseph G. Waters makes a speech, and recites a poem:

"There's nothing left where stood the Tefft,
And stopped our kith and kin, sir;
We here to-night, upon its site,
To saints and those who've sinned, sir,
To town and State do dedicate
The new and spacious Windsor."

FEBRUARY 2.—M. W. Reynolds, in the Atchison Patriot, gives the names of Kansans holding clerkships in Washington, with their salaries: about 80; among them, Edwin P. Hanna, Wm. H. Johnson, Mrs. Sarah J. Neal, A. R. Banks, Mrs. Emily F. Conway, G. C. West, Wiley Britton, B. W. Hanna, D. J. Evans, E. J. Dallas, and Ward Burlingame.

FEBRUARY 4.—There are 370 newspapers and periodicals published in the State.

—The roller skating mania rages.

FEBRUARY 5.—Neal Dow writes to the Commonwealth: "Prohibition forms the chief plank in the Republican platform, and has done so since 1855, when the party was organized, and the Democratic party in Maine has emphatically repudiated the policy of license. Every unprejudiced man must concede that all this is conclusive; that prohibition has conferred great benefits upon the State. The Maine law was enacted in 1851, and from that time to this day not one incident has occurred to justify the assertion that it has been a failure. On the contrary, it has been a great success from the beginning, and it stands stronger now in public opinion here than ever before, so that we have no organized or decent opposition to it."

FEBRUARY 6.—Senator Ingalls champions the arrears-of-pension resolution, introduced by him January 12.

FEBRUARY 10.—Jacob V. Admire, of the Osage City Free Press, appointed Postmaster.

—A. P. Riddle starts the *Kansas Workman*, the organ of the A. O. U. W.

—The *Troy Chief* says: "A *St. Joseph* dispatch in the daily papers announces that D. W. Wilder, of the *Herald*, and John B. Campbell, the temperance lecturer, have purchased the *Hiawatha Dispatch*, and will take charge on the first of March, and will put new material in the office and change the name of the paper to *The World*."

—Capt. J. B. Johnson is advocated for Governor.

FEBRUARY 14.—Wichita letter: "Wild Bill and Mike Meagher are only two of many cowboy victims: Their name is legion. Among the cowboys in the Caldwell raid was Comanche Bill, at one time a noted scout and Indian fighter; now a renegade and fugitive from justice, and associate of the worst characters who congregate in the Indian Territory. The typical cowboy wears a white hat, with a gilt cord and tassel, high-top boots, leather pants, a woolen shirt, a coat, and no vest. On his heels he wears a pair of jingling Mexican spurs, as large around as a tea-cup. When he feels well (and he always does when full of what he calls 'Kansas sheep-dip'), the average cowboy is a bad man to handle. Armed to the teeth, well mounted, and full of their favorite beverage, the cowboys will dash through the principal streets of a town, yelling like Comanches. This they call 'cleaning out a town.'"

—*Hand-Book of Brown County* published; 32 pages. Of *Morris County*; 20 pages. Both by Burch & Bingham.

FEBRUARY 15.—Death of Martin F. Conway, in the Government Hospital for the Insane, in Washington; age, 52.

FEBRUARY 16.—Gov. Robinson makes a historic address at Wyandotte.

FEBRUARY 17.—The House passes a bill giving Kansas seven Congressmen. John A. Anderson secured the seventh.

FEBRUARY 18.—Fire in Robinson; loss, \$50,000.

—A. R. Greene delivers a lecture on Ancient and Modern New Mexico.

—Fire at Oswego; loss, \$10,000; library burned.

FEBRUARY 22.—Annual reunion of the Englishmen of Clay county; speeches by Wm. Reed, W. C. Thompson, Edward Gill, J. C. Mayos, W. T. Blenkavn, C. E. Gifford, and Wirt W. Walton. "The Kingdom of Clay," says Ben. Simpson.

FEBRUARY 23.—Justice Miller files his opinion in the case of Wm. B. Dinsmore, President of the Adams Express Company, etc., vs. The Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company and the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railway Company, tried before the United States Supreme Court, at St. Louis, two weeks ago. The main point is this: It is the duty of every railroad company to provide conveyance for the safe and proper transportation of express matter over its road, and this privilege should be extended to all express companies engaged in the carrying business, unless the number should become oppressive. The Kansas roads were represented by A. L. Williams, Geo. R. Peck, C. W. Blair, and W. H. Rossington.

FEBRUARY 27.—The Leavenworth & Topeka road reaches the east line of Jefferson county, coming west.

FEBRUARY 28.—Anti-Kansas Pacific Railroad Convention, at Salina, called by the County Commissioners of Davis county. H. B. Kelley, of McPherson, Chairman; Martin Mohler, of Osborne, Secretary; A. P. Biggs, of Lincoln, Assistant Secretary. A long recital of facts in the preamble, and the following resolutions adopted:

Resolved, That we earnestly demand of the Congress of the United States such speedy legislation as will stop this inequality, by compelling said company to complete their title to said lands, thereby securing to the Government the costs of surveying, selecting and conveying, which are now unjustly withheld, and placing it in a position on the tax-roll to bear its just share of the public burdens.

Resolved, That the present non-taxable condition of said land is an outrage upon popular government, the very first theory of which is equal and exact justice to all; that it is the duty of the Government to defend the weak from the encroachments of the strong.

Resolved, That we indignantly protest against the influences which have thus far succeeded in perpetuating such an injustice as this exemption of the Kansas Pacific land from taxation.

Resolved, That the Supreme Court of the United States having decided that the mortgaging of this land is a disposal of it, within the meaning of the grant, thus giving us the contradiction of a title good enough for all practical purposes, but not good enough for taxation, we are of the opinion that an act forfeiting the land would be inoperative or result in an endless litigation, and have deemed the completion of a title the speediest way to reach the end sought.

Resolved, That we are in favor of the passage of the bill introduced in the House of Representatives by Hon. John A. Anderson, compelling the company to perfect title to these lands; that we rejoice in the ability, boldness and determination with which Mr. Anderson is pushing said measure, and in all his efforts to this end we pledge him our hearty support.

Resolved, That the action of this convention be supplemented, so far as they may deem proper, by the official expression of the Boards of Commissioners of the various counties interested, and by petition of the people so far as may be practicable.

Resolved, That the thanks of the people are due to Senator Plumb for having secured the passage of said measure through the Senate of the United States; and in view of its general importance, we urgently request the entire delegation from Kansas to use their utmost endeavors that this great wrong may be corrected."

MARCH 1.—The Commonwealth publishes a sketch of Gov. Robinson, by W. P. Tomlinson.

—Annual meeting of Stockmen, at Caldwell.

—C. G. Contant edits the North Topeka Times.

—The railroad lands around Garden City are now in market; I. R. Holmes, agent.

—Prosecutions for selling liquor continue all over the State.

MARCH 7.—Kansas M. E. Conference, at Abilene, the twenty-seventh. Bishop W. W. Warren presiding. Presiding Elders: Leavenworth. J. R. Madison; Topeka. P. T. Rhodes; Atchison, R. Wake; Manhattan. J. A. Simpson. Northwest Conference: Salina, A. N. See; Beloit, J. H. Lockwood; Kirwin, H. G. Breed. There remain now on the superannuated list: J. Shaw, L. Prentice, S. P. Heath, J. D. Knox, E. C. Chilson, N. Green, L. D. Price, Wm. Knipe, J. W. Scott, B. F. Parlett, Wm. Smith, B. F. Bowman.—Oswego Republican: "In the year 1856 the editor attended the first annual session of the Kansas Conference, which met at

Lawrence, in a tent, and was presided over by Bishop Baker. The Conference at that time included all of Kansas, and Nebraska and Colorado besides, and there was only a handful of ministers in attendance. Now there are four conferences in Kansas, with nearly four hundred ministers in the effective work, and Nebraska and Colorado have long been set off to themselves."

MARCH 7.—About 150 exodusters arrive in Topeka from Tennessee.

MARCH 8.—T. S. Stover gives to the Historical Society a photo of Mrs. Victoria Cowden, of Iola. In the fall of 1839 she moved to Pottawatomie Mission, in Linn county, Kansas; in 1842 to the Trading Post; in 1844 to Neosho county; and in 1859 to Allen county. She was born in France.

—Presiding Elders, South Kansas Conference: Emporia, C. R. Rice; Fort Scott, E. C. Boaz; Independence, A. Cullison. Southwest Conference: Wichita, C. A. King; Newton, W. H. Cline; Larned, N. S. Buckner.

MARCH 10.—The Santa Fé Company buys the Sonora R. R.; terminus at Guaymas, on the Pacific.

MARCH 20.—A poet writes this letter to Miss Ethel Ingalls:

"MY DEAR YOUNG FRIEND: I thank thee for thy pleasant letter, and am very happy to know that I have such a reader. I have long known thy honored father as a statesman. I have a special interest in him, because his father was a Haverhill man, an old friend of mine, and I think he was born like myself on the banks of the Merrimac. With all good wishes, I am thy friend,
JOHN G. WHITTIER."

MARCH 25.—A. G. Stacey sells the Salina Herald to Thos. G. Nicklin.

—Kansas spelling: 11worth, Y&.

MARCH 28.—Appointments: C. R. Mitchell, March 28, Trustee of the State Charitable Institutions; A. L. Redden, March 28, Regent of the State Agricultural College; D. E. McKay, March 28, Regent of the State Agricultural College; S. S. Benedict, April 8, Regent of the State University; Geo. R. Peck, April 8, Regent of the State University; J. S. Waters, April 8, Director of the State Penitentiary; C. O. French, April 14, Judge of the District Court for Sixth Judicial District, *vice* D. P. Lowe, deceased; Mrs. Mary Clapp, Yates Center, July 31, Director Normal School, *vice* D. E. Clapp, deceased.

MARCH.—Annual Conference of the Evangelical Association, near Eudora, Bishop Bowman presiding. Rev. Leon C. Schnacke was one of the Secretaries, and was elected Trustee for the Northwestern College, at Naperville, Ill. Appointments for the Holton district: Rev. L. Wenger, Presiding Elder; Nemaha, J. G. Pfiefer; Wolf River, C. Brandt; Lawrence, F. Harden; Holton, John Worth; Hiawatha, L. C. Schnacke; Big Blue, J. F. Schreiber; Atchison, M. Dissinger; Leavenworth, J. Schmiedli; Hanover, D. R. Zellner; Red Vermillion: Wm. Daeschner.

MARCH 30.—A description of M. F. Conway and a just tribute to him, by T. D. Thacher, in the Hiawatha World.

APRIL 1.—Walter N. Allen issues the Topeka Daily Democrat.

APRIL 2.—Robert Hay, in the Capital, says he has found in various books, twenty-four forms of the word Kansas.

—The War Department publishes Sergt. John P. Fialay's investigation of the tornadoes of May, 1879, in Kansas and Missouri.

—Capt. Wm. Higgins gives the Historical Society copies of the early papers of Crawford and Cherokee counties.

APRIL 3.—Jesse James, the Missouri outlaw, shot and killed by Bob Ford, in St. Joseph. He belonged to Quantrill's band.

APRIL 5.—The Topeka Capital made the State paper by the Executive Council.

APRIL 5.—Governor St. John orders Capt. C. M. Scott to enter on his duties as scout in the Indian Territory. Captain Scott's report of his operations in 1881 and 1882, is given in Adjutant General Noble's Report, December, 1882.

APRIL 6, 7.—Twisting wind storms in several counties; very destructive at Fort Riley.

APRIL 10.—Death of Judge David P. Lowe, at Fort Scott. He was born in Oneida county, New York, August 23, 1823; came to Mound City, from Cincinnati, in 1861; elected member of Congress in 1870 and 1872; in March, 1875, was appointed U. S. District Judge in Utah; he soon resigned, and returned to Fort Scott. His parents were born in Worcester county, Massachusetts.

APRIL 23.—Henry Inman, in the Capital, says tornadoes are magnetic, and have their origin in the sun.

—Bishop Warren, in the New York Christian Advocate:

"We have alternately heard from Kansas a moan or a boast, a shriek or a hallelujah, for the past twenty years. What is the truth? Land commands a much higher price in Kansas, than equally good land over an invisible line in Missouri. All the emigrants have gone over possible Edens in Missouri, because the trail of the serpent was on them, to get at the deserts of Kansas. Missouri has been cursed by its politics, and is poorer to-day by tens of millions of dollars therefor. She might have had most of the hardy population and amazing thrift of Kansas in her borders to-day, but for the stupidity of her leaders. When will men learn that the principles and the blessing of the Lord make rich, and sin is a curse to any people? . . . The career of Methodism in this State has been wonderful. Men sat in conference who came over the Jordan at the East with Methodism, having a staff only, and saw it become four bands, or conferences, this year, with an aggregate of 41,161 members, and an average of 82 appointments in each conference. This has not been accomplished without heroism and suffering. There have always been Western districts where starvation was kept off by the generosity of Eastern friends."

APRIL 27.—Death of Ralph Waldo Emerson, at Concord, Mass.

MAY 2.—State Dental Convention, in Topeka. Officers elected: L. P. Meredith, of Abilene, President; A. M. Callaham, of Topeka, First Vice President; A. Doud, of Fort Scott, Second Vice President; J. D. Patterson, of Lawrence, Secretary; A. H. Thompson, of Topeka, Treasurer; L. P. Meredith, Member of the Board of Censors; A. H. Thompson, Delegate to the American Dental Association.

MAY 9.—Death of James Hanway, at Lane. He came to Kansas in '56.

MAY 10.—Meeting of the State Medical Association, at Emporia. Officers elected: G. W. Haldeman, of Paola, President; Dr. Mendenhall, of Newton, Vice President; F. D. Morse, of Lawrence, Secretary; J. H. Hibben, of Topeka, Assistant Secretary; W. W. Cochran, of Atchison, Treasurer.

MAY 15.—Act of Congress providing for the sale to settlers of unallotted lands in the Miami Reservation.

MAY 17.—Chicago Tribune: "Among the oldest of the old settlers who will be present at the reception to be given by the Calumet Club tomorrow night is Medore Beaubien, the second son of old Jean Baptiste Beaubien, and brother to Mark, the fiddle-playing pioneer, about whom so much has been written. Medore has been living on the old reservation at Silver Lake, Kansas, and arrived in the city Friday."

MAY 20.—The University students issue a college-society paper called the "Kansas Kikkabe."

MAY.—Mrs. Drusilla Wilson, President, and Mrs. Fannie Rastall, Secretary, of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, issue an address. The Union adopts the following:

"Resolved, That we, the Executive Committee of the Kansas W. C. T. U., in council assembled, do recommend to local Unions that they use their ballots and influence on the school question, to put such men in office as will encourage the use of scientific temperance text-books in our public schools.

"Resolved, That we urge upon our own sex, as wives, mothers, sisters, and daughters, to unite in a firm band for the furtherance of this work, so vital to the interest of home and society in general, and to demand the ballot for home protection."

MAY 22.—A letter written to a saloon-keeper at Strong City by John Walruff, a brewer at Lawrence, telling him how to escape prosecution, and what he is to do politically, is published, and attracts much attention.

MAY 24.—Republican Congressional Convention, First District, at Clay Center. Called to order by E. B. Purcell, Chairman Central Committee. G. W. Martin, of Davis, Temporary Chairman; C. W. Crampton, of Osborn, and George T. Smith, of Marshall, Temporary Secretaries.

Committee on Credentials—George Higinbotham, Riley; G. C. Kenyon, Dickinson; B. R. Fogle, Republic; S. H. Fullerton, Mitchell; Thomas Anderson, Salina; A. W. Williams, Nemaha; B. F. Lozier, Phillips.

Committee on Permanent Organization—A. Caldwell, Leavenworth; J. D. Blair, Brown; George R. Parker, Smith; W. H. Wilson, Jackson; B. W. Slagle, Jewell; Van B. Wiggins, Decatur; J. W. Bliss, Washington.

Committee on Order of Business—Cyrus Leland jr., Doniphan; D. C. Lockwood, Saline; C. H. Krebs, Atchison; E. J. Jenkins, Cloud; James McCowen, Pottawatomie; R. P. Blain, Ottawa; A. Shannon, Russell.

Committee on Resolutions—T. H. Cavanaugh, Rawlins; S. A. Stauffer, Pottawatomie; C. W. Shreve, Doniphan; F. M. Gratigny, Jefferson; H. D. Rush, Leavenworth; A. J. Loomis, Marshall; W. H. Bell, Ellis.

The temporary organization was made permanent.

Resolutions adopted:

"We, your Committee on Resolutions, beg leave to submit the following:

Resolved, That we reaffirm and declare our devotion to the great principles of the Republican party, and to its honest administration of the National Government under which the Union has been preserved, its institutions developed, credit maintained, and our State made to take an advanced position among the most prosperous States in the Nation.

Resolved, That we renew our expressions of confidence in the integrity, ability and honesty of purpose of the Hon. John A. Anderson, as manifested by his untiring efforts and successful work for his district, for the State, and for the Nation; and that we pledge him a united support for reelection. That we commend him for his successful labors in securing to Kansas the representation in Congress to which she is justly entitled, and approve his course, demanding that all property in this State shall bear its equal and just proportion of the burden of taxation. That recognizing the preëminence of Kansas in the leading industry, we congratulate him for securing the passage of a bill through the House of Representatives, elevating the Agricultural Bureau of the Nation to the dignity of a Cabinet position.

Resolved, farther, That in the death of the great and gifted citizen, James A. Garfield, late President of the United States, the Nation met with an irreparable loss; and that we congratulate the Republican party for its patriotism and wisdom in meeting the great emergency, through its Republican administration, and safely bringing the country to its present prosperous and harmonious condition."

D. R. Wagstaff, of Saline county, placed in nomination John A. Anderson, and moved that the nomination be made by acclamation.

E. J. Jenkins, E. J. Donnell of Rooks, and W. H. Bond of Leavenworth, seconded the nomination.

Anderson was nominated by acclamation.

The Central Committee was appointed, as follows: Atchison, C. H. Krebs; Brown, John Schilling; Clay, D. A. Valentine; Cloud, E. J. Jenkins; Davis, W. B. Clarke; Decatur, R. W. Fiuley; Dickinson, James W. Hart; Doniphan, Cyrus Leland jr.; Ellis, Geo. C. Miller; Ellsworth, Rev. L. Sternberg; Graham, E. P. McCabe; Jackson, W. H. Wilson; Jefferson, James L. McDowell; Jewell, Dr. B. W. Slagle; Leavenworth, A. Caldwell; Lincoln, C. J. Brown; Marshall, A. G. Edwards; Mitchell, S. H. Fullerton; Nemaha, A. W. Williams; Norton, L. H. Gowdy; Osborne, J. B. Craney; Ottawa, Winfield Freeman; Phillips, B. F. Lozier; Pottawatomie, L. B. Smith; Rawlins, J. D. Greason; Republic, B. R. Hogan; Riley, Geo. W. Higinbotham; Rooks, Dr. E. J. Donnell; Russell, J. J. A. T. Dixon; Saline, D. C. Loekwood; Smith, George R. Parker; Washington, J. B. Besaek.

MAY 24.—Republican Congressional Convention, Third District, at Emporia. Called to order by William Sims, Chairman of the Committee. Senator Kelley, of Coffey county, was elected Temporary Chairman, and R. T. Wall, of Wichita, Temporary Secretary.

Committee on Credentials—D. B. Jeffries, McPherson county; Robert McCause, Coffey county; J. T. Showalter, Wellington; James McKee, Newton.

Committee on Resolutions—George D. Orner, Barber; F. P. Baker, Topeka; W. A. Shannon, Butler; G. W. Nimmoeks, Great Bend.

Committee on Permanent Organization—H. C. St. Clair, Sumner county; P. S. Curlett, Pawnee county; G. W. Cook, —; G. E. Filley, Kingman county; Joseph Field, Wabaunsee county.

During the absence of the committees, the delegates listened to speeches by Lewis Hauback, of Salina; W. P. Hackney, of Winfield; G. R. Peck, J. H. Stuart, and A. B. Jetmore, of Topeka; H. B. Kelly, of McPherson, and J. W. Ady, of Newton. The Modoc Club sang some of their songs.

The Committee on Permanent Organization recommended that the temporary organization be continued, and their report was adopted.

J. C. Wilson, of Topeka, placed in nomination for Congress Hon. Thomas Ryan, and on motion of H. C. St. Clair he was nominated by acclamation, without a dissenting vote.

Resolutions adopted:

Resolved, That the Republican party now, as during the past twenty years, is a party of principle, and that it has within itself all the elements of progress necessary to keep it abreast with the advancing greatness of the country.

Resolved, That while we mourn the loss by an assassin of one of the great men of the Nation, President Garfield, we rejoice, that under our laws, he was peaceably succeeded by one in whom we have confidence, not only in his patriotism but in his wisdom, which has been exemplified in his efforts to harmonize the warring factions in the Nation, and in the party of which he is the acknowledged head.

Resolved, That the National banks are a safe and reliable medium of exchange, and we commend the action of our Representative in Congress in voting for the bill to continue their existence; yet in view of the fact that the basis of their existence, to wit, the bonded indebtedness of the country, is fast being paid off, we deem it wise to provide a substitute to take its place when that event happens, and as a step towards this end it will be an act of wisdom for the Government to receive on deposit all the gold coin offered to it, and issue certificates therefor, the Government holding the coin solely for the redemption of such certificates. These certificates, with such an amount of greenbacks as can be kept at par with coin, (not exceeding the amount now in circulation,) will answer as a temporary measure until the wisdom of legislators can provide a substitute.

Resolved, That it is unnecessary for this Convention to say a single word in commendation of our nominee, Hon. Thomas Ryan. He has served them six years to their satisfaction, and the unanimity of his renomination to-day is evidence that the people will send him to Washington a fourth time, with only the injunction to continue in well-doing."

Congressional Committee: James McKee, Secretary; Barber, J. R. Easley; Barton, E. L. Chapman; Butler, A. L. Redden; Chase, W. A. Morgan; Chautauqua, W. H. Gibson; Coffey, H. E. Cowgill; Cowley, D. A. Millington; Edwards, Taylor Flick; Elk, A. Thompson; Ford, R. W. Adams; Greenwood, J. B. Clogston; Harper, A. S. Lindsey; Harvey, J. W. Ady; Kingman, G. W. Day; Lyon, Ed. Borton; Marion, D. D. Perry; McPherson, J. R. Wright; Morris, H. Ritchie; Ness, J. R. Barnes; Osage, G. W. Doty; Pawnee, T. McCarthy; Pratt, H. P. Cooper; Reno, A. M. Switzer; Rice, H. C. Taylor; Sedgwick, M. Myers; Shawnee, John Guthrie; Sumner, J. T. Showalter; Stafford, R. M. Blair; Trego, G. F. Greeley; Wabaunsee, Joseph Fields; Woodson, H. G. Hunt; Rush, John Whittenberger; Hodgeman, J. R. Wilson. Seward, Frank Spencer; Clark, L. B. Shepherd; Comanche, Dr. Wilson.

MAY 25.—H. C. Rizer, of the Eureka Herald, delivers the address at the meeting of the Neosho Valley editors, at Fort Scott.

MAY 25.—The first annual session of the Women's Social Science

Club of Kansas and Western Missouri held in Anniversary Hall at the Home for the Friendless, in Leavenworth.

In the selection of officers for the ensuing year, Mrs. B. Gray, of Wyandotte, was reelected President, together with the following Vice Presidents: Mrs. H. E. Monroe, Atchison; Mrs. E. H. Allen, Kansas City; Mrs. Kersey Coates, Kansas City; Mrs. D. H. Winton, St. Joseph; Mrs. James Runcie, St. Joseph; and Mrs. Thomas Tootle, St. Joseph. Mrs. Major Hopkins was reelected Secretary, and Mrs. C. B. Brace, Treasurer.

The committees for the ensuing year are as follows:

Domestic Economy—Mrs. J. M. Crowell, Atchison; Mrs. S. M. Hartaugh, Leavenworth; Mrs. G. A. Banks, Lawrence.

Sanitary Science—Eliza K. Morgan, M. D., Leavenworth; Deborah K. Longshore, M. D., Topeka; Julia Haywood, M. D., St. Joseph, Mo.

Philanthropy and Reform—Mrs. E. T. Spring, Lawrence; Mrs. S. A. Kingman, Topeka; Mrs. A. Wilson, Parsons.

Art—Mrs. Dr. Knapp, Osawatomie; Mrs. H. Hopkins, Lansing; Miss M. Delahay, Leavenworth.

Natural Science—Mrs. E. Mayo, Leavenworth; Mrs. Wm. Jones, Lawrence; Mrs. D. B. Hadley, Wyandotte.

Education—Mrs. H. E. Monroe, Atchison; Miss Kate Stephens, Lawrence; Mrs. Prof. Ward, Manhattan. *

History and Civil Government—Mrs. E. H. Allen, Kansas City; Mrs. O. C. Day, Kansas City; Mrs. Kellogg, Emporia.

Archæology—Mrs. R. M. Tunnell, Wyandotte; Mrs. C. M. Cravens, Kansas City; Mrs. M. B. Wright, Kansas City.

Literature—Mrs. C. B. Brace, Leavenworth; Mrs. J. K. Hudson, Topeka; Mrs. J. T. Clark, Topeka.

MAY 25.—The Fort Scott & Wichita road done to Eureka.

MAY 26.—Fire in Sterling; loss, \$15,000.

Kansas City Journal: "From River to Sea," is the title of a new book written by Mr. Chas. S. Gleed, formerly of the Journal staff, published by Rand & McNally, of Chicago. Mr. Gleed is a writer of fine ability, and having had the best of facilities for the collection of material for his work, has succeeded in making the most interesting, and at the same time the most useful book that has been published on the mountain region of the great Southwest."

MAY 29.—Opening of the Morrill Public Library, at Hiawatha. Maj. E. N. Morrill gave \$2,000 and Chas. H. Janes \$500, and both have since largely increased their gifts. Capt. Ira J. Lacock is another generous benefactor of the library.

MAY 29.—Fire at Americus; loss, \$6,000.

MAY.—Statistics of Methodism in the State: Total number of members, 34,458; probationers, 6,703; local preachers, 437; churches, 302; value of same, \$682,954; parsonages, 180; value of same, \$117,830; Sunday schools, 561; officers and teachers, 5,388; scholars, 35,941.

MAY 31.—Second District Republican Congressional Convention, at Ottawa. Eugene Ware, of Fort Scott, President; E. H. Wasser, Secretary; George McCarter, R. B. Bryan, and A. S. Dewley, Assistant Secretaries. The nomination of Mr. Haskell was made by Col. W. B. Stone, of Cherokee county, and the motion to make unanimous was made by James C. Murray, of Crawford. The Committee on Resolutions were: John Hutchings, Wm. Higgins, C. G. Shaw, D. E. Cornell, and M. C. Clarg. The resolutions, which were unanimously adopted, are as follows:

“Resolved, That we reaffirm our confidence in the integrity and statesmanship of Hon. Dudley C. Haskell; that we have great pride in the fact that by his abilities he has gained for himself a first place in the councils of the Nation, and earned for himself a national reputation as a statesman and legislator.

“Resolved, That we heartily congratulate the Republicans of the First and Third Congressional Districts in having unanimously renominated for Congress their able and efficient Representatives, the Hon. John A. Anderson and the Hon. Thomas Ryan.

“Resolved, That we have especial pride and confidence in the ability, integrity and statesmanship of our Senators in Congress, the Hon. John J. Ingalls and the Hon. Preston B. Plumb.

“Resolved, That we heartily indorse President Arthur, and cannot too heartily commend him for his efforts to advance the commercial interests of the country by giving us a conservative administration, one that commands the support of the farmers and merchants, the two great industries of the country; also for his attempts, which promise well, to build up the party in the South, and for the great idea he seems to have at heart of bringing about a reconciliation between the warring and personal factions in the party.

“Resolved, That in the death of the great and gifted citizen, James A. Garfield, late President of the United States, the Nation met with an irreparable loss; and that we congratulate the Republican party for its patriotism and wisdom in meeting the great emergency through its Republican administration, and safely bringing the country to its present prosperous and harmonious condition.”

The following committee was appointed: R. C. Bryan, Linn county; F. R. Ogg, Johnson county; W. J. Buchan, Wyandotte county; George M. Carter, Wilson county; S. Dooley, Neosho county; W. B. Stone, Cherokee county; Cyrus Shaw, Miami county; J. Q. A. Norton, Douglas county; W. B. Allison, Allen county; Delos Walker, Anderson county; L. S. Crum, Labette county; J. S. Hanway, Franklin county, A. J. George, Crawford county.

MAY 31.—Convention of colored men, at Topeka. J. J. Jennings, Chairman of the State Central Committee, called the Convention together. W. D. Kelley, of Leavenworth, and W. A. Price, of Chautauqua county, were placed in nomination for Temporary Chairman. A ballot was ordered, and Mr. Kelley was declared elected, and Messrs. G. W. Smith and A. Williams were appointed a committee to conduct Mr. Kelley to the chair.

Committee on Resolutions—Rev. W. H. Pinckney, L. Fullbright, Rev. B. F. Watson, G. N. Lewis, and Rev. Mr. Fairfax.

Committee on Order of Business—C. H. Langston, J. H. Smith, and J. H. Stuart.

O. Simmons, of Wyandotte, being called upon, made an earnest speech, reviewing the condition of the colored man, the relations sus-

tained by his people in the past with the Republican party, and favoring the nomination of an independent ticket for Congressman at large, and a representation on the State ticket.

Brief speeches upon the duty of the colored voters of Kansas were made by C. M. Johnson, W. D. Matthews, and others.

Resolutions adopted:

Whereas, The great mass of the colored voters of Kansas have always supported the candidates and labored for the success of the Republican party; and

Whereas, In gratitude for the abolition of Slavery, the privilege of the ballot, and the legal recognition of civil rights, we have steadfastly responded to all the appeals of the party leaders in behalf of partisan success, during a period of nearly twenty years; and

Whereas, During this long period, the Republican party has persistently refused to nominate, either on the State or National ticket, a single man of color, notwithstanding we have repeatedly appealed to the party conventions to thus recognize our race in proportion to our numerical power at the ballot-box; and

Whereas, In the distribution of the State and National patronage in Kansas, we have been almost entirely ignored; therefore,

Resolved, by the colored voters of Kansas, in State convention assembled, That we affirm our devotion to the cause of freedom and equal rights for all classes and conditions of men.

Resolved, That in a republican form of government, with equal laws and equal rights, it is unreasonable to expect that the organization of a political party can long be maintained by excluding from the administration any one class of voters, either from considerations of personal ambition, race, policy, or color.

Resolved, That while we do not claim that any man should be nominated, elected, or appointed to office, because he belongs to any particular race, or because his skin is black, we do claim that no man should be excluded from office on account of race or color."

Mr. Kelley left the chair, and in an eloquent speech nominated W. D. Matthews, of Leavenworth, for Congressman at large.

Mr. Fullbright nominated Alfred Fairfax, of Chautauqua county.

Mr. Pinckney nominated J. H. Stuart, of Topeka.

Messrs. Stuart and Matthews declining, Alfred Fairfax was unanimously nominated by the Convention for Congressman at large, and recommended to the Republican State Congressional Convention for indorsement.

Mr. Fairfax made an eloquent speech, accepting the nomination, and returning his thanks to the Convention.

No nomination for State Auditor was made.

MAY 31.—Marriage, at Lancaster, Ohio, of John S. Gilmore, of the Fredonia Citizen, and Miss Viola Butin. Mrs. Gilmore died in Washington, June 9. M. W. Reynolds says: "Religious services were held in the parlors of the National Hotel, conducted by Rev. Mr. Patch. A large number of Kansas people were present. Senators Ingalls and Plumb and Hon. D. C. Haskell were present, and accompanied Mr. Gilmore with the remains to the depot of the Baltimore & Ohio. Hon. W. A. Phillips, Frank Fleniken, Capt. A. A. Thomas, Prof. G. W. Botkin, J. A. White and Col. Ed. R. Smith acted as pall-bearers."

JUNE 1.—The last rail of the Missouri Pacific extension, from Atchison to Omaha, laid in Everest, Brown county.

JUNE 2.—Water works completed at Abilene.

—F. D. Coburn becomes the editor of the Kansas City Live-Stock Indicator.

JUNE.—G. A. Atwood buys the Manhattan Enterprise, of A. L. Runyan.

JUNE 5.—State Editorial Convention, in Lawrence. The editors spend the week in visiting the State institutions. The Commonwealth of June 6 gives a history of the various meetings of the Association.

JUNE 5.—Rev. Frank T. Ingalls delivers the baccalaureate sermon, at the University. Prizes for essays given to E. A. Munsell, of Council Grove, and Glen Miller, of White Cloud. Master's oration by Prof. James W. Glead.

JUNE 6.—The Press Association elects F. P. Baker President, J. H. Downing Secretary, and John A. Martin Treasurer. Winfield selected as the next place of meeting, and W. W. Walton chosen orator. D. W. Wilder appointed to write a history of the Press of Kansas.

JUNE 7.—Greenback and Anti-Monopoly Convention, at Emporia, to place in nomination a candidate for Congress from the Third District, and one for the State at large. Called to order by D. J. Cole, of Reno county, who was made Temporary Chairman. Permanent Chairman, Dr. J. A. Washburne, of Osage county.

The platform declares against all monopolies, of whatever name or description; opposes the National Banking system, regarding it as a means of perpetuating the national debt; arraigns Thos. Ryan, member of Congress from this district, as on the side of capital and monopoly as against labor; and invites the coöperation of Land Leagues, Farmers' Alliances, Trades Unions, and all other industrial organizations.

The ballot for a candidate for Congressman from the Third District resulted in the nomination of D. J. Cole, of Reno county; and S. N. Wood, of the Kansas State Journal, was nominated for Congressman at large.

The following gentlemen were elected as a Congressional Committee: H. A. Utley, Osage county; Cyrus Corning, Shawnee county; J. B. Welch, Elk county; Wm. Jeffrey, Chase county; H. H. Hart, Greenwood county.

JUNE 10.—Three murderers hanged from the bridge, at Lawrence.

JUNE 11.—Dedication of the First Methodist Church, Topeka, by Bishop Hurst.

JUNE 13.—The twenty-eighth anniversary of the founding of Leavenworth, celebrated in that city.

JUNE 15.—From O. W. Holmes's poem, on this the 70th birthday of Mrs. H. B. Stowe:

"All through the conflict, up and down,
 Marched Uncle Tom and Old John Brown,
 One ghost, one form ideal;
 And which was false, and which was true,
 And which was mightier of the two,
 The wisest sibyl never knew —
 For both alike were real."

JUNE 15.—Atchison celebrates the completion of the Omaha extension.

JUNE 17.—The tower of Mount St. Mary's Academy, Leavenworth, blown down, and four girls killed.

JUNE 20.—Death of Gen. Dexter E. Clapp, in Woodson county.

—Edwards's Historical Atlas of Harvey county issued. The history is written by R. W. P. Muse.

JUNE 21.—Dedication of the new college building at Lane University, at Lecompton; address by T. Dwight Thacher. The address says that the Legislature of 1855 located the seat of government at Lecompton by a vote, on the 8th of August. The Governor took up his residence there as early as April 20, 1856.

JUNE 27.—Lieut. Col. S. L. Patrick elected Colonel of the First militia regiment. Wirt W. Walton is secretary of the meeting.

JUNE 28.—Death of Ross Burns, in Topeka.

JUNE 28.—Republican Convention, at Topeka, to nominate four candidates at large for Congress. Called to order by J. B. Johnson. Harrison Kelley, of Coffey, Temporary Chairman.

A. T. Sharpe, of Franklin, nominated Wirt W. Walton, L. N. Woodcock, E. W. Waynant, and J. L. Waller, as Temporary Secretaries. Carried.

Committee on Credentials—W. J. Buchan, J. F. Legate, Phil. Kelly, C. P. Jeffries, O. G. Richards, J. W. Johnston, W. L. Winter, J. O. Fife, J. R. Burton, W. A. Morgan, J. D. Hinkle, D. E. Ballard, J. C. Long, D. B. Long, S. B. Farwell, C. J. Jones, and L. K. Pratt.

On Rules—Geo. W. Veale, J. L. McDowell, Ira F. Collins, J. P. Harris, W. H. Smith, R. W. Blue, Geo. E. Faler, W. L. Harvey, Tom Morrison, L. W. Breyfogle, H. G. Webb, R. B. Hogan, R. L. Walker, Geo. Green, J. D. Robertson, J. W. Crawford, and A. L. Patchen.

On Permanent Organization—J. W. Ady, Dr. John W. Scott, Charles Johnson, S. C. King, Wm. Mitchell, L. R. Gordon, H. J. McMasters, J. M. Limbocker, Frank Moriarty, Thos. Shoemaker, M. C. Kelley, M. Lathrop, Geo. A. Cutler, J. J. A. T. Dixon, Webb McNall, C. J. Jones, and G. F. Bogue.

On Resolutions—D. R. Anthony, John Seaton, E. B. Purcell, A. T. Sharpe, J. J. Buck, Joel Moody, Jno. S. Gilmore, Robt. Henderson, W. R. Brown, Arch. Shaw, Jno. H. Smith, Thomas Wrong, George Leitzenberg, Hill P. Wilson, H. Charlesworth, T. McCarthy, and Jno. Bissell.

Adjourned.

JUNE 29.—Reassembling of the Big Four Convention. Additions made to the temporary officers: Vice Presidents, W. W. Guthrie of the First District, J. W. Scott of the Second District, J. Jay Buck of the Third District. Additional Secretaries, Webb McNall and John S. Beeson. William Higgins, Sergeant-at-Arms.

Resolutions adopted:

"1. The Republicans of Kansas declare their fidelity to that party whose history has been that of an unbroken triumph of right over wrong, and of intelligence over ignorance and prejudice.

"2. We assert it to be the right of every qualified voter to cast his ballot freely and fearlessly, to have it honestly counted, and that a true Republican Government can only exist where this right is fully protected and enforced by law; and we commend most heartily the Republican majority in Congress in its support of this fundamental principle.

"3. That the grandest monument to Republican ascendancy in Kansas is its system of free schools, and we declare that universal education is the firmest basis upon which our national security can rest.

"4. The Republican party stands pledged to the policy of granting a just share of our national abundance to those citizens who have helped preserve the country in the late civil war, and to afford relief to the widows and orphans of those who laid down their lives for the Union in that conflict. The Republicans of Kansas are in favor of discharging this sacred trust liberally and up to the full measure of our national ability, believing that the utmost we have done or may do in this regard will be but a partial recognition of the priceless services these heroes have rendered upon land and sea.

"5. That Kansas may indulge a just pride in the distinguished and patriotic services of our present delegation in Congress, who, by their ability as legislators and debaters, and in the uprightness of their official conduct, have won for themselves an enviable national reputation.

"6. That in the untimely and tragic death of our beloved President, James A. Garfield, we recognize a great and national calamity; that his brief administration won for him the confidence of the Nation, and that his heroic fortitude under great and protracted suffering obtained for him the admiration and tender sympathy of the civilized world.

"7. That we heartily indorse President Arthur and his administration, begun, as it was, among the embarrassments occasioned by a great national calamity; and that his wise, patriotic and judicious efforts in behalf of harmony and good government, and his impartial discharge of the duties of the high office he occupies, entitle him to the united and earnest support of the people; and that we, the Republicans of Kansas in convention assembled, pledge ourselves and our Representatives in Congress to sustain him and his administration.

"8. That we unreservedly pledge ourselves to the support of the candidates chosen by this convention.

"9. That the proud position which Kansas occupies in the sisterhood of States, her unparalleled prosperity and the high moral character of her people, are alike matters of congratulation to every citizen of our grand and glorious Commonwealth."

First ballot: Baker 96, Benedict 97, Booth 2, Broderick 18, Fairfax 31, Funston 113, Hanback 150, Holt 127, Hanna 13, Keeler 26, Legate 1, Morrill 156, Peters 172, Perkins 136, Redden 43, Simons 2, Sluss 107, Simpson 21, Snoddy 25, Woods 18, Wilson 94, Waters 10.

Second ballot: Baker 84, Benedict 95, Broderick 13, Fairfax 13, Funston 106, Hanback 179, Holt 154, Hanna 9, Keeler 8, Morrill 184, Peters 252, Perkins 180, Redden 20, Sluss 80, Snoddy 23, Wilson 62.

Samuel R. Peters nominated.

Third ballot: Perkins 273, Hanback 250, Morrill 282, Holt 144, Funston 88, Baker 50, Fairfax 5.

E. N. Morrill, B. W. Perkins and Lewis Hanback nominated.

JUNE 28.—Congressional Convention of the Greenback-Labor party for the First District, at Clay Center. John M. Hutchison, of Jewell county, was elected Temporary Chairman, and F. W. Hiddleston, of Mitchell county, Temporary Secretary.

Committee on Permanent Organization—John Davis, of Davis county; A. B. Cornell, of Russell; and W. A. Garretson, of Phillips.

On Credentials—G. W. Reed, of Jewell; C. J. Lamb, of Phillips; W. D. Vincent, of Clay.

On Resolutions—E. McIntyre, of Clay; J. Piggott, of Atchison; B. C. Cranston, of Dickinson; Mr. Gandan, of Jewell; A. G. Barrett, of Marshall.

On Rules and Order of Business—A. M. Hutchison, of Phillips; Dr. Kendall, of Mitchell; Mr. Black, of Riley.

The Committee on Resolutions reported the following resolutions, adopted by the National Anti-Monopoly Labor party, at St. Louis, May 23, 1882:

"1. We are opposed to the monopoly of money through the banking system, and are in favor of the Government issuing all our currency, making it a full legal tender, and keeping its volume uniform with business and population.

"2. We are opposed to railroad and telegraph monopolies regulating the charges for transporting persons and property and the use of telegraphs, and hold that all corporations created by law should be governed by law in the interest of the people.

"3. We are opposed to the monopoly of land, and demand that all public lands, including those forfeited by non-compliance with the laws, should be held for actual settlers.

"4. We favor a revision of the tariff laws in the interest of American labor, and not in the interest of rich corporations and monopolies.

"5. We hold that the representatives of labor have the right to combine to enforce all of their constitutional rights, and they should be protected by law in so doing.

"6. We are opposed to all monopolies, and are in favor of equal rights, equal burdens, equal taxation and equal benefits for all, with special privileges for none; and we hold that that is the best government wherein an 'injury to one is the concern of all.'

"7. We favor the payment of the national debt, and oppose its being refunded in any form.

"8. We invite all members of Land Leagues, Farmers' Alliances, Trade Unions, Anti-Monopoly Leagues, producers' movements, Knights of Labor, and all other industrial organizations, and all good citizens who believe in the foregoing principles, to unite with us in carrying them to a successful issue at the ballot-box."

After the above were adopted, the following resolution was offered, and adopted:

"Resolved, That we believe that all lands subsidized to the railroads in the country should bear their proportion of taxation, and Congress should at once declare all lands forfeited to the Government upon which the payment of survey fees have not been made, and the same opened to preëmption."

The following resolution, introduced by A. B. Cornell, of Russell county, was also adopted:

"Resolved, That the nomination of Hon. S. N. Wood, as one of the Congressional candidates at large, meets our hearty concurrence; recognizing in him an able leader, a lucid exponent of the principles of the National Greenback-Labor party, and peculiarly well qualified to fill any position of honor or trust."

The Convention reassembled in the afternoon, and proceeded to cast an informal ballot for Congressman for the First Congressional District, with the following result: John Davis 31, John M. Hutchison 3, J. N. Limbocker 4, Dr. Kendall 4, F. W. Hiddleson 1, C. J. Lamb 8, S. N. Wood 1.

Nominations were now made as follows: Dr. Kendall, of Mitchell; H. A. Hart, of Rooks; C. J. Lamb, of Phillips; C. H. Moody of Jewell; J. Piggott, of Atchison.

The first formal ballot was now taken, with the following result: Kendall 12, Hart 18, Moody 23, Piggott 8, Lamb 4.

Second formal ballot: Moody 34. Hart 20, Kendall 4. Piggott 3, Lamb 4.

C. H. Moody was declared nominated, and, on motion of H. A. Hart, his nomination was declared unanimous.

John Davis, of Junction City, was nominated by acclamation for Congressman at large.

A District Central Committee, of one from each county in the District, with C. J. Lamb, of Kirwin, as Chairman, and W. D. Vincent as Secretary, was appointed, as follows: Jewell, J. M. Hutchison, Jewell City; Smith, N. P. Ellis, Smith Center; Marshall, P. G. Barrett, Barrett's; Leavenworth, I. G. Losee, Leavenworth; Phillips, C. J. Lamb, Kirwin; Riley, J. N. Limbocker, Manhattan; Jackson, J. Simpson, Holton; Davis, John Davis, Junction City; Ottawa, L. F. Smith, Delphos; Russell, A. B. Cornell, Russell; Atchison, J. Piggott, Effingham; Mitchell, F. W. Hiddleson, Beloit; Dickinson, B. C. Cranston, Abilene; Rooks, H. A. Hart, Stockton; Republic, S. M. Edwards, Hubble, Neb.; Clay, W. D. Vincent, Clay Center; Cloud, B. W. Williams, Concordia; Washington, J. N. Gallaher, Ballard Falls; Pottawatomie, R. Thompson, Garrison; Norton, P. H. Loomis. —; Ellis, Jason Fox, Walker; Graham, Benj. Graves, Millbrook; Sheridan, W. S. Vanderburg, Sheridan; Decatur, D. H. McClary, Oberlin; Brown, J. N. Wells, Mt. Roy; Nemaha, Ed. Taylor, Seneca; Jefferson, J. N. Insley, Oskaloosa.

An Executive Committee, consisting of H. A. Hart of Stockton, L. P. Hamilton of Beatty, B. C. Cranston of Abilene, and the Chairman and Secretary, was appointed.

JUNE 30.—Attorney General Johnston's Report gives his brief in the case brought to test the validity of the consolidation of the Union Pacific R. R. Co. with the Kansas Pacific. The question is still an open one.

—D. B. Long, Fish Commissioner, has stocked 268 ponds with carp. He has also distributed shad.

—The mileage of railroads in the State, as returned for taxation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1882, aggregated 3,701.13, an increase of 596.92 miles. The total assessment of railroads, June 30, 1882, was \$25,088,156.46, an increase of \$4,540,353.92, or 22 per cent. The average assessment per mile, for 1882, was \$6,778.51. Kansas has now eighty-one organized counties, sixty-seven of which have railroads. Seven of the unorganized counties have railroads.

JUNE 30.—Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30:

<i>For what purpose appropriated.</i>	<i>Amount appropriated</i>	<i>Amount drawn.</i>	<i>Balance undrawn.</i>
Executive Department.....	\$13,700 00	\$12,145 20	\$1,554 80
Secretary of State's Department.....	7,600 00	7,398 15	201 85
Auditor of State's Department.....	7,000 00	6,787 07	212 93
Treasurer of State's Department.....	11,750 00	11,025 00	725 00
Attorney General's Department.....	3,500 00	3,435 03	64 97
Superintendent of Public Instruction's Departm't...	5,000 00	5,000 00	.....
Adjutant General's Department.....	1,800 00	1,800 00	.....
Executive Council.....	16,450 00	14,268 81	2,181 19
State printing.....	27,800 00	27,797 00	3 00

APPROPRIATIONS—CONCLUDED.

<i>For what purpose appropriated.</i>	<i>Amount appropriated</i>	<i>Amount drawn.</i>	<i>Balance undrawn.</i>
State Board of Agriculture.....	\$6,500 00	\$6,286 43	\$213 57
State Librarian.....	3,000 00	2,749 80	250 20
State Historical Society.....	4,000 00	4,000 00	.....
Insurance Department.....	5,680 00	4,600 00	1,080 00
State Horticultural Society.....	4,500 00	4,500 00	.....
Legislative expenses.....	4,995 35	2,201 20	2,794 15
Supreme Court.....	15,050 00	15,049 95	05
District Judges.....	40,000 00	39,967 26	32 74
District Judge Seventeenth District.....	4,270 85	2,499 95	1,770 90
State University.....	30,750 12	30,726 79	23 33
State Agricultural College.....	16,000 00	16,000 00	.....
Blind Asylum.....	14,010 00	13,973 37	36 63
Blind Asylum (building).....	25,000 00	21,999 07	93
Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	25,000 00	25,000 00	.....
Insane Asylum at Topeka.....	36,460 00	36,460 00	.....
Insane Asylum, Topeka (buildings).....	75,000 00	75,000 00	.....
Insane Asylum, Osawatimie.....	81,130 00	81,129 79	21
Asylum for Idiot and Imbecile.....	9,890 00	9,890 00	.....
Home for Friendless Women.....	2,400 00	2,400 00	.....
St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum.....	3,840 00	2,640 00	1,200 00
Kansas Orphan Asylum.....	2,400 00	2,400 00	.....
Maintenance destitute insane.....	16,895 83	16,894 83	1 00
Reform School.....	12,150 00	12,149 60	40
Penitentiary.....	125,802 90	120,045 99	5,756 91
Trustees State Charitable Institutions.....	3,250 00	3,245 80	4 20
Regents State University.....	1,000 00	660 80	339 20
Regents State Agricultural College.....	1,800 00	1,398 00	402 00
Regents State Normal School.....	2,000 00	1,734 00	266 00
Directors State Penitentiary.....	1,200 00	1,125 90	74 10
Capitol extension.....	93,014 11	72,844 21	20,169 90
University interest fund.....	3,034 45	3,034 45	.....
Military expenditures.....	1,600 35	153 00	1,447 35
Commissioner of Fisheries.....	1,000 00	1,000 00	.....
County Normal Institutes.....	3,500 00	3,500 00	.....
Conveying prisoners to the Penitentiary.....	9,000 00	7,261 52	1,738 48
State Agent at Washington.....	27,757 63	22,112 33	5,645 30
Miscellaneous.....	7,425 43	4,475 23	2,950 20
Total.....	\$814,907 02	\$763,765 53	\$51,141 49

JUNE 30.—Assessment of all property, \$186,128,138. Tax levy, §837,576; 3½ mills for general revenue; one-half mill for capitol extension; one-tenth mill for sinking fund; and four-tenths mill for interest fund. The average tax rate in the State on each \$100 is §3.60. State debt, §1,181,975; State bonds owned by State funds, §716,950. The municipal debt is §14,472,019.

Auditor Bonebrake's report shows the sale of State lands in fifteen years:

	<i>No. acres.</i>	<i>Am't sold for.</i>
Lands patented in 1865.....	523.00	\$1,855 00
Lands patented in 1866.....	2,499.00	13,809 70
Lands patented in 1867.....	4,234.00	21,624 55
Lands patented in 1868.....	6,624.00	30,817 60
Lands patented in 1869.....	10,183.00	46,996 71
Lands patented in 1870.....	9,680.00	49,276 81
Lands patented in 1871.....	15,037.00	57,834 87
Lands patented in 1872.....	21,816.00	92,971 20
Lands patented in 1873.....	19,911.00	86,945 47
Lands patented in 1874.....	22,044.00	85,501 75
Lands patented in 1875.....	21,119.00	89,251 15
Lands patented in 1876.....	24,789.00	108,301 49
Lands patented in 1878.....	56,757.00	226,309 00
Lands patented in 1879 and 1880.....	117,557.00	448,010 82
Lands patented in 1881 and 1882.....	117,989.88	445,852 90
Total.....	450,763.88	\$1,805,389 05

Average per acre, \$4.00 +.

The Agricultural College, beginning in '68, has sold 48,645 acres for \$231,515; or at \$4.78 an acre.

The University, from July 1, 1878, 6,224 acres for \$17,904; or \$2.88 an acre.

The Normal School, beginning in 1876, 4,966 acres for \$23,430; or \$4.72 an acre.

JULY 6.—Death of Edmund Hunting, son of the late Dr. Amory Hunting, at Manhattan.

JULY.—W. G. Cutler is in Topeka, writing a Kansas history.

JULY 11.—Celebration of the fiftieth birthday of Col. A. S. Johnson, born in Kansas. The Capital says: "He was a member of the first Kansas Legislature, called by Gov. Reeder, which met in tents at Pawnee, Riley county. He went with a party from his section of the Territory, all fully armed. James H. Lane, whose proclivities at that time were somewhat Democratic, joined the party while *en route*."

—Death of John A. Cannutt, of the Olathe Mirror.

JULY 12.—Opening of the Sunday School Encampment, at Topeka. Rev. J. L. Hurlbut, Mrs. G. R. Alden ("Pansy"), Gen. O. O. Howard, and others, take part. In session one week.

JULY 14.—Opinion of the Supreme Court, Horton, C. J., affirming the validity of the act establishing the Seventeenth Judicial District.

JULY 19.—Death of ex-Mayor James G. Northcraft, at Abilene.

—Election of officers of the S. S. Encampment: President, Rev. D. C. Milner, Ottawa; Vice President, T. B. Sweet, Topeka; Secretary, J. W. Campbell, Topeka; Treasurer, J. G. Haskell, Lawrence; Assistant Secretary, R. L. Traner, Topeka.

Board of Directors—Prof. George M. Stearns, Topeka; Rev. W. N. Page, Leavenworth; Dr. C. Humble, Wichita; Dr. E. W. Schaffler, Kansas City; Prof. M. L. Ward, Manhattan; Rev. Henry Hopkins, Kansas City; Rev. J. W. Lake, Atchison; Rev. T. L. Dornblaser, Topeka; Judge J. C. Culver, Emporia; Elder A. D. Goodwin, Salina; Rev. H. W. Chaffee, Parsons; L. A. Goodman, Westport, Missouri; Rev. C. H. Strong, Garnett; Prof. J. H. Canfield, Lawrence; Rev. Wm. Jones, Lawrence; Rev. J. E. Platter, Winfield; and Mr. T. W. Johnson.

JULY 20.—Rev. J. W. Roberts, who has edited the Oskaloosa Independent twenty-two years, retires in favor of his son, F. H. Roberts.

—Henry J. Aten, L. D. Burch and L. D. Bingham publish the Modern Argo, at Kansas City, and county histories of Kansas.

JULY 24.—Al. R. Greene withdraws as a candidate for Auditor, in behalf of S. O. Thacher for Governor.

JULY 29.—Reunion, at Wyandotte, of the survivors of the Constitutional Convention. Only twenty-nine members of the Convention survive, and of these only nineteen reside in Kansas. Ten of these were present, and letters were read from three others.

Judge Thacher, President *pro tem.* of the Convention, presided at the meeting. The other members present were, Judge Kingman, Maj. Ross,

Col. John Ritchie, J. C. Burnett, L. R. Palmer, Jas. Blood, C. B. McClellan, E. M. Hubbard, and R. L. Williams. John A. Martin read a sketch of the Convention. From Col. Martin's address:

"One-half of the members had been in the Territory less than two years. Six came in 1854, four in 1855, and twelve in 1856; while Mr. Forman, of Doniphan, dated his residence from 1843; Mr. Palmer, of Pottawatomic, from 1854; and Mr. Houston, of Riley, from 1853. Forty-one were from Northern States, seven from the South, and four were of foreign birth—England, Scotland, Ireland and Germany each contributing one. It appears singular that only one of the Western States, Indiana, was represented in the membership, that State furnishing six delegates. Twelve hailed from New England, Ohio contributed twelve, Pennsylvania six, and New York four. Only eighteen belonged to the legal profession—an unusually small number of lawyers in such a body. Sixteen were farmers, eight merchants, three physicians, three manufacturers, one a mechanic, one a printer, one a land agent, and one a surveyor. The oldest member was Robert Graham, of Atchison, who was 55; the youngest, Benj. F. Simpson, of Lykins county (now Miami), who was 23."

AUGUST 1.—F. P. Baker, of Topeka, appointed Chief of the Bureau of Forestry for the division of the Mississippi Valley east of the Rocky Mountains.

AUGUST.—Col. Goss ships his collection of birds from Neosho Falls to the Capitol.

—"Southwestern Letters." By Noble L. Prentis. Topeka. pp. 133. These letters from Kansas, New Mexico, Arizona and Old Mexico were first published in the Atchison Champion. The author has the eye to see, the heart to feel, and the pen to describe whatever passes before him.

—Hiawatha World: "Of Noble Prentis's books: 'Kansan Abroad.' 1877, edition of 1,300 copies, published by Geo. W. Martin, Topeka. In '78 a second edition, 1,700 copies. All sold. 'Southern Letters,' published by Martin, first edition, 1,200, May, '81; second edition, 1,200, June, '81."

AUGUST 2.—Greenback Convention, Second Congressional District, at Iola. Called to order by P. P. Elder, of Franklin county. Chairmau *pro tem.* of the District Congressional Committee. P. P. Elder, Temporary Chairman; J. F. McDonald, of Cherokee county, Secretary. The following committees were appointed:

Resolutions—L. F. Green, of Douglas; J. M. Voss, of Linn; R. W. Hilkler, of Wyandotte; J. M. Allen, of Neosho; V. L. Browning, of Cherokee.

Credentials—W. H. Sheldon, of Miami; Isaac McCune, of Crawford; A. H. Sellers, of Franklin; E. T. Shafer, of Bourbon; W. A. Miller, of Labette.

Order of Business—J. T. Timmons, of Wyandotte; C. F. Mosher, of Douglas; W. H. Clark, of Linn.

Permanent Organization—W. W. Williams, of Johnson; Peter Durham, of Wilson; W. D. Bagby, of Franklin.

The Committee on Credentials reported 88 delegates entitled to seats in the convention. The Committee on Permanent Organization reported as permanent officers, P. P. Elder, of Franklin county, President; J. F. McDowell, of Cherokee county, Secretary.

The following Congressional Committee was chosen: A. W. Wilson, Labette; J. M. Allen, Neosho; D. B. Hadley, Wyandotte; W. Williams, Johnson; W. J. Nichols, Miami; E. T. Shafer, Bourbon; G. W. Cooper, Anderson; W. H. Anderson, Crawford; Geo. Campbell, Labette; J. F. McDowell, Cherokee; A. H. Sellers, Franklin; J. L. Shinn, Wilson; W. W. Woodring, Montgomery; H. R. Brown, Douglas; Thos. Bartlett, Allen.

The following resolutions were reported, and unanimously adopted:

"Resolved, That we reaffirm the principles declared in the National Greenback-Labor platform adopted at Chicago, June 9, 1880.

"Resolved, That we deeply sympathize with all labor and producing organizations who are struggling to elevate and ameliorate their condition.

"Resolved, That we denounce the practice of levying and collecting political assessments from the employés of the Government, to be used in close States and districts for prolonging political supremacy, as a hideous enormity which threatens to destroy the methods by which we collect and express the popular will."

On motion, a committee, consisting of one delegate from each county, was selected to confer with the Knights of Labor and other elements seeking coöperation with the Greenback-Labor party.

The Committee on Conference reported a resolution inviting the cooperation of all who are opposed to monopoly, corporate power, and political assessments.

An informal ballot was taken, resulting as follows: R. W. Hilliker 8, D. G. Campbell 15, H. L. Phillips 9, Sidney Clarke 2, S. A. Riggs 5, P. P. Elder 9, Johnson Clark 1, Alfred Taylor 14, F. M. Finnicum 16, J. W. Barnes 3, J. L. Shinn 6.

First formal ballot: Taylor 10, Finnicum 23, Hilliker 8, Shinn 9, Riggs 1, Elder 18, Campbell 12, Phillips 6, Charles Robinson 2. *Second Ballot:* Taylor 4, Campbell 21, Phillips 2, Finnicum 38, Hilliker 21. *Third Ballot:* Finnicum 62, Hilliker 10, Campbell 14, Riggs 2. The nomination was made unanimous before the result of the third ballot was declared.

Mr. Allen Williams, a colored man of Douglas county, was unanimously recommended as a candidate for Congressman at large. E. T. Shafer, of Bourbon county, was elected Chairman of the Congressional Committee, and A. W. Wilson, of Linn county, Secretary.

AUGUST 3.—A train on the Central Branch, near Beloit, goes through a bridge; engineer and fireman killed.

—A Lawrence letter in the Kansas City Journal, gives a history of the noted gun, "Old Sacramento."

—Closing of the M. E. Camp Meeting, at Topeka; sermons by Mrs. L. O. Robinson, O. J. Cowles, C. R. Pattee, and Geo. Winterbourne.

—The State has 1,558 post offices.

AUGUST 9.—Republican State Convention. Called to order by J. B. Johnson. For Temporary Chairman, H. C. Sluss has 284 votes, Harrison Kelley 85. Secretaries: A. Patten, of Mitchell; J. M. Bowman, of Labette; and J. W. Forney, of Sumner.

Committee on Credentials—I. O. Pickering, Chairman; H. M. Allen,

Ham Tarr, H. C. Linn, F. M. Sisson, A. P. Cogswell, J. M. Limbocker, L. Stillwell, V. P. Wilson, J. W. Kanaga, W. C. Simons, H. C. Spangler, J. W. Forney, G. M. Lutz, A. W. Mann, W. C. Edwards, W. L. Tilton.

On Resolutions—J. K. Hudson, Chairman: Henry Hopkins, R. C. Chase, H. C. Meacham, A. Gillett, J. Brenner, S. S. Kirkpatrick, J. M. Miller, J. G. Eckles, I. O. Pickering, H. G. Webb, Ira S. Fleck, A. L. Redden, J. D. Milliken, A. Reasoner, Frank Cox, W. L. Morgan.

On Permanent Organization—W. P. Hackney, Chairman; W. J. Fleming, G. S. Burt, S. M. Johnson, Harrison Kelley, C. C. James, C. G. Mull, R. W. Blue, F. H. Aut, A. C. Pierce, John Ritter, H. H. Williams, Ira C. Fleck, H. G. Higinbotham, Wm. Lockart, Wm. M. Skinner, S. M. Coder.

On Rules and Order of Business—Joel Holt, Chairman; L. A. Myers, C. K. Wells, E. B. Purcell, G. W. Woodward, L. E. Finch, E. A. Tolles, I. N. Holloway, C. W. Stevenson, A. S. Hackney, J. P. Root, D. Grass, John McPherson, O. J. Thorstenberg, R. W. M. Rowe, J. Whittaker, W. T. Tilton.

Permanent Officers—Chairman, H. C. Sluss, of Sedgwick. Vice Presidents: John A. Martin, of Atchison; Joel Holt, of Mitchell; James Snoddy, of Linn; J. C. Cusey, of Miami; A. Gillett, of Lyon; Harrison Kelley, of Coffey. Secretary: Dr. A. Patten, of Mitchell. Assistant Secretaries: Thomas H. Cavanaugh, of Cheyenne; J. W. Forney, of Sumner; and J. M. Bowman, of Labette. Sergeant-at Arms, William Higgins, of Labette. Assistant Sergeants-at-Arms: Jacob Moon, J. J. Jennings, Benjamin Curtis, and Lon Steele.

THE PLATFORM.

We, the Republicans of the State of Kansas, in delegate convention assembled, affirming our faith in and adherence to the principles of the Republican party, hereby express confidence in our present National and State administrations, and we pledge ourselves to their support, and announce the following declaration of principles:

Resolved, That we declare ourselves unqualifiedly in favor of the prohibition of the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage, and pledge ourselves to such additional legislation as shall secure the rigid enforcement of the constitutional provisions upon this subject in all parts of the State.

Resolved, That we demand the enactment of such laws as will prevent unjust discrimination by railroad companies, and will provide for such freight and passenger tariffs as shall fully protect the interests of the people.

Resolved, That we request the next Legislature to submit such an amendment to the constitution of the State as will secure to women the right of suffrage.

The first two resolutions were adopted without debate; the third by a vote of 234 to 129. The following were also made a part of the platform:

Resolved, That we request our delegation in Congress to secure such an amendment to the revenue laws as will prevent the issuing of receipts or stamps to sell intoxicating liquors to any persons other than those authorized so to do under State laws.

Resolved, That the Republicans of Kansas indorse President Arthur's veto of the extravagant River and Harbor Bill, and the united action of the Kansas delegation in Congress sustaining that veto."

D. J. Brewer was nominated for Associate Justice, by acclamation.

Ballot for Governor: John P. St. John, 287; S. O. Thacher, 62; J. B. Johnson, 13.

THE MINORITY'S PROTEST.

The minority of this Convention, opposed to the renomination of Governor St. John, through their Chairman and Secretary desire to put upon record their formal protest against a violation of the precedents and customs of the party of the State, which have been uniformly against the nomination for a third term.

They also put upon record their protest against the nomination of Governor St. John, because they believe that his nomination for a third term is personally obnoxious to a large minority of the Republican voters of the State, will endanger Republican success in a number of counties, and threatens to alienate the support of a large number of Republican voters. The party, even in Kansas, cannot, we believe, afford to force upon such a body of Republican voters a candidate who is so obnoxious to them.

First ballot for Lieutenant Governor: Finney 182. Munsell 85. Anderson 42, Jetmore 29. Sternberg 26. Simons 3. No choice. and a second ballot was ordered.

Second ballot: Finney 241, Anderson 29, Munsell 69, Sternberg 7, Jetmore 14.

Secretary of State: There was but one ballot, which resulted as follows: For James Smith, the present incumbent, 231 votes; for John H. Folks, of Sumner county, 123. Mr. Smith was declared the unanimous nominee.

State Auditor: The first ballot on State Auditor resulted as follows: McCabe (colored) 105, Mohler 77, Nicholas 43, Taylor 40, McFadden 39, Spalding 34, Stover 25, Greene 1; total number cast, 364.

Second ballot: McCabe 169, Mohler 83, McFadden 30, Nicholas 19, Spalding 24, Taylor 16, Stover 22; total, 363.

Third ballot: McCabe 179, Mohler 119, Taylor 12, Stover 16, McFadden 4, Nicholas 13, Spalding 25; total, 368.

Fourth ballot: McCabe 170, Mohler 131, Taylor 12, Stover 15, McFadden 1, Nicholas 11, Spalding 21; total, 361.

Fifth ballot: McCabe 183, Mohler 143, Taylor 10, Stover 13, Bonebrake 3, Nicholas 6, McFadden 1; total, 359.

State Treasurer: Francis 96, Howe 61, Faulkner 59, Eastman 60, Cowgill 36, Brown 23, Davis 10, Hawk 6, Robertson 6, Strain 4; total, 361.

Second ballot: Howe 82, Francis 97, Faulkner 68, Eastman 61, Cowgill 29, Brown 20, Davis 4; total, 361.

Third ballot: Howe 185, Francis 144, Faulkner 59, Eastman 52, Brown 20; total, 361.

Fourth ballot—Howe 176, Francis 126, Eastman 28, Faulkner 28; total, 358.

Fifth ballot—Howe 259, Francis 103; total, 362.

Attorney General: The nomination of W. A. Johnston, the present incumbent, was made by acclamation.

Superintendent of Public Instruction: There was but one ballot on this office, and it resulted as follows: Speer 252, Stearns 58, Wheeler 53; total, 263. H. C. Speer, the present incumbent, was declared the nominee for the position of Superintendent of Public Instruction.

State Central Committee: The members of the Committee selected were announced as follows: First District, M. M. Beck, Jackson county; Second District, Ira F. Collins, Nemaha county; Third District, E. B. Purcell, Riley county; Fourth District, G. J. Barker, Douglas county;

Fifth District, A. Gillett, Lyon county; Sixth District, Joel Moody, Linn county; Seventh District, S. S. Kirkpatrick, Wilson county; Eighth District, Conrad Coder, Dickinson county; Ninth District, R. M. Easley, Reno county; Tenth District, J. B. Abbott, Johnson county; Eleventh District, J. D. Barker, Crawford county; Twelfth District, Wirt W. Walton, Clay county; Thirteenth District, Asa Thompson, Elk county; Fourteenth District, C. W. Banks, Saline county; Fifteenth District, John D. Robertson, Jewell county; Sixteenth District, T. McCarthy, Pawnee county; Seventeenth District, T. C. McBreen, Rooks county. At large—J. S. McDowell, Smith county; A. L. Redden, Butler county; J. P. Davis, Brown county; J. Whittaker, Ford county; Wm. Sims, Shawnee county; B. F. Watson, Wyandotte county. A. L. Redden was chosen Chairman, and Wirt W. Walton Secretary.

AUGUST 10.—H. J. Dennis, Librarian, reports 18,736 volumes in the library.

AUGUST 12.—Fire at Mankato; loss, \$12,000.

AUGUST 14.—Fire at Chetopa; loss, \$30,000.

AUGUST 15.—President Fairchild writes from Manhattan: "Mrs. Nellie Sawyer Kedzie, recently appointed Superintendent of the Department of Sewing and Cooking, is a graduate of this college, in the class of 1876, having taught for several years since in the schools of Ottawa, Franklin county. Mr. W. H. Cowles, just appointed Instructor in English and History, is a Kansan born, graduate of Oberlin college, (his home being near Topeka,) who has worked his way through college by his own exertion, and still has maintained the highest rank in scholarship."

AUGUST 15.—The Capital publishes a biography of Colonel Chas. W. Blair.

AUGUST 17.—The old settlers of Ellsworth county hold their first reunion on the farm of Monroe Hodgden; Henry V. Faries has lived in the county since 1856.

—Rev. W. H. Honnell, in the *Hiawatha World*, writes a history of the Presbyterian Church in Kansas.

AUGUST.—A common saying: "Prohibition does not prohibit;" but the prosecutions of the lawless, and temperance work, continue, and it prohibits more and more.

AUGUST 22.—The Leavenworth & Southwestern Railroad, completed to Meriden, sold to the Santa Fé.

AUGUST 23.—State Greenback-Labor Convention, at Topeka. H. L. Phillips, temporary Chairman; W. J. A. Montgomery and P. H. Coney, Secretaries.

Committee on Credentials—First District, Marshall Tilden of Osborne county, C. J. Lamb of Phillips; Second District, J. E. Cook of Miami county, Clark Richards of Anderson; Third District, J. C. Stratton and J. E. Snow of Cowley.

On Resolutions—First District, J. E. Hultz of Davis, J. M. Hutchison of Jewell, Jesse Piggott of Atchison, L. P. Hamilton of Marshall,

Wm. Woodbury of Riley; Second District, D. G. Campbell of Johnson, J. M. Voss of Linn. Chas. Sears of Franklin. G. A. Foster of Cherokee, J. M. Stewart of Neosho; Third District, W. A. Tipton of Cowley, O. H. Drinkwater of Chase, John W. Johnson of Hamilton, H. W. Watrous of Coffey, John Gray of Osage; Knights of Labor, J. G. Cougher, of Wyandotte; Farmers' Alliance. Ed. Bunker; Socialistic Labor Club, Albert Nichols.

On Order of Business—M. Hadley, of Wyandotte; L. F. Green, of Douglas; Dr. Bard, of Jewell.

On Permanent Organization—Mr. Holt, of Rooks; S. D. Underwood, of Davis; S. J. Lamb, of Davis; A. J. Jennings, of Douglas; H. A. White, of Butler; Col. Bates, of Marion; A. J. Utley, of Osage; Alfred Taylor, and H. L. Hilliker.

AUGUST 24.—The Committee on Permanent Organization reported the following officers: President, P. P. Elder; Vice Presidents, S. D. Underwood, J. E. Williams, Senator Hoag; Secretaries, W. J. A. Montgomery, L. P. Hamilton, Mr. Conners.

THE PLATFORM.

The National Greenback-Labor party of the State of Kansas, in convention assembled, makes the following declarations of measures and principles:

1. We adopt and reaffirm the principles contained in the platform of the National Convention, in the city of Chicago, June 9, 1880.

2. We are opposed to the monopoly of money through the banking system, and are in favor of the Government issuing all our currency, making it a full legal tender, and keeping its volume uniform with business and population.

3. We are opposed to railroad and telegraph monopolies regulating the charge for transporting persons and property and the use of telegraphs, and hold that all the corporations created by law should be governed by law in the interest of the people.

4. That the public domain be held for actual settlers, and that lands granted to corporations, forfeited by non-fulfillment of contract, be reclaimed by the Government.

5. We hold that the representatives of labor have the right to combine to enforce all their constitutional rights, and they should be protected by law in so doing.

6. We are opposed to all monopolies, and in favor of equal rights, equal burdens, equal taxation, and equal benefits for all, with special privileges for none; and we hold that is the best government wherein an injury to one is the concern of all.

7. We favor the payment of the national debt, and oppose its being refunded in any form.

8. We demand that the Legislature enact laws providing for the health and safety of those engaged in mining, manufacturing and building pursuits.

9. We favor the establishment by the State of a Bureau of Labor Statistics.

10. We are in favor of the abolishment of the convict-contract system in our prisons and reformatory institutions, and no State official should be permitted to place upon the market any product of convict labor at a less price than products of like kind and quality can be sold for when produced by free labor.

11. We demand that all property bear its just proportion of taxation.

12. That we pledge the National Greenback-Labor party to the enforcement of all laws upon the statute books of the State of Kansas.

13. That we favor the reduction of the rate of interest in the State, so that the maximum rate for the use of money will not exceed the average profit of labor.

14. We invite all members of Land Leagues, Farmers' Alliances, Trades Unions, Anti-Monopoly Leagues, producers' movements, Knights of Labor, and all other industrial organizations, and all good citizens who believe in the foregoing principles, to unite with us in carrying them to a successful issue at the ballot.

We do most earnestly protest against the disposal of the public domain to English or other foreign capitalists for rent and speculation, thus concentrating vast estates in

few hands, the surplus products of which go to enrich foreign people at our expense; and we do most respectfully ask and demand that the Congress of the United States do submit for ratification, at as early a day as practicable, an amendment to the Constitution prohibiting any persons who are not residents of the United States from obtaining title to land in the United States of America.

Resolved, That we favor the reduction of official salaries to a nearer approximation to wage labor, and the abolition of all needless offices of the Government.

Associate Justice: Nominations were made for the office of Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, and the first ballot resulted as follows: S. D. Underwood, of Davis, 70; George A. Vandever, of Harvey, 48; D. B. Hadley, of Wyandotte, 138; L. C. Uhl, of Mitchell, 94; W. P. Douthitt, of Shawnee, 5; J. J. McFeeley, of Labette, 10. Total, 366.

Mr. Uhl nominated on the second ballot.

State Central Committee: First District, L. P. Hamilton of Marshall, C. J. Lamb of Phillips; Second District, W. J. A. Montgomery of Douglas, J. J. McFeeley of Sabetha; Third District, A. J. Utley of Osage, George W. Seaton of Harvey. The names of O. Sumner, of Wyandotte, and Monroe Powell, of Cherokee county, both colored men, were added to the Committee.

First ballot for Governor: Sears 20, Robinson 187, Phillips 81, Elder 120, Blair 1, Campbell 7, Limbocker 17, Huffaker 10; total, 443.

Second ballot: Robinson 190, Elder 42, Phillips 198; total, 430.

Third ballot: Robinson 256, Phillips 228.

J. G. Bayne, of Harper, nominated for Lieutenant Governor; A. P. Elder, for Secretary of State.

For Auditor, W. A. Garretson, of Phillips, 240; A. H. McCormick, of Labette, 216.

For Treasurer, J. H. Ludlow, of Cherokee.

For Attorney General, J. D. McBryan, of Chautauqua.

For Congressmen at large, H. L. Phillips, John Davis, Allen Williams, (colored), and Samuel N. Wood.

Messrs. Davis, Utley and Green, committee appointed to draft resolutions on the death of Hon. D. P. Mitchell, reported as follows, and the report was adopted:

Resolved, That the National Greenbackers of this State so highly appreciate the great worth and faithful labors of the late D. P. Mitchell, that as their representatives in convention assembled we hereby express our deep grief at his death, and our loss, and hereby recommend his noble example to the workers in our glorious cause as worthy of earnest imitation.

Resolved, That we hereby recommend the workers in the Greenback cause to take into serious consideration the subject of erecting a suitable monument to the memory of the departed hero, with suitable inscriptions to express his great intellectual and moral worth, and the fact that he fell in the harness, at the post of duty."

AUGUST 29.—Second District Democratic Convention, at Iola. Called to order by A. A. Harris. Permanent officers: Chairman, John R. Goodin, of Allen county; Secretary, B. J. Sheridan, of Miami county; Assistant Secretary, H. W. Young, of Montgomery county. Resolutions were adopted as follows:

Resolved, That we are unalterably opposed to a protective tariff, and demand of our Representatives and Senators in Congress such immediate national legislation as will result in a tariff for revenue only.

Resolved, That railroad corporations are oppressive toward the people, and legislation, both national and State, should be enacted to prevent them from extortionate freight tariffs, and compel them to respect public interests.

Resolved, That we arraign the Republican party of Kansas, in Congress, for their inexcusable neglect of the rights of the people, in failing to provide relief against unjust discrimination and the excessive demands made by these corporations.

Resolved, That we denounce the last Republican Congress as in every regard unfaithful to the people, and especially condemn Dudley C. Haskell, for proving himself false to every trust reposed in him, except those placed by corporations and protected manufacturers.

Resolved, That we demand a civil service reform which will stop the blackmailing system of the Republican Congressional Committee, which compels contributions from employés, at the risk of a loss of office; that in its stead we should regain Jefferson's standard, of capacity and integrity."

An informal ballot was taken, which resulted as follows: J. R. Goodin 78, C. W. Blair 53, Martin Van B. Bennett 29, T. J. Hudson 15. Gen. Blair's name was withdrawn by W. C. Perry, of Bourbon county.

Hon. John R. Goodin withdrew his name from the Convention, pleading personal business; Martin Van Buren Bennett withdrew his name as a candidate from the Convention; and T. J. Hudson, of Wilson county, also declined.

The Convention adjourned for ten minutes, and after reassembling began the first formal ballot. The Allen county delegation voted for Nelson F. Acers. After several gentlemen seconded the nomination of Judge Nelson F. Acers, of Allen county, he was nominated by acclamation.

AUGUST 30.—Democratic State Convention, at Emporia. Called to order by John Martin.

Committee on Credentials—First Judicial District, H. Miles Moore, chairman; 2d, Thomas J. Vanderslice; 3d, L. C. Prunty; 4th, S. Hamilton; 5th, W. B. Hartz; 6th, J. A. Curry; 7th, W. C. Jones; 8th, A. V. Hendricks; 9th, J. Paulgrove; 10th, Thomas C. Marshall; 11th, George Chrisman; 12th, L. M. Nutter; 13th, John Lee; 14th, Ed. Harris; 15th, E. S. Barbour; 16th, W. H. Camp; 17th, John R. Saxton.

On Permanent Organization—First District, Mr. Hayden, chairman; 2d, James Martin; 3d, Joseph F. Elliott; 4th, J. H. McCarthy; 5th, O. Beeson; 6th, B. F. Mouser; 7th, H. G. Dickson; 8th, Lewis McKenzie; 9th, N. S. Phillips; 10th, V. J. Lane; 11th, George W. Brown; 12th, A. M. Becker; 13th, Eli Titus; 14th, E. W. Clark; 15th, H. P. Churchill; 16th, W. Brinkham; 17th, E. W. Banks.

On Resolutions—First District, Thomas Moonlight, chairman; 2d, George W. Glick; 3d, H. H. Stanton; 4th, J. E. Riggs; 5th, J. Moberly; 6th, G. D. McCleverty; 7th, T. J. Hudson; 8th, A. C. Schnell; 9th, Samuel W. Howe; 10th, B. J. Sheridan; 11th, M. V. B. Bennett; 12th, J. G. Lowe; 13th, A. A. Glenn; 14th, William R. Geis; 15th, W. S. Gile; 16th, George M. Hoover; 17th, C. J. Van Allen.

On Order of Business—First District, George R. Hines; 2d, E. Harrington; 3d, D. M. F. Trevitt; 4th, Hewitt Craik; 5th, H. W. Anderson; 6th, A. A. Harris; 7th, John R. Goodin; 8th, Thomas Kirby; 9th, William C. Timmons; 10th, J. L. Pettijohn; 11th, G. F. King; 12th, O. F. Lutt;

13th, John S. McKinley; 14th, R. Hite; 15th, W. Banks; 16th, E. R. Van Horn; 17th, John Schleyer.

Pending the report of the Committee on Resolutions, the following State Central Committee was appointed: First District, M. Gephart; 2d, R. E. Nelson; 3d, L. C. Prunty; 4th, N. Schooner; 5th, Ellis Lewis; 6th, W. C. Perry; 7th, W. C. Jones; 8th, A. G. Buchanan; 9th, G. W. Clark; 10th, J. P. Burris; 11th, George S. King; 12th, J. G. Lowe; 13th, Frank Dale; 14th, John Foster; 15th, A. J. Harris; 16th, R. A. Trimble; 17th, W. D. Covington.

Two reports were made by the Committee on Resolutions, and the following minority report was adopted:

"The Democratic party of the State of Kansas, in convention assembled, recognizing the people as the source of all political power, and the Constitution of the United States and the State of Kansas as the fundamental laws of the land, and that the chief object and end of the government is to protect and defend its citizens in the enjoyment of life, liberty, and property, does declare its political faith and purpose as follows:

"1. That we have an abiding faith in the wisdom, patriotism and capacity of the people for self-government, and as our system of government is based upon the theory of personal manhood and individual responsibility, that in the administration of public affairs but little should be trusted to the Government, but much to the people and to the sense of responsibility of the citizens.

"2. We will defend and ever maintain the doctrine of equal rights to all, and special privileges to none; the protection of the weak against the strong, equal and just taxation, free speech, free press, free schools, and a free, uninterrupted ballot, fairly given and honestly counted; freedom for all men and women of every race, creed, and color, and a perpetual and absolute separation of church and state.

"3. We demand the overthrow of the present onerous and unjust tariff laws of the United States. No kind of industry should be fostered by the Government, to the injury of another. No class of men should be taxed directly or indirectly for the comfort, convenience, or interest of another. That every description of industry should stand or fall upon its own merits, and we especially demand that agricultural pursuits and productions be encouraged, and made free from all unjust discrimination in favor of gluttonous and selfish corporations.

"4. We maintain that the State has and must retain the power to control and regulate the rights and duties of all corporations created by it, and we demand that the Legislature exercise this power so as to protect the people against the unjust discrimination and exorbitant charges for the transportation of freight and passengers by railroad corporations; and we particularly demand the enactment of such laws as will compel all corporations existing by favor of the laws of this State to keep and maintain their general offices within the State.

"5. We demand civil and religious liberty, absolute and perfect, for every American citizen, and we declare now, as we ever have, that our sympathies are with the poor, the weak and the oppressed of every land, and that the American Union is, and shall ever remain, the asylum and refuge of honor and equality of every lover of personal liberty. And we further demand that the sanctity of American citizenship at home and abroad shall ever have instant and effective protection and defense by the Federal Government, its ministers and agents, regardless of courtly forms or lordly frowns; and we particularly extend to the heroic people of Ireland our hearty sympathy, and we bid them Godspeed in their gallant struggle for life and liberty, and for the homes of their future.

"6. We demand that the Congress of the United States enact and cause to be enforced such laws as will secure a thorough, honest and radical civil service reform, by which the subordinate positions of the Government service shall be no longer corrupted and used as rewards for corrupt party service, and which will abolish the evils of the present spoils and patronage system, and establish the rule of making honesty and efficiency and fidelity the essential and only qualifications for public position. We have had shameless and false pretenses enough, and now demand something earnest, honest, and real.

"7. We demand that the relations between capital and labor be so adjusted by wise and just legislation as to secure to each its just rights, and at the same time so as to make it impossible for avarice and greed to override and imperil the rights, interest, personal freedom and independence of workingmen, and we demand that every law, combination and policy that is unjust to and onerous upon those engaged in manual labor be removed and utterly destroyed.

"8. We are in favor of judicious appropriations for the improvement of our great natural waterways; but we denounce the reckless and criminal extravagance of the present Congress in the expenditures of public money for useless and fraudulent purposes, and we especially condemn the passage of the shameless river and harbor bill, and we take occasion to thank the President of the United States for his action in vetoing that iniquitous steal.

"9. We demand immediate reduction of taxes, Federal, State, and municipal, to the lowest rate sufficient to meet all public dues and obligations. So long as the people are burdened with debt, the industries of the country suspended by labor strikes, and thousands of men out of employment by reason of the tyranny, avarice, and cupidity of exacting and oppressive monopolies, it is neither right nor just to collect money from the people to be squandered by an incompetent, reckless or corrupt Congress, in the pretended improvement of streams, harbors, and waterless rivers. And we further demand that the surplus money in the treasury be applied to the payment of the national debt.

"10. We demand that the Congress of the United States propose and submit to the United States for their action, such amendments of our Federal Constitution as will accomplish the following objects:

"(1) The election of a President and Vice President by a direct vote of the people.

"(2) The extension of the term of office of the President and Vice President to six years, and making the President ineligible for a second term.

"(3) The election of United States Senators by a direct vote of the people of the United States respectively.

"(4) The fixing of the term of office of Senators the same as the Presidential term, and of Representatives in Congress at four years.

"(5) The election of Postmaster by a direct vote of the people of the city, town or district in which the office is located.

"(6) A biennial Congress.

"(7) The elections for all Federal officers to be under the control of the Federal Government, to be held at a time other than the time of holding a State election.

"11. We demand that the fees and compensation paid all public officers, Federal, State, and municipal, be so regulated as to give a fair and just compensation for services performed, but not so great as to tempt the applicants to adopt corrupt methods to obtain office, or to impose unjust burdens upon the people.

"12. We demand the enactment of additional and more stringent laws, both Federal and State, for the punishment of bribery and corruption in office, and to secure the purity of elections, general, special, and primary.

"13. We are opposed to monopolies of every kind, believing them to be at war with the best interests of the country, imperiling its power, prosperity and security, and contrary to the genius and spirit of free institutions.

"14. We are opposed to the doctrine of woman suffrage. When any respectable number of worthy and intelligent women of this State shall request the right to vote, we shall not oppose the submission of an amendment to our constitution to meet this demand; but, so far, no such request has been made.

"15. We are opposed to national banks, and insist that gold, silver and greenback currency shall be the only money of the country.

"16. That fidelity to the constitution and obedience to the laws made in pursuance thereof, is the first duty of good citizenship, because of the welfare and personal interests. Obedience to the law shields from anarchy and protects from lawless violence and confusion, and upon its honest, just and impartial enforcement depends the safety of life, liberty, and property; and we now recall with just satisfaction the traditional history of our party for its constant and unbending fidelity to the constitution and laws of the land. And while we now are, as heretofore we have been, opposed to all sumptuary laws, and in favor of the widest latitude of personal liberty consistent

with the public safety, and view with alarm legislation in effect abridging the natural rights of the citizen, we emphatically announce that we do and shall insist and demand of all public officers, a fair, honest and impartial enforcement of every law of the land, not for political purposes or reasons, nor to gratify the clamor and mandlin sentiment of hypocrites, demagogues and shallow pretenders, but because patriotism, good citizenship and self-preservation demand it, and the safety and happiness of the people require it.

"17. We are unqualifiedly in favor of temperance, sobriety, morality, and good order, and we rely largely upon the wisdom, patriotism and honesty of the citizen to so order his life and conduct individually as to accomplish these ends. We are in sympathy with the cause of temperance in truth and in fact, not as a political hobby for the personal benefit of ambitious demagogues, unprincipled adventurers, and shameless men, and we demand the enactment and enforcement of wise and just laws for the purpose of promoting the cause of temperance; and we submit to the impartial judgment of every candid man that the law on this subject, by reason of its unwise, oppressive and tyrannical provisions, has not been enforced, and that it now stands as a hindrance and obstruction to the growth of true temperance; that it has been, and is still, the cause of neighborhood quarrels, contentions, and strife, of fraud, corruption, perjury, and violence; and because of these facts, we demand the enactment of such amendments, changes and modifications of the law as will make the law effective and useful for the purposes for which it was designed.

"18. It is a cardinal rule in our system of government, that the majority shall rule. It is equally fundamental that all just governments derive their power from the people; and it is alike a fundamental rule that when any respectable number of the people demand that any great public question once passed upon be again considered in some form, that justice, firmness and right require that it be done, because it would work no injustice to anyone. As there exists in the public mind a difference of opinion as to the wisdom and policy of what is known as the Prohibitory amendment to our constitution, and because of the uncertainty as to whether said amendment fairly and honestly reflects the judgment and will of a majority of the people of Kansas on the subject, and it being important that the question be fully and finally settled at the earliest possible moment: therefore,

Resolved, That we are in favor of the resubmission of the Prohibitory amendment to the constitution of the State of Kansas, at the general election of State officers in November, 1884, believing by that time the people of the State will be fully advised as to the feasibility of said amendment.

"19. This being the first representative meeting of the Democratic party of Kansas since the assassination of the late President, James A. Garfield, we deem it due to the country, to his memory, and to the party we represent, that we express, as we now do, our sense of that terrible and melancholy event as a great public calamity, and the events preceeding the assassination of the President challenge our thoughtful consideration in connection with the baneful and dangerous fanaticism of personal and partisan politics."

John Martin, of Shawnee, was nominated for Governor by acclamation: Frank Bacon, of Neosho, for Lieutenant Governor; Samuel S. Gilbert, of Cowley, for Secretary of State; Charles A. Gifford, of Clay, for Treasurer; W. L. Brown, of Rice, for Auditor; Sidney Hayden, of Atchison, for Attorney General; D. E. Lantz, of Riley, for Superintendent of Public Instruction; J. W. Green, of Douglas, for Associate Justice; Cyrus A. Leland, John O. Flannigan, and M. V. B. Bennett were nominated for Members of Congress for the State at large.

The name of S. N. Wood was also presented by a delegate as a candidate for Member of Congress, and on motion the nomination was laid upon the table by acclamation.

The nomination of the fourth candidate for Member of Congress for the State at large was left for the Central Committee to make.

John Martin came upon the stage, and after being formally notified of his nomination by the Chairman of the Convention, stepped forward, and in a very feeling speech, most positively declined.

George W. Glick, of Atchison, was then nominated for Governor, by acclamation.

The Chairman of the Convention made the following appointments as members of the State Democratic Executive Committee, all of them being members at large: John Martin, of Topeka, Chairman; H. Miles Moore, of Leavenworth, Secretary; Ed. Carroll, of Leavenworth, Treasurer; R. B. Morris, of Atchison; W. P. Petillon, of Dodge.

Of Mr. Martin's declination, the *Kansas City Times* says: "It seemed to be conceded that Hon. John Martin had not been treated fairly in mutilating the minority report as submitted. It is well known that Mr. Martin had given the subject of these resolutions his most careful and conscientious consideration, and had written and rewritten them, and had submitted them as a platform upon which he could accept the nomination. They were so mutilated and changed that they did not embody his ideas, and consequently he could not, consistently with his feelings of manhood, accept the nomination, and he so declared."

AUGUST.—The *Volkverein*, at Leavenworth, forms a State organization, and adopts the following:

"*Resolved*, That in the coming election we shall only support the candidates who declare themselves fully and openly against prohibition, and in favor of a reasonable license law.

"*Resolved*, That we request all liberal-minded citizens, without regard to party, in the coming gubernatorial election, only to support those candidates who declare themselves openly in convention as enemies of prohibition, and in favor of personal liberty."

AUGUST 31.—First Congressional Democratic District Convention, at Emporia. Called to order by H. Miles Moore.

J. G. Lowe, of Washington county, was elected Chairman, and M. Gehart, of Jefferson county, Secretary.

Leonard T. Smith, of Leavenworth, was nominated for Congress by acclamation.

A Congressional Committee comprising one member from each county was then appointed by the chair, as follows: Atchison, Geo. J. Martin; Jefferson, G. R. Hines; Leavenworth, Dr. Neely; Cloud, N. M. Nutter; Washington, T. J. C. Smith; Ellsworth, W. S. Gile; Doniphan, B. A. Seaver; Pottawatomie, E. McKee; Phillips, G. W. Ketchum; Davis, James Ketner; Elk, D. L. Watson; Clay, J. J. Reagan; Marshall, Chas. Lemon; Riley, John Giffer; Davis, — Hallowell; Dickinson, W. N. Hendrick; Norton, C. W. Burns; Decatur, G. W. Bertram; Nemaha, James Martin; Jackson, John Blair.

On motion of T. P. Fenlon, it was agreed that under the new apportionment the committee now appointed would represent the districts in which they reside.

A committee of three, consisting of Dr. Neely, Heard, and Richards, all of Leavenworth, were appointed to notify Mr. Smith of his nomination.

Third District: The delegates to the Democratic State Convention, who belonged to counties in the Third Congressional District, met in the Whitley Opera House, at Emporia, after the adjournment of the State Convention, and were called to order by Thomas George, of Sumner county. Samuel Davis, of Winfield, was made Secretary.

The name of Mr. Clark, of McPherson, who had been mentioned at some previous meeting as a candidate for Congress, was withdrawn, and John C. Cannon, of Sedan, Chautauqua county, was nominated by acclamation. A committee of three was appointed to wait on Mr. Cannon and request his presence. Pending his arrival, a District Congressional Committee was agreed upon, as follows:

Marion county, J. H. Castello, of Marion Center; Butler, Jacob Decon, of El Dorado; Barton, C. F. Diffenbach, of Great Bend; Barber, S. J. Shepen, of Medicine Lodge; Rice, W. J. Fuller, of Lyons; Shawnee, John Mileham, of Topeka; Pawnee, E. R. Van Horn, of Larned; Woodson, H. D. Dickson, of Neosho Falls; Chautauqua, Z. E. Binns, of Sedan; Rush, W. H. Camp; Stafford, T. C. Brownell, of Bedford; Sedgwick, J. W. Herndon, of Valley Center; Wabaunsee, R. A. Wall, of Alma; Chase, W. E. Timmons, of Cottonwood Falls; Sumner, Thomas George, of Wellington; Cowley, T. McIntyre, of Arkansas City; Osage, Ellis Lewis, of Osage City; Greenwood, J. M. Sidle, of Eureka; Elk, J. R. Paul, of Howard; Harvey, Charles Scaeffler, of Sedgwick City.

SEPTEMBER 1.—Samuel R. Peters makes the address at the Buckeye Reunion, at Seneca. The report in the *Courier* gives the names of the leading Ohio-Kansans.

—Rev. F. G. Strange writes a history of the Highland and Hiawatha Presbyterian churches—a pamphlet. Rev. D. R. Todd, in the *Holton Recorder*, continues the theme for that vicinity.

SEPTEMBER 4.—The Washington Monument Society receives the Kansas stone, through the Historical Society.

SEPTEMBER 9.—Mrs. Sparr, a sister of Tennie Clafin, and the first wife of Ross Burns, is in Topeka.

SEPTEMBER 10.—The B. & M. road open from Atchison to Denver.

SEPTEMBER 11.—Opening of the State Fair and Soldiers' Reunion, at Topeka.

SEPTEMBER 14.—Arrival of James G. Blaine in Topeka.

—The ex-prisoners of war elect the following officers: President, A. M. Callahan; Vice President, John C. Carpenter; Secretary, F. B. Colver; Treasurer, O. R. McNary; Surgeon, Dr. W. Roby; Chaplain, Boston Corbett, (the slayer of John Wilkes Booth.)

SEPTEMBER 15.—Mr. Blaine is introduced by Senator Plumb, and makes a brief speech to many thousand people:

"The time will come, and it will be within the memory of some who do me the honor to listen to me now, when Kansas will have five millions of people, and you will export more largely when you have 5,000,000 to feed from your soil than you do to-day, for you have only begun to scratch your broad domain as yet. . . . I know of you and about you, and I have to say that from the beginning of the settlement of all the

States of the United States, there is none, since the days of colonial adventure, that has about it the romance of history as does the State of Kansas. It was the battle-field of freedom and free soil—it was the challenge thrown out for the crossing of swords, to the cautious Northern men, and here the field in which the contest was to be bitterly fought out. I am not here to discuss politics—not for any such purpose, but here to recount history; and I say that the history of Kansas is the history of the defense of free labor and of free soil. If that be politics, make the most of it.”

SEPTEMBER 16.—A pamphlet of 179 pages is published by the Capital, compiled by J. Lee Knight, “Reunion Memorial of the Second Annual Reunion,” at Topeka. It is largely a list of soldiers and sailors, by States.

SEPTEMBER 19.—Death of Isaac E. Eaton, at Leavenworth.

SEPTEMBER 20.—Regatta at Lawrence. First race won by the Centennials, of Detroit, Mich.; second by the Narragansetts, of Providence, R. I.

SEPTEMBER 27.—Fourth Annual Convention of the Women’s Christian Temperance Union, at Burlingame. Officers elected: Mrs. H. C. Fields, of Leavenworth; Vice President at large, Mrs. M. B. Smith, Topeka; Vice President First Congressional District, ———; Vice President Second District, Mrs. Drusilla Wilson, Lawrence; Vice President Third District, Mrs. J. J. Buck, Emporia; Recording Secretary, Miss O. P. Bray, Topeka; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Fanny Rastall, Burlingame; Treasurer, Mrs. Hadley, Hutchinson.

Resolutions adopted:

“Resolved, That we find great reason for thanksgiving to God that prohibition does prohibit in many parts of our State, and for the evidences of the fact that the growth of public sentiment in favor of prohibition will soon compel the enforcement of the law in places where it is now openly violated; still we would urge upon our temperance men further legislation, that the enforcement of the law should be made still more effective.

“Resolved, That success should incite to renewed and more earnest effort in our work, since we should be willing to *earn* God’s blessing before we *ask* it. ‘Faith without works is dead,’ as we believe is prayer without service.

“Resolved, That we recognize that growth in temperance principles will be assured by the right education of our children and youth, and we pledge ourselves to faithful work in this direction.

“Resolved, That whatever success we may have attained as a Union is largely due to our retiring President, Mrs. Drusilla Wilson, for the most faithful and effective service during her three years of office, and we tender her our hearty thanks.

“Resolved, That the thanks of this Union are due to the Republican State Convention, not only for the renomination of Governor St. John, but also for the recognition of the fact that the time is coming for the men of the State to decide by ballot whether or not their wives, mothers, sisters and daughters shall be longer classed with lunatics, paupers, criminals, and Chinese.

“Resolved, That though women are thoroughly consecrated and earnest in temperance work, it is impossible for them to do the most effective work in exterminating the liquor traffic until they have the ballot.

“Resolved, That we recommend to local Unions that they use their ballots and influence on the school question, to put such persons in office as will place scientific temperance text-books in our public schools.”

SEPTEMBER 30.—The west-bound passenger train on the Santa Fé entered by masked men, near Granada, and the express car robbed.

—A. S. Scott, C. F. Scott and S. Kohrer buy the Iola Register.

OCTOBER 4.—George Chandler nominated for Judge of the Eleventh District, on the 265th ballot.

—Officers elected of Grand Lodge I. O. G. T., at Topeka: G. W. C. Templar, James A. Troutman, of Topeka; G. W. Counselor, G. S. Dearborn, of Vinland; G. W. E. Templar, Orleans Walrath, of Oxford; G. W. Secretary, Clara T. Beach, of Winfield; G. W. Treasurer, James Grimes, of Parsons; G. W. Chaplain, A. S. Buzzell, of Dodge City; G. W. Marshal, A. W. Billings, of Marion Center; Representatives to R. W. G. Lodge, G. S. Dearborn, of Vinland; D. C. Beach, of Winfield; alternates, Silas Slusser, of Topeka; James Grimes, of Parsons.

—Death of Dr. Allen White, Mayor of El Dorado; he was a Lyon county pioneer.

OCTOBER 5.—The Period started, at Westmoreland, the new county seat of Pottawatomie county.

OCTOBER.—The Winfield Courier contains a biography of Samuel W. Greer; he came to Kansas in 1856; was elected Superintendent of Schools in 1858; was in the Frontier Guards, Washington, in 1861, and was a Captain in the Fifteenth Kansas; he went to Cowley county in January, 1871.

OCTOBER 7.—The Goss Ornithological Collection opened in the Capitol. —Col. Finneccum, candidate for Congress, withdraws.

OCTOBER 7.—Meeting of the Presbyterian Synod, at Ottawa. The twenty-fifth anniversary of the establishment of the first Presbytery in Kansas was celebrated, and addresses were delivered by Rev. W. H. Honnell, and Rev. Dr. Hill. A committee consisting of Messrs. F. S. McCabe, S. N. St. John, J. E. Platter, Geo. Pierson, John Wilson, W. C. Porter, D. Kingery and Wm. Bishop, was appointed to confer with a committee of the citizens of Emporia respecting the matter of the location of a college.

OCTOBER 8.—The Atchison Champion publishes Rev. Samuel M. Irvin's sketch of Thos. Jefferson Southerland.

OCTOBER 10.—Grand Lodge I. O. O. F., at Topeka. The total amount of benefits paid since the organization of the Funeral Aid Association is as follows: Class A, 157 deaths, \$214,868; class B, 58 deaths, \$79,679; class C, 3 deaths, \$975; grand total, \$295,522.

OCTOBER 11.—Fire in Olathe; burning of the post office and Mirror office; loss, \$18,000.

OCTOBER 12.—Close of the State Sunday School Convention, at Lawrence. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Dr. C. C. Peck, of Topeka; Secretary, E. W. Cunningham, of Emporia; Statistical Secretary, J. F. Drake, of Emporia; Treasurer, S. Topping, of Ottawa; Executive Committee, T. B. Sweet of Topeka, J. G. Haskell of Lawrence, J. F. Culver of Emporia, Rev. J. H. Lee of Manhattan, C. Humble of Wichita, C. H. Lebold of Abilene.

OCTOBER 17.—John Sherman, of Ohio, makes a Republicau speech in Lawrence; he spoke at Fort Scott the next evening.

—Atchison Champion: "At a recent meeting of the Democratic State Central Committee, H. Miles Moore, of Leavenworth, was nominated for Attorney General, in place of Sidney Hayden, declined. and S. N. Wood, Greenback candidate for Congressman at large, was made the Democratic candidate, *vice* C. A. Leland, declined."

OCTOBER 20.—Musical convention, at Topeka.

OCTOBER 23.—Fire at Leon; loss \$12,000.

OCTOBER 24.—The Capital reports the reunion of John Brown's associates, at Topeka, with the narratives of Charles W. Moffet, of Montour, Iowa, Albert Flanders, of Manhattan, and Jacob Willetts, of Topeka, and a letter from Luke F. Parsons, of Salina.

OCTOBER 31.—Death of Thomas N. Stinson, at Tecumseh. He came to the present Anderson county, in 1840, and was married near Topeka, in 1850. W. W. Cone, in the Eskridge Home Weekly: "Thirty-five years ago the Methodists, Baptists and Catholics had missionary stations among the different tribes of Indians in all parts of the State. Government employés, missionaries and traders were the only whites allowed to settle among the Indians at that time. Mr. Stinson, in the year 1848, built the first house and established the first trading-post at Uniontown. Nothing now remains of this place, which at one time had over sixty buildings, except the graves of those who died there. This place was located on the south bank of the Kaw river, one-half mile east of the east line of Wabaunsee county."

—Attempt to burn the Concordia court house.

NOVEMBER 4.—The Baptist Convention, at Atchison, selects the following delegates to the Saratoga Bible Convention: Rev. C. C. Foote. T. J. Williams, D. D., J. T. Ash, A. S. Merrifield, R. Atkinson, J. Cairns, Levi Morse, H. K. Stimpson, J. W. Luke, J. C. Post, C. W. Gregory, N. L. Rigby, F. J. McEwen, J. Barratt, L. H. Holt, J. F. Howard, A. J. Essex, J. D. Hungate, J. F. Rairden, J. T. Stevenson, M. L. Ward.

The Committee on Nominations, through Rev. A. S. Merrifield, reported the following Convention Board:

Home and State Missions—G. Yates, J. Cairns, A. S. Vail, A. S. Merrifield, M. L. Ward, C. W. Gregory, J. F. Rairden, J. Barratt, J. Hidden, J. A. Leavitt, J. W. Luke, J. Seifer, A. Prescott, J. G. Wright, S. Holroyd, G. M. Baden, M. S. Smalley, L. H. Holt.

Publication Society and Sunday Schools—F. Rice, E. H. Stewart, C. H. Nash, E. Topping, J. R. Mulgrave, M. J. Salter, P. J. Williams, Wm. Parker, J. A. Ash.

Foreign Missions—L. Morse, A. M. Stewart, T. C. Coffey, A. H. Post, R. Atkinson, Geo. Merriam, A. G. Essex, D. D. MacEwan, C. T. Floyd, A. D. Abrams, A. E. Lewis.

Christian and Ministerial Education—F. S. Walker, F. M. Stewart, C. C. Foote, G. F. Howard, C. G. A. Copley, J. P. Stephenson, Geo. Brown, N. L. Rigby, J. C. Post, J. W. Camp.

NOVEMBER 7.—Election.

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS.

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR.				LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.			
	<i>John P. St. John</i>	<i>George W. Glick</i>	<i>Chas. Robinson</i>	<i>Scattering</i>	<i>D. W. Finney</i>	<i>Frank Bacon</i>	<i>J. G. Payne</i>	<i>Scattering</i>
Allen.....	1,035	1,914	80	.....	1,279	842	66	.....
Anderson.....	992	710	368	.....	1,109	613	410	.....
Atchison.....	1,530	2,830	124	.....	2,089	2,315	75	.....
Barber.....	241	295	81	.....	292	273	68	.....
Barton.....	722	1,064	145	.....	874	972	136	.....
Bourbon.....	1,697	1,686	192	1	1,922	1,520	206	.....
Brown.....	1,275	1,376	156	.....	1,684	1,063	124	.....
Butler.....	1,530	1,554	405	.....	1,944	1,227	431	.....
Chase.....	498	532	315	.....	690	343	363	.....
Chautauqua.....	897	816	370	.....	1,181	622	365	.....
Cherokee.....	1,517	1,639	1,061	3	1,744	1,058	1,174	.....
Clay.....	1,067	902	456	.....	1,415	469	593	.....
Cloud.....	1,100	1,241	438	.....	1,588	557	592	.....
Coffey.....	969	1,229	232	.....	1,348	957	220	.....
Cowley.....	1,995	1,627	280	.....	2,253	1,364	346	.....
Crawford.....	1,474	1,585	371	.....	1,701	1,323	453	.....
Davis.....	434	831	125	.....	773	439	189	.....
Decatur.....	257	204	27	2	340	142	28	.....
Dickinson.....	1,112	1,437	247	2	1,636	948	310	.....
Doniphan.....	769	1,952	91	.....	1,760	1,083	33	.....
Douglas.....	1,861	1,455	322	.....	2,291	1,157	315	.....
Edwards.....	147	190	89	.....	194	152	83	.....
Elk.....	826	795	321	.....	1,012	576	403	.....
Ellis.....	292	603	31	.....	421	491	23	.....
Ellsworth.....	564	902	111	.....	834	674	100	.....
Ford.....	253	663	16	.....	377	540	16	.....
Franklin.....	1,404	782	1,443	.....	1,609	580	1,242	.....
Graham.....	201	93	171	3	274	52	152	.....
Greenwood.....	904	809	275	.....	1,077	669	296	.....
Harper.....	380	317	242	.....	414	230	306	.....
Harvey.....	1,010	1,047	188	.....	1,520	584	220	.....
Hodgeman.....	157	87	55	.....	183	72	52	.....
Jackson.....	1,006	985	84	.....	1,217	812	89	.....
Jefferson.....	1,251	1,815	78	10	1,688	1,493	74	.....
Jewell.....	1,187	528	1,169	.....	1,420	297	1,218	.....
Johnson.....	1,227	1,492	335	.....	1,570	1,228	342	.....
Kingman.....	392	268	83	.....	484	211	54	.....
Labette.....	1,941	1,669	329	.....	2,114	1,472	397	.....
Leavenworth.....	1,468	3,455	150	.....	1,920	3,050	111	.....
Lincoln.....	355	818	157	.....	694	429	223	.....
Linn.....	1,148	805	769	.....	1,504	415	873	.....
Lyon.....	1,664	1,280	227	.....	2,065	811	315	.....
Marion.....	762	848	137	.....	1,063	550	163	.....
Marshall.....	1,592	1,851	182	.....	1,804	1,612	192	.....
Melherson.....	1,285	1,127	392	.....	1,664	652	536	.....
Miami.....	1,182	1,701	386	.....	1,482	1,452	427	.....
Mitchell.....	774	1,076	406	.....	1,225	577	484	.....
Montgomery.....	1,509	1,819	235	.....	1,725	1,598	306	.....
Morris.....	713	840	63	.....	974	579	75	.....
Nemaha.....	949	1,749	127	2	1,409	1,469	32	1
Neosho.....	1,068	1,154	298	1	1,191	1,041	328	.....
Ness.....	268	57	173	.....	322	34	157	.....
Northon.....	327	139	315	3	424	111	260	.....
Osage.....	1,781	1,490	935	.....	2,286	970	1,060	.....
Osborne.....	656	538	364	7	1,028	164	346	.....
Ottawa.....	769	813	331	.....	983	394	617	.....
Pawnee.....	427	308	3	.....	519	239	.....	.....
Phillips.....	596	547	463	.....	675	288	471	.....
Pottawatomie.....	1,357	1,836	92	6	1,801	1,335	111	.....
Pratt.....	150	137	69	.....	177	198	79	.....
Rawlins.....	85	94	48	.....	113	81	45	.....
Reno.....	1,057	997	156	.....	1,428	664	164	.....

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR.				LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.			
	<i>John P. St. John.</i>	<i>George W. Chick.</i>	<i>Charles Robinson.</i>	<i>Scattering.</i>	<i>D. W. Finney.</i>	<i>Frank Bacon.</i>	<i>J. G. Bayne.</i>	<i>Scattering.</i>
Republic.....	1,017	663	548	.....	1,335	492	462	.....
Rice.....	926	916	48	2	1,061	742	160	.....
Riley.....	670	827	350	.....	930	428	515	.....
Rooks.....	488	261	441	.....	605	150	458	.....
Rush.....	259	339	63	.....	345	284	51	.....
Russell.....	269	657	101	.....	504	372	138	.....
Saline.....	1,256	1,427	14	.....	1,933	793	16	.....
Sedgwick.....	1,508	2,082	177	.....	1,883	1,769	213	.....
Shawnee.....	3,020	3,282	163	.....	4,548	1,865	196	.....
Sheridan.....	22	50	33	.....	34	30	38	.....
Smith.....	810	489	543	4	1,052	317	499	.....
Stafford.....	265	329	42	.....	431	181	29	.....
Sumner.....	1,433	1,517	304	8	1,712	1,363	289	.....
Trego.....	224	116	27	.....	266	82	31	.....
Wabaunsee.....	681	942	32	.....	1,051	649	1	.....
Washington.....	1,068	1,346	357	.....	1,531	917	372	.....
Wilson.....	1,179	1,097	262	.....	1,431	908	283	.....
Woodson.....	604	542	111	2	797	542	112	4
Wyandotte.....	1,493	2,017	203	.....	1,925	1,620	198	.....
Total.....	75,158	83,237	20,933	56	98,166	61,547	23,300	5

COUNTIES.	SECRETARY OF STATE.				AUDITOR OF STATE.			
	<i>James South.</i>	<i>Samuel L. Gilbert.</i>	<i>A. P. Elder.</i>	<i>Scattering.</i>	<i>E. P. McCabe.</i>	<i>W. L. Brown.</i>	<i>W. A. Garrison.</i>	<i>Scattering.</i>
Allen.....	1,286	834	68	.....	1,015	909	74	.....
Anderson.....	1,108	611	414	.....	1,051	621	420	.....
Atchison.....	2,182	2,298	75	.....	1,987	2,386	82	.....
Barber.....	294	273	68	.....	265	281	72	.....
Barton.....	875	968	135	.....	764	1,016	142	.....
Bourbon.....	2,040	1,501	209	.....	1,754	1,455	210	96
Brown.....	1,691	1,054	124	.....	1,507	1,145	125	2
Butler.....	1,978	1,206	424	.....	1,673	1,309	457	.....
Chase.....	708	341	358	.....	641	384	353	.....
Chautauqua.....	1,163	621	370	.....	1,036	627	384	.....
Cherokee.....	1,774	1,017	1,483	.....	1,644	1,068	1,496	9
Clay.....	1,413	465	600	.....	1,286	538	604	.....
Cloud.....	1,641	545	578	.....	1,423	804	609	.....
Coffey.....	1,352	957	223	.....	1,196	981	231	.....
Cowley.....	2,146	1,520	265	1	2,107	1,387	357	1
Crawford.....	1,705	1,321	452	.....	1,519	1,406	463	.....
Davis.....	774	437	189	.....	593	524	233	.....
Decatur.....	341	142	29	1	282	170	36	1
Dickinson.....	1,620	942	308	.....	1,484	991	320	2
Doniphan.....	1,770	1,081	32	.....	1,619	1,152	35	.....
Douglas.....	2,297	1,146	319	.....	2,008	1,260	331	.....
Edwards.....	190	150	83	1	180	158	79	1
Elk.....	1,014	572	402	.....	870	584	413	1
Ellis.....	496	416	22	.....	329	491	60	.....

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	SECRETARY OF STATE.				AUDITOR OF STATE.			
	James Smith.....	Samuel L. Gilbert.....	A. P. Elder.....	Scotterby.....	E. P. McCobb.....	W. L. Brown.....	W. A. Garrison.....	Scotterby.....
Ellsworth.....	844	671	98	.....	764	703	166	.....
Ford.....	380	527	14	.....	344	571	15	.....
Franklin.....	1,519	481	1,443	.....	1,479	575	1,254	.....
Graham.....	278	51	146	1	204	62	190	1
Greenwood.....	1,084	675	281	.....	930	718	297	.....
Harper.....	453	261	241	.....	405	284	257	1
Harvey.....	1,526	581	222	.....	1,405	636	212	5
Hodgeman.....	189	70	48	.....	188	75	43	.....
Jackson.....	1,234	801	88	.....	1,033	867	108	.....
Jefferson.....	1,700	1,475	75	.....	1,399	1,573	78	2
Jewell.....	1,426	293	1,221	.....	1,327	296	1,259	.....
Johnson.....	1,597	1,207	338	.....	1,416	1,257	347	.....
Kingman.....	495	209	53	.....	408	249	66	.....
Labette.....	2,125	1,452	399	.....	2,001	1,502	405	.....
Leavenworth.....	1,943	3,037	113	.....	1,788	3,125	119	.....
Lincoln.....	708	416	227	.....	660	447	224	.....
Linn.....	1,510	415	868	.....	1,415	429	877	.....
Lyon.....	2,093	816	345	.....	1,536	1,267	320	.....
Marion.....	1,071	545	190	.....	931	610	198	.....
Marshall.....	1,914	1,494	170	.....	1,762	1,692	214	.....
McPherson.....	1,722	630	506	.....	1,582	712	519	.....
Miami.....	1,495	1,436	428	.....	1,392	1,470	430	.....
Mitchell.....	1,228	555	491	.....	1,102	591	520	.....
Montgomery.....	1,760	1,527	317	.....	1,543	1,642	319	.....
Morris.....	981	570	76	.....	836	616	76	.....
Nemaha.....	1,423	1,460	24	.....	1,323	1,493	32	2
Neosho.....	1,276	955	311	.....	1,123	973	346	7
Ness.....	327	32	154	.....	267	40	171	.....
Norton.....	428	111	257	.....	228	139	370	2
Osage.....	2,286	931	1,077	.....	1,965	1,010	1,150	.....
Osborne.....	1,033	184	350	.....	649	244	504	.....
Ottawa.....	988	399	659	.....	913	401	647	.....
Pawnee.....	520	235	.....	.....	492	244	4	.....
Phillips.....	688	277	472	.....	503	219	673	.....
Pottawatomie.....	1,910	1,220	114	1	1,648	1,324	127	69
Pratt.....	179	54	73	.....	162	115	77	.....
Rawlins.....	111	81	46	.....	99	82	47	.....
Reno.....	1,446	644	168	.....	1,074	941	177	.....
Republic.....	1,364	454	451	.....	1,148	553	489	.....
Rice.....	1,070	737	137	.....	910	961	31	3
Riley.....	935	389	536	.....	810	413	537	.....
Rooks.....	609	146	462	.....	432	169	522	.....
Rush.....	348	283	51	.....	321	292	53	.....
Russell.....	558	344	128	.....	284	651	182	.....
Saline.....	1,938	789	17	.....	1,723	889	25	.....
Sedgewick.....	1,916	1,768	187	.....	1,755	1,826	195	.....
Shawnee.....	4,564	1,848	199	.....	3,350	2,543	228	.....
Sheridan.....	34	33	39	.....	37	35	43	.....
Smith.....	1,075	310	504	.....	846	358	539	3
Stafford.....	431	177	30	.....	355	233	30	.....
Sumner.....	1,721	1,357	286	.....	1,462	1,439	295	3
Trego.....	267	83	30	.....	208	105	38	.....
Wabaunsee.....	1,053	646	1	.....	885	747	4	2
Washington.....	1,537	914	378	.....	1,422	917	384	.....
Wilson.....	1,437	900	288	.....	1,319	937	297	.....
Woodson.....	745	442	115	1	572	480	130	2
Wyandotte.....	1,932	1,655	194	.....	1,762	1,741	214	.....
Total.....	99,282	60,471	23,422	6	86,160	66,130	21,603	215

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	TREASURER OF STATE.				ATTORNEY GENERAL.				
	Samuel T. Howe.....	Charles E. Clifford.....	J. H. Ingham.....	Scattering.....	W. A. Johnson.....	H. Miles Moore.....	J. D. McBrian.....	Sidney Hayden.....	Scattering.....
Allen.....	1,290	837	66	.....	1,289	838	65	.....	.....
Anderson.....	1,108	613	412	.....	1,104	613	415	.....	.....
Atchison.....	2,179	2,313	74	.....	2,174	2,311	75	.....	.....
Barber.....	293	272	68	.....	294	228	68	45	.....
Barton.....	874	959	204	.....	875	961	134	.....	.....
Bourbon.....	1,932	1,479	207	.....	1,950	1,507	218	.....	.....
Brown.....	1,690	1,057	125	.....	1,691	1,053	124	.....	.....
Butler.....	1,978	1,215	424	.....	1,973	1,138	429	71	.....
Chase.....	708	349	339	.....	706	350	348	1	.....
Chautauqua.....	1,178	622	370	.....	1,184	687	108	.....	.....
Cherokee.....	1,726	853	1,675	6	1,777	1,023	1,481	.....	2
Clay.....	1,189	744	541	.....	1,403	479	595	.....	.....
Cloud.....	1,684	543	570	.....	1,685	538	582	.....	.....
Coffey.....	1,348	959	223	.....	1,353	821	222	136	.....
Cowley.....	2,144	1,359	342	1	2,256	1,349	356	.....	.....
Crawford.....	1,705	1,320	453	.....	1,706	1,283	452	.....	.....
Davis.....	776	437	191	.....	774	431	192	.....	.....
Decatur.....	340	143	28	.....	340	142	28	.....	.....
Dickinson.....	1,638	940	308	.....	1,614	887	309	57	.....
Doniphan.....	1,767	1,084	33	.....	1,768	1,083	32	.....	.....
Douglas.....	2,294	1,154	304	.....	2,294	1,154	315	.....	.....
Edwards.....	190	151	84	.....	190	151	83	.....	.....
Elk.....	1,014	573	402	.....	1,013	572	401	.....	.....
Ellis.....	438	479	22	.....	434	477	21	.....	.....
Ellsworth.....	838	669	101	.....	837	670	101	.....	.....
Ford.....	379	527	14	.....	381	527	13	.....	.....
Franklin.....	1,636	559	1,243	.....	1,633	513	1,245	24	.....
Graham.....	277	53	149	.....	277	51	150	.....	.....
Greenwood.....	1,085	670	283	.....	1,085	658	283	.....	.....
Harper.....	456	258	244	.....	456	84	214	175	.....
Harvey.....	1,529	590	207	.....	1,526	594	207	.....	.....
Hodgeman.....	189	70	48	.....	189	70	48	.....	.....
Jackson.....	1,230	800	89	.....	1,229	802	89	.....	.....
Jefferson.....	1,696	1,476	76	.....	1,699	1,476	75	.....	.....
Jewell.....	1,421	291	1,224	.....	1,418	.....	1,224	295	.....
Johnson.....	1,596	1,211	337	.....	1,593	1,213	336	.....	.....
Kingman.....	497	208	54	.....	496	209	54	.....	.....
Labette.....	2,142	1,458	400	.....	2,142	1,459	400	.....	.....
Leavenworth.....	1,960	2,926	116	.....	1,970	3,033	116	.....	.....
Lincoln.....	706	418	229	.....	710	321	230	94	.....
Linn.....	1,509	417	865	.....	1,511	416	867	.....	.....
Lyon.....	2,099	875	323	.....	2,096	881	321	.....	.....
Marion.....	1,314	348	133	.....	1,058	305	209	240	.....
Marshall.....	1,805	1,591	192	.....	1,797	1,440	188	125	.....
McPherson.....	1,712	657	507	.....	1,712	641	527	.....	.....
Miami.....	1,498	1,438	423	.....	1,495	1,441	423	.....	.....
Mitchell.....	1,231	560	489	.....	1,228	559	491	.....	.....
Montgomery.....	1,754	1,570	310	.....	1,753	1,473	311	92	.....
Morris.....	988	572	77	.....	978	480	80	91	.....
Nemaha.....	1,424	1,459	25	1	1,422	1,460	25	.....	.....
Neosho.....	1,276	962	341	.....	1,278	948	344	13	.....
Ness.....	326	32	155	.....	327	32	154	.....	.....
Norton.....	425	108	263	.....	428	105	262	.....	1
Osage.....	2,291	930	1,058	.....	2,298	898	1,087	.....	.....
Osborne.....	1,035	184	351	.....	1,035	173	352	.....	.....
Ottawa.....	985	394	616	.....	989	387	624	.....	.....
Pawnee.....	520	237	3	.....	521	236	3	.....	.....
Phillips.....	687	270	469	.....	686	271	472	.....	.....
Pottawatomie.....	1,906	1,230	115	.....	1,911	1,135	115	88	2
Pratt.....	182	109	66	.....	172	108	72	.....	.....
Rawlins.....	111	79	47	.....	110	80	47	.....	.....
Reno.....	1,454	644	174	.....	1,451	637	164	.....	.....

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	TREASURER OF STATE.				ATTORNEY GENERAL.				
	<i>Samuel T. Howe</i>	<i>Charles F. Gilford</i>	<i>J. H. Ludlow</i>	<i>Scattering</i>	<i>W. A. Johnston</i>	<i>H. Miles Moore</i>	<i>J. D. Merritt</i>	<i>Sidney Hughes</i>	<i>Scattering</i>
Republic	1,340	471	450	.....	1,347	339	451	135	.....
Rice	1,070	740	137	.....	1,068	540	158	.....	1
Riley	934	394	538	.....	936	362	541	.....	.....
Rooks.....	611	143	463	.....	610	115	462	.....	.....
Rush	349	281	51	.....	350	167	51	109	.....
Russell	568	358	119	.....	556	269	119	.....	.....
Saline	1,932	792	17	.....	1,935	794	17	.....	.....
Sedgwick.....	1,877	1,768	184	.....	1,863	1,764	185	.....	.....
Shawnee.....	4,549	1,865	196	.....	4,549	1,863	197	.....	.....
Sheridan	34	34	38	.....	35	34	37	.....	.....
Smith.....	1,065	313	507	.....	1,069	301	506	.....	.....
Stafford.....	433	179	29	.....	432	178	31	.....	.....
Sumner.....	1,729	1,361	286	.....	1,726	1,362	282	.....	.....
Trego	268	82	30	.....	265	83	32	.....	.....
Wabaunsee.....	1,050	642	.....	4	1,053	29	1	615	.....
Washington.....	1,543	915	374	.....	1,533	607	368	313	.....
Wilson	1,435	905	275	.....	1,438	911	286	.....	.....
Woodson.....	694	408	117	.....	745	282	118	162	.....
Wyandotte.....	1,931	1,602	195	.....	1,921	1,059	196	492	.....
Total.....	99,067	60,558	23,307	12	99,175	57,026	23,014	3,373	6

COUNTIES.	SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.				ASSOC. JUSTICE SUP. COURT.			
	<i>H. C. Speer</i>	<i>D. E. Lantz</i>	<i>J. S. Whittam</i>	<i>Scattering</i>	<i>D. J. Brewer</i>	<i>James W. Green</i>	<i>L. C. Felt</i>	<i>Scattering</i>
Allen.....	1,292	832	67	.....	1,294	845	65	.....
Anderson.....	1,103	612	416	.....	1,107	614	414	.....
Atchison.....	2,175	2,304	74	.....	2,175	2,306	74	.....
Barber.....	293	273	68	.....	294	273	68	.....
Barton.....	870	958	133	.....	857	955	133	.....
Bourbon.....	1,946	1,410	214	91	1,951	1,501	207	.....
Brown.....	1,689	1,058	124	.....	1,693	1,056	124	.....
Butler.....	1,974	1,204	425	.....	1,962	1,209	430	.....
Chase.....	696	345	408	.....	706	321	340	.....
Chautauqua.....	1,181	621	369	.....	1,811	622	359	.....
Cherokee.....	1,773	1,019	1,472	1	1,778	1,019	71	2
Clay.....	1,406	468	595	.....	1,412	467	586	.....
Cloard.....	1,685	539	582	.....	1,688	541	578	.....
Coffey.....	1,345	956	223	.....	1,353	956	196	.....
Crowley.....	2,258	1,354	346	.....	2,265	1,357	349	.....
Crawford.....	1,701	1,322	449	.....	1,705	1,347	451	.....
Davis.....	922	295	184	.....	774	435	191	.....
Decatur.....	340	141	27	3	341	141	29	.....
Dickinson.....	1,626	897	303	35	1,562	945	307	.....
Doniphan.....	1,765	1,083	33	.....	1,768	1,083	31	.....
Douglas.....	2,288	1,139	314	.....	1,977	1,444	306	.....
Edwards.....	192	151	81	.....	190	151	82	.....
Elk.....	1,007	573	406	.....	1,014	573	402	.....

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONCLUDED.

COUNTIES.	SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.				ASSOC. JUSTICE SUP. COURT.			
	<i>H. C. Spicer</i>	<i>D. E. Lantz</i>	<i>J. S. Whitcomb</i>	<i>Scattering</i>	<i>D. J. Brewer</i>	<i>James W. Green</i>	<i>L. C. Uhl</i>	<i>Scattering</i>
Ellis.....	578	339	22	.....	433	477	21	.....
Ellsworth.....	834	670	101	.....	837	669	93	.....
Ford.....	384	525	13	.....	381	539	13	.....
Franklin.....	1,631	558	1,244	.....	1,637	560	1,240	.....
Graham.....	278	51	149	.....	227	52	149	.....
Greenwood.....	1,085	663	284	.....	1,084	664	283	.....
Harper.....	455	258	234	1	554	260	243	.....
Harvey.....	1,526	594	208	.....	1,525	595	208	.....
Hodgeman.....	189	70	48	.....	189	70	48	.....
Jackson.....	1,230	801	89	.....	1,228	801	87	.....
Jefferson.....	1,696	1,473	76	.....	1,694	1,470	75	.....
Jewell.....	1,421	297	1,224	.....	1,322	284	1,230	.....
Johnson.....	1,600	1,204	337	.....	1,569	1,247	329	.....
Kingman.....	495	208	54	.....	497	208	54	.....
Labette.....	2,145	1,456	393	.....	2,447	1,453	53	.....
Leavenworth.....	1,933	3,022	115	.....	2,098	2,963	115	.....
Lincoln.....	707	418	228	.....	706	419	227	.....
Linn.....	1,514	415	857	.....	1,513	418	865	.....
Lyon.....	2,090	889	320	.....	2,073	885	319	.....
Marion.....	1,068	446	188	.....	1,070	444	163	.....
Marshall.....	1,795	1,590	189	.....	1,801	1,590	153	.....
McPherson.....	1,719	637	509	.....	1,714	640	506	.....
Miami.....	1,493	1,441	418	1	1,482	1,446	4	.....
Mitchell.....	1,206	558	501	.....	1,214	509	544	.....
Montgomery.....	1,755	1,572	312	.....	1,754	1,570	297	.....
Morris.....	981	573	75	.....	985	571	77	.....
Nemaha.....	1,424	1,453	25	5	1,426	1,460	23	1
Neosho.....	1,229	945	340	7	1,278	957	330	.....
Ness.....	329	32	153	.....	339	32	142	.....
Norton.....	426	107	264	.....	424	107	262	.....
Osage.....	2,268	923	1,117	.....	2,300	937	1,073	.....
Osborne.....	1,031	182	342	.....	1,042	135	389	.....
Ottawa.....	991	392	617	.....	995	390	614	.....
Pawnee.....	521	236	.....	.....	522	234	.....	.....
Phillips.....	687	269	472	.....	681	279	475	.....
Pottawatomie.....	1,901	1,230	118	.....	1,912	1,230	113	.....
Pratt.....	171	109	62	14	182	109	62	.....
Rawlins.....	111	80	47	.....	111	80	47	.....
Reno.....	1,453	643	164	.....	1,437	649	164	.....
Republic.....	1,340	474	449	.....	1,333	476	452	.....
Rice.....	1,072	738	155	1	1,067	739	157	1
Riley.....	914	410	540	.....	924	398	535	.....
Rooks.....	612	143	462	1	612	144	463	.....
Rush.....	349	277	51	.....	347	283	52	.....
Russell.....	541	373	127	.....	553	315	176	.....
Saline.....	1,934	792	17	.....	1,939	788	17	.....
Sedgwick.....	1,902	1,772	184	.....	1,954	1,727	208	.....
Shawnee.....	4,500	1,864	232	.....	4,552	1,862	197	.....
Sheridan.....	34	34	38	.....	34	34	30	.....
Smith.....	1,070	307	504	.....	1,004	207	647	.....
Stafford.....	432	180	29	.....	433	178	29	.....
Stamper.....	1,729	1,358	285	.....	1,727	1,357	283	.....
Trego.....	269	81	30	.....	266	83	32	.....
Wabunsee.....	1,052	643	1	1	1,050	645	1	.....
Washington.....	1,535	919	372	.....	1,535	918	373	.....
Wilson.....	1,436	908	285	.....	1,437	910	284	.....
Woodson.....	744	440	119	.....	725	441	118	1
Wyandotte.....	1,927	1,634	200	.....	1,934	1,632	200	.....
Total.....	99,269	60,230	23,305	161	98,806	60,671	21,140	5

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	John A. Anderson..	Charles H. Moody..	L. T. Smith.....	Scattering.....
Atchison	2,186	217		
Brown	1,701	1,176		2
Clay	1,399	788		29
Cloud	1,623	1,157		
Davis	1,081	241		
Decatur	334	172		
Dickinson	1,532	1,258		3
Doniphan	1,800	58		
Ellis	647	41		
Ellsworth	1,011	116		3
Graham	396	166		
Jackson	1,219	219		
Jefferson	1,975	975		1
Jewell	1,398	1,259	262	
Leavenworth	3,141	226	54	
Lincoln	693	359		
Marshall	1,893	669		3
Mitchell	1,226	1,016		
Nemaha	1,434	1,476		
Norton	423	371		2
Osborne	1,030	433		
Ottawa	987	1,003		
Phillips	709	563		
Pottawatomie	1,962	226	848	2
Rawlins	182	51	6	
Republic	1,331	678	129	
Riley	1,116	676		2
Rooks	604	529		
Russell	893	194		
Saline	2,477	225		
Sheridan	65	43		
Smith	1,030	703		
Washington	1,810	502		
Total	41,251	17,816	1,299	47

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	D. C. Haskell..	N. F. Acox.....	Alfred Taylor..	Scattering.....
Allen	1,151	976	44	
Anderson	1,089	635	400	
Bourbon	1,937	1,519	193	1
Cherokee	1,549	1,610	1,069	1
Crawford	1,662	1,377	457	11
Douglas	2,213	1,283	228	
Franklin	1,563	651	1,200	
Johnson	1,545	1,466	119	
Labette	2,009	1,646	311	
Linn	1,487	500	797	
Miami	1,222	1,927	91	
Montgomery	1,715	1,725	192	
Neosho	1,226	991	301	
Wilson	1,382	988	236	
Wyandotte	1,851	1,822	72	
Total	23,601	19,116	5,710	13

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS—CONTINUED.

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	Thomas Ryan...	John C. Cannon.	D. J. Cole.....	Soudering.....
Barber.....	296	265	75	.....
Barton.....	847		1,105	.....
Butler.....	1,917	1,182	485	15
Chase.....	702	346	359	2
Chautauqua.....	1,149	653	352	.....
Coffey.....	1,348	950	268	.....
Cowley.....	2,248	1,333	372	.....
Edwards.....	188	152	82	.....
Elk.....	1,011	570	408	1
Ford.....	368	527	22	.....
Greenwood.....	1,063	677	270	1
Harper.....	438	260	173	.....
Harvey.....	1,505	579	231	.....
Hodgeman.....	189	68	50	.....
Kingman.....	492	203	59	.....
Lyon.....	2,076	875	335	.....
Marion.....	1,049	547	203	.....
McPherson.....	1,661		651	.....
Morris.....	903	552	79	.....
Ness.....	319	33	158	.....
Osage.....	2,232	918	1,115	.....
Pawnee.....	519	226	6	.....
Pratt.....	181	106	77	.....
Reno.....	1,298	492	446	.....
Rice.....	1,053		912	.....
Rush.....	325	177	165	.....
Sedgwick.....	1,948	1,716	190	.....
Shawnee.....	4,524	1,853	217	.....
Stafford.....	432	145	72	.....
Sumner.....	1,732	1,346	270	.....
Trego.....	264	81	30	.....
Wabunsee.....	1,076	459	1	1
Woodson.....	738	438	118	.....
Total.....	36,181	17,729	9,356	20

AT LARGE.

COUNTIES.	S. R. Peters.....	E. N. Morrill.....	Levitt Honback.....	B. W. Perkins.....	G. A. Ireland.....	John O'Hanigan.	S. N. Wood.....	H. L. Phillips.....
Allen.....	1,286	1,286	1,286	1,275	837	822	894	65
Anderson.....	1,104	1,105	1,106	1,104	608	607	1,024	411
Atchison.....	2,164	2,170	2,154	2,162	2,294	2,288	2,382	74
Barber.....	299	293	296	292	268	269	293	69
Barton.....	877	870	871	871	976	952	1,094	137
Bourbon.....	1,953	1,998	1,984	1,942	1,489	1,491	1,697	196
Brown.....	1,692	1,811	1,696	1,692	1,045	1,030	1,172	119
Butler.....	1,983	1,964	1,951	1,965	85	1,196	1,510	434
Chase.....	710	694	679	684	331	345	481	361
Chautauqua.....	1,179	1,175	1,175	1,173	624	622	988	369
Cherokee.....	1,768	1,769	1,774	1,828	1,024	1,098	2,407	1,477
Clay.....	1,398	1,401	1,375	1,383	449	459	1,050	564
Cloud.....	1,654	1,658	1,637	1,672	558	534	1,165	582
Coffey.....	1,321	1,308	1,277	1,316	874	873	1,036	219
Cowley.....	2,256	2,257	2,253	2,255	1,350	1,348	1,686	349
Crawford.....	1,706	1,707	1,702	1,699	1,319	1,320	1,725	455

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS—CONTINUED.

AT LARGE.

COUNTIES.	S. R. Peters.....	E. N. Morrill.....	Jervis Hancock.....	R. W. Perkins.....	C. A. Leland.....	John O'Platungun.....	N. N. Wood.....	H. T. Phillips.....
Davis	739	758	641	755	421	438	665	205
Decatur.....	342	341	474	342	138	138	168	31
Dickinson.....	1,591	1,612	1,589	1,601	854	846	1,192	311
Doniphan.....	1,742	1,658	1,774	1,724	1,010	1,034	1,172	30
Douglas.....	2,258	2,267	2,222	2,246	1,163	1,151	1,559	315
Edwards.....	180	193	172	193	149	150	256	70
Elk.....	1,016	1,013	1,002	1,014	588	579	979	402
Ellis.....	572	524	556	561	331	329	367	23
Ellsworth.....	833	836	832	831	661	656	771	106
Ford.....	809	375	375	374	529	531	559	14
Franklin.....	1,631	1,623	1,628	1,628	565	565	1,768	1,244
Graham.....	277	270	282	275	51	53	201	146
Greenwood.....	1,979	1,977	1,953	1,957	660	658	954	281
Harper.....	612	456	456	456	272	273	323	230
Harvey.....	2,053	1,521	1,521	1,523	590	586	701	212
Hodgeman.....	189	187	182	187	69	73	127	47
Jackson.....	1,218	1,215	1,197	1,214	797	787	931	86
Jefferson.....	1,692	1,691	1,619	1,686	1,470	1,467	1,620	36
Jewell.....	1,408	1,407	1,397	1,405	291	296	1,238	1,223
Johnson.....	1,575	1,568	1,568	1,589	1,192	1,187	1,553	334
Kingman.....	499	488	487	486	206	206	270	54
Labette.....	2,135	2,122	2,098	2,205	1,446	1,443	1,887	631
Leavenworth.....	1,975	1,984	1,965	1,969	3,015	3,004	3,308	114
Lincoln.....	688	994	647	696	391	393	733	229
Linn.....	1,505	1,512	1,510	1,424	417	417	1,261	909
Lyon.....	2,068	2,051	2,050	2,081	850	859	1,149	316
Marion.....	1,106	1,062	1,052	1,064	556	548	717	187
Marshall.....	1,788	1,781	1,786	1,789	1,500	1,579	1,729	193
McPherson.....	1,710	1,703	1,698	1,671	641	624	1,199	500
Miami.....	1,476	1,484	1,478	1,486	1,445	1,435	1,754	614
Mitchell.....	1,231	1,216	1,220	1,230	520	514	1,050	492
Montgomery.....	1,758	1,755	1,749	1,770	1,565	1,565	1,788	208
Morris.....	972	955	942	944	562	565	706	77
Nemaha.....	1,417	1,418	1,392	1,421	1,449	1,472	1,592	21
Neosho.....	1,272	1,267	1,270	1,272	955	953	1,275	1,170
Ness.....	324	321	325	327	33	31	194	128
Norton.....	422	421	416	420	114	113	384	266
Osage.....	2,272	2,271	2,244	2,273	927	925	2,004	1,084
Osborne.....	1,046	1,020	985	999	174	172	511	357
Ottawa.....	980	980	981	984	411	391	1,016	1,010
Pawnee.....	527	525	523	523	233	233	235	3
Phillips.....	667	673	664	679	275	268	781	476
Pottawatomie.....	1,826	1,861	1,695	1,822	1,121	1,459	1,364	125
Pratt.....	178	181	179	180	111	109	182	72
Rawlins.....	111	181	177	112	80	82	65	46
Reno.....	1,492	1,443	1,432	1,438	633	642	777	167
Republic.....	1,391	1,343	1,231	1,309	474	476	864	478
Rice.....	1,127	1,070	1,069	1,070	734	736	860	163
Riley.....	918	925	917	926	389	389	908	546
Rooks.....	605	605	613	613	152	151	577	445
Rush.....	363	341	338	345	270	265	266	48
Russell.....	553	545	523	550	343	344	513	182
Saline.....	1,802	1,802	1,873	1,780	742	739	960	731
Sedgewick.....	1,950	1,938	1,947	1,943	1,716	1,715	1,881	185
Shawnee.....	4,424	4,411	4,051	4,330	1,705	1,699	2,481	199
Sheridan.....	36	36	27	36	31	34	81	38
Smith.....	1,070	1,071	1,048	1,068	342	308	823	512
Stafford.....	447	441	437	444	162	162	203	30
Sumner.....	1,727	1,730	1,726	1,729	1,359	1,350	1,640	281
Trego.....	268	264	252	265	83	83	120	29
Wabaunsee.....	1,047	1,053	1,015	1,048	507	612	646	.....
Washington.....	1,596	1,342	1,570	1,595	694	690	1,363	392
Wilson.....	1,433	1,434	1,426	1,437	897	899	1,195	285
Woodson.....	743	743	743	745	160	160	496	116
Wyandotte.....	1,845	1,818	1,835	1,841	1,694	1,670	1,901	219
Total.....	99,866	98,349	97,354	98,328	58,079	59,872	83,364	25,644

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS—CONCLUDED.

AT LARGE.

COUNTIES.	AT LARGE.					COUNTIES.	AT LARGE.				
	Allen Williams...	John Davis.....	M. F. B. Bennett..	John C. Cannon...	Scatter'ng.....		Allen Williams...	John Davis.....	M. F. B. Bennett..	John C. Cannon...	Scatter'ng.....
Allen	61	55	.....	.....	.....	Marion.....	171	177	228	.....
Anderson.....	398	410	.....	.....	.....	Marshall.....	192	199	.....	32
Atchison.....	73	126	.....	.....	.....	McPherson.....	479	511	.....	588
Barber.....	68	69	45	.....	.....	Miami.....	392	428	.....	71
Barton.....	137	743	.....	.....	.....	Mitchell.....	481	519	.....	.....
Bourbon.....	201	201	96	.....	1	Montgomery....	300	316	.....	.....
Brown.....	120	129	.....	.....	.....	Morris.....	77	87	.....	.....
Butler.....	418	429	.....	.....	.....	Nemaha.....	21	22	.....	1
Chase.....	365	362	.....	9	.....	Neosho.....	323	334	14	4
Chautauqua...	354	368	.....	.....	.....	Ness.....	155	156	.....	30
Cherokee.....	1,406	1,469	.....	3	.....	Norton.....	222	265	.....	2
Clay.....	553	653	.....	.....	.....	Osage.....	1,042	1,092	.....	.....
Cloud.....	570	595	.....	.....	.....	Osborne.....	271	354	.....	.....
Coffey.....	227	226	124	.....	.....	Ottawa.....	594	624	.....	.....
Cowley.....	333	377	.....	2	.....	Pawnee.....	3	4	.....	.....
Crawford.....	440	452	39	.....	.....	Phillips.....	454	490	.....	52
Davis.....	187	306	.....	.....	.....	Pottawatomie..	124	344	.....	43
Decatur.....	31	31	.....	.....	.....	Pratt.....	71	74	.....	5
Dickinson.....	306	329	.....	.....	.....	Rawlins.....	42	50	.....	.....
Doniphan.....	31	30	.....	.....	.....	Reno.....	163	165	.....	.....
Douglas.....	324	316	.....	.....	.....	Republic.....	446	462	.....	.....
Edwards.....	80	230	.....	.....	.....	Rice.....	149	229	.....	1
Elk.....	332	402	.....	8	.....	Riley.....	505	682	.....	1
Ellis.....	23	25	.....	.....	.....	Rooks.....	358	463	.....	.....
Ellsworth.....	104	106	.....	.....	.....	Rush.....	45	157	103	9
Ford.....	14	14	.....	.....	.....	Russell.....	145	150	.....	.....
Franklin.....	1,175	1,295	.....	.....	.....	Saline.....	16	16	.....	.....
Graham.....	112	151	.....	1	.....	Sedgwick.....	183	184	.....	.....
Greenwood.....	276	284	.....	3	.....	Shawnee.....	198	246	.....	.....
Harper.....	237	242	181	.....	.....	Sheridan.....	38	38	.....	.....
Harvey.....	194	212	.....	72	.....	Smith.....	493	511	.....	2
Hodgeman.....	45	117	.....	1	.....	Stafford.....	33	28	.....	.....
Jackson.....	77	90	.....	.....	.....	Sumner.....	272	286	.....	.....
Jefferson.....	69	1,278	.....	1	.....	Trego.....	28	34	8	.....
Jewell.....	1,216	1,230	.....	.....	.....	Wabannsee.....	.....	175	.....	.....
Johnson.....	331	337	.....	.....	.....	Washington....	389	433	.....	.....
Kingman.....	54	54	.....	.....	.....	Wilson.....	258	283	.....	.....
Labette.....	389	390	.....	.....	.....	Woodson.....	106	119	488	.....
Leavenworth...	106	121	.....	.....	.....	Wyandotte.....	199	227	.....	.....
Lincoln.....	222	327	91	.....	.....	Total.....	22,243	26,701	1,417	588 354
Linn.....	836	866	.....	.....	.....			
Lyon.....	310	320	.....	.....	.....			

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

District.....	Persons voted for.		Total vote.....	District.....	Persons voted for.		Total vote.....		
	Wilson.....	Total vote.....			Dickinson.....	Davis.....		Fitzg.....	
23	J. Z. Sexton.....	1,384	1,384	30	John Johntz....	1,125	753	589	2,467
	M. A. Brooks.....	1,205	1,205		J. H. Franklin..	1,139	479	671	2,289
					J. J. Myers.....	532	161	599	1,292

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Districts...</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes...</i>	<i>Districts...</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes...</i>
	<i>Doniphan County.</i>			<i>Midni County (concluded).</i>	
1	S. L. Ryan.....	934	22	H. B. Smith.....	668
	A. W. Waters.....	493		W. H. Willhoit.....	788
2	F. H. Drenning.....	655		Johnson Clark.....	50
	Joseph Davis.....	743		<i>Linn.</i>	
	<i>Atchison.</i>		23	James D. Snoddy.....	673
3	F. E. Cloyes.....	781		J. S. Payne.....	468
4	John Seaton.....	1,434	24	A. J. Jackson.....	776
5	L. F. Randolph.....	677		B. W. Wilson.....	777
	L. H. Bishop.....	590		<i>Anderson.</i>	
	<i>Jefferson.</i>		25	D. W. Houston.....	998
6	Edwin Snyder.....	744		I. P. Sutton.....	1,114
	Thomas R. Bayne.....	746		<i>Allen.</i>	
7	D. H. Frazier.....	667	26	Samuel J. Stewart.....	1,116
	Louis A. Myers.....	1,046		W. L. Battles.....	1,060
	Scattering.....	19		<i>Bourbon.</i>	
	<i>Leavenworth.</i>		27	James M. Humphrey.....	925
8	Henry C. F. Haekbuseh.....	508		J. D. McCleverty.....	1,017
	Edward Carroll.....	888	28	L. G. Porter.....	1,001
	W. D. Kelley.....	2		B. F. Fortney.....	639
9	Samuel F. Burdett.....	408		<i>Crawford.</i>	
	H. T. Green.....	662	29	E. S. Hibbard.....	1,504
	A. A. Fenn.....	106		W. B. Cochran.....	1,331
	J. W. Remington.....	28		B. D. Sanderson.....	605
10	John Divilbess.....	457		<i>Cherokee.</i>	
	George W. Greever.....	577	30	J. K. Barney.....	572
	Joel Willis.....	32		John T. Stewart.....	615
11	A. G. Cogswell.....	676	31	T. P. Anderson.....	767
	J. K. Faulkner.....	709		John Stauffer.....	613
	L. A. Stone.....	33	32	A. H. Earl.....	36
	<i>Wyandotte.</i>			W. B. Stone.....	572
12	E. S. W. Drought.....	861		C. O. Stockslager.....	491
	R. S. Price.....	587		Jonathan Wright.....	410
	W. J. Huffaker.....	57		<i>Labette.</i>	
13	J. D. Husted.....	937	33	J. W. Fee.....	792
	J. F. Timmons.....	1,216		G. W. Gabriel.....	1,079
	<i>Johnson.</i>		34	J. S. Waters.....	556
14	J. R. Foster.....	752		George S. Campbell.....	472
	John M. Grim.....	450		N. M. Purviance.....	11
	D. G. Campbell.....	229	35	J. H. Crichton.....	560
	W. H. Zimmerman.....	245		W. P. Wilson.....	436
15	V. R. Ellis.....	1,353		<i>Montgomery.</i>	
	<i>Douglas.</i>		36	Daniel Grass.....	776
16	John Q. A. Norton.....	678		A. A. Stewart.....	833
	J. S. Emery.....	444		Thomas Barker.....	156
17	J. G. Schnebly.....	723	37	D. McTaggart.....	838
	L. F. Green.....	606		J. B. McCombs.....	732
18	John Speer.....	711		Thomas Teal.....	60
	Joseph E. Riggs.....	446		<i>Nosho.</i>	
	<i>Franklin.</i>		38	J. M. Dunsmore.....	538
19	James Barnett.....	795		J. W. Martin.....	515
	S. K. Wiekard.....	548		T. P. Leech.....	231
	Silas Allison.....	273	39	H. F. Cory.....	711
	E. H. Paramore.....	1		John Rea.....	552
20	J. M. Griffin.....	730		<i>Wilson.</i>	
	P. P. Elder.....	767	40	J. B. F. Mel'erson.....	630
	Hewitt Craik.....	269		W. F. Phillips.....	573
	<i>Miami.</i>		41	F. M. Robertson.....	755
21	Eli Davis.....	666		F. F. Power.....	641
	J. G. Martin.....	720			
	W. J. Nicholson.....	298			
	Irit Rhinehart.....	43			

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes.</i>	<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes.</i>
	<i>Woodson County.</i>			<i>Wabaunsee County.</i>	
42	J. M. Wallace.....	594	60	Lorenzo Pauly.....	879
	E. V. Wharton.....	690		Joseph Little.....	807
	<i>Coffey.</i>			<i>Lyon.</i>	
43	Job Throckmorton.....	1,143	61	W. W. Scott.....	1,201
	S. J. Carter.....	1,322		N. Whittlesy.....	212
	<i>Osage.</i>		62	G. W. Sutton.....	889
44	John E. Rastall.....	820		R. T. Snediker.....	761
	Max Buck.....	1,021		<i>Greenwood.</i>	
	John F. Young.....	430	63	J. B. Clogston.....	1,008
45	W. C. Sweezy.....	816		W. H. O'Hare.....	317
	Ellis Lewis.....	525		John M. Seidle.....	687
	John Gray.....	645		<i>Elk.</i>	
	<i>Shawnee.</i>		64	C. S. King.....	762
46	Thomas M. James.....	1,087		Eli Titus.....	1,195
	S. P. Dunlap.....	836		<i>Chautauqua.</i>	
	E. Handy.....	8	65	William B. Taylor.....	983
47	George W. Veale.....	1,134		James Shaver.....	1,172
	Joab Mulvane.....	1,063		<i>Cowley.</i>	
	S. E. Sheldon.....	682	66	James McDermott.....	627
	J. G. Stonecker.....	114		J. J. Johnson.....	651
48	J. B. McAfee.....	844	67	C. R. Mitchell.....	796
	Samuel Kozier.....	605		H. D. Kellogg.....	665
	Scattering.....	2	68	J. W. Wimer.....	660
	<i>Jackson.</i>			W. R. Megredy.....	540
49	J. W. Pettijohn.....	1,175		<i>Butler.</i>	
	John Blair.....	934	69	F. W. Rash.....	767
	<i>Brown.</i>			J. M. Watson.....	680
50	J. Schilling.....	810		T. C. Leedom.....	184
	G. Y. Johnson.....	787	70	J. H. Fullinwider.....	1,059
	Scattering.....	2		B. Robinson.....	607
51	N. F. Leslie.....	573		I. V. Davis.....	264
	Henry Isely.....	633		<i>Chase.</i>	
	<i>Nemaha.</i>		71	W. H. Carter.....	654
52	E. F. Bouton.....	603		G. W. Hayes.....	423
	Wright Hieks.....	833		W. P. Pugh.....	288
53	D. R. Magill.....	638		<i>Marion.</i>	
	R. C. Bassett.....	812	72	J. Ware Butterfield.....	808
	<i>Marshall.</i>			R. C. Bates.....	600
54	G. C. Butler.....	773		A. B. Knowlton.....	371
	W. S. Glass.....	1,089		<i>Morris.</i>	
55	W. W. Smith.....	832	73	W. H. White.....	842
	John D. Wells.....	845		John S. Provine.....	783
	<i>Pottawatomie.</i>			<i>Dickinson.</i>	
56	P. Marvel.....	541	74	J. R. Burton.....	721
	A. C. Merritt.....	725		J. W. Robson.....	644
	I. T. Dutton.....	48	75	C. B. Hoffman.....	859
57	O. J. Grover.....	1,053		Samuel Palmer.....	529
	L. C. Prunty.....	789		<i>Clay.</i>	
	H. W. Shove.....	51	76	Wirt W. Walton.....	1,118
	P. Marvel.....	2		J. P. Campbell.....	474
	<i>Riley.</i>			W. D. Vincent.....	858
58	George S. Green.....	937		<i>Washington.</i>	
	W. J. Randolph.....	846	77	Joseph G. Lowe.....	714
	<i>Davis.</i>			W. R. Boal.....	468
59	A. C. Pierce.....	548		J. M. Gallagher.....	148
	George W. Martin.....	824			

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes.</i>	<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes.</i>
	<i>Washington County (concluded.)</i>			<i>Pratt County.</i>	
78	I. H. Chase.....	388	96	C. S. Calhoun.....	185
	O. H. Beeson.....	867		W. F. Foster.....	175
	A. J. Rideout.....	220			
	<i>Republic.</i>		97	<i>Reno.</i>	
79	W. A. Reeves.....	603		A. R. Scheble.....	560
	J. B. Pollard.....	350		T. T. Taylor.....	482
80	D. C. Gamble.....	561	98	H. D. Freeman.....	236
	William Glasgow.....	490		J. W. Claypool.....	515
	George A. Terpening.....	183		T. B. Hand.....	439
	<i>Cloud.</i>		99	<i>Stafford.</i>	
81	L. W. Borton.....	739		E. B. Crawford.....	471
	C. W. Van De Mark.....	390		M. B. Walker.....	67
	James Clithero.....	212		J. G. Smiley.....	86
82	F. W. Sturges.....	728		<i>Barton.</i>	
	S. D. Houston sr.....	692	100	D. N. Heizer.....	814
	<i>Ottawa.</i>			J. D. Bain.....	1,002
83	R. F. Thompson.....	941		C. Coughlin.....	136
	L. F. Smith.....	1,034	101	<i>Rice.</i>	
	<i>Saline.</i>			J. W. Lane.....	899
84	T. F. Garver.....	625		G. Bohrer.....	1,044
	E. N. Stearns.....	661		G. H. Bailey.....	1
85	A. P. Collins.....	724	102	<i>Ellsworth.</i>	
	Samuel Carlin.....	686		Leopold Herzig.....	876
	<i>McPherson.</i>			A. A. Jellison.....	706
86	J. M. Simpson.....	622		J. H. Snead.....	6
	E. C. Minton.....	352	103	<i>Russell.</i>	
	Morgan Banks.....	298		J. J. A. T. Dixon.....	713
87	J. M. Vannordstrand.....	770		J. J. Johnson.....	323
	A. A. Arnott.....	800		<i>Lincoln.</i>	
	<i>Harvey.</i>		104	R. F. Bryant.....	706
88	D. Reeves.....	1,134		A. S. Sutton.....	618
	O. P. Anderson.....	283		<i>Mitchell.</i>	
	Samuel Saylor.....	880	105	F. Charlesworth.....	786
	<i>Sedgewick.</i>			L. Pagett.....	525
89	E. B. Allen.....	952	106	John H. Kyle.....	546
	William Griffenstein.....	779		G. W. Chapman.....	285
	J. W. Sturns.....	70		<i>Oshorne.</i>	
90	F. M. Dollenmyre.....	868	107	J. B. Craney.....	563
	John Russell.....	913		W. A. Hopper.....	539
	William Ross.....	118		John R. Wilson.....	446
	<i>Sumner.</i>		108	<i>Jewell.</i>	
91	A. B. Mayhew.....	913		A. W. Mann.....	769
	John Widick.....	762		J. M. Armagost.....	807
92	J. E. Hollowell.....	680	109	M. F. Knappenberger.....	636
	W. J. Lingenfelter.....	925		C. C. Vandeverter.....	609
	<i>Harper.</i>			<i>Smith.</i>	
93	R. B. Carr.....	395	110	J. C. Davenport.....	514
	M. W. Halsey.....	345		Lair Dean.....	415
	A. H. Davis.....	220	111	A. W. Bishop.....	516
	<i>Kingman.</i>			Webb McNall.....	413
94	F. E. Gillett.....	346		W. H. Porter.....	11
	James Osborn.....	156	112	<i>Phillips.</i>	
	E. W. Hinton.....	233		John Bissell.....	640
	<i>Barber.</i>			Charles Turner.....	587
95	George D. Orner.....	295		C. E. Monell.....	152
	N. B. Blanton.....	71	113	<i>Rooks.</i>	
	E. W. Payne.....	266		Dr. V. M. Gray.....	549
				A. B. Montgomery.....	629

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Districts..</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes..</i>	<i>Districts..</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes..</i>
	<i>Ellis County.</i>			<i>Ness County.</i>	
114	Martin Allen.....	459	120	J. N. Venard.....	255
	B. C. Arnold.....	473		J. P. Johnson sr.....	73
	<i>Rush.</i>			J. P. Johnson.....	160
115	John Hargrave.....	294		<i>Trego.</i>	
	J. F. Copeland.....	273		George F. Nealley.....	224
	A. Robertson.....	94	121	Henry Ewalt.....	89
	John Burge.....	1		<i>Graham.</i>	
	<i>Pawnee.</i>			Albert Woodin.....	224
116	W. M. Rhea.....	535	122	H. D. Wilkinson.....	183
	R. A. Trimble.....	211		G. W. Graham.....	55
	<i>Edwards.</i>			<i>Norton.</i>	
117	B. R. Mosher.....	234		Walter W. Smith.....	384
	J. M. Lewis.....	185	123	L. F. Warner.....	404
	<i>Ford.</i>			<i>Decatur.</i>	
118	G. M. Hoover.....	576		W. D. Street.....	252
	H. F. May.....	174		F. H. Smith.....	249
	<i>Hodgeman.</i>			<i>Sheridan.</i>	
119	R. J. Kenyon.....	100	124	E. J. Turner.....	87
	Samuel Bowman.....	92		G. M. Brooks.....	11
	L. P. Mack.....	66			
	J. R. Wilson.....	46	125		
	E. T. Roberts.....	1			

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF DISTRICT COURTS.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Bourbon.....</i>	<i>Linn.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>
C. O. French.....	2,471	984	3,455
S. H. Allen.....	1,172	1,620	2,792

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Craigford.....</i>	<i>Cherokee.....</i>	<i>Montgomery.....</i>	<i>Labelle.....</i>	<i>Total.....</i>
Geo. Chandler.....	3,001	1,788	3,533	3,369	11,691
W. W. Matheny.....	1	675	.....	62	738

NOVEMBER 11.—First Convention of the Young Men's Christian Association, at Topeka. Temporary officers: Chairman, R. B. Gemmill, of Topeka; Secretary, F. D. Hathaway, of Leavenworth. Permanent President, F. H. Clark; Vice Presidents, Charles D. Marvin, A. D. Gray; Secretary, F. B. Vrooman.

NOVEMBER 15.—Reception given at Topeka in honor of Mrs. Mary A. Brown, widow of John Brown. Called to order by S. S. Prouty. Gov. St. John presides. Address by T. Dwight Thacher; poem by Joseph G. Waters:

“Against this crime of crimes he fought and fell;
He freed a race, and found a prison-cell;
In mid-air hung upon the gibbet's tree,
But lived and died, thank God, to make men free.

“And dusky men the ages down will tell
For what he fought and how he bravely fell;
And dim the jewels in each earthly crown
Beside the luster of thy name, John Brown!”

Speeches by P. B. Plumb, F. G. Adams, Hiram McAllister, and George T. Anthony.

NOVEMBER 17.—The Capital says of Capt. Jas. W. Steele's "Frontier Army Sketches," published by Jansen, McClurg & Co., Chicago: "The book is made up in about equal parts of descriptive articles and character pieces, or stories, thus presenting as a whole a very accurate and vivid idea of the frontier country, and a distinct, clear-cut, individual portrayal of the singular people who used to abide there."

NOVEMBER 24.—Meeting of the Arkansas Valley editors, at Caldwell. The election of officers resulted: A. J. Hoisington, President; Ed. W. Wood, Vice President; E. A. Richards, Secretary; W. H. Morgan, Treasurer. The President named the following as the committee from counties, to circulate the agreement concerning foreign advertising: Marion county, Morgan; Harvey, M. V. Sweezy; Reno, R. M. Easley; Rice, Clark Conklin; Barton, Tom. Powers; Pawnee, T. L. Leftwich; Edwards, L. A. Lauber; Ford, D. M. Frost; Stafford, R. M. Blair; Pratt, ———; Barber, Thomas A. McNeal; Kingman, Farnsworth; Harper, F. Meridith; Sedgwick, Simon Shelden; Sumner, Tell W. Walton; Cowley, D. A. Millington; Butler, Sheldon.

NOVEMBER 26.—Burning of a flour mill at Blue Rapids; loss, \$60,000.

DECEMBER 1.—Albert Griffin, J. E. Rastall and M. M. Beck, of the Temperance Union, call a Convention for January 9.

DECEMBER 8.—George Ropes, architect, gives the Capital the real origin of the John Brown song. It arose with Maj. Ralph Newton's "Tigers," the Second Battalion Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, ordered to Fort Warren, in Boston harbor, in April, 1861, for garrison duty. Mr. Ropes was a member of one of the three companies:

"It was during these first days that I noticed and heard 'John Brown's body lies mouldering in the ground' sung first by a few of the boys who would get together, under the rule, I suppose, of 'birds of a feather flock together,' to indulge in their favorite pastime of singing, but I have no knowledge of their having been an organized 'Glee Club,' as stated in one of the newspaper articles before referred to. After a little, it became a popular refrain, with a considerable variation in the words, not always of the most reverential nature, and almost everybody that could, and some that couldn't sing, chanted something of Old John Brown. Sometimes three or four of the boys

would form in single file, each with his hands on the shoulders of the one in front of him, and so start off around the parade-ground, singing the song; then others would 'fall in,' till there would be a long file meandering about the parade, 'doing' the song with a gusto that a Methodist camp meeting might not hope to surpass. After this had gone on some little time, and both words and tune had come to assume some shape and form, the Boston Brigade Band, which furnished the music for the battalion, set the words to music one night, to play on parade the next day, when Gov. Andrew and staff were expected down to review the garrison, which had then come to be composed of the Second Battalion and Eleventh and Twelfth Regiments, and it was so played, and for the first time in its history. And this was done as a compliment and tribute of respect to the Governor, as the defender of John Brown."

—Some of these men joined the Twelfth Massachusetts, Colonel Fletcher Webster's regiment. That regiment received its colors July 18. It soon marched through New York singing the song. The Tribune published it July 28, 1861:

John Brown's body lies a-mouldering in the grave;
John Brown's body lies a-mouldering in the grave;
John Brown's body lies a-mouldering in the grave;
His soul is marching on.

Glory, glory, hallelujah! Glory, glory, hallelujah!
Glory, glory, hallelujah!
His soul is marching on.

He's gone to be a soldier in the army of the Lord;
He's gone to be a soldier in the army of the Lord;
He's gone to be a soldier in the army of the Lord;
His soul is marching on.

John Brown's knapsack is strapped upon his back;
John Brown's knapsack is strapped upon his back;
John Brown's knapsack is strapped upon his back;
His soul is marching on.

His pet lambs will meet him on the way;
His pet lambs will meet him on the way;
His pet lambs will meet him on the way;
While they go marching on.

Now three rousing cheers for the Union;
Now three rousing cheers for the Union;
Now three rousing cheers for the Union;
As we go marching on.

Men between the years of twenty and thirty sang the songs, did the writing and fighting, and were the Nation. Age should reverence youth. While the blood is coursing hot from heart and brain, these things leap into the air, ring like trumpets, and are the wealth of peoples. Years afterwards common liars claim the authorship of the national inspirations.

DECEMBER 1.—The Report of Superintendent H. C. Speer gives the total amount of school money received during the year—\$2,547,764. Normal Institutes were held in 74 counties.

DECEMBER 3.—Death of Thos. B. Eldridge, at Lawrence.

DECEMBER 9.—Discovery of a land swindle in Kingman county.
—Robbery of the Kinsley bank.

DECEMBER 13.—Meeting, at Abilene, of the Anti-Monopoly Convention, made up of members of the Legislature who favor the enactment of laws controlling railroads. Called to order by J. R. Burton. J. J. A. T. Dixon, Chairman; J. W. Butterfield, Secretary. The following committee appointed to prepare a bill: E. J. Turner, Leo. Horseing, A. R. Greene, Geo. S. Green, F. Charlesworth, S. L. Ryan, Wirt W. Walton, M. F. Knappenberger, D. Rews, J. Ware Butterfield, E. F. Ware, J. S. Waters, P. P. Elder, J. B. Craney, C. R. Mitchell, W. C. Sweezy, F. W. Rush, C. B. Hoffman, and John Russell.

DECEMBER 26.—Meeting of the State Teachers' Association, in Topeka. Election of officers: Supt. F. A. Fitzpatrick, of Leavenworth, President; Prof. John Wherrel, of Paola, Vice President; Prof. D. E. Lantz, of Manhattan, Recording Secretary; Prof. L. Lightfoot, of Mulvane, Corresponding Secretary; Supt. H. F. Ellis, of Ottawa, Treasurer; H. C. Speer, Prof. B. S. Hutchins of Beloit, and A. V. Jewett of Abilene, Executive Committee.

DECEMBER 27.—The State Teachers' Association declares for Prohibition and against resubmission, with only two nays. There are present four persons who took part in the organization of the Association September 29, 1863. Their names are H. D. McCarty of Highland, R. K. McCartney and Dr. Denison of Valley Falls, and Prof. Platt of Manhattan. The meeting was held at Leavenworth.

The nominating committee reported the following-named persons for Directors: P. J. Williams, Lawrence; F. M. Draper, Atchison; T. W. Conway, Independence; L. K. Webb, Junction City; J. V. Ratcliff, Wellington. They were unanimously elected.

DECEMBER 31.—Third Biennial Report of the State Board of Agriculture, for 1881-2. pp. 715. Bushels of winter wheat raised, 33,943,398; of spring wheat, 1,791,448; of corn, 157,005,722. Value of farm products, for the year, \$198,177,520. Number of church buildings, 1,034; value, \$2,892,835; membership, 189,629. The Report contains a paper on the Geology of Kansas, by Prof. O. St. John. pp. 30. Prof. J. H. Carruth, Catalogue of Kansas Plants. Prof. Jno. W. Robson, Botany. Prof. E. A. Popenoe, Entomology. Prof. F. Hawn, Meteorology. Prof. G. H. Failyer, Scientific Agriculture. Prof. G. W. Hoss, the School System of Kansas, with a History of Colleges and Institutions. D. B. Long, Fish Culture. There are the usual land articles and reports of County Agricultural Societies.

1883.

JANUARY 1.—L. Houk appointed Judge of the Fourteenth District, Judge Peters having resigned.

—Fred. D. Mills, E. N. Morrill, W. W. Guthrie, George Storch and Roscoe Stebbins buy a large body of land of the Santa Fé Company.

—Wm. M. Thacher and Frank L. Webster publish the Lawrence Journal.

—The Marysville News is eleven years old.

—United States Courts are to be held in Wichita.

—The Topeka Daily Capital Annual issued; it contains valuable Kansas statistics.

JANUARY 3.—Death, at Auburn, of Mrs. Elizabeth Simerwell Carter, said to be the first white girl born in Kansas; age, 48.

JANUARY 4.—The Supreme Court, in *The State vs. Peter Mugler*, declares the prohibitory law constitutional. The defendant is a brewer, at Salina, and alleges that his property is depreciated in value by the passage of the act. Judge Brewer dissents; the property should be paid for.

JANUARY 5.—Adjourned meeting of the Anti-Railroad Convention. J. R. Burton moves the appointment of a committee to draft a bill.

JANUARY 7.—Fire in Concordia; loss, \$25,000.

JANUARY 8.—Inauguration of Governor Glick. Inaugural ball in the Senate Chamber.

—Judge John T. Morton resigns.

JANUARY 8.—The Democratic editors meet at Topeka. V. J. Lane, President; J. B. Chapman, Secretary; Geo. C. Rogers, Treasurer.

—Auditor McCabe retains S. S. McFadden, M. Weightman, and J. Welchans, and also appoints C. L. de Randamie.

—Gov. Glick appoints Thos. Moonlight Adjutant General, Fred. H. Glick Private Secretary, and W. P. Tomlinson Executive Clerk. Treasurer Howe retains Robert R. Moore, Hal. N. Coffin, and J. C. Burnett.

—The Republican caucus nominates James D. Snoddy for Speaker. Wm. Higgins for Sergeant-at-Arms. and Webb McNall for Assistant.

—Meeting, at Topeka, of the Cherokee-Strip Stockmen's Association. Called to order by E. M. Hewins. M. H. Bennett, Chairman; Tell W. Walton, Secretary.

JANUARY 9.—Prohibition Convention, in Topeka. Election of officers on the 10th: President, A. B. Campbell; Vice President, L. R. Elliott; Secretary, James A. Troutman; Treasurer, Geo. M. Stearns; Executive Committee, Joab Mulvane, T. E. Sewell, Rev. E. D. Hewitt, Rev. R. Wake, R. H. Hanthorne, M. V. B. Bennett, H. C. Finch, Wm. Fairchild sr., Prof. James H. Canfield, A. C. Pierce.

Among the resolutions adopted were the following:

"4. That the will of the people, as expressed in the constitution and laws, is the sovereign and supreme power of the State, to which all citizens owe unconditional obedience. To refuse such obedience in the citizen, or a failure by any law officer to execute the law in good faith, is treason to the State, and should receive the condemnation of all citizens.

"5. That we are not only in favor of the enforcement of the prohibition law as against the liquor-seller, but we favor an active, vigorous campaign for the purpose of inducing men, by appeals to their higher natures, to cease the business of selling and the habit of drinking.

"6. That we are opposed to and protest against any attempt by the Legislature to strike prohibition from the constitution by resubmitting an amendment for that purpose, or the repeal or emasculation of the law already enacted for the enforcement of the same.

"7. That we are opposed to the calling of a Constitutional Convention.

"8. That we are opposed to the organization of a new party.

"9. That we invite the coöperation of all lovers of law and order, regardless of politics or religion, in support of the principles herein announced.

"10. That we hereby pledge ourselves to vote for no man nor support any party who favors licensed dramshops."

R. Wake, Chairman, reported the Constitution of the State Temperance Union; adopted.

JANUARY 9.—The Bar Association organized. A pamphlet of 64 pages, published by George W. Crane & Co., in 1886, gives the list of members to January 12, 1886, proceedings, and addresses by Albert H. Horton, George R. Peck, David J. Brewer, T. F. Garver, W. D. Webb, and L. B. Kellogg. Albert H. Horton is elected President; N. Stephens, Vice President; W. H. Rossington, Secretary; D. M. Valentine, Treasurer.

JANUARY 9.—Meeting of the Legislature.

STATE OFFICERS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
G. W. Glick, Governor.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
D. W. Finney, Lieutenant Governor.....	Neosho Falls...	Woodson.
James Smith, Secretary of State.....	Marysville.....	Marshall.
E. P. McCabe, Auditor of State.....	Millbrook.....	Graham.
Samuel T. Howe, Treasurer of State.....	Marion.....	Marion.
H. C. Speer, Superintendent Public Instruction.....	Junction City..	Davis.
W. A. Johnston, Attorney General.....	Minneapolis...	Ottawa.
T. D. Thacher, State Printer.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
William Sims, Secretary State Board Agriculture.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
F. G. Adams, Secretary State Historical Society.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Orrin T. Welch, Superintendent of Insurance.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Hamilton J. Dennis, State Librarian.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Thos. Moonlight, Adjutant General.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.
Fred. H. Glick, Governor's Private Secretary.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
Ed. Downard, Assistant Secretary of State.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.

JUDGES AND OFFICERS OF U. S. COURTS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
George W. McCrary, Judge of the Circuit Court.....	Keokuk, Iowa.	
Cassius G. Foster, Judge of the District Court.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
J. R. Hallowell, U. S. District Attorney.....	Baxter Springs	Cherokee.
Charles Blood Smith, Assistant District Attorney.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Benj. F. Simpson, U. S. Marshal.....	Paola.....	Miami.
A. S. Thomas, Clerk of Circuit Court.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Joseph C. Wilson, Clerk of District Court.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.

JUDGES AND OFFICERS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Albert H. Horton, Chief Justice.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
Daniel M. Valentine, Associate Justice.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
David J. Brewer, Associate Justice.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.
C. J. Brown, Clerk.....	Blue Rapids....	Marshall.
A. M. F. Randolph, Reporter.....	Burlington.....	Coffey.

JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURTS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>District.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Robert Crozier.....	First.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.
David Martin.....	Second.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
John Martin.....	Third.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
N. T. Stephens.....	Fourth.....	Lawrence..	Douglas.
Charles V. Graves.....	Fifth.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
C. O. French.....	Sixth.....	Fort Scott....	Bourbon.
H. W. Talcott.....	Seventh.....	Iola.....	Allen.
James H. Austin.....	Eighth.....	Junction City..	Davis.
L. Houk.....	Ninth.....	Hutchinson....	Reno.
W. R. Wagstaff.....	Tenth.....	Paola.....	Miami.
George Chandler.....	Eleventh.....	Oswego.....	Labette.
A. S. Wilson.....	Twelfth.....	Washington....	Washington.
E. S. Torrance.....	Thirteenth.....	Winfield.....	Cowley.
J. H. Prescott.....	Fourteenth.....	Salina.....	Saline.
Clark A. Smith.....	Fifteenth.....	Cawker City....	Mitchell.
J. C. Strang.....	Sixteenth.....	Larned.....	Pawnee.
W. H. Pratt.....	Seventeenth.....	Phillipsburg...	Phillips.
Amos Harris.....	Eighteenth.....	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
1	R. M. Williams.....	White Cloud.....	Doniphan.
2	L. M. Briggs.....	Muscotah.....	Atchison.
2	A. S. Everest.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
3	Ira F. Collins.....	Sabetha.....	Nemaha.
4	Case Broderick.....	Holton.....	Jackson.
5	A. McLouth.....	Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.
6	H. M. Aller.....	Leavenworth....	Leavenworth.
7	T. G. V. Boling.....	Leavenworth....	Leavenworth.
8	Wm. J. Buchan.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
9	L. W. Breyfogle.....	Lenexa.....	Johnson.
10	L. Bradbury.....	Paola.....	Miami.
11	R. W. Blue.....	Pleasanton.....	Linn.
12	E. F. Ware.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
13	A. P. Riddle.....	Girard.....	Crawford.
14	B. F. Hogg.....	Weir City.....	Cherokee.
15	W. B. Glasse.....	Oswego.....	Labette.
16	M. T. Jones.....	Chanute.....	Neosho.
17	E. H. Funston.....	Carlyle.....	Allen.
18	A. W. Benson.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
19	Solon O. Thacher.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
19	Albert R. Greene.....	Lecompton.....	Douglas.

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
20	D. C. Meisker.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
21	L. E. Finch.....	Burlingame.....	Osage.
22	Harrison Kelley.....	Ottumwa.....	Coley.
23	J. Z. Sexton.....	Fredonia.....	Wilson.
24	A. P. Cogswell.....	Eureka.....	Greenwood.
25	A. B. Clark.....	Independence.....	Montgomery.
26	J. C. Long.....	Sedan.....	Chautauqua.
27	William P. Hackney.....	Winfield.....	Cowley.
28	Neil Wilkie.....	Douglass.....	Butler.
29	R. M. Crane.....	Marion Centre.....	Marion.
30	John Johntz.....	Abilene.....	Dickinson.
31	Perry Hutchinson.....	Marysville.....	Marshall.
32	J. W. Rector.....	Washington.....	Washington.
33	N. B. Brown.....	Concordia.....	Cloud.
34	George H. Case.....	Mankato.....	Jewell.
35	A. L. Patchin.....	Stockton.....	Rooks.
36	Thomas Anderson.....	Salina.....	Saline.
37	Simon Metz.....	Hays City.....	Ellis.
38	H. C. Sluss.....	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
D. W. Finney.....	President.....	Neosho Falls.....	Woodson.
Henry Brandley.....	Secretary.....	Matfield Green.....	Chase.
Joel Moody.....	Assistant Secretary.....	Mound City.....	Linn.
Ed. W. Waynant.....	Sergeant-at-Arms.....	Blue Rapids.....	Marshall.
John A. Fulton.....	Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms.....	Sabethia.....	Nemaha.
W. O. Kretsinger.....	Journal Clerk.....	Fontana.....	Miami.
C. H. Graham.....	Docket Clerk.....	Leroy.....	Coley.
W. W. Gray.....	Doorkeeper.....	Burlington.....	Coley.
J. H. Finch.....	Assistant Doorkeeper.....	Winfield.....	Cowley.
S. H. Hamilton.....	Second Assistant Doorkeeper.....	Clifton.....	Washington.
W. B. Garlick.....	Postmaster.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
W. A. Cozine.....	Mail Carrier.....	Neosho Falls.....	Woodson.
Rev. Allen Buekner.....	Chaplain.....	Baldwin City.....	Douglas.
W. E. Towner.....	Gate Keeper.....	Junction City.....	Davis.
Sid. Matheny.....	Page.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Earl Van D. Brown.....	Page.....	Concordia.....	Cloud.
George W. Connell.....	Page.....	Lecompton.....	Douglas.
Lewis Hess.....	Page.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
John Hogg.....	Page.....	Weir City.....	Cherokee.
Willie Cogswell.....	Page.....	Eureka.....	Greenwood.
Harry W. Parker.....	Page.....		

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
1	S. L. Ryan.....	Severance.....	Doniphan.
2	Joseph Davis.....	Wathena.....	Doniphan.
3	Frank E. Cloyes.....	Laneaster.....	Atchison.
4	John Seaton.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
5	L. P. Randolph.....	Pardee.....	Atchison.
6	Thomas R. Bayne.....	Rural.....	Jefferson.
7	Louis A. Myers.....	Valley Falls.....	Jefferson.
8	Edward Carroll.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
9	H. T. Green.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
10	G. W. Greever.....	Tonganoxie.....	Leavenworth.
11	J. K. Faulkner.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
12	E. S. W. Drought.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
13	J. F. Timmons.....	Edwardsville.....	Wyandotte.
14	J. R. Foster.....	Merriam.....	Johnson.
15	V. R. Ellis.....	Gardner.....	Johnson.
16	J. Q. A. Norton.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
17	J. G. Schnebly.....	Baldwin City.....	Douglas.
18	John Speer.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
19	J. A. Barnett.....	Wellsville.....	Franklin.
20	P. P. Elder.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
21	L. G. Martin.....	Paola.....	Miami.
22	W. H. Willhoit.....	Fontana.....	Miami.
23	J. D. Snoddy.....	La Cygne.....	Linn.
24	B. W. Wilson.....	Mound City.....	Linn.
25	J. P. Sutton.....	Garnett.....	Anderson.
26	S. J. Stewart.....	Humboldt.....	Allen.
27	J. D. McCleverty.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
28	L. G. Porter.....	Xenia.....	Bourbon.
29	E. S. Hibbard.....	Girard.....	Crawford.
30	J. T. Stewart.....	Weir City.....	Cherokee.
31	T. P. Anderson.....	Columbus.....	Cherokee.
32	W. B. Stone.....	Galena.....	Cherokee.
33	G. W. Gabriel.....	Parsons.....	Labette.
34	J. S. Waters.....	Oswego.....	Labette.
35	J. H. Crichton.....	Chetopa.....	Labette.
36	A. A. Stewart.....	Independence.....	Montgomery.
37	D. McTaggart.....	Cherryvale.....	Montgomery.
38	J. M. Dunsmore.....	Thayer.....	Neosho.
39	H. T. Cory.....	Vietsburgh.....	Ncosho.
40	J. B. F. McPherson.....	Neodesha.....	Wilson.
41	F. M. Robertson.....	Fredonia.....	Wilson.
42	E. V. Wharton.....	Yates Center.....	Woodson.
43	S. J. Carter.....	Burlington.....	Colley.
44	Max Buek.....	Dragoon.....	Osage.
45	W. C. Sweezy.....	Olivet.....	Osage.
46	T. M. James.....	North Topeka.....	Shawnee.
47	G. W. Veale.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
48	J. B. McAfee.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
49	J. W. Pettijohn.....	Hoyt.....	Jackson.
50	J. Schilling.....	Hiawatha.....	Brown.
51	Henry Isely.....	Sabetha.....	Brown.
52	W. Hicks.....	Sabetha.....	Nemaha.
53	R. C. Bassett.....	Seneca.....	Nemaha.
54	W. S. Glass.....	Marysville.....	Marshall.
55	John D. Wells.....	Barrett.....	Marshall.
56	A. C. Merritt.....	Wamego.....	Pottawatomie.
57	O. J. Grover.....	Onaga.....	Pottawatomie.
58	Geo. S. Green.....	Manhattan.....	Riley.
59	Geo. W. Martin.....	Junction City.....	Davis.
60	Lorenz Pauly.....	Alma.....	Wabaunsee.
61	W. W. Scott.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
62	G. W. Sutton.....	Hartford.....	Lyon.
63	J. B. Clogston.....	Enreka.....	Greenwood.
64	Eli Titus.....	Grenola.....	Elk.
65	Jas. Shaver.....	Clover Dale.....	Chautauqua.
66	J. J. Johnson.....	New Salem.....	Cowley.
67	C. R. Mitchell.....	Genda Springs.....	Cowley.
68	J. W. Weimer.....	Polo.....	Cowley.
69	T. W. Rash.....	Douglass.....	Butler.
70	J. H. Fulliwider.....	El Dorado.....	Butler.
71	W. H. Carter.....	Cottonwood Falls.....	Chase.
72	J. Ware Butterfield.....	Florence.....	Marion.
73	W. H. White.....	Council Grove.....	Morris.
74	J. R. Burton.....	Ablene.....	Dickinson.
75	C. B. Hoffman.....	Enterprise.....	Dickinson.
76	Wirt W. Walton.....	Clay Center.....	Clay.
77	J. G. Lowe.....	Washington.....	Washington.
78	O. H. Beeson.....	Clifton.....	Washington.
79	W. A. Reeves.....	Scandia.....	Republic.
80	D. C. Gamble.....	Seapo.....	Republic.
81	L. W. Borton.....	Clyde.....	Cloud.
82	F. W. Sturges.....	Concordia.....	Cloud.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
83	L. F. Smith.....	Delphos.....	Ottawa.
84	E. N. Stearns.....	Brookville.....	Saline.
85	A. P. Collins.....	Solomon City.....	Saline.
86	J. M. Simpson.....	Spring Valley.....	McPherson.
87	A. A. Arnott.....	McPherson.....	McPherson.
88	D. Reeves.....	Newton.....	Harvey.
89	E. B. Allen.....	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.
90	John Russell.....	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.
91	A. B. Mayhew.....	Wellington.....	Sumner.
92	W. J. Lingenfelter.....	Caldwell.....	Sumner.
93	R. B. Carr.....	Harper.....	Harper.
94	F. E. Gillett.....	Kingman.....	Kingman.
95	G. D. Orner.....	Medicine Lodge.....	Barber.
96	C. J. Calhoun.....	Iuka.....	Pratt.
97	A. R. Scheble.....	Hutchinson.....	Reno.
98	J. W. Claypool.....	Nickerson.....	Reno.
99	E. B. Crawford.....	Stafford.....	Stafford.
100	J. D. Bain.....	Great Bend.....	Barton.
101	G. Bohrer.....	Chase.....	Rice.
102	Leo Herzig.....	Ellsworth.....	Ellsworth.
103	J. J. A. T. Dixon.....	Bunker Hill.....	Russell.
104	R. F. Bryant.....	Lincoln Center.....	Lincoln.
105	F. Charlesworth.....	Beloit.....	Mitchell.
106	John K. Kyle.....	Cawker City.....	Mitchell.
107	J. B. Craner.....	Downs.....	Osborne.
108	J. M. Armagost.....	Burr Oak.....	Jewell.
109	M. F. Knappenberger.....	Jewell City.....	Jewell.
110	J. C. Davenport.....	Cora.....	Smith.
111	A. W. Bishop.....	Harlan.....	Smith.
112	John Bissell.....	Phillipsburg.....	Phillips.
113	A. B. Montgomery.....	Stockton.....	Rooks.
114	B. C. Arnold.....	Hays City.....	Ellis.
115	John Hargrave.....	La Crosse.....	Rush.
116	Wm. M. Rhea.....	Larned.....	Pawnee.
117	B. R. Mosher.....	Kinsley.....	Edwards.
118	G. M. Hoover.....	Dodge City.....	Ford.
119	R. J. Kenyon.....	Pawnee Valley.....	Hodgeman.
120	J. N. Venard.....	Ness City.....	Ness.
121	Geo. F. Neally.....	Collyer.....	Trego.
122	Albert Woodin.....	Millbrook.....	Graham.
123	L. F. Warner.....	Norton.....	Norton.
124	W. D. Street.....	Oberlin.....	Decatur.
125	E. J. Turner.....	Kenneth.....	Sheridan.

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
James D. Snoddy.....	Speaker.....	La Cygne.....	Linn.
Geo. D. Orner.....	Speaker <i>pro tem</i>	Medicine Lodge.....	Barber.
H. L. Millard.....	Chief Clerk.....	Sterling.....	Rice.
W. T. Green.....	Asst. Chief Clerk.....	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.
J. Lee Knight.....	Journal Clerk.....	Topeka.....	Topeka.
C. S. Martin.....	Assistant Journal Clerk.....	Sahna.....	Saline.
C. F. Hostetler.....	Docket Clerk.....	Concordia.....	Cloud.
Wm. Higgins.....	Sergeant-at-Arms.....	Parsons.....	Labette.
Webb McNall.....	Asst. Sergeant-at-Arms.....	Gaylord.....	Smith.
T. W. Durham.....	Doorkeeper.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Gilbert Bedell.....	Postmaster.....	Larned.....	Pawnee.
Rev. F. S. McCabe.....	Chaplain.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
R. J. Colver.....	Page.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
A. J. Miller.....	Page.....	El Dorado.....	Butler.
W. R. Cameron.....	Page.....	El Dorado.....	Butler.
Clarence Bance.....	Page.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Bopeep Wells.....	Page.....	Great Bend.....	Barton.
Maddie McCord.....	Page.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Maud Swafford.....	Page.....	.....	McPherson.
Bunch O'Brien.....	Page.....	Florence.....	Marion.

JANUARY 11.—Meeting of the State Farmers' Alliance. They favor a schedule of freight rates and passenger fares, and denounce the Railroad Commission system.

—Baker University, at Baldwin, is out of debt.

—S. J. Crawford makes a statement to the Secretary of the Interior to the effect that the Santa Fé Co. has received 572,328 acres of land in excess of the grant made to the company.

JANUARY 12.—Gov. Glick's staff: Thomas Moonlight, James V. Pierce, Harry E. Insley, R. A. Trimble, John Hoenscheidt, J. C. Murdock, W. E. Huttman, H. A. Louis; Major General, James Ketner; Brigadiers, Isaac Stadden, John E. Watrous; Feb. 2, William Becker; Feb. 20, Geo. C. Graves.

JANUARY 16.—Election of State Printer. The Senate gives T. Dwight Thacher 35 votes; the House gives Thacher 110 votes, Sol. Miller 3, S. N. Wood 1.

—H. C. Rizer, of the Eureka Herald, writes of the Zunis and the Navajoes for the Capital.

—Fred. J. Ulsh, of the Brookville Transcript, sends the Historical Society a photograph of Mushroom Rock, in Ellsworth county.

JANUARY 16.—Seventh Annual Meeting of the State Historical Society. The proceedings, "Third Biennial Report," fill 98 pages, embracing an address by the President, T. Dwight Thacher, on "The Leavenworth Constitutional Convention;" lists of many letters written by and to John Brown, and given to the Society by his widow, Mrs. Mary A., and his daughter, Miss Mary Brown; lists of Indian Office MSS., from 1813 to 1855, with long lists of gifts to the Society.

The following Directors were elected: George W. Glick, John P. St. John, Chas. Robinson, D. R. Anthony, John Francis, Jas. F. Legate, Henry Inman, A. P. Riddle, Edward Russell, F. P. Baker, D. Webster Wilder, John A. Martin, P. P. Elder, John Speer, Solon O. Thacher, H. T. Green, Wirt W. Walton, and Eugene F. Ware.

Officers Elected: President, F. P. Baker; Vice Presidents, D. R. Anthony and A. P. Riddle; Treasurer, John Francis; Secretary, F. G. Adams.

Committees: Executive Committee—G. W. Glick, James Smith, P. I. Bonebrake, T. D. Thacher, and C. K. Holliday; On Legislation—F. G. Adams, C. K. Holliday, Edward Russell, Henry Inman, and James F. Legate; On Nominations—D. R. Anthony, John Speer, S. N. Wood, Jacob Stotler, and John A. Martin.

JANUARY 16.—Fire at Lawrence; loss, \$39,000.

JANUARY 17.—Senator Plumb receives every vote, for his reelection, in the Republican caucus.

JANUARY 18.—Wool Growers' Convention, at Topeka.

—Burning of the Atchison Champion office.

JANUARY 19.—Fire in Abilene; loss, \$30,000.

JANUARY 23.—John Martin appointed Judge of the Third District.

JANUARY 23.—The Senate votes for U. S. Senator: For P. B. Plumb 38, for John A. Anderson 1, for J. G. Bayne 1. The House votes: Preston B. Plumb 89, John Martin 20, J. G. Bayne 11, John A. Anderson 2, Geo. W. Glick 1.

JANUARY 24.—Joint session of the Legislature. The vote of yesterday, on Senator, read, and the election of P. B. Plumb declared.

JANUARY 25.—Annual Encampment G. A. R., at Wyandotte. Thos. J. Anderson elected Department Commander. On the 12th of February he announced his staff.

JANUARY 26.—Col. Thos. M. Bowen elected Senator, in Colorado.

JANUARY 27.—Fourth annual meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, at Burlingame. There are forty-seven Unions in the State.

JANUARY 31.—The Topeka Capital admitted to the Associated Press.
—John A. Martin is Secretary of the National Republican Committee.

JANUARY 31.—Associated Press election: A. J. Blothen, President; C. V. Eskridge, Vice President; D. R. Anthony, Secretary and Treasurer; Executive Committee, John A. Martin, M. Munford, and F. P. Baker; Auditing Committee, J. N. Burnes jr., J. K. Hudson, and Wm. M. Rice.
—Elias S. Wasser, of the Press, appointed Postmaster at Girard.

FEBRUARY 1.—Officers of the Emporia Presbyterian College: President of the Board, A. H. Horton, of Atchison; Vice President, Rev. Wm. Bishop, of Salina; Treasurer, H. C. Cross, of Emporia.

FEBRUARY 5.—Commissions issued: Regents of the State Agricultural College—C. A. Leland, J. T. Ellicott, H. C. Kellerman, F. D. Coburn, Rev. Philip Krohn, Charles E. Gifford; Regents of the State Normal School—Isaac T. Sharp, H. D. Dickson, Samuel Thanhauser, George D. Orner, Dr. James Haller, J. H. Crichton (Feb. 23); Regents of the State University—S. S. Benedict, W. S. White, Frederick A. Fitzpatrick, A. G. Otis, James Humphrey, Geo. R. Peck; Directors of the Penitentiary—John C. Watts, H. H. Lourey, Albert Perry (March 2), W. C. Jones, (April 7); Trustees of State Charitable Institutions—Michael Maloney (Feb. 10), James Martin (Feb. 10), Amasa T. Sharpe (Feb. 10), D. O. McAllister (Feb. 10), August Hohn; Secretary State Board of Agriculture, William Sims; Secretary State Historical Society, F. G. Adams; Supt. of Insurance, R. B. Morris; State Librarian, H. J. Dennis; Adjutant General, Thomas Moonlight; Governor's Private Secretary, Fred. H. Glick; Assistant Secretary of State, W. T. Cavanaugh; Secretary State Horticultural Society, G. C. Brackett; Secretary Academy of Science, E. A. Popenoe.

FEBRUARY 9.—Richard Wake succeeds A. B. Campbell as Chaplain of the Penitentiary. Mr. Campbell is State Organizer of the Temperance Union.

FEBRUARY 11.—Robert Hay, in the Capital, gives the origin of the great seal. The motto was suggested by John J. Ingalls. The first seal

was made after the adjournment of the Legislature, which occurred in June, 1861.

FEBRUARY 12.—Amos Harris, of Wichita, appointed Judge of the Eighteenth District.

FEBRUARY 13.—Convention of Short-Horn Breeders, in Topeka; James C. Stone, President. Papers by F. D. Coburn, A. W. Rollins, W. A. Harris, and S. A. Sawyer. Officers elected: President, J. C. Stone; Vice President, Wm. Hallowell; Secretary and Treasurer, E. M. Shelton; Executive Committee, W. A. Harris, G. W. Glick, and C. S. Eicholtz.

FEBRUARY 20.—Warrants issued for the arrest of the officers of the Marriage Aid Association, at Topeka.

FEBRUARY 21.—Officers elected, Grand Lodge A. O. U. W.: Grand Master Workman, M. Ezekiel; Foreman, T. L. Donelly; Overseer, B. L. Brush; Recorder, E. M. Forde; Receiver, G. W. Katzung; Guide, H. A. Warner; Watchman, L. A. Mulholland; Supreme Lodge Representatives, H. R. Sheen, J. T. Bradley, and E. M. Forde; Trustee, W. H. Mead; Medical Director, H. Humfreville.

—Meeting of the Sorghum Cane-Growers, at Topeka. H. C. St. Clair, X. K. Stout, O. W. Hawk, E. N. Kallock, William Sims, W. A. Peffer, Olof Ellison, J. D. Jaquith, G. S. Burt, J. T. Babbit and E. G. Minnick were enrolled as new members.

FEBRUARY 22.—The Hiawatha World on the rainfall of eastern Kansas: "Alfred Gray's estimate, made in 1874, for eastern Kansas, from all records, dating from 1836 (at Fort Leavenworth), was an annual fall of rain of 37.07 inches; Prof. Snow's average for fifteen years, at Lawrence, is 34.25 inches, up to January, 1883; U. S. Signal Service, at Leavenworth, eleven years, 39.30; Capt. William Kaucher, Oregon, Holt county, Mo., twenty-seven years, 36.59. Add together and divide by four; result, 36.80 inches, or about Gray's figures, and good for Hiawatha for the last forty-six years—since 1836—and good enough. Call it 37 inches."

FEBRUARY 24.—The Conference Committee submit a railroad bill.

MARCH 2.—Fire at Columbus; loss, \$30,000.

—D. C. Haskell has made a great reputation by his course on the tariff, in the House.

—Fire in McPherson; loss, \$60,000.

MARCH 7.—Convention of Stockmen, at Caldwell.

MARCH 8.—Adjournment of the Legislature, the third biennial and the twentieth regular session. Important acts: Dividing the State into seven Congressional Districts; creating the Eighteenth Judicial District; making void votes cast for District or Supreme Judges for any except judicial officers; enrollment of soldiers, their widows and orphans; inspection and Inspector of coal mines; creating a Board of Railroad Commissioners, fixing three cents a mile for passengers, etc.; sale of school lands, twenty years' time, six per cent. interest; changing and defining the boundaries of the counties of Hodgeman, Hamilton,

Finney, Ford, Seward, and Lane, absorbing Arapahoe, Clark, Grant, Gray, Kansas, Kearney, Meade, Stanton, and Stevens.

MARCH 8.—Death of Wm. F. Downs, long Superintendent of the Central Branch road.

MARCH 10.—Eugene Field, in the Denver Tribune, has a poem, "Formerly of Kansas":

"S'posin' we hide his furrowed face
Under that yonder moanin' pine;
And on the stone that marks the place
We'll carve naught else but the simple line
'Formerly of Kansas.'"

MARCH 15.—The State Temperance Union subscribes for 750 copies of M. V. B. Bennett's Kansas Prohibitionist, for one year. The Union has received over \$1,200 during the last four weeks.

—Henry Inman buys the Salina Herald.

MARCH 16.—Bishop W. L. Harris presides at the M. E. Conference, at Beloit. R. A. Hoffman, Secretary. Presiding Elders: Salina, A. N. See; Beloit, J. H. Lockwood; Kirwin, H. G. Breed.

MARCH 22.—Meeting of the Millers' Association, at Topeka. Robert Atkinson, President; J. L. Shellabarger, Secretary.

MARCH 23.—Kansas M. E. Conference, at Hiawatha. Bishop Harris, presiding. Presiding Elders appointed: Leavenworth, J. R. Madison; Topeka, P. T. Rhodes; Atchison, Richard Wake; Manhattan, J. A. Simpson.

MARCH 24.—Death of Mrs. Anna R. Horton, wife of Chief Justice Horton, at Atchison.

MARCH 25.—John McKee appointed Postmaster at Leavenworth.

MARCH 26.—Conference of the Evangelical Association, near Marion. Bishop J. J. Esher presiding; Secretaries, C. Berner and Leon C. Schnacke. Presiding Elders: Holton District, John Wuerth; Southwest District, P. Fricker.

—Judge John Martin enforces the prohibitory law.

MARCH 27.—Joseph K. Hudson becomes sole editor of the Topeka Capital, Henry King retiring.

MARCH 27.—Meeting, at Topeka, of the Sixth Annual Session of the Woman's Presbyterian Board of the Southwest. Mrs. J. H. Brookes, President.

—J. C. Hebbard and S. S. Prouty are at work on the Andreas History of the State.

MARCH 28.—Judge H. C. McComas, Mrs. McComas, (sister of Eugene Ware,) and their boy, Charlie, killed by Apaches, near Silver City, N. M.

MARCH 29.—B. D. Eastman resigns as Superintendent of the Topeka Asylum for the Insane.

MARCH 31.—Railroad Commissioners appointed: Henry Hopkins for three years, James Humphrey for two years, and L. L. Turner for one year, by the Executive Council.

APRIL 2.—Mayors elected: At LaCygne, A. R. Carey; Great Bend, G. W. Nimocks; Garden City, G. W. Ricker; Seneca, L. Cohen; Garnett, G. W. Iler; Arkansas City, H. D. Kellogg; Blue Rapids, Wm. Burr; Sterling, R. F. Bond.

—R. G. Ward buys the Sedan Times.

APRIL 3.—Mayors elected: Leavenworth, S. F. Neely; Lawrence, J. D. Bowersock; Beloit, W. S. Vreeland; Fort Scott, U. B. Pearsall; Junction City, George W. Martin; Wellington, James W. Hamilton; Florence, T. P. Alexander; Topeka, Joseph C. Wilson; Atchison, C. C. Burnes; Wyandotte, D. E. Cornell.

—Burial of Dr. R. L. Palmer, Postmaster at St. Marys. He came to Pottawatomie county in 1850.

—Recent Interior Department appointments: S. S. Benedict, A. R. Greene, T. M. James, Thomas Cavanaugh, George D. Orner, Ed. C. Ellet.

—United Presbyterian Synod, at Topeka. M. F. McKirahan, Moderator.

APRIL 4.—The Supreme Court sustains the retaliatory clause in the insurance law, making any State company, doing business here, pay the same tax that a Kansas company would have to pay in that State.

—The Third Biennial Agricultural Report issued this month.

—Gov. Glick's Arbor Day proclamation is a copy of the proclamation of Gov. Dawes, of Nebraska. Dawes's is dated March 30; Glick's April 4.

—Dr. A. P. Tenney, of Atchison, appointed Superintendent of the Topeka Insane Asylum.

APRIL 6.—W. C. Jones, of Iola, appointed Warden of the Penitentiary.

—Jacob Schaefer, formerly of Leavenworth, wins the international billiard match, at Chicago.

APRIL 10.—Geo. D. Orner appointed Special Land Agent at Los Angeles, Cal.

—Stockmen's Convention, at Dodge City.

APRIL 11.—Judge Nathan Price found dead in his office, at Troy. His obituary written by Miller, in the Chief, Prentis, in the Champion, and by Judge Horton, in his Quarter-Centennial address.

APRIL 15.—M. M. Murdock's poem, "The Nile of America," largely copied by the press.

APRIL 17.—Burning of the Abernathy furniture factory, in Leavenworth; loss, \$40,000.

—John A. Martin elected Vice President of the Board of Managers of the National Soldiers' Home.

APRIL 18.—Death of Ira H. Smith, in Topeka. He aided in surveying the boundary line of Kansas and Nebraska, in 1854. In 1861 he was appointed Receiver of the Kickapoo Land Office.

—Joel Huntoon, Chairman, and W. P. Tomlinson, Secretary, of an Anti-Prohibition Republican Conference, issue an address.

APRIL 19.—Wm. B. Strong elected President, and A. E. Touzalin Vice President and General Manager, of the Santa Fé Company.

—Alice W. Rollins, of Ellsworth county, has a poem in the *St. Nicholas Magazine*, "A Kansas Nursery."

APRIL 20.—New edition of the *Kansas Home Cook Book*; pp. 317.

—Congress appropriates \$15,000 for a resurvey of Kansas lands.

APRIL 20.—Dedication of the Topeka Library building. Address by Chas. W. Blair.

APRIL 26.—The *Osage County Chronicle* says there are only six older papers in the State. The press was found in a barn, in Fremont, Lyon county, by M. M. Murdock, Jacob Stotler, and Ed. P. Harris.

MAY 2.—The fifteenth annual session of the Homeopathic Medical Society of the State, in Emporia. H. F. Klemp, President; Harry Croskey, Vice President; C. H. Hallowell, Recording Secretary; S. A. Newhall, Corresponding Secretary; G. H. T. Johnson, Treasurer. Board of Censors, J. J. Edic, P. Dietrick, O. B. Moss.

—D. C. Haskell and J. H. Canfield discuss the tariff, in the *Lawrence Journal*.

MAY 4.—The *Capital* publishes a letter from F. G. Adams, on the Martyrs of '56. He alludes to H. V. Needham's account of the shooting of Golden, Roberts, and Bishop, Sept. 3, 1856.

—Miss Mary M. Davidson, of Junction City, is extensively engaged in the silk-worm business. She writes a pamphlet on *Silk Culture*.

—The *Medical Index* is published, at Ft. Scott; F. F. Dickman, editor.

—M. W. Reynolds retires from the *Leavenworth Press*.

MAY 9.—Twenty-fourth annual convention of the Episcopal Church, held in Lawrence, the following clergymen being present: Rt. Rev. Thomas H. Vail, Topeka; Revs. Richard S. Adams, Ottawa; T. W. Barry, Fort Leavenworth; A. Beatty, Lawrence; John Bennett, Wyandotte; Alfred Brown, Topeka; Charles H. Canfield, Nickerson; John S. Chamberlain, Wichita; Richard Ellerby, Topeka; Benjamin Hartley, Ft. Scott; Wm. H. Hiecox, Wakefield; Levi L. Holden, Williamsburg; A. Leonard, Atchison; Henry Mackay, Emporia; J. M. Rankin, Coffeyville; Peter Wager, Salina; Joseph Wayne, Burlington; Jas. H. Young, Wakefield.

—B. W. Woodward, of Lawrence, gives the *Historical Society* bound volumes of the *New York Daily Times*.

MAY 9.—Editorial Convention, at Winfield. Welcome by Mayor Troupe; reply by President F. P. Baker. Address by Noble L. Prentis. F. G. Adams gave a history of the press and of the newspaper curiosities in the *Historical Library*; published in the *Commonwealth*. They dined at Garden City, May 11.

MAY 12.—Officers elected: President, F. P. Baker; Vice Presidents, Albert Griffin, G. W. Sweezy, D. A. Millington, D. R. Anthony; Secretary, J. H. Downing; Treasurer, John A. Martin; Orator, A. P. Riddle; Poet, N. L. Prentis. They went to Chihuahua; returned, May 20.

MAY 12.—Publication of "Paths to Wealth." By John D. Knox, of

Topeka. New York: Phillips & Hunt; pp. 538. The work of a clergyman and banker, giving advice in regard to gaining worldly success.

MAY 13.—Tornado in Kansas City, Missouri.

MAY 15.—Twelfth Annual Meeting of the Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias, at Emporia. D. J. Holland elected P. G. C.

MAY 15.—Conference, at Bismarck Grove, of the German Baptists, Brethren, or Dunkards, of America. Ten thousand people present. In 1723 persecution drove many of the German Baptists to America, who settled mostly in the vicinity of Germantown, Pennsylvania. Now, members are found in most of the States and Territories, but the greater numbers are found in Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, and Nebraska. Their anti-slavery principles prevented their meeting in the Southern States, as they early made the holding of slaves a test of fellowship. They were among the first to take a stand in favor of temperance, and to-day will not hold in fellowship a person who either manufactures or sells intoxicating liquors.

MAY 15.—State Medical Society, at Lawrence. Officers elected: President, D. W. Stormont; First Vice President, W. S. Mendenhall; Second Vice President, D. K. Longshore; Secretary, F. D. Morse; Assistant Secretary, C. H. Gibson; Treasurer, W. W. Cochran; Public Orator, J. W. Hibben; Board of Censors, Drs. G. Boyd, H. O. Hanawalt, W. L. Schenck, D. C. Jones, H. S. Roberts.

MAY 16.—A. A. Robinson appointed Assistant General Manager of the Santa Fé.

MAY 17.—Annual Meeting of the Ladies' Social Science Club, at Wyandotte. Officers elected: President, Mrs. C. H. Cushing; Vice Presidents, Mrs. John M. Crowell, Mrs. J. K. Cravens, Mrs. George Parmelee, Mrs. George Kingsley, Mrs. W. H. Carruth, Mrs. James Runcie, Mrs. Byron Judd; Treasurer, Mrs. R. M. Tunnell; Secretary, Miss Sarah Brown.

MAY 22.—E. N. Morrill chosen President of the State Fair Association; G. Y. Johnson, of Lawrence, Secretary.

MAY 28.—The Leavenworth Standard absorbs the Press; Frank T. Lynch, editor; H. C. Burnett, Manager.

—Fred. Harvey controls the Santa Fé eating houses, from Topeka to El Paso.

MAY 30.—The Neosho Valley Press Association meets at Chanute. Address by J. E. Bryan, of the Oswego Independent. J. H. Rice, of the Fort Scott Monitor, elected President for the third time. Excursion to Harper and Hunnewell.

MAY 30.—Sportsmen's tournament, at Ottawa.

MAY 31.—Meeting of ministers of the Christian Church, in Topeka.

—Ed. Downard, clerk in the office of the Secretary of State more than twelve years, resigns.

—W. Y. Drew is an inspector of Government lands.

JUNE 1.—Henry King becomes the leading editor of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

—The Capital Company publishes a History of Republic County, by I. O. Savage, embracing the leading events down to June 1st; pp. 107. Complete and admirable.

—The Kansas Cyclone is published at the University—a college book.

JUNE 5.—Professor J. W. Gleed delivers the annual oration, at the University.

JUNE 6.—Issue of the Saturday Evening Lance, by Frost & Son, Topeka.

—A special meeting of the Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance, at Fort Scott. Grand Worthy Patriarch M. DeForest, of Wetmore, presides. There are also present the following officers of the Grand Division: Grand Worthy Scribe H. W. Stackpole, Grand Worthy Treasurer J. A. Allen, and Past Grand Worthy Patriarch L. R. Elliott.

JUNE 6.—The Fort Scott & Wichita road crosses the west line of Butler county.

JUNE 7.—Investigation of officers of the Osawatomie Asylum.

—Jas. R. Hallowell reappointed U. S. District Attorney.

JUNE 8.—Auditor McCabe's statement of the railroad assessment shows that there are 3,870 miles of main line and 444 miles of side track, which is valued at \$27,280,219.91, or an average of \$7,048.62 per mile. The increased valuation, over that of last year, is \$2,192,064.77. One hundred and sixty-nine miles of road were constructed during the year.

—Martin Anderson is appointed Superintendent of Construction of the State House.

—S. N. Wood deposits with the State Historical Society the original receipt given him for the money which he paid for the first newspaper press brought into Kansas. The press was brought to Kansas, then a part of the Indian Territory, in 1833, by Rev. Jotham Meeker, a Baptist missionary. In 1857, it was bought from the Missionary Society by George W. Brown, of the Herald of Freedom, Lawrence. S. S. Prouty bought it the same year of Brown, and used it in printing the *Freemen's Champion*, at Prairie City, Douglas county; afterwards Rev. S. Weaver bought it, and employed it in publishing the *Lecompton New Era*, which he established in 1865, and in 1867 removed to Medina, in Jefferson county. Mr. Wood bought the press of Mr. Weaver, and used it in publishing the *Chase County Banner*, at Cottonwood Falls, the first paper published in Chase county. In 1870 the press was purchased of Mr. Wood, and used in printing the first paper in Cowley county, the *Cowley County Censor*. The press was afterwards taken to Sedalia, Mo., by W. H. Kerns.

JUNE 12.—James Humphrey delivers the annual address at the Agricultural College, Manhattan.

JUNE 14.—Sixteenth Annual Commencement of the Emporia Normal

School. During the year just closed there have been 452 students in attendance.

JUNE 14.—A "mass meeting," in Topeka, declares that it is impossible to enforce the prohibitory law. President, Joel Huntoon; Secretaries, Cliff. C. Baker, Wes. Gregory, W. P. Tomlinson, Frank Vrooman. Of this meeting, W. P. Hackney writes to the Capital:

"The late meeting at Topeka, which openly defied the law, was a crime against Kansas, an impudent, brazen and infamous piece of treason, and every one of the miserable and disloyal whelps and whipper-snappers engaged in or aiding and abetting the same ought to be sent to the penitentiary, where they would have reason to learn that the only safety for republican institutions is obedience to law, and reverence for the constitution of our fathers."

JUNE 15.—Several political removals at the Agricultural College. Similar reports in regard to the University.

JUNE 15.—Meeting of the Arkansas Valley Editorial Association, at Newton. The following members were present: President, A. J. Hoisington, of the Great Bend Register; H. C. Ashbaugh, of the Newton Kansan; D. C. Ulmer, of the Sterling Bulletin; C. C. Sellers, of the Kinsley Graphic; W. H. Morgan, of the Peabody Gazette; J. B. Fugate, of the Newton Democrat; M. V. Sweesy, of the Halstead Independent; T. E. Leftwich, of the Larned Optic. The following were admitted: R. M. Blair, of the Stafford Herald; N. B. Klaine, of the Dodge City Times; Allen B. Lemmon, of the Newton Republican. W. H. Morgan, of the Peabody Gazette, exhibits and explains the use of a labor-saving type-box of his own invention, for the purpose of economizing time in the handling of sorts.

JUNE 20.—Meeting, in Topeka, of the National Eclectic Medical Association.

JUNE 21.—Benj. P. McDonald prepares for the erection of a large hotel in Fort Scott.

JUNE 23.—Dedication of the new Santa Fé depot, at Lawrence.

JUNE 26.—Meeting of the Sunday School Assembly, at Ottawa.

JUNE 27.—The St. L., Ft. S. & W. R. R. completed from El Dorado to Wichita.

JUNE 28.—Shooting tournament, at Paola, under the management of Leslie J. Perry.

JUNE 29.—Fire in Cottonwood Falls; loss, \$57,000.

—A. J. Hoisington appointed Receiver of the Garden City Land Office.

JUNE 30.—The Railroad Commissioner tax, $\frac{6}{100}$ of a mill on the value of railroad property, amounted to \$16,373. Miles of railroad, 3,870; assessed per mile, \$7,051; assessed value, \$27,290,213; miles built during the year, 169.

Valuation of all property, \$203,184,489. Levy: General revenue, $3\frac{3}{100}$ mills; Capitol extension, $\frac{5}{100}$; sinking fund, $\frac{1}{100}$; interest, $\frac{4}{100}$; to be raised, \$873,693.

JUNE 30.—The report of Treasurer Howe shows that the Agricultural College funds were placed in his custody March 30.

JUNE 30.—Total levy for all purposes, \$7,278,227; State taxes, \$884,237; county, \$2,483,518; city, \$724,203; township, \$729,552; school district, \$2,456,915. The total levy in 1882 was \$6,663,105, or an average of \$3.58 on each \$100, namely: State, \$0.43; county, \$1.22; township, \$0.36; city, \$0.36; school district, \$1.21.

—There are U. S. Land Offices at Concordia, Independence, Kirwin, Larned, Oberlin, Salina, Topeka, Wakeeney, and Wichita. Date of establishment of offices: Leecompton, July 22, 1855; Topeka, September 10, 1861; Doniphan, March 3, 1857; Kickapoo, December 3, 1857; Atchison, September 6, 1861; Ogden, March 3, 1857; Junction City, October 6, 1859; Salina, May 1, 1871; Fort Scott, March 3, 1857; Humboldt, September 16, 1861; Mapleton, November 1, 1861; Neodesha, December 15, 1871; Independence, October 3, 1871; Augusta, May 11, 1870; Wichita, February 20, 1872; Concordia, July 7, 1870; Cawker City, June, 1872; Kirwin, January 4, 1875; Larned, June 20, 1874; Hays City, June 20, 1874; Wakeeney, October 20, 1879. The Leecompton office was *opened* April 1, 1857.

JUNE 30.—Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30:

<i>For what purpose.</i>	<i>Amount of appropriations.</i>	<i>Amounts drawn.</i>	<i>Balances undrawn.</i>
Executive Department.....	\$14,170 20	\$12,599 95	\$1,570 25
Secretary of State's Department.....	7,600 00	7,600 00	.....
Auditor of State's Department.....	7,450 00	7,450 00	.....
Treasurer of State's Department.....	8,350 00	8,253 22	96 78
Attorney General's Department.....	3,590 00	3,491 05	8 95
Superintendent Public Instruction's Dept.....	5,000 00	5,000 00	.....
Adjutant General.....	2,133 00	2,133 00	.....
Executive Council.....	17,092 50	15,872 77	1,219 73
State Printing.....	75,034 69	75,032 23	2 46
State Board of Agriculture.....	8,721 05	8,518 32	202 73
State Library.....	3,668 75	3,604 05	64 70
State Historical Society.....	4,000 00	4,000 00	.....
Insane Department.....	4,840 00	4,840 00	.....
State Horticultural Society.....	6,500 00	6,500 00	.....
Legislative expenses, No. 1.....	2,794 15	300 00	2,494 15
Legislative expenses, No. 2.....	51,835 00	46,304 95	5,530 05
Supreme Court.....	16,524 08	16,523 58	50
District Judges.....	41,729 10	41,729 10	.....
District Judge, Seventeenth District.....	2,513 95	2,499 95	14 00
State University.....	25,400 00	25,399 96	4
State Agricultural College.....	16,000 00	16,000 00	.....
Blind Asylum.....	13,710 00	13,798 90	1 10
Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	25,000 00	22,974 01	2,025 99
Insane Asylum, Topeka.....	55,960 00	55,960 00	.....
Insane Asylum, Osawatomie.....	99,875 00	99,875 00	.....
Asylum for Idiote and Imbecile Youth.....	7,295 57	6,895 74	399 83
Home for Friendless Women.....	2,400 00	2,400 00	.....
St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum.....	1,200 00	1,200 00	.....
Kansas Orphan Asylum.....	2,400 00	2,400 00	.....
Maintenance of destitute insane.....	31,425 88	30,991 70	434 18
Reform School.....	16,500 00	16,499 87	13
Penitentiary.....	135,730 50	131,567 25	4,163 25
Trustees of Charitable Institutions.....	4,600 20	4,563 70	36 50
Regents State University.....	1,036 00	632 60	403 40
Regents Agricultural College.....	1,863 70	1,863 70	.....
Regents State Normal School.....	2,000 00	1,626 60	373 40
Directors State Penitentiary.....	1,800 00	1,489 20	310 80

APPROPRIATIONS—CONCLUDED.

<i>For what purpose.</i>	<i>Amount of appropriations</i>	<i>Amounts drawn.</i>	<i>Balances undrawn.</i>
Capitol extension.....	\$106,210 41	\$101,349 58	\$4,860 83
State Agent at Washington, D. C.....	8,632 57	8,499 65	132 92
Conveying prisoners to penitentiary.....	10,493 15	7,908 75	2,584 40
County Normal Institutes.....	3,650 00	3,650 00	.....
Commissioner of Fisheries.....	1,000 00	993 40	6 60
Railroad Commissioners.....	2,975 00	2,949 98	25 02
University interest fund.....	14,998 62	3,590 51	11,408 11
Ford county.....	8,138 05	6,019 41	2,118 64
Travis, Murray & Co.....	4,718 87	4,718 87	.....
Maxwell A. Phillips.....	186 50	186 50	.....
Miscellaneous appropriations, No. 1.....	2,950 20	1,319 15	1,631 05
Miscellaneous appropriations, No. 2.....	34,658 48	19,645 83	15,012 65
Prescott investigation—miscellaneous ap- propriation, No. 3.....	2,154 00	2,121 30	32 70
Scrafford case—miscellaneous appropriation, No. 4.....	1,033 85	994 32	39 53
Total.....	\$929,453 02	\$872,247 65	\$57,205 37

JULY 1.—R. B. Morris succeeds O. T. Welch as Superintendent of Insurance.

—M. W. Reynolds writes for the Kansas City Times.

—Will. T. Cavanaugh appointed Assistant Secretary of State, and Theo. F. Orner Chief Clerk.

JULY 1.—The Report of Attorney General Johnston gives a full history of the railroad consolidation cases, and of Kansas Pacific legislation. His motion, November 30, to remand both cases to our Supreme Court, was sustained. Also a history of the L. L. & G. legislation, and of the road. The consolidation, under the name of Southern Kansas Railway Co., was made July 14, 1883. The case against John Foster, begun Nov. 17, 1883, is given in 32 Kan.

JULY 2.—Santa Fé, N. M., celebrates her 333d birthday. Kansas has her do it, the old lady having forgotten 332 of them.

JULY 5.—The Sunday School Assembly elects D. C. Milner, President; W. C. Allen, Secretary; and J. G. Haskell, Treasurer.

JULY 5.—The Hiawatha World says that Edgar W. Howe, of the Atchison Globe, has written, and is now printing a book called "The Story of a Country Town." The Globe was started Dec. 8, 1877.

—The family of William C. Webb has recently held a reunion at Towanda, Penn.

—Dr. A. Beatty edits the Kansas Churchman. Bishop Vail contributes, in prose and verse.

JULY 10.—The Commonwealth appears as an eight-page paper. It gives a sketch of thirty-nine Topeka papers, past and present. It begins the printing of "patent," coöperative or auxiliary papers; N. R. Baker, Manager.

JULY 11.—Paschal Pensineau, interpreter for the Kickapoos, visits the Historical Library. He came to the present Atchison county, near Mount Pleasant, in 1844.

JULY 11.—Fire in Garden City; loss, \$11,000.

JULY 12.—Quo warranto proceedings against the K. P. R. R. Co., as directed by House resolution No. 15.

JULY 14.—Prof. J. H. Cantfield gives the Historical Society two manuscript books of the Indian Superintendency at St. Louis, for the years 1826, 1827, 1828, 1829, 1830, 1831, and 1832. They largely relate to Kansas Missions, Indian Agencies, and Military Posts.

JULY 14.—The Fort Scott & Wichita completed to Wichita.

JUNE 15.—The old settlers of Nemaha county hold a reunion.

JULY 19.—Strike of telegraph operators all over the country.

—A Russian-Hebrew colony, organized in Marion county last year, is said to be successful.

JULY 21.—Death of Mrs. James H. Lane, at Columbus, Ohio; burial at Lawrence, July 24. She was the daughter of Col. Baldrige, and a granddaughter of Gen. Arthur St. Clair.

JULY 23.—Grand Army Encampment, at Denver.

JULY 25.—Publication of the History of Kansas, by A. T. Andreas, Chicago; pp. 1616; price \$12. F. G. Adams writes to D. W. Wilder that the main work on the book, during the past ten months, has been done by Wm. G. Cutler, Mrs. Cutler, S. S. Prouty, and J. C. Hebbard; that Mr. Andreas has expended over \$90,000. The edition is said to be 15,000 copies. It is floated by its biographies and portraits; some of these are of insignificant persons, and the book soon comes to be called the "Herd Book," and the "Stud Book." The completeness of the work is amazing. Without a full index, the true value of the History will be known only by the few who really read it.

JULY 29.—The Commonwealth publishes a sketch of Aaron Dwight Stevens, "Major Whipple." He was born in Lisbon, Connecticut, March 15, 1831; was a soldier in the Mexican war, enlisting in Boston; was one of John Brown's men, and died at Harper's Ferry.

—Ward Burlingame interviews President Arthur, for the Leavenworth Times. The Kansas men who most impressed him, on his visit to Kansas in 1857, were Sam. Walker, Jim Lane, and Marc. Parrott.

—The St. Joseph Gazette confirms the report that Quantrill was mortally wounded near Taylorsville, Kentucky, March 1, 1865; was removed to a hospital in Louisville, and died a few weeks afterwards.

JULY 31.—The report of Superintendent Speer gives 6,582 school districts; school population, 411,250; amount received for school purposes, \$2,970,040. The University has 349 students. The endowment of the Agricultural College, March 6, amounted to \$394,076; students, 347. Normal School students, 452.

AUGUST 1.—Fire at Burlingame; loss, \$10,000.

AUGUST 1.—Colored Men's State Convention, at Emporia. W. D. Kelley, Chairman; A. P. Smith, Secretary; G. W. Albright, Permanent Chairman. Adjourned to Lawrence, August 30.

AUGUST 6.—John Martin resigns as Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, and William C. Perry, of Fort Scott, is elected. John Mileham is elected to fill the vacancy.

—N. A. Adams gives the number of pensioners in this district as 17,525; paid during the year, \$4,191,656.

AUGUST 22.—Joint discussion on prohibition. in Parsons.

AUGUST 25.—The Commonwealth publishes the statement of S. J. Crawford, that "over 800,000 acres of land have been wrongly certified" to the Santa Fé Company.

AUGUST 28.—The Regents elect Rev. Dr. J. A. Lippincott, of Dickinson College, Pennsylvania, to succeed Dr. Marvin as Chancellor of the University.

AUGUST 30.—John B. Dunbar copies and amplifies, in the *Hiawatha World*, Du Pratz's account of De Bourgmont's journey in Kansas, from July to November, 1724. He traversed Kansas from Atchison to Wallace.

—R. D. Parker's *Manhattan Telephone* gives articles on the Lawrence Massacre, written by Richard Cordley, Lewis Bodwell, Joseph Savage, and T. D. Thacher.

—The Kansas Baptist, by L. H. Holt, Clay Center, is one year old.

—Fred. L. Vandegrift is city editor of the *Atchison Champion*.

AUGUST 30.—State convention of colored men, at Lawrence. G. W. Albright, President; Allen Williams and Joseph Carris, Vice Presidents; S. Watkins and John L. Waller, Secretaries. Delegates to attend the National Convention. John L. Waller, Allen Williams, W. D. Matthews, and Rev. A. Fairfax.

State Central Committee elected: James Gross, E. H. White, W. A. Price, W. A. Smith, Robert Samuels, Thos. Glover, W. H. McAlister, Wm. Sprague.

Resolutions in favor of the enforcement of the prohibitory law are unanimously passed.

AUGUST.—"Sister Ridnour's Sacrifice." By Mrs. C. F. Wilder. Published by Walden & Stowe, Cincinnati; Phillips & Hunt, New York. "Mrs. C. F. Wilder, who needs no introduction nor commendation to the readers of the *Central*, comes before the general public with a volume, 'Sister Ridnour's Sacrifice.' It is written in a charming manner, never without point, never without purpose. She has little patience with cant, less with fashionable conceit, and has, we suspect, some satisfaction in divesting them of their professional attire to the greater satisfaction of her readers. From our personal knowledge, we know how helpful she has been to many. Her circle of friends—an author's unseen friends—constantly increases. . . . It deserves a large circulation, and will hardly fail of it."—*Central Christian Advocate*.

SEPTEMBER 1.—The State publishes, by the order of the Executive Committee, A Catalogue of the Birds of Kansas. By N. S. Goss. pp. 34. Col. Goss has lived and studied birds in Kansas twenty-three years, and

is one of the leading ornithologists of the country. His list embraces 49 families and 320 species and races.

—The Kansas Posten, Swedish, publishes resolutions passed at Lindsborg, in favor of prohibition.

SEPTEMBER 2.—A letter in the Commonwealth on the Swedish element in McPherson county. The Lutherans are building an Academy at Lindsborg. Prof. Alof Olson founded the colony.

SEPTEMBER 4.—Publication of "The Story of a Country Town," by Edgar W. Howe. Atchison, Kansas: Howe & Co., pp. 226. Another edition was issued by Osgood & Co., Boston, in 1884. Mr. Howe is the editor of the Atchison Globe. His book is commended in the highest terms by the press of this country, and of England. It is the work of a man of genius, and takes a first place by the side of the masterpieces in American fiction.

SEPTEMBER 4.—First term of the U. S. District Court held at Wichita. —S. S. Prouty issues the Cowboy, a stock paper, at Ness City.

SEPTEMBER 7.—Meeting of the W. C. T. U., at Merriam Park. The society is not ten years old, yet it has 4,000 Unions and 100,000 members, in the United States.

SEPTEMBER 12.—The Hutchinson Sugar Refining Co.'s factory turns out its first batch of sugar.

SEPTEMBER 18.—Annual meeting of the State Temperance Union, at Topeka. Called to order by A. B. Campbell, President.

Committees: On Credentials, Rev. A. M. Richardson, Jacob G. Miller, and A. B. Jetmore; on Resolutions, Albert Griffin, A. B. Jetmore, James Marvin, James F. Legate, Joab Mulvane, Rev. H. W. Chaffee, Rev. F. S. McCabe.

James A. Troutman, Secretary of the Union, read his annual report. The receipts during the year were \$7,009.90; disbursements, \$5,960; balance in the treasury, \$1,059.79. About \$1,200 was expended in distributing temperance literature.

President Campbell delivered his annual address. He reviewed the temperance work in the State since the passage of the amendment.

The Committee on Nominations of Officers reported as follows: President, A. B. Campbell; Vice President, James Marvin, of Lawrence; Secretary, James A. Troutman, of Topeka; Treasurer, P. I. Bonebrake, of Topeka; Executive Committee, Joab Mulvane, Topeka; T. E. Sewell, Abilene; R. Wake, Centralia; H. M. Glancy, Atchison; A. W. Benson, Ottawa; B. Kelly, Wichita; M. V. B. Bennett, Columbus; H. C. Finch, Burlingame; W. B. Slosson, Leavenworth; L. R. Elliott, Manhattan. The report was unanimously adopted.

The Committee on Resolutions, through Rev. Dr. McCabe and A. B. Jetmore, reported the following:

"We, the temperance people of the State of Kansas, in convention assembled, trusting in God for the rectitude of our intentions, declare as the sense of this meeting:

"1. That the effect of intoxicating liquors as a beverage is drunkenness, and is a public and private wrong, injurious alike to the citizen and the State, the great cause

of pauperism and crime, and to aid to rid the people of this curse is the duty of every philanthropist and patriotic citizen in the land.

"2. That the State has no moral or legal right to license any wrong, but should enact only such laws as will promote what is right, and prohibit what is wrong.

"3. That the prohibition of the sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage is a great moral question, and is right in principle and in practice, and it is the duty of all good citizens to foster and aid and encourage the vigorous enforcement of all laws of the State enacted for this purpose.

"4. That the will of the people, expressed in the constitution and laws, is the sovereign and supreme power of the State, to which all citizens owe unconditional obedience. To refuse such obedience in the citizen, or a failure of any law officer to execute the law in good faith, is treason to the State, and should receive the condemnation of all good citizens.

"5. That we are not only in favor of the enforcement of the prohibition law as against the liquor-seller, but we favor an active, vigorous campaign for the purpose of inducing men, by appeals to their higher nature, to cease the habit of drinking. In other words, we are in favor of prohibition for the liquor-seller, and moral suasion for the liquor-drinker.

"6. That we are opposed to, and protest against, any attempt by the Legislature to strike prohibition from the constitution, by submitting an amendment for the purpose of the repeal or the emasulation of the law already enacted for the enforcement of the same.

"Resolved, That the issue before us in this State is, 'Shall the will of a majority of the people, as embodied in our constitution in the prohibition amendment and in the law to enforce the same, be carried into effect, or shall the will of the minority prevail in repudiating both constitution and law?' That we promptly accept the issue forced upon us, declaring our belief that under a constitutional government nothing can be more hateful than the tyranny of a law-defying minority, and our immovable purpose to resist to the uttermost and the last a doctrine which strikes down at one blow the supremacy of law, and the sovereignty of the people.

"That we will not aid the election of any person to any office who, by word or deed, opposes the execution of the laws on our statute book, including the prohibitory law.

"That we are in favor of such amendments to the prohibitory law as shall remove from it any features that to its friends may seem unjust in their operations; and we call the attention of the people to the fact that the efforts made in the last Legislature to secure such amendments, were opposed and defeated by the saloon power.

"That we express our severe condemnation of officers, jurors and witnesses who violate their oaths in order to shelter and protect criminals, and our hearty approval of the course of those who preserve their personal and official integrity by the discharge of their sworn duty under the law.

"That the theory of high license, though sincerely held by some, is unsound and impracticable; that it is mainly used as a subterfuge on the part of the minority to defeat the will of the majority, and in the interest of the saloons; and that it is especially odious because it discriminates in favor of the rich against the poor.

"That the efficient labors of the President of the Union, the Rev. A. B. Campbell, to enforce the prohibition laws of the State, and especially in the city of Topeka, have our hearty approval and thanks, and we pledge him our individual support and coöperation in the future in all legitimate means necessary to the closing of all the liquor saloons of the State.

"That as the saloons of the State are protected by some corrupt city governments, it will be the duty of the next Legislature to change the laws relating to the form of our city governments, so as to provide by specific statute for a summary removal of all officials who defy the constitution and laws, without waiting for the slow process of the common law.

"That the thanks of this convention are due, and are hereby extended, to M. V. B. Bennett for his efficient and gratuitous labors in the interest of the cause advocated by the State Temperance Union.

"That this convention does hereby heartily thank James A. Troutman for his efficient and arduous labors as Secretary of this Union."

SEPTEMBER 19.—At Louisville, Ky., the first prize in the competitive drill by divisions of Knights of Pythias, was won by Taucred Division No. 3, of Columbus, Kansas.

—Marriage, in Detroit, Mich., of Isaac N. Baker and Mary R. DuPuy.

SEPTEMBER 21.—The Girard Press publishes a Kansas poem, by Anna Blanck, concluding thus:

"How the years have changed our Kansas:
 Kansas, glorious central star
 Of the Union, whose pure radiance
 Sheds its light both near and far.
 Brave, grand Kansas spurned the demon
 Of the Still from off her plains;
 Happy Kansas! Live forever,
 Free from Alcoholic chains!"

SEPTEMBER 21.—At Emporia, Henry Ward Beecher speaks of the history and growth of Kansas. "There is no monument under the heavens on which I would rather have my name inscribed than on this goodly State of Kansas."

SEPTEMBER 24.—Meeting of the State Christian Association, at Topeka. J. Collins, President; J. C. Burnhard, Secretary. Officers for ensuing year: President, B. F. Worrall; Secretary, W. W. McMillan; Treasurer, Chopin Delphos; First Vice President, R. Loggan; Second Vice President, H. Curtis; Third Vice President, M. F. McKirahan.

SEPTEMBER 25.—Water-works celebration at Salina.

SEPTEMBER 26.—State Convention, at Emporia, of the Women's Christian Temperance Union.

SEPTEMBER 27.—Opening of John M. Price's opera house, at Atchison.

OCTOBER 1.—"The Kansas Picture Book" issued, by the Santa Fé. Artistic illustrations; the writing graphic and poetical. From the pen of George E. Tewksbury.

—P. H. Coney delivers an address in Topeka, defining the principles of the Knights of Labor.

—Eugene Field becomes an editor of the Chicago News.

—Creameries established in many counties.

OCTOBER 2.—Meeting of the I. O. G. T., at Topeka. James Grimes elected G. W. C. T.; Jas. A. Troutman and L. Brown, Representatives.

—Kansas River Baptist Association meets at Burlingame; C. C. Foote, Moderator.

OCTOBER 3.—A. J. Hoisington sells the Great Bend Register, which he founded May 1, 1874.

—Campbell Normal University, of Holton, opens its second year with 140 students.

OCTOBER 4.—Meeting of the Presbyterian Synod, at Emporia; D. C. Milner chosen Moderator. Emporia gives \$35,000 and thirty-eight acres of land for the College. F. S. McCabe elected President of the Faculty.

—The Kansas City Journal establishes a bureau in Topeka. In No-

vember, 1884, Arthur G. Stacey, recently of the Salina Herald and later Leavenworth Times, took charge of the office.

OCTOBER 8.—Meeting of the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F., at Topeka. Officers elected: D. B. Long, G. M.; H. N. Frazier, D. G. M.; T. C. Frazer, G. W.; S. F. Burdett, G. S.; L. Mayo, G. T.; Isaac Sharp, G. R. E. S. Bertram, retiring G. M., is given a gold-headed cane. The Grand Master made the following appointments: Chaplain, Rev. J. A. Bright; Marshal, H. M. Waller; Guardian, W. T. McMillan; Conductor, John Pipher; Herald, W. S. Everett; Messenger, V. Vantrump; Instructor, John M. Price; Deputy Grand Instructors, John Charlton, George W. Jones, Levi Empie, W. D. Hilton, John Mehl, J. F. Croker.

OCTOBER 9.—Ellsworth sugar works burned; loss, \$20,000.

OCTOBER 10.—Third Annual Soldiers' and Sailors' Reunion, at Leavenworth. Resolutions were passed, asking for the establishment of a Soldiers' Home in Kansas.

OCTOBER 12.—S. J. Crawford announces that over a million acres of indemnity lands are restored to the market by Commissioner N. C. McFarland, and are now open to settlement; they are west of Larned. A. S. Johnson says the Santa Fé has never claimed an acre of this land.

—F. P. Baker's forestry report: "The progress of the Garden City experiment has stimulated the running of ditches at Kinsley to the eastward, and at Medway to the westward of Garden City, the distance between these places being 147 miles. Success will transform the upper Arkansas valley. Without indulging in triumphant prophecies, it may be said that no irrigation enterprise in Colorado or Kansas has ever yet been abandoned, or seems in progress of failure—and with the water come trees."

—John A. Martin, at a meeting of the Managers of the Soldiers' Home, asks Congress to transfer the Fort Riley Reservation to the Soldiers' Home Board. A bill to the same effect has been introduced in the Senate by P. B. Plumb.

OCTOBER 17.—Albert Griffin gives the Historical Society five volumes of the Manhattan Nationalist, three of the Manhattan Beacon, and three of the Mobile (Ala.) Nationalist, published by him.

—The Fort Scott & Memphis road is in operation.

—C. B. Schmidt, Immigration Agent of the Santa Fé, has received a very fine German publication in eight parts, called the "Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé and Southern Pacific Railways, in North America." It is printed at Cologne, and contains a detailed account of the country traversed by these roads.

OCTOBER 19.—Thirteenth Annual Meeting of the Western Branch of the M. E. Woman's Foreign Missionary Society, at Topeka. Officers elected: President, Mrs. Mary C. Ninde; Vice Presidents, for Kansas, Mrs. C. F. Wilder, Mrs. James Marvin, Mrs. H. A. Tucker; Secretaries, Mrs. Charlotte S. Winchell, Miss M. M. Hammond, Mrs. H. E. M. Pattee.

—Mrs. J. B. Bartholomew wrote a poetical tribute to Miss Hamisfar, a Kansas girl, now on the way to Japan as a missionary.

OCTOBER 26.—T. B. Murdock, who retired from the Commonwealth September 1, has bought the El Dorado Press; he will change the name to Republican.

OCTOBER 30.—Meeting, at Topeka, of the Grand Legion A. O. U. W. Officers elected: Grand Commander, J. F. McMullen; Vice Commander, L. S. Page; Lieutenant Commander, D. A. Hill; Marshal, J. A. Montgomery; Recorder, E. M. Forde; Treasurer, C. F. Scouten; Standard Bearer, H. A. Needham; Senior Workman, R. W. DeLambert; Junior Workman, George W. Hughes; Guard, J. G. Sheldon; Trustee, W. A. Mathias; Representatives to Supreme Legion, to be held at Topeka on the second Tuesday of October, 1885—M. Ezekiel, J. F. McMullen, H. A. Needham.

NOVEMBER 1.—Meeting of the General Association of Congregationalist Churches, in Leavenworth. J. G. Haskell, Moderator; P. E. Sherman, Clerk; George M. Stearns, Treasurer; C. B. Lines, Auditor.

NOVEMBER 1.—The Baptist Ministerial Union meets at Winfield. J. F. Rairden, of Clifton, was elected President, and N. L. Rigby, of Topeka, Secretary.

—Nellie C. Bailey, at Wichita, held for the murder of Clement Bothamley, in the Indian Territory.

NOVEMBER 2.—The Baptist State Convention, at Winfield, resolves to raise \$40,000 for Ottawa University.

NOVEMBER 2.—The U. P. and K. P. Companies file their answer to the petition in quo warranto now pending in the Supreme Court. They deny that they are Kansas corporations; removal asked to the United States Circuit Court.

NOVEMBER 3.—W. H. McMillan, of Topeka, murdered for his money, at Emporia.

—Publication of "What I Saw in Europe." By Solon O. Thacher, of Lawrence. Topeka: Kansas Publishing House. pp. 153. Judge Thacher is an able lawyer and a life-long student; his book is the hasty but admirable work of a man of culture.

NOVEMBER 6.—Election.

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURTS.

THIRD DISTRICT, TO FILL VACANCY.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Riley</i>	<i>Pottawatomie</i>	<i>Wabanssee</i>	<i>Shawnee</i>	<i>Totals</i>	<i>Majority</i>
John Martin.....	1,064	2,233	1,247	3,593	8,137	4,522
W. C. Webb.....	453	995	427	1,738	3,613	
Scattering.....	1			1	2	

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURTS—CONTINUED.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Bourbon.</i>	<i>Linn.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>	<i>Majority.</i>
J. D. Snoddy.....	1,480	1,253	2,742	.....
C. O. French.....	2,092	1,235	3,327	585

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Wilson.....</i>	<i>Nesho.....</i>	<i>Allen.....</i>	<i>Woodson..</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>	<i>Majority.</i>
Leander Stillwell.....	1,507	1,900	1,199	653	5,259	1,354
Henry D. Dickson.....	1,074	800	1,103	913	3,890	.....
Scattering.....	.....	13	.....	2	15	.....

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Morris.....</i>	<i>Onawa.....</i>	<i>Dickinson..</i>	<i>Davis.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
M. B. Nicholson.....	1,875	861	1,381	406	4,023	790
J. R. McClure.....	258	524	1,575	375	3,223	.....

NINTH DISTRICT, TO FILL VACANCY.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Chase.....</i>	<i>Rice.....</i>	<i>Marion.....</i>	<i>Harvey.....</i>	<i>Reno.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>	<i>Majority..</i>
L. Houk.....	1,360	1,198	1,375	901	89	4,923	4,863
A. R. Scheble.....	4	.....	4	.....
C. Reed.....	50	.....	.....	50	.....
C. S. Bowman.....	1	.....	1	.....
Scattering.....	1	.....	3	.....	4	.....

NINTH DISTRICT, FULL TERM.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Chase.....</i>	<i>Rice.....</i>	<i>Marion.....</i>	<i>Harvey.....</i>	<i>Reno.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
L. Houk.....	1,360	1,741	1,472	1,192	2,080	7,845	1,163
L. Bowman.....	21	1	.....	22	.....
Geo. D. Barclay.....	41	41	.....
A. R. Scheble.....	7	.....	7	.....
C. Reed.....	49	.....	.....	49	.....
Scattering.....	1	.....	498	13	612	.....

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURTS—CONCLUDED.

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Kingman.....</i>	<i>Harper.....</i>	<i>Barber.....</i>	<i>Sedgwick.....</i>	<i>Butler.....</i>	<i>Todd.....</i>	<i>Majority.....</i>
Henry C. Sluss	734	814	325	2,025	1,977	5,875	1,163
Amos Harris	516	557	320	1,850	1,469	4,712	.....

NOVEMBER 6.—Meeting, at Topeka, of the stockholders of the Denver, Memphis & Atlantic Narrow-Gauge R. R.

NOVEMBER 8.—The Supreme Court decides, Horton, C. J., that “incorporated cities in this State have no power to license, or impose a license tax, on the business of selling intoxicating liquors contrary to the provisions of the constitution and the statute; and if the city assumes such unlawful corporate power, it may be ousted from the exercise thereof by proceedings in the nature of quo warranto.”

—Meeting of the Social Science Club, in Topeka. Organization of the Art Association. President, Edward Wilder; Vice President, Mrs. B. Gray, of Wyandotte; Secretary, George F. Parmelee, of Topeka; Treasurer, Mrs. Leeper, of Leavenworth. Executive Committee: A. S. Johnson, Mrs. Jonathan Thomas, and J. K. Hudson, of Topeka; Mrs. J. H. Canfield, of Lawrence; and Mrs. Geo. W. Glick, of Atchison.

NOVEMBER 10.—James Marvin appointed Superintendent of the Indian School, at Lawrence.

—Death, at Emporia, of John Wilson, a pioneer of Lecompton and Topeka.

NOVEMBER 11.—In June, '77, there were three Posts of the G. A. R. in Kansas; June, '82, over fifty Posts; June, '83, 177 Posts and 8,398 members.

NOVEMBER 13.—Eighteenth Annual Sunday School Convention, at Manhattan.

NOVEMBER 17.—Proceedings in the Supreme Court against John Foster, County Attorney of Saline county, for his removal from office for failure to enforce the prohibition law; begun by W. A. Johnston, Attorney General.

NOVEMBER 18.—The Commonwealth publishes another statement by S. J. Crawford defining the Santa Fé land grant.

NOVEMBER 18.—Change of time effected by the railroads; new, or standard, time to-day. Kansas is in the Central Division. Topeka clocks are set forward nine minutes.

NOVEMBER 20.—W. H. Caldwell enlarges the Beloit Courier.

NOVEMBER 20.—W. B. Shockley, of Fort Scott, sends out blank petitions, to G. A. R. Posts, asking for the Kansas Soldiers' Home.

NOVEMBER 21.—Sixteenth Annual Session of the Academy of Science.

at Topeka. Robert J. Brown elected President. A. H. Thompson gives the history of the Academy.

—The Kansas Southern reaches Erie.

NOVEMBER 22.—New edition of "Swine Husbandry," by F. D. Coburn, Wyandotte; published by the Orange Judd Co., New York; over 300 pages. The most valuable treatise ever printed on this theme.

NOVEMBER 23.—Death, at Zanesville, Ohio, of H. R. Dutton; age, 59. He was one of the founders of Hiawatha. He left Kansas after serving as State Treasurer.

NOVEMBER 25.—The Capital interviews General John C. Caldwell, who has lately become a citizen of the State.

NOVEMBER 26.—U. S. Circuit Court in the Senate Chamber. The U. P. and K. P. attorneys ask that the motion to remand to the State Court the quo warranto cases be argued. The Court makes no order. Attorneys for the State: W. A. Johnston, W. H. Rossington, George S. Green, A. A. Harris, and Clarence Seward, of New York; for the roads, John F. Dillon, Wager Swayne, J. P. Asher, A. L. Williams, and Chas. Monroe.

NOVEMBER 26.—Fire at Wellington; loss, \$25,000.

NOVEMBER 28.—Marriage, at Topeka, of Noble L. Prentis and Mrs. Carrie Anderson.

NOVEMBER 29.—Kansas Central elevator, at Leavenworth, burned; loss, \$75,000.

NOVEMBER 30.—Decree of foreclosure entered in the U. S. Court, in the case of Elias C. Benedict vs. St. Joseph & Western R. R. Co.

DECEMBER 1.—Publication of "The Squatter Sovereign, or Kansas in the '50s." By Mary A. Humphrey, of Junction City. Chicago: Coburn & Newman. pp. 354. A Free-State story of pioneer life in the vicinity of Lawrence, during "the troubles." The story is well told, and the book achieves success. Mrs. Humphrey is the wife of Judge James Humphrey. Mrs. Sara T. L. Robinson writes to her a letter beginning in this way:

"In the early days in Kansas I had a friend whose delightful singing charmed many an hour. Through the changes of the passing years, one of the sweetest of those songs,

'Backward, turn backward, O time, in your flight,'

I could never forget. Again with the perusal of your pleasant and picturesque story of 'Kansas in the '50s,' the same refrain is caught up and awakes anew the sometime sad, the sometime joyous measure,

'Come from the silence, so long and so deep!'

Yes, at your bidding the old past lives again in the actual present. We stand again, a little band of men and women, with unfaltering purpose and implicit trust in the success of our cause. Our friendship and daily help for each other has been the bliss of our lives."

DECEMBER 1.—The American Journalist, published in St. Louis by R. P. Yorkston, has a paper by N. L. Prentis, "Kansas Journalism—The Men of 1857."

DECEMBER 3.—Samuel R. Peters is sworn in with the other members

of the House, although Gov. Glick heads a long protest—Mr. Peters having been a District Judge.

DECEMBER 5.—Joseph C. Wilson, Mayor of Topeka, resigns.

DECEMBER 8.—Publication of Mrs. Ellen P. Allerton's "Walls of Corn":

"Smiling and beautiful, heaven's dome
Bends softly over our prairie home;
"But the wide, wide lands that stretched away
Before my eyes in the days of May,
"The rolling prairie's billowy swell,
Breezy upland and timbered dell,
"Stately mansion and hut forlorn,
All are hidden by walls of corn."

DECEMBER 12.—Elmer Reed and John Pearce, of Emporia, confess the murder of W. H. McMillan.

DECEMBER 13.—H. C. Burnett, of the Leavenworth Standard, gives the Historical Society a copy of the Kickapoo Pioneer of October 10, 1855.

DECEMBER 16.—Death of Dudley C. Haskell, M. C., in Washington. He was born in Springfield, Vermont, March 23, 1842, and came to Kansas in 1854; was in Colorado in 1859 and 1860; in the Quartermaster's Department of the Army from 1861 to 1863; graduated from the Yale Scientific School in 1865; had a shoe store in Lawrence. In the House, last winter, he was the leader in the tariff debate. An honorable, noble man.

DECEMBER 17.—The Southern Kansas completed from Chanute to Girard.

DECEMBER 18.—The Santa Fé Company tenders to the State Treasurer the amount of the taxes levied on its property in unorganized counties, exclusive of the Railroad-Commission tax. Chief Clerk R. R. Moore hesitates to receive the amount tendered, and refers the matter to Attorney General Johnston, who holds that the law is constitutional.

DECEMBER 18.—Death, at Leavenworth, of Henry Hopkins. He was born in England, August 12, 1837. He lived in Illinois in 1861, raised a company, brought it to Kansas, and was assigned to the Second Kansas. The company captured a battery at Prairie Grove; he took command, and it became Hopkins's Battery. Was Warden of the Penitentiary from March 12, 1867, to April 9, 1883. An able man, of lofty character.

DECEMBER 19.—A new Kansas book, entitled, "Aethaurion, or Short Papers for the People," by Father Thomas C. Moore, now of Armourdale, formerly of Burlingame. This is a neatly-bound volume of nearly 600 pages, from the press of Ketcheson & Hubbell, Leavenworth. It relates principally to the doctrines, characteristics and history of the Catholic Church.

DECEMBER 20.—The Commonwealth says: "We are in receipt of a pamphlet entitled 'Wonder Land; the Story of Ancient and Modern New Mexico.' This is the lecture delivered by Senator A. R. Greene at

the Montezuma Hotel, Las Vegas Hot Springs, last May, before the Kansas Editorial Association."

DECEMBER 20.—D. A. Valentine sells his interest in the Clay Center Dispatch, and buys the Times. The publishers of the Dispatch are W. W. Walton, W. P. Campbell, and A. L. Runyan.

—Wm. Higgins is appointed Sergeant-at-Arms of the National Republican Committee.

—Kansas books: "Mignonette." By Ellen Patton. Atchison: Haskell & Son. pp. 200. A volume of poems, very well written.

"The Elements of Botany." By W. A. Kellerman, Ph. D., Professor of Botany in the Kansas State Agricultural College. Philadelphia: John E. Potter & Co. pp. 360.

"El Muza." By John Underwood, of Ellsworth, Kansas. Chicago: Knight & Leonard. pp. 148. A romance in rhyme, smoothly and pleasantly done.

"The Overland Guide." Chas. S. Gleed, Topeka, editor. Chicago: Rand, McNally & Co. pp. 246. This book is instructive and entertaining; a model.

"Frontier Army Sketches." By James W. Steele. Chicago: Jansen, McClurg & Co. pp. 329. These are stories suggested by Capt. Steele's experience in the regular army, in Kansas, Colorado, and New Mexico. Several of them were published in the Kansas Magazine. They are marked by the genius of the artist and poet.

Father Galland wrote a Pottawatomie dictionary; it is in manuscript, at St. Mary's Mission. Father Hoecken wrote and published a Pottawatomie prayer-book. Father Ponzilione wrote an Osage prayer-book; it is owned by Dr. J. G. Shea, at Elizabeth, N. J.

DECEMBER 22.—Fire at Troy; loss, \$20,000.

DECEMBER 23.—Death of Orlin Thurston, a leading pioneer, at Humboldt.

DECEMBER 25.—Closing of the saloons in Lawrence.

DECEMBER 26.—Meeting of the State Teachers' Association, at Topeka. Officers elected: A. R. Taylor, Emporia, President; J. H. Lawhead, Fort Scott, Vice President; Lewis Scott, Marysville, Secretary; John MacDonald, Topeka, Treasurer. Executive Committee—H. C. Speer, Topeka; G. W. Winans, Junction City; and Miss N. E. Moonlight, Leavenworth. Board of Directors—M. J. Wilson, Beloit; Lillian F. Hoxie, Emporia; D. E. Saunders, Fort Scott; D. W. Hoover, Seneca; and A. H. Limerick, Winfield.

DECEMBER 31.—The U. S. Pension office has paid 18,057 pensioners \$4,432,878.

DECEMBER 31.—Number of acres cultivated this year, 11,364,040; value of products, \$106,707,529. Bushels of winter wheat, 28,958,884; spring wheat, 1,066,052; corn, 182,084,526; oats, 30,987,864. Number of horses, 423,426; cows, 471,548; cattle, 1,133,154; sheep, 1,154,196; swine, 1,393,968; value of animals slaughtered or sold for slaughter, \$25,804,684.

DECEMBER 31.—First Report of the Railroad Commissioners. On the 19th of June the city of Beloit complained that the rates for freight were unreasonable; September 27, the Board gave a decision, reducing rates fifteen per cent. October 8, the order was modified; rehearing, October 16; October 19, decision adhered to; November 6, again discussed; December 1, tariff rates established for the Central Branch, nearly the same as in the decision of September 27. In addition to the complaints and decisions, the Report contains statistical tables and a history of all railroads in the State.

1884.

JANUARY 1.—“Regis Loisel, Atchison, 1799,” is the subject of the Champion’s poetical Carrier’s Address, written by N. L. Prentis.

—Kansas leads the States in the yield per acre of corn and wheat; corn, 37.6 bushels; wheat, 17.5 bushels.

—Doniphan county shipped 25,000 barrels of apples last year.

—Geo. W. McCrary, United States Judge, resigns, to become General Counselor of the Santa Fé Co.

—The Railroad Commissioners make a tariff schedule for the Santa Fé road.

—The Capital issues a sixteen-page paper.

—The Pleasant Hill & Cedar Junction road in operation; also Girard & Eastern Junction.

—F. D. Coburn, in the Scientific American, discusses the change of style in hogs.

JANUARY 3.—Gov. Glick calls an election, to be held Saturday, March 1, in the Second Congressional District.

JANUARY 4.—The Pacific Reporter, of St. Paul, Minn., agrees to publish the opinions of our Supreme Court.

JANUARY 5.—Death of Chas. H. Van Fossen, a pioneer of Fort Scott and Wyandotte.

—D. J. Brewer and A. L. Williams are strongly indorsed for the vacant Judgeship.

JANUARY 7.—State organization of the Knights of Labor, at Topeka; about one hundred local Assemblies. General officers not made public.

—The Salina University incorporated.

—Jas. R. Hallowell appointed U. S. District Attorney.

—W. A. Price, of the Fairfax Ginning Company, says Chautauqua county raised 93 bales of cotton last year, of 412 pounds each; it ranks as “middling.”

JANUARY 8.—Fire in Peabody; eleven business houses burned; loss, \$15,000.

JANUARY 9.—The Commissioner of the General Land Office files with the Secretary of the Interior a complete record of the Santa Fé land grants in Kansas.

—Meeting of the State Board of Agriculture: R. W. Jenkins, Presi-

dent. Election of officers: President, R. W. Jenkins, Clay Center; Vice President, H. C. St. Clair, Belle Plaine; Secretary, Wm. Sims, Topeka; Treasurer, John Francis, Topeka; Assistant Secretary, J. M. McFarland, Topeka; Auditor, W. P. Popenoe, Topeka; Geologist, Prof. O. St. John, Topeka; Entomologist, F. H. Snow, Lawrence; Meteorologist, J. T. Loveland, Topeka; Botanists, E. A. Popenoe of Manhattan, J. H. Carruth of Lawrence, John W. Robson of Cheever; Chemist, G. H. Failyer, Manhattan; Sorghum Commissioner, E. B. Cowgill, Sterling.

JANUARY 11.—The Fort Scott Monitor says Mrs. L. H. Seelye, of that city, is the author of a book issued by the Sanitary Commission, during the war, called "The Nurse and Spy;" that her maiden name was Sarah Edmonds; and that she served in Co. F, Second Michigan, as Frank Thompson.

—A. A. Robinson, General Superintendent of the Santa Fé Company, asks the Railroad Commissioners for a rehearing on the tariff schedule.

JANUARY 13.—J. W. Ady, in the Commonwealth, commends the poems of Ware and Mrs. Allerton.

JANUARY 15.—Meeting of the Wool Growers' Association, in Topeka; J. S. Coddling, President. Officers elected: President, H. O. Gifford, Russell; Vice President at Large, A. S. Eaton, Russell; Vice President, C. A. Norton, Beloit; Secretary, J. B. Lawton, Kinsley; Corresponding Secretary and Treasurer, S. S. Ott, Topeka. Executive Committee—J. S. Coddling, Louisville; Robt. Loy, Eureka; G. H. Wadsworth, Larned.

—Meeting of the Historical Society; F. P. Baker, President. A letter was received from Geo. A. Crawford, of Grand Junction, Colorado, inclosing \$2 to keep up his membership. He said he might forget everything else, even old friends, but he never would forget the State Historical Society of Kansas. C. K. Holliday, S. O. Thacher and D. R. Anthony paid \$20 each, and became life members.

Members of the Board elected for two years: R. W. Blue, Henry Booth, J. W. Ady, P. I. Bonebrake, C. K. Holliday, F. G. Adams, Chas. W. Blair, Jacob Stotler, T. D. Thacher, James Smith, M. M. Murdock, S. N. Wood, N. S. Goss, J. S. Emery, B. F. Simpson, J. M. Harvey, Geo. W. Martin, John C. McCoy, H. C. Sluss, W. P. Hackney, Edward Carroll, Sol. Miller, Joel Moody, Martin Mohler. For one year: S. A. Kingman, R. M. Wright, W. B. Clark, A. R. Greene, A. S. Everest, Jas. G. Bayne. Executive Committee: Geo. W. Glick, James Smith, P. I. Bonebrake, C. K. Holliday, and T. D. Thacher.

JANUARY 15.—Meeting at Cawker City, of the Northwestern Editorial Association. Officers elected: President, W. H. Caldwell; Vice Presidents, Chas. J. English, H. A. Yonge, C. H. Topliff, and J. H. Simmons; Secretary, Lew. C. Headley.

JANUARY 17.—Meeting of the State Millers' Association, at Topeka. Officers elected: C. B. Hoffman, President; G. E. Hargis, Vice President; J. D. Bowersock, Treasurer; Robert Atkinson, Secretary. Executive Committee, C. B. Hoffman, J. L. Shellabarger, and W. H. Childs.

—Anti-prohibition meeting in Atchison; B. F. Stringfellow, President;

H. R. Bostwick, Secretary. The recent death of a popular young lawyer has led to a strong temperance movement in Atchison.

—Burning of the opera house and other buildings in Washington.

JANUARY 19.—Jas. A. Troutman writes to the Capital that there were 708 saloons in Kansas prior to May 1, 1881; there are now 313; 66 counties have made reports; 41 have no saloons.

JANUARY 22.—Opposition Congressional Convention, at Fort Scott. Fifteen counties were represented. Frank Bacon, Chairman; John M. Galloway, Secretary.

Ex-Congressman Sidney Clarke, Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, reported the following platform, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we demand:

"1. An immediate adjustment of the tariff so that no class of citizens shall be taxed for the benefit of any other class, and no more revenue shall be raised than is necessary for the support of the Government, economically administered, and the payment of existing obligations.

"2. The forfeiture of all unearned railroad grants and a reservation of the public heritage of the people for actual settlers.

"3. A speedy payment of the bonded debt, and substitution of legal-tender treasury notes for national-bank currency as the latter is retired.

"4. That Congress, under the powers conferred by the constitution to regulate interstate commerce, shall secure to the people the use of our railroads and highways on reasonable terms.

"5. That we are opposed to the importation of foreign labor under contract."

The Convention then proceeded to vote. N. F. Acers, S. A. Riggs, W. J. Nicholson and R. W. Hilliker were placed in nomination. After an informal vote, upon which Acers received 57 votes, his name was withdrawn, and the second ballot proceeded between Hilliker and Riggs, resulting in Riggs 141, and Hilliker 40. The nomination of Riggs made unanimous.

—News received of the death, in Denver, of Champion Vaughan, formerly editor of the Leavenworth Times.

JANUARY 23.—Meeting of the Trans-Mississippi Press Association. Geo. W. Reed elected President; Jacob Stotler, Vice President; H. Clay Park, Secretary.

JANUARY 24.—The Commonwealth publishes Robert A. Friedrich's account of the battle of Wilson's Creek.

JANUARY 26.—Death, at Topeka, of James E. Martin, of the State Board of Charities. He has lived in Nemaha county since 1869.

JANUARY 27.—The Commonwealth copies from the Grand Army Scout a history of the John Brown Song, contributed by Major O. C. Bosbyshell, coiner in the U. S. Mint. It is similar to that given by his comrade George Ropes.

JANUARY 29.—Odd Fellows' excursion to Memphis and New Orleans.

—W. A. Pepper is associate editor of the Capital.

JANUARY 30.—Third annual meeting of the Unitarian Conference, in Topeka. Addresses by C. G. Howland, Enoch Powell, J. L. Jones, J. A.

Savage, F. C. Hayward, and C. B. Hoffman. Annual report by Miss Sarah A. Brown, Secretary, Lawrence.

—Meeting of the Executive Committee, State Temperance Union, at Topeka.

—Law-and-Order League, to enforce prohibition, organized in Atchison; W. W. Guthrie, President.

JANUARY 30.—Republican Congressional Convention of Second District, at Parsons, called to order by Frank R. Ogg. Temporary officers: A. B. Forsythe, Chairman; H. C. Lane and W. M. Rice, Secretaries. The temporary were made the permanent officers.

Committee on Resolutions: W. A. Johnson, Anderson county; H. C. Winchester, Allen county; George J. Barker, Douglas county; O. L. Miller, Wyandotte county; Jonas H. Silette, Johnson county; D. A. Crocker, Linn county; T. E. Smith, Miami county; W. L. Simons, Labette county; S. C. Elliott, Montgomery county; B. J. Smith, Neosho county; W. B. Stone, Cherokee county; R. Aikman, Bourbon county; E. Daniels, Crawford county; E. H. Welch, Franklin county; William Stikers, Wilson county.

PLATFORM.

1. We favor a tariff so adjusted as to encourage, foster and promote those diversified industries that make a nation prosperous, and at the same time protect and remunerate American labor.

2. That to every American citizen should be secured complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and public rights.

3. That we heartily approve of the action of the last Republican Congress in refusing, by a large vote, to restore the forfeited land grant to the Texas Pacific Railway Company, and that we cordially indorse the determination of the Republican party to hold the public domain for actual settlers.

4. That a Soldiers' and Sailors' Home should be established in this State, in furtherance of the pledges given to those who were disabled while valorously serving an imperiled country.

5. That inter-state commerce should be regulated by the enactment of such laws for controlling transportation as may be necessary to protect the producer and shipper from unjust discrimination and exorbitant charges.

6. That we favor the payment of the national debt as rapidly as the resources of the Government will permit.

The committee recommended the adoption of the following resolution:

"We bear testimony to the distinguished services and character of our late Representative, Dudley C. Haskell. His life was full of noble and generous deeds, and his discharge of public duty was unselfish and honorable."

The following candidates were presented: E. H. Funston, L. U. Humphrey, D. Walker, R. W. Blue, W. J. Buchan, and E. F. Ware.

Informal ballot: Funston 80, Ware 28, Buchan 14, Blue 12, Humphrey 10, Walker 8, Breyfogle 1, Adkinson 1.

The nomination of Mr. Funston declared by acclamation.

FEBRUARY 1.—The Chicago Inter-Ocean says: "Senator Ingalls, of Kansas, contributes to the North American Review for February an article on 'John Brown's Place in History.' This is in reply to the statements of the Rev. David N. Utter in the November number of the same magazine, and is as caustic a bit of criticism, and as neat an illustration of handling a man without gloves, as has appeared in our periodical

literature for many a day. . . . As has often been said of Senator Ingalls in other matters, he states his case well. He is to be commended, not only for his vigorous defense of John Brown and the Free-State men of Kansas, but for his clear and vivid characterization of the spirit of a remarkable epoch."

—Opening of the road from Ottawa to Emporia.

—Trains run from Wichita to Cheney.

FEBRUARY 2.—Death of Wendell Phillips. He stands with Emerson, Lowell and Whittier as a moral leader.

FEBRUARY 2.—Two townships of land in Reno county bought by Menonites.

—August Bondi's recollections of John Brown are published in the Leavenworth Freie Presse and the Salina Journal.

—Gov. Glick appoints Frank Bacon, Commissioner, and Geo. Y. Johnson, Assistant, to the New Orleans Exposition.

FEBRUARY 2.—Commissions issued: W. C. Jones, February 5, Warden of the Penitentiary. Trustees State Charitable Institutions: August Bondi, February 2, *vice* James Martin; Geo. C. Rogers, March 5, *vice* Michael Maloney; Samuel L. Gilbert, April 3, *vice* A. T. Sharpe. Regents of State Agricultural College: H. C. Kellerman, March 21; F. D. Coburn, March 21. Regents of State University: Geo. R. Peck, March 21; W. S. White, March 21. Live-Stock Sanitary Commissioners: Jas. W. Hamilton, March 25, for the term of two years; W. A. Harris, March 25, for the term of three years; John T. White, March 25, for the term of one year. State Veterinary Surgeon, Dr. A. A. Holcombe, March 25. Director Penitentiary, Albert Perry, March 22.

FEBRUARY 6.—Grand Encampment, G. A. R., at Topeka. The present officers are: Department Commander, T. J. Anderson; Senior Vice Commander, H. L. Millard; Junior Vice Commander, H. W. Pond; Medical Director, H. L. Chase; Chaplain, M. D. Tenney; Council of Administration, R. W. Jenkins, O. R. McNary, C. H. Haynes, J. E. Davis, S. D. Underwood.

Staff Officers: Assistant Adjutant General, H. X. Devendorf; Assistant Quartermaster General, Geo. L. Murdock; Inspector, Laf. C. Smith; Judge Advocate, S. B. Bradford; Chief Mustering Officer, T. H. Soward.

Aides-de-Camp: D. E. Ballard, Senior A. D. C.; A. Saxey, R. G. Ward, S. W. Kniffin, J. B. Johnson, J. R. Hallowell, D. J. Addison, C. A. Norton, S. H. Kelsey, P. H. Coney, T. E. Wood.

Resolutions adopted:

"We demand the enforcement of the statute giving official appointments to disabled and crippled soldiers.

"That our Senators and Representatives in Congress be instructed to use all necessary means in their power to defeat the bill abolishing pension offices in the United States.

"That the present method of competition practically excludes the soldiers and sailors from appointive offices, as the education of twenty years ago was different from that of to-day, and we ask a change, so as to give soldiers and sailors a preference.

"That we are opposed to any legislation on the tariff question that will endanger the payment of pensions.

"That our members in Congress be instructed to vote for Senator Logan's bill pensioning ex-prisoners of war.

"That as the soldiers and sailors are getting old, our delegation in Congress be requested to use their endeavors to secure a pension for the veterans of the war.

"That as Irish blood has been strewn upon many battle-fields of the South, the sympathies of this Encampment are with that people in their struggle for liberty."

Speeches by Geo. R. Peck, C. W. Blair, and J. C. Caldwell.

Vote on Department Commander: *First ballot*—H. W. Pond, of Fort Scott, 111; H. X. Devendorf, of Topeka, 111; scattering, 70.

Second ballot—Pond 174, Devendorf 101, scattering 14.

On motion of Mr. Devendorf, General Pond's election was made unanimous.

C. J. McDivitt was elected Vice Department Commander, and Timothy McCarthy Junior Commander.

Council of Administration—T. J. Anderson, Topeka; W. A. Gebhart, Ellsworth; M. Stewart, Wichita; Timothy Stover, Paola.

W. B. Shockley, of Fort Scott, was appointed Assistant Adjutant General, and Col. A. Buckner, of Humboldt, Chaplain.

Delegates to National Encampment—D. E. Cornell, H. L. Millard, C. W. Blair, M. L. S. Way, J. L. Thompson, Ed. F. Jones, D. C. Goodrich, H. G. Herrich, C. D. Nichols, H. S. Partridge, A. M. Callahan, J. W. Feighan, S. D. Underwood, D. R. Gordon, Laf. C. Smith, C. A. Norton, L. L. Taylor, F. B. Webster.

E. H. Haynes was appointed Quartermaster General.

—Election of officers of the Woman's Relief Corps: President, Mrs. L. H. Brown; Senior Vice, Mrs. Murdock; Junior Vice, Mrs. Henry; Secretary, Mr. Allie Myers; Treasurer, Mrs. Wade; Inspector, Mrs. Frost.

—Sons of Veterans organized. Frank O. Root, Commander; Harper Grafton, Adjutant.

—The State Eclectic Medical Association, at Topeka. Officers elected: President, J. M. Welch; First Vice President, J. F. Lewis; Second Vice President, Dr. Schwartz; Secretary, Noah Simmons; Treasurer, S. E. Martin.

FEBRUARY 7.—The Supreme Court decides the quo warranto case, the State against Topeka, for the State: "Cities of the State of Kansas have no power to license or authorize the sale of intoxicating liquors."

FEBRUARY 8.—Almerin Gillett, of Emporia, appointed Railroad Commissioner.

—R. P. Studley & Co., St. Louis, publish "Notes Taken in Sixty Years," by R. S. Elliott, the first Industrial Agent and tree planter on the K. P. road.

FEBRUARY 12.—Meeting of the Short-Horn Breeders' Association, at Topeka. Officers elected: O. W. Bill, President; Joab Mulvane, Vice President; E. M. Shelton, Secretary-Treasurer; Executive Committee, W. A. Harris, G. W. Glick, E. S. Eicholtz.

FEBRUARY 13.—Communication to the House, by the Secretary of the Interior, of the statement of the Land Commissioner on the Santa Fé land grant.

—Meeting, at Topeka, of the Cane Growers' and Sugar Manufacturing Association. Officers elected: President, H. C. Sweetser, of the Kansas Sugar Refining Company, at Hutchinson; Vice President, F. B. Sherburne, of Emporia; Secretary, William Sims, Topeka; Treasurer, Jno. Bennyworth, of the Sugar and Syrup Works at Larned; Executive Committee—Prof. M. A. Scoville, Sterling; Prof. M. Svenson, Hutchinson; and A. A. Denton, of Salina.

FEBRUARY 18.—The Santa Fé begins an action in the District Court, Topeka, to prevent the adoption of the Railroad Commissioners' schedule. The schedule suspended February 22; injunction granted that day by Judge John Martin.

FEBRUARY 19.—Masonic Grand Chapter, at Lawrence. Officers elected: Geo. S. Green, M. E. G. H. P.; Jacob DeWitt, E. D. G. H. P.; A. M. Callahan, E. King; W. D. Thompson, E. Scribe; John H. Brown, G. Secretary; Christian Beck, G. Treasurer; J. J. Thompson, G. Chaplain; Geo. W. Port, G. C. of H.; Thos. Gardner, G. R. A. C.; James Dyer, G. Marshal; E. D. Hillyer, G. Lecturer; Fritz Majors, G. Sentinel.

Grand Lodge officers elected: J. J. Buck, Emporia, M. W. G. M.; A. H. Ellis, Beloit, D. G. M.; W. M. Miller, Clay Center, G. S. W.; S. E. Sheldon, Topeka, G. J. W.; C. Beck, Leavenworth, G. T.; J. H. Brown, Wyandotte, G. S.

—Sixth annual session of the Grand Lodge, A. O. U. W., at Topeka. Officers elected: Grand Master Workman, T. L. Donnelly; Foreman, B. L. Brush; Overseer, W. Chandler; Recorder, E. M. Forde; Receiver, G. W. Katzung; Guide, J. A. Montgomery; Watchman, T. Burkhouser; Trustee, H. H. Sawyer; Medical Director, H. Humfreville; Representatives to Supreme Lodge, W. R. Sheen, John T. Bradley, M. Ezekiel.

FEBRUARY 20.—Semi-annual meeting of the State Diocesan Immigration Society, at Topeka. Among those present are Vicar General Cunningham, Fathers O'Reilly of Topeka, Maur of Salina, Swemberg of Newton, O'Leary of Solomon, Kelly of Wichita, Meier of Emporia, Downey of Cross Creek, Messrs. Heery, Hogan and Steinmiller of Topeka, and John Hannon, Edward Carroll and Frank T. Lynch of Leavenworth.

FEBRUARY 22.—Organization of the Third Regiment, K. S. M. J. W. F. Hughes, Colonel; J. B. Abbott, Lieutenant Colonel; John McPherson, Major.

—The Railroad Commissioners suspend their decisions of January 1 and January 30, and grant a rehearing.

FEBRUARY 23.—Second meeting, in New York, of the Independent Republicans, afterwards called Mugwumps. It is a non-emigrating class; none in Kansas.

FEBRUARY 24.—Death of Otis Wilmarth. He was a Lawrence pioneer, and established its first library.

FEBRUARY 28.—L. L. Turner reelected Railroad Commissioner.

FEBRUARY 29.—Meeting, at Russell, of the Smoky Hill Teachers' As-

sociation; Saline, Ellsworth, Russell, Ellis and Trego counties represented. Addresses made by the President. J. B. Corbett of Bunker Hill, A. Carroll of Hays City, C. H. French of Russell, and Dr. Wm. Bishop of Salina.

—Death, in San Francisco, of Mrs. Mary Brown, widow of John Brown.

—The Topeka post office moved into the U. S. building.

MARCH 1.—W. O. Stoddard, in the North American Review, draws a picture of Jas. H. Lane, as an orator, in 1864.

—A. A. Robinson made General Manager of the Santa Fé.

—Appleton's Annual Cyclopædia says Howe's "Story of a Country Town" was "one of the most successful 'first' books of recent years, and was distinguished by its vivid realism and power to make ordinary things attractive."

—Michael Maloney, of the State Board of Charities, falls from a moving train, at Emporia, and is killed. He came to Emporia in '58; served as a soldier in the Eleventh Kansas; was a leading Catholic.

MARCH 1.—Election in the Second Congressional District:

COUNTIES.	<i>E. H. Funston.</i>	<i>S. A. Riggs.</i>
Allen.....	1,353	958
Anderson.....	1,088	713
Bourbon.....	1,903	1,244
Cherokee.....	1,549	1,263
Crawford.....	2,111	1,378
Douglas.....	2,272	1,797
Franklin.....	1,577	1,468
Johnson.....	1,720	1,128
Labette.....	1,866	1,202
Linn.....	1,462	1,100
Miami.....	1,317	1,279
Montgomery.....	1,600	1,168
Neosho.....	1,261	1,026
Wilson.....	1,194	755
Wyandotte.....	1,843	1,445
Total.....	24,116	17,904
Majority.....	6,212	

MARCH 3.—The foot-and-mouth cattle disease reported as prevailing in Woodson county. This is Glick's specialty; Kansas always has the gifted citizen at the right moment.

—Burning of the Gulf House, Columbus.

MARCH 4.—The first jury trial before the Supreme Court, The State vs. John Foster. On the 7th the jury found for the State; on the 10th, motion for a new trial.

—Poems of May Preston published in the Sabetha Herald.

—Joseph E. Badger jr., of Frankfort, writes many short stories that are published by Beadle, in New York. He gets \$100 for a "five-cent story," and \$200 for a "ten-cent story." The Bee says: "He has now acquired such facility that he does his work with a type-writer. Among the works of the Kansas novelist are 'The Prairie Ranch, or the Young Cattle Herders;' 'Round the Camp-Fire, or Snowbound at Freeze-Out

Camp,' and others with more lurid and gory titles. His account of his work, very modestly and pleasantly told, was a curious revelation of a curious trade."

MARCH 5.—Southeast M. E. Conference, at Paola, Bishop Merrill presiding. H. W. Chaffee reelected Secretary. Closed, March 11. Presiding Elders: Emporia, J. H. Hanna; Fort Scott, E. C. Boaz; Ottawa, R. P. Sparks; Independence, A. Cullison. The following was adopted:

"Resolved, That we, as church people, will vigorously oppose the nomination and election to office of any man who is not law-abiding, and not a pronounced Prohibitionist."

—Chas. S. Gleed becomes the editor of the Denver Tribune.

—Meeting of cattlemen, at Emporia, to take measures against the spread of the cattle disease. A train leaves for Neosho Falls with Gov. Glick, Secretary Sims, and Dr. Holcombe.

MARCH 6.—A public meeting at Emporia asks Gov. Glick to call a special session of the Legislature.

MARCH 7.—Issue of "The Fourth Report on Kansas Forestry, by the Kansas Horticultural Society;" pp. 76.

MARCH 8.—The last spike driven in the Mexican Central Railroad, connecting the United States with the City of Mexico.

—There are 420 papers and periodicals in the State. 21 daily.

MARCH 9.—The Capital pronounces for John A. Martin for Governor.

MARCH 11.—The quo warranto case against the U. P. road submitted to the Supreme Court. W. A. Johnston and W. H. Rossington for the State; A. J. Williams for the road.

—Large meeting in Neosho Falls. Resolutions passed asking for an extra session.

—I. O. O. F. Encampment at Emporia; W. J. Thompson, Emporia, elected Grand Patriarch.

MARCH 12.—Second annual meeting, at Caldwell, of the Cherokee Strip Live-Stock Association.

—Southwest M. E. Conference, at Newton. Presiding Elders: Wichita, Thomas Andas; Newton, W. H. Cline; Larned, J. C. Miller.

MARCH 13.—Annual Conference, at El Dorado, of the United Brothers of the Church.

—Publication of "The Campaigns of the Rebellion," by Lieutenant Albert Todd, U. S. A., Professor in the Agricultural College; College Press, Manhattan. pp. 130. A good book.

MARCH 13.—Governor Glick asks the Legislature to meet on the 18th. The demand for a special session is general.

—Official canvass of the vote in the Second District.

—Death, at Paola, of Dr. George W. Haldeman, President of the State Medical Society.

MARCH 14.—The Register of the Salina Land Office certifies to the counties of the District 290,100 acres for which the U. P. R. R. Co. has paid the fee. John A. Anderson is rightly thanked for this result.

MARCH 15.—Secretary Sims, in accordance with a resolution of the Legislature, March 6, '83, issues 65,000 copies of a pamphlet on Kansas; 60 pp. Population, 1,028,729; to the square mile, 12.65.

The State is divided into ten land districts:

Arkansas Valley District—Office at Larned, Pawnee county. W. R. Brown, Register; Henry Booth, Receiver.

Northern District—Office at Oberlin, Decatur county. A. L. Patchin, Register; C. E. Chandler, Receiver.

Northwestern District—Office at Kirwin, Phillips county. John Bissell, Register; R. R. Hays, Receiver.

Osage District—Office at Independence, Montgomery county. M. J. Salter, Register; H. M. Waters, Receiver.

Republican District—Office at Concordia, Cloud county. S. H. Dodge, Register; E. J. Jenkins, Receiver.

Salina District—Office at Salina, Saline county. J. M. Hodge, Register; H. S. Cunningham, Receiver.

Garden City District—Office at Garden City, Finney county. H. P. Myton, Register; A. J. Hoisington, Receiver.

Western District—Office at Wakeeney, Trego county. B. J. F. Hanna, Register; W. H. Pilkenton, Receiver.

Wichita District—Office at Wichita, Sedgwick county. R. L. Walker, Register; James L. Dyer, Receiver.

Topeka District—Office at Topeka, Shawnee county. J. J. Fisher, Register; J. Q. A. Peyton, Receiver.

In the following table, the mean annual rainfall, in inches, is given for those stations for which we have the longest continuous records:

Year.	Manhattan, by Prof. G. H. Rulifer..	Lawrence, by T. S. Out- rum, U. S. Sig. Service..	Lawrence, by Prof. F. H. Snow	Dodge City, by J. E. Lam- ouille, Sig- nal Service...	Topeka, by Prof. J. T. Lovecill.....	Emporia, by Prof. H. E. Sahler.....
1853.....	36.93					
1860.....	13.72					
1861.....	34.56					
1862.....	26.20					
1863.....	39.43					
1864.....	20.25					
1867.....	26.50					
1868.....	24.12		37.48			
1869.....	28.22		38.51			
1870.....	21.19		31.32			
1871.....	28.86	26.09	33.23			
1872.....	35.78	43.50	32.63			
1873.....	32.89	35.17	32.94			
1874.....	16.09	33.81	28.87			
1875.....	17.96	31.26	28.87	10.69		
1876.....	43.98	44.48	44.18	15.40		
1877.....	37.80	43.06	41.09	27.89		
1878.....	27.80	35.15	38.39	17.96		
1879.....	36.13	41.55	32.68	15.43	33.14	
1880.....	29.11	36.89	32.65	18.12	32.78	
1881.....	29.38	39.95	33.27	33.55	26.33	35.56
1882.....	28.35	25.97	27.60	13.14	24.72	30.10
1883.....	36.69	41.94	40.65	28.50	39.93	35.40

NOTE.—No report for the years 1854, '55, '56, '57, '58, '59, and 1865, '66.

MARCH 15.—State Oratorical Association organized, at Topeka. L. A. Wright, of the Normal, President; A. L. Adams, of Washburn, Vice President; H. F. Hair, of the University, Secretary.

MARCH 17.—A train of thirty-one cars, loaded with corn, contributed by the farmers of Sedgwick county and the business men of Wichita, to the flood-sufferers of the Ohio valley, leaves Wichita at 10:45 this morning. The train carries 12,400 bushels of corn.

MARCH 17.—The Senate passes Plumb's bill, appropriating \$50,000 for the suppression of the foot-and-mouth disease in Kansas and other States and Territories.

MARCH 18.—Case Broderick, of Holton, appointed Associate Justice of Idaho.

—First through train over the Mexican Central. Track-laying began September 15, 1880.

MARCH 18.—Special session of the Legislature. A. P. Riddle is elected President *pro tem.* of the Senate. Funston, Greene, Patchin and Sluss absent. In the House, one vacancy has been caused by the death of Dr. J. D. Bain, of Barton county. Of the other seven vacancies, Orner of Barber county, James of Shawnee, Waters and Crichton of Labette, and Bissell of Phillips, leave empty chairs by acceptance of Federal offices. Bishop of Smith, Carr of Harper, and Weimar, have vacated their places by removal from their districts. In the case of Phillips county, the people have sent up a substitute, by election at the regular time last fall, but there was lacking a proclamation by the Governor of the vacancy and for the election of a successor. Mr. W. H. McBride, the person elected, had a clear majority in a vote of 1,327, and is present. Mr. Bishop, of Smith county, is also here.

MARCH 19.—Jay Gould elected President of the M. P., at St. Louis.

MARCH 20.—It is not foot-and-mouth disease.

MARCH 21.—Funston sworn in.

—The Western Recorder, of Lawrence, is edited by John L. Waller, a colored man.

MARCH 22.—The medical experts, now at Neosho Falls, say the cattle disease was caused by ergot in the wild rye.

MARCH 24.—Appointments Northwest M. E. Conference. Presiding Elders: A. N. Sec, Salina; C. L. Shackelford, Beloit; H. G. Breed, Kirwin.

MARCH 25.—Twenty-ninth Session Kansas Conference M. E. Church, at Topeka. Bishop Stephen M. Merrill presiding. Presiding Elders: Clay Center, W. H. Underwood; Leavenworth, J. R. Madison; Atchison, J. Denison; Manhattan, W. J. Mitchell; Topeka, O. J. Cowles.

—The Wichita corn sold at auction, at Cincinnati; Kansas represented by Wm. Griffenstein, W. G. Jewett, and Henry Worrall. The corn sold at from 50 cents to \$1 a bushel, and brought \$8,500.

—David J. Brewer appointed U. S. Circuit Judge, Eighth District, to succeed McCrary.

MARCH 25.—Adjournment of the Legislature. Ten laws enacted, among them one creating a Live-Stock Sanitary Commission; Veterinary Surgeon; relating to Texas cattle and the dead-line; in regard to unorganized counties; for water works at the penitentiary; for suppressing contagious diseases among animals.

MARCH 27.—Haskell & Wood selected as Architects of the Emporia College building.

APRIL 1.—Motion for a new trial in the John Foster case overruled; opinion by Horton; Foster appeals to U. S. Supreme Court.

APRIL 2.—Second Annual Meeting of the Western Kansas Stock Growers' Association, at Dodge City; A. H. McCoy, President; Arthur Gorham, Vice President; J. B. York, Treasurer; C. W. Willet, Secretary.

—The Wichita corn train pictured in Harper's Weekly.

APRIL 4.—John A. Anderson submits a report (No. 1113), on Land Grants in Kansas. In the aggregate about 9,500,000 acres of land within the State have been granted to five Kansas railroads, as appears by the following table, compiled from official reports:

<i>Company now operating.</i>	<i>(Granting act..</i>	<i>No. of miles covered by grants.....</i>	<i>No. of miles in Kansas ...</i>	<i>No. of sections per mile.....</i>	<i>Estimated No. of acres granted.....</i>	<i>Estimated No. of acres in Kansas.....</i>	<i>No. of acres patented June 30, '83..</i>
Kansas Pacific.....	July 1, 1862	} 638.60	431.00	20	6,000,000	4,000,000	963,714
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé.....	July 2, 1864						
Kansas City, Lawrence & Southern (Leavenworth, Lawrence & Galveston).....	Mar. 3, 1863	470.58	470.58	10	3,005,870	3,005,870	2,745,938
Missouri, Kansas & Texas.....	Mar. 3, 1863	} 183.20	183.20	10	800,000	800,000	256,281
	Mar. 3, 1863						
	July 1, 1864						
St. Joseph & Denver City.....	July 25, 1866	183.20	183.20	10	1,520,000	1,520,000	984,105
	July 26, 1866						
	July 23, 1866	227.00	138.00	20	1,700,000	81,196	462,373
					13,025,870	9,407,066	5,412,411

APRIL 5.—The U. S. Supreme Court grants a writ of error and superedeas in the John Foster case, by Waite, C. J.

APRIL 6.—The Butler county corn train, 30 cars. 400 bushels each, leaves for Ohio.

APRIL 8.—Resignation of D. J. Brewer, Associate Justice.

—The Dodge City Globe says the Texas-cattle drive will be as large as last year, or 300,000 head.

APRIL 10.—Third Annual Session of the Grand Lodge of Knights of Honor, at Fort Scott. Address by E. F. Ware. Officers elected: Grand Dictator, A. B. Pinkston; Vice Dictator, J. C. Frazer; Assistant Dictator, C. B. Mason; Chaplain, G. A. Proctor; Guide, J. W. Winthrop; Reporter, O. M. Frost; Treasurer, C. L. Ewing; Guardian, A. Lick;

Sentinel, J. P. Elliott; Trustees, A. J. Hill, W. P. Johnson, and J. Holloway.

—Meeting of the Presbytery of Topeka. Moderator, Edward Russell, of Lawrence; Temporary Clerks, J. H. Byers, of Lawrence, and J. W. Crawford, of Wamego.

APRIL 11.—Death of Gen. George W. Deitzler, at Tucson, A. T. A noted Free-State pioneer, who did good service in our early struggles.

—The Butler county corn received in Cincinnati; sold on the 12th for \$7,000.

—Grand Lodge of colored Masons in session at Parsons.

—The New York Evening Post commends Gov. Thos. A. and Gen. Thos. O. Osborn, Ministers to South American countries, for the honorable settlement of the boundary line between Chili and the Argentine Republic. The Chicago Tribune says the highest peak of the Andes, on the line, should be named "Osborn."

APRIL 12.—Theodore A. Hurd, of Leavenworth, appointed to succeed Brewer. He came to Kansas in 1859, from Utica, N. Y.

APRIL 13.—The Commonwealth prints the "Washerwoman's Friend," written by Thos. N. Nichol while he edited the Fort Scott Monitor.

APRIL 14.—The U. S. District Court meets in the new building.

APRIL 16.—Election, at Topeka, by Committee, of delegates to attend the National Greenback Convention, at Indianapolis, Ind., on the 28th of May: A. J. Utley, Osage City; P. P. Elder, Ottawa; J. N. Limbocker, Manhattan; and C. H. Moody, Jewell. Alternates: H. P. Vrooman, Topeka; D. B. Hadley, Wyandotte; W. A. Tipton, Cowley county; and W. J. A. Montgomery, Lawrence.

The Committee also selected four delegates to attend the Anti-Monopoly Convention, at Chicago, May 14th: H. P. Vrooman, Topeka; J. C. Hebbard, Topeka; W. J. A. Montgomery, Lawrence; and A. B. Montgomery, Rooks county.

APRIL 17.—Second annual sheep-shearing by the Western Kansas Wool-Growers, at Wakeeney.

APRIL 18.—Oratorical contest, at Lawrence. Prize awarded to a student of Alex. McClure, of the Philadelphia Times.

APRIL 19.—The State Inter-Collegiate Association elects L. A. Wright, of the Normal, President; Ellsworth Ingalls, of Washburn, Vice President; W. C. Spangler, of the University, Secretary and Treasurer. The prize is declared wrongly awarded, and a new contest ordered.

APRIL 20.—A. J. Blethen sells his third of the Kansas City Journal. J. B. Lawrence becomes managing editor, and J. A. Mann business manager.

APRIL 21.—Flour-mill burned at Wilson; loss, \$30,000.

—The U. S. Supreme Court fails to dismiss the writ of error in the Foster case; this leaves Foster still County Attorney of Saline county.

APRIL 22.—The Fifth District Convention, at Concordia, nominates F. W. Sturgis, of Cloud, for Elector.

APRIL 23.—First District Republican Convention, at Leavenworth. Henry Keeler, Chairman; Lon. W. Robinson, Secretary. Harry E. Insley and Cyrus Leland jr. elected delegates to Chicago; alternates, H. A. Warner and William R. Smith. Andrew J. Felt nominated for Elector, by acclamation. A resolution indorsing E. N. Morrill, Representative in Congress, unanimously adopted.

—Oratorical contest, at Baldwin. L. H. Leach, University, first prize; W. A. Quayle, Baker, second; F. Miller, Normal, third.

APRIL 23.—The Seventh District Convention, at Hutchinson, renominates Samuel R. Peters.

—S. N. Wood speaks to Congress for his seat; the committee against him by 11 to 1, and he gets only two votes in the House.

—L. D. Bailey publishes the *Cultivator*, at Garden City.

—John Speer settles at Sherlock.

—Publication of "Plant Analysis." By Prof. W. A. Kellerman, of Manhattan. Philadelphia: John E. Potter & Co. pp. 253. Prof. Kellerman's works are highly commended by competent authorities.

—Fourth District Republican Convention, at Emporia; called to order by John Guthrie. F. W. Potter, Chairman; F. P. Cochrane, Secretary. Vote for Elector: James M. Miller 34, Harrison Kelley 7, E. M. Smith 12.

—Historical Atlas of Saline county. Published by John P. Edwards, of Quincy, Ill.

—T. A. Hurd sworn in, by C. J. Brown, Clerk of the Court.

APRIL 24.—W. B. Strong elected President of the Santa Fé.

APRIL.—Republican Congressional Convention of the Third District, at Cherryvale. B. W. Perkins was renominated by acclamation, J. R. Hallowell and W. P. Hackney were chosen delegates to the Chicago National Convention, and J. L. Denison nominated for Elector. O. F. Carson was elected Chairman, and D. A. Millington, Secretary, of the Congressional Committee.

—Second District Convention, at Olathe. Delegates chosen: R. Aikman of Fort Scott, and J. P. Root of Wyandotte; alternates, O. A. Gosika of Ottawa, and R. C. Stevenson of Iola. Elector, I. O. Pickering.

APRIL 28.—The Republican Convention at Newton selects Thos. T. Taylor for Elector. Chicago Delegates: J. W. Ady and Richard L. Walker; alternates, A. J. Hoisington and Henry Booth.

—The G. A. R. Post at Fort Scott ships a car-load of corn to Richmond, Virginia, to be used in building a home for Confederate soldiers.

APRIL 29.—Republican State Convention, at Topeka. Called to order by A. L. Redden. David Kelso, Chairman; A. P. Riddle, Secretary.

Committees: On Resolutions—J. H. Ritchie, J. D. Snoddy, D. R. Anthony, M. Stanley, G. D. Baker, Joseph Craney, and J. D. Baker; on Credentials—W. W. Walton, Dr. Wright, John Bissell, J. K. Wright, Mr. Lambert, and H. H. Patton; on Permanent Organization—Harrison

Kelley, W. J. Byrth, Frank Moriarty, A. J. Felt, and J. H. Lawhead; on Rules and Order of Business — M. S. Stumbaugh, Cyrus Leland, C. W. Harvey, D. W. Houston, and A. A. Goddard.

Permanent Officers: President, J. B. Johnson; Secretary, Wirt W. Walton; Assistant Secretary, J. H. Stuart; Sergeant-at-Arms, William Higgins.

The roll was called on an expression of preference for President, resulting as follows: Blaine 202, Logan 48, Edmunds 17, Arthur 6, Grant 2, Conkling 1, Washburne 1, "Eli" 1, and the nominee of the Republican party 2.

Vote on Delegates to Chicago: Whole number of votes in the Convention, 289; necessary to a choice, 145. The roll was called, with the following result: P. B. Plumb 250, J. S. Merritt 193, D. R. Anthony 134, D. W. Finney 108, A. W. Mann 114, John G. Wood 204, J. H. Stuart 49, Henry Fuell 56, T. L. Brundage 29, David Kelso 7, J. J. Ingalls 1, J. D. Snoddy 1, George J. Barker 1. P. B. Plumb, James S. Merritt and J. G. Wood were declared elected.

Second ballot: Mann 118, Anthony 99, Finney 59, Fuell 9, Stuart 3.

Third ballot: Mann 169, Anthony 118, Fuell 2. Mr. Mann was declared elected.

For alternates, the following gentlemen were placed in nomination: J. H. Ricksecker, Rice county; W. H. Douglass, Butler county; C. J. Jones, Finney county; W. D. Matthews, Leavenworth county; Henry Fuell, Douglas county; A. E. Parks, Marshall county; Max Buek, Osage county; George Greene, Lincoln county; Dr. Patton, Brown county.

The roll was called, with the following result: Ricksecker 211, Douglass 175, Jones 140, Matthews 133, Fuell 164, Parks 124, Buek 85, Greene 113, Patton 30, Stuart 3, Porter 3. Messrs. Ricksecker, Douglass and Fuell were declared elected.

The rules were suspended, and Mr. Jones was declared elected by acclamation.

The next business in order was the election of two Presidential Electors. David Kelso presented the name of John H. Rice, editor of the Fort Scott Monitor, and moved that the rules be suspended and Mr. Rice be declared elected by acclamation; the motion prevailed unanimously. D. A. Valentine, of Clay county, was nominated for Elector, by acclamation.

The Committee on Resolutions submitted the following report, which was adopted unanimously:

"We, the chosen representative party of Kansas, hereby renewing our fealty to the great principles which the party has maintained through all its history, nationality, progress, fair and free ballot, an honest count of the votes, and a strict accountability of all officers of the Government, from the highest to the lowest: therefore,

Resolved, That the administration of Chester A. Arthur, as President of the United States, beginning under circumstances of great delicacy and embarrassment, has been guarded by a wise and intelligent judgment, which commends itself to the hearty approval of all the people.

Resolved, That the mission of the Republican party will not be accomplished until

in all the States in this Nation the humble citizen has a right to vote for the man of his choice, and have the ballot counted which he voted.

"Resolved, That we are in favor of such legislation as will afford labor just remuneration, and make capital secure in investment.

"Resolved, That we are in favor of national legislation regulating inter-state commerce."

A. L. Redden offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

"Resolved, That this Convention request the coming Republican National Convention to provide that in all future National Conventions representation shall be proportionate to the Republican vote cast for President in the last preceding Presidential election, and that the delegates this day elected by this Convention are hereby instructed to use all honorable efforts to secure the adoption of this rule by the National Convention."

—Sixth District Republican Convention, held at Topeka. J. D. Young, of Mitchell county, Chairman; E. A. McMath, of Gove county, Secretary.

On motion of E. J. Turner, of Sheridan county, the Convention proceeded to the election of delegates to the Chicago Republican National Convention, with the following result: Delegates, J. S. McDowell and C. C. Woods; alternates, D. A. Foreman and J. H. Franklin.

W. S. Tilton, of Trego county, was unanimously chosen as Presidential Elector.

The following is a list of the delegates to Chicago, and the Presidential Electors that have been chosen in the State:

Delegates: At large—P. B. Plumb, James S. Merritt, John G. Wood, and A. W. Mann. First District—Cyrus Leland of Doniphan county, and Harry E. Insley of Leavenworth. Second District—J. P. Root of Wyandotte, and Dr. Aikman of Fort Scott. Third District—J. R. Hallowell of Columbus, and W. P. Hackney of Winfield. Fourth District—George R. Peck of Topeka, and Wm. Martindale of Madison. Fifth District—J. H. Culp of Salina, and E. A. Berry of Cloud county. Sixth District—J. S. McDowell of Smith Center, and C. C. Woods of Rooks county. Seventh District—J. W. Ady of Newton, and A. J. Hoisington of Great Bend.

Presidential Electors: At large—John H. Rice of Fort Scott, and D. A. Valentine of Clay Center. First District—A. J. Felt, of Seneca. Second District—I. O. Pickering, of Olathe. Third District—Dr. Dennison, of Osage Mission. Fourth District—J. M. Miller, of Council Grove. Fifth District—F. W. Sturgis, of Concordia. Sixth District—W. S. Tilton, of Wakeeney. Seventh District—T. T. Taylor, of Hutchinson.

APRIL 30.—Attempt to rob the Medicine Lodge Valley Bank. E. W. Payne, President, was fatally wounded, and Geo. Geppert, Cashier, killed. The four robbers were pursued, arrested, placed in jail; one killed in jail; three taken out and hanged. Mr. Payne died May 1.

—Unitarian Conference at Lawrence. Officers elected: President, George R. Peck, Topeka; O. E. Learnard, of Lawrence, and James Scammon, of Kansas City, Vice Presidents; Miss S. A. Brown, of Lawrence, Secretary; and Mrs. O. W. McAllaster, of Lawrence, Treasurer.

MAY 2.—A Methodist chapel burned in Wichita by whisky incendiaries; loss, \$12,000.

—Wm. H. R. Lykins gives the Historical Society a copy of the "first book in Osage," compiled by his father, Dr. J. Lykins, and printed at the Shawnee Mission in 1837. The volume is an elementary primer, or instruction book, the first eleven pages of which are in alternate lines of Osage and English, the remaining pages being in Osage. The Indian portion of the book is represented by the use of the phonetic alphabet devised by Rev. Jotham Meeker, with an alphabet of twenty-five letters, representing the eight vowel and seventeen consonant sounds of the Osage language. The letters of the English alphabet are employed to represent these sounds.

MAY 5.—Burial of Geo. W. Deitzler, at Lawrence.

MAY 6.—Failure of the Marine National Bank, New York. James D. Fish, President. This leads to the failure of Grant & Ward, of which firm U. S. Grant, Ferdinand Ward, J. D. Fish, Fred. D. Grant, and U. S. Grant jr. are members. The last named married the daughter of Jerome B. Chaffee, formerly of Kansas. The death of Gen. Grant and of ex-Senator Chaffee is hastened by this financial disaster. On the 14th. Donnell, Lawson & Simpson, of New York, formerly of St. Joseph, Mo., failed. They have large liabilities in Kansas.

MAY 7.—Oratorical contest at St. Mary's College. Prize, given by H. Hagan, awarded to Francis Conroy.

—Sixteenth annual session of the Homœopathic Medical Society, at Topeka. Officers elected: President, A. P. Forster, of Fort Scott; Vice President, Addie M. Kester, Topeka; Secretary, C. H. Hallowell, Topeka; Corresponding Secretary, A. K. Brown, Topeka; Treasurer, G. H. T. Johnson, Topeka; Board of Censors, H. W. Roby, D. P. Cook, C. D. Clark.

MAY 8.—F. P. Baker reads a paper on the value of the U. S. timber lands, before the Forestry Congress, in Washington.

—D. R. Anthony is appointed a Government Director of the Union Pacific road.

MAY 9.—The Social Science Club meets, at Kansas City, Mo. Officers elected: President, Mrs. C. H. Cushing, of Leavenworth; Vice Presidents, Mrs. Mary A. Humphrey of Junction City, Mrs. J. K. Hudson of Topeka, Mrs. M. W. St. Clair of Kansas City, Mrs. D. M. Wheeler of Atchison, Mrs. J. C. Martin of Wyandotte, Mrs. A. B. Knapp of Osawatomie, Mrs. A. Gillett of Emporia; Secretary, Miss S. A. Brown, Lawrence; Treasurer, Mrs. R. M. Tunnell, Manhattan, in alternation with Mrs. S. N. Simpson.

MAY 12.—The M. E. church at Cawker City burned.

MAY 13.—Christ's Hospital, of Topeka, opened. It is largely the gift of Bishop Vail and Mrs. Vail.

—Christian Sunday School Convention opened, in Topeka.

—The Northwestern Press Association meets at Beloit. Officers elected: President—John W. McBride, Cawker City Journal; Vice Presidents—N. F. Hewitt, Cedarvale Review; C. M. Dunn, Minneapolis Messenger; A. B. Wilder, Scandia Journal; and William Bissell, Phillipsburg Herald. Secretary and Treasurer—L. C. Headley, Gaylord Herald; Assistant Secretary—J. Q. Royce, Smith Center Bulletin.

MAY 14.—Benjamin F. Butler nominated for President by the Anti-Monopoly Convention, at Chicago.

MAY 15.—W. X. Ninde elected Bishop of the M. E. Church. He is assigned to Kansas.

MAY 20.—The First National Bank of New York becomes the State Fiscal Agent.

MAY 21.—Republican Fifth District Convention, at Junction City. George L. White, Chairman; George W. Martin, Secretary. John A. Anderson unanimously renominated. Two of the resolutions adopted are as follows:

"4. That our hearty commendation is hereby tendered to the Hon. John A. Anderson, our Representative in Congress, for his faithful services in support of many important matters of legislation of prominent interest to the people of Kansas and the Nation; the successful conclusion of his efforts to compel the taxation of railroad lands, all of said lands within his own district now being upon the tax-roll, bearing their share of the public burdens; and for his labors for the adjudication of land titles, the conflict between the corporations and the settlers in several parts of the State being detrimental to the progress and a great wrong upon many of the settlers; and for his bold and determined resistance to the encroachments upon the rights of the Government and the people by the corporations and monopolies. That for his faithful and efficient services and distinguished character we cordially tender him our support for reelection for the fourth term."

"6. That while we are in favor of a protective tariff, we do nevertheless believe that it is our forests, and not our lumbermen, that need protection; hence we are in favor of placing lumber on the free list. We also believe that teas, coffees, spices, mahogany, logwood, and all other articles which constitute the basis of coloring-matter, do not come in competition either with American industry in agriculture or manufactures, and therefore ought to be relegated to the list of free goods, to the end that the revenues of the Government may be reduced, and that all of our national and industrial interests may at the same time be duly protected."

District Committee: J. F. Billings, Clay; W. A. Hillhouse, Cloud; George W. Martin, Davis; J. W. Hart, Dickinson; A. G. Edwards, Marshall; D. N. Dunn, Ottawa; George W. Higinbotham, Riley; B. R. Hogan, Republic; H. S. Cunningham, Saline; J. B. Besack, Washington. The committee organized by the election of George W. Higinbotham Chairman, and J. B. Besack Secretary.

MAY 21.—Republican First District Congressional Convention, at Atchison; D. A. Hook, Chairman; F. H. Roberts, Secretary. E. N. Morrill unanimously renominated. Among the resolutions passed was one in favor of John A. Martin for Governor, and the following:

"3. We tender to our Congressman, Hon. E. N. Morrill, our hearty thanks for his industry and zeal in a Confederate House, in securing the rights of our veteran soldiers, and in establishing the principle that a man entitled to a pension is not com-

pelled to prove that he was sound in body when he entered the service. For integrity of character, and faithfulness to principle, our Congressman has won the entire approval of his constituents."

The following District Committee was appointed: D. A. Hook, at large; B. F. Hudson, Atchison county; O. S. Hiatt, Leavenworth county; John Schilling, Brown county; Dr. D. B. McKay, Nemaha county; C. Leland jr., Doniphan county; F. H. Roberts, Jefferson county; N. C. Boles, Jackson county; and J. S. Browne, Jefferson county. John Schilling elected Chairman, and F. H. Roberts, Secretary.

—The Wichita Eagle appears as a daily.

—V. J. Lane gives the Historical Society papers relating to Samuel Hallett and the K. P. R. W. Co.

MAY 22.—Fourth District Republican Convention, at Emporia. H. A. Pierce, Chairman; C. H. Shaffer, Secretary. Permanent officers: H. K. McConnell, Chairman; C. H. Shaffer, Secretary.

Among the resolutions adopted are the following:

"3. We demand, in the interest of the farmers, business men and shippers of the country, that Congress shall regulate, by proper and stringent legislation, inter-state railway commerce, on a basis alike just to the carrier and to the business interests of the country, to the end that unjust discrimination and exorbitant shipping rates shall be abolished and prevented.

"4. We are in favor of the immediate forfeiture of all unearned land grants hitherto made to railroad companies, and demand the reservation of the balance of the public domain for actual settlers, and especially for those who risked their lives in defense of an imperiled country."

Thomas Ryan unanimously renominated.

Congressional Committee: Shawnee county, John Guthrie; Lyon, E. Borton; Chase, W. A. Morgan; Butler, A. Shelden; Coffey, Job Throckmorton; Morris, M. L. Ritchie; Wabaunsee, Joseph Fields; Osage, G. W. Doty; Greenwood, Dr. Richardson; Marion, R. O. Nelson; Woodson, B. F. Everett. John Guthrie, Chairman; M. L. Ritchie, Secretary.

MAY 23.—Republican Congressional Convention of the Seventh District, at Hutchinson. J. Q. Barnes, of McPherson, Temporary Chairman; T. McCarthy, of Pawnee, Temporary Secretary.

Permanent Chairman, R. M. Blair, of Stafford; Permanent Secretary, J. J. Burns, of Sumner.

S. R. Peters was nominated by acclamation as candidate for Congress.

The following Central Committee was elected: Dan. Roberts, Comanche county; E. L. Chapman, Barton; Taylor Flick, Edwards; Geo. W. Sweezy, Harvey; T. McCarthy, Pawnee; P. F. Sughrue, Seward; Mr. Wright, Lane; Capt. Evans, McPherson; E. W. Hinton, Kingman; A. L. Lindsey, Harper; H. C. Taylor, Rice; John G. Woods, Sumner; James L. Dyer, Sedgwick; W. K. P. Dow, Stafford; M. Garrity, Hamilton; J. R. Easley, Barber; O. F. H. McDonnell, Rush; Geo. K. Reed, Ness; C. S. Calhoun, Pratt; D. M. Frost, Ford; A. M. Switzer, Reno; G. E. Morgan, Finney. The Central Committee organized by electing A. M. Switzer Chairman, and D. M. Frost Secretary.

MAY 24.—Burning of the Adams House, Manhattan: loss, \$15,000.

—Horace H. Buell returns from Chicago to Manhattan by express, in a box; pays charges, \$9.25; passenger fare, \$17.55—more than he had. The Kansas man is called Eli, and “gets there.”

MAY 25.—Return of Governor Glick and Secretary James Smith from New York; Treasurer Howe remains there; \$101,196.52 transferred from Donnell, Lawson & Simpson to the First National Bank, the new Fiscal Agent of the State; no loss.

—Seventh-Day Adventist camp meeting, at Bismarck.

MAY 26.—Judge Samuel F. Miller, Washington, orders Joseph Moore, of Salina, to appear before the Supreme Court, in October, for contempt in violating the writ of supersedeas in the John Foster case; Moore has attempted to qualify as County Attorney.

—Completion of the building for the Santa Fé general offices, at Topeka; James A. McGonigle, contractor; begun in July last; probably the best building in the State.

MAY 28.—Amos A. Lawrence, for whom the city was named, arrives in Lawrence.

—The University Courier and the Review are consolidated.

—National Greenback Convention, at Indianapolis. Benjamin F. Butler nominated for President, and A. M. West for Vice President.

—Issue of the report of the Horticultural Society.

MAY 28.—State Democratic Convention; at Topeka. Called to order by W. C. Perry. H. Miles Moore reads the call. John T. Burris, Temporary Chairman; Thomas S. Jones, Secretary.

The following committees were appointed:

On Credentials: H. Miles Moore, A. J. Birchfield, J. B. Oliver, Terrence McGrath, Jacob Jacobs, R. M. Wallace, Morris Neal, V. S. Scures, W. L. Brown, James Wilson, G. H. Miller, C. A. Leland, D. O. Bunker, J. C. Postlethwait, W. H. Camp, G. Webb Bertram.

On Resolutions: Thomas P. Fenlon, H. Clay Park, G. G. Gage, Osburn Shannon, John S. Watson, A. A. Harris, J. C. Gordon, James Ketner, R. M. Spivey, Thomas Bowling, George F. King, T. W. Waterson, C. F. Darby, Ed. M. Harris, H. A. Yonge, R. J. Hardesty, John Schligler.

On Permanent Organization: Charles Hayden, B. A. Seaver, James Gresham, E. W. Huma, A. W. Hunt, S. H. Allen, O. S. Coffin, Isaac Sharp, J. M. Multny, A. Q. Clemmens, A. A. Stewart, C. E. Gifford, Thos. George, Jacob Bowman.

On Rules and Order of Business: M. Gephart, Joseph E. Riggs, L. M. White, Dr. Stone, James G. Lane, E. D. Schemerhorn, and W. A. Frush.

Permanent Officers: President, John T. Burris, Johnson county; Vice Presidents—J. E. Taylor, Nemaha; J. C. Gordon, Allen; M. McInnesy, Montgomery; J. F. Hammond, Greenwood; J. G. Lowe, Washington; E. Daniels, Phillips; Amos Harris, Sedgwick; Secretary, T. S. Jones, Hamilton; Assistant Secretaries: C. C. Black, Cowley; H. Miles Moore, Leavenworth. Mr. Jones declined to accept, and in his stead D. J. Van Meter, of Ford, and W. P. Martin, of Chase, were elected Secretaries.

PLATFORM.

Resolved, That the Democracy of Kansas indorse and approve of the tariff-reform measures and policies as expressed in the address of the Hon. J. G. Carlisle, on assuming the position of Speaker of the National House of Representatives.

Resolved, That any system of taxation which produces more than one hundred millions of annual surplus revenue is an outrage upon the people, and beneficial only to the cormorants who prey upon the public treasury. We favor such a reform system as will produce, with internal revenue, a sum sufficient to raise a fund to pay all the legitimate expenses of the Government honestly and economically administered, and all just debts; and that in regulating the import duties the tariff should be principally upon luxuries, and that taxation upon the necessities and general wants of the great mass of the people should be materially reduced, and the whole tariff system so adjusted that the burdens of taxation should fall upon that class best able to bear them, and so that the manufacturing and laboring interests of the country should be protected against unjust foreign competition in price of material and value of labor.

Resolved, That while we do not deem it necessary to instruct our delegates, having confidence in the ability, integrity and discriminating judgment of the gentlemen to-day selected to represent the Democracy of Kansas in the party, at Chicago, we desire it to be distinctly understood that our preference is for that peerless statesman and stainless patriot, Samuel J. Tilden; and we demand that if it be possible, in his noble name and that of his associate, the atrocious crime of 1876 shall be wiped from the record of the Nation.

Resolved, That the Democracy of Kansas take pride in convention assembled in indorsing the administration of Governor Glick as able, conservative, and honest, and "point with pride" to the first Democratic Governor of Kansas, as a specimen of what may be expected when the Democracy shall take possession of the National Government.

After adopting the resolutions, reports were received from the various Congressional conventions held during the adjournment. The result of those conventions is as follows:

Delegates to Chicago: First District, C. C. Burnes and Ed. Carroll; alternates, James Graham and W. C. Butts. Second District, B. J. Sheridan and W. C. Jones; alternates, A. Smith Devenney and V. J. Lane. Third District, C. C. Black and Angell Matthewson; alternates, M. McEnery and H. Moama. Fourth District, John Mileham and Harvey E. Norton; alternates, Jos. Kracmer and J. W. Stone. Fifth District, A. H. Martin and E. A. Hallowell; alternates, William Hendrix and J. F. Ellicott. Sixth District, John Schyler and J. H. Shaffer; alternates, Ed. M. Harris and G. Webb Bertram. Seventh District, C. F. Dickenbecker and W. F. Petillon; alternates, J. W. Smith and H. N. Beckle.

For Delegates at Large: Geo. W. Glick was elected by acclamation. Thomas P. Fenlon, W. C. Perry, Cyrus A. Leland, A. R. Scheble, Thomas Hudson, R. M. Spivey, T. W. Waterson, Dr. R. A. Trimble, H. A. Yonge, and John Foster, were placed in nomination.

First ballot: Fenlon 277, Perry 220, Hudson 116, Leland 53, Waterson 71, Spivey 57, Scheble 72, Trimble 21, Young 35, Foster 37. Thomas P. Fenlon and W. C. Perry declared elected.

Second ballot: Hudson 144, Leland 34, Scheble 53, Spivey 9, Waterson 36, Foster 56. Mr. Hudson was declared the choice of the Convention for fourth man.

The alternates elected were W. H. Coe, O. Benson, F. W. Frasier, and John Foster.

Walter N. Allen, of Jefferson county, offered the following, which was adopted:

"Resolved, That it is the sentiment of the Democracy of Kansas that General Charles W. Blair be continued in his position on the Democratic National Committee."

The following, introduced by Mr. Devenney, was adopted:

"Resolved, That we declare our earnest sympathy for Ireland in her struggle for the self-government and equal justice that we ourselves enjoy. We deplore the system that ruins a whole people for the benefit of a favored class, consisting of a few thousand, and we recall with gratitude the sympathy and devotion that Ireland extended to the American colonies in their similar struggle for their most sacred and essential national rights."

George W. Glick was elected as Chairman, and B. J. Sheridan as Secretary, of the delegation.

MAY 28.—Republican Congressional Convention of the Sixth District, at Downs. Colonel W. C. Whitney, of Mitchell, elected Chairman, and Ira Fleck, of Russell, Secretary. Lewis Hanback, J. J. A. T. Dixon and D. Herron were nominated as candidates. A ballot resulted in 58 votes for Hanback; Herron, 12; Dixon, 7. On motion of Mr. Fleck, the nomination of Mr. Hanback was made unanimous. Mr. Hanback came before the convention, and thanked them for their confidence and support. Messrs. Herron and Dixon also made speeches, pledging the nominee their hearty and cordial support.

The following Central Committee was appointed: Cheyenne, A. M. Brenneman; Decatur, L. A. Bariteau; Ellis, H. P. Wilson; Ellsworth, Leo Herzig; Graham, James Justus; Gove, J. B. McClannahan; Jewell, H. Van Tilborg; Lincoln, J. D. Miller; Mitchell, W. H. Mitchell; Norton, Ed. Hoverson; Osborne, W. H. Burke; Phillips, D. L. Smith; Russell, Theo. Ackerman; Rooks, L. C. Smith; Rawlins, James D. Greason; Smith, L. C. Headley; Sheridan, G. W. Crane; St. John, Chas. McGhee; Sherman, John Bray; Thomas, Thomas Reid; Trego, J. A. Nelson; Wallace, J. S. Jenks. The Central Committee met, and organized by electing W. H. Mitchell, of Beloit, Chairman, and L. C. Smith, of Stockton, Secretary.

MAY 31.—The Wichita & Western done to Kingman.

JUNE 1.—The University Catalogue gives a history of the institution. "The University of Lawrence," Presbyterian, was opened April 11, 1859. The "Lawrence University of Kansas" was chartered January 9, 1861. Amos A. Lawrence gave the city of Lawrence \$10,000 for a "school of high grade." The Legislature of 1864 chartered the University of Kansas. The act of Congress of January 29, 1861, gave it seventy-two sections of land; the city of Lawrence gave forty acres of land. The first meeting of the Board of Regents was held March 21, 1865.

JUNE 1.—The State Normal School has 605 pupils.

—The Report on Forestry by the U. S. Department of Agriculture, contains three reports by F. P. Baker, and a large amount of Kansas matter.

—E. N. Morrill is the leading member of the House in securing pensions for deserving soldiers.

—Burning of a mill at Clay Center; loss, \$40,000.

JUNE 4.—The University, at its Twelfth Commencement, has 50 graduates: 25 collegiate, 14 normal, 8 law, 3 music.

JUNE 6.—The Republicans, at Chicago, nominate James G. Blaine for President, on the fourth ballot, and John A. Logan for Vice President, by acclamation. Blaine's vote on the different ballots was, first, 334½; second, 349; third, 375; fourth, 544. Arthur was his strongest opponent. On the first ballot Kansas voted 12 for Blaine, 4 for Arthur, 1 for Logan. Cyrus Leland jr., of Troy, is appointed member of the National Committee for Kansas.

JUNE 10.—George R. Peck delivers the annual address at Manhattan, Solon O. Thacher at Lawrence, and H. E. Sadler at Bethany.

JUNE 11.—Death of D. B. Emmert, at Albuquerque, N. M.

JUNE 12.—The Normal School has twenty-three graduates this year.

—Democratic Congressional Convention of the Sixth District, at Downs. Called to order by C. Van Allen. W. D. Covington, Chairman; W. A. Fallas, Secretary. Informal ballot for candidate: T. M. Helm 5, J. S. Rogers 14, L. C. Uhl 9, W. D. Covington 1. On the formal ballot Mr. Uhl had one majority.

JUNE 15.—Death of J. G. Bayne, at Anthony.

JUNE 17.—Death, at Emporia, of Jesse Foulks, father of Charles M. Foulks.

JUNE 18.—Charles Francis Adams jr. is elected President of the U. P. road.

—The Railroad Commissioners and the railroads agree in adjusting freight rates.

JUNE 21.—Hiawatha World: "Col. Charles R. Jennison, formerly of the Seventh Kansas, died, in Leavenworth, June 21, aged 50. Col. Jennison was a native of Jefferson county, New York. He had lived in Kansas since '57 or '58, when he settled in Linn county. There he was engaged with John Brown and Capt. Jas. Montgomery in protecting the Free-State border, and was known as 'Doc.' Jennison. He was very brave, bright, generous, whole-souled—the warmest and truest of friends. It was he who made the new Kansas word, 'jayhawker' (born in Miami county), a State and national word. He could coin thoughts and phrases that would sweep through the army and the people, and blossom in Union triumphs. Fruitful in expedients and measures, and quick as lightning to push them. An uneducated man, but a thrilling speaker. The keenest and brightest Colonel we had, but with no conception of discipline, and no soldier. The helping friend of the needy, always and everywhere."

—Opening of the Byram Hotel, at Atchison.

—Suicide of Isaac B. Sharp, of Wyandotte.

—Chester Thomas sr. appointed Receiver in the Land Office, at Prescott, A. T.

—Gov. Glick pardons Peter Mugler and five other saloon-keepers, now in the Saline county jail.

—Temperance meetings, convictions and pardons continue.

JUNE 23.—The people of Salina publicly condemn Gov. Glick for pardoning convicted whisky-sellers.

JUNE 24.—Ward B. Burnett dies, in Washington. Born in Pennsylvania, in 1811; graduated at West Point, in 1832; Surveyor General of Kansas and Nebraska, 1858 to 1861.

—Inter-State Sunday School Assembly, at Ottawa.

JUNE 24.—Republican Congressional Convention, of the Second District, at Paola. Called to order by W. A. Johnson. L. Bradbury, Temporary Chairman, and R. P. Rice, Secretary. Permanent Chairman, J. V. Donaldson, of Linn; Secretaries, Wm. M. Thacher, of the Lawrence Journal, and R. P. Rice, of the Fort Scott Monitor. On motion of G. A. Colton, E. H. Funston was renominated for Congress, by acclamation. The result was wired to Funston by W. H. Browne, of Paola; J. H. Limbocker, of Fort Scott, and Col. Colton. Speeches by Senators Blue and Buchan.

JUNE 25.—Meeting of women, in Topeka, to form a Woman's Suffrage Association. *Officers elected:* President, Mrs. Hetta P. Mansfield, of Winfield; Vice President at Large, Mrs. Anna C. Waite, of Lincoln; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Bertha H. Ellsworth, of Lincoln; Recording Secretary, Miss Georgiana Daniels, of Eureka; Treasurer, Mrs. D. A. Millington, of Winfield; Vice President and members of the Executive Committee—Prof. W. H. Carruth, Lawrence; Mrs. Judge Griswold, Leavenworth; Miss Sarah Hurtell, Columbus; Mrs. Anna Taylor, Wichita; Miss Myra Willetts, Independence; Mrs. W. P. Roland, Cherryvale; Judge Lorenzo Westover, Clyde; V. P. Wilson, Abilene; Albert Griffin, Manhattan; Mrs. A. O. Carpenter, Emporia; Mrs. Noble Prentiss, Atchison; Mrs. S. S. Moore, Burden; Mrs. Emma Faris, Carneiro; Mrs. Houghton and Mrs. Farrer, Arkansas City; Mrs. Finley, Topeka. Chaplain, Rev. S. S. Cairns, of Winfield.

The platform demands the right to vote at municipal and Presidential elections; the submission of amendments striking the word "male" from the State and United States Constitutions; and denounces the recent action of Gov. Glick in refusing to issue notary public commissions to women as contrary to precedent, common sense, and justice; and declares that his excuse that he desires to protect women from being imposed upon is an insult to the intelligent womanhood of Kansas; and pledge themselves to use every honorable effort to keep him from occupying any position of public trust or honor.

JUNE 26.—The House passes a bill already passed by the Senate, for a new Soldiers' Home in the West.

JUNE 26.—“To Mexico by Palace Car,” written by James W. Steele, and published by Jansen, McClurg & Co., Chicago. It is characterized by keen observation, delicate humor, and the poet’s dreamy, delightful imagery.

JUNE 27.—Funeral, at Leecompton, of E. H. Greene, a Kansas pioneer, and a prominent laborer for Sunday Schools.

—John M. Walden, formerly of Kansas, is now a Methodist Bishop.

JUNE 30.—The Wichita & Western is operating to Kingman.

JUNE 30.—Assessed valuation of all property in the State, \$237,020.-391. Tax levy, $4\frac{1}{2}$ mills; tax, \$1,066,591. Miles of railroad, main track, assessed, 4,020; assessment, \$28,455,807; per mile, \$7,078.

JUNE.—“The Land of the Rising Sun,” by Mrs. C. F. Wilder; published by Woman’s Foreign Missionary Society, Boston. “The Land of the Rising Sun is a pamphlet from the able pen of Mrs. C. F. Wilder, and contains a large amount of concentrated information concerning Japan, very attractively presented.”—Mrs. Dr. Warren, in *Heathen Woman’s Friend*.

JUNE 30.—Summary of appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30:

<i>For what purpose appropriated.</i>	<i>Amount appropriated.</i>	<i>Amount drawn.</i>	<i>Balance undrawn.</i>
Executive Department.....	\$13,700 00	\$12,680 91	\$1,019 09
Secretary of State's Department.....	7,450 00	7,448 10	1 90
Auditor of State's Department.....	7,800 00	7,800 00	.....
Treasurer of State's Department.....	9,450 00	9,449 95	05
Attorney General's Department.....	19,700 00	13,708 88	5,991 12
Superintendent of Public Instruction's Department.....	5,500 00	5,415 86	84 14
Adjutant General's Department.....	3,000 00	3,000 00	.....
Executive Council.....	10,150 00	10,140 53	9 47
State printing.....	42,517 41	42,517 21	20
State Board of Agriculture.....	8,000 00	7,923 08	76 92
State Librarian.....	5,200 00	5,136 23	63 77
State Historical Society.....	2,550 00	2,550 00	.....
Insurance Department.....	5,300 00	5,300 00	.....
State Horticultural Society.....	1,845 00	1,845 00	.....
Legislative expenses.....	5,530 05	510 20	5,019 85
Legislative expenses, special session.....	20,161 48	13,635 53	6,525 95
Supreme Court.....	16,650 00	16,207 40	442 60
District Judges.....	45,000 00	45,000 00	.....
State University.....	33,825 00	33,824 38	62
State Agricultural College.....	9,000 00	9,000 00	.....
Blind Asylum.....	15,975 00	15,974 29	71
Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	32,000 00	31,994 63	5 37
Insane Asylum, Topeka.....	64,000 00	62,537 15	1,462 85
Insane Asylum, Osawatimic.....	100,000 00	99,921 47	78 53
Asylum for Idiotic and Imbecile Youth.....	7,500 00	7,500 00	.....
Home for Friendless Women.....	2,400 00	2,400 00	.....
St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum.....	2,400 00	2,400 00	.....
Kansas Orphan Asylum.....	2,400 00	2,400 00	.....
Maintenance destitute insane.....	15,434 18	12,588 05	2,846 13
Reform School.....	20,000 00	19,999 63	37
Penitentiary.....	124,660 00	120,822 75	3,837 25
Trustees State Charitable Institutions.....	3,250 00	3,250 00	.....
Regents State University.....	1,000 00	905 20	94 80
Regents State Agricultural College.....	1,500 00	1,414 90	85 10
Regents State Normal School.....	1,500 00	1,484 80	15 20
Directors State Penitentiary.....	1,200 00	869 40	330 60
Capitol extension.....	99,169 29	97,823 49	1,345 80
State Agent at Washington, D. C.....	12,000 00	4,862 39	7,137 61
Conveying prisoners to the Penitentiary.....	15,000 00	6,474 48	8,525 52

APPROPRIATIONS—CONCLUDED.

<i>For what purpose appropriated.</i>	<i>Amount appropriated.</i>	<i>Amount drawn.</i>	<i>Balance undrawn.</i>
County Normal Institutes.....	\$4,050 00	\$3,550 00	\$500 00
Commissioner of Fisheries.....	1,500 00	1,500 00	.....
Railroad Commissioners.....	12,000 00	11,522 72	477 28
University interest fund.....	21,513 68	16,097 83	5,415 85
State Mine Inspector.....	2,000 00	2,000 00	.....
Samaritan Mission.....	1,200 00	1,200 00	.....
State Normal School.....	5,800 00	5,795 96	4 04
Buildings—Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	25,000 00	24,993 36	6 64
Buildings—Insane Asylum, Osawatomie—fire protection.....	12,932 00	12,223 16	708 84
Buildings—Insane Asylum, Topeka.....	96,657 00	85,079 74	11,577 26
Ford county—balance.....	2,118 64	422 55	1,696 09
Miscellaneous appropriations—C. G. Scrafford.....	39 53	13 00	26 53
Miscellaneous appropriations.....	15,012 65	9,988 91	5,023 74
Water Works, State Penitentiary.....	12,000 00	579 15	11,420 85
Total.....	\$1,005,540 91	\$923,682 27	\$81,858 64

JULY 1.—The report of Samuel T. Howe, Treasurer, says \$61,800 of State debt due July 1, '83, and \$189,675 due July 1, '84, has been provided for. The State debt is \$930,500.

—The report of W. A. Johnston, Attorney General, gives the history of the quo warranto proceedings against the Kansas Pacific, and against John Foster, and the mandamus to compel the Southern Kansas to build a road from Lawrence to Leavenworth. The K. P. case was argued March 6; April 21, the Supreme Court reversed the Circuit Court. In the Southern Kansas case, the railroad company, June 6, filed its petition for a removal of the case to the U. S. Circuit Court.

—There are 244 Lodges and 10,848 Odd Fellows in the State; Lodge receipts, \$91,020.

JULY 2.—Williams College confers the degree of Doctor of Laws on John J. Ingalls.

JULY 7.—Solon O. Thacher appointed Commissioner to Central and South America, with two others, to learn the best mode of increasing our trade with those countries.

JULY 11.—The Democrats, at Chicago, nominate Grover Cleveland for President; and Thos. A. Hendricks for Vice President.

JULY 15.—Anti-slavery, wheat, corn, fruit, cattle, prohibition, have given the State a proud name, but Kansas leads in mind; so much of it, and so well distributed—no great man, no domination—universal intellectual activity; working, thinking, writing, printing, pushing in a hundred fields and directions. And the children will surpass the fathers and mothers.

JULY 16.—Republican State Convention, at Topeka. Called to order by A. L. Redden. W. W. Walton reads the call. L. J. Perry nominates J. J. A. T. Dixon for Temporary Chairman; L. J. Perry, F. T. Fitzpatrick, and L. M. Bedell, Secretaries. The following committees were appointed:

On Credentials: First District, T. P. Moore, Jackson county; 2d, John

Schilling, Brown; 3d, W. C. Sherman, Shawnee; 4th, John T. Lanter, Anderson; 5th, C. H. Graham, Coffey; 6th, W. R. Biddle, Linn; 7th, D. H. Phillips, Woodson; 8th, A. K. Johnson, Morris; 9th, T. T. Taylor, Reno; 10th, B. F. Hollenbeck, Johnson; 11th, T. P. Anderson, Cherokee; 12th, Will H. Smith, Marshall; 13th, Tell W. Walton, Sumner; 14th, A. C. Spillman, McPherson; 15th, Geo. H. Case, Jewell; 16th, C. P. Townsley, Barton; 17th, Wm. Bissell, Phillips; 18th, E. N. Smith, Butler.

On Rules and Order of Business: First Judicial District, R. C. Bassett, Nemaha county; 2d, Edwin Snyder, Jefferson; 3d, Dr. E. A. Worthing, Pottawatomie; 4th, Dr. Thornburg, Franklin; 5th, W. W. Scott, Lyon; 6th, William Rice, Bourbon; 7th, John A. Scott, Wilson; 8th, M. E. Clark, Davis; 9th, H. B. Childs, Harvey; 10th, I. O. Pickering, Johnson; 11th, S. O. Fletcher, Labette; 12th, B. R. Hogan, Republic; 13th, C. R. Mitchell, Cowley; 14th, A. L. Vorhees, Russell; 15th, J. S. McDowell, Smith; 16th, S. J. Hale, Rush; 17th, A. J. Davis, Rooks; 18th, C. S. Finch, Harper.

Bernard Kelley, of Wichita, moved that a Committee on Resolutions, consisting of one member from each judicial district and three from the State at large, be appointed by the Chair.

D. R. Anthony moved, as an amendment, that the delegates of each judicial district be allowed to select the member for that committee wanted by the district.

A division being called for, the roll was called by counties, resulting as follows: Whole number of votes cast 344, of which the amendment received 178 to 166 against.

On Resolutions: First District, M. M. Beck, Jackson county; 2d, P. Krohn, Atchison; 3d, Albert Griffin, Riley; 4th, Robert Atkinson, Franklin; 5th, J. V. Admire, Osage; 6th, A. H. Tanner, Bourbon; 7th, F. F. Kirkpatrick, Wilson; 8th, V. P. Wilson, Dickinson; 9th, J. G. Eckles, Rice; 10th, D. E. Cornell, Wyandotte; 11th, H. C. Cook, Labette; 12th, H. G. Higinbotham, Clay; 13th, B. Kelley, Cowley; 14th, T. F. Garver, Saline; 15th, John D. Robinson, Jewell; 16th, J. C. Strang, Pawnee; 17th, A. H. Ellis, Mitchell; 18th, F. E. Gillett, Kingman. At large—D. W. Wilder, of Brown county; E. C. Titus, Shawnee; and A. H. Ellis, Mitchell.

On Permanent Organization: First Congressional District, Cyrus Leland, Doniphan county; 2d, Wm. Rogers, Miami; 3d, S. H. Smith, Cherokee; 4th, E. N. Smith, Butler; 5th, T. F. Garver, Saline; 6th, B. J. F. Hanna, Trego; 7th, W. E. Stanley, Sedgwick.

The Committee on Permanent Organization reported, Geo. J. Barker, of Lawrence, for President; L. J. Perry, of Paola, for Secretary; C. S. Martin, of Salina, and S. O. McDowell, of Cherokee, Assistant Secretaries.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

JULY 17.—The following platform was adopted:

Resolved, That the Republicans of Kansas proudly meet in convention to-day, to rejoice over the victory of principles that have glorified our career since we first met

in Osawatomie twenty-five years ago. Every promise then made has been grandly redeemed. We have made Kansas free, and the Nation free, and have kept step to the music of the Union in taking the lead in every measure that has secured human rights, and elevated morals and citizenship.

Resolved, That we indorse and ratify the nomination of James G. Blaine and John A. Logan, the first citizen of the Republic and the brave and gallant Union soldier, and we pledge to them the largest majority ever given to our National standard-bearers.

Resolved, That the National Republican platform meets with our hearty and enthusiastic indorsement as the best statement of living principles ever presented to the American people. Its firm position in adhering to the protection of American industry, in demanding the enforcement of the inalienable rights of man, in opposing land monopoly and corporate monopoly, meets with our cordial approval.

Resolved, That prohibition has, by a vote of the people, without distinction of party, been adopted as the organic law of this State.

Resolved, That we favor a faithful and honest enforcement of the Constitutional Amendment, that the full effects of prohibition may be realized, that the declared will of the people may be respected, and that the majesty of the law may be vindicated.

Resolved, That as under the constitution and laws of the State, all errors and irregularities of the inferior courts may be corrected by proper proceedings in the Supreme Court, a tribunal now composed of members of both of the great political parties of the State, the recent action of Governor Glick, in exercising the pardoning power to relieve guilty persons from the just penalties of law-breaking, solely upon the grounds of alleged wrongs and irregularities existing at the trials, when they have not sought a review of their cases in the Supreme Court, is an unwarranted usurpation by the Chief Executive, of the judicial power of the State, and it is an attempt to destroy the confidence of the people in the courts, thereby exciting lawlessness and disobedience to public authority; and such conduct on the part of the Governor, under solemn oath to obey the constitution and enforce the law, merits and deserves the condemnation of all good citizens, irrespective of party affiliations and regardless of personal views as to the policy of prohibition.

Resolved, That as corporations derive their powers from the State, and are responsible to the State for the manner in which they exercise such powers, we demand that the present railroad law be so strengthened and amended as to remove its cumbersome features, and to unequivocally vest in the Board of Railroad Commissioners all necessary power to accomplish the ends sought to be attained, and to compel a compliance with the reasonable orders of the Board, made with reference to those matters as to which, under the provisions of said law, such Board has but an advisory jurisdiction. The railway companies of the State are entitled to a fair and reasonable remuneration for services performed by them, but they are not authorized, and should not be permitted, to establish rates for the purpose of obtaining revenue to be applied in payment of dividends on illegal and excessive issues of stock, or interest upon fictitious indebtedness, and we pledge ourselves to support such laws and measures as may be necessary to prevent and discontinue such practices.

Resolved, That the Republican party of Kansas, as ever in its history, maintains the equality of all men before the law, without regard to color or previous condition of servitude, and will adhere in the future to that policy which in the past, in this State, placed the civil rights of all men on a plane where no adverse decision of a court, high or low, could affect them.

Resolved, That the Republican party of Kansas unites its voice with the Nation at large in commendation of the wise, pure, and eminently satisfactory administration of President Arthur, and that the profoundest gratitude of the Republicans of this State be and the same is hereby tendered to our Chief Magistrate for his brave and fearless veto of the disgraceful Democratic measure, the 'Fitz John Porter bill,' thus rescuing the whole country from deep humiliation and shame, which would have followed its passage."

D. R. Anthony moved as an amendment to the resolution on prohibition the following: "Resolved, That we favor a Constitutional Convention." He moved that the vote be taken by roll-call, and that the

chairman of each county delegation announce the vote of the delegation. The vote resulted as follows: Yeas, 62; nays, 296.

The resolutions as reported by the committee were then unanimously adopted.

The rules were suspended, and A. H. Horton nominated by acclamation for Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.

The Convention proceeded to vote for Associate Justice. Whole number of votes cast, 350; necessary to a choice, 176. W. A. Johnston 170½, J. J. Buck 81, J. W. Day 69½, L. W. Keplinger 15, H. G. Stevens 14.

Second ballot: Johnston 192½, Buck 87½, Day 70, Stillings 1; and Mr. Johnston was declared nominated.

The rules were suspended, and John A. Martin nominated for Governor by acclamation. Col. Martin was called for, and appeared and made a brief speech.

Ballot for Lieutenant Governor: A. P. Riddle 259, H. M. Aller 80, R. L. Walker 11, Theo. Sternberg 2.

Secretary of State: William Higgins 120, W. F. Henderson 38, E. B. Allen 92, H. L. Millard 63, George D. Orner 35, D. R. Anthony 1.

Second ballot: Allen 235½, Higgins 116½.

Mr. Townsend, of Leavenworth, placed the name of E. P. McCabe before the Convention for Auditor of State, and moved that with the rules suspended, he be nominated by acclamation. It was done, amid great cheering.

On motion of Chancellor Marvin, Samuel T. Howe was also nominated by acclamation for Treasurer of State.

Attorney General: S. B. Bradford 101, D. C. Nellis 99, J. B. Clogston 94, A. B. Campbell 59.

Second ballot: Bradford 136, Clogston 105, Nellis 103, Campbell 3.

Third ballot: Bradford 151, Nellis 129, Clogston 71.

Fourth ballot: Bradford 178, Nellis 177.

The friends of Nellis raised objection to this vote, because Ford county had voted, which had not been the case on any other ballot; they refused to make his nomination unanimous, and called for another vote. The roll was called, with the following result: Bradford 227, Nellis 148.

Superintendent of Public Instruction: H. C. Speer 84, Wm. Bishop 42, J. H. Lawhead 52, J. H. Lee 13, A. V. Jewett 4, Porter Sherman 25, Geo. M. Stearns 38, Wm. Wheeler 21, Geo. W. Jones 48, E. Stanley 5, Ed. Smith 6, W. E. Cochran 5, Prof. Carmichael 32.

Second ballot: Lawhead 145, Speer 102, Bishop 45, Stearns 25, Stanley 20, Wheeler 9, Lee 8.

Third ballot: Lawhead 240, Speer 84, Bishop 20.

State Central Committee: At large—George J. Barker, Lawrence; P. I. Bonebrake, Topeka; E. B. Purcell, Manhattan; Wirt W. Walton, Clay Center; J. G. Eckles, Lyons; H. E. Richter, Council Grove; W. B. Townsend, Leavenworth. First District, S. C. Milligan; 2d, Philip Kelley; 3d, M. S. Beal; 4th, A. T. Sharpc; 5th, Harrison Kelley; 6th, W. R. Biddle; 8th, W. S. Stambaugh; 9th, A. L. Greene; 10th, A. G. Talbott;

11th, J. E. Bryan; 12th, William Conner; 13th, Asa Thompson; 14th, D. B. Long; 15th, J. S. McDowell; 16th, W. R. Hoole; 17th, L. K. Pratt; 18th; E. N. Smith. Chairman, P. I. Bonebrake; Secretary, Wirt W. Walton.

JULY 17.—Convention, at Topeka, of the Prohibition Home Protection party. On motion of M. V. B. Bennett, Hugh Cameron, of Douglas county, was made Chairman, and G. F. Kimball Secretary.

Election of Delegates at Large: James F. Legate, of Leavenworth; M. V. B. Bennett, of Cherokee; A. M. Richardson, of Douglas; J. H. Byers, of Greenwood.

District Delegates: First District, S. L. North, and H. B. Callahan of Leavenworth; 2d, G. F. Kimball of Douglas, W. D. Hoover of Paola; 3d, H. G. Webb of Labette, Miles Brown of Cherokee; 4th, A. B. Jetmore. J. C. Hebbard of Shawnee; 5th, Geo. Westover, Thos. Owens of Cloud; 6th, Dr. Seaver of Rooks, Joel Holt of Mitchell; 7th, Rev. Mr. Duncan of Cowley, I. S. Jennings of Sedgwick.

State Central Committee: Hugh Cameron, J. F. Legate, M. V. B. Bennett, Rev. J. H. Byers, Rev. A. M. Richardson.

The delegation was instructed to vote for John P. St. John, of Kansas, as a candidate for the office of President of the United States.

JULY 24.—The Prohibitionists, at Pittsburgh, nominate John P. St. John, of Kansas, for President, and Wm. Daniel, of Maryland, for Vice President.

JULY 25.—The Relief Corps of the G. A. R., at Minneapolis, Minnesota, elect Mrs. Thos. J. Anderson Vice President of the National organization.

JULY 25.—Methodist Camp Meeting, at Bismarck. Officers elected: President, William Stevenson, of Wyandotte; Vice President, W. R. Davis, of Baldwin City; Secretary, L. A. Rudisill, of Topeka; Treasurer, A. J. Coe, North Topeka. S. E. Pendleton, George Winterbourne and P. T. Rhodes were elected as an Executive Committee.

JULY 29.—Address of S. A. Kingman, at Wyandotte, on the twenty-fifth anniversary of the adjournment of the Constitutional Convention. It contains a biography of Samuel A. Stinson. Of the fifty-two members of the Convention, twenty-nine are dead. J. C. Burnett and John A. Martin were appointed to arrange for a meeting in Topeka, January 29, 1886.

AUGUST 1.—W. D. Howells, in the Century, reviews Howe's "Story of a Country Town."

—The Central Law Journal, of St. Louis, says of Judge Horton: "He is a man who neglects nothing. All his work is done solidly, and bears the test of scrutiny and time."

AUGUST 7.—A pamphlet issued, "Official Facts About Kansas," by E. C. Little.

AUGUST 8.—M. D. Tenney, of Davis county, nominated for Congress by the Greenback Convention, at Clay Center.

AUGUST 9.—F. G. Adams gives a history of the Kickapoo cannon, in the Commonwealth.

AUGUST 13.—Gov. Glick declares a quarantine against cattle from Texas, Arkansas, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, and Florida, until November 1.

AUGUST 15.—J. W. Sponable gives Paola \$500 for a city library.

AUGUST 20.—Convention, at Topeka, of Republicans who favor the resubmission of the prohibitory amendment. Called to order by Joel Huntoon. J. G. Mohler, Temporary Chairman; Frank Herald, Secretary.

Committees: On Credentials, George W. Veale, J. C. Pusey, C. Reed, A. L. Dodge, Charles Collins, Aulmer Coates, and C. M. McLaren; on Resolutions, David Overmyer, John Hoensheidt, S. W. Smith, George W. Martin, Harry Cline, G. A. W. Bone, and Ed. Fritsche; on Permanent Organization and Order of Business, H. A. Pierce, Frank Furlee, W. J. Taylor, D. S. Lockwood, H. P. Long, W. B. Lowe, and C. B. Hamilton.

The temporary are made the permanent officers. The report of the committee is a long recital of grievance; in conclusion it declares,

"In view of the result of the gubernatorial election in this State two years ago, and the present dissatisfaction, it is evident there can be no harmony or peace in the Republican party until this question is settled and removed from politics, and for that purpose we insist on a resubmission of the prohibitory question to a vote of the people; and to this end we will unite with all good citizens holding similar views and working for similar results."

H. D. Baker, of Salina, moved that a conference committee of seven be appointed to confer with the Democratic Convention. The committee was ordered, and appointed as follows: H. D. Baker, Salina; J. E. Anderson and H. A. Pierce, of Wabaunsee; G. W. Steenrod, of Sedgwick; Joel Huntoon, of Shawnee; Geo. W. Martin, of Davis; Charles Collins, of Reno. Adjourned.

AUGUST 21.—H. D. Baker, from the Committee on Conference with the Democratic party, reported that they had notified the Democratic Convention of their appointment, but had not received any word from them. They offered the following resolutions, moved their adoption, and asked to be discharged:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this Convention that it is inexpedient at this time to place in nomination a State ticket.

"2. It is recommended to the Resubmission Republican Convention of Kansas to look well to the standing of candidates for legislative, gubernatorial and judicial offices, upon the question of resubmission.

"3. It is recommended that no candidates for legislative, gubernatorial or judicial office be supported for election who are not known to be, and who will not pledge themselves, for resubmission.

"4. The Resubmission Republicans, in convention assembled, heartily compliment and commend the Hon. George W. Glick for the manly and honest course he has taken, and the fight he has made, in behalf of the personal liberty of the people of Kansas."

A committee from the Democratic Convention was then ushered in, and Mr. Moss, the Chairman, announced to the Convention that they had been delegated to inform the Resubmission Convention, there

assembled, that the Democratic Convention had unanimously, and by a rising vote, nominated C. K. Holliday for Lieutenant Governor, and that the committee was also instructed to invite the Convention to meet with them in a body when they had finished their business. A motion to ratify the nomination of C. K. Holliday was adopted. The report of the Conference Committee was then adopted.

A motion by G. W. Martin for the appointment of a State Central Committee carried, and the following names were announced as members of such Committee: George W. Martin, Davis county; H. D. Baker, Saline; G. W. Steenrod, Sedgwick; Frank Herald, Shawnee; G. W. Veale, Shawnee; Dennis Jones, Leavenworth; Chas. Collins, Reno; Alf. Mayer, Atchison; S. W. Smith, Cherokee; P. J. Muir, Montgomery; H. A. Pierce, Wabaunsee; R. A. Van Winkle, Atchison; E. N. O. Clough, Leavenworth. Adjourned.

AUGUST 20.—Democratic State Convention, at Topeka. W. C. Perry, of Fort Scott, called the convention to order, and nominated A. A. Harris, of Bourbon, as Temporary Chairman. Committees had been previously prepared by the State Central Committee, and were announced as follows:

Committee on Permanent Organization: First District, J. W. Gardner; 2d, C. C. Burnes; 3d, J. B. Oliver; 4th, J. B. Howe; 5th, J. P. G. Kremer; 6th, W. C. Perry; 7th, Moses Neal; 8th, M. J. Keys; 9th, Mat McDonald; 10th, J. T. Highly; 11th, B. F. Devore; 12th, D. B. Lowe; 13th, J. M. Walker; 14th, W. S. Gile; 15th, C. A. Earll; 16th, F. C. Hawkins; 17th, H. A. Yonge; 18th, Burt Venable.

On Credentials: First District, H. Miles Moore; 2d, Henry Isley; 3d, A. C. Merritt; 4th, George Currier; 5th, Frank Bucher; 6th, ——— Shoemaker; 7th, S. G. Lewis; 8th, Jerry Sheahan; 9th, J. H. McKinstry; 10th, Dr. J. B. Wood; 11th, G. W. Brown; 12th, L. W. Borton; 13th, John Lee; 14th, John Shank; 15th, W. G. Girard; 16th, Col. T. S. Janes; 17th, L. C. Clark; 18th, J. P. Grove.

On Rules and Order of Business: First District, S. Hayden; 2d, F. M. Vernon; 3d, John B. Gifford; 4th, Alex. Oliver; 5th, J. M. McCown; 6th, H. G. McKey; 7th, J. M. Dunsmore; 8th, Isaac Sharp; 9th, J. M. Haverhill; 10th, H. S. Swingley; 11th, A. L. Hunt; 12th, M. E. Hull; 13th, I. M. McIntire; 14th, M. B. Tilden; 15th, J. H. Hughes; 16th, G. S. Mose; 17th, G. T. Ketchum; 18th, Dr. A. Bassett.

On Resolutions: First District, Thomas Moonlight; 2d, A. P. Harold; 3d, J. H. Moss; 4th, J. E. Riggs; 5th, Charles Stackhouser; 6th, L. H. Sallee; 7th, H. D. Dickson; 8th, James Ketner; 9th, Charles Beecher; 10th, W. A. Ochiltree; 11th, G. T. King; 12th, William Becker; 13th, Thomas George; 14th, William O'Connor; 15th, Thomas McNulty; 16th, Thomas Lahey; 17th, J. H. Schaffer; 18th, W. P. Campbell.

Adjourned.

AUGUST 21.—The Committee on Permanent Organization reported the name of A. S. Everest for Permanent Chairman. Vice Presidents,

Frank T. Lynch, A. A. Harris, C. M. Ralston, H. E. Norton, James Ketter, W. S. Gile, W. H. Carry.

H. Miles Moore was elected Permanent Secretary, with E. S. Bertram, J. M. McCown, H. A. Yonge, assistants.

PLATFORM.

Resolved, 1. The Democracy of Kansas, this day in State Convention assembled, at Topeka, do hereby subscribe to the time-honored principles of the party, as given to us by the National Democratic Convention, which convened at Chicago, on the 8th day of July, 1884. We are proud of that grand assemblage of statesmen, who gave to us the choice of the Democracy of the country for President and Vice President, Grover Cleveland, of New York, and Thomas A. Hendricks, of Indiana; and we pledge them our hearty and undivided support in the coming election.

2. The administration of Geo. W. Glick, as Governor of this commonwealth, commends itself to every fair-minded citizen, without respect to party, because it has been wise, pure, strong, and convincing. The interests of all our people have been attended to. One million two hundred and fifty-nine thousand acres of land have been reclaimed to the State, and is now open for homestead and settlement. Large amounts of railroad lands, which have hitherto escaped county and State taxation, have been placed upon the tax-rolls of the various counties. The rates of fare and freight have been greatly reduced on all lines of railroads within our State. The cattle disease which threatened to paralyze the live-stock industry of the State, was promptly checked and confidence restored. The pardoning power has been sparingly and wisely exercised, and only where the sentence was unjust, or unusually severe, or where the trial was partial, unfair, and not in accord with the spirit of our constitution and the recent decisions of the Supreme Court. The stream of immigration which had been turned from our borders during a former administration has again been restored, and two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants added to our population; and, finally, the giving of majority and minority representation on the Boards of all the public institutions of the State, thereby lifting them above party control, and making them public blessings to all our people.

3. That constitutional prohibition has been fruitful of discord, perjury and discrimination; has not lessened the evils of intemperance, but rather destroyed the pure fire-side influences, which must ever be the loving power to control the appetites of the weak and wayward; that it has never been indorsed or acquiesced in by a majority of our people; that it is an assault upon the liberty of the citizen; that it has destroyed and literally confiscated private property, without compensation; and that it is not in harmony with the spirit of a free people to dictate to the individual what he shall eat, drink, or wear, or what religion, if any, he shall profess. In view of the foregoing, and for other reasons, we demand a resubmission of the prohibitory amendment, and pledge ourselves to work unceasingly for this object. We demand a repeal of the present obnoxious and unjust law for the enforcement of prohibition, and in its stead a well-regulated license system, rigidly enforced, whereby the interests of true temperance may be promoted, and the liberty of the citizen restored; and we reiterate the views of our worthy candidate for President, in his letter of acceptance, "that laws unnecessarily interfering with the habits and customs of any of the people, which are not offensive to the moral sentiments of the civilized world and which are consistent with good citizenship and the public welfare, are unwise and vexatious."

4. We congratulate the people of the State on the successful establishment by law of a Board of Railroad Commissioners, with statutory enactments for their guidance, the necessity for which was clearly presented to the people by George W. Glick, in his canvass for Governor and in his inaugural message to the Legislature. As a result, the railroad charges for transportation of passengers and freight have been materially reduced in the past year, thereby saving to the people of the State several millions of dollars, and guaranteeing to the producer and shipper unchanging tariffs for the transportation of future products. Where the railroads in the State have yielded obedience to this law, and have modified their charges in harmony with its provisions, it should be accepted by the people as an act of good faith on their part, and entitles them to just

and impartial treatment by our Legislature as industries of incalculable value to the State; and we demand such additional legislation as may be necessary to do exact justice between the railroads and the people.

5. That the good work of restoring the public lands to the State for homestead settlement be continued until the last acre is recovered; and that corporations and foreign powers be not permitted to acquire and fence in tracts of lands to the injury of the settlers.

6. That all public lands of the United States, wherever situated, should be opened to actual settlement, and we are therefore in favor of opening up for occupancy by actual settlers all such lands now comprised within the boundaries of the Indian Territory, and we emphatically denounce as unjust and outrageous the arrest and removal of actual settlers from such lands by United States troops. The continued refusal by the United States Government to permit the question in relation to the title to lands located in the so-called Indian Territory to be decided by the United States courts, is an outrage upon the rights of all citizens, and a cowardly evasion of a direct call to answer a question of vital importance to such citizens.

7. That the laboring classes require the fostering care of our Legislature and the protecting hand of official power in their struggle for "life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness." This we pledge to them now in the spirit of pure Democracy, which has ever been the friend of labor; and that we denounce and will oppose the importation of foreign pauper labor under contract to compete with our citizens; and further, that we are opposed to convict labor as being in opposition to the free labor of our country.

8. That we respectfully invite the coöperation of all good citizens, without respect to party, who can give a hearty indorsement to this, our platform of principles, touching the questions involved between the political parties in our State.

A communication from the Resubmission Convention, asking for a conference committee to meet with a like committee from their convention, was read.

Mr. Fenlon moved the appointment of a committee of seven to meet the other party. T. P. Fenlon, J. M. Galloway, Joseph Donahoe, J. H. Shaffer, Frank Dale, H. A. Yonge and R. A. Trimble were appointed.

The conference committee made its report, recommending that the Resubmissionists have one representative on the ticket.

The report was adopted, and the committee discharged.

George W. Glick renominated for Governor, by acclamation, C. F. Cochrane making the nominating speech. Governor Glick appears, and makes a speech.

Thomas P. Fenlon, as chairman of the conference committee, arose and placed before the Convention for the office of Lieutenant Governor the name of C. K. Holliday, of Topeka. He said that it was not at the dictation of any outside party or interest that he suggested Colonel Holliday, but as a recognition of the principles represented by the Resubmission Convention. Colonel Holliday was nominated by acclamation.

The Resubmission Convention had adjourned, and its delegates appeared in the Senate chamber. They were received by the Democratic delegates, standing, waving their hats and cheering. Speeches were called for from Mohler, Veale, Overmyer, and others.

Frank Lynch placed before the Convention, for Secretary of State, the name of Eugene Hagan, of Topeka.

The rules were suspended, and Mr. Hagan was elected by acclamation.

For Auditor of State, Hugh V. Gavigan, J. F. Hammond and Taylor

F. Nichols were nominated. H. V. Gavigan 204, J. F. Hammond 92, T. F. Nichols 11.

W. A. Huliman was placed in nomination for Treasurer of State; the rules were suspended, and his nomination made by acclamation.

George P. Smith, of Humboldt, was placed in nomination for Attorney General. His nomination was made by acclamation.

M. J. Keyes, of Ottawa, was unanimously nominated for Superintendent.

W. P. Cambell, for Chief Justice, was nominated by acclamation.

T. A. Hurd, of Leavenworth, was then nominated for Associate Justice.

The following Presidential Electors were chosen: First District, W. W. Sargent; 2d, J. B. Chapman; 3d, B. F. Devore; 4th, T. P. Fulton; 5th, James Ketner; 6th, H. A. Yonge; 7th, J. B. Fugate. At large, Thomas Moonlight and George S. King.

State Central Committee: First District, M. Gephart; 2d, A. J. Birchfield; 3d, J. T. Ellicott; 4th, Prescott Bowen; 5th, David Eppinger; 6th, J. M. Galloway; 7th, W. C. Jones; 8th, A. J. Buchanan; 9th, J. G. Johnson; 10th, J. T. Highley; 11th, J. P. DeGurrett; 12th, F. M. Frasier; 13th, J. M. Walker; 14th, John Foster; 15th, H. A. Yonge; 16th, J. B. Brinkman; 17th, John Schlyer; 18th, E. E. McAdams.

The Chairman announced his appointment of seven committeemen at large: W. C. Perry of Fort Scott, Edward Carroll of Leavenworth, C. C. Burnes of Atchison, Jno. Mileham of Topeka, Jno. M. Shaffer of Jewell Center, and W. H. Camp of Iarned. An organization was effected by the election of W. C. Perry, Chairman; H. Miles Moore, Secretary; Edward Carroll, Treasurer.

The Executive Committee appointed consists of the three officers named, together with C. C. Burnes, W. C. Jones, John Mileham, H. E. Norton, and John M. Galloway.

AUGUST 21.—Publication of "Travels in search of a Settlers' Guide-Book of America and Canada." By Geo. Jacob Holyoake. London: Trübner & Co. pp. 148. The author gave a copy to W. F. White, of the Santa Fé. He saw Kansas with keen eyes, and describes our South-west with a bright and pungent pen.

AUGUST 27.—State Convention of the National Greenback-Labor party, at Topeka. The temporary officers selected were: Charles Moody, of Jewell, Chairman, and W. J. A. Montgomery, of Douglas, Secretary.

Committee on Permanent Organization and Order of Business: First District, B. H. Oldfield; 2d, A. J. Jennings; 3d, J. W. Briedenthal; 4th, Wm. King; 5th, C. Bunnell; 6th, O. M. Clung; 7th, Wm. Ross.

On Credentials: First District, J. W. Huber; 2d, E. H. Snow; 3d, K. H. Barackman; 4th, E. Smalley; 5th, W. H. T. Wakefield; 6th, H. A. Hart; 7th, S. Fields.

On Resolutions: First District, Jesse Piggott and A. J. R. Smith; 2d, S. W. Case and George W. Crouse; 3d, J. J. McFeeley and E. H. Ben-

ham; 4th, J. W. Pack, Shawnee, and C. H. Dixon, Osage; 5th, J. M. Limbocker and J. N. Vincent; 6th, C. H. Moody and H. A. Hurt; 7th, J. H. Franklin and J. J. Hunt.

Permanent Organization: Chairman, S. D. Underwood, of Davis; Secretary, W. J. A. Montgomery, of Douglas; Assistant Secretaries, J. W. Briedenthal, of Labette, and A. S. Jennings, of Sedgwick.

Presidential Electors: First District, J. C. Duell; 2d, D. G. Campbell; 3d, J. J. McFeeley; 4th, C. W. Marsh; 5th, W. D. Vincent; 6th, H. A. Hart; 7th, William Ross. At large, A. J. Utley and S. D. Underwood.

State Central Committee: First District, B. H. Oldfield; 2d, C. T. Sears; 3d, E. H. Benham; 4th, C. Corning; 5th, J. H. Limbocker; 6th, C. J. Lamb; 7th, J. H. Franklin. At large—H. P. Vrooman, Shawnee county; A. J. Utley, Osage county; Allen Williams, Douglas county; W. J. A. Montgomery, Douglas county; J. G. Cougher, Wyandotte county.

Nominations: Governor, H. L. Phillips, of Miami county; Lieutenant Governor, John W. Briedenthal, of Labette county; Secretary of State, J. C. Hebbard, of Shawnee county; State Treasurer, D. H. Heflebower, of Miami; Auditor, W. H. T. Wakefield, of Dickinson county; Attorney General, H. L. Brush, of Elk county; State Superintendent of Public Instruction, Miss Faunie Randolph, of Lyon county; Chief Justice Supreme Court, H. P. Vrooman, of Shawnee county; Associate Justice Supreme Court, J. D. McBrian, of Chautauqua county.

The Central Committee was empowered, in accordance with Ben Butler's suggestion, to effect a fusion with the weaker party, and the Convention adjourned.

Platform: The platform indorses the national platform adopted at Indianapolis, May 28, 1884; also, the nomination of Benj. F. Butler for President; indorses woman suffrage; refuses to take a position on prohibition; and expresses the usual Greenback doctrine upon land, money, &c.

August 27.—Mrs. L. H. Delahay gives to the Historical Society the files of the Leavenworth Register, published by M. W. Delahay. The first issue was dated July 7, 1855. It was mobbed December 22.

August 28.—First District Democratic Convention, at Leavenworth. *Officers:* President, Charles Hayden; Vice Presidents, H. B. Wey, Thos. R. Bayne, Dr. Thompson, J. H. Beeson, John O'Flanagan, Samuel Osterhold, M. Foley, H. A. Wilken; Secretaries, E. E. Murphy, A. F. Hardwicke; Assistant Secretaries, Henry Schindler, Henry Burnett, Fred. Willard, Jos. Newenhaus, N. B. Perry, L. Weil.

The resolutions indorse the National and State Democratic platforms, compliment the administration of Gov. Glick, and call for a resubmission of the prohibitory amendment.

C. F. Cochran placed the name of Thos. P. Fenlon before the convention. Walter N. Allen, Mr. Williams, Mr. Fagin, and Mr. Tholen seconded the nomination.

Mr. Fenlon's nomination was made by a unanimous rising vote. A

committee was appointed to escort him into the convention. He appeared, and made a speech of acceptance.

—Jacob Stotler buys the Wellington Press.

AUGUST 30.—Fire at Muscotah; loss, \$20,000.

SEPTEMBER 1.—Baker University has 213 students. W. H. Sweet is President. The Professors are W. I. Graham, C. A. Weaver, C. S. Parmenter, Ida A. Ahlborn, and G. W. Hoss.

Washburn College has 219 students. Peter McVicar, President. Professors: George M. Stearns, J. T. Lovewell, Francis W. Cragin, Luther D. Whittemore, Orestes H. St. John, E. Lincoln Wood, Miss Euncie A. Lyman, Miss Natali Thómae, Miss Carrie F. Barnes, Miss Mannie Smith, and M. A. Pond.

Highland University has 121 students. H. D. McCarty, President. Professors: Edward A. Morse, Daniel Kloss, W. E. Lewis, Mrs. E. E. Herrick, and Mrs. L. A. Seaver.

Fort Scott Normal College has 391 students. D. E. Sanders, President. Professors: Wm. Stryker, Anna Campbell, Charles Vickrey, W. S. Tegarden, H. J. Bauer, A. G. Hough, F. S. Mickey, D. F. Bryant, F. F. Dickman, and J. K. Oliver.

SEPTEMBER 2.—Old Settlers' meeting, at Lawrence; the thirtieth anniversary of the settlement. *Officers:* President, Charles Robinson; Vice Presidents, Fred. P. Stanton, J. W. Denver, S. J. Crawford, J. M. Harvey, T. A. Osborn, G. T. Anthony, J. P. St. John, George W. Glick, J. A. Martin, C. K. Holliday, C. H. Branscomb, D. R. Anthony, J. P. Root, C. B. Lines, J. P. Usher, Kersey Coates, F. P. Baker, and S. D. Lecompte; Secretaries, F. G. Adams, C. L. Edwards, H. Miles Moore, W. M. Thacher, and C. S. Glead. Speeches by Governor Robinson, J. D. Bowersock, Governor Glick, F. P. Baker, Fred. P. Stanton, J. P. Root, C. B. Lines, and John H. Rice. On the 3d, speeches by Governor Thomas Carney, Sidney Clarke, John Ritchie, Charles H. Branscomb, John A. Martin, J. W. Denver, C. K. Holliday, James M. Harvey, James F. Legate, C. H. Lovejoy, and J. S. Emery. The Executive Committee was J. S. Emery, C. H. Branscomb, Charles Robinson, D. R. Anthony, J. H. Wilder, and D. H. Horne. The new committee is Charles Robinson, Samuel A. Kingman, Wm. Critchfield, Mrs. O. A. Hanscomb, Mrs. J. S. Emery, all of Lawrence; R. B. Armstrong, of Wyandotte; and J. C. Burnett, of Topeka. C. L. Edwards is continued as Secretary.

SEPTEMBER 2.—Third Party Prohibition Convention, at Lawrence, A. M. Richardson presiding.

Presidential Electors nominated: S. L. North, Leavenworth; E. Clark, Olathe; Theodore Wilson, Cherokee; R. L. Lotz, Emporia; Theo. Owen, Concordia; C. P. Stevens, Mitchell county; T. C. Miller, Rice county. At large, J. S. Stockton, Wyandotte; M. V. B. Parker, Olathe.

A resolution was passed, as follows:

"Resolved, That we believe it to be to our best interest to waive our power of nominating State officers, and leave the matter to each member to act individually, and that we use our best endeavors to secure the election of the National Prohibition ticket."

About forty members bolt from the convention, meet at night, and nominate the following ticket: Governor, A. B. Jetmore, of Topeka; Lieutenant Governor, Miles Brown, of Cherokee county; Associate Justice, J. D. McBrian, of Chautauqua; Secretary, J. C. Hebbard, of Shawnee; Treasurer, Wm. Battles, of Morris county; Chief Justice, H. P. Vrooman, of Topeka; Attorney General, R. Simmons, of Elk; Auditor, Allen Williams, of Lawrence; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Fannie Randolph, of Lyon county.

SEPTEMBER 4.—The Capital publishes the constitution of the Army of Liberty, a secret anti-prohibition society.

—Fire at Wamego; loss, \$20,000.

—Second edition of Howe's "Country Town;" published by Osgood & Co., Boston.

—Biography of Sol. Miller, in the *Hiawatha World*, by N. L. Prentis and the editor.

SEPTEMBER 9.—J. H. Bond, Topeka, writes, W. H. Clark sets to music, Mr. Bond engraves, and Mr. Sexton prints, "My Little Kansas Home."

SEPTEMBER 10.—Democratic Convention, Fifth Congressional District, meets, at Junction City. Eight of the ten counties of the district represented. L. W. Borton, of Cloud, Permanent Chairman, and T. J. C. Smith, Secretary. A. A. Carnahan nominated for Congress. The convention indorsed the National and State platforms and tickets of the Democratic party. District Committee: L. H. Sitts, of Dickinson; C. E. Gifford, of Clay; J. J. McFarland, of Cloud; J. R. McClure, of Davis; William Taylor, of Republic; Thomas Harcher, of Riley; T. J. C. Smith, of Washington; M. J. Keyes, of Ottawa; D. B. Powers, of Saline.

SEPTEMBER 10.—Democratic Convention, Seventh Congressional District, meets, at Hutchinson; D. M. Dale, of Wichita, presiding. Amos Harris of Sedgwick, Charles Bucher of Harvey, and H. M. Bickel were placed in nomination. Bickel was finally nominated by acclamation.

SEPTEMBER 10.—Col. A. B. Jetmore declines the Prohibition nomination for Governor, and says he shall support the Republican nominees.

—Gen. B. F. Butler speaks at the Topeka Fair Ground.

—Kansas is moving, the G. A. R. at the head, to secure the Soldiers' Home.

SEPTEMBER 11.—The State Fair stockholders elect as Directors: E. N. Morrill, of Hiawatha; A. S. Johnson, P. I. Bonebrake, A. W. Sells, Wm. Sims, J. R. Mulvane, Topeka; W. H. Gill, Larned; F. Wellhouse, Leavenworth; D. A. Valentine, Clay Center; L. Severy, Emporia; S. M. Wood, Chase county; E. B. Purcell, Manhattan; and I. N. Insley, of Jefferson county. E. N. Morrill, President; Geo. Y. Johnson, Vice President; Joab Mulvane, Secretary and Treasurer.

SEPTEMBER 12.—State Veterinary Association formed. A. A. Holcombe, President; Dr. Young, of Abilene, Vice President; Ed. R. Allen, of Topeka, Secretary; Dr. Wilhite, of Emporia, Treasurer. Board of

Censors, W. D. Eppersou of Ottawa, C. L. Moulton of Leavenworth, D. P. Young of Abilene, J. H. Wilhite of Emporia; O. W. Murphy of Lawrence.

SEPTEMBER 15.—The Haskell Institute, with twenty-three Indian students, opened in Lawrence.

SEPTEMBER 18.—Col. A. M. York writes to Governor Glick: "We will give \$2,000 for proof that the Benders were killed, and with such proof we believe we can trace their connection with others."

SEPTEMBER 19.—Claims for the Soldiers' Home presented before the Board, at Dayton, O.

SEPTEMBER 21.—A. W. Mann, Mayor of Burr Oak, is shot by a circus performer and dangerously wounded; Mayor Mann was acting as an officer to preserve peace.

—The Capital gives a history of John C. Vaughan.

SEPTEMBER 22.—Corn sells in Chicago at 80 cents and wheat at 75 cents; a corner on corn.

SEPTEMBER 23.—M. W. King Solomon Grand Lodge of F. and A. A. Masons meets at Topeka, in its sixteenth annual communication. The grand officers are as follows: Capt. W. D. Matthews, of Leavenworth, Grand Master; W. P. Turner, B. W. G. S. W., Newton; George Foster, R. W. G. J. W., Paola; Roley Couch, R. W. G. T., Lawrence; Samuel Burdett, R. W. G. T., Emporia; Abraham Woods, R. W. G. T. *pro tem.*, Parsons. The Grand Lodge is composed of sixty-six lodges, with a membership of a little over 600 members.

—Constant Poirier, proprietor of the large vineyard at Wathena, ships in one day ten tons of grapes to Herman, Mo. When the prohibitory law passed, he stopped making wine.

SEPTEMBER 25.—Conference of the M. E. Church South, at Council Grove, Bishop Parker presiding.

—The Congregational Association meets in Topeka. Officers chosen: Moderator, Robert Kerr, of Wakefield; Registrar, L. Blakesley, of Topeka.

—Members of Soldiers' Home Board examine sites in Atchison and Leavenworth.

SEPTEMBER 26.—The Soldiers' Home Managers, at St. Louis, decide upon Leavenworth as the location. That city gives 640 acres of land as the site, and \$50,000 in aid of the erection of buildings. The Home will be built on a full section of land three miles below Leavenworth, having a frontage of one mile on the Missouri river.

SEPTEMBER 28.—The Commonwealth says Samuel Lappin will soon be arrested, and gives a history of his connection with the Treasury.

SEPTEMBER 29.—Meeting of the Kaw Valley Evangelical Association, at Wamego. P. T. Rhodes, President; J. W. Crawford, Secretary.

SEPTEMBER 30.—A hearing, at Elwood, before W. H. Rossington, Special Master, of St. Joseph & Western Railroad matters; the road is to be sold.

SEPTEMBER.—Celebration, in Topeka, of the first century of colored Free-Masonry in America, dating from the foundation of Prince Hall Lodge, Boston. Eleven Lodges, and several thousand people present. Bishop John M. Brown, of Washington, D. C., lays the corner-stone of the A. M. E. Church.

OCTOBER 1.—Proclamation declaring Finney county organized, and appointing officers as follows: H. M. Wheeler, A. B. Kramer, and John Speer, County Commissioners; and H. E. Wentworth, County Clerk; county seat at Garden City.

—Cattle quarantine proclamation.

—Meeting, at Manhattan, of the State Missionary Society of the Christian Church.

—Benj. F. Simpson is campaigning in Ohio.

—Meeting, at El Dorado, of the Presbytery of Emporia.

OCTOBER 7.—Harry McKay, of Topeka, is with Gen. Wolseley's expedition on the Nile, in Egypt.

OCTOBER 8.—Meeting of Grand Lodge of Good Templars, at Topeka. Officers elected: G. W. C. T., P. S. Loofbourrow; V. T., Mrs. M. F. Willford; C., A. D. Billings; S., Miss Ada Peck; T., L. Brown; C., Rev. G. S. Dearborn; M., James A. Troutman. Representatives to R. W. G. L., in Toronto, Canada: James A. Troutman of Topeka, and L. Brown of Girard; alternates, James Grimes and Rev. G. S. Dearborn. Chief Superintendent of Juvenile Templars, Mrs. E. D. Garlick.

OCTOBER 12.—The new United Presbyterian church in Topeka dedicated.

OCTOBER 13.—Destructive prairie fire in Rush and Ellis counties; it stops at the Smoky Hill.

OCTOBER 14.—Meeting of Grand Lodge I. O. O. F., in Topeka. Officers elected: George W. Jones, Grand Master; J. A. Campbell, Deputy Grand Master; J. C. Welch, Grand Warden; S. F. Burdett, Grand Secretary; L. Mayo, Grand Treasurer; Charles H. Krebs, Grand Representative to the Sovereign Grand Lodge.

The Grand Master made the following appointments: Rev. J. A. Bright, Chaplain; W. A. Cormany, Conductor; F. B. Reed, Guardian; A. R. Wilkin, Marshal; H. E. Hubbell, Herald; G. S. Hall, Messenger; John M. Price, Instructor; Deputy Grand Instructors—First District, H. M. Waller; Second District, L. S. Cambern; Third District, Levi Empie; Fourth District, G. A. McMillen; Fifth District, H. C. Hibberd; Sixth District, William Matthewson.

—Burlington Patriot: "Squire A. Jones, of LeRoy, informs us that he and Thomas Crabtree were the first settlers in Coffey county; Mr.

Jones coming to LeRoy in December, 1854, and Mr. Crabtree a trifle earlier. He says Levi Heddens and Wm. Vandever were the next, coming here in January, 1855."

OCTOBER 14.—Sixth State convention of the W. C. T. U., at Topeka. Mrs. Fanny Rastall elected President.

OCTOBER 15.—Meeting, at Salina, of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society of the M. E. Church. President, Mrs. Bishop Ninde.

—The Printers' Association of the Northwest has been organized, at Downs, with the following officers; J. N. Fuller, Gaylord Herald. President; L. C. Headley, Gaylord Herald, Vice President; H. S. Woodward, Phillipsburg Herald, Secretary; Franz Drummond, Portis Patriot, Assistant Secretary.

—The Presbyterian Synod of Kansas embraces the Presbyteries of Emporia, Highland, Indian Territory, Larned, Osborne, Solomon, and Topeka. There are 210 ministers in the Synod, and 321 churches. The whole number of church members is 14,289.

OCTOBER 19.—Fire at St. Marys; loss, \$11,000.

—Haskell & Son, Atchison, are printing a history of the United States, written by J. B. Mansfield, of Ellingham. It is a tirade against the Celts; probably never completed.

—State Librarian H. J. Dennis issues his report. The Library has 20,906 volumes, all law books except 4,061. A. W. Tyler is making a catalogue.

OCTOBER 22.—Meeting of the Sons of Temperance, in Cherokee. Officers elected: L. R. Elliott, of Manhattan, G. W. P.; Mrs. Mary E. Price, of Cherokee, G. W. A.; John A. Allen, of Manhattan, G. W. T.; Chas. Hare, of Spring Hill, G. W. C.; J. F. Price, of Cherokee, G. W. Conductor; O. D. McFarlin, of Pittsburg, G. W. S.; I. A. Coons, G. W. P. Representatives to the National Division: I. A. Coons, M. DeForest, L. R. Elliott, J. A. Allen, Chas. Hare, Mary E. Price, and H. W. Stackpole.

OCTOBER 23.—The Sheriff of Tacoma, W. T., arrives in Topeka with Samuel Lappin. The Commonwealth of the 25th gives an account of his wanderings, in South America and the United States.

—Harper Graphic: "There is a constant stream of white-topped wagons passing through town, going westward." So in every Kansas county for thirty years.

—The Commonwealth gives John B. Dunbar's definition of Topeka—"good place to dig potatoes." He adds: "The word Topeka, or To-pyokae, by a natural enlargement, was frequently used by the Iowas and Omahas, as the name of the Kansas river; but not, I think, by the Kansas Indians. Their name for it was Kansa, *swift*."

—Methodist Sunday School Convention, in Topeka. Officers elected: Wm. Stevenson, President; Ira J. Tabor, C. W. Gullett, A. T. Riley, and N. F. Natzfar, Vice Presidents; L. A. Ruidisill, Secretary; P. T. Rhodes, Treasurer. In conjunction with the officers, a Board of Trustees was

elected, as follows: A. J. Coe, A. S. Johnson and J. W. Deal, of the Kansas Conference; Judge Cunningham, R. M. Scott and H. W. Chaffee, of the South Kansas Conference; A. P. George, G. F. Hargis, and A. H. Natzger, of the Southwest Kansas Conference; J. H. Lockwood, R. A. Hoffman and J. C. Dana, of the Northwest Kansas Conference.

—Reception of Bishop W. X. Ninde, at the episcopal residence, Topeka.

OCTOBER 28.—Atchison Globe: "Ellen P. Allerton's celebrated Kansas poem, 'Walls of Corn,' has been issued as a pictorial advertisement by the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad. Every couplet is given an illustration, and we regard it as much the most attractive and effective advertisement Kansas has yet received."

OCTOBER 28.—Gov. Glick goes through the State on a special train; appears at the end of a car, and makes a brief speech; great enthusiasm; moves on.

OCTOBER 29.—Ex-Gov. Harvey leaves Kansas for Virginia, on account of bad health.

OCTOBER 29.—The Congregationalists celebrate, in Lawrence, their thirtieth Kansas anniversary. Opening sermon by J. B. Richardson, of Hiawatha. Linus Blakesley, of Topeka, Moderator; F. E. Sherman, of Stockton, Secretary. Addresses by A. C. Hogbin of Sabetha, Joel Harper of Burlington, John G. Haskell, S. D. Storrs, Daniel Evans, Peter McVicar, Richard Cordley, Frank T. Ingalls, S. O. Thacher, Profs. L. W. Spring and F. H. Snow, T. D. Thacher, Joseph Savage, S. N. Simpson, and others.

NOVEMBER 1.—George E. Tewksbury writes, for the Santa Fé Immigration Department, "The New King of Kansas; a Sketch." The king is grass. It is a brilliant, sparkling story, happily illustrated.

—S. Lappin gives a bond of \$6,000 to appear before the Shawnee County District Court, and is released.

NOVEMBER 4.—Election. Cleveland and Hendricks elected President and Vice President. The result is not known until November 15. Cleveland's plurality of 1,078, in New York, elects him. The Prohibition vote in New York is 25,006. St. John stumped in that State, and assisted the Democrats.

—Albert Griffin's Manhattan Nationalist says: "It is true that St. John is hated; but the reason is that hundreds of thousands of Prohibitionists believe he is a hypocritical scoundrel, who has used a glorious cause to advance his own personal ends, and sacrificed it to gratify his own vanity and spleen. The dramsellers, distillers and brewers of the land do not generally join in the chorus of denunciation. A vast majority of the anathemas now hurled at his head go forth from the churches and homes he has betrayed."

—The Democrats soon start a radical Prohibition paper in New York city.

VOTE FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.								
	<i>Thos. Montfort</i>	<i>G. S. King</i>	<i>W. W. Sargent</i>	<i>J. R. Chapman</i>	<i>B. F. Devore</i>	<i>P. T. Fulton</i>	<i>James Ketcher</i>	<i>H. A. Yonge</i>	<i>J. R. Plaque</i>
Elk.....	927	925	925	925	925	925	925	925	925
Ellis.....	571	562	871	571	571	571	571	571	571
Ellsworth.....	752	752	752	752	752	752	752	752	752
Ford.....	537	536	544	541	544	544	544	544	544
Franklin.....	997	997	997	997	997	997	997	997	997
Finney.....	163	163	163	163	163	163	163	163	163
Graham.....	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109
Greenwood.....	1,047	1,047	1,047	1,047	1,047	1,047	1,047	1,047	1,047
Harpur.....	1,006	1,006	1,006	1,006	1,006	1,006	1,006	1,006	1,006
Harvey.....	1,172	1,172	1,172	1,172	1,172	1,172	1,172	1,172	1,172
Hodgeman.....	121	124	124	124	124	124	124	124	124
Jackson.....	1,133	1,132	1,132	1,132	1,132	1,132	1,132	1,132	1,132
Jefferson.....	1,654	1,655	1,655	1,655	1,655	1,655	1,655	1,655	1,655
Jewell.....	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Johnson.....	1,392	1,392	1,392	1,393	1,392	1,392	1,392	1,392	1,392
Kingman.....	911	911	911	911	911	911	911	911	911
Labette.....	2,094	2,094	2,094	2,094	2,094	2,094	2,094	2,094	2,094
Leavenworth.....	3,479	3,487	3,487	3,487	3,487	3,487	3,487	3,487	3,487
Lincoln.....	472	472	472	472	472	472	472	472	472
Linn.....	1,043	1,043	1,043	1,043	1,043	1,043	1,043	1,043	1,043
Lyon.....	1,519	1,518	1,519	1,519	1,519	1,519	1,519	1,519	1,519
Marion.....	1,037	1,037	1,037	1,037	1,037	1,037	1,037	1,037	1,037
Marshall.....	1,891	1,891	1,891	1,891	1,891	1,891	1,891	1,891	1,891
McPherson.....	1,004	1,004	1,004	1,004	1,003	1,003	1,004	1,004	1,004
Miami.....	1,694	1,688	1,688	1,688	1,688	1,688	1,688	1,688	1,688
Mitchell.....	840	839	840	840	840	840	840	840	839
Montgomery.....	2,187	2,180	2,180	2,180	2,180	2,180	2,180	2,180	2,180
Morris.....	778	778	777	777	777	777	777	777	777
Nemaha.....	1,587	1,586	1,586	1,584	1,586	1,586	1,586	1,586	1,586
Neosho.....	1,536	1,536	1,536	1,536	1,536	1,536	1,536	1,536	1,536
Ness.....	192	192	192	192	192	192	192	192	191
Norton.....	307	307	307	307	307	307	307	307	307
Osage.....	1,261	1,261	1,261	1,261	1,261	1,261	1,261	1,261	1,261
Osborne.....	642	642	642	642	642	642	642	641	642
Ottawa.....	861	861	861	861	861	861	861	861	861
Pawnee.....	302	302	302	302	302	302	302	302	302
Phillips.....	469	469	469	469	469	469	469	469	469
Pottawatomie.....	1,699	1,696	1,693	1,693	1,693	1,693	1,693	1,693	1,692
Pratt.....	463	463	463	463	463	463	463	463	463
Rawlins.....	165	165	165	165	165	165	165	165	165
Reno.....	1,170	1,170	1,170	1,170	1,170	1,170	1,170	1,170	1,168
Republie.....	1,014	1,014	1,015	1,015	1,015	1,014	1,010	1,015	1,008
Rice.....	906	906	906	906	906	906	906	906	906
Riley.....	644	644	644	644	644	644	644	644	644
Rooks.....	403	403	403	403	403	403	403	402	403
Rush.....	303	303	303	303	303	303	303	303	303
Russell.....	404	453	453	453	453	453	453	453	453
Saline.....	1,053	1,053	1,053	1,053	1,053	1,053	1,053	1,053	1,053
Sedgwick.....	2,466	2,467	2,467	2,466	2,467	2,467	2,466	2,466	2,462
Shawnee.....	2,501	2,482	2,482	2,482	2,482	2,482	2,482	2,482	2,482
Sheridan.....	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48
Smith.....	685	685	685	685	685	685	685	685	685
Stafford.....	276	276	276	276	276	276	276	276	276
Sumner.....	2,548	2,548	2,548	2,548	2,548	2,548	2,548	2,548	2,548
Trego.....	139	139	139	139	139	139	139	139	139
Wabauusee.....	798	799	799	799	799	799	799	799	799
Washington.....	1,391	1,390	1,390	1,390	1,390	1,390	1,390	1,390	1,390
Wilson.....	1,145	1,145	1,145	1,145	1,145	1,145	1,145	1,145	1,145
Woodson.....	635	635	635	635	635	635	635	635	635
Wyandotte.....	2,301	2,301	2,301	2,301	2,301	2,301	2,301	2,301	2,301
Totals.....	90,111	90,092	90,132	90,130	90,121	90,121	90,123	90,128	90,110

VOTE FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.								
	A. J. Uley.....	S. D. Underwood.....	J. C. Duell.....	D. G. Campbell.....	J. J. McFeeley.....	C. W. Marsh.....	W. D. Vincent.....	H. A. Hart.....	William Ross.....
Reno.....	132	132	132	132	132	132	132	132	132
Republic.....	74	74	71	74	74	74	74	71	74
Rice.....	130	130	130	130	130	130	130	130	130
Riley.....	262	262	263	263	263	263	263	263	263
Rooks.....	188	188	188	188	188	188	188	191	187
Rush.....									
Russell.....	29	29	29	29	39	29	29	29	29
Saline.....	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
Sedgwick.....	442	442	442	441	442	442	449	89	88
Shawnee.....	129	129	129	129	129	130	129	129	129
Sheridan.....	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Smith.....	399	400	399	400	399	400	399	400	400
Stafford.....	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102
Sumner.....	462	462	463	462	462	463	462	463	462
Trego.....	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
Wabausnee.....	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Washington.....	141	141	141	141	141	141	141	141	141
Wilson.....	146	146	146	146	146	146	146	146	146
Woodson.....	135	135	135	135	135	135	135	135	135
Wyandotte.....	153	153	153	153	153	153	158	153	153
Totals.....	16,341	16,341	16,335	16,340	16,337	16,339	16,346	15,985	15,951

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.										
	J. S. Stockton.....	M. V. B. Parker.....	S. L. North.....	E. Clark.....	Theodore Wilson.....	R. L. Holz.....	Thomas Owens jr.....	C. P. Stephens.....	T. C. Miller.....	C. E. Wheeler.....	Scattering.....
Allen.....	25	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	.....	.....
Anderson.....	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	.....	.....
Atchison.....	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	.....	.....
Barber.....											
Barton.....	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	.....	.....
Bourbon.....	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	.....	.....
Brown.....	48	48	48	48	47	47	48	47	47	.....	.....
Butler.....	187	187	187	187	187	187	187	187	187	.....	.....
Chase.....	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	.....	.....
Chautauqua.....	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	.....	.....
Cherokee.....	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	.....	.....
Clay.....	122	122	122	122	122	122	122	122	122	.....	.....
Cloud.....	223	223	223	223	223	223	223	223	223	.....	.....
Coffey.....	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	.....	74
Cowley.....	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	.....	.....
Crawford.....	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	.....	.....
Davis.....	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	.....	.....
Decatur.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	.....	8
Dickinson.....	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	.....	59
Doniphan.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	.....	.....
Douglas.....	236	236	236	236	236	236	236	236	236	.....	.....
Edwards.....	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	.....	.....

VOTE FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS—CONCLUDED.

COUNTIES.	NAMES OF PERSONS VOTED FOR.										
	<i>J. S. Stockton</i>	<i>M. V. B. Parker</i>	<i>N. L. North</i>	<i>E. Clark</i>	<i>Theodore Wilson</i>	<i>R. L. Lutz</i>	<i>Thomas Owens Jr</i>	<i>C. P. Stephens</i>	<i>T. G. Miller</i>	<i>G. E. Wheeler</i>	<i>Seafaring</i>
Elk.....	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	.....	.....
Ellis.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ellsworth.....	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	.....	.....
Ford.....	.....	9	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	9	.....
Franklin.....	100	109	109	109	108	108	108	108	108	.....	122
Finney.....	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	.....	.....
Graham.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Greenwood.....	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	.....	.....
Harper.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Harvey.....	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	.....	.....
Hodgeman.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jackson.....	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	.....	.....
Jefferson.....	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	.....	.....
Jewell.....	.....	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	.....
Johnson.....	323	323	323	323	323	323	323	323	323	.....	.....
Kingman.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	.....	.....
Labette.....	149	149	149	149	149	149	149	149	149	.....	.....
Leavenworth.....	77	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	.....	.....
Lincoln.....	8	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	29
Linn.....	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	.....	.....
Lyon.....	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	.....	.....
Marion.....	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	.....	.....
Marshall.....	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	52	51	.....
McPherson.....	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	.....
Miami.....	91	91	91	91	91	91	91	91	91	91	.....
Mitchell.....	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	.....
Montgomery.....	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	.....
Morris.....	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	.....
Nemaha.....	86	86	86	86	86	86	84	84	84	84	.....
Neosho.....	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	.....
Ness.....	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	.....
Norton.....	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	.....	.....
Osage.....	117	119	118	118	117	117	117	117	117	117	.....
Osborne.....	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	.....
Ottawa.....	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	.....
Pawnee.....	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	.....
Phillips.....	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	.....
Pottawatomie.....	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	.....
Pratt.....	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	.....
Rawlins.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	.....
Reno.....	92	94	92	93	92	92	93	92	94	.....	.....
Republic.....	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	.....
Rice.....	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	.....
Riley.....	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	.....
Rooks.....	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	.....
Rush.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Russell.....	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	.....	49
Saline.....	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	.....
Sedgwick.....	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	.....
Shawnee.....	154	154	154	154	154	154	154	154	154	154	.....
Sheridan.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Smith.....	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	.....
Stafford.....	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	.....
Sumner.....	79	79	79	61	79	79	79	79	79	79	.....
Trego.....	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	.....
Wabaunsee.....	39	39	39	39	39	40	39	39	39	39	.....
Washington.....	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	.....
Wilson.....	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	.....
Woodson.....	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	.....
Wyandotte.....	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	.....
Totals.....	4,311	4,492	4,495	4,475	4,472	4,483	4,492	4,495	4,490	155	314

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS.

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR.					LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.				
	<i>John A. Martin</i>	<i>G. W. Gitch</i>	<i>H. L. Phillips</i>	<i>John Martin</i>	<i>Scodering</i>	<i>A. P. Riddle</i>	<i>Cyrus K. Holliday</i> ...	<i>Jno. W. Bredenbath</i> ..	<i>Miles Brown</i>	<i>Scodering</i>
Allen	1,733	1,414	25	.....	.....	1,857	1,282	60	.....	.....
Anderson	1,685	1,059	191	.....	.....	1,732	882	328	.....	.....
Atchison	3,043	2,966	18	.....	.....	3,196	2,816	28	.....	.....
Barber	827	753	68	.....	.....	892	765	58	.....	.....
Barton	990	1,165	35	.....	.....	1,052	1,097	47	.....	.....
Bourbon	2,902	1,952	80	.....	.....	2,977	1,752	198	25	.....
Brown	2,213	1,596	25	.....	1	2,390	1,411	31	.....	.....
Butler	3,136	2,108	157	.....	.....	3,229	1,901	259	.....	.....
Chase	956	891	12	.....	.....	1,068	824	17	.....	1
Chautauqua	1,709	1,234	221	.....	.....	1,723	1,175	266	.....	.....
Cherokee	2,548	2,460	624	.....	.....	2,551	2,178	915	.....	.....
Clay	2,147	1,200	190	.....	.....	2,270	1,021	255	.....	.....
Cloud	2,364	1,557	203	.....	.....	2,624	1,264	80	196	.....
Coffey	1,862	1,447	76	.....	.....	1,935	1,332	91	.....	.....
Cowley	3,578	2,793	143	.....	1	3,720	2,429	314	11	.....
Crawford	2,987	2,366	168	.....	.....	2,997	2,265	248	.....	.....
Davis	723	856	90	.....	.....	704	810	119	3	.....
Decatur	473	241	8	.....	.....	489	224	.....	8	.....
Dickinson	2,471	1,998	101	.....	3	2,505	1,768	304	.....	.....
Doniphan	1,984	1,327	.....	.....	.....	2,411	1,216	.....	.....	.....
Douglas	3,375	1,948	183	.....	.....	3,437	1,828	224	16	.....
Edwards	418	364	25	.....	.....	443	334	27	1	.....
Elk	1,723	1,149	146	.....	.....	1,759	1,055	213	.....	.....
Ellis	451	610	19	.....	.....	466	580	29	.....	.....
Ellsworth	923	918	20	.....	.....	987	897	22	.....	.....
Ford	568	670	28	.....	.....	673	545	57	.....	.....
Franklin	2,532	1,573	635	.....	.....	2,628	1,114	988	8	.....
Finney	227	160	2	.....	.....	225	162	1	1	.....
Graham	388	175	16	.....	.....	395	164	22	.....	.....
Greenwood	1,792	1,290	152	.....	1	1,985	1,072	273	.....	.....
Harper	1,540	1,197	215	.....	2	1,629	1,024	294	.....	.....
Harvey	2,072	1,394	53	.....	.....	2,093	1,361	122	36	.....
Hodgeman	263	131	32	.....	1	273	118	39	.....	.....
Jackson	1,768	1,185	8	.....	.....	1,832	1,185	3	16	.....
Jefferson	2,129	1,831	10	.....	.....	2,179	1,798	6	.....	.....
Jewell	2,343	1,348	366	.....	.....	2,433	1,011	518	81	.....
Johnson	2,101	1,722	154	.....	.....	2,189	1,601	173	9	.....
Kingman	1,256	1,052	84	.....	.....	1,345	930	104	.....	.....
Labette	3,454	2,347	128	.....	.....	3,431	2,042	522	11	.....
Leavenworth	3,196	3,993	35	.....	.....	3,368	3,799	44	.....	.....
Lincoln	829	790	71	.....	.....	815	684	84	9	.....
Linn	2,167	1,297	125	.....	.....	2,228	1,091	586	.....	.....
Lyon	2,931	1,887	178	.....	.....	3,092	1,641	238	39	.....
Marion	1,613	1,312	3	.....	.....	1,708	1,209	2	.....	.....
Marshall	2,646	2,157	67	.....	.....	2,662	1,992	188	.....	.....
McPherson	2,427	1,440	245	.....	1	2,623	993	423	.....	7
Miami	2,035	1,920	217	.....	.....	2,092	1,769	319	5	.....
Mitchell	1,742	1,019	167	.....	.....	1,804	998	206	9	.....
Montgomery	2,950	2,411	283	.....	.....	3,050	2,268	345	.....	.....
Morris	1,345	914	41	142	.....	1,536	809	91	12	.....
Nemaha	2,186	1,767	6	.....	2	2,285	1,668	6	1	.....
Neosho	2,084	1,762	200	.....	1	2,143	1,607	277	23	.....
Ness	368	250	49	.....	10	398	209	35	20	.....
Norton	779	373	70	.....	.....	795	354	76	.....	.....
Osage	3,114	1,892	488	.....	.....	3,261	1,441	768	14	.....
Osborne	1,558	757	91	.....	.....	1,623	639	129	.....	.....
Ottawa	1,510	1,121	64	.....	.....	1,544	1,013	95	.....	.....
Pawnee	755	347	9	.....	.....	781	313	10	.....	.....
Phillips	1,042	519	315	.....	.....	1,069	475	364	.....	.....
Pottawatomie	2,247	1,965	22	.....	14	2,365	1,800	68	.....	.....
Pratt	774	516	71	.....	.....	809	470	75	6	.....
Rawlins	192	177	.....	.....	.....	196	172	.....	.....	.....

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR.					LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.				
	<i>John A. Martin</i>	<i>G. W. Gluck</i>	<i>H. L. Phillips</i>	<i>John Martin</i>	<i>Scatterling</i>	<i>A. P. Riddle</i>	<i>Cyrus K. Holliday</i>	<i>John W. Briedenthal</i>	<i>Miles Brown</i>	<i>Scatterling</i>
Reno.....	1,984	1,381	113	.....	.....	2,036	1,267	118	.....	.....
Republic.....	2,261	1,180	113	.....	.....	2,350	1,070	92	46	.....
Rice.....	1,586	1,037	114	.....	.....	1,634	953	104	61	.....
Riley.....	1,497	968	146	.....	1	1,539	831	255	.....	.....
Rooks.....	990	484	131	.....	.....	1,011	427	167	.....	.....
Rush.....	471	332	35	.....	.....	496	308	39	.....	.....
Russell.....	909	556	7	.....	.....	786	455	26	6	.....
Saltne.....	1,912	1,634	2	.....	.....	1,957	1,586	2	.....	.....
Sedgwick.....	3,190	2,964	289	.....	.....	3,075	2,762	353	68	.....
Shawnee.....	5,607	3,040	90	.....	.....	5,549	3,055	76	29	.....
Sheridan.....	93	70	3	.....	.....	96	66	3	.....	.....
Smith.....	1,683	867	339	.....	.....	1,702	734	376	57	.....
Stafford.....	726	400	32	.....	.....	747	368	31	9	.....
Sumner.....	3,428	2,791	342	.....	.....	3,541	2,604	426	.....	.....
Trego.....	371	195	4	.....	.....	399	165	2	.....	.....
Wabaunsee.....	1,362	1,041	6	.....	.....	1,451	944	4	2	.....
Washington.....	2,584	1,637	86	.....	.....	2,659	1,510	127	.....	.....
Wilson.....	2,011	1,244	118	.....	.....	2,032	1,181	156	4	.....
Woodson.....	1,137	749	70	.....	.....	1,181	658	119	.....	.....
Wyandotte.....	3,031	2,614	94	.....	.....	3,201	2,374	129	.....	.....
Totals.....	146,777	108,284	9,998	142	38	152,065	97,875	14,325	842	8

COUNTIES.	SECRETARY OF STATE.				AUDITOR OF STATE.				
	<i>E. B. Allen</i>	<i>Eugene Hagan</i>	<i>J. C. Hubbard</i>	<i>Scatterling</i>	<i>E. F. McCabe</i>	<i>H. V. Garrigan</i>	<i>W. H. T. Wakefield</i>	<i>Allen Williams</i>	<i>Scatterling</i>
Allen.....	1,843	1,275	63	.....	1,768	1,297	58	4	.....
Anderson.....	1,750	853	323	.....	1,700	869	345	.....	.....
Atchison.....	3,359	2,645	29	.....	3,264	2,701	28	1	.....
Barber.....	912	842	81	.....	901	751	81	.....	.....
Bartou.....	1,051	1,096	47	.....	1,041	1,102	47	.....	.....
Bourbon.....	3,016	1,684	207	.....	2,919	1,712	183	37	.....
Brown.....	2,392	1,410	34	.....	2,351	1,435	33	1	1
Butler.....	3,235	1,906	272	.....	3,170	1,924	253	.....	.....
Chase.....	1,017	825	18	.....	972	820	19	1	.....
Chautauqua.....	1,724	1,168	275	.....	1,690	1,174	272	.....	.....
Cherokee.....	2,560	2,133	945	.....	2,460	2,182	922	33	.....
Clay.....	2,285	1,010	265	.....	2,256	999	265	.....	.....
Cloud.....	2,565	1,205	301	.....	2,540	1,264	88	147	.....
Coffey.....	2,012	1,270	193	.....	1,955	1,287	.....	.....	.....
Cowley.....	3,756	2,416	369	.....	3,691	2,733	361	13	.....
Crawford.....	3,048	2,216	268	.....	3,010	2,218	263	.....	.....
Davis.....	883	625	160	.....	849	635	161	5	.....
Decatur.....	490	224	8	.....	467	231	.....	8	.....
Dickinson.....	2,621	1,795	181	.....	2,464	1,823	255	.....	.....
Doniphan.....	2,164	1,152	.....	.....	2,074	1,198	.....	.....	.....
Douglas.....	3,468	1,798	251	.....	3,362	1,822	229	30	.....
Edwards.....	468	318	29	.....	459	318	28	.....	1

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	SECRETARY OF STATE.				AUDITOR OF STATE.				
	<i>E. B. Allen</i>	<i>Eugene Hagon</i>	<i>J. C. Hubbard</i>	<i>Scattering</i>	<i>E. P. McCabe</i>	<i>H. V. Garrigan</i>	<i>W. H. T. Wakefield</i>	<i>Allen Williams</i>	<i>Scattering</i>
Elk.....	1,754	1,054	218	.....	1,708	1,057	211	10	.....
Ellis.....	483	566	31	.....	563	480	31	.....	.....
Ellsworth.....	1,032	843	23	.....	1,005	847	24	1	.....
Ford.....	1,669	541	58	.....	649	545	60	.....	.....
Franklin.....	2,635	1,098	1,017	.....	2,582	1,111	1,016	8	.....
Finney.....	224	163	2	.....	209	165	1	.....	.....
Graham.....	391	165	25	.....	351	52	160	.....	.....
Greenwood.....	1,995	1,048	289	.....	1,931	1,074	285	.....	.....
Harper.....	1,640	1,005	301	.....	1,605	1,026	306	.....	.....
Harvey.....	2,095	1,243	174	.....	2,058	1,253	129	35	.....
Hodgeman.....	275	116	40	.....	274	116	36	.....	.....
Jackson.....	1,870	1,159	20	.....	1,807	1,169	.....	21	.....
Jefferson.....	2,186	1,796	9	.....	2,097	1,808	4	.....	.....
Jewell.....	2,432	1,001	576	.....	2,397	1,008	524	81	.....
Johnson.....	2,251	1,491	231	.....	2,186	1,493	249	6	5
Kingman.....	1,350	925	114	.....	1,330	928	114	.....	.....
Labette.....	3,590	2,116	321	.....	3,515	2,145	322	11	.....
Leavenworth.....	3,417	3,745	47	.....	3,290	3,823	54	1	.....
Lincoln.....	1,065	493	133	.....	1,024	496	127	10	.....
Linn.....	2,229	1,071	595	.....	2,202	1,075	595	6	.....
Lyon.....	3,112	1,571	310	.....	3,020	1,603	271	38	.....
Marion.....	1,762	1,178	2	.....	1,710	1,185	2	.....	.....
Marshall.....	2,674	1,991	212	.....	2,651	2,007	195	.....	.....
McPherson.....	2,583	1,124	405	2	2,528	1,143	378	.....	3
Miami.....	2,093	1,755	338	.....	2,053	1,764	342	4	.....
Mitchell.....	1,824	852	258	.....	1,784	862	251	9	.....
Montgomery.....	3,056	2,256	362	12	2,973	2,273	353	.....	.....
Morris.....	1,481	750	102	.....	1,515	810	103	5	.....
Nemaha.....	2,339	1,620	9	.....	2,295	1,635	3	6	.....
Neosho.....	2,146	1,598	307	1	2,097	1,613	291	.....	.....
Ness.....	391	209	60	.....	366	215	36	24	.....
Norton.....	772	350	75	.....	737	371	72	.....	1
Osage.....	3,362	1,354	805	.....	3,205	1,389	830	14	.....
Osborne.....	1,628	636	132	.....	1,536	638	134	.....	.....
Ottawa.....	1,652	790	225	.....	1,624	800	223	23	.....
Pawnee.....	788	308	10	.....	770	318	11	.....	.....
Phillips.....	1,071	470	366	.....	1,024	470	366	.....	.....
Pottawatomie.....	2,362	1,749	90	.....	2,306	1,792	90	.....	.....
Pratt.....	811	466	84	.....	763	471	80	7	.....
Rawlins.....	198	172	.....	.....	189	173	.....	.....	.....
Reno.....	2,145	1,192	137	.....	2,098	1,203	116	29	.....
Republic.....	2,322	1,064	145	.....	2,286	1,014	92	24	78
Rice.....	1,645	927	166	.....	1,595	952	108	66	.....
Riley.....	1,721	641	262	.....	1,655	665	271	.....	4
Rooks.....	1,013	408	184	.....	957	419	187	.....	.....
Rush.....	497	306	39	.....	482	310	39	.....	.....
Russell.....	781	455	36	.....	734	466	30	7	.....
Saline.....	1,958	1,595	3	.....	1,927	1,603	2	2	.....
Sedgwick.....	3,450	2,625	358	.....	3,249	2,747	370	67	.....
Shawnee.....	6,044	2,537	169	.....	5,765	2,610	120	49	1
Sheridan.....	97	56	13	.....	91	58	14	.....	.....
Smith.....	1,731	684	457	.....	1,668	702	409	62	.....
Stafford.....	748	369	40	.....	729	376	26	9	.....
Sumner.....	3,561	2,569	443	.....	3,417	2,618	451	.....	.....
Trego.....	409	139	21	.....	394	148	19	.....	.....
Wabauasee.....	1,539	859	7	.....	1,455	911	5	2	39
Washington.....	2,735	1,431	138	.....	2,722	1,430	134	.....	.....
Wilson.....	2,036	1,163	165	.....	2,009	1,177	161	3	.....
Woodson.....	1,180	617	126	.....	1,140	658	128	.....	3
Wyandotte.....	3,159	2,313	134	.....	3,143	2,401	142	.....	.....
Totals.....	155,078	94,691	15,738	15	150,811	96,169	11,998	920	136

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	TREASURER OF STATE.					ATTORNEY GENERAL.				
	Samuel T. Howe.....	W. E. Hedman.....	D. H. Heffner.....	William Buttes.....	Scattergood.....	S. B. Bradford.....	G. P. Smith.....	B. L. Brush.....	H. L. Brush.....	Scattergood.....
Allen.....	1,838	1,272	58	4	.....	1,841	1,258	.....	.....	.....
Anderson.....	1,747	852	337	.....	.....	1,749	847	339	.....	.....
Atchison.....	3,321	2,683	30	1	.....	3,356	2,652	29	.....	.....
Barber.....	921	702	81	.....	.....	922	739	81	.....	.....
Barton.....	1,063	1,067	46	.....	.....	1,057	1,088	.....	46	.....
Bourbon.....	3,005	1,687	185	21	.....	3,009	1,685	27	181	.....
Brown.....	2,395	1,410	33	1	.....	2,388	1,414	14	23	.....
Butler.....	3,240	1,903	244	31	.....	3,231	1,911	.....	273	.....
Chase.....	1,019	824	17	1	.....	1,017	825	.....	18	.....
Chautauqua.....	1,727	1,167	273	.....	.....	1,728	1,166	272	.....	.....
Cherokee.....	2,549	2,131	909	31	.....	2,558	2,133	944	.....	.....
Clay.....	2,287	993	264	.....	.....	2,287	994	5	.....	.....
Cloud.....	2,617	1,248	91	212	.....	2,636	1,235	137	162	.....
Coffey.....	2,011	1,269	189	.....	.....	2,010	1,273	195	.....	.....
Cowley.....	3,753	2,411	354	10	.....	3,755	2,414	359	.....	13
Crawford.....	3,050	2,209	267	.....	.....	3,047	2,209	269	.....	.....
Davis.....	882	618	162	4	.....	886	622	161	.....	.....
Decatur.....	492	225	.....	8	.....	490	226	.....	8	.....
Dickinson.....	2,621	1,790	177	.....	.....	2,619	1,795	180	.....	.....
Doniphan.....	2,153	1,163	.....	.....	.....	2,163	1,154	.....	.....	.....
Douglas.....	3,471	1,798	216	27	.....	3,454	1,807	253	.....	.....
Edwards.....	467	313	28	1	.....	466	313	28	1	.....
Elk.....	1,754	1,052	207	10	.....	1,751	1,260	.....	9	.....
Ellis.....	477	568	31	.....	.....	473	570	.....	31	.....
Ellsworth.....	1,026	849	23	1	.....	1,029	846	.....	23	.....
Ford.....	667	541	59	.....	.....	672	540	58	.....	.....
Franklin.....	2,625	1,101	1,006	9	.....	2,604	1,104	1,005	5	3
Finney.....	226	163	1	1	.....	224	163	2	.....	.....
Graham.....	389	165	25	.....	.....	391	166	25	.....	.....
Greenwood.....	1,995	1,053	283	.....	.....	1,996	1,043	.....	276	.....
Harper.....	1,635	1,011	301	.....	.....	1,665	1,010	301	.....	.....
Harvey.....	2,097	1,241	129	34	.....	2,092	1,195	162	10	1
Hodgeman.....	275	116	36	.....	.....	275	116	35	1	.....
Jackson.....	1,900	1,156	.....	21	.....	1,871	1,155	.....	3	18
Jefferson.....	2,186	1,798	7	.....	.....	2,172	1,802	16	.....	.....
Jewell.....	2,431	1,000	526	80	.....	2,442	998	547	.....	81
Johnson.....	2,226	1,460	292	7	.....	2,209	1,499	.....	256	.....
Kingman.....	1,350	928	114	.....	.....	1,350	928	.....	114	.....
Labette.....	3,586	2,122	320	11	.....	3,589	2,122	332	.....	.....
Leavenworth.....	3,417	3,750	45	1	.....	3,340	3,750	86	14	.....
Lincoln.....	1,069	493	124	9	.....	1,068	490	125	.....	.....
Linn.....	2,229	1,071	589	6	.....	2,228	1,070	588	7	.....
Lyon.....	3,114	1,585	238	43	.....	3,112	1,581	287	21	.....
Marion.....	1,923	1,011	2	.....	.....	1,763	1,175	3	.....	.....
Marshall.....	2,676	1,994	184	.....	.....	2,674	1,989	216	.....	.....
McPherson.....	2,593	1,137	379	3	.....	2,592	1,128	352	.....	2
Miami.....	2,072	1,706	409	3	.....	2,092	1,752	338	.....	.....
Mitchell.....	1,825	854	234	9	.....	1,824	852	258	.....	.....
Montgomery.....	3,053	2,262	351	12	.....	3,035	2,280	362	.....	.....
Morris.....	1,538	802	88	11	.....	1,539	801	.....	95	6
Nemaha.....	2,342	1,619	3	6	.....	2,342	1,617	5	8	1
Neosho.....	2,144	1,599	282	25	.....	2,123	1,597	295	.....	63
Ness.....	333	207	36	23	.....	395	206	55	.....	1
Norton.....	789	350	73	.....	1	789	351	.....	73	1
Osage.....	3,308	1,352	807	.....	.....	3,245	1,387	440	363	.....
Osborne.....	1,629	639	128	.....	.....	1,631	638	131	.....	.....
Ottawa.....	1,653	785	218	23	.....	1,649	785	.....	228	.....
Pawnee.....	787	310	9	.....	.....	788	308	12	.....	.....
Phillips.....	1,066	470	370	.....	.....	1,066	468	.....	368	.....
Pottawatomie.....	2,390	1,772	90	.....	.....	2,388	1,777	82	.....	.....
Pratt.....	813	464	78	2	.....	813	465	.....	74	.....
Rawlins.....	198	172	.....	.....	.....	197	172	.....	.....	.....

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	TREASURER OF STATE.					ATTORNEY GENERAL.				
	<i>Samuel T. Howe</i>	<i>W. E. Hutman</i>	<i>D. H. Heppelover</i> ...	<i>William Baites</i>	<i>Scatterling</i>	<i>S. B. Bradford</i>	<i>G. P. Smith</i>	<i>B. L. Brush</i>	<i>H. L. Brush</i>	<i>Scatterling</i>
Ateno.....	2,148	1,194	114	21	.....	2,156	1,198	138	.....	.....
Republic.....	2,354	1,006	78	52	60	2,374	1,065	63	64	.....
Rice.....	1,647	930	90	65	16	1,646	931	93	66	.....
Riley.....	1,720	642	278	.....	.....	1,724	641	261	.....	.....
Rooks.....	1,013	408	184	.....	.....	1,014	408	184	.....	.....
Rush.....	496	307	39	.....	.....	498	305	.....	.....	.....
Russell.....	770	462	29	7	.....	779	455	.....	36	.....
Saline.....	1,956	1,602	2	2	.....	1,956	1,600	.....	3	.....
Sedgwick.....	3,299	2,723	360	69	.....	3,286	2,728	431	.....	.....
Shawnee.....	6,104	2,467	100	44	.....	6,092	2,480	182	.....	1
Sheridan.....	97	56	13	.....	.....	97	56	13	.....	.....
Smith.....	1,735	685	400	58	.....	1,787	686	400	.....	.....
Stafford.....	737	369	30	9	.....	745	369	39	.....	.....
Sumner.....	3,545	2,578	448	.....	.....	3,547	2,578	.....	417	.....
Trego.....	409	139	18	.....	.....	409	139	21	.....	.....
Wabaunsee.....	1,536	832	5	.....	38	1,512	885	.....	7	1
Washington.....	2,737	1,420	132	.....	.....	2,738	1,429	.....	136	.....
Wilson.....	2,033	1,163	162	3	.....	2,039	1,169	154	2	.....
Woodson.....	1,184	644	126	.....	.....	1,181	653	.....	123	.....
Wyandotte.....	3,238	2,360	136	.....	.....	3,249	2,350	.....	109	.....
Totals.....	155,265	94,490	14,708	1,029	192	154,916	95,038	11,390	3,684	193

COUNTIES.	SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.				CHIEF JUSTICE SUPREME COURT.			
	<i>J. H. Lanbeck</i>	<i>M. J. Keys</i>	<i>Fannie Randolph</i>	<i>Scatterling</i>	<i>A. H. Horton</i>	<i>W. P. Campbell</i>	<i>H. P. Vrooman</i>	<i>Scatterling</i>
Allen.....	1,844	1,272	62	.....	1,849	1,273	62	.....
Anderson.....	1,741	859	330	.....	1,749	857	341	.....
Atchison.....	3,336	2,613	28	.....	3,351	2,660	31	.....
Barber.....	912	736	80	.....	894	763	80	.....
Barton.....	1,055	1,095	45	.....	1,051	1,096	45	.....
Bourbon.....	3,072	1,635	185	.....	3,005	1,699	207	.....
Brown.....	2,397	1,410	33	.....	2,380	1,419	35	.....
Butler.....	3,207	1,910	267	.....	3,226	1,894	268	.....
Chase.....	1,015	824	20	.....	1,016	829	17	.....
Chautauqua.....	1,726	1,168	262	3	1,727	1,166	270	.....
Cherokee.....	2,562	1,535	913	.....	2,560	2,140	911	.....
Clay.....	2,278	989	261	.....	2,283	972	266	.....
Cloud.....	2,627	1,235	305	.....	2,641	1,250	271	.....
Coffey.....	2,010	1,272	195	.....	2,018	1,273	193	.....
Cowley.....	3,757	2,417	360	1	3,761	2,407	367	1
Crawford.....	3,055	2,211	252	.....	3,045	2,212	271	.....
Davis.....	869	620	168	.....	883	616	167	.....
Decatur.....	480	221	8	.....	490	224	8	.....
Dickinson.....	2,617	1,798	165	.....	2,619	1,783	182	.....
Doniphan.....	2,164	1,172	.....	.....	2,159	1,075	.....	.....
Douglas.....	3,463	1,802	255	.....	3,446	1,809	259	.....
Edwards.....	464	313	29	.....	466	313	29	.....

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONTINUED.

COUNTIES.	SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.				CHIEF JUSTICE SUPREME COURT.			
	<i>J. H. Lamborn</i>	<i>M. J. Keys</i>	<i>Frankie Randolph</i>	<i>Southering</i>	<i>A. H. Horton</i>	<i>W. P. Campbell</i>	<i>H. P. Vrooman</i>	<i>Southering</i>
Elk.....	1,753	1,051	220	.....	1,753	1,045	217	.....
Ellis.....	478	508	31	3	478	571	31	.....
Ellsworth.....	1,029	844	23	.....	1,025	849	23	1
Ford.....	672	529	60	.....	609	541	58	.....
Franklin.....	2,614	1,100	1,013	3	2,628	1,127	1,020	.....
Finney.....	214	163	2	.....	224	164	2	.....
Graham.....	386	165	29	.....	389	164	25	.....
Greenwood.....	1,996	1,050	286	.....	1,988	1,099	244	.....
Harper.....	1,636	1,010	299	.....	1,644	1,007	291	.....
Harvey.....	2,085	1,212	183	1	2,096	1,243	200	.....
Hodgeman.....	273	116	39	.....	275	116	39	.....
Jackson.....	1,869	1,157	21	.....	1,870	1,156	19	.....
Jefferson.....	2,188	1,777	10	.....	2,193	1,799	9	.....
Jewell.....	2,408	1,006	598	.....	2,433	1,001	586	.....
Johnson.....	2,208	1,478	281	.....	2,281	1,491	212	.....
Kingman.....	1,351	923	96	.....	1,348	925	113	.....
Labette.....	3,594	2,122	325	.....	3,585	2,220	332	.....
Leavenworth.....	3,418	3,744	49	.....	3,411	3,747	49	2
Lincoln.....	1,072	495	122	.....	1,062	493	135	.....
Linn.....	2,226	1,070	594	.....	2,225	1,071	598	.....
Lyon.....	3,101	1,467	330	.....	3,104	1,576	311	.....
Marion.....	1,766	1,177	2	.....	1,767	1,180	2	.....
Marshall.....	2,677	1,988	206	.....	2,670	1,992	213	.....
McPherson.....	2,591	1,127	378	.....	2,595	1,126	384	.....
Miami.....	2,093	1,772	318	.....	2,086	1,754	342	.....
Mitchell.....	1,817	859	244	.....	1,823	862	260	.....
Montgomery.....	3,053	2,263	352	.....	3,024	2,276	364	.....
Morris.....	1,537	800	92	.....	1,542	804	107	.....
Nenaha.....	2,342	1,619	11	.....	2,338	1,622	11	.....
Neosho.....	2,157	1,593	310	.....	2,143	1,597	312	.....
Ness.....	394	206	60	1	394	205	59	.....
Norton.....	795	353	64	.....	794	352	76	.....
Osage.....	3,301	1,347	828	.....	3,318	1,357	820	.....
Osborne.....	1,625	638	144	.....	1,635	636	132	.....
Ottawa.....	1,618	850	225	.....	1,556	790	227	.....
Pawnee.....	788	305	14	.....	787	309	12	.....
Phillips.....	1,078	468	372	.....	1,073	469	368	.....
Pottawatomie.....	2,372	1,780	88	2	2,388	1,773	89	.....
Pratt.....	809	468	85	.....	813	467	85	.....
Rawlins.....	198	172	.....	.....	198	169	.....	.....
Reno.....	2,144	1,189	137	.....	2,110	1,209	132	.....
Republic.....	2,354	1,064	132	3	2,357	1,065	127	13
Rice.....	1,646	900	182	.....	1,649	927	168	.....
Riley.....	1,713	647	255	.....	1,717	643	265	.....
Rooks.....	1,008	408	182	.....	1,011	408	184	.....
Rush.....	497	306	.....	.....	495	306	39	.....
Russell.....	779	456	37	1	782	456	36	.....
Saline.....	1,958	1,596	4	.....	1,982	1,570	4	.....
Sedgwick.....	3,286	2,726	431	.....	3,286	2,708	438	.....
Shawnee.....	6,067	2,486	163	.....	6,073	2,488	159	.....
Sheridan.....	97	56	13	.....	97	56	13	.....
Smith.....	1,725	700	434	.....	1,684	734	457	.....
Stafford.....	700	367	43	.....	743	374	40	.....
Sumner.....	3,546	2,582	433	.....	3,552	2,566	443	.....
Trego.....	409	139	20	.....	406	139	21	.....
Wabaunsee.....	1,540	857	6	.....	1,528	857	7	.....
Washington.....	2,737	1,430	140	.....	2,733	1,427	138	.....
Wilson.....	2,039	1,160	167	.....	2,036	1,126	154	.....
Woodson.....	1,182	646	123	.....	1,152	645	127	22
Wyandotte.....	3,250	2,354	133	.....	3,252	2,344	131	.....
Totals.....	154,940	93,998	15,702	18	154,942	94,907	15,773	39

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS—CONCLUDED.

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE SUPREME COURT.				ASSOCIATE JUSTICE SUPREME COURT.					
COUNTIES.	W. A. Johnston..	T. A. Hurd.....	J. D. McBrian..	Scattering.....	COUNTIES.	W. A. Johnston..	T. A. Hurd.....	J. D. McBrian..	Scattering.....
Allen	1,840	1,277	63	1	Lyon	2,847	1,582	309	.....
Anderson	1,748	852	340	.....	Marion	1,760	1,177	3	.....
Atchison	3,327	2,683	30	.....	Marshall	2,673	2,009	196	.....
Barber	905	710	81	.....	McPherson	2,592	1,131	984	.....
Barton	1,019	1,099	46	.....	Miami	2,091	1,757	337	.....
Bourbon	3,007	1,688	201	.....	Mitchell	1,823	851	250	.....
Brown	2,389	1,416	34	.....	Montgomery	3,055	2,258	363	.....
Butler	3,190	1,902	272	.....	Morris	1,537	805	108	.....
Chase	1,018	825	18	.....	Nemaha	2,310	1,619	11	.....
Chautauqua	1,729	1,167	261	.....	Neosho	2,149	1,598	305	.....
Cherokee	2,561	2,120	946	.....	Ness	394	205	61	1
Clay	2,284	994	260	.....	Norton	795	350	76	.....
Cloud	2,663	1,251	264	.....	Osage	3,317	1,356	820	.....
Coffey	2,011	1,273	191	.....	Osborne	1,632	636	134	.....
Cowley	3,757	2,319	380	.....	Ottawa	1,918	569	184	.....
Crawford	3,048	2,211	270	.....	Pawnee	783	308	11	.....
Davis	884	618	165	.....	Phillips	1,067	470	366	.....
Decatur	490	224	8	.....	Pottawatomie	2,386	1,774	77	.....
Dickinson	2,616	1,865	180	.....	Pratt	811	466	84	.....
Doniphan	2,163	1,070	.....	.....	Rawlins	198	169	.....	.....
Douglas	3,464	1,799	255	.....	Reno	2,146	1,195	139	.....
Edwards	466	312	29	.....	Republic	2,379	1,012	127	1
Elk	1,755	1,053	218	.....	Rice	1,619	929	168	.....
Ellis	567	476	31	.....	Riley	1,721	612	260	.....
Ellsworth	1,027	848	23	.....	Rooks	1,013	407	184	.....
Ford	565	539	58	.....	Rush	497	306	39	.....
Franklin	2,624	1,099	1,013	1	Russell	780	456	36	.....
Finney	224	163	1	.....	Saline	1,959	1,601	4	.....
Graham	390	165	25	.....	Sedgwick	3,299	2,730	229	.....
Greenwood	1,992	1,036	309	.....	Shawnee	6,046	2,516	151	.....
Harper	1,772	882	263	.....	Sheridan	97	56	13	.....
Harvey	2,093	1,245	172	.....	Smith	1,727	687	452	.....
Hodgeman	275	116	39	.....	Stafford	745	363	46	.....
Jackson	1,866	1,158	20	.....	Sumner	3,554	2,571	444	.....
Jefferson	2,173	1,807	9	.....	Trego	408	139	21	.....
Jewell	2,417	1,018	581	.....	Wabaunsee	1,538	856	7	1
Johnson	2,270	1,491	209	1	Washington	2,734	1,426	137	.....
Kingman	1,350	928	112	.....	Wilson	2,035	1,152	159	.....
Labette	3,578	2,116	322	.....	Woodson	1,157	647	127	.....
Leavenworth	3,226	3,971	48	.....	Wyandotte	3,255	2,344	131	.....
Lincoln	1,065	493	123	.....	Totals	154,982	94,553	15,432	5
Linn	2,228	1,071	597	.....				

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	E. N. Morrill..	T. P. Penning..	Scattering.....
Atchison	3,191	2,818	.....
Brown	2,383	1,410	.....
Doniphan	2,064	1,232	.....
Jackson	1,837	1,187	.....
Jefferson	2,192	1,799	.....
Leavenworth	3,161	4,063	.....
Nemaha	2,327	1,627	3
Pottawatomie	2,377	1,798	2
Totals	19,535	15,931	5

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS — CONTINUED.

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	<i>E. H. Farnson</i>	<i>W. J. Nicholson</i>	<i>Scattering</i>
Allen.....	1,836	1,309	.....
Anderson.....	1,745	1,180	.....
Bourbon.....	3,009	417	82
Douglas.....	3,450	1,947	.....
Franklin.....	2,609	2,107	1
Johnson.....	2,278	1,684	.....
Linn.....	2,232	1,624	.....
Miami.....	2,077	2,091	.....
Wyandotte.....	3,282	2,344	.....
Totals.....	22,854	14,703	83

THIRD DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	<i>R. W. Perkins</i>	<i>G. W. Gabriel</i>	<i>W. A. Tipton</i>	<i>Scattering</i>
Chautauqua.....	1,763	1,060	342	.....
Cherokee.....	2,607	2,051	877	.....
Cowley.....	3,746	256	2,435	1
Crawford.....	3,145	2,017	193	.....
Elk.....	1,823	885	210	.....
Labette.....	3,525	2,082	319	.....
Montgomery.....	3,068	2,212	358	.....
Neosho.....	2,141	1,616	272	.....
Wilson.....	2,036	1,162	157	.....
Totals.....	23,854	13,341	5,163	1

FOURTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	<i>Thos. Ryan</i>	<i>S. N. Wood</i>	<i>T. G. Mevoh</i>	<i>Scattering</i>
Butler.....	3,120	2,208	.....	5
Chase.....	1,013	822	.....	.....
Coffey.....	1,949	1,382	.....	.....
Greenwood.....	1,978	1,344	.....	.....
Lyon.....	3,049	1,842	.....	.....
Marion.....	1,762	1,161	.....	.....
Morris.....	1,526	910	.....	.....
Osage.....	3,153	1,885	268	.....
Shawnee.....	5,887	2,702	55	1
Wabaunsee.....	1,576	756	.....	.....
Woodson.....	1,164	787	.....	.....
Totals.....	26,177	15,799	323	6

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS—CONTINUED.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	<i>John A. Anderson</i>	<i>A. A. Carnahan</i>	<i>M. D. Tenney</i>	<i>Scattering</i>
Clay.....	2,335	960	290	.....
Cloud.....	2,571	1,338	119	.....
Davis.....	1,136	354	151	.....
Dickinson.....	2,562	1,645	361	.....
Marshall.....	2,772	1,892	173	.....
Ottawa.....	1,768	734	174	.....
Republic.....	2,414	1,038	87	6
Riley.....	1,871	426	232	.....
Saline.....	2,426	1,037	49	.....
Washington.....	2,693	1,442	145	.....
Totals.....	22,554	10,866	1,784	6

SIXTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	<i>Lewis Hancock</i>	<i>L. C. Fhl</i>	<i>Scattering</i>
Decatur.....	480	225	.....
Ellis.....	584	481	.....
Ellsworth.....	950	877	.....
Graham.....	393	184	.....
Jewell.....	2,389	1,595	.....
Lincoln.....	960	654	.....
Mitchell.....	1,682	1,137	.....
Norton.....	800	415	.....
Osborne.....	1,637	753	.....
Phillips.....	1,006	866	.....
Rawlins.....	192	174	.....
Rooks.....	980	616	.....
Russell.....	769	488	1
Trego.....	389	173	.....
Sheridan.....	91	73	.....
Smith.....	1,474	1,357	.....
Totals.....	15,085	10,060	1

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS—CONCLUDED.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.	Sam'l R. Peters..	H. M. Bickel.....	A. A. Arnold.....	Scattering.....
Barber.....	986	718	.....	.....
Barton.....	1,064	1,068	.....	.....
Edwards.....	459	308	.....	.....
Ford.....	708	550	.....	.....
Finney.....	225	161	.....	.....
Harper.....	1,822	967	.....	4
Harvey.....	2,282	1,080	47	.....
Hodgeman.....	267	110	.....	17
Kingman.....	1,361	925	.....	.....
McPherson.....	2,685	1,397	.....	1
Ness.....	418	212	.....	.....
Pawnee.....	785	308	.....	.....
Pratt.....	833	463	.....	.....
Reno.....	2,156	1,272	.....	.....
Rice.....	1,622	914	7	.....
Rush.....	643	164	34	.....
Sedgwick.....	3,494	2,518	404	.....
Stafford.....	895	214	.....	3
Sumner.....	3,035	2,564	4	.....
Totals.....	26,240	15,913	496	25

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF DISTRICT COURTS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Jackson.....	Jefferson.....	Leavenworth..	Totals.....
Robert Crozier.....	1,802	1,677	3,793	7,272
M. Gephart.....	1,222	2,278	3,394	6,894

SECOND DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Nemaha.....	Brown.....	Doniphan.....	Atchison.....	Totals.....
David Martin.....	3,959	3,824	3,244	3,365	14,392
Scattering.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1

THIRD DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Wichitansa.....	Pottawatomie..	Riley.....	Shawnee.....	Totals.....
John Guthrie.....	1,308	2,374	1,598	5,781	11,061
J. H. Moss.....	1,065	1,835	1,016	2,902	6,818
Scattering.....	1	9	8	5	23

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURTS — CONCLUDED.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Anderson.</i>	<i>Franklin.</i>	<i>Douglas.</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
A. W. Benson.....	1,760	2,630	3,121	7,520
James W. Green.....	1,174	2,096	2,395	5,665

FIFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Coffey.....</i>	<i>Greenwood.</i>	<i>Osage.....</i>	<i>Lyon.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
Charles B. Graves.....	3,071	1,876	3,297	4,711	12,955
Scattering.....		4			4

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Clay.....</i>	<i>Cloud.....</i>	<i>Republic.....</i>	<i>Washington.....</i>	<i>Marshall.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
Edw. Hutchinson.....	2,181	2,566	2,112	2,370	2,801	12,030
Jos. G. Lowe.....	1,352	1,573	1,411	1,871	2,049	8,256

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Sumner.....</i>	<i>Chautauque.....</i>	<i>Elk.....</i>	<i>York.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
E. S. Torrance.....	3,524	1,824	1,674	3,770	10,792
Scattering.....		6		2	8

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Saline.....</i>	<i>McPherson.....</i>	<i>Lancaster.....</i>	<i>Russell.....</i>	<i>Ellsworth.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
S. O. Hinds.....	1,787	2,518	1,811	891	939	7,446
C. A. Hiller.....	1,711	1,561	295	357	940	4,864
Scattering.....		1		3		4

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

FIRST DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Doniphan...</i>	<i>Brown.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
Sol. Miller.....	1,965	2,018	3,983
E. Harrington.....	1,254	1,588	2,842
R. C. Chase.....		5	5

SECOND DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Atchison..</i>
A. J. Harwi.....	3,170
H. C. Solomon.....	2,841

THIRD DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Jefferson.....</i>	<i>Leavenworth..</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
Matt. Edmonds.....	2,196	3,380	5,576
P. G. Lowe.....	1,787	4,045	5,832
H. M. Aller.....	1,979	3,353	5,332
W. C. Butts.....	1,847	3,652	5,499

FOURTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Wyandotte...</i>
W. J. Buchan.....	2,787
John R. Goodin.....	2,768

FIFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Johnson...</i>	<i>Miami.....</i>	<i>Linn.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
R. W. Blue.....	2,195	2,076	1,980	6,251
W. M. Shean.....	2,197	2,083	2,147	6,427
S. H. Allen.....	1,740	2,038	1,820	5,598
J. G. Martin.....	1,718	2,011	1,633	5,362

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONTINUED.
SIXTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Fourteen
W. J. Bawden	2,999
George Richardson	1,805

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Crainford
M. C. Kelley	3,010
G. W. H. Lucas	2,234
D. Corning	257

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Cherokee
John N. Ritter	2,746
Solon L. Cheney	2,577

NINTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Labette
C. H. Kimball	3,033
W. J. Conner	2,706

TENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Montgomery
L. U. Humphrey	2,919
W. A. McCulley	2,317
Gilbert Domini	323

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONTINUED.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Wilson.....	Neesho.....	Totals.....
R. N. Allen.....	1,889	2,108	3,997
A. T. Mudd.....	1,455	1,892	3,147
John C. Guss.....		3	3

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Anderson.	Allen.....	Woodson.	Totals.....
J. H. Whitford.....	1,774	1,728	919	4,421
J. B. Stockton.....	1,128	1,424	1,025	3,577

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Franklin.	Coffey.....	Totals.....
L. C. Wasson.....	2,479	1,779	4,258
E. E. Fuller.....	2,201	1,581	3,782
Scattering.....	2		2

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Osage.....
T. L. Marshall.....	2,951
H. M. Austin.....	1,366
J. Mayberry.....	1,084

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Douglas.....
George J. Barker.....	2,739
Charles Robinson.....	2,662

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONTINUED.

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Shawnee.</i>
Silas E. Sheldon.....	3,374
G. W. Veale.....	2,714
A. L. Williams.....	2,611
Scattering.....	2

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Pollardomitic.</i>	<i>Jackson.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
R. S. Hick.....	2,248	1,701	3,952
Sidney Hayden.....	1,907	1,312	3,219
Scattering.....	1		1

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Marshall.</i>	<i>Nemaha.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
W. W. Smith.....	2,733	2,098	4,831
J. E. Taylor.....	2,115	1,871	3,986
Scattering.....		2	2

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Wabunsee.</i>	<i>Davis.....</i>	<i>Riley.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
George S. Green.....	1,325	678	1,430	3,433
J. M. Allen.....	69	300	569	938
H. A. Pierce.....	947	681	473	2,101
Scattering.....	1		4	5

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Greenwood.</i>	<i>Lyon.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
L. B. Kellogg.....	1,898	3,068	4,961
P. B. Maxson.....	1,351	1,884	3,235

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONTINUED.

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Chautauqua...</i>	<i>Elk.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
Richard W. M. Roe.....	1,487	1,556	3,043
E. M. Hewins.....	1,640	1,444	3,084
Gamble.....	1		1

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Cowley....</i>
Frank S. Jennings.....	3,755
John R. Smith.....	2,675
Henry Asp.....	1
Joseph O'Hare.....	1

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Butler....</i>
A. L. Redden.....	3,020
C. A. Leland.....	2,227
A. W. Stearns.....	87

TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Morris....</i>	<i>Marion...</i>	<i>Chase.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
R. M. Crane.....	1,461	1,853	847	4,161
Barney Lantry.....	955	1,067	992	3,014
B. McCabe.....			1	1

TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Ottawa....</i>	<i>Dickinson</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
Conrad Kohler.....	1,463	2,252	3,715
C. B. Hoffman.....	1,234	2,294	3,528

. VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONTINUED.

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Washington.....	Clay.....	Totals.....
F. P. Harkness.....	2,630	2,153	4,783
J. W. Chadwick.....	1,589	1,350	2,939
W. W. Walton.....		1	1

TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Jewell.....	Republic.....	Totals.....
George H. Case.....	2,359	2,376	4,735
J. C. Postlethwaite.....	1,629	1,081	2,710
Scattering.....		1	1

TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Osborne.....	Smith.....	Totals.....
R. M. Pickler.....	1,588	1,747	3,335
W. H. Snyder.....	730	908	1,638
S. S. Hite.....		171	171

TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Nichol.....	Cloud.....	Totals.....
I. D. Young.....	1,762	2,633	4,395
John S. Rodgers.....	1,076	1,430	2,506

THIRTIETH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	Russell.....	Elsworth.....	Lincoln.....	Totals.....
Ira E. Lloyd.....	891	1,057	1,344	3,292
J. G. Wiggin.....	347	797	304	1,448

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONTINUED.

THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>McPherson.....</i>	<i>Saline.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
H. B. Kelly.....	2,373	1,985	4,358
C. E. Cook.....	1,685	1,554	3,239

THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Reno.....</i>	<i>Harvey ..</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
W. M. Congdon.....	1,223	1,925	3,148
A. R. Scheble.....	1,358	1,241	2,599
A. M. Switzer.....	838	285	1,123

THIRTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Kingman.....</i>	<i>Sedgwick.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
John Kelly.....	1,437	3,463	4,900
E. A. Dorsey.....	914	2,894	3,808
D. R. Kinsey.....	1	.....	1

THIRTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Harper.....</i>	<i>Sumner.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
B. S. Miller.....	1,232	2,986	4,218
W. J. Lingenfelter.....	1,613	3,167	4,780
G. T. Lee.....	69	257	326

THIRTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Finney.....</i>	<i>Ness.....</i>	<i>Hodgeman.....</i>	<i>Ford.....</i>	<i>Edwards.....</i>	<i>Panama.....</i>	<i>Stafford.....</i>	<i>Pratt.....</i>	<i>Barber.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
J. W. Rush.....	239	429	276	586	477	740	875	774	820	5,216
James T. Whitelaw.....	151	221	124	659	306	328	244	425	770	3,228
Scattering.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	3

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONCLUDED.

THIRTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Rush.....</i>	<i>Barlow.....</i>	<i>Rice.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
J. W. White.....	639	1,187	1,682	3,508
W. L. Brown.....	193	988	964	2,145
Scattering.....			4	4

THIRTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Sheridan.....</i>	<i>Graham.....</i>	<i>Tycgo.....</i>	<i>Ellis.....</i>	<i>Rooks.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
E. J. Donnell.....	85	351	374	477	877	2,164
A. B. Montgomery.....	76	229	175	549	702	1,731
Scattering.....				2		2

THIRTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Reidins.....</i>	<i>Decker.....</i>	<i>Norton.....</i>	<i>Phillips.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
H. S. Granger.....	199	478	744	1,040	2,461
L. F. Warner.....	171	232	471	858	1,732
Scattering.....			1		1

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Districts..</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes..</i>	<i>Districts..</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes..</i>
	<i>Doniphan County.</i>			<i>Leavenworth.</i>	
1	Phil. Kelley.....	1,402	8	Edward Carroll.....	1,191
2	William H. Deckard.....	1,110	9	Samuel Dodsworth.....	791
	Albert Perry.....	530	10	George T. Anthony.....	1,282
	<i>Atchison.</i>			George Ummethun.....	671
3	F. E. Cloyes.....	1,094		W. F. Ashby.....	855
	M. Roach.....	941		Wilmur Carver.....	689
4	Charles W. Benning.....	1,404	11	H. C. Squires.....	1
	A. J. Gwynn.....	754		Crawford Moore.....	800
5	A. J. White.....	944		E. J. Holman.....	802
	G. A. Cushman.....	652		<i>Wyandotte.</i>	
	<i>Jefferson.</i>		12	E. S. W. Drought.....	1,568
6	Levi Wilhelm.....	1,049		Philip Lemon.....	920
	A. V. Barnes.....	796	13	Fred. Soper.....	130
7	G. W. McCammon.....	1,464		B. L. Stine.....	1,388
	Peter Gish.....	938		A. W. Cunningham.....	1,292
				R. W. Hilliker.....	9
				T. C. Foster.....	37
				— Williamson.....	148

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Districts...</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes...</i>	<i>Districts...</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes...</i>
	<i>Johnson County.</i>			<i>Labette County (concluded).</i>	
14	T. L. Hogue.....	1,101	35	J. B. Cook.....	954
	J. P. Faber.....	845		H. H. Leib.....	565
	E. V. Parr.....	182		<i>Montgomery.</i>	
15	V. R. Ellis.....	1,063	36	J. A. Burdick.....	1,393
	C. G. Hunter.....	707		Isaac W. Brown.....	1,119
	<i>Douglas.</i>			L. A. Walker.....	239
16	J. N. Roberts.....	1,042	37	Daniel McTaggart.....	1,755
	J. P. Crane.....	744		T. W. Anderson.....	1,030
17	J. H. Bonebrake.....	1,245		M. D. Gray.....	120
	Moses McMillen.....	780		<i>Neosho.</i>	
18	Joseph J. Cox.....	860	38	J. W. Martin.....	956
	H. S. Clark.....	745		T. B. Limhocker.....	867
	<i>Franklin.</i>			J. W. Forest.....	73
19	L. W. Hostetter.....	1,309	39	Benjamin J. Smith.....	1,201
	John F. Lamb.....	862		John C. Guss.....	926
20	W. H. Woodlief.....	1,227		William George.....	2
	A. H. Sellers.....	1,184		<i>Wilson.</i>	
	<i>Miami.</i>		40	J. F. Coulter.....	926
21	H. A. Miller.....	1,134		W. F. Phillips.....	659
	J. F. Donahoe.....	1,069	41	C. J. Butin.....	1,065
22	C. H. Lewis.....	1,013		J. M. Hatton.....	684
	John Heraty.....	920		<i>Woodson.</i>	
	<i>Linn.</i>		42	W. H. Slavens.....	1,260
23	R. H. Roseberry.....	875		Scattering.....	37
	Pleasant Chitwood.....	584		<i>Coffey.</i>	
	N. J. Conrad.....	214	43	Stephen Ogden.....	1,760
24	Alfred Blaker.....	1,242		G. W. Keever.....	1,201
	J. M. Broady.....	590		J. J. Thompson.....	380
	B. W. Wilson.....	317		<i>Osage.</i>	
	<i>Anderson.</i>		44	L. E. Finch.....	1,332
25	S. T. Roach.....	1,593		J. S. Callen.....	1,150
	L. H. Osborn.....	1,329	45	W. C. Swezey.....	1,500
	<i>Allen.</i>			Henry Judd.....	734
26	Samuel J. Stewart.....	1,759		John Gray.....	631
	A. G. Jones.....	1,337		<i>Shawnee.</i>	
	<i>Bourbon.</i>		46	David Overmyer.....	1,194
27	A. E. Currier.....	1,631		A. W. Hayes.....	955
	J. D. Hill.....	980		J. Q. A. Peyton.....	1
28	Wiley Bollinger.....	1,287	47	A. H. Vance.....	2,385
	J. W. Perkins.....	920		Joel Huntoon.....	1,435
	<i>Crawford.</i>		48	J. B. Johnson.....	1,490
29	A. J. Vickers.....	3,035		T. F. Colwell.....	742
	A. A. Schneider.....	2,221		A. H. Vance.....	13
	G. W. Thompson.....	263		Joel Huntoon.....	8
	<i>Cherokee.</i>			Scattering.....	2
30	E. C. Scammon.....	1,025		<i>Jackson.</i>	
	R. E. Jenness.....	811	49	Peter Dickson.....	1,805
31	John S. Gillespie.....	1,166		John Blair.....	1,223
	J. H. Baxter.....	889		<i>Brown.</i>	
32	E. C. Weilep.....	644	50	G. Y. Johnson.....	1,091
	James A. Hubbard.....	610		John Schilling.....	1,021
	S. D. Harvey.....	235	51	R. H. Brewster.....	1,008
	<i>Labette.</i>			E. R. Cornelison.....	668
33	David Kelso.....	1,423		<i>Nemaha.</i>	
	W. H. Porter.....	969	52	J. E. Corwin.....	993
	W. F. Grierson.....	154		J. T. Brady.....	876
34	H. C. Cook.....	1,096		Scattering.....	12
	J. W. Deatherage.....	35			

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes.</i>	<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes.</i>
	<i>Nemaha County—(concluded.)</i>			<i>Butler County—(concluded.)</i>	
53	C. S. Cummings.....	1,115	70	J. M. Randall.....	1,836
	J. S. Hidden.....	845		Dennis Fitzpatrick.....	1,075
	Scattering.....	2		M. A. Pratt.....	101
	<i>Marshall.</i>			<i>Chase.</i>	
54	James Billingsley.....	1,328	71	W. G. Patten.....	933
	John Bain.....	1,225		J. R. Blackshere.....	884
55	T. F. Rhodes.....	1,487		W. H. Cartter.....	1
	John D. Wells.....	805		<i>Marion.</i>	
	<i>Pottawatomie.</i>		72	J. Ware Butterfield.....	1,668
56	John A. Johnson.....	843		Charles Barker.....	1,266
	J. H. Cooper.....	773		<i>Morris.</i>	
	Scattering.....	4	73	W. A. Lower.....	1,479
57	Thomas Beatty.....	1,407		John Malloy.....	958
	James Graham.....	1,093		<i>Dickinson.</i>	
	Scattering.....	2	74	J. R. Burton.....	1,212
	<i>Riley.</i>			Geo. F. Livingston.....	833
58	P. S. Loofbourrow.....	1,078	75	C. N. Coggeshall.....	1,175
	A. L. Houghton.....	883		W. E. A. Meek.....	1,173
	J. J. Myers.....	617		Scattering.....	5
	Scattering.....	14		<i>Clay.</i>	
	<i>Davis.</i>		76	George Morgan.....	1,955
59	G. E. Beates.....	825		J. D. Ellis.....	1,522
	George W. Martin.....	808		W. D. Vincent.....	2
	<i>Wabaunsee.</i>			<i>Washington.</i>	
60	F. L. Raymond.....	1,223	77	J. P. Spiers.....	1,968
	Robert McClelland.....	1,168		John Gnaggy.....	44
	Scattering.....	2	78	J. J. Veatch.....	1,161
	<i>Lyon.</i>			H. R. Haynes.....	924
61	J. J. Buck.....	1,640		J. H. Skifton.....	72
	J. M. McCown.....	850		<i>Republic.</i>	
62	D. A. Hunter.....	1,340	79	W. A. Reeves.....	904
	W. H. Anderson.....	904		F. T. Cuthbertson.....	673
	T. S. Walker.....	201	80	William Glasgow.....	1,039
	<i>Greenwood.</i>			A. D. Wilson.....	895
63	J. B. Clogston.....	1,837		<i>Cloud.</i>	
	A. P. Cogswell.....	1,139	81	G. M. Kreger.....	1,033
	J. P. Hillyard.....	279		L. W. Borton.....	910
	<i>Elk.</i>		82	D. B. Moore.....	1,066
64	E. G. Dewey.....	1,710		E. D. Randall.....	802
	S. D. Chestnut.....	1,304		Wm. McCall.....	199
	E. M. Hewins.....	1		<i>Ottawa.</i>	
	<i>Chautauqua.</i>		83	R. P. Blain.....	1,485
65	C. M. Turner.....	1,630		T. B. Ellison.....	1,223
	L. C. Wait.....	1,427		<i>Saline.</i>	
	S. Booth.....	53	84	C. E. Faulkner.....	896
	Scattering.....	2		E. N. Stearns.....	804
	<i>Cowley.</i>		85	A. P. Collins.....	1,010
66	Edwin P. Greer.....	1,141		R. M. Knox.....	798
	W. J. Hodges.....	847		<i>McPherson.</i>	
67	Louis P. King.....	1,180	86	J. M. Stimpson.....	1,094
	I. D. Harkleroad.....	743		M. L. Drake.....	803
	F. P. Schiffbauer.....	568		Scattering.....	2
68	John D. Maurer.....	1,200	87	A. W. Smith.....	1,352
	John W. Ledlie.....	770		G. L. McCourt.....	793
	<i>Butler.</i>			<i>Harvey.</i>	
69	F. W. Rash.....	1,294	88	T. J. Matlock.....	1,877
	McKensie Sumner.....	1,021		Charles Shafer.....	1,524

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes.</i>	<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>No. votes.</i>
	<i>Sedgwick County.</i>			<i>Mitchell County.</i>	
89	Rodolph Hatfield.....	1,769	105	Samuel Carter.....	839
	William Griffenstein.....	1,290		W. W. Abercrombie.....	472
90	R. E. Lawrence.....	1,768		I. N. Temple.....	423
	C. H. Sowie.....	1,506		G. W. Smith.....	8
	<i>Sumner.</i>		106	J. S. Goodwin.....	2
91	R. J. Hukle.....	1,844		F. J. Kelley.....	576
	D. W. Johnson.....	1,387		Joseph Huckell.....	346
	J. H. Franklin.....	144		Joseph Cosand.....	229
92	I. N. Cooper.....	1,596		<i>Osborne.</i>	
	Jonathan Davis.....	1,226	107	J. M. Morgan.....	1,374
	W. A. Johnson.....	279		J. B. Craney.....	965
	<i>Harper.</i>			<i>Jewell.</i>	
93	G. D. Thompson.....	1,882	108	A. W. Mann.....	1,245
	T. J. Botkin.....	994	109	A. H. Heath.....	827
	<i>Kingman.</i>			B. F. Wallace.....	1,185
94	F. E. Gillett.....	1,006		H. Keeley.....	671
	Ethan Wait.....	969		<i>Smith.</i>	
	T. S. Benefiel.....	275	110	J. C. Davenport.....	745
	M. J. Albright.....	123	111	G. W. White.....	648
	<i>Barber.</i>			Webb McNall.....	762
95	T. A. McNeal.....	746		F. F. Ingersoll.....	538
	A. J. Jones.....	642		<i>Phillips.</i>	
	<i>Pratt.</i>		112	W. H. McBride.....	1,004
96	A. S. Thompson.....	686		H. N. Boyd.....	894
	W. F. Gibbons.....	652		<i>Rooks.</i>	
	<i>Reno.</i>		113	W. H. Barnes.....	833
97	I. M. Gray.....	1,067		W. A. Fallas.....	707
	W. H. Northcutt.....	685		<i>Ellis.</i>	
	Sanders Cochrane.....	64	114	Frank Hopkins.....	473
98	A. B. Caldwell.....	899		John L. Duncan.....	413
	O. S. Jenks.....	637		Walter Martin.....	187
	<i>Stafford.</i>			<i>Rush.</i>	
99	E. R. Swartz.....	1,078	115	John Hargrave.....	440
	Scattering.....	20		J. E. Frazer.....	394
	<i>Barton.</i>			<i>Pawnee.</i>	
100	W. H. Campbell.....	1,118	116	William C. Edwards.....	735
	P. G. Bonewitz.....	1,015		John Hall.....	356
	H. C. Diehl.....	39		<i>Edwards.</i>	
	<i>Rice.</i>		117	B. R. Mosher.....	406
101	R. F. Bond.....	1,471		George Bill.....	383
	C. Bohrer.....	1,150		<i>Ford.</i>	
	W. F. Lourey.....	112	118	R. J. Hardesty.....	620
	<i>Ellsworth.</i>			J. Q. Shoup.....	520
102	George Seitz.....	934		<i>Hodgeman.</i>	
	E. R. Lang.....	892	119	W. D. Pratt.....	235
	<i>Russell.</i>			Louis Stroud.....	187
103	H. Wentworth.....	644		<i>Ness.</i>	
	W. E. Banks.....	616	120	J. P. Johnson.....	340
	<i>Lincoln.</i>			J. E. Farnsworth.....	280
104	R. F. Bryant.....	839		Scattering.....	3
	J. A. Smith.....	751		<i>Trego.</i>	
			121	Stephen J. Osborne.....	263
				B. O. Richards.....	99

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

Districts..	Names of persons voted for.	No. votes..	Districts..	Names of persons voted for.	No. votes..
	<i>Graham.</i>			<i>Decatur.</i>	
122	James Justus.....	336	124	Van B. Wiggins.....	330
	Levi Pritchard.....	240		Dan. Caster.....	227
				J. B. Hitchcock.....	158
	<i>Norton.</i>			Scattering.....	3
123	W. H. Hollenshead.....	796		<i>Sheridan.</i>	
	W. R. Cannon.....	401	125	R. H. Talbot.....	106
	Scattering.....	2		George W. Crane.....	58

NOVEMBER 6.—Meeting of the Social Science Club, in Atchison. Address of welcome by Mrs. Ingalls.

NOVEMBER 10.—The U. S. Supreme Court decides against John Foster; the prohibitory law is not in violation of the Constitution of the United States; the quo warranto proceedings are not criminal in their nature, and Foster's trial, in Topeka, was legal. The court sustains our Supreme Court in removing Foster.

NOVEMBER 12.—Death, in Topeka, of E. C. K. Garvey; age, 70. He was born in Longford, Ireland; came to Topeka, from Milwaukee, in the spring of 1855. Mr. Garvey was known and honored throughout the State.

NOVEMBER 13.—Twenty-fifth annual meeting of the Ministerial Union. Called to order at the North Topeka Baptist Church, by the President, J. F. Rairden. Officers elected: President, R. P. Evans; Secretary, C. S. Sheffield.

—Twenty-fifth annual meeting of the Kansas Baptist Convention, at the North Topeka Baptist Church; Prof. M. L. Ward, President of Ottawa University, in the chair. Officers for the year elected: G. Grovenor, of Lawrence, President; G. Gates of Highland, and A. A. Vail of Olathe, Vice Presidents; L. H. Holt, of Topeka, Secretary; H. B. Brand, of Beloit, Assistant Secretary. Prof. P. J. Williams, of the State University, delivered an address on the Sunday School.

NOVEMBER 19.—Fire in Concordia; loss, \$25,000.

NOVEMBER 19.—Meeting of the State Temperance Union, at Topeka. Officers elected: President, B. Kelley, Winfield; Vice President, Joab Mulvane, Topeka; Treasurer, P. I. Bonebrake, Topeka; Secretary, J. A. Troutman, Topeka. Trustees—A. B. Campbell, Topeka; G. W. E. Griffith, Lawrence; W. B. Slosson, Leavenworth; R. Wake, Abilene; Albert Griffin, Manhattan; Philip Krohn, Atchison; J. Jay Buck, Emporia; W. H. Scott, Fort Scott; H. W. Lewis, Wichita. Mr. Joab Mulvane read the report of the Committee on Resolutions, as follows:

"Whereas, The principles and aims of the State Temperance Union have been emphatically indorsed by the people of the State in the recent election, in the overwhelming rejection of the present occupant of the executive chair, and thus placing the seal

of popular condemnation on his unlawful usurpation of power and the exercise of executive clemency in behalf of convicted saloon-keepers, we congratulate the Prohibitionists of Kansas upon this evidence of the growth and strength of sound temperance sentiments, and recommend the adoption of the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the Democratic party of Kansas, by adopting an anti-prohibition platform and making an avowed anti-prohibition campaign, have made it impossible for consistent Prohibitionists to give it their support, so long as it retains its present attitude.

Resolved, That the Republican party of Kansas, by adopting a platform that was satisfactory to the mass of Prohibitionists, and State officers and a Legislature pledged to the required enforcement of the constitution 'to the end that the full effects of prohibition may be realized,' has done all that reasonable Prohibitionists should demand, and is at this time entitled to the cordial support of temperance men.

Resolved, That as long as the attitude of the two parties in this State remains unchanged, we are unalterably opposed to the formation or maintenance of an independent Prohibition party, and we cordially invite those who have separated from us to return and act with us in the future.

Resolved, Such an expression of public opinion in favor of enforcement of the law, and against all persons and parties whose influence has obstructed such enforcement, that we express the hope and expectation that all officers of the law will vigorously discharge their duties."

The fifth, sixth and seventh resolutions are complimentary to A. B. Campbell; urging renewed work in favor of moral suasion; and that this Union join with the W. C. T. U. in seeking to engraft upon our public-school system a course of instruction teaching systematically the effects of liquor.

The report of the Committee on Legislation, by its chairman, A. B. Jetmore, recommended: There should be prohibitory legislation in strict accordance with the constitution, as follows: First, there should be a separate law for the purpose of prohibiting the open saloon, or the sale of intoxicating liquor as a beverage; second, there should be a separate statute regulating the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors for the legitimate purposes as provided by such amendment; third, we would also commend the appointment of a permanent committee of five on legislation, with full power to act for the Union in procuring the passage or enactment of all prohibitory laws.

The report as read was adopted.

The following resolution of W. B. Slosson was adopted at the meeting of the Executive Committee, Tuesday night, November 18:

Whereas, Rev. A. B. Campbell has at this meeting of the Executive Committee declared irrevocably that he cannot accept longer the position of President, or Organizer, of the State Union, and recognizing the honest, able and efficient manner in which he has served the State Temperance Union in this work: therefore, be it

Resolved, That we learn with deep regret his determination to resign, and in accepting his resignation we extend to Mr. Campbell our earnest, heartfelt thanks for the grand work he has done for the temperance cause in Kansas.

Resolved, That we deprecate the attempt to form a third party, and as shown in the most emphatic manner by the result of the last election, when the candidates of the third party received less than 5,000 votes out of a total vote of 265,000 cast in the State, which shows the views of Kansas on the subject."

Ex-Governor St. John opposed the report of the Committee on Resolutions, was received with expressions of disapprobation, and was voted down.

NOVEMBER 21.—Reception given to John A. Martin, at Manhattan. George S. Green presides.

NOVEMBER 25.—The Evangelical Lutheran Synod of Kansas meets in its Seventeenth Annual Convention in the new Lutheran Church, Topeka. Election of officers: President, A. J. Kissell, of Salina; Secretary, M. F. Troxell, of Kansas City; Treasurer, J. E. Tressler, of Penbody.

—Woman's Home and Foreign Mission Convention. The officers are Mrs. L. F. Dornblaser, President; Mrs. J. M. Brower, Secretary; and Mrs. A. J. Kissell, Treasurer.

NOVEMBER 24.—Funeral of Franklin L. Crane, in Topeka. Dr. Crane was born in East Windsor, Connecticut, in 1808; came to Kansas in October, 1854; died in Carthage, New Mexico, November 21. The Capital gives his biography.

—The U. S. Circuit Court opened in the new building.

—Seventeenth Annual Meeting of the Academy of Science, at Lawrence. Officers elected: President, R. J. Brown, of Leavenworth; Vice Presidents, E. L. Nichols of Lawrence, G. L. Failyer of Manhattan; Secretary, E. A. Popenoe, of Manhattan; Treasurer, A. H. Thompson, of Topeka; Librarian, F. W. Cragin, of Topeka; Curators, O. H. St. John, J. H. Carruth, J. T. Lovewell, Geo. S. Chase, F. W. Cragin. The transactions of this year and last are published together. Papers by A. H. Thompson; Robert Hay, Geology of Norton County; Erasmus Hallowell, Octahedral Limonite; A New Kansas Mineral, J. T. Willard; N. S. Goss, Birds; Ebullition, E. L. Nichols; Mineral Waters, E. H. S. Bailey; Archaeology, Geo. S. Chase; Sorghum, G. H. Failyer; The Ocean, R. J. Brown; Coal-oil Legislation, H. E. Sadler; Lightning, J. Savage; Tea Analysis, H. R. Bull; Meteorology, F. H. Snow; Coleoptera, Warren Knaus; Fauna, E. A. Popenoe; Kansas Fishes, I. D. Graham; Fungi, W. A. Kellerman; Chemistry, E. H. S. Bailey; Kansas Rainfall, F. H. Snow; Meteors, R. H. Short; Geology, E. P. West; Flora, F. Lamson Scribner; The Age of Kansas, B. B. Smyth; Botany, J. H. Carruth.

NOVEMBER 26.—It is learned that James C. Pusey, clerk of the Penitentiary, is a thief and forger. He runs away.

NOVEMBER 27.—Third Annual Convention of the Young Men's Christian Association, in Leavenworth. Officers of the Convention: President, F. D. Pettit, of Emporia; Vice Presidents, B. F. Troxler of Leavenworth, and C. L. Seeley of Sterling; Secretary, J. B. Larimer, of Topeka; Assistant Secretary, C. H. Hosford, of Washburn College; Secretary to the Press, W. S. Picken, of Emporia Normal College.

—Albert Walburn's Fort Scott foundry sends Kansas inventions and machinery to the mines of all the Territories.

NOVEMBER 28.—The Supreme Court declares void the section of the law of 1883, requiring the railroads to support the Railroad Commissioners.

NOVEMBER 29.—The Northwestern Kansas Teachers' Association meets at Minneapolis.

—Death, at Wellington, of David L. Payne, the Oklahoma "boomer." He is succeeded in position by W. L. Couch.

—S. J. Crawford makes a report on the claims of the State against the United States.

NOVEMBER 30.—Dedication of the new English Lutheran Church, in Topeka.

DECEMBER 1.—T. A. Hurd's appointment expires, and W. A. Johnston succeeds him as Associate Justice. George P. Smith, of Allen county, is appointed Attorney General.

—A reward offered for Pusey.

—Second Annual Report of the Board of Railroad Commissioners. Number of miles of road in the State, 4,038, exclusive of side tracks. These reports have great value and interest. Good things to refer to when the stumper is a-stumping.

DECEMBER 2.—Foundation of the main building of the State House completed.

DECEMBER 2.—A case before Judge Brewer: "Benjamin Harris Brewster vs. The Leavenworth, Lawrence & Galveston Railroad Company." It is a bill in equity to set aside the title to 28,000 acres of land in Allen county that was granted in 1873 to the railroad company, but said company never constructed the branch from Leavenworth to Lawrence, nor to Emporia, on failure of which it is claimed they were to forfeit their title to the lands.

DECEMBER 3.—Meeting of Presidential Electors. The College called to order by John H. Rice, and on motion of A. J. Felt, I. O. Pickering was elected Chairman, and Del. A. Valentine, Secretary. Two ballots were taken, one for President and one for Vice President. They resulted in giving to James G. Blaine, of Maine, for President, nine votes, and to John A. Logan, of Illinois, for Vice President, nine votes. J. M. Miller was elected Messenger to take the vote to Washington.

DECEMBER 4.—Dedication of the Normal College at Fort Scott.

DECEMBER 5.—Road opened to Belleville; excursion to Clay Center.

—A. S. Johnson, born in Kansas, has been a member of the Legislature, Territory and State. Ed. P. Greer, of the Winfield Courier, a native Kansan, is elected to the Legislature.

DECEMBER 8.—The U. S. Supreme Court decides that 5,000 acres of land in Wabaunsee and Osage counties, belong to the K. P. and not the Santa Fé road.

DECEMBER 13.—A woolen mill is in operation in El Dorado.

—Fire in St. Marys; loss, \$45,000. Alva Higby loses his life.

DECEMBER 16.—Dr. Wilson Hobbs, of Knightstown, Ind., sends to the State Historical Society his "Personal Recollections of My Residence at 'Friends Establishment,' among the Shawnee Indians in Kansas Territory, from November, 1850, to November, 1852." The "Friends Estab-

lishment" was located at a point on Turkey creek where Glenwood now stands. The "Recollections" are in manuscript. This mission originated with the Baltimore Meeting of Friends in 1808, and in 1821 was located in Ohio. It was removed to Kansas in 1832.

—The Santa Fé establishes reading rooms for its employés.

—Opening of the New Orleans Exposition.

—A recent sale of lands by the Normal School Board is censured; they were sold to H. C. Cross, for \$3.50 an acre.

DECEMBER 16.—Meeting of the National Prohibitionists, in Topeka. Called to order by H. J. Canuiff. Officers: John E. Rastall, of Burlingame, Chairman; Pitt Ross, of Leavenworth, and Thomas Owen jr., of Concordia, Secretaries. State Central Committee: First Congressional District, Pitt Ross; Second, A. M. Richardson; Third, D. R. Martin; Fourth, B. L. Lotz; Fifth, L. R. Elliott; Sixth, C. P. Stephens; Seventh, Joseph Langelier jr. At large—H. P. Vrooman, Topeka; G. L. Tarton, North Topeka; Cyrus Corning, Quenemo; W. G. Brooks, North Topeka; John E. Rastall, Burlingame. The committee organized by choosing H. P. Vrooman Chairman and G. L. Tarton Secretary. A platform was adopted, pledging support to the National Prohibition party.

DECEMBER 16.—Eighteenth annual meeting of the Horticultural Society, at Burlingame. Officers elected: E. Gale, President; M. B. Newman, Vice President; G. C. Brackett, Secretary; F. Wellhouse, Treasurer; Central Trustee, E. P. Diehl. The report contains 306 pages.

DECEMBER 17.—Thomas Taylor appointed census taker of Comanche county.

DECEMBER 20.—The Central Live-Stock Association organized, at Emporia. Officers: C. Hood, President; J. M. Steele, Treasurer; O. W. Way, Secretary; E. S. Jewett, Assistant Secretary; Jacob Taylor, Vice President for Lyon county.

—The Hiawatha World publishes statements by T. D. Thacher and D. W. Wilder in regard to James Montgomery's attempt to rescue Hazlett and Stevens, in the winter of 1860.

DECEMBER 24.—General Methodist observance of the day, one hundred years from the organization of the church, in Baltimore.

DECEMBER 28.—The Commonwealth gives a history of Bishop Vail's twenty years in Kansas. He was elected Bishop, at Atchison, September 14, 1864.

DECEMBER 29.—Death of Judge N. T. Stephens, at Lawrence.

—W. W. Cone, in the Eskridge Home Weekly, gives sketches of the new State Senators and Representatives.

—Twenty-fifth annual meeting of the State Teachers' Association, at Topeka. Called to order by F. A. Fitzpatrick, of Leavenworth. J. K. Hudson delivers the address of welcome. President A. R. Taylor, of Emporia, presides.

The President announces the following committees: On Resolutions—Chancellor Lippincott, of the University; Professor H. C. Ford, of Butler; Mrs. H. P. Dow, of Ottawa. Auditing Committee—Professor L. M. Knowles, of Peabody; Mrs. Williams, of Coffey; Professor Whitecotton, of Osborne. On Nomination—Colonel H. D. McCarty, of Highland; Professor D. F. Hoover, of Seneca; Professor Ansel Gridley, of Cowley; Professor Sanders, of Bourbon; Professor Sawhill, of Concordia; Miss Anna Carl, of Lyons; Miss Cochrane, of Florence. Committee on Locating Next Meeting of the National Teachers' Association—Superintendent Speer, Professor J. H. Canfield, Miss Crichton.

The following Board of Directors for 1885 was appointed: J. W. Whitecotton, Osborne county; William Wasson, Bourbon county; J. C. Weir, Cowley county; Miss L. Hoxie, Lyon county; Miss English, Leavenworth county. The Board of Directors reported officers for the ensuing year as follows: President, J. H. Canfield, Lawrence; Vice President, G. W. Jones, Linn county; Secretary, J. C. Weir, Cowley county; Treasurer, Miss Eva McNally, Wyandotte. Executive Committee—J. H. Lawhead, State Superintendent of Public Instruction; M. J. Wilcox, Mitchell county; J. V. Jewett, Abilene. Representatives to the National Teachers' Association—Frank A. Fitzpatrick, Leavenworth; H. C. Speer, Topeka.

At the close of the session of the State Teachers' Association, about twenty-five ladies and gentlemen assembled, for the purpose of organizing an association to promote higher linguistic studies. Dr. P. J. Williams, Dean of the Normal Department of the State University, was chosen President, and Henry A. McLean Secretary. The object, methods and necessary preliminaries were thoroughly discussed by Professors W. I. Graham, C. S. Parmenter, William MacDonald, W. H. Carruth, Whitecotton, Taylor, and others. Dr. Williams, President Taylor and Professor Graham were appointed an Executive Committee.

DECEMBER 31.—The fourth biennial report of the State Board of Agriculture contains 713 pages. Population, 1,135,614.

—E. A. Scammon, State Inspector of Mines, makes his first annual report. The coal mined in the State during the year was 27,500,000 bushels; number of miners, 3,716; other employés, 454.

—Secretary of State James Smith issued charters to 780 corporations in Kansas during the year. Governor Glick commissioned 1,404 notaries public and 191 justices of the peace during 1884. Sixty-nine fire insurance companies were admitted to do business, 1 plate glass insurance company, 17 life and accident insurance companies, 5 State mutual fire insurance companies; total, 92. Receipts for the year: From taxes, \$17,902.27, agents' licenses, \$13,298; filing charters, \$440; filing annual statements, \$4,400; State school fund, \$4,350; total, \$40,390.27. Expenses, \$5,250.35. Balance turned into the treasury, \$35,139.92. Increase over last year, \$7,854.98.

During the year 1884 there have been two volumes of Kansas Reports published. Nos. 30 and 31. In No. 30 there were 130 cases reported, as

follows: Horton, C. J., 45; Valentine, J., 32; Brewer, J., 45. In 8 cases, *per curiam* opinions only, were filed. In volume 31, 153 cases were reported, as follows: Horton, C. J., 42; Valentine, J., 56; Brewer, J., 42. In 13 cases, *per curiam* opinions only, were filed.

—First annual report of the Live-Stock Sanitary Commission, W. A. Harris, J. W. Hamilton, and J. T. White, and the State Veterinarian, A. A. Holcombe. It gives a detailed history of the cattle disease.

—A. L. Benson, of Ottawa, appointed to succeed Judge Stephens in the Fourth District.

—Professor Snow says: "The entire rainfall, including melted snow, was 43.70 inches, which has been but once exceeded in our 17 years' record (in 1876), and is 9.05 above the annual average."

1885.

JANUARY 1.—The Kansas Central Live-Stock Association, at Emporia, elects the following officers: C. Hood, of Emporia, President; Jacob Taylor, Vice President for Lyon; F. M. Chase, for Morris; Samuel T. Bennett, for Chase; William Martindale, for Greenwood; T. L. Harrell, for Coffey; O. E. Nelson, for Osage; and John Clark, for Wabaunsee. O. W. Way, of Emporia, Secretary; E. S. Jewett, Assistant Secretary; and J. M. Steele, Treasurer.

—H. M. Greene, Superintendent of the School for Idiotic and Imbecile Children, reports an attendance of 102.

—Superintendent Buck, of the Reform School, reports 182 pupils.

—The St. Louis, Fort Scott & Wichita road opened from Clearwater to Argonia.

—Issue of the fifth volume of the Constitutional History of the United States, by Dr. H. von Holst, Professor at the University of Freiburg. Translated from the German by John J. Lalor, Chicago; Callaghan & Co. This volume covers Kansas in 1854-56. In insight and reasoning it is an intellectual delight.

JANUARY 8.—The Kansas Democratic Editorial and Publishers' Association meet, at Kansas City; the third annual convention of the Association. Address by V. J. Lane, President. Officers elected: President, V. J. Lane; Vice President, T. P. Fulton; Secretary, B. J. Chapman; Treasurer, H. Clay Park.

—Fire in Osage City; loss, \$15,000.

—Organization, at Topeka, of a Jacksonian Democratic Club. Officers: President, A. A. Glenn, of Wichita; Vice Presidents—Geo. W. Glick, Atchison; A. A. Harris, Fort Scott; Charles Black, Winfield; N. B. Arnold, North Topeka; A. A. Carnahan, Clay Center; J. Schlyer, Hays City; W. F. Petillon, Dodge City. Secretaries—First, Floyd B. Irish, Topeka; second, L. F. Smith, Delphos.

JANUARY 9.—Celebration of the twentieth anniversary of the episcopate of Thos. H. Vail. Services conducted by Chas. Reynolds, A. Beatty, and John Bennett. Sermon by Bishop A. C. Garrett, of Texas.

JANUARY 11.—Death, in California, of Mrs. C. I. H. Nichols; age, 74. She lived in Quindaro, Wyandotte county, in 1857; she was well known as a speaker and writer, and lectured efficiently for Free Kansas throughout the East, in 1856.

JANUARY 12.—Inauguration of Gov. John A. Martin, in the House of Representatives. Addresses by Gov. Glick and Gov. Martin. State officers sworn in. Reception in the evening. James Smith is the Governor's Private Secretary; D. W. Wilder, Executive Clerk; W. W. Admire, Stenographer; Wm. C. Smith, Messenger.

—The papers are full of letters and articles in regard to the action of J. P. St. John in the recent campaign.

JANUARY 13.—Meeting of the Legislature. The Senate did not elect its officers until the next day.

STATE OFFICERS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
John A. Martin, Governor.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
A. P. Riddle, Lieutenant Governor.....	Girard.....	Crawford.
E. B. Allen, Secretary of State.....	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.
E. P. McCabe, Auditor of State.....	Millbrook.....	Graham.
Samuel T. Howe, Treasurer of State.....	Marion.....	Marion.
J. H. Lawhead, Superintendent Public Instruction.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
S. B. Bradford, Attorney General.....	Carbondale.....	Osage.
T. D. Thacher, State Printer.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
William Sims, Secretary State Board Agriculture.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
F. G. Adams, Secretary State Historical Society.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
R. B. Morris, Superintendent of Insurance.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
Hamilton J. Dennis, State Librarian.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
A. B. Campbell Adjutant General.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
James Smith, Governor's Private Secretary.....	Marysville.....	Marshall.
W. T. Cavanaugh, Assistant Secretary of State.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.

JUDGES AND OFFICERS OF U. S. COURTS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
David J. Brewer, Judge of the Circuit Court.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.
Cassius G. Foster, Judge of the District Court.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
J. R. Hollowell, U. S. District Attorney.....	Baxter Springs	Cherokee.
Charles Blood Smith, Assistant District Attorney.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Benj. F. Simpson, U. S. Marshal.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
A. S. Thomas, Clerk of Circuit Court.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Joseph C. Wilson, Clerk of District Court.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.

JUDGES AND OFFICERS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Albert H. Horton, Chief Justice.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
Daniel M. Valentine, Associate Justice.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
W. A. Johnston, Associate Justice.....	Minneapolis...	Ottawa.
C. J. Brown, Clerk.....	Blue Rapids....	Marshall.
A. M. F. Randolph, Reporter.....	Burlington.....	Coffey.

JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT OF SHAWNEE COUNTY.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
William C. Webb.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.

JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURTS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>District.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
Robert Crozier.....	First.....	Leavenworth...	Leavenworth.
David Martin.....	Second.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
John Guthrie.....	Third.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
A. W. Benson.....	Fourth.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
Charles V. Graves.....	Fifth.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
C. O. French.....	Sixth.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
L. Stillwell.....	Seventh.....	Osage Mission.....	Neosho.
M. B. Nicholson.....	Eighth.....	Council Grove.....	Morris.
L. Houk.....	Ninth.....	Hutchinson.....	Reno.
W. R. Wagstaff.....	Tenth.....	Paola.....	Miami.
George Chandler.....	Eleventh.....	Oswego.....	Labette.
Edward Hutchinson.....	Twelfth.....	Marysville.....	Marshall.
E. S. Torrance.....	Thirteenth.....	Winfield.....	Cowley.
S. O. Hinds.....	Fourteenth.....	Lincoln.....	Lincoln.
Clark A. Smith.....	Fifteenth.....	Cawker City.....	Mitchell.
J. C. Strang.....	Sixteenth.....	Larned.....	Pawnee.
W. H. Pratt.....	Seventeenth.....	Phillipsburg ..	Phillips.
H. C. Sluss.....	Eighteenth.....	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.
George D. Orner.....	Nineteenth.....	Wellington.....	Lewis.
G. W. Nimocks.....	Twentieth.....	Great Bend.....	Barton.
R. B. Spillman.....	Twenty-first ..	Manhattan.....	Riley.

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
1	Sol. Miller.....	Troy.....	Doniphan.
2	A. J. Harwi.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
3	Matt. Edmonds.....	McLouth.....	Jefferson.
3	P. G. Lowe.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
4	W. J. Buchan.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
5	R. W. Blue.....	Pleasanton.....	Linn.
5	W. M. Shean.....	Gardner.....	Johnson.
6	W. J. Bawden.....	Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.
7	M. C. Kelley.....	Mulberry Grove.....	Crawford.
8	John N. Ritter.....	Columbus.....	Cherokee.
9	C. H. Kimball.....	Parsons.....	Labette.
10	L. U. Humphrey.....	Independence.....	Montgomery.
11	R. N. Allen.....	Chanute.....	Neosho.
12	J. H. Whitford.....	Garnett.....	Anderson.
12	L. C. Wasson.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
14	T. L. Marshall.....	Osage City.....	Osage.
15	George J. Barker.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
16	Silas E. Sheldon.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
17	R. S. Hick.....	Louisville.....	Pottawatomie.
18	W. W. Smith.....	Watersville.....	Marshall.
19	Geo. S. Green.....	Manhattan.....	Riley.
20	L. B. Kellogg.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
21	E. M. Hewins.....	Cedarvale.....	Elk.
22	Frank S. Jennings.....	Winfield.....	Cowley.
23	A. L. Redden.....	El Dorado.....	Butler.
24	R. M. Crane.....	Marion.....	Marion.
25	Conrad Kohler.....	Enterprise.....	Dickinson.

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
26	F. P. Harkness.....	Clay Center.....	Clay.
27	George H. Case.....	Mankato.....	Jewell.
28	R. M. Pickler.....	Smith Center.....	Smith.
29	I. D. Young.....	Beloit.....	Mitchell.
30	Ira E. Lloyd.....	Ellsworth.....	Ellsworth.
31	H. B. Kelly.....	McPherson.....	McPherson.
32	W. M. Congdon.....	Sedgwick.....	Harvey.
33	John Kelly.....	Goddard.....	Sedgwick.
34	W. J. Lingenfelter.....	Wellington.....	Sumner.
35	J. W. Rush.....	Larned.....	Pawnee.
36	J. W. White.....	Lyons.....	Rice.
37	E. J. Donnell.....	Stockton.....	Rooks.
38	H. S. Granger.....	Phillipsburg.....	Phillips.

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
A. P. Riddle.....	President.....	Girard.....	Crawford.
L. U. Humphrey.....	President <i>pro tem.</i>	Independence....	Montgomery.
Clifford C. Baker.....	Secretary.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
John B. Shafer.....	Assistant Secretary.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
S. O. McDowell.....	Sergeant-at-Arms.....	Columbus.....	Cherokee.
F. M. Higgason.....	Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms..	Belleville.....	Republic.
W. J. Wilson.....	Journal Clerk.....	Winfield.....	Cowley.
A. P. Jetmore.....	Docket Clerk.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
L. G. Gilmore.....	Doorkeeper.....	Fall River.....	Greenwood.
Wellington Marks.....	First Assistant Doorkeeper..	Oak Mills.....	Atchison.
Sam. Lee.....	Second Assistant Doorkeeper	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
C. E. Moore.....	Postmaster.....	Cherryvale.....	Montgomery.
Seth Woodward.....	Assistant Postmaster.....	El Dorado.....	Butler.
Rev. Allen Buckner.....	Chaplain.....	Baldwin City....	Douglas.
George W. Connell.....	Page.....	Leecompton.....	Douglas.
Frank Brown.....	Page.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Willie N. Neff.....	Page.....	Garden City.....	Finney.
Walter B. Best.....	Page.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Clay Allen.....	Page.....	Erie.....	Nosho.
Sid. C. Matheny.....	Page.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Willie L. McNall.....	Page.....	Gaylord.....	Smith.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
1	Phil. Kelly.....	White Cloud.....	Doniphan.
2	William H. Deckard.....	Palermo.....	Doniphan.
3	Frank E. Cloyes.....	Lancaster.....	Atchison.
4	Charles W. Benning.....	Atchison.....	Atchison.
5	A. J. White.....	Nortonville.....	Jefferson.
6	Levi Wilhelm.....	Winchester.....	Jefferson.
7	G. W. McCammon.....	Valley Falls.....	Jefferson.
8	Edward Carroll.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
9	George T. Anthony.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
10	W. F. Ashby.....	Easton.....	Leavenworth.
11	E. J. Holman.....	Leavenworth.....	Leavenworth.
12	E. S. W. Drought.....	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.
13	B. L. Stine.....	Rosedale.....	Wyandotte.
14	T. L. Hogue.....	Shawnee Mission.....	Johnson.
15	V. R. Ellis.....	Gardner.....	Johnson.
16	J. N. Roberts.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONTINUED.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
17	J. H. Bonebrake.....	Leecompton.....	Douglas.
18	Joseph J. Cox.....	Lawrence.....	Douglas.
19	L. W. Hostetter.....	Wellsville.....	Franklin.
20	W. H. Woodhief.....	Ottawa.....	Franklin.
21	H. A. Miller.....	Paola.....	Miami.
22	C. H. Lewis.....	Fontana.....	Miami.
23	R. H. Roseberry.....	La Cygne.....	Linn.
24	Alfred Blaker.....	Pleasanton.....	Linn.
25	S. T. Roach.....	Garnett.....	Anderson.
26	Samuel J. Stewart.....	Iola.....	Allen.
27	A. E. Currier.....	Hammond Station.....	Bourbon.
28	Wiley Bollinger.....	Mill Creek.....	Bourbon.
29	A. J. Vickers.....	Pittsburg.....	Crawford.
30	E. C. Seammon.....	Stilson.....	Cherokee.
31	John S. Gillespie.....	Keelville.....	Cherokee.
32	E. C. Weilep.....	Galena.....	Cherokee.
33	David Kelson.....	Parsons.....	Labette.
34	H. C. Cook.....	Oswego.....	Labette.
35	J. B. Cook.....	Chetopa.....	Labette.
36	J. A. Burdick.....	Independence.....	Montgomery.
37	Daniel McTaggart.....	Liberty.....	Montgomery.
38	J. W. Martin.....	Ladore.....	Neosho.
39	Ben. J. Smith.....	Erie.....	Neosho.
40	J. F. Coulter.....	Rest.....	Wilson.
41	C. J. Butin.....	Fredonia.....	Wilson.
42	W. H. Slavens.....	Yates Center.....	Woodson.
43	Stephen Ogden.....	Lebo.....	Coffey.
44	L. E. Finch.....	Burlingame.....	Osage.
45	W. C. Sweezy.....	Olivet.....	Osage.
46	David Overmyer.....	North Topeka.....	Shawnee.
47	A. H. Vance.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
48	J. B. Johnson.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
49	Peter Dickson.....	Holton.....	Jackson.
50	G. Y. Johnson.....	Willis.....	Brown.
51	R. H. Brewster.....	Hiawatha.....	Brown.
52	J. E. Corwin.....	Sabetha.....	Nemaha.
53	C. S. Cummings.....	Centralia.....	Nemaha.
54	James Billingsley.....	Axtell.....	Marshall.
55	T. F. Rhodes.....	Frankfort.....	Marshall.
56	John A. Johnson.....	Mariadahl.....	Pottawatomie.
57	Thomas Beattie.....	Wamego.....	Pottawatomie.
58	P. S. Loofbourrow.....	Leonardsville.....	Riley.
59	G. E. Beates.....	Junction City.....	Davis.
60	F. L. Raymond.....	Maple Hill.....	Wabaunsee.
61	J. Jay Buck.....	Euporia.....	Lyon.
62	D. A. Hunter.....	Emporia.....	Lyon.
63	J. B. Clogston.....	Eureka.....	Greenwood.
64	E. G. Dewey.....	Grenola.....	Elk.
65	C. M. Turner.....	Sedan.....	Chautauqua.
66	Ed. P. Greer.....	Winfield.....	Cowley.
67	Louis P. King.....	Winfield.....	Cowley.
68	J. D. Maurer.....	Dexter.....	Cowley.
69	F. W. Rash.....	Douglas.....	Butler.
70	J. M. Randall.....	El Dorado.....	Butler.
71	W. G. Patten.....	Cottonwood Falls.....	Chase.
72	J. Ware Butterfield.....	Florence.....	Marion.
73	William A. Lower.....	Skiddy.....	Morris.
74	J. R. Burton.....	Abilene.....	Dickinson.
75	C. N. Coggeshall.....	Solomon.....	Dickinson.
76	George Morgan.....	Clay Center.....	Clay.
77	J. P. Spiers.....	Washington.....	Washington.
78	J. J. Veatch.....	Palmer.....	Washington.
79	W. A. Reeves.....	Harebine, Nebraska.....	Republic.
80	William Glasgow.....	Prospect.....	Republic.
81	G. M. Kregger.....	Willowvale.....	Cloud.
82	D. B. Moore.....	Jamestown.....	Cloud.
83	R. P. Blain.....	Lamar.....	Ottawa.
84	Charles E. Faulkner.....	Salina.....	Saline.
85	A. P. Collins.....	Solomon.....	Saline.
86	A. W. Smith.....	McPherson.....	McPherson.
87	J. M. Simpson.....	McPherson.....	McPherson.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE—CONCLUDED.

<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Names.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
88	T. J. Matlock.....	Burton.....	Harvey.
89	Rodolph Hatfield.....	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.
90	R. E. Lawrence.....	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.
91	R. J. Hukle.....	London.....	Sumner.
92	I. N. Cooper.....	Caldwell.....	Sumner.
93	G. D. Thompson.....	Harper.....	Harper.
94	F. E. Gillett.....	Kingman.....	Kingman.
95	T. A. McNeal.....	Medicine Lodge.....	Barber.
96	A. S. Thompson.....	Pratt Center.....	Pratt.
97	I. M. Gray.....	Mt. Hope.....	Reno.
98	A. B. Caldwell.....	Arlington.....	Reno.
99	E. R. Swartz.....	St. John.....	Stafford.
100	W. H. Campbell.....	Great Bend.....	Barton.
101	R. F. Bond.....	Sterling.....	Rice.
102	George Seitz.....	Ellsworth.....	Ellsworth.
103	H. Wentworth.....	Russell.....	Russell.
104	R. F. Bryant.....	Lincoln.....	Lincoln.
105	Samuel Carter.....	Asherville.....	Mitchell.
106	Frank J. Kelley.....	Cawker City.....	Mitchell.
107	J. M. Morgan.....	Downs.....	Osborne.
108	A. W. Mann.....	Burr Oak.....	Jewell.
109	B. F. Wallace.....	Mankato.....	Jewell.
110	J. C. Davenport.....	Smith Centre.....	Smith.
111	Webb McNall.....	Gaylord.....	Smith.
112	W. H. McBride.....	Kirwin.....	Phillips.
113	W. H. Barnes.....	Stockton.....	Rooks.
114	Frank Hopkins.....	Walker.....	Ellis.
115	John Hargrave.....	La Crosse.....	Rush.
116	W. C. Edwards.....	Larned.....	Pawnee.
117	B. R. Mosher.....	Kinsley.....	Edwards.
118	R. J. Hardesty.....	Dodge City.....	Ford.
119	W. D. Pratt.....	Jetmore.....	Hodgeman.
120	J. P. Johnson.....	Ness City.....	Ness.
121	S. J. Osborn.....	Wakeeney.....	Trego.
122	James Justus.....	Millbrook.....	Graham.
123	W. Hollenshead.....	Norton.....	Norton.
124	Van B. Wiggins.....	Lyle.....	Decatur.
125	R. H. Talbot.....	Kenneth.....	Sheridan.
.....	C. J. Jones.....	Garden City.....	Finney.
.....	John A. Bliss.....	Atwood.....	Rawlins.

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Office.</i>	<i>P. O. Address.</i>	<i>County.</i>
J. B. Johnson.....	Speaker.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
J. R. Burton.....	Speaker <i>pro tem</i>	Abilene.....	Dickinson.
C. S. Martin.....	Chief Clerk.....	Salina.....	Saline.
H. L. Millard.....	Asst. Chief Clerk.....	Sterling.....	Rice.
C. A. Lewis.....	Journal Clerk.....	Phillipsburg.....	Phillips.
Laf. C. Smith.....	Assistant Journal Clerk..	Stockton.....	Rooks.
Miss M. L. Slough.....	Docket Clerk.....	Leavenworth.....	Leaven'wth.
Henry Miller.....	Assistant Docket Clerk...	Belfield.....	Rush.
C. A. Norton.....	Sergeant-at-Arms.....	Beloit.....	Mitchell.
F. M. Dofflemayre.....	Asst. Sergeant-at-Arms...	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.
John F. Furnish.....	Doorkeeper.....	Kingman.....	Kingman.
Martin J. Cuff.....	First Ass't Doorkeeper...	Atchison.....	Atchison.
F. A. Kipp.....	Second Ass't Doorkeeper...	Neosho Falls.....	Woodson.
Alexander Hannum.....	Third Ass't Doorkeeper...	America City.....	Nemaha.
Gilbert Bedell.....	Postmaster.....	Larned.....	Pawnee.
Nora M. Shaffer.....	Assistant Postmaster.....	Topeka.....	Shawnee.
Rev. Wm. Dean.....	Chaplain.....	Lecompton.....	Douglas.

JANUARY 13.—Meeting of the State Bar Association. A. H. Horton elected President; W. A. Johnston, Vice President; W. H. Rossington, Secretary; and D. M. Valentine, Treasurer. Executive Council—D. M. Valentine, James Humphrey, E. S. Torrance, David Martin, L. Honk. Delegates to the American Bar Association—A. S. Everest, A. L. Redden, James Humphrey.

JANUARY 14.—Meeting of the State Board of Agriculture. Officers: President, Joshua Wheeler; Vice President, J. W. Johnson; Secretary, William Sims; Treasurer, John Francis. Members: R. W. Jenkins, M. Mohler, J. F. True, John Kelly, A. P. Collins, S. J. Carter, I. O. Savage, L. M. Pickering, James F. Martin, T. M. Potter.

—Gov. Martin's message read in both houses.

JANUARY 15.—State Woman Suffrage Convention, at Topeka. Officers: Mrs. Hettie Mansfield, Attica, President; Mrs. Annie C. Wait, Lincoln, Vice President; Bertha H. Ellsworth, Topeka, Corresponding Secretary; Georgiana Daniels, Eureka, Recording Secretary; and Mrs. A. D. Millington, Winfield, Treasurer.

—The Republican caucus unanimously renominates Senator Ingalls and State Printer Thacher.

JANUARY 18.—Fire at Dodge City; loss, \$75,000.

—Fire at Beloit; loss, \$40,000.

—Publication of E. W. Howe's novel, "The Mystery of the Locks." It is well received, and has a large sale.

JANUARY 19.—The Nellie Bailey murder case on trial before U. S. Judge Foster, at Wichita; she is acquitted.

JANUARY 20.—All of the Senators vote for T. Dwight Thacher for State Printer, and all of the members of the House except Mr. Weilep; he votes for Frank T. Lynch.

JANUARY 20.—Meeting of the State Medical Society, at Topeka, C. H. Guibor presiding. A joint conference was held the next day. It was composed of nine physicians, representing the three schools of medicine, as follows: H. S. Roberts of Manhattan, H. C. Guibor of Beloit, W. W. Cochrane of Atchison, and J. L. Schenck of Osage City, of the Allopathic school; H. W. Roby, A. E. Keyes, and Geo. Dick, of Topeka, of the Homeopathic school; and P. I. Mulvane, S. E. Martin, and J. A. Munk, of Topeka, of the Eclectic school. A medical bill, prepared by the Kansas Medical Society, was presented by Dr. Schenck for consideration.

JANUARY 20.—Ninth annual meeting of the State Historical Society. The proceedings, Fourth Biennial Report, fill 87 pages. It contains the address of the President, Floyd P. Baker, on "The Kansas Legislature in 1862." The address gives a sketch of the many famous men in that Legislature, and makes a valuable contribution to the War-bond and Impeachment history. The library has grown from 408 volumes in 1876, to 20,322 volumes, and is the largest and best historical collection ever made by a State so young.

The following members of the Board of Directors were elected:

For the term of one year: R. G. Hardesty, Dodge City; C. J. Jones, Garden City; John A. Bliss, Atwood, Rawlins county; P. G. Lowe, Leavenworth; W. M. Shean, Gardner; W. H. Slavens, Yates Center; L. C. Wasson, Ottawa; E. S. W. Drought, Wyandotte; Jos. P. Root, Wyandotte. These, together with the following members, who were elected in January, 1884, constitute the members of the Board whose terms expire in January, 1886: R. W. Blue, Pleasanton; Henry Booth, Larned; J. W. Ady, Newton; P. I. Bonebrake, Topeka; C. K. Holliday, Topeka; F. G. Adams, Topeka; Charles W. Blair, Leavenworth; Jacob Stotler, Wellington; T. D. Thacher, Topeka; James Smith, Marysville; M. M. Murdock, Wichita; S. N. Wood, Topeka; N. S. Goss, Topeka; J. S. Emery, Lawrence; B. F. Simpson, Paola; Geo. W. Martin, Junction City; John C. McCoy, Chouteau; H. C. Sluss, Wichita; W. P. Hackney, Winfield; Ed. Carroll, Leavenworth; Sol. Miller, Troy; Joel Holt, Beloit; Martin Mohler, Osborne.

For the term of two years: O. H. Drinkwater, Cedar Point; T. S. Hufaker, Council Grove; H. T. Wilson, Fort Scott; E. B. Purcell, Manhattan; A. S. Johnson, Topeka; John K. Faulkner, Leavenworth; L. T. Smith, Leavenworth; R. S. Hick, Louisville; R. Atkinson, Ottawa; W. R. Wagstaff, Paola; James B. Abbott, DeSoto; Albert Griffin, Manhattan; John W. Scott, Iola; P. B. Maxson, Emporia; Thos. A. McNeal, Medicine Lodge; Webb McNall, Gaylord; John Bissell, Phillipsburg; W. H. Pilkenton, Wakeeney; T. B. Murdock, El Dorado; J. McHenry, Minneapolis; L. W. Spring, Lawrence; T. T. Taylor, Hutchinson; A. R. Scheble, Hutchinson; Joseph Lowe, Washington; J. E. Taylor, Seneca; T. J. Hudson, Fredonia; J. K. Hudson, Topeka; J. H. Bronson, Ridgeway; Henry Buckingham, Concordia; W. S. Tilton, Wakeeney; J. H. Downing, Hays City; W. H. Barnes, Stockton; Cyrus Leland jr., Troy.

For the term of three years: Geo. W. Glick, Atchison; John P. St. John, Olathe; Charles Robinson, Lawrence; D. R. Anthony, Leavenworth; John Francis, Topeka; James F. Legate, Leavenworth; Henry Inman, Minneapolis; A. P. Riddle, Girard; Edward Russell, Lawrence; F. P. Baker, Topeka; D. W. Wilder, Hiawatha; John A. Martin, Atchison, P. P. Elder, Ottawa; John Speer, Garden City; Solon O. Thacher, Lawrence; Wirt W. Walton, Clay Center; Eugene F. Ware, Fort Scott; H. Miles Moore, Leavenworth; I. T. Goodnow, Manhattan; M. W. Reynolds, Lawrence; W. G. Patten, Cottonwood Falls; Ed. P. Greer, Winfield; L. U. Humphrey, Independence; W. J. Lingenfelter, Wellington; J. P. Johnson, Ness City; W. H. McBride, Kirwin; Geo. T. Anthony, Leavenworth; James Billingsley, Axtell; S. A. Kingman, Topeka; R. M. Wright, Dodge City; W. B. Clarke, Junction City; A. R. Greene, Leecompton; A. S. Everest, Atchison.

The following persons were elected corresponding members of the Society: Fred. Law Olmsted, Brookline, Mass.; Rev. C. D. Bradlee, Boston, Mass.; Edward A. Lorenz, West Point, N. Y.; Dr. Geo. W. Brown, Rockford, Ill.; Rev. C. F. Robertson, D. D., St. Louis, Mo.; Robert G.

Ingersoll, Washington, D. C.; Prof. John B. Dunbar, Bloomfield, N. J.; Henry T. Drowne, New York city; J. O. Austin, Providence, R. I.; Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Gen. Thomas Ewing, Washington, D. C.; Major L. A. Huguet-Latour, Montreal, Canada; Robert S. Stevens, Batavia, N. Y.; Gen. C. W. Darling, Utica, N. Y.; Susan B. Anthony, Rochester, N. Y.; Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Johnstown, N. Y.; Gov. Fred. P. Stanton, Farmwell, Va.; Gov. J. W. Denver, Washington, D. C.

Election of officers: President, Daniel R. Anthony, Leavenworth; Vice Presidents, Samuel N. Wood, Topeka, and Benjamin F. Simpson, Paola; Secretary, Franklin G. Adams, Topeka; Treasurer, John Francis, Topeka. The President appointed the following Executive Committee: T. Dwight Thacher, F. P. Baker, John A. Martin, D. W. Wilder, and P. I. Bonebrake.

JANUARY 21.—Cherryvale made a city of the second class.

JANUARY 23.—A. B. Campbell appointed Adjutant General.

JANUARY 25.—Burning of the post office at Coffeyville.

JANUARY 26.—Ex-Governor Glick's statement of the pardons he granted in 1883-4, chiefly in liquor cases. (See Legislative Journals.)

—Fire in Osage City; loss, \$15,000.

—Meeting, at Junction City, of the Democratic Committee of the Fifth District. Voted that A. A. Carnahan have the same influence in distributing patronage that he would have had if elected to Congress.

JANUARY 27.—Vote for United States Senator. Senate: John J. Ingalls, 39; Geo. W. Glick, 1. Mr. Lingenfelter voted for ex-Gov. Glick. House: Ingalls, 106; Glick, 3; Chas. W. Blair, 4; absent, 12.

JANUARY 29.—Commissioner N. C. McFarland reports against the leasing to cattle-men of Western lands.

JANUARY 30.—Mrs. W. R. Wagstaff, Commissioner to the New Orleans Exposition, makes a report to the Legislature.

JANUARY 31.—W. L. Couch and other Oklahoma boomers under arrest in Wichita.

FEBRUARY 2.—J. H. Fullenwider, of the Bureau of Animal Industry, makes a report to the Commissioner of Agriculture.

—Abilene made a city of the second class.

FEBRUARY 3.—Oklahoma meeting, in Topeka, W. L. Couch presiding.

FEBRUARY 4.—Cane Growers' Convention, at Topeka. Officers elected: President, W. L. Parkinson, Ottawa; Vice President, John Bennyworth, Larned; Secretary, Wm. Sims, Topeka; Treasurer, W. A. Peffer, Topeka.

FEBRUARY 5.—Appointments made by Gov. Martin and confirmed by the Senate:

Trustees State Board of Charities, for the term ending April 1, 1886: A. T. Sharpe, of Franklin county, and Philip Krohn, of Atchison county, to succeed August Bondi and George Rogers; for the term ending April

1, 1887, Charles E. Faulkner, of Saline county, and Jacob Stotler, of Sumner county, to succeed August Hohn and S. L. Gilbert; for the term ending April 1, 1888, William S. Crump, of Cloud county, to succeed D. O. McAllister.

Regents State Agricultural College, for the term ending April 1, 1887: Thomas Henshall, of Doniphan county, and T. P. Moore, of Jackson county, to succeed H. C. Kellerman and F. D. Coburn, whose term expired by limitation of law; for the term ending April 1, 1888, Allen B. Lemmon, of Harvey county, and A. B. Forsythe, of Montgomery county, to succeed Philip Krohn and C. E. Gifford.

Regents of the State University, for the term ending April 1, 1887: George R. Peck, of Shawnee county, and C. R. Mitchell, of Cowley county, to succeed George R. Peck and W. S. White; for the term ending April 1, 1888, Frank A. Fitzpatrick, of Leavenworth county, and Charles W. Smith, of Rooks county, to succeed F. A. Fitzpatrick and S. S. Benedict, Mr. Benedict declining a reappointment; for the term ending April 1, 1886, M. P. Simpson, of McPherson county, to succeed James Humphrey, resigned.

State House Commissioners: J. B. Anderson, of Riley, and John Hammond, of Lyon county. One other member to be appointed.

Live-Stock Sanitary Commissioner, to fill vacancy for the term expiring March 25, 1885, John S. White, of Ottawa county.

Militia Appointments: Major General, Thomas M. Carroll, of Miami county; Brigadiers General, A. M. Fuller of Shawnee, T. McCarthy of Pawnee, and Adam Dixon of Republic county, one other to be appointed; Quartermaster General, with rank of Colonel, C. J. McDivitt, of Dickinson county; Paymaster General, with rank of Colonel, Henry E. Insley, of Leavenworth county; Assistant Adjutant General, with rank of Major, W. H. Ford, of Crawford county; Surgeon General, with rank of Colonel, J. B. Hibben, of Shawnee county; Aides-de-Camp, with rank of Lieutenant Colonel, W. H. Caldwell, of Mitchell county; Harry Jones, of Butler county; and L. N. B. Taylor, of Marshall county.

—Superintendent Geo. H. Miller and the pupils of the Blind Asylum are thanked for a musical exhibition given by them in the House.

FEBRUARY 5.—The Railroad Commissioners make a report on grain freight rates to the Legislature.

FEBRUARY 7.—The Kansas Law Journal appears; S. L. Seabrook, editor; G. W. Crane & Co., publishers, Topeka.

—C. F. Adams jr., President of the U. P., writes to Judge Humphrey, asking the discontinuance of the quo warranto proceedings.

FEBRUARY 10.—Meeting of the Short-Horn Breeders' Association, at Topeka. Officers elected: President, W. A. Harris, Lawrence; Vice President, J. B. McAfee, Topeka; Secretary and Treasurer, E. M. Shelton, Manhattan. Executive Committee—G. W. Glick, Atchison; O. W. Bill, Manhattan; S. T. Bennett, Eleanor, Chase county.

—Meeting, at Topeka, of the State Trotting and Horse-Breeders'

Association. Officers: President, E. A. Smith, Lawrence; Secretary and Treasurer, J. Q. A. Sheldon, Manhattan; Vice Presidents—J. C. Greenawalt, Atchison; O. E. Learnard, Lawrence; W. P. Higinbotham, Manhattan; E. G. Moon, Topeka.

—The new State Board of Charities organize by electing Philip Krohn, President; C. E. Faulkner, Secretary; and A. T. Sharpe, Treasurer.

—Fire at Huron; loss, \$30,000.

FEBRUARY 11.—Henry Ward Beecher thanks the Historical Society for his election as an honorary member.

FEBRUARY 12.—Death of George F. Hamlin, at La Cygne. In the Senate he introduced the prohibition amendment.

—The Capital publishes the history of the founding of the Leavenworth Soldiers' Home.

FEBRUARY 14.—H. C. Speer founds the Western School Journal, at Topeka; it is an honor to the State.

FEBRUARY 17.—State Superintendent of Insurance R. B. Morris issues a statement showing in detail the business done by the various companies authorized to do business in Kansas during 1884. Sixty-six companies are named, with totals as follows: Risks written, \$106,048,857; premiums received thereon, \$1,719,006; losses paid, \$258,225; losses incurred, \$575,537.

—John C. McCoy writes for the Historical Society an account of the early surveys in Kansas, beginning in 1826.

FEBRUARY 18.—Masonic meetings at Emporia, the twenty-ninth annual of the Grand Lodge.

FEBRUARY 19.—Fire at Emporia; loss, \$35,000.

FEBRUARY 20.—The Capital copies from the Atchison Champion a biographical notice of Dudley Haskell.

FEBRUARY 23.—The Legislative Investigating Committee report on the condition of the Penitentiary, and Pusey's defalcation.

—The Governor sends to the Legislature the proposition of the Union Pacific road for a settlement of the quo warranto proceedings.

FEBRUARY 26.—Meeting of the Grand Lodge, A. O. U. W., at Leavenworth.

—W. C. Jones resigns as Warden of the Penitentiary, to take effect April 1.

—Graham's Magazine, of April, 1857, describes a soldiers' dance near Lecompton, on the prairie.

—The Lutheran Church, at Topeka, has a soldiers' memorial window; the church building committee is J. B. McAfee, E. Shall, T. S. Stumbaugh, C. K. Felton, H. Brown, and John Firey.

—Two factories make 400,000 pounds of fat butter (oleomargarine) each month, from cattle and hogs; cow butter is becoming a reminiscence.

FEBRUARY 27.—S. B. Bradford makes a report to the Legislature as

to the "term of the duration and existence of railroad corporations," namely, the Santa Fé, U. P., and Central Branch.

—Organization of Comanche county. County Commissioners: Geo. M. Norris, of Coldwater; Owen Connaughton, of Protection; and David T. McIntire, of Sun City; R. A. Crossman, of Coldwater, County Clerk; Coldwater the county seat.

FEBRUARY 28.—Death, in Washington, D. C., of James S. Merritt, of Wamego. He was born in Cass county, Mich., Aug. 27, 1840, and came to Kansas in 1865. The funeral was attended by many Senators and members of the House.

—The Kansas Democratic delegation to Washington, D. C., is headed by a flambeau club and a brass band. First appearance since Calhoun went down there with the Lecompton Constitution.

MARCH 1.—State Census. Population, 1,268,562; males, 679,316; females, 589,246; native—males, 601,962; females, 533,925; foreign—males, 77,354; females, 55,321; white—males, 654,841; females, 565,514; colored—males, 24,379; females, 23,655.

AGGREGATE POPULATION, BY COUNTIES, AT EACH CENSUS.

[NOTE.—The narrow column under each census year shows the order of counties when arranged according to magnitude of population.]

Counties.	1855.		1860.		1875.		1880.		1890.	
Total.....	1,268,562		996,096		528,349		364,399		107,206	
Allen.....	44	14,733	45	11,303	38	6,638	22	7,022	12	3,082
Anderson.....	48	13,192	55	9,057	43	5,809	29	5,220	18	2,400
Atchison.....	8	27,636	3	26,668	2	20,187	3	15,507	4	7,729
Barber.....	63	7,868	76	2,661	68	366				
Barlon.....	57	10,136	51	10,318	59	2,099	62	2		
Bourbon.....	15	24,168	10	19,591	4	16,829	13	15,076	6	6,101
Brown.....	36	15,954	37	12,817	26	8,928	24	6,823	16	2,607
Butler.....	9	27,018	13	18,586	21	9,852	37	3,035	31	437
Chase.....	66	7,347	66	6,081	55	3,116	43	1,975	28	1,046
Chautauqua.....	41	15,021	46	11,072						
Cherokee.....	14	25,003	5	21,905	13	12,223	10	11,038	22	1,501
Clay.....	33	16,956	41	12,320	37	6,672	39	2,942	34	163
Cloud.....	23	20,174	25	15,343	32	7,170	40	2,323		
Coffey.....	35	16,005	44	11,438	31	7,235	26	6,201	14	2,842
Comanche.....	78	2,579	83	372						
Cowley.....	5	29,555	7	21,538	25	8,963	47	1,175	35	158
Crawford.....	12	25,378	20	16,851	24	9,386	16	8,160		
Davis.....	61	8,672	62	6,994	49	4,611	28	5,526	25	1,163
Decatur.....	73	4,067	71	4,180						
Dickinson.....	20	20,376	27	15,251	35	6,841	36	3,043	33	378
Doniphan.....	49	13,040	32	14,257	8	13,943	4	13,969	3	8,083
Douglas.....	13	25,092	6	21,700	3	18,505	2	20,592	2	8,637
Edwards.....	75	3,519	78	2,409	69	234				
Elk.....	46	14,243	48	10,623						
Ellis.....	72	5,046	65	6,179	63	940	44	1,336		
Ellsworth.....	59	10,009	58	8,494	60	1,758	46	1,185		
Finney.....	83	1,487								
Ford.....	65	7,778	75	3,122	65	813	53	427		
Franklin.....	17	22,184	21	16,797	20	10,108	11	10,385	13	3,030
Graham.....	77	2,889	70	4,258						
Greenwood.....	39	15,428	49	10,548	39	6,483	34	3,484	27	1,077
Harper.....	42	14,921	72	4,133						
Harvey.....	34	16,787	43	11,451	46	5,046				
Hodgeman.....	82	1,799	80	1,704						
Howard*.....					9	13,632	38	2,794	39	19

*Howard county was divided, in 1875, into the counties of Chautauqua and Elk.

CENSUS BY COUNTIES—CONCLUDED.

Counties.	1885.		1880.		1875.		1870.		1860.	
Jackson.....	47	13,213	47	10,718	36	6,681	27	6,053	20	1,936
Jefferson.....	30	17,563	24	15,563	14	11,716	7	12,526	8	4,459
Jewell.....	24	18,998	16	17,475	30	7,651	54	207		
Johnson.....	37	15,604	19	16,853	6	14,580	5	13,684	9	4,364
Kingman.....	58	10,033	73	3,718						
Lavette.....	6	29,144	4	22,735	7	14,571	15	9,973		
Leavenworth.....	1	42,799	1	32,355	1	27,698	1	32,444	1	12,606
Lincoln.....	62	8,269	57	8,582	57	2,493	51	516		
Linn.....	32	17,157	26	15,298	15	11,546	8	12,174	5	6,336
Lyon.....	16	22,922	17	17,326	23	9,542	17	8,014	10	3,515
Marion.....	28	17,896	40	12,453	42	5,907	42	768	37	74
Marshall.....	18	21,532	23	16,136	17	10,822	23	6,901	19	2,280
McPherson.....	22	20,248	18	17,143	41	6,205	50	738		
Miami.....	29	17,867	15	17,802	11	12,667	9	11,725	7	4,980
Mitchell.....	45	11,356	30	14,911	44	5,370	52	485		
Montgomery.....	11	25,865	14	18,213	10	13,017	20	7,564		
Morris.....	25	10,913	54	9,265	50	4,597	41	2,225	30	770
Nemaha.....	27	18,047	39	12,462	33	7,104	21	7,339	17	2,436
Neosho.....	25	18,936	28	15,121	16	11,076	12	10,200	36	88
Ness.....	76	3,096	73	3,722			63	2		
Norton.....	68	6,508	61	6,998	64	899				
Osage.....	10	26,183	9	19,642	19	10,268	19	7,648	26	1,113
Osborne.....	51	12,728	38	12,517	54	3,467	59	33		
Ottawa.....	50	12,740	52	10,307	52	4,429	42	2,127		
Pawnee.....	71	5,416	68	5,396	62	1,006	55	179		
Phillips.....	56	10,383	42	12,014	56	2,813				
Pottawatomie.....	26	18,139	22	16,350	18	10,344	18	7,848	21	1,529
Pratt.....	69	5,964	79	1,890						
Rawlins.....	80	2,043	81	1,623						
Reno.....	21	20,294	36	12,826	45	5,112				
Republic.....	31	17,540	29	14,913	29	8,048	45	1,281		
Rice.....	53	11,939	53	9,292	58	2,453	61	5		
Riley.....	52	12,142	50	10,430	34	7,065	30	5,105	24	1,224
Rooks.....	64	7,796	59	8,112	66	567				
Rush.....	74	3,973	67	5,490	67	451				
Russell.....	67	6,665	60	7,351	61	1,052	57	156		
Saline.....	40	15,381	34	13,883	40	6,360	31	4,246		
Sedgewick.....	3	36,522	12	18,753	28	8,310	48	1,695		
Shawnee.....	2	40,579	2	29,093	5	15,417	6	13,121	11	3,513
Sheridan.....	79	2,205	72	1,567						
Smith.....	43	14,715	33	13,833	53	3,876	58	66		
Stafford.....	70	5,959	69	4,755						
Sumner.....	4	32,289	8	20,812	47	4,925	60	22		
Trego.....	81	1,886	77	2,535			56	166		
Wabausee.....	54	10,970	56	8,756	48	4,649	35	3,362	29	1,023
Washington.....	19	20,753	31	14,910	27	8,621	32	4,081	32	383
Wilson.....	38	15,491	35	13,775	22	9,749	25	6,694	38	27
Woodson.....	60	8,913	61	6,585	51	4,476	33	3,827	23	1,488
Wyandotte.....	7	28,969	11	19,143	12	12,362	14	10,015	15	2,609
Unorganized.....		3,839		4,753				538		

POPULATION OF INCORPORATED CITIES HAVING OVER 500 POPULATION.

Cities.	Counties.	Popu- lation.	Cities.	Counties.	Popu- lation.
Humboldt.....	Allen.....	2,045	Douglass.....	Butler.....	1,152
Iola.....	Allen.....	1,614	Augusta.....	Butler.....	1,476
Garnett.....	Anderson.....	2,107	Cot'nw'd Falls,	Chase.....	693
Atchison.....	Atchison.....	15,599	Strong City.....	Chase.....	961
Muscotah.....	Atchison.....	538	Sedan.....	Chautauqua.....	1,151
Medicine Lodge,	Barber.....	700	Columbus.....	Cherokee.....	2,354
Great Bend.....	Barton.....	1,499	Baxter Sp'ngs.	Cherokee.....	1,240
Elmwood.....	Barton.....	553	Galena.....	Cherokee.....	1,378
Fort Scott.....	Bourbon.....	7,868	Empire.....	Cherokee.....	641
Hiaawatha.....	Brown.....	2,248	Clay Center.....	Clay.....	3,830
El Dorado.....	Butler.....	4,573	Concordia.....	Cloud.....	2,002

POPULATION OF INCORPORATED CITIES—CONCLUDED.

<i>Cities.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Popu- lation.</i>	<i>Cities.</i>	<i>Counties.</i>	<i>Popu- lation.</i>
Clyde	Cloud.....	1,730	Frankfort	Marshall.....	1,013
Burlington	Coffey	2,819	Waterville	Marshall.....	674
Le Roy	Coffey	685	Paola	Miami	2,932
Girard	Crawford.....	2,410	Osawatimie.....	Miami	534
Pittsburg.....	Crawford.....	2,604	Beloit.....	Mitchell	2,003
Cherokee.....	Crawford.....	1,003	Cawker City.....	Mitchell	960
McCune	Crawford.....	846	McPherson.....	McPherson.....	2,530
Winfield	Cowley.....	4,183	Lindsborg.....	McPherson.....	885
Arkansas City...	Cowley.....	3,328	Independence..	Montgomery ..	4,115
Junction City...	Davis	3,555	Cherryvale	Montgomery ..	2,601
Abilene.....	Dickinson.....	3,516	Coffeyville.....	Montgomery ..	1,813
Solomon City...	Dickinson.....	1,062	Elk City.....	Montgomery ..	671
Enterprise	Dickinson.....	832	Council Grove..	Morris.....	1,742
Troy	Doniphan.....	762	Seneca	Nemaha.....	2,225
White	Doniphan.....	894	Wetmore.....	Nemaha.....	515
Wathena	Doniphan.....	568	Sabetha.....	Nemaha.....	1,362
Lawrence	Douglas.....	10,625	Centralia.....	Nemaha.....	540
Baldwin City...	Douglas.....	933	Chanute.....	Neosho.....	1,911
Eudora	Douglas.....	650	Osage Mission..	Neosho.....	1,508
Lecompton	Douglas.....	653	Erie.....	Neosho.....	1,337
Kinsley	Edwards.....	623	Thayer.....	Neosho.....	509
Howard	Elk	1,302	Osage City.....	Osage.....	3,633
Elk Falls.....	Elk	565	Lyndon.....	Osage.....	807
Grenola	Elk	787	Scranton.....	Osage.....	1,613
Longton	Elk	590	Carbondale.....	Osage.....	1,230
Ellsworth	Ellsworth.....	1,584	Melvorn.....	Osage.....	525
Wilson	Ellsworth.....	725	Burlingame.....	Osage.....	1,574
Dodge City.....	Ford	2,446	Downs	Osborne.....	800
Ottawa	Franklin.....	6,626	Osborne.....	Osborne.....	1,070
Pomona	Franklin.....	512	Minneapolis...	Ottawa.....	1,779
Eureka.....	Greenwood...	2,207	Delphos.....	Ottawa.....	511
Anthony	Harper.....	2,132	Larned.....	Pawnee.....	1,507
Harper.....	Harper.....	2,769	Pratt.....	Pratt.....	569
Newton	Harvey.....	5,128	Kirwin.....	Phillips.....	824
Sedgwick.....	Harvey.....	878	Wamego	Pottawatomie..	1,750
Halstead.....	Harvey.....	802	St. Marys.....	Pottawatomie..	1,200
Burton	Harvey.....	579	Nickerson.....	Reno.....	1,503
Holton	Jackson.....	1,899	Hutchinson.....	Reno.....	4,251
Mankato.....	Jewell	562	Scandia.....	Republic.....	768
Burr Oak.....	Jewell	546	Belleville	Republic.....	719
Jewell City.....	Jewell	710	Sterling.....	Rice.....	1,455
Valley Falls.....	Jefferson.....	1,335	Lyons.....	Rice.....	1,104
Nortonville.....	Jefferson.....	609	Manhattan.....	Riley.....	2,735
Oskaloosa.....	Jefferson.....	759	Stockton.....	Rooks.....	534
Meriden	Jefferson.....	574	Russell.....	Russell.....	818
Olathe.....	Johnson.....	3,021	Salina.....	Saline.....	4,009
Spring Hill.....	Johnson.....	631	Wichita.....	Sedgwick.....	16,023
Oswego.....	Labette.....	2,511	Topeka.....	Shawnee.....	23,499
Parsons.....	Labette.....	7,245	Wellington.....	Sumner.....	6,346
Chetopa	Labette.....	1,629	Oxford.....	Sumner.....	663
Leavenworth...	Leavenworth..	29,268	Caldwell.....	Sumner.....	1,970
Pleasanton.....	Linn.....	1,479	Alma.....	Wabauince.....	640
LaCygne.....	Linn.....	1,081	Washington.....	Washington.....	1,822
Mound City.....	Linn.....	940	Hanover.....	Washington.....	979
Emporia.....	Lyon.....	7,759	Greenleaf.....	Washington.....	877
Hartford.....	Lyon.....	547	Fredonia.....	Wilson.....	1,427
Americus.....	Lyon.....	598	Neodesha.....	Wilson.....	1,095
Marion.....	Marion.....	1,691	Yates Center..	Woodson.....	1,271
Florence.....	Marion.....	1,297	Neosho Falls..	Woodson.....	689
Lehigh.....	Marion.....	516	Wyandotte.....	Wyandotte.....	12,086
Peabody.....	Marion.....	1,588	Kansas City.....	Wyandotte.....	3,802
Bluc Rapids.....	Marshall.....	851	Armourdale.....	Wyandotte.....	1,582
Marysville.....	Marshall.....	1,932	Rosedale.....	Wyandotte.....	1,114
Axtell.....	Marshall.....	674	Argentine.....	Wyandotte.....	1,412

MARCH 1.—The following tables, showing the growth of the State, are copied from Governor Martin's address at the Quarter-Centennial Celebration, January 29, 1886. They include the whole of the current year:

CENSUS.

Year.	Total population.	Increase.	Density of population.	White population.	Colored.	Native population.	Foreign-born.
1855.....	8,601						
1860.....	107,206	98,605	1.3	106,390	816	94,512	12,694
1865.....	140,179	32,973	1.6	127,270	12,909		
1870.....	364,399	224,220	4.4	346,377	18,022	316,007	48,392
1875.....	528,349	163,950	6.5	493,005	35,344	464,682	63,667
1880.....	996,096	467,747	12.2	952,105	43,941	886,010	110,086
1885.....	1,268,562	272,466	15.4	1,220,355	48,207	1,135,887	132,675

AGRICULTURE.

Year.	Corn, bushels.	Wheat, bushels.	Oats, bushels.	Potatoes, bushels.	Hay, tons.
1860.....	6,150,727	194,173	88,325	296,325	56,232
1865.....	6,729,236	191,519	155,290	276,720	118,348
1866.....	6,527,358	260,465	200,000	243,000	123,082
1867.....	8,159,000	1,250,000	236,000	314,000	162,000
1868.....	6,487,000	1,537,000	247,000	850,000	118,000
1869.....	16,685,000	2,343,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	250,000
1870.....	17,025,525	2,391,197	4,097,925	2,342,988	490,289
1871.....	24,693,000	2,694,000	4,056,000	3,452,000	687,000
1872.....	46,667,451	3,062,941	6,084,000	3,737,000	728,000
1873.....	29,683,843	5,991,044	9,360,000	3,000,000	977,000
1874.....	15,699,078	9,881,383	7,847,000	1,116,000	530,000
1875.....	80,798,769	13,209,403	9,794,051	4,668,939	1,156,412
1876.....	82,308,176	14,620,225	12,386,216	5,611,895	809,149
1877.....	103,497,831	14,316,705	12,768,488	3,320,507	1,228,020
1878.....	89,323,971	32,315,358	17,411,473	4,525,419	1,507,988
1879.....	108,704,927	20,550,936	13,326,637	3,521,526	1,551,321
1880.....	101,421,718	25,279,884	11,483,796	5,310,423	1,534,221
1881.....	80,760,542	20,479,679	9,900,768	2,055,202	2,122,263
1882.....	157,005,722	35,734,846	21,946,284	5,081,865	2,293,186
1883.....	182,084,526	30,024,936	30,987,864	6,812,420	6,002,041
1884.....	190,879,686	48,050,431	20,087,294	7,861,404	7,105,132
1885.....	194,130,814	10,859,401	30,148,060	7,398,465	7,685,340

CULTIVATION AND VALUE.

Year.	Acres in crops.	Value of crops.	Year.	Acres in crops.	Value of crops.
1865.....	243,712	\$5,347,875	1876.....	5,035,697	\$45,581,926
1866.....	273,903	6,023,819	1877.....	5,595,304	45,597,051
1867.....	397,622	8,123,599	1878.....	6,538,727	49,914,434
1868.....	562,120	10,467,163	1879.....	7,769,926	60,129,780
1869.....	855,801	15,807,550	1880.....	8,868,884	63,111,634
1870.....	1,360,000	18,870,260	1881.....	9,802,719	91,910,439
1871.....	1,322,734	17,335,120	1882.....	11,043,379	108,177,520
1872.....	1,735,595	15,498,770	1883.....	11,364,040	106,707,529
1873.....	2,530,769	28,311,200	1884.....	13,044,333	104,297,010
1874.....	3,179,646	30,842,630	1885.....	14,232,815	92,392,818
1875.....	4,749,900	43,970,494			

The value of the farm crops of Kansas, for the five years ending with 1870, aggregated \$59,298,414; for the next succeeding five years their

value was \$135,958,214; for the next five years, \$264,334,824; and for the five years ending with 1885, the farm crops of Kansas aggregated in value \$503,485,316. Thus during the past twenty years the farmers of Kansas have produced crops whose aggregate value reached the enormous sum of \$963,076,768.

FARMS AND FARM PRODUCTS.

<i>Year.</i>	<i>Value of farms.</i>	<i>Value of farm implements.</i>	<i>Value of farm products.</i>
1860.....	\$12,258,239	\$727,694	\$4,878,350
1865.....	24,796,535	1,200,720	10,653,235
1870.....	90,327,040	4,053,312	27,630,651
1875.....	123,852,466	7,935,645	43,970,414
1880.....	235,178,936	15,652,848	84,521,486
1885.....	408,073,454	9,604,117	143,577,018

LIVE STOCK.

<i>Year.</i>	<i>Horses.</i>	<i>Mules.</i>	<i>Cows.</i>	<i>Cattle.</i>	<i>Sheep.</i>	<i>Swine.</i>	<i>Value of live stock.</i>
1861.....	20,344	1,496	28,550	74,905	17,569	138,224	\$3,332,450
1865.....	32,469	2,490	71,996	130,307	82,662	95,429	7,324,659
1866.....	38,968	2,863	82,075	139,428	108,287	127,875	9,127,306
1867.....	39,968	2,936	85,120	140,560	106,287	132,750	10,081,590
1868.....	42,859	2,405	89,461	146,399	101,789	140,662	9,962,311
1869.....	50,573	2,597	109,142	165,430	107,896	137,848	12,902,830
1870.....	117,786	11,786	123,440	250,527	109,088	206,587	23,173,185
1871.....	156,000	14,900	162,000	345,000	115,000	304,800	31,823,484
1872.....	180,900	16,300	191,100	397,400	116,100	381,000	28,488,704
1873.....	198,900	17,400	214,000	457,000	123,000	457,200	30,013,898
1874.....	220,700	19,100	231,000	507,200	141,000	484,600	31,163,058
1875.....	207,376	24,964	225,028	478,295	106,224	292,658	28,610,257
1876.....	214,811	26,421	227,274	473,350	143,962	330,355	32,489,293
1877.....	241,208	32,628	261,642	519,346	205,770	704,862	33,015,648
1878.....	274,450	40,564	286,241	586,002	243,760	1,195,044	36,913,534
1879.....	324,766	51,981	322,020	654,443	311,862	1,264,494	54,775,497
1880.....	367,589	58,303	366,640	748,672	426,492	1,281,630	61,563,956
1881.....	383,805	58,780	406,706	839,751	806,323	1,173,199	69,814,340
1882.....	308,678	56,654	433,381	971,116	978,077	1,228,683	83,869,199
1883.....	423,426	59,262	471,548	1,133,154	1,154,196	1,393,968	104,539,888
1884.....	461,136	64,889	530,904	1,328,021	1,206,297	1,953,144	115,645,050
1885.....	513,507	75,165	575,887	1,397,131	875,193	2,461,520	117,881,699

The wheat crop of the State, last year, [1885,] was called a failure. It was, for Kansas. And yet it would fill 31,939 grain cars, and load a train 189 miles in length. The oats crop of the State, for the same year, would fill 44,334 cars, and load a train 260 miles long; while the hay crop would load 768,534 cars, making a train 4,510 miles long.

These four crops of Kansas, for 1885, would fill 1,329,808 grain cars, and load a train 7,804 miles in length. In other words, the corn, wheat, oats, and hay produced in Kansas, last year, would load a train reaching from Boston to San Francisco by the Union Pacific route, and back again from San Francisco to Boston by the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé route.

The gold and silver products of Colorado, for 1883, aggregated only \$20,250,000; those of California, \$16,600,000; of Nevada, \$9,100,000; of Montana, \$9,170,000; of Utah, \$6,920,000; of Arizona, \$5,430,000;

and of New Mexico, \$3,300,000. The corn crop of Kansas for the same year was alone worth more money than the combined gold and silver products of Colorado, California, and Nevada.

MANUFACTURES.

Year.	Estab-lish-ments.	Capital.	Em-ploy-ees.	Wages.	Value of products.
1860.....	344	\$1,084,935	1,735	\$880,346	\$4,357,408
1870.....	1,470	4,319,060	6,844	2,377,511	11,775,833
1880.....	2,803	11,191,315	10,062	3,995,010	30,843,777
1885.....	3,900	19,000,000	16,000	6,300,600	48,000,000

SCHOOLS.

Year.	Scholars enrolled.	School houses.	School districts.	Teach-ers.	Amount paid to teachers.	Value of school houses.
1860.....	5,915	154	.....	189	.....	.....
1865.....	26,341	640	.....	899	\$86,898	\$122,822
1870.....	63,218	1,501	1,950	2,210	318,596	1,520,041
1875.....	141,606	3,715	4,560	5,383	689,906	3,742,507
1880.....	231,434	5,315	6,134	7,780	1,088,504	4,049,212
1885.....	335,538	6,673	7,142	8,219	1,989,169	6,704,176

EXPENSE FOR SCHOOLS.

Year.	Expenditures.	Year.	Expenditures.
1861.....	\$1,700 00	1875.....	\$1,478,998 64
1862.....	11,894 45	1876.....	1,165,638 80
1863.....	26,867 03	1877.....	1,394,188 11
1864.....	84,221 30	1878.....	1,511,417 12
1865.....	137,974 43	1879.....	1,589,794 30
1866.....	225,426 27	1880.....	1,818,336 90
1867.....	364,402 50	1881.....	1,996,335 64
1868.....	431,316 54	1882.....	2,194,174 65
1869.....	565,311 17	1883.....	2,579,243 62
1870.....	673,041 41	1884.....	2,882,963 53
1871.....	1,074,946 09	1885.....	2,977,763 23
1872.....	1,701,950 44		
1873.....	1,657,318 27	Total.....	\$30,214,202 40
1874.....	1,638,977 99		

MARCH 4.—Inauguration of Cleveland and Hendricks. The display by the Topeka Democratic Flambeau Club attracts much attention.

MARCH 4.—The Joint Legislative Committee on the sale of Normal School lands report that the sale was made July 19. '84. by Isaac Sharp to H. C. Cross; 7,520 acres, at \$3.50 an acre; that the Board of Regents made no order for the sale, and has not ratified it.

—The "Thomas Cat" is the name of a paper issued to-day, at Colby, Thomas county, by D. M. Dunn.

MARCH 5.—Marriage of J. D. McCleverty and Mary Richardson, at Fort Scott.

MARCH 7.—Letter of President Adams to Senator Hoar published.

It tells why the Union Pacific cannot develop its line and the country through which it passes.

—The employés of the Missouri Pacific shops at Atchison and Parsons strike; they stop the movement of freight trains.

MARCH 7.—Appointments and confirmations: For Regents of State Normal School: Wm. M. Rice, of Fort Scott; Milton Stewart, of Sedgwick county; E. W. Warner, of Kirwin; J. H. Franklin, of Russell county. For Members of State Board of Pardons: Gen. J. C. Caldwell, of Shawnee county; Robert B. Stevenson, of Allen county; Andrew J. Felt, of Nemaha county. For State House Commissioner: Thomas A. Butler, of Rice county. For Brigadier General of State Militia: J. N. Roberts, of Douglas county. For State Fish Commissioner: S. Fee, of Pottawatomie county. For Warden of Penitentiary: John H. Smith, of Cherokee county. For Directors Penitentiary: O. S. Hiatt, Leavenworth; H. E. Richter, Council Grove.

MARCH 7.—Adjournment of the twenty-first session of the Legislature. Important acts: An appropriation for the Imbecile Youth Asylum, the trustees of the Charitable Institutions to select a new site, within two miles of Winfield; Changing the boundaries of Harper county; Restoring the counties of Meade and Clark, and defining the boundaries of Seward, Finney, and Ford; Amending the law of 1875 for a census of Union soldiers; Creating a board of examiners in dentistry; Creating State and local boards of health; Controlling mutual life insurance associations; Creating the Nineteenth, Twentieth, and Twenty-first Judicial Districts; Creating the Superior Court of Shawnee county, until April, 1887; Organizing the militia, which shall be known as the Kansas National Guard; Creating a Board of Pardons; Amending the prohibitory law; Creating a Board of Pharmacy; Compelling railroad companies to fence their roads; Requiring teachers to pass an examination in physiology and hygiene; Authorizing school districts to adopt a uniform series of text-books, for five years; Providing a uniform system of examinations of school teachers; Establishing a Soldiers' Orphans' Home; Remodeling the east wing of the State House; Providing for a State Reformatory for male criminals between the ages of sixteen and twenty-five; Creating a Bureau of Labor Statistics; Authorizing the appointment of stenographers for district courts; Protection of cattle against Texas and Spanish fever; Proposing an amendment to the constitution to increase the Supreme Court to five judges, term, ten years, salary, \$5,000. A concurrent resolution was adopted, asking the Price-Raid Commission to make a full report to the Legislature. The report, twenty-four pages, was made in February, 1886. The laws on this subject are dated February 11, 1865; February 1, 7, 11, and 26, 1866; February 17, 1869; chapter 204, 1873; chapter 128, 1879; chapter 125, 1881; and chapter 121, 1883.

MARCH 9.—L. J. Worden, P. M., secures the free-delivery system for Lawrence.

—Adjutant General Campbell orders five companies of the State Militia to hold themselves in readiness for active service.

—The strikers ask that wages be returned to those before the ten per cent. cut, on the first of October.

MARCH 10.—R. B. Spillman, of Manhattan, is appointed Judge for the Twenty-first District.

—Fourth Annual Encampment of the G. A. R., at Fort Scott.

—Grand Encampment, I. O. O. F., at Atchison. James Geary, of Newton, elected Grand Patriarch.

—Gov. Martin asks the Railroad Commissioners to meet him at Atchison and endeavor to settle the difficulties between the railroad company and the strikers by arbitration.

—The Adjutant General orders ten companies to prepare for service.

MARCH 11.—Conference at Atchison between Gov. Martin, the Railroad Commissioners, Superintendent W. W. Fagan, and the strikers. Gov. Martin proposes arbitration.

—George D. Orner appointed Judge of the Nineteenth District.

—Death of John B. Brown, one of the founders of Blue Rapids, and father of C. J. Brown.

MARCH 12.—Governor Martin and the Railroad Commissioners telegraph H. M. Hoxie, Vice President of the Missouri Pacific, asking for a conference. Mr. Hoxie consents.

—Governor Martin and the Railroad Commissioners return to Topeka.

MARCH 13.—Second annual contest of the Kansas Inter-Collegiate Association, at Emporia. The first prize awarded to Alfred Docking, of the State Normal, Emporia; the second to Miss Mollie A. Cloud, of the Ottawa University. The judges were George T. Anthony, Leavenworth; Noble L. Prentis, Atchison; and Robert L. Collier, Kansas City.

—Eureka made a city of the second class.

—J. B. Anderson elected chairman of the State House Commission.

—David Ware is appointed chief janitor of the State House. He escaped from slavery, and arrived in Topeka in December, 1861; went to work for Secretary Robinson January 1, 1862, and has faithfully and honorably served the State ever since.

MARCH 14.—Gov. Martin and the Railroad Commissioners go to St. Louis to endeavor to bring about an adjustment of the strike. They are joined by Gov. John L. Marmaduke, of Missouri.

MARCH 15.—The strike settled. The following paper, written by Gov. Martin, is signed by the Governors and Railroad Commissioners of Kansas and Missouri:

"Whereas, On account of the strike among certain employés of the Missouri Pacific Railroad Company in the States of Missouri and Kansas, resulting in the stoppage of all freight traffic over said company's lines in said States, to the great detriment of the business interests and rights of the people of said States, and a continuance of which endangers the public peace and the safety of the company's property; and

"Whereas, The undersigned, representing the States above named, are anxious to restore harmonious relations between the said company and its employés, and to re-

store to the public the unobstructed use of said lines of railroad, we do recommend and request the said company to restore to its striking employés in Missouri and Kansas the same wages paid them in September, 1884, including one and one-half price for extra time worked, and to restore all said striking employés to their several employments without prejudice to them on account of the strike.

"Believing that the above will constitute a just and fair settlement, we recommend their acceptance by the striking employés as well as by the Missouri Pacific Railway Company."

The company's Vice Presidents, R. S. Hayes and H. M. Hoxie, concur, and declare that the arrangement will take place on Monday, March 16.

MARCH 15.—The Capital publishes the statement of the Executive Committee of the S. T. U., giving a history of their work. It says: "The crisis is over. The possibility of abandoning the policy of prohibition no longer exists."

MARCH 16.—South Kansas M. E. Conference. Presiding Elders: Fort Scott, A. G. Robb; Independence, A. Cullison; Ottawa, R. H. Sparks; Emporia, J. T. Hanna.

—Governor Martin sets apart April 2d as Arbor Day.

—Fires in Newton and Seneca.

—First Art Loan Exhibition, at Topeka, of the State Art Association.

—Prof. Shelton reports winter wheat as badly damaged.

—Hog cholera destructive in many counties.

—Funeral, at Olathe, of James M. Haworth, Superintendent of Indian Schools.

—Presiding Elders appointed at the M. E. Conference, at Clay Center: Topeka, S. E. Pendleton; Leavenworth, J. A. Motley; Atchison, J. Denison; Manhattan, W. J. Mitchell; Clay Center, W. H. Underwood.

MARCH 17.—Col. Andrew J. Smith appointed Governor of the Leavenworth Soldiers' Home.

MARCH 18.—The Commonwealth publishes a history of the strike, giving a summary of the telegrams from March 9 to March 16.

MARCH 19.—Dr. A. P. Tenney, Superintendent of the Topeka Asylum for the Insane, resigns, to take effect April 15.

—Southwestern M. E. Conference, at El Dorado, Bishop Ninde presiding. Presiding Elders: Wichita, Thomas Andas; Newton, C. A. King; Larned, T. C. Miller; Kingman, W. L. Gates.

—Kansas Conference of the Evangelical Association, in Atchison county, Bishop T. Bowman, presiding. Presiding elders: Kansas City, J. Abwerth; Holton, H. Mattill; Newton, J. H. Tobias.

MARCH 20.—Thos. E. Berry appointed census taker for Clark county.

MARCH 23.—G. W. Nimocks, of Great Bend, appointed Judge for the Twentieth District.

—Jas. Humphrey reappointed Railroad Commissioner, from April 1.

—Minneapolis declared a city of the second class.

MARCH 24.—The Executive Council makes A. G. Stacey clerk of the Price Raid Commission.

MARCH 25.—Wm. C. Webb appointed Judge of the Superior Court of Shawnee county; he was also the choice of the bar.

—The Capital made the State paper.

—Postmasters appointed: V. J. Lane, Wyandotte; Osburn Shannon, Lawrence; John Mileham, Topeka.

MARCH 27.—The Southwest Kansas Teachers' Association, at El Dorado; address by Jas. H. Canfield.

MARCH 28.—Gov. Martin appoints as Industrial Reformatory Commissioners, John Severance, Axtell, Marshall county; J. E. Bonebrake, Abilene, Dickinson county; Edwin R. Smith, Mound City, Linn county.

—State Board of Health: Drs. Charles H. Guibor of Beloit, A. P. Foster of Fort Scott, D. Surber of Perry, for the three-years term; Drs. J. Milton Welch of LaCygne and D. W. Stormont of Topeka for the two-years term; Drs. H. S. Roberts of Manhattan and T. A. Wright of Americus for the one-year term. The first three named are Presidents of the State Societies of the different schools of medicine—Dr. Guibor of the Allopathic, Dr. Foster of the Homeopathic, and Dr. Surber of the Eclectic.

MARCH 30.—Seven business houses burned in Independence.

MARCH 31.—First meeting of the Board of Pardons, in the room of the Chief Clerk of the House.

—The Fort Scott & Wichita road done to Anthony township.

—Meeting of the Executive Committee, State Temperance Union, at Topeka. Philip Krohn is to lecture and organize in Northern, and Albert Griffin in Southern Kansas.

—About this time all saloons in Topeka are closed, and kept closed. John Guthrie is the Judge, and Charles Curtis the County Attorney.

—First quarterly report issued by the State Board of Agriculture for the year. In addition to the crop news, these reports usually contain practical and scientific articles by prominent State writers.

APRIL 1.—Third annual meeting, at Dodge City, of the Western Kansas Stock Growers' Association.

APRIL 2.—A. P. Foster, of the State Board of Health, declines, and J. W. Jenny, of Salina, succeeds him.

APRIL 4.—The Presbytery of Emporia in session at Newton.

APRIL 6.—Wirt W. Walton elected Mayor of Clay Center; S. F. Neeley reelected Mayor of Leavenworth; Robert L. Cofran elected Mayor of Topeka; S. H. Kelsey, of Atchison; John K. Wright, of Junction City; James H. Brown, of Fort Scott; B. W. Aldrich, of Wichita; A. W. Rice, of Abilene; D. W. Wilcox, of Newton.

—A. J. Felt says the prisoners in the Penitentiary number 803.

APRIL 9.—Meeting of the Grand Lodge of Knights of Honor, in Topeka.

APRIL 10.—First meeting of the Board of Health; G. H. T. Johnson, of Atchison, President; J. W. Redden, of Topeka, Secretary.

—E. J. Dallas, of Washington, D. C., becomes the partner of Rossington & Smith, of Topeka.

APRIL 11.—The Evening Citizen, a labor-union paper, appears in Topeka.

—Fire in Robinson; loss, \$40,000.

APRIL 12.—Dedication of the new Presbyterian Church, in Topeka. In June, 1883, the building committee, J. W. Redden, D. W. Stormont, Jonathan Thomas, T. S. Lyon, and Theodore Curran, awarded George Ropes the contract for plans. May 24, 1884, the corner-stone was laid.

APRIL 13.—Two fires in Abilene; loss, \$9,000.

APRIL 15.—Governor Martin issues a quarantine proclamation against cattle from States where pleuro-pneumonia exists.

APRIL 15.—Death of Mrs. Maria Simpson, widow of Nathan L. Simpson, at Nebraska City. She was born September 4, 1834, on the Ottawa reserve. The Commonwealth says :

“The State Historical Society has received from Mr. Charles Simpson, of Atchison, a photograph of his mother, who was the daughter of the Rev. Jotham Meeker, a Baptist missionary, who in 1833 brought the first printing press to Kansas, and set it up at the Shawnee Baptist Mission, in what is now Johnson county. He afterwards removed his establishment to a point near where Ottawa now stands, and where the subject of the photograph was born, in 1834. She was married in 1851, near Kansas City.”

APRIL 16.—B. P. McDonald, John H. Rice, W. H. Stout, Mayor U. B. Pearsall and T. F. Robley select the site for the U. S. building at Fort Scott.

APRIL 17.—Governor Martin appoints Frank H. Betton, of Pomeroy, Wyandotte county, Commissioner of Labor Statistics.

—The State Board of Charities has reorganized the Topeka Insane Asylum by the election of Dr. D. B. Eastman as Superintendent, and L. F. Wentworth, of Brattleboro, Vt., Assistant Superintendent.

APRIL 18.—John Higgins appointed Deputy Warden of the penitentiary.

APRIL 20.—Disastrous waterspout at Medicine Lodge; several persons drowned. In Kingman several houses were wrecked.

APRIL 22.—The National Guard organizes. Thos. M. Carroll, President; A. M. Fuller, Vice President; A. B. Campbell, Secretary.

APRIL 23.—The Oklahoma movement breaks up, at Arkansas City; an attempt by Kansas men, several years long, to squat on lands in the Indian Territory.

—Geo. W. Crane & Co. publish “Tax Laws,” by Irwin Taylor, containing all of our Supreme Court decisions on taxation.

—Death of O. Le Roy Sedgwick, at Rossville.

—W. W. Cone is one of the editors of the Capital.

—Governor Martin issues an executive order in honor of General Grant's sixty-third birthday.

APRIL 27.—Celebration in Topeka of the sixty-third birthday of General Grant.

—A. P. Riddle sells his interest in the Girard Press to Dudley C. Flint.

APRIL 29.—E. T. Carr, of Leavenworth, appointed member of the Board of State House Commissioners, *vice* John B. Anderson, resigned. James A. Ray, of Wellington, appointed Judge of the Nineteenth Judicial District, *vice* George D. Orner, resigned.

APRIL 30.—Senator Ingalls gives the Historical Society a complete set of U. S. public documents, from 1873. They are to be placed in an Ingalls alcove.

MAY 1.—Assessment of railroad property, \$30,367,820. Number miles main track, 4,180; of side track, 544; average assessment per mile, \$7,263. There are fifty-six railway officers who make returns to the Assessors, but really about half a dozen railway corporations control the roads in the State. Messrs. Adams, Gould and Strong could make all the rates.

MAY 1.—Kansas, at the New Orleans Exposition, takes first prizes on wheat, corn, flour, sorghum sugar, apples, and cattle; sixty-five first and second premiums, leading every State in the Union. The Burlington Patriot says:

“First class in geography, stand up. What State was given the first premium for white corn at the World's Fair in 1885? Kansas. The first premium for yellow corn? Kansas. Which State received the gold medal at that fair for the best corn in the world? Kansas. Which State received the first premium on red winter wheat? Kansas. The premium on flour, graduated process? Kansas. The first and second on sorghum sugar? Kansas. Which State took ten first and two second premiums on Shorthorn cattle? Kansas. The first on Polled Angus cattle? Kansas. What State has taken sixty-five other miscellaneous first and second premiums there? Kansas. The class is congratulated on the knowledge of its lesson. You may go out and play.”

MAY 1.—The Governor appoints the State Board of Pharmacy: Peter Eager, Wyandotte, one year; C. J. Butin, Fredonia, one year; W. A. Stanford, Florence, two years; James T. Taylor, Atehison, two years; R. F. Bryant, Lincoln, three years. On the 7th, Dr. Bryant was elected President, Dr. Taylor Secretary, and Dr. Stanford Treasurer.

MAY 2.—Governor Martin appoints the following members of the Board of Examiners, under the provisions of “An act to regulate the practice of dentistry, and to punish violators thereof:” For two years, A. M. Callaham, of Topeka; four years, J. A. Young, of Emporia, and W. M. Shirley, of Hiawatha.

—Publication of “Annabel and Other Poems.” By Ellen Palmer Allerton, of Hamlin, Brown county. New York: John B. Alden. pp. 153. This is the Kansas book of poetry. Mrs. Allerton has been warmly welcomed by the press of the East and West, and her book has met with universal favor and commendation.

MAY 5.—Clark county organized. County Commissioners, G. W. Epperly, Daniel Burkett, and A. F. Harmer; County Clerk, J. B. Myers;

county seat, Ashland. The county at first spelled Clarke, and named for the Union soldier, Capt. Chas. F. Clarke.

—J. M. Johnson appointed census taker for Meade county; June 30 he resigned.

—Fourteenth annual meeting of the State Dental Association, at Topeka. Officers elected: President, L. C. Warner; Vice Presidents, R. E. Nickles and A. Doud; Secretary, B. Reed. L. C. Wasson delivered the address.

MAY 6.—L. C. Wasson appointed a member of the Board of Dental Examiners.

—Seventeenth annual meeting of the State Homœopathic Society, at Topeka. Officers elected: President, A. E. Scheble, of Parsons; Vice President, Anna Warren, of Emporia; Recording Secretary, Dr. Rider, of North Topeka; Corresponding Secretary, E. R. McIntyre, of Topeka.

—The Hagan medal won at St. Mary's College by R. Francis Gillseson.

—Baxter Springs is purchasing land for a National Cemetery; Congress has appropriated \$5,000.

MAY 7.—Fourth annual meeting of the Social Science Club, at Leavenworth. Addresses by Mrs. C. B. Brace, Mrs. B. Gray, Mrs. W. D. Webb, Mrs. T. E. Bowman, Mrs. J. K. Hudson, Mrs. George C. Wilder, and Mrs. F. C. Carruth. Reception by Mrs. Lucien Scott. Mrs. E. H. Allen elected President.

—Nelson F. Acers, of Iola, appointed United States Collector.

MAY 11.—Fire at Larned; loss, \$8,000.

MAY 12.—The seventeenth annual conclave of the Grand Commandery of Knights Templar, in Atchison.

MAY 13.—Celebration, at Anthony, of the completion of the Fort Scott & Wichita road.

—State Editorial Convention, at Wyandotte. Welcoming address by Mayor Martin. Response by F. P. Baker, President. Address by F. D. Coburn; poem by Gen. D. E. Cornell. The following were elected as officers for the ensuing year: President, J. H. Downing; Vice Presidents, V. J. Lane, Noble L. Prentis, A. D. Brown, and Albert Griffin; Secretary and Treasurer, Frank W. Frye; Statistical Secretary, Hon. F. G. Adams. A resolution of thanks was voted Mr. Baker, President for the past three years, and Major Downing, Secretary and Treasurer. The Chairman paid a just tribute to Judge F. G. Adams, Secretary of the State Historical Society, and introduced that gentleman, who spoke of the Historical Society, and gave numerous statistics. The speaker accorded to the editors of the State the credit of contributing about 8,000 volumes of valuable history to the Historical Library, which at present numbers 20,000 volumes. The following are some of the statistics of Kansas newspapers, from 1879 to 1885, inclusive:

1879—Dailies, 13; weeklies, 210; monthlies, 19; semi-monthlies, 1. Total, 243.

1880—Dailies, 16; weeklies, 275; monthlies, 20; semi-monthlies, 3. Total, 314.

1881—Dailies, 25; weeklies, 294; monthlies, 21; quarterly, 1; semi-monthly, 1; occasional, 1. Total, 343.

1882—Dailies, 30; weeklies, 316; monthlies, 21; semi-monthlies, 2. Total, 370.

1883—Dailies, 28; weeklies, 318; monthlies, 20; semi-monthlies, 4; quarterlies, 2. Total, 372.

1884—Dailies, 21; weeklies, 368; semi-weekly, 1; monthlies, 24; semi-monthly, 1; tri-monthly, 1; quarterlies, 4. Total, 420.

1885—Dailies, 25; weeklies, 446; monthlies, 26; quarterlies, 4; occasional, 1. Total, 502.

In politics they are distributed as follows: Republican, 254; Democratic, 75; Greenback, 17; Independent, 58; Neutral, 29; Religious, 14; Liberal, 7; Society organs, 3; Educational, 10; Prohibition, 4; Real estate, 2; Oklahoma Movement, 2.

—The Wyandotte Herald gives a history of the Editorial Association.

—Marriage of Frank T. Lynch, of the Leavenworth Standard, and Birdie Blair, daughter of Chas. W. Blair.

MAY 14.—Judge C. G. Foster gives a decision in the Atchison habeas corpus case. Hermann Ziebold refused to obey the summons of the County Attorney of Atchison county, to testify against a party supposed to have sold liquor in violation of the prohibitory law. He was committed to jail, and applied to Judge Foster for release from custody. The Judge ordered him released.

—Marriage of P. R. Rice, of the Fort Scott Monitor, and Josephine B. Redfield.

MAY 15.—Waterspout northwest of Elk City; eleven persons drowned.

MAY 16.—The contract for the erection of ten brick buildings for the Soldiers' Home is let to James A. McGonigle.

—W. W. Fagan, Superintendent of the Central Branch, has a letter written to him while he was a locomotive engineer, by Gen. Grant, thanking Mr. Fagan for his resolute courage in saving a train on which Grant was a passenger.

—There are sixty National Banks in the State, with a capital of \$4,060,000.

MAY 19.—Fifth Annual Convention of the Christian Sunday schools, at Leavenworth.

—Meeting of the Grand Lodge of Knights of Pythias, in Fort Scott. D. J. Holland, Atchison, chosen Supreme Representative; Past Grand Commander, Luke M. Havens, Fort Scott; Commander, T. P. Anderson, Columbus.

—The State Medical Society meets, at McPherson. Welcoming address by H. B. Kelly. Dr. Hannawalt, of Galena, elected President.

MAY 20.—Annual meeting of the Seventh-Day Adventists, at Bismarck Grove. G. I. Butler, President.

MAY 21.—The Kansas Star, Olathe, printed at the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, has reached No. 36, Vol. X. E. W. Bowles is the editor.

MAY 22.—A. P. Riddle and Albert R. Greene buy the Minneapolis Messenger.

—Monsignor Capel delivers an address, in Topeka. He is given a reception.

MAY 23.—E. G. Ross appointed Governor of New Mexico.

—Fifteenth Annual Insurance Report issued, by Superintendent R. B. Morris.

—Miles of railroad in the State, 4,180; assessed per mile, \$7,263; assessment, \$30,367,807.

—The Industrialist, printed at the Agricultural College, has reached No. 40, Vol. X. In printing and editing it is the model paper of the State, doing what it sets out to do in the best way.

MAY 25.—Judge French, of Fort Scott, does not agree with Judges Crozier and Foster; he declares constitutional the eighth section of the new prohibitory law.

—Samuel Rades's Topeka Directory contains much local history.

—Fire in Wichita; loss, \$35,000.

MAY 27.—Meeting, in Topeka, of the General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church of North America, 300 delegates. Wm. Johnson is elected Moderator.

—Severe wind storm, at Nortonville, Goff's, Frankfort, and Leavenworth.

MAY 28.—Fire in the Larned land office.

JUNE 1.—The Fort Scott & Wichita road opened from Argonia to Anthony.

—Frank M. Hill, at Wichita, is Superintendent of the Wichita & Western road.

—Judge Brewer, at Leavenworth, decides that the State cannot compel the old Leavenworth, Lawrence & Fort Gibson R. R. Co. to comply with its charter.

—Western School Journal: "Cowperthwaite & Co., of Philadelphia, encouraged by the sales of Prof. J. H. Canfield's Kansas edition of Berard's United States History, have willingly undertaken the task of placing in the schools of Kansas a new text-book, on a new theme, by the same author. This is a little volume of one hundred and twelve pages, entitled 'Local Government in Kansas.'"

—Fire at Chapman; loss, \$11,000.

JUNE 2.—Death, at Garden City, of James R. Fulton, Sheriff of Finney county.

JUNE 2.—Adjutant General Campbell edits a pamphlet containing the National Guard Laws, which took effect May 1, and the Rules of the Military Board, in effect June 2. The following is the organization: *Commander-in-Chief, and Staff*—John A. Martin, Topeka, Governor, and *Commander-in-Chief*; A. B. Campbell, Topeka, Colonel, and

Adjutant General; Thomas M. Carroll, Paola, Major General; A. M. Fuller, Topeka, Brigadier General; T. McCarthy, Larned, Brigadier General; Adam Dixon, Belleville, Brigadier General; J. N. Roberts, Lawrence, Brigadier General. *State Military Board*—Thos. M. Carroll, President, Paola; A. M. Fuller, Vice President, Topeka; T. McCarthy, Larned; Adam Dixon, Belleville; J. N. Roberts, Lawrence; A. B. Campbell, Secretary.

—Harper's Magazine opens with an illustrated article, "Ladies' Day at the Rancho," by Alice Wellington Rollins. It is written at the Monte Carneiro Ranch, in Ellsworth county; engravings by R. Swain Gifford, of Kansas flowers, homes, sheep, and a cave.

—Commencement of the Institution for the Blind.

JUNE 3.—Leavenworth county decides to refund its bonded debt.

JUNE 4.—Meeting of the German Lutheran Synod, in Topeka.

JUNE 5.—The Hillman insurance case on trial in Leavenworth.

—J. D. McLaren, of Minneapolis, receives the Grovenor oratorical prize, at the University.

JUNE 6.—Clay Center celebrates the completion of its water-works. Address by Gov. Martin.

JUNE 8.—The State University has thirty-five graduates. Bishop A. C. Garrett delivers the baccalaureate sermon, and Thos. F. Bayard, of Delaware, Secretary of State, the oration. He is introduced by Senator Plumb.

JUNE 9.—State Convention of County School Superintendents, at Emporia. Welcome by L. B. Kellogg; response by J. H. Lawhead.

—Alumni address at the University by A. C. Scott, of the Iola Register.

—Baker University, twenty-ninth commencement. Address by Senator Ingalls. A fine college building nearly completed; 475 students.

JUNE 10.—The M. E. College of the Southwest Conference located at Winfield.

—Laying of the corner-stone of the Masonic Hall at Sterling.

—Convention of County Superintendents, at Emporia.

—Nineteenth annual commencement of the Agricultural College. It has 401 students, and has had 2,585 in 22 years.

—Geo. Alfred Townsend writes of John Brown in Maryland: "The country is full of legends of old Brown going to and fro; how once at Boonsboro he bought some watermelons and made all the citizens come up and eat; how he had his horses watered at Funkstown in the Antietam creek, and when the tavern-keeper asked him a question old Brown simply looked at him with his penetrating gray eyes, and the tavern-keeper asked nothing further; how, when he killed hogs at his farm, he made his poor mountain neighbors come in and have some pork, or rib, or pigtail. That strange, probably ill-balanced old man has wrought himself into the history, especially the local history here, as not even Shakespeare himself could have done if he had written his plays under these mountains."

JUNE 11.—The Normal School has had 605 students during the year.

—The Pharmaceutical Association meets, at Lawrence. H. W. Spangler, of Perry, elected President.

—Judge David Martin, at Atchison, affirms the constitutionality of the prohibitory law.

—Publication of "The Poetical Works" of John P. Campbell, of Abilene, Kansas. Topeka: Geo. W. Crane & Co. pp. 244.

—Sale, in Topeka, by a Special Master, of the St. Joseph & Western road, to persons representing the U. P., for \$3,000,000. The name of the road is changed, June 22, to St. Joseph & Grand Island.

JUNE 12.—Anthony made a city of the second class.

JUNE 13.—Fire in Independence; loss, \$8,000.

—John R. Braidwood, of Pittsburg, appointed Inspector of Mines.

—First meeting of the State Board of Health.

JUNE 14.—The Capital publishes a letter, written by Gen. Henry J. Hunt, Superintendent of the Soldiers' Home at Washington, D. C., to W. W. Cone. He gives reminiscences of Cantonment Leavenworth, where his father was stationed in 1827.

JUNE 16.—First meeting, at the University, of the Kansas Academy of Language and Literature; P. J. Williams presiding. Officers elected: President, J. A. Lippincott; Vice President, O. C. Hill; Treasurer, J. E. Williamson; Secretary, W. H. Carruth. Executive Committee—W. I. Graham, Lily M. Storrs, and the Secretary.

—Gen. Grant leaves New York city for Mt. McGregor, near Saratoga.

JUNE 17.—Issue of the Kansas Chautauquan, "devoted to the Sunday-school interests of Methodism in Kansas." The first session, at Bismarck Grove, June 17-25. The Methodists in the State have 625 Sunday schools, 6,447 officers and teachers, and 45,789 scholars.

—Twentieth annual convention of the State Sunday School Association, at Fort Scott.

JUNE 19.—Resignation of Chas. B. Schmidt, Commissioner of Immigration of the Santa Fé.

JUNE 20.—Frank T. Lynch appointed postmaster, at Leavenworth.

JUNE 21.—The El Dorado & Newton road done to Brainard.

—Proclamation by the Governor to enforce the law forbidding the driving of Texas cattle through any part of the State.

JUNE 22.—Harrison Kelley appointed a member of the Live-Stock Commission.

JUNE 23.—Issue of the Assembly Herald, by the Inter-State Sunday School Assembly, at Forest Park, Ottawa; seventh session, June 23 to July 3.

—Convention of Sheriffs, at Salina.

—A. Gabrooskie, of Georgia, appointed Superintendent of the Haskell Institute.

JUNE 24.—The jury in the Hillman case stands six to six.

—Twenty Mexican editors arrive in Topeka; they are entertained by the Press Club. Gen. J. C. Caldwell translates for Mexico and Kansas, improving two languages.

JUNE 25.—The Cheyenne Rustler issued, at Wano, by H. G. Thurman & Co. The third number says:

"The county was surveyed in 1874, and in 1876, the first cattle ranch was built, being the 'T' ranch, nine miles above Wano, on the Republican. At that time the county abounded with buffalo hunters and Indians. In 1879, the first settlers came—the Day brothers—and settled on the Big Timber, but they left the following spring. In the spring of 1880, Messrs. Brenaman, Heaton and Bateman settled in the county, and are at present the oldest settlers who came with their families and have resided here continuously. The county was established as a municipal township, and attached to Rawlins county for revenue and judicial purposes, in the winter of 1883. The following officers were appointed: A. M. Brenaman, District Clerk and County Superintendent; Jno. G. Long, Sheriff and Surveyor. First school taught by A. M. Brenaman, on Big Timber; second school, at Wano, by Miss Glenna Park."

—Gov. Martin asks the Secretary of War to restrain the Cheyennes on their reservation, and prevent a raid into Kansas.

JUNE 27.—Chas. B. Smith resigns as Assistant United States District Attorney.

JUNE 28.—I. N. Graves appointed to take the census of Meade county.

JUNE 29.—W. C. Perry, of Fort Scott, appointed District Attorney, in place of J. R. Hallowell, resigned.

—The Wichita Eagle believes the Cheyennes will raid Kansas.

—Officers elected for the Soldiers' Reunion: President, T. J. Anderson; Vice President, A. B. Campbell; Treasurer, A. M. Fuller; Secretary, Patrick H. Coney; Corresponding Secretary, J. Lee Knight.

—Albert Griffin and A. B. Jetmore are in Dodge City, to hold a Temperance meeting.

JUNE 30.—Summary of appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30:

<i>For what purpose appropriated.</i>	<i>Amount appropriated.</i>	<i>Amount drawn.</i>	<i>Balance undrawn.</i>
Executive Department.....	\$16,067 42	\$12,754 36	\$3,313 06
Secretary of State's Department.....	7,833 00	7,833 00	.....
Auditor of State's Department.....	7,800 00	7,800 00	.....
Treasurer of State's Department.....	9,500 00	8,873 99	626 01
Attorney General's Department.....	9,627 30	4,569 20	5,058 10
Superintendent of Public Instruction's Dept.....	5,500 00	5,500 00	.....
Adjutant General's Department.....	2,900 00	2,900 00	.....
Executive Council.....	11,916 00	11,915 80	20
State printing.....	93,732 89	93,730 84	2 05
State Board of Agriculture.....	8,250 00	8,059 19	190 81
State Librarian.....	4,656 15	4,656 15	.....
State Historical Society.....	2,550 00	2,550 00	.....
Insurance Department.....	5,300 00	5,300 00	.....
State Horticultural Society.....	2,675 00	2,660 91	14 09
Legislative expenses.....	57,980 00	46,877 27	11,102 73
Supreme Court.....	16,725 00	16,452 45	272 55
District Judges.....	48,293 00	47,868 24	424 76
State University.....	27,675 00	27,675 00	.....
State Agricultural College.....	21,113 44	21,113 44	.....
Blind Asylum.....	15,700 00	15,698 96	1 04
Deaf and Dumb Asylum.....	32,000 00	31,976 72	23 28
Insane Asylum, Topeka.....	94,000 00	91,735 03	2,264 97
Insane Asylum, Osawatimie.....	100,000 00	100,000 00	.....

APPROPRIATIONS—CONCLUDED.

<i>For what purpose appropriated.</i>	<i>Amount appropriated.</i>	<i>Amount drawn.</i>	<i>Balance undrawn.</i>
Asylum for Idiotic and Imbecile Youth.....	\$7,500 00	\$7,500 00	.....
Home for Friendless Women.....	2,400 00	2,400 00	.....
St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum.....	2,400 00	2,399 40	\$0 60
Kansas Orphan Asylum.....	2,400 00	2,400 00	.....
Maintenance destitute insane.....	35,000 00	28,636 82	6,363 18
Reform School.....	25,000 00	22,716 22	2,283 78
Penitentiary.....	155,618 60	155,530 89	87 71
Trustees State Charitable Institutions.....	4,433 90	4,433 90	.....
Regents State University.....	1,000 00	997 00	3 00
Regents State Agricultural College.....	1,700 40	1,636 60	63 80
Regents State Normal School.....	1,500 00	1,498 10	1 90
Directors State Penitentiary.....	1,200 00	1,192 10	7 90
Chas. Rippe, tents, etc.....	3,200 30	3,200 30	.....
Water Works, State Penitentiary.....	11,420 85	11,399 42	21 43
State Agent at Washington, D. C.....	37,250 51	37,145 58	104 93
C. L. de Randamie.....	1,000 00	1,000 00	.....
Annie Richey.....	2,000 00	2,000 00	.....
William Edgar.....	1,000 00	1,000 00	.....
Capitol extension.....	100,429 90	62,079 91	38,349 99
University interest fund.....	13,744 42	10,246 85	3,497 57
Miscellaneous appropriations—balance.....	5,023 74	167 04	4,856 70
Legislative expenses—balance.....	5,019 85	672 00	4,347 85
Legislative expenses (special session)—balance,	6,525 95	6,210 00	315 95
Ford county—balance.....	1,696 09	95 00	1,601 09
Exposition at New Orleans.....	2,000 00	445 90	1,554 10
Building Insane Asylum, Topeka.....	108,234 26	108,234 26	.....
State Normal School.....	1,925 00	1,882 44	42 56
County Normal Institutes.....	4,050 00	3,900 00	150 00
Conveying prisoners to the Penitentiary.....	15,213 50	8,954 00	6,259 50
Commissioner of Fisheries.....	1,800 00	1,800 00	.....
Railroad Commissioners.....	12,500 00	12,500 00	.....
Samaritan Mission.....	1,200 00	1,200 00	.....
State Mine Inspector.....	2,000 00	2,000 00	.....
Miscellaneous appropriations.....	28,741 96	23,862 79	4,879 17
Live-Stock Sanitary Commission.....	5,000 00	5,000 00	.....
Crawford, Labette, Montgomery and Wilson Co's,	13,492 18	13,492 18	.....
School District No. 32, in Pawnee county.....	250 00	250 00	.....
Total.....	\$1,226,665 61	\$1,128,579 25	\$98,086 36

JULY 1.—Personal Memoirs of U. S. Grant, dated to-day: "My father worked for and lived in the family of a Mr. Brown, the father of John Brown, 'whose body lies mouldering in the grave, while his soul goes marching on.' I have often heard my father speak of John Brown, particularly since the events at Harper's Ferry. Brown was a boy when they lived in the same house, but he knew him afterwards, and regarded him as a man of great purity of character, of high moral and physical courage, but a fanatic and extremist in whatever he advocated."

—The University Courier gives the alumni banquet speech of Frank P. McLennan, of the Emporia News, in which he catalogues the various College publications, and gives the names of students who are members of the press. The Atchison Champion says: "Among those mentioned in Mr. McLennan's speech were Charles S. Glead; W. H. Carruth; Ed. Little; H. C. Burnett, now of the Leavenworth Standard; Charles B. Smith, once of the Stockton News, now one of the Regents of the University; George C. Smith, of the St. Joseph Herald; C. G. Finch, of the Harper Daily Graphic; Mr. Keys, of Minneapolis; W. H. Britton, of the Santa Fé Trail; Frank Hutchings; Bion S. Hutchins, of the Kingman Journal; George Flick, of the Kinsley Mercury; Albert Phenix.

now city editor of the Kansas City Times; Frank Clark, of the Chicago Tribune; Will. Simpson; Wm. M. Thacher; Frank Webster; H. T. Smith, of the Mound City Clarion; John Sullivan Scott, of the Iola Register; Bryant Preston, of the Sabetha Herald; Going, of Salina; Armour, of Rice county; and, last but brightest, Mrs. Florence Finch Kelley."

—Closing of the Immigration Department of the Santa Fé road; lands sold; the organization of all counties near at hand.

—There are 12,394 Masons in the State.

—I. Horner, of Emporia, thinks Kansas will take the lead in silk culture.

—The Carthage (Meade county) Journal says: "The sod school house is completed."

—The web worm is doing considerable damage to corn in the Southeast.

—The Meade Center Globe issued.

—J. F. Goddard, Traffic Manager of the Santa Fé, becomes Assistant General Manager.

—B. B. Smyth publishes a roster of Lincoln Post No. 1, G. A. R., Topeka. pp. 95. The Relief Corps, it says, originated in Portland, Maine, in 1869. The first flambeau club was organized in Topeka, in 1876, by Major Thomas J. Anderson. The Modoc Club, a singing society, was born of the same father, in the same year.

JULY 2.—Hutchinson selected as the site for the State Reformatory institution.

—The immigration to the State is very large.

—Death, in Topeka, of Jacob Safford. He was born in Vermont, Aug. 17, 1827; came to Kansas in 1858.

—Destructive rain storm in the Neosho valley.

—R. U. Goode, of the U. S. Geological Survey, arrives in Fort Scott. He is making a detailed topographical map of the region north to Kansas City, and extending east and west from Fort Scott, about one hundred miles each way. The region south of Fort Scott was mapped last year.

JULY 4.—Prentiss, in the Champion, reports the first fourth of July in Kansas, from the books of Lewis & Clark and Patrick Gass. To the present White Clay creek they gave the name of "Fourth of July creek."

JULY 6.—O. E. Learnard becomes the publisher of the Lawrence Journal.

—Election of officers of the Fourth Regiment, National Guard, at Beloit. Henry Casey, Colonel; William Lasatere, Lieutenant Colonel.

JULY 7.—Report that the Indians have raided Clark and Comanche counties. Gov. Martin makes all possible efforts to defend the frontier.

JULY 8.—The Inter-State Amateur Press Association in session at Lawrence, being the semi-annual convention, composed of the States of Missouri, Arkansas, Texas, and Kansas. There are about forty dele-

gates present, composed of young journalists of from twelve to sixteen years of age.

—Murder of Mary Baldwin, in Atchison; her brother William charged with the crime.

—Methodist College located at Salina, by the Northwestern Conference.

—Opening of the El Dorado & Newton road.

JULY 9.—General Nelson A. Miles succeeds General C. C. Augur, retired, at Fort Leavenworth.

—Public reception of W. C. Perry, at the Huntington House, Fort Scott.

—Governor Martin asks the Secretary of War to establish military posts on the southwestern border.

—The opinion of Horton, C. J., to-day, in the Topeka Board of Education bond case, gives the law as it is interpreted on general and special legislation.

JULY 12.—A suit having been brought against Comanche county, to pay interest on the bogus bonds of 1874, the Commonwealth prints a history of that affair.

JULY 13.—Fire at Ottawa; loss, \$35,000.

JULY 14.—Tenth annual meeting of the Grand Lodge of colored Masons, at Topeka; George W. Smith, Grand Master.

JULY 15.—Meeting, at Osage City, to extend the Lawrence & Carbondale road to Emporia and El Dorado; J. V. Admire, Secretary.

—El Dorado declared a city of the second class.

JULY 16.—Laying of the corner-stone of the Presbyterian College building, at Emporia.

—Military posts established at Crisfield and Deep Hole.

JULY 18.—Topeka favored, at Saratoga, N. Y., as the place for the next National Teachers' Convention.

JULY 19.—Six persons drowned in the Walnut, fourteen miles above Winfield.

JULY 20.—Fire in Coffeyville; loss, \$15,000.

—Death of Dr. Joseph P. Root, at Wyandotte; he was born at Greenwich, Mass., April 23, 1826. The Capital of the 22d gives his biography.

JULY 21.—Charles Spalding appointed Receiver of U. S. land office at Topeka, and Samuel Thanhauser at Garden City.

—Fire at Arkansas City; loss, \$25,000.

—The Commonwealth publishes A. H. Vance's statement as to the distribution of the Pomeroy-York bribery package.

—The assessed valuation of the State is \$247,271,645.

—The Champion publishes an obituary notice of Mrs. Catharine A. Stringfellow, wife of Gen. B. F. Stringfellow. Her surviving children

are Mrs. W. F. White, of Topeka; Mrs. R. M. Manley, of Atchison; Mrs. Charles SooySmith, of Chicago; and Henry F. Stringfellow, of Pueblo.

—The Champion publishes its first letter from Sherman county.

JULY 23.—Death of Gen. Grant. He was born in Ohio, April 27, 1822. A Nation in mourning.

—Proclamation by the Governor, ordering the State offices to be closed on the day of the funeral.

JULY 24.—J. C. Pusey arrested, in Cincinnati.

JULY 25.—L. R. Elliott, Manhattan, issues a circular letter suggesting a National Prohibition Convention. October 14, Albert Griffin delivers an address, in Topeka, in the same cause. December 1, Mr. Griffin, Richard Wake and C. E. Wheeler, Executive Committee, issue a call for a "National Convention of Anti-Saloon Republicans," at Toledo, Ohio, May 19, 1886. The call is signed by well-known citizens in all parts of the State.

JULY 26.—Poem, by E. F. Ware, published at Fort Scott, on the "Admission of Mr. Hie Jones to the Paint Creek Bar."

JULY 28.—B. F. Simpson, U. S. Marshal, resigns.

—Return to Washington of S. O. Thacher, from South America.

—D. V. Mott, defaulting Treasurer of Coffey county, disappears.

JULY 29.—The Capital prints the "U. S. Grant Harmonic Square," by Bernard B. Smyth.

—Alexander M. Wilcox made Professor of Greek, at the University.

JULY 30.—Frank Dale appointed Register of the Land Office at Wichita, and C. M. Ralston at Independence.

JULY 31.—T. H. Dinsmore, M. A. Bailey and D. E. Kelly appointed professors for the Normal School.

AUGUST 1.—Publication by Roberts Bros., Boston, of Frank B. Sanborn's "Life of John Brown;" pp. 645. It is the first complete and authentic biography of Captain Brown. The Commonwealth says: "The full story had not been told before, and you follow the narration to the end with absorbing attention. In some way, by some unknown spell, it brings back the feeling and temper of the times before the war as no other book has done. Half of it, probably, is taken up with Brown's letters and other writings, and relates to our own State, and thus it becomes a Kansas book, and one of the very best."

—The Champion publishes a history of Downs, on its sixth anniversary.

—Death of Judge James A. Beal, near Wamego.

AUGUST 3.—Meeting, at Fort Leavenworth, to raise funds to build a monument to Gen. Grant.

AUGUST 4.—Trial, at Erie, of Mrs. Frank C. Morris, for the murder of her mother, by poison. She is convicted.

—Convention of Sheriffs, at Topeka, Frank McGrath presiding. Election of officers: Geo. Davis, of Jefferson county, President; Samuel

Hamilton, of Ellsworth county, Vice President; Chester Thomas, of Shawnee county, Secretary; G. H. Chandler, of Linn county, Treasurer. Directors were elected as follows: J. D. Godfrey, of Rice county; Peter Isenberg, of Rooks county; N. B. Lohmuller, of Nemaha county; D. H. Keller, of Leavenworth county; F. E. Henderson, of Sumner county; Mr. Dougherty, of Bourbon county; Frank McGrath, of Mitchell county; H. F. Wilhite, of Lyon county; W. P. K. Hedrick, of Johnson county; F. M. Carson, of Smith county; S. J. Parnell, of Ottawa county; G. Baker, of Trego county; C. A. Green, of Clay county.

AUGUST 5.—William C. Jones, of Iola, appointed United States Marshal. He came to Kansas from Wisconsin, in 1860; was Major in the Tenth, and Lieutenant Colonel of the Eighteenth Kansas.

—T. P. Moore, of Holton, elected Loan Commissioner, and E. B. Cowgill, of Sterling, and O. E. Olin, of El Dorado, elected Professors, for the Agricultural College.

—Marriage of Colonel A. C. Dawes and Miss Medora Cresap. The reception, at St. Joseph, August 6th, is largely attended by friends in Kansas.

—Meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, at Peabody.

AUGUST 8.—Grant memorial services held all over the State and country.

—Frank W. Frye, of the Palladium, appointed postmaster at Parsons.

AUGUST 10.—Fire in Leavenworth, in the Times block.

AUGUST 11.—Final breaking up of the Oklahoma colony and movement.

—Colby Hutchinson, daughter of William Hutchinson, born, in Colby, and given a town lot; the first baby born there.

AUGUST 12.—Seneca made a city of the second class.

—The first load of corn marketed in Comanche county brought to Coldwater, photographed, and sold.

—The Southern Kansas road is done to New Kiowa.

—The Commonwealth publishes an article by John B. Dunbar, containing a list of the earliest Spanish books on the Kansas region.

AUGUST 13.—The Baptist Missionary Association meets at Olathe.

AUGUST 19.—Death, in Topeka, of Hiram T. Beman.

AUGUST 20.—Soldiers' Reunion, at Frankfort; speeches by Senator Plumb, Gov. Martin, and Adj. Gen. Campbell.

—Camp meeting of National Prohibitionists, at Ottawa.

AUGUST 21.—The forged school bonds in the Lappin case are lost; have not been seen since Davis was Attorney General.

—Fire at Coffeyville; loss, \$10,000.

—Excelsior flour mills burned, in Fort Scott.

AUGUST 22.—Death, at Emporia, of J. R. Walkup, by poison. Mrs. Minnie Wallace Walkup suspected of the crime, and arrested and imprisoned, August 29.

AUGUST 24.—Contract let for building a Congregationalist Academy, at Eureka.

AUGUST 25.—Judge French, at Fort Scott, on petition of J. Merritt Anthony, grants the first injunction under the amended prohibitory law.

AUGUST 27.—County-seat contest in Pratt county.

AUGUST 28.—Death, in Topeka, of J. M. Matheny, the organizer of Rawlins county. He named Atwood for his eldest son.

AUGUST 29.—Verdict of the coroner's jury that Walkup was poisoned by his wife.

SEPTEMBER 1.—R. R. Brown is succeeded on the *Kansas Farmer* by H. A. Heath.

—The Capital publishes Frank J. Marshall's statement in regard to a meeting held at St. Mary's Mission, in 1853, and the passage of resolutions asking Congress to organize "Nebraska"; Mr. Marshall makes it to S. S. Prouty.

—Samuel T. Howe issues the State Treasurer's report for 1861-2.

—John Seaton, of Atchison, invents automatic scales for weighing grain in mills.

SEPTEMBER 3.—Judge Brewer, at Leavenworth, in the case of *The Attorney General of the United States vs. the Kansas City, Lawrence & Southern Kansas R. R. Co.*, decides against the Company, and in favor of the settlers on the lands in Allen county. This release of 27,000 acres of land causes a speedy influx of squatters.

SEPTEMBER 6.—George R. Peck, in the *Lawrence Gazette*, proves that Shakespeare wrote the plays that go by his name.

—F. H. Snow says the mean temperature for June, July and August, for eighteen years, has been 75.95; average number of rainy days, 28; average rainfall, 13.09 inches.

SEPTEMBER 8.—Judge Stillwell grants a new trial in the Frankie Morris case.

—The *Lawrence Journal* describes the Haskell Institute.

—The *Great Bend Tribune* says the Congregational College is located there.

SEPTEMBER 9.—A creamery burned at Clay Center; loss, \$10,000.

—Death, at Wyandotte, of Hayden D. McMeekin. He was born in Kentucky, in 1822; came to Fort Leavenworth in 1850; was an Indian trader at Uniontown, fourteen miles southwest of Topeka; located in Salt Creek valley; was one of the builders of the Planters House, at Leavenworth; the Hale House, at Junction City; and the Marshall House, at Ellsworth; kept the Tefft House, at Topeka; and, last, a hotel at Wamego. Hope to see him again.

SEPTEMBER 10.—The Marysville post office robbed.

SEPTEMBER 11.—The Soldiers' Orphans' Home located at Atchison.

—Seventeenth annual convention of the Universalists, at Delphos.

Addresses by G. L. Demarest, Mrs. S. M. Barnes, C. H. Rogers, Josiah Davis, and C. H. Trott.

SEPTEMBER 12.—Soldiers' reunion, at Hiawatha. Addresses by Governor Martin and A. B. Campbell.

SEPTEMBER 13.—The Commonwealth gives an account of the first settlement of Kinsley and Edwards county.

—The Missouri Pacific buys the Council Grove & Salina road.

SEPTEMBER 14.—W. G. Porter appointed to take the census of Thomas county.

SEPTEMBER 18.—Burning of a flour mill at Leavenworth; loss, \$55,000.

SEPTEMBER 21.—Incendiary fire at Humboldt; loss, \$100,000.

—Death, at Cherryvale, of John C. Scott, recently publisher of the Fredonia Times, and the founder of the Osage Mission Journal.

SEPTEMBER 22.—C. J. McDivitt buys the Abilene Chronicle.

—Fire in El Dorado; loss, \$15,000.

—Annual Convention of the W. C. T. U., at Topeka. Called to order by Mrs. M. S. Coe, of Topeka. Mrs. Fannie H. Rastall, President. Address of welcome by Mrs. J. G. Wood, of Topeka; reply by Mrs. J. E. Covel, of Leavenworth. On the 23d, prayer service by Mrs. R. C. Chase, of Hiawatha; address by Mrs. Rastall. To-day is the centennial anniversary of the issue of the Essay on Temperance, by Dr. Benjamin Rush. Remarks by Mrs. S. L. North, Mrs. A. M. Way, Mrs. C. H. St. John, of Beloit, and others. On the 24th, Mrs. A. L. Slosson, of Leavenworth, reported 200 Unions in the State. Mrs. H. L. Logan reported on scientific temperance instruction. Reports by Mrs. C. W. Kanaga and Mrs. M. F. Huron.

Election of officers: President, Mrs. Fann^{ie} H. Rastall; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. A. L. Slosson; Treasurer, Mrs. S. A. Thurston; Recording Secretary, Mrs. C. A. Rippey, of Severance; Vice President at large, Mrs. Laura B. Field, of Leavenworth. District Vice Presidents—First District, Mrs. White, of Sabetha; Second, Mrs. Drusilla Wilson, of Lawrence; Third, Mrs. Carr, of Parsons; Fourth, Mrs. E. W. Pinkston, of Cedar Point; Fifth, Mrs. Dora Evans, of Salina; Sixth, Mrs. C. H. St. John, of Beloit; Seventh, Mrs. M. J. Hadley, of Hutchinson. Delegates to the National W. C. T. U. Convention—Mrs. J. Jay Buck, of Emporia; Miss Amanda Way, of Pleasanton; Mrs. M. E. Griffith, of Topeka; and Mrs. R. C. Chase, of Hiawatha. Delegate at large, Mrs. Colonel Emmett, of Salina. Alternates—Miss Lizzie Campbell, Mrs. M. F. Bradford, Dr. Kate Bushnell, and Mrs. Kerr. Mrs. Rippey declining, Mrs. R. C. Chase is elected Corresponding Secretary, unani-
mously.

The resolutions rejoice in the educational temperance law; denounce the sale of liquors by druggists; suggest that sales for the excepted purposes be committed to State agents; emphasize the sanctity of the Sabbath; recite the need of a State temperance paper; suggest reformatory homes for degraded women; rejoice at what has already been

achieved; compliment the G. A. R.; "and, finding in our own State the embodiment of prohibition principles in the Republican party, pledge it our coöperation so far as it continues the unswerving exponent of our convictions and openly declares in behalf of and enforces prohibition;" demand the submission of an amendment for woman suffrage; and return thanks to various parties and persons.

SEPTEMBER 23.—Special election called in the Seventy-fifth District, C. N. Coggeshall having resigned. Mr. Coggeshall has been appointed Deputy United States Collector.

SEPTEMBER 28.—N. F. Acers, United States Collector, writes to James A. Troutman:

"SIR: Yours at hand. I cannot furnish you a list of retail liquor dealers in Kansas, or any portion of this collection district; nor can I permit any lady or other person to hinder or obstruct the labor of this office, by sitting here and making a copy of the register of this office—kept, in my judgment, only for the convenience of this department. The force of this office is too much occupied to permit it. I am charged with the collection of the revenue due the Government under the laws of the United States, and have no interest or concern as regards the enforcement of State laws."

SEPTEMBER 29.—Soldiers' Reunion, at Topeka; lasts through the week, and is attended by 100,000 people. Addresses by Gov. Martin, Gen. C. F. Manderson, Maj. E. N. Morrill, Senator Ingalls, Senator Plumb, and a host of others.

The Kansas National Guard, comprising thirty-two companies of infantry and one battalion, in all four regiments, every company with its staff and line officers, and averaging fifty strong, quartered in Camp Grant.

Mrs. M. A. Bickerdyke, the army nurse, age 72, comes from California. Gen. S. S. Burdette, Grand Commander, G. A. R., present. State regiments and the soldiers of other States effect organizations.

OCTOBER 1.—The Central Branch, U. P., leased to the Missouri Pacific for twenty-five years.

—Burning of the packing house in Junction City; loss, \$13,000.

—Meeting of the Presbyterian Synod, at Topeka. J. B. Fleming, Moderator; S. H. Ralston and W. W. Curtis, Secretaries. It includes the Presbyteries of Emporia, Highland, Indian Territory, Larned, Neosho, Osborne, and Topeka.

—The Larned Land Office, damaged by fire, reopens.

OCTOBER 5.—The Wellington Press and Wellingtonian united.

—The University Courier has notices of the new Professors: Miss Adelaide Rudolph, Lucas E. Sayre, A. M. Wilcox, P. J. Aldrich, and Miss Mamie Simpson.

—A Division of Railway Conductors organized, at Topeka.

OCTOBER 5.—S. B. Bradford, Attorney General, issues a pamphlet showing that the prohibitory law is generally enforced.

—Fire at Florence; loss \$25,000.

OCTOBER 6.—Christian Church Convention, at El Dorado.

—Twenty-ninth session, at Topeka, of the Grand Lodge of Good Templars. Called to order by P. F. Loofbourrow, of Riley.

OCTOBER 7.—Twenty-ninth annual meeting of the Kansas River Baptist Association, at Topeka. G. Grovenor, of Lawrence, Moderator; C. S. Sheffield, of Topeka, Secretary.

OCTOBER 8.—Thomas county organized. County Commissioners, B. F. Heaston, W. H. Kingery, and E. A. Crouse; County Clerk, Samuel Stewardson; Colby the county seat. The county is named for Gen. George H. Thomas.

—The Kansas City & Southwestern road done to Winfield.

—Receipt, in Topeka, of a book written by Prof. Leverett W. Spring, and published by Houghton, Mifflin & Co., New York, called "Kansas: The Prelude to the War for the Union."

OCTOBER 9.—A branch of the Irish National League organized in Topeka. Officers: M. Heery, President; Rev. James O'Reilly, Captain M. O'Brien, Deputy Marshal Tim. Donovan, Vice Presidents; R. Hallihan, Treasurer; Patrick H. Coney, Secretary; M. Hogan, Assistant Secretary.

OCTOBER 10.—A Kansas Division of the Travelers' Protective Association organized at Topeka.

—Election called in the Seventeenth Senatorial District, R. S. Hick having removed to California.

OCTOBER 12.—Third Biennial Conclave of the Supreme Legion, A. O. U. W., at Topeka. The order was founded in Meadville, Pa., October 27, 1868.

OCTOBER 14.—Laying of the corner-stone of the Southern Kansas Academy, at Eureka. Address by T. D. Thacher.

OCTOBER 15.—Publication, in a pamphlet, of Samuel J. Crawford's argument before Secretary Lamar, on the adjustment of the K. P. land grant.

OCTOBER 17.—Weir City declared a city of the second class.

OCTOBER 18.—James H. Canfield has an article in the *Capital on Prudence Crandall*, now of Kansas, called out by a paper in the *September Century*. She was born in Rhode Island, in 1803; imprisoned in Canterbury, Conn., in 1833, for attempting to teach colored girls; married Rev. Calvin Philleo, in 1834; came to Elk Falls in 1876; given a pension by the State of Connecticut in 1886.

OCTOBER 19.—Trial of Mrs. Walkup, at Emporia.

OCTOBER 20.—Meeting of the Kansas Synod of the Lutheran Church, at Peabody; M. F. Troxell, President.

—The Missouri Pacific machine shops located at Atchison.

—Meeting of the Grand Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, in Topeka; G. W. Jones, Grand Master, in the chair. *Officers elected*: Grand Master, J. S. Codding; Deputy Grand Master, J. C. Welch; Treasurer, Lewis Mayo; Secretary, S. F. Burdett, for the twenty-sixth time; Medical Director, Dr. Stewart; Grand Representative, G. W. Jones.

Appointed officers: Chaplain, Rev. J. A. Bright, Ellsworth; Marshal, W. A. Cormany, Fort Scott; Guardian, A. L. Vorhis, Russell; Conductor, A. W. Hayes, Topeka; Herald, W. P. Webb, Larned; Messenger, D. E. Shartel; Grand Instructor, C. H. Krebs; Deputy Grand Instructors—First District, H. M. Waller; Second District, L. S. Cambren; Third District, W. A. Shannon; Fourth District, E. S. Bertram; Fifth District, S. G. King; Sixth District, William Matherson.

OCTOBER 21.—Meeting of the Congregational State Association, at Parsons; L. Blakesley, Moderator. A. C. Hogbin, of Sabetha, elected Moderator.

OCTOBER 22.—Women's Missionary Convention of the Lutheran Church, at Peabody.

OCTOBER 24.—Attorney General Bradford begins a suit to set aside the sale of Normal School lands.

OCTOBER 26.—Publication, by Jansen, McClurg & Co., Chicago, of "We Two Alone in Europe," by Mary L. Ninde, daughter of Bishop W. X. Ninde.

OCTOBER 27.—Meeting of the State Temperance Union, in Topeka, Bernard Kelley presiding.

PLATFORM.

We congratulate the people of the State of Kansas upon the progress made toward a complete enforcement of the prohibitory liquor law in the State. After nearly five years of trial, we find the following results of the operation of the law:

The wholesale liquor trade within the State has almost ceased.

The sale of liquor as a beverage has been immensely diminished.

The open dramshop is almost entirely gone.

The secret places in which liquor is sold in violation of law have been greatly reduced in number, and the general sobriety and wonderful prosperity of our people are matters of universal comment by strangers who come within our gates.

Realizing, therefore, the great benefits of constitutional prohibition in Kansas, we demand of all political parties that it shall be retained as the settled policy of the government in this State.

There is but one way to enforce constitutional prohibition, and that is to make a vigorous application of the law for its enforcement. We do not demand extraordinary remedies, but we have a right to expect that the officers of the law shall apply the remedies provided by law for the suppression of the illegal liquor traffic. Yet these remedies will not be applied unless the people require of their officers that this duty be performed, and we call upon the people for greater activity in this behalf.

Resolved, That we reaffirm our conviction that the prohibitory liquor law, being the deliberate expression of the will of the people, enacted by them in self-defense, should be vigorously executed by all courts and officers in the State charged with the enforcement of law, and that in such the courts and officers should have the prompt and active cooperation of all law-abiding citizens, independently of personal opinion or partisan connection.

Resolved, That the issue in this State is simply law as against lawlessness, the sovereignty of the people as against the sovereignty of the liquor power, and that we cheerfully accept the issue thus made, confident that the intelligence, courage and virtue of our citizens are able to maintain the interests and to defend the rights of a million and a quarter of people insolently assailed by the liquor-sellers and their confederates.

Resolved, That in our opinion, after an experience of six months, the present liquor law is in many important particulars an improvement upon the original law; but as it is still imperfect on some points, the Executive Committee is hereby instructed to see

that the needed amendments are carefully prepared, and presented to the Legislature for consideration at the approaching session.

Resolved, That whereas that portion of the liquor law, granting to druggists the privilege of the sale of liquor for allowed purposes, was framed at the expressed request of druggists themselves, and was designed to protect honorable men in the legal prosecution of their business; and whereas it is notorious that under cover of the law some druggists are selling liquor as a beverage, and some dishonest persons have opened so-called drug stores for the purpose of selling liquor as a beverage, we call upon all law-abiding and honorable druggists to aid in relieving their business from the stigma placed upon it by unprincipled men, and to assist the officers in the detection and punishment of violations of the law by real or pretended dealers in drugs; and we brand the men who inflict untold damage on the community and trample upon its laws, by selling liquor as a beverage in drug stores, as outlaws, no more worthy of the respect and patronage of the community than other outlaws, and we hereby hold them up to the contempt and scorn of all honest people.

Resolved, That the existing law points out the mode and provides the means for the suppression of the sale of liquor as a beverage by druggists, as well as in saloons, and that, since the remedies are in the hands of the people, we urge upon all citizens the necessity of the most vigilant and fearless prosecution of violators of the law, and specially of those who are using a legitimate business as a cloak to conceal their pursuit of a traffic always wicked and infamous, and now made criminal — a traffic equally condemned by the conscience of all good men, by the decree of the law of the land, and by the just judgment of almighty God.

Resolved, That a city government which directly or indirectly licenses the sale of liquors within its limits, and derives revenues therefrom, is in willful and defiant rebellion against the will of the people and the laws of the State. The cities of Leavenworth, Atchison and Dodge notably occupy this position; and that we demand special action with reference to the attitude of these cities toward the constitution and laws of the State, so as to put a speedy end to this demoralizing situation; and that, while we note with gratification that the law-officer of the State is applying the remedies to the saloon-keepers in these rebellious cities, we respectfully ask that the remedies of the law be applied to the city governments, and that the illegal source of revenue be cut off.

Resolved, That we demand of all political parties that they support the constitution and laws of the State upon the subject of prohibition, as well as on all other subjects; and we affirm that we will not vote nor act either directly or indirectly with any party which by its party machinery does not favor the vigorous enforcement of the prohibitory liquor law.

Resolved, The Republican party in Kansas has rendered invaluable service to the cause of prohibition, and it is entitled to the confidence and support of the prohibitionists of the State, so long as it maintains its present announced position on that question.

Resolved, That, in the name of the temperance people of Kansas, this Union heartily thanks all officials, of every grade and party, who have honestly tried to enforce the prohibitory law.

Resolved, That officials of every grade and party who have failed to discharge their duty to the best of their ability deserve severe censure, and should be given to understand by their constituents that persistence in that course will cause them to be treated as unfaithful servants.

Resolved, In the judgment of this convention, that in proportion to the population of the State, now and then, there is not more than one-tenth of the amount of intoxicating liquor used as a beverage that was used for that purpose before the adoption of the prohibition policy.

Resolved, That we request the Legislature, at its coming session, to pass a law giving the people of each organized county a grand jury at least once every year.

Resolved, That the congratulations of this convention be extended to the workers in the various States in the cause of prohibition, and we hereby assure them of our continued sympathy and coöperation in this laudable work.

F. S. McCABE,
H. D. FISHER,
GEORGE WINTERBOURNE,
D. D. CAMPBELL.

Officers elected: President, B. Kelley, Wintfield; Treasurer, P. I. Bonebrake, Topeka; Secretary, James A. Troutman, Topeka. Executive Committee—H. W. Glancy, Atchison, First District; James Marvin, Lawrence, Second District; A. B. Campbell, Topeka, Third District; R. N. Allen, Neosho, Fourth District; R. Wake, Abilene, Fifth District; L. Sternberg, Ellsworth, Sixth District; M. W. Sutton, Dodge City, Seventh District; at large—W. B. Slosson, Leavenworth; A. B. Jetmore, Topeka; H. W. Lewis, Pleasanton.

OCTOBER 28.—Second Annual Convention of the Equal Suffrage Association, at Salina. Addresses by Mrs. Laura M. Johns and Mother Bickerdyke. Constitution adopted and officers elected. Addresses by Mrs. Amanda Way and Mrs. Clara B. Colby.

—Dr. A. A. Holcombe says: "There are thirty counties in the State infected by hog cholera. In 1882 the disease began to make its appearance here, appearing in a few counties. Since that time it has increased steadily, until last year the cholera became general in a large number of the eastern counties."

OCTOBER 29.—Fourth Annual Convention of the Y. M. C. A., at Emporia.

—Judge Guthrie confirms the sale of the Topeka Journal to Charles S. Glead, who buys the paper for Frank P. McLennan.

OCTOBER 31.—Tenth annual session of the Grand Division Sons of Temperance, at Havensville.

NOVEMBER 3.—Election.

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURTS.

TENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Wyandotte.</i>	<i>Miami.</i>	<i>Johnson.</i>	<i>Totals.</i>
J. P. Hindman	1,954	1,765	1,998	5,717
W. R. Wagstaff.....	2,532	1,815	1,152	5,499
C. H. J. Taylor.....	223	1	67	291
J. S. Stockton.....	7	8	118	133
J. M. C. Luther.....	1			1
Scattering.....		1		1

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Smith.</i>	<i>Jewell.</i>	<i>Mitchell.</i>	<i>Osborne.</i>	<i>Totals.</i>
Clark A. Smith.....	1,892	1,800	1,743	1,373	6,808
R. S. Hanley.....	1,123	1,342	1,046	639	4,150

VOTE FOR JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURTS—CONCLUDED.

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Edwards...</i>	<i>Ford.....</i>	<i>Pownee....</i>	<i>Hodgeman.</i>	<i>Finney.....</i>	<i>Rush.....</i>	<i>Ness.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
J. C. Strang	361	1,623	647	473	590	512	469	4,675
W. D. Mauck	732	319	460	194	288	408	348	2,749
Scattering	1							1

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Thomas..</i>	<i>Trigo.....</i>	<i>Ellis.....</i>	<i>Graham..</i>	<i>Sheridan.</i>	<i>Kearns...</i>	<i>Declar...</i>	<i>Norton...</i>	<i>Phillips.</i>	<i>Rooks....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
L. K. Pratt.....		355	673	556	311	639	560	688	1,075	1,043	5,900
A. D. Gilkerson.....		95	561	231	10	286	279	227	584	584	2,857
Scattering.....								1			1

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Clark.....</i>	<i>Comanche..</i>	<i>Barber.....</i>	<i>Harper....</i>	<i>Summer....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
I. G. Reed.....		609	898	1,257	2,857	5,621
J. T. Herrick.....		785	1,132	1,264	2,622	5,803
Scattering.....					1	1

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Pratt.....</i>	<i>Stafford...</i>	<i>Barton....</i>	<i>Rice.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
Ansel R. Clark.....	754	563	656	1,839	3,812
G. W. Nimocks.....	762	642	1,418	521	3,343
Scattering.....				5	5

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

<i>Names of persons voted for.</i>	<i>Osage.....</i>	<i>Wabunuse...</i>	<i>Pottawatomie.</i>	<i>Riley.....</i>	<i>Totals.....</i>
Robert B. Spillman.....	1,713	1,031	2,081	1,109	5,934
Ellis Lewis.....	2,219	1,023	1,345	428	5,015

The State Board of Canvassers, Dec. 1, declared the result of the election, as follows: Tenth Judicial District, J. P. Hindman; Fifteenth, Judicial District, Clark A. Smith; Sixteenth Judicial District, J. C. Strang; Seventeenth Judicial District, Louis K. Pratt; Nineteenth Judicial District, J. T. Herriek; Twentieth Judicial District, Ansel R. Clark; Twenty-first Judicial District, Robert B. Spillman.

For member of the State Senate, Seventeenth District, John S. Codding received 1,665 votes in Pottawatomie county, and 1,631 in Jackson—total, 3,296; A. C. Merritt received 1,758 in Pottawatomie, and 992 in Jackson—total, 2,750.

For member of the House, Seventy-fifth District (Dickinson county), Clement Bell received 1,067 votes, Leonard Swigart 815, and M. Armstrong 41.

—Western School Journal: "A friend of the State Teachers' Association is having made a gavel, for the use of future presidents, which possesses no little historical interest. The head is of iron, the piece being taken from the first bell ever brought into this territory. Undoubtedly it was the first whose sound was heard west of the Missouri and east of Santa Fé. Cast in Boston, at the foundry of Noah Hooper & Sons, it came here in 1844, *via* New Orleans and St. Louis. It was left at a landing and wood yard then known as Delaware, a little below Leavenworth. Drawn by oxen to the Baptist Mission, near the present Muncie cemetery, it was swung in the fork of an old oak tree—its rim almost touching the ground. This was in the spring of 1845. It remained there three years, and was then removed to the Delaware Mission—about seventeen miles south of Leavenworth, on the military road, and about four miles from Edwardsville. There it called to school, or to church, or sounded alarm, for twenty years. Afterward it was in the belfry of Ottawa University—falling through to the basement, ruined, at the time that building burned."

NOVEMBER 4.—Meade county organized. County Commissioners—L. S. Sears, of Meade Center; H. L. Mullen, of Fowler; and E. M. Mears, of West Plains; County Clerk, A. D. McDaniel; county seat, Meade Center. The county is named for Gen. Geo. G. Meade.

—Resignation of Maj. John M. Crowell, U. S. Post Office Inspector, after a service of fifteen years.

NOVEMBER 5.—Fifth semi-annual meeting of the Social Science Club, at Lawrence. Address of welcome by Mrs. S. O. Thacher. Reports by Mrs. J. L. Hildebrand, Mrs. G. W. Hurd, and Mrs. C. N. Sterry. Papers by Mrs. Jas. C. Horton, Mrs. S. M. Ford, Mrs. N. G. Kedzie, Mrs. Geo. A. Atwood, Mrs. Jas. Scammon, Mrs. Bird Smith, Mrs. Pierce, and Mrs. S. M. Barnes.

—Meeting of the Irish National League, in Topeka. Speeches by Governor Martin, Nicholas Ford, A. B. Campbell, F. S. McCabe, Father James O'Reilly, Lewis Hanback, and others.

NOVEMBER 6.—Mrs. Walkup acquitted.

NOVEMBER 8.—Twenty-third Convention of the Turners of the Missouri Valley, at Topeka. President, John Walruff; Secretary, E. G. Grube; Assistant and Financial Secretary of the Missouri Valley District, Mr. H. von Langen. The Missouri Valley District has 948 Turners, representing nineteen votes in the National Convention.

NOVEMBER 10.—Meeting of the Academy of Science, at Manhattan. Officers elected: President, E. L. Nichols; Vice Presidents, J. D. Parker and N. S. Goss; Secretary, E. A. Popenoe; Treasurer, I. D. Graham; Librarian, F. W. Cragin. Dr. Brown delivered his retiring address. Prof. Snow reported the very important discovery of the fossil bird track in the Dakota sandstone.

NOVEMBER 11.—Trial of William Baldwin, at Atchison, for the murder of his sister. He was convicted on the 18th.

—Publication of Judge David Martin's opinion, sustaining the prohibitory law.

—Ministers' Union of Kansas Baptists, in Lawrence; President R. Evans in the chair. J. D. Hungate, of Nickerson, elected President, and J. P. Mulford, of Atchison, Secretary.

On the 12th, G. Grovenor, President, called the Kansas Baptist Convention to order. President Ward made a report on the Ottawa University. The Committee on Nominations reported as follows: For President, G. Grovenor; First Vice President, J. Fulton, D. D., McPherson; Second Vice President, O. W. Van Osdell, Ottawa; Secretary, L. H. Holt, editor Western Baptist, Topeka.

NOVEMBER 13.—Attorney General Bradford stops the illegal sale of school bonds in several counties.

NOVEMBER 14.—Gov. Martin asks the Congressional delegation to secure the establishment of two military posts on our southern border.

—It is decided that the National Educational Association will meet in Topeka next year.

NOVEMBER 15.—The Leavenworth Times and Troy Chief are "done monkeying" on the prohibitory law, and stand by Republicanism, straight.

NOVEMBER 18.—Half of the Harper Daily Graphic sold to M. A. Hull. C. S. Finch is the other owner, and the editor of the Graphic.

—First election of county officers in Thomas county.

NOVEMBER 19.—Jacob Schaefer, the "Kansas grasshopper," defeats Vignaux, the French billiard champion, in Chicago.

NOVEMBER 20.—Eighty Northern Kansas editors escorted to Atchison by Superintendent Fagan and H. C. Townsend.

NOVEMBER 22.—Death, at Manhattan, of Mrs. Nannie Foote Anderson, wife of John A. Anderson. Mr. Prentis says, in the Champion: "Mrs. Anderson, deprived of a mother in youth, was confided to the care of Colonel John B. Anderson and his noble wife. In the same household nearly all the younger life of John A. Anderson was also passed. A relation

almost as dear as that of brother and sister was changed at last into the higher and dearer one of husband and wife. All that marriage can be imagined, where the parties are a perfectly loyal and loving husband and a wife both noble and gentle, this couple enjoyed."

NOVEMBER 24.—The Commonwealth says of a meeting held in the Historical Society's rooms to prepare for the celebration of the Quarter-Centennial of the State's admission to the Union, which will occur Jan. 29, 1886: It was ordered that at the afternoon meeting Governor Martin preside while Governor Robinson delivers his address, and that Governor Robinson preside while Governor Martin speaks, and that Colonel Anthony, President of the Historical Society, preside at the evening meeting.

The following topics for speeches were selected, and assigned to the gentlemen named: "The Pioneers of Kansas," Hon. S. N. Wood; "The Territorial Government," Hon. John Speer; "The Rejected Constitutions," Hon. T. D. Thacher; "The Wyandotte Convention," Maj. Benj. F. Simpson; "The State Government," Hon. Thomas A. Osborn; "The Judiciary of Kansas," Judge A. H. Horton; "Kansas During the War," General C. W. Blair; "The Press of Kansas," Hon. D. Web. Wilder; "The Schools of Kansas," Rev. Dr. R. Cordley; "The Churches of Kansas," Rev. Dr. F. S. McCabe; "The Agriculture of Kansas," William Sims; "Kansas Manufactures and Mines," Hon. Alexander Caldwell; "The Railroads of Kansas," Judge James Humphrey; "The Cities of Kansas," Colonel C. K. Holliday; "The Women of Kansas," Noble L. Prentiss. Eugene Ware was invited to recite an original poem.

A committee was appointed to carry out the programme, consisting of the following: John A. Martin, B. F. Simpson, J. C. Burnett, S. N. Wood, Judge A. H. Horton, C. K. Holliday, Judge John Martin, Albert Griffin, J. K. Hudson, D. R. Anthony, and F. G. Adams.

—Eugene Hagau appointed Assistant U. S. District Attorney.

—G. P. Smith, of Humboldt, is Special Pension Examiner, in Washington.

NOVEMBER 25.—Death of the Vice President, Thomas A. Hendricks, at Indianapolis.

—Mrs. Mary A. Livermore is making addresses in the State.

NOVEMBER 26.—Lindsborg is raising funds for a college building, and Senator Plumb speaks there.

NOVEMBER 29.—The Junction City & Fort Kearney road opened from Lawrenceburgh to Belleville.

NOVEMBER 30.—C. W. Smith elected Vice President of the Santa Fé, with headquarters at Topeka.

—Railroads chartered and towns organized nearly every day this year.

DECEMBER 1.—Third Annual Report of the Railroad Commissioners. This is a hard-working Board, and its labors are of incalculable advantage to the State.

—The Commissioners of the State Industrial Reformatory make a report; pp. 55.

—Ewing Herbert, a student in Emporia College, issues the Emporia Collegian. Rev. Dr. J. F. Hendy is President of the College.

DECEMBER 2.—Seventeenth Annual Meeting of the State Horticultural Society, at Manhattan.

DECEMBER 3.—Governor Martin asks the Legislature to meet in special session January 19, and make a new apportionment.

—Protestant Episcopal Diocesan Convention meets, in Topeka; Bishop Vail presiding. The following were elected as Deputies to the General Convention to be held in Chicago in May, 1886: *Clergy*—Rev. Dr. Charles Reynolds, Rev. Dr. A. Beatty, Rev. Dr. Abiel Leonard, Rev. Dr. R. Ellerby. *Laymen*—A. G. Otis and D. P. Blish, of Atchison; J. Jay Buck, of Emporia; and W. B. Clarke, of Junction City. *Alternate Clergy*—Rev. John Bennett, Rev. L. L. Holden, Rev. Dr. J. N. Lee, Rev. P. Wagner. *Alternate Laymen*—S. W. Kniffin, C. Walker, J. R. McClure, and J. W. Farnsworth. The following were elected members of the Standing Committee: *Clergy*—Rev. Dr. Charles Reynolds, Rev. Dr. A. Beatty, Rev. Dr. Ellerby of Topeka, and Rev. Dr. Abiel Leonard of Atchison. *Laymen*—W. B. Clarke, of Junction City; D. P. Blish, of Atchison; F. E. Stimpson, of Lawrence; and J. W. Farnsworth, of Topeka. Messrs. A. G. Otis, Jas. H. Canfield and Rt. Rev. Thomas H. Vail were elected as members of the Board of Trustees of Church Property for three years.

—Meeting of the Most Worshipful King Solomon Grand Lodge, A. F. and A. M., at Lawrence.

—Northwestern Teachers' Convention, at Concordia.

—H. C. Sluss, Judge of the Eighteenth District, resigns. Gov. Martin appoints T. B. Wall his successor.

DECEMBER 5.—Topeka celebrates its thirty-first birthday. F. W. Giles has nearly ready a complete history of the city and county.

DECEMBER 7.—T. J. Kellam, Topeka, publishes the "Rhymes of Iron-quill," by Eugene F. Ware; pp. 115. It contains the poems long loved by our people, and meets with a speedy sale. This is the Preface:

"O'er sunny Kansas
Some commercial Cadmus,
In days unknown,
The teeth of golden dragons must have sown;
For when the prairies
Feel the breath of summer,
The trowels ring,
And from the soil the burnished cities spring."

The following poem is entitled "Type":

"All night the sky was draped in darkness thick,
Out from the clouds imprisoned lightnings swept.
Into the printer's stick,
With energetic click,
The ranks of type into battalions crept,
Which formed brigades while dreaming labor slept;
And ere dawn's crimson pennons were unfurled,
The night-formed columns charged the waking world."

The following poem, "John Brown," was recited by Mr. Ware at the celebration, January 29, 1886:

<p>States are not great Except as men may make them. Men are not great except they do and dare. But States, like men, Have destinies that take them — That bear them on, not knowing why or where.</p> <p>The WHY repels The philosophic searcher — The WHY and WHERE all inquiries defy, Until we find Far back in youthful nurture, Prophetic facts that constitute the WHY.</p> <p>All merit lies In daring the unequal. All glory comes from daring to begin. Fame loves the State, That, reckless of the sequel, Fights long and well, though it may lose [or win.]</p> <p>Than in our State No illustration apter Is seen or found of faith, and hope, and Take up her story : [will.] Every leaf and chapter Contains a record that conveys a thrill.</p> <p>And there is one Whose faith, whose fight, whose failing, Fame yet shall placard on the walls of He dared begin, [Time.] Despite the unavailing. He dared begin, when failure was a crime.</p>	<p>When over Africa Some future cycle Shall sweep the lake-gemmed uplands with its surge; When as with trumpet Of Archangel Michael Culture shall bid a colored race emerge;</p> <p>When busy cities There, in constellations, Shall gleam with spires, and palaces, and domes, With marts wherein Is heard the noise of nations; With summer groves surrounding stately homes :</p> <p>There, future orators To cultured freemen Shall tell of valor and recount with praise, Stories of Kansas, And of Lacedaemon, Cradles of freedom, then of ancient days.</p> <p>From boulevards O'erlooking both Nyanzas, The statued bronze shall glitter in the sun, With rugged lettering: "JOHN BROWN, OF KANSAS, HE DARED BEGIN. HE LOST, BUT, LOSING, WON."</p>
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DECEMBER 7.—John Sherman is elected President *pro tem.* of the Senate, and becomes acting Vice President.

—Death in Topeka, of ex-Attorney General Willard Davis. He was born in Madison county, Kentucky, January 26, 1837.

DECEMBER 8.—Meeting, at Topeka, of the Shorthorn Breeders' Association; W. A. Harris presiding. Papers by F. D. Coburn, E. M. Shelton, A. W. Rollins, A. A. Holcombe, and J. C. Stone. *Officers elected:* President, W. A. Harris, Linwood; Vice President, J. B. McAfee, Topeka; Secretary and Treasurer, E. M. Shelton, Manhattan. Executive Committee—G. W. Glick, Atchison; C. L. Burnham, Manhattan; E. S. Bennett, Safford.

—Destructive fire at Dodge City.

—The Washburn Argo issued. Ellsworth Ingalls, editor-in-chief; Annie R. Shuman, May L. Parker, Charles A. Greenlees, Edward G. Buckland, Arthur W. Brewster, Howard D. Tucker, associate editors; Robert Stone, business manager.

DECEMBER 9.—Fourteenth annual session of the State Grange. The following officers were present: Worthy Master, W. H. Toothaker; Over-

seer, H. O. Studley; Lecturer, W. F. Willitts; Steward, A. P. Reardan; Chaplain, Arthur Sharp; Treasurer, Thomas White; Secretary, George Black; G. K., Samuel McPherson; Ceres, Mrs. J. O. Henry; Pomona, Mrs. Maud H. Black; Flora, Mrs. B. A. Otis; Executive Committee: Henry Rhoads, W. B. Scott; Educational Committee: F. G. Adams, Mrs. J. A. Henry.

DECEMBER 11.—Judge Martin, in Atchison, grants the injunctions asked for by Attorney General Bradford, and the saloons are soon closed.

DECEMBER 15.—J. M. Davis, of the Salina Herald, issues a complete directory of Saline county, including the city of Salina.

—The Rock Island road is coming into Kansas.

DECEMBER 16.—Contracts let in Fort Scott for grading thirty-five miles of the road to Topeka; it is called the Kansas, Nebraska & Dakota.

—Major William Sims locates the center of population in the southwestern part of Morris county; in 1870 it was in the east part of Douglas county; in 1875, in the northeast part of Lyon county; in 1878, in the northwest part of Morris county, in almost the same spot that it is now located; and in 1880 it was in Dickinson county, the farthest point west that it has ever reached. Within the past five years it has jumped from Dickinson county back to Morris county, a distance of several miles.

—The Commonwealth copies from the Springfield (Mass.) Republican, F. B. Sanborn's article on Spring's Kansas History.

DECEMBER 19.—Death, at Wyandotte, of John R. Goodin. He was born at Tiffin, Ohio, December 14, 1836; came to Humboldt in 1859.

DECEMBER 21.—Convention of Sheriffs, in Topeka. Officers elected: President, J. T. Godfrey, of Rice county; Vice President, N. B. Lohmuller, of Nemaha county; Secretary, A. M. Fuller, of Shawnee county; Treasurer, C. H. Chandler, of Linn county. A committee of five, consisting of Messrs. McGrath of Mitchell, W. R. Kelley of Wilson, C. T. K. Prentice of Douglas, J. H. Baldrige of Ellsworth, and J. J. Miller of Dickinson, appointed to prepare a report on the best methods of capturing criminals, to be made at the next meeting.

DECEMBER 22.—T. B. Murdock issues the El Dorado Republican daily.

DECEMBER 23.—Attorney General Bradford enters a *nolle prosequi* in The State vs. Lappin. The Capital gives a history of the case.

DECEMBER 26.—Judge Crozier, at Leavenworth, grants an injunction in the whisky case brought by Attorney General Bradford.

DECEMBER 28.—Fire at Wellington; loss, \$5,000.

—The Coolidge Border Ruffian says that the Garden of Eden is in Hamilton county, and the stump of the apple tree is just south of the Arkansas.

—Death, at Junction City, of Rev. Chas. Reynolds, D. D. He was born

December 19, 1819, in Gloucestershire, England; came to Lawrence in 1858.

DECEMBER 28, 30.—State Teachers' Association, at Topeka; J. H. Canfield, President. Welcoming address by Governor Martin; response by President Geo. T. Fairchild. The convention is very largely attended. The following are the officers of the Association for the ensuing year: President, Prof. P. J. Williams, of the State University; Vice President, Prof. A. H. Limerick, of Winfield; Secretary, Mrs. Agnes J. Carruthers, of Salina; Treasurer, Matt. Thomson, of Alma, County Superintendent of Wabaunsee county. The Executive Committee is composed of: J. H. Lawhead, State Superintendent of Public Instruction; Prof. Lucien H. Smythe, of Hiawatha, and Prof. J. E. Williamson, Principal of the Topeka High School.

DECEMBER 29.—Alfred Pratt appointed census taker for Hamilton county. The county was organized on the State's birthday, January 29, 1886.

—A census taker was appointed for Lane county, February 10, 1886; for Kiowa county, February 15, 1886. Dodge City made a city of the second class, March 5, 1886. Kansas City, Armourdale and Wyandotte made a first-class city, and called Kansas City, March 6, 1886. Census taker for Cheyenne county, March 10, 1886. Larned a city of the second class, March 17, 1886. Kiowa county organized, March 23, 1886. Hutchinson a city of the second class, March 23, 1886. Census taker for Seward county, March 30, 1886. Cheyenne county organized, April 1, 1886. Census taker for Morton county, April 20, 1886. Census taker for Scott county, May 17, 1886. Census taker for Stevens county, May 24, 1886. Lane county organized, June 3, 1886. Census taker for Sherman county, June 5, 1886. Seward county organized, June 17, 1886.

DECEMBER 31.—Meeting, in Topeka, of the Kansas Academy of Languages and Literature. Election of officers: Prof. W. I. Graham, of Baker University, President; Prof. Wm. MacDonald, of the State University, Vice President; Miss Viola Price, Secretary; and Prof. J. E. Williamson, of the Topeka High School, Treasurer. The Executive Committee consists of Prof. W. I. Graham, Prof. F. W. Phelps, and Miss Viola Price.

—Geo. W. Glick receipts for the records and funds of the Pension office; he is confirmed as Pension Agent, June 16, 1886.

—John H. Smith, Warden of the Penitentiary, reports a profit to the State, during the last six months, of \$27,421.

—The State Grange unanimously indorses the enfranchisement of women.

—Superintendent R. B. Morris reports a profit to the State in the Insurance Department, for the year, of \$40,464.

—J. V. Admire, of the Osage City Free Press, raises a handsome fund for S. S. Prouty, whose newspaper office has twice been burned.

—Judge Brewer grants Attorney General Bradford's motion to remand the case of Henry Bradley, of Atchison, enjoining him from keeping a saloon.

—The invested funds in the State Treasurer's office are: Agricultural College land sales, \$95,143; permanent school bonds, \$3,434,155; sinking fund bonds, \$104,000; University bonds, \$92,628; Normal School bonds, \$63,845; Agricultural College bonds, \$396,184.

—James L. King, assistant postmaster, says there are twenty-nine publications issued in Topeka.

—A large force at work at Yates Center, on the Verdigris Valley road.

—The Sixth Annual Report on Kansas Forestry issued by the Horticultural Society. pp. 113. Interesting papers and statistics. The State has 147,340 acres of artificial forest. The stopping of prairie fires in eastern Kansas has resulted in thousands of acres of natural woodlands.

—John Maloy is writing a history of Morris county, and Mrs. Bell Ball of Pawnee county. John B. Dunbar is writing the history of Kansas, prior to 1854. Joel Moody is writing a history of Linn county.

DECEMBER 31.—First report of the Bureau of Labor; Frank H. Betton, Commissioner. pp. 268. Fifteen States and the United States now have labor departments. The first one was established in Massachusetts, in 1869; the Government office was created last year. The first National Convention of these officers was held in Columbus, Ohio, in 1883. Mr. Betton's report begins the work of collecting labor statistics.

—The Kansas Workman, published at Minneapolis, by A. P. Riddle, gives the name and number of every Lodge of the A. O. U. W. There are 186 Lodges in the State; members, 7,552.

—The Agricultural Quarterly Report contains the census of March 1st, 109 pages, besides the agricultural statistics of the year, and articles by specialists.

—Second Annual Report of the Live-Stock Sanitary Commission. pp. 34.

—The State debt is \$847,500. State funds hold all but \$273,000 of this debt.

—The State Board of Agriculture issues a land report. The U. S. Land Offices are located as follows: Larned—W. R. Brownlee, Register, and H. M. Bickel, Receiver; Oberlin—A. L. Patchin, Register, and Tully Scott, Receiver; Topeka—J. J. Fisher, Register, and Charles Spalding, Receiver; Kirwin—John Bissell, Register, and R. R. Hays, Receiver; Independence—C. M. Ralston, Register, and H. W. Young, Receiver; Concordia—S. H. Dodge, Register, and Thos. Wrong, Receiver; Salina—J. M. Hodge, Register, and H. S. Cunningham, Receiver; Garden City—C. F. M. Niles, Register, and S. Thanhauser, Receiver; Waukeeneey—B. J. F. Hanna, Register, and W. H. Pilkenton, Receiver; Wichita—Frank Dale, Register, and S. L. Gilbert, Receiver.

—Prof. Snow's weather report for eighteen years, 1868–1885:

Year.	Mean temper- ature.....	Maximum tem- perature.....	Minimum tem- perature.....	Ice days (above 90°).....	Zero days.....	Days between severe frosts.....	Rain, inches.....	Snow, inches.....	Rainy days.....	Thunder storms	Mean cloudiness	Humidity.....	Number of fogs.....	Miles of wind . .	Mean barometer.
1868.....	53.36°	101.0°	-16.5°	43	7	160	37.48	27.50	77	...	42.35	.....	.....	.....	.....
1869.....	50.99	96.0	- 5.0	23	2	167	38.51	18.00	105	33	49.23	78.2	19	.....	29.103
1870.....	54.59	102.0	-10.0	51	6	197	31.32	9.50	109	27	47.88	68.4	13	.....	29.097
1871.....	54.30	103.0	- 6.0	48	8	218	33.23	29.75	120	24	47.37	65.9	6	.....	29.076
1872.....	51.90	97.0	-18.0	45	16	192	32.63	23.25	116	40	44.33	64.4	11	.....	29.112
1873.....	52.71	104.0	-26.0	48	9	165	32.94	26.50	101	17	42.46	64.0	6	154,568	29.093
1874.....	54.20	108.0	- 3.0	58	2	187	28.87	43.00	99	20	45.54	65.7	14	145,865	29.121
1875.....	50.60	99.0	-16.5	32	12	196	28.87	5.00	106	21	44.81	66.7	5	145,316	29.102
1876.....	52.76	98.0	- 5.0	36	4	179	44.18	25.75	102	29	41.27	66.8	4	148,120	29.102
1877.....	54.16	99.0	- 9.0	20	3	217	41.09	15.50	126	39	47.12	72.6	11	113,967	29.117
1878.....	55.33	98.0	- 6.0	35	7	228	38.39	25.50	107	38	40.65	70.2	5	125,793	29.067
1879.....	54.67	99.5	-16.0	48	13	203	32.68	10.35	90	36	40.01	67.1	10	124,768	29.127
1880.....	54.01	101.0	-12.0	41	2	211	32.65	7.00	89	29	40.15	67.9	18	146,659	29.123
1881.....	54.65	104.0	- 8.0	68	6	210	33.27	32.50	110	31	47.42	70.1	11	141,430	29.103
1882.....	54.94	105.0	- 6.5	40	1	232	27.60	18.00	102	26	45.41	68.6	11	137,736	29.113
1883.....	51.66	96.5	-14.0	26	8	217	40.65	12.50	106	32	45.24	69.7	18	141,164	29.135
1884.....	51.30	98.0	-21.5	20	14	198	43.70	29.00	115	35	47.56	72.6	28	131,188	29.111
1885.....	51.01	96.0	-14.5	27	21	176	36.97	33.00	103	31	44.57	71.3	9	123,013	29.107
Mean.....	53.17°	97.7°	-12.9°	40	8	198	35.28	21.54	104	30	44.63	68.8	12	136,839	29.106

—The Topeka Capital of August 28, 1886, says: "The State Historical Society has received into its manuscript collections the principal part of the original manuscript copy of the report of the Kansas Congressional Committee of 1856. It was sent by Hon. John Sherman to the State Library, and has been deposited by State Librarian Dennis with the State Historical Society. The manuscript embraces 205 pages, and has the following memorandum indorsed upon it:

"This is part of the original draft of the Kansas Congressional Report. Some of the original manuscript was put in the hands of the printer; some is in the handwriting of Mr. Lord and another clerk; this was dictated by me, June 30, 1856.

JOHN SHERMAN.

"The Committee was appointed by Speaker N. P. Banks, under a resolution of the House of Representatives, adopted March 19, 1856, composed of William A. Howard of Michigan, John Sherman of Ohio, and Mordecai Oliver of Missouri. The Committee was directed to inquire into and collect evidence in regard to the troubles generally, and particularly in regard to any fraud or force attempted or practiced in reference to any of the elections which had taken place in the Territory. The published report, signed by Messrs. Howard and Sherman, embraces sixty-seven pages. The minority report, signed by Mr. Oliver, makes forty-two pages. These reports, with the minutes of the Committee, make up 132 pages. The testimony makes 1,188 pages. Altogether the published report embraces 1,323 pages. It is a volume of wonderful historical value. The Committee came to Kansas in April, 1856, and took testimony at Lawrence, Tecumseh, Leavenworth, and elsewhere, and made their report to the House of Representatives. Twenty thou-

sand copies of the report were published. The Historical Society has several pictures of William A. Howard, of Michigan, who was chairman of this Committee."

Thus Quivira was forsaken,
 And the world forgot the place,
 Until centuries apace
 Came the blue-eyed Saxon race,
 And it bade the desert waken.
 And it bade the climate vary;
 And awaiting no reply
 From the elements on high,
 It with ploughs besieged the sky —
 Vexed the heavens with the prairie.
 Then the vitreous sky relented,
 And the unacquainted rain
 Fell upon the thirsty plain,
 Whence had gone the knights of Spain,
 Disappointed, discontented.
 Sturdy are the Saxon faces,
 As they move along in line;
 Bright the rolling cutters shine,
 Charging up the State's incline,
 As an army storms a glacia.

Into loam the sand is melted,
 And the blue-grass takes the loam,
 Round about the prairie home;
 And the locomotives roam
 Over landscapes iron belted.
 Cities grow where stunted birches
 Hugged the shallow water-line,
 And the deepening rivers twine
 Past the factory and mine,
 Orchard-slopes and schools and churches.
 Deeper grows the soil and truer,
 More and more the prairie teems
 With a fruitage as of dreams;
 Clearer, deeper, flow the streams,
 Blander grows the sky, and bluer.
 We have made the State of Kansas,
 And to-day she stands complete —
 First in freedom, first in wheat;
 And her future years will meet
 Ripened hopes and richer stanzas.

—Ware.



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